

INTERNATIONAL TELECOMMUNICATION UNION





TELECOMMUNICATION STANDARDIZATION SECTOR OF ITU

# SERIES X: DATA NETWORKS AND OPEN SYSTEM COMMUNICATIONS

Directory

## Information technology – Open Systems Interconnection – The Directory: Selected attribute types

ITU-T Recommendation X.520

(Previously CCITT Recommendation)

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For further details, please refer to ITU-T List of Recommendations.

#### **INTERNATIONAL STANDARD 9594-6**

#### **ITU-T RECOMMENDATION X.520**

## INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY – OPEN SYSTEMS INTERCONNECTION – THE DIRECTORY: SELECTED ATTRIBUTE TYPES

#### **Summary**

This Recommendation | International Standard defines a number of attribute types and matching rules which may be found useful across a range of applications of the Directory. One particular use for many of the attributes defined is in the formation of names, particularly for the classes of object defined in ITU-T Rec. X.521 | ISO/IEC 9594-7.

#### Source

The ITU-T Recommendation X.520 was approved on the 9th of August 1997. The identical text is also published as ISO/IEC International Standard 9594-6.

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#### FOREWORD

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The World Telecommunication Standardization Conference (WTSC), which meets every four years, establishes the topics for study by the ITU-T Study Groups which, in their turn, produce Recommendations on these topics.

The approval of Recommendations by the Members of the ITU-T is covered by the procedure laid down in WTSC Resolution No. 1.

In some areas of information technology which fall within ITU-T's purview, the necessary standards are prepared on a collaborative basis with ISO and IEC.

#### NOTE

In this Recommendation the term *recognized operating agency (ROA)* includes any individual, company, corporation or governmental organization that operates a public correspondence service. The terms *Administration, ROA* and *public correspondence* are defined in the *Constitution of the ITU (Geneva, 1992)*.

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As of the date of approval of this Recommendation, the ITU had not received notice of intellectual property, protected by patents, which may be required to implement this Recommendation. However, implementors are cautioned that this may not represent the latest information and are therefore strongly urged to consult the TSB patent database.

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#### Introduction

This Recommendation | International Standard, together with other Recommendations | International Standards, has been produced to facilitate the interconnection of information processing systems to provide directory services. A set of such systems, together with the directory information which they hold, can be viewed as an integrated whole, called the *Directory*. The information held by the Directory, collectively known as the Directory Information Base (DIB), is typically used to facilitate communication between, with or about objects such as application entities, people, terminals, and distribution lists.

The Directory plays a significant role in Open Systems Interconnection, whose aim is to allow, with a minimum of technical agreement outside of the interconnection standards themselves, the interconnection of information processing systems:

- from different manufacturers;
- under different managements;
- of different levels of complexity; and
- of different ages.

This Recommendation | International Standard defines a number of attribute types which may be found useful across a range of applications of the Directory, as well as a number of standard attribute syntaxes and matching rules. One particular use for many of the attributes defined herein is in the formation of names, particularly for the classes of object defined in ITU-T Rec. X.521 | ISO/IEC 9594-7.

This third edition technically revises and enhances, but does not replace, the second edition of this Recommendation | International Standard. Implementations may still claim conformance to the second edition. However, at some point, the second edition will not be supported (i.e. reported defects will no longer be resolved). It is recommended that implementations conform to this third edition as soon as possible.

This third edition specifies version 1 and version 2 of the Directory protocols.

The first and second editions also specified version 1. Most of the services and protocols specified in this edition are designed to function under version 1. When version 1 has been negotiated differences between the services and between the protocols defined in the three editions are accommodated using the rules of extensibility defined in this edition of ITU-T Rec. X.519 | ISO/IEC 9594-5. However some enhanced services and protocols, e.g. signed errors, will not function unless all Directory entities involved in the operation have negotiated version 2.

Implementors should note that a defect resolution process exists and that corrections may be applied to this part of this International Standard in the form of technical corrigenda. The identical corrections will be applied to this Recommendation in the form of corrigenda and/or an Implementor's Guide. A list of approved technical corrigenda for this part of this International Standard can be obtained from the subcommittee secretariat. Published technical corrigenda are available from your national standards organization. The ITU-T corrigenda and Implementor's Guides may be obtained from the ITU Web site.

Annex A, which is an integral part of this Recommendation | International Standard, provides the ASN.1 notation for the complete module which defines the attributes, attribute syntaxes, and matching rules.

Annex B, which is not an integral part of this Recommendation | International Standard, provides a table of attribute types, for easy reference.

Annex C, which is not an integral part of this Recommendation | International Standard, provides suggested upper bounds value constraints used in these Directory Specifications.

Annex D, which is not an integral part of this Recommendation | International Standard, lists alphabetically the attributes and matching rules defined in this Directory Specification.

Annex E, which is not an integral part of this Recommendation | International Standard, lists the amendments and defect reports that have been incorporated to form this edition of this Recommendation | International Standard.

#### INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

#### **ITU-T RECOMMENDATION**

### INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY – OPEN SYSTEMS INTERCONNECTION – THE DIRECTORY: SELECTED ATTRIBUTE TYPES

#### SECTION 1 - GENERAL

#### 1 Scope

This Recommendation | International Standard defines a number of attribute types and matching rules which may be found useful across a range of applications of the Directory.

Attribute types and matching rules fall into three categories, as described below.

Some attribute types and matching rules are used by a wide variety of applications or are understood and/or used by the Directory itself.

NOTE – It is recommended that an attribute type or matching rule defined in this document be used, in preference to the generation of a new one, whenever it is appropriate for the application.

Some attribute types and matching rules are internationally standardized, but are application-specific. These are defined in the standards associated with the application concerned.

Any administrative authority can define its own attribute types and matching rules for any purpose. These are not internationally standardized, and are available to others beyond the administrative authority which created them only by bilateral agreement.

#### 2 Normative references

The following Recommendations and International Standards contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of this Recommendation | International Standard. At the time of publication, the editions indicated were valid. All Recommendations and Standards are subject to revision, and parties to agreements based on this Recommendation | International Standard are encouraged to investigate the possibility of applying the most recent edition of the Recommendations and Standards listed below. Members of IEC and ISO maintain registers of currently valid International Standards. The Telecommunication Standardization Bureau of the ITU maintains a list of currently valid ITU-T Recommendations.

#### 2.1 Identical Recommendations | International Standards

- ITU-T Recommendation X.200 (1994) | ISO/IEC 7498-1:1994, Information technology Open Systems Interconnection – Basic Reference Model: The Basic Model.
- ITU-T Recommendation X.500 (1997) | ISO/IEC 9594-1:1998, Information technology Open Systems Interconnection – The Directory: Overview of concepts, models and services.
- ITU-T Recommendation X.501 (1997) | ISO/IEC 9594-2:1998, Information technology Open Systems Interconnection – The Directory: Models.
- ITU-T Recommendation X.509 (1997) | ISO/IEC 9594-8:1998, Information technology Open Systems Interconnection – The Directory: authentication framework.
- ITU-T Recommendation X.511 (1997) | ISO/IEC 9594-3:1998, Information technology Open Systems Interconnection – The Directory: Abstract service definition.
- ITU-T Recommendation X.518 (1997) | ISO/IEC 9594-4:1998, Information technology Open Systems Interconnection – The Directory: Procedures for distributed operation.

- ITU-T Recommendation X.519 (1997) | ISO/IEC 9594-5:1998, Information technology Open Systems Interconnection – The Directory: Protocol specifications.
- ITU-T Recommendation X.521 (1997) | ISO/IEC 9594-7:1998, Information technology Open Systems Interconnection – The Directory: Selected object classes.
- ITU-T Recommendation X.525 (1997) | ISO/IEC 9594-9:1998, Information technology Open Systems Interconnection The Directory: Replication.
- ITU-T Recommendation X.530 (1997) | ISO/IEC 9594-10:1998, Information technology Open Systems Interconnection – The Directory: Use of system management for Administration of the Directory.
- ITU-T Recommendation X.680 (1997) | ISO/IEC 8824-1:1998, Information technology Abstract Syntax Notation One (ASN.1): Specification of basic notation.
- ITU-T Recommendation X.681 (1997) | ISO/IEC 8824-2:1998, Information technology Abstract Syntax Notation One (ASN.1): Information object specification.
- ITU-T Recommendation X.682 (1997) | ISO/IEC 8824-3:1998, Information technology Abstract Syntax Notation One (ASN.1): Constraint specification.
- ITU-T Recommendation X.683 (1997) | ISO/IEC 8824-4:1998, Information technology Abstract Syntax Notation One (ASN.1): Parametrization of ASN.1 specifications.

#### 2.2 Other references

- CCITT Recommendation E.123 (1988), Notation for National and International Telephone numbers.
- ITU-T Recommendation E.164 (1997), *The international public telecommunication numbering plan.*
- ITU-T Recommendation F.1 (1998), Operational provisions for the international public telegram service.
- CCITT Recommendation F.31 (1988), Telegram retransmission system.
- CCITT Recommendation F.401 (1992), Naming and addressing for public message handling services.
- ITU-T Recommendation T.30 (1996), Procedures for document facsimile transmission in the general switched telephone network.
- ITU-T Recommendation T.62 (1993), Control procedures for teletex and Group 4 facsimile services.
- ITU-T Recommendation X.121 (1996), International numbering plan for public data networks.
- ISO 3166 (all parts), Codes for the representation of names of countries and their subdivisions.
- ISO 639-2:1998, Codes for the representation of names of languages Part 2: Alpha 3 code.
- ISO/IEC 9945-2:1993 Information technology Portable Operating System Interface (POSIX) Part 2: Shell and Utilities.

#### **3** Definitions

For the purposes of this Recommendation | International Standard, the following definitions apply.

The following terms are defined in ITU-T Rec. X.501 | ISO/IEC 9594-2:

- a) *attribute type;*
- b) object class;
- c) *matching rule*.

#### 4 Conventions

With minor exceptions, this Directory Specification has been prepared according to the "Presentation of ITU-T | ISO/IEC common text" guidelines in the Guide for ITU-T and ISO/IEC JTC 1 Cooperation.

The term "Directory Specification" (as in "this Directory Specification") shall be taken to mean ITU-T Rec. X.520 | ISO/IEC 9594-6. The term "Directory Specifications" shall be taken to mean the X.500-series Recommendations | parts of ISO/IEC 9594.

This Directory Specification uses the term "1988 edition systems" to refer to systems conforming to the first (1988) edition of the Directory Specifications, i.e. the 1988 edition of the series of CCITT X.500 Recommendations and the ISO/IEC 9594:1990 edition. This Directory Specification uses the term "1993 edition systems" to refer to systems conforming to the second (1993) edition of the Directory Specifications, i.e. the 1993 edition of the series of ITU-T X.500 Recommendations and the ISO/IEC 9594:1995 edition. Systems conforming to this third edition of the Directory Specifications are referred to as "1997 edition systems".

This Directory Specification presents ASN.1 notation in the bold Helvetica typeface. When ASN.1 types and values are referenced in normal text, they are differentiated from normal text by presenting them in the bold Helvetica typeface. The names of procedures, typically referenced when specifying the semantics of processing, are differentiated from normal text by displaying them in **bold** Times. Access control permissions are presented in italicized Times.

Attribute types and matching rules are defined in this Recommendation | International Standard by use of the ATTRIBUTE and MATCHING-RULE information object classes defined in ITU-T Rec. X.501 | ISO/IEC 9594-2.

Examples of the use of the attribute types are described using an informal notation, where attribute type and value pairs are represented by an acronym for the attribute type, followed by an equals sign ("="), followed by the example value for the attribute.

## SECTION 2 – SELECTED ATTRIBUTE TYPES

#### 5 **Definition of selected attribute types**

This Directory Specification defines a number of attribute types which may be found useful across a range of applications of the Directory.

Many of the attributes defined in this Specification are based on a common ASN.1 syntax:

DirectoryString { INTEGER : maxSize } ::= CHOICE {		
teletexString	TeletexString (SIZE (1maxSize)),	
printableString	PrintableString (SIZE (1maxSize)),	
bmpString	BMPString (SIZE (1maxSize)),	
universalString	UniversalString (SIZE (1maxSize)) }	

Some implementations of the Directory do not support BMPString or UniversalString, and will not be able to generate, match, or display attributes having such a syntax.

#### 5.1 System attribute types

#### 5.1.1 **Knowledge Information**

The Knowledge Information attribute type specifies a human readable accumulated description of knowledge mastered by a specific DSA.

NOTE - This attribute is now obsolete.

knowledgeInformation ATTRIBUTE	::= {
WITH SYNTAX	DirectoryString {ub-knowledge-information}
EQUALITY MATCHING RULE	caseIgnoreMatch
ID	id-at-knowledgeInformation }

#### 5.2 Labelling attribute types

These attributes type are concerned with information about objects which has been explicitly associated with the objects by a labelling process.

5.2.1 Name

The *Name* attribute type is the attribute supertype from which string attribute types typically used for naming may be formed.

name ATTRIBUTE	::= {		
WITH SYNTAX	DirectorySt	ring {ub-name}	EQUALITY MATCHING
RULE	caseIgnoreMatch	SUBSTRINGS MATCHI	NG RULE
caseIgnoreSubstringsMatch	ID	id-at-name }	

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#### 5.2.2 Common Name

The *Common Name* attribute type specifies an identifier of an object. A Common Name is not a directory name; it is a (possibly ambiguous) name by which the object is commonly known in some limited scope (such as an organization) and conforms to the naming conventions of the country or culture with which it is associated.

An attribute value for common name is a string chosen either by the person or organization it describes or the organization responsible for the object it describes for devices and application entities. For example, a typical name of a person in an English-speaking country comprises a personal title (e.g. Mr., Ms., Rd, Professor, Sir, Lord), a first name, middle name(s), last name, generation qualifier (if any, e.g. Jr.) and decorations and awards (if any, e.g. QC).

Examples:

CN = "Mr. Robin Lachlan McLeod BSc(Hons) CEng MIEE";

CN = "Divisional Coordination Committee";

CN = "High Speed Modem".

Any variants should be associated with the named object as separate and alternative attribute values.

Other common variants should also be admitted, e.g. use of a middle name as a preferred first name; use of "Bill" in place of "William", etc.

commonName ATTRIBUTE	::=	{
SUBTYPE OF		name
WITH SYNTAX		DirectoryString {ub-common-name}
ID		id-at-commonName }

#### 5.2.3 Surname

The *Surname* attribute type specifies the linguistic construct which normally is inherited by an individual from the individual's parent or assumed by marriage, and by which the individual is commonly known.

An attribute value for Surname is a string, e.g. "McLeod".

surname ATTRIBUTE	::=	{
SUBTYPE OF		name
WITH SYNTAX		DirectoryString {ub-surname}
ID		id-at-surname }

#### 5.2.4 Given Name

The *Given Name* attribute type specifies the linguistic construct which is normally given to an individual by the individual's parent, or is chosen by the individual, or by which the individual is commonly known.

An attribute value for Given Name is a string, e.g. "David", or "Jean Paul".

givenName ATTRIBUTE	::=	{
SUBTYPE OF		name
WITH SYNTAX		DirectoryString {ub-name}
ID		id-at-givenName }

#### 5.2.5 Initials

The Initials attribute type contains the initials of some or all of an individual's names, but not the surname(s).

An attribute value for Initials is a string, e.g. "D" or "D." or "J.P.".

initials ATTRIBUTE	::=	{
SUBTYPE OF		name
WITH SYNTAX		DirectoryString {ub-name}
ID		id-at-initials }

#### 5.2.6 Generation Qualifier

The *Generation Qualifier* attribute type contains a string which is used to provide generation information to qualify an individual's name.

An attribute value for Generation Qualifier is a string, e.g. "Jr." or "II".

generationQualifier ATTRIBUTE	::=	{
SUBTYPE OF		name
WITH SYNTAX		DirectoryString {ub-name}
ID		id-at-generationQualifier }

#### 5.2.7 Unique Identifier

The *Unique Identifier* attribute type specifies an identifier which may be used to distinguish between object references when a distinguished name has been reused. It may be, for example, an encoded object identifier, certificate, date, timestamp, or some other form of certification on the validity of the distinguished name.

An attribute value for Unique Identifier is a bit string.

uniqueIdentifier ATTRIBUTE	::=	{
WITH SYNTAX		UniqueIdentifier
EQUALITY MATCHING R	RULE	bitStringMatch
ID		id-at-uniqueIdentifier }
UniqueIdentifier	::=	BIT STRING

#### 5.2.8 DN Qualifier

The *DN Qualifier* attribute type specifies disambiguating information to add to the relative distinguished name of an entry. It is intended to be used for entries held in multiple DSAs which would otherwise have the same name, and that its value be the same in a given DSA for all entries to which this information has been added.

dnQualifier ATTRIBUTE	::=	{
WITH SYNTAX		PrintableString
EQUALITY MATCHING RUI	Æ	caseIgnoreMatch
ORDERING MATCHING RUI	LE	caseIgnoreOrderingMatch
SUBSTRINGS MATCHING R	ULE	caseIgnoreSubstringsMatch
ID		id-at-dnQualifier }
ORDERING MATCHING RU SUBSTRINGS MATCHING R	LE	caseIgnoreOrderingMatch caseIgnoreSubstringsMatch

#### 5.2.9 Serial Number

S

The Serial Number attribute type specifies an identifier, the serial number of a device.

An attribute value for Serial Number is a printable string.

{
PrintableString (SIZE (1ub-serialNumber))
caseIgnoreMatch
E caseIgnoreSubstringsMatch
id-at-serial-number }

#### **5.3** Geographical Attribute Types

These attribute types are concerned with geographical positions or regions with which objects are associated.

#### 5.3.1 Country Name

The *Country Name* attribute type specifies a country. When used as a component of a directory name, it identifies the country in which the named object is physically located or with which it is associated in some other important way.

An attribute value for country name is a string chosen from ISO 3166.

countryName ATTRIBUTE ::= {
 SUBTYPE OF name
 WITH SYNTAX CountryName
 SINGLE VALUE TRUE
 ID id-at-countryName }

CountryName ::= PrintableString (SIZE(2)) -- ISO 3166 codes only

#### 5.3.2 Locality Name

The *Locality Name* attribute type specifies a locality. When used as a component of a directory name, it identifies a geographical area or locality in which the named object is physically located or with which it is associated in some other important way.

An attribute value for Locality Name is a string, e.g. L = "Edinburgh".

localityName ATTRIBUTE	::=	{
SUBTYPE OF		name
WITH SYNTAX		DirectoryString {ub-locality-name}
ID		id-at-localityName }

The Collective Locality Name attribute type specifies a locality name for a collection of entries.

collectiveLocalityName ATTRIBUTE ::=	{
SUBTYPE OF	localityName
COLLECTIVE	TRUE
ID	id-at-collectiveLocalityName }

#### 5.3.3 State or Province Name

The *State or Province Name* attribute type specifies a state or province. When used as a component of a directory name, it identifies a geographical subdivision in which the named object is physically located or with which it is associated in some other important way.

An attribute value for State or Province Name is a string, e.g. S = "Ohio".

stateOrProvinceName ATTRIBUTE	::= {
SUBTYPE OF	name
WITH SYNTAX	DirectoryString {ub-state-name}
ID	id-at-stateOrProvinceName }

The Collective State or Province Name attribute type specifies a state or province name for a collection of entries.

collectiveStateOrProvinceName ATTI	RIBUTE ::= {
SUBTYPE OF	stateOrProvinceName
COLLECTIVE	TRUE
ID	id-at-collectiveStateOrProvinceName }

#### 5.3.4 Street Address

The *Street Address* attribute type specifies a site for the local distribution and physical delivery in a postal address, i.e. the street name, place, avenue, and the house number. When used as a component of a directory name, it identifies the street address at which the named object is located or with which it is associated in some other important way.

An attribute value for Street Address is a string, e.g. "Arnulfstraße 60".

streetAddress ATTRIBUTE ::=	{
WITH SYNTAX	DirectoryString {ub-street-address}
EQUALITY MATCHING RULE	caseIgnoreMatch
SUBSTRINGS MATCHING RULE	caseIgnoreSubstringsMatch
ID	id-at-streetAddress }

The *Collective Street Address* attribute type specifies a street address for a collection of entries.

collectiveStreetAddress ATTRIBUTE	::= {
SUBTYPE OF	streetAddress
COLLECTIVE	TRUE
ID	id-at-collectiveStreetAddress }

#### 5.3.5 House Identifier

The *House Identifier* attribute type specifies a linguistic construct used to identify a particular building, for example a house number or house name relative to a street, avenue, town or city, etc.

An attribute value for House Identifier is a string, e.g. "14".

houseIdentifier ATTRIBUTE	::=	{
WITH SYNTAX		DirectoryString {ub-name}
EQUALITY MATCHING RUL	E	caseIgnoreMatch
SUBSTRINGS MATCHING RU	LE	caseIgnoreSubstringsMatch
ID		id-at-houseIdentifier }

#### 5.4 Organizational attribute types

These attribute types are concerned with organizations and can be used to describe objects in terms of organizations with which they are associated.

#### 5.4.1 OrganizationName

The *OrganizationName* attribute type specifies an organization. When used as a component of a directory name it identifies an organization with which the named object is affiliated.

An attribute value for OrganizationName is a string chosen by the organization (e.g. O = "Scottish Telecommunications plc"). Any variants should be associated with the named Organization as separate and alternative attribute values.

organizationName ATTRIBUTE	::=	{
SUBTYPE OF		name
WITH SYNTAX		DirectoryString {ub-organization-name}
ID		id-at-organizationName }

The Collective Organization Name attribute type specifies an organization name for a collection of entries.

collectiveOrganizationName ATTRIBUTE	::= {
SUBTYPE OF	organizationName
COLLECTIVE	TRUE
ID	id-at-collectiveOrganizationName }

#### 5.4.2 Organizational Unit Name

The *Organizational Unit Name* attribute type specifies an organizational unit. When used as a component of a directory name it identifies an organizational unit with which the named object is affiliated.

The designated organizational unit is understood to be part of an organization designated by an OrganizationName attribute. It follows that if an Organizational Unit Name attribute is used in a directory name, it must be associated with an OrganizationName attribute.

An attribute value for Organizational Unit Name is a string chosen by the organization of which it is part (e.g. OU = "Technology Division"). Note that the commonly used abbreviation "TD" would be a separate and alternative attribute value.

Example:

O = "Scottel", OU = "TD"

organizationalUnitName ATTRIBUTE	::= {
SUBTYPE OF	name
WITH SYNTAX	DirectoryString {ub-organizational-unit-name}
ID	id-at-organizationalUnitName }

The Collective Organizational Unit Name attribute type specifies an organizational unit name for a collection of entries.

collectiveOrganizationalUnitName ATTRIBU	JTE ::= {
SUBTYPE OF	organizationalUnitName
COLLECTIVE	TRUE
ID	id-at-collectiveOrganizationalUnitName }

#### 5.4.3 Title

The *Title* attribute type specifies the designated position or function of the object within an organization.

An attribute value for Title is a string.

Example:

T = "Manager, Distributed Applications"

title ATTRIBUTE	::=	{
SUBTYPE OF		name
WITH SYNTAX		DirectoryString {ub-title}
ID		id-at-title }

#### 5.5 Explanatory attribute types

These attribute types are concerned with explanations (e.g. in a natural language) of something about an object.

#### 5.5.1 Description

The Description attribute type specifies text which describes the associated object.

For example, the object "Standards Interest" might have the associated description "distribution list for exchange of information about intra-company standards development".

An attribute value for Description is a string.

description ATTRIBUTE	::=	{
WITH SYNTAX		DirectoryString {ub-description}
EQUALITY MATCHING RULE		caseIgnoreMatch
SUBSTRINGS MATCHING RUL	E	caseIgnoreSubstringsMatch
ID		id-at-description }

#### 5.5.2 Search Guide

The *Search Guide* attribute type specifies information of suggested search criteria which may be included in some entries expected to be a convenient base-object for the search operation, e.g. country or organization.

Search criteria consist of an optional identifier for the type of object sought and combinations of attribute types and logical operators to be used in the construction of a filter. It is possible to specify for each search criteria item the matching level, e.g. approximate match.

The Search Guide attribute may recur to reflect the various types of requests, e.g. search for a Residential Person or an Organizational Person, which may be fulfilled from the given base-object where the Search Guide is read.

searchGuide ATTRIBUTE WITH SYNTAX		::=        { Guide
ID		id-at-searchGuide }
Guide		::= SET {
objectClass	[0]	OBJECT-CLASS.&id OPTIONAL,
criteria	[1]	Criteria }
Criteria	::=	CHOICE {
type	[0]	CriteriaItem,
and	[1]	SET OF Criteria,
or	[2]	SET OF Criteria,
not	[3]	Criteria }
CriteriaItem	::=	CHOICE {
equality	[0]	AttributeType,
substrings	[1]	AttributeType,
greaterOrEqual	[2]	AttributeType,
lessOrEqual	[3]	AttributeType,
approximateMatch	[4]	AttributeType }

#### Example:

The following is a potential value of the Search Guide attribute that could be stored in entries of object class Locality to indicate how entries of object class Residential Person might be found:

```
residential-person-guide Guide ::= {
    objectClass residentialPerson.&id,
    criteria and : {
        type : substrings : commonName.&id,
        type : substrings : streetAddress.&id }}
```

The construction of a filter from this value of Guide is straightforward.

Step (1) produces the intermediate Filter value

```
intermediate-filter Filter ::=
and : {
    item : substrings {
        type commonName.&id,
        strings { any : teletexString : "Dubois" }},
    item : substrings {
        type streetAddress.&id,
        strings { any : teletexString "Hugo" }}}
```

Step (2) produces a filter for matching Residential Person entries in the subtree:

```
residential-person-filter Filter ::=
  and : {
    item : equality : {
      type objectClass.&id,
      assertion residentialPerson.&id },
    intermediateFilter }
```

#### 5.5.3 Enhanced Search Guide

The *Enhanced Search Guide* attribute provides an enhancement of the **searchGuide** attribute, adding information about the recommended search depth for searches among subordinate objects of a given object class.

enhancedSearchGuide ATTRIBUTE		::= {
WITH SYNTAX		EnhancedGuide
ID		id-at-enhancedSearchGuide }
EnhancedGuide	::=	SEQUENCE {
objectClass	[0]	OBJECT-CLASS.&id,
criteria	[1]	Criteria,
subset	[2]	INTEGER
{ baseObject (0), oneLevel (1), wl	noleSub	<pre>tree (2) } DEFAULT oneLevel }</pre>

#### 5.5.4 Business Category

The *Business Category* attribute type specifies information concerning the occupation of some common objects, e.g. people. For example, this attribute provides the facility to interrogate the Directory about people sharing the same occupation.

businessCategory ATTRIBUTE	::=	{
WITH SYNTAX		DirectoryString {ub-business-category}
EQUALITY MATCHING RULE		caseIgnoreMatch
SUBSTRINGS MATCHING RULE	2	caseIgnoreSubstringsMatch
ID		id-at-businessCategory }

#### 5.6 Postal Addressing attribute types

These attribute types are concerned with information required for physical postal delivery to an object.

#### 5.6.1 Postal Address

The *Postal Address* attribute type specifies the address information required for the physical delivery of postal messages by the postal authority to the named object.

An attribute value for Postal Address will be typically composed of selected attributes from the MHS Unformatted Postal O/R Address version 1 according to CCITT Recommendation F.401 and limited to 6 lines of 30 characters each, including a Postal Country Name. Normally the information contained in such an address could include an addressee's name, street address, city, state or province, postal code and possibly a Post Office Box number depending on the specific requirements of the named object.

postalAddress ATTRIBUTE	::=	{
WITH SYNTAX		PostalAddress
EQUALITY MATCHING RULE		caseIgnoreListMatch
SUBSTRINGS MATCHING RULE		caseIgnoreListSubstringsMatch
ID		id-at-postalAddress }

PostalAddress ::= SEQUENCE SIZE(1..ub-postal-line) OF DirectoryString {ub-postal-string}

9

The Collective Postal Address attribute type specifies a postal address for a collection of entries.

collectivePostalAddress ATTRIBUTE	::= {
SUBTYPE OF	postalAddress
COLLECTIVE	TRUE
ID	id-at-collectivePostalAddress }

#### 5.6.2 Postal Code

The *Postal Code* attribute type specifies the postal code of the named object. If this attribute value is present it will be part of the object's postal address.

An attribute value for Postal Code is a string.

postalCode ATTRIBUTE	::=	{
WITH SYNTAX		DirectoryString {ub-postal-code}
EQUALITY MATCHING RULE		caseIgnoreMatch
SUBSTRINGS MATCHING RULE	2	caseIgnoreSubstringsMatch
ID		id-at-postalCode }

The Collective Postal Code attribute type specifies a postal code for a collection of entries.

collectivePostalCode ATTRIBUTE	::= {
SUBTYPE OF	postalCode
COLLECTIVE	TRUE
ID	id-at-collectivePostalCode }

#### 5.6.3 Post Office Box

The *Post Office Box* attribute type specifies the Post Office Box by which the object will receive physical postal delivery. If present, the attribute value is part of the object's postal address.

postOfficeBox ATTRIBUTE	::=	{
WITH SYNTAX		DirectoryString {ub-post-office-box}
EQUALITY MATCHING RULE		caseIgnoreMatch
SUBSTRINGS MATCHING RULE		caseIgnoreSubstringsMatch
ID		id-at-postOfficeBox }

The Collective Post Office Box attribute type specifies a post office box for a collection of entries.

collectivePostOfficeBox ATTRIBUTE	::= {
SUBTYPE OF	postOfficeBox
COLLECTIVE	TRUE
ID	id-at-collectivePostOfficeBox }

#### 5.6.4 Physical Delivery Office Name

The Physical Delivery Office Name attribute type specifies the name of the city, village, etc. where a physical delivery office is situated.

An attribute value for Physical Delivery Office Name is a string.

physicalDeliveryOfficeName ATTRIB	UTE ::= {
WITH SYNTAX	DirectoryString {ub-physical-office-name}
EQUALITY MATCHING RULE	caseIgnoreMatch
SUBSTRINGS MATCHING RULE	caseIgnoreSubstringsMatch
ID	id-at-physicalDeliveryOfficeName }

The *Collective Physical Delivery Office Name* attribute type specifies a physical delivery office name for a collection of entries.

collectivePhysicalDeliveryOfficeName ATTRIBUTE ::= {		
SUBTYPE OF	physicalDeliveryOfficeName	
COLLECTIVE	TRUE	
ID	id-at-collectivePhysicalDeliveryOfficeName }	

#### 5.7 Telecommunications Addressing attribute types

These attribute types are concerned with addressing information needed to communicate with the object using telecommunication means.

#### 5.7.1 Telephone Number

The Telephone Number attribute type specifies a telephone number associated with an object.

An attribute value for Telephone Number is a string that complies with the internationally agreed format for showing international telephone numbers, CCITT Recommendation E.123 (e.g. "+ 44 582 10101").

telephoneNumber ATTRIBUTE ::= {	
WITH SYNTAX	TelephoneNumber
EQUALITY MATCHING RULE	telephoneNumberMatch
SUBSTRINGS MATCHING RULE	telephoneNumberSubstringsMatch
ID	id-at-telephoneNumber }

TelephoneNumber ::= PrintableString (SIZE(1..ub-telephone-number))

-- String complying with CCITT Recommendation E.123 only

The Collective Telephone Number attribute type specifies a telephone number for a collection of entries.

collectiveTelephoneNumber	ATTRIBUTE	::=	{
SUBTYPE OF		telephonel	Number
COLLECTIVE		TRUE	
ID		id-at-colle	ctiveTelephoneNumber }

#### 5.7.2 Telex Number

The *Telex Number* attribute type specifies the telex number, country code, and answerback code of a telex terminal associated with an object.

::=	{
	TelexNumber
	id-at-telexNumber }
	PrintableString (SIZE (1ub-telex-number)),
	PrintableString (SIZE (1ub-country-code)),
	PrintableString (SIZE (1ub-answerback)) }
	::=

The Collective Telex Number attribute type specifies a telex number for a collection of entries.

collectiveTelexNumber ATTRIBUTE	::= {
SUBTYPE OF	telexNumber
COLLECTIVE	TRUE
ID	id-at-collectiveTelexNumber }

#### 5.7.3 Teletex Terminal Identifier

Since CCITT Recommendation F.200 has been withdrawn and has not been replaced, the use of the teletexTerminalIdentifier and the collectiveTeletexTerminalIdentifier attribute types is deprecated.

The *Teletex Terminal Identifier* attribute type specifies the Teletex terminal identifier (and, optionally, parameters) for a teletex terminal associated with an object.

An attribute value for Teletex Terminal Identifier is a string which complies with CCITT Recommendation F.200 and an optional set whose components are according to ITU-T Recommendation T.62.

teletexTerminalIdentifier ATTRIBUTE	::= {
WITH SYNTAX	TeletexTerminalIdentifier
ID	id-at-teletexTerminalIdentifier }
TeletexTerminalIdentifier ::= SEQUENCE	{
teletexTerminal	PrintableString (SIZE(1ub-teletex-terminal-id)),
parameters	TeletexNonBasicParameters OPTIONAL}

The *Collective Teletex Terminal Identifier* attribute type specifies a teletex terminal identifier for a collection of entries. -- collectiveTeletexTerminalIdentifier ATTRIBUTE ::= {

SUBTYPE OF	teletexTerminalIdentifier
COLLECTIVE	TRUE
ID	id-at-collectiveTeletexTerminalIdentifier

}

#### 5.7.4 Facsimile Telephone Number

The Facsimile Telephone Number attribute type specifies a telephone number for a facsimile terminal (and optionally its parameters) associated with an object.

An attribute value for the facsimile telephone number is a string that complies with the internationally agreed format for showing international telephone numbers, CCITT Recommendation E.123 (e.g. "+81 3 347 7418") and an optional bit string (formatted according to CCITT Recommendation T.30).

facsimileTelephoneNumber ATTRIBUTE ::= {
WITH SYNTAX FacsimileTelephoneNumber
ID id-at-facsimileTelephoneNumber }
FacsimileTelephoneNumber ::= SEQUENCE {
telephoneNumber TelephoneNumber,
parameters G3FacsimileNonBasicParameters OPTIONAL}

The *Collective Facsimile Telephone Number* attribute type specifies a facsimile telephone number for a collection of entries.

collectiveFacsimileTelephoneNumber	ATTRIBUTE ::= {
SUBTYPE OF	facsimileTelephoneNumber
COLLECTIVE	TRUE
ID	id-at-collectiveFacsimileTelephoneNumber }

#### 5.7.5 X.121 Address

The X.121 Address attribute type specifies an address as defined by ITU-T Recommendation X.121 associated with an object.

x121Address ATTRIBUTE ::= {	
WITH SYNTAX	X121Address
EQUALITY MATCHING RULE	numericStringMatch
SUBSTRINGS MATCHING RULE	numericStringSubstringsMatch
ID	id-at-x121Address }

X121Address ::= NumericString (SIZE(1..ub-x121-address)) -- String as defined by ITU-T Recommendation X.121

#### 5.7.6 International ISDN Number

The International ISDN Number attribute type specifies an International ISDN Number associated with an object.

An attribute value for International ISDN Number is a string which complies with the internationally agreed format for ISDN addresses given in ITU-T Recommendation E.164.

internationalISDNNumber ATTRIBUTE ::=	{
WITH SYNTAX	InternationalISDNNumber
EQUALITY MATCHING RULE	numericStringMatch
SUBSTRINGS MATCHING RULE	numericStringSubstringsMatch
ID	id-at-internationalISDNNumber }

InternationalISDNNumber ::= NumericString (SIZE(1..ub-international-isdn-number)) -- String complying with ITU-T Recommendation E.164 only

The *Collective International ISDN Number* attribute type specifies an international ISDN number for a collection of entries.

collectiveInternationalISDNNumber ATTRIB	UTE ::= {
SUBTYPE OF	internationalISDNNumber
COLLECTIVE	TRUE
ID	id-at-collectiveInternationalISDNNumber }

#### 5.7.7 Registered Address

The *Registered Address* attribute type specifies a mnemonic for an address associated with an object at a particular city location. The mnemonic is registered in the country in which the city is located and is used in the provision of the Public Telegram Service (according to ITU-T Recommendation F.1).

registeredAddress ATTRIBUTE SUBTYPE OF WITH SYNTAX	::=	postalAddress PostalAddress
ID		id-at-registeredAddress }

#### 5.7.8 Destination Indicator

The *Destination Indicator* attribute type specifies (according to ITU-T Rec. F.1 and CCITT Rec. F.31) the country and city associated with the object (the addressee) needed to provide the Public Telegram Service.

An attribute value for Destination Indicator is a string.

destinationIndicator ATTRIBUTE ::= {

WITH SYNTAX	DestinationIndicator
EQUALITY MATCHING RULE	caseIgnoreMatch
SUBSTRINGS MATCHING RULE	caseIgnoreSubstringsMatch
ID	id-at-destinationIndicator }

**DestinationIndicator ::= PrintableString (SIZE(1..ub-destination-indicator))** 

-- alphabetical characters only

#### 5.8 **Preferences attribute types**

These attribute types are concerned with the preferences of an object.

#### 5.8.1 Preferred Delivery Method

The *Preferred Delivery Method* attribute type specifies the object's priority order regarding the method to be used for communicating with it.

preferredDeliveryMethod ATTRIBUTE	::={
WITH SYNTAX	SEQUENCE OF INTEGER {
ny-delivery-method	(0),
mhs-delivery	(1),
physical-delivery	(2),
telex-delivery	(3),
teletex-delivery	(4),
g3-facsimile-delivery	(5),
g4-facsimile-delivery	(6),
ia5-terminal-delivery	(7),
videotex-delivery	(8),
telephone-delivery	(9) }
SINGLE VALUE	TRUE
ID	id-at-preferredDeliveryMethod

#### 5.9 OSI Application attribute types

These attribute types are concerned with information regarding objects in the OSI Application Layer.

#### 5.9.1 Presentation Address

The *Presentation Address* attribute type specifies a presentation address associated with an object representing an OSI application entity.

}

An attribute value for Presentation Address is a presentation address as defined in ITU-T Rec. X.200 | ISO/IEC 7498-1.

presentationAddress ATTRIBU	ГЕ	::= {
WITH SYNTAX EQUALITY MATCHING RU SINGLE VALUE ID	ILE	PresentationAddress presentationAddressMatch TRUE id-at-presentationAddress }
PresentationAddress ::= SEQUE	ENCE {	
pSelector	[0]	OCTET STRING OPTIONAL,
sSelector	[1]	OCTET STRING OPTIONAL,
tSolooton	[2]	OCTET STRINC OPTIONAL

tSelector	[2]	OCTET STRING OPTIONAL,
nAddresses	[3]	SET SIZE (1MAX) OF OCTET STRING }

#### 5.9.2 Supported Application Context

The *Supported Application Context* attribute type specifies the object identifier(s) of application context(s) that the object (an OSI application entity) supports.

<b>IBUTE ::=</b> {
<b>OBJECT IDENTIFIER</b>
objectIdentifierMatch
id-at-supportedApplicationContext }

#### 5.9.3 Protocol Information

The *Protocol Information* attribute type associates protocol information with each network address in the Presentation Address attribute.

For each nAddress, the protocol component identifies the protocol or profile for the network and transport layers.

protocolInformation ATTRIBUTE ::=	=	{
WITH SYNTAX		ProtocolInformation
EQUALITY MATCHING RULE		protocolInformationMatch
ID		id-at-protocolInformation }
ProtocolInformation nAddress profiles	::=	SEQUENCE { OCTET STRING, SET OF OBJECT IDENTIFIER }

#### 5.10 Relational attribute types

These attribute types are concerned with information regarding the objects which are related to a particular object in certain ways.

NOTE – The DistinguishedName syntax used in these attribute types allows use of the primary distinguished name or an alternative distinguished name. Use of the primary distinguished name, if it is known, ensures consistency and interworking with pre-1997 DSAs. Specific usage may require that a particular alternative name be used. Context information and alternative distinguished values may also be kept as part of the **valuesWithContext** component of any RDN, as described in 9.3 of ITU-T Rec. X.501 | ISO/IEC 9594-2.

#### 5.10.1 Distinguished Name

The Distinguished Name attribute type is an attribute for specifying the name of an object.

distinguishedName ATTRIBUTE ::=	{
WITH SYNTAX	DistinguishedName
EQUALITY MATCHING RULE	distinguishedNameMatch
ID	id-at-distinguishedName }

#### 5.10.2 Member

The Member attribute type specifies a group of names associated with the object.

An attribute value for Member is a distinguished name.

member ATTRIBUTE	::=	{
SUBTYPE OF		distinguishedName
ID		id-at-member }

#### 5.10.3 Unique Member

The *Unique Member* attribute type specifies a group of unique names associated with an object. A unique name is a name that is optionally disambiguated by the inclusion of its unique identifier.

An attribute value for Unique Member is a distinguished name accompanied by an optional unique identifier.

uniqueMember ATTRIBUTE WITH SYNTAX EQUALITY MATCHING RULE ID	::=	{ NameAndOptionalUID uniqueMemberMatch id-at-uniqueMember }
NameAndOptionalUID dn uid	::=	SEQUENCE { DistinguishedName, UniqueIdentifier OPTIONAL }

#### 5.10.4 Owner

The Owner attribute type specifies the name of some object which has some responsibility for the associated object.

An attribute value for Owner is a distinguished name (which could represent a group of names) and can recur.

owner ATTRIBUTE	::=	{
SUBTYPE OF		distinguishedName
ID		id-at-owner }

#### 5.10.5 Role Occupant

The Role Occupant attribute type specifies the name of an object which fulfills an organizational role.

An attribute value for Role Occupant is a distinguished name.

roleOccupant ATTRIBUTE	::=	{
SUBTYPE OF		distinguishedName
ID		id-at-roleOccupant }

#### 5.10.6 See Also

The *See Also* attribute type specifies names of other Directory objects which may be other aspects (in some sense) of the same real world object.

An attribute value for See Also is a distinguished name.

seeAlso ATTRIBUTE	::= {	
SUBTYPE OF	distinguishedNa	ame
ID	id-at-seeAlso }	

#### 5.11 Domain attribute types

#### 5.11.1 DMD name

The DMD Name attribute type specifies a DMD. When used as a component of a directory name it identifies a DMD which manages the named object.

An attribute value for DMD Name is a string chosen by the DMD.

dmdName ATTRIBUTE	::= {
SUBTYPE OF	name
WITH SYNTAX	DirectoryString{ub-common-name}
ID	id-at-dmdName }

#### SECTION 3 - MATCHING RULES

#### 6 Definition of matching rules

NOTE – For definitions of **objectIdentifierMatch** and **distinguishedNameMatch**, see ITU-T Rec. X.501 | ISO/IEC 9594-2.

#### 6.1 String matching rules

In the matching rules specified in 6.1.1 through 6.1.11, the following spaces are regarded as not significant:

- leading spaces (i.e. those preceding the first character that is not a space);
- trailing spaces (i.e. those following the last character that is not a space);
- multiple consecutive spaces (these are taken as equivalent to a single space character).

A string consisting entirely of spaces is equivalent to a string containing exactly one space.

In the matching rules to which these apply, the strings to be matched shall be matched as if the insignificant spaces were not present in either string.

#### 6.1.1 Case Ignore Match

The *Case Ignore Match* rule compares for equality a presented string with an attribute value of **type PrintableString**, **NumericString**, **TelexString**, **BMPString**, **UniversalString**, or **DirectoryString**, without regard to the case (upper or lower) of the strings (e.g. "Dundee" and "DUNDEE" match).

caseIgnoreMatch MATCHING-RULE	::= {
SYNTAX	DirectoryString {ub-match}
ID	id-mr-caseIgnoreMatch }

The rule returns TRUE if the strings are the same length and corresponding characters are identical except possibly with regard to case.

Where the strings being matched are of different ASN.1 syntax, the comparison proceeds as normal so long as the corresponding characters are in both character sets. Otherwise matching fails.

#### 6.1.2 Case Ignore Ordering Match

The *Case Ignore Ordering Match* rule compares the collation order of a presented string an attribute value whose type is one of the ones listed in 6.1.1, without regard to the case (upper or lower) of the strings.

caseIgnoreOrderingMatch MATCHING-RU	JLE ::= {	
SYNTAX	DirectoryString {ub-match}	
ID	id-mr-caseIgnoreOrderingMatch	}

The rule returns TRUE if the attribute value is "less" or appears earlier than the presented value, when the strings are compared using the normal collation order for their syntax after lower-case letters in both strings have been replaced by their upper-case equivalents.

Where the strings being matched are of different ASN.1 syntax, the comparison proceeds as normal so long as the corresponding characters are in both character sets. Otherwise matching fails.

#### 6.1.3 Case Ignore Substrings Match

The *Case Ignore Substrings Match* rule determines whether a presented value is a substring of an attribute value whose type is one of the ones listed in 6.1.1, without regard to the case (upper or lower) of the strings.

h

#### SubstringAssertion ::= SEQUENCE OF CHOICE {

initial	[0]	DirectoryString {ub-match},
any	[1]	DirectoryString {ub-match},
final	[2]	DirectoryString {ub-match} }

-- at most one initial and one final component

The rule returns TRUE if there is a partitioning of the attribute value (into portions) such that:

- the specified substrings (initial, any, final) match different portions of the value in the order of the strings sequence;
- **initial**, if present, matches the first portion of the value;
- **final**, if present, matches the last portion of the value;
- **any**, if present, matches some arbitrary portion of the value.

There shall be at most one **initial**, and at most one **final** in **strings**. If **initial** is present, it shall be the first element of **strings**. If **final** is present, it shall be the last element of **strings**. There shall be zero or more **any** in **strings**.

For a component of substrings to match a portion of the attribute value, corresponding characters must be identical, except in regard to case. Where the strings being matched are of different ASN.1 syntax, the comparison proceeds as normal so long as the corresponding characters are in both character sets. Otherwise matching fails.

#### 6.1.4 Case Exact Match

The *Case Exact Match* rule compares for equality a presented string with an attribute value whose type is one of the ones listed in 6.1.1.

caseExactMatch MATCHING-RULE	::= {
SYNTAX	DirectoryString {ub-match}
ID	id-mr-caseExactMatch }

The rule is identical to the caseIgnoreMatch rule except that case is not ignored.

#### 6.1.5 Case Exact Ordering Match

The *Case Exact Ordering Match* rule compares the collation order of a presented string with an attribute value whose type is one of the ones listed in 6.1.1.

caseExactOrderingMatch MATCHING-RULE ::= {
 SYNTAX DirectoryString {ub-match}
 id-mr-caseExactOrderingMatch }

The rule is identical to the **caseIgnoreOrderingMatch** rule except that lower-case letters are not replaced by upper-case letters.

#### 6.1.6 Case Exact Substrings Match

The *Case Exact Substrings Match* rule determines whether a presented value is a substring of an attribute value whose type is one of the ones listed in 6.1.1.

caseExactSubstrings	atch MATCHING-RULE ::= {	
SYNTAX	SubstringAssertion only the PrintableString choi	ice
ID	id-mr-caseExactSubstringsMatch }	

The rule is identical to the caseIgnoreSubstringsMatch rule except that case is not ignored.

#### 6.1.7 Numeric String Match

The *Numeric String Match* rule compares for equality a presented numeric string with an attribute value of type **NumericString**.

numericStringMatch MATCHING-RULE	::= {
SYNTAX	NumericString
ID	id-mr-numericStringMatch }

The rule is identical to the **caseIgnoreMatch** rule except that all space characters are skipped during comparison (case is irrelevant as characters are numeric).

#### 6.1.8 Numeric String Ordering Match

The *Numeric String Ordering Match* rule compares the collation order of a presented string with an attribute value of type **NumericString**.

numericStringOrderingMatch MATCHING	$\mathbf{G-RULE}  ::=  \{$	
SYNTAX	NumericString	
ID	id-mr-numericStringOrderingMatch }	

The rule is identical to the **caseIgnoreOrderingMatch** rule except that all space characters are skipped during comparison (case is irrelevant as characters are numeric).

#### 6.1.9 Numeric String Substrings Match

The *Numeric String Substrings Match* rule determines whether a presented value is a substring of an attribute value of type **NumericString**.

numericStringSu	bstringsMatch MATCHING-RULE	::=	{
SYNTAX	Substring	Assertio	n
ID	id-mr-nur	nericStr	ingSubstringsMatch }

The rule is identical to the **caseIgnoreSubstringsMatch** rule except that all space characters are skipped during comparison (case is irrelevant as characters are numeric).

#### 6.1.10 Case Ignore List Match

The *Case Ignore List Match* rule compares for equality a presented sequence of strings with an attribute value which is a sequence of **DirectoryStrings**, without regard to the case (upper or lower) of the strings.

caseIgnoreListMatch MATCHING-RULE	::= {
SYNTAX	SEQUENCE OF DirectoryString {ub-match}
ID	id-mr-caseIgnoreListMatch }

The rule returns TRUE if and only if the number of strings in each is the same, and corresponding strings match. The latter matching is as for the **caseIgnoreMatch** matching rule.

#### 6.1.11 Case Ignore List Substrings Match

The *Case Ignore List Substring Match* rule compares a presented substring with an attribute value which is a sequence of **DirectoryStrings**, but where the case (upper or lower) is not significant for comparison purposes.

```
caseIgnoreListSubstringsMatch MATCHING-RULE ::= {
    SYNTAX SubstringAssertion
    ID id-mr-caseIgnoreListSubstringsMatch }
```

A presented value matches a stored value if and only if the presented value matches the string formed by concatenating the strings of the stored value. This matching is done according to the **caseIgnoreSubstringsMatch** rule; however, none of the **initial**, **any**, or **final** values of the presented value are considered to match a substring of the concatenated string which spans more than one of the strings of the stored value.

#### 6.1.12 Stored Prefix Match

The *Stored Prefix Match* rule determines whether an attribute value, whose syntax is DirectoryString, is a prefix (i.e. initial substring) of the presented value, without regard to the case (upper or lower) of the strings.

NOTE – It can be used, for example, to compare values in the Directory which are telephone area codes with a purported value which is a telephone number.

```
storedPrefixMatch MATCHING-RULE ::= {
    SYNTAX DirectoryString {ub-match}
    ID id-mr-storedPrefixMatch }
```

The rule returns TRUE if the attribute value is an initial substring of the presented value with corresponding characters identical except possibly with regard to case.

#### 6.2 Syntax-based matching rules

#### 6.2.1 Boolean Match

The Boolean Match rule compares for equality a presented Boolean value with an attribute value of type BOOLEAN.

booleanMatch MATCHING-RULE	::=	{
SYNTAX		BOOLEAN
ID		id-mr-booleanMatch }

The rule returns TRUE if the values are the same, i.e. both are TRUE or both are FALSE.

#### 6.2.2 Integer Match

The Integer Match rule compares for equality a presented integer value with an attribute value of type INTEGER.

integerMatch MATCHING-RULE	::= {
SYNTAX	INTEGER
ID	id-mr-integerMatch }

The rule returns TRUE if the integers are equal.

#### 6.2.3 Integer Ordering Match

The Integer Ordering Match rule compares a presented integer value with an attribute value of type INTEGER.

integerOrderingMatch MATCHING-RULE	::= {
SYNTAX	INTEGER
ID	id-mr-integerOrderingMatch }

The rule returns TRUE if the attribute value is less than the presented value.

#### 6.2.4 Bit String Match

The Bit String Match rule compares a presented bit string with an attribute value of type BIT STRING.

bitStringMatch MATCHING-RULE	::= {
SYNTAX	BIT STRING
ID	id-mr-bitStringMatch }

The rule returns TRUE if the attribute value has the same number of bits as the presented value and the bits match on a bitwise basis.

#### 6.2.5 Octet String Match

The Octet String Match rule compares for equality a presented octet string with an attribute value of type OCTET STRING.

octetStringMatch MATCHING-RULE	::= {
SYNTAX	OCTET STRING
ID	id-mr-octetStringMatch }

The rule returns TRUE if and only if the strings are the same length and corresponding octets are identical.

#### 6.2.6 Octet String Ordering Match

The *Octet String Ordering Match* rule compares the collation order of a presented octet string with an attribute value of type **OCTET STRING**.

octetStringOrderingMatch MA	TCHING-RULE ::= {
SYNTAX	OCTET STRING
ID	id-mr-octetStringOrderingMatch }

The rule compares octet strings from first octet to last octet, and from the most significant bit to the least significant bit within the octet. The first occurrence of a different bit determines the ordering of the strings. A zero bit precedes a one bit. If the strings are identical but contain different numbers of octets, the shorter string precedes the longer string.

#### 6.2.7 Octet String Substrings Match

The *Octet String Substrings Match* rule determines whether a presented octet string is a substring of an attribute value of type **OCTET STRING**.

octetStringSubstringsMatch M	IATCHING-RULE ::= {
SYNTAX	OctetSubstringAssertion
ID	id-mr-octetStringSubstringsMatch }

OctetSubstringAssertion ::= SEQUENCE OF CHOICE {

initial	[0]	OCTET STRING,
any	[1]	OCTET STRING,
final	[2]	OCTET STRING }
at most one initial and one final component		

The rule returns TRUE if the attribute value contains the sequence of octets in the presented string, as described for **caseIgnoreSubstringsMatch**.

#### 6.2.8 Telephone Number Match

The *Telephone Number Match* rule compares for equality a presented value with an attribute value of type **PrintableString** which is a telephone number.

```
telephoneNumberMatch MATCHING-RULE ::= {
    SYNTAX PrintableString
    ID id-mr-telephoneNumberMatch }
```

The rules for matching are identical to those for **caseIgnoreMatch**, except that all space and "-" characters are skipped during the comparison.

#### 6.2.9 Telephone Number Substrings Match

The *Telephone Number Substrings Match* rule determines if a presented substring is a substring of an attribute value of type **PrintableString** which is a telephone number.

```
telephoneNumberSubstringsMatch MATCHING-RULE ::= {
    SYNTAX SubstringAssertion
    ID id-mr-telephoneNumberSubstringsMatch }
```

The rules for matching are identical to those for **caseExactSubstringsMatch**, except that all space and "-" characters are skipped during the comparison.

#### 6.2.10 Presentation Address Match

The *Presentation Address Match* rule compares for equality a presented Presentation Address with an attribute value of type **PresentationAddress**.

presentationAddressMatch	ATCHING-RULE ::= {
SYNTAX	PresentationAddress
ID	id-mr-presentationAddressMatch }

The rule returns TRUE if and only if the selectors of the presented and stored presentation address are equal and the presented **nAddresses** are a subset of the stored ones.

#### 6.2.11 Unique Member Match

The *Unique Member Match* rule compares for equality a presented Unique Member value with an attribute value of type **NameAndOptionalUID**.

uniqueMemberMatch MATCHING-RULE	::= {
SYNTAX	NameAndOptionalUID
ID	id-mr-uniqueMemberMatch }

The rule returns TRUE if and only if the **dn** components of the attribute value and the presented value match according to the **distinguishedNameMatch** rule, and the **uid** component is absent from the attribute value or matches the corresponding component from the presented value according to the **bitStringMatch** rule.

#### 6.2.12 Protocol Information Match

The *Protocol Information Match* rule compares for equality presented values of **ProtocolInformation** with values of the same type.

protocolInformationMatch	MATCHING-RULE	::=	{
SYNTAX	OCTET	STRIN	١G
ID	id-mr-pr	otocoll	InformationMatch }

A value of the assertion syntax is derived from a value of the attribute syntax by using the **nAddress** component.

The value returns True if the presented value and the **nAddress** component of the stored value match according to the **octetStringMatch** rule.

#### 6.3 Time matching rules

#### 6.3.1 UTC Time Match

The UTC Time Match rule compares for equality a presented value with an attribute value of type UTCTime.

uTCTimeMatch MATCHING-RULE	::= {
SYNTAX	UTCTime
ID	id-mr-uTCTimeMatch }

The rule returns TRUE if the attribute value represents the same time as the presented value. If a UTC time is specified with the seconds absent, the number of seconds is assumed to be zero.

#### 6.3.2 UTC Time Ordering Match

The UTC Time Ordering rule compares the time ordering of a presented value with an attribute value of type UTCTime.

uTCTimeOrderingMatcl	h MATCHING-RULE ::= {
SYNTAX	UTCTime
ID	id-mr-uTCTimeOrderingMatch }

The rule returns TRUE if the attribute value represents a time which is earlier than the presented time. UTC times with year values 50 to 99 shall be taken to represent times that are earlier than UTC times with year values 00 to 49. If a UTC time is specified with the seconds absent, the number of seconds is assumed to be zero.

The value of the two-digit year field shall be rationalized into a four-digit year value as follows:

- if the 2-digit value is 00 through 49 inclusive, the value shall have 2000 added to it; and
- if the 2-digit value is 50 through 99 inclusive, the value shall have 1900 added to it.

#### 6.3.3 Generalized Time Match

The *Generalized Time Match* rule compares for equality a presented value with an attribute value of type **GeneralizedTime** [as per 41.3 b) or c) of ITU-T Rec. X.680 | ISO/IEC 8824-1].

generalizedTimeMatch MATCHING-RULE	::= {
SYNTAX	GeneralizedTime
	as per 41.3 b) or c) of ITU-T Rec. X.680   ISO/IEC 8824-1
ID	id-mr-generalizedTimeMatch }

The rule returns TRUE if the attribute value represents the same time as the presented value. If a time is specified with the minutes or seconds absent, the number of minutes or seconds is assumed to be zero.

#### 6.3.4 Generalized Time Ordering Match

The *Generalized Time Ordering Match* rule compares the time ordering of a presented value with an attribute value of type **GeneralizedTime** [as per 41.3 b) and c) of ITU-T Rec. X.680 | ISO/IEC 8824-1].

generalizedTimeOrderingMatch MATCHING-RULE ::= {
--

SYNTAX	GeneralizedTime
	as per 41.3 b) or c) of ITU-T Rec. X.680   ISO/IEC 8824-1
ID	id-mr-generalizedTimeOrderingMatch }

The rule returns TRUE if the attribute value represents a time which is earlier than the presented time. If a time is specified with the minutes or seconds absent, the number of minutes or seconds is assumed to be zero.

#### 6.4 First component matching rules

#### 6.4.1 Integer First Component Match

The *Integer First Component Match* rule compares for equality a presented integer value with an attribute value of type **SEQUENCE** whose first component is mandatory and of type **INTEGER**.

integerFirstComponentMatch MATCHING-RULE ::= {			
SYNTAX	INTEGER		
ID	<pre>id-mr-integerFirstComponentMatch }</pre>		

The rule returns TRUE if the attribute value has a first component whose value equals the presented integer.

A value of the assertion syntax is derived from a value of the attribute syntax by using the value of the first component of the SEQUENCE.

#### 6.4.2 Object Identifier First Component Match

The *Object Identifier First Component Match* rule compares for equality a presented object identifier value with attribute values of type **SEQUENCE** whose first component is mandatory and of type **OBJECT IDENTIFIER**.

objectIdentifierFirst	ComponentMatch MATCHING-RULE ::= {
SYNTAX	<b>OBJECT IDENTIFIER</b>
ID	id-mr-objectIdentifierFirstComponentMatch }

The rule returns TRUE if the attribute value has a first component whose value matches the presented object identifier using the rules of **objectIdentifierMatch**.

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A value of the assertion syntax is derived from a value of the attribute syntax by using the value of the first component of the SEQUENCE.

#### 6.4.3 Directory String First Component Match

The *Directory String First Component Match* rule compares for equality a presented **DirectoryString** value with an attribute value of type **SEQUENCE** whose first component is mandatory and of type **DirectoryString**.

```
      directoryStringFirstComponentMatch MATCHING-RULE ::=
      {

      SYNTAX
      DirectoryString {ub-directory-string-first-component-match}

      ID
      id-mr-directoryStringFirstComponentMatch }
```

The rule returns TRUE if the attribute value has a first component whose value matches the presented **DirectoryString** using the rules of **caseIgnoreMatch**.

A value of the assertion syntax is derived from a value of the attribute syntax by using the value of the first component of the SEQUENCE.

#### 6.5 Word matching rules

#### 6.5.1 Word Match

The Word Match rule compares a presented string with words in an attribute value of type DirectoryString.

wordMatch MATCHING-RULE	::=	{
SYNTAX		DirectoryString {ub-match}
ID		id-mr-wordMatch }

The rule returns TRUE if a presented word matches any word in the attribute value. Individual word matching is as for the **caseIgnoreMatch** matching rule. The precise definition of a "word" is a local matter.

#### 6.5.2 Keyword Match

The Keyword Match rule compares a presented string with keywords in an attribute value of type DirectoryString.

keywordMatch MATCHING-RULE	::= {
SYNTAX	DirectoryString {ub-match}
ID	id-mr-keywordMatch }

The rule returns TRUE if a presented value matches any *keyword* in the attribute value. The identification of keywords in an attribute value and of the exactness of match are both local matters.

#### SECTION 4 - CONTEXTS

#### 7 Definition of Context Types

This Directory Specification defines a number of context types which may be found useful across a range of applications of the Directory.

#### 7.1 Language Context

The Language Context associates an attribute value with a specific language(s):

```
languageContext CONTEXT ::= {
WITH SYNTAX LanguageContextSyntax
ID id-avc-language }
```

```
LanguageContextSyntax ::= PrintableString (SIZE(2..3)) -- ISO 639-2 codes only
```

A presented value is considered to match a stored value if the sequence of characters in the presented value is identical to that in the stored value.

#### 7.2 Temporal Context

The Temporal Context associates an attribute value with a set of times. Various expressions of time are possible, including:

- a) absolute start or end times (e.g. 24:00 December 14, 1994);
- b) specific time bands within the day (e.g. 09:00 to 17:00)
- c) days within the week (e.g. Monday);
- d) days within the month (e.g. the 10th; the 2nd last day, etc.);
- e) months within the year (e.g. March);
- f) a particular year (e.g. 1995);
- g) weeks within the month (e.g. the second week);
- h) periodic day or week (e.g. every 2nd week);
- i) logical negatives (e.g. not Monday).

#### temporalContext CONTEXT ::= {

WITH SYNTAX	TimeSpecification
ASSERTED AS	TimeAssertion
ID	id-avc-temporal }

TimeSpecification ::= SEQUENCE {

time	CHOICE { absolute	SEQUENCE {
	startTime	[0] GeneralizedTime OPTIONAL,
	endTime	[1] GeneralizedTime OPTIONAL },
	periodic	SET OF Period },
notTh	isTime BOOLEA	N DEFAULT FALSE,
timeZ	one TimeZone	OPTIONAL }

Period ::= SEQUENCE {

fourth

fifth

[4]

[5]

NamedDay,

NamedDay}

timesOfDa	ıy [0]	SET OF DayTimeBand OPTIONAL,
days	[1]	CHOICE {
•		intDay SET OF INTEGER,
		bitDay BIT STRING { sunday (0), monday (1), tuesday (2),
		wednesday (3), thursday (4), friday (5), saturday (6) },
		dayOf XDayOf } OPTIONAL,
weeks	[2]	CHOICE {
		allWeeks NULL,
		intWeek SET OF INTEGER,
		bitWeek BIT STRING { week1 (0), week2 (1), week3 (2), week4 (3),
		week5 (4) } } OPTIONAL,
months	[3]	CHOICE {
		allMonths NULL,
		intMonth SET OF INTEGER,
		bitMonth BIT STRING { january (0), february (1), march (2), april (3),
		may (4), june (5), july (6), august (7), september (8),
		october (9), november (10), december (11) }
		} OPTIONAL,
years	[4]	SET OF INTEGER (1000 MAX) OPTIONAL }
XDayOf ::=	CHOICE	
first	[1]	NamedDay,
second	[2]	NamedDay,
third	[3]	NamedDay,
	F 43	

NamedDay ::= CHO	DICE {		
intNamed Days		ENUMERATED {	
	-	sunday	(1),
		monday	(2),
		tuesday	(3),
		wednesday	(4),
		thursday	(5),
		friday	(6),
		saturday	(7) },
bitNa	nedDays	BIT STRING { sun	day (0), monday (1), tuesday (2),
			3), thursday (4), friday (5), saturday (6) } }
DayTimeBand ::= S	SEQUENCE {		
startDayTime	[0]	DayTime DEFAUL	Γ { hour 0 },
endDayTime	[1]	•	Γ { hour 23, minute 59, second 59 }}
DayTime ::= SEQU	ENCE {		
hour	[0]	INTEGER (023),	
minute	[1]	<b>INTEGER</b> (059) D	EFAULT 0,
second	[2]	INTEGER (059) D	
TimeZone ::= INTE	CGER (-1212)		
TimeAssertion ::= 0	CHOICE {		
now	NULL,		
at	GeneralizedTime	,	
between	SEQUENCE {		
startTime	[0] Genera	alizedTime,	
endTime	[1] Generation	alizedTime OPTIONA	AL,
entirely	BOOL	EAN DEFAULT FAI	LSE }}

The **absolute** choice of **time** expresses a specific time or time band using absolute time notations (GeneralizedTime). A specific time is expressed by setting the **startTime** equal to the **endTime**. Otherwise, **startTime** is earlier in time than **endTime** and a span of time is expressed. If **endTime** is missing the time span includes all times after **startTime**.

periodic allows the specification of time as a set of periods. The combined effect is a logical OR of the set.

NOTE 1 – Alternatively, an attribute value could be associated with the temporal context with multiple context values, one for each of the periods, since this also acts a logical OR. However, the SET OF is included here to allow **notThisTime** to cover the set and thus effect a logical 'neither'. When **notThisTime** is FALSE, the choice of which approach to use to specify a set of periods is up to the specifier.

Within each Period each element in the SEQUENCE OF is considered as "within" the following element in the SEQUENCE OF. The SEQUENCE OF is in rising order of granularity of time period, although not all levels must be present.

The final element in a **Period** is assumed to be valid for all time periods of higher granularity.

NOTE 2 – For example, if a **Period** SEQUENCE OF ends with **timesOfDay**, it is considered valid for all days.

A **timesOfDay** indicates the valid time bands during the days specified in the next element of **Period**. If **days** is not the next element, then the time bands are valid for all possible days within the next element. If **timesOfDay** is not included, all times of the day are valid within the next element. Different time bands may be specified for different days, by having multiple occurrences of **Period**.

The **days** element expresses specific days of a week, month or year depending on the next element of **Period**. If **days** precedes **weeks** in a **Period**, then it expresses days of the week and the INTEGERs are constrained to the values 1 to 7, where 1 is Sunday. If **days** precedes **months** in a **Period**, then it expresses days in the month and the INTEGERs are constrained to the values 1 to 31, where 1 is the first day of the month. If **days** precedes **years** in a **Period**, then it expresses days of the year and the INTEGERs are constrained to the values 1 to 31, where 1 is the first day of the values 1 to 366, where 1 is the first day of the year.

**dayOf** is used to indicate the 1st, 2nd, 3rd, 4th, and 5th occurrence of the **NamedDay** in a month (e.g. the first Monday of the month, or the second Tuesday and Friday of August). The use of **fifth** shall always indicate the last **NamedDay** of that month (e.g. the last Tuesday of July). If the **dayOf** choice for **days** is specified, then the **weeks** element of **Period** is not meaningful if present and is ignored.

If days is not specified, then all days are valid within the next element of the Period.

The **weeks** element expresses specific weeks of a month or year, depending on the next element of **Period**. If **weeks** precedes months in a **Period**, then it expresses weeks of the month and the INTEGERs are constrained to the values 1 to 5, where 1 is the first week of the month. The first week of the month shall be assumed to be the first week containing at least four days of that month. The fifth week always means the last week of the month.

If **weeks** precedes years in a **Period**, then it expresses weeks of the year and the INTEGERs are constrained to the values 1 to 53, where 1 is the first week of the year. The first week of the year shall be assumed to be the first week containing at least four days of that year. The 53rd week is always the last week of the year.

If **allWeeks** is specified, then all weeks are valid within the next element of the **Period** (this allows **days** to express days of the week for all weeks).

If weeks is not specified, then all weeks are valid within the next element of the Period.

The **months** element expresses specific months of the year. When **months** is expressed with INTEGERs, the INTEGERs are constrained to the values 1 to 12, where 1 is the first month of the year (i.e. January).

If **allMonths** is specified, then all months of the year are valid (this allows **weeks** to express weeks of the month for all months, or if **weeks** is not specified it allows **days** to express days of the month for all months).

If months is not specified, then all months of the year are valid.

The years component expresses one or more years. If years is not specified, then all years are valid.

**timeZone** expresses the time zone, in hours delta from GMT, in which **time** is expressed. If **timeZone** is not present, a DSA processing the temporal context shall interpret the **time** relevant in the time zone of the DSA.

If **notThisTime** is **FALSE**, then the temporal context value is the time expressed in **time** in the **TimeSpecification**. If **notThisTime** is **TRUE**, then the temporal context value is considered to be all time except that expressed in **time** in the **TimeSpecification** (that is, a logical NOT is performed).

A time assertion is considered to match a time specification if there is an overlap in the times specified. If the time assertion contains **now**, then the current time is used in the evaluation. If **now** or **at** is specified, then the assertion is considered true if the specific time falls within the times covered by the stored **TimeSpecification**. If the time assertion uses **between** and **entirely** is **FALSE**, then the assertion is considered true if any portion of the **between** time band falls within the times covered by the stored **TimeSpecification** (the overlap need not be complete: as long as there is a period of overlap within the two time specifications, they are considered to match). If the time assertion uses **between** and **entirely** is **TRUE**, then the assertion is considered true only if the entire **between** time band falls within the times covered by the stored **TimeSpecification**.

#### Examples:

NOTE 3 – The following examples use the INTEGER formats for elements where a choice is available of INTEGER or BIT STRING.

a) 09:00 to 17:00 every day, would be expressed as:

periodic {

timesOfDay { {
 startDayTime hour 9,
 endDayTime hour 17 } }.

b) Every Monday would be expressed as:

periodic {

days intDay : {2} }

c) 09:00 to 12:00 noon Monday to Friday and all day Saturday during January, and all day for Tuesdays in February and March would be expressed as:

periodic {

timesOfDay { {
 startDayTime hour 9,
 endDayTime hour 12} }
days intDay : {2,3,4,5,6},
weeks allWeeks : NULL,
months intMonth : {1} },

```
{ days {7},
weeks {1,2,3,4,5}
months {1} }
```

```
{ days {3}
weeks {1,2,3,4,5},
months {2,3} } }
```

d) All of August 1996 would be expressed as:

```
periodic {
```

```
{ months {8}
    years {1996} } }
```

e) The first day of every month would be expressed as:

#### 7.3 Locale Context

The Locale Context associates an attribute value with a specific locale(s) as defined in POSIX:

```
localeContext CONTEXT ::= {
WITH SYNTAX localeContextSyntax
ID id-avc-locale }
```

```
localeContextSyntax :: = CHOICE {
localeID1 OBJECT IDENTIFIER,
localeID2 DirectoryString }
```

A presented value is considered to match a stored value if they are both object identifiers and the two object identifiers are equal, or they are both strings and are the same.

Only registered object identifiers or strings for locales may be used as context values. The concept of locales is described in ISO/IEC 9945-2:1993 Information Technology – Portable Operating System Interface (POSIX) – Part 2: Shell and Utilities.

NOTE – Registration authorities will be created to assign OIDs and/or string identifiers to locale specifications. For example, the European Committee for Standardization, CEN, has published a European standard for registration of locale information, ENV12005 :1996 Procedures for European Registration of Cultural Elements.

#### Annex A

#### Selected attribute types in ASN.1

(This annex forms an integral part of this Recommendation | International Standard)

This annex includes all of the ASN.1 type and value definitions contained in this Directory Specification in the form of the ASN.1 module **SelectedAttributeTypes**.

SelectedAttributeTypes {joint-iso-itu-t ds(5) module(1) selectedAttributeTypes(5) 3} DEFINITIONS ::= BEGIN

-- EXPORTS All --

-- The types and values defined in this module are exported for use in the other ASN.1 modules contained

-- within the Directory Specifications, and for the use of other applications which will use them to access

-- Directory services. Other applications may use them for their own purposes, but this will not constrain

-- extensions and modifications needed to maintain or improve the Directory service.

#### IMPORTS

informationFramework, upperBounds, id-at, id-mr, id-avc	
FROM UsefulDefinitions {joint-iso-itu-t ds(5) module(1) usefulDefinitions(0) 3	}

ATTRIBUTE, MATCHING-RULE, AttributeType, OBJECT-CLASS, DistinguishedName, objectIdentifierMatch, distinguishedNameMatch FROM InformationFramework informationFramework

G3FacsimileNonBasicParameters, TeletexNonBasicParameters FROM MTSAbstractService{joint-iso-itu-t mhs(6) mts(3) modules(0) mts-abstract-service(1)version-1999(1) }

ub-answerback, ub-name, ub-common-name, ub-surname, ub-serial-number, ub-locality-name, ub-state-name, ub-street-address, ub-organization-name, ub-organizational-unit-name, ub-title, ub-description, ub-business-category, ub-postal-line, ub-postal-string, ub-postal-code, ub-post-office-box, ub-physical-office-name, ub-telex-number, ub-country-code, ub-teletex-terminal-id, ub-telephone-number, ub-x121-address, ub-international-isdn-number, ub-destination-indicator, ub-user-password, ub-match, ub-knowledge-information, ub-name, ub-directory-string-first-component-match FROM UpperBounds upperBounds ;

-- Directory string type --

DirectoryString { INTEGER : maxSize } ::= CHOICE {

teletexString	TeletexString (SIZE (1maxSize)),
printableString	PrintableString (SIZE (1maxSize)),
bmpString	BMPString (SIZE (1maxSize)),
universalString	UniversalString (SIZE (1maxSize)) }

-- Attribute types --

knowledgeInformation ATTRIBUTE WITH SYNTAX EQUALITY MATCHING RULE ID	<pre>::= { DirectoryString { ub-knowledge-information } caseIgnoreMatch id-at-knowledgeInformation }</pre>
name ATTRIBUTE ::= { WITH SYNTAX EQUALITY MATCHING RULE SUBSTRINGS MATCHING RULE ID	DirectoryString { ub-name } caseIgnoreMatch caseIgnoreSubstringsMatch id-at-name }
commonName ATTRIBUTE ::= SUBTYPE OF name WITH SYNTAX ID	{ DirectoryString {ub-common-name} id-at-commonName }
surname ATTRIBUTE ::= SUBTYPE OF name WITH SYNTAX ID	{ DirectoryString {ub-surname} id-at-surname }

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givenName ATTRIBUTE ::= { SUBTYPE OF name WITH SYNTAX **DirectoryString {ub-name}** ID id-at-givenName } initials ATTRIBUTE ::= { SUBTYPE OF name WITH SYNTAX **DirectoryString {ub-name}** ID id-at-initials } generationOualifier ATTRIBUTE ::= { SUBTYPE OF name WITH SYNTAX **DirectoryString {ub-name}** ID id-at-generationQualifier} uniqueIdentifier ATTRIBUTE ::= ł WITH SYNTAX UniqueIdentifier EQUALITY MATCHING RULE bitStringMatch ID id-at-uniqueIdentifier } UniqueIdentifier ::= BIT STRING dnQualifier ATTRIBUTE ::= { WITH SYNTAX PrintableString EQUALITY MATCHING RULE caseIgnoreMatch **ORDERING MATCHING RULE** caseIgnoreOrderingMatch SUBSTRINGS MATCHING RULE caseIgnoreSubstringsMatch ID id-at-dnQualifier } serialNumber ATTRIBUTE ::= { WITH SYNTAX PrintableString (SIZE (1..ub-serial-number)) EQUALITY MATCHING RULE caseIgnoreMatch SUBSTRINGS MATCHING RULE caseIgnoreSubstringsMatch ID id-at-serialNumber } countryName ATTRIBUTE ::= { SUBTYPE OF name WITH SYNTAX CountryName SINGLE VALUE TRUE ID id-at-countryName } CountryName ::= PrintableString (SIZE (2)) -- SO 3166 codes only localityName ATTRIBUTE ::= { SUBTYPE OF name WITH SYNTAX DirectoryString {ub-locality-name} ID id-at-localityName } collectiveLocalityName ATTRIBUTE ::= { SUBTYPE OF localityName COLLECTIVE TRUE ID id-at-collectiveLocalityName } stateOrProvinceName ATTRIBUTE ::= { SUBTYPE OF name WITH SYNTAX **DirectoryString {ub-state-name}** ID id-at-stateOrProvinceName } collectiveStateOrProvinceName ATTRIBUTE ::= { stateOrProvinceName SUBTYPE OF COLLECTIVE TRUE ID id-at-collectiveStateOrProvinceName } streetAddress ATTRIBUTE ::= { WITH SYNTAX DirectoryString {ub-street-address} EQUALITY MATCHING RULE caseIgnoreMatch SUBSTRINGS MATCHING RULE caseIgnoreSubstringsMatch ID id-at-streetAddress } collectiveStreetAddress ATTRIBUTE ::= { SUBTYPE OF streetAddress COLLECTIVE TRUE ID id-at-collectiveStreetAddress }

houseIdentifier ATTRIBUTE ::= { WITH SYNTAX DirectoryString {ub-name} caseIgnoreMatch EQUALITY MATCHING RULE SUBSTRINGS MATCHING RULE caseIgnoreSubstringsMatch ID id-at-houseIdentifier } organizationName ATTRIBUTE ::= { SUBTYPE OF name WITH SYNTAX DirectoryString {ub-organization-name} ID id-at-organizationName } collectiveOrganizationName ATTRIBUTE ::= { SUBTYPE OF organizationName **COLLECTIVE** TRUE ID id-at-collectiveOrganizationName } organizationalUnitName ATTRIBUTE ::= { SUBTYPE OF name WITH SYNTAX DirectoryString {ub-organizational-unit-name} ID id-at-organizationalUnitName } collectiveOrganizationalUnitName ATTRIBUTE ::= { SUBTYPE OF organizationalUnitName **COLLECTIVE** TRUE ID id-at-collectiveOrganizationalUnitName } title ATTRIBUTE ::= { SUBTYPE OF name **DirectoryString {ub-title}** WITH SYNTAX ID id-at-title } description ATTRIBUTE ::= **DirectoryString {ub-description}** WITH SYNTAX EQUALITY MATCHING RULE caseIgnoreMatch SUBSTRINGS MATCHING RULE caseIgnoreSubstringsMatch ID id-at-description } searchGuide ATTRIBUTE ::= WITH SYNTAX Guide ID id-at-searchGuide } Guide ::= SET { objectClass [0] **OBJECT-CLASS.&id OPTIONAL**, criteria Criteria } [1] Criteria ::= **CHOICE {** CriteriaItem, type [0] SET OF Criteria, and [1] SET OF Criteria, or [2] not [3] **Criteria**} CriteriaItem ::= CHOICE { equality [0] AttributeType, substrings [1] AttributeType, greaterOrEqual AttributeType, [2] AttributeType, lessOrEqual [3] approximateMatch AttributeType} [4] enhancedSearchGuide ATTRIBUTE ::= WITH SYNTAX EnhancedGuide ID id-at-enhancedSearchGuide } EnhancedGuide ::= **SEQUENCE** { objectClass [0] **OBJECT-CLASS.&id**, criteria [1] Criteria, subset INTEGER [2] { baseObject (0), oneLevel (1), wholeSubtree (2) } DEFAULT oneLevel } businessCategory ATTRIBUTE ::= WITH SYNTAX **DirectoryString {ub-business-category}** EQUALITY MATCHING RULE caseIgnoreMatch SUBSTRINGS MATCHING RULE caseIgnoreSubstringsMatch ID id-at-businessCategory }

postalAddress ATTRIBUTE ::= { WITH SYNTAX PostalAddress EQUALITY MATCHING RULE caseIgnoreListMatch caseIgnoreListSubstringsMatch SUBSTRINGS MATCHING RULE ID id-at-postalAddress } PostalAddress SEQUENCE SIZE(1..ub-postal-line) OF DirectoryString {ub-postal-string} ::= collectivePostalAddress ATTRIBUTE ::= { SUBTYPE OF postalAddress **COLLECTIVE** TRUE ID id-at-collectivePostalAddress } postalCode ATTRIBUTE ::= DirectoryString {ub-postal-code} WITH SYNTAX EQUALITY MATCHING RULE caseIgnoreMatch SUBSTRINGS MATCHING RULE caseIgnoreSubstringsMatch ID id-at-postalCode } collectivePostalCode ATTRIBUTE ::= { SUBTYPE OF postalCode TRUE **COLLECTIVE** ID id-at-collectivePostalCode } postOfficeBox ATTRIBUTE ::= { WITH SYNTAX DirectoryString {ub-post-office-box} EQUALITY MATCHING RULE caseIgnoreMatch SUBSTRINGS MATCHING RULE caseIgnoreSubstringsMatch ID id-at-postOfficeBox } collectivePostOfficeBox ATTRIBUTE ::= { postOfficeBox SUBTYPE OF **COLLECTIVE** TRUE ID id-at-collectivePostOfficeBox } physicalDeliveryOfficeName ATTRIBUTE ::= { WITH SYNTAX DirectoryString {ub-physical-office-name} EQUALITY MATCHING RULE caseIgnoreMatch SUBSTRINGS MATCHING RULE caseIgnoreSubstringsMatch ID id-at-physicalDeliveryOfficeName } collectivePhysicalDeliveryOfficeName ATTRIBUTE ::= SUBTYPE OF physicalDeliveryOfficeName COLLECTIVE TRUE ID id-at-collectivePhysicalDeliveryOfficeName } telephoneNumber ATTRIBUTE ::= WITH SYNTAX TelephoneNumber EQUALITY MATCHING RULE telephoneNumberMatch SUBSTRINGS MATCHING RULE telephoneNumberSubstringsMatch ID id-at-telephoneNumber } TelephoneNumber ::= PrintableString (SIZE(1..ub-telephone-number)) -- String complying with CCITT Recommendation E.123 only collectiveTelephoneNumber ATTRIBUTE ::= { SUBTYPE OF telephoneNumber TRUE **COLLECTIVE** ID id-at-collectiveTelephoneNumber } telexNumber ATTRIBUTE ::= { WITH SYNTAX TelexNumber ID id-at-telexNumber } TelexNumber ::= SEQUENCE { telexNumber PrintableString (SIZE(1..ub-telex-number)), PrintableString (SIZE(1..ub-country-code)), countryCode answerback PrintableString (SIZE(1..ub-answerback))} collectiveTelexNumber ATTRIBUTE ::= { SUBTYPE OF telexNumber COLLECTIVE TRUE ID id-at-collectiveTelexNumber }

```
facsimileTelephoneNumber ATTRIBUTE
                                             ::= {
    WITH SYNTAX
                                       FacsimileTelephoneNumber
                                       id-at-facsimileTelephoneNumber }
    ID
FacsimileTelephoneNumber
                                       SEQUENCE {
                             ::=
    telephoneNumber
                             TelephoneNumber
                             G3FacsimileNonBasicParameters OPTIONAL}
    parameters
                                       ATTRIBUTE ::=
collectiveFacsimileTelephoneNumber
                                                         {
    SUBTYPE OF
                             facsimileTelephoneNumber
                             TRUE
    COLLECTIVE
    ID
                                       id-at-collectiveFacsimileTelephoneNumber }
x121Address ATTRIBUTE ::= {
    WITH SYNTAX
                                       X.121Address
    EQUALITY MATCHING RULE
                                       numericStringMatch
    SUBSTRINGS MATCHING RULE
                                      numericStringSubstringsMatch
    ID
                                       id-at-x121Address }
X121Address ::= NumericString (SIZE(1 ub-x121-address))
             -- String as defined by ITU-T Recommendation X.121
internationalISDNNumber ATTRIBUTE ::= {
    WITH SYNTAX
                                       InternationalISDNNumber
    EQUALITY MATCHING RULE
                                       numericStringMatch
    SUBSTRINGS MATCHING RULE
                                      numericStringSubstringsMatch
    ID
                                       id-at-internationalISDNNumber }
InternationalISDNNumber ::=NumericString (SIZE(1..ub-international-isdn-number))
             -- String complying with ITU-T Recommendation E.164 only
collectiveInternationalISDNNumber ATTRIBUTE ::=
                                                   {
    SUBTYPE OF
                             internationalISDNNumber
    COLLECTIVE
                             TRUE
                                      id-at-collectiveInternationalISDNNumber }
    ID
registeredAddress ATTRIBUTE ::=
                                       {
    SUBTYPE OF
                             postalAddress
    WITH SYNTAX
                                       PostalAddress
    ID
                                       id-at-registeredAddress }
destinationIndicator ATTRIBUTE ::=
                                       {
    WITH SYNTAX
                                       DestinationIndicator
    EQUALITY MATCHING RULE
                                       caseIgnoreMatch
    SUBSTRINGS MATCHING RULE
                                       caseIgnoreSubstringsMatch
                                       id-at-destinationIndicator }
    ID
DestinationIndicator ::=
                                       PrintableString (SIZE (1..ub-destination-indicator))
                                       -- alphabetical characters only
preferredDeliveryMethod ATTRIBUTE
                                       ::=
                                             {
                                       SEQUENCE OF INTEGER {
WITH SYNTAX
         any-delivery-method
                                             (0),
          mhs-delivery
                                             (1),
         physical-delivery
                                             (2),
         telex-delivery
                                             (3),
         teletex-delivery
                                             (4),
          g3-facsimile-delivery
                                             (5),
          g4-facsimile-delivery
                                             (6),
         ia5-terminal-delivery
                                             (7),
         videotex-delivery
                                             (8),
         telephone-delivery
                                             (9) }
    SINGLE VALUE
                                       TRUE
    ID
                                       id-at-preferredDeliveryMethod }
```

presentationAddress ATTRIBUTE ::= { WITH SYNTAX **PresentationAddress** EQUALITY MATCHING RULE presentationAddressMatch SINGLE VALUE TRUE ID id-at-presentationAddress } PresentationAddress ::= SEQUENCE { **OCTET STRING OPTIONAL**, pSelector [0] sSelector [1] **OCTET STRING OPTIONAL,** tSelector [2] **OCTET STRING OPTIONAL**, nAddresses [3] SET SIZE (1..MAX) OF OCTET STRING} supportedApplicationContext ATTRIBUTE ::= { WITH SYNTAX **OBJECT IDENTIFIER** EQUALITY MATCHING RULE objectIdentifierMatch id-at-supportedApplicationContext } ID protocolInformation ATTRIBUTE ::= { WITH SYNTAX **ProtocolInformation** EQUALITY MATCHING RULE protocolInformationMatch ID id-at-protocolInformation } **ProtocolInformation** ::= **SEQUENCE** { **OCTET STRING,** nAddress profiles **SET OF OBJECT IDENTIFIER }** distinguishedName ATTRIBUTE ::= WITH SYNTAX DistinguishedName distinguishedNameMatch EQUALITY MATCHING RULE ID id-at-distinguishedName } member ATTRIBUTE ::= { SUBTYPE OF distinguishedName ID id-at-member } uniqueMember ATTRIBUTE { ::= NameAndOptionalUID WITH SYNTAX EQUALITY MATCHING RULE uniqueMemberMatch ID id-at-uniqueMember } NameAndOptionalUID ::= **SEQUENCE {** DistinguishedName, dn UniqueIdentifier OPTIONAL } mid owner ATTRIBUTE ::= ł SUBTYPE OF distinguishedName ID id-at-owner } roleOccupant ATTRIBUTE ::= { SUBTYPE OF distinguishedName id-at-roleOccupant } ID seeAlso ATTRIBUTE ::= distinguishedName SUBTYPE OF ID id-at-seeAlso } dmdName ATTRIBUTE ::= { SUBTYPE OF name DirectoryString{ub-common-name} WITH SYNTAX ID id-at-dmdName } -- Matching rules -caseIgnoreMatch MATCHING-RULE ::= { SYNTAX **DirectoryString {ub-match}** ID id-mr-caseIgnoreMatch } caseIgnoreOrderingMatch MATCHING-RULE ::= ł **DirectoryString {ub-match}** SYNTAX ID id-mr-caseIgnoreOrderingMatch } caseIgnoreSubstringsMatch MATCHING-RULE ::= { SYNTAX SubstringAssertion ID id-mr-caseIgnoreSubstringsMatch }

SubstringAssertion ::= SEQUENCE OF CHOICE { [0] initial **DirectoryString {ub-match}**, **DirectoryString {ub-match}**, any [1] final [2] DirectoryString {ub-match} } -- at most one initial and one final component caseExactMatch MATCHING-RULE ::= ł **DirectoryString {ub-match}** SYNTAX ID id-mr-caseExactMatch } caseExactOrderingMatch MATCHING-RULE ::= ł **DirectoryString {ub-match}** SYNTAX id-mr-caseExactOrderingMatch } ID caseExactSubstringsMatch MATCHING-RULE ::= { SYNTAX SubstringAssertion -- only the PrintableString choice id-mr-caseExactSubstringsMatch } ID numericStringMatch MATCHING-RULE ::= { NumericString SYNTAX ID id-mr-numericStringMatch } numericStringOrderingMatch MATCHING-RULE ::= { SYNTAX NumericString ID id-mr-numericStringOrderingMatch } numericStringSubstringsMatch MATCHING-RULE { ::= SYNTAX SubstringAssertion ID id-mr-numericStringSubstringsMatch } caseIgnoreListMatch MATCHING-RULE ::= { SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF DirectoryString {ub-match} ID id-mr-caseIgnoreListMatch } caseIgnoreListSubstringsMatch MATCHING-RULE ::= { SYNTAX SubstringAssertion ID id-mr-caseIgnoreListSubstringsMatch } storedPrefixMatch MATCHING-RULE ::= { SYNTAX **DirectoryString {ub-match}** ID id-mr-storedPrefixMatch } booleanMatch MATCHING-RULE ::= BOOLEAN SYNTAX ID id-mr-booleanMatch } integerMatch MATCHING-RULE ::= INTEGER SYNTAX ID id-mr-integerMatch } integerOrderingMatch MATCHING-RULE ::= { SYNTAX INTEGER ID id-mr-integerOrderingMatch } bitStringMatch MATCHING-RULE ::= **BIT STRING** SYNTAX ID id-mr-bitStringMatch } octetStringMatch MATCHING-RULE ::= { SYNTAX **OCTET STRING** id-mr-octetStringMatch } ID octetStringOrderingMatch MATCHING-RULE ::= { **OCTET STRING** SYNTAX ID id-mr-octetStringOrderingMatch } octetStringSubstringsMatch MATCHING-RULE ::= { SYNTAX OctetSubstringAssertion ID id-mr-octetStringSubstringsMatch } OctetSubstringAssertion ::= SEQUENCE OF CHOICE { OCTET STRING, initial [0] **OCTET STRING,** anv [1] final [2] **OCTET STRING** } -- at most one initial and one final component

```
ISO/IEC 9594-6: 1998 (E)
telephoneNumberMatch MATCHING-RULE ::= {
    SYNTAX
                             PrintableString
    ID
                             id-mr-telephoneNumberMatch }
telephoneNumberSubstringsMatch MATCHING-RULE ::=
                                                         {
    SYNTAX
                             SubstringAssertion
    ID
                             id-mr-telephoneNumberSubstringsMatch }
presentationAddressMatch MATCHING-RULE
                                            ::=
                                                    {
    SYNTAX
                             PresentationAddress
    ID
                             id-mr-presentationAddressMatch }
-- Contexts --
languageContext CONTEXT ::= {
    WITH SYNTAX
                             LanguageContextSyntax
    ID
                             id-avc-language
LanguageContextSyntax ::= PrintableString (SIZE(2..3)) -- ISO 639-2 codes only
temporalContext CONTEXT ::= {
    WITH SYNTAX
                             TimeSpecification
    ASSERTED AS
                             TimeAssertion
    ID
                             id-avc-temporal }
TimeSpecification ::= SEQUENCE {
                             CHOICE {
    time
      absolute
                                  SEQUENCE {
           startTime
                                       [0]
                                             GeneralizedTime OPTIONAL,
           endTime
                                       [1]
                                             GeneralizedTime OPTIONAL },
                                  SET OF Period },
      periodic
    notThisTime
                             BOOLEAN DEFAULT FALSE,
    timeZone
                             TimeZone OPTIONAL }
Period ::= SEQUENCE {
    timesOfDay
                             [0]
                                    SET OF DayTimeBand OPTIONAL,
    days
                             [1]
                                    CHOICE {
                                       intDay
                                                SET OF INTEGER,
                                                BIT STRING { sunday (0), monday (1), tuesday (2),
                                       bitDay
                                                 wednesday (3), thursday (4), friday (5), saturday (6),
                                       davOf
                                                XDayOf } OPTIONAL,
                                    CHOICE {
    weeks
                             [2]
                                       allWeeks
                                                       NULL,
                                       intWeeks
                                                       SET OF INTEGER,
                                       bitWeeks
                                                       BIT STRING {week1 (0), week2 (1), week3 (2), week4 (3),
                                                       week5 (4) } } OPTIONAL,
    months[3]
                             CHOICE {
                                       allMonths
                                                       NULL,
                                       intMonth
                                                       SET OF INTEGER,
                                       bitMonth
                                                       BIT STRING { january (0), february (1), march (2), april (3),
                                                       may (4), june (5), july (6), august (7), september (8),
                                                       october (9), november (10), december (11) }
                                    } OPTIONAL,
                             [4]
                                    SET OF INTEGER (1000 .. MAX) OPTIONAL }
    years
XDayOf ::= CHOICE {
    first
                 [1]
                             NamedDay,
    second
                 [2]
                             NamedDay,
    third
                 [3]
                             NamedDay,
    fourth
                 [4]
                             NamedDay,
    fifth
                             NamedDay}
                 [5]
NamedDay ::= CHOICE {
           intNamedDays
                             ENUMARATED {
                  sunday
                                          (1),
                 monday
                                          (2),
                  tuesday
                                          (3),
```

```
wednesday
                                         (4),
                 thursday
                                         (5),
                 friday
                                          (6),
                 saturday
                                          (7) },
           bitNamedDays
                             BIT STRING {sunday (0), monday (1), tuesday (2),
                             wednesday (3), thursday (4), friday (5), saturday (6) } }
DayTimeBand ::= SEQUENCE {
    startDayTime [0]
                            DayTime DEFAULT { hour 0 },
    endDayTime [1]
                             DayTime DEFAULT { hour 23, minute 59, second 59 } }
DayTime ::= SEQUENCE {
    hour
                            INTEGER (0..23),
                 [0]
    minute
                 [1]
                            INTEGER (0..59) DEFAULT 0,
    second
                            INTEGER (0..59) DEFAULT 0 }
                 [2]
TimeZone ::= INTEGER (-12..12)
TimeAssertion ::= CHOICE {
                 NULL,
    now
                 GeneralizedTime,
    at
                 SEQUENCE {
    between
         startTime
                            [0]
                                   GeneralizedTime,
         endTime
                                   GeneralizedTime OPTIONAL,
                            [1]
                                   BOOLEAN DEFAULT FALSE } }
         entirely
localeContext CONTEXT ::= {
    WITH SYNTAX
                            localeContextSyntax
    ID
                            id-avc-locale }
localeContextSyntax :: = CHOICE {
    localeID1
                 OBJECT IDENTIFIER,
    localeID2
                 DirectoryString }
uniqueMemberMatch MATCHING-RULE
                                             ::= {
    SYNTAX
                            NameAndOptionalUID
    ID
                            id-mr-uniqueMemberMatch }
protocolInformationMatch MATCHING-RULE
                                             ::=
                                                   {
    SYNTAX
                             OCTET STRING
    ID
                            id-mr-protocolInformationMatch }
uTCTimeMatch MATCHING-RULE ::= {
    SYNTAX
                            UTCTime
    ID
                            id-mr-uTCTimeMatch }
uTCTimeOrderingMatch MATCHING-RULE
                                             ::=
                                                   {
    SYNTAX
                            UTCTime
    ID
                            id-mr-uTCTimeOrderingMatch }
generalizedTimeMatch MATCHING-RULE ::=
                                             {
    SYNTAX
                            GeneralizedTime
                             -- as per clauses 41.3 b) or c) of ITU-T Rec. X.680 | ISO/IEC 8824-1
    ID
                            id-mr-generalizedTimeMatch }
generalizedTimeOrderingMatch MATCHING-RULE
                                                                 {
                                                      ::=
    SYNTAX
                            GeneralizedTime
                             -- as per clauses 41.3 b) or c) of ITU-T Rec. X.680 / ISO/IEC 8824-1
    ID
                            id-mr-generalizedTimeOrderingMatch }
integerFirstComponentMatch MATCHING-RULE ::=
                                                   {
    SYNTAX
                             INTEGER
    ID
                             id-mr-integerFirstComponentMatch }
objectIdentifierFirstComponentMatch MATCHING-RULE ::= {
    SYNTAX
                            OBJECT IDENTIFIER
    ID
                             id-mr-objectIdentifierFirstComponentMatch }
directoryStringFirstComponentMatch MATCHING-RULE ::= {
    SYNTAX
                            DirectoryString { ub-directory-string-first-component-match }
    ID
                            id-mr-directoryStringFirstComponentMatch }
```

wordMatch MATCHING-	<b>RULE::=</b> {
SYNTAX	DirectoryString {ub-match}
ID	id-mr-wordMatch }

keywordMatch MATCH	ING-RULE ::= {
SYNTAX	DirectoryString {ub-match}
ID	id-mr-keywordMatch }

-- Object identifier assignments --

-- object identifiers assigned in other modules are shown in comments

-- Attributes --

id-at-objectClass	OBJECT IDENTIFIER	::=	{id-at 0}
id-at-aliasedEntryName	OBJECT IDENTIFIER	::=	{id-at 1}
id-at-encryptedAliasedEntryName	<b>OBJECT IDENTIFIER</b>	::=	{id-at 1 2}
id-at-knowledgeInformation	<b>OBJECT IDENTIFIER</b>	::=	{id-at 2}
id-at-commonName	<b>OBJECT IDENTIFIER</b>	::=	{id-at 3}
id-at-encryptedCommonName	<b>OBJECT IDENTIFIER</b>	::=	{id-at 3 2}
id-at-surname OBJECT IDENTIFIER	::= {id-at 4}		
id-at-encryptedSurname	<b>OBJECT IDENTIFIER</b>	::=	{id-at 4 2}
id-at-serialNumber	<b>OBJECT IDENTIFIER</b>	::=	{id-at 5}
id-at-encryptedSerialNumber	<b>OBJECT IDENTIFIER</b>	::=	{id-at 5 2}
id-at-countryName	<b>OBJECT IDENTIFIER</b>	::=	{id-at 6}
id-at-encryptedCountryName	<b>OBJECT IDENTIFIER</b>	::=	{id-at 6 2}
id-at-localityName	<b>OBJECT IDENTIFIER</b>	::=	{id-at 7}
id-at-encryptedLocalityName	<b>OBJECT IDENTIFIER</b>	::=	{id-at 7 2}
id-at-collectiveLocalityName	<b>OBJECT IDENTIFIER</b>	::=	{id-at 7 1}
id-at-encryptedCollectiveLocalityName			
	<b>OBJECT IDENTIFIER</b>	::=	{id-at 7 1 2}
id-at-stateOrProvinceName	<b>OBJECT IDENTIFIER</b>	::=	{id-at 8}
id-at-encryptedStateOrProvinceName	<b>OBJECT IDENTIFIER</b>	::=	{id-at 8 2}
id-at-collectiveStateOrProvinceName	<b>OBJECT IDENTIFIER</b>	::=	{id-at 8 1}
id-at-encryptedCollectiveStateOrProvince	Name		
	<b>OBJECT IDENTIFIER</b>	::=	{id-at 8 1 2}
id-at-streetAddress	<b>OBJECT IDENTIFIER</b>	::=	{id-at 9}
id-at-encryptedStreetAddress	<b>OBJECT IDENTIFIER</b>	::=	{id-at 9 2}
id-at-collectiveStreetAddress	<b>OBJECT IDENTIFIER</b>	::=	{id-at 9 1}
id-at-encryptedCollectiveStreetAddress			
	<b>OBJECT IDENTIFIER</b>	::=	{id-at 9 1 2}
id-at-organizationName	<b>OBJECT IDENTIFIER</b>	::=	{id-at 10}
id-at-encryptedOrganizationName	<b>OBJECT IDENTIFIER</b>	::=	{id-at 10 2}
id-at-collectiveOrganizationName			
	<b>OBJECT IDENTIFIER</b>	::=	{id-at 10 1}
id-at-encryptedCollectiveOrganizationNam	ne		
	<b>OBJECT IDENTIFIER</b>	::=	{id-at 10 1 2}
id-at-organizationalUnitName	<b>OBJECT IDENTIFIER</b>	::=	{id-at 11}
id-at-encryptedOrganizationalUnitName			
	<b>OBJECT IDENTIFIER</b>	::=	{id-at 11 2}
id-at-collectiveOrganizationalUnitName			
	<b>OBJECT IDENTIFIER</b>	::=	{id-at 11 1}
id-at-encryptedCollectiveOrganizationalU	nitName		
	<b>OBJECT IDENTIFIER</b>	::=	{id-at 11 1 2}
id-at-title	<b>OBJECT IDENTIFIER</b>	::=	{id-at 12}
id-at-encryptedTitle	<b>OBJECT IDENTIFIER</b>	::=	{id-at 12 2}
id-at-description	<b>OBJECT IDENTIFIER</b>	::=	{id-at 13}
id-at-encryptedDescription	<b>OBJECT IDENTIFIER</b>	::=	{id-at 13 2}
id-at-searchGuide	<b>OBJECT IDENTIFIER</b>	::=	{id-at 14}
id-at-encryptedSearchGuide	<b>OBJECT IDENTIFIER</b>	::=	{id-at 14 2}
id-at-businessCategory	<b>OBJECT IDENTIFIER</b>	::=	{id-at 15}
id-at-encryptedBusinessCategory	<b>OBJECT IDENTIFIER</b>	::=	{id-at 15 2}
id-at-postalAddress	<b>OBJECT IDENTIFIER</b>	::=	{id-at 16}
id-at-encryptedPostalAddress	<b>OBJECT IDENTIFIER</b>	::=	{id-at 16 2}
id-at-collectivePostalAddress	<b>OBJECT IDENTIFIER</b>	::=	{id-at 16 1}
id-at-encryptedCollectivePostalAddress			

			(1, 4, 10, 1, 2)
1 - 4 4 - 1 (C - 1 -	OBJECT IDENTIFIER	::=	{id-at 16 1 2}
id-at-postalCode	OBJECT IDENTIFIER	::=	{id-at 17}
id-at-encryptedPostalCode	OBJECT IDENTIFIER	::=	{id-at 17 2}
id-at-collectivePostalCode	OBJECT IDENTIFIER	::=	{id-at 17 1}
id-at-encryptedCollectivePostalCode	OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER	::=	{id-at 17 1 2}
id-at-postOfficeBox	OBJECT IDENTIFIER	::=	{id-at 18} {id-at 18 2}
id-at-encryptedPostOfficeBox id-at-collectivePostOfficeBox	OBJECT IDENTIFIER	::=	$\{id-at \ 18 \ 2\}$
id-at-conectiveFostOmceBox id-at-encryptedCollectivePostOfficeBox	<b>ODJECT IDENTIFIER</b>	::=	{ <b>IU-at 10 1</b> }
id-at-enci yptedConectiver ostOfficeBox	<b>OBJECT IDENTIFIER</b>	::=	{id-at 18 1 2}
id-at-physicalDeliveryOfficeName	ODJECT IDENTIFIER	••-	{ <b>IU-at 10 1 2</b> }
iu at physical benvery officer tante	<b>OBJECT IDENTIFIER</b>	::=	{id-at 19}
id-at-encryptedPhysicalDeliveryOfficeNan		••–	[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[
hu ut energypteur nysteurbenverg enteer un	OBJECT IDENTIFIER	::=	{id-at 19 2}
id-at-collectivePhysicalDeliveryOfficeNam			(
	<b>OBJECT IDENTIFIER</b>	::=	{id-at 19 1}
id-at-encryptedCollectivePhysicalDelivery	OfficeName		
	<b>OBJECT IDENTIFIER</b>	::=	{id-at 19 1 2}
id-at-telephoneNumber	<b>OBJECT IDENTIFIER</b>	::=	{id-at 20}
id-at-encryptedTelephoneNumber	<b>OBJECT IDENTIFIER</b>	::=	{id-at 20 2}
id-at-collectiveTelephoneNumber	<b>OBJECT IDENTIFIER</b>	::=	{id-at 20 1}
id-at-encryptedCollectiveTelephoneNumbe	er		
	<b>OBJECT IDENTIFIER</b>	::=	{id-at 20 1 2}
id-at-telexNumber	<b>OBJECT IDENTIFIER</b>	::=	{id-at 21}
id-at-encryptedTelexNumber	<b>OBJECT IDENTIFIER</b>	::=	{id-at 21 2}
id-at-collectiveTelexNumber	<b>OBJECT IDENTIFIER</b>	::=	{id-at 21 1}
id-at-encryptedCollectiveTelexNumber			
	<b>OBJECT IDENTIFIER</b>	::=	{id-at 21 1 2}
id-at-teletexTerminalIdentifier	OBJECT IDENTIFIER	::=	{id-at 22}
id-at-encryptedTeletexTerminalIdentifier			
	OBJECT IDENTIFIER	::=	{ <i>id-at</i> 22 2}
id-at-collectiveTeletexTerminalIdentifier	OBJECT IDENTIFIER	::=	{id-at 22 1}
id- $at$ - $encryptedCollectiveTeletexTerminalIde$			(1, 22, 12)
	OBJECT IDENTIFIER	::=	{id-at 22 1 2}
id-at-facsimileTelephoneNumber	<b>OBJECT IDENTIFIER</b>	::= ::=	{id-at 23}
id-at-facsimileTelephoneNumber id-at-encryptedFacsimileTelephoneNumbe	OBJECT IDENTIFIER r	::=	{id-at 23}
id-at-encryptedFacsimileTelephoneNumbe	OBJECT IDENTIFIER r OBJECT IDENTIFIER		
	OBJECT IDENTIFIER r OBJECT IDENTIFIER	::= ::=	{id-at 23} {id-at 23 2}
id-at-encryptedFacsimileTelephoneNumbe	OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER	::=	{id-at 23}
id-at-encryptedFacsimileTelephoneNumbe	OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER oneNumber	::= ::= ::=	{id-at 23} {id-at 23 2} {id-at 23 1}
id-at-encryptedFacsimileTelephoneNumber id-at-collectiveFacsimileTelephoneNumber id-at-encryptedCollectiveFacsimileTelepho	OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER oneNumber OBJECT IDENTIFIER	::= ::= ::=	{id-at 23} {id-at 23 2} {id-at 23 1} {id-at 23 1 2}
id-at-encryptedFacsimileTelephoneNumber id-at-collectiveFacsimileTelephoneNumber id-at-encryptedCollectiveFacsimileTelepho id-at-x121Address	OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER oneNumber OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER	::= ::= ::= ::=	{id-at 23} {id-at 23 2} {id-at 23 1} {id-at 23 1 2} {id-at 24}
id-at-encryptedFacsimileTelephoneNumber id-at-collectiveFacsimileTelephoneNumber id-at-encryptedCollectiveFacsimileTelepho	OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER	::= ::= ::= ::= ::=	<pre>{id-at 23} {id-at 23 2} {id-at 23 1} {id-at 23 1 2} {id-at 24} {id-at 24 2}</pre>
id-at-encryptedFacsimileTelephoneNumber id-at-collectiveFacsimileTelephoneNumber id-at-encryptedCollectiveFacsimileTelepho id-at-x121Address id-at-encryptedX121Address id-at-internationalISDNNumber	OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER	::= ::= ::= ::=	{id-at 23} {id-at 23 2} {id-at 23 1} {id-at 23 1 2} {id-at 24}
id-at-encryptedFacsimileTelephoneNumber id-at-collectiveFacsimileTelephoneNumber id-at-encryptedCollectiveFacsimileTelepho id-at-x121Address id-at-encryptedX121Address	OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER	::= ::= ::= ::= ::=	<pre>{id-at 23} {id-at 23 2} {id-at 23 1} {id-at 23 1 2} {id-at 24} {id-at 24 2}</pre>
id-at-encryptedFacsimileTelephoneNumber id-at-collectiveFacsimileTelephoneNumber id-at-encryptedCollectiveFacsimileTelepho id-at-x121Address id-at-encryptedX121Address id-at-internationalISDNNumber	OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER	::= ::= ::= ::= ::= ::=	<pre>{id-at 23} {id-at 23 2} {id-at 23 1} {id-at 23 1 2} {id-at 24} {id-at 24 2} {id-at 25}</pre>
id-at-encryptedFacsimileTelephoneNumber id-at-collectiveFacsimileTelephoneNumber id-at-encryptedCollectiveFacsimileTelepho id-at-x121Address id-at-encryptedX121Address id-at-internationalISDNNumber id-at-encryptedInternationalISDNNumber id-at-collectiveInternationalISDNNumber	OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER	::= ::= ::= ::= ::= ::=	<pre>{id-at 23} {id-at 23 2} {id-at 23 1} {id-at 23 1 2} {id-at 24} {id-at 24 2} {id-at 25}</pre>
id-at-encryptedFacsimileTelephoneNumber id-at-collectiveFacsimileTelephoneNumber id-at-encryptedCollectiveFacsimileTelepho id-at-x121Address id-at-encryptedX121Address id-at-internationalISDNNumber id-at-encryptedInternationalISDNNumber	OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER	::= ::= ::= ::= ::= ::=	<pre>{id-at 23} {id-at 23 2} {id-at 23 1} {id-at 23 1 2} {id-at 24 2} {id-at 24 2} {id-at 25} {id-at 25 2}</pre>
id-at-encryptedFacsimileTelephoneNumber id-at-collectiveFacsimileTelephoneNumber id-at-encryptedCollectiveFacsimileTelepho id-at-x121Address id-at-encryptedX121Address id-at-encryptedX121Address id-at-internationalISDNNumber id-at-encryptedInternationalISDNNumber id-at-collectiveInternationalISDNNumber id-at-encryptedCollectiveInternationalISD	OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER NNumber OBJECT IDENTIFIER	::= ::= ::= ::= ::= ::=	<pre>{id-at 23} {id-at 23 2} {id-at 23 1} {id-at 23 1 2} {id-at 24 2} {id-at 24 2} {id-at 25} {id-at 25 1} {id-at 25 1 2}</pre>
id-at-encryptedFacsimileTelephoneNumber id-at-collectiveFacsimileTelephoneNumber id-at-encryptedCollectiveFacsimileTelepho id-at-x121Address id-at-encryptedX121Address id-at-encryptedX121Address id-at-internationalISDNNumber id-at-encryptedInternationalISDNNumber id-at-collectiveInternationalISDNNumber id-at-encryptedCollectiveInternationalISD	OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER NNumber OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER	::= ::= ::= ::= ::= ::= ::=	<pre>{id-at 23} {id-at 23 2} {id-at 23 1} {id-at 23 1 2} {id-at 24 2} {id-at 24 2} {id-at 25 } {id-at 25 1} {id-at 25 1 2} {id-at 26}</pre>
id-at-encryptedFacsimileTelephoneNumber id-at-collectiveFacsimileTelephoneNumber id-at-encryptedCollectiveFacsimileTelepho id-at-x121Address id-at-encryptedX121Address id-at-encryptedX121Address id-at-internationalISDNNumber id-at-encryptedInternationalISDNNumber id-at-collectiveInternationalISDNNumber id-at-encryptedCollectiveInternationalISD id-at-registeredAddress id-at-encryptedRegisteredAddress	OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER NNumber OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER	::= ::= ::= ::= ::= ::= ::= ::=	<pre>{id-at 23} {id-at 23 2} {id-at 23 1} {id-at 23 1 2} {id-at 24 2} {id-at 24 2} {id-at 25 2} {id-at 25 1} {id-at 25 1 2} {id-at 26} {id-at 26 2}</pre>
id-at-encryptedFacsimileTelephoneNumber id-at-collectiveFacsimileTelephoneNumber id-at-encryptedCollectiveFacsimileTelepho id-at-x121Address id-at-encryptedX121Address id-at-encryptedX121Address id-at-internationalISDNNumber id-at-encryptedInternationalISDNNumber id-at-collectiveInternationalISDNNumber id-at-encryptedCollectiveInternationalISD id-at-registeredAddress id-at-encryptedRegisteredAddress id-at-destinationIndicator	OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER NNumber OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER	::= ::= ::= ::= ::= ::= ::= ::=	<pre>{id-at 23} {id-at 23 2} {id-at 23 1} {id-at 23 1 2} {id-at 24 2} {id-at 24 2} {id-at 25 } {id-at 25 1} {id-at 25 1 2} {id-at 26}</pre>
id-at-encryptedFacsimileTelephoneNumber id-at-collectiveFacsimileTelephoneNumber id-at-encryptedCollectiveFacsimileTelepho id-at-x121Address id-at-encryptedX121Address id-at-encryptedX121Address id-at-internationalISDNNumber id-at-encryptedInternationalISDNNumber id-at-collectiveInternationalISDNNumber id-at-encryptedCollectiveInternationalISD id-at-registeredAddress id-at-encryptedRegisteredAddress	OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER NNumber OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER	::= ::= ::= ::= ::= ::= ::= ::= ::= ::=	<pre>{id-at 23} {id-at 23 2} {id-at 23 1} {id-at 23 1 2} {id-at 24 1 {id-at 24 2} {id-at 25 2} {id-at 25 1} {id-at 25 1 2} {id-at 26 {id-at 26 2} {id-at 27}</pre>
id-at-encryptedFacsimileTelephoneNumber id-at-collectiveFacsimileTelephoneNumber id-at-encryptedCollectiveFacsimileTelepho id-at-x121Address id-at-encryptedX121Address id-at-encryptedX121Address id-at-encryptedInternationalISDNNumber id-at-collectiveInternationalISDNNumber id-at-encryptedCollectiveInternationalISD id-at-registeredAddress id-at-encryptedRegisteredAddress id-at-destinationIndicator id-at-encryptedDestinationIndicator	OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER	::= ::= ::= ::= ::= ::= ::= ::= ::= ::=	<pre>{id-at 23} {id-at 23 2} {id-at 23 1} {id-at 23 1 2} {id-at 24 1 {id-at 24 2} {id-at 25 2} {id-at 25 1} {id-at 25 1 2} {id-at 26 {id-at 27 2}</pre>
id-at-encryptedFacsimileTelephoneNumber id-at-collectiveFacsimileTelephoneNumber id-at-encryptedCollectiveFacsimileTelepho id-at-x121Address id-at-encryptedX121Address id-at-encryptedX121Address id-at-encryptedInternationalISDNNumber id-at-encryptedInternationalISDNNumber id-at-collectiveInternationalISDNNumber id-at-encryptedCollectiveInternationalISD id-at-registeredAddress id-at-encryptedRegisteredAddress id-at-destinationIndicator id-at-encryptedDestinationIndicator id-at-preferredDeliveryMethod	OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER NNumber OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER	::= ::= ::= ::= ::= ::= ::= ::= ::= ::=	<pre>{id-at 23} {id-at 23 2} {id-at 23 1} {id-at 23 1 2} {id-at 24 1 {id-at 24 2} {id-at 25 2} {id-at 25 1} {id-at 25 1 2} {id-at 26 {id-at 26 2} {id-at 27}</pre>
id-at-encryptedFacsimileTelephoneNumber id-at-collectiveFacsimileTelephoneNumber id-at-encryptedCollectiveFacsimileTelepho id-at-x121Address id-at-encryptedX121Address id-at-encryptedX121Address id-at-encryptedInternationalISDNNumber id-at-collectiveInternationalISDNNumber id-at-encryptedCollectiveInternationalISD id-at-registeredAddress id-at-encryptedRegisteredAddress id-at-destinationIndicator id-at-encryptedDestinationIndicator	OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER	::= ::= ::= ::= ::= ::= ::= ::= ::= ::=	<pre>{id-at 23} {id-at 23 2} {id-at 23 1} {id-at 23 1 2} {id-at 24 12} {id-at 24 2} {id-at 25 2} {id-at 25 1} {id-at 25 1 2} {id-at 26 2} {id-at 27 2} {id-at 28}</pre>
id-at-encryptedFacsimileTelephoneNumber id-at-collectiveFacsimileTelephoneNumber id-at-encryptedCollectiveFacsimileTelepho id-at-x121Address id-at-encryptedX121Address id-at-internationalISDNNumber id-at-encryptedInternationalISDNNumber id-at-collectiveInternationalISDNNumber id-at-encryptedCollectiveInternationalISD id-at-registeredAddress id-at-encryptedRegisteredAddress id-at-destinationIndicator id-at-encryptedDestinationIndicator id-at-preferredDeliveryMethod id-at-encryptedPreferredDeliveryMethod	OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER		<pre>{id-at 23} {id-at 23 2} {id-at 23 1} {id-at 23 1 2} {id-at 24 12} {id-at 24 2} {id-at 25 2} {id-at 25 1} {id-at 25 1 2} {id-at 26 2} {id-at 27 2} {id-at 28 2}</pre>
id-at-encryptedFacsimileTelephoneNumber id-at-collectiveFacsimileTelephoneNumber id-at-encryptedCollectiveFacsimileTelepho id-at-x121Address id-at-encryptedX121Address id-at-encryptedX121Address id-at-encryptedInternationalISDNNumber id-at-collectiveInternationalISDNNumber id-at-collectiveInternationalISDNNumber id-at-encryptedCollectiveInternationalISD id-at-registeredAddress id-at-encryptedRegisteredAddress id-at-destinationIndicator id-at-encryptedDestinationIndicator id-at-preferredDeliveryMethod id-at-encryptedPreferredDeliveryMethod id-at-presentationAddress	OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER		<pre>{id-at 23} {id-at 23 2} {id-at 23 1} {id-at 23 1 2} {id-at 24 12} {id-at 24 2} {id-at 25 2} {id-at 25 1} {id-at 25 1 2} {id-at 26 2} {id-at 27 2} {id-at 28 2} {id-at 28 2} {id-at 29}</pre>
id-at-encryptedFacsimileTelephoneNumber id-at-collectiveFacsimileTelephoneNumber id-at-encryptedCollectiveFacsimileTelepho id-at-x121Address id-at-encryptedX121Address id-at-internationalISDNNumber id-at-encryptedInternationalISDNNumber id-at-collectiveInternationalISDNNumber id-at-encryptedCollectiveInternationalISD id-at-registeredAddress id-at-encryptedRegisteredAddress id-at-destinationIndicator id-at-encryptedDestinationIndicator id-at-preferredDeliveryMethod id-at-encryptedPreferredDeliveryMethod id-at-presentationAddress id-at-encryptedPresentationAddress	OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER		<pre>{id-at 23} {id-at 23 2} {id-at 23 1} {id-at 23 1 2} {id-at 24 12} {id-at 24 2} {id-at 25 2} {id-at 25 1} {id-at 25 1 2} {id-at 26 2} {id-at 27 2} {id-at 28 2}</pre>
id-at-encryptedFacsimileTelephoneNumber id-at-collectiveFacsimileTelephoneNumber id-at-encryptedCollectiveFacsimileTelepho id-at-x121Address id-at-encryptedX121Address id-at-encryptedX121Address id-at-encryptedInternationalISDNNumber id-at-collectiveInternationalISDNNumber id-at-collectiveInternationalISDNNumber id-at-encryptedCollectiveInternationalISD id-at-registeredAddress id-at-encryptedRegisteredAddress id-at-destinationIndicator id-at-encryptedDestinationIndicator id-at-preferredDeliveryMethod id-at-encryptedPreferredDeliveryMethod id-at-presentationAddress	OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER		<pre>{id-at 23} {id-at 23 2} {id-at 23 1} {id-at 23 1 2} {id-at 24 12} {id-at 24 2} {id-at 25 2} {id-at 25 1} {id-at 25 1 2} {id-at 26 2} {id-at 27 2} {id-at 28 2} {id-at 29 2}</pre>
id-at-encryptedFacsimileTelephoneNumber id-at-collectiveFacsimileTelephoneNumber id-at-encryptedCollectiveFacsimileTelepho id-at-x121Address id-at-encryptedX121Address id-at-internationalISDNNumber id-at-encryptedInternationalISDNNumber id-at-collectiveInternationalISDNNumber id-at-collectiveInternationalISDNNumber id-at-encryptedCollectiveInternationalISD id-at-registeredAddress id-at-encryptedRegisteredAddress id-at-destinationIndicator id-at-encryptedDestinationIndicator id-at-preferredDeliveryMethod id-at-encryptedPreferredDeliveryMethod id-at-encryptedPresentationAddress id-at-encryptedPresentationAddress id-at-supportedApplicationContext	OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER		<pre>{id-at 23} {id-at 23 2} {id-at 23 1} {id-at 23 1 2} {id-at 24 12} {id-at 24 2} {id-at 25 2} {id-at 25 1} {id-at 25 1 2} {id-at 26 2} {id-at 27 2} {id-at 28 2} {id-at 28 2} {id-at 29}</pre>
id-at-encryptedFacsimileTelephoneNumber id-at-collectiveFacsimileTelephoneNumber id-at-encryptedCollectiveFacsimileTelepho id-at-x121Address id-at-encryptedX121Address id-at-internationalISDNNumber id-at-encryptedInternationalISDNNumber id-at-collectiveInternationalISDNNumber id-at-encryptedCollectiveInternationalISD id-at-registeredAddress id-at-encryptedRegisteredAddress id-at-destinationIndicator id-at-encryptedDestinationIndicator id-at-preferredDeliveryMethod id-at-encryptedPreferredDeliveryMethod id-at-presentationAddress id-at-encryptedPresentationAddress	OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER		<pre>{id-at 23} {id-at 23 2} {id-at 23 1} {id-at 23 1 2} {id-at 24 4 {id-at 24 2} {id-at 25 2} {id-at 25 2} {id-at 25 1 2} {id-at 25 1 2} {id-at 26 2} {id-at 27 2} {id-at 27 2} {id-at 28 2} {id-at 29 2} {id-at 30}</pre>
id-at-encryptedFacsimileTelephoneNumber id-at-collectiveFacsimileTelephoneNumber id-at-encryptedCollectiveFacsimileTelepho id-at-x121Address id-at-encryptedX121Address id-at-internationalISDNNumber id-at-encryptedInternationalISDNNumber id-at-collectiveInternationalISDNNumber id-at-collectiveInternationalISDNNumber id-at-encryptedCollectiveInternationalISD id-at-registeredAddress id-at-encryptedRegisteredAddress id-at-destinationIndicator id-at-encryptedDestinationIndicator id-at-preferredDeliveryMethod id-at-encryptedPreferredDeliveryMethod id-at-encryptedPresentationAddress id-at-encryptedPresentationAddress id-at-supportedApplicationContext	OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER		<pre>{id-at 23} {id-at 23 2} {id-at 23 1} {id-at 23 1 2} {id-at 24 12} {id-at 24 2} {id-at 25 2} {id-at 25 1} {id-at 25 1 2} {id-at 26 2} {id-at 27 2} {id-at 28 2} {id-at 29 2}</pre>
id-at-encryptedFacsimileTelephoneNumber id-at-collectiveFacsimileTelephoneNumber id-at-encryptedCollectiveFacsimileTelepho id-at-x121Address id-at-encryptedX121Address id-at-internationalISDNNumber id-at-encryptedInternationalISDNNumber id-at-collectiveInternationalISDNNumber id-at-collectiveInternationalISDNNumber id-at-encryptedCollectiveInternationalISD id-at-registeredAddress id-at-encryptedRegisteredAddress id-at-destinationIndicator id-at-encryptedDestinationIndicator id-at-preferredDeliveryMethod id-at-presentationAddress id-at-encryptedPresentationAddress id-at-encryptedPresentationContext id-at-encryptedSupportedApplicationCont	OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER		<pre>{id-at 23} {id-at 23 2} {id-at 23 1} {id-at 23 1 2} {id-at 24 4 {id-at 24 2} {id-at 25 2} {id-at 25 1 2} {id-at 25 1 2} {id-at 26 2} {id-at 27 2} {id-at 27 2} {id-at 28 2} {id-at 29 2} {id-at 30} {id-at 30 2}</pre>
id-at-encryptedFacsimileTelephoneNumber id-at-collectiveFacsimileTelephoneNumber id-at-encryptedCollectiveFacsimileTelephone id-at-encryptedX121Address id-at-encryptedX121Address id-at-internationalISDNNumber id-at-encryptedInternationalISDNNumber id-at-collectiveInternationalISDNNumber id-at-encryptedCollectiveInternationalISDN id-at-encryptedCollectiveInternationalISDN id-at-encryptedCollectiveInternationalISD id-at-encryptedRegisteredAddress id-at-encryptedDestinationIndicator id-at-encryptedDestinationIndicator id-at-encryptedPreferredDeliveryMethod id-at-encryptedPresentationAddress id-at-encryptedPresentationAddress id-at-encryptedSupportedApplicationContext id-at-member	OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER		<pre>{id-at 23} {id-at 23 2} {id-at 23 1} {id-at 23 1 2} {id-at 24 4 {id-at 24 2} {id-at 25 2} {id-at 25 1 2} {id-at 25 1 2} {id-at 26 2} {id-at 27 2} {id-at 27 2} {id-at 28 2} {id-at 29 4 {id-at 29 2} {id-at 30 2} {id-at 31 4 }</pre>
id-at-encryptedFacsimileTelephoneNumber id-at-collectiveFacsimileTelephoneNumber id-at-encryptedCollectiveFacsimileTelephone id-at-encryptedX121Address id-at-encryptedX121Address id-at-encryptedInternationalISDNNumber id-at-collectiveInternationalISDNNumber id-at-collectiveInternationalISDNNumber id-at-encryptedCollectiveInternationalISDN id-at-encryptedCollectiveInternationalISDN id-at-encryptedCollectiveInternationalISDN id-at-encryptedCollectiveInternationalISDN id-at-encryptedRegisteredAddress id-at-encryptedRegisteredAddress id-at-encryptedDestinationIndicator id-at-encryptedPreferredDeliveryMethod id-at-encryptedPresentationAddress id-at-encryptedSupportedApplicationContext id-at-member id-at-encryptedMember	OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER		<pre>{id-at 23} {id-at 23 2} {id-at 23 1} {id-at 23 1 2} {id-at 24 4 {id-at 24 2} {id-at 25 2} {id-at 25 1} {id-at 25 1 2} {id-at 25 1 2} {id-at 26 {id-at 26 2} {id-at 27 2} {id-at 28 {id-at 28 {id-at 29 {id-at 29 {id-at 30 {id-at 31 {id-at 31 2}} </pre>

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			(11 / 22)
id-at-roleOccupant	<b>OBJECT IDENTIFIER</b>	::=	{id-at 33}
id-at-encryptedRoleOccupant	OBJECT IDENTIFIER	::=	{id-at 33 2}
id-at-seeAlso	<b>OBJECT IDENTIFIER</b>	::=	{id-at 34}
id-at-encryptedSeeAlso	<b>OBJECT IDENTIFIER</b>	::=	{id-at 34 2}
id-at-userPassword	OBJECT IDENTIFIER	::=	{ <i>id-at 35</i> }
id-at-encryptedUserPassword	<b>OBJECT IDENTIFIER</b>	::=	{id-at 35 2}
id-at-userCertificate	OBJECT IDENTIFIER	::=	{id-at 36}
id-at-encryptedUserCertificate	<b>OBJECT IDENTIFIER</b>	::=	{id-at 36 2}
id-at-cACertificate	OBJECT IDENTIFIER	::=	{id-at 37}
id-at-encryptedCACertificate	<b>OBJECT IDENTIFIER</b>	::=	{id-at 37 2}
id-at-authorityRevocationList	OBJECT IDENTIFIER	::=	{id-at 38}
id-at-encryptedAuthorityRevocationList			
	<b>OBJECT IDENTIFIER</b>	::=	{id-at 38 2}
id-at-certificateRevocationList	OBJECT IDENTIFIER	::=	{id-at 39}
id-at-encryptedCertificateRevocationList			
	<b>OBJECT IDENTIFIER</b>	::=	{id-at 39 2}
id-at-crossCertificatePair	OBJECT IDENTIFIER	::=	{id-at 40}
id-at-encryptedCrossCertificatePair	<b>OBJECT IDENTIFIER</b>	::=	{id-at 40 2}
id-at-name	<b>OBJECT IDENTIFIER</b>	::=	{id-at 41}
id-at-givenName	<b>OBJECT IDENTIFIER</b>	::=	{id-at 42}
id-at-encryptedGivenName	<b>OBJECT IDENTIFIER</b>	::=	{id-at 42 2}
id-at-initials	<b>OBJECT IDENTIFIER</b>	::=	{id-at 43}
id-at-encryptedInitials	<b>OBJECT IDENTIFIER</b>	::=	{id-at 43 2}
id-at-generationQualifier	<b>OBJECT IDENTIFIER</b>	::=	{id-at 44}
id-at-encryptedGenerationQualifier	<b>OBJECT IDENTIFIER</b>	::=	{id-at 44 2}
id-at-uniqueIdentifier	OBJECT IDENTIFIER	::=	{id-at 45}
id-at-encryptedUniqueIdentifier	<b>OBJECT IDENTIFIER</b>	::=	{id-at 45 2}
id-at-dnQualifier	OBJECT IDENTIFIER	::=	{id-at 45 2}
id-at-encryptedDnQualifier	OBJECT IDENTIFIER		{id-at 46 2}
id-at-enhancedSearchGuide	OBJECT IDENTIFIER	::= ::=	$\{id-at 40 2\}$
id-at-encryptedEnhancedSearchGuide	Object identifier	••-	{ <b>IU-at 4</b> /}
iu-at-enci y preuEnnanceuSear chouiue	<b>OBJECT IDENTIFIER</b>	••-	{id-at 47 2}
id at protocollyformation	OBJECT IDENTIFIER	::=	
id-at-protocolInformation	OBJECT IDENTIFIER	::=	{id-at 48}
id-at-encryptedProtocolInformation	<b>OBJECT IDENTIFIER</b>		(id at 19.2)
id of distinguished Nieme		::=	{id-at 48 2}
id-at-distinguishedName	OBJECT IDENTIFIER	::=	{id-at 49}
id-at-encryptedDistinguishedName	OBJECT IDENTIFIER	::=	{id-at 49 2}
id-at-uniqueMember	OBJECT IDENTIFIER	::=	{id-at 50}
id-at-encryptedUniqueMember	OBJECT IDENTIFIER	::=	{id-at 50 2}
id-at-houseIdentifier	OBJECT IDENTIFIER	::=	{id-at 51}
id-at-encryptedHouseIdentifier	OBJECT IDENTIFIER	::=	{id-at 51 2}
id-at-supportedAlgorithms	OBJECT IDENTIFIER	::=	<i>{id-at 52}</i>
id-at-encryptedSupportedAlgorithms	<b>OBJECT IDENTIFIER</b>	::=	{id-at 52 2}
id-at-deltaRevocationList	OBJECT IDENTIFIER	::=	<i>{id-at 53}</i>
id-at-encryptedDeltaRevocationList	<b>OBJECT IDENTIFIER</b>	::=	{id-at 53 2}
id-at-dmdName	<b>OBJECT IDENTIFIER</b>	::=	{id-at 54}
id-at-encryptedDmdName	<b>OBJECT IDENTIFIER</b>	::=	{id-at 54 2}
id-at-clearance	OBJECT IDENTIFIER	::=	{id-at 55}
id-at-encryptedClearance	<b>OBJECT IDENTIFIER</b>	::=	{id-at 55 2}
id-at-defaultDirQop	OBJECT IDENTIFIER	::=	{id-at 56}
id-at-encryptedDefaultDirQop	OBJECT IDENTIFIER	::=	{id-at 56 2}
id-at-attributeIntegrityInfo	OBJECT IDENTIFIER	::=	{id-at 57}
id-at-encryptedAttributeIntegrityInfo	<b>OBJECT IDENTIFIER</b>	::=	{id-at 57 2}
id-at-attributeCertificate	OBJECT IDENTIFIER	::=	{id-at 58}
id-at-encryptedAttributeCertificate	OBJECT IDENTIFIER	::=	{id-at 58 2}
id-at-attributeCertificateRevocationList	OBJECT IDENTIFIER	::=	{id-at 59}
id-at-encryptedAttributeCertificateRevoca	ntionList		
	<b>OBJECT IDENTIFIER</b>	::=	{id-at 59 2}
id-at-confKeyInfo	OBJECT IDENTIFIER	::=	{id-at 60}
id-at-encryptedConfKeyInfo	<b>OBJECT IDENTIFIER</b>	::=	{id-at 60 2}
Matching rules			
id-mr-objectIdentifierMatch	<b>OBJECT IDENTIFIER</b>	::=	{id-mr 0}
id-mr-objectitientifiermatch id-mr-distinguishedNameMatch	OBJECT IDENTIFIER	 ::=	{id-mr 0} {id-mr 1}
id-mr-caseIgnoreMatch	<b>OBJECT IDENTIFIER</b>	– ::=	{id-mr 2}
id-mr-caseIgnoreOrderingMatch	OBJECT IDENTIFIER	::=	{id-mr 2} {id-mr 3}
id-mr-caseIgnoreOrderingMatch	OBJECT IDENTIFIER		{id-mr 3} {id-mr 4}
ณ-กม - เลงเารทบ เรงแมงน การงางสนาก	ODJECT IDENTIFIEK	::=	լա-ոո 4}

id-mr-caseExactMatch	<b>OBJECT IDENTIFIER</b>	::=	{id-mr 5}
id-mr-caseExactOrderingMatch	<b>OBJECT IDENTIFIER</b>	::=	{id-mr 6}
id-mr-caseExactSubstringsMatch	<b>OBJECT IDENTIFIER</b>	::=	{id-mr 7}
id-mr-numericStringMatch	<b>OBJECT IDENTIFIER</b>	::=	{id-mr 8}
id-mr-numericStringOrderingMatch	<b>OBJECT IDENTIFIER</b>	::=	{id-mr 9}
id-mr-numericStringSubstringsMatch	<b>OBJECT IDENTIFIER</b>	::=	{id-mr 10}
id-mr-caseIgnoreListMatch	<b>OBJECT IDENTIFIER</b>	::=	{id-mr 11}
id-mr-caseIgnoreListSubstringsMatch	<b>OBJECT IDENTIFIER</b>	::=	{id-mr 12}
id-mr-booleanMatch	<b>OBJECT IDENTIFIER</b>	::=	{id-mr 13}
id-mr-integerMatch	<b>OBJECT IDENTIFIER</b>	::=	{id-mr 14}
id-mr-integerOrderingMatch	<b>OBJECT IDENTIFIER</b>	::=	{id-mr 15}
id-mr-bitStringMatch	<b>OBJECT IDENTIFIER</b>	::=	{id-mr 16}
id-mr-octetStringMatch	<b>OBJECT IDENTIFIER</b>	::=	{id-mr 17}
id-mr-octetStringOrderingMatch	<b>OBJECT IDENTIFIER</b>	::=	{id-mr 18}
id-mr-octetStringSubstringsMatch	<b>OBJECT IDENTIFIER</b>	::=	{id-mr 19}
id-mr-telephoneNumberMatch	<b>OBJECT IDENTIFIER</b>	::=	{id-mr 20}
id-mr-telephoneNumberSubstringsMatch			
	<b>OBJECT IDENTIFIER</b>	::=	{id-mr 21}
id-mr-presentationAddressMatch	<b>OBJECT IDENTIFIER</b>	::=	{id-mr 22}
id-mr-uniqueMemberMatch	<b>OBJECT IDENTIFIER</b>	::=	{id-mr 23}
id-mr-protocolInformationMatch	<b>OBJECT IDENTIFIER</b>	::=	{id-mr 24}
id-mr-uTCTimeMatch	<b>OBJECT IDENTIFIER</b>	::=	{id-mr 25}
id-mr-uTCTimeOrderingMatch	<b>OBJECT IDENTIFIER</b>	::=	{id-mr 26}
id-mr-generalizedTimeMatch	<b>OBJECT IDENTIFIER</b>	::=	{id-mr 27}
id-mr-generalizedTimeOrderingMatch	<b>OBJECT IDENTIFIER</b>	::=	{id-mr 28}
id-mr-integerFirstComponentMatch	<b>OBJECT IDENTIFIER</b>	::=	{id-mr 29}
id-mr-integerFirstComponentMatch id-mr-objectIdentifierFirstComponentMatc		::=	{id-mr 29}
		::= ::=	{id-mr 29} {id-mr 30}
	h OBJECT IDENTIFIER		
id-mr-objectIdentifierFirstComponentMate	h OBJECT IDENTIFIER		
id-mr-objectIdentifierFirstComponentMate	h OBJECT IDENTIFIER h OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER	::=	{id-mr 30}
id-mr-objectIdentifierFirstComponentMate	h OBJECT IDENTIFIER h OBJECT IDENTIFIER	::= ::=	{id-mr 30} {id-mr 31}
id-mr-objectIdentifierFirstComponentMate id-mr-directoryStringFirstComponentMate id-mr-wordMatch	h OBJECT IDENTIFIER h OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER	::= ::= ::=	{id-mr 30} {id-mr 31} {id-mr 32}
id-mr-objectIdentifierFirstComponentMate id-mr-directoryStringFirstComponentMate id-mr-wordMatch id-mr-keywordMatch	h OBJECT IDENTIFIER h OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER	::= ::= ::= ::=	{id-mr 30} {id-mr 31} {id-mr 32} {id-mr 33} {id-mr 34} {id-mr 35}
id-mr-objectIdentifierFirstComponentMate id-mr-directoryStringFirstComponentMate id-mr-wordMatch id-mr-keywordMatch id-mr-certificateExactMatch	th OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER	::= ::= ::= ::=	{id-mr 30} {id-mr 31} {id-mr 32} {id-mr 33} {id-mr 34} {id-mr 35} {id-mr 36}
id-mr-objectIdentifierFirstComponentMate id-mr-directoryStringFirstComponentMate id-mr-wordMatch id-mr-keywordMatch id-mr-certificateExactMatch id-mr-certificateMatch	Ch OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER	::= ::= ::= ::= ::=	{id-mr 30} {id-mr 31} {id-mr 32} {id-mr 33} {id-mr 34} {id-mr 35}
id-mr-objectIdentifierFirstComponentMate id-mr-directoryStringFirstComponentMate id-mr-wordMatch id-mr-keywordMatch id-mr-certificateExactMatch id-mr-certificateMatch id-mr-certificatePairExactMatch	th OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER	::= ::= ::= ::= ::=	{id-mr 30} {id-mr 31} {id-mr 32} {id-mr 33} {id-mr 34} {id-mr 35} {id-mr 36}
id-mr-objectIdentifierFirstComponentMata id-mr-directoryStringFirstComponentMata id-mr-wordMatch id-mr-keywordMatch id-mr-certificateExactMatch id-mr-certificateMatch id-mr-certificatePairExactMatch id-mr-certificatePairMatch id-mr-certificateListExactMatch id-mr-certificateListExactMatch id-mr-certificateListExactMatch	Ch OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER	::= ::= ::= ::= ::= ::=	{id-mr 30} {id-mr 31} {id-mr 32} {id-mr 33} {id-mr 34} {id-mr 35} {id-mr 36} {id-mr 37}
id-mr-objectIdentifierFirstComponentMata id-mr-directoryStringFirstComponentMata id-mr-wordMatch id-mr-keywordMatch id-mr-certificateExactMatch id-mr-certificateMatch id-mr-certificatePairExactMatch id-mr-certificatePairMatch id-mr-certificateListExactMatch	B OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER	::= ::= ::= ::= ::= ::= ::= ::=	{id-mr 30} {id-mr 31} {id-mr 32} {id-mr 33} {id-mr 34} {id-mr 35} {id-mr 36} {id-mr 37} {id-mr 38}
id-mr-objectIdentifierFirstComponentMata id-mr-directoryStringFirstComponentMata id-mr-wordMatch id-mr-keywordMatch id-mr-certificateExactMatch id-mr-certificateMatch id-mr-certificatePairExactMatch id-mr-certificatePairMatch id-mr-certificateListExactMatch id-mr-certificateListExactMatch id-mr-certificateListExactMatch	Ch OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER	::= ::= ::= ::= ::= ::= ::= ::= ::=	<pre>{id-mr 30} {id-mr 31} {id-mr 32} {id-mr 33} {id-mr 34} {id-mr 35} {id-mr 36} {id-mr 37} {id-mr 38} {id-mr 39} {id-mr 40} {id-mr 41}</pre>
id-mr-objectIdentifierFirstComponentMata id-mr-directoryStringFirstComponentMata id-mr-wordMatch id-mr-keywordMatch id-mr-certificateExactMatch id-mr-certificateMatch id-mr-certificatePairExactMatch id-mr-certificatePairMatch id-mr-certificateListExactMatch id-mr-certificateListMatch id-mr-algorithmIdentifierMatch id-mr-storedPrefixMatch id-mr-attributeCertificateMatch	ABJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER	::= ::= ::= ::= ::= ::= ::= ::= ::=	<pre>{id-mr 30} {id-mr 31} {id-mr 32} {id-mr 33} {id-mr 34} {id-mr 35} {id-mr 36} {id-mr 37} {id-mr 38} {id-mr 39} {id-mr 40} {id-mr 41} {id-mr 42}</pre>
id-mr-objectIdentifierFirstComponentMata id-mr-directoryStringFirstComponentMata id-mr-wordMatch id-mr-keywordMatch id-mr-certificateExactMatch id-mr-certificateMatch id-mr-certificatePairExactMatch id-mr-certificatePairMatch id-mr-certificateListExactMatch id-mr-certificateListExactMatch id-mr-certificateListMatch id-mr-algorithmIdentifierMatch id-mr-storedPrefixMatch id-mr-attributeCertificateMatch id-mr-readerAndKeyIDMatch	th OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER	::= := := ::= ::= ::= ::= ::= ::= ::=	<pre>{id-mr 30} {id-mr 31} {id-mr 32} {id-mr 33} {id-mr 34} {id-mr 35} {id-mr 36} {id-mr 37} {id-mr 38} {id-mr 39} {id-mr 40} {id-mr 41} {id-mr 42} {id-mr 43}</pre>
id-mr-objectIdentifierFirstComponentMata id-mr-directoryStringFirstComponentMata id-mr-wordMatch id-mr-keywordMatch id-mr-certificateExactMatch id-mr-certificateMatch id-mr-certificatePairExactMatch id-mr-certificatePairMatch id-mr-certificateListExactMatch id-mr-certificateListMatch id-mr-algorithmIdentifierMatch id-mr-storedPrefixMatch id-mr-attributeCertificateMatch	ABJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER	::= := := ::= ::= ::= ::= ::= ::= ::=	<pre>{id-mr 30} {id-mr 31} {id-mr 32} {id-mr 33} {id-mr 34} {id-mr 35} {id-mr 36} {id-mr 37} {id-mr 38} {id-mr 39} {id-mr 40} {id-mr 41} {id-mr 42}</pre>
id-mr-objectIdentifierFirstComponentMata id-mr-directoryStringFirstComponentMata id-mr-wordMatch id-mr-keywordMatch id-mr-certificateExactMatch id-mr-certificateMatch id-mr-certificatePairExactMatch id-mr-certificatePairMatch id-mr-certificateListExactMatch id-mr-certificateListExactMatch id-mr-certificateListMatch id-mr-algorithmIdentifierMatch id-mr-storedPrefixMatch id-mr-attributeCertificateMatch id-mr-readerAndKeyIDMatch	th OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER	::= ::= ::= ::= ::= ::= ::= ::= ::= ::=	<pre>{id-mr 30} {id-mr 31} {id-mr 32} {id-mr 33} {id-mr 34} {id-mr 35} {id-mr 36} {id-mr 37} {id-mr 38} {id-mr 39} {id-mr 40} {id-mr 41} {id-mr 42} {id-mr 43}</pre>
id-mr-objectIdentifierFirstComponentMata id-mr-directoryStringFirstComponentMata id-mr-wordMatch id-mr-keywordMatch id-mr-certificateExactMatch id-mr-certificatePairExactMatch id-mr-certificatePairMatch id-mr-certificateListExactMatch id-mr-certificateListExactMatch id-mr-certificateListMatch id-mr-algorithmIdentifierMatch id-mr-storedPrefixMatch id-mr-attributeCertificateMatch id-mr-attributeIntegrityMatch id-mr-attributeIntegrityMatch	B OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER	::= := := ::= ::= ::= ::= ::= ::= ::= :	<pre>{id-mr 30} {id-mr 31} {id-mr 32} {id-mr 32, {id-mr 34, {id-mr 35, {id-mr 36, {id-mr 36, {id-mr 37, {id-mr 38, {id-mr 40, {id-mr 40, {id-mr 41, {id-mr 42, {id-mr 43, {id-mr 44, }}</pre>
<pre>id-mr-objectIdentifierFirstComponentMata id-mr-directoryStringFirstComponentMata id-mr-wordMatch id-mr-keywordMatch  id-mr-certificateExactMatch  id-mr-certificatePairExactMatch  id-mr-certificatePairMatch  id-mr-certificateListExactMatch  id-mr-certificateListExactMatch  id-mr-certificateListMatch  id-mr-algorithmIdentifierMatch id-mr-storedPrefixMatch  id-mr-attributeCertificateMatch  id-mr-attributeIntegrityMatch  id-mr-attributeIntegrityMatch  contexts id-avc-language</pre>	B OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER	::= := := ::= ::= ::= ::= ::= ::= ::=	<pre>{id-mr 30} {id-mr 31} {id-mr 32} {id-mr 33, {id-mr 34, {id-mr 35, {id-mr 36, {id-mr 37, {id-mr 38, {id-mr 40, {id-mr 40, {id-mr 41, {id-mr 42, {id-mr 42, {id-mr 43, {id-mr 44, }} {id-mr 44, }</pre>
<pre>id-mr-objectIdentifierFirstComponentMata id-mr-directoryStringFirstComponentMata id-mr-wordMatch id-mr-keywordMatch  id-mr-certificateExactMatch  id-mr-certificatePairExactMatch  id-mr-certificatePairMatch  id-mr-certificateListExactMatch  id-mr-certificateListExactMatch  id-mr-certificateListExactMatch  id-mr-certificateListMatch  id-mr-certificateListMatch  id-mr-algorithmIdentifierMatch id-mr-storedPrefixMatch  id-mr-attributeCertificateMatch  id-mr-attributeIntegrityMatch  id-mr-attributeIntegrityMatch  contexts id-avc-language id-avc-temporal</pre>	B OBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER	::= ::= ::= ::= ::= ::= ::= ::= ::= ::=	<pre>{id-mr 30} {id-mr 31} {id-mr 32} {id-mr 33, {id-mr 34, {id-mr 35, {id-mr 36, {id-mr 37, {id-mr 38, {id-mr 39, {id-mr 40, {id-mr 40, {id-mr 42, {id-mr 42, {id-mr 43, {id-mr 43, {id-mr 44, } }</pre>
<pre>id-mr-objectIdentifierFirstComponentMata id-mr-directoryStringFirstComponentMata id-mr-wordMatch id-mr-keywordMatch  id-mr-certificateExactMatch  id-mr-certificatePairExactMatch  id-mr-certificatePairExactMatch  id-mr-certificateIstExactMatch  id-mr-certificateListExactMatch  id-mr-certificateListExactMatch  id-mr-certificateListMatch  id-mr-algorithmIdentifierMatch id-mr-storedPrefixMatch  id-mr-attributeCertificateMatch  id-mr-attributeIntegrityMatch  id-mr-attributeIntegrityMatch  id-mr-attributeIntegrityMatch  contexts id-avc-language id-avc-temporal id-avc-locale</pre>	CBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER	::= ::= ::= ::= ::= ::= ::= ::= ::= ::=	<pre>{id-mr 30} {id-mr 31} {id-mr 32} {id-mr 33, {id-mr 34, {id-mr 35, {id-mr 36, {id-mr 36, {id-mr 37, {id-mr 38, {id-mr 40, {id-mr 40, {id-mr 41, {id-mr 42, {id-mr 43, {id-mr 44, } {id-mr 44, } {id-avc 0, {id-avc 1, {id-avc 2, } }</pre>
<pre>id-mr-objectIdentifierFirstComponentMata id-mr-directoryStringFirstComponentMata id-mr-wordMatch id-mr-keywordMatch  id-mr-certificateExactMatch  id-mr-certificatePairExactMatch  id-mr-certificatePairMatch  id-mr-certificateListExactMatch  id-mr-certificateListExactMatch  id-mr-certificateListExactMatch  id-mr-certificateListMatch  id-mr-certificateListMatch  id-mr-algorithmIdentifierMatch id-mr-storedPrefixMatch  id-mr-attributeCertificateMatch  id-mr-attributeIntegrityMatch  id-mr-attributeIntegrityMatch  contexts id-avc-language id-avc-temporal</pre>	CBJECT IDENTIFIER OBJECT IDENTIFIER	::= ::= ::= ::= ::= ::= ::= ::= ::= ::=	<pre>{id-mr 30} {id-mr 31} {id-mr 32} {id-mr 33, {id-mr 34, {id-mr 35, {id-mr 36, {id-mr 37, {id-mr 38, {id-mr 39, {id-mr 40, {id-mr 40, {id-mr 42, {id-mr 42, {id-mr 43, {id-mr 43, {id-mr 44, } }</pre>

## Annex B

### Summary of attribute types

(This annex does not form an integral part of this Recommendation | International Standard)

This annex summarizes the selected attribute types referenced or defined in this Specification and shows their hierarchical relationship. Attributes which share a common ASN.1 syntax are shown indented under that syntax, and attributes which are subtypes of other attributes are shown indented under their supertype. Collective attributes which are subtypes of a related non-collective attribute are not shown, but the related attribute is marked with an asterisk (\*). The *syntax* is not shown for attributes whose name is the same as the syntax name.

DirectoryString	ObjectIdentifier
Name	SupportedApplicationContext
CommonName Surname GivenName Initials GenerationQualifier CountryName LocalityName * StateOrProvinceName * OrganizationName * OrganizationalUnitName * Title StreetAddress *	Bit String UniqueIdentifier NameAndOptionalUID UniqueMember DistinguishedName Member Owner RoleOccupant SeeAlso
HouseIdentifier Description BusinessCategory PostalCode * PostOfficeBox * PhysicalDeliveryOfficeName * KnowledgeInformation	SearchGuide EnhancedSearchGuide PostalAddress *
PrintableString SerialNumber DNQualifier DestinationIndicator TelephoneNumber *	RegisteredAddress TelexNumber * TeletexTerminalIdentifier * FacsimileTelephoneNumber * PreferredDeliveryMethod
NumericString X121Address * InternationalISDNNumber *	PresentationAddress ProtocolInformation

40 **ITU-T Rec. X.520 (1997 E)** 

## Annex C

## **Upper bounds**

(This annex does not form an integral part of this Recommendation | International Standard)

This annex includes all of the suggested upper bound value constraints used in these Directory Specifications, in the form of the ASN.1 module **UpperBounds**.

## UpperBounds {joint-iso-itu-t ds(5) module(1) upperBounds(10) 2} DEFINITIONS ::= BEGIN

#### -- EXPORTS All --

-- The types and values defined in this module are exported for use in the other ASN.1 modules contained

-- within the Directory Specifications, and for the use of other applications which will use them to access

-- Directory services. Other applications may use them for their own purposes, but this will not constrain

-- extensions and modifications needed to maintain or improve the Directory service.

•			
ub-answerback	INTEGER	::=	8
ub-business-category	INTEGER	::=	128
ub-common-name	INTEGER	::=	64
ub-country-code	INTEGER	::=	4
ub-description	INTEGER	::=	1024
ub-destination-indicator	INTEGER	::=	128
ub-directory-string-first-component-match	INTEGER	::=	32768
ub-international-isdn-number	INTEGER	::=	16
ub-knowledge-information	INTEGER	::=	32768
ub-locality-name	INTEGER	::=	128
ub-match	INTEGER	::=	128
ub-name	INTEGER	::=	32768
ub-organization-name	INTEGER	::=	64
ub-organizational-unit-name	INTEGER	::=	64
ub-physical-office-name	INTEGER	::=	128
ub-post-office-box	INTEGER	::=	40
ub-postal-code	INTEGER	::=	40
ub-postal-line	INTEGER	::=	6
ub-postal-string	INTEGER	::=	30
ub-schema	INTEGER	::=	1024
ub-serial-number	INTEGER	::=	64
ub-state-name	INTEGER	::=	128
ub-street-address	INTEGER	::=	128
ub-name	INTEGER	::=	64
ub-tag	INTEGER	::=	64
ub-telephone-number	INTEGER	::=	32
ub-teletex-terminal-id	INTEGER	::=	1024
ub-telex-number	INTEGER	::=	14
ub-title	INTEGER	::=	64
ub-user-password	INTEGER	::=	128
ub-x121-address	INTEGER	::=	15

## Annex D

# Alphabetical index of attributes, matching rules and contexts

(This annex does not form an integral part of this Recommendation | International Standard)

This annex alphabetically lists all of the attributes matching rules and contexts defined in this Directory Specification together with a cross reference to the subclause in which they are defined.

-	-		
Bit String Match	6.2.4	Octet String Match	6.2.5
Boolean Match	6.2.1	Octet String Ordering Match	6.2.6
Business Category	5.5.4	Octet String Substrings Match	6.2.7
Case Exact Match	6.1.4	Organizational Unit Name	5.4.2
Case Exact Ordering Match	6.1.5	OrganizationName	5.4.1
Case Exact Substrings Match	6.1.6	Owner	5.10.4
Case Ignore List Match	6.1.10		
Case Ignore List Substrings Match	6.1.11	Physical Delivery Office Name	5.6.4
Case Ignore Match	6.1.1	Post Office Box	5.6.3
Case Ignore Ordering Match	6.1.2	Postal Address	5.6.1
Case Ignore Substrings Match	6.1.3	Postal Code	5.6.2
Common Name	5.2.2	Preferred Delivery Method	5.8.1
Country Name	5.3.1	Presentation Address	5.9.1
Description	5.5.1	Presentation Address Match	6.2.10
Destination Indicator	5.7.8	Protocol Information	5.9.3
Directory String First Component			
Match	6.4.3	Protocol Information Match	6.2.12
Distinguished Name	5.10.1	Registered Address	5.7.7
DMD name	5.11.1	Role Occupant	5.10.5
DN Qualifier	5.2.8	Search Guide	5.5.2
Enhanced Search Guide	5.5.3	See Also	5.10.6
Facsimile Telephone Number	5.7.4	Serial Number	5.2.9
Generation Qualifier	5.2.6	State or Province Name	5.3.3
Generalized Time Match	6.3.3	Stored Prefix Match	6.1.2
Generalized Time Ordering Match	6.3.4		
Given Name	5.2.4	Street Address	5.3.4
House Identifier	5.3.5	Supported Application Context	5.9.2
Initials	5.2.5	Surname	5.2.3
Integer First Component Match	6.4.1	Telephone Number	5.7.1
Integer Match	6.2.2	Telephone Number Match	6.2.8
Integer Ordering Match	6.2.3	Telephone Number Substrings Match	6.2.9
International ISDN Number	5.7.6	Teletex Terminal Identifier	5.7.3
Keyword Match	6.5.2	Telex Number	5.7.2
Knowledge Information	5.1.1		
Language Context	7.1	Temporal Context	7.2
Locale Context	7.3	Title	5.4.3
Locality Name	5.3.2	Unique Identifier	5.2.7
Member	5.10.2	Unique Member	5.10.3
Name	5.2.1	Unique Member Match	6.2.11
Numeric String Match	6.1.7	UTC Time Match	6.3.1
Numeric String Ordering Match	6.1.8	UTC Time Ordering Match	6.3.2
Numeric String Substrings Match	6.1.9	Word Match	6.5.1
Object Identifier First Component Match	6.4.2		
watch	0.4.2	X.121 Address	5.7.5

### Annex E

## Amendments and corrigenda

(This annex does not form an integral part of this Recommendation | International Standard)

This edition of this Directory Specification includes the following amendments:

- Amendment 1 for Contexts;
- Amendment 2 for Certificate Extensions;
- Amendment 3 for Enhancement of Directory Operational Security.

This edition of this Directory Specification includes the following technical corrigenda correcting the defects in the following defect reports (some parts of some of the following Technical Corrigenda may have been subsumed by the amendments that formed this edition of this Directory Specification):

- Technical Corrigendum 1 (covering Defect Reports 076, 122, 126).
- Technical Corrigendum 2 (covering Defect Reports 135, 146).

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- Series D General tariff principles
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- Series F Non-telephone telecommunication services
- Series G Transmission systems and media, digital systems and networks
- Series H Audiovisual and multimedia systems
- Series I Integrated services digital network
- Series J Transmission of television, sound programme and other multimedia signals
- Series K Protection against interference
- Series L Construction, installation and protection of cables and other elements of outside plant
- Series M TMN and network maintenance: international transmission systems, telephone circuits, telegraphy, facsimile and leased circuits
- Series N Maintenance: international sound programme and television transmission circuits
- Series O Specifications of measuring equipment
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