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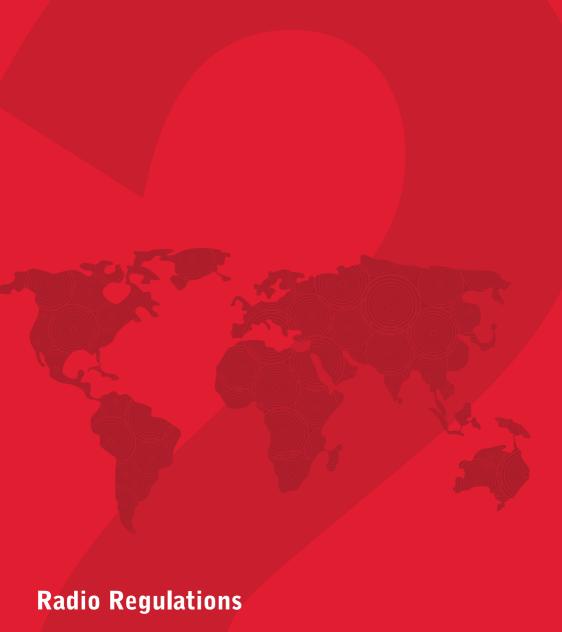
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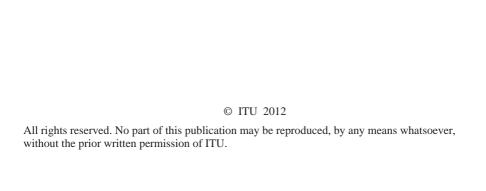
Appendices





Radio Regulations Appendices





Note by the Secretariat

This revision of the Radio Regulations, complementing the Constitution and the Convention of the International Telecommunication Union, incorporates the decisions of the World Radio-communication Conferences of 1995 (WRC-95), 1997 (WRC-97), 2000 (WRC-2000), 2003 (WRC-03), 2007 (WRC-07) and 2012 (WRC-12). The majority of the provisions of these Regulations shall enter into force as from 1 January 2013; the remaining provisions shall apply as from the special dates of application indicated in Article **59** of the revised Radio Regulations.

In preparing the Radio Regulations, Edition of 2012, the Secretariat corrected the typographical errors that were drawn to the attention of WRC-12 and which were approved by WRC-12.

This edition uses the same numbering scheme as the 2001 edition of the Radio Regulations, notably:

With respect to *Article numbers*, this edition follows the standard sequential numbering. The Article numbers are not followed by any abbreviation (such as "(WRC-97)", "(WRC-2000)", "(WRC-03)", "(WRC-07)" or "(WRC-12)"). Consequently, any reference to an Article, in any of the provisions of these Radio Regulations (e.g. in No. 13.1 of Article 13), in the texts of the Appendices as contained in Volume 2 of this edition (e.g. in § 1 of Appendix 2), in the texts of the Resolutions included in Volume 3 of this edition (e.g. in Resolution 1 (Rev.WRC-97)), and in the texts of the Recommendations included in Volume 3 of this edition (e.g. in Recommendation 8), is considered as a reference to the text of the concerned Article which appears in this edition, unless otherwise specified.

With respect to *provision numbers in Articles*, this edition continues to use composite numbers indicating the number of the Article and the provision number within that Article (e.g. No. 9.2B means provision No. 2B of Article 9). The abbreviation "(WRC-12)", "(WRC-07)", "(WRC-03)", "(WRC-2000)" or "(WRC-97)" at the end of such a provision means that the relevant provision was modified or added by WRC-12, by WRC-07, by WRC-03, by WRC-2000 or by WRC-97, as applicable. The absence of an abbreviation at the end of the provision means that the provision is identical with the provision of the simplified Radio Regulations as approved by WRC-95, and whose complete text was contained in Document 2 of WRC-97.

With respect to *Appendix numbers*, this edition follows the standard sequential numbering, with the addition of the appropriate abbreviation after the Appendix number (such as "(WRC-97)", "(WRC-2000)", "(WRC-03)", "(WRC-07)" or "(WRC-12)"), where applicable. As a rule, any reference to an Appendix, in any of the provisions of these Radio Regulations, in the texts of the Appendices as contained in Volume 2 of this edition, in the texts of the Resolutions and of the Recommendations included in Volume 3 of this edition, is presented in the standard manner (e.g. "Appendix 30 (Rev.WRC-12)") if not explicitly described in the text (e.g. Appendix 4 as modified by WRC-12). In the texts of Appendices that were partially modified by WRC-12, the provisions that were modified by WRC-12 are indicated with the abbreviation "(WRC-12)" at the end of the concerned text. If an Appendix is referenced without any abbreviation after the Appendix number, in the texts of this edition (e.g., in No. 13.1), or without other description, such reference is considered as a reference to the text of the concerned Appendix which appears in this edition.

Within the text of the Radio Regulations, the symbol, \uparrow , has been used to represent quantities associated with an uplink. Similarly, the symbol, \downarrow , has been used to represent quantities associated with a downlink.

Abbreviations have generally been used for the names of world administrative radio conferences and world radiocommunication conferences. These abbreviations are shown below.

Abbreviation	Conference
WARC Mar	World Administrative Radio Conference to Deal with Matters Relating to the Maritime Mobile Service (Geneva, 1967)
WARC-71	World Administrative Radio Conference for Space Telecommunications (Geneva, 1971)
WMARC-74	World Maritime Administrative Radio Conference (Geneva, 1974)
WARC SAT-77	World Broadcasting-Satellite Administrative Radio Conference (Geneva, 1977)
WARC-Aer2	World Administrative Radio Conference on the Aeronautical Mobile (R) Service (Geneva, 1978)
WARC-79	World Administrative Radio Conference (Geneva, 1979)
WARC Mob-83	World Administrative Radio Conference for the Mobile Services (Geneva, 1983)
WARC HFBC-84	World Administrative Radio Conference for the Planning of the HF Bands Allocated to the Broadcasting Service (Geneva, 1984)
WARC Orb-85	World Administrative Radio Conference on the Use of the Geostationary-Satellite Orbit and the Planning of Space Services Utilising It (First Session – Geneva, 1985)
WARC HFBC-87	World Administrative Radio Conference for the Planning of the HF Bands Allocated to the Broadcasting Service (Geneva, 1987)
WARC Mob-87	World Administrative Radio Conference for the Mobile Services (Geneva, 1987)
WARC Orb-88	World Administrative Radio Conference on the Use of the Geostationary-Satellite Orbit and the Planning of Space Services Utilising It (Second Session – Geneva, 1988)
WARC-92	World Administrative Radio Conference for Dealing with Frequency Allocations in Certain Parts of the Spectrum (Malaga-Torremolinos, 1992)
WRC-95	World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 1995)
WRC-97	World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 1997)
WRC-2000	World Radiocommunication Conference (Istanbul, 2000)
WRC-03	World Radiocommunication Conference, (Geneva, 2003)
WRC-07	World Radiocommunication Conference, (Geneva, 2007)
WRC-12	World Radiocommunication Conference, (Geneva, 2012)
WRC-15	World Radiocommunication Conference, 2015 ¹

¹ The date of this conference has not been finalized.

VOLUME 2

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APPENDIX 1 (REV.WRC-12)

Classification of emissions and necessary bandwidths

(See Article 2)

- § 1 1) Emissions shall be designated according to their necessary bandwidth and their classification as explained in this Appendix.
- 2) Formulae and examples of emissions designated in accordance with this Appendix are given in Recommendation ITU-R SM.1138-2. Further examples may be provided in other ITU-R Recommendations. These examples may also be published in the Preface to the International Frequency List. (WRC-12)

Section I - Necessary bandwidth

- § 2 1) The necessary bandwidth, as defined in No. **1.152** and determined in accordance with the formulae and examples, shall be expressed by three numerals and one letter. The letter occupies the position of the decimal point and represents the unit of bandwidth. The first character shall be neither zero nor K, M or G.
 - 2) Necessary bandwidths1:

between 0.001 and 999 Hz shall be expressed in Hz (letter H);

between 1.00 and 999 kHz shall be expressed in kHz (letter K);

between 1.00 and 999 MHz shall be expressed in MHz (letter M);

between 1.00 and 999 GHz shall be expressed in GHz (letter G).

- 3) For the full designation of an emission, the necessary bandwidth, indicated in four characters, shall be added just before the classification symbols. When used, the necessary bandwidth shall be determined by one of the following methods:
- 3.1) use of the formulae and examples of necessary bandwidths and designation of corresponding emissions given in Recommendation ITU-R SM.1138-2; (WRC-12)
- 3.2) computation, in accordance with other ITU-R Recommendations;
- 3.3) measurement, in cases not covered by § 3.1) or 3.2) above.

1 Examples:

0.002	Hz	= H002	6	kHz	=	6K00	1.25	MHz	= 1M25
0.1	Hz	= H100	12.5	kHz	=	12K5	2	MHz	= 2M00
25.3	Hz	= 25H3	180.4	kHz	=	180K	10	MHz	= 10M0
400	Hz	= 400H	180.5	kHz	=	181K	202	MHz	= 202M
2.4	kHz	= 2K40	180.7	kHz	=	181K	5.65	GHz	= 5G65

Section II - Classification

- § 3 The class of emission is a set of characteristics conforming to § 4 below.
- § 4 Emissions shall be classified and symbolized according to their basic characteristics as given in Sub-Section IIA and any optional additional characteristics as provided for in Sub-Section IIB.
- § 5 The basic characteristics (see Sub-Section IIA) are:
- 1) first symbol type of modulation of the main carrier;
- 2) second symbol nature of signal(s) modulating the main carrier;
- 3) third symbol type of information to be transmitted.

Modulation used only for short periods and for incidental purposes (such as, in many cases, for identification or calling) may be ignored provided that the necessary bandwidth as indicated is not thereby increased.

Sub-Section IIA - Basic characteristics

§ 6	1)	First symbol - Type of modulation of the main carrier	
1.1)	Emission of	an unmodulated carrier	N
1.2)		which the main carrier is amplitude-modulated (including cases arriers are angle-modulated)	
	1.2.1)	Double-sideband	A
	1.2.2)	Single-sideband, full carrier	Н
	1.2.3)	Single-sideband, reduced or variable level carrier	R
	1.2.4)	Single-sideband, suppressed carrier	J
	1.2.5)	Independent sidebands	В
	1.2.6)	Vestigial sideband	C
1.3)	Emission in	which the main carrier is angle-modulated	
	1.3.1)	Frequency modulation	F
	1.3.2)	Phase modulation	G
1.4)		which the main carrier is amplitude-and angle-modulated either sly or in a pre-established sequence	D
1.5)	Emission of	pulses ²	
	1.5.1)	Sequence of unmodulated pulses	P

² Emissions where the main carrier is directly modulated by a signal which has been coded into quantized form (e.g. pulse code modulation) should be designated under § 1.2) or 1.3).

	1.5.2)	A sequence of	pulses		
		1.5.2.1)	modulated in amplitude	K	
		1.5.2.2)	modulated in width/duration	L	
		1.5.2.3)	modulated in position/phase	M	
		1.5.2.4)	in which the carrier is angle-modulated during the angle-period of the pulse	Q	
		1.5.2.5)	which is a combination of the foregoing or is produced by other means	V	
1.6)	modulated,	either simulta	in which an emission consists of the main carrier aneously or in a pre-established sequence, in a cof the following modes: amplitude, angle, pulse	W	
1.7)	Cases not of	herwise covered	d	X	
	2)	Second symbo	l – Nature of signal(s) modulating the main carrier		
2.1)	No modulati	ng signal		0	
2.2)	A single channel containing quantized or digital information without the use of a modulating sub-carrier ³				
2.3)	3) A single channel containing quantized or digital information with the use of a modulating sub-carrier ³				
2.4)	A single cha	nnel containing	analogue information	3	
2.5)	Two or more	e channels conta	aining quantized or digital information	7	
2.6)	Two or more	e channels conta	aining analogue information	8	
2.7)			ne or more channels containing quantized or digital one or more channels containing analogue information	9	
2.8)	Cases not of	herwise covered	d	X	
	3)	Third symbol	Type of information to be transmitted ⁴		
3.1)	No informat	ion transmitted		N	
3.2)	Telegraphy -	- for aural recep	ption	A	
3.3)	Telegraphy -	- for automatic	reception	В	
3.4)	Facsimile			C	
3.5)	Data transm	ission, telemetr	y, telecommand	D	

³ This excludes time-division multiplex.

 $^{^4}$ In this context the word "information" does not include information of a constant, unvarying nature such as is provided by standard frequency emissions, continuous wave and pulse radars, etc.

AP1-4

band-splitting

3.6)	Telephony (including sound broadcasting)	Е
3.7)	Television (video)	F
3.8)	Combination of the above	W
3.9)	Cases not otherwise covered	X
	Sub-Section IIB – Optional characteristics for the classification of emissions	
§ 7 emis	Two optional characteristics should be added for a more complete description of sion. These are:	an
	Fourth symbol – Details of signal(s)	
	Fifth symbol – Nature of multiplexing	
Whe	re the fourth or fifth symbol is used it shall be as indicated below.	
	re the fourth or the fifth symbol is not used this should be indicated by a dash where e bol would otherwise appear.	ach
	1) Fourth symbol – Details of signal(s)	
1.1)	Two-condition code with elements of differing numbers and/or durations	A
1.2)	Two-condition code with elements of the same number and duration without error-correction	В
1.3)	Two-condition code with elements of the same number and duration with error-correction	С
1.4)	Four-condition code in which each condition represents a signal element (or one or more bits)	D
1.5)	Multi-condition code in which each condition represents a signal element (of one or more bits)	Е
1.6)	Multi-condition code in which each condition or combination of conditions represents a character	F
1.7)	Sound of broadcasting quality (monophonic)	G
1.8)	Sound of broadcasting quality (stereophonic or quadraphonic)	Н
1.9)	Sound of commercial quality (excluding categories given in § 1.10) and 1.11))	J
1.10)	Sound of commercial quality with the use of frequency inversion or	

1.11) Sound of commercial quality with separate frequency-modulated signals to control the level of demodulated signal

K

L

1.12) Monochrome	M
1.13) Colour	N
1.14) Combination of the above	W
1.15) Cases not otherwise covered	X
	2) Fifth symbol – Nature of multiplexing	
2.1)	None	N
2.2)	Code-division multiplex ⁵	C
2.3)	Frequency-division multiplex	F
2.4)	Time-division multiplex	T
2.5)	Combination of frequency-division multiplex and time-division multiplex	W
2.6)	Other types of multiplexing	X

AP1-5

 $^{^{5}}$ This includes bandwidth expansion techniques.

APPENDIX 2 (REV.WRC-03)

Table of transmitter frequency tolerances

(See Article 3)

- 1 Frequency tolerance is defined in Article ${\bf 1}$ and is expressed in parts in 10^6 , unless otherwise indicated.
- 2 The power shown for the various categories of stations is the peak envelope power for single-sideband transmitters and the mean power for all other transmitters, unless otherwise indicated. The term "power of a radio transmitter" is defined in Article 1.
- 3 For technical and operational reasons, certain categories of stations may need more stringent tolerances than those shown in the table.

Frequency bands (lower limit exclusive, upper limit inclusive) and categories of stations	Tolerances applicable to transmitters	
Band: 9 kHz to 535 kHz		
1 Fixed stations: - 9 kHz to 50 kHz - 50 kHz to 535 kHz	100 50	
2 Land stations: a) Coast stations b) Aeronautical stations	100 1, 2 100	
3 Mobile stations: a) Ship stations b) Ship's emergency transmitters c) Survival craft stations d) Aircraft stations 4 Radiodetermination stations	200 ^{3, 4} 500 ⁵ 500 100	
5 Broadcasting stations	10 Hz	
Band: 535 kHz to 1 606.5 kHz (1 605 kHz in Region 2) Broadcasting stations	10 Hz (WRC-03)	
Band: 1 606.5 kHz (1 605 kHz in Region 2) to 4 000 kHz 1 Fixed stations: - power 200 W or less - power above 200 W 2 Land stations: - power 200 W or less - power 200 W or less - power above 200 W	100 ^{7, 8} 50 ^{7, 8} 100 ^{1, 2, 7, 9, 10} 50 ^{1, 2, 7, 9, 10}	

Frequency bands (lower limit exclusive, upper limit inclusive) and categories of stations	Tolerances applicable to transmitters		
Band: 1 606.5 kHz (1 605 kHz in Region 2) to 4 000 kHz (cont.)			
 3 Mobile stations: a) Ship stations b) Survival craft stations c) Emergency position-indicating radiobeacons d) Aircraft stations e) Land mobile stations 	40 Hz ^{3, 4, 12} 100 100 100 ¹⁰ 50 ¹³		
4 Radiodetermination stations: - power 200 W or less - power above 200 W 5 Broadcasting stations	20 ¹⁴ 10 ¹⁴ 10 Hz ¹⁵		
Band: 4 MHz to 29.7 MHz			
1 Fixed stations: a) Single-sideband and independent-sideband emissions: power 500 W or less power above 500 W b) Class F1B emissions c) Other classes of emission: power 500 W or less power above 500 W	50 Hz 20 Hz 10 Hz 20 10		
2 Land stations: a) Coast stations b) Aeronautical stations: – power 500 W or less – power above 500 W c) Base stations	20 Hz ^{1, 2, 16} 100 ¹⁰ 50 ¹⁰ 20 ⁷		
3 Mobile stations: a) Ship stations: 1) Class A1A emissions 2) Emissions other than Class A1A b) Survival craft stations c) Aircraft stations d) Land mobile stations	10 50 Hz 3, 4, 19 50 100 ¹⁰ 40 ²⁰		
4 Broadcasting stations	10 Hz ^{15, 21}		
5 Space stations 6 Earth stations	20 20		

Frequency bands (lower limit exclusive, upper limit inclusive) and categories of stations	Tolerances applicable to transmitters		
Band: 29.7 MHz to 100 MHz			
1 Fixed stations: - power 50 W or less - power above 50 W	30 20		
2 Land stations	20		
3 Mobile stations	20 22		
4 Radiodetermination stations	50		
5 Broadcasting stations (other than television)	2 000 Hz ²³		
6 Broadcasting stations (television sound and vision)	500 Hz ²⁴ , ²⁵		
7 Space stations	20		
8 Earth stations	20		
Band: 100 MHz to 470 MHz			
1 Fixed stations: - power 50 W or less	20 26		
– power above 50 W	10		
2 Land stations:			
a) Coast stations	10		
b) Aeronautical stations	20 ²⁸		
c) Base stations: in the band 100-235 MHz in the band 235-401 MHz in the band 401-470 MHz	15 ²⁹ 7 ²⁹ 5 ²⁹		
3 Mobile stations:			
 a) Ship stations and survival craft stations: in the band 156-174 MHz outside the band 156-174 MHz 	10 50 ³¹		
b) Aircraft stations	30 28		
c) Land mobile stations: in the band 100-235 MHz in the band 235-401 MHz in the band 401-470 MHz	15 ²⁹ 7 29, 32 5 29, 32		
4 Radiodetermination stations	50 33		
5 Broadcasting stations (other than television)	2 000 Hz ²³		
6 Broadcasting stations (television sound and vision)	500 Hz ²⁴ , ²⁵		
7 Space stations	20		
8 Earth stations	20		

Frequency bands (lower limit exclusive, upper limit inclusive) and categories of stations	Tolerances applicable to transmitters		
Band: 470 MHz to 2 450 MHz			
1 Fixed stations: - power 100 W or less - power above 100 W 2 Land stations	100 50 20 ³⁶		
3 Mobile stations	20 36		
4 Radiodetermination stations	500 33		
5 Broadcasting stations (other than television)	100		
6 Broadcasting stations (television sound and vision) in the band 470 MHz to 960 MHz	500 Hz ^{24, 25}		
7 Space stations	20		
8 Earth stations	20		
Band: 2 450 MHz to 10 500 MHz			
1 Fixed stations: - power 100 W or less - power above 100 W 2 Land stations 3 Mobile stations 4 Radiodetermination stations 5 Space stations 6 Earth stations	200 50 100 100 1 250 ³³ 50 50		
Band: 10.5 GHz to 40 GHz			
1 Fixed station 2 Radiodetermination stations 3 Broadcasting stations 4 Space stations 5 Earth stations	300 5 000 ³³ 100 100		

Notes in the table of transmitter frequency tolerances

- For coast station transmitters used for direct-printing telegraphy or for data transmission, the tolerance is:
 - 5 Hz for narrow-band phase-shift keving:
 - 15 Hz for frequency-shift keying for transmitters in use or installed before 2 January 1992;
 - 10 Hz for frequency-shift keying for transmitters installed after 1 January 1992.
- ² For coast station transmitters used for digital selective calling, the tolerance is 10 Hz. (WRC-03)
- For ship station transmitters used for direct-printing telegraphy or for data transmission, the tolerance is:
 - 5 Hz for narrow-band phase-shift keying;
 - 40 Hz for frequency-shift keying for transmitters in use or installed before 2 January 1992;
 - 10 Hz for frequency-shift keying for transmitters installed after 1 January 1992.
- For ship station transmitters used for digital selective calling, the tolerance is 10 Hz. (WRC-03)
- 5 If the emergency transmitter is used as the reserve transmitter for the main transmitter, the tolerance for ship station transmitters applies.
- 6 (SUP WRC-03)
- ⁷ For single-sideband radiotelephone transmitters except at coast stations, the tolerance is:
 - 50 Hz in the bands 1 606.5 (1 605 Region 2)-4 000 kHz and 4-29.7 MHz, for peak envelope powers of 200 W or less and 500 W or less, respectively;
 - 20 Hz in the bands 1 606.5 (1 605 Region 2)-4 000 kHz and 4-29.7 MHz, for peak envelope powers above 200 W and 500 W, respectively.
- ⁸ For radiotelegraphy transmitters with frequency-shift keying the tolerance is 10 Hz.
- For coast station single-sideband radiotelephone transmitters the tolerance is 20 Hz.
- For single-sideband transmitters operating in the frequency bands 1 606.5 (1 605 Region 2)-4 000 kHz and 4-29.7 MHz which are allocated exclusively to the aeronautical mobile (R) service, the tolerance on the carrier (reference) frequency is:
 - a) for all aeronautical stations, 10 Hz;
 - b) for all aircraft stations operating on international services, 20 Hz;
 - c) for aircraft stations operating exclusively on national services, 50 Hz*.
- Not used.
- For A1A emissions the tolerance is 50 × 10⁻⁶.
- ¹³ For transmitters used for single-sideband radiotelephony or for frequency-shift keying radiotelegraphy the tolerance is 40 Hz.
- For radiobeacon transmitters in the band 1 606.5 (1 605 Region 2)-1 800 kHz the tolerance is 50×10^{-6} .

^{*} NOTE – In order to achieve maximum intelligibility, it is suggested that administrations encourage the reduction of this tolerance to 20 Hz.

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- For A3E emissions with carrier power of 10 kW or less the tolerance is 20 × 10⁻⁶, 15 × 10⁻⁶ and 10 × 10⁻⁶ in the bands 1 606.5 (1 605 Region 2)-4 000 kHz, 4-5.95 MHz and 5.95-29.7 MHz respectively.
- ¹⁶ For A1A emissions the tolerance is 10×10^{-6} .
- Not used.
- Not used.
- For ship station transmitters in the band 26 175-27 500 kHz, on board small craft, with a carrier power not exceeding 5 W in or near coastal waters and utilizing F3E and G3E emissions, the frequency tolerance is 40×10^{-6} . (WRC-03)
- The tolerance is 50 Hz for single-sideband radiotelephone transmitters, except for those transmitters operating in the band 26 175-27 500 kHz, and not exceeding a peak envelope power of 15 W, for which the basic tolerance of 40×10^{-6} applies.
- It is suggested that administrations avoid carrier frequency differences of a few hertz, which cause degradations similar to periodic fading. This could be avoided if the frequency tolerance were 0.1 Hz, a tolerance which would be suitable for single-sideband emissions*.
- For non-vehicular mounted portable equipment with a transmitter mean power not exceeding 5 W, the tolerance is 40×10^{-6} .
- 23 For transmitters of a mean power of 50 W or less operating at frequencies below 108 MHz a tolerance of 3 000 Hz applies.
- ²⁴ In the case of television stations of:
 - 50 W (vision peak envelope power) or less in the band 29.7-100 MHz;
 - 100 W (vision peak envelope power) or less in the band 100-960 MHz;

and which receive their input from other television stations or which serve small isolated communities, it may not, for operational reasons, be possible to maintain this tolerance. For such stations, the tolerance is 2 000 Hz.

For stations of 1 W (vision peak envelope power) or less, this tolerance may be relaxed further to:

- 5 kHz in the band 100-470 MHz;
- 10 kHz in the band 470-960 MHz.
- ²⁵ For transmitters for system M (NTSC) the tolerance is 1 000 Hz. However, for low power transmitters using this system Note 24 applies.
- For multi-hop radio-relay systems employing direct frequency conversion the tolerance is 30×10^{-6} .
- 27 Not used.
- ²⁸ For a channel spacing of 50 kHz the tolerance is 50×10^{-6} .
- ²⁹ These tolerances apply to channel spacings equal to or greater than 20 kHz.

^{*} NOTE – The single-sideband system adopted for the bands exclusively allocated to HF broadcasting does not require a frequency tolerance less than 10 Hz. The above-mentioned degradation occurs when the ratio of wanted-to-interfering signal is well below the required protection ratio. This remark is equally valid for both double- and single-sideband emissions.

- 30 Not used.
- ³¹ For transmitters used by on-board communication stations a tolerance of 5×10^{-6} shall apply.
- ³² For non-vehicular mounted portable equipment with a transmitter mean power not exceeding 5 W the tolerance is 15×10^{-6} .
- 33 Where specific frequencies are not assigned to radar stations, the bandwidth occupied by the emissions of such stations shall be maintained wholly within the band allocated to the service and the indicated tolerance does not apply.
- 34 Not used.
- 35 Not used.
- ³⁶ In applying this tolerance administrations should be guided by the latest relevant ITU-R Recommendations.

APPENDIX 3 (REV.WRC-12)

Maximum permitted power levels for unwanted emissions in the spurious domain (WRC-12)

(See Article 3)

1	This Appendix indicates the maximum permitted power levels of unwanted emissions in
the sp	purious domain derived using the values indicated in Table I. The provisions of No. 4.5 apply
to unv	wanted emissions not covered in this Appendix. (WRC-12)

- 2 Spurious domain emissions¹ from any part of the installation, other than the antenna and its transmission line, shall not have an effect greater than would occur if this antenna system were supplied with the maximum permitted power at the frequency of that emission. (WRC-12)
- These levels shall not, however, apply to emergency position-indicating radiobeacon (EPIRB) stations, emergency locator transmitters, ships' emergency transmitters, lifeboat transmitters, survival craft stations or maritime transmitters when used in emergency situations.
- For technical or operational reasons, more stringent levels than those specified may be applied to protect specific services in certain frequency bands. The levels applied to protect these services, such as safety and passive services, shall be those agreed upon by the appropriate world radiocommunication conference. More stringent levels may also be fixed by specific agreement between the administrations concerned. Additionally, special consideration of transmitter spurious domain emissions may be required for the protection of safety services, radio astronomy and space services using passive sensors. Information on the levels of interference detrimental to radio astronomy, Earth exploration satellites and meteorological passive sensing is given in the most recent version of Recommendation ITU-R SM.329. (WRC-12)
- 5 Spurious domain emission limits for combined radiocommunication and information technology equipment are those for the radiocommunication transmitters. (WRC-12)

¹ Spurious domain emissions are unwanted emissions at frequencies within the spurious domain.

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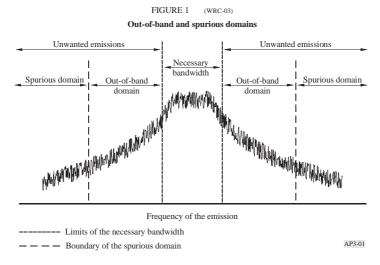
- The frequency range of the measurement of spurious domain emissions is from 9 kHz to 110 GHz or the second harmonic if higher. (WRC-03)
- 7 Except as provided in § 8 and 9 of this Appendix, the spurious domain emission levels are specified in the following reference bandwidths:
- 1 kHz between 9 kHz and 150 kHz
- 10 kHz between 150 kHz and 30 MHz
- 100 kHz between 30 MHz and 1 GHz
- 1 MHz above 1 GHz. (WRC-03)
- The reference bandwidth of all space service spurious domain emissions should be 4 kHz. (WRC-03)
- 9 For radar systems, the reference bandwidths for specifying spurious domain emission levels should be calculated for each particular system. Thus, for the four general types of radar pulse modulation utilized for radionavigation, radiolocation, acquisition, tracking and other radiodetermination functions, the reference bandwidth values are determined using the following:
- for a fixed-frequency, non-pulse-coded radar, the reciprocal of the radar pulse length, in seconds (e.g. if the radar pulse length is $1 \mu s$, then the reference bandwidth is $1/(1 \mu s) = 1 \text{ MHz}$):
- for a fixed-frequency, phase-coded pulsed radar, the reciprocal of the phase chip length, in seconds (e.g. if the phase-coded chip is $2 \mu s$ long, then the reference bandwidth is $1/(2 \mu s) = 500 \text{ kHz}$);
- for a frequency modulated (FM) or chirped radar, the square root of the quantity obtained by dividing the chirp bandwidth in MHz by the pulse length, in μs (e.g. if the FM is from 1 250 MHz to 1 280 MHz, i.e. 30 MHz, during the pulse length of 10 μs , then the reference bandwidth is (30 MHz/10 μs)^{1/2} = 1.73 MHz);
- for radars operating with multiple waveforms, the reference bandwidth for specifying spurious domain emission levels is determined empirically from observations of the radar emission and is obtained following the guidance given in the most recent version of Recommendation ITU-R M.1177.

In the case of radars, for which the bandwidth, as determined using the method above, is greater than 1 MHz, a reference bandwidth of 1 MHz should be used. (WRC-03)

Guidance regarding the methods of measuring spurious domain emissions is given in the most recent version of Recommendation ITU-R SM.329. The e.i.r.p. method specified in this Recommendation should be used when it is not possible to accurately measure the power supplied to the antenna transmission line, or for specific applications where the antenna is designed to provide significant attenuation in the spurious domain. Additionally, the e.i.r.p. method may need some modification for special cases. Specific guidance regarding the methods of measuring spurious domain emissions from radar systems is given in the most recent version of Recommendation ITU-R M.1177.

To improve measurement accuracy, sensitivity and efficiency, the resolution bandwidth in which spurious domain emissions are measured can be different from the reference bandwidth used for specifying spurious domain emission levels. (WRC-03)

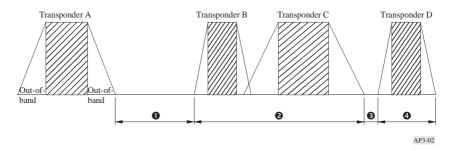
The emission limits of this Appendix apply to all emissions, including harmonic emissions, intermodulation products, frequency conversion products and parasitic emissions, at frequencies in the spurious domain (see Fig. 1). The upper and lower parts of the spurious domain extend outward from a boundary determined using Annex 1. (WRC-03)



For the case of a single satellite operating with more than one transponder in the same service area, and when considering the limits for spurious domain emissions as indicated in § 11 of this Appendix, spurious domain emissions from one transponder may fall on a frequency at which a second, companion transponder is transmitting. In these situations, the level of spurious domain emissions from the first transponder is well exceeded by the fundamental or out-of-band domain emissions of the second transponder. Therefore, the limits of this Appendix should not apply to those emissions of a satellite that fall within either the necessary bandwidth or the out-of-band domain of another transponder on the same satellite, in the same service area (see Fig. 2). (WRC-03)

FIGURE 2

Example of the applicability of spurious domain emission limits to a satellite transponder



Transponders A, B, C and D are operating on the same satellite in the same service area. Transponder A is not required to meet spurious domain emission limits in frequency ranges and b, but is required to meet them in frequency ranges and compared to meet them in frequency ranges and compared to meet them in frequency ranges and compared to meet them in frequency ranges are satellite in the same service area.

Examples of applying $43 + 10 \log (P)$ to calculate attenuation requirements

Where specified in relation to mean power, spurious domain emissions are to be at least x dB below the total mean power P, i.e. -x dBc. The power P (W) is to be measured in a bandwidth wide enough to include the total mean power. The spurious domain emissions are to be measured in the reference bandwidths given in the relevant ITU-R Recommendations. The measurement of the spurious domain emission power is independent of the value of necessary bandwidth. Because the absolute emission power limit, derived from $43 + 10 \log (P)$, can become too stringent for high-power transmitters, alternative relative powers are also provided in Table I.

Example 1

A land mobile transmitter, with any value of necessary bandwidth, must meet a spurious domain emission attenuation of $43 + 10 \log (P)$, or 70 dBc, whichever is less stringent. The reference bandwidths used for specifying spurious domain emission levels are provided in § 8 to 10 of this Appendix. Applying this in the frequency range between 30 MHz and 1 GHz gives a reference bandwidth of 100 kHz.

With a measured total mean power of 10 W:

- Attenuation relative to total mean power = $43 + 10 \log (10) = 53 \text{ dBc}$.
- The 53 dBc value is less stringent than the 70 dBc, so the 53 dBc value is used.
- Therefore: Spurious domain emissions must not exceed 53 dBc in a 100 kHz bandwidth, or converting to an absolute level, they must not exceed 10 dBW 53 dBc = -43 dBW in a 100 kHz reference bandwidth

With a measured total mean power of 1 000 W:

- Attenuation relative to total mean power = $43 + 10 \log (1 000) = 73 \text{ dBc}$.
- The 73 dBc value is more stringent than the 70 dBc limit, so the 70 dBc value is used.
- Therefore: Spurious domain emissions must not exceed 70 dBc in a 100 kHz bandwidth, or converting to an absolute level, they must not exceed 30 dBW 70 dBc = -40 dBW in a 100 kHz reference bandwidth. (WRC-03)

Example 2

A space service transmitter with any value of necessary bandwidth must meet a spurious domain emission attenuation of $43 + 10 \log (P)$, or 60 dBc, whichever is less stringent. To measure spurious domain emissions at any frequency, Note 10 to Table I indicates using a reference bandwidth of 4 kHz.

With a measured total mean power of 20 W:

- Attenuation relative to total mean power = $43 + 10 \log (20) = 56 \text{ dBc}$.
- The 56 dBc value is less stringent than the 60 dBc limit, so the 56 dBc value is used.
- Therefore: Spurious domain emissions must not exceed 56 dBc in a 4 kHz reference bandwidth, or converting to an absolute level, they must not exceed 13 dBW 56 dBc = -43 dBW in a 4 kHz reference bandwidth. (WRC-03)

TABLE I (WRC-12)

Attenuation values used to calculate maximum permitted spurious domain emission power levels for use with radio equipment

Service category in accordance with Article 1, or equipment type ¹⁵	Attenuation (dB) below the power supplied to the antenna transmission line
All services except those services quoted below:	43 + 10 log (P), or 70 dBc, whichever is less stringent
Space services (earth stations) ^{10, 16}	43 + 10 log (P), or 60 dBc, whichever is less stringent
Space services (space stations) ^{10, 17}	43 + 10 log (P), or 60 dBc, whichever is less stringent
Radiodetermination ¹⁴	43 + 10 log (PEP), or 60 dB, whichever is less stringent
Broadcast television ¹¹	46 + 10 log (<i>P</i>), or 60 dBc, whichever is less stringent, without exceeding the absolute mean power level of 1 mW for VHF stations or 12 mW for UHF stations. However, greater attenuation may be necessary on a case by case basis
Broadcast FM	46 + 10 log (<i>P</i>), or 70 dBc, whichever is less stringent; the absolute mean power level of 1 mW should not be exceeded
Broadcasting at MF/HF	50 dBc; the absolute mean power level of 50 mW should not be exceeded
SSB from mobile stations ¹²	43 dB below PEP
Amateur services operating below 30 MHz (including those using SSB) ¹⁶	43 + 10 log (<i>PEP</i>), or 50 dB, whichever is less stringent
Services operating below 30 MHz, except space, radiodetermination, broadcast, those using SSB from mobile stations, and amateur ¹²	$43 + 10 \log (X)$, or 60 dBc, whichever is less stringent, where $X = PEP$ for SSB modulation, and $X = P$ for other modulation
Low-power device radio equipment ¹³	56 + 10 log (P), or 40 dBc, whichever is less stringent
Emergency transmitters ¹⁸	No limit

TABLE I (END) (WRC-12)

- P: mean power in watts supplied to the antenna transmission line, in accordance with No. 1.158. When burst transmission is used, the mean power P and the mean power of any spurious domain emissions are measured using power averaging over the burst duration.
- PEP: peak envelope power in watts supplied to the antenna transmission line, in accordance with No. 1.157.
- dBc: decibels relative to the unmodulated carrier power of the emission. In the cases which do not have a carrier, for example in some digital modulation schemes where the carrier is not accessible for measurement, the reference level equivalent to dBc is decibels relative to the mean power *P*.
- Spurious domain emission limits for all space services are stated in a 4 kHz reference bandwidth.
- For analogue television transmissions, the mean power level is defined with a specified video signal modulation. This video signal has to be chosen in such a way that the maximum mean power level (e.g. at the video signal blanking level for negatively modulated television systems) is supplied to the antenna transmission line.
- All classes of emission using SSB are included in the category "SSB".
- Low-power radio devices having a maximum output power of less than 100 mW and intended for short-range communication or control purposes; such equipment is in general exempt from individual licensing.
- For radiodetermination systems (radar as defined by No. 1.100), spurious domain emission attenuation (dB) shall be determined for radiated emission levels, and not at the antenna transmission line. The measurement methods for determining the radiated spurious domain emission levels from radar systems should be guided by the most recent version of Recommendation ITU-R M.1177. (WRC-03)
- In some cases of digital modulation (including digital broadcasting), broadband systems, pulsed modulation and narrow-band high-power transmitters for all categories of services, there may be difficulties in meeting limits close to $\pm 250\%$ of the necessary bandwidth.
- 16 Earth stations in the amateur-satellite service operating below 30 MHz are in the service category "Amateur services operating below 30 MHz (including those using SSB)". (WRC-2000)
- 17 Space stations in the space research service intended for operation in deep space as defined by No. 1.177 are exempt from spurious domain emission limits. (WRC-03)
- Emergency position-indicating radio beacon, emergency locator transmitters, personal location beacons, search and rescue transponders, ship emergency, lifeboat and survival craft transmitters and emergency land, aeronautical or maritime transmitters. (WRC-2000)

ANNEX 1 (WRC-03)

Determination of the boundary between the out-of-band and spurious domains

Except as provided below, the boundary between the out-of-band and spurious domains occurs at frequencies that are separated from the centre frequency of the emission by the values shown in Table 1. In general, the boundary, on either side of the centre frequency, occurs at a separation of 250% of the necessary bandwidth, or at $2.5\,B_N$, as shown in Table 1. For most systems, the centre frequency of the emission is the centre of the necessary bandwidth. For multichannel or multicarrier transmitters/transponders, where several carriers may be transmitted simultaneously from a final output amplifier or an active antenna, the centre frequency of the emission is taken to be the centre of the -3 dB bandwidth of the transmitter or transponder, and the

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transmitter or transponder bandwidth is used in place of the necessary bandwidth for determining the boundary. For multicarrier satellite systems, guidance on the boundary between the out-of-band and spurious domains is provided in the most recent version of Recommendation ITU-R SM.1541. Some systems specify unwanted emissions relative to channel bandwidth, or channel spacing. These may be used as a substitute for the necessary bandwidth in Table 1, provided they are found in ITU-R Recommendations.

TABLE 1

Values for frequency separation between the centre frequency and the boundary of the spurious domain

Frequency	Narrow-band case		Normal	Wideband case	
range	for B_N <	Separation	separation	for $B_N >$	Separation
$9 \text{ kHz} < f_c \le 150 \text{ kHz}$	250 Hz	625 Hz	$2.5 \; B_N$	10 kHz	$1.5 B_N + 10 \text{ kHz}$
$150 \text{ kHz} < f_c \le 30 \text{ MHz}$	4 kHz	10 kHz	$2.5 \; B_N$	100 kHz	$1.5B_N + 100 \text{ kHz}$
$30 \text{ MHz} < f_c \le 1 \text{ GHz}$	25 kHz	62.5 kHz	$2.5 \; B_N$	10 MHz	$1.5 B_N + 10 \text{ MHz}$
$1 \text{ GHz} < f_c \le 3 \text{ GHz}$	100 kHz	250 kHz	$2.5 \; B_N$	50 MHz	$1.5 B_N + 50 \text{ MHz}$
$3 \text{ GHz} < f_c \le 10 \text{ GHz}$	100 kHz	250 kHz	$2.5~B_N$	100 MHz	$1.5 B_N + 100 \text{ MHz}$
$10 \text{ GHz} < f_c \le 15 \text{ GHz}$	300 kHz	750 kHz	$2.5~B_N$	250 MHz	$1.5 B_N + 250 \text{ MHz}$
$15 \text{ GHz} < f_c \le 26 \text{ GHz}$	500 kHz	1.25 MHz	$2.5 \; B_N$	500 MHz	$1.5 B_N + 500 \text{ MHz}$
$f_c > 26 \text{ GHz}$	1 MHz	2.5 MHz	$2.5 B_N$	500 MHz	$1.5 B_N + 500 \text{ MHz}$

NOTE – In Table 1, f_c is the centre frequency of the emission and B_N is the necessary bandwidth. If the assigned frequency band of the emissions extends across two frequency ranges, then the values corresponding to the higher frequency range shall be used for determining the boundary.

Example 1: The necessary bandwidth of an emission at 26 MHz is 1.8 kHz. Since B_N is less than 4 kHz, the minimum separation of 10 kHz applies. The spurious domain begins 10 kHz each side of the centre of the necessary bandwidth.

Example 2: The necessary bandwidth of an emission at 8 GHz is 200 MHz. Since the wideband case applies for $B_N > 100$ MHz at that frequency, the spurious domain begins 1.5×200 MHz + 100 MHz = 400 MHz each side of the centre of the necessary bandwidth. Using the general separation formula, the out-of-band domain would have extended to 2.5×200 MHz = 500 MHz either side of the centre frequency.

2 Tables 2 and 3 show exceptions to Table 1 for narrow-band and wideband cases, respectively, applicable to particular systems or services and frequency bands.

 $\label{eq:table 2} \mbox{\sc TABLE 2}$ Narrow-band variations for particular systems or services and frequency bands

			Narrow	-band case
System or service	Frequen	cy range	Separation (kHz)	
	14 kHz-	1.5 MHz	50 ⁽¹⁾	
Fixed service	1.5-30 MHz	$P_T \le 50 \text{ W}$	30	75 ⁽²⁾
	1.5-30 MHZ	$P_T > 50 \text{ W}$	80	200(2)

⁽¹⁾ The separation value is based on an assumption that the maximum value of the necessary bandwidth is about 3 kHz for the frequency range 14 kHz-1.5 MHz. The separation value of 50 kHz is extremely large as compared with the necessary bandwidth. This is because unwanted emissions of high power transmitters under modulated conditions have to be below the spurious limit (70 dBc) at the boundary between the out-of-band and spurious domains.

TABLE 3

Wideband variations for particular systems or services and frequency bands

G . 4	F	Wideband case			
System or service	Frequency range	For $B_N >$	Separation		
Fixed service	14-150 kHz	20 kHz	$1.5 B_N + 20 \text{ kHz}$		
Fixed-satellite service (FSS)	3.4-4.2 GHz	250 MHz	$1.5 B_N + 250 \text{ MHz}$		
FSS	5.725-6.725 GHz	500 MHz	$1.5 B_N + 500 \text{ MHz}$		
FSS	7.25-7.75 GHz and 7.9-8.4 GHz	250 MHz	$1.5 B_N + 250 \text{ MHz}$		
FSS	10.7-12.75 GHz	500 MHz	$1.5 B_N + 500 \text{ MHz}$		
Broadcasting-satellite service	11.7-12.75 GHz	500 MHz	$1.5 B_N + 500 \text{ MHz}$		
FSS	12.75-13.25 GHz	500 MHz	$1.5 B_N + 500 \text{ MHz}$		
FSS	13.75-14.8 GHz	500 MHz	$1.5 B_N + 500 \text{ MHz}$		

For primary radar, the boundary between the out-of-band and spurious domains is the frequency at which the out-of-band domain limits specified in the applicable ITU-R Recommendations are equal to the spurious domain limit defined in Table I of this Appendix. Further guidance on the boundary between the out-of-band and spurious domains for primary radar is provided in the most recent version of Recommendation ITU-R SM.1541.

 $^{^{(2)}}$ P_T is the transmitter power. The separation values are based on an assumption that the maximum value of the necessary bandwidth is about 12 kHz for the frequency range 1.5-30 MHz. The separation value of 200 kHz for $P_T > 50$ W is extremely large as compared with the necessary bandwidth. This is because unwanted emissions of high power transmitters under modulated conditions have to be below the spurious limit, 70 dBc, at the boundary between the out-of-band and spurious domains. Also, if future systems in the fixed service operating in this frequency range require a necessary bandwidth larger than 12 kHz, it may become necessary to review the 200 kHz separation.

APPENDIX 4 (REV.WRC-12)

Consolidated list and tables of characteristics for use in the application of the procedures of Chapter III

- The substance of this Appendix is separated into two parts: one concerning data and their use for terrestrial radiocommunication services and another concerning data and their use for space radiocommunication services or the radio astronomy service. (WRC-12)
- 2 Both parts contain a list of characteristics and a table indicating the use of each of the characteristics in specific circumstances.
- Annex 1: Characteristics of stations in the terrestrial services
- Annex 2: Characteristics of satellite networks, earth stations or radio astronomy stations.

ANNEX 1

Characteristics of stations in the terrestrial services¹

In application of Appendix 4 there are many cases when the data requirements involve the use of standard symbols in submissions to the Radiocommunication Bureau. These standard symbols may be found in the Preface to the BR International Frequency Information Circular (BR IFIC) (Terrestrial Services). In the Tables, this is referred to simply as "the Preface". Also additional information may be found in the guidelines published on the Bureau's website.

Key to the symbols used in Annex 1

X	Mandatory information
+	Mandatory under the conditions specified in Column 3 of Table 1 and Column 2 of Table 2
О	Optional information
С	Mandatory if used as a basis to effect coordination with another administration
	The data item is not applicable to the corresponding notice

¹ The Radiocommunication Bureau shall develop and keep up-to-date forms of notice to meet fully the statutory provisions of this Appendix and related decisions of future conferences. Additional information on the items listed in this Annex together with an explanation of the symbols is to be found in the Preface to the BR IFIC (Terrestrial Services).

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Reading Appendix 4 Tables 1 and 2

The rules used to link the sign with the text are based on the Table column headings covering specific procedures, services and frequency bands.

- If any data item has the indication "+", it shows that the data item is subject to a mandatory requirement under specific conditions. If these conditions are not met, the corresponding item is not applicable unless otherwise specified. These conditions are listed after the data item name and are normally presented as shown below.
- 2 "Required" without any reference to a column heading is used in the case that the associated condition is valid for every applicable column.

1.5.2	1B	the reference frequency, as defined in Article 1	///	+	+	1B
		Required if the modulation envelope is asymmetric				

"In the case of", followed by a reference to the column heading is used, as shown below, when the associated conditions are different for individual columns, or if the indication is not the same across all applicable columns.

7.1	7A	the class of emission	+	X	7A
		In the case of a VHF/UHF broadcasting station, required for assignments subject to § 5.1.3 of the GE06 Regional Agreement			

A subheading title limits the range of procedures, services or frequency bands to which the data items grouped under that subheading are applicable. Unless further specific conditions apply, the data items grouped under that subheading have an "X" as the conditional nature is shown in the subheading title. (WRC-12)

1.4.3	For assignments in the bands and services governed by the Geneva 06 Regional Agreement only			V)
			Z Z/	
1.4.3.4 D	C the digital broadcasting assignment code	X	Ì	DAC

Footnotes to Tables 1 and 2

 $^{^{}m I}$ The most recent version of Recommendation ITU-R SF.675 should be used to the extent applicable in calculating the maximum power density per Hz.

 $TABLE\ 1\quad (\mbox{Rev.\,WRC-12})$ Characteristics for terrestrial services

	,	
Column No.	Item identifier	Notice related to Description of data items and requirements
1		GENERAL INFORMATION AND FREQUENCY CHARACTERISTICS
1.1	В	the symbol of the notifying administration (see the Preface)
1.2	D	the provision code of the Radio Regulations under which the notice has been submitted
1.3	E	the resubmission indicator
		In the case of a VHF/UHF broadcasting station, or a typical transmitting station, required
		for an assignment subject to the GE06 Regional Agreement if the notice is resubmitted in
		the application of Article 11
		In the case of a transmitting station, or a receiving land station, required for an
		assignment subject to the GE06 Regional Agreement or Nos. 9.16, 9.18 or 9.19 if the
		notice is resubmitted in the application of Article 11
1.4.1	SYNC	Assignment and allotment identification information the identification symbols for the synchronized, or single-frequency, network
1.4.1	SINC	In the case of a VHF/UHF broadcasting station, required for a digital broadcasting assignment in a synchronized or single frequency network subject to the GE06 Regional Agreement In the case of an LF/MF broadcasting station, required for an assignment in a synchronized or single frequency network
1.4.2	ID1	the unique identification code given by the administration to the assignment or allotment
		Required for assignments subject to the GE06 Regional Agreement, and optional for assignments not subject to this Agreement
1.4.3		For assignments in the bands and services governed by the GE06 Regional
		Agreement only:
1.4.3.1	ID2	the unique identification code given by the administration for the associated allotment
		Required for a digital broadcasting assignment linked to an allotment, or converted from
		an allotment, within the GE06 Plan
1.4.3.2	ID3	the unique identification code given by the administration to the digital broadcasting Plan
		entry for which § 5.1.3 of the GE06 Agreement is to be applied
		Required if the notified assignment is to be operated under the mask of a digital broadcasting Plan entry in accordance with § 5.1.3 of the GE06 Regional Agreement
1.4.3.3	DEC	the digital broadcasting plan entry code that identifies the category of Plan entry to which
1.4.3.4	DAC	the assignment belongs
1.4.3.4	DAC	the digital broadcasting assignment code

Broadcasting (sound and television) stations in the VHF/UHF bands up to 960 MHz, for the application of No. 11.2 and No. 9.21	Broadcasting (sound) stations in the LF/MF bands, for the application of No. 11.2	Transmitting stations (except broadcasting stations in the planned LF/MF bands, in the HF bands governed by Article 12, and in the VHF/UHF bands up to 960 MHz), for the application of No. 11.2 and No. 9.21	Receiving land stations, for the application of No. 11.9 and No. 9.21	Typical transmitting stations, for the application of No. 11.17	Maritime mobile frequency allotment, for the application of plan modification under Appendix 25 (Nos. 25/1.1.1, 25/1.1.2, 25/1.25)	Broadcasting stations in the HF bands, for the application of No. 12.16	Item identifier
							,
X X	X	X X	X	X	X	X	B D E
X	X	X	X	X	X	X	D
+		+	+	+			
+	+						SYNC
+	0	+	+	+	0		ID1
+							ID2
+		+	+				ID3
X							DEC
X							DAC

Column No.	Item identifier	Notice related to Description of data items and requirements				
1.5		Frequency information				
1.5.1	1A	the assigned frequency, as defined in Article 1 In the case of a transmitting station, required for all services, except adaptive systems in the fixed or mobile service operating in the bands between 300 kHz and 28 MHz (see also Resolution 729 (Rev.WRC-07)) In the case of an HF broadcasting station under Article 12, required if neither the				
		preferred band nor reference frequency is provided				
1.5.2	1B	Required if the modulation envelope is asymmetric				
1.5.3	1G	the alternative frequency				
1.5.4	1X	the channel number of the proposed or allotted channel Required for submissions in accordance with Nos. 25/1.1.1, 25/1.1.2 or 25/1.25 of Appendix 25 if the assistance of the Bureau is not requested under No. 25/1.3.1 of Appendix 25				
1.5.5	1Y	the channel number of the alternative proposed channel				
1.5.6	1Z	the channel number of the channel to be replaced Required if the administration needs to replace its existing allotted channel				
1.5.7	1AA	the lower limit of the usable frequency range within which the carrier and the bandwidth of the emission will be located Required for adaptive systems in the fixed or mobile service operating in the bands between 300 kHz and 28 MHz (see also Resolution 729 (Rev.WRC-07))				
1.5.8	1AB	the upper limit of the usable frequency range within which the carrier and the bandwidth of the emission will be located Required for adaptive systems in the fixed or mobile service operating in the bands				
1.5.9	1C	between 300 kHz and 28 MHz (see also Resolution 729 (Rev.WRC-07))				
	10	the preferred band, in MHz In the case of maritime mobile frequency allotment, required if the assistance of the Bureau is requested under No. 25/1.3.1 of Appendix 25 In the case of an HF broadcasting station under Article 12, required for notices if assistance is requested in accordance with No. 7.6				
1.5.10		For digital broadcasting (except assignments subject to § 5.1.3 of the GE06 Regional				
		Agreement):				
1.5.10.1	1EO	the frequency offset, in kHz Required for an assignment subject to the GE06 Regional Agreement if the centre frequency of the emission is offset from the assigned frequency, and optional for assignments not subject to this Agreement				

Broadcasting (sound and television) stations in the VHF/UHF bands up to 960 MHz, for the application of No. 11.2 and No. 9.21	Broadcasting (sound) stations in the LFMF bands, for the application of No. 11.2	Transmitting stations (except broadcasting stations in the planned LF/MF bands, in the HF bands governed by Article 12, and in the VHF/UHF bands up to 960 MHz), for the application of No. 11.2 and No. 9.21	Receiving land stations, for the application of No. 11.9 and No. 9.21	Typical transmitting stations, for the application of No. 11.17	Maritime mobile frequency allotment, for the application of plan modification under Appendix 25 (Nos. 25/1.1.1, 25/1.1.2, 25/1.25)	Broadcasting stations in the HF bands, for the application of No. 12.16	Item identifier
							1A
X	X	+	X	X		+	
A	24.	,	24	24		,	
		+	+	+		+	1B
		'	•			0	10
						0	1G 1X
					+		
					0		1Y 1Z
					+		1Z
							1AA
		+					
							1AB
		+					
							1C
					+	+	
							1EO
+							11.0

Column No.	Item identifier	Notice related to Description of data items and requirements
1.5.11		For analogue television broadcasting:
1.5.11.1	1E	the vision carrier frequency offset, in multiples of 1/12 of the line frequency of the television system concerned, expressed by a number (positive or negative) Required if the vision carrier frequency offset, in kHz, (1E1) is not provided for assignments subject to the ST61, GE89 or GE06 Regional Agreements
1.5.11.2	1E1	the vision carrier frequency offset, in kHz, expressed by a number (positive or negative) Required if the vision carrier frequency offset, in multiples of 1/12 of the line frequency (1E) is not provided for assignments subject to the ST61, GE89 or GE06 Regional Agreements
1.5.11.3		For the case where the sound carrier frequency offset is different from the vision
1.5.11.3.1	1EA	carrier frequency offset:
1.5.11.3.1	IEA	the sound carrier frequency offset, in multiples of 1/12 of the line frequency of the television system concerned, expressed by a number (positive or negative) Required if the sound carrier frequency offset, in kHz, (1E1A) is not provided for assignments subject to the ST61, GE89 or GE06 Regional Agreements
1.5.11.3.2	1E1A	the sound carrier frequency offset, in kHz, expressed by a number (positive or negative)
		Required if the sound carrier frequency offset, in multiples of 1/12 of the line frequency (1EA) is not provided for assignments subject to the ST61, GE89 or GE06 Regional Agreements
2		DATE OF OPERATION
2.1	2C	the date (actual or foreseen, as appropriate) of bringing the frequency assignment (new or modified) into use
2.2	2E	the date for the end of operation of a frequency assignment In the case of a VHF/UHF broadcasting station, required, in the application of Article 11, when the operation of an assignment is limited to a specific period of time under § 4.1.5.4 of the GE06 Regional Agreement In the case of a transmitting station, a receiving land station, or a typical transmitting station, required, in the application of Article 11, when the operation of an assignment is limited to a specific period of time under § 4.2.5.5 of the GE06 Regional Agreement
2.3	2F	the season of operation code
2.4	10CA 10CB	the start date for the transmission the stop date for the transmission
2.6	10CB	the days of operation for the transmission during the HFBC schedule
3	1000	CALL SIGN AND STATION IDENTIFICATION
3.1	3A1	the call sign used in accordance with Article 19 In the case of a transmitting station, for the fixed service below 28 MHz, mobile service, meteorological aids service, radiolocation service between 3 and 50 MHz (operating in accordance with Resolution 612 (Rev.WRC-12)), or standard frequency and time signal service, in application of Article 11, required if the station identification (3A2) is not provided

Broadcasting (sound and television) stations in the VHF/UHF bands up to 960 MHz, for the application of No. 11.2 and No. 9.21	Broadcasting (sound) stations in the LF/MF bands, for the application of No. 11.2	Transmitting stations (except broadcasting stations in the planned LF/MF bands, in the HF bands governed by Article 12, and in the VHF/UHF bands up to 960 MHz), for the application of No. 11.2 and No. 9.21	Receiving land stations, for the application of No. 11.9 and No. 9.21	Typical transmitting stations, for the application of No. 11.17	Maritime mobile frequency allotment, for the application of plan modification under Appendix 25 (Nos. 25/1.1.1, 25/1.1.2, 25/1.25)	Broadcasting stations in the HF bands, for the application of No. 12.16	Item identifier
+							1E
+							1E1
+							1EA
+							1E1A
X	X	X	X	X	X		2C
+		+	+	+			2E
						X	2F
						X X X X	10CA 10CB
						X	2F 10CA 10CB 10CC
							3A1
0	0	+				0	

Column No.	Item identifier	Notice related to Description of data items and requirements
3.2	3A2	the station identification used in accordance with Article 19
		In the case of a transmitting station, for the fixed service below 28 MHz, mobile service, meteorological aids service, radiolocation service between 3 and 50 MHz (operating in accordance with Resolution 612 (Rev.WRC-12)), or standard frequency and time signal service, in application of Article 11, required if the call sign (3A1) is not provided
4		LOCATION OF THE TRANSMITTING ANTENNA(S)
4.1	4A	the name of the locality by which the transmitting station is known or in which it is situated
4.2	4AA	the name of the location of the intended coast station
4.2	4B	Required for submissions in accordance with No. 25/1.1.1 of Appendix 25
4.3		the code of the geographical area in which the transmitting station is located (see the Preface)
4.4	4C	the geographical coordinates of the transmitter site Latitude and longitude are provided in degrees, minutes and seconds
4.5	4CA	the geographical coordinates of the intended coast station Latitude and longitude are provided in degrees, minutes and seconds Required for submissions in accordance with No. 25/1.1.1 of Appendix 25
4.6	4H	HFBC site code
		Note – The code is assigned by the Bureau prior to commencement of the Article 12 procedure and represents the location of the station, its geographical area and geographical coordinates
4.7		For an area in which transmitting stations operate:
4.7.1	4CC	the geographical coordinates of the centre of the circular zone, in which mobile transmitting stations associated with a receiving land station, or a typical transmitting station are operating Latitude and longitude are provided in degrees, minutes and seconds In the case of a receiving land station, required: - for the maritime radionavigation service; and - for other services if the code of a geographical area or standard defined area (4E) is not provided In the case of a typical transmitting station, required if a geographical area or standard defined area (4E) is not provided
4.7.2	4D	the nominal radius, in km, of the circular zone, in which mobile transmitting stations associated with a receiving land station, or a typical transmitting station are operating In the case of a receiving land station, required: - for the maritime radionavigation service; and - for other services if the code of a geographical area or standard defined area (4E) is not provided In the case of a typical transmitting station, required if a geographical area or standard defined area (4E) is not provided

Broadcasting (sound and television) stations in the VHF/UHF bands up to 960 MHz, for the application of No. 11.2 and No. 9.21	Broadcasting (sound) stations in the LFMF bands, for the application of No. 11.2	Transmitting stations (except broadcasting stations in the planned LF/MF bands, in the HF bands goverred by Article 12, and in the VHF/UHF bands up to 960 MHz), for the application of No. 11.2 and No. 9.21	Receiving land stations, for the application of No. 11.9 and No. 9.21	Typical transmitting stations, for the application of No. 11.17	Maritime mobile frequency allotment, for the application of plan modification under Appendix 25 (Nos. 25/1.1.1, 25/1.1.2, 25/1.25)	Broadcasting stations in the HF bands, for the application of No. 12.16	Item identifier
О	0	+				0	3A2
X	X	X					4.4
Α	Λ	Α			+		4A 4AA
X	X	X					4B
X	X	X					4C
					+		4CA
						X	4H
			+	+			4CC
							4D
			+	+			

Column No.	Item identifier	Notice related to Description of data items and requirements
4.7.3	4E	the code of the geographical area or standard defined area (see the Preface) Note – The standard defined area for a receiving land station in the maritime mobile
		service may be a maritime zone. The standard defined area for a maritime mobile
		frequency allotment is the allotment area
		In the case of a receiving land station, for all services, except the maritime radionavigation service, required if a circular zone (4CC and 4D) is not provided
		In the case of a typical transmitting station, required if a circular zone (4CC and 4D) is not
	10	provided
4.8	4G	the ground conductivity Required for an assignment subject to the GE75 Regional Agreement
5		LOCATION OF THE RECEIVING ANTENNA(S)
5.1	5A	the name of the locality by which the receiving station is known or in which it is situated
		In the case of a transmitting station, required for an associated receiving station in the
		fixed service if the geographical coordinates of a given reception zone (5CA) are not provided
5.2	5B	the code of the geographical area in which the receiving station(s) is located (see the Preface)
		In the case of a transmitting station, required for an associated receiving station in the
		fixed service if the geographical coordinates of a given reception zone (5CA) are not provided
5.3	5C	the geographical coordinates of the site of the receiving station Latitude and longitude are provided in degrees, minutes and seconds
		In the case of a transmitting station, required for an associated receiving station in the fixed service if the geographical coordinates of a given reception zone (5CA) are not provided
5.4		For an area in which receiving stations operate:
5.4.1	5CA	the geographical coordinates of a given reception zone A minimum of 3 geographical coordinates are to be provided. All geographical coordinates (latitude and longitude) are provided in degrees, minutes and seconds For an associated receiving station in the fixed service, required if the name of the locality (5A), geographical area (5B) and geographical coordinates (5C) are not provided For all other services, except where the assignment is subject to the GE06 Agreement, required if neither a circular area (5E and 5F) nor a geographical area or standard defined

Broadcasting (sound and television) stations in the VHF/UHF bands up to 960 MHz, for the application of No. 11.2 and No. 9.21	Broadcasting (sound) stations in the LF/MF bands, for the application of No. 11.2	Transmitting stations (except broadcasting stations in the planned LF/MF bands, in the HF bands governed by Article 12, and in the VHF/UHF bands up to 960 MHz), for the application of No. 11.2 and No. 9.21	Receiving land stations, for the application of No. 11.9 and No. 9.21	Typical transmitting stations, for the application of No. 11.17	Maritime mobile frequency allotment, for the application of plan modification under Appendix 25 (Nos. 25/1.1.1, 25/1.1.2, 25/1.25)	Broadcasting stations in the HF bands, for the application of No. 12.16	Ttem identifier
			+	+	X		
	+						4G
							I
		+	X				5A
		+	X				5B
		+	X				5C
							5CA
		+					JOA

	Ŀ	Notice related to
ģ	ifi	
=	ent	
Column No.	j	
ු වි	ltem identifie	
	Ī	Description of data items and requirements
5.4.2	5TD	
5.4.2	5D	the code of the geographical area or standard defined area of reception (see the Preface)
		Note – The standard defined area of a transmitting station may be represented by a
		maritime zone or aeronautical zone. The standard defined area of a maritime mobile frequency allotment is a maritime zone. The standard defined area of an HF broadcasting
		station subject to Article 12 is represented by a CIRAF zone
		In the case of a transmitting station, except transmitting stations in the fixed service,
		maritime radionavigation service, aeronautical radionavigation service subject to the
		GE85-MM-R1 Regional Agreement or the maritime mobile service subject to the
		GE85-MM-R1 Regional Agreement, required if neither a circular receiving area (5E
		and 5F) nor geographical coordinates of a given reception zone (5CA) is provided
5.4.3	5E	the geographical coordinates of the centre of the circular receiving area
		Latitude and longitude are provided in degrees, minutes and seconds
		Required:
		for the maritime radionavigation service, aeronautical radionavigation service subject
		to the GE85-MM-R1 Regional Agreement or the maritime mobile service subject
		to the GE85-MM-R1 Regional Agreement; and
		 for all other services, except the fixed service, if neither a geographical area or
		standard defined area of reception (5D) nor the geographical coordinates of a given
		reception zone (5CA) is provided
5.4.4	5F	the radius, in km, of the circular receiving area Required:
		1
		 for the maritime radionavigation service, aeronautical radionavigation service subject to the GE85-MM-R1 Regional Agreement or the maritime mobile service subject to the
		GE85-MM-R1 Regional Agreement; and
		ODOS MAN TEL REGISTRA TIGISENENI, MIN
		 for all other services, except the fixed service, if neither the geographical area or
		standard defined area of reception (5D) nor the geographical coordinates of a given
	- C	reception zone (5CA) is provided
5.5	5G	the maximum length of the circuit, in km, for non-circular receiving areas
6		Stations in the HF bands only CLASS OF STATION AND NATURE OF SERVICE
6.1	6A	the class of station, using the symbols from the Preface
6.2	6B	the nature of service, using the symbols from the Preface
0.2	OD.	In the case of a transmitting station, required for all services, except the broadcasting
		service
7		CLASS OF EMISSION AND NECESSARY BANDWIDTH
		(in accordance with Article 2 and Appendix 1)
7.1	7A	the class of emission
		In the case of a VHF/UHF broadcasting station, required for assignments subject to
		§ 5.1.3 of the GE06 Regional Agreement
7.2	7AB	the necessary bandwidth
		In the case of a VHF/UHF broadcasting station, required for analogue sound broadcasting
L		assignments and for assignments subject to § 5.1.3 of the GE06 Regional Agreement

Broadcasting (sound and television) stations in the VHF/UHF bands up to 960 MHz, for the application of No. 11.2 and No. 9.21	Broadcasting (sound) stations in the LFMF bands, for the application of No. 11.2	Transmitting stations (except broadcasting stations in the planned LE/MF bands, in the HF bands governed by Article 12, and in the VHFUHF bands up to 960 MHz), for the application of No. 11.2 and No. 9.21	Receiving land stations, for the application of No. 11.9 and No. 9.21	Typical transmitting stations, for the application of No. 11.17	Maritime mobile frequency allotment, for the application of plan modification under Appendix 25 (Nos. 25/1.1.1, 25/1.1.2, 25/1.2.5)	Broadcasting stations in the HF bands, for the application of No. 12.16	Item identifier
		+			X	X	5D
		+					5E
		+					5F
		0			0		5G
X	X	X	X	X	X	X	6A 6B
		+	X	X	X		6B
			_				JI
+	X	X	X	X	X		7A
+	X	X	X	X	X	X	7AB

Column No.	Item identifier	Notice related to Description of data items and requirements
7.3		System characteristics:
7.3.1	7A1	the code describing the frequency stability (RELAXED, NORMAL or PRECISION) Required for analogue television broadcasting
7.3.2	7AA	the code for the type of modulation The type of modulation denotes the use of DSB, SSB or any new modulation techniques recommended by ITU-R
7.3.3	7B1	the adjacent channel protection ratio, in dB Required for the GE75 Regional Agreement
7.3.4	7B2	the "RJ 81 class" (A, B or C) Required for the RJ81 Regional Agreement
7.3.5	7G	the system code Note — The code identifies the category of system to which the station belongs and hence its protection requirements In the VHF band two codes are required for protection from T-DAB and DVB-T In the UHF band only one code is required for protection from DVB-T Required for an assignment subject to the GE06 Regional Agreement
7.3.6	7C1	the code identifying the television system (see the Preface) Required for television broadcasting assignments, except assignments subject to § 5.1.3 of the GE06 Regional Agreement
7.3.7	7C2	the code corresponding to the colour system (see the Preface) Required for analogue television broadcasting
7.3.8	7D	the code corresponding to the sound broadcasting transmission system (see the Preface) Note – For LF/MF systems, the signal may consist of analogue or digital modulation or data or some combination of them: the latter case is referred to as hybrid modulation In the case of a VHF/UHF broadcasting station, required for sound broadcasting assignments, except assignments subject to the GE06 Regional Agreement In the case of an LF/MF broadcasting station, required for an assignment with digital or hybrid modulation
7.3.9		For the GE06 Regional Agreement (except notices subject to § 5.1.3 of the GE06 Regional Agreement):
7.3.9.1	7H	the reference planning configuration (see the Preface) Required for digital sound broadcasting
7.3.9.2	7J	the type of spectrum mask
7.3.9.3	7K	the reception mode (see the Preface) Required for digital television broadcasting
7.3.10		For the fixed service in the bands shared with space services and any type of modulation as applicable:
7.3.10.1	7E	the peak to peak frequency deviation, in MHz
7.3.10.2	7F	the sweep frequency, in kHz, of the energy dispersal waveform

Broadcasting (sound and television) stations in the VHFUHF bands up to 960 MHz, for the application of No. 11.2 and No. 9.21	Broadcasting (sound) stations in the LF/MF bands, for the application of No. 11.2	Transmitting stations (except broadcasting stations in the planned LFMF bands, in the HF bands governed by Article 12, and in the VHFUHF bands up to 960 MHz), for the application of No. 11.2 and No. 9.21	Receiving land stations, for the application of No. 11.9 and No. 9.21	Typical transmitting stations, for the application of No. 11.17 $$	Maritime mobile frequency allotment, for the application of plan modification under Appendix 25 (Nos. 25/1.1.1, 25/1.1.2, 25/1.25)	Broadcasting stations in the HF bands, for the application of No. 12.16	Item identifier
+							7A1
						X	7AA
	+						7B1
	+						7B2
		+	+	+			7G
+							7C1
+							7C2
+	+						7D
+ X							7H
+							7J 7K
		C C					7E 7F

Column No.	Item identifier	Notice related to Description of data items and requirements
8		POWER CHARACTERISTICS
8.1	8	the symbol (X, Y or Z, as appropriate) describing the type of power (see Article 1) corresponding to the class of emission
8.2	8A	the power delivered to the antenna transmission line, in kW
8.3	8AA	the power delivered to the antenna, in dBW
		In the case of a transmitting station, required for an assignment:
		 in the bands below 28 MHz, in all services except the radionavigation service; or
		 in the bands above 28 MHz shared with space services; or
		- in the bands above 28 MHz not shared with space services:
		in the aeronautical mobile service, meteorological aids service; or
		in all other services, if the radiated power is not supplied In the case of a receiving land station, required if the associated transmitting station's
		radiated power is not supplied
		In the case of a typical transmitting station, required if the radiated power is not supplied
8.4	8AB	the maximum power density (dB(W/Hz)) for each carrier type averaged over the worst 4 kHz
		band for carriers below 15 GHz, or averaged over the worst 1 MHz band for carriers above
		15 GHz, supplied to the antenna transmission line For the fixed service in the bands shared with space services
8.5	8AC	the maximum power density (dB(W/Hz)) averaged over the worst 4 kHz band, calculated for
O.C	0.10	the maximum effective radiated power
		Note - For a receiving land station, the maximum power density refers to the
		associated transmitting station
		In the case of a VHF/UHF broadcasting station, required for assignments subject to
		§ 5.1.3 of the GE06 Regional Agreement In the case of a transmitting station, a receiving land station, or a typical transmitting
		station, required for assignments subject to the GE06 Regional Agreement
8.6	8B	the radiated power, in dBW, in one of the forms described in Nos. 1.161 to 1.163
		Note - Where adaptive systems in the fixed or mobile service operating in the bands
		between 300 kHz and 28 MHz (see also Resolution 729 (Rev.WRC-07)) use automatic
		power control, the radiated power includes the level of power control listed
		under 8BA
		For assignments in all services and frequency bands, except assignments subject to the GE06 Regional Agreement, required if the power delivered to the antenna (8AA), or the
		maximum antenna gain (9G), is not provided
		For an assignment subject to the GE06 Regional Agreement, required if the power
8.7	8BA	delivered to the antenna (8AA) is not provided
0.7	oDA	the range of power control, in dB Required for adaptive systems in the fixed or mobile service operating in the bands
		between 300 kHz and 28 MHz (see also Resolution 729 (Rev.WRC-07)), if automatic
		power control is used
8.8	8BH	the maximum effective radiated power, in dBW, of the horizontally polarized component
		Required for horizontal or mixed polarization

Broadcasting (sound and television) stations in the VHFVUHF bands up to 960 MHz, for the application of No. 11.2 and No. 9.21	Broadcasting (sound) stations in the LF/MF bands, for the application of No. 11.2	Transmitting stations (except broadcasting stations in the planned LFMF bands, in the HF bands governed by Article 12, and in the VHFUHF bands up to 960 MHz), for the application of No. 11.2 and No. 9.21	Receiving land stations, for the application of No. 11.9 and No. 9.21	Typical transmitting stations, for the application of No. 11.17	Maritime mobile frequency allotment, for the application of plan modification under Appendix 25 (Nos. 25/1.1.1, 25/1.1.2, 25/1.25)	Broadcasting stations in the HF bands, for the application of No. 12.16	Item identifier
X	X	X	X	X	X	X	8
	X					X	8A
		+	+	+	X		8A 8AA
		С					8AB
+		+	+	+			8AC
		+	+	+			8B
		+					8BA
+							8BH

Column No.	Item identifier	Notice related to Description of data items and requirements
8.9	8BV	the maximum effective radiated power, in dBW, of the vertically polarized component Required for vertical or mixed polarization
8.10	8BT	the maximum effective radiated power, in dBW, in the plane defined by the beam tilt angle For a digital broadcasting assignment in the UHF band subject to the GE06 Regional Agreement only
8.11	8D	the vision-to-sound carrier power ratio, in dB Required for analogue television broadcasting
8.12	9L	the maximum effective monopole radiated power, in dB(kW) Required for the GE75 Regional Agreement
8.13		For the RJ81 and RJ88 Regional Agreements:
8.13.1	91	the r.m.s. value of radiation The product of the r.m.s. characteristic field strength in the horizontal plane and the square root of the power
8.13.2	9IA	the value of the radiation at the central azimuth of the augmentation, in mV/m at 1 km Required for antenna radiation pattern type "M" (see 9O)
8.13.3	9P	the value of the special quadrature factor, in mV/m at 1 km Note – A special quadrature factor may be used with antenna pattern type "M" or "E" to replace the normal expanded quadrature factor when special precautions are taken to ensure pattern stability
9		ANTENNA CHARACTERISTICS
9.1		For a transmitting or receiving antenna:
9.1.1	9	the indicator showing whether the antenna is directional (D) or non-directional (ND) In the case of a receiving land station, required for an assignment subject to the GE06 Regional Agreement
9.1.2	9D	the code indicating the type of polarization (see the Preface) In the case of a transmitting station, required for an assignment: — in the fixed service in the bands shared with space services; or — subject to the GE06 Regional Agreement In the case of a receiving land station, required for an assignment subject to the GE06 Regional Agreement
9.1.3	9E	the height of the antenna above ground level, in metres In the case of a VHF/UHF broadcasting station, required for the ST61, GE84, GE89 or GE06 Regional Agreements, and optional for assignments not subject to these Agreements In the case of a transmitting station, required for an assignment: – in the bands shared with space services; or – subject to the GE06 Regional Agreement In the case of a receiving land station, required for an assignment subject to the GE06 Regional Agreement

Broadcasting (sound and television) stations in the VHF/UHF bands up to 960 MHz, for the application of No. 11.2 and No. 9.21	Broadcasting (sound) stations in the LFMF bands, for the application of No. 11.2	Transmitting stations (except broadcasting stations in the planned LEAMF bands, in the HF bands governed by Article 12, and in the VHF(JHF bands up to 960 MHz), for the application of No. 11.2 and No. 9.21	Receiving land stations, for the application of No. 11.9 and No. 9.21	Typical transmitting stations, for the application of No. 11.17	Maritime mobile frequency allotment, for the application of plan modification under Appendix 25 (Nos. 25/1.1.1, 25/1.1.2, 25/1.2.5)	Broadcasting stations in the HF bands, for the application of No. 12.16	Item identifier
+							8BV
О							8BT
+							8D
	+						9L
	X						91
	+						9IA
	0						9P
X		X	+		X	X	9
X		+	+				9D
+		+	+				9E

Column No.	Item identifier	Notice related to Description of data items and requirements
9.2		For a directional transmitting or receiving antenna:
9.2.1	9C	the total angular width of the radiation main lobe (beamwidth) measured horizontally in a plane containing the direction of maximum radiation, in degrees, within which the power radiated in any direction does not fall more than 3 dB below the power radiated in the direction of maximum radiation In the case of a transmitting station, required for all assignments, except assignments subject to GE06 Regional Agreement where it is optional In the case of a receiving land station, for an assignment subject to the GE06 Regional Agreement only
9.2.2	9GL	the antenna gain towards the local horizon For an assignment subject to the GE06 Regional Agreement only
9.2.3	9K	the lowest total receiving system noise temperature, in kelvins For an associated receiving antenna in the fixed service operating in the bands shared with space services only
9.3		For a transmitting antenna:
9.3.1	9EA	the altitude of the site above mean sea level, in metres In the case of a VHF/UHF broadcasting station, required for assignments subject to the ST61, GE84, GE89, or GE06 Regional Agreements, and optional for assignments not subject to these Agreements In the case of a transmitting station, required for an assignment: — in the fixed or mobile service in the bands shared with space services; or — subject to the GE06 Regional Agreement
9.3.2	9EB	the maximum effective height of the antenna, in metres, above the mean level of the ground between 3 and 15 km from the transmitting antenna In the case of a transmitting station, required for an assignment subject to the GE06 Regional Agreement
9.3.3	9EC	the effective height of the antenna, in metres, above the mean level of the ground between 3 and 15 km from the transmitting antenna, at 36 different azimuths in 10° intervals (i.e. 0°, 10°,, 350°), measured in the horizontal plane from True North in a clockwise direction In the case of a VHF/UHF broadcasting station, required for an assignment subject to the ST61, GE84, GE89 or GE06 Regional Agreements In the case of a transmitting station, required for an assignment subject to the GE06 Regional Agreement

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Broadcasting (sound and television) stations in the VHF/UHF bands up to 960 MHz, for the application of No. 11.2 and No. 9.21	Broadcasting (sound) stations in the LFMF bands, for the application of No. 11.2	Transmitting stations (except broadcasting stations in the planned LF/MF bands, in the HF bands governed by Article 12, and in the VHF/UHF bands up to 960 MHz), for the application of No. 11.2 and No. 9.21	Receiving land stations, for the application of No. 11.9 and No. 9.21	Typical transmitting stations, for the application of No. 11.17	Maritime mobile frequency allotment, for the application of plan modification under Appendix 25 (Nos. 25/1.1.2, 25/1.1.2,	Broadcasting stations in the HF bands, for the application of No. 12.16	Item identifier
							9C
		+	0		X		
		·	Ü				
		0	0				9GL
		С					9K
							9EA
)LII
+		+					
							9EB
X		+					
							9EC
+		+					
		l					1

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Ž	ıtif	
l	ge	
Column No.	Item identifier	
	Ite	Description of data items and requirements
0.2.4	0.0	
9.3.4	9G	the maximum antenna gain (isotropic, relative to a short vertical antenna or relative to a half-
		wave dipole, as appropriate) of the transmitting antenna (see No. 1.160) For a directional antenna, the gain is in the direction of maximum radiation
		In the case of a transmitting station, or a typical transmitting station:
		- for all frequency bands and services, except assignments subject to the GE06 Regional
		Agreement, required if the antenna is:
		- directional, including where the antenna beam is rotating or swept; or
		– non-directional, and the power to the antenna $(8A[\alpha])$ or the radiated power $(8B)$ is not
		provided
		- for an assignment subject to the GE06 Regional Agreement required if the radiated
		power (8B) is not provided
		In the case of a maritime mobile frequency allotment, required if the antenna is
0.2.5	03.4	directional, including where the antenna beam is rotating or swept the transmitting antenna design frequency
9.3.5	9M 9S	the beam tilt angle, in degrees
7.5.0	7.5	The beam tilt angle is measured from the horizontal plane towards ground and the sign of
		the angle is negative
		Note - In some broadcasting definitions, the angle may have the opposite sign
		For a digital broadcasting assignment in the UHF band subject to the GE06 Regional
		Agreement only
9.3.7	9J	the measured radiation pattern of the antenna, the reference radiation pattern or the
		symbols in standard references to be used for coordination
9.4		For a directional transmitting antenna where the antenna beam is rotating
0.11	0.17	or swept:
9.4.1	9AB1	the start azimuth for the range of operational angles for the antenna's main beam axis,
9.4.2	9AB2	measured in the horizontal plane from True North in a clockwise direction the end azimuth for the range of operational angles for the antenna's main beam axis,
7.7.2	/AD2	measured in the horizontal plane from True North in a clockwise direction
9.5	1	For a directional transmitting antenna where the antenna beam is not rotating or swept:
9.5.1	9A	the azimuth of maximum radiation of the transmitting antenna, measured in the horizontal
		plane from True North in a clockwise direction
9.5.2	9B	the elevation angle of maximum directivity, in degrees Required for an assignment in the bands shared with space services
9.5.3	9R	the slew angle measured between the azimuth of maximum radiation and the direction of
7.0.0		unslewed radiation
9.5.4	9NH	the value of attenuation of the horizontally polarized component, at 36 different azimuths in
		10° intervals (i.e. 0°, 10°,, 350°), measured in the horizontal plane from True North in a
		clockwise direction, with respect to the maximum effective radiated power of this
		component, in dB
		For all assignments, except digital broadcasting assignments subject to the GE06
		Regional Agreement and broadcasting assignments subject to § 5.1.3 of the GE06 Regional Agreement, required if the polarization is horizontal or mixed
	1	Regional Agreement, required it the polarization is norizontal of mixed

Broadcasting (sound and television) stations in the VHF/UHF bands up to 960 MHz, for the application of No. 11.2 and No. 9.21	Broadcasting (sound) stations in the LFMF bands, for the application of No. 11.2	Transmitting stations (except broadcasting stations in the planned LFMF bands, in the HF bands governed by Article 12, and in the VHFUHF bands up to 960 MHz), for the application of No. 11.2 and No. 9.21	Receiving land stations, for the application of No. 11.9 and No. 9.21	Typical transmitting stations, for the application of No. 11.17	Maritime mobile frequency allotment, for the application of plan modification under Appendix 25 (Nos. 25/1.1.1, 25/1.1.2, 25/1.25)	Broadcasting stations in the HF bands, for the application of No. 12.16	Item identifier
		+		+	+		9G
						X	9M 9S
o						v	98
		0				X	9 J
		X			X		9AB1
		X			X		9AB2
							0.4
		X			X	X	9A
		+					9B
						X	9R
+							9NH

Column No.	Item identifier	Notice related to Description of data items and requirements
9.5.5	9NV	the value of attenuation of the vertically polarized component, at 36 different azimuths in 10° intervals (i.e. 0°, 10°,, 350°), measured in the horizontal plane from True North in a clockwise direction, with respect to the maximum effective radiated power of this component, in dB
		For all assignments, except digital broadcasting assignments subject to the GE06 Regional Agreement and broadcasting assignments subject to § 5.1.3 of the GE06 Regional Agreement, required if the polarization is vertical or mixed
9.5.6	9UH	the value of attenuation of the horizontally polarized component in the horizontal plane, normalized to 0 dB, at 36 different azimuths in 10° intervals (i.e. 0°, 10°,, 350°), measured in the horizontal plane from True North in a clockwise direction, with respect to the maximum radiated power of this component, in dB In the case of a VHF/UHF broadcasting station, for a digital broadcasting assignment subject to the GE06 Regional Agreement and an assignment subject to § 5.1.3 of the GE06 Regional Agreement, required if the polarization is horizontal or mixed In the case of a transmitting station, for an assignment subject to § 5.1.3 of the GE06
9.5.7	9UV	Regional Agreement, required if the polarization is horizontal or mixed the value of attenuation of the vertically polarized component in the horizontal plane,
		normalized to 0 dB, at 36 different azimuths in 10° intervals (i.e. 0°, 10°,, 350°), measured in the horizontal plane from True North in a clockwise direction, with respect to the maximum radiated power of this component, in dB In the case of a VHF/UHF broadcasting station, for a digital broadcasting assignment subject to the GE06 Regional Agreement and an assignment subject to § 5.1.3 of the GE06 Regional Agreement, required if the polarization is vertical or mixed In the case of a transmitting station, for an assignment subject to § 5.1.3 of the GE06
9.6	9Q	Regional Agreement, required if the polarization is vertical or mixed the symbol identifying the type of antenna Type A – a simple vertical antenna Type B – a directional or omnidirectional antenna of complex construction
9.7		For a type A antenna (simple vertical antenna):
9.7.1	9EP	the transmitting antenna's physical length in metres Required for the GE75 Regional Agreement
9.7.2	9F	the electrical height of the antenna, in degrees Required for the RJ81 or RJ88 Regional Agreements
9.8		For a station subject to the GE75 Regional Agreement with a type B antenna (a directional antenna, or omnidirectional antenna of complex construction):
9.8.1	9GH	the antenna gain, in dB, in the horizontal plane, at 36 different azimuths in 10° intervals (i.e. 0°, 10°,, 350°), measured in the horizontal plane from True North in a clockwise direction

Broadcasting (sound and television) stations in the VHF/UHF bands up to 960 MHz, for the application of No. 11.2 and No. 9.21	Broadcasting (sound) stations in the LF/MF bands, for the application of No. 11.2	Transmitting stations (except broadcasting stations in the planned LFMF bands, in the HF bands governed by Article 12, and in the VHFUHF bands up to 960 MHz), for the application of No. 11.2 and No. 9.21	Receiving land stations, for the application of No. 11.9 and No. 9.21	Typical transmitting stations, for the application of No. 11.17	Maritime mobile frequency allotment, for the application of plan modification under Appendix 25 (Nos. 25/1.1.1, 25/1.1.2, 25/1.25)	Broadcasting stations in the HF bands, for the application of No. 12.16	Item identifier
+							9NV
+		+					9UH
+		+					9UV
	X						9Q
							9EP
	+						9F
	+						
	X						9GH

Column No.	Item identifier	Notice related to Description of data items and requirements
9.8.2	9GV	the antenna gain, in dB, in the vertical plane, at 36 different azimuths in 10° intervals (i.e. 0°, 10°,, 350°) measured in the horizontal plane from True North in a clockwise direction, and at ten different elevations in 10° intervals (i.e. 0°, 10°,, 90°) measured in the vertical plane *Note* – If administrations have difficulty in providing this information, they can provide a reference to any other information that may be of assistance (e.g. ITU-R Recommendation, antenna pattern) *Required for an assignment to be used for night-time operation
9.9		For a station subject to the RJ81 or RJ88 Regional Agreements with a type B antenna (a directional antenna, or omnidirectional antenna of complex construction):
9.9.1	90	the symbol identifying the type of antenna radiation pattern (T, M, or E)
9.9.2	,,,	For antenna radiation pattern type M:
9.9.2.1	9NA	the serial number of the augmentation as described by items 9IA, 9AA and 9CA
9.9.2.2	9AA	the central azimuth of the augmentation (centre of the span) in degrees
9.9.2.3	9CA	the total span of the augmentation, in degrees
9.9.3		For each tower of a type B antenna in the RJ81 or RJ88 Regional Agreements:
9.9.3.1	9T1	the serial number of each of the towers whose characteristics are described in items 9T2 to 9T8
9.9.3.2	9T8	the symbol corresponding to the tower structure
9.9.3.3	9T7	the electrical height, in degrees, of the tower under consideration
		Required if the tower is not top-loaded nor sectionalized (see 9.9.4)
9.9.3.4	9T2	the ratio of the tower field to the field of the reference tower Required if the antenna consists of two or more towers
9.9.3.5	9T3	the positive or negative phase difference in the tower field with respect to the field of the reference tower, in degrees
9.9.3.6	9T4	Required if the antenna consists of two or more towers the electrical spacing of the tower from the reference point, in degrees Required if the antenna consists of two or more towers
9.9.3.7	9T5	the angular orientation of the tower from the reference point, in degrees (clockwise) from True North Required if the antenna consists of two or more towers
9.9.4		For each tower of a type B antenna that is top-loaded or sectionalized in accordance
7.7.4		with the Regional Administrative MF Broadcasting Conference (Region 2) Rio de
		Janeiro, 1981 or 1988 Agreements:
9.9.4.1	9T9A	the description of a top-loaded or sectionalized tower
9.9.4.1	9T9B	the description of a top-loaded or sectionalized tower
J.J.M.4	7170	Required if tower structure symbol (9T8) is 1, 2, 5, 6, 7, 8 or 9

Broadcasting (sound and television) stations in the VHF/UHF bands up to 960 MHz, for the application of No. 11.2 and No. 9.21	Broadcasting (sound) stations in the LF/MF bands, for the application of No. 11.2	Transmitting stations (except broadcasting stations in the planned LFMF bands, in the HF bands governed by Article 12, and in the VHFC/HF bands up to 960 MHz), for the application of No. 11.2 and No. 9.21	Receiving land stations, for the application of No. 11.9 and No. 9.21	Typical transmitting stations, for the application of No. 11.17	Maritime mobile frequency allotment, for the application of plan modification under Appendix 25 (Nos. 25/1.1.1, 25/1.1.2, 25/1.25)	Broadcasting stations in the HF bands, for the application of No. 12.16	Item identifier
	+						9GV
	X						90
	X						9NA
	X X X						9NA 9AA 9CA
	X						9CA
	X						9T1
							9T8 9T7
	X +						9T7
	+						9T2
	+						9T3
	+						9T4
	+						9T5
	X						9T9A
	- X +						9T9A 9T9B

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Zolumn No.	Item identifier	
	Ħ	Description of data items and requirements
9.9.4.3	9T9C	the description of a top-loaded or sectionalized tower
2.2.4.3	7170	Required if the tower structure symbol (9T8) is 2, 5, 7 or 8
9.9.4.4	9T9D	the description of a top-loaded or sectionalized tower
		Required if tower structures symbol (9T8) is 2, 5 or 8
10		HOURS OF OPERATION
10.1	10B	the regular hours of operation (in hours and minutes from to) of the frequency assignment,
10.2	1070.4	in UTC
10.2	10BA 10D	the local operation period code (see the Preface)
10.3	10E	the estimated peak hours of traffic the estimated daily volume of traffic
11	TOE	COORDINATION AND AGREEMENT
11.1	11	the symbol of each administration with which coordination has been successfully effected
		Required if coordination is necessary and has been obtained pursuant to the relevant
		provisions of the Radio Regulations
11.2	11D	a declaration by the notifying administration that all conditions associated with the remark
		are fully met for recording the submitted assignment in the Master International Frequency
		Register Required for a digital broadcasting assignment subject to § 5.1.2 of the GE06 Regional
		Agreement and for the broadcasting and other primary services assignments notified
		pursuant to No. 5.1.3 of the Agreement
11.3	11C	a signed commitment from the notifying administration that the submitted assignment for
		recording in the Master International Frequency Register shall not cause unacceptable
		interference and shall not claim protection
11.4	11E	Required for an assignment subject to § 5.1.8 of the GE06 Regional Agreement a signed commitment from the notifying administration that the submitted assignment for
11.4	TIE	recording in the Master International Frequency Register shall not cause unacceptable
		interference and shall not claim protection
		Required for an assignment subject to § 5.2.6 of the GE06 Regional Agreement
11.5	11F	Recognition by the notifying administration that the registration of assignments in the
		aeronautical mobile (R) service in the 5 030-5 091 MHz frequency band accords with the
		purposes of ITU, including No. 7 of Article 1 of the ITU Constitution. Required for an assignment in aeronautical mobile (R) service in the frequency band
		5 030-5 091 MHz
12		OPERATING ADMINISTRATION OR AGENCY
12.1	12A	the symbol for the operating agency
12.2	12B	the symbol for the address of the administration responsible for the station and to which
		communication should be sent on urgent matters regarding interference, quality of
		emissions and questions referring to the technical operation of the circuit (see Article 15,
		also the Preface)
		In the case of a VHF/UHF broadcasting station, transmitting station, or a receiving land
13		station, required for application of Article 11 REMARKS
13.1	13C	Remarks for assisting the Bureau in processing the notice
13.1	130	Nomarks for assisting the Bureau in processing the notice

Broadcasting (sound and television) stations in the VHF/UHF bands up to 960 MHz, for the application of No. 11.2 and No. 9.21	Broadcasting (sound) stations in the LFMF bands, for the application of No. 11.2	Transmitting stations (except broadcasting stations in the planned LE/MF bands, in the HF bands governed by Article 12, and in the VHF(UHF bands up to 960 MHz), for the application of No. 11.2 and No. 9.21	Receiving land stations, for the application of No. 11.9 and No. 9.21	Typical transmitting stations, for the application of No. 11.1.7	Maritime mobile frequency allotment, for the application of plan modification under Appendix 25 (Nos. 25/1.1.1, 25/1.1.2, 25/1.25)	Broadcasting stations in the HF bands, for the application of No. 12.16	Item identifier
	+						9T9C
	+						9T9D
X	0	X	X	X	X	X	10B
	X						10BA 10D 10E
					X		10D
					X		10E
+	0	+	+	0	+		11
+		+	+				11D
+							11C
		+	+	+			11E
		+	+	+			11F
0	0	0	0	0		0	12A 12B
+	X	+	+	X		X	12B
	0		0	0		0	12C
О	0	0	0	0	0	0	13C

 ${\it TABLE~2}$ Characteristics for high altitude platform stations (HAPS) frequency assignments in the terrestrial services

Item identifier	1 - GENERAL CHARACTERISTICS OF THE HAPS	Transmitting station in the bands listed in No. 5.388A for the application of No. 11.2	Receiving station in the bands listed in No. 5.388A for the application of No. 11.9	Transmitting station in the bands listed in Nos. 5.537A and 5.552A for the application of No. 11.2	Receiving station in the bands listed in Nos. 5.543A and 5.552A for the application of No. 11.9	Item identifier
	GENERAL INFORMATION					
1.B	the symbol of the notifying administration (see the Preface)	X	X	X	X	1.B
1.D	the provision code of the Radio Regulations under which the notice has been submitted	X	X	X	X	1.D
1.ID1	the unique identifier given by the administration to the station	X	X	X	X	1.ID1
	LOCATION OF THE STATION					
1.4.a	the name by which the station is known	X	X	X	X	1.4.a
1.4.b	the code of the geographical area, above which the station is located (see the Preface)	X	X	X	X	1.4.b
1.4.c	the nominal geographical coordinates of the station Latitude and longitude are provided in degrees, minutes and seconds	X	X	X	X	1.4.c
1.4.h	the nominal altitude of the station above mean sea level, in metres	X	X	X	X	1.4.h
1.4.t	Station location tolerances:					1.4.t
1.4.t.1.a	the planned latitudinal tolerance northerly limit, using d.m.s units	X	X	X	X	1.4.t.1.a
1.4.t.1.b	the planned latitudinal tolerance southerly limit, using d.m.s units	X	X	X	X	1.4.t.1.b
1.4.t.2.a	the planned longitudinal tolerance easterly limit, using d.m.s units	X	X	X	X	1.4.t.2.a
1.4.t.2.b	the planned longitudinal tolerance westerly limit, using d.m.s units	X	X	X	X	1.4.t.2.b
1.4.t.3	the planned altitudinal tolerance, in metres	X	X	X	X	1.4.t.3
	COMPLIANCE WITH TECHNICAL OR OPERATIONAL LIMITS		1		1	U
1.14.b	a commitment that the HAPS does not exceed an out-of-band pfd of -165 dB(W/(m² \cdot 4 kHz)) at the Earth's surface in the bands 2 160-2 200 MHz in Region 2 and 2 170-2 200 MHz in Regions 1 and 3 (see Resolution 221 (Rev.WRC-07))	x				1.14.b
1.14.c	a commitment that the HAPS does not exceed the out-of-band pfd limits of $-165~\text{dB}(\text{W}/(\text{m}^2\cdot\text{MHz}))$ for angles of arrival (0) less than 5° above the horizontal plane, $-165+1.75~(0-5)~\text{dB}(\text{W}/(\text{m}^2\cdot\text{MHz}))$ for angles of arrival between 5° and 25° and $-130~\text{dB}(\text{W}/(\text{m}^2\cdot\text{MHz}))$ for angles of arrival between 25° and 90° (see Resolution 221 (Rev.WRC-07))	X				1.14.c
1.14.d	a commitment that the unwanted power density into the HAPS ground station antenna in the band 31.3-31.8 GHz shall not exceed –106 dB(W/MHz) under clear-sky conditions and –100 dB(W/MHz) under rainy conditions (see Resolution 145 (Rev.WRC-07)) Required in the band 31-31.3 GHz				+	1.14.d

Item identifier	1 - GENERAL CHARACTERISTICS OF THE HAPS	Transmitting station in the bands listed in No. 5.388A for the application of No. 11.2	Receiving station in the bands listed in No. 5.388A for the application of No. 11.9	Transmitting station in the bands listed in Nos. 5.537A and 5.552A for the application of No. 11.2	Receiving station in the bands listed in Nos. 5.543A and 5.552A for the application of No. 11.9	Item identifier
1.14.e	a commitment that the maximum power density into an ubiquitous HAPS ground station antenna in the Urban Area Coverage (UAC) shall not exceed 6.4 dB(W/MHz) for elevation angles of ground station antenna greater than 30° and less than or equal to 90° (see Resolution 122 (Rev.WRC-07)) Required in the bands 47.2-47.5 GHz and 47.9-48.2 GHz				+	1.14.e
1.14.f	a commitment that the maximum power density into an ubiquitous HAPS ground station antenna in the Suburban Area Coverage (SAC) shall not exceed 22.57 dB(W/MHz) for elevation angles of ground station antenna greater than 15° and less than or equal to 30° (see Resolution 122 (Rev.WRC-07)) Required in the bands 47.2-47.5 GHz and 47.9-48.2 GHz				+	1.14.f
1.14.g	a commitment that the maximum power density into an ubiquitous HAPS ground station antenna in the Rural Area Coverage (RAC) shall not exceed 28 dB(W/MHz) for elevation angles of ground station antenna greater than 5° and less than or equal to 15° (see Resolution 122 (Rev.WRC-07))				+	1.14.g
1.14.h	Required in the bands 47.2-47.5 GHz and 47.9-48.2 GHz a commitment that the separation distance between the nadir of the HAPS and a radio astronomy station operating in the band 48.94-49.04 GHz within the territory of another administration shall exceed 50 km (see Resolution 122 (Rev.WRC-07)) Required in the bands 47.2-47.5 GHz and 47.9-48.2 GHz			+		1.14.h
1.11.a	COORDINATION AND AGREEMENT the symbol of each administration with which coordination has been successfully effected, including where the agreement is to exceed the limits prescribed in the Radio Regulations	+	+	+	+	1.11.a
	Required if coordination is necessary and has been obtained pursuant to the relevant provisions of the Radio Regulations OPERATING ADMINISTRATION OR AGENCY					
1.12.a	the symbol for the operating agency	0	0	0	0	1.12.a
1.12.b	the symbol for the address of the administration responsible for the station and to which communication should be sent on urgent matters regarding interference, quality of emissions and questions referring to the technical operation of the circuit (see Article 15)	X	X	X	X	1.12.b
1.13.c	REMARKS	0	0		0	1.13.c
1.13.0	Remarks for assisting the Bureau in processing the notice	0	0	0	0	1.13.0

Item identifier	2 - CHARACTERISTICS TO BE PROVIDED FOR EACH INDIVIDUAL OR COMPOSITE HAPS ANTENNA BEAM	Transmitting station in the bands listed in No. 5.388A for the application of No. 11.2	Receiving station in the bands listed in No. 5.388A for the application of No. 11.9	Transmitting station in the bands listed in Nos. 5.537A and 5.552A for the application of No. 11.2	Receiving station in the bands listed in Nos. 5.543A and 5.552A for the application of No. 11.9	Item identifier
	IDENTIFICATION AND DIRECTION OF THE HAPS ANTENNA BEAM					
2.1.a	the designation of the HAPS antenna beam	X	X	X	X	2.1.a
2.1.b	an indicator showing whether the antenna beam, under 2.1.a, is fixed or whether it is steerable and/or reconfigurable	X	X	X	X	2.1.b
2.1.c	an indicator showing whether the HAPS antenna tracks the service area	X		X		2.1.c
2.1.d	an indicator showing whether the antenna beam is individual or composite beam	X	X	X	X	2.1.d
	ANTENNA CHARACTERISTICS					
2.9.g	the maximum co-polar isotropic gain	X	X	X	X	2.9.g
2.9.j	the measured radiation pattern of the antenna, the reference radiation pattern or the symbols in standard references to be used for coordination	X	X			2.9.j
2.9.gp	the co-polar antenna gain contours plotted on a map of the Earth's surface, preferably in a radial projection from the HAPS onto a plane perpendicular to the axis from the centre of the Earth to the HAPS The HAPS antenna gain contours shall be drawn as isolines of the isotropic gain, relative to the maximum antenna gain, when any of these contours is located either totally or partially outside the territory of the notifying administration The antenna gain contours shall include the effects of the planned longitudinal and latitudinal tolerance, planned altitudinal tolerance and the pointing accuracy of the antenna, taking into consideration the movement of the HAPS antenna boresight around the effective boresight area	X	X	X	X	2.9.gp

Item identifier	3 - CHARACTERISTICS TO BE PROVIDED FOR EACH FREQUENCY ASSIGNMENT FOR EACH INDIVIDUAL OR COMPOSITE HAPS ANTENNA BEAM	Transmitting station in the bands listed in No. 5.388A for the application of No. 11.2	Receiving station in the bands listed in No. 5.388A for the application of No. 11.9	Transmitting station in the bands listed in Nos. 5.537A and 5.552Afor the application of No. 11.2	Receiving station in the bands listed in Nos. 5.543A and 5.552A for the application of No. 11.9	Item identifier
2.1	ASSIGNED FREQUENCY		ı			1 1
3.1.a	the assigned frequency, as defined in No. 1.148	X	X	X	X	3.1.a
3.1.b	the reference frequency, as defined in Article 1 Required if the modulation envelope is asymmetric	+	+	+	+	3.1.b
3.2.c	DATE OF OPERATION					3.2.c
3.2.0	the date (actual or foreseen, as appropriate) of bringing the frequency assignment (new or modified) into use	X	X	X	X	3.2.0
	LOCATION OF THE ASSOCIATED ANTENNA(S)		T			1
	For an area in which associated transmitting/receiving ground station(s) operate:					
3.5.c.a	the geographical coordinates of a given zone A minimum of six geographical coordinates are required, in degrees, minutes and seconds NOTE – For the fixed service in the bands 47.2-47.5 GHz and 47.9-48.2 GHz the geographical coordinates are provided for each of the UAC, SAC and if applicable RAC (see the most recent version of Recommendation ITU-R F.1500) Required if neither a circular area (3.5.e and 3.5.f) nor a geographical area (3.5.d) are provided	+	+	+	+	3.5.c.a
3.5.d	the code of the geographical area (see the Preface) NOTE – For the fixed service in the bands 47.2-47.5 GHz and 47.9-48.2 GHz separate geographical areas are provided for each of the UAC, SAC and if applicable RAC (see the most recent version of Recommendation ITU-R F.1500) Required if neither a circular area (3.5.e and 3.5.f) nor the geographical coordinates of a given zone (3.5.c.a) are provided	+	+	+	+	3.5.d
3.5.e	the geographical coordinates of the centre of the circular area in which the associated ground station(s) are operating The latitude and longitude are provided in degrees, minutes and seconds NOTE – For the fixed service in the bands 47.2-47.5 GHz and 47.9-48.2 GHz different centres of the circular area may be provided for the UAC, SAC and if applicable RAC (see the most recent version of Recommendation ITU-R F.1500) Required if neither a geographical area (3.5.d) or geographical coordinates of a given zone (3.5.c.a) are provided	+	+	+	+	3.5.e
3.5.f	the radius, in km, of the circular area NOTE – For the fixed service in the bands 47.2-47.5 GHz and 47.9-48.2 GHz, a separate radius is provided for each of the UAC, SAC and if applicable RAC (see the most recent version of Recommendation ITU-R F.1500) Required if neither a geographical area (3.5.d) nor geographical coordinates of a given zone (3.5.c.a) are provided	+	+	+	+	3.5.f

Item identifier	3 - CHARACTERISTICS TO BE PROVIDED FOR EACH FREQUENCY ASSIGNMENT FOR EACH INDIVIDUAL OR COMPOSITE HAPS ANTENNA BEAM	Transmitting station in the bands listed in No. 5.388A for the application of No. 11.2	Receiving station in the bands listed in No. 5.388A for the application of No. 11.9	Transmitting station in the bands listed in Nos. 5.537A and 5.552Afor the application of No. 11.2	Receiving station in the bands listed in Nos. 5.543A and 5.552A for the application of No. 11.9	Item identifier
26-	CLASS OF STATION AND NATURE OF SERVICE		I			26-
3.6.a	the class of station, using the symbols from the Preface	X	X	X	X	3.6.a
3.6.b	the nature of service, using the symbols from the Preface	X	X	X	X	3.6.b
	CLASS OF EMISSION AND NECESSARY BANDWIDTH (in accordance with Article 2 and Appendix 1)					
3.7.a	the class of emission	X	X	X	X	3.7.a
3.7.b	the necessary bandwidth	X	X	X	X	3.7.b
	POWER CHARACTERISTICS OF THE TRANSMISSION					
3.8	the symbol (X, Y or Z, as appropriate) describing the type of power (see Article 1) corresponding to the class of emission	X	X	X	X	3.8.
3.8.aa	the power delivered to the antenna, in dBW, including the level of power control in 3.8.BA NOTE – For a receiving HAPS, the power delivered to the antenna refers to the associated transmitting ground station(s)	X		X	X	3.8.aa
3.8.AB	the maximum power density averaged over the worst 1 MHz band delivered to the antenna	X		X		3.8AB
3.8.BA	the range of power control, in dB NOTE – For a receiving HAPS, the power control refers to its use by the associated transmitting ground station(s) In the case of a receiving HAPS, required in the bands 47.2-47.5 GHz and 47.9-48.2 GHz	X			+	3.8.BA
	POLARIZATION AND RECEIVING SYSTEM NOISE TEMPERATURE		<u>'</u>			"
3.9.d	the code indicating the type of polarization (see the Preface)	X	X	X	X	3.9.d
3.9.j	the reference radiation pattern of the associated ground station(s) Required in the bands 47.2-47.5 GHz and 47.9- 48.2 GHz			+	+	3.9.j
3.9.k	the lowest total receiving system noise temperature, in kelvins, referred to the output of the receiving antenna		X		X	3.9.k
2 10 5	HOURS OF OPERATION		l l			2 10 5
3.10.b	the regular hours of operation (in hours and minutes from to) of the frequency assignment, in UTC	X	X	X	X	3.10.b

ANNEX 2

Characteristics of satellite networks, earth stations or radio astronomy stations² (Rev.WRC-12)

Information relating to the data listed in the following Tables

In many cases the data requirements involve the use of standard symbols in submissions to the Radiocommunication Bureau. These standard symbols may be found in the "Preface to the BR International Frequency Information Circular", (BR IFIC) (Space Services), the ITU-R webpage and the Space Radiocommunication Stations on DVD-ROM. (In the Table, this is referred to simply as "the Preface".) Information relating to the provision of data may also be found in ITU-R Recommendations, for example, information on the mask data can be found in the most recent version of Recommendation ITU-R S.1503, and the most recent version of Recommendation ITU-R SM.1413 provides general information related to submission of data.

Key to the symbols used in Tables A, B, C and D

X	Mandatory information
+	Mandatory under the conditions specified in Column 2
О	Optional information
С	Mandatory if used as a basis to effect coordination with another administration
	The data item is not applicable to the corresponding notice

The Radiocommunication Bureau shall develop and keep up-to-date forms of notice to meet fully the statutory provisions of this Appendix and related decisions of future conferences. Additional information on the items listed in this Annex together with an explanation of the symbols is to be found in the Preface to the BR IFIC (Space Services). (WRC-12)

Reading the Appendix 4 Tables

The rules used to link the sign with the text are based on the Table column headings covering specific procedures and specific services.

If any data item has a condition attached to it, then it has a "+".

A.6.c	if agreement has been reached, the related provision code (see the Preface)	\bigcap	+	A.6.c
C.8.f.1	the space station's nominal equivalent isotropically radiated power(s) (e.i.r.p.) on the beam axis Required only for a space-to-space link	^^	+	C.8.f.1

2 Data items grouped under a common subheading that limits the range of procedures, services or frequency bands have a "X" as the conditional nature is shown in the subheading title.

A.4.b.5	For space stations operating in a frequency band subject to the provisions of Nos. 9.11A, 9.12 or 9.12A, the data elements to characterize properly the orbital statistics of the non-geostationary-satellite system:		 A.4.b.5
A.4.b.5.a	the right ascension of the ascending node (Ω_j) for the j -th orbital plane, measured counter-clockwise in the equatorial plane from the direction of the vernal equinox to the point where the satellite makes its South-to-North crossing of the equatorial plane $(0^{\circ} \leq \Omega_j < 360^{\circ})$	X	A.4.b.5.a

3 "In the case of", followed by a reference to the column heading, is used as shown below when the associated conditions are different for individual columns, or if the indication is not the same across all applicable columns.

A.3.a	the symbol for the operating administration or agency (see the Preface) that is in operational control of the space station, earth station or radio astronomy station	X	+	A.3.a
	In the case of Appendix ${\bf 30B}$, required only for notification under Article 8			

Footnotes to Tables A, B, C and D

- 1 Not required for coordination under No. 9.7A.
- 2 In calculating the maximum power density per Hz, see the most recent version of Recommendation ITU-R SF.675. For carriers below 15 GHz, the power density is averaged over the worst 4 kHz band. For carriers at or above 15 GHz, the power density is averaged over the worst 1 MHz band.

Table of characteristics to be submitted for space and radio astronomy services $(\mbox{Rev.WRC}\,\mbox{-}12)$

the group, submitting the information on the satellite network (see the Preface) A.1.f.3 if the notice is submitted on behalf of an intergovernmental satellite organization, the symbol of that organization (see the Preface) A.1.g Not used A.1.g.1 Not used	Items in Appendix	A - GENERAL CHARACTERISTICS OF THE SATELLITE NETWORK, EARTH STATION OR RADIO ASTRONOMY STATION
A.1.b the beam identification In the case of Appendix 30 or 30A, required for modification, suppression or notification of Plan assignments In the case of Appendix 30B, required for a network derived from the Allotment Plan A.1.e Identity of the earth station or radio astronomy station: A.1.e.1 the type of earth station (specific or typical) A.1.e.2 the name of the station A.1.e.3 For a specific earth station or radio astronomy station: A.1.e.3.a the country or geographical area in which the station is located, using the symbols from the Preface A.1.e.3.b the geographical coordinates of each transmitting or receiving antenna site constituting the station latitude and longitude in degrees and minutes) For a specific earth station, seconds are to be provided if the coordination area of the earth station overlaps the territory of another administration A.1.f Administration and intergovernmental organization symbol: A.1.f.1 the symbol of the notifying administration (see the Preface) A.1.f.2 if the notice is submitted on behalf of a group of administrations, the symbols of each of the administrations in the group, submitting the information on the satellite network (see the Preface) A.1.f.3 if the notice is submitted on behalf of an intergovernmental satellite organization, the symbol of that organization (see the Preface) A.1.g. Not used	A.1	
In the case of Appendix 30 or 30A, required for modification, suppression or notification of Plan assignments In the case of Appendix 30B, required for a network derived from the Allotment Plan A.1.e. Identity of the earth station or radio astronomy station: A.1.e.1 the type of earth station (specific or typical) A.1.e.2 the name of the station A.1.e.3 For a specific earth station or radio astronomy station: A.1.e.3.a the country or geographical area in which the station is located, using the symbols from the Preface A.1.e.3.b the geographical coordinates of each transmitting or receiving antenna site constituting the station latitude and longitude in degrees and minutes) For a specific earth station, seconds are to be provided if the coordination area of the earth station overlaps the territory of another administration A.1.f Administration and intergovernmental organization symbol: A.1.f.1 the symbol of the notifying administration (see the Preface) if the notice is submitted on behalf of a group of administrations, the symbols of each of the administrations in the group, submitting the information on the satellite network (see the Preface) A.1.f.3 if the notice is submitted on behalf of an intergovernmental satellite organization, the symbol of that organization (see the Preface) Not used A.1.g. Not used	A.1.a	the identity of the satellite network
A.1.e. Identity of the earth station or radio astronomy station: A.1.e.1 the type of earth station (specific or typical) A.1.e.2 the name of the station A.1.e.3 For a specific earth station or radio astronomy station: A.1.e.3.a the country or geographical area in which the station is located, using the symbols from the Preface A.1.e.3.b the geographical coordinates of each transmitting or receiving antenna site constituting the station latitude and longitude in degrees and minutes) For a specific earth station, seconds are to be provided if the coordination area of the earth station overlaps the territory of another administration A.1.f Administration and intergovernmental organization symbol: A.1.f.1 the symbol of the notifying administration (see the Preface) A.1.f.2 if the notice is submitted on behalf of a group of administrations, the symbols of each of the administrations in the group, submitting the information on the satellite network (see the Preface) A.1.f.3 if the notice is submitted on behalf of an intergovernmental satellite organization, the symbol of that organization (see the Preface) A.1.g. Not used	A.1.b	In the case of Appendix 30 or 30A, required for modification, suppression or notification of Plan assignments
A.1.e.2 the name of the station A.1.e.3 For a specific earth station or radio astronomy station: A.1.e.3.a the country or geographical area in which the station is located, using the symbols from the Preface A.1.e.3.b the geographical coordinates of each transmitting or receiving antenna site constituting the station latitude and longitude in degrees and minutes) For a specific earth station, seconds are to be provided if the coordination area of the earth station overlaps the territory of another administration A.1.f Administration and intergovernmental organization symbol: A.1.f.1 the symbol of the notifying administration (see the Preface) A.1.f.2 if the notice is submitted on behalf of a group of administrations, the symbols of each of the administrations in the group, submitting the information on the satellite network (see the Preface) A.1.f.3 if the notice is submitted on behalf of an intergovernmental satellite organization, the symbol of that organization (see the Preface) A.1.g Not used Not used	A.1.e	Identity of the earth station or radio astronomy station:
A.1.e.3 For a specific earth station or radio astronomy station: A.1.e.3.a the country or geographical area in which the station is located, using the symbols from the Preface A.1.e.3.b the geographical coordinates of each transmitting or receiving antenna site constituting the station latitude and longitude in degrees and minutes) For a specific earth station, seconds are to be provided if the coordination area of the earth station overlaps the territory of another administration A.1.f Administration and intergovernmental organization symbol: A.1.f.1 the symbol of the notifying administration (see the Preface) A.1.f.2 if the notice is submitted on behalf of a group of administrations, the symbols of each of the administrations in the group, submitting the information on the satellite network (see the Preface) A.1.f.3 if the notice is submitted on behalf of an intergovernmental satellite organization, the symbol of that organization (see the Preface) A.1.g. Not used A.1.g.1 Not used	A.1.e.1	the type of earth station (specific or typical)
A.1.e.3.a the country or geographical area in which the station is located, using the symbols from the Preface A.1.e.3.b the geographical coordinates of each transmitting or receiving antenna site constituting the station latitude and longitude in degrees and minutes) For a specific earth station, seconds are to be provided if the coordination area of the earth station overlaps the territory of another administration A.1.f Administration and intergovernmental organization symbol: A.1.f.1 the symbol of the notifying administration (see the Preface) A.1.f.2 if the notice is submitted on behalf of a group of administrations, the symbols of each of the administrations in the group, submitting the information on the satellite network (see the Preface) A.1.f.3 if the notice is submitted on behalf of an intergovernmental satellite organization, the symbol of that organization (see the Preface) A.1.g Not used	A.1.e.2	the name of the station
A.1.e.3.b the geographical area in which the station is focated, using the symbols from the Fretace A.1.e.3.b the geographical coordinates of each transmitting or receiving antenna site constituting the station latitude and longitude in degrees and minutes) For a specific earth station, seconds are to be provided if the coordination area of the earth station overlaps the territory of another administration A.1.f Administration and intergovernmental organization symbol: A.1.f.1 the symbol of the notifying administration (see the Preface) A.1.f.2 if the notice is submitted on behalf of a group of administrations, the symbols of each of the administrations in the group, submitting the information on the satellite network (see the Preface) A.1.f.3 if the notice is submitted on behalf of an intergovernmental satellite organization, the symbol of that organization (see the Preface) A.1.g Not used A.1.g.1 Not used	A.1.e.3	For a specific earth station or radio astronomy station:
and longitude in degrees and minutes) For a specific earth station, seconds are to be provided if the coordination area of the earth station overlaps the territory of another administration A.1.f. Administration and intergovernmental organization symbol: A.1.f.1 the symbol of the notifying administration (see the Preface) A.1.f.2 if the notice is submitted on behalf of a group of administrations, the symbols of each of the administrations in the group, submitting the information on the satellite network (see the Preface) A.1.f.3 if the notice is submitted on behalf of an intergovernmental satellite organization, the symbol of that organization (see the Preface) A.1.g. Not used A.1.g.1 Not used	A.1.e.3.a	the country or geographical area in which the station is located, using the symbols from the Preface
A.1.f.1 the symbol of the notifying administration (see the Preface) A.1.f.2 if the notice is submitted on behalf of a group of administrations, the symbols of each of the administrations is the group, submitting the information on the satellite network (see the Preface) A.1.f.3 if the notice is submitted on behalf of an intergovernmental satellite organization, the symbol of that organization (see the Preface) A.1.g Not used A.1.g.1 Not used	A.1.e.3.b	and longitude in degrees and minutes) For a specific earth station, seconds are to be provided if the coordination area of the earth station
A.1.f.2 if the notice is submitted on behalf of a group of administrations, the symbols of each of the administrations is the group, submitting the information on the satellite network (see the Preface) A.1.f.3 if the notice is submitted on behalf of an intergovernmental satellite organization, the symbol of that organization (see the Preface) A.1.g. Not used A.1.g.1 Not used	A.1.f	Administration and intergovernmental organization symbol:
A.1.f.3 if the notice is submitted on behalf of an intergovernmental satellite organization, the symbol of that organization (see the Preface) A.1.g. Not used A.1.g.1 Not used	A.1.f.1	the symbol of the notifying administration (see the Preface)
A.1.g. Not used A.1.g.1 Not used	A.1.f.2	if the notice is submitted on behalf of a group of administrations, the symbols of each of the administrations in the group, submitting the information on the satellite network (see the Preface)
A.1.g.1 Not used	A.1.f.3	
	A.1.g	Not used
A 1 g 2 Not used	A.1.g.1	Not used
A.T.g.2 Not used	A.1.g.2	Not used

Advance publication of a geostationary- satellite network	Advance publication of a non- geostationary-satellite network subject to coordination under Section II of Article 9	Advance publication of a non-geostationary-satellite network not subject to coordination under Section II of Article 9	Notification or coordination of a geostationary-satellite network (including space operation functions under Article 2A of Appendices 30 or 30A)	Notification or coordination of a non- geostationary-satellite network	Notification or coordination of an earth station (including notification under Appendices 30A or 30B)	Notice for a satellite network in the broadcasting-satellite service under Appendix 30 (Articles 4 and 5)	Notice for a satellite network (feeder-link) under Appendix 30A (Articles 4 and 5)	Notice for a satellite network in the fixed- satellite service under Appendix 30B (Articles 6 and 8)	Items in Appendix	Radio astronomy
									A.1	
X	X	X	X	X		X	X	X	A.1.a	
						+	+	+	A.1.b	
									A.1.e	
					X				A.1.e.1	
					X				A.1.e.2	X
									A.1.e.3	
					X				A.1.e.3.a	X
									A.1.e.3.b	
					X					X
									A.1.f	
X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	A.1.f.1	X
+	+	+	+	+		+	+	+	A.1.f.2	
+	+	+	+	+		+	+	+	A.1.f.3	
	-	•	•	•				*	A.1.g	
									A.1.g.1	
									A.1.g.2	

Items in Appendix	A - GENERAL CHARACTERISTICS OF THE SATELLITE NETWORK, EARTH STATION OR RADIO ASTRONOMY STATION
A.2	DATE OF BRINGING INTO USE
A.2.a	the date (actual or foreseen, as appropriate) of bringing the frequency assignment (new or modified) into use For a frequency assignment to a GSO space station, including frequency assignments in Appendices 30, 30A and 30B, the date of bringing into use is as defined in Nos. 11.44B and 11.44.2 Whenever the assignment is changed in any of its basic characteristics (except in the case of a change
	whenever the assignment is changed in any of its basic characteristics (except in the case of a change under A.1.a, the date to be given shall be that of the latest change (actual or foreseen, as appropriate) Required only for notification.
A.2.b	for a space station, the period of validity of the frequency assignments (see Resolution 4 (Rev. WRC-03))
A.2.c	the date (actual or foreseen, as appropriate) on which reception of the frequency band begins or on which any of the basic characteristics are modified
A.3	OPERATING ADMINISTRATION OR AGENCY
A.3.a	the symbol for the operating administration or agency (see the Preface) that is in operational control of the space station, earth station or radio astronomy station In the case of Appendix 30B, required only for notification under Article 8
A.3.b	the symbol for the address of the administration (see the Preface) to which communication should be sent on urgent matters regarding interference, quality of emissions and questions referring to the technical operation of the network or station (see Article 15) In the case of Appendix 30B, required only for notification under Article 8
A.4	ORBITAL INFORMATION
A.4.a	For a space station onboard a geostationary-satellite:
A.4.a.1	the nominal geographical longitude on the geostationary-satellite orbit (GSO)
A.4.a.2	Orbital tolerances
A.4.a.2.a	the planned longitudinal tolerance easterly limit
A.4.a.2.b	the planned longitudinal tolerance westerly limit
A.4.a.2.c	the planned inclination excursion
A.4.a.4	Not used
A.4.a.4.a	Not used
A.4.a.4.b	Not used

Advance publication of a geostationary- satellite network	Advance publication of a non- geostationary-satellite network subject to coordination under Section II of Article 9	Advance publication of a non- geostationary-satellite network not subject to coordination under Section II of Article 9	Notification or coordination of a geostationary-satellite network (including space operation functions under Article 2A of Appendices 30 or 30A)	Notification or coordination of a non- geostationary-satellite network	Notification or coordination of an earth station (including notification under Appendices 30A or 30B)	Notice for a satellite network in the broadcasting-satellite service under Appendix 30 (A rticles 4 and 5)	Notice for a satellite network (feeder-link) under Appendix 30A (Articles 4 and 5)	Notice for a satellite network in the fixed- satellite service under Appendix 30B (Articles 6 and 8)	Items in Appendix	Radio astronomy
									A.2	
			+	+	+	+	+	+	A.2.a	
	***	¥	v	**					A.2.b	
X	X	X	X	X					A.2.c	
										X
									A.3	
		X	X	X	X	X	X	+	A.3.a	X
		X	X	X	X	X	X	+	A.3.b	X
									A.4	
									A.4.a	
X			X			X	X	X	A.4.a.1	
									A.4.a.2	
			X			X	X	X	A.4.a.2.a	
			X			X	X	X	A.4.a.2.b	
			X					X	A.4.a.2.c	
									A.4.a.4	
									A.4.a.4.a	
									A.4.a.4.b	

Items in Appendix	A - GENERAL CHARACTERISTICS OF THE SATELLITE NETWORK, EARTH STATION OR RADIO ASTRONOMY STATION
A.4.b	For space station(s) onboard non-geostationary satellite(s):
A.4.b.1	the number of orbital planes
A.4.b.2	the reference body code
A.4.b.3	For space stations of a non-geostationary fixed-satellite service system operating in the band 3 400- $4200\mathrm{MHz}$:
A.4.b.3.a	the maximum number of space stations (N_N) in a non-geostationary-satellite system simultaneously transmitting on a co-frequency basis in the fixed-satellite service in the Northern Hemisphere
A.4.b.3.b	the maximum number of space stations (N_S) in a non-geostationary-satellite system simultaneously transmitting on a co-frequency basis in the fixed-satellite service in the Southern Hemisphere
A.4.b.4	For each orbital plane, where the Earth is the reference body:
A.4.b.4.a	the angle of inclination (i_j) of the orbital plane with respect to the Earth's equatorial plane $(0^{\circ} \le i_j < 180^{\circ})$
A.4.b.4.b	the number of satellites in the orbital plane
A.4.b.4.c	the period
A.4.b.4.d	the altitude, in kilometres, of the apogee of the space station
A.4.b.4.e	the altitude, in kilometres, of the perigee of the space station
A.4.b.4.f	the minimum altitude of the space station above the surface of the Earth at which any satellite transmits
A.4.b.5	For space stations operating in a frequency band subject to the provisions of Nos. 9.11A, 9.12 or 9.12A, the data elements to characterize properly the orbital statistics of the non-geostationary-satellite system:
A.4.b.5.a	the right ascension of the ascending node (Ω_j) for the j -th orbital plane, measured counter-clockwise in the equatorial plane from the direction of the vernal equinox to the point where the satellite makes its South-to-North crossing of the equatorial plane $(0^\circ \le \Omega_j < 360^\circ)$
A.4.b.5.b	the initial phase angle (ω_i) of the <i>i</i> -th satellite in its orbital plane at reference time $t = 0$, measured from the point of the ascending node $(0^{\circ} \le \omega_i < 360^{\circ})$
A.4.b.5.c	the argument of perigee (ω_p) , measured in the orbital plane, in the direction of motion, from the ascending node to the perigee $(0^\circ \le \omega_p < 360^\circ)$
A.4.b.6	For space stations operating in a frequency band subject to Nos. 22.5C, 22.5D or 22.5F, the data elements to characterize properly the orbital operation of the non-geostationary-satellite system:
A.4.b.6.a	For each range of latitudes:
A.4.b.6.a.1	the maximum number of non-geostationary satellites transmitting with overlapping frequencies to a given location
A.4.b.6.a.2	the associated start of the latitude range
A.4.b.6.a.3	the associated end of the latitude range
A.4.b.6.b	Not used
A.4.b.6.c	an indicator showing whether the space station uses station-keeping to maintain a repeating ground track

Advance publication of a geostationary- satellite network	Advance publication of a non- geostationary-satellite network subject to coordination under Section II of Article 9	Advance publication of a non-geostationary-satellite network not subject to coordination under Section II of Article 9	Notification or coordination of a geostationary-satellite network (including space operation functions under Article 2A of Appendices 30 or 30A)	Notification or coordination of a non- geostationary-satellite network	Notification or coordination of an earth station (including notification under Appendices 30A or 30B)	Notice for a satellite network in the broadcasting-satellite service under Appendix 30 (Articles 4 and 5)	Notice for a satellite network (feeder-link) under Appendix 30A (Articles 4 and 5)	Notice for a satellite network in the fixed- satellite service under Appendix 30B (Articles 6 and 8)	Items in Appendix	Radio astronomy
									A.4.b	
		X		X					A.4.b.1	
	X	X		X					A.4.b.2	
									A.4.b.3	
		X		X					A.4.b.3.a	
		X		X					A.4.b.3.b	
									A.4.b.4	
		X		X					A.4.b.4.a	
		X		X					A.4.b.4.b	
		X		X					A.4.b.4.c	
		X		X					A.4.b.4.d	
		X		X					A.4.b.4.e	
		X		X					A.4.b.4.f	
									A.4.b.5	
				X					A.4.b.5.a	
				X					A.4.b.5.b	
				X					A.4.b.5.c	
									A.4.b.6	
									A.4.b.6.a	
				X					A.4.b.6.a.1	
				X					A.4.b.6.a.2	
				X					A.4.b.6.a.3	
				X					A.4.b.6.c	

Items in Appendix	A - GENERAL CHARACTERISTICS OF THE SATELLITE NETWORK, EARTH STATION OR RADIO ASTRONOMY STATION
A.4.b.6.d	if the space station uses station-keeping to maintain a repeating ground track, the time in seconds that it takes for the constellation to return to its starting position, i.e. such that all satellites are in the same location with respect to the Earth and each other
A.4.b.6.e	an indicator showing whether the space station should be modelled with a specific precession rate of the ascending node of the orbit instead of the J_2 term
A.4.b.6.f	if the space station is to be modelled with a specific precession rate of the ascending node of the orbit instead of the J_2 term, the precession rate in degrees/day, measured counter-clockwise in the equatorial plane
A.4.b.6.g	the longitude of the ascending node (θ_i) for the <i>j</i> -th orbital plane, measured counter-clockwise in the equatorial plane from the Greenwich meridian to the point where the satellite orbit makes its South-to-North crossing of the equatorial plane $(0^\circ \le \theta_j < 360^\circ)$ Note – For the evaluation of epfd a reference to a point on the Earth is used and hence the "longitude of the ascending node" is required. All satellites in the constellation must use the same reference time
A.4.b.6.h	the ascending mode is required. An sate mess in the constenation must use the same reference time the date (day:month:year) at which the satellite is at the location defined by the longitude of the ascending node (θ), (see Note under A.4.b.6.g)
A.4.b.6.i	the time (hours:minutes) at which the satellite is at the location defined by the longitude of the ascending node (θ), (see Note under A.4.b.6.g)
A.4.b.6.j	the longitudinal tolerance of the longitude of the ascending node
A.4.b.7	For space stations operating in a frequency band subject to Nos. 22.5C, 22.5D or 22.5F, the data elements to characterize properly the performance of the non-geostationary-satellite system:
A.4.b.7.a	the maximum number of non-geostationary satellites receiving simultaneously with overlapping frequencies from the associated earth stations within a given cell
A.4.b.7.b	the average number of associated earth stations with overlapping frequencies per square kilometre within a cell
A.4.b.7.c	the average distance, in kilometres, between co-frequency cells
A.4.b.7.d	For the exclusion zone about the geostationary-satellite orbit:
A.4.b.7.d.1	the type of zone (based on topocentric angle, satellite-based angle or other method for establishing the exclusion zone)
A.4.b.7.d.2	if the zone is based on a topocentric angle or a satellite-based angle, the width of the zone, in degrees
A.4.b.7.d.3	if an alternative method is used for establishing the exclusion zone, a detailed description of the avoidance mechanism
A.4.c	For an earth station:
A.4.c.1	the identity of the associated space station(s) with which communication is to be established
A.4.c.2	if communication is to be established with a geostationary space station, its orbital position

Advance publication of a geostationary- satellite network	Advance publication of a non- geostationary-satellite network subject to coordination under Section II of Article 9	Advance publication of a non- geostationary-satellite network not subject to coordination under Section II of Article 9	Notification or coordination of a geostationary-satellite network (including space operation functions under Article 2A of Appendices 30 or 30A)	Notification or coordination of a non- geostationary-satellite network	Notification or coordination of an earth station (including notification under Appendices 30A or 30B)	Notice for a satellite network in the broadcasting-satellite service under Appendix 30 (Articles 4 and 5)	Notice for a satellite network (feeder-link) under Appendix 30A (Articles 4 and 5)	Notice for a satellite network in the fixed- satellite service under Appendix 30B (Articles 6 and 8)	Items in Appendix	Radio astronomy
				+					A.4.b.6.d	
				X					A.4.b.6.e	
				+					A.4.b.6.f	
				X					A.4.b.6.g	
				X					A.4.b.6.h	
				X					A.4.b.6.i	
				X					A.4.b.6.j	
									A.4.b.7	
				X					A.4.b.7.a	
				X					A.4.b.7.b	
				X					A.4.b.7.c	
									A.4.b.7.d	
				X					A.4.b.7.d.1	
				+					A.4.b.7.d.2	
				+					A.4.b.7.d.3	
				-					A.4.c	
					X				A.4.c.1	
				`	+				A.4.c.2	

Items in Appendix	A - GENERAL CHARACTERISTICS OF THE SATELLITE NETWORK, EARTH STATION OR RADIO ASTRONOMY STATION
A.5	COORDINATIONS
A.5.a.1	the symbol of any administration (see the Preface) with which coordination has been successfully effected Required only in the case of notification
A.5.a.2	the symbol of any intergovernmental organization (see the Preface) with which coordination has been successfully effected Required only in the case of notification
A.5.b.1	the symbol of any administration (see the Preface) with which coordination has been sought but not completed
A.5.b.2	the symbol of any intergovernmental organization (see the Preface) with which coordination has been sought but not completed
A.5.c	the related provision code (see the Preface) under which coordination has been sought or completed if either A.5.a.1 (and A.5.a.2) or A.5.b.1 (and A.5.b.2) has been supplied
A.6	AGREEMENTS
A.6.a	if appropriate, the symbol of any administration or administration representing a group of administrations (see the Preface) with which agreement has been reached, including where the agreement is to exceed the limits prescribed in these Regulations
A.6.b	if appropriate, the symbol of any intergovernmental organization (see the Preface) with which agreement has been reached, including where the agreement is to exceed the limits prescribed in these Regulations
A.6.c	if agreement has been reached, the related provision code (see the Preface)
A.7	SPECIFIC EARTH STATION OR RADIO ASTRONOMY STATION SITE CHARACTERISTICS
A.7.a.1	the horizon elevation angle, in degrees, for each azimuth around the earth station
A.7.a.2	the distance, in kilometres, from the earth station to the horizon for each azimuth around the earth station
A.7.b.1	the planned minimum angle of elevation of the antenna's main beam axis, in degrees, from the horizontal plane For determining the minimum elevation angle of an earth station, due regard should be given to possible inclined-orbit operation of the associated geostationary space station In the case of an earth station, required for operation to geostationary satellites
A.7.b.2	the planned maximum angle of elevation of the antenna's main beam axis, in degrees, from the horizontal plane
A.7.c.1	the start azimuth for the planned range of operating azimuthal angles for the antenna's main beam axis, in degrees, clockwise from True North For determining the start azimuth of an earth station, due regard should be given to possible inclined-orbit
	operation of the associated geostationary space station In the case of an earth station, required for operation to geostationary satellites

Advance publication of a geostationary- satellite network	Advance publication of a non- geostationary-satellite network subject to coordination under Section II of Article 9	Advance publication of a non-geostationary-satellite network not subject to coordination under Section II of Article 9	Notification or coordination of a geostationary-satellite network (including space operation functions under Article 2A of Appendices 30 or 30A)	Notification or coordination of a non- geostationary-satellite network	Notification or coordination of an earth station (including notification under Appendices 30A or 30B)	Notice for a satellite network in the broadcasting-satellite service under Appendix 30 (Articles 4 and 5)	Notice for a satellite network (feeder-link) under Appendix 30A (Articles 4 and 5)	Notice for a satellite network in the fixed- satellite service under Appendix 30B (Articles 6 and 8)	Items in Appendix	Radio astronomy
									A.5	
			+	+	+1				A.5.a.1	
			+	+	+1				A.5.a.2	
			0	0	0				A.5.b.1	
			0	o					A.5.b.2	
			+	+	+1				A.5.c	
									A.6	
			+	+	+ 1	+	+	+	A.6.a	
			+	+	+1	+	+	+	A.6.b	
			+	+	+1	+	+	+	A.6.c	
									A.7	
					+1				A.7.a.1	
					0				A.7.a.2	
									A.7.b.1	
					+ 1					X
									A.7.b.2	X
									A.7.c.1	
					+1					X

Items in Appendix	A - GENERAL CHARACTERISTICS OF THE SATELLITE NETWORK, EARTH STATION OR RADIO ASTRONOMY STATION
A.7.c.2	the end azimuth for the planned range of operating azimuthal angles for the antenna's main beam axis, in degrees, clockwise from True North
	For determining the end azimuth of an earth station, due regard should be given to possible inclined-orbit operation of the associated geostationary space station
	In the case of an earth station, required for operation to geostationary satellites
A.7.d	the altitude, in metres, of the antenna above mean sea level
A.7.e	the minimum angle of elevation of the antenna's main beam axis, in degrees, from the horizontal plane for each azimuth around the earth station Required for earth stations operating with non-geostationary space stations
A.7.f	the antenna diameter, in metres Required only for fixed-satellite service earth stations operating in the frequency bands 13.75-14 GHz, 24.65-25.25 GHz (Region 1) and 24.65-24.75 GHz (Region 3)
A.8	Not used
A.9	Not used
A.10	EARTH STATION COORDINATION AREA DIAGRAMS
A.10.a	the diagrams shall be drawn to an appropriate scale, indicating, for both transmission and reception, the location of the earth station and its associated coordination areas, or the coordination area related to the service area in which it is intended to operate the mobile earth station Required only for notification
A.11	REGULAR HOURS OF OPERATION
A.11.a	the start time UTC
A.11.b	the stop time UTC
A.12	
	RANGE OF AUTOMATIC GAIN CONTROL, in dB
A.13	RANGE OF AUTOMATIC GAIN CONTROL, in dB REFERENCES TO THE PUBLISHED SPECIAL SECTIONS OF THE BUREAU'S INTERNATIONAL FREQUENCY INFORMATION CIRCULAR (see the Preface)
	REFERENCES TO THE PUBLISHED SPECIAL SECTIONS OF THE BUREAU'S INTERNATIONAL
A.13	REFERENCES TO THE PUBLISHED SPECIAL SECTIONS OF THE BUREAU'S INTERNATIONAL FREQUENCY INFORMATION CIRCULAR (see the Preface)
A.13 A.13.a	REFERENCES TO THE PUBLISHED SPECIAL SECTIONS OF THE BUREAU'S INTERNATIONAL FREQUENCY INFORMATION CIRCULAR (see the Preface) the reference and number of the advance publication information in accordance with No. 9.1 the reference and number of the coordination request in accordance with No. 9.6 In the case of notification of an earth station, the reference to the Special Section of the associated satellite network has to be provided In the case of notification of an earth station coordinated under No. 9.7A, the coordination Special Section
A.13.a A.13.b	REFERENCES TO THE PUBLISHED SPECIAL SECTIONS OF THE BUREAU'S INTERNATIONAL FREQUENCY INFORMATION CIRCULAR (see the Preface) the reference and number of the advance publication information in accordance with No. 9.1 the reference and number of the coordination request in accordance with No. 9.6 In the case of notification of an earth station, the reference to the Special Section of the associated satellite network has to be provided In the case of notification of an earth station coordinated under No. 9.7A, the coordination Special Section number of this earth station has to be provided

Advance publication of a geostationary- satellite network	Advance publication of a non- geostationary-satellite network subject to coordination under Section II of Article 9	Advance publication of a non- geostationary-satellite network not subject to coordination under Section II of Article 9	Notification or coordination of a geostationary-satellite network (including space operation functions under Article 2A of Appendices 30 or 30A)	Notification or coordination of a non- geostationary-satellite network	Notification or coordination of an earth station (including notification under Appendices 30A or 30B)	Notice for a satellite network in the broadcasting-satellite service under Appendix 30 (Articles 4 and 5)	Notice for a satellite network (feeder-link) under Appendix 30A (Articles 4 and 5)	Notice for a satellite network in the fixed- satellite service under Appendix 30B (Articles 6 and 8)	Items in Appendix	Radio astronomy
					+1				A.7.c.2	X
					+ 1				A.7.d	
					+				A.7.e	
					+ 1				A.7.f	
									A.8	
									A.9	
									A.10	
					+				A.10.a	
									A.11	
						X	X		A.11.a	
						X	X		A.11.b	
							X		A.12	
									A.13	
			X	X	X				A.13.a	
			X	X	X				A.13.b	
			Λ	Λ	А				4.10	
						X			A.13.c A.13.d	
							X		A.13.d A.13.e	
					X			X	A.13.0	

Items in Appendix	A - GENERAL CHARACTERISTICS OF THE SATELLITE NETWORK, EARTH STATION OR RADIO ASTRONOMY STATION
A.14	FOR STATIONS OPERATING IN A FREQUENCY BAND SUBJECT TO Nos. 22.5C, 22.5D OR 22.5F: SPECTRUM MASKS
A.14.a	For each e.i.r.p. mask used by the non-geostationary space station:
A.14.a.1	the mask identification code
A.14.a.2	the lowest frequency for which the mask is valid
A.14.a.3	the highest frequency for which the mask is valid
A.14.a.4	the mask pattern defined in terms of the power in the reference bandwidth for a series of off-axis angles with respect to a specified reference point
A.14.b	For each associated earth station e.i.r.p. mask:
A.14.b.1	the mask identification code
A.14.b.2	the lowest frequency for which the mask is valid
A.14.b.3	the highest frequency for which the mask is valid
A.14.b.4	the minimum elevation angle at which any associated earth station can transmit to a non-geostationary satellite
A.14.b.5	the minimum separation angle between the geostationary-satellite orbit arc and the associated earth station main beam-axis at which the associated earth station can transmit towards a non-geostationary satellite
A.14.b.6	the mask pattern defined in terms of the power in the reference bandwidth for a series of off-axis angles with respect to a specified reference point
A.14.c	For each pfd mask used by the non-geostationary space station: Note – The space station pfd mask is defined by the maximum power flux-density generated by any space station in the interfering non-geostationary-satellite system as seen from any point on the surface of the Earth
A.14.c.1	the mask identification code
A.14.c.2	the lowest frequency for which the mask is valid
A.14.c.3	the highest frequency for which the mask is valid
A.14.c.4	the type of mask
A.14.c.5	the mask pattern of the power flux-density defined in three dimensions
A.15	COMMITMENT REGARDING COMPLIANCE WITH ADDITIONAL OPERATIONAL EQUIVALENT POWER FLUX-DENSITY, epfd\(\), LIMITS
A.15.a	a commitment that the filed for system will meet the additional operational epfd ₁ limits that are specified in Table 22-4A1 under No. 22.5I Required only for non-geostationary-satellite systems operating in the fixed-satellite service in the bands
	10.7-11.7 GHz (in all Regions), 11.7-12.2 GHz (Region 2), 12.2-12.5 GHz (Region 3), and 12.5-12.75 GHz (Regions 1 and 3)

Advance publication of a geostationary- satellite network	Advance publication of a non- geostationary-satellite network subject to coordination under Section II of Article 9	Advance publication of a non-geostationary-satellite network not subject to coordination under Section II of Article 9	Notification or coordination of a geostationary-satellite network (including space operation functions under Article 2A of Appendices 30 or 30A)	Notification or coordination of a non- geostationary-satellite network	Notification or coordination of an earth station (including notification under Appendices 30A or 30B)	Notice for a satellite network in the broadcasting-satellite service under Appendix 30 (Articles 4 and 5)	Notice for a satellite network (feeder-link) under Appendix 30A (Articles 4 and 5)	Notice for a satellite network in the fixed- satellite service under Appendix 30B (Articles 6 and 8)	Items in Appendix	Radio astronomy
									A.14	
									A.14.a	
				X					A.14.a.1	
				X					A.14.a.2	
				X					A.14.a.3	
				X					A.14.a.4	
									A.14.b	
				X					A.14.b.1	
				X					A.14.b.2	
				X					A.14.b.3	
				X					A.14.b.4	
				X					A.14.b.5	
				X					A.14.b.6	
									A.14.c	
				X					A.14.c.1	
				X					A.14.c.2	
				X					A.14.c.3	
				X					A.14.c.4	
				X					A.14.c.5	
									A.15	
									A.15.a	
				+						

Items in Appendix	A - GENERAL CHARACTERISTICS OF THE SATELLITE NETWORK, EARTH STATION OR RADIO ASTRONOMY STATION
A.16	COMMITMENT REGARDING COMPLIANCE WITH OFF-AXIS POWER LIMITATIONS OR POWER FLUX-DENSITY, pfd, LIMITS
A.16.a	a commitment that the associated earth stations operating with a geostationary-satellite network in the fixed-satellite service meet the off-axis power limitations given in Nos. 22.26 to 22.28 or 22.32 (as appropriate) under the conditions specified in Nos. 22.30, 22.31 and 22.34 to 22.39
	Required only where the earth stations are subject to those power limitations
A.16.b	a commitment by administrations that the filed system will meet the single entry power flux-density limits that are specified in No. 5.502 Required only for specific earth station antennas less than 4.5 m in diameter operating with geostationary
	space stations in the fixed-satellite service in the band 13.75-14 GHz
A.17	COMPLIANCE WITH POWER FLUX-DENSITY, pfd, LIMITS
A.17.a	a commitment of compliance with per-satellite power-flux density level produced at the Earth's surface of -129 dB(W/m²·MHz)) in any 1 MHz band under free space propagation conditions
	Required only for satellite systems operating in the radionavigation-satellite service in the band 1 164- 1 215 MHz
A.17.b.1	the calculated aggregate power flux-density produced at the Earth's surface by any geostationary radionavigation-satellite system in the band 4 990-5 000 MHz in a 10 MHz bandwidth, as defined in <i>resolves</i> 1 of Resolution 741 (WRC-03)
	Required only for geostationary satellite systems operating in the radionavigation-satellite service in the band $5010\text{-}5030\text{MHz}$
A.17.b.2	the calculated aggregate power flux-density produced at the Earth's surface by all space stations within any radionavigation-satellite service system in the band 5 030-5 150 MHz in a 150 kHz bandwidth, as defined in No. 5.443B
	Required only for satellite systems operating in the radionavigation-satellite service in the band 5 010-5 030 MHz
A.17.b.3	the equivalent power flux-density produced at the Earth's surface by all space stations within any non- geostationary radionavigation-satellite service system in the band 4 990-5 000 MHz in a 10 MHz bandwidth, as defined in resolves 2 of Resolution 741 (WRC-03)
	Required only for non-geostationary satellite systems operating in the radionavigation-satellite service in the band 5 010-5 030 MHz

Advance publication of a geostationary- satellite network	Advance publication of a non- geostationary-satellite network subject to coordination under Section II of Article 9	Advance publication of a non- geostationary-satellite network not subject to coordination under Section II of Article 9	Notification or coordination of a geostationary-satellite network (including space operation functions under Article 2A of Appendices 30 or 30A)	Notification or coordination of a non- geostationary-satellite network	Notification or coordination of an earth station (including notification under Appendices 30A or 30B)	Notice for a satellite network in the broadcasting-satellite service under Appendix 30 (Articles 4 and 5)	Notice for a satellite network (feeder-link) under Appendix 30A (Articles 4 and 5)	Notice for a satellite network in the fixed- satellite service under Appendix 30B (Articles 6 and 8)	Items in Appendix	Radio astronomy
									A.16	
			+						A.16.a	
					+				A.16.b	
									A.17	
			+	+					A.17.a	
			+						A.17.b.1	
			+	+					A.17.b.2	
				+					A.17.b.3	

Items in Appendix	A - GENERAL CHARACTERISTICS OF THE SATELLITE NETWORK, EARTH STATION OR RADIO ASTRONOMY STATION
A.17.c	the aggregate power flux-density produced at the Earth's surface in the band 15.35-15.4 GHz, as defined in No. 5.511A Required only for non-geostationary-satellite systems operating in the fixed-satellite service (feeder links) in the band 15.43-15.63 GHz (space-to-Earth)
A.17.d	the mean power flux-density produced at the Earth's surface by any spaceborne sensor, as defined in No. 5.549A Required only for satellite systems operating in the Earth exploration-satellite service (active) or space research service (active) in the band 35.5-36 GHz
A.17.e.1	the calculated equivalent power flux-density produced at the site of a radio astronomy station in the band 42.5-43.5 GHz, as defined in No. 5.551H Required only for non-geostationary-satellite systems operating in the fixed-satellite service and broadcasting-satellite service in the band 42-42.5 GHz
A.17.e.2	the calculated power flux-density produced at the site of a radio astronomy station in the band 42.5-43.5 GHz, as defined in No. 5.5511 Required only for geostationary-satellite systems operating in the fixed-satellite service and broadcasting-satellite service in the band 42-42.5 GHz
A.18	COMPLIANCE WITH NOTIFICATION OF AIRCRAFT EARTH STATION(S)
A.18.a	a commitment that the characteristics of the aircraft earth station (AES) in the aeronautical mobile-satellite service are within the characteristics of the specific and/or typical earth station published by the Bureau for the space station to which the AES is associated Required only for the band 14-14.5 GHz, when an aircraft earth station in the aeronautical mobile-satellite service communicates with a space station in the fixed-satellite service
A.19	COMPLIANCE WITH § 6.26 OF ARTICLE 6 OF APPENDIX 30B
A.19.a	a commitment that the use of the assignment shall not cause unacceptable interference to, nor claim protection from, those assignments for which agreement still needs to be obtained Required if the notice is submitted under § 6.25 of Article 6 of Appendix 30B

Advance publication of a geostationary- satellite network	Advance publication of a non- geostationary-satellite network subject to coordination under Section II of Article 9	Advance publication of a non- geostationary-satellite network not subject to coordination under Section II of Article 9	Notification or coordination of a geostationary-satellite network (including space operation functions under Article 2A of Appendices 30 or 30A)	Notification or coordination of a non- geostationary-satellite network	Notification or coordination of an earth station (including notification under Appendices 30A or 30B)	Notice for a satellite network in the broadcasting-satellite service under Appendix 30 (Articles 4 and 5)	Notice for a satellite network (feeder-link) under Appendix 30A (Articles 4 and 5)	Notice for a satellite network in the fixed- satellite service under Appendix 30B (Articles 6 and 8)	Items in Appendix	Radio astronomy
				+					A.17.c	
			+	+					A.17.d	
				+					A.17.e.1	
			+						A.17.e.2	
									A.18	
			+	+					A.18.a	
									A.19	
								+	A.19.a	

Items in Appendix	B - CHARACTERISTICS TO BE PROVIDED FOR EACH SATELLITE ANTENNA BEAM OR EACH EARTH STATION OR RADIO ASTRONOMY ANTENNA
B.1	IDENTIFICATION AND DIRECTION OF THE SATELLITE ANTENNA BEAM
B.1.a	the designation of the satellite antenna beam
	For an earth station, the designation of the satellite antenna beam of the associated space station
B.1.b	an indicator showing whether the antenna beam, under B.1.a, is fixed or whether it is steerable and / or reconfigurable
B.2	TRANSMISSION / RECEPTION INDICATOR FOR THE BEAM OF THE SPACE STATION OR THE ASSOCIATED SPACE STATION
B.2bis	CONTINUOUS/NON-CONTINUOUS TRANSMISSION INDICATOR FOR THE BEAM OF THE SPACE STATION
B.2bis.a	an indicator specifying whether the space station only transmits when visible from the notified service area In the case of advance publication, required only for frequency assignments of a non-geostationary satellite transmitting beam In the case of notification or coordination of a non-geostationary-satellite network, required only for frequency assignments of a non-geostationary satellite transmitting beam of a satellite network not subject to Nos. 22.5C, 22.5D or 22.5F
B.2bis.b	in case of non-continuous transmission in item B.2bis.a, the minimum elevation angle above which transmissions occur when the space station is visible from the notified service area In the case of notification or coordination of a non-geostationary-satellite network, only for frequency assignments of a non-geostationary satellite transmitting beam of a satellite network not subject to Nos. 22.5C, 22.5D or 22.5F
B.3	SPACE STATION ANTENNA CHARACTERISTICS
B.3.a	For each space station antenna:
B.3.a.1	the maximum co-polar isotropic gain, in dBi Where a steerable beam (see No. 1.191) is used, if the effective boresight area (see No. 1.175) is identical with the global service area, the maximum antenna gain, in dBi, is applicable to all points on the Earth's visible surface
B.3.a.2	if a non-elliptical beam, the maximum cross-polar isotropic antenna gain, in dBi
	u U

Advance publication of a geostationary- satellite network	Advance publication of a non- geostationary-satellite network subject to coordination under Section II of Article 9	Advance publication of a non- geostationary-satellite network not subject to coordination under Section II of Article 9	Notification or coordination of a geostationary-satellite network (including space operation functions under Article 2A of Appendices 30 or 30A)	Notification or coordination of a non- geostationary-satellite network	Notification or coordination of an earth station (including notification under Appendices 30A or 30B)	Notice for a satellite network in the broadcasting-satellite service under Appendix 30 (Articles 4 and 5)	Notice for a satellite network (feeder-link) under Appendix 30A (Articles 4 and 5)	Notice for a satellite network in the fixed- satellite service under Appendix 30B (Articles 6 and 8)	Items in Appendix	Radio astronomy
					ı				B.1	
		X	X	X	X	X	X	X	B.1.a	
		X	X	X		X	X	X	B.1.b	
X	X	X	X	X	+ 1			X	B.2	
									B.2bis	
		+		+					B.2bis.a	
		0		0					B.2bis.b	
									B.3	
									B.3.a	
		X	X	X		X	X	X	B.3.a.1	
						+	+		B.3.a.2	

Items in Appendix	B - CHARACTERISTICS TO BE PROVIDED FOR EACH SATELLITE ANTENNA BEAM OR EACH EARTH STATION OR RADIO ASTRONOMY ANTENNA
B.3.b	Antenna gain contours:
B.3.b.1	the co-polar antenna gain contours plotted on a map of the Earth's surface, preferably in a radial projection from the satellite onto a plane perpendicular to the axis from the centre of the Earth to the satellite The space station antenna gain contours shall be drawn as isolines of the isotropic gain, at least for -2, -4, -6, -10 and -20 dB and at 10 dB intervals thereafter, as necessary, relative to the maximum antenna gain, when any of these contours is located either totally or partially anywhere within the limit of visibility of the Earth from the given geostationary satellite Whenever possible, the gain contours of the space station antenna should also be provided in a numerical format (e.g. equation or table) Where a steerable beam (see No. 1.191) is used, if the effective boresight area (see No. 1.175) is less than the global service area, the contours are the result of moving the boresight of the steerable beam around the limit defined by the effective boresight area and are to be provided as described above but shall also include the 0 dB relative gain isoline The antenna gain contours shall include the effects of the planned inclination excursion, longitudinal tolerance and the planned pointing accuracy of the antenna Note – Taking due account of applicable technical restrictions and allowing some reasonable degree of flexibility for satellite operations, administrations should, to the extent practicable, align the areas the satellite steerable beams could cover with the service area of their networks with due regard to their service objectives. In the case of Appendix 30, 30A or 30B, required only for non-elliptical beams
B.3.b.2	AA
	if a non-elliptical beam, the cross-polar gain contours shall be provided as defined under B.3.b.1
B.3.c.1	Antenna radiation patterns: the co-polar antenna radiation pattern
	In the case of geostationary space stations required only where the antenna radiation beam is directed towards another satellite In the case of Appendix 30, 30A or 30B, required only for elliptical antenna beams
B.3.c.2	if an elliptical beam, the cross-polar antenna radiation pattern
B.3.d	the pointing accuracy of the antenna
	In the case of Appendix 30, 30A or 30B, required only for elliptical beams
B.3.e	if the space station is operating in a band allocated in the Earth-to-space direction and in the space-to-Earth direction, the gain of the antenna in the direction of those parts of the geostationary-satellite orbit which are not obstructed by the Earth
B.3.f	For a space station submitted in accordance with Appendix 30, 30A or 30B:
B.3.f.1	the boresight or aim point of the antenna beam (longitude and latitude)
B.3.f.2	For each elliptical beam:
B.3.f.2.a	the rotational accuracy, in degrees
B.3.f.2.b	the major axis orientation, in degrees, anticlockwise from the Equator
B.3.f.2.c	the major axis, in degrees, at the half-power beamwidth
B.3.f.2.d	the minor axis, in degrees, at the half-power beamwidth
B.4	ADDITIONAL CHARACTERISTICS FOR NON-GEOSTATIONARY SPACE STATION ANTENNA
B.4.a.1	the reference number of each orbital plane in which the space station antenna characteristics are used
B.4.a.1	the reference number of each orbital plane in which the space station antenna characteristics are used

Advance publication of a geostationary- satellite network	Advance publication of a non- geostationary-satellite network subject to coordination under Section II of Article 9	Advance publication of a non- geostationary-satellite network not subject to coordination under Section II of Article 9	Notification or coordination of a geostationary-satellite network (including space operation functions under Article 2A of Appendices 30 or 30A)	Notification or coordination of a non- geostationary-satellite network	Notification or coordination of an earth station (including notification under Appendices 30A or 30B)	Notice for a satellite network in the broadcasting-satellite service under Appendix 30 (Articles 4 and 5)	Notice for a satellite network (feeder-link) under Appendix 30.A (Articles 4 and 5)	Notice for a satellite network in the fixed- satellite service under Appendix 30B (Articles 6 and 8)	Items in Appendix	Radio astronomy
									B.3.b	
			X			+	+	+	B.3.b.1	
						+	+		B.3.b.2	
									B.3.c B.3.c.1	
		X	+	X		+	+	+	3.5.6.1	
						+	+		B.3.c.2	
			X			+	+	+	B.3.d	
			+				+		B.3.e	
									B.3.f B.3.f.1	
						X	X	X		
									B.3.f.2 B.3.f.2.a	
						X	X	X		
						X	X	X	B.3.f.2.b B.3.f.2.c	
						X	X	X	B.3.f.2.d	
						X	X	X	B.3.1.2.d B.4	
									B.4.a.1	
		X		X					D.4.a.1	

Items in Appendix	B - CHARACTERISTICS TO BE PROVIDED FOR EACH SATELLITE ANTENNA BEAM OR EACH EARTH STATION OR RADIO ASTRONOMY ANTENNA
B.4.a.2	if the antenna characteristics of a space station are not common to every satellite in the specified orbital plane, the reference number of each satellite in the specified orbital plane, on which the space station antenna characteristics are used
B.4.a.3	For a space station submitted in accordance with Nos. 9.11A, 9.12, 9.12A or for active or passive sensors on board a non-geostationary-satellite network not subject to coordination under Section II of Article 9:
B.4.a.3.a	For the orientation angles of the satellite transmitting and receiving antenna beams:
B.4.a.3.a.1	the orientation angle alpha, in degrees, (see the most recent version of Recommendation ITU-R SM.1413)
B.4.a.3.a.2	the orientation angle beta, in degrees, (see the most recent version of Recommendation ITU-R SM.1413)
B.4.b	For a space station submitted in accordance with Nos. 9.11A, 9.12 or 9.12A:
B.4.b.1	Not used
B.4.b.1.a B.4.b.1.b	Not used Not used
B.4.b.2	the satellite antenna gain $G(\theta_e)$ as a function of elevation angle (θ_e) at a fixed point on the Earth
B.4.b.3	the spreading loss as a function of elevation angle (to be determined by equations or provided in graphical format)
B.4.b.4	For each beam:
B.4.b.4.a	the maximum beam peak e.i.r.p./4 kHz
B.4.b.4.b	the average beam peak e.i.r.p./4 kHz
B.4.b.4.c	the maximum beam peak e.i.r.p./1 MHz
B.4.b.4.d	the average beam peak e.i.r.p./1 MHz
B.4.b.5	the calculated peak value of power flux-density produced within $\pm5^\circ$ inclination of the geostationary-satellite orbit
	Required only for the fixed-satellite service (space-to-Earth) in the band 6 700-7 075 MHz
B.5	EARTH STATION ANTENNA CHARACTERISTICS
B.5.a	the isotropic gain, in dBi, of the antenna in the direction of maximum radiation (see No. 1,160)
B.5.b	the half-power beamwidth, in degrees
B.5.c	either the measured radiation pattern of the antenna or the reference radiation pattern to be used for coordination For coordination under No. 9.7A, the reference radiation pattern is to be provided
B.5.d	antenna dimension aligned with the geostationary arc (D_{GSO}) , in metres (see the most recent version of Recommendation ITU-R S.1855)
D.C	except in the case of Appendix 30 or 30A
B.6.a	RADIO ASTRONOMY STATION ANTENNA CHARACTERISTICS
B.6.b	the antenna type (see the Preface)
	the antenna dimensions (see the Preface)
B.6.c	the effective area of the antenna (see the Preface)

Advance publication of a geostationary- satellite network	Advance publication of a non- geostationary-satellite network subject to coordination under Section II of Article 9	Advance publication of a non- geostationary-satellite network not subject to coordination under Section II of Article 9	Notification or coordination of a geostationary-satellic network (including space operation functions under Article 2A of Appendices 30 or 30A)	Notification or coordination of a non- geostationary-satellite network	Notification or coordination of an earth station (including notification under Appendices 30A or 30B)	Notice for a satellite network in the broadcasting-satellite service under Appendix 30 (Articles 4 and 5)	Notice for a satellite network (feeder-link) under Appendix 30A (Articles 4 and 5)	Notice for a satellite network in the fixed- satellite service under Appendix 30B (Articles 6 and 8)	Items in Appendix	Radio astronomy
		+		+					B.4.a.2	
									B.4.a.3	
									B.4.a.3.a	
		X		X					B.4.a.3.a.1	
		X		X					B.4.a.3.a.2	
		A		Λ					B.4.a.3.a.2	
									B.4.b.1	
									B.4.b.1.a	
									B.4.b.1.b	
				X					B.4.b.2	
				X					B.4.b.3	
				X					B.4.b.4	
				X					B.4.b.4.a	
				X					B.4.b.4.b	
				X					B.4.b.4.c	
				X					B.4.b.4.d	
				+					B.4.b.5	
	<u> </u>	·		l					B.5 B.5.a	
					X					
					+ 1				B.5.b	
					X				B.5.c	
					0				B.5.d	
									B.6	
							-		B.6.a	X
									B.6.b	X
									B.6.c	X

Items in Appendix	C - CHARACTERISTICS TO BE PROVIDED FOR EACH GROUP OF FREQUENCY ASSIGNMENTS FOR A SATELLITE ANTENNA BEAM OR AN EARTH STATION OR RADIO ASTRONOMY ANTENNA
C.1	FREQUENCY RANGE
C.1.a	the lower limit of the frequency range within which the carriers and the bandwidth of the emission will be located for each Earth-to-space or space-to-Earth service area, or for each space-to-space relay
C.1.b	the upper limit of the frequency range within which the carriers and the bandwidth of the emission will be located for each Earth-to-space or space-to-Earth service area, or for each space-to-space relay
C.2	ASSIGNED FREQUENCY (FREQUENCIES)
C.2.a.1	the assigned frequency (frequencies), as defined in No. 1.148 – in kHz up to 28 000 kHz inclusive – in MHz above 28 000 kHz to 10 500 MHz inclusive
	 in GHz above 10 500 MHz If the basic characteristics are identical, with the exception of the assigned frequency, a list of frequency assignments may be provided In the case of advance publication, required only for active sensors In the case of geostationary and non geo-stationary satellite networks, required for all space applications except passive sensors In the case of Appendix 30B, required only for notification under Article 8
C.2.a.2	the channel number
C.2.b	the centre of the frequency band observed - in kHz up to 28 000 kHz inclusive - in MHz above 28 000 kHz to 10 500 MHz inclusive - in GHz above 10 500 MHz In the case of satellite networks, required only for passive sensors
C.2.c	if the frequency assignment is to be filed under No. 4.4, an indication to that effect
C.3	ASSIGNED FREQUENCY BAND
C.3.a	the bandwidth of the assigned frequency band, in kHz (see No. 1.147) In the case of advance publication, required only for active sensors In the case of geostationary and non geo-stationary satellite networks, required for all space applications except passive sensors In the case of Appendix 30B, required only for notification under Article 8
C.3.b	the bandwidth of the frequency band, in kHz, observed by the station In the case of satellite networks, required only for passive sensors
C.4	CLASS OF STATION AND NATURE OF SERVICE
C.4.a	the class of station, using the symbols from the Preface
C.4.b	the nature of service performed, using the symbols from the Preface
	are manage of softwee performed, using the symbols from the French

Advance publication of a geostationary-satellite network	Advance publication of a non- genetationary-satellite network subject to coordination under Section II of Article 9	Advance publication of a non- geostationary-satellite network not subject to coordination under Section II of Article 9	Notification or coordination of a geostationary-satellite network (including space operation functions under Article 2A of Appendices 30 or 30A)	Notification or coordination of a non- geostationary-satellite network	Notification or coordination of an earth station (including notification under Appendices 30A or 30B)	Notice for a satellite network in the broadcasting-satellite service under Appendix 30 (Articles 4 and 5)	Notice for a satellite network (feeder-link) under Appendix 30A (Articles 4 and 5)	Notice for a satellite network in the fixed- satellite service under Appendix 30B (Articles 6 and 8)	Items in Appendix	Radio astronomy
X	X	X						X	C.1 C.1.a	
Λ	Λ	Λ						А	0.11	
X	X	X						X	C.1.b	
									C.2	
		+	+	+	X	x	x	+	C.2.a.1 C.2.a.2 C.2.b	X
		+	+	+	+				C.2.c	+
									C.3 C.3.a	
		+	+	+	X	X	X	+	C.3.a	
		+	+	+					C.3.b	X
									C.4	
X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	C.4.a	X
X	X	X	X	X	X				C.4.b	X

Items in Appendix	C - CHARACTERISTICS TO BE PROVIDED FOR EACH GROUP OF FREQUENCY ASSIGNMENTS FOR A SATELLITE ANTENNA BEAM OR AN EARTH STATION OR RADIO ASTRONOMY ANTENNA
C.5	RECEIVING SYSTEM NOISE TEMPERATURE
C.5.a	the lowest total receiving system noise temperature, in kelvins, referred to the output of the receiving antenna of the space station In the case of satellite networks, required for all space applications except for active or passive sensors
C.5.b	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *
C.5.6	the lowest total receiving system noise temperature, in kelvins, referred to the output of the receiving antenna of the earth station under clear-sky conditions This value shall be indicated for the nominal value of the angle of elevation when the associated transmitting station is onboard a geostationary satellite and, in other cases, for the minimum value of the angle of elevation
C.5.c	the overall receiving system noise temperature, in kelvins, referred to the output of the receiving antenna
C.5.d	For active sensors:
C.5.d.1	the system noise temperature at the output of the signal processor
C.5.d.2	the receiver noise bandwidth
C.6	POLARIZATION
C.6.a	the type of polarization (see the Preface) In the case of circular polarization, this includes the sense of polarization (see Nos. 1.154 and 1.155) In the case of a space station submitted in accordance with Appendix 30 or 30A, see § 3.2 of Annex 5 to Appendix 30
C.6.b	if linear polarization is used, the angle, in degrees, measured counter-clockwise in a plane normal to the beam axis from the equatorial plane to the electric vector of the waves as seen from the satellite In the case of a space station submitted in accordance with Appendix 30 or 30A, see § 3.2 of Annex 5 to Appendix 30
C.7	NECESSARY BANDWIDTH AND CLASS OF EMISSION
	(in accordance with Article 2 and Appendix 1) For advance publication of a non-geostationary-satellite network not subject to coordination under Section II of Article 9, changes to this information within the limits specified under C.1 shall not affect consideration of notification under Article 11 Not required for active or passive sensors
C.7.a	the necessary bandwidth and the class of emission: for each carrier In the case of Appendix 30B, required only for notification under Article 8
C.7.b	the carrier frequency or frequencies of the emission(s)
C.8	POWER CHARACTERISTICS OF THE TRANSMISSION Not required for passive sensors
C.8.a	For the case where individual carriers can be identified:
C.8.a.1	the maximum value of the peak envelope power, in dBW, supplied to the input of the antenna for each carrier type Required if neither C.8.b.1 nor C.8.b.3.a is provided

Advance publication of a geostationary- satellite network	Advance publication of a non- geostationary-satellite network subject to coordination under Section II of Article 9	Advance publication of a non- geostationary-satellite network not subject to coordination under Section II of Article 9	Notification or coordination of a geostationary-satellite network (including space operation functions under Article 2A of Appendices 30 or 30A)	Notification or coordination of a non- geostationary-satellite network	Notification or coordination of an earth station (including notification under Appendices 30A or 30B)	Notice for a satellite network in the broadcasting-satellite service under Appendix 30 (Articles 4 and 5)	Notice for a satellite network (feeder-link) under Appendix 30A (Articles 4 and 5)	Notice for a satellite network in the fixed- satellite service under Appendix 30B (Articles 6 and 8)	Items in Appendix	Radio astronomy
				1		I			C.5 C.5.a	
		+	+	+			X	X		
									C.5.b	
					X					
									C.5.c	X
		X	X	X					C.5.d C.5.d.1	
		X	X	X					C.5.d.2	
				21					C.6 C.6.a	
		X	X	X	+ 1	X	X		C.6.a	
		+	+	+	+1	+	+		C.6.b	
									C.7	
		X	X	X	X	X	X	+	C.7.a	
		X	С	C	C				C.7.b	
									C.8	
									C.8.a C.8.a.1	
		+	+	+	C				C.o.a.1	

Items in Appendix	C - CHARACTERISTICS TO BE PROVIDED FOR EACH GROUP OF FREQUENCY ASSIGNMENTS FOR A SATELLITE ANTENNA BEAM OR AN EARTH STATION OR RADIO ASTRONOMY ANTENNA
C.8.a.2	the maximum power density, in dB(W/Hz), supplied to the input of the antenna for each carrier type 2
	Required if neither C.8.b.2 nor C.8.b.3.b is provided
C.8.b	For the case where it is not appropriate to identify individual carriers:
C.8.b.1	the total peak envelope power, in dBW, supplied to the input of the antenna For coordination or notification of an Appendix 30A earth station the values shall include the maximum range of power control
	Required if neither C.8.a.1 nor C.8.b.3.a is provided
C.8.b.2	the maximum power density, in dB(W/Hz), supplied to the input of the antenna ² For coordination or notification of an Appendix 30A earth station the values shall include the maximum range of power control Required if neither C.8.a.2 nor C.8.b.3.b is provided
C.8.b.3	For the case of active sensors:
C.8.b.3.a	the mean peak envelope power, in dBW, supplied to the input of the antenna Required if neither C.8.a.1 nor C.8.b.1 is provided
C.8.b.3.b	the mean power density, in dB(W/Hz), supplied to the input of the antenna Required if neither C.8.a.2 nor C.8.b.2 is provided
C.8.c	For all space applications, except active or passive sensors:
C.8.c.1	the minimum value of the peak envelope power, in dBW, supplied to the input of the antenna for each carrier type If not provided, the reason for absence under C.8.c.2
C.8.c.2	if C.8.c.1 is not provided, the reason for absence of the minimum value of the peak envelope power
C.8.c.3	the minimum power density, in dB(W/Hz), supplied to the input of the antenna for each carrier type If not provided, the reason for absence under C.8.c.4
C.8.c.4	if C.8.c.3 is not provided, the reason for absence of the minimum power density
C.8.d.1	the maximum total peak envelope power, in dBW, supplied to the input of the antenna for each contiguous satellite bandwidth
	For a satellite transponder, this corresponds to the maximum saturated peak envelope power Required only for a space-to-Earth or space-to-space link
C.8.d.2	each contiguous satellite bandwidth For the maximum saturated peak envelope power of the satellite transponder, this corresponds to the bandwidth of each transponder Required only for a space-to-Earth or space-to-space link, if different from item C.3.a

Advance publication of a geostationary- satellite network	Advance publication of a non- geostationary-satellite network subject to coordination under Section II of Article 9	Advance publication of a non- geostationary-satellite network not subject to coordination under Section II of Article 9	Notification or coordination of a geostationary-satellite network (including space operation functions under Article 2A of Appendices 30 or 30A)	Notification or coordination of a non- geostationary-satellite network	Notification or coordination of an earth station (including notification under Appendices 30A or 30B)	Notice for a satellite network in the broadcasting-satellite service under Appendix 30 (Articles 4 and 5)	Notice for a satellite network (feeder-link) under Appendix 30A (Articles 4 and 5)	Notice for a satellite network in the fixed- satellite service under Appendix 30B (Articles 6 and 8)	Items in Appendix	Radio astronomy
		+	+	+	О				C.8.a.2	
									C.8.b	
		+	+	+	+1	X	X		C.8.b.1	
		+	+	+	+ 1	X	X	X	C.8.b.2	
									C.8.b.3	
		+	+	+					C.8.b.3.a	
		+	+	+					C.8.b.3.b	
									C.8.c	
		+	+	+	+1				C.8.c.1	
		+	+	+	+1				C.8.c.2	
		+	+	+	+1				C.8.c.3	
		+	+	+	+ 1				C.8.c.4	
		0	+	+					C.8.d.1	
		0	+	+					C.8.d.2	

Items in Appendix	C - CHARACTERISTICS TO BE PROVIDED FOR EACH GROUP OF FREQUENCY ASSIGNMENTS FOR A SATELLITE ANTENNA BEAM OR AN EARTH STATION OR RADIO ASTRONOMY ANTENNA
C.8.e.1	for space-to-Earth, Earth-to-space or space-to-space links. for each carrier type, the greater of either the carrier-to-noise ratio, in dB, required to meet the performance of the link under clear-sky conditions or the carrier-to-noise ratio, in dB, required to meet the short-time objectives of the link inclusive of necessary margins If not provided, the reason for absence under C.8.e.2
C.8.e.2	if C.8.e.1 is not provided, the reason for absence of the carrier-to-noise ratio
C.8.f.1	the space station's nominal equivalent isotropically radiated power(s) (e.i.r.p.) on the beam axis Required only for a space-to-space link
C.8.f.2	the associated space station's nominal equivalent isotropically radiated power(s) (e.i.r.p.) on the beam axis Required only for a space-to-space link
C.8.g.1	the maximum aggregate power, in dBW, of all carriers (per transponder, if applicable) supplied to the input of the transmitting antenna of the earth station or the associated earth station Not required for coordination of a specific earth station under Nos. 9.15, 9.17 or 9.17A
C.8.g.2	the aggregate bandwidth of all carriers (per transponder, if applicable) supplied to the input of the transmitting antenna of the earth station or the associated earth station Not required for coordination of a specific earth station under Nos. 9.15, 9.17 or 9.17A
C.8.g.3	an indicator showing whether the bandwidth of the transponder corresponds to the aggregate bandwidth of all carriers (per transponder, if applicable) supplied to the input of the transmitting antenna of the earth station or the associated earth station Not required for coordination of a specific earth station under Nos. 9.15, 9.17 or 9.17A
C.8.h	the maximum power density per Hz supplied to the input of the antenna, in dB(W/Hz), averaged over the necessary bandwidth In the case of Appendix 30A, required only in the band 17.3-18.1 GHz
C.8.i	If power control is used, the maximum range of power control, in dB
C.8.j	Not used
C.9	INFORMATION ON MODULATION CHARACTERISTICS For all space applications except active or passive sensors
C.9.a	For each carrier, according to the nature of the signal modulating the carrier:
C.9.a.1	the type of modulation
	In the case of a non-geostationary space station required only for Nos. 9.11A, 9.12 or 9.12A
C.9.a.2	For a carrier frequency modulated by a frequency-division multichannel telephony baseband (FDM/FM) or by a signal that can be represented by a multichannel telephony baseband:
C.9.a.2.a	the lowest frequency of the baseband
C.9.a.2.b	the highest frequency of the baseband

Advance publication of a geostationary- satellite network	Advance publication of a non- geostationary-satellite network subject to coordination under Section II of Article 9	Advance publication of a non- geostationary-satellite network not subject to coordination under Section II of Article 9	Notification or coordination of a geostationary-satellite network (including space operation functions under Article 2A of Appendices 30 or 30A)	Notification or coordination of a non- geostationary-satellite network	Notification or coordination of an earth station (including notification under Appendices 30A or 30B)	Notice for a satellite network in the broadcasting-satellite service under Appendix 30 (Articles 4 and 5)	Notice for a satellite network (feeder-link) under Appendix 30A (Articles 4 and 5)	Notice for a satellite network in the fixed- satellite service under Appendix 30B (Articles 6 and 8)	Items in Appendix	Radio astronomy
		+	+	+	+1				C.8.e.1	
		+	+	+	+1				C.8.e.2	
		+			-				C.8.f.1	
		+							C.8.f.2	
			С	С	С				C.8.g.1	
			С	С	С				C.8.g.2	
			С	С	С				C.8.g.3	
						X	+	X	C.8.h	
							+		C.8.i	
									C.8.j C.9	
									C.9	
									C.9.a	
		0	С	+		X	X		C.9.a.1	
									C.9.a.2	
		0	С	C					C.9.a.2.a	
		0	C	C					C.9.a.2.b	

Items in Appendix	C - CHARACTERISTICS TO BE PROVIDED FOR EACH GROUP OF FREQUENCY ASSIGNMENTS FOR A SATELLITE ANTENNA BEAM OR AN EARTH STATION OR RADIO ASTRONOMY ANTENNA
C.9.a.2.c	the r.m.s. frequency deviation of the pre-emphasized signal for a test tone as a function of baseband frequency
C.9.a.3	For a carrier frequency modulated by a television signal:
C.9.a.3.a	the peak-to-peak frequency deviation of the pre-emphasized signal
C.9.a.3.b	the pre-emphasis characteristic
C.9.a.3.c	if applicable, the characteristics of the multiplexing of the video signal with the sound signal(s) or other signals
C.9.a.4	For a carrier phase-shift modulated by a digital signal:
C.9.a.4.a	the bit rate
C.9.a.4.b	the number of phases
C.9.a.5	For an amplitude modulated carrier (including single sideband):
C.9.a.5.a	the nature of the modulating signal, as precisely as possible
C.9.a.5.b	the kind of amplitude modulation used
C.9.a.6	For a frequency modulated carrier:
C.9.a.6.a	the peak-to-peak frequency deviation, in MHz, of the energy dispersal waveform
C.9.a.6.b	the sweep frequency, in kHz, of the energy dispersal waveform
C.9.a.6.c	the energy dispersal waveform
C.9.a.7	if other forms of modulation than frequency modulation, are being used, the type of energy dispersal
C.9.a.8	for all other types of modulation, such particulars as may be useful for an interference study
C.9.a.9	the TV standard
C.9.b	For analogue carriers:
C.9.b.1	the sound-broadcasting characteristics
C.9.b.2	the composition of the baseband
C.9.c C.9.c.1	For a non-geostationary space station submitted in accordance with Nos. 9.11A, 9.12 or 9.12A:
C.9.c.1	the type of multiple access
C.9.c.2	the spectrum mask For stations apparating in a frequency hand subject to Nes. 22 5C, 22 5D on 22 5E.
C.9.d C.9.d.1	For stations operating in a frequency band subject to Nos. 22.5C, 22.5D or 22.5F: the type of mask
C.9.d.2	the type of mask the pfd mask identification code
C.9.d.3	A
C.9.d.4	the space station's e.i.r.p. mask identification code
C.J.u.+	the associated earth station's e.i.r.p. mask identification code

Advance publication of a geostationary- satellite network	Advance publication of a non- geostationary-satellite network subject to coordination under Section II of Article 9	Advance publication of a non- geostationary-satellite network not subject to coordination under Section II of Article 9	Notification or coordination of a geostationary-satellite network (including space operation functions under Article 2A of Appendices 30 or 30A)	Notification or coordination of a non- geostationary-satellite network	Notification or coordination of an earth station (including notification under Appendices 30A or 30B)	Notice for a satellite network in the broadcasting-satellite service under Appendix 30 (Articles 4 and 5)	Notice for a satellite network (feeder-link) under Appendix 30A (Articles 4 and 5)	Notice for a satellite network in the fixed- satellite service under Appendix 30B (Articles 6 and 8)	Items in Appendix	Radio astronomy
		О	C	С					C.9.a.2.c	
									C.9.a.3	
		0	С	С		X	X		C.9.a.3.a	
		0	С	С		X	X		C.9.a.3.b	
		О	С	С		+	+		C.9.a.3.c	
									C.9.a.4	
		0	С	С					C.9.a.4.a	
		0	С	С					C.9.a.4.b	
									C.9.a.5	
		0	С	С					C.9.a.5.a	
		0	С	C					C.9.a.5.b	
									C.9.a.6	
		0	C	C		X	X		C.9.a.6.a	
		0	C	C		X	X		C.9.a.6.b	
		0	C	C		X	X		C.9.a.6.c	
		0	С	C		+	+		C.9.a.7	
		0	C	С					C.9.a.8	
		0	C	C		X	X		C.9.a.9	
									C.9.b C.9.b.1	
						X	X		C.9.b.1	
						X	X		C.9.6.2 C.9.c	
				X					C.9.c.1	
				X					C.9.c.2	
									C.9.d	
				X					C.9.d.1	
				X					C.9.d.2	
				X					C.9.d.3	
				X					C.9.d.4	

Items in Appendix	C - CHARACTERISTICS TO BE PROVIDED FOR EACH GROUP OF FREQUENCY ASSIGNMENTS FOR A SATELLITE ANTENNA BEAM OR AN EARTH STATION OR RADIO ASTRONOMY ANTENNA
C.10	TYPE AND IDENTITY OF THE ASSOCIATED STATION(S)
	(the associated station may be another space station, a typical earth station of the network or a specific
	earth station) For all space applications except active or passive sensors
C.10.a	For an associated space station:
C.10.a.1	the identity of the station
C.10.a.2	if the associated space station is in the geostationary orbit, its nominal longitude
C.10.b	For an associated earth station:
C.10.b.1	the name of the station
C.10.b.2	the type of station (specific or typical)
C.10.c	For a specific associated earth station:
C.10.c.1	the geographical coordinates of the antenna site
C.10.c.2	the country or geographical area in which the earth station is located, using the symbols from the Preface
C.10.d	For an associated earth station (whether specific or typical):
C.10.d.1	the class of station, using the symbols from the Preface
C.10.d.2	the nature of service performed, using the symbols from the Preface
C.10.d.3	the isotropic gain, in dBi, of the antenna in the direction of maximum radiation (see No. 1.160)
C.10.d.4	the beamwidth, in degrees, between the half-power points (described in detail if not symmetrical)
C.10.d.5.a	either the measured co-polar radiation pattern of the antenna or the co-polar reference radiation pattern
C.10.d.5.b	either the measured cross-polar radiation pattern of the antenna or the cross-polar reference radiation pattern
C.10.d.6	if the associated station is a receiving earth station, the lowest total receiving system noise temperature, in kelvins, referred to the output of the receiving antenna of the earth station under clear-sky conditions
C.10.d.7	the antenna diameter, in metres In cases other than Appendix 30A, required for fixed-satellite service networks operating in the frequency bands 13.75-14 GHz, 24.65-25.25 GHz (Region 1) and 24.65-24.75 GHz (Region 3) and for maritime mobile-satellite service networks operating in the frequency band 14-14.5 GHz
C.10.d.8	the equivalent antenna diameter (i.e. the diameter, in metres, of a parabolic antenna with the same off-axis performance as the receiving associated earth station antenna)
C.10.d.9	antenna dimension aligned with the geostationary arc (D_{GSO}) , in metres (see the most recent version of Recommendation ITU-R S.1855) except in the case of Appendix 30 or 30A

Advance publication of a geostationary- satellite network	Advance publication of a non- geostationary-satellite network subject to coordination under Section II of Article 9	Advance publication of a non- geostationary-satellite network not subject to coordination under Section II of Article 9	Notification or coordination of a geostationary-satellite network (including space operation functions under Article 2A of Appendices 30 or 30A)	Notification or coordination of a non- geostationary-satellite net work	Notification or coordination of an earth station (including notification under Appendices 30A or 30B)	Notice for a satellite network in the broadcasting-satellite service under Appendix 30 (Articles 4 and 5)	Notice for a satellite network (feeder-link) under Appendix 30A (Articles 4 and 5)	Notice for a satellite network in the fixed- satellite service under Appendix 30B (Articles 6 and 8)	Items in Appendix	Radio astronomy
									C.10	
									C.10.a	
		X	X	X					C.10.a.1	
		+	+	+					C.10.a.2	
									C.10.b	
		X	X	X			X		C.10.b.1	
		X	X	X					C.10.b.2	
									C.10.c	
		X	X	X			X		C.10.c.1	
		X	X	X			X		C.10.c.2	
									C.10.d	
		X	X	X					C.10.d.1	
		X	X	X					C.10.d.2	
		X	X	X		X	X	X	C.10.d.3	
		0	X	X		X	X	X	C.10.d.4	
		X	X	X		X	X	X	C.10.d.5.a	
			41	2 4		X	X	41	C.10.d.5.b	
						А	Λ		C.10.d.6	
		+	+	+				+	C.10.d.0	
									C.10.d.7	
							X			
			+	+			Λ			
									C 10 1 C	
						X			C.10.d.8	
			o					0	C.10.d.9	

Items in Appendix	C - CHARACTERISTICS TO BE PROVIDED FOR EACH GROUP OF FREQUENCY ASSIGNMENTS FOR A SATELLITE ANTENNA BEAM OR AN EARTH STATION OR RADIO ASTRONOMY ANTENNA
C.11	SERVICE AREA (S)
	For all space applications except active or passive sensors
C.11.a	the service area or areas of the satellite beam on the Earth, when the associated transmitting or receiving stations are earth stations
	For a space station submitted in accordance with Appendix 30, 30A or 30B, the service area identified by a set of a maximum of twenty test points and by a service area contour on the surface of the Earth or defined by a minimum elevation angle For advance publication of satellite networks subject to coordination, only a list of countries and geographical areas, using the symbols from the Preface, or a narrative description of the service area shall
	be supplied
C.11.b	the appropriate information required to calculate the affected region (as defined in Recommendation ITU-R M.1187-1) Required only for a non-geostationary space station in the mobile-satellite service submitted in accordance with No. 9.11A
C.12	REQUIRED PROTECTION RATIO
C.12.a	the minimum acceptable aggregate carrier-to-interference ratio, if less than 21 dB
	The carrier-to-interference ratio is to be expressed in terms of the power averaged over the necessary bandwidth of the modulated wanted and interfering signals, assuming both the desired carrier and interfering signals have equivalent bandwidths and modulation types
C.13	CHARACTERISTICS OF OBSERVATIONS FOR RADIO ASTRONOMY STATIONS
C.13.a	the class of observations to be taken on the frequency band shown under C.3.b - Class A observations are those in which the sensitivity of the equipment is not a primary factor - Class B observations are those of such a nature that they can be made only with advanced low-noise receivers using the best techniques
C.13.b	the type of radio astronomy station in the frequency band shown under C.3.b - Single-dish, "S", telescope used for spectral-line or continuum observations using single-dishes or closely connected arrays - Very long baseline interferometry (VLBI), "V", station used only for VLBI observations
C.13.c	the minimum elevation angle θ_{min} at which the radio astronomy station conducts single-dish or VLBI observations in the frequency band
C.14	Not used
C.15	DESCRIPTION OF THE GROUP(S) REQUIRED IN THE CASE OF NON-SIMULTANEOUS EMISSIONS
C.15.a	if part of an exclusive operation group, the group identification code
C.16	DESCRIPTION OF ACTIVE AND PASSIVE SENSOR SYSTEMS
C.16.a C.16.a.1	For active sensors:
C.16.a.1	the pulse length, in µs
	the pulse repetition frequency, in kHz
C.16.b C.16.b.1	For passive sensors:
C.10.0.1	the sensitivity threshold, in kelvins

Advance publication of a geostationary- satellite network	Advance publication of a non- geostationary-satellite network subject to coordination under Section II of Article 9	Advance publication of a non- geostationary-satellite network not subject to coordination under Section II of Article 9	Notification or coordination of a geostationary-satellite network (including space operation functions under Article 2A of Appendices 30 or 30A)	Notification or coordination of a non- geostationary-satellite network	Notification or coordination of an earth station (including notification under Appendices 30A or 30B)	Notice for a satellite network in the broadcasting-satellite service under Appendix 30 (Articles 4 and 5)	Notice for a satellite network (feeder-link) under Appendix 30A (Articles 4 and 5)	Notice for a satellite network in the fixed- satellite service under Appendix 30B (Articles 6 and 8)	Items in Appendix	Radio astronomy
									C.11	
X	X	X	X	X		X	X	х	C.11.a	
				+					C.11.b	
									C.12 C.12.a	
								+	C.12.a	
									C.13	
									C.13.a	X
									C.13.b	X
									C.13.c	X
									C.14 C.15	
							1		C.15.a	
						+	+	+	C.15.a	
									C.16.a	
		X	X	X					C.16.a.1	
		X	X	X					C.16.a.2	
		W	W.	**/					C.16.b	
		X	X	X					C.16.b.1	

Items in Appendix	D - OVERALL LINK CHARACTERISTICS
	For non-planned services, this data may be provided by administrations that so desire but only when simple frequency-changing transponders are used on the space station onboard a geostationary satellite
D.1	CONNECTION BETWEEN EARTH-TO-SPACE AND SPACE-TO-EARTH FREQUENCIES IN THE NETWORK
D.1.a	the connection between uplink and downlink frequency assignments for each intended combination of receiving and transmitting beams In the case of Appendix 30 or 30A, required only in Region 2 In the case of Appendix 30B, required except for submission of one link only
D.2	TRANSMISSION GAINS AND ASSOCIATED EQUIVALENT SATELLITE LINK NOISE TEMPERATURES
D.2.a	For each entry under D.1.a:
D.2.a.1	the lowest equivalent satellite link noise temperature These values shall be indicated for the nominal value of the angle of elevation
D.2.a.2	the associated transmission gain of the lowest equivalent satellite link noise temperature These values shall be indicated for the nominal value of the angle of elevation The transmission gain is evaluated from the output of the receiving antenna of the space station to the output of the receiving antenna of the earth station
D.2.b.1	the values of associated equivalent satellite link noise temperature that correspond to the highest ratio of transmission gain to equivalent satellite link noise temperature
D.2.b.2	the values of transmission gain that correspond to the highest ratio of transmission gain to equivalent satellite link noise temperature

Advance publication of a geostationary-satellite network	Advance publication of a non- geostationary-satellite network subject to coordination under Section II of Article 9	Advance publication of a non- geostationary-satellite network not subject to coordination under Section II of Article 9	Notification or coordination of a geostationary-satellite network (including space operation functions under Article 2A of Appendices 30 or 30A)	Notification or coordination of a non- geostationary-satellite network	Notification or coordination of an earth station (including notification under Appendices 30A or 30B)	Notice for a satellite network in the broadcasting-satellite service under Appendix 30 (Articles 4 and 5)	Notice for a satellite network (feeder- link) under Appendix 30A (Articles 4 and 5)	Notice for a satellite network in the fixed-satellite service under Appendix 30B (Articles 6 and 8)	Items in Appendix	Radio astronomy
									D.1	
									D.1.a	
			0			+	+	+		
	1								D.2	
									D.2.a	
			0						D.2.a.1	
			0						D.2.a.2	
			0						D.2.b.1	
			0						D.2.b.2	

APPENDIX 5 (REV.WRC-12)

Identification of administrations with which coordination is to be effected or agreement sought under the provisions of Article 9

- 1 For the purpose of effecting coordination under Article 9, except in the case under No. 9.21, and for identifying the administrations with which coordination is to be effected, the frequency assignments to be taken into account are those in the same frequency band as the planned assignment, pertaining to the same service or to another service to which the band is allocated with equal rights or a higher category¹ of allocation, which might affect or be affected, as appropriate, and which are:
- a) in conformity with No. 11.31²; and
- b) either recorded in the Master International Frequency Register (Master Register) with a favourable finding with respect to No. 11.32; or
- c) recorded in the Master Register with an unfavourable finding with respect to No. 11.32 and a favourable finding with respect to No. 11.32A or No. 11.33, as appropriate; or
- cbis) recorded in the Master Register under No. 11.41; or (WRC-03)
- d) coordinated under the provisions of Article 9; or
- e) included in the coordination procedure with effect from the date of receipt³ by the Radio-communication Bureau, in accordance with No. 9.34, of those characteristics specified in Appendix 4 as mandatory or required, or from the date of dispatch, in accordance with No. 9.29, of the appropriate information listed in Appendix 4; or
- where appropriate, in conformity with a world or regional allotment or assignment plan and the associated provisions;
- g) for terrestrial radiocommunication stations or earth stations operating in the opposite direction of transmission⁴ and, in addition, operating in accordance with these Regulations, or to be so operated prior to the date of bringing the earth station assignment into service, or within the next three years from the date of dispatch of coordination data under No. 9.29, whichever is the longer, or from the date of the publication referred to in No. 9.38, as appropriate. (WRC-2000)

¹ The coordination between an earth station and terrestrial stations under Nos. 9.15, 9.16, 9.17, 9.18 and 9.19, or between earth stations operating in opposite directions of transmission under 9.17A, applies only to assignments in bands allocated with equal rights.

² For the purpose of effecting coordination, an assignment for which the process of obtaining agreement under No. **9.21** has been initiated is considered to be in conformity with No. **11.31** with respect to No. **9.21**.

³ See No. 9.1 concerning the date to be considered as the date of receipt by the Bureau of the information relating to the coordination of a satellite network or the notification of a frequency assignment.

⁴ The associated space network characteristics must have been communicated to the Bureau under No. **9.30** or under § 4.1.3/4.2.6 of Article 4 of Appendix **30** or § 4.1.3/4.2.6 of Article 4 of Appendix **30A**. (WRC-2000)

AP5-2

- 2 For the application of No. 9.21, the agreement of an administration may be required with respect to the frequency assignments in the same frequency band as the planned assignment, pertaining to the same service or to another service to which the band is allocated with equal rights or a higher category of allocation, which may affect or be affected, as appropriate, and:
- a) in cases involving a station in a space radiocommunication service with respect to any other station or involving a terrestrial radiocommunication station with respect to an earth station:
 - i) which are in conformity with No. 11.31, and comply with the relevant conditions listed in § 1 b) to 1 g); or
 - ii) for which the procedure under No. **9.21** has been initiated, with effect from the date of receipt by the Bureau, in accordance with No. **9.34**, of the basic characteristics specified in Appendix **4**;

or

- b) for terrestrial radiocommunication stations operating in accordance with these Regulations, or to be so operated prior to the date of bringing the other terrestrial station assignment into service, or within the next three months, whichever is the longer.
- 3 For each of the frequency assignments to a station of a terrestrial or space radiocommunication service referred to in § 1 and 2 above, the level of interference shall be determined using the method referred to in Table 5-1 which is appropriate to the particular case.
- 4 The assignment is considered to affect or be affected, as appropriate, and coordination must be sought under the procedure of Article 9, if:
- a) the threshold levels given in Table 5-1 are exceeded; and
- b) the condition specified in Table 5-1 is applicable.
- 5 Threshold values to determine whether coordination under No. **9.11A** is required are given in Table 5-2.
- 6 No coordination is required:
- a) when the use of a new frequency assignment will not cause or suffer, as appropriate, in respect of any service of another administration, an increase in the level of interference above the threshold calculated in accordance with the method referred to in Tables 5-1 and 5-2; or
- b) when the characteristics of a new or a modified frequency assignment or a new earth station are within the limits of those of a frequency assignment which has previously been coordinated; or

- c) to change the characteristics of an existing assignment in such a way as not to increase the interference to or from, as appropriate, the assignments of other administrations; or
- d) for assignments to stations comprising a satellite network in relation to assignments of other satellite networks:
 - for a new frequency assignment to a receiving station, when the notifying administration states that it accepts the interference resulting from the frequency assignments referred to in No. 9.27; or
 - ii) between earth stations using frequency assignments in the same direction (either Earth-to-space or space-to-Earth); or
- e) for assignments to earth stations in relation to terrestrial stations or earth stations operating in the opposite direction of transmission, when an administration proposes:
 - to bring into use an earth station the coordination area of which does not include any of the territory of any other country;
 - ii) to operate a mobile earth station. However, if the coordination area associated with the operation of such a mobile earth station includes any of the territory of another country, the operation of such a station shall be subject to agreement on coordination between the administrations concerned. This agreement shall apply to the characteristics of the mobile earth station(s), or to the characteristics of a typical mobile earth station, and shall apply to a specified service area. Unless otherwise stipulated in the agreement, it shall apply to any mobile earth stations in the specified service area provided that interference caused by them shall not be greater than that caused by a typical earth station for which the technical characteristics appear in the notice and have been or are being submitted in accordance with Section I of Article 11: or
 - iii) to bring into use a new frequency assignment to a receiving earth station and the notifying administration states that it accepts the interference resulting from existing and future terrestrial station assignments or assignments to earth stations operating in the opposite direction of transmission. In such case, administrations responsible for the terrestrial stations or earth stations operating in the opposite direction of transmission are not required to apply the provisions of No. 9.18 or No. 9.17A of Article 9 respectively:
- f) to bring into use an assignment to a terrestrial station or an earth station operating in the opposite direction of transmission which is located, in relation to an earth station, outside the coordination area of that earth station; or
- g) to bring into use an assignment to a terrestrial station or an earth station operating in the opposite direction of transmission within the coordination area of an earth station, provided that the proposed assignment to a terrestrial station or an earth station operating in the opposite direction of transmission is outside any part of a frequency band coordinated for reception by that earth station.

TABLE 5-1 (Rev.WRC-12)

Technical conditions for coordination (see Article 9)

			(350 7100 73)		
Reference of Article 9	Case	Frequency bands (and Region) of the service for which coordination is sought	Threshold/condition	Calculation	Remarks
No. 9.7 GSO/GSO	A station in a satellite network using the geostationary-satellite orbit (GSO), in any space radiocommunication service, in a frequency band and in a Region where this service is not subject to a Plan, in respect of any other satellite network using that orbit, in any space radiocommunication service in a frequency band and in a Region where this service is not subject to a Plan, with the exception of the coordination between earth stations operating in the opposite direction of transmission	1) 3 400-4 200 MHz 5 725-5 850 MHz (Region 1) and 5 850-6 725 MHz 7 025-7 075 MHz 11.45-11.7 GHz 11.7-12.2 GHz (Region 3) 12.2-12.5 GHz (Region 3) 12.5-12.5 GHz (Region 3) 12.5-12.5 GHz (Region 3) 12.5-12.5 GHz (Region 3) 12.5-12.75 GHz (Region 2) 12.7-12.75 GHz (Region 2) and 3) 12.7-12.75 GHz (Region 2) and 13.75-14.5 GHz	ii) Bandwidth overlap, and iii) any network in the fixed-satellite service (FSS) and any associated space operation functions (see No. 1.23) with a space station within an orbital arc of ±8° of the nominal orbital position of a proposed network in the FSS i) Bandwidth overlap, and ii) any network in the FSS or broadcasting- satellite service (BSS), not subject to a Plan, and any associated space operation functions (see No. 1.23) with a space station within an orbital arc of ±7° of the nominal orbital position of a proposed network in the FSS or BSS, not subject to a Plan		With respect to the space services listed in the threshold/condition column in the bands in 1), 2), 3), 4), 5), 6), 7) and 8), an administration may request, pursuant to No. 9.41 , to be included in requests for coordination, indicating the networks for which the value of $\Delta T/T$ calculated by the method in § 2.2.1.2 and 3.2 of Appendix 8 exceeds 6%. When the Bureau, on request by an affected administration, studies this information pursuant to No. 9.42 , the calculation method given in § 2.2.1.2 and 3.2 of Appendix 8 and 3.2 of Appendix 8 shall be used

TABLE 5-1 (continued) (Rev.WRC-12)

Reference of Article 9	Case	Frequency bands (and Region) of the service for which coordination is sought	Threshold/condition	Calculation method	Remarks
No. 9.7 GSO/GSO (cont.)		3) 17.7-20.2 GHz, (Regions 2 and 3), 17.3-20.2 GHz (Region I) and 27.5-30 GHz	i) Bandwidth overlap, and ii) any network in the FSS and any associated space operation functions (see No. 1.23) with a space station within an orbital arc of ±8° of the nominal orbital position of a proposed network in the FSS		
		4) 17.3-17.7 GHz (Regions 1 and 2)	 i) Bandwidth overlap, and a) any network in the FSS and any associated space operation functions (see No. 1.23) with a space station within an orbital arc of ±8° of the nominal orbital position of a proposed network in the BSS, 		
			or b) any network in the BSS and any associated space operation functions (see No. 1.23) with a space station within an orbital arc of ±8° of the nominal orbital position of a proposed network in the FSS		

TABLE 5-1 (continued) (Rev.WRC-12)

Remarks	
Calculation method	
Threshold/condition	 i) Bandwidth overlap, and any associated space operation functions (see No. 1.23) with a space station within an orbital arc of ±8° of the nominal orbital position of a proposed network in the BSS, or b) any network in the BSS and any associated space operation functions (see No. 1.23) with a space station within an orbital arc of ±8° of the nominal orbital position of a proposed network in the FSS NOTE – No. 5.517 applies in Region 2. i) Bandwidth overlap, and ii) any network in the FSS or meteorological-satellite service and any associated space operation functions (see No. 1.23) with a space station within an orbital arc of ±8° of the nominal orbital position of a proposed network in the FSS or meteorological-satellite service and any associated space operation functions (see No. 1.23) with a space station within an orbital arc of ±8° of the nominal orbital position of a proposed network in the FSS or the
Frequency bands (and Region) of the service for which coordination is sought	i) Bandwidth overlap, and any network in the F associated space ope (see No. 1.23) with a within an orbital arc nominal orbital post proposed network in or b) any network in the B associated space ope (see No. 1.23) with a within an orbital arc nominal orbital post proposed network in the B associated space oper (see No. 1.23) with a within an orbital arc nominal orbital post proposed network in NOTE – No. 5.517 applies in any network in the FSS and 3) 6) 18.0-18.3 GHz (Regions 1 ii) any network in the FSS and 3) meteorological-satellite associated space operative (see No. 1.23) with a space within an orbital arc of 4 meteorological-satellite in meteorological-satellite.
Case	
Reference of Article 9	No. 9.7 GSO/GSO (cont.)

TABLE 5-1 (continued) (Rev.WRC-12)

Remarks	No. 9.41 does not apply.
Calculation	
rvice Threshold/condition	ii) Bandwidth overlap; and any network in the BSS and any associated space operation functions (see No. 1.23) with a space station within an orbital arc of ±12° of the nominal orbital position of a proposed network in the BSS (see also Resolutions 554 (WRC-12) and 553 (WRC-12). i) Bandwidth overlap, and any network in the FSS and any associated space operation functions (see No. 1.23) with a space station within an orbital arc of ±8° of the nominal orbital position of a proposed network in the FSS (see also Resolution 901 (Rev.WRC-07)) i) Bandwidth overlap, and ii) Bandwidth overlap, and any associated space operation functions (see No. 1.23) with a space station within an orbital arc of ±16° of the nominal orbital position of a proposed network in the FSS or BSS, not subject to a Plan, and any associated space operation functions (see No. 1.23) with a space station within an orbital arc of ±16° of the nominal orbital position of a proposed network in the FSS with respect to a network in the FSS with resolution 901 (Rev.WRC-07))
Frequency bands (and Region) of the service for which coordination is sought	(Regions 1 and 3) (Regions 1 and 3) 7) Bands above 17.3 GHz, except those defined in § 3) and 6) 8) Bands above 17.3 GHz except those defined in § 4), 5) and 6bis)
Case	
Reference of Article 9	No. 9.7 GSO/GSO (cont.)

TABLE 5-1 (continued) (Rev.WRC-12)

Remarks	In application of Article 2A of Appendix 30 for the space	operation functions using the guardbands defined in § 3.9	of Annex 5 of Appendix 30,	the threshold/condition	specified for the FSS in the	bands in 2) applies.	In application of Article 2A	of Appendix 30A for the	space operation functions	using the guardbands defined	in § 3.1 and 4.1 of Annex 3 of	Appendix 30A, the	threshold/condition specified	for the FSS in the bands in 7)	applies
Calculation method		Appendix 8													
Threshold/condition	i) Bandwidth overlap, and	ii) Value of $\Delta T/T$ exceeds 6%													
Frequency bands (and Region) of the service for which coordination is sought	9) All frequency bands, other than those in 1), 2),	3), 4), 5), 6), 6bis), 7) and 8), allocated to a space	service, and the bands in	1), 2), 3), 4), 5), 6), 6bis),	7) and 8) where the radio	service of the proposed	network or affected	networks is other than the	space services listed in the	threshold/ condition	column, or in the case of	coordination of space	stations operating in the	opposite direction of	transmission
Case															
Reference of Article 9	No. 9.7 GSO/GSO	(cont.)													
	Frequency bands (and Region) of the service for which coordination is sought	Case (and Region) of the service for which coordination for which coordination is sought 9) All frequency bands, other than those in 1), 2),	Case (and Region) of the service for which coordination is sought 9) All frequency bands, other than those in 1), 2), 3), 4), 5), 6, 6bis), 7) and 8), allocated to a space 8), allocated to a space	Case (and Region) of the service for which coordination is sought 9) All frequency bands, other than those in 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 6 bis, 7) and 8, allocated to a space service, and the bands in	Case (and Region) of the service for which coordination is sought 9) All frequency bands, other than those in 1), 2), 3), 4), 5), 6), 6bis, 7) and 1), 2), 3), 4), 5), 6), 6bis, 7) Frequency bands in 1), 2), 3), 4), 5), 6), 6bis, 7) Threshold/condition method or calculation method is shought overlap, and other than those in 1), 2), 3), 4), 5), 6), 6bis, 7)	Case (and Region) of the service for which coordination is sought 9) All frequency bands, other than those in 1), 2), 3, 4), 5), 6), 6bis), 7) and 8, all ocated to a space service, and the bands in 1), 2), 3, 4), 5), 6), 6bis), 7) and 8) where the radio 7) and 8) where the radio	Case (and Region) of the service for which coordination is sought 9) All frequency bands, other than those in 1), 2), 3, 4), 5), 6), 6bis, 7) and 8, where the radio service of the proposed	Case (and Region) of the service for which coordination is sought 9) All frequency bands, other than those in 1), 2), 3), 4), 5), 6), 6bis), 7) and 8 where the radio service of the proposed network or affected network or affected	Case (and Region) of the service for which coordination is sought 9) All frequency bands, other than those in 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 6bis, 7) and 8, allocated to a space service, and the bands in 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 6bis, 7, 6bis, 6bis, 7, 6bis, 6bis, 7, 6bis, 7, 6bis, 7, 6bis, 6bi	Case (and Region) of the service for which coordination is sought 9) All frequency bands, other than those in 1), 2), 3, 4), 5), 6), 6bis, 7) and 8, allocated to a space service, and the bands in 1), 2), 3), 4), 5), 6), 6bis, 7) and 8) where the radio service of the proposed network or affected networks is other than the space services listed in the	Case (and Region) of the service for which coordination is sought 9) All frequency bands, other than those in 1), 2), 3), 4), 5), 6), 6bis), 7) and 8) where the radio service of the proposed network or affected network or affected networks is other than the space services listed in the shold condition	Case (and Region) of the service for which coordination is sought Threshold/condition Calculation method is sought 9) All frequency bands, other than those in 1), 2), 3, 4), 5), 6), 6bis), 7) and 8, and the bands in 1), 2), 3, 4), 5), 6, 6bis), 7) and 8) where the radio service of the proposed network or affected network or affected network or affected networks is other than the space services listed in the threshold/ condition In Pareshold/ condition Threshold/condition Calculation method	Case Frequency bands for which coordination Threshold/condition Calculation method 9) All frequency bands, other than those in 1), 2), 3, 4), 5), 6), 6bis, 7) and 8, allocated to a space service, and the bands in 1), 2), 3, 4), 5), 6), 6bis, 7) and 8) where the radio service of the proposed network or affected network or affected network or affected network or affected network is other than the space services listed in the threshold/ condition In the case of coordination of space In threshold/condition In threshold/co	Case Frequency bands (and Region) of the service for which coordination is sought Threshold/condition Calculation method 9) All frequency bands, other than those in 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 0, 6bis, 7) and 8, allocated to a space service, and the bands in 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 0, 6bis, 7) i) Value of ATT exceeds 6% Appendix 8 1), 2), 3, 4, 5, 6, 6bis, 7 and 8, where the radio service of the proposed networks is other than the space services listed in the threshold/ condition i) Value of ATT exceeds 6% Appendix 8 1, 2), 3, 4, 5, 6, 6bis, 7 and 8 where the radio services of the proposed networks is other than the space services listed in the threshold/ condition column, or in the case of coordination of space stations operating in the	Case (and Region) of the service for which coordination is sought Threshold/condition Calculation method 9) All frequency bands, other than those in 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 6bis, 7) and 8, allocated to a space service, and the bands in 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 6bis, 7) and 8 where the radio service of the proposed network or affected networks is other than the space services listed in the threshold/condition ii) Value of $\Delta T/T$ exceeds 6% Appendix 8 1), 2), 3), 4), 5), 6), 6bis, 7) and 8 where the radio service of the proposed networks is other than the space services listed in the threshold/condition iii) Value of $\Delta T/T$ exceeds 6% Appendix 8 1), 2), 3), 4), 5), 6), 6bis, 7) 7) and 8 where the radio service of the proposed networks is other than the space services listed in the threshold/condition coordination of space stations operating in the opposite direction of space

TABLE 5-1 (continued) (Rev.WRC-12)

	Remarks	i) Cheek by using the assigned assigned frequencies and bandwidths; ii) use the maximum antenna gain (<i>G</i>), the lowest total receiving system noise temperature (<i>T</i>), and the emission bandwidth of the specific receive earth station as given in the Appendix 4 data; and
	Calculation method	i) Check by using the assigned frequencies and bandwidths; ii) use the maximum antenna gain (G), the lowest total receiving system noise temperature (T) and the emission bandwidth of the specific receive earth station as given in the Appendix 4 data; and
((Threshold/condition	 Bandwidths overlap; and the GSO satellite network has specific receive earth stations which meet all of the following conditions: a) earth station antenna maximum isotropic gain greater than or equal to 64 dBi for the frequency bands 10.7-12.75 GHz or 68 dBi for the frequency bands 17.8-18.6 GHz and 19.7-20.2 GHz; b) GT of 44 dB/K or higher; c) emission bandwidth of 250 MHz or higher for the frequency bands below 12.75 GHz or 800 MHz or higher for the frequency bands below 12.75 GHz and above 17.8 GHz, and
	Frequency hands (and Region) of the service for which coordination is sought	10.7-11.7 GHz (space-to-Earth) 11.7-12.2 GHz (space-to-Earth) in Region 2 12.2-12.75 GHz (space-to-Earth) in Region 3 12.5-12.75 GHz (space-to-Earth) in Region 1 17.8-18.6 GHz (space-to-Earth) in Region 1 17.8-18.6 GHz (space-to-Earth) and 19.7-20.2 GHz (space-to-Earth)
	Case	A specific earth station in a GSO satellite network in the FSS in respect of a non-GSO satellite system in the FSS satellite system in the FSS
	Reference of Article 9	No. 9.7A GSO earth station/ non-GSO system

TABLE 5-1 (continued) (Rev.WRC-12)

	Remarks	
	Calculation method	iii) use the epfd, radiated by the non-GSO FSS satellite system into the earth station employing the very large antenna when this antenna is pointed towards the wanted GSO satellite
(=	Threshold/condition	iii) the equivalent power flux-density, epfd., from the non-GSO satellite system exceeds: a) in the frequency band 10.7- 12.75 GHz: -174.5 GHz: -174.5 GHz: -174.5 GHz: only operating of time for non-GSO satellite systems with all satellites only operating at or below 2.500 km altitude, or -202 dB(W/(m² - 40 kHz)) for any percentage of the time for non-GSO satellite systems with any satellites operating above 2.500 km altitude; b) in the frequency bands 17.8- 18.6 GHz or 19.7-20.2 GHz: -157 dB(W/(m² - MHz)) for any percentage of time for non-GSO satellite systems with all satellites only operating at or below 2.500 km altitude, or -185 dB(W/(m² - MHz)) for any percentage of time for non-GSO satellite systems with all satellites only operating at or below 2.500 km altitude, or -185 dB(W/(m² - MHz)) for any percentage of the time for non-GSO satellite systems with any satellites
	Frequency bands (and Region) of the service for which coordination is sought	
	Case	
	Reference of Article 9	No. 9.7A GSO earth station/ non-GSO system (cont.)

TABLE 5-1 (continued) (Rev.WRC-12)

Remarks	The threshold/condition for coordination do not apply to typical receive earth stations operating in GSO satellite networks
Calculation method	i) Check by using the assigned frequencies and bandwidths; ii) use the maximum antenna gain (<i>G</i>), the lowest total receiving system noise temperature (<i>T</i>), and the emission bandwidth of the specific receive earth station as given in the Appendix 4 data;
Threshold/condition	 Bandwidths overlap; and the GSO satellite network has specific receive earth stations which meet all of the following conditions: a) earth station antenna maximum isotropic gain greater than or equal to 64 dBi for the frequency bands 10.7-12.75 GHz or 68 dBi for the frequency bands 17.8-18.6 GHz and 19.7-20.2 GHz; b) GT of 44 dB/K or higher; c) emission bandwidth of 250 MHz or higher for the frequency bands below 12.75 GHz or 800 MHz or higher for the frequency bands below 12.75 GHz and and shove 17.8 GHz and and
Frequency bands (and Region) of the service for which coordination is sought	10.7-11.7 GHz (space-to-Earth) 11.7-12.2 GHz (space-to-Earth) in Region 2 12.2-12.75 GHz (space-to-Earth) in Region 3 12.5-12.75 GHz (space-to-Earth) in Region 1 17.8-18.6 GHz (space-to-Earth) and 17.8-18.6 GHz (space-to-Earth), and 19.7-20.2 GHz (space-to-Earth).
Case	A non-GSO satellite system in the FSS in respect of a specific earth station in a GSO satellite network in the FSS E E E E E E E E E E E E E E E E E
Reference of Article 9	No. 9.7B Non-GSO system/GSO earth station

TABLE 5-1 (continued) (Rev.WRC-12)

Remarks	
Calculation method	iii) use the epfd, radiated by the non-GSO FSS satellite system into the earth station employing the very large antenna when this antenna is pointed towards the wanted GSO satellite
Threshold/condition	iii) the epfd, from the non-GSO satellite system exceeds: a) in the frequency band 10.7-12.75 GHz: -174.5 GW(m²- 40 kHz)) for any percentage of time for non-GSO satellite systems with all satellites only operating at or below 2 500 km altitude, or -202 dBW/(m²- 40 kHz)) for any percentage of the time for non-GSO satellite systems with any satellites operating above 2 500 km altitude; b) in the frequency bands 17.8- 18.6 GHz or 19.7-20.2 GHz: -157 dBW/(m²- MHz)) for any percentage of time for non-GSO satellite systems with all satellites only operating at or below 2 500 km altitude, or -185 dBW/(m²- MHz)) for any percentage of time for non-GSO satellite systems with all satellites only operating at or below 2 500 km altitude, or -185 dBW/(m²- MHz)) for any percentage of the time for non-GSO satellites systems with any satellites
Frequency bands (and Region) of the service for which coordination is sought	
Case	
Reference of Article 9	No. 9.7B Non-GSO system/GSO earth station (cont.)
	Frequency bands (and Region) of the service for which coordination is sought

TABLE 5-1 (continued) (Rev.WRC-12)

ſ				
	Remarks			
	Calculation method	Check by using the assigned frequencies and bandwidths	Check by using the assigned frequencies and bandwidths	Check by using the assigned frequencies and bandwidths
	Threshold/condition	Bandwidths overlap: The detailed conditions for the application of No. 9.11 in the bands 2 630-2 655 MHz and 2 605-2 630 MHz are provided in Resolution 539 (Rev.WRC-03) for non-GSO BSS (sound) systems pursuant to Nos. 5.417A and 5.418 and 5.418 and 5.418 and those provisions.	Bandwidths overlap	Bandwidths overlap
	Frequency bands (and Region) of the service for which coordination is sought	620-790 MHz (see Resolution 549 (WRC-07)) 1452-1492 MHz 2 310-2 360 MHz (No. 5.393) 2 535-2 655 MHz (Nos. 5.417 A and 5.418) 17.7-17.8 GHz (Region 2) 74-76 GHz	Frequency bands for which a footnote refers to No. 9.11A or No. 9.12	Frequency bands for which a footnote refers to No. 9.11A or No. 9.12A
	Case	A space station in the BSS in any band shared on an equal primary basis with terrestrial services and where the BSS is not subject to a Plan, in respect of terrestrial services	A station in a non-GSO satellite network in the frequency bands for which a footnote refers to No. 9.11A or No. 9.12, in respect of any other non-GSO satellite network, with the exception of coordination between earth stations operating in the opposite direction of transmission	A station in a non-GSO satellite network in the frequency bands for which a footnote refers to No. 9.11A or No. 9.12A, in respect of any GSO satellite network, with the exception of coordination between earth stations operating in the opposite direction of transmission
	Reference of Article 9	No. 9.11 GSO, non-GSO/ terrestrial	No. 9.12 Non-GSO/ non-GSO	No. 9.12A Non-GSO/ GSO

TABLE 5-1 (continued) (Rev.WRC-12)

Reference of Article 9	Case	Frequency bands (and Region) of the service for which coordination is sought	Threshold/condition	Calculation method	Remarks
No. 9.13 GSO/ non-GSO	A station in a GSO satellite network in the frequency bands for which a footnote refers to No. 9.11A or No. 9.13, in respect of any other non-GSO satellite network, with the exception of coordination between earth stations operating in the opposite direction of transmission	Frequency bands for which a footnote refers to No. 9.11A or No. 9.13	1) Bandwidths overlap 2) For the band 1 668-1 668.4 MHz with respect to MSS network coordination with SRS (passive) networks, in addition to bandwidth overlap, the e.i.r.p. spectral density of mobile earth stations in a GSO network of the mobile-satellite service operating in this band exceeds -2.5 dB(W/4 kHz) or the power spectral density delivered to the mobile earth station antenna exceeds -10 dB(W/4 kHz)	Check by using the assigned frequencies and bandwidths Check by using MSS network Appendix 4 data	
No. 9.14 Non-GSO/ terrestrial, GSO/ terrestrial	A space station in a satellite network in the frequency bands for which a footnote refers to No. 9.11A or to No. 9.14, in respect of stations of terrestrial services where threshold(s) is (are) exceeded	1) Frequency bands for which a footnote refers to No. 9.11A; or S. 11.7-12.2 GHz (Region 2 GSO FSS) 3) 5 030-5 091 MHz	 See § 1 of Annex 1 to this Appendix; In the bands specified in No. 5.414A, the detailed conditions for the application of No. 9.14 are provided in No. 5.414A for MSS networks or In the band 11.7-12.2 GHz (Region 2 GSO FSS): -124 dB(W/(m²· MHz)) for 0° ≤ θ ≤ 5° −124 + 0.5 (θ − 5) dB(W/(m²· MHz)) for 5° ∈ θ ≤ 5° -124 + 0.5 (θ − 5) where θ is the angle of arrival of the incident wave above the horizontal plane (degrees) Bandwidth overlap 	1) See § 1 of Annex 1 to this Appendix	

TABLE 5-1 (continued) (Rev.WRC-12)

Reference of Article 9	Case	Frequency bands (and Region) of the service for which coordination is sought	Threshold/condition	Calculation method	Remarks
No. 9.15 Non-GSO/ terrestrial	A specific earth station or a typical earth station, in respect of terrestrial stations in frequency bands for which a footnote refers to No. 9.11A allocated with equal rights to space and terrestrial services, where the coordination area of the earth station includes the territory of another country	Frequency bands for which a footnote refers to No. 9.11A	The coordination area of the earth station covers the territory of another administration	Appendix 7	
No. 9.16 Terrestrial/ non-GSO	A transmitting station in a terrestrial service within the coordination area of an earth station in a non-GSO satellite network in frequency bands for which a footnote refers to No. 9.11A	Frequency bands for which a footnote refers to No. 9.11A	Transmitting terrestrial station is situated within the coordination area of a receiving earth station		The coordination area of the affected earth station has already been determined using the calculation method of Appendix 7
No. 9.17 GSO, non-GSO/ terrestrial	A specific earth station or a typical mobile earth station in frequency bands above 100 MHz allocated with equal rights to space and terrestrial services, in respect of terrestrial stations, where the coordination area of the earth station includes the territory of another country, with the exception of the coordination under No. 9.15	Any frequency band allocated to a space service	The coordination area of the earth station covers the territory of another administration	Appendix 7	

TABLE 5-1 (continued) (Rev.WRC-12)

Remarks		The coordination area of the affected earth station has already been determined using the calculation method of No. 9.17
Calculation method	Appendix 7	See Remarks column
Threshold/condition	The coordination area of the earth station covers the territory of another administration or the earth station is located within the coordination area of an earth station	Any frequency band allocated Transmitting terrestrial station is situated to a space service within the coordination area of a receiving earth station
Frequency bands (and Region) of the service for which coordination is sought	Any frequency band allocated to a space service	
Case	A specific earth station in respect of other earth stations operating in the opposite direction of transmission or for any typical mobile earth station in respect of specific earth stations operating in the opposite direction of transmission in frequency bands allocated with equal rights to space radiocommunication services in both directions of transmission, where the coordination area of the earth station includes the territory of another country or the earth station is located within the coordination area of a with the exception of coordination under No. 9.19	Any transmitting station of a terrestrial service in the bands referred to in No. 9.17 within the coordination area of an earth station, in respect of this earth station, with the exception of the coordination under Nos. 9.16 and 9.19
Reference of Article 9	No. 9.17A GSO, non-GSO, GSO, non-GSO	No. 9.18 Terrestrial/GSO, non-GSO

TABLE 5-1 (continued) (Rev.WRC-12)

Remarks	See also Article 6 of Appendix 30
Calculation method	Check by using the assigned frequencies and bandwidths
Threshold/condition	i) Necessary bandwidths overlap; and ii) the power flux-density (pfd) of the interfering station at the edge of the BSS service area exceeds the permissible level
Frequency bands (and Region) of the service for which coordination is sought	Resolution 549 (WRC-07) 1 452-1 492 MHz 2 310-2 360 MHz (terrestrial services in all three Regions in respect of BSS allocation in No. 5.393 2 520-2 670 MHz (see Article 6 of Appendix 30) 11.7-12.7 GHz (see Article 6 of Appendix 30) 12.5-12.7 GHz (terrestrial services in Nos. 5.494 and 5.496 as well as in Regions 2 and 3, or transmitting earth station in the FSS (Earth-to-space) in Region 1, in respect of BSS allocation in Region 3) 12.7-12.75 GHz (terrestrial services in Nos. 5.494 and 5.496 as well as in Regions 2 and 3, or transmitting earth station in the FSS (Earth-to-space) in Regions 2 and 3, or transmitting earth station in the FSS (Earth-to-space) in Regions 1 and 2, in respect of BSS allocation in Region 3) 17.7-17.8 GHz (terrestrial services in all three Regions in respect of BSS allocation in Region 2)
Case	Any transmitting station of a terrestrial service or a transmitting earth station in the FSS (Barth-to-space) in a frequency band shared on an erqual primary basis with the BSS, with respect to typical earth stations included in the service area of a space station in the BSS
Reference of Article 9	No. 9.19 Terrestrial, GSO, non-GSO, on-GSO, non-GSO

TABLE 5-1 (end) (Rev.WRC-12)

Reference of Article 9	Case	Frequency bands (and Region) of the service for which coordination is sought	Threshold/condition	Calculation method	Remarks
No. 9.19 Terrestrial, GSO, non-GSO/ GSO, non-GSO (cont.)		17.3-17.8 GHz (transmitting earth stations in the FSS (Earth-to-space) in respect of BSS allocation in Region 2) (see Article 4 of Appendix 30A) 40.5-42.5 GHz 74-76 GHz			
No. 9.21 Terrestrial, GSO, non-GSO/ terrestrial, GSO, non-GSO	A station of a service for which the requirement to obtain the agreement of other administrations is included in a footnote to the Table of Frequency Allocations referring to No. 9.21	Band(s) indicated in the relevant footnote	Incompatibility established by the use of Appendices 7, 8, technical Annexes of Appendices 30 or 30A, pfd values specified in some of the footnotes, other technical provisions of the Radio Regulations or ITU-R Recommendations, as appropriate	Methods specified in, or adapted from, Appendices 7, 8, 30, 30A, other technical provisions of the Radio Regulations or ITU-R. Recommendations	

ANNEX 1

Coordination thresholds for sharing between MSS (space-to-Earth) and terrestrial services in the same frequency bands and between non-GSO MSS feeder links (space-to-Earth) and terrestrial services in the same frequency bands and between RDSS (space-to-Earth) and terrestrial services in the same frequency bands (WRC-12)

1.1 Below 1 GHz*

- 1.1.1 In the bands 137-138 MHz and 400.15-401 MHz, coordination of a space station of the MSS (space-to-Earth) with respect to terrestrial services (except aeronautical mobile (OR) service networks operated by the administrations listed in Nos. **5.204** and **5.206** as of 1 November 1996) is required only if the pfd produced by this space station exceeds $-125 \text{ dB}(\text{W}/(\text{m}^2 \cdot 4 \text{ kHz}))$ at the Earth's surface.
- 1.1.2 In the band 137-138 MHz, coordination of a space station of the MSS (space-to-Earth) with respect to the aeronautical mobile (OR) service is required only if the pfd produced by this space station at the Earth's surface exceeds:
- 125 dB(W/(m² · 4 kHz)) for networks for which complete Appendix 3** coordination information has been received by the Bureau prior to 1 November 1996;
- 140 dB(W/(m² · 4 kHz)) for networks for which complete Appendix 4/S4/3** coordination information has been received by the Bureau after 1 November 1996 for the administrations referred to in § 1.1.1 above.
- 1.1.3 In the band 137-138 MHz, coordination is also required for a space station on a replacement satellite of a MSS network for which complete Appendix 3^{**} coordination information has been received by the Bureau prior to 1 November 1996 and the pfd exceeds -125 dB(W/(m² · 4 kHz)) at the Earth's surface for the administrations referred to in § 1.1.1 above.

1.2 Between 1 and 3 GHz

1.2.1 Objectives

Generally, pfd thresholds were used to determine the need for coordination between space stations of the MSS (space-to-Earth) and terrestrial services and for coordination between space stations of the RDSS (space-to-Earth) and terrestrial services. However, to facilitate sharing between digital fixed service stations and non-GSO MSS space stations, the concept of fractional degradation in performance (FDP) was adopted. This concept involves new methods described in this Annex.

^{*} These provisions apply only to the MSS.

^{**} Note by the Secretariat: Edition of 1990, revised in 1994.

As a consequence of this new concept, the need for coordination between space stations of the MSS (space-to-Earth) and terrestrial services is determined using two methods:

- simple method: FDP (simple definition of the MSS system and characteristics of reference FS stations are used in inputs) or power flux-density trigger value;
- more detailed method: system specific methodology (SSM) (specific characteristics of the MSS system and characteristics of reference fixed service stations are used in inputs) as described, for example, in Annex 1 to Recommendation ITU-R M.1143.

If one of the two methods gives a result that does not exceed the criteria relevant to each method, there is no need for coordination.

If only one method is available in an administration, the result of this method must be taken into account. (WRC-12)

1.2.2 General considerations

1.2.2.1 Method for calculating the value of FDP

The FDP is used in cases of sharing between digital fixed service stations with non-GSO MSS stations (space-to-Earth).

To calculate the value of the FDP, the following parameters are needed:

- technical characteristics of digital fixed service station;
- technical characteristics of non-GSO MSS constellation.

The FDP is calculated:

- by simulating the proposed MSS constellation using the information given in § A.4 of Annex
 2 to Appendix 4;
- by positioning the fixed service station at a certain latitude (each station is assumed to operate at an elevation angle of 0°);
- by calculating for each pointing azimuth (Az) varying between 0° and 360°:
 - at each instant in time of the simulation, the aggregate interference from all visible space stations received at the fixed service station;
 - the FDP_{A_7} for the azimuth A_7 , using the following formula:

$$FDP_{AZ} = \sum_{I_i = min}^{max} \frac{I_i f_i}{N_T}$$

by the following formula:

$$FDP = \max(FDP_{A_7})$$

(The formula for FDP applies to the 1-3 GHz frequency range only. A different formula may apply at frequencies above 3 GHz.)

where:

 I_i : interference noise power level (W)

 f_i : the fractional period of time during which the interference power equals I_i

 N_T : station receiving system noise power level = k T B (W)

k: Boltzmann's constant = 1.38×10^{-23} (J/K)

T: FS station receiving system effective noise temperature (T should be calculated by the following formula:

$$10\log T = NF + 10\log T_0$$

where NF (dB) is the receiver noise figure given in Annex 1 and T_0 should be assumed as 290 K)

B: reference bandwidth = 1 MHz.

NOTE – For the purpose of FDP calculation according to this Annex, it should be assumed that all space stations in the same MSS constellation operate on the same frequencies.

1.2.2.2 Characteristics of reference systems in the fixed service

The following parameters represent the set of reference parameters of the fixed service.

1.2.2.2.1 Characteristics of reference digital point-to-point systems

Three different digital systems are described in the following Table:

- 64 kbit/s capacity used, for example, for outside plant (individual subscriber connection);
- 2 Mbit/s capacity used, for example, for business subscriber connections for the local part of the inside plant;
- 45 Mbit/s capacity used, for example, for trunk networks.

Capacity	64 kbit/s	2 Mbit/s	45 Mbit/s
Modulation	4-PSK	8-PSK	64-QAM
Antenna gain (dB)	33	33	33
Transmit power (dBW)	7	7	1
Feeder/multiplexer loss (dB)	2	2	2
e.i.r.p. (dBW)	38	38	32
Receiver IF bandwidth (MHz)	0.032	0.7	10
Receiver noise figure (dB)	4	4.5	4
Receiver input level for a BER of 10 ⁻³ (dBW)	-137	-120	-106

Antenna pattern:

$$G(\varphi) = G_{max} - 2.5 \times 10^{-3} \left(\frac{D\varphi}{\lambda}\right)^2$$
 for $0 < \varphi < \varphi_m$

$$G(\varphi) = 39 - 5 \log (D/\lambda) - 2.5 \log \varphi$$
 for $\varphi_m \le \varphi < 48^\circ$

$$G(\varphi) = -3 - 5 \log (D/\lambda)$$
 for $48^{\circ} \le \varphi \le 180^{\circ}$

where:

 $G(\varphi)$: gain relative to an isotropic antenna (dBi)

φ: off-axis angle (degrees)

D: antenna diameter

 λ : wavelength expressed in the same unit as D

 G_1 : gain of the first side-lobe = 2 + 15 log (D/λ)

 (D/λ) may be estimated from $20 \log (D/\lambda) \approx G_{max} - 7.7$

 G_{max} : main lobe antenna gain (dBi)

$$\varphi_m = 20 \ (\lambda/D) \times \sqrt{(G_{max} - G_1)}$$

It should be noted that the above antenna radiation pattern corresponds to the average side-lobe pattern and it is recognized that individual side-lobes may exceed it by up to 3 dB.

1.2.2.2.2 Characteristics of reference analogue point-to-point systems

Reference circuit	12 hops with 50 km distance between stations
Antenna gain (dBi)	33
e.i.r.p. (dBW)	36
Feeder/multiplexer loss (dB)	3
Receiver noise figure (referred to input of receiver) (dB)	8
Maximum short- and long-term interference in the reference circuit: — baseband interfering signal power level not to be exceeded for more than	
20% of the time	240 pW0p
baseband interfering signal power level not to be exceeded for more than 0.01% of the time	50 000 pW0p

Antenna pattern: use antenna pattern of § 1.2.2.2.1.

1.2.2.2.3 Characteristics of reference point-to-multipoint systems

NOTE – In application of the standard computation program, the use of the point-to-multipoint reference fixed service system parameters for the 2 170-2 200 MHz band is not required.

Parameter	Central station	Outstation
Antenna type	Omni/sectoral	Dish/horn
Antenna gain (dBi)	10/13	20 (analogue) 27 (digital)
e.i.r.p. (max) (dBW): - analogue - digital	12 24	21 34
Noise figure (dB)	3.5	3.5
Feeder/multiplexer loss (dB)	2	2
IF bandwidth (MHz)	3.5	3.5

Antenna pattern:

For the outstation antenna pattern, the reference pattern described in § 1.2.2.2.1 is to be used.

The reference radiation pattern for omnidirectional or sectoral antennas is the following:

$$G(\theta) = G_0 - 12 (\theta/\phi_3)^2 \qquad \text{for } 0 \leq \theta < \phi_3$$

$$G(\theta) = G_0 - 12 - 10 \log (\theta/\phi_3) \qquad \text{for } \phi_3 \leq \theta < 90^\circ$$

where:

 G_0 : maximum gain in the horizontal plane (dBi)

 θ : radiation angle above the horizontal plane (degrees)

 ϕ_3 (degrees) is given by:

$$\varphi_3 = \frac{1}{\alpha^2 - 0.818}$$

where:

$$\alpha = \frac{10^{0.1G_0} + 172.4}{191}$$

- 1.2.3 Determination of the need for coordination between MSS and RDSS space stations (space-to-Earth) and terrestrial stations (WRC-12)
- 1.2.3.1 Method for the determination of the need for coordination between MSS and RDSS space stations (space-to-Earth) and other terrestrial services sharing the same frequency band in the 1 to 3 GHz range

Coordination of assignments for transmitting space stations of the MSS and RDSS with respect to terrestrial services is not required if the pfd produced at the Earth's surface or the FDP of a station in the fixed service does not exceed the threshold values shown in the following table. (WRC-12)

TABLE 5-2 (Rev.WRC-12)

Frequency band (MHz)	Terrestrial service to be protected	Coordination threshold values				
		GSO space stations		Non-GSO	tions	
		pfd (per space station) calculation factors (NOTE 2)		pfd (per space station) calculation factors (NOTE 2)		% FDP (in 1 MHz) (NOTE 1)
		P	r dB/ degrees	P	r dB/ degrees	
1 518-1 525	Analogue FS telephony (NOTE 5)	-146 dB(W/m2) in 4 kHz and -128 dB(W/m2) in 1 MHz	0.5	-146 dB(W/m2) in 4 kHz and -128 dB(W/m2) in 1 MHz	0.5	
	All other cases FS telephony (NOTES 4 and 8)	-128 dB(W/m2) in 1 MHz	0.5	-128 dB(W/m2) in 1 MHz	0.5	25

Frequency band (MHz)	Terrestrial service to be protected	Coordination threshold values				
		GSO space stations Non-GS		Non-GSO	O space stations	
		pfd (per space station) calculation factors (NOTE 2)		pfd (per space station) calculation factors (NOTE 2)		% FDP (in 1 MHz) (NOTE 1)
		P	r dB/ degrees	P	r dB/ degrees	
1 525-1 530	Analogue FS telephony (NOTE 5)	-146 dB(W/m²) in 4 kHz and -128 dB(W/m²) in 1 MHz	0.5	-146 dB(W/m²) in 4 kHz and -128 dB(W/m²) in 1 MHz	0.5	
	All other cases	-128 dB(W/m ²) in 1 MHz	0.5	-128 dB(W/m ²) in 1 MHz	0.5	25
2 160-2 200	Analogue FS telephony (NOTE 5)	-146 dB(W/m²) in 4 kHz and -128 dB(W/m²) in 1 MHz	0.5	-141 dB(W/m²) in 4 kHz and -123 dB (W/m²) in 1 MHz (NOTE 6)	0.5	
(NOTE 3)	All other cases	-128 dB(W/m ²) in 1 MHz	0.5	-123 dB(W/m ²) in 1 MHz (NOTE 6)	0.5	25
2 483.5-2 500 (mobile- satellite service)	All cases	-146 dB(W/m²) in 4 kHz and -128 dB(W/m²) in 1 MHz	0.5	-144 dB(W/m²) in 4 kHz and -126 dB(W/m²) in 1 MHz (NOTE 9)	0.65	
2 483.5-2 500 (radiodeterm- ination-satellite service) (NOTE 10)	All cases except the radiolocation service in the countries listed in No. 5.398A	-152 dB(W/m²) in 4 kHz -128 dB(W/m²) in 1 MHz	-	-153 dB(W/m²) in 4 kHz -129 dB(W/m²) in 1 MHz (NOTE 9)		
2 500-2 520 (SUP – WRC-07)						
2 520-2 535 (SUP – WRC-07)						

NOTE 1- The calculation of FDP is contained in § 1.2.2.1, using the reference FS parameters contained in § 1.2.2.2.1 and 1.2.2.2.3. The use of FDP threshold is limited to the case of digital FS systems.

NOTE 2 – The following formula should be used for deriving the coordination threshold in terms of pfd:

$$P \qquad \qquad \text{for} \qquad 0^{\circ} \leq \delta \leq 5^{\circ}$$

$$P + r(\delta - 5) \qquad \text{for} \qquad 5^{\circ} < \delta \leq 25^{\circ}$$

$$P + 20 r \qquad \qquad \text{for} \qquad 25^{\circ} < \delta \leq 90^{\circ}$$

where δ is the angle of arrival (degrees).

The threshold values are obtained under assumed free-space propagation conditions.

NOTE 3 – The coordination thresholds in the band 2 160-2 170 MHz (Region 2) and 2 170-2 200 MHz (all Regions) to protect other terrestrial services do not apply to International Mobile Telecommunications (IMT) systems, as the satellite and the terrestrial components are not intended to operate in the same area or on common frequencies within these bands. (WRC-12)

NOTE 4 - Exceptions for the band 1 518-1 525 MHz are as follows:

- 4.1 For the land mobile service on the territory of Japan (No. 5.348A): $-150 \text{ dB}(\text{W/m}^2)$ in 4 kHz at all angles of arrival is applicable to all satellite space-to-Earth emissions.
- 4.2 For the aeronautical mobile service for telemetry on the territory of the administrations listed in No. 5.342: $-140 \text{ dB}(\text{W/m}^2)$ in 4 kHz at all angles of arrival.
- 4.3 For the point-to-multipoint systems operating in the fixed service in the territory of New Zealand: $-138 \, dB(W/m^2)$ in 1 MHz for angles of arrival less than or equal to 5° above the horizon and increasing linearly to $-125 \, dB(W/m^2)$ in 1 MHz for angles of arrival equal to 25° or greater above the horizon. (WRC-03)
- NOTE 5 In all cases involving sharing with analogue systems for telephony in the FS, further coordination is only required when the pfd values are greater than or equal to the coordination threshold values in both reference bandwidths.

NOTE 6 – The pfd values specified for the band 2 160-2 200 MHz provide full protection for analogue radio-relay systems using the sharing criteria established by the most recent version of Recommendation ITU-R SF.357, for operation with a non-GSO MSS system employing narrow-band time division multiple access/frequency division multiple access techniques.

NOTE 7 - (SUP - WRC-12)

NOTE 8 – In the band 1 518-1 520 MHz, for the point-to-multipoint systems operating in the fixed service on the territory of Australia: $-138 \, dB(W/m^2)$ in 1 MHz for angles of arrival less than or equal to 5° above the horizon and increasing linearly to $-125 \, dB(W/m^2)$ in 1 MHz for angles of arrival equal to 25° or greater above the horizon. (WRC-03)

NOTE 9 – Instead of the values in the Table, the pfd coordination thresholds of –142.5 dB(W/m²) in 4 kHz and –124.5 dB(W/m²) in 1 MHz for the MSS and –152 dB(W/m²) in 4 kHz and –128 dB(W/m²) in 1 MHz for the RDSS shall apply in Albania, Germany, Andorra, Antigua and Barbuda, Argentina, Australia, Australia, Bahamas, Barbados, Belgium, Belize, Bolivia (Plurinational State of), Bosnia and Herzegovina, Brazil, Bulgaria, Canada, Chile, Cyprus, Vatican, Colombia, Congo (Rep. of the), Costa Rica, Croatia, Denmark, Dominican Rep., Dominica, El Salvador, Ecuador, Spain, Estonia, United States, Finland, France, Greece, Grenada, Guatemala, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras, Hungary, Ireland, Iceland, Israel, Italy, Jamaica, Latvia, The Former Yugoslav Rep. of Macedonia, Liechtenstein, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Mexico, Monaco, Montenegro, Nicaragua, Nigeria, Norway, Panama, Paraguay, Netherlands, Peru, Poland, Portugal, Slovakia, Czech Rep., Romania, United Kingdom, Saint Lucia, Saint Kitts and Nevis, San Marino, Saint Vincent and the Grenadines, Serbia, Slovenia, Sweden, Switzerland, Suriname, Trinidad and Tobago, Turkey, Uruguay and Venezuela. (WRC-12)

NOTE 10 – These pfd values apply only to systems submitted after 17 February 2012 and do not apply to systems for which complete coordination information has been received before 18 February 2012 (see No. **5.401**). (WRC-12)

1.2.3.2 A system specific methodology (SSM) to be used in determining the need for detailed coordination of non-GSO MSS (space-to-Earth) systems with fixed service systems

The purpose of the SSM is to allow a detailed assessment of the need to coordinate frequency assignments to non-GSO MSS space stations (space-to-Earth) with frequency assignments to receiving stations in a fixed service network of a potentially affected administration. The SSM takes into account specific characteristics of the non-GSO MSS system and reference fixed service characteristics.

Those administrations planning to establish the need for coordination between non-GSO MSS networks and fixed service systems are encouraged to use Recommendation ITU-R M.1143. While urgent additional development work is being undertaken in the ITU-R to facilitate the use of the methodology described in Recommendation ITU-R M.1143, administrations may be able to effect coordination by applying this SSM. (WRC-12)

1.3 Above 3 GHz

In the band 15.45-15.65 GHz, when an administration proposes to use a non-GSO space station whose emissions exceed $-146~dB(W/(m^2\cdot MHz))$ for all angles of arrival, it shall coordinate with affected administrations.

- 2 (SUP WRC-2000)
- 3 (SUP WRC-2000)

APPENDIX 7 (REV.WRC-12)

Methods for the determination of the coordination area around an earth station in frequency bands between 100 MHz and 105 GHz

1 Introduction

This Appendix addresses the determination of the coordination area (see No. 1.171) around a transmitting or receiving earth station that is sharing spectrum in frequency bands between 100 MHz and 105 GHz with terrestrial radiocommunication services or with earth stations operating in the opposite direction of transmission.

The coordination area represents the area surrounding an earth station sharing the same frequency band with terrestrial stations, or the area surrounding a transmitting earth station that is sharing the same bidirectionally allocated frequency band with receiving earth stations, within which the permissible level of interference may be exceeded and hence coordination is required. The coordination area is determined on the basis of known characteristics for the coordinating earth station and on conservative assumptions for the propagation path and for the system parameters for the unknown terrestrial stations (see Tables 7 and 8), or the unknown receiving earth stations (see Table 9), that are sharing the same frequency band.

1.1 Overview

This Appendix contains procedures and system parameters for calculating an earth station's coordination area, including predetermined distances.

The procedures allow the determination of a distance in all azimuthal directions around a transmitting or receiving earth station beyond which the predicted path loss would be expected to exceed a specified value for all but a specified percentage of the time. This distance is called the coordination distance (see No. 1.173). When the coordination distance is determined for each azimuth around the coordinating earth station it defines a distance contour, called the coordination contour (see No. 1.172), that encloses the coordination area.

It is important to note that, although the determination of the coordination area is based on technical criteria, it represents a regulatory concept. Its purpose is to identify the area within which detailed evaluations of the interference potential need to be performed in order to determine whether the coordinating earth station or any of the terrestrial stations, or in the case of a bidirectional allocation any of the receiving earth stations that are sharing the same frequency band, will experience unacceptable levels of interference. Hence, the coordination area is not an exclusion zone within which the sharing of frequencies between the earth station and terrestrial stations or other earth stations is prohibited, but a means for determining the area within which more detailed calculations need to be performed. In most cases a more detailed analysis will show that sharing within the coordination area is possible since the procedure for the determination of the coordination area is based on unfavourable assumptions with regard to the interference potential.

For the determination of the coordination area, two separate cases are to be considered:

- case when the earth station is transmitting and hence capable of interfering with receiving terrestrial stations or earth stations;
- case when the earth station is receiving and hence may be the subject of interference from transmitting terrestrial stations.

Calculations are performed separately for great circle propagation mechanisms (propagation mode (1)) and, if required by the sharing scenario (see § 1.4), for scattering from hydrometeors (propagation mode (2)). The coordination contour is then determined using the greater of the two distances predicted by the propagation mode (1) and propagation mode (2) calculations for each azimuth around the coordinating earth station. Separate coordination contours are produced for each sharing scenario. Guidance and examples of the construction of coordination contours, and their component propagation mode (1) and propagation mode (2) contours, are provided in § 1.6.

To facilitate bilateral discussion it can be useful to calculate additional contours, defining smaller areas, that are based on less conservative assumptions than those used for the calculation of the coordination contour.

1.2 Structure of this Appendix

In this Appendix the general principles are separated from the detailed text on methods. The general principles are contained in the main body of the Appendix, while the methods are contained in a series of Annexes, enabling the user to select only those sections that are relevant for a specific sharing scenario.

Table 1 is provided to help the user to navigate through the Appendix and the Annexes; it also indicates the relevant sections that need to be explored for a specific coordination case.

 $\label{eq:table 1} TABLE~1$ Cross-reference between sharing scenarios and calculation methods

			Sharing so	cenarios o	f § 1.4		
Applicable sections and Annexes	§ 1.4.1 Earth stations operating with geostationary space stations	§ 1.4.2 Earth stations operating with non-geostationary space stations ¹	§ 14.3 Earth stations operating with both geostationary and non-geostationary space stations	§ 1.4.4 Earth stations operating in bidirectionally allocated frequency bands	§ 1.4.5 Broadcasting-satellite service earth stations	§ 1.4.6 Mobile (except aeronautical mobile) earth stations	§ 1.4.7 Aeronautical mobile earth stations
§ 1.3 Basic concepts	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
§ 1.5 Propagation model concepts	X	X	X	X			
§ 1.6 The coordination contour: concepts and construction	X	X	X	X			
§ 2.1 Earth stations operating with geostationary space stations	X		X				
§ 2.2 Earth stations operating with non-geostationary space stations		X	X				
§ 3 Determination of the coordination area between earth stations operating in bidirectionally allocated frequency bands				X	\$ 1.6	\$ 1.6	\$ 1.6
§ 4 General considerations for the determination of the propagation mode (1) required distance		X	X	X	ole and	ole and	ole and
§ 5 General considerations for the determination of the propagation mode (2) required distance			X		pplicat	pplicab	pplicab
Annex 1 Determination of the required distance for propagation mode (1)	X	X	X	X	.4 as a	.4 as a	.4 as a _j
Annex 2 Determination of the required distance for propagation mode (2)	X		X		3 or 1.4	3 or 1. ²	3 or 1.4
Annex 3 Antenna gain towards the horizon for an earth station operating with a geostationary space station	X		X		.2, 1.4.3	.2, 1.4.3	.2, 1.4.
Annex 4 Antenna gain towards the horizon for earth stations operating with non-geostationary space stations		X	X	X	1.1, 1.4.	1.1, 1.4	1.1, 1.4.
Annex 5 Determination of the coordination area for a transmitting earth station with respect to receiving earth stations operating with geostationary space stations in bidirectionally allocated frequency bands				X	See § 1.4.1, 1.4.2, 1.4.3 or 1.4.4 as applicable and	See § 1.4.1, 1.4.2, 1.4.3 or 1.4.4 as applicable and	See § 1.4.1, 1.4.2, 1.4.3 or 1.4.4 as applicable and § 1.6
Annex 6 Supplementary and auxiliary contours	X	X	X	X			
Annex 7 System parameters and predetermined coordination distances for determination of the coordination area around an earth station	X	X	X	X			

 $^{^1}$. For an earth station using a non-tracking antenna the procedure of $\S~2.1$ is used. For an earth station using a non-directional antenna the procedures of $\S~2.1.1$ are used.

1.3 Basic concepts

Determination of the coordination area is based on the concept of the permissible interference power at the antenna terminals of a receiving terrestrial station or earth station. Hence, the attenuation required to limit the level of interference between a transmitting terrestrial station or earth station and a receiving terrestrial station or earth station to the permissible interference power for p% of the time is represented by the "minimum required loss", which is the loss that needs to be equalled or exceeded by the predicted path loss for all but p% of the time¹.

For propagation mode (1) the following equation applies:

$$L_b(p) = P_t + G_t + G_r - P_r(p)$$
 dB (1)

where:

p: maximum percentage of time for which the permissible interference power may be exceeded

 $L_b(p)$: propagation mode (1) minimum required loss (dB) for p% of the time; this value must be exceeded by the propagation mode (1) predicted path loss for all but p% of the time

Pt: maximum available transmitting power level (dBW) in the reference bandwidth at the terminals of the antenna of a transmitting terrestrial station or earth station

 $P_r(p)$: permissible interference power of an interfering emission (dBW) in the reference bandwidth to be exceeded for no more than p% of the time at the terminals of the antenna of a receiving terrestrial station or earth station that may be subject to interference, where the interfering emission originates from a single source

 G_t : gain (dB relative to isotropic) of the antenna of the transmitting terrestrial station or earth station. For a transmitting earth station, this is the antenna gain towards the physical horizon on a given azimuth; for a transmitting terrestrial station, the maximum main beam axis antenna gain is to be used

 G_r : gain (dB relative to isotropic) of the antenna of the receiving terrestrial or earth station that may be subject to interference. For a receiving earth station, this is the gain towards the physical horizon on a given azimuth; for a receiving terrestrial station, the maximum main beam axis antenna gain is to be used.

In the case of a receiving earth station, the permissible interference power $P_r(p)$ is specified with respect to the actual percentage of time the receiver is in operation, rather than the total elapsed time.

¹ When p is a small percentage of the time, in the range 0.001% to 1.0%, the interference is referred to as "short-term"; if $p \ge 20$ %, it is referred to as "long-term" (see § 1.5.3).

For propagation mode (2), a volume scattering process is involved and a modification of the above approach is necessary. Where the coordinating earth station antenna beam intersects a rain cell, a common volume may be formed with a terrestrial station beam or an earth station beam (operating in the opposite direction of transmission in bidirectionally allocated frequency bands). In the case of a terrestrial station, the assumptions are made that the terrestrial station beamwidth is relatively large in comparison with that of the coordinating earth station (terrestrial station gain values are given in Tables 7 and 8) and that the terrestrial station is some distance from the common volume. The terrestrial station beam is therefore assumed to illuminate the whole rain cell, which is represented by a vertical cylinder filled with hydrometeors that give rise to isotropically scattered signals. This scattering process may give rise to unwanted coupling between the coordinating earth station and terrestrial stations or other earth stations operating in bidirectionally allocated frequency bands, via the common volume.

The earth station antenna gain and its beamwidth are interdependent. The size of the common volume, and the number of scattered signals arising within that volume, increases as the gain of the earth station antenna transmitting or receiving those signals decreases, the one effect compensating for the other. A term which approximates the full integral required to evaluate the volume scattering process within the earth station antenna beam is included in equation (72). Therefore in the procedure for evaluation of interference that may arise from propagation mode (2) mechanisms a simplifying assumption can be made that the path loss is independent of the earth station antenna gain².

Hence for propagation mode (2), equation (1) reduces to:

$$L_X(p) = P_t + G_X - P_r(p)$$
 dB (2)

where:

 $L_{\rm r}(p)$: minimum loss required for propagation mode (2)

 G_X : maximum antenna gain (dBi) assumed for the terrestrial station. Tables 7 and 8 give values of G_X for the various frequency bands.

To facilitate the calculation of propagation mode (2) auxiliary contours (see Annex 6) the calculation is further modified by placing the terrestrial network antenna gain G_X within the iterative loop for the propagation mode (2) required loss calculations³.

Hence equation (2) further reduces to:

$$L(p) = P_t - P_r(p)$$
 dB (3)

² If the earth station antenna has a wide beamwidth, the method can still be used to determine the propagation mode (2) contour. However, the fact that the antenna beam may be wider than the rain cell and hence not actually fully filled with hydrometeors will mean that the interference potential may be slightly overestimated.

³ See equation (82).

where:

L(p): propagation mode (2) minimum required loss (dB) for p% of the time; this value must be exceeded by the propagation mode (2) predicted path loss for all but p% of the time.

For both modes of propagation, P_t and $P_r(p)$ are defined for the same radio-frequency bandwidth (the reference bandwidth). Further, $L_b(p)$, L(p) and $P_r(p)$ are defined for the same small percentage of the time, and these values are set by the performance criteria of the receiving terrestrial station or receiving earth station that may be subject to interference.

For an earth station operating with a geostationary space station, Annex 3 provides the numerical method for determining the minimum angle between the earth station antenna main beam axis and the physical horizon as a function of azimuth, and the corresponding antenna gain. In the case of a space station in a slightly inclined geostationary orbit, the minimum elevation angle and corresponding horizon gain will depend on the maximum inclination angle to be coordinated.

For an earth station operating with non-geostationary space stations, the antenna gain of the earth station in the direction of the horizon varies as a function of time and Annex 4 provides the numerical methods for its determination.

For an earth station operating in a frequency band with a bidirectional allocation, the antenna gain to be used in determining the propagation mode (1) minimum required loss is calculated using the methods in Annex 3 or Annex 4, as appropriate.

Determination of the coordination area requires the calculation of the predicted path loss and its comparison with the minimum required loss, for every azimuth around the coordinating earth station, where:

- the predicted path loss is dependent on several factors including the length and general geometry of the interfering path (e.g. antenna pointing, horizon elevation angle), antenna directivity, radio climatic conditions, and the percentage of the time during which the predicted path loss is less than the minimum required loss; and
- the minimum required loss is based on system and interference model considerations.

The required coordination distance is the distance at which these two losses are considered to be equal for the stated percentage of time.

In determining the coordination area, the pertinent parameters of the coordinating earth station are known, but knowledge of the terrestrial stations or other earth stations sharing that frequency range is limited. Hence it is necessary to rely on assumed system parameters for the unknown terrestrial stations or the unknown receiving earth stations. Furthermore, many aspects of the interference path between the coordinating earth station and the terrestrial stations or other earth stations (e.g. antenna geometry and directivity) are unknown.

The determination of the coordination area is based on unfavourable assumptions regarding system parameter values and interference path geometry. However, in certain circumstances, to assume that all the worst-case values will occur simultaneously is unrealistic, and leads to unnecessarily large values of minimum required loss. This could lead to unnecessarily large coordination areas. For propagation mode (1), detailed analyses, supported by extensive operational experience, have shown that the requirement for the propagation mode (1) minimum required loss can be reduced because of the very small probability that the worst-case assumptions for system parameter values and interference path geometry will exist simultaneously. Therefore, a correction is applied within the calculation for the propagation mode (1) predicted path loss in the appropriate sharing scenario to allow benefit to be derived from these mitigating effects. The application of this correction factor is described in more detail in § 4.4.

This correction applies to cases of coordination with the fixed service. It is frequency, distance and path dependent. It does not apply in the case of the coordination of an earth station with mobile stations, nor with other earth stations operating in the opposite direction of transmission, nor in the case of propagation via hydrometeor scatter (propagation mode (2)).

A number of propagation models are used to cover the propagation mechanisms that exist in the full frequency range. These models predict the path loss as a monotonically increasing function of distance. Therefore, coordination distances are determined by calculating the path loss iteratively for an increasing distance until either the minimum required loss is achieved, or a maximum calculation distance limit is reached (see § 1.5.3).

The iteration method always starts at a defined value of minimum distance, d_{min} (km), and iteration is performed using a uniform step size, s (km), for increasing the distance. A step size of 1 km is recommended

1.4 Sharing scenarios

The following subsections describe the basic assumptions made for the various earth station sharing scenarios. These subsections need to be read in conjunction with the information contained in Table 1 and § 1.6 which contains guidance on the development of a coordination contour. Except as discussed in § 1.4.5 to 1.4.7, the earth stations around which coordination areas are determined are assumed to be fixed earth stations authorized to operate at a single permanent location. In cases of earth stations that can be operated from a number of fixed locations, the coordination areas are determined for each individual location.⁴

While some fixed satellite systems transmit to fixed earth stations operating at unspecified locations within a service area defined by an administration, methods for determining the coordination areas are specified only for individual sites. To minimize the number of individual earth stations requiring detailed coordination in these cases, administrations may wish to develop bilateral agreements based on distances, calculated in accordance with Recommendation ITU-R SM.1448, extended from the periphery of a service area.

1.4.1 Earth stations operating with geostationary space stations

For an earth station operating with a space station in the geostationary orbit, the space station appears to be stationary with respect to the Earth. However variations in gravitational forces acting on the space station and limitations in positional control mean that a geostationary space station's orbital parameters are not constant. Movement from the space station's nominal orbital position in an east/west direction (longitudinal tolerance) is limited under the Radio Regulations (see Nos. 22.6 to 22.18), but movement in the north/south direction (inclination excursion) is not specified.

Relaxation in the north/south station-keeping of a geostationary space station allows its orbit to become inclined, with an inclination that increases gradually with time. Therefore the determination of the coordination area requires consideration of the range of movement of the earth station antenna. Although the direction of pointing of the earth station antenna may in practice vary with time, the earth station antenna may also be pointing in one direction for considerable periods of time. Hence the gain of the earth station antenna in the direction of the horizon is assumed to be constant. For an earth station operating with a space station in an orbit as described above, an assumption of constant horizon gain as the inclination angle increases may lead to a conservative estimation of the coordination area, the degree of conservatism increasing with increasing inclination angle.

For an earth station operating with a geostationary space station the coordination area is determined using the procedures described in § 2.1.

1.4.2 Earth stations operating with non-geostationary space stations

Earth stations operating with non-geostationary space stations may use a directional or a non-directional antenna. Furthermore, earth stations using a directional antenna may track the orbital path of a non-geostationary space station.

While an earth station operating with a geostationary space station is assumed to have a constant antenna gain towards the horizon, for an earth station antenna that is tracking the orbital path of a non-geostationary space station, the antenna gain towards the horizon will vary with time. Therefore, it is necessary to estimate the variation of the antenna gain with time towards the horizon for each azimuth in order to determine the coordination area. The procedure is described in § 2.2.

For an earth station operating with a non-geostationary space station, the motion of a relatively high gain tracking antenna reduces the probability of interference due to propagation mode (2) mechanisms and hence the propagation mode (2) required distances will be relatively short. The minimum coordination distance d_{min} (see § 1.5.3) will provide adequate protection in these cases. The propagation mode (2) contour is therefore taken to be identical to a circle whose radius is the minimum coordination distance. Propagation mode (2) calculations are not required in these circumstances and the coordination area is determined using the propagation mode (1) procedure in § 2.2 only.

For an earth station operating with a non-geostationary space station using a non-directional antenna, a similar situation applies, and the low gain means that propagation mode (2) required distances will be less than the minimum coordination distance. Hence, for the case of a non-directional antenna the propagation mode (2) contour is also coincident with the circle of radius d_{min} , and the coordination area is determined using the propagation mode (1) procedures described in § 2.1.1 only.

For an earth station operating with a non-geostationary space station using a non-tracking directional antenna, the potential for interference arising from propagation mode (2) is the same as for an earth station operating with a geostationary space station. Hence, for the case of non-tracking directional antenna the coordination area is determined using both the propagation mode (1) and propagation mode (2) procedures described in § 2.1.

1.4.3 Earth stations operating with both geostationary and non-geostationary space stations

For earth stations that are sometimes intended to operate with geostationary space stations and at other times with non-geostationary space stations, separate coordination areas are determined for each type of operation. In such cases, the coordination area for the geostationary space station is determined using the procedures described in \S 2.1 and the coordination area for the non-geostationary space station is determined using the procedure described in \S 2.2. For each case, the percentage of time, p, is specified for all the operational time that the receiving earth station is expected to spend in reception from geostationary space stations or non-geostationary space stations, as appropriate.

1.4.4 Earth stations operating in bidirectionally allocated frequency bands

For earth stations operating in some frequency bands there may be allocations with equal rights to space services operating in both the Earth-to-space and space-to-Earth directions. In this case, where two earth stations are operating in opposite directions of transmission it is only necessary to establish the coordination area for the transmitting earth station, as receiving earth stations will automatically be taken into consideration. Hence, a receiving earth station operating in a bidirectionally allocated frequency band will only be involved in coordination with a transmitting earth station if it is located within the transmitting earth station's coordination area.

For a transmitting earth station operating with either geostationary or non-geostationary satellites in a bidirectionally allocated frequency band, the coordination area is determined using the procedures described in § 3. (WRC-03)

1.4.5 Broadcasting-satellite service earth stations

For earth stations in the broadcasting-satellite service operating in the unplanned bands, the coordination area is determined by extending the periphery of the specified service area within which the earth stations are operating by the coordination distance based on a typical BSS earth

station. In calculating the coordination distance, no additional protection can be assumed to be available from the earth station horizon elevation angle, i.e. $A_h = 0$ dB in Annex 1, for all azimuth angles around the earth station.

1.4.6 Mobile (except aeronautical mobile) earth stations

For a mobile (except aeronautical mobile) earth station, the coordination area is determined by extending the periphery of the specified service area, within which the mobile (except aeronautical mobile) earth stations are operating, by the coordination distance. The coordination distance may be represented by a predetermined coordination distance (see Table 10), or it may be calculated. In calculating the coordination distance, no additional protection can be assumed to be available from the earth station horizon elevation angle, i.e. $A_h = 0$ dB in Annex 1, for all azimuths around the earth station.

1.4.7 Aeronautical mobile earth stations

For aeronautical mobile earth stations, the coordination area is determined by extending the periphery of the specified service area within which the aeronautical mobile earth station operates, by an appropriate predetermined coordination (see Table 10) distance for the respective services.

1.5 Propagation model concepts

For each mode of propagation, according to the requirements of the specific sharing scenario (see § 1.4) it is necessary to determine the predicted path loss. The determination of this predicted path loss is based on a number of propagation mechanisms.

Interference may arise through a range of propagation mechanisms whose individual dominance depends on climate, radio frequency, time percentage in question, distance and path topography. At any given point in time, one or more mechanisms may be present. The propagation mechanisms that are considered within this Appendix in the determination of the interference potential are as follows:

- Diffraction: Insofar as it relates to diffraction losses occurring over the earth station's local
 physical horizon. This effect is referred to below as "site shielding". The remainder of the
 path along each radial is considered to be flat and therefore free of additional diffraction
 losses.
- Tropospheric scatter: This mechanism defines the "background" interference level for paths longer than about 100 km, beyond which the diffraction field becomes very weak.
- Surface ducting: This is the most important short-term interference mechanism over water and
 in flat coastal land areas, and can give rise to high signal levels over greater distances,
 sometimes exceeding 500 km. Such signals can exceed the equivalent "free-space" level
 under certain conditions

- Elevated layer reflection and refraction: The treatment of reflection and/or refraction from layers at heights of up to a few hundred metres is an important mechanism that enables signals to by-pass any diffraction losses due to the underlying terrain under favourable path geometry situations. Here again, the impact can be significant over long distances.
- Hydrometeor scatter: Hydrometeor scatter can be a potential source of interference between
 terrestrial station transmitters and earth stations because it may act isotropically, and can
 therefore have an impact irrespective of whether the common volume is on or off the
 great-circle interference path between the coordinating earth station and terrestrial stations, or
 other receiving earth stations operating in bidirectionally allocated frequency bands.

In this Appendix, propagation phenomena are classified into two modes as follows:

- Propagation mode (1): propagation phenomena in clear air (tropospheric scatter, ducting, layer reflection/refraction, gaseous absorption and site shielding). These phenomena are confined to propagation along the great-circle path.
- Propagation mode (2): hydrometeor scatter.

1.5.1 Propagation mode (1)

For the determination of the propagation mode (1) required distances, the applicable frequency range has been divided into three parts:

- For VHF/UHF frequencies between 100 MHz and 790 MHz and for time percentages from 1% to 50% of an average year.
- From 790 MHz to 60 GHz and for time percentages from 0.001% to 50% of an average year.
- From 60 GHz to 105 GHz and for time percentages from 0.001% to 50% of an average year.

The variation in predicted path loss due to the horizon elevation angle around an earth station is calculated by the method described in § 1 of Annex 1, using the horizon elevation angles and distances along different radials from the earth station. For all frequencies between 100 MHz and 105 GHz, the attenuation arising from the horizon characteristics is included in the value of propagation mode (1) predicted path loss, unless its use is specifically prohibited for a particular sharing scenario (see § 1.4.5 and § 1.4.6).

In the determination of the propagation mode (1) required distance, the world is divided into four basic radio-climatic zones. These zones are defined as follows:

Zone A1: coastal land, i.e. land adjacent to a Zone B or a Zone C area (see below), up to an altitude of 100 m relative to mean sea or water level, but limited to a maximum distance of 50 km from the nearest Zone B or Zone C area; in the absence of precise information on the 100 m contour, an approximation (e.g. 300 feet) may be used. Large inland areas of at

least $7\,800~\rm km^2$ which contain many small lakes, or a river network, comprising more than 50% water, and where more than 90% of the land is less than 100 m above the mean water level may be included in Zone $A1^5$.

- Zone A2: all land, other than coastal land as defined in Zone A1 above.
- Zone B: "cold" seas, oceans and large bodies of inland water situated at latitudes above 30°, with the exception of the Mediterranean Sea and the Black Sea. A "large" body of inland water is defined, for the administrative purpose of coordination, as one having an area of at least 7 800 km², but excluding the area of rivers. Islands within such bodies of water are to be included as water within the calculation of this area if they have elevations lower than 100 m above the mean water level for more than 90% of their area. Islands that do not meet these criteria should be classified as land for the purposes of calculating the area of the water.
- Zone C: "warm" seas, oceans and large bodies of inland water situated at latitudes below 30°, as well as the Mediterranean Sea and the Black Sea.

1.5.2 Propagation mode (2)

For the determination of the propagation mode (2) required distance, interference arising from hydrometeor scatter can be ignored at frequencies below 1 000 MHz and above 40.5 GHz outside the minimum coordination distance (see § 1.5.3.1). Below 1 000 MHz, the level of the scattered signal is very low and above 40.5 GHz, although significant scattering occurs, the scattered signal is then highly attenuated along the path from the scatter volume to the receiving terrestrial station or earth station. Site shielding is not relevant to propagation mode (2) mechanisms as the interference path is via the main beam of the coordinating earth station antenna.

1.5.3 Distance limits

The effect of interference on terrestrial and space systems often needs to be assessed by considering long- and short-term interference criteria. These criteria are generally represented by a permissible interference power not to be exceeded for more than a specified percentage of time.

The long-term interference criterion (typically associated with percentages of time \geq 20%) allows the error performance objective (for digital systems) or noise performance objective (for analogue systems) to be met. This criterion will generally represent a low level of interference and hence require a high degree of isolation between the coordinating earth station and terrestrial stations, or other receiving earth stations operating in bidirectionally allocated bands.

⁵ These additional areas may be declared as coastal Zone A1 areas by administrations for inclusion in the ITU Digital World Map (IDWM).

The short-term criterion is a higher level of interference, typically associated with time percentages in the range 0.001% to 1% of time, which will either make the interfered-with system unavailable, or cause its specified short-term interference objectives (error rate or noise) to be exceeded.

This Appendix addresses only the protection provided by the short-term criterion. There is therefore an implicit assumption that if the short-term criterion is satisfied, then any associated long-term criteria will also be satisfied. This assumption may not remain valid at short distances because additional propagation effects (diffraction, building/terrain scattering etc.) requiring a more detailed analysis become significant. A minimum coordination distance is therefore needed to avoid this difficulty. This minimum coordination distance is always the lowest value of coordination distance used. At distances equal to or greater than the minimum coordination distance, it can be assumed that interference due to continuous (long-term) propagation effects will not exceed levels permitted by the long-term criteria.

In addition to the minimum coordination distance, it is also necessary to set an upper limit to the calculation distance. Hence the coordination distance, on any azimuth, must lie within the range between the minimum coordination distance and the maximum calculation distance.

1.5.3.1 Minimum coordination distance

For the reasons stated in § 1.5.3, it is necessary to set a lower limit, d_{min} , for the coordination distance. The iterative calculation of the coordination distance starts at this minimum distance, and this distance varies according to radiometeorological factors and the frequency band (see § 4.2). This same minimum coordination distance applies both to propagation mode (1) and propagation mode (2) calculations.

1.5.3.2 Maximum calculation distance

Maximum calculation distances are required for propagation modes (1) and (2). In the case of mode (1), this distance corresponds to the maximum coordination distance, d_{max1} , given in § 4.3 for each of the four radioclimatic Zones. The propagation mode (1) maximum calculation distance is therefore dependent on the mixture of radioclimatic Zones in the propagation path, as described in § 4.3.

The maximum calculation distance for propagation mode (2) is given in § 2 of Annex 2.

1.6 The coordination contour: concepts and construction

The coordination distance, determined for each azimuth around the coordinating earth station, defines the coordination contour that encloses the coordination area. The coordination distance lies within the range defined by the minimum coordination distance and the maximum calculation distance.

In this Appendix, the procedures determine the distance at which the minimum required loss is equal to the predicted path loss. In addition, some procedures require that, for any azimuth, the greater of the distances determined for propagation mode (1) and propagation mode (2) is the distance to be used in determining the coordination contour. In both these cases, the distance at which the minimum required loss is equal to the predicted path loss may or may not be within the range of valid values that define the limits for the coordination distance. Hence, the distance determined from the application of all the procedures is referred to as the required distance.

The coordination area is determined by one of the following methods:

- calculating, in all directions of azimuth from the earth station, the coordination distances and then drawing to scale on an appropriate map the coordination contour; or
- extending the service area in all directions by the calculated coordination distance(s); or
- for some services and frequency bands, extending the service area in all directions by a predetermined coordination distance.

Where a coordination contour includes the potential interference effects arising from both propagation mode (1) and propagation mode (2), the required distance used for any azimuth is the greater of the propagation mode (1) and propagation mode (2) required distances.

The sharing scenarios and the various procedures contained in this Appendix are based on different assumptions. Hence, the coordination area developed for one sharing scenario is likely to be based on different sharing considerations, interference paths and operational constraints than the coordination area developed under a different sharing scenario. Separate coordination areas are therefore required for each sharing scenario described in § 1.4, and each coordination area is specific to the radiocommunication services covered by the sharing scenario under which it was developed. Further, the coordination area developed for one sharing scenario cannot be used to determine the extent of any impact on the radiocommunication services covered by a different sharing scenario. Thus, a coordinating earth station operating in a bidirectionally allocated frequency band that is also allocated to terrestrial services will have two separate coordination areas:

- one coordination area for determining those administrations with terrestrial services that may be affected by the operation of the coordinating earth station; and
- one coordination area for determining those administrations with receiving earth stations that may be affected by the operation of the coordinating (transmitting) earth station.

⁶ The same procedures are also used to develop supplementary and auxiliary contours (see Annex 6).

This means that the establishment of the coordination area for an earth station will generally require the determination of several individual coordination areas, each drawn on a separate map. For example, an earth station which transmits to a geostationary space station in the band 10.7-11.7 GHz will need to develop the following coordination areas with respect to:

- analogue terrestrial services which receive in the same band; this will comprise the potential
 effects arising from both propagation mode (1) and propagation mode (2) interference paths;
- an earth station operating with a geostationary space station which receives in the same band;
 this will comprise the potential effects arising from both propagation mode (1) and propagation mode (2) interference paths;
- an earth station operating with a non-geostationary space station which receives in the same band; this will comprise the potential effects arising from propagation mode (1) interference paths.

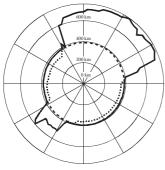
In addition, separate coordination contours are produced if the earth station both transmits and receives in bands shared with terrestrial services. However, for earth stations in bidirectionally allocated frequency bands, the coordination contours with respect to other earth stations are only produced for a transmitting earth station (see § 1.4.4).

Examples of coordination contours for each of the sharing scenarios in § 1.4 is provided in Fig. 1. It will be noticed that for some of the sharing scenarios there is a commonality to the construction of the coordination contour (shown by a solid line) that encompasses each coordination area. For those sharing scenarios where both propagation mode (1) and propagation mode (2) interference paths need to be taken into consideration, the parts of the propagation mode (1) contour and that part of the propagation mode (2) contour located within the overall coordination contour may be drawn using dashed lines.

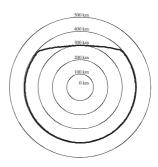
In addition to the coordination contour, supplementary contours and auxiliary contours (see Annex 6) may be drawn to facilitate more detailed sharing discussions. Supplementary contours are based on the coordinating earth station sharing frequency bands with other radiocommunication services, or other types of radio systems in the same service, that have less onerous sharing criteria than the radio system used for developing the coordination area. These supplementary contours may be developed by the same method used to determine the coordination contour, or by other methods as agreed on a bilateral basis between administrations. For example, the Time Variant Gain method described in § 4 of Annex 6 can be used to generate supplementary contours for earth stations operating with non-geostationary space stations. Auxiliary contours are based on less conservative assumptions, with regard to the interference path and operational constraints, for the unknown terrestrial stations, or earth stations. Auxiliary contours are developed separately for propagation mode (1) and propagation mode (2) interference paths. In this context, the contours from which the coordination contour was developed are called main contours, and the auxiliary contours for propagation mode (1) and propagation mode (2) are referenced to the appropriate main contour. The various assumptions used for developing auxiliary contours to the propagation mode (1) contour, or the propagation mode (2) contour, can also be applied to supplementary contours. Hence, auxiliary contours may be drawn for both a main or a supplementary contour.

FIGURE 1

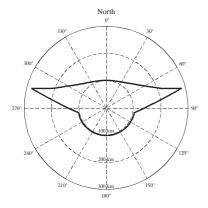
Examples of coordination contours for each of the sharing scenarios listed in § 1.4



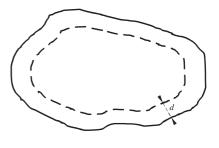
a) Example of the coordination contour for an earth station operating with a GSO space station in § 1.4.1 and § 1.4.3. The coordination contour is marked by the outer line and is comprised of a propagation mode (1) contour and a circular propagation mode (2) contour. The propagation mode (1) contour could also be an example of an earth station with a non-tracking directional antenna operating with a non-GSO space station in § 1.4.2



b) Example of the coordination contour for an earth station with a tracking antenna operating with a non-GSO space station in § 1.4.2 and § 1.4.3



c) Example of the coordination contour for an earth station operating in bidirectionally allocated frequency bands in § 1.4.4. The coordination contour has been developed from a propagation mode (1) contour for a coordinating earth station operating with a non-GSO space station with respect to unknown earth stations operating with GSO space stations. For a propagation mode (2) contour for the GSO-GSO case see Annex 5



d) Example of the coordination contour for an earth station operating in a specified service area in § 1.4.5, § 1.4.6 and § 1.4.7. The coordination contour is marked by the solid outer line and the specified service area by the broken inner line. The coordination distance, d, may be a constant value, or vary with azimuth, depending on the sharing scenario and the type of radiocommunication service

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Supplementary contours are always drawn on a separate map as they apply to other types of radio system within the same radiocommunication service, or to radio systems in different radiocommunication services. However, as auxiliary contours apply to the various assumptions used in developing the main, or supplementary, contour they are always drawn on the same map that contains the corresponding main, or supplementary, contour.

While the use of supplementary or auxiliary contours allows less conservative assumptions with regard to the interference path and operational constraints to be taken into consideration, earth stations may transmit or receive a variety of classes of emissions. Hence, the earth station parameters to be used in the determination of the coordination contour, and any supplementary or auxiliary contours, are those which lead to the greatest distances for each earth station antenna beam and each allocated frequency band which the coordinating earth station shares with other radiocommunication systems.

2 Determination of the earth station coordination area with respect to terrestrial stations

This section contains the procedures for determining the coordination area for the case of earth stations sharing frequency bands with terrestrial stations. These procedures cover the cases for earth stations operating with space stations in the geostationary orbit, or in non-geostationary orbits, and are described in the following subsections.

For earth stations operating with space stations in non-geostationary orbits, consideration has to be given to the potential time-varying nature of the earth station's antenna gain towards the horizon.

2.1 Earth stations operating with geostationary space stations

For an earth station operating with a geostationary space station, the value of G_t and G_r towards the horizon is considered to be constant with time. The percentage of time associated with L_b in equation (1) is the same as the time percentage, p, associated with $P_r(p)$. When determining the coordination area between a coordinating earth station operating with a geostationary space station and terrestrial systems, the coordination distance on any azimuth is the greater of the propagation mode (1) and propagation mode (2) required distances. The required distances for propagation mode (1) and propagation mode (2) are determined using the procedures described in § 2.1.1 and § 2.1.2 respectively, after taking into consideration the following discussion on station-keeping.

When the north/south station-keeping of a geostationary space station is relaxed, the orbit of the space station becomes inclined with an inclination that increases gradually with time. This movement of the space station from its nominal position may require small corresponding adjustments in the elevation angle of the earth station antenna beam. Hence, to avoid considering

the time variation in antenna gain in the direction of the horizon, the coordination area of an earth station operating with a space station in a slightly inclined geostationary orbit is determined for the minimum angle of elevation and the associated azimuth at which the space station is visible to the earth station (see Annex 3).

2.1.1 Determination of the coordinating earth station's propagation mode (1) contour

Determination of the propagation mode (1) contour is based on great circle propagation mechanisms and it is assumed, for the interference path, that all the terrestrial stations are pointing directly at the coordinating earth station's location. The required distance, on each azimuth, for propagation mode (1) is that distance which will result in a value of propagation mode (1) predicted path loss that is equal to the propagation mode (1) minimum required loss, $L_b(p)$ (dB), as defined in § 1.3.

$$L_b(p) = P_t + G_e + G_x - P_r(p)$$
 dB (4)

where:

 P_t and $P_r(p)$: as defined in § 1.3

 G_e : gain of the coordinating earth station antenna (dBi) towards the horizon at the horizon elevation angle and azimuth under consideration

 G_X : maximum antenna gain (dBi) assumed for the terrestrial station. Tables 7 and 8 give values for G_X for the various frequency bands.

The propagation mode (1) required distance is determined using the procedures described in § 4, and the detailed methods in Annex 1. Specific guidance relevant to the application of the procedures is provided in § 4.4.

2.1.2 Determination of the coordinating earth station's propagation mode (2) contour

The required distance for hydrometeor scatter is that distance that will result in a propagation mode (2) predicted path loss equal to the propagation mode (2) minimum required loss L(p), as defined in equation (3). This propagation mode (2) required distance is determined using the guidance in § 5, and the detailed methods in Annex 2.

For an earth station operating with a geostationary space station having a slightly inclined orbit, the rain-scatter coordination contours for each of the satellite's two most extreme orbit positions are determined individually, using the relevant elevation angles and their associated azimuths to the satellite. The rain scatter area is the total area contained within the two resulting overlapping coordination contours.

2.2 Earth stations operating with non-geostationary space stations

For an earth station that operates with non-geostationary space stations and whose antennas track the space stations, the antenna gain in the direction of the horizon on any azimuth varies with time. The method used to determine the coordination contour is the time invariant gain (TIG) method.

This method uses fixed values of antenna gain based on the maximum assumed variation in horizon antenna gain on each azimuth under consideration. In considering the horizon gain of the antenna for either a transmitting or a receiving earth station, only the horizon antenna gain values during the operational time are to be considered. The horizon antenna gain may be determined using Annex 4. Reference or measured antenna radiation patterns may be used as described in Annex 3. The values of horizon antenna gain defined below are used for each azimuth when applying equation (4) to determine the propagation mode (1) required distances:

$$G_e = G_{max}$$
 for $(G_{max} - G_{min}) \le 20 \text{ dB}$
 $G_e = G_{min} + 20$ for $20 \text{ dB} < (G_{max} - G_{min}) < 30 \text{ dB}$ (5)
 $G_e = G_{max} - 10$ for $(G_{max} - G_{min}) \ge 30 \text{ dB}$

where:

 G_e : gain of the coordinating earth station antenna (dBi) towards the horizon at the horizon elevation angle and azimuth under consideration in equation (4)

 G_{max} , G_{min} : maximum and minimum values of the horizon antenna gain (dBi), respectively, on the azimuth under consideration.

The maximum and minimum values of the horizon antenna gain, on the azimuth under consideration, are derived from the antenna pattern and the maximum and minimum angular separation of the antenna main beam axis from the direction of the physical horizon at the azimuth under consideration.

Where a single value of minimum elevation angle for the main beam axis of the earth station antenna is specified for all azimuths, the minimum and maximum values of the horizon gain can be determined, for each azimuth under consideration, from the antenna pattern and the horizon elevation angle at that azimuth. The plot of the horizon elevation angle against azimuth is called the horizon profile of the earth station.

Additional constraints may be included in the determination of the maximum and minimum values of the horizon antenna gain where an earth station is operating with a constellation of non-geostationary satellites at a latitude for which no satellite is visible at the earth station's specified minimum elevation angle over a range of azimuths. Over this range of azimuth angles, the minimum elevation angle of the earth station antenna main beam axis is given by the minimum elevation angle at which any satellite of the constellation is visible at that azimuth. The azimuthal dependence of this minimum satellite visibility elevation angle may be determined from consideration of the orbital altitude and inclination of the satellites in the constellation, without recourse to simulation, using the procedure in § 1.1 of Annex 4. In this case, the horizon antenna gain to be used in the method depends on the profile of the composite minimum elevation angle. This minimum composite elevation angle at any azimuth is the greater of the minimum satellite visibility elevation angle, at the azimuth under consideration, and the specified minimum elevation angle for the earth station which is independent of the azimuth.

Thus, at each azimuth under consideration, the maximum horizon antenna gain will be determined from the minimum value of the angular separation between the earth station horizon profile at this azimuth and the profile of the minimum composite elevation angle. Similarly, the minimum horizon antenna gain will be determined from the maximum value of the angular separation from the earth station horizon profile at this azimuth to the profile of the minimum composite elevation angle. The procedure for calculating the minimum and maximum angular separations from the profile of the minimum composite elevation angle is given in § 1.2 of Annex 4.

The propagation mode (1) required distance is then determined using the procedures described in § 4, and the detailed methods in Annex 1. Specific guidance relevant to the application of the propagation calculations is provided in § 4.4.

3 Determination of the coordination area between earth stations operating in bidirectionally allocated frequency bands

This section describes the procedures to be used for determination of the coordination area for an earth station transmitting in a frequency band allocated to space services in both Earth-to-space and space-to-Earth directions.

There are various coordination scenarios, involving only non-time-varying antenna gains, or only time-varying antenna gains (both earth stations operate with non-geostationary space stations) or, one time-varying antenna gain and one non-time-varying antenna gain.

The following subsections describe the methods for the determination of coordination area which are specific to each of these bidirectional cases. The procedures applicable to the coordination scenario where both earth stations operate with geostationary space stations are given in § 3.1. The other bidirectional coordination scenarios are considered in § 3.2, where particular attention is given to the approaches for using the horizon antenna gain of the receiving earth station for each of the possible coordination scenarios in the appropriate procedure of § 2.

Table 9 provides the parameters that are to be used in the determination of the coordination area. Table 9 also indicates whether, in each band, the receiving earth stations operate with geostationary or non-geostationary space stations. In some bands, receiving earth stations may operate with both geostationary and non-geostationary space stations. Table 2 indicates the number of coordination contours which need to be drawn for each coordination scenario and the section(s) containing the applicable calculation methods. Once drawn, each coordination contour must be appropriately labelled

TABLE 2

Coordination contours required for each bidirectional scenario

Coordinating earth station operating to a space station in the	Unknown receiving earth station operating with a space station in the	Section containing the method to determine G_t and G_r	Contours required	
			No.	Details
	Geostationary orbit	§ 3.1	1	A coordination contour comprising both propagation mode (1) and propagation mode (2) contours
Geostationary orbit	Non-geostationary orbit	§ 3.2.1	1	A propagation mode (1) coordination contour
	Geostationary or non-geostationary orbits ¹	§ 3.1.1 and 3.2.1	2	Two separate coordination contours, one for the geostationary orbit (propagation mode (1) and mode (2) contours) and one for the non- geostationary orbit (propagation mode (1) contour)
	Geostationary orbit	§ 3.2.2	1	A propagation mode (1) coordination contour
Non- geostationary orbit	Non-geostationary orbit	§ 3.2.3	1	A propagation mode (1) coordination contour
	Geostationary or non-geostationary orbits ¹	§ 3.2.2 and 3.2.3	2	Two separate propagation mode (1) coordination contours, one for the geostationary orbit and one for the non-geostationary orbit

In this case, the bidirectional frequency band may contain allocations in the Earth-to-space direction for space stations in both the geostationary orbit and non-geostationary orbits. Hence, the coordinating administration will not know whether the unknown receiving earth stations are operating with space stations in the geostationary orbit or non-geostationary orbit.

3.1 Coordinating and unknown earth stations operating with geostationary space stations

When both the coordinating and the unknown earth stations operate with space stations in the geostationary orbit, it is necessary to develop a coordination contour comprising both propagation mode (1) and propagation mode (2) contours, using the procedures described in § 3.1.1 and 3.1.2, respectively.

3.1.1 Determination of the coordinating earth station's propagation mode (1) contour

The procedure for the determination of the propagation mode (1) contour in this case differs from that described in § 2.2 in two ways. First, the parameters to be used for the unknown receiving earth station are those in Table 9. Second, and more significantly, the knowledge that both earth stations operate with geostationary satellites can be used to calculate the worst-case value of the horizon antenna gain of the receiving earth station towards the transmitting earth station for each azimuth at the transmitting earth station. The propagation mode (1) required distance is that distance which will result in a value of propagation mode (1) predicted path loss which is equal to the propagation mode (1) minimum required loss, $L_b(p)$ (dB), as defined in § 1.3, and repeated here for convenience.

$$L_b(p) = P_t + G_t + G_r - P_r(p)$$
 dB (6)

where:

 P_t and $P_r(p)$: as defined in § 1.3

G_t: gain of the coordinating (transmitting) earth station antenna (dBi) towards the horizon at the horizon elevation angle and the azimuth under consideration

 G_r : the horizon antenna gain of the unknown receiving earth station towards the transmitting earth station on the specific azimuth from the coordinating earth station. Values are determined by the procedure in § 2.1 of Annex 5, based on parameters from Table 9.

To facilitate the determination of the values of G_r to be used at an azimuth from the transmitting earth station, several simplifying approximations must be made:

- that the horizon elevation of the receiving earth station is zero degrees on all azimuths;
- that the receiving earth station operates with a space station that has zero degrees orbital inclination and may be located anywhere on the geostationary orbit that is above the minimum elevation angle, given in Table 9, for the location of the receiving earth station;
- that the latitude of the receiving earth station is the same as that of the transmitting earth station:
- that plane geometry can be used to interrelate the azimuth angles at the respective earth stations, rather than using the great circle path.

The first three assumptions provide the basis for determining the horizon antenna gain of the receiving earth station on any azimuth. The assumption of 0° horizon elevation angle is conservative since the increase in horizon antenna gain due to a raised horizon would, in practice, be more than offset by any real site shielding⁷. The last two assumptions in the list simplify the calculation of the sum of G_t and G_r along any azimuth. Since the propagation mode (1) required

While no site shielding can be assumed for the receiving earth station, any site shielding that may exist at the transmitting earth station is considered by taking into account the horizon elevation angle in accordance with § 1 of Annex 1.

distances are small, in global geometric terms these approximations may introduce a small error in the determination of the horizon antenna gain of the receiving earth station antenna that, in any case, will not exceed 2 dB. Because of the assumption of plane geometry, for a given azimuth at the transmitting earth station the appropriate value of the horizon antenna gain of the receiving earth station is the value on the reciprocal (i.e. $\pm 180^{\circ}$, see § 2.1 of Annex 5) azimuth at the receiving earth station.

The propagation mode (1) required distance is then determined using the procedures described in § 4, and the detailed methods in Annex 1. Specific guidance relevant to the application of the propagation calculations is provided in § 4.4.

3.1.2 Determination of the coordinating earth station's propagation mode (2) contour

The procedure for the determination of the propagation mode (2) contour for a transmitting earth station operating with a geostationary space station uses the same simplifying approximations as made in § 3.1.1, but it is based on a geometrical construction that avoids the requirement for a complex propagation model (see § 3 of Annex 5). Auxiliary contours cannot be used in this method, as the calculations are not based on the propagation mode (2) required loss.

The propagation mode (2) contour is determined using the elevation angle and the azimuth from the coordinating transmitting earth station to the space station, together with the following two considerations:

- the minimum coordination distance (see § 4.2), which will be the required distance for some azimuths; and
- a worst-case required distance determined by the hydrometeor scatter geometry for a receiving earth station located in either of two 6° azimuth sectors. Within these sectors, the receiving earth station is assumed to be operating at the minimum elevation angle to a space station in the geostationary orbit and its main beam intersects the beam for the coordinating transmitting earth station at the point where the latter beam passes through the rain height, h_R. Although the scattering can occur anywhere between the coordinating earth station and this point, the intersection of the two beams at this point represents the worst-case interference scenario. Hence, it results in the worst-case distance requirement for receiving earth stations located in the two azimuth sectors.

For an earth station operating with a space station in an inclined orbit, the lowest expected operational antenna elevation angle and its associated azimuth are used in the calculations.

The propagation mode (2) contour is determined using the method in § 3 of Annex 5.

3.2 Coordinating or unknown earth stations operating with non-geostationary space stations

To determine the coordination area, the method described in § 2.2 is used. For the cases where a coordinating (transmitting) earth station operates with non-geostationary space stations, the following procedures assume that the earth station antenna is tracking the space station, otherwise see § 1.4.2. Table 9 provides values of horizon antenna gain to be used in the calculations.

One or more of the following three procedures may be needed to determine the required propagation mode (1) coordination contours of Table 2. Propagation mode (2) contours are not required for any of the cases where either of the earth stations operates with space stations in non-geostationary orbits.

3.2.1 A coordinating earth station operating with a geostationary space station with respect to unknown earth stations operating with non-geostationary space stations

When the coordinating earth station operates with a space station in the geostationary orbit and the unknown earth stations operate with space stations in non-geostationary orbits, the propagation mode (1) coordination area is determined using the procedures described in § 2.1.1. The only modification needed is to use the horizon antenna gain, G_r , of the unknown receiving earth station in place of the terrestrial station gain, G_x . The appropriate values for this gain and the appropriate system parameters are contained in Table 9.

3.2.2 A coordinating earth station operating with non-geostationary space stations with respect to unknown earth stations operating with geostationary space stations

When the coordinating earth station operates to space stations in non-geostationary orbits and the unknown earth stations operate with space stations in the geostationary orbit, the horizon antenna gain, G_r , for the unknown receiving earth station is determined in accordance with the simplifying approximations of § 3.1.1, as elaborated in § 2.1 of Annex 5, and the parameters of Table 9. Determination of the propagation mode (1) coordination area then follows the procedure of § 2.2 by using the appropriate horizon gain of the receiving earth station at each azimuth under consideration and the appropriate system parameters from Table 9.

3.2.3 Coordinating and unknown earth stations operating with non-geostationary space stations

When the coordinating earth station operates with space stations in non-geostationary orbits and the unknown earth stations operate with space stations in non-geostationary orbits, the propagation mode (1) coordination area is determined using the procedure described in § 2.2. The only modification is to use the horizon antenna gain, G_r , of the unknown receiving earth station in place of the terrestrial station antenna gain. The appropriate values for this gain and the appropriate system parameters are given in Table 9.

4 General considerations for the determination of the propagation mode (1) required distance

For the determination of the propagation mode (1) required distances, the applicable frequency range has been divided into three parts. The propagation calculations for the VHF/UHF frequencies between 100 MHz and 790 MHz are based upon propagation mode (1) predicted path loss curves. From 790 MHz to 60 GHz the propagation modelling uses tropospheric scatter, ducting and layer reflection/refraction models. At higher frequencies up to 105 GHz, the model is based on a free-space loss and a conservative assumption for gaseous absorption. The possible range of time percentages is different in the different propagation models.

After taking site shielding (see § 1 of Annex 1) into consideration, for the coordinating earth station only, the following methods are used to determine the propagation mode (1) required distances:

- For frequencies between 100 MHz and 790 MHz, the method described in § 2 of Annex 1.
- For frequencies between 790 MHz and 60 GHz, the method described in § 3 of Annex 1.
- For frequencies between 60 GHz and 105 GHz, the method described in § 4 of Annex 1.

The three methods referred to above rely on a value of propagation mode (1) minimum required loss, determined according to the appropriate system parameters in Tables 7, 8 and 9.

4.1 Radio-climatic information

For the calculation of the propagation mode (1) required distance, the world has been classified in terms of a radio-meteorological parameter representing clear-air anomalous propagation conditions. The percentage of time β_ℓ for which these clear-air anomalous propagation conditions exist, is latitude dependent and is given by:

$$\beta_e = \begin{cases} 10^{1.67 - 0.015 \zeta_r} & \text{for } \zeta_r \le 70^{\circ} \\ 4.17 & \text{for } \zeta_r > 70^{\circ} \end{cases}$$
 (7)

with:

$$\zeta_r = \begin{cases}
|\zeta| - 1.8 & \text{for } |\zeta| > 1.8^{\circ} \\
0 & \text{for } |\zeta| \le 1.8^{\circ}
\end{cases} \tag{9}$$

where ζ is the latitude of the earth station's location (degrees).

For frequencies between 790 MHz and 60 GHz, the path centre sea level surface refractivity, N_0 , is used in the propagation mode (1) calculations. This can be calculated using:

$$N_0 = 330 + 62.6 \,\mathrm{e}^{-\left(\frac{\zeta - 2}{32.7}\right)^2} \tag{11}$$

4.2 Minimum coordination distance for propagation modes (1) and (2)

The minimum coordination distance can be calculated in two steps. First calculate distance d_x using:

$$d_x = 100 + \frac{(\beta_e - 40)}{2}$$
 km (12)

for

f < 40 GHz

(13)

where β_e is given in § 4.1.

Then calculate the minimum coordination distance at any frequency, f (GHz) in the range 100 MHz to 105 GHz using:

km

$$d_{min} = \begin{cases} 100 + \frac{(\beta_e - f)}{2} & \text{km} & \text{for} & f < 40 \text{ GHz} & (13) \\ \frac{(54 - f)d_x + 10(f - 40)}{14} & \text{km} & \text{for} & 40 \text{ GHz} \le f < 54 \text{ GHz} & (14) \\ 10 & \text{km} & \text{for} & 54 \text{ GHz} \le f < 66 \text{ GHz} & (15) \\ \frac{10(75 - f) + 45(f - 66)}{9} & \text{km} & \text{for} & 66 \text{ GHz} \le f < 75 \text{ GHz} & (16) \\ 45 & \text{km} & \text{for} & 75 \text{ GHz} \le f < 90 \text{ GHz} & (17) \\ 45 - \frac{(f - 90)}{1.5} & \text{km} & \text{for} & 90 \text{ GHz} \le f \le 105 \text{ GHz} & (18) \end{cases}$$

The distance from which all iterative calculations start (for both propagation mode (1) and propagation mode (2)), is the minimum coordination distance, d_{min} , as given in equations (13) to (18).

4.3 Maximum coordination distance for propagation mode (1)

In the iterative calculation described in Annex 1, it is necessary to set an upper limit, d_{max1} , to the propagation mode (1) coordination distance.

For frequencies less than or equal to 60 GHz and propagation paths entirely within a single Zone, the distance shall not exceed the maximum coordination distance given in Table 3 for that Zone.

For mixed paths, the required distance can comprise one or more contributions from Zones A1, A2, B and C. The aggregate distance for any one zone must not exceed the value given in Table 3. The overall required distance must not exceed the value in Table 3 for the zone in the mixed path having the largest Table 3 value. Thus, a path comprising both Zones A1 and A2 must not exceed 500 km.

TABLE 3

Maximum coordination distances for propagation mode (1)
for frequencies below 60 GHz

Zone	d _{max1} (km)
A1	500
A2	375
В	900
C	1 200

For frequencies above 60 GHz, the maximum coordination distance, d_{max1} , is given by:

$$d_{max1} = 80 - 10\log\left(\frac{p}{50}\right) \tag{19}$$

where p is defined in § 1.3.

4.4 Guidance on application of propagation mode (1) procedures

As explained in \S 1.3, for those cases where earth stations are sharing with terrestrial stations, it is appropriate to apply a correction factor, C_i (dB), to the worst-case assumptions on system parameters and interference path geometry. This correction factor takes into account the fact that the assumption that all the worst-case values will occur simultaneously is unrealistic when determining the propagation mode (1) required distances.

The characteristics of terrestrial systems depend on the frequency band, and the value of the correction factor to be applied follows the frequency dependence given in equation (20). At frequencies between 100 MHz and 400 MHz, and between 60 GHz and 105 GHz, sharing between earth stations and terrestrial systems is a recent development and there is little established practical experience, or opportunity to analyse operational systems. Hence, the value of the correction factor is 0 dB in these bands. Between 400 MHz and 790 MHz and between 4.2 GHz and 60 GHz, the value of the correction factor is reduced in proportion to the logarithm of the frequency, as indicated in equation (20).

The value of the nominal correction to be used at any frequency f(GHz) is therefore given by:

$$X(f) = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{dB} & \text{for} & f \leq 0.4 \text{ GHz} \\ 3.3833X(\log f + 0.3979) & \text{dB} & \text{for} & 0.4 \text{ GHz} < f \leq 0.79 \text{ GHz} \\ X & \text{dB} & \text{for} & 0.79 \text{ GHz} < f \leq 4.2 \text{ GHz} \\ -0.8659X(\log f - 1.7781) & \text{dB} & \text{for} & 4.2 \text{ GHz} < f \leq 60 \text{ GHz} \\ 0 & \text{dB} & \text{for} & f > 60 \text{ GHz} \end{cases}$$

where:

X: 15 dB for a transmitting earth station and 25 dB for a receiving earth station.

In principle, the value of the nominal correction factor, X(f), is distance and path independent. However, there are a number of issues relating to interference potential at the shorter distances, and it is not appropriate to apply the full nominal correction at these distances. The correction factor C_i is therefore applied proportionally with distance along the azimuth under consideration, starting with 0 dB at d_{min} , such that the full value of X(f) is achieved at a nominal distance of 375 km from the earth station.

Hence, the correction is applied using the correction constant Z(f) (dB/km) where:

$$Z(f) = \frac{X(f)}{375 - d_{\text{min}}}$$
 dB/km (21)

The correction factor C_i (dB) is calculated in equations (28b) and (52) from the correction constant Z(f) (dB/km).

At distances greater than 375 km, the correction factor C_i to be applied is the value of C_i at 375 km distance.

In addition, the correction factor is applied to its highest value only on land paths. The correction factor is 0 dB for wholly sea paths. A proportion of the correction factor is applied on mixed paths. The amount of correction to be applied to a particular path is determined by the path description parameters used for the propagation mode (1) calculation (correction factors C_i and C_{2i} in § 2 and § 3 respectively of Annex 1). As the correction factor is distance dependent, it is applied automatically within the iterative calculation used to determine the propagation mode (1) required distance (see Annex 1).

The correction factor does not apply to the bidirectional case and therefore in the determination of the bidirectional coordination contour:

$$Z(f) = 0$$
 dB/km

For the determination of propagation mode (1) auxiliary contours, the propagation mode (1) minimum required loss $L_b(p)$ for p% of time in equation (1) (see § 1.3) is replaced by:

$$L_{bq}(p) = L_b(p) + Q dB (22)$$

where:

Q: auxiliary contour value (dB).

Note that auxiliary contour values are assumed to be negative (i.e. -5, -10, -15, -20 dB, etc.).

5 General considerations for the determination of the propagation mode (2) required distance

The determination of the contour for scattering from hydrometeors (e.g. rain scatter) is predicted on a path geometry that is substantially different from that of the great-circle propagation mechanisms. Hydrometeor scatter can occur where the beams of the earth station and the terrestrial station intersect (partially or completely) at, or below, the rain height h_R (see § 3 of Annex 2). It is assumed that at heights above this rain height the effect of scattering will be suppressed by additional attenuation, and it will not, therefore, contribute significantly to the interference potential. For the determination of the propagation mode (2) contour, it is assumed that the main beam of any terrestrial station exactly intersects the main beam of the coordinating earth station. The mitigating effects of partial beam intersections can be determined using propagation mode (2) auxiliary contours.

Since, to a first approximation, microwave energy is scattered isotropically by rain, interference can be considered to propagate equally at all azimuths around the common volume centred at the beam intersection (see § 1.3). Generally, the beam intersection will not lie on the great-circle path between the two stations. A common volume can therefore result from terrestrial stations located anywhere around the earth station, including locations behind the earth station.

The propagation mode (2) contour is a circle with a radius equal to the propagation mode (2) required distance. Unlike the case for propagation mode (1), the propagation mode (2) contour is not centred on the earth station's physical location, instead it is centred on a point on the earth's surface immediately below the centre of the common volume.

A common volume can exist, with equal probability, at any point along the earth station beam between the earth station's location and the point at which the beam reaches the rain height. To provide appropriate protection for/from terrestrial stations⁸, the centre of the common volume is assumed to be half way between the earth station and the point at which its beam intersects the rain

⁸ This procedure does not apply for the case of an earth station sharing a frequency band with other earth stations operating in the opposite direction of transmission, as for that specific case the propagation mode (2) contour is based on a geometric construction.

height. The distance between the projection of this point on to the Earth's surface and the location of the earth station is known as Δd (see § 4 of Annex 2). The centre of the propagation mode (2) contour is therefore Δd (km) from the earth station on the azimuth of the earth station's main beam axis.

5.1 The required distance for propagation mode (2)

Propagation mode (2) required distances are measured along a radial originating at the centre of the rain scatter common volume. The calculation requires iteration for distance, starting at the same minimum distance as that defined for propagation mode (1) until either the required propagation mode (2) minimum required loss, or a latitude-dependent propagation mode (2) maximum calculation distance, is achieved. The propagation mode (2) calculations use the method described in Annex 2. The calculations only need to be performed in the frequency range 1 000 MHz to 40.5 GHz. Outside this frequency range, rain scatter interference can be neglected and the propagation mode (2) required distance is set to the minimum coordination distance given by equations (13) to (18).

ANNEX 1

Determination of the required distance for propagation mode (1)

1 Adjustments for earth station horizon elevation angle and distance

For propagation mode (1), the required distance depends on the characteristics of the physical horizon around the earth station. The horizon is characterized by the horizon distance d_h (see below), and the horizon elevation angle ε_h . The horizon elevation angle is defined here as the angle (degrees), viewed from the centre of the earth station antenna, between the horizontal plane and a ray that grazes the physical horizon in the direction concerned. The value of ε_h is positive when the physical horizon is above the horizontal plane and negative when it is below.

It is necessary to determine horizon elevation angles and distances for all azimuths around an earth station. In practice it will generally suffice to do this in azimuth increments of 5°. However, every attempt should be made to identify, and take into consideration, minimum horizon elevation angles that may occur between those azimuths examined in 5° increments.

For the purposes of the determination of the propagation mode (1) required distance it is useful to separate the propagation effects related to the local horizon around the earth station which, on some or all azimuths, may be determined by nearby hills or mountains, from the propagation effects on the remainder of the path. This is achieved by referencing the propagation model to a 0° horizon

elevation angle for the coordinating earth station, and then to include a specific term A_h to deal with the known horizon characteristics of the earth station being coordinated. Where appropriate, A_h modifies the value of the path loss, on each azimuth, from which the propagation mode (1) required distance is derived.

There are two situations in which the level of attenuation for the propagation mode (1) path loss with respect to the reference 0° case can change:

- The first is where the coordinating earth station has a positive horizon elevation angle (on a particular azimuth). In this case, it will benefit from additional diffraction propagation losses over the horizon (generally referred to as site shielding). As a result, the attenuation A_h is positive and the value of the required path loss is reduced, with respect to the reference 0° horizon elevation angle case (see equations (27a) and (27b)).
- The second situation is where the coordinating earth station is at a location above the local foreground, and has a negative (downward) horizon elevation angle on a particular azimuth. In this case, a measure of additional protection is necessary because the path angular distance along the radial is reduced and hence the path loss for a given distance will be lower than for the zero degree elevation angle case. It is convenient to deal with this effect as part of the site shielding calculation. As a result, the attenuation A_h will be negative and the value of the required path loss is increased, with respect to the reference 0° horizon elevation angle case.

The contribution made by the attenuation arising from the coordinating earth station's horizon characteristics to the propagation mode (1) minimum required loss modifies the value of path loss that then needs to be determined in the three propagation mode (1) models. The attenuation A_h is calculated for each azimuth around the coordinating earth station as follows.

The distance of the horizon, d_h , from the earth station's location, is determined by:

	(0.5 km	if no information is available about the horizon distance, or if the distance is $<\!0.5km$
$d_h = \langle$	horizon distance (km)	if this is within the range 0.5 km \leq horizon distance \leq 5.0 km
	5.0 km	if the horizon distance is $> 5.0 \text{ km}$

The contribution made by the horizon distance, d_h , to the total site shielding attenuation is given by A_d (dB) for each azimuth using:

$$A_d = 15 \left[1 - \exp\left(\frac{0.5 - d_h}{5}\right) \right] \left[1 - \exp\left(-\varepsilon_h f^{1/3}\right) \right]$$
 dB (23)

where *f* is the frequency (GHz) throughout this Annex.

The total site shielding attenuation along each azimuth from the coordinating earth station is given by:

$$\left[20\log\left(1+4.5\varepsilon_{h}f^{1/2}\right)+\varepsilon_{h}f^{1/3}+A_{d}\right] \qquad \text{dB} \qquad \text{for} \qquad \varepsilon_{h} \geq 0^{\circ} \tag{24a}$$

$$A_{h} = \begin{cases} 3 \left[(f+1)^{1/2} - 0.0001 f - 1.0487 \right] \varepsilon_{h} & \text{dB} & \text{for } 0^{\circ} > \varepsilon_{h} \ge -0.5^{\circ} \\ -1.5 \left[(f+1)^{1/2} - 0.0001 f - 1.0487 \right] & \text{dB} & \text{for } \varepsilon_{h} < -0.5^{\circ} \end{cases}$$
(24b)

$$\left[-1.5\left[(f+1)^{1/2} - 0.0001 f - 1.0487\right]\right]$$
 dB for $\epsilon_h < -0.5^{\circ}$ (24c)

The value of A_h must be limited to satisfy the conditions:

$$-10 \le A_h \le (30 + \varepsilon_h) \tag{25}$$

In equations (23), (24) and (25) the value of ε_h must always be expressed in degrees. The limits defined in equation (25) are specified because protection outside these limits may not be realized in practical situations.

2 Frequencies between 100 MHz and 790 MHz

The propagation model given in this section is limited to an average annual time percentage, p, in the range 1% to 50%.

An iterative process is used to determine the propagation mode (1) required distance. First, equation (27) is evaluated. Then, commencing at the minimum coordination distance, dmin, given by the method described in § 1.5.3 of the main body of this Appendix, equations (28) to (31) are iterated for distances d_i (where i = 0, 1, 2,...) incremented in steps of s (km) as described in § 1.3 of the main body of this Appendix. In each iteration, d_i is the distance considered. This process is continued until either of the following expressions becomes true:

$$L_{2}(p) \geq \begin{cases} L_{1}(p) & \text{for the main or supplementary contour} \\ L_{1q}(p) & \text{for the auxiliary contour} \end{cases} \tag{26a}$$

or:

$$d_i \ge \begin{cases} d_{max1} & \text{for the main or supplement ary contour} \\ d_1 & \text{for the auxiliary contour} \end{cases}$$
 (26b)

The required distance, d_1 , or the auxiliary contour distance, d_q , are then given by the distance for the last iteration: i.e.

$$d_1 = d_i \tag{26c}$$

or:

$$d_0 = d_i \tag{26d}$$

As the eventual mix of zones along a path is unknown, all paths are treated as if they are potential land and sea paths. Parallel calculations are undertaken, the first assuming the path is all land and a second assuming it is all sea. A non-linear interpolation is then performed, the output of which depends upon the current mix of land and sea losses in the distance, d_i . Where the current mix along the path includes sections of both warm sea and cold sea zones, all the sea along that path is assumed to be warm sea.

For the main or supplementary contour:

$$L_1(p) = L_b(p) - A_h (27a)$$

For an auxiliary contour:

$$L_{1a}(p) = L_{ba}(p) - A_h$$
 (27b)

where:

 $L_b(p)$ (dB) and $L_{bq}(p)$ (dB): minimum required loss required for p% of the time for the main or supplementary contour and the auxiliary contour with value Q (dB), respectively (see equation (22)).

Iterative calculations

At the start of each iteration calculate the current distance for i = 0, 1, 2,...

$$d_i = d_{min} + i \cdot s \tag{28a}$$

The correction factor, C_i (dB), (see § 4.4 of the main body of this Appendix) for the distance, d_i , is given by:

$$C_i = \begin{cases} Z(f)(d_i - d_{min}) & \text{dB} & \text{for the main or supplementary contour} \\ 0 & \text{dB} & \text{for the auxiliary contour} \end{cases}$$
 (28b)

where Z(f) is given by equation (21) in § 4.4 of the main body of this Appendix.

At distances greater than 375 km, the value of the correction factor (C_i in equation (28b)) to be applied is the value of C_i at the 375 km distance.

The loss, $L_{bl}(p)$, where it is assumed that the path is wholly land (Zones A1 or A2), is evaluated successively using:

$$L_{bl}(p) = 142.8 + 20 \log f + 10 \log p + 0.1 d_i + C_i$$
 (29)

The loss, $L_{bs}(p)$, where it is assumed that the path is wholly cold sea (Zone B) or warm sea (Zone C), is evaluated successively using:

$$L_{bs}(p_1) = \begin{cases} 49.91 \log \left(d_i + 1840 f^{1.76}\right) + 1.195 f^{0.393} (\log p)^{1.38} d_i^{0.597} \\ + (0.01 d_i - 70) (f - 0.1581) + (0.02 - 2 \times 10^{-5} p^2) d_i \\ + 9.72 \times 10^{-9} d_i^2 p^2 + 20.2 \end{cases}$$
 for Zone B
$$\begin{cases} 49.343 \log \left(d_i + 1840 f^{1.58}\right) + 1.266 (\log p)^{(0.468 + 2.598 f)} d_i^{0.453} \\ + (0.037 d_i - 70) (f - 0.1581) + 1.95 \times 10^{-10} d_i^2 p^3 + 20.2 \end{cases}$$
 for Zone C

The predicted path loss at the distance considered is then given by:

$$L_2(p) = L_{bs}(p) + \left[1 - \exp\left(-5.5\left(\frac{d_{tm}}{d_i}\right)^{1.1}\right)\right] \left(L_{bl}(p) - L_{bs}(p)\right)$$
(31)

where:

 d_{tm} (km): longest continuous land (inland + coastal) distance, i.e. Zone A1 + Zone A2 along the current path.

3 Frequencies between 790 MHz and 60 GHz

The propagation model given in this section is limited to an average annual time percentage (p) in the range 0.001% to 50%.

An iterative process is used to determine the propagation mode (1) required distance. First, equations (33) to (42) are evaluated. Then, commencing at the minimum coordination distance, d_{min} , equations (43) to (53) are iterated for distances d_i , where i = 0, 1, 2,..., incremented in steps of s (km) as described in § 1.3 of the main body of this Appendix. For each iteration, d_i is the distance considered. This process is continued until either of the following expressions becomes true:

$$(L_5(p) \ge L_3(p))$$
 and $(L_6(p) \ge L_4(p))$ for the main or supplementary contour $(L_5(p) \ge L_{3q}(p))$ and $(L_6(p) \ge L_{4q}(p))$ for the auxiliary contour (32a)

or:

$$d_i \ge \begin{cases} d_{max1} & \text{for the main or supplementary contour} \\ d_1 & \text{for the auxiliary contour} \end{cases}$$
 (32b)

The required distance, d_1 , or the auxiliary contour distance, d_q , is then given by the current distance for the last iteration, i.e.:

$$d_1 = d_i \tag{32c}$$

or:

$$d_a = d_i \tag{32d}$$

Specific attenuation due to gaseous absorption

Calculate the specific attenuation (dB/km) due to dry air:

The specific attenuation due to water vapour is given as a function of ρ (the water vapour density (g/m^3)) by the following equation:

$$\gamma_W(\rho) = \left(0.050 + 0.0021\rho + \frac{3.6}{(f - 22.2)^2 + 8.5}\right) f^2 \rho \times 10^{-4}$$
(34)

Calculate the specific attenuation (dB/km) due to water vapour for the troposcatter propagation model using a water vapour density of 3.0 g/m³:

$$\gamma_{wt} = \gamma_w (3.0) \tag{35a}$$

Calculate the specific attenuation (dB/km) due to water vapour for the ducting propagation model using a water vapour density of 7.5 g/m³ for paths over land, Zones A1 and A2, using:

$$\gamma_{wdl} = \gamma_w (7.5) \tag{35b}$$

Calculate the specific attenuation (dB/km) due to water vapour for the ducting propagation model using a water vapour density of 10.0 g/m³ for paths over sea, Zones B and C, using:

$$\gamma_{wds} = \gamma_w (10.0) \tag{35c}$$

Note that the value of 10 g/m^3 is used for both Zones B and C in view of the lack of data on the variability of water vapour density on a global basis, particularly the minimum values.

Calculate the frequency-dependent ducting specific attenuation (dB/km):

$$\gamma_d = 0.05 f^{1/3} \tag{36}$$

For the ducting model

Calculate the reduction in attenuation arising from direct coupling into over-sea ducts (dB):

$$A_c = \frac{-6}{(1+d_c)} \tag{37}$$

where d_c (km) is the distance from a land based earth station to the coast in the direction being considered.

 d_c is zero in other circumstances.

Calculate the minimum loss to be achieved within the iterative calculations:

$$A_1 = 122.43 + 16.5 \log f + A_h + A_c \tag{38}$$

For the main or supplementary contour:

$$L_3(p) = L_b(p) - A_1 (39a)$$

For an auxiliary contour:

$$L_{3q}(p) = L_{bq}(p) - A_{l} \tag{39b}$$

where:

 $L_b(p)$ (dB) and $L_{bq}(p)$ (dB): minimum required loss required for p% of the time for the main or supplementary contour and the auxiliary contour with value Q (dB) respectively (see equation (22)).

For the tropospheric scatter model

Calculate the frequency-dependent part of the losses (dB):

$$L_f = 25\log(f) - 2.5 \left[\log\left(\frac{f}{2}\right)\right]^2$$
 (40)

Calculate the non-distance-dependent part of the losses (dB):

$$A_2 = 187.36 + 10\varepsilon_h + L_f - 0.15 N_0 - 10.1 \left(-\log\left(\frac{p}{50}\right) \right)^{0.7}$$
(41)

where:

 ε_h : earth station horizon elevation angle (degrees)

 N_0 : path centre sea level surface refractivity (see equation (11), § 4.1 in the main body of this Appendix).

Calculate the minimum required value for the distance dependent losses (dB):

For the main, or supplementary, contour:

$$L_4(p) = L_b(p) - A_2 (42a)$$

For an auxiliary contour:

$$L_{4q}(p) = L_{bq}(p) - A_2 (42b)$$

where:

 $L_b(p)$ (dB) and $L_{bq}(p)$ (dB): minimum required loss required for p% of the time for the main or supplementary contour and the auxiliary contour of value Q (dB) respectively (see equation (22)).

Iterative calculations

At the start of each iteration, calculate the distance considered for i = 0, 1, 2,...

$$d_i = d_{min} + i \cdot s \tag{43}$$

Calculate the specific attenuation due to gaseous absorption (dB/km):

$$\gamma_g = \gamma_o + \gamma_{wdl} \left(\frac{d_t}{d_i} \right) + \gamma_{wds} \left(1 - \frac{d_t}{d_i} \right) \tag{44}$$

where:

 d_t (km): current aggregate land distance, Zone A1 + Zone A2, along the current path.

Calculate the following zone-dependent parameters:

$$\tau = 1 - \exp\left[-\left(4.12 \times 10^{-4} \left(d_{lm}\right)^{2.41}\right)\right] \tag{45}$$

where:

 d_{lm} (km): longest continuous inland distance, Zone A2, along the path considered;

$$\mu_{1} = \left[10^{\frac{-d_{tm}}{16 - 6.6\tau}} + \left[10^{-(0.496 + 0.354\tau)}\right]^{5}\right]^{0.2}$$
(46)

where:

 d_{tm} (km): longest continuous land (i.e. inland + coastal) distance, Zone A1 + Zone A2 along the path considered.

 μ_1 shall be limited to $\mu_1 \le 1$.

$$\sigma = -0.6 - 8.5 \times 10^{-9} \ d_i^{3.1} \tau \tag{47}$$

 σ shall be limited to $\sigma \ge -3.4$.

$$\mu_2 = \left(2.48 \times 10^{-4} \ d_i^2\right)^{\circ} \tag{48}$$

 μ_2 shall be limited to $\mu_2 \le 1$.

$$\mu_{4} = \begin{cases} 10^{(-0.935 + 0.0176 \ \zeta_{r}) \log \mu_{1}} & \text{for} & \zeta_{r} \leq 70^{\circ} \\ \\ 10^{0.3 \log \mu_{1}} & \text{for} & \zeta_{r} > 70^{\circ} \end{cases}$$
(49 a)

where ζ_r is given in equations (9) and (10), § 4.1 in the main body of this Appendix.

Calculate the path-dependent incidence of ducting, β , and a related parameter, Γ_1 , used to calculate the time dependency of the path loss:

$$\beta = \beta_e \cdot \mu_1 \cdot \mu_2 \cdot \mu_4 \tag{50}$$

where β_e is given in equations (7) and (8), § 4.1 in the main body of this Appendix.

$$\Gamma_1 = \frac{1.076}{(2.0058 - \log \beta)^{1.012}} \exp \left[-\left(9.51 - 4.8 \log \beta + 0.198 (\log \beta)^2\right) \times 10^{-6} d_i^{1.13} \right]$$
 (51)

Calculate the correction factor, C_{2i} (dB) (see § 4.4 in the main body of this Appendix) using:

$$C_{2i} = \begin{cases} Z(f)(d_i - d_{min})\tau & \text{dB} & \text{for the main or supplementary contour} \\ \\ 0 & \text{dB} & \text{for the auxiliary contour} \end{cases}$$
 (52)

where Z(f) is calculated using equation (21) in § 4.4 in the main body of this Appendix.

At distances greater than 375 km the value of the correction factor C_{2i} in equation (52) to be applied is the value of C_{2i} at the 375 km distance.

Calculate the distance-dependent part of the losses (dB) for ducting:

$$L_5(p) = (\gamma_d + \gamma_g) \ d_i + (1.2 + 3.7 \times 10^{-3} \ d_i) \log\left(\frac{p}{\beta}\right) + 12\left(\frac{p}{\beta}\right)^{\Gamma_1} + C_{2i}$$
 (53)

and for tropospheric scatter:

$$L_6(p) = 20\log(d_i) + 5.73 \times 10^{-4} (112 - 15\cos(2\zeta)) d_i + (\gamma_o + \gamma_{wt}) d_i + C_{2i}$$
 (54)

For the determination of distances for auxiliary contours, $C_{2i} = 0$ dB.

4 Frequencies between 60 GHz and 105 GHz

This propagation model is valid for average annual percentage time (p) in the range from 0.001% to 50%.

An iterative process is used to determine the propagation mode (1) required distance. First, equations (55) to (59) are evaluated. Then commencing at the minimum coordination distance, d_{min} , equations (60) and (61) are iterated for distances d_i , where i = 0, 1, 2,..., incremented in steps of s (km) as described in § 1.3 of the main body of this Appendix. For each iteration, d_i is the distance considered

This process is continued until either of the following expressions becomes true:

$$L_9(p) \ge \begin{cases} L_8(p) & \text{for the main or supplementary contour} \\ L_{8q}(p) & \text{for the auxiliary contour} \end{cases}$$
 (54a)

or:

$$d_i \ge \begin{cases} d_{max1} & \text{for the main or supplementary contour} \\ d_1 & \text{for the auxiliary contour} \end{cases}$$
 (54b)

The required distance, d_1 , or the auxiliary contour distance d_q are then given by the current distance for the last iteration; i.e.

$$d_1 = d_i \tag{54c}$$

or:

$$d_a = d_i (54d)$$

Calculate the specific attenuation (dB/km) for dry air in the frequency range 60 GHz to 105 GHz using:

$$\gamma_{om} = \begin{cases}
 \left[2 \times 10^{-4} \left(1 - 1.2 \times 10^{-5} f^{1.5} \right) + \frac{4}{(f - 63)^2 + 0.936} + \frac{4}{(f - 118.75)^2 + 1.771} \right] f^2 6.24 \times 10^{-4} & \text{dB/km} & \text{for } f > 63.26 \text{ GHz} \end{cases} \tag{55a}$$

$$10 \quad \text{dB/km} & \text{for } f \le 63.26 \text{ GHz} \tag{55b}$$

Calculate the specific attenuation (dB/km) for an atmospheric water vapour density of 3 g/m³ using:

$$\gamma_{wm} = (0.039 + 7.7 \times 10^{-4} f^{0.5}) f^2 2.369 \times 10^{-4}$$
 (56)

Calculate a conservative estimate of the specific attenuation (dB/km) for gaseous absorption using:

$$\gamma_{gm} = \gamma_{om} + \gamma_{wm} \qquad \text{dB/km} \tag{57}$$

For the required frequency and the value of earth station site shielding, A_h (dB), as calculated using the method described in § 1 of this Annex, calculate the minimum loss to be achieved in the iterative calculations:

$$L_7(p) = 92.5 + 20 \log (f) + A_h$$
 dB (58)

For the main or supplementary contour:

$$L_8(p) = L_b(p) - L_7$$
 dB (59a)

For an auxiliary contour:

$$L_{8q}(p) = L_{bq}(p) - L_7$$
 dB (59b)

where:

 $L_b(p)$ (dB) and $L_{bq}(p)$ (dB): minimum required loss required for p% of the time for the main or supplementary contour and the auxiliary contour of value Q (dB) respectively (see equation (22)).

Iterative calculations

At the start of each iteration calculate the distance for i = 0, 1, 2, ...

$$d_i = d_{min} + i \cdot s \tag{60}$$

Calculate the distance-dependent losses for the distance:

$$L_9(p) = \gamma_{gm} \ d_i + 20 \log (d_i) + 2.6 \left[1 - \exp\left(\frac{-d_i}{10}\right) \right] \log\left(\frac{p}{50}\right)$$
 (61)

For frequencies above 60 GHz, the correction factor (see § 4.4 in the main body of this Appendix) is 0 dB. Therefore, no correction term has been added to equation (61).

ANNEX 2

Determination of the required distance for propagation mode (2)

1 Overview

The algorithm given below allows propagation mode (2) path loss, $L_r(p)$ (dB), to be obtained as a monotonic function of rainfall rate, R(p) (mm/h), and with the hydrometeor scatter distance, r_i (km), as a parameter. The model is valid for average annual time percentage (p) in the range 0.001% to 10%. The procedure to determine the hydrometeor scatter contour is as follows:

a) The value of R(p), is determined for the appropriate rain climatic Zones A to Q.

- b) Values of $L_r(p)$, are then calculated for incremental values of r_i , starting at the minimum coordination distance d_{min} , in steps of s (km), as described in § 1.3 of the main body of this Appendix. The correct value of r_i is that for which the corresponding value of $L_r(p)$ equals or exceeds the propagation mode (2) minimum required loss L(p). This value of r_i is the propagation mode (2) required distance and is denoted d_r .
- c) If the iterative calculation results in r_i equalling or exceeding the appropriate maximum calculation distance (d_{max2}) given in § 2, then the calculation is terminated and d_r is assumed to be equal to d_{max2} . Hence the iteration stops when either of the following expressions becomes true:

$$L_r(p) \ge L(p)$$
 (62a)

or:

$$r_i \ge d_{max2}$$
 (62b)

d) The contour for propagation mode (2) is a circle of radius d_r (km) centred on a point along the azimuth of the earth station antenna main beam at a horizontal distance of Δd (km) from the earth station.

2 Maximum calculation distance

As discussed in § 1.5.3 of the main body of this Appendix, it is necessary to set upper limits to the maximum distance used in the iterative calculation of the required distance. The maximum calculation distance to be used for propagation mode (2) (d_{max2}) is latitude dependent and is given in the following equation:

$$d_{max2} = \sqrt{17\,000(h_R + 3)}$$
 km

where h_R is defined in equations (74) and (75).

3 Calculation of the propagation mode (2) contour

Determine R(p), the rainfall rate (mm/h) exceeded on average for p% of a year. The world has been divided into a number of rain climatic zones (see Figs. 2, 3 and 4) which show different precipitation characteristics.

FIGURE 2

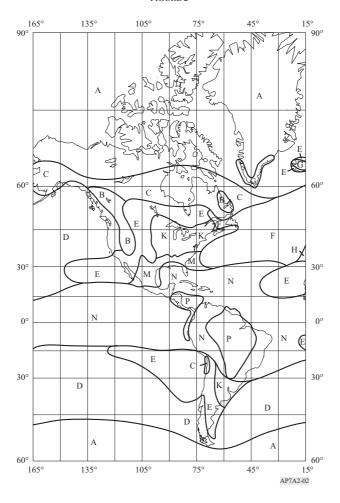


FIGURE 3

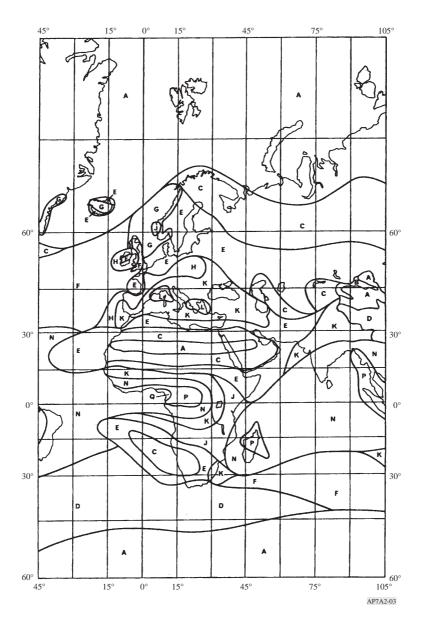
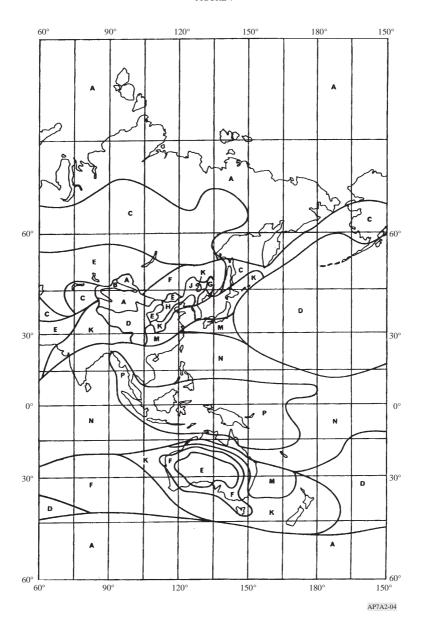


FIGURE 4



The curves shown in Fig. 5 represent consolidated rainfall-rate distributions, each applicable to several of these rain climatic zones.

Determine which rain climatic zone is applicable to the location of the earth station:

For 0.001% and the applicable rain climatic zone:

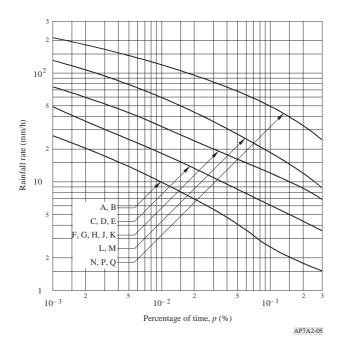
Determine R(p) either from Fig. 5 or from equations (63) to (67).

- For $p \ge 0.3\%$:

Use equation (68) with values of R(0.3%) and p_c obtained from Table 4.

FIGURE 5

Consolidated cumulative distributions of rainfall rate for the rain climatic zones shown in Figs. 2, 3 and 4



Rain climatic Zones A, B

$$R(p) = 1.1 \ p^{-0.465} + 0.25 \left[\log \left(p/0.001 \right) \log^3 \left(0.3/p \right) \right] - \left[\left| \log \left(p/0.1 \right) \right| + 1.1 \right]^{-2} \quad \text{mm/h}$$
 (63)

Rain climatic Zones C, D, E

$$R(p) = 2 p^{-0.466} + 0.5 \left[\log (p/0.001) \log^3 (0.3/p) \right]$$
 mm/h (64)

Rain climatic Zones F, G, H, J, K

$$R(p) = 4.17 \ p^{-0.418} + 1.6 \left[\log \left(p/0.001 \right) \log^3 \left(0.3/p \right) \right]$$
 mm/h (65)

Rain climatic Zones L, M

$$R(p) = 4.9 \ p^{-0.48} + 6.5 \left[\log \left(p/0.001 \right) \log^2 \left(0.3/p \right) \right]$$
 mm/h (66)

Rain climatic Zones N, P, Q

$$R(p) = 15.6 \left(p^{-0.383} + \left[\log \left(p/0.001 \right) \log^{1.5} \left(0.3/p \right) \right] \right)$$
 mm/h (67)

TABLE 4 Values of ${\it R}$ and ${\it p}_c$ for the different rain climatic zones

Rain climatic zone	R (0.3%) (mm/h)	P _C (%)
A, B	1.5	2
C, D, E	3.5	3
F, G, H, J, K	7.0	5
L, M	9.0	7.5
N, P, Q	25.0	10

where:

 p_c (%): reference time percentage above which the rainfall rate R(p) can be assumed to be zero.

$$R(p) = R(0.3\%) \left[\frac{\log(p_c/p)}{\log(p_c/0.3)} \right]^2$$
 (68)

Determine the specific attenuation (dB/km) due to rain using values of k and α from Table 5 in equation (70). Values of k and α at frequencies other than those in Table 5 can be obtained by interpolation using a logarithmic scale for frequency, a logarithmic scale for k and a linear scale for α .

 $\label{eq:TABLE 5} TABLE \ 5$ Values of $\emph{\textbf{k}}$ and α for vertical polarization as a function of the frequency

Frequency (GHz)	k	α
1	0.0000352	0.880
4	0.000591	1.075
6	0.00155	1.265
8	0.00395	1.31
10	0.00887	1.264
12	0.0168	1.20
14	0.029	1.15
18	0.055	1.09
20	0.0691	1.065
22.4	0.090	1.05
25	0.113	1.03
28	0.150	1.01
30	0.167	1.00
35	0.233	0.963
40	0.310	0.929
40.5	0.318	0.926

Let:

$$R = R(p) \tag{69}$$

Then the specific attenuation (dB/km) due to rain is given by:

$$\gamma_R = k R^{\alpha} \tag{70}$$

Calculate the effective diameter of the rain cell:

$$d_s = 3.5 R^{-0.08} (71)$$

Then, calculate the effective scatter transfer function:

$$R_{CV} = \frac{2.17}{\gamma_R d_s} \left(1 - 10^{\frac{-\gamma_R d_s}{5}} \right)$$
 (72)

Calculate the additional attenuation outside the common volume:

$$\Gamma_2 = 631 k R^{(\alpha - 0.5)} \times 10^{-(R+1)^{0.19}}$$
 (73)

Determine the rain height above ground, h_R (km):

For North America and Europe west of 60° E longitude:

$$h_R = 3.2 - 0.075 \,(\zeta - 35)$$
 for $35 \le \zeta \le 70$ (74)

where:

 ζ : latitude of the coordinating earth station.

For all other areas of the world:

$$h_R = \begin{cases} 5 - 0.075 \left(\zeta - 23\right) & \text{for} & \zeta > 23 & \text{Northern hemisphere} \\ 5 & \text{for} & 0 \le \zeta \le 23 & \text{Northern hemisphere} \\ 5 & \text{for} & 0 \ge \zeta \ge -21 & \text{Southern hemisphere} \\ 5 + 0.1 \left(\zeta + 21\right) & \text{for} & -71 \le \zeta < -21 & \text{Southern hemisphere} \\ 0 & \text{for} & \zeta < -71 & \text{Southern hemisphere} \end{cases}$$
 (75d)

Determine the specific attenuation due to water vapour absorption (a water vapour density of 7.5 g/m³ is used):

$$\gamma_{wr} = \left[0.06575 + \frac{3.6}{(f - 22.2)^2 + 8.5} \right] f^2 \ 7.5 \times 10^{-4}$$
 (76)

3.1 Iterative calculations

Evaluate equations (77) to (82) inclusive for increasing values of r_i , where r_i is the current distance considered (km) between the region of maximum scattering and the possible location of a terrestrial station and i = 0, 1, 2,... Continue this process until either of the conditions given in equations (62a) and (62b) is true. Then the rain-scatter required distance d_r is the current value of r_i .

$$r_i = d_{min} + i \cdot s \tag{77}$$

Determine the loss above the rain height, L_{ar} (dB), applicable to scatter coupling:

$$L_{ar} = \begin{cases} 6.5 \left[6 \left(r_i - 50 \right)^2 \times 10^{-5} - h_R \right] & \text{for } 6 \left(r_i - 50 \right)^2 \times 10^{-5} > h_R \\ 0 & \text{for } 6 \left(r_i - 50 \right)^2 \times 10^{-5} \le h_R \end{cases}$$
 (78a)

Calculate the additional attenuation for the departure from Rayleigh scattering:

$$A_b = \begin{cases} 0.005 \, (f-10)^{1.7} \, R^{0.4} & \text{for } 10 \, \text{GHz} < f < 40.5 \, \text{GHz} \end{cases} \tag{79a}$$

$$0 & \text{for} & f < 10 \, \text{GHz} \, \text{or when } L_{ar} \neq 0 \tag{79b}$$

Calculate the effective path length for oxygen absorption:

$$d_{o} = \begin{cases} 0.7 \ r_{i} + 32 & \text{for } r_{i} < 340 \text{ km} \\ 270 & \text{for } r_{i} \ge 340 \text{ km} \end{cases}$$
(80a)

Calculate the effective path length for water vapour absorption:

$$d_{v} = \begin{cases} 0.7 \ r_{i} + 32 & \text{for } r_{i} < 240 \text{ km} \\ 200 & \text{for } r_{i} \ge 240 \text{ km} \end{cases}$$
 (81a)

Determine the propagation mode (2) path loss, L_r (dB):

$$L_r = 168 + 20 \log r_i - 20 \log f - 13.2 \log R - G_x + A_b - 10 \log R_{cv} + \Gamma_2 + L_{ar} + \gamma_o d_o + \gamma_{wr} d_v$$
(82)

where:

 γ_o : as given in equation (33)

 G_x : terrestrial network antenna gain in Tables 7 or 8.

4 Construction of the propagation mode (2) contour

In order to determine the centre of the circular propagation mode (2) contour, it is necessary to calculate the horizontal distance to this point from the earth station, along the azimuth of the earth station antenna main beam axis. The distance, Δd (km), to the centre of the propagation mode (2) contour is given by:

$$\Delta d = \frac{h_R}{2\tan\varepsilon_s} \tag{83}$$

where:

 ε_s : earth station antenna main beam axis elevation angle

and

 Δd : shall be limited to the distance $(d_r - 50)$ km.

The propagation mode (2) required distance, d_r , must lie within the range between the minimum coordination distance, d_{min} , and the propagation mode (2) maximum calculation distance, d_{max2} .

Draw the propagation mode (2) contour as a circle of radius d_r (km) around the centre determined above. The propagation mode (2) contour is the locus of points on this circle. However, if any part of the propagation mode (2) contour falls within the contour defined by the minimum coordination distance, this arc of the propagation mode (2) contour is taken to be identical to the contour based on the minimum coordination distance and the propagation mode (2) contour is then no longer circular.

ANNEX 3

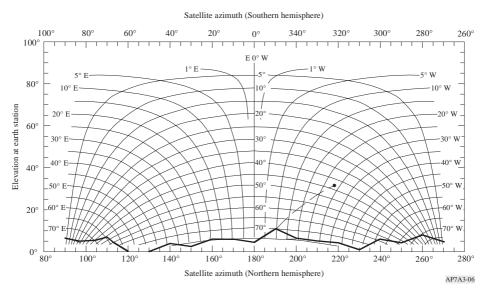
Antenna gain towards the horizon for an earth station operating with a geostationary space station

1 General

The gain component of the earth station antenna in the direction of the physical horizon around an earth station is a function of the angular separation between the antenna main beam axis and the horizon in the direction under consideration. When the earth station is used to transmit to a space station in a slightly inclined orbit, all possible pointing directions of the antenna main beam axis need to be considered. For earth station coordination, knowledge of $\phi(\alpha)$, the minimum possible value of the angular separation that will occur during the operation of the space station, is required for each azimuth.

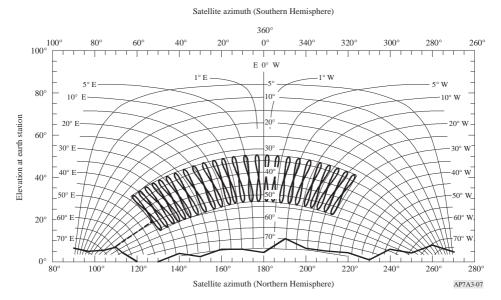
When a geostationary space station maintains its location close to its nominal orbital position, the earth station's main beam axis elevation angle, ε_s , and the azimuth angle, α_s , to the space station from the earth station's latitude, ζ , are uniquely related. Figure 6 shows the possible location arcs of positions of a space station on the geostationary orbit in a rectangular azimuth/elevation plot. It shows arcs corresponding to a set of earth station latitudes and the intersecting arcs correspond to points on the orbit with a fixed difference in longitude East or West of the earth station. Figure 6 also shows a portion of the horizon profile $\varepsilon_h(\alpha)$. The off-axis angle $\varphi(\alpha)$ between the horizon profile at an azimuth of 190° and a space station located 28° W of an earth station at 43° N latitude is indicated by the great-circle arc shown dashed on Fig. 6.

 $FIGURE\ 6$ Position arcs of geostationary satellites with horizon and the arc from the horizon at azimuth 190° to a satellite 28° W of an earth station at 43° N latitude



When the north/south station-keeping of a geostationary satellite is relaxed, the orbit of the satellite becomes inclined, with an inclination that increases gradually with time. As viewed from the Earth, the position of the satellite traces a figure eight during each 24-hour period. Figure 7 shows the variations in the trajectories of a set of satellites, each with 10° inclination, spaced by 3° along the geostationary orbit from 28° W to 44° E, with respect to an earth station at 43° N latitude. Figure 7 also shows, with a dashed curve, the great-circle arc corresponding to the minimum off-axis angle $\varphi(\alpha)$ between a point on the trajectory of one of the satellites and the horizon profile at an azimuth of 110°.

FIGURE~7 Position arcs of geostationary satellites with horizon and the arc from the horizon at azimuth 110° to satellites with 10° inclination on the geostationary orbital arc from 28° W to 44° E of an earth station at 43° N latitude



For a transmitting earth station operating in a frequency band that is also allocated for bidirectional use by receiving earth stations operating with geostationary space stations, refer to § 2.1 of Annex 5.

2 Determination of the angular separation $\varphi(\alpha)$

For the determination of the off-axis angle $\varphi(\alpha)$, two cases are distinguished. These depend on whether the orbit of the space station has no inclination, or is slightly inclined. The following equations may be used in both of these cases:

$$\psi_{c}(i,\delta) = \arccos\left(\sin\zeta\sin i + \cos\zeta\cos i\cos\delta\right) \tag{84}$$

$$\varepsilon_{s}(i,\delta) = \arcsin\left(\frac{K\cos\psi_{s}(i,\delta) - 1}{\left(1 + K^{2} - 2K\cos\psi_{s}(i,\delta)\right)^{1/2}}\right)$$
(85)

$$\alpha_{0s}(i,\delta) = \arccos\left[\frac{\sin i - \cos \psi_s \sin \zeta}{\sin \psi_s \cos \zeta}\right]$$
 (86)

$$\alpha_s(i, \delta) = \alpha_{0s}(i, \delta)$$
 for a space station located east of the earth station $(\delta \ge 0)$ (87)

$$\alpha_s(i,\delta) = 360^\circ - \alpha_{0s}(i,\delta)$$
 for a space station located west of the earth station $(\delta \le 0)$ (88)

$$\varphi(\alpha, i, \delta) = \arccos\left[\cos \varepsilon_h(\alpha)\cos \varepsilon_s(i, \delta)\cos (\alpha - \alpha_s(i, \delta)) + \sin \varepsilon_h(\alpha)\sin \varepsilon_s(i, \delta)\right]$$
(89)

where:

 $\zeta{:} \hspace{1.5cm} \text{latitude of the earth station (positive for north; negative for south)} \\$

 $\delta\!:$ difference in longitude between the earth station and a space station

i: latitude of a sub-satellite point (positive for north; negative for south)

 $\psi_s(i, \delta)$: great-circle arc between the earth station and a sub-satellite point

 $\alpha_s(i, \delta)$: space station azimuth as seen from the earth station

 $\varepsilon_s(i, \delta)$: space station elevation angle as seen from the earth station

 $\varphi(\alpha, i, \delta)$: angle between the main beam and the horizon direction corresponding to the azimuth, α , under consideration when the main beam is steered

towards a space station with a sub-satellite point at latitude, i, and

longitude difference, δ

α: azimuth of the direction under consideration

 ε_h : elevation angle of the horizon at the azimuth under consideration, α

 $\varphi(\alpha)$: angle to be used for horizon gain calculation at the azimuth under

consideration, a

K: orbit radius/Earth radius, which for the geostationary orbit is assumed to

be 6.62.

All arcs mentioned above are in degrees.

Case 1: Single space station, no orbital inclination

For a space station operating with no orbital inclination at an orbital position with difference in longitude δ_0 , equations (84) to (89) may be applied directly using i = 0 to determine $\phi(\alpha)$ for each azimuth α . Thus:

$$\varphi(\alpha) = \varphi(\alpha, 0, \delta_0) \tag{90}$$

where:

 δ_0 : difference in longitude between the earth station and the space station.

Case 2: Single space station, slightly inclined orbit

For a space station operating in a slightly inclined orbit on a portion of the geostationary arc with a nominal longitude difference of δ_0 , the maximum orbital inclination over its lifetime, i_s , must be considered. Equations (84) to (89) may be applied to develop the minimum off-axis angle to each of four arcs in azimuth/elevation that bound the trajectory of the space station in angle and elevation. The bounding arcs correspond to the maximum and minimum latitudes of the sub-satellite points and the extremes of the difference in longitude between the earth and space stations when the space station is operating at its maximum inclination.

The determination of the minimum off-axis angles in equations (91) to (95) may be made by taking increments along a bounding contour. The step size in inclination i or longitude δ should be between 0.5° and 1.0° and the end points of the respective ranges should be included in the calculation

The horizon profile $\varepsilon_h(\alpha)$ used in the determination of $\varphi(\alpha)$ is specified at increments in azimuth α that do not exceed 5° .

Thus:

$$\varphi(\alpha) = \min \quad \varphi_n(\alpha) \tag{91}$$

$$n = 1 \text{ to } 4$$

with:

$$\varphi_1(\alpha) = \min \quad \varphi(\alpha, -i_s, \delta)$$

$$\delta_0 - \delta_s \le \delta \le \delta_0 + \delta_s$$
(92)

$$\varphi_2(\alpha) = \min \quad \varphi(\alpha, i_s, \delta)
\delta_0 - \delta_s \le \delta \le \delta_0 + \delta_s$$
(93)

$$\varphi_3(\alpha) = \min \quad \varphi(\alpha, i, \delta_0 - \delta_s)$$

$$-i_s \le i \le i_s$$
(94)

$$\varphi_4(\alpha) = \min \quad \varphi(\alpha, i, \delta_0 + \delta_s)$$

$$-i_s \le i \le i_s$$
(95)

$$\delta_{S} = (i_{S} / 15)^{2} \tag{96}$$

where:

 i_s : maximum operational inclination angle of the satellite orbit

 δ_s : maximum longitude change from nominal value of the sub-satellite point of a satellite with orbital inclination i_s .

3 Determination of antenna gain

The relationship $\varphi(\alpha)$ is used to derive a function for the horizon antenna gain (dBi), $G(\varphi)$ as a function of the azimuth α , by using the actual earth station antenna pattern, or a formula giving a good approximation. For example, in cases where the ratio between the antenna diameter and the wavelength is equal to or greater than 35, the following equation is used:

$$G(\varphi) = \begin{cases} G_{amax} - 2.5 \times 10^{-3} \left(\frac{D}{\lambda} \varphi\right)^{2} & \text{for } 0 < \varphi < \varphi_{m} \\ G_{1} & \text{for } \varphi_{m} \leq \varphi < \varphi_{r} \\ 29 - 25 \log \varphi & \text{for } \varphi_{r} \leq \varphi < 36^{\circ} \\ -10 & \text{for } 36^{\circ} \leq \varphi \leq 180^{\circ} \end{cases}$$

$$G_{1} = \begin{cases} -1 + 15 \log \left(D/\lambda\right) & \text{dBi} & \text{for } D/\lambda \geq 100 \\ -21 + 25 \log \left(D/\lambda\right) & \text{dBi} & \text{for } 35 \leq D/\lambda < 100 \end{cases}$$

$$\varphi_{m} = \frac{20 \lambda}{D} \sqrt{G_{amax} - G_{1}} & \text{degrees}$$

$$\varphi_{r} = \begin{cases} 15.85 \left(D/\lambda\right)^{-0.6} & \text{degrees} & \text{for } D/\lambda \geq 100 \\ 100 \left(\lambda/D\right) & \text{degrees} & \text{for } 35 \leq D/\lambda < 100 \end{cases}$$

Where a better representation of the actual antenna pattern is available, it may be used.

In cases where D/λ is not given, it may be estimated from the expression:

$$20\log \frac{D}{\lambda} \approx G_{amax} - 7.7$$

where:

Gamax: main beam axis antenna gain (dBi)

D: antenna diameter (m)

λ: wavelength (m)

 G_1 : gain of the first side lobe (dBi).

ANNEX 4

Antenna gain toward the horizon for an earth station operating with non-geostationary space stations

This Annex presents methods which may be used to determine the antenna gain towards the horizon for an earth station operating to non-geostationary satellites using the TIG method described in § 2.2 of the main body of this Appendix.

1 Determination of the horizon antenna gain

In its simplest implementation, the TIG method depends on the minimum elevation angle of the beam axis of the earth station antenna (ε_{sys}) , which is a system parameter that has the same value on all azimuths from the earth station. If the horizon elevation angle at an azimuth under consideration is ε_h (degrees), the minimum separation angle from the horizon at this azimuth to any possible pointing angle for the main beam axis of the antenna (φ_{min}) is equal to the difference between these two angles $(\varepsilon_{sys} - \varepsilon_h)$, but it is not less than zero degrees. The maximum separation angle from the horizon at this azimuth to any possible pointing angle for the main beam axis of the antenna (φ_{max}) is equal to the difference between the sum of these two angles and 180° ($180 - \varepsilon_{sys} - \varepsilon_h$). The maximum and minimum values of horizon gain for the azimuth under consideration are obtained from the gain pattern of the earth station antenna at these off-axis angles. Where no pattern is available the pattern of § 3 of Annex 3 may be used.

Additional constraints may be included in the determination of the maximum and minimum values of horizon antenna gain where an earth station operates with a constellation of non-geostationary satellites that are not in near-polar orbit. In this case, depending on the latitude of the earth station, there may be portions of the hemisphere above the horizontal plane at the earth station in which no satellite will appear. To include these visibility limitations within this method, it is first necessary to determine, for a closely spaced set of azimuth angles around the earth station, the minimum elevation angle at which a satellite may be visible. This minimum satellite visibility elevation angle (ϵ_V) may be determined from consideration of the visibility of the edge of the shell formed by all possible orbits having the orbital inclination and altitude of the satellites in the constellation.

The lowest elevation angle towards which the main-beam axis of the earth station antenna will point on any azimuth is the minimum composite elevation angle (ε_c), which is equal to the greater of the minimum satellite visibility elevation angle (ε_v) and the minimum elevation angle of the earth station (ε_{sys}). After the minimum composite elevation angle has been determined for all azimuths by the procedure of § 1.1 of this Annex, the resulting profile of the minimum composite elevation angles can be used, in the procedure of § 1.2 of this Annex, to determine the maximum and minimum values of horizon gain at any azimuth.

Further information and an example of this method may be found in the latest version of Recommendation ITU-R SM.1448.

1.1 Determination of satellite visibility limits

The visibility limits of a constellation of satellites can be determined from the inclination angle of the most inclined satellite and the altitude of the lowest satellite in the constellation. For this determination, six cases may be distinguished, but not all of these may be applicable for a given constellation and a given earth station latitude. The azimuth and the corresponding lower limit on the elevation angle are developed by a parametric method using a set of points on the edge of the orbital shell of the constellation. The approach is to develop this relationship for azimuths to the east of a station in the northern hemisphere. Elevation angles for azimuths to the west of the station and for all azimuths for stations in the southern hemisphere are obtained by symmetry. The following equations, which are applicable to circular orbits only, may be used for the complete determination of the horizon antenna gain in all practical cases:

$$\psi(\delta) = \arccos\left(\sin\zeta_e \sin i_s + \cos\zeta_e \cos i_s \cos\delta\right) \tag{98}$$

$$\varepsilon_{V}(\delta) = \arcsin \left[\frac{K_1 \cos[\psi(\delta)] - 1}{\left(1 + K_1^2 - 2K_1 \cos[\psi(\delta)]\right)^{1/2}} \right]$$
(99)

$$\alpha_0(\delta) = \arccos\left[\frac{\sin i_s - \cos[\psi(\delta)] \sin \zeta_e}{\sin[\psi(\delta)] \cos \zeta_e}\right]$$
(100)

with:

$$\alpha(\delta) = \begin{cases} \alpha_0(\delta) \text{ and} \\ 360^\circ - \alpha_0(\delta) \\ 180^\circ - \alpha_0(\delta) \text{ and} \\ 180^\circ + \alpha_0(\delta) \end{cases}$$
 for earth stations north of the Equator (101)

where:

- i_s : orbital inclination of the satellites in the constellation assumed to be positive and between 0° and 90°
- ζ_e : modulus of the latitude of the earth station
- difference in longitude from the earth station to a point on the edge of the orbital shell of the constellation

 $\psi(\delta)$: great-circle arc between the earth station and a point on the surface of the Earth directly below the point on the edge of the orbital shell of the constellation

 $\alpha(\delta)$: azimuth from the earth station to a point on the edge of the orbital shell

 $\alpha_0(\delta)$: principal azimuth, an azimuth between 0° and 180° , from an earth station to a point on the edge of the orbital shell

 $\varepsilon_{\nu}(\delta)$: elevation angle from the earth station to a point on the edge of the orbital shell

 K_1 : orbit radius/Earth radius for the lowest altitude satellite in the constellation (Earth radius = 6 378.14 km)

 $\psi_m = \arccos(1/K_1).$

All arcs mentioned above are in degrees.

For any latitude on the surface of the Earth, the azimuth for which the minimum elevation angle to a satellite can be greater than zero, and the corresponding elevation angles, may be determined by implementing the calculations under the following case(s). No more than two of these cases will be applicable for any latitude. For situations not specifically addressed in the following cases, no satellite is visible at elevation angles at or below 90° on any azimuth.

Case 1: For:
$$\zeta_e \leq i_s - \psi_m$$

For this case, a satellite may be visible to the horizon for all azimuths about the earth station $(\epsilon_V = 0)$.

Case 2: For:
$$i_s - \psi_m < \zeta_e \le \arcsin(\sin i_s \cos \psi_m)$$

For this case, the azimuth angles and elevation are developed parametrically by choosing a set of values of δ , uniformly spaced on the interval 0 to δ_1 , and applying equations (98) to (101). For this purpose the spacing between values is not to exceed 1.0°, and the end points are to be included.

$$\delta_1 = \arccos \left[\frac{\cos \psi_m - \sin \zeta_e \sin i_s}{\cos \zeta_e \cos i_s} \right]$$

At any principal azimuth $(\alpha_0(\delta))$ that is not included in the set, the minimum elevation angle is zero $(\epsilon_V = 0)$, except for azimuths where Case 6 additionally applies.

Case 3: For:
$$\arcsin (\sin i_s \cos \psi_m) < \zeta_e < i_s \text{ and } \zeta_e < 180^\circ - \psi_m - i_s$$

For this case, the azimuth angles and elevation are developed parametrically by choosing a set of values of δ , uniformly spaced on the interval 0 to δ_2 , and applying equations (98) to (101). For this purpose the spacing between values is not to exceed 1.0°, and the end points are to be included.

$$\delta_2 = 2 \arctan \left[\frac{\sqrt{\sin^2 \psi_m - \cos^2 i_s \sin^2 \delta_1}}{\sin \zeta_e \cos i_s \sin \delta_1} \right] - \delta_1$$

At any principal azimuth $(\alpha_0(\delta))$ that is not included in the set, the minimum elevation angle is zero $(\epsilon_V = 0)$, except for azimuths where Case 6 additionally applies.

Case 4: For:
$$i_s \le \zeta_e < i_s + \psi_m$$
 and $\zeta_e < 180^\circ - i_s - \psi_m$

For this case, the minimum elevation angle is given explicitly in terms of the principal azimuth angle α_0 , as follows:

$$\varepsilon_{\rm V} \,=\, \begin{cases} 90^{\circ} & \qquad & {\rm for} \quad 0 \,\, \leq \alpha_0 < \alpha_2 \\ \\ 0 & \qquad & {\rm for} \quad \alpha_2 \leq \alpha_0 \leq 180^{\circ} \end{cases} \label{epsilon}$$

where:

$$\alpha_2 = \arccos\left[\frac{\sin i_s - \cos \psi_m \sin \zeta_e}{\sin \psi_m \cos \zeta_e}\right]$$

Note that a minimum elevation angle of 90° in this formulation indicates that no satellite is visible at elevation angles at or below 90° on these azimuths. Furthermore, within the range of principal azimuths where the minimum elevation angle is zero, Case 6 may additionally apply.

Case 5: For
$$180^{\circ} - i_s - \psi_m \le \zeta_e \le 90^{\circ}$$

For this case, a satellite may be visible to the horizon for all azimuths about the earth station $(\varepsilon_V = 0)$.

Case 6: For
$$\zeta_e < \psi_m - i_s$$

This case may occur additionally with Case 2, Case 3 or Case 4 and a satellite may be visible only above a minimum elevation angle for other principal azimuths.

For this case, the other principal azimuths and the corresponding elevation angles are developed parametrically by choosing a set of values of δ , uniformly spaced on the interval 0 to δ_3 , and applying equations (98) to (101) with i_s replaced by $-i_s$. For this purpose the spacing between values is not to exceed 1.0° and the end points are to be included.

$$\delta_3 = \arccos \left[\frac{\cos \psi_m + \sin \zeta_e \sin i_s}{\cos \zeta_e \cos i_s} \right]$$

1.2 Determination of minimum and maximum horizon gain from the minimum visible elevation angle profile

The horizon gain of the earth station antenna is determined from the profile of values of the minimum composite elevation angle (ε_c). At any azimuth, the minimum composite elevation angle is the greater of the minimum satellite visibility elevation angle at that azimuth (ε_v) and the minimum elevation angle for the earth station (ε_{sys}). The following procedure may be used to determine the maximum and minimum values of horizon antenna gain for each azimuth under consideration.

The following equation may be used to determine the angular separation between the horizon profile, at an azimuth angle α and horizon elevation angle ϵ_h , and a point on the profile of the minimum composite elevation angle, where the minimum composite elevation angle is ϵ_c at an azimuth angle of α_c :

$$\varphi(\alpha, \alpha_c) = \arccos\left[\sin \varepsilon_h(\alpha) \sin \left(\varepsilon_c(\alpha_c)\right) + \cos \varepsilon_h(\alpha) \cos \left(\varepsilon_c(\alpha_c)\right) \cos \left(\alpha - \alpha_c\right)\right]$$
(102)

where:

α: azimuth of the direction under consideration

 $\varepsilon_h(\alpha)$: elevation angle of the horizon at the azimuth under consideration, α

 ε_c (α_c): minimum composite elevation angle at the azimuth, α_c

 α_c : azimuth corresponding to ε_c .

The minimum value of the separation angle φ_{min} , for the azimuth under consideration, is determined by finding the minimum value of $\varphi(\alpha, \alpha_c)$ for any azimuth α_c , and the maximum value, φ_{max} , is determined by finding the maximum value of $\varphi(\alpha, \alpha_c)$ for any azimuth α_c . The azimuth angles (α) are usually taken in increments of 5°; however, to accurately determine the minimum separation angle, the values of the minimum composite elevation angle, ϵ_c , need to be determined for a spacing of 1° or less in the azimuth α_c . Where the procedures in § 1.1 of this Annex do not provide a profile of minimum composite elevation angle with a close enough spacing in azimuth angles, linear interpolation may be used to develop the necessary intermediate values. The maximum and minimum horizon antenna gains, G_{max} and G_{min} , to be used in the equations of § 2.2 of the main body of this Appendix for the azimuth under consideration are obtained by applying the off-axis angles, φ_{min} and φ_{max} , respectively, in the earth station antenna pattern. If the earth station antenna pattern is not known then the antenna pattern in § 3 of Annex 3 is used. In many cases, φ_{max} will be large enough on all azimuths so that G_{min} will be equal to the minimum gain of the antenna pattern at all azimuths.

ANNEX 5

Determination of the coordination area for a transmitting earth station with respect to receiving earth stations operating with geostationary space stations in bidirectionally allocated frequency bands

1 Introduction

The propagation mode (1) coordination area of a transmitting earth station with respect to unknown receiving earth stations operating with geostationary space stations requires the determination of the horizon gain of the antenna of the receiving earth station at each azimuth of the transmitting earth station. Different methods then need to be applied to determine the coordination area of the coordinating earth station, depending on whether it operates with geostationary or non-geostationary space stations. When both the coordinating earth station and the unknown receiving earth stations operate with geostationary space stations, it is also necessary to determine a propagation mode (2) coordination contour.

The coordination area of a transmitting earth station, with respect to unknown receiving earth stations that operate to non-geostationary space stations, can be determined by minor modifications to the methods applicable to the determination of coordination area of transmitting earth stations with respect to terrestrial stations. (See § 3.2.1 and § 3.2.3 of the main body of the Appendix.)

2 Determination of the bidirectional coordination contour for propagation mode (1)

For a transmitting earth station operating in a frequency band that is also allocated for bidirectional use by receiving earth stations operating with geostationary space stations, further development of the procedures in Annex 3 is needed. It is necessary to determine the horizon gain of the unknown receiving earth station, the horizon gain to be used at each azimuth at the coordinating (transmitting) earth station, for the determination of the bidirectional coordination area.

2.1 Calculation of horizon gain for unknown receiving earth stations operating with geostationary space stations

The value of G_r , the horizon gain of the receiving earth station, for each azimuth, α , at the transmitting earth station is found by the following steps:

Step 1: The receiving earth station may be operating with any satellite in the geostationary orbit above a minimum elevation angle, ε_{min} , contained in Table 9. The maximum difference in longitude

 $(\delta_b \text{ (degrees)})$ between the receiving earth station and its associated space station occurs at this minimum elevation angle, ε_{min} , and is given by:

$$\delta_b = \arccos\left(\frac{\sin\left(\varepsilon_{min} + \arcsin\left(\frac{\cos(\varepsilon_{min})}{K}\right)\right)}{\cos(\zeta)}\right)$$
(103)

where:

- ζ: latitude of the receiving earth station, which is assumed to be the same as the transmitting earth station
- K: ratio of the radius of the satellite orbit to the radius of the Earth, equal to 6.62.

Step 2: For each azimuth, α , at the transmitting earth station:

- determine the azimuth α_r from the receiving earth station to the transmitting earth station:

$$\alpha_r = \alpha + 180^\circ$$
 for $\alpha < 180^\circ$

$$\alpha_r = \alpha - 180^\circ$$
 for $\alpha \ge 180^\circ$

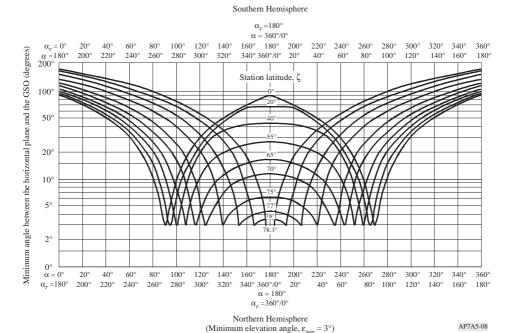
for each azimuth α_r , determine the minimum angular separation, $\varphi(\alpha_r)$, between the receiving earth station main beam axis and the horizon at this azimuth using Case 1 in § 2 of Annex 3. For this evaluation, $\varphi(\alpha_r)$ is the minimum value of $\varphi(\alpha_r, 0, \delta_0)$, where the values of δ_0 are between $-\delta_b$ and $+\delta_b$ in steps of 1° or less, making sure to include the end points.

The minimum angular separation, $\varphi(\alpha_r)$, may be used with the gain pattern in § 3 of Annex 3 to determine the horizon gain for this azimuth, α , unless a different gain pattern is referenced in Table 9.

Figure 8 shows plots of the minimum angular separation between the horizon at zero degrees elevation on an azimuth α_r and a satellite on the geostationary orbit at an elevation above 3°. Plots are shown for a set of values of the station latitude, ζ , which is assumed to be the same for both transmitting and receiving earth stations. Figure 8 also provides a scale showing the corresponding azimuth, α_r , of the transmitting earth station.

Further information and an example may be found in the latest version of Recommendation ITU-R SM 1448

FIGURE 8 Illustration of minimum angular distance between points on the geostationary-satellite orbit (GSO) and the horizontal plane



3 Determination of the bidirectional rain scatter contour

The procedure for the determination of the bidirectional rain scatter area, as described in § 3.1.2 of the main body of this Appendix, is as follows:

The horizontal distance d_s (km) from the coordinating earth station to the point at which the main beam axis attains the rain height h_R is calculated by:

$$d_s = 8500 \left(\sqrt{\tan^2 \varepsilon_s + h_R / 4250} - \tan \varepsilon_s \right)$$
 km (104)

where the rain height, h_R , can be determined from equations (74) or (75) in Annex 2 and ε_s is the minimum elevation angle of the transmitting earth station.

The maximum calculation distance, d_{emax} , to be used in the determination of the propagation mode (2) contour, for the case of a coordinating earth station operating in bidirectionally allocated frequency bands, is dependent on the rain height. It is the greater distance determined from:

$$d_{emax} = 130.4 \sqrt{h_R}$$
 km or d_{min}

where the minimum coordination distance, d_{min} , is given in § 4.2 of the main body of this Appendix.

The point, at the distance d_s from the earth station, on the azimuth α_s of the coordinating earth station's main beam axis, is the geographic point immediately below the main beam axis intersection with the rain height, and is the reference point from which the maximum calculation distance d_{emax} is determined (see Fig. 9).

If the maximum calculation distance, d_{emax} , is greater than the minimum coordination distance, d_{min} , then calculate the maximum latitude at which a receiving earth station may operate with a geostationary satellite with a minimum elevation angle ε_{min} :

$$\zeta_{max} = \arccos\left[\frac{\cos(\varepsilon_{min})}{K}\right] - \varepsilon_{min}$$
(105)

where:

 ε_{min} : given in Table 9

K: ratio of the radius of the satellite orbit to the radius of the Earth, equal to 6.62.

If the coordinating earth station latitude in the northern hemisphere is greater than ζ_{max} , or if the coordinating earth station latitude in the southern hemisphere is less than $-\zeta_{max}$ or -71° , then the rain scatter contour is a circle of radius d_{min} , centred on the transmitting earth station.

For all other cases, the coordination area is developed by the following procedure:

Step 1: The unknown receiving earth station is assumed to be operating with a satellite at the minimum elevation angle ε_{min} . It is also assumed that the receiving earth station is relatively close to the coordinating earth station in geometric terms and hence a plane geometry approximation can

be applied within the coordination area. If the receiving earth station's main beam axis passes through the intersection of the coordinating earth station's main beam axis with the rain height, the azimuths from the point on the ground immediately below this intersection to the possible locations of a receiving earth station are given by:

$$\alpha_{w1} = \arccos\left[\frac{\tan\zeta}{\tan\zeta_{max}}\right]$$

and

$$\alpha_{w2} = 360^{\circ} - \alpha_{w1}$$

where ζ is the latitude of the transmitting earth station.

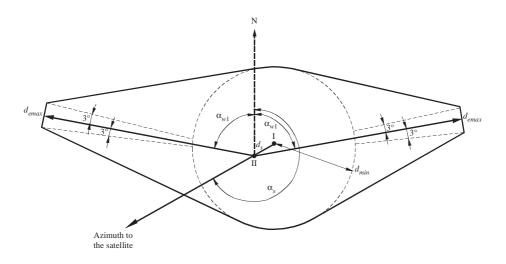
- Step 2: Mark on a map of an appropriate scale the coordinating earth station's location and draw from this location a line of distance, d_s , along the azimuth, α_s , to the point below the coordinating earth station's main beam axis intersection with the rain height.
- Step 3: From the main beam axis intersection point in Step 2, mark on the map the distance, d_{emax} , along the two azimuths, α_{w2} and α_{w1} , and on each azimuth at the distance, d_{emax} , draw two equal distance arcs of width 3° clockwise and counter-clockwise. The two arcs, each having a total width of 6°, are the first boundary elements of the bidirectional rain scatter area.
- Step 4: Mark a circle of radius equal to the minimum coordination distance, d_{min} , around the coordinating earth station's location, and then draw straight lines from the northern edges of the two arc segments tangential to the northern rim of the circle, and from the southern edges of the two arc segments tangential to the southern rim of the circle.

The area bounded by the two 6° wide arcs, the four straight lines, and the circular sections (of which there is always at least one) between the two northern and the two southern tangent points with the straight lines, constitutes the bidirectional rain scatter area.

Figure 9 illustrates the construction of the bidirectional rain scatter area for a coordinating earth station. (The resulting rain scatter area contains the possible loci of all receiving earth station locations from which a beam path towards the geostationary-satellite orbit will intersect the main beam of the transmitting earth station antenna.)

FIGURE 9 Example of the bidirectionnal rain scatter area

(Not to scale)



I: location of the transmitting earth station

II: point where the earth station antenna main-beam axis reaches the altitude h_R

Assumptions:

$$\zeta = 40^{\circ} \text{ N}$$

$$\varepsilon_c = 10^{\circ}$$

$$\zeta = 40^{\circ} \text{ N}$$
 $\varepsilon_s = 10^{\circ}$
 $\alpha_s = 254^{\circ}$

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ANNEX 6

Supplementary and auxiliary contours

1 Introduction

The material found in this Annex is intended to assist administrations in bilateral discussions.

2 Supplementary contours

The coordination area is determined with respect to the type of terrestrial station (or, in a frequency band with a bidirectional space allocation, an earth station operating in the opposite direction of transmission) that would yield the largest coordination distances. Therefore, in the case of terrestrial services, fixed stations using tropospheric scatter have been assumed to be operating in frequency bands that may typically be used by such radiocommunication systems; and fixed stations operating in line-of-sight configurations and using analogue modulation have been assumed to be operating in other frequency bands. However, other radiocommunication systems (e.g. other terrestrial stations), that typically have lower antenna gains, or otherwise less stringent system parameters, than those on which the coordination area is based, may also operate in the same frequency range. Therefore, it is possible for the administration seeking coordination to identify a supplementary contour using either the methods in § 2 or 3 of the main body of this Appendix, where they are applicable, or other agreed methods. Subject to bilateral agreement between administrations, these supplementary contours can assume the role of the coordination contour for an alternative type of radio system in the same service or another radiocommunication service.

When a supplementary contour is to be developed for other types of systems, for example digital fixed systems, the necessary system parameters may be found in one of the adjacent columns in Tables 7, 8 and 9. If no suitable system parameters are available then the value of the permissible interference power $(P_f(p))$ may be calculated using equation (127) of § 2 in Annex 7.

In addition, supplementary contours may be prepared by the administration seeking coordination in order to define smaller areas, based on more detailed methods, for consideration when agreed bilaterally between the concerned administrations. These contours can be a useful aid for the rapid exclusion of terrestrial stations or earth stations from further consideration. For earth stations operating with non-geostationary space stations, supplementary contours may be generated using the method in § 4 of this Annex.

Supplementary contours may comprise propagation mode (1) interference paths and, depending on the sharing scenario, propagation mode (2) interference paths. In addition, the propagation mode (1) element of a supplementary contour may, if appropriate for the radiocommunication service, utilize the same level of correction factor (see § 4.4 of the main body of this Appendix) that was applied in the determination of the coordination contour. However, all parts of each supplementary contour must fall on or between the contour defined by the minimum coordination distance and the corresponding propagation mode (1) or propagation mode (2) main contour.

3 Auxiliary contours

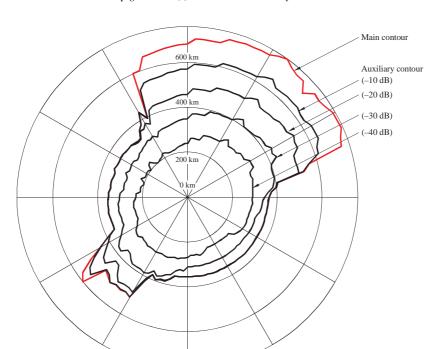
Practical experience has shown that, in many cases, the separation distance required for the coordinating earth station, on any azimuth, can in fact be substantially less than the coordination distance, since the worst-case assumptions do not apply to every terrestrial station or earth station. There are two main mechanisms that contribute to such a difference between the separation distance and the coordination distance:

- the terrestrial station antenna gain (or e.i.r.p.), or receiving earth station antenna gain, in the direction of the coordinating earth station is less than that assumed in calculating the coordination contour:
- appropriate allowance can be made, for example, for the effects of site shielding not included in the coordination distance calculations.

Auxiliary contours must use the same method as that used to determine the corresponding main or supplementary contour. In addition, all parts of each auxiliary contour must fall on or between the contour defined by the minimum coordination distance and the corresponding main or supplementary contour. Auxiliary contours may assist in eliminating from detailed coordination terrestrial stations or earth stations that are located in the coordination area and hence have been identified as potentially affected by the coordinating earth station. Any terrestrial station or earth station that lies outside an auxiliary contour and has an antenna gain towards the coordinating earth station that is less than the gain represented by the relevant auxiliary contour need not be considered further as a significant source, or subject, of interference.

3.1 Auxiliary contours for propagation mode (1)

Propagation mode (1) auxiliary contours are calculated with values for the propagation mode (1) minimum required loss in equation (22) in § 4.4 of the main body of this Appendix that are progressively reduced by, for example, 5, 10, 15, 20 dB, etc., below the value derived from the parameters assumed in Tables 7, 8 and 9 for the corresponding main or supplementary propagation mode (1) contour, until the minimum coordination distance is reached. Propagation mode (1) auxiliary contour distances are calculated without the correction factor (see § 4.4 of the main body of this Appendix), and hence could be larger, on any azimuth, than the corresponding main, or supplementary, propagation mode (1) distance. To prevent this, in those cases where a correction factor applies to the main or supplementary contour, the maximum propagation mode (1) auxiliary contour distance on any azimuth is limited to the corresponding main or supplementary propagation mode (1) distance. In effect this means that the correction factor will limit the possible range of auxiliary contour values so that only those auxiliary contours with values greater than the applied correction factor will be shown within the main or supplementary contour (see Fig. 10). For example, if the value of correction factor applicable to the propagation mode (1) main or supplementary contour is 10 dB, then the first auxiliary contour drawn would be for a reduction in minimum required loss of 5 dB and hence the auxiliary contour value would be -15 dB (by convention, auxiliary contours are shown as negative quantities as they represent a reduction in the terrestrial, or receiving earth station, antenna gain, or the terrestrial station e.i.r.p.).



 $FIGURE\ 10 \quad \ (WRC\text{-}03)$ Propagation mode (1) main contour and auxiliary contours

The propagation mode (1) auxiliary contours are shown for –10, –20, –30 and –40 dB adjustments in the minimum required loss.

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Propagation mode (2) interference effects may still need to be considered even if propagation mode (1) interference effects have been eliminated from detailed coordination, as the propagation models are based on different interference mechanisms.

3.2 Auxiliary contours for propagation mode (2)

The propagation mode (2) contour around an earth station is calculated assuming the main beams of the coordinating earth station and the terrestrial station intersect exactly (see § 1.3 of the main body of this Appendix). However, it is unlikely that these antenna main beams will intersect exactly. It is therefore possible to generate propagation mode (2) auxiliary contours that take account of any offset in the pointing of the terrestrial station antenna beam from the direction of the coordinating earth station. This offset would result in partial beam intersections and hence a reduced interference potential. These propagation mode (2) auxiliary contours are calculated according to the method described in § 3.2.1 of this Annex.

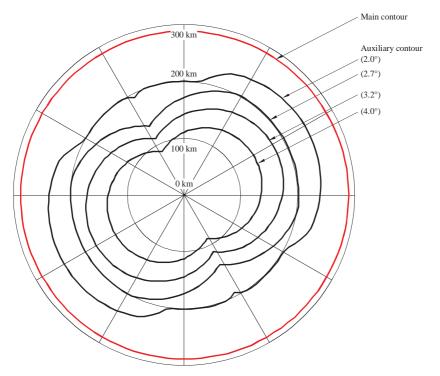
Propagation mode (2) auxiliary contours are not generated for different values of antenna gain or e.i.r.p. but for different values of beam avoidance angle. Hence, if there is a need to consider both a lower value of antenna gain, or e.i.r.p., for the terrestrial station and propagation mode (2) auxiliary contours, it is first essential to consider the impact of the reduction in antenna gain, or e.i.r.p., on the propagation mode (2) contour. This is achieved by generating a supplementary contour (see § 2) corresponding to the lower value of antenna gain or e.i.r.p. for the terrestrial station, which is drawn on a separate map. Auxiliary mode (2) contours can then be generated inside this propagation mode (2) supplementary contour for different values of the beam avoidance angle. Hence, propagation mode (2) auxiliary contours may be most frequently applied in conjunction with a supplementary contour rather than with the coordination contour.

The correction factor discussed in § 1.3 of the main body of this Appendix does not apply to propagation mode (2) interference paths and hence is also not applicable to propagation mode (2) auxiliary contours. In addition propagation mode (2) auxiliary contours cannot be developed for the bidirectional case.

Propagation mode (2) auxiliary contours are prepared for appropriate values of terrestrial station main beam avoidance angle (see Fig. 11). When the antenna characteristics of the terrestrial stations are known, the appropriate antenna pattern⁹ should be used when determining the propagation mode (2) auxiliary contours. If this is not available, the reference antenna pattern given in § 3.2.3 may be used.

⁹ The method requires the antenna pattern to be monotonic in terms of the reduction in gain either side of the main beam axis.

 $FIGURE\ 11 \qquad (WRC\text{-}03)$ Propagation mode (2) main contour and auxiliary contours



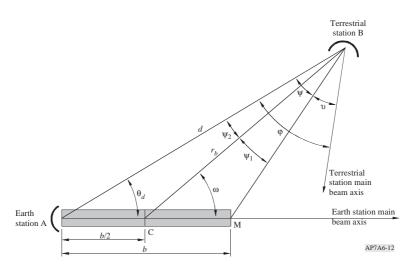
The propagation mode (2) auxiliary contours are shown for terrestrial station main beam avoidance angles of 2.0°, 2.7°, 3.2° and 4.0°, respectively

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3.2.1 Determination of auxiliary contours for propagation mode (2)

Propagation mode (2) auxiliary contours allow the azimuthal offset of a terrestrial station antenna beam from the coordinating earth station's location to be taken into consideration. Figure 12 shows the hydrometeor scatter region projected on to the horizontal plane. In this Figure, the earth station and the terrestrial station are located at the points A and B, respectively, where the terrestrial station is on a radial defined by the angle ω from the point C at the centre of the propagation mode (2) main, or supplementary, contour. Point C is also the centre of the auxiliary contour.

FIGURE 12 Propagation geometry in the horizontal plane



The shaded area in Fig. 12 represents the critical region, along the earth station's main beam axis, between the earth station and the rain height. Within this critical region a common volume can be formed between the earth station beam and the beam of any terrestrial stations within the propagation mode (2) main, or supplementary, contour. This critical region's length is *b* and its maximum horizontal extent is at point M. Intersection of this critical region by the terrestrial station main beam axis would result in significant hydrometeor scatter interference via main lobe-to-main lobe coupling.

For a given point within the propagation mode (2) main, or supplementary, contour, the angle subtended by the critical region is termed the critical angle, ψ . The protection angle, υ , represents the angle of the terrestrial station main beam axis away from the critical region. The beam avoidance angle between the terrestrial station's main beam axis and the earth station's location is φ . It is the sum of the two angles ψ and υ and it is this quantity that has a fixed value for a specific auxiliary contour. Each auxiliary contour is generated by varying the angle, ω , and deriving the distance, r_b , from point C to the auxiliary contour. As the angle ω increases from 0° to 360° , the angles ψ and υ change, but their sum remains the same.

The algorithm in § 3.2.2 of this Annex can be used to calculate the auxiliary propagation mode (2) contour for a given value of beam avoidance angle φ .

The method is based on iteratively decrementing the distance, r_b , between terrestrial station and the centre of the common volume, and starting at the main contour distance d_r , until either the shortest value of r_b is found for which the required minimum loss is achieved, or the minimum coordination distance is reached. For each value of r_b , the critical angle ψ is determined and then the protection angle v is calculated. The terrestrial station antenna gain corresponding to v and the current distance r_b are used to obtain the propagation mode (2) path loss in equation (82) in Annex 2.

The above process is repeated for each angle ω , to generate a complete auxiliary contour for a given value of beam avoidance angle φ . For some combinations of beam avoidance angle and angle ω , an auxiliary contour may coincide with the main, or supplementary, propagation mode (2) contour.

3.2.2 The step-by-step algorithm

Auxiliary propagation mode (2) contours are constructed by calculating distances along radials from the centre of the circular mode (2) main, or supplementary, contour, which is the point C, at the distance b/2 from the earth station along the azimuth of its main beam axis. The distance b/2 is equal to Δd , where Δd is given by equation (83) in Annex 2.

For the selected value of beam avoidance angle, ϕ , generate the auxiliary contour for values of angle, ω , ranging from 0° to 180° in steps of 1° , as follows:

- a) Set r_b to the main, or supplementary, mode (2) contour distance d_r calculated as described in § 3.1 of Annex 2.
- b) Compute ψ from:

$$\psi_1 = \arctan\left(\frac{b\sin\omega}{2r_b - b\cos\omega}\right) \tag{106}$$

$$\Psi_2 = \arctan\left(\frac{b\sin\omega}{2r_b + b\cos\omega}\right) \tag{107}$$

$$\Psi = \Psi_1 + \Psi_2 \tag{108}$$

- c) If $\psi > \varphi$ then the auxiliary mode (2) contour coincides with the main or supplementary mode (2) contour for the current value of ω , and the calculation for that value of ω is completed, and go to step j). Otherwise proceed through the following steps d) to i) until one of the terminating conditions described in step f) and step i) is satisfied.
- d) Decrement r_b by subtracting 0.2 km from its value.
- e) Recalculate the critical angle ψ using equations (106), (107) and (108).
- f) If $(0.5 \ b \sin \omega/\sin \psi_2) < d_{min}$, the auxiliary mode (2) contour coincides with the minimum coordination distance d_{min} and the calculation for the current value of ω is completed go to step j). Otherwise, proceed to step g).
- g) Compute the protection angle $v = \varphi \psi$.
- h) Calculate G(v), the terrestrial station antenna gain at the angle v relative to the beam axis, using the reference antenna pattern given in this Annex.
- i) In equation (82) in Annex 2, use the gain calculated in step h) in place of G_x and the value considered of r_b in place of r_i , and calculate the corresponding propagation mode (2) path loss L_r . If $L_r < L(p)$, then increment r_b by adding 0.2 km to its value and take this as the distance for the current radial. Otherwise, repeat from step d).
- j) Once the value of r_b has been found for the current value of angle ω, calculate the angle θ_d from the location of the earth station, and if appropriate the distance, d, to that contour point using:

$$d = 0.5 b \sin \omega / \sin \psi_2 \tag{109}$$

$$\theta_d = \omega - \Psi_2 \tag{110}$$

An auxiliary propagation mode (2) contour is symmetrical about the earth station main beam axis. Thus, values of d and θ_d corresponding to the values of ω from 181° to 359° can be found by noting that results for a given value of ω are the same as for $(-\omega)$ or $(360^\circ - \omega)$.

The step size for incrementing r_b used above, 0.2 km, is suitable for most situations. It controls the granularity of the result when viewed as a set of r_b values. For low values of earth station beam elevation, the granularity becomes more noticeable in the values of d and θ_d , and a smaller step size may be used.

3.2.3 Reference radiation patterns for line-of-sight radio-relay system antennas

The reference radiation pattern for line-of-sight radio-relay system antennas in this section is used for the unknown terrestrial station antenna in the propagation mode (2) auxiliary contour calculations when the actual antenna pattern is not available.

 a) In cases where the ratio between the antenna diameter and the wavelength is greater than 100, the following equation is used:

$$G(\varphi) = G_{amax} - 2.5 \times 10^{-3} \left(\frac{D}{\lambda} \varphi\right)^2 \qquad \text{for} \qquad 0 < \varphi < \varphi_m$$
 (111)

$$G(\varphi) = G_1$$
 for $\varphi_m \le \varphi < \varphi_r$ (112)

$$G(\varphi) = 32 - 25 \log \varphi \qquad \qquad \text{for} \qquad \varphi_r \leq \varphi < 48^{\circ} \tag{113}$$

$$G(\varphi) = -10$$
 for $48^{\circ} \le \varphi \le 180^{\circ}$ (114)

$$G_1 = 2 + 15 \log \frac{D}{\lambda} \tag{115}$$

$$\varphi_m = \frac{20 \,\lambda}{D} \sqrt{G_{amax} - G_1} \tag{116}$$

$$\varphi_r = 15.85 \left(\frac{D}{\lambda}\right)^{-0.6} \tag{117}$$

b) In cases where the ratio between the antenna diameter and the wavelength is less than or equal to 100, the following equation is used:

$$G(\varphi) = G_{amax} - 2.5 \times 10^{-3} \left(\frac{D}{\lambda} \varphi\right)^2 \qquad \text{for} \qquad 0 < \varphi < \varphi_m$$
 (118)

$$G(\varphi) = G_1$$
 for $\varphi_m \le \varphi < 100 \frac{\lambda}{D}$ (119)

$$G(\varphi) = 52 - 10 \log \frac{D}{\lambda} - 25 \log \varphi \qquad \qquad \text{for} \quad 100 \frac{\lambda}{D} \le \varphi < 48^{\circ}$$
 (120)

$$G(\varphi) = 10 - 10 \log \frac{D}{\lambda}$$
 for $48^{\circ} \le \varphi \le 180^{\circ}$ (121)

c) In cases where only the maximum antenna gain is known, D/λ can be estimated from the following expression:

$$20\log\frac{D}{\lambda} \approx G_{amax} - 7.7 \tag{122}$$

where:

Gamax: main beam axis antenna gain (dBi)

D: antenna diameter (m)

λ: wavelength (m)

 G_1 : gain of the first side lobe (dBi).

4 Determination of a supplementary contour using the time-variant gain (TVG) method

The TVG method requires the cumulative distribution of the time-varying horizon antenna gain of an earth station operating with a non-geostationary space station. In comparison to the TIG method, the TVG method usually produces smaller distances, but requires greater effort in determining the cumulative distribution of the horizon gain of the earth station antenna for each azimuth to be considered.

The TVG method closely approximates the convolution of the distribution of the horizon gain of the earth station antenna and the propagation mode (1) path loss. This method may produce slightly smaller distances than those obtained by an ideal convolution. An ideal convolution cannot be implemented due to the limitations of the current model for propagation mode (1). The propagation mode (1) required distance, at the azimuth under consideration, is taken as the largest distance developed from a set of calculations, each of which is based on equation (4) of the main body of this Appendix. For convenience, in these calculations, this equation may be rewritten for the n-th calculation in the following form:

$$L_b(p_v) - G_e(p_n) = P_t + G_v - P_r(p)$$
 dB (123)

with the constraint:

$$p_v = \begin{cases} 100 \ p / p_n & \text{for } p_n \ge 2 \ p \\ 50 & \text{for } p_n < 2 \ p \end{cases}$$
%

where:

 P_t , $P_r(p)$: as defined in equations in § 1.3 of the main body of this Appendix where p is the percentage of time associated with permissible interference power $P_r(p)$

 G_X : maximum antenna gain assumed for the terrestrial station (dBi). Tables 7 and 8 give values for G_X for the various frequency bands

 $G_e(p_n)$: the horizon gain of the coordinating earth station antenna (dBi) that is exceeded for p_n % of the time on the azimuth under consideration

 $L_b(p_\nu)$: the propagation mode (1) minimum required loss (dB) for p_ν % of the time; this loss must be exceeded by the propagation mode (1) predicted path loss for all but p_ν % of the time.

The values of the percentages of time, p_n , to be used in equation (123) are determined in the context of the cumulative distribution of the horizon antenna gain. This distribution needs to be developed for a predetermined set of values of horizon antenna gain spanning the range from the minimum to the maximum values for the azimuth under consideration. The notation $G_e(p_n)$ denotes the value of horizon antenna gain for which the complement of the cumulative distribution of the horizon antenna gain has the value corresponding to the percentage of time p_n . The p_n value is the percentage of time that the horizon antenna gain exceeds the n-th horizon antenna gain value. The procedure in § 4.1 may be used to develop this distribution.

For each value of p_n , the value of horizon antenna gain for this time percentage, $G_e(p_n)$, is used in equation (123) to determine a propagation mode (1) minimum required loss. The propagation mode (1) predicted path loss is to exceed this propagation mode (1) required loss for no more than p_v % of the time, as specified by the constraint associated with equation (123). A series of propagation mode (1) distances are then determined using the procedures described in § 4 of the main body of this Appendix.

The propagation mode (1) required distance is then the maximum distance in the series of propagation mode (1) distances that are obtained for any value of p_n , subject to the constraint associated with equation (123). A detailed description of the method for using equation (123) to determine the propagation mode (1) required distance is provided in § 4.2.

Further information, including examples, may be found in the latest version of Recommendation ITU-R SM.1448.

4.1 Determination of the horizon antenna gain distribution for the TVG method

The TVG method for the determination of an earth station's supplementary contour requires the determination of the horizon antenna gain statistics for all azimuths (in suitable increments, e.g. 5°) around the earth station. In considering the horizon antenna gain of the antenna for either a transmitting or a receiving earth station, only the horizon antenna gain values during the operational time are to be considered. In developing the cumulative distributions of horizon antenna gain, the percentages of time are percentages of operational time. Thus, there may be periods of time for which no horizon antenna gain is specified.

The determination of the horizon antenna gain distribution requires both earth station and orbital information including whether or not station keeping is used to maintain a single orbital path (repeating/non-repeating ground track system). The cumulative distribution of the time-varying horizon gain of a transmitting or a receiving earth station antenna operating with non-geostationary space stations is calculated as follows:

Step 1: Simulate the constellation of non-geostationary space stations over a sufficiently long period, with a time step appropriate for orbit altitude, to obtain a valid representation of the antenna gain variations. For repeating ground track constellations, simulate the orbital path for each satellite

visible from the earth station over a period of the ground track. For non-repeating ground track constellations, simulate the orbit of each satellite in the constellation over a period long enough to get a stable representation of the distribution.

- Step 2: At each time step, determine the azimuth and elevation angle of each satellite that is both visible at the earth station and above the minimum elevation angle at which the earth station operates. In addition to the minimum elevation angle, other criteria could be used to avoid certain geometric configurations, e.g. geostationary orbit arc avoidance (no transmission between an earth station and a non-geostationary satellite that is within $\pm X^{\circ}$ from the geostationary orbit arc).
- Step 3: At each step, and for each satellite in communication with the earth station, use the actual earth station antenna pattern, or a formula giving a good approximation of it, to calculate the gain towards the horizon at each azimuth and elevation angle around the earth station.
- Step 4: Choose a gain increment g (dB) and partition the gain range by a number of gain levels between G_{min} and G_{max} , i.e. $G = \{G_{min}, G_{min} + g, G_{min} + 2g, ..., G_{max}\}$.

These gain levels determine a set of gain intervals so that the *n*-th gain interval (n = 1, 2, 3, ...) includes gain values equal to, or greater than, $G_{min} + (n - 2)g$ and less than $G_{min} + (n - 1)g$.

A value of g = 0.1 to 0.5 dB is recommended.

For each azimuth on the horizon around the earth station, accumulate the time that the horizon gain takes a value in each gain interval of width g (dB).

- Step 5: The probability density function (pdf) on each azimuth is determined by dividing the time in each gain interval by the total simulation time.
- Step 6: Determine the cumulative distribution function (cdf) of horizon antenna gain at each azimuth by accumulating the gain density function at that azimuth. The value of the required cdf at any specific gain value is the percentage of time that the gain is less than, or equal to, that gain value.

4.2 Determination of the supplementary contour distance using the TVG method

This calculation is based on a cumulative distribution of the horizon gain of the earth station antenna for each azimuth to be considered (in suitable angular increments e.g. 5°). Appropriate distributions for this purpose may be developed by the method in § 4.1. The process for calculating the supplementary contour distance for each azimuth is described in the following procedure.

Step 1: From the complementary cumulative distribution of the horizon antenna gain, for the azimuth under consideration, determine the percentage of time p_n that the horizon gain exceeds the level G_{en} , where:

$$G_{en} = G_{min} + (n-1)g$$
 $(n=1, 2, 3,...)$ (124)

with:

 G_{min} : minimum value of horizon gain, and

g: gain increment.

Step 2: For each percentage p_n that is equal to or greater than 2p%, the percentage of time to be used in determining the propagation mode (1) path loss is p_v .

$$p_v = 100 \ p/p_n$$
 % for $p_n \ge 2p\%$ (125)

For each percentage of time, determine the distance, d_n (km), for which the propagation mode (1) predicted path loss is equal to the propagation mode (1) minimum required loss, using the propagation model in accordance with § 4 of the main body of this Appendix and the equation:

$$L_{bn}(p_{v}) = P_{t} + G_{en} + G_{x} - P_{r}(p)$$
 dB (126)

The values of p_v must be within the range of percentage of time of the propagation mode (1) model (see § 1.5.1 of the main body of this Appendix).

Step 3: The propagation mode (1) required distance for the azimuth under consideration is the largest of the distances, d_n (km), calculated in Step 2, except when this largest distance is attained for the smallest value of p_n that is equal to or greater than 2p in accordance with equation (125) in Annex 6. In such cases, the propagation mode (1) required distance for the azimuth under consideration is the distance determined from equation (126) in Annex 6 with $G_{en} = G_{max}$ and $p_v = 50\%$ where G_{max} is the maximum value of horizon antenna gain.

Step 4: The propagation mode (1) supplementary contour distance for the azimuth under consideration is the required distance as determined in Step 3, except that the distance must be between the minimum coordination distance, d_{min} , and the maximum coordination distance, d_{max1} . These limits are given in § 4.2 and § 4.3 of the main body of this Appendix, respectively.

ANNEX 7

System parameters and predetermined coordination distances for determination of the coordination area around an earth station

1 Introduction

Tables 7 to 9 contain the system parameter values required by the methods in the main body of this Appendix to determine the coordination area around an earth station when the band is shared with terrestrial radiocommunication services or other earth stations operating in the opposite direction of transmission.

Table 7 is limited to those system parameter values required for the case of a transmitting earth station sharing with terrestrial services; Table 8 is limited to those parameter values required for the case of a receiving earth station sharing with terrestrial services; Table 9 is limited to those parameter values required for the case of a transmitting earth station which is sharing in a bidirectionally allocated band with other earth stations operating in the opposite direction of transmission

These system parameter tables include primary allocations to the space and terrestrial services in Article 5 in all bands between 100 MHz and 105 GHz. Some of the columns have incomplete information. In some cases, this is because there is no requirement to calculate coordination distances as pre-determined coordination distances apply. In other cases, the service allocations are new and the systems may not be introduced for some years. Hence, the system parameters are the subject of ongoing development within the Radiocommunication Study Groups.

Parameters specific to the earth station, for which coordination is being sought, are provided to the Radiocommunication Bureau in the format specified in Appendix 4 as part of the notification and coordination procedures.

The row in each table entitled "method to be used" directs the user to the appropriate section of the main body of this Appendix which describes the methods to be followed for the determination of the coordination area.

Note that the earth station for which the coordination area is to be determined is identified by the service designation given in the first row of each table.

When a supplementary contour is to be developed, for example for digital fixed systems, the necessary system parameters may be found in one of the adjacent columns in Tables 7, 8 and 9. If no suitable system parameters are available, then the value of the permissible interference power $(P_r(p))$ may be calculated using equation (127) in § 2.

The predetermined coordination distances specified in Table 10 are used for transmitting and receiving earth stations, in cases defined by the corresponding frequency sharing situation.

2 Calculation of the permissible interference power of an interfering emission

Tables 7, 8 and 9 contain values for the parameters which are required for the calculation of the permissible interference power of the interfering emission (dBW), in the reference bandwidth, to be exceeded for no more than p% of the time at the receiving antenna terminal of a station subject to interference, from a single source of interference, using the general formula:

$$P_r(p) = 10 \log (k T_e B) + N_L + 10 \log (10^{M_s/10} - 1) - W$$
 dBW (127)

where:

k: Boltzmann's constant $(1.38 \times 10^{-23} \text{ J/K})$

 T_e : thermal noise temperature of the receiving system (K), at the terminal of the receiving antenna (see § 2.1 of this Annex)

 N_I : link noise contribution (see § 2.2 of this Annex)

B: reference bandwidth (Hz), i.e. the bandwidth in the receiving station that is subject to the interference and over which the power of the interfering emission can be averaged

p: percentage of the time during which the interference from one source may exceed the permissible interference power value; since the entries of interference are not likely to occur simultaneously, $p = p_0/n$

p0: percentage of the time during which the interference from all sources may exceed the threshold value

n: number of equivalent, equal level, equal probability entries of interference, assumed to be uncorrelated for small percentages of the time

 M_s : link performance margin (dB) (see § 2.3 of this Annex)

W: a thermal noise equivalence factor (dB) for interfering emissions in the reference bandwidth; it is positive when the interfering emissions would cause more degradation than thermal noise (see § 2.4 of this Annex).

In certain cases, an administration may have reason to believe that, for its receiving earth station, a departure from the values associated with the earth station, as listed in Table 8, may be justified. Attention is drawn to the fact that for specific systems the bandwidths B or, for example in the case of demand assignment systems, the percentages of the time p and p_0 may have to be changed from the values given in Table 8.

2.1 Calculation of the noise temperature of the receiving system

The noise temperature (K) of the receiving system, referred to the output terminals of the receiving antenna, may be determined (unless specifically given in Table 7) from:

$$T_e = T_a + (\ell_{t1} - 1)290 + \ell_{t1} T_r$$
 K (128)

where:

 T_a : noise temperature (K) contributed by the receiving antenna

 ℓ_{t1} : numerical loss in the transmission line (e.g. a waveguide) between the antenna terminal and the receiver front end

T_r: noise temperature (K) of the receiver front end, including all successive stages at the front end input.

For radio-relay receivers and where the waveguide loss of a receiving earth station is not known, a value of $\ell_{t1} = 1.0$ is used.

In case of determination of the coordination contours between two earth stations operating in the opposite direction of transmission, the following earth station receiving system noise temperatures should be used if the value is not provided in Table 9. This assumption is necessary because the receiving earth station takes the place of a receiving terrestrial station in the calculations.

TABLE 6

Frequency range (GHz)	<i>T_e</i> (K)
f < 10	75
10 < f < 17	150
f>17	300

2.2 Determination of the factor N_L

The factor N_L is the noise contribution to the link. In the case of a satellite transponder, it includes the uplink noise, intermodulation, etc. In the absence of table entries, it is assumed:

 $N_L = 1$ dBfor fixed-satellite links

= 0 dB for terrestrial links

2.3 Determination of the factor M_s

The factor M_s is the factor by which the link noise under clear-sky conditions would have to be raised in order to equal the permissible interference power.

2.4 Determination of the factor W

The factor W (dB) is the level of the radio-frequency thermal noise power relative to the received power of an interfering emission which, in the place of the former and contained in the same (reference) bandwidth, would produce the same interference (e.g. an increase in the voice or video channel noise power, or in the bit error ratio). The factor W generally depends on the characteristics of both the wanted and the interfering signals.

When the wanted signal is digital, W is usually equal to or less than 0 dB, regardless of the characteristics of the interfering signal.

3 Horizon antenna gain for a receiving earth station with respect to a transmitting earth station

For the determination of the coordination area of a transmitting earth station with respect to a receiving earth station in a bidirectionally allocated band, it is necessary to calculate the horizon antenna gain of the unknown earth station. In cases where the unknown receiving earth stations operate with geostationary satellites, Table 9 provides the necessary receiving earth station parameters for the calculation procedure, which is described in § 2.1 of Annex 5.

In the case where the unknown receiving earth station operates with non-geostationary satellites, the horizon antenna gain to be used for all azimuths is provided in Table 9. The tabulated values were determined by using the method described in § 2.2 of the main body of this Appendix, which uses the maximum and minimum values of horizon antenna gain. For this purpose the maximum horizon antenna gain is the gain of the antenna for an off-axis angle equal to the minimum operating elevation angle. The minimum horizon antenna gain is the gain at large off-axis angles, usually more than 36° or 48°.

In determining the TIG horizon antenna gain entries in Table 9, the difference between the maximum and minimum horizon antenna gain did not exceed 30 dB. Consequently, the TIG horizon antenna gain was taken as the lesser of the maximum horizon antenna gain or 20 dB more than the minimum horizon antenna gain. For the purpose of determining the TIG horizon antenna gain, the reference antenna pattern of § 3 of Annex 3 was used, except in cases noted in the Tables where a different pattern was deemed to be more appropriate.

TABLE 7a (Rev.WRC-12)

Parameters required for the determination of coordination distance for a transmitting earth station

				ŀ					ļ					ŀ			
Transmitting space radiocommunication service designation	Transmitting space radiocommunication service designation	Mobile- satellite, space operation	Earth exploration-satellite, meteorological satellite	ion- e, gical	Space operation	Space research, space operation	Mobile- satellite	Space	ntion	Mobile- satellite, radio- determination- satellite	Mobile- satellite		Space operation, space research	ration, ch	Mobile- satellite	SI rese sp oper Ez explo	Space research, space operation, Earth exploration- satellite
Frequency bands (MHz)	(MHz)	148.0-149.9	401-403		433.75-434.25	449.75-450.25	806-840	1 427-1 429	1 429	1 610-1 626.5	1 668.4-1 675	1 675	1 750-1 850	850	1 980-2 025		2 025-2 110 2 110-2 120 (Deep space)
Receiving terrestrial service designations	rial ons	Fixed, mobile	Meteorological aids		Amateur, adiolocation fixed, mobile	Fixed, mobile, radio- location	Fixed, mobile broadcasting, aeronautical radionavigation	Fixed, mobile	nobile	Aeronautical radionavigation	Fixed, mobile	. e	Fixed, mobile		Fixed, mobile Fixed, mobile	le Fixed	l, mobile
Method to be used	Þ	\$ 2.1, \$ 2.2	\$ 2.1, \$ 2.2	2.2	\$ 2.1, \$ 2.2	\$ 2.1, \$ 2.2	\$ 1.4.6	\$ 2.1, \$ 2.2	\$ 2.2	\$ 1.4.6	\$ 1.4.6	9	\$ 2.1, \$ 2.2	2.2	\$ 1.4.6	\$ 2.1	\$ 2.1, \$ 2.2
Modulation at terrestrial station	restrial station 1	V	۷	z		A and N	A and N	٧	z		V	Z	٧	z	A	z	٧
Terrestrial	(%) 0d	1.0				0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01		0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0	0.01
interference	N	1				2	2	2	2		2	2	2	2	2		2
parameters and	(%) d	1.0				0.005	0.005	0.005	0.005		0.005	0.005	0.005	0.005	0.005	0.	0.005
	N_L (dB)	-				0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0		0
	M_s (dB)	-				20	20	33	33		33	33	33	33	26 2	2,	26 2
	W (dB)	-				0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0		0
Terrestrial	$G_{\chi}(\mathrm{dBi})^{-3}$	8				16	16	33	33		35	35	35	35	49 2	4	49 2
parameters	$T_e(K)$	1				750	750	750	750		750	750	750	750	500 2	50	500 2
Reference bandwidth	B (Hz)	4×10^{3}				12.5×10^3	12.5×10^3	4×10^{3}	106		4×10 ³	106	4×10^{3}	106	4×10^{3}	4 ×	4×10 ³
Permissible interference power	$P_r(p)$ (dBW) in B	-153				-139	-139	-131	-107		-131	-107	-131	-107	-140	ľ	-140

1 A: analogue modulation; N: digital modulation.

The parameters for the terrestrial station associated with transhorizon systems have been used. Line-of-sight radio-relay parameters associated with the frequency band 1 668.4-1 675 MHz may also be used to determine a supplementary contour. (WRC-03) 2

³ Feeder losses are not included.

TABLE 7b (Rev.WRC-12)

Parameters required for the determination of coordination distance for a transmitting earth station

	į						;			į				į		i			
Fixed- satellite, mobile- satellite		Aero- nautical mobile- satellite (R)	Aero- nautical mobile- satellite (R)	Fixed- satellite	Fixed- satellite	Fixed- satellite	Fixed- satellite		Space operation, space research		Fixed-satellite, mobile-satellite, meteorological- satellite		Fixed- satellite	Fixed- satellite	Fixed- atellite	Fixed- satellite	Fixed- satellite ³	Fixed- satellite	Fixed- satellite ³
2.655	2.655-2.690	5.030-5.091	5.030-5.091	5.091-5.150	5.091-5.150	5.725-5.850	5.725-7.075		7.100-7.235 5		7.900-8.400	10.	10.7-11.7	12.5-	12.5-14.8	13.75-14.3	15.43-15.65	17.7-18.4	19.3-19.7
	Fixed, mobile	Aeronautical radio- navigation	Aeronautical mobile (R)	Aeronautical radio- navigation	Aeronautical F mobile (R)	Aeronautical Aeronautical Radiolocation Fixed, mobile radio- mobile (R)	Fixed, mo		Fixed, mobile		Fixed, mobile		Fixed, mobile	Fixed, mobile	nobile	Radiolocation radionavigation (land only)	Aeronautical radionavigation	Fixed, mobile	Fixed, mobile
	\$ 2.1	\$ 2.1, \$ 2.2	\$ 2.1, \$ 2.2			\$ 2.1	\$ 2.1		\$ 2.1, \$ 2.2	-1	\$ 2.1		\$ 2.1	\$ 2.1, \$ 2.2	\$ 2.2	\$ 2.1		\$ 2.1, \$ 2.2	\$ 2.2
	¥						∢	z	A S	V V	z	A	z	A	z	1		z	z
	0.01						0.01 0.	0.005 0	0.01 0.005	10:0 50	0.005	0.01	0.005	0.01	0.005	0.01		0.005	0.005
	2						2	2	2 2	2	2	2	2	2	2	1		2	2
	0.005						0.005 0.0	0.0025 0.	0.005 0.0025	25 0.005	0.0025	5 0.005	0.0025	0.005	0.0025	0.01		0.0025	0.0025
	0						0	0	0 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0
	26 2						33	37	33 37	33	37	33	40	33	04	-		25	25
	0						0	0	0 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0
	49 2	9	10	9	9		46	, 46	46 46	949	46	20	20	52	52	36		48	48
	500 2						750 7	7 057	750 750	0 750	750	1 500	1 100	1 500	1100	2 636		1 100	1100
	4×10^{3}	150×10^3	37.5×10^{3}	150×10^{3}	10°	7	4×10³ 1	10° 4×	4×10^{3} 10^{6}	6 4×10 ³)³ 10°	4×10^{3}	³ 10°	4×10^3	10°	107		10°	10°
	-140	-160	-157	-160	-143		-131 -	-103	-131 -103)3 -131	-103	-128	86-	-128	86-	-131		-113	-113

A: analogue modulation; N: digital modulation.

The parameters for the terrestrial station associated with transhorizon systems have been used. Line-of-sight radio-relay parameters associated with the frequency band 5 725-7 075 MHz may also be used to determine a supplementary contour with the exception that $G_x = 37$ dBi.

Feeder links of non-geostationary-satellite systems in the mobile-satellite service.

4 Feeder losses are not included.

Actual frequency bands are 7 100-7 155 MHz and 7 190-7 235 MHz for space operation service and 7 145-7 235 MHz for the space research service.

TABLE 7c (Rev.WRC-12)

Parameters required for the determination of coordination distance for a transmitting earth station

	ı ai ailicici sı cyı	זוו כם זמו חוב	ucterminat	וחוו חו כחחות	mation ms	ומווכב וחו ש וו שווא	i arameters required for the determination of coordination distance for a transmitting earth station		
Transm radiocommunicati	Transmitting space radiocommunication service designation	Fixed- satellite	Fixed- satellite 2	Fixed- satellite 3	Space	Earth exploration-satellite, space research	Fixed-satellite, mobile-satellite, radionavigation-satellite	Fixed- satellite 2	
Frequency bands (GHz)	(Нz)	24.65-25.25 27.0-29.5	28.6-29.1	29.1-29.5	34.2-34.7	40.0-40.5	42.5-47 47.2-50.2 50.4-51.4	47.2-50.2	
Receiving terrestrial service designations		Fixed, mobile	Fixed, mobile	Fixed, mobile	Fixed, mobile, radiolocation	Fixed, mobile	Fixed, mobile, radiona vigation	Fixed, mobile	
Method to be used		\$ 2.1	\$ 2.2	\$ 2.2		\$ 2.1, \$ 2.2	\$ 2.1, \$ 2.2	\$ 2.2	
Modulation at terrestrial station	trial station 1	Z	N	Z		Z	Z	Z	
Terrestrial station	(%) 0d	0.005	0.005	0.005		0.005	0.005	0.001	
parameters and	и	1	2	1		1	1	1	
criteria	(%) d	0.005	0.0025	0.005		0.005	0.005	0.001	
	N_L (dB)	0	0	0		0	0	0	
	M_S (dB)	25	25	25		25	25	25	
	W (dB)	0	0	0		0	0	0	
Terrestrial station	$G_{\chi}(\mathrm{dBi})^{-4}$	50	90	50		42	42	46	
	T_e (K)	2 000	2 000	2 000		2 600	2 600	2 000	
Reference bandwidth	B (Hz)	106	106	106		106	106	106	
Permissible interference power	$P_{r}(p)$ (dBW) in B	-111	-111	-111		-110	-110	-111	

1 A: analogue modulation; N: digital modulation.

Non-geostationary satellites in the fixed-satellite service.

3 Feeder links to non-geostationary-satellite systems in the mobile-satellite service.

4 Feeder losses are not included.

TABLE 8a (Rev.WRC-12)

Parameters required for the determination of coordination distance for a receiving earth station

			•													
Receiving space radiocommunication service designation	g space nunication signation	Space operation, space research	Meteoro- logical- satellite, mobile- satellite	Space	Space Space research research, space operation	Space operation	Mobile- satellite	Meteoro- logical- satellite	Mobile- satellite	Space research	Space operation	Meteoro- logical- satellite	Broad- casting- satellite	Mobile- satellite	Broadcasting- satellite (DAB)	Mobile- satellite, land-mobile satellite, maritime mobile- satellite
Frequency bands (MHz)	(2)	137-138	137-138	143.6- 143.65	174-184	163-167 272-273 5	335.4-	400.15-401 400.15-401 400.15-401	400.15-401	400.15-401	401-402	460-470	620-790	856-890	1 452-1492	1 518-1 530 1 555-1 559 2 160-2 200 ¹
Transmitting terrestrial service designations	7	Fixed, mobile	Fixed, mobile	Fixed, mobile, radio- location	Fixed, mobile, broad- casting	Fixed, mobile	Fixed, mobile	Meteoro- Meteoro- Meteoro- logical aids logical aids logical aids logical aids insed, mobil	Meteoro- logical aids 1	Meteoro- logical aids	Meteoro- logical aids, ïxed, mobile	Fixed, mobile	Fixed, mobile, broad- casting	Fixed, mobile, broad casting	Fixed, mobile, Fixed, mobile broadcasting	Fixed, mobile
Method to be used		\$ 2.1	\$ 2.1	\$ 2.1	\$ 2.1	\$ 2.1	\$ 1.4.6	\$ 1.4.6	\$ 1.4.6	-	\$ 2.1	\$ 2.1	\$ 1.4.5	\$ 1.4.6	\$ 1.4.5	\$ 1.4.6
Modulation at earth station 2	ation 2	z		z		z				Z	z				Z	N
	(%) 0d	0.1		0.1		1.0		0.012		0.1	0.1	0.012				10
nterference	u	2		2		-		1		2	2	1				1
and criteria	(%) d	0.05		0.05		1.0		0.012		0.05	0.05	0.012				10
	$(\mathrm{qp})^{T_N}$	0		0		0		0		0	0					0
	M_S (dB)	1		1		1		4.3		1	1					1
	W (dB)	0		0		0		0		0	0					0
station	E(dBW) A	1		1		15				-	1	5			38	37 4
parameters	in B 3	-		1		15				_	1	5			38	37
	P_{t} (dBW) A	_		_		-1				_	-	-11			3	0
	$\ln B \hspace{1cm} $ N	_		-		-1				_	-	-11			3	0
	G_{χ} (dBi)	1		1		16				-	1	16			35	37
Reference bandwidth	g (Hz)	1		1		103		177.5×10^{3}		1	1	85			25×10^3	4×10^{3}
Permissible interference power	$P_r(p)$ (dBW) in B	-199		-199		-173		-148		-208	-208	-178				-176

1 In the band 2 160-2 200 MHz, the terrestrial station parameters of line-of-sight radio-relay systems have been used. If an administration believes that, in this band transhorizon systems need to be considered, the parameters associated with the frequency band 2 500-2 690 MHz may be used to determine the coordination area.

A: analogue modulation; N: digital modulation.

E is defined as the equivalent isotropically radiated power of the interfering terrestrial station in the reference bandwidth. 3

This value is reduced from the nominal value of 50 dBW for the purposes of determination of coordination area, recognizing the low probability of high power emissions falling fully within the relatively narrow bandwidth of the earth station. 4

The fixed-service parameters provided in the column for 163-167 MHz and 272-273 MHz are only applicable to the band 163-167 MHz.

mooning of mornimod for the determination of econdination distense for e (Rev.WRC-12) TABLE 8b

	ellite		500	bile		Z	0.005	3	0.0017	1	2	0	55	42	13	0	42	106	
	Fixed-satellite		3.400-4.200	Fixed, mobile	\$ 2.1	V	0.03	3	0.01 0	1	7	4	55	42	13	0	42	106	
	ellite, sting te		069	obile	1 \$ 2.1	z	0.003	3	0.001	1	2	0	72 4	92	28 4	32	44	106	
	Fixed-satellite, broadcasting satellite		2.500-2.690	Fixed, mobile radiolocation	§ 1.4.5 and § 2.	V	0.03	3	0.01	1	7	4	72 4	9/	28 4	32	4	901	
Parameters required for the determination of coordination distance for a receiving earth station	Mobile-satellite, radio- determination- satellite		2.4835-2.500 6	Fixed, mobile, radiolocation	\$ 1.4.6	Z	10	1	10	0	-1	0	37	37	0	0	37	4×10^{3}	-176
r a receiving	Broadcasting- satellite		2.310-2.360	Fixed, mobile, radiolocation	\$ 1.4.5														
distance for	Earth exploration- satellite (GSO)		2.200-2.290	Fixed, mobile	\$ 2.1	N	1.0	2	0.5				72 4	76	28 4	32	4	106	-154
ordination	Space operation (non-GSO and GSO)		2.200-2.290	Fixed, mobile	\$ 2.1, \$ 2.2	Z	1.0	2	0.5	0	-	0	72	76	28	32	44	106	-154
tion of co	Space research deep space (non-GSO)		2.290-2.300	Fixed, mobile	\$ 2.2	Z	0.001	1	0.001	0	0.5	0	-27 5	-27	-71 5	-71	44	-	-222
termina	search arth O and	Manned	.290	obile	2.2		0.001	1	0.001				.,5		.5				5
for the de	Space research near-Earth (non-GSO and GSO)	Unmanned	1.700-1.710 2.200-2.290	Fixed, mobile	\$ 2.1, \$ 2.2	Z	0.1	2	0.05	0	1	0	-27 4,5	-27	-71 4,5	-71	44	1	-216
rs required	Meteoro- logical- satellite (GSO)		1.670-1.710	Fixed, mobile, meteorological aids	§ 2.1 and 1	Z	0.011	2	0.0055	0	6:0	0	92 4	_	40 4	-	52	4×10^{3}	-177
aramete	Meteoro- logical- satellite (non-GSO)		525-1.535 1.670-1.710	Fixed, mobile, meteoro- logical aids	§ 2.2 and 1	Z	900'0	3	0.002	0	2.8	0	92 4	-	40 4	-	52	106	-142
F	Space operation (GSO and non-GSO)		1.525-1.535	Fixed	\$ 2.1, \$ 2.2	Z	1.0	1	1.0	0	1	0	20	37	13	0	37	103	-184
						2							V	z	∢	z			W)
	Receiving space adiocommunication service designation		ds (GHz)	rrestrial	sed	arth station	(%) 0d	u	(%) d	N_L (dB)	$M_S(dB)$	W (dB)	E (dBW)	in B 3	$P_{f}\left(\mathrm{dBW}\right)$	in B	$G_\chi (\mathrm{dBi})$	B (Hz)	$P_r(p)$ (dBW) in B
	Receir radiocor service		Frequency bands (GHz)	Transmitting terrestrial service designations	Method to be used	Modulation at earth station	Earth station	narameters	and criteria				Terrestrial	station				Reference bandwidth	Permissible interference power

A: analogue modulation; N: digital modulation. 0 m 4

need to be considered, the line-of-sight radio-relay parameters associated with the frequency band 3.4-4.2 GHz may be used to determine the coordination area, with the In this band, the parameters for the terrestrial stations associated with transhorizon systems have been used. If an administration believes that transhorizon systems do not exception that E = 50 dBW for analogue terrestrial stations; and $G_X = 37$ dBi. However, for the space research service only, noting footnote 5 when transhorizon systems are not considered, E = 20 dBW and $P_f = -17$ dBW for analogue terrestrial stations, E = -23 dBW and $P_f = -60$ dBW for digital terrestrial stations; and $G_x = 37$ dBi E is defined as the equivalent isotropically radiated power of the interfering terrestrial station in the reference bandwidth.

These values are estimated for 1 Hz bandwidth and are 30 dB below the total power assumed for emission.

In the band 2.4835-2.5 GHz the terrestrial station parameters of line-of-sight radio-relay systems have been used. If an administration believes that, in this band, transhorizon systems need to be considered, the parameters associated with the frequency band 2 500-2 690 MHz may be used to determine the coordination area. 9

TABLE 8c (Rev.WRC-12)

Parameters required for the determination of coordination distance for a receiving earth station

					ha - 2 - 2									0						
Receivi radiocom service d	Receiving space radiocommunication service designation	Fixed-	Fixed-satellite	Fixed-satellite, radio- determination satellite	Fixed- satellite	Fixed- satellite		Meteoro- logical- satellite 7,8	Meteoro- logical- satellite	Earth exploration-satellite 7	Earth exploration- satellite	Space research 10	ch 10	Fixed-satellite	tellite	Broadcasting- satellite		Fixed- satellite	Broad- casting- satellite	Fixed-satellite 7
												Deep								
Frequency bands (GHz)	ls (GHz)	4.500	4.500-4.800	5.150-5.216	6.700-	7.250-7.750		450-7.550	7.450-7.550 7.750-7.900	8.025-8.400	8.025-8.400	8.400-	8.450-	10.7-12.75	2.75	12.5-12.75 12		15.4-15.7	17.7-17.8	17.7-18.8 19.3-19.7
Transmitting terrestrial service designations	rrestrial tions	Fixed,	mobile	Aeronautical radionavigation	Fixed, mobile	Fixed, mobile	nobile	Fixed, mobile	Fixed, mobile	Fixed, mobile	Fixed, mobile Fixed, mobile	Fixed, mobile	nobile	Fixed, mobile	obile	Fixed, mobile		Aeronau- tical radio- navigation	Fixed	Fixed, mobile
Method to be used	pes	88	2.1	\$ 2.1	\$ 2.2	\$ 2.1		\$ 2.1, \$ 2.2	\$ 2.2	\$ 2.1	\$ 2.2	\$ 2.2	.2	\$ 2.1, \$ 2.2	2.2	\$ 1.4.5	5		\$ 1.4.5	\$ 2.1
Modulation at earth station 1	arth	A	z		z	A	z	z	Z	N	N	z	z	A	z	A	z	ı		z
Earth station	(%) 0d	0.03	0.005		0.005	0.03	0.005	0.002	0.001	0.083	0.011	0.001	0.1	0.03	0.003	0.03	0.003	0.003		0.003
parameters	и	3	3		3	3	3	2	2	2	2	-	2	2	2	1	1	2		2
and criteria	(%) d	0.01	0.0017		0.0017	0.01	0.0017	0.001	0.0005	0.0415	0.0055	0.001	0.05	0.015	0.0015	0.03	0.003	0.0015		0.0015
	N_L (dB)		1		1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1		1
	M_S (dB)	7	2		2	7	2	-	-	2	4.7	0.5	1	7	4	7	4	4		9
	W(dB)	4	0		0	4	0	_	1	0	0	0	0	4	0	4	0	0		0
Terrestrial	E (dBW)	A 923	923		55	55	55	55	55	55	55	25 5	255	40	40	55	55			35
station parameters		N 42 ⁴	424		42	42	42	42	42	42	42	-18	-18	43	43	42	42		40	40
	P_t (dBW)	A 40 ³	403		13	13	13	13	13	13	13	-175	-175	-5	-5	10	10			-10
		0 N	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	09-	-09	-2	-2	-3	-3		-7	-5
	$G_{\chi}\left(\mathrm{dBi}\right)$	52 3.4	52 3.4		42	42	42	42	42	42	42	42	42	45	45	45	45		47	45
Reference band- width ⁶	B (Hz)	106	106		106	106	106	107	107	106	106	1	1	106	106	27×10° 2	27×10^6			106
Permissible interference power	$P_r(p)$ (dBW) in B				-151.2			-125	-125	-154 11	-142	-220	-216			-131	-131			

Notes to Table 8c:

- A: analogue modulation; N: digital modulation.
- E is defined as the equivalent isotropically radiated power of the interfering terrestrial station in the reference bandwidth.
- In this band, the parameters for the terrestrial stations associated with transhorizon systems have been used. If an administration believes that transhorizon systems do not need to be considered, the line-of-sight radio-relay parameters associated with the frequency band 3.4-4.2 GHz may be used to determine the coordination area.
- Digital systems assumed to be non-transhorizon. Therefore $G_x = 42.0 \,\mathrm{dBi}$. For digital transhorizon systems, parameters for analogue transhorizon systems above have been
- These values are estimated for 1 Hz bandwidth and are 30 dB below the total power assumed for emission.
- In certain systems in the fixed-satellite service it may be desirable to choose a greater reference bandwidth B. However, a greater bandwidth will result in smaller coordination distances and a later decision to reduce the reference bandwidth may require recoordination of the earth station.
- Geostationary-satellite systems
- Non-geostationary satellites in the meteorological-satellite service notified in accordance with No. 5.461A may use the same coordination parameters.
- Non-geostationary-satellite systems. 6
- Space research earth stations in the band 8.4-8.5 GHz operate with non-geostationary satellites. 10
- $P_r(p) = (G 180)$ For large earth stations:
- for $26 < G \le 29$ dBi for dBWdBW $P_r(20\%) = 2(G - 26) - 140$ $P_r(20\%) = G - 163$

G > 29 dBi $G \le 26 \text{ dBi}$

- for dBW $P_r(p)\% = G - 163$
- - 12 Applies to the broadcasting-satellite service in unplanned bands in Region

For small earth stations:

TABLE 8d (Rev.WRC-12)

Parameters required for the determination of coordination distance for a receiving earth station

Receiving space Met and radicommunication log service designation sant Prenuency bands (GHz) 18.0														
	Meteoro- logical- satellite	Fixed- satellite sa	Fixed- satellite 3	Broad- casting- satellite	Earth exploration-satellite 4	Earth exploration-satellite 5	Space research (deep space)	Space research	Fixed- satellite 6	Fixed- satellite 5	Mobile- satellite	Broadcasting- satellite, fixed-satellite	Mobile- satellite n	Radio- navigation- satellite
								Unman- Manned ned						
_	18.0-18.4	18.8-19.3	19.3-19.7	21.4-22.0	25.5-27.0	25.5-27.0	31.8-32.3	37.0-38.0	37.5-40.5	37.5-40.5	39.5-40.5	40.5-42.5	43.5-47.0	43.5-47.0
Transmitting terrestrial Fix service designations mo	Fixed, mobile	Fixed, mobile	Fixed, mobile	Fixed, mobile	Fixed, mobile	Fixed, mobile	Fixed, radio- navigation	Fixed, mobile	Fixed, mobile	Fixed, mobile	Fixed, mobile	Broadcasting, fixed	Mobile	Mobile
Method to be used §	\$ 2.1	\$ 2.1, \$ 2.2	\$ 2.2	\$ 1.4.5	\$ 2.2	\$ 2.1	\$ 2.1, \$ 2.2	\$ 2.1, \$ 2.2	\$ 2.2	\$ 2.1	\$ 1.4.6	\$ 1.4.5, \$ 2.1	\$ 1.4.6	1
Modulation at earth station 1	z	z	z		z	z	z	z	z	z	z	ı	z	
(%) 0d	0.05	0.003	0.01		0.25	0.25	0.001	0.0 0.001	0.02	0.003				
interference n	2	2	-		2	2	1	1 1		2				
(%) d	0.025	0.0015	0.01		0.125	0.125	0.001	0.1 0.001		0.0015				
N_L (dB)	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	1	1				
M_S (dB) 18	18.8	5	5		11.4	14	-	1	8.9	9				
W(dB)	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0				
rial		-	1		1	-	1	1	-	1	1	1		
in B^2 N	40	40	40	40	42	42	-28	-28	35	35	35	44	40	40
parameters P_t (dBW) A		_	_		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_		
in B N	-2	-1	-1	-2	-3	-3	-81	-73	-10	-10	-10	-1	-2	-2
$G_{\chi}(d\mathrm{Bi})$	47	47	47	47	45	45	53	45	45	45	45	45	47	47
Reference $B \text{ (Hz)}$ 11 bandwidth 6	107	106	106		107	107	1	1	106	106	106	106		
$ \begin{array}{c c} \text{Permissible} & P_{P_r}(p) \text{ (dBW)} & -1 \\ \text{interference} & \text{in } B \\ \text{power} \end{array} $	-115	-140	-137		-120	-116	-216	-217	-140					

A: analogue modulation; N: digital modulation.

E is defined as the equivalent isotropically radiated power of the interfering terrestrial station in the reference bandwidth.

Non-geostationary mobile-satellite service feeder links. 0 π 4

Non-geostationary-satellite systems.

Geostationary-satellite systems.

Non-geostationary fixed-satellite service systems.

TABLE 9a (Rev.WRC-12)

Parameters required for the determination of coordination distance for a transmitting earth station in bands shared bidirectionally with receiving earth stations

									D						
Space service which the earth stati	Space service designation in which the transmitting earth station operates	Land mobile- satellite	Mobile- satellite	Land mobile- satellite	Earth exploration- satellite, meteorological- satellite	Mobile-satellite	atellite	Fixed-satellite, mobile-satellite	Aeronautical mobile- satellite (R) service	al mobile- t) service	Fixed-satellite ³	Fixed- atellite ³	Fixed-satellite	Fixed-satellite, meteorological- satellite	Fixed-satellite
Frequency bands (GHz)	ds (GHz)	0.1499-	0.272-	0.3999-	0.401-0.402	1.670-1.675	5191	2.655-2.690	5.030-5.091	5.091	5.150	5.150-5.216	6.700-7.075	8.025-8.400	8.025-8.400
Space service designation in which the <i>receiving</i> earth station operates	lesignation in ving earth	Radio- navigation- satellite	Space operation	Radio- navigation- satellite	Space	Meteorological- satellite	ogical- lite	Fixed-satellite, broadcasting- satellite	Aeronautical mobile- satellite (R) service	al mobile- t) service	Fixed- satellite	Radiodeter- mination- satellite	Fixed-satellite	Earth exploration- satellite	Earth exploration- satellite
Orbit 6			OSD-uoN		Non-GSO	OSD-uoN	GSO		Non-GSO	GSO	Non-GSO		Non-GSO	Non-GSO	OSD
Modulation at receiving earth station 1	receiving earth		N		Z	Z	z						Z	Z	Z
Receiving	(%) 0d		1.0		0.1	900'0	0.011						0.005	0.011	0.083
interference	u		1		2	3	2						3	2	2
parameters and criteria	(%) d		1.0		0.05	0.002	0.0055						0.0017	0.0055	0.0415
	$(\mathrm{gp})^{T_N}$	0	0	0	0	0	0						1	0	1
	$M_S(dB)$	2	1	2	1	2.8	6.0	2			2	2	2	4.7	2
	W(dB)	0	0	0	0	0	0						0	0	0
Receiving	G_m (dBi) ²	0	20	0	20	90	45		45	45	48.5		50.7		
	G_{r} (dBi) ⁴	0	61	0	19	6 61	× ×		∞	∞	10		10	10	8
	s nin 3	3°	10°	3°	10°	2°	3°	3°	10°	10°	3°	3°	3°	5°	3°
	$T_e(\mathbf{K})$	200	009	200	200	370	118	75	340	340	75	22	75		
Reference bandwidth	B (Hz)	4×10^{3}	10^{3}	4×10^{3}	1	106	4×10^{3}		37.5×10^3	37.5×10^3			106	106	106
Permissible interference power	$P_{p}(p)$ (dBW) in B	-172	-177	-172	-208	-145	-178		-163.5	-163.5			-151	-142	-154

- Notes to Table 9a:
- 1 A: analogue modulation; N: digital modulation.
- 2 On-axis gain of the receive earth station antenna.
- 3 Feeder links of non-geostationary-satellite systems in the mobile-satellite service.
- 4 Horizon antenna gain for the receive earth station (refer to § 3 of the main body of this Appendix).
- 5 Minimum elevation angle of operation in degrees (non-geostationary or geostationary).
- 6 Orbit of the space service in which the receiving earth station operates (non-geostationary or geostationary).
- The thermal noise temperature of the receiving system at the terminal of the receiving antenna (under clear-sky conditions). Refer to § 2.1 of this Annex for missing values.
- 8 Horizon antenna gain is calculated using the procedure of Annex 5. Where no value of G_m is specified, a value of 42 dBi is to be used.
- 9 Non-geostationary horizon antenna gain, $G_e = G_{min} + 20$ dB (see § 2.2), with $G_{min} = 10 10 \log (D/\lambda)$, $D/\lambda = 13$ (refer to Annex 3 for definition of symbols).

10 Unmanned space research is not a separate radiocommunication service and the system parameters are only to be used for the generation of supplementary contours.

TABLE 9b

Parameters required for the determination of coordination distance for a transmitting earth station in bands shared bidirectionally with receiving earth stations

								,)					
Space service designation in which the transmitting earth station operates	gnation in which smitting n operates		Fixed-satellite			Fixed-satellite		Fixed- satellite 3	Fixed-satellite	Fixed-satellite	Fixed- satellite 3	Fixed-satellite 3	Earth exploration- satellite, space research	loration- lite, search
Frequency bands (GHz)	GHz)		10.7-11.7			12.5-12.75		15.43-15.65	17.3-17.8	17.7-18.4	19.3-19.6	19.3-19.6	40.0-40.5	40.5
Space service designation in which the receiving earth station operates	gnation in which station operates		Fixed-satellite			Fixed-satellite		Fixed-satellite 3	Broadcasting- satellite	Fixed-satellite, meteorological- satellite	Fixed-satellite 3	Fixed-satellite 4	Fixed-satellite, mobile-satellite	atellite, atellite
Orbit 7		OSO	0	Non-GSO	GSO	0,	Non-GSO	Non-GSO		GSO	Non-GSO	GSO	GSO	Non-GSO
Modulation at receiving earth station 1	eiving earth	∢	z	z	A	z				z	z			
Receiving earth	(%) 0d	0.03	00:00	03	0.03	0.003	03	0.003		0.003	0.01	0.003	0.003	03
station	и	2	2		2	2		2		2	1	2	2	
parameters and	(%) d	0.015	0.0015	115	0.015	0.0015	15	0.0015		0.0015	0.01	0.0015	0.0015	15
	N_L (dB)	-			1	1		1		1	0	1		
	M_S (dB)	7	4		7	4		4		9	5	9	9	
	W(dB)	4	0		4	0		0		0	0	0	0	
Receiving earth	G_m (dBi) 2			51.9			31.2	48.4		58.6	53.2	49.5	50.8	54.4
	Gr 5	6	6	10	6	6	11 11	10		6	10	10	6	7 12
	ε_{min} 6	5°	2°	.9	2°	2°	10°	5°		5°	5°	10°	10°	10°
	T_e (K) ⁸	150	15	150	150	150	0	150		300	300	300	300	0
Reference bandwidth	B (Hz)	106)[106	106	106	9	2×10^{6}		106	106			
Permissible inter- ference power	$P_r(p)$ (dBW) in B	-144	-144	-144	-144	-144	-144	-141		-138	-141			

Notes to Table 9b:

- 1 A: analogue modulation; N: digital modulation.
- 2 On-axis gain of the receive earth station antenna
- 3 Feeder links of non-geostationary-satellite systems in the mobile-satellite service.
- Geostationary-satellite systems
- Horizon antenna gain for the receive earth station (refer to § 3 of the main body of the Appendix).
- 6 Minimum elevation angle of operation in degrees (non-GSO or GSO)
- 7 Orbit of the space service in which the receiving earth station operates (GSO or non-GSO)
- The thermal noise temperature of the receiving system at the terminal of the receiving antenna (under clear-sky conditions). Refer to § 2.1 of this Annex for missing values. 00
- 10 Horizon antenna gain is calculated using the procedure of Annex 5, except that the following antenna pattern may be used in place of that given in § 3 of Annex 3: 9 Horizon antenna gain is calculated using the procedure of Annex 5. Where no value of G_m is specified, a value of 42 dBi is to be used. $G = 32 - 25 \log \varphi$ for $1^{\circ} \le \varphi < 48^{\circ}$, and G = -10 for $48^{\circ} \le \varphi < 180^{\circ}$ (refer to Annex 3 for definition of symbols).
 - 11 Non-geostationary horizon antenna gain. $G_e = G_{max}$ (see § 2.2 of the main body of this Appendix) for $G = 36 25 \log(\phi) > -6$ (refer to Annex 3 for definition of symbols).
- 12 Non-geostationary horizon antenna gain. $G_e = G_{max}$ (see § 2.2 of the main body of this Appendix) for $G = 32 25 \log(\varphi) > -10$ (refer to Annex 3 for definition of symbols).

TABLE 10 (WRC-07)

Predetermined coordination distances

Frequency sharin	g situation	Coordination distance (in sharing
Type of earth station	Type of terrestrial station	situations involving services allocated with equal rights) (km)
Ground-based in the bands below 1 GHz to which No. 9.11A applies. Ground-based mobile in the bands within the range 1-3 GHz to which No. 9.11A applies	Mobile (aircraft)	500
Aircraft (mobile) (all bands)	Ground-based	500
Aircraft (mobile) (all bands)	Mobile (aircraft)	1 000
Ground-based in the bands: 400.15-401 MHz 1 668.4-1 675 MHz	Station in the meteorological aids service (radiosonde)	580
Aircraft (mobile) in the bands: 400.15-401 MHz 1 668.4-1 675 MHz	Station in the meteorological aids service (radiosonde)	1 080
Ground-based in the radiodetermination-satellite service (RDSS) in the bands: 1 610-1 626.5 MHz 2 483.5-2 500 MHz 2 500-2 516.5 MHz	Ground-based	100
Airborne earth station in the radiodetermination-satellite service (RDSS) in the bands: 1 610-1 626.5 MHz 2 483.5-2 500 MHz 2 500-2 516.5 MHz	Ground-based	400
Receiving earth stations in the meteorological-satellite service	Station in the meteorological aids service	The coordination distance is considered to be the visibility distance as a function of the earth station horizon elevation angle for a radiosonde at an altitude of 20 km above mean sea level, assuming 4/3 Earth radius (see Note 1)
Non-GSO MSS feeder-link earth stations (all bands)	Mobile (aircraft)	500
Ground-based in the bands in which the frequency sharing situation is not covered in the rows above	Mobile (aircraft)	500

NOTE 1 – The coordination distance, d (km), for fixed earth stations in the meteorological-satellite service vis-àvis stations in the meteorological aids service assumes a radiosonde altitude of 20 km and is determined as a function of the physical horizon elevation angle ε_h (degrees) for each azimuth, as follows:

$$d = 100 \qquad \qquad \text{for} \qquad \qquad \varepsilon_h \ge 11^\circ$$

$$d = 582 \left(\sqrt{1 + (0.254 \, \varepsilon_h)^2} \, - \, 0.254 \, \varepsilon_h \right) \qquad \text{for} \qquad 0^\circ < \varepsilon_h < 11^\circ$$

$$d = 582 \qquad \qquad \text{for} \qquad \varepsilon_h \le 0^\circ$$

The minimum and maximum coordination distances are 100 km and 582 km, and correspond to physical horizon angles greater than 11° and less than 0° . (WRC-2000)

APPENDIX 8 (REV.WRC-03)

Method of calculation for determining if coordination is required between geostationary-satellite networks sharing the same frequency bands

1 Introduction

The method of calculation for determining if coordination is required under provision No. **9.7** is based on the concept that the noise temperature of a system subject to interference increases as the level of the interfering emission increases. It can, therefore, be applied irrespective of the modulation characteristics of these satellite networks, and of the precise frequencies used.

In this method, the apparent increase in the equivalent satellite link noise temperature resulting from an interfering emission of a given system is calculated (see § 2 below) and the ratio of this increase to the equivalent satellite link noise temperature, expressed as a percentage, is compared to a threshold value (see § 3 below).

2 Calculation of the apparent increase in equivalent noise temperature of the satellite link subject to an interfering emission

Two possible cases are considered:

- Case I: wanted and interfering networks share one or more frequency bands, each in the same direction of transmission;
- Case II: wanted and interfering networks share one or more frequency bands, each in opposite directions of transmission (bidirectional use).

These two cases cover all relative satellite positions from closely-spaced to near-antipodal positions.

2.1 Parameters

Let A be a satellite link of network R associated with satellite S and A' be a satellite link of network R' associated with satellite S'. The symbols relating to satellite link A' bear primes, those relating to satellite link A do not bear primes.

The parameters are defined as follows (for satellite link A):

T: the equivalent satellite link noise temperature, referred to the output of the receiving antenna of the earth station (K);

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- T_s : the receiving system noise temperature of the space station, referred to the output of the receiving antenna of the space station (K);
- T_e : the receiving system noise temperature of the earth station, referred to the output of the receiving antenna of the earth station (K);
- ΔT_s : apparent increase in the receiving system noise temperature of the satellite S, caused by an interfering emission, referred to the output of the receiving antenna of this satellite (K);
- ΔT_e : apparent increase in the receiving system noise temperature of the earth station e_R , caused by an interfering emission, referred to the output of the receiving antenna of this station (K);
- p_s : maximum power density per Hz delivered to the antenna of satellite S (averaged over the worst 4 kHz band for a carrier frequency below 15 GHz or over the worst 1 MHz band above 15 GHz) (W/Hz);
- $g_3(\eta)$: transmitting antenna gain of satellite S in the direction η (numerical power ratio);
- η_A : direction, from satellite S, of the receiving earth station e_R of satellite link A;
- η_e' : direction, from satellite S, of the receiving earth station e'_R of satellite link A';
 - NOTE The product p_s g_3 (η_e') is the maximum e.i.r.p. per Hz of satellite S in the direction of the receiving earth station e'_B of satellite link A'.
- η_s' : direction, from satellite S, of satellite S';
- p_e : maximum power density per Hz delivered to the antenna of the transmitting earth station e_T (averaged over the worst 4 kHz band for a carrier frequency below 15 GHz or over the worst 1 MHz band above 15 GHz) (W/Hz);
- $g_2(\delta)$: receiving antenna gain of satellite S in the direction δ (numerical power ratio);
- δ_A : direction, from satellite S, of the transmitting earth station e_T of satellite link A;
- $\delta_{e'}$: direction, from satellite S, of the transmitting earth station e'_{T} of satellite link A';
- δ_s' : direction, from satellite S, of satellite S';
- θ_t : topocentric angular separation in degrees between the two satellites¹, taking the longitudinal station-keeping tolerances into account;
 - NOTE Only the topocentric angle θ_t should be used in dealing with Case I.

A method for calculation of the topocentric angular separation is given in Annex I.

- θ_g : geocentric angular separation in degrees between the two satellites, taking the longitudinal station-keeping tolerances into account;
 - NOTE Only the geocentric angle θ_e should be used in dealing with Case II.
- $g_1(\theta_t)$: transmitting antenna gain of the earth station e_T in the direction of satellite S' (numerical power ratio);
- $g_4(\theta_t)$: receiving antenna gain of the earth station e_R in the direction of satellite S' (numerical power ratio);
- k: Boltzmann's constant $(1.38 \times 10^{-23} \text{ J/K})$;
- l_d : free-space transmission loss² on the downlink (numerical power ratio), evaluated from satellite S to the receiving earth station e_R for satellite link A;
 - NOTE The free-space transmission loss on any downlink evaluated from the satellites S or S' to the receiving earth stations e_R or e'_R is considered to be equal to l_d .
- l_u : free-space transmission loss² on the uplink (numerical power ratio), evaluated from the earth station e_T , to satellite S for satellite link A;
 - NOTE The free-space loss on any uplink evaluated from the earth stations e_T or e'_T to the satellite S or S' is considered to be equal to l_u .
- l_s : free-space transmission loss² on the inter-satellite link (numerical power ratio), evaluated from satellite S' to satellite S;
- γ : transmission gain of a specific satellite link subject to interference evaluated from the output of the receiving antenna of satellite S to the output of the receiving antenna of the earth station e_R (numerical power ratio, usually less than 1).

2.2 General method

In the following equations, the frequency to be used for the calculation of l_d , l_u , and l_s is the average frequency of the band common to both networks in the direction considered. If, in a given direction, there is no overlap of the assigned frequency bands of the two networks, the corresponding value $(\Delta T_s \text{ or } \Delta T_e)$ is taken to be equal to zero. For cases where the Appendix 4 data have not been published, the assigned frequency band for that network shall be considered as being the frequency range as provided for in Appendix 4.

2.2.1 Case I – Wanted and interfering networks sharing the same frequency band in the same direction of transmission

The gains $g_I(\theta_t)$ and $g_4(\theta_t)$ are those of the earth stations concerned. When neither measured data nor a relevant ITU-R Recommendation accepted by the administrations concerned are available the radiation patterns set out in Annex III should be used.

A method for calculation of the free-space transmission loss is given in Annex II.

2.2.1.1 Simple frequency-changing transponder on board the satellite

The parameters ΔT_s and ΔT_e are given by the following equations:

$$\Delta T_s = \frac{p_e' g_1'(\theta_t) g_2(\delta_{e'})}{k l_u} \tag{1}$$

$$\Delta T_e = \frac{p_s' g_3'(\eta_e) g_4(\theta_t)}{k l_d} \tag{2}$$

The symbol ΔT will be used to denote the apparent increase in the equivalent noise temperature for the entire satellite link referred to the output of the receiving antenna of the receiving earth station e_R due to the interfering emission from link A'.

This increase is the result of the interfering emissions entering at both the satellite and the earth station receiver of link A and can accordingly be expressed as:

$$\Delta T = \gamma \Delta T_s + \Delta T_e \tag{3}$$

Hence,

$$\Delta T = \gamma \frac{p_e' g_1'(\theta_t) g_2(\delta_{e'})}{k l_u} + \Delta T_e = \frac{p_s' g_3'(\eta_e) g_4(\theta_t)}{k l_d}$$
(4)

An example calculation for the application of the method of this Appendix in Case I is given in Annex IV.

In the same way, the increase $\Delta T'$ in the equivalent noise temperature for the entire satellite link, referred to the output of the receiving antenna of the receiving earth station e'_R , under the effect of the interference caused by satellite link A, is given by the following equations:

$$\Delta T_{s'}' = \frac{p_e g_1(\theta_t) g_2'(\delta_e)}{k l_u} \tag{5}$$

$$\Delta T_{e'}^{\prime} = \frac{p_s g_3(\eta_{e'})g_4^{\prime}(\theta_t)}{kl_d} \tag{6}$$

$$\Delta T' = \gamma \frac{p_e g_1(\theta_t) g_2'(\delta_e)}{k l_u} + \Delta T_e = \frac{p_s g_3(\eta_{e'}) g_4'(\theta_t)}{k l_d}$$
 (7)

2.2.1.2 Cases requiring independent treatment of the uplink and the downlink

If there is a change of modulation in the satellite, if the transmission gain for the satellite network being considered has not been supplied, or if the transmission originates on board the satellite, then the apparent increase in the noise temperature must be related to the total receiving system noise temperature of the specific link being examined (the space station or the earth station, whichever is applicable). In this case, the equivalent noise temperature of the entire satellite link and the transmission gain are not used and equations (1) and (2) above are used separately as required (see § 3.2). (WRC-03)

2.2.2 Case II – Wanted and interfering networks sharing the same frequency band in opposite directions of transmission (bidirectional use)

The calculation method below only applies to interfering emissions between satellites.

Interference between earth stations using the same frequency band in opposite directions of transmission (bidirectional use) is to be dealt with by coordination procedures analogous to those used for coordination between earth and terrestrial stations.

All the equations relating to Case II shall use the geocentric angle θg .

2.2.2.1 Simple frequency-changing transponder on board the satellite

The noise temperature increase ΔT_s referred to the output of the receiving antenna of the satellite of link A is given by:

$$\Delta T_s = \frac{p_s' g_3'(\eta_s) g_2(\delta_{s'})}{k l_s} \tag{8}$$

The apparent increase in equivalent link noise temperature is then given by:

$$\Delta T = \gamma \Delta T_s \tag{9}$$

The increase $\Delta T'$ in the equivalent noise temperature of the link A' caused by interfering emissions from the satellite associated with the link A is given by:

$$\Delta T' = \gamma' \Delta T_s' = \frac{\gamma' p_s g_3(\eta_{s'}) g_2'(\delta_s)}{k l_s} s$$
 (10)

2.2.2.2 Cases requiring independent treatment of the uplink and downlink

In this case equation (8) is used directly with T_s to obtain the percentage increase. The increase ΔT_s in the noise temperature of link A' caused by interfering emissions from the satellite associated with link A is obtained in a similar manner.

2.2.3 Consideration of polarization isolation

The polarization isolation factor described in this paragraph shall be considered only if the administration responsible for each network has consented to such a course and has notified its

polarization or published it for coordination under No. 9.7. In this case, the apparent increase in the equivalent satellite link noise temperature shall be determined by the following expressions:

Case I
$$\Delta T = \frac{\gamma \Delta T_s}{Y_u} + \frac{\Delta T_e}{Y_d}$$

Case II
$$\Delta T = \frac{\gamma \Delta T_s}{Y_{ss}}$$

where the values of ΔT_s and ΔT_e are those given in § 2.2.1 and § 2.2.2 and the values of the factors of polarization isolation Y_u , Y_d and Y_{ss} are those given in the Table below.

Polar	ization	Factor of polarization isolation
Network R	Network R'	(numerical ratio) Y
LHC	RHC	4
LHC	L	1.4
RHC	L	1.4
LHC	LHC	1
RHC	RHC	1
L	L	1

Where:

LHC: left-hand circular (anti-clockwise) RHC: right-hand circular (clockwise)

L: linear

2.3 Determination of the satellite links to be considered in calculating the increase in equivalent satellite link noise temperature (Case I only)

The greatest increase in equivalent satellite link noise temperature caused to any link of another satellite network, existing or planned, by interfering emissions of the proposed satellite network must be determined.

The most unfavourably sited transmitting earth station of the interfering satellite network should be determined for each satellite receiving antenna of the network subject to interference by superimposing the "Earth-to-space" service areas of the interfering network on the space station receiving antenna gain contours plotted on a map of the Earth's surface. The most unfavourably sited transmitting earth station is the one in the direction of which the satellite receiving antenna gain of the network subject to interference is the greatest.

The most unfavourably sited receiving earth station of the network subject to interference should be determined in an analogous manner for each "space-to-Earth" service area of that network. The most unfavourably sited receiving earth station is the one in the direction of which the satellite transmitting antenna gain of the interfering network is the greatest.

2.4 Use of information furnished under Appendix 4

When an administration elects to use information furnished under Appendix 4 with the calculation procedures of § 2.2.1.1 and § 2.2.2.1 in order to formulate comments to the advance publication of a new network, the calculations need to be made for both sets of values of γ and T furnished. The greater of the two values of $\Delta T/T$ resulting from these calculations is the one to be used.

3 Comparison between calculated percentage increase in noise temperature and the threshold value

3.1 Simple frequency-changing transponder on board the satellite

The calculated values of the $\Delta T/T$ and $\Delta T/T'$, expressed as percentages, shall be compared with the threshold value of $6\%^3$.

- If the calculated value of ΔT/T, expressed as a percentage, due to any interfering emission from satellite link A' to satellite link A, is no greater than the threshold value, coordination is not required with respect to interference from link A' to link A.
- If the calculated value of ΔT/T, expressed as a percentage, is greater than the threshold value, coordination is required.

The comparison of $\Delta T/T$, with the threshold value, expressed as a percentage, shall be carried out in a similar manner.

3.2 Cases requiring independent treatment of the uplink and the downlink

- a) In the case of interference into only one link, the uplink or the downlink, the value $\Delta T_e/T_e$ or $\Delta T_s/T_s$, expressed as a percentage, shall be compared with the threshold value of 6%³.
- b) In the case of interference into both the uplink and the downlink, between which there is a change of modulation on board the satellite, or in cases where the optional values for transmission gain and equivalent link noise temperature have not been supplied, the values of $\Delta T_e/T_e$ and $\Delta T_s/T_s$, expressed as a percentage, shall each be compared with the threshold value of $6\%^3$. (WRC-03)

³ Values other than 6% are used in the application of Appendix **30** and Appendix **30A**.

4 Consideration of narrow-band and FM-TV carriers

The method of calculation described in this Appendix may underestimate the interference from slow swept TV carriers into certain narrow-band (single channel per carrier (SCPC)) carriers.

In order to facilitate coordination between the satellite systems and to reduce the number of administrations involved in this procedure, the administrations whose SCPC assignments are either recorded in the Master International Frequency Register or are under coordination may inform an administration notifying its new assignment of the radio frequency channels used in their systems for SCPC transmission, so that the notifying administration may be able to avoid using these channels for FM-TV transmissions.

For this special case, administrations are referred to relevant ITU-R texts for guidance in facilitating subsequent coordination.

Conversely, administrations introducing new systems using SCPC transmissions may seek appropriate information from other administrations on their FM-TV transmissions.

ANNEX I

Calculation of the topocentric angular separation between two geostationary satellites

The topocentric angular separation θ_t between two geostationary satellites from a given earth station can be determined by using the equation:

$$\theta_{t} = \arccos\left(\frac{d_{1}^{2} + d_{2}^{2} - \left(84\ 332\sin\frac{\theta_{g}}{2}\right)^{2}}{2d_{1} \cdot d_{2}}\right)$$

where d_1 and d_2 are the distances (km), from the earth station to the two satellites respectively, and evaluated as d by the method described in Annex II, and θ_g is as defined in § 2.1.

ANNEX II

Calculation of the free-space transmission loss

The free-space transmission loss L can be determined by using the following equation:

$$L = 20 (\log f + \log d) + 32.45$$
 dB

where:

f: frequency (MHz)

d: distance (km).

a) The distance d between an earth station and a geostationary satellite is given by the equation:

$$d = 42\ 644\sqrt{1 - 0.2954\cos\psi} \qquad \text{km}$$

where:

$$\cos \psi = \cos \zeta \times \cos \beta$$

where:

 ζ : latitude of the earth station

 β : difference in longitude between the satellite and the earth station.

NOTE – If $\cos \psi < 0.151$, the satellite is below the horizontal plane.

b) The distance d_s between two geostationary satellites is determined as follows:

$$d_s = 84 \ 332 \ \sin \frac{\theta_g}{2} \qquad \text{km}$$

where:

 θ_e : geocentric angular separation as defined in § 2.1.

ANNEX III

Radiation patterns for earth station antennas to be used when they are not published

When neither measured data nor relevant ITU-R Recommendations accepted by the administrations concerned are available then administrations should use the reference patterns as described below (dB):

a) for values of $\frac{D}{\lambda} \ge 100^4$ (maximum gain ≥ 48 dB approximately):

$$G(\varphi) = G_{max} - 2.5 \times 10^{-3} \left(\frac{D}{\lambda} \varphi\right)^2$$
 for $0 < \varphi < \varphi_m$

$$G(\varphi) = G_1$$
 for $\varphi_m \le \varphi < \varphi_r$

$$G(\varphi) = 32 - 25 \log \varphi$$
 for $\varphi_r \le \varphi < 48^\circ$

$$G(\varphi) = -10$$
 for $48^{\circ} \le \varphi < 180^{\circ}$

where:

D: antenna diameter
$$\lambda$$
: expressed in the same unit λ :

φ: off-axis angle of the antenna, in degrees, equal to θ_t or θ_g , as applicable

$$G_1$$
: gain of the first sidelobe = 2 + 15 log $\frac{D}{\lambda}$

$$\varphi_m = \frac{20 \,\lambda}{D} \,\sqrt{G_{max} - G_1}$$
 degrees

$$\varphi_r = 15.85 \left(\frac{D}{\lambda}\right)^{-0.6}$$
 degrees

b) for values of $\frac{D}{\lambda}$ < 100 ⁴ (maximum gain < 48 dB approximately):

$$G(\varphi) = G_{max} - 2.5 \times 10^{-3} \left(\frac{D}{\lambda} \varphi \right)^2$$
 for $0 < \varphi < \varphi_m$

$$G(\varphi) = G_1$$
 for $\varphi_m \le \varphi < 100 \frac{\lambda}{D}$

⁴ In cases where $\frac{D}{\lambda}$ is not given, it may be estimated from the expression 20 log $\frac{D}{\lambda} \approx G_{max} - 7.7$, where G_{max} is the main lobe antenna gain (dB).

$$G(\varphi) = 52 - 10 \log \frac{D}{\lambda} - 25 \log \varphi$$
 for $100 \frac{\lambda}{D} \le \varphi < 48^{\circ}$

$$G(\varphi) = -10 - 10 \log \frac{D}{\lambda}$$
 for $48^{\circ} \le \varphi \le 180^{\circ}$

The above patterns may be modified as appropriate to achieve a better representation of the actual antenna pattern.

ANNEX IV

Example of an application of Appendix 8

1 General

In this example of Case I (see § 2.2.1), two identical satellite networks each with a simple frequency-changing transponder and a global coverage antenna are assumed.

All topocentric angles θ_t are assumed to be equal to 5°.

For this angular separation and for an earth station antenna with D/λ greater than 100, the reference radiation pattern (32 – 25 log θ_t) gives a gain of 14.5 dB in the direction of the satellite of the other network

The input data are furnished in § 2 below and are expressed in decibels except for the parameters T and θ_t . In § 3 the calculations are performed in decibels.

It may be noted that since both satellites use global beams there is practically no antenna discrimination between wanted and unwanted signals at the satellite, and that this constitutes a worst case.

2 Input data

The values of the network parameters given in the table below are derived from those published in accordance with Appendix 4.

	Symbol*	Value	Unit
	P'_{e}	-37	dB(W/Hz)
Uplink at	$G'_1(\theta_t)$	14.5	dB
6 175 MHz	$G_2(\delta_{e'})$	15.5	dB
	L_u	200	dB
	P'_s	-57	dB(W/Hz)
Downlink at	$G'_3(\eta_e)$	-15.5	dB
3 950 MHz	$G_4(\theta_t)$	14.5	dB
	L_d	196	dB
	10 log γ	15	dB
	T	105	K
	Θ_t	5	degrees

^{*} All capital symbols, except T, refer to parameters given in logarithmic units.

3 Calculation of $\frac{\Delta T}{T}$

From equation (1)

$$10 \log \Delta T_s = P'_e + G'_1(\theta_t) + G_2(\delta_{e'}) + 228.6 - L_u$$

= -37 + 14.5 + 15.5 + 228.6 - 200 = 21.6

Therefore,

$$\Delta T_s = 145$$
 K

From equation (2)

$$10 \log \Delta T_e = P_s' + G_3'(\eta_e) + G_4(\theta_t) + 228.6 - L_d$$

= -57 + 15.5 + 14.5 + 228.6 - 196 = 5.6

Therefore:

$$\Delta T_e = 3.6$$
 K

From equation (3)

$$\Delta T = \gamma \Delta T_s + \Delta T_e$$

= 0.032 \times 145 + 3.6 = 8.2 K

Thus

$$\frac{\Delta T}{T} \times 100 = \frac{8.2 \times 100}{105} = 7.8$$

4 Conclusion

In the example shown, the percentage increase in equivalent satellite link noise temperature is 7.8%. Since it exceeds the threshold value of 6%, coordination between the two networks is required.

APPENDIX 9

Report of an irregularity or infringement

(See Article 15, Section V)

Particulars concerning the station infringing the Radio Regulations:

1	Name ¹ if known (in BLOCK letters)	
2	Call sign or other identification (in BLOCK letters)	
3	Nationality, if known	
4	Frequency used (kHz, MHz, GHz or THz)	
5	Class of emission ²	
6	Class of station and nature of service, if known	
7	Location ^{3, 4, 5}	
	rs concerning the station, the centralizing office or inspect ty or infringement:	tion service reporting the
8	Name (in BLOCK letters)	
9	Call sign or other identification (in BLOCK letters)	
10	Nationality	
11	Location ^{3, 4}	
Particula	rs of the irregularity or infringement:	
12	Name ⁶ of the station (in BLOCK letters) in communication with the station committing the irregularity or infringement	
13	Call sign or other identification (in BLOCK letters) of the station in communication with the station committing the irregularity or infringement	

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14	Date and time ⁷		
15	Nature of the irregularity or infringement ⁸		
16	Extracts from ship log or other information supporti report	ng the	
Particular	rs concerning the transmitting station interfered with?		
17	Name of the station (in BLOCK letters)		
18	Call sign or other identification (in BLOCK letters)		
19	Frequency assigned (kHz, MHz, GHz or THz)		
20	Frequency measured at the time of the interference		
21	Class of emission ² and bandwidth (indicate w measured or estimated, or indicate the nec bandwidth notified to the Radiocommunication Bure	essary	
22	Receiving location ^{3, 4} (in BLOCK letters) when interference was experienced	re the	
23	Certificate:		
	I certify that the foregoing report represents, to the b my knowledge, a complete and accurate account of took place.		
	Signatures ¹⁰	Date:	

Instructions for filling in this form

- ¹ Each report shall refer to only one station (see Note 6). If it is forwarded as a letter, it shall be in duplicate, and whenever practicable should be typewritten. It may also be forwarded as a telegram.
- ² The class of emission shall contain the basic characteristics listed in Appendix 1. If any characteristic cannot be determined, indicate the unknown symbol with a dash. However, if a station is not able to identify unambiguously whether the modulation is frequency or phase modulation, indicate frequency modulation (F).
- ³ In the case of land, fixed, or earth stations, the position shall be expressed in latitude and longitude (Greenwich). If the position cannot be furnished, the area of operation should be indicated.
- ⁴ In the case of ship or aircraft stations, the position shall be expressed either in latitude and longitude (Greenwich) or by a true bearing in degrees and distance in nautical miles, or in kilometres, from some well known place. If the position cannot be furnished, the area of operation should be indicated.
 - ⁵ Where space stations are concerned, information shall be furnished on the orbit.
- 6 If both communicating stations infringe the Regulations, a separate report shall be made for each of these stations.
- 7 The time must be expressed as Coordinated Universal Time (UTC) by a group of four figures (0000 to 2359). If the infringement is prolonged or repeated, the dates and times shall be shown.
 - 8 A separate report is required for each irregularity or infringement, unless they are repeated within a short time.
 - This information is to be given only in case of a complaint about interference.

Company controlling the installation of the station against which

10 This report shall be signed by the operator who has reported the infringement and countersigned by the Master of the ship or person responsible for the aircraft, or the officer in charge of the station in the case of an infringement reported by a station of the mobile service. When the report originates from a centralizing office or from an inspection service, it shall be signed by the head of that office or service and countersigned by an official of the administration sending it.

For the use of the administration only

	complaint is made
2	Name of the operator of the station held responsible for the irregularity or infringement of the Regulations
	integration, or internet or the regulations internet internet in the second of the regulation of the second of the
3	Action taken

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Report of harmful interference

(See Article 15, Section VI)

Particulars concerning the station causing the interference: Name, call sign or other means of identification aFrequency measured Date: Time (UTC): Class of emission1 cBandwidth (indicate whether measured or estimated) Measured field strength or power flux-density² Date: Time (UTC): Observed polarization f Class of station and nature of service h Location/position/area/bearing (QTE³) (WRC-07) Location of the facility which made the measurements Particulars concerning the transmitting station interfered with: Name, call sign or other means of identification j Frequency assigned k

¹ The class of emission shall contain the basic characteristics listed in Appendix 1. If any characteristic cannot be determined, indicate the unknown symbol with a dash. However, if a station is not able to identify unambiguously whether the modulation is frequency or phase modulation, indicate frequency modulation (F).

When measurements are not available, signal strengths according to the QSA scale should be provided.

See the most recent version of Recommendation ITU-R M.1172. (WRC-07)

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l	Frequency measured	
	Date:	
	Time (UTC):	
m	Class of emission ⁴	
n	Bandwidth (indicate whether measured or estimated, or indicate the necessary bandwidth notified to the Radiocommunication Bureau)	
0	Location/position/area	
p	Location of the facility which made the above measurements	
Particular	rs furnished by the receiving station experiencing the interferen	ce:
q	Name of station	
r	Location/position/area	
S	Dates and times (UTC) of occurrence of harmful interference	
t	Bearings (QTE ⁵) or other particulars (WRC-07)	
и	Nature of interference	
v	Field strength or power flux-density of the wanted emission at the receiving station experiencing the interference ⁶	
	Date:	
	Time (UTC):	
w	Polarization of the receiving antenna or observed polarization	
x	Action requested	

NOTE – For convenience and brevity, telegraphic reports shall be in the format above, using the letters in the order listed in lieu of the explanatory titles, but only those letters for which information is provided should be used. However, sufficient information shall be provided to the administration receiving the report, so that an appropriate investigation can be conducted.

⁴ See footnote 1.

⁵ See footnote 3.

⁶ See footnote 2.

APPENDIX 11 (REV.WRC-03)

System specifications for double-sideband (DSB), single-sideband (SSB) and digitally modulated emissions in the HF broadcasting service

PART A - Double-sideband (DSB) system

1 System parameters

1.1 Channel spacing

The nominal spacing for DSB shall be 10 kHz. However, the interleaved channels with a separation of 5 kHz may be used in accordance with the relative protection criteria, provided that the interleaved emission is not to the same geographical area as either of the emissions between which it is interleaved.

2 Emission characteristics

2.1 Nominal carrier frequencies

Nominal carrier frequencies shall be integral multiples of 5 kHz.

2.2 Audio-frequency band

The upper limit of the audio-frequency band (at -3 dB) of the transmitter shall not exceed 4.5 kHz and the lower limit shall be 150 Hz, with lower frequencies attenuated at a slope of 6 dB per octave.

2.3 Modulation processing

If audio-frequency signal processing is used, the dynamic range of the modulating signal shall be not less than 20 dB.

2.4 Necessary bandwidth

The necessary bandwidth shall not exceed 9 kHz.

PART B - Single-sideband (SSB) system

1 System parameters

1.1 Channel spacing

In a mixed DSB, SSB and digital environment (see Resolution 517 (Rev.WRC-03)*), the channel spacing shall be 10 kHz. In the interest of spectrum conservation, it is also permissible to interleave SSB emissions midway between two adjacent DSB channels, i.e., with 5 kHz separation between carrier frequencies, provided that the interleaved emission is not to the same geographical area as either of the emissions between which it is interleaved.

In an all inclusive SSB environment, the channel spacing and carrier frequency separation shall be 5 kHz. (WRC-03)

1.2 Equivalent sideband power

When the carrier reduction relative to peak envelope power is 6 dB, an equivalent SSB emission is one giving the same audio-frequency signal-to-noise ratio at the receiver output as the corresponding DSB emission, when it is received by a DSB receiver with envelope detection. This is achieved when the sideband power of the SSB emission is 3 dB larger than the total sideband power of the DSB emission. (The peak envelope power of the equivalent SSB emission and the carrier power are the same as that of the DSB emission.)

2 Emission characteristics

2.1 Nominal carrier frequencies

Nominal carrier frequencies shall be integral multiples of 5 kHz.

2.2 Frequency tolerance

The frequency tolerance shall be 10 Hz.¹

2.3 Audio-frequency band

The upper limit of the audio-frequency band (at -3 dB) of the transmitter shall not exceed 4.5 kHz with a further slope of attenuation of 35 dB/kHz and the lower limit shall be 150 Hz with lower frequencies attenuated at a slope of 6 dB per octave.

^{*} Note by the Secretariat: This Resolution was revised by WRC-07.

¹ See Note 21 of Appendix 2.

2.4 Modulation processing

If audio-frequency signal processing is used, the dynamic range of the modulating signal shall be not less than 20 dB.

2.5 Necessary bandwidth

The necessary bandwidth shall not exceed 4.5 kHz.

2.6 Carrier reduction (relative to peak envelope power)

In a mixed DSB, SSB and digital environment, the carrier reduction shall be 6 dB to allow SSB emissions to be received by conventional DSB receivers with envelope detection without significant deterioration of the reception quality. (WRC-03)

2.7 Sideband to be emitted

Only the upper sideband shall be used.

2.8 Attenuation of the unwanted sideband

The attenuation of the unwanted sideband (lower sideband) and of intermodulation products in that part of the emission spectrum shall be at least 35 dB relative to the wanted sideband signal level. However, since there is in practice a large difference between signal amplitudes in adjacent channels, a greater attenuation is recommended.

3 Characteristics of the reference receiver

The reference receiver has the main characteristics as given below. For more detailed characteristics see the relevant ITU-R Recommendations

3.1 Noise limited sensitivity

The value of the noise limited sensitivity is equal to or less than 40 dB(μ V/m).

3.2 Demodulator and carrier acquisition

The reference receiver is equipped with a synchronous demodulator, using for the carrier acquisition a device which regenerates a carrier by means of a suitable control loop which locks the receiver to the incoming carrier. The reference receiver should work as well with DSB emissions as with SSB emissions having a carrier reduced to 6 dB below peak envelope power. (WRC-03)

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3.3 Overall selectivity

The reference receiver has an overall bandwidth (at -3 dB) of 4 kHz, with a slope of attenuation of 35 dB/kHz.

NOTE – Other combinations of bandwidth and slope of attenuation are possible, as given below, and will provide the same performance at 5 kHz carrier difference.

Slope of attenuation	Overall bandwidth (-3 dB)
25 dB/kHz	3 300 Hz
15 dB/kHz	2 700 Hz

PART C - Digital system (WRC-03)

1 System parameters

1.1 Channel spacing

The initial spacing for digitally modulated emissions shall be 10 kHz. However, interleaved channels with a separation of 5 kHz may be used in accordance with the appropriate protection criteria appearing in Resolution **543** (WRC-03), provided that the interleaved emission is not to the same geographical area as either of the emissions between which it is interleaved.

1.2 Channel utilization

Channels using digitally modulated emissions may share the same spectrum or be interleaved with analogue emissions in the same high frequency broadcasting (HFBC) band, provided the protection afforded to the analogue emissions is at least as great as that which is currently in force for analogue-to-analogue protection. Accomplishing this may require that the digital spectral power density (and total power) be lower by several dB than is currently used for either DSB or SSB emissions.

2 Emission characteristics

2.1 Bandwidth and centre frequency

A full digitally modulated emission will have a 10 kHz bandwidth with its centre frequency at any of the 5 kHz centre frequency locations in the channel raster currently in use within the HFBC bands.

Among several possible "simulcast" modes are those having a combination of analogue and digital emissions of the same programme in the same channel, that may use a digital emission of 5 kHz or 10 kHz bandwidth, next to either a 5 kHz or 10 kHz analogue emission. In all cases of this type, the 5 kHz interleaved raster used in HFBC shall be adhered to in placing the emission within these bands.

2.2 Frequency tolerance

The frequency tolerance shall be 10 Hz¹.

2.3 Audio-frequency band

The quality of service, using digital source coding within a 10 kHz bandwidth, taking into account the need to adapt the emission coding for various levels of error avoidance, detection and correction, can range from the equivalent of monophonic FM (approximately 15 kHz) to the low-level performance of a speech codec (of the order of 3 kHz). The choice of audio quality is connected to the needs of the broadcaster and listener, and includes the consideration of such characteristics as the propagation conditions expected. There is no single specification, only the upper and lower bounds noted in this paragraph.

2.4 Modulation

Quadrature amplitude modulation (QAM) with orthogonal frequency division multiplexing (OFDM) shall be used. 64-QAM is feasible under many propagation conditions; others such as 32-, 16- and 8-QAM are specified for use when needed.

2.5 RF protection ratio values

The protection ratio values for analogue and digital emissions for co-channel and adjacent channel conditions shall be in accordance with Resolution 543 (WRC-03) as provisional RF protection ratio values subject to revision or confirmation by a future competent conference.

See Note 21 of Appendix 2.

APPENDIX 12

Special rules applicable to radiobeacons

(See Article 28)

Section I - Aeronautical radiobeacons

- 1) The assignment of frequencies to aeronautical radiobeacons operating in the bands between 160 kHz and 535 kHz shall be based on a protection ratio against interference of at least 15 dB for each beacon throughout its service area.
- 2) The radiated power should be kept to the minimum value necessary to give the desired field strength at the service range.
- 3) The daylight service range of radiobeacons referred to in § 1) above shall be based on the following field strengths:
 - 4) Regions 1 and 2
- 70 μV/m for radiobeacons north of 30° N;
- 120 μV/m for radiobeacons between 30° N and 30° S;
- 70 μV/m for radiobeacons south of 30° S.
 - 5) Region 3
- $70 \,\mu\text{V/m}$ for radiobeacons north of 40° N;
- 120 μV/m for radiobeacons between 40° N and 50° S;
- 70 μ V/m for radiobeacons south of 50° S.

Section II - Maritime Radiobeacons

- 1) The protection ratio required for assignment of frequencies to maritime radiobeacons operating in the bands between 283.5 kHz and 335 kHz shall be based on the effective radiated power being kept to the minimum value necessary to give the desired field strength at the service range and the need to provide adequate geographical separation between radiobeacons operating on the same frequency and at the same time, to avoid harmful interference.
- 2) The daylight service range of the radiobeacons referred to in § 1) above shall be based on the following field strengths:
 - 3) Region 1
- 50 μV/m for radiobeacons north of 43° N;
- 75 μ V/m for radiobeacons between 43° N and 30° N;

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- 100 μV/m for radiobeacons between 30° N and 30° S;
- 75 μV/m for radiobeacons between 30° S and 43° S;
- 50 μV/m for radiobeacons south of 43° S.
 - 4) Region 2
- 50 μV/m for radiobeacons north of 40° N;
- 75 μV/m for radiobeacons between 40° N and 31° N;
- 100 μV/m for radiobeacons between 31° N and 30° S;
- 75 μV/m for radiobeacons between 30° S and 43° S;
- 50 μ V/m for radiobeacons south of 43° S.
 - 5) Region 3
- $75 \mu V/m$ for radiobeacons north of 40° N;
- 100 μV/m for radiobeacons between 40° N and 50° S;
- 75 μV/m for radiobeacons south of 50° S.
- 6) The carrier frequencies of maritime radiobeacons and the separation between channels shall be based on the use of integer multiples of 100 Hz. The separation between adjacent carrier frequencies should be based on relevant ITU-R Recommendations.

APPENDIX 14 (REV.WRC-07)

Phonetic alphabet and figure code

(See Articles 30 and 57) (WRC-07)

1 When it is necessary to spell out call signs, service abbreviations and words, the following letter spelling table shall be used:

Letter to be transmitted	Code word to be used	Spoken as ¹
A	Alfa	<u>AL</u> FAH
В	Bravo	<u>BRAH</u> VOH
C	Charlie	CHAR LEE or SHAR LEE
D	Delta	<u>DELL</u> TAH
E	Echo	ECK OH
F	Foxtrot	<u>FOKS</u> TROT
G	Golf	GOLF
Н	Hotel	HOH <u>TELL</u>
I	India	<u>IN</u> DEE AH
J	Juliett	JEW LEE <u>ETT</u>
K	Kilo	KEY LOH
L	Lima	<u>LEE</u> MAH
M	Mike	MIKE
N	November	NO <u>VEM</u> BER
O	Oscar	OSS CAH
P	Papa	РАН <u>РАН</u>
Q	Quebec	KEH <u>BECK</u>
R	Romeo	ROW ME OH
S	Sierra	SEE <u>AIR</u> RAH
T	Tango	<u>TANG</u> GO
U	Uniform	YOU NEE FORM or OO NEE FORM
V	Victor	<u>VIK</u> TAH
W	Whiskey	WISS KEY
X	X-ray	ECKS RAY
Y	Yankee	YANG KEY
Z	Zulu	<u>ZOO</u> LOO

¹ The syllables to be emphasized are underlined.

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When it is necessary to spell out figures or marks, the following table shall be used:

Figure or mark to be transmitted	Code word to be used	Spoken as ²
0	Nadazero	NAH-DAH-ZAY-ROH
1	Unaone	OO-NAH-WUN
2	Bissotwo	BEES-SOH-TOO
3	Terrathree	TAY-RAH-TREE
4	Kartefour	KAR-TAY-FOWER
5	Pantafive	PAN-TAH-FIVE
6	Soxisix	SOK-SEE-SIX
7	Setteseven	SAY-TAY-SEVEN
8	Oktoeight	OK-TOH-AIT
9	Novenine	NO-VAY-NINER
Decimal point	Decimal	DAY-SEE-MAL
Full stop	Stop	STOP

³ However, stations of the same country, when communicating between themselves, may use any other table recognized by their administration.

² Each syllable should be equally emphasized.

APPENDIX 15 (REV.WRC-12)

Frequencies for distress and safety communications for the Global Maritime Distress and Safety System (GMDSS)

(See Article 31)

The frequencies for distress and safety communications for the GMDSS are given in Tables 15-1 and 15-2 for frequencies below and above 30 MHz, respectively.

TABLE 15-1 (WRC-07)

Frequencies below 30 MHz

Frequency (kHz)	Description of usage	Notes
490	MSI	The frequency 490 kHz is used exclusively for maritime safety information (MSI). (WRC-03)
518	MSI	The frequency 518 kHz is used exclusively by the international NAVTEX system.
*2 174.5	NBDP-COM	
*2 182	RTP-COM	The frequency 2 182 kHz uses class of emission J3E. See also No. 52.190 .
*2 187.5	DSC	
3 023	AERO-SAR	The aeronautical carrier (reference) frequencies 3 023 kHz and 5 680 kHz may be used for intercommunication between mobile stations engaged in coordinated search and rescue operations, and for communication between these stations and participating land stations, in accordance with the provisions of Appendix 27 (see Nos. 5.111 and 5.115).
*4 125	RTP-COM	See also No. 52.221 . The carrier frequency 4 125 kHz may be used by aircraft stations to communicate with stations of the maritime mobile service for distress and safety purposes, including search and rescue (see No. 30.11).
*4 177.5	NBDP-COM	
*4 207.5	DSC	
4 209.5	MSI	The frequency 4 209.5 kHz is exclusively used for NAVTEX-type transmissions (see Resolution 339 (Rev.WRC-07)).
4 210	MSI-HF	
5 680	AERO-SAR	See note under 3 023 kHz above.
*6 215	RTP-COM	See also No. 52.221 .
*6 268	NBDP-COM	
*6 312	DSC	

TABLE 15-1 (end) (WRC-07)

Frequency (kHz)	Description of usage	Notes
6 314	MSI-HF	
*8 291	RTP-COM	
*8 376.5	NBDP-COM	
*8 414.5	DSC	
8 416.5	MSI-HF	
*12 290	RTP-COM	
*12 520	NBDP-COM	
*12 577	DSC	
12 579	MSI-HF	
*16 420	RTP-COM	
*16 695	NBDP-COM	
*16 804.5	DSC	
16 806.5	MSI-HF	
19 680.5	MSI-HF	
22 376	MSI-HF	
26 100.5	MSI-HF	

Legend:

AERO-SAR These aeronautical carrier (reference) frequencies may be used for distress and safety purposes by mobile stations engaged in coordinated search and rescue operations.

DSC These frequencies are used exclusively for distress and safety calls using digital selective calling in accordance with No. 32.5 (see Nos. 33.8 and 33.32). (WRC-07)

MSI In the maritime mobile service, these frequencies are used exclusively for the transmission of maritime safety information (MSI) (including meteorological and navigational warnings and urgent information) by coast stations to ships, by means of narrow-band direct-printing telegraphy.

MSI-HF In the maritime mobile service, these frequencies are used exclusively for the transmission of high seas MSI by coast stations to ships, by means of narrow-band direct-printing telegraphy.

NBDP-COM These frequencies are used exclusively for distress and safety communications (traffic) using narrow-band direct-printing telegraphy.

RTP-COM These carrier frequencies are used for distress and safety communications (traffic) by radiotelephony.

* Except as provided in these Regulations, any emission capable of causing harmful interference to distress, alarm, urgency or safety communications on the frequencies denoted by an asterisk (*) is prohibited. Any emission causing harmful interference to distress and safety communications on any of the discrete frequencies identified in this Appendix is prohibited. (WRC-07)

TABLE 15-2 (WRC-12)

Frequencies above 30 MHz (VHF/UHF)

Frequency (MHz)	Description of usage	Notes
*121.5	AERO-SAR	The aeronautical emergency frequency 121.5 MHz is used for the purposes of distress and urgency for radiotelephony by stations of the aeronautical mobile service using frequencies in the band between 117.975 MHz and 137 MHz. This frequency may also be used for these purposes by survival craft stations. Use of the frequency 121.5 MHz by emergency position-indicating radio beacons shall be in accordance with Recommendation ITU-R M.690-1. Mobile stations of the maritime mobile service may communicate with stations of the aeronautical mobile service on the aeronautical emergency frequency 121.5 MHz for the purposes of distress and urgency only, and on the aeronautical auxiliary frequency 123.1 MHz for coordinated search and rescue operations, using class A3E emissions for both frequencies (see also Nos. 5.111 and 5.200). They shall then comply with any special arrangement between governments concerned by which the aeronautical mobile service is regulated.
123.1	AERO-SAR	The aeronautical auxiliary frequency 123.1 MHz, which is auxiliary to the aeronautical emergency frequency 121.5 MHz, is for use by stations of the aeronautical mobile service and by other mobile and land stations engaged in coordinated search and rescue operations (see also No. 5.200). Mobile stations of the maritime mobile service may communicate with stations of the aeronautical mobile service on the aeronautical emergency frequency 121.5 MHz for the purposes of distress and urgency only, and on the aeronautical auxiliary frequency 123.1 MHz for coordinated search and rescue operations, using class A3E emissions for both frequencies (see also Nos. 5.111 and 5.200). They shall then comply with any special arrangement between governments concerned by which the aeronautical mobile service is regulated.
156.3	VHF-CH06	The frequency 156.3 MHz may be used for communication between ship stations and aircraft stations engaged in coordinated search and rescue operations. It may also be used by aircraft stations to communicate with ship stations for other safety purposes (see also Note f) in Appendix 18).
*156.525	VHF-CH70	The frequency 156.525 MHz is used in the maritime mobile service for distress and safety calls using digital selective calling (see also Nos. 4.9 , 5.227 , 30.2 and 30.3).
156.650	VHF-CH13	The frequency 156.650 MHz is used for ship-to-ship communications relating to the safety of navigation in accordance with Note k) in Appendix 18.
*156.8	VHF-CH16	The frequency 156.8 MHz is used for distress and safety communications by radiotelephony. Additionally, the frequency 156.8 MHz may be used by aircraft stations for safety purposes only.
*161.975	AIS-SART VHF CH AIS 1	AIS 1 is used for AIS search and rescue transmitters (AIS-SART) for use in search and rescue operations.
*162.025	AIS-SART VHF CH AIS 2	AIS 2 is used for AIS search and rescue transmitters (AIS-SART) for use in search and rescue operations.

TABLE 15-2 (end) (WRC-12)

Frequency (MHz)	Description of usage	Notes
*406-406.1	406-EPIRB	This frequency band is used exclusively by satellite emergency position- indicating radio beacons in the Earth-to-space direction (see No. 5.266).
1 530-1 544	SAT-COM	In addition to its availability for routine non-safety purposes, the band 1 530-1 544 MHz is used for distress and safety purposes in the space-to-Earth direction in the maritime mobile-satellite service. GMDSS distress, urgency and safety communications have priority in this band (see No. 5.353A).
*1 544-1 545	D&S-OPS	Use of the band 1 544-1 545 MHz (space-to-Earth) is limited to distress and safety operations (see No. 5.356), including feeder links of satellites needed to relay the emissions of satellite emergency position-indicating radio beacons to earth stations and narrow-band (space-to-Earth) links from space stations to mobile stations.
1 626.5-1 645.5	SAT-COM	In addition to its availability for routine non-safety purposes, the band 1 626.5-1 645.5 MHz is used for distress and safety purposes in the Earth-to-space direction in the maritime mobile-satellite service. GMDSS distress, urgency and safety communications have priority in this band (see No. 5.353A).
*1 645.5-1 646.5	D&S-OPS	Use of the band 1 645.5-1 646.5 MHz (Earth-to-space) is limited to distress and safety operations (see No. 5.375).
9 200-9 500	SARTS	This frequency band is used by radar transponders to facilitate search and rescue.

Legend:

AERO-SAR These aeronautical carrier (reference) frequencies may be used for distress and safety purposes by mobile stations engaged in coordinated search and rescue operations.

 $D\&S ext{-}OPS$ The use of these bands is limited to distress and safety operations of satellite emergency position-indicating radio beacons (EPIRBs).

SAT-COM These frequency bands are available for distress and safety purposes in the maritime mobile-satellite service (see Notes).

VHF-CH# These VHF frequencies are used for distress and safety purposes. The channel number (CH#) refers to the VHF channel as listed in Appendix 18, which should also be consulted.

AIS These frequencies are used by automatic identification systems (AIS), which should operate in accordance with the most recent version of Recommendation ITU-R M.1371. (WRC-07)

* Except as provided in these Regulations, any emission capable of causing harmful interference to distress, alarm, urgency or safety communications on the frequencies denoted by an asterisk (*) is prohibited. Any emission causing harmful interference to distress and safety communications on any of the discrete frequencies identified in this Appendix is prohibited. (WRC-07)

APPENDIX 16 (REV.WRC-07)

Documents with which stations on board ships and aircraft shall be provided

(See Articles 42 and 51)

Section I – Ship stations for which a Global Maritime Distress and Safety System installation is required by international agreement

These stations shall be provided with:

- the licence prescribed by Article **18**;
- 2 certificates of the operator or operators;
- a log in which the following are recorded as they occur, together with the time of the occurrence, unless administrations have adopted other arrangements for recording all information which the log should contain:
- a) a summary of communications relating to distress, urgency and safety traffic;
- b) a reference to important service incidents;
- 4 the List of Ship Stations and Maritime Mobile Service Identity Assignments (see Article 20) in either printed or electronic format; (WRC-07)
- 5 the List of Coast Stations and Special Service Stations (see Article **20**) in either printed or electronic format; (WRC-07)
- 6 the Manual for Use by the Maritime Mobile and Maritime Mobile-Satellite Services (see Article **20**) in either printed or electronic format. (WRC-07)

NOTE – An administration may exempt a ship from the carriage of the documents mentioned in items 5 and 6 above under various circumstances (for example, when that ship carries equivalent information for the ship's specified trading area).

Section II – Other ship stations for which a radio installation is required by regional or international agreement (WRC-07)

These stations shall be provided with:

- the licence prescribed by Article **18**;
- 2 certificates of the operator or operators;
- a log or other arrangements which the administration may have adopted for that purpose, in which a summary of communications related to distress, urgency and safety traffic shall be recorded together with the time of their occurrence;

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- 4 the List of Coast Stations and Special Service Stations (see Article 20) in either printed or electronic format;
- 5 the relevant rules and procedures of radiocommunications, e.g. Manual for Use by the Maritime Mobile and Maritime Mobile-Satellite Services (paper or electronic format) (see Article 20).

NOTE – An administration may exempt a ship from the carriage of the documents mentioned in items 4 and 5 above under various circumstances (for example, when that ship carries equivalent information for the ship's specified trading area).

Section III – Other ship stations (WRC-07)

These stations shall be provided with:

- the documents mentioned in items 1 and 2 of Section II;
- 2 the documents mentioned in items 4 and 5 of Section II, in accordance with the requirements of the administrations concerned.

NOTE – An administration may exempt a ship from the carriage of the documents mentioned in item 2 above under various circumstances (for example, when that ship carries equivalent information for the ship's specified trading area). Administrations may also, by mutual agreement, exempt ships travelling only between their national jurisdictions from the licensing prescribed by Article 18 and the carriage of the documents mentioned in item 1 above, provided those vessels are otherwise licensed or authorized by regulation.

Section IV - Stations on board aircraft (WRC-07)

These stations shall be provided with:

- the documents mentioned in items 1 and 2 of Section I:
- 2 a log, unless administrations have adopted other arrangements for recording all information which the log should contain;
- 3 those published documents, in either printed or electronic formats, containing official information relating to stations which the aircraft station may use for the execution of its service.

APPENDIX 17 (REV.WRC-12)

Frequencies and channelling arrangements in the high-frequency bands for the maritime mobile service

(See Article 52)

This Appendix is separated into two annexes:

Annex 1 contains the existing frequency and channelling arrangements in the high-frequency bands for the maritime mobile service, in force until 31 December 2016.

Annex 2 contains the future frequency and channelling arrangements in the high-frequency bands for the maritime mobile service, as revised by WRC-12, which enter into force on 1 January 2017. (WRC-12)

ANNEX 1* (WRC-12)

Frequencies and channelling arrangements in the high-frequency bands for the maritime mobile service, in force until 31 December 2016 (MRC-12)

PART A - Table of subdivided bands (WRC-07)

In the Table, where appropriate¹, the assignable frequencies in a given band for each usage are:

- indicated by the lowest and highest frequency, in heavy type, assigned in that band;
- regularly spaced, the number of assignable frequencies (f.) and the spacing in kHz being indicated in italics.

Table of frequencies (kHz) to be used in the band between 4 000 kHz and 27 500 kHz allocated exclusively to the maritime mobile service

Band (MHz)	4	6	8	12	16	18/19	22	25/26
Limits (kHz)	4 0 6 3	6 2 0 0	8 195	12 230	16 360	18 780	22 000	25 070
Frequencies assignable to ship stations for oceanographic data transmission c)	4 063.3 to 4 064.8 6 f. 0.3 kHz							
Limits (kHz)	4 065	6 200	8 195	12 230	16 360	18 780	22 000	25 070
Frequencies assignable to ship stations for telephony, duplex operation (a) i)	4 066.4 to 4 144.4 27 f. 3 kHz	6201.4 to 6222.4 8 f. 3 kHz	8196.4 to 8292.4 33 f. 3 kHz	12 231.4 to 12 351.4 41 f. 3 kHz	16 361.4 to 16 526.4 56 f. 3 kHz	18781.4 to 18823.4 15 f. 3 kHz	22 001.4 to 22 157.4 53 f. 3 kHz	25 071.4 to 25 098.4 10 f. 3 kHz
Limits (kHz)	4 146	6 2 2 4	8 294	12 353	16 528	18 825	22 159	25 100

^{*} Note by the Secretariat: Annex 1 contains the entire text of Appendix 17 (REV. WRC-07)

Within the non-shaded boxes.

Table of frequencies (kHz) to be used in the band between 4000 kHz and 27 500 kHz allocated exclusively to the maritime mobile service (continued)

Band (MHz)	4	6	8	12	16	18/19	22	25/26
Limits (kHz)	4 146	6 224	8 294	12 353	16 528	18 825	22 159	25 100
Frequencies assignable to ship stations and coast stations for telephony, simplex operation	4147.4 to 4150.4 2 f. 3 kHz	6225.4 to 6231.4 3 f. 3 kHz	8 295.4 to 8 298.4 2 f. 3 kHz	12 354.4 to 12 366.4 5 f. 3 kHz	16 529.4 to 16 547.4 7 f. 3 kHz	18 826.4 to 18 844.4 7 f. 3 kHz	22 160.4 to 22 178.4 7 f. 3 kHz	25 101.4 to 25 119.4 7 f. 3 kHz
Limits (kHz)	4 152	6 233	8 300	12 368	16 549	18 846	22 180	25 121
Frequencies assignable to ship stations for wide-band telegraphy, facsimile and special transmission	4 154 to 4 170	6 235 to 6 259	8 302 to 8 338	12 370 to 12 418	16551 to 16615	18 848 to 18 868	22 182 to 22 238	25 123 to 25 159
systems	5 f. 4 kHz	7 f. 4 kHz	10 f. 4 kHz	13 f. 4 kHz	17 f. 4 kHz	6 f. 4 kHz	15 f. 4 kHz	10 f. 4 kHz
Limits (kHz)	4 172	6 2 6 1	8 340	12 420	16617	18 870	22 240	25 161.25
Frequencies assignable to ship stations for oceanographic data transmission		6 261.3 to 6 262.5	8 340.3 to 8 341.5	12 420.3 to 12 421.5	16 617.3 to 16 618.5		22 240.3 to 22 241.5	
c)		5 f. 0.3 kHz	5 f. 0.3 kHz	5 f. 0.3 kHz	5 f. 0.3 kHz		5 f. 0.3 kHz	
Limits (kHz)	4 172	6 262.75	8 341.75	12 421.75	16 618.75	18 870	22 241.75	25 161.25
Frequencies (paired) assignable to ship stations for narrow-band direct-printing (NBDP) telegraphy and data transmission systems at speeds not exceeding 100 Bd for FSK and 200 Bd for PSK	4 172.5 to 4 181.5 18 f. 0.5 kHz	6263 to 6275.5 25 f. 0.5 kHz						
Limits (kHz)	4 181.75	6 275.75	8 341.75	12 421.75	16 618.75	18 870	22 241.75	25 161.25
Calling frequencies assignable to ship stations for A1A or A1B Morse telegraphy								
Limits (kHz)	4 186.75	6 280.75	8 3 4 1 . 7 5	12 421.75	16 618.75	18 870	22 241.75	25 161.25
Frequencies (paired) assignable to ship stations for NBDP telegraphy and data transmission systems at speeds not exceeding 100 Bd for FSK and 200 Bd for PSK d) m) p)		6 281 to 6 284.5 8 f. 0.5 kHz						
Limits (kHz)	4 186.75	6 284.75	8 341.75	12 421.75	16 618.75	18 870	22 241.75	25 161.25

Table of frequencies (kHz) to be used in the band between 4000 kHz and 27 500 kHz allocated exclusively to the maritime mobile service (continued)

Band (MHz)	4	6	8	12	16	18/19	22	25/26	
Limits (kHz)	4 186.75	6 284.75	8 341.75	12 421.75	16 618.75	18 870	22 241.75	25 161.25	
Working frequencies assignable to ship stations for A1A or A1B Morse telegraphy	4 187 to 4 202	6285 to 6300	8 342 to 8 365.5	12 422 to 12 476.5	16 619 to 16 683		22 242 to 22 279	25 161.5 to 25 171	(WRC
e) f) p)	31 f. 0.5 kHz	31 f. 0.5 kHz	48 f. 0.5 kHz	110 f. 0.5 kHz	129 f. 0.5 kHz		75 f. 0.5 kHz	20 f. 0.5 kHz	
Limits (kHz)	4 202.25	6300.25	8 3 6 5 . 7 5	12 476.75	16 683.25	18 870	22 279.25	25 171.25	
Calling frequencies assignable to ship stations for A1A or A1B Morse telegraphy									
Limits (kHz)	4 202.25	6300.25	8 370.75	12 476.75	16 683.25	18 870	22 284.25	25 172.75	
Working frequencies assignable to ship stations for A1A or A1B Morse telegraphy			8 371 to 8 376						
e) f) p)			11 f. 0.5 kHz						
Limits (kHz)	4 202.25	6300.25	8 376.25	12 476.75	16 683.25	18 870	22 284.25	25 172.75	
Frequencies (paired) assignable to ship stations for NBDP telegraphy and data transmission systems at			8376.5 to 8396	12 477 to 12 549.5	16 683.5 to 16 733.5	18 870.5 to 18 892.5	22 284.5 to 22 351.5	25 173 to 25 192.5	
and transmission systems at speeds not exceeding 100 bauds for FSK and 200 bauds for PSK (d) j) m) p)			40 f. 0.5 kHz	146 f. 0.5 kHz	101 f. 0.5 kHz	45 f. 0.5 kHz	135 f. 0.5 kHz	40 f. 0.5 kHz	
Limits (kHz)	4 202.25	6300.25	8 396.25	12 549.75	16733.75	18 892.75	22 351.75	25 192.75	
Calling frequencies assignable to ship stations for A1A or A1B Morse telegraphy									
Limits (kHz)	4 202.25	6300.25	8 396.25	12 554.75	16 738.75	18 892.75	22 351.75	25 192.75	1
Frequencies (paired) assignable to ship stations for NBDP telegraphy and data transmission systems at speeds not exceeding 100 bauds for FSK and 200 bauds for PSK (d) m) p)				12 555 to 12 559.5 10 f. 0.5 kHz	16739 to 16784.5 92 f. 0.5 kHz				
Limits (kHz)	4 202.25	6300.25	8 396.25	12 559.75	16 784.75	18 892.75	22 351.75	25 192.75	1

Table of frequencies (kHz) to be used in the band between 4000 kHz and 27 500 kHz allocated exclusively to the maritime mobile service (continued)

Band (MHz)	4	6	8	12	16	18/19	22	25/26
Limits (kHz)	4 202.25	6 300.25	8 396.25	12 559.75	16 784.75	18 892.75	22 351.75	25 192.75
Frequencies (non paired) assignable to ship stations for NBDP telegraphy and data transmission systems	4 202.5 to 4 207	6300.5 to 6311.5	8 396.5 to 8 414	12 560 to 12 576.5	16785 to 16804	18 893 to 18 898	22 352 to 22 374	25 193 to 25 208
at speeds not exceeding 100 Bd for FSK and 200 Bd for PSK and for A1A or A1B Morse telegraphy (working) b) p)	10 f. 0.5 kHz	23 f. 0.5 kHz	36 f. 0.5 kHz	34 f. 0.5 kHz	39 f. 0.5 kHz	11 f. 0.5 kHz	45 f. 0.5 kHz	31 f. 0.5 kHz
Limits (kHz)	4 207.25	6 3 1 1 . 7 5	8 4 1 4 . 2 5	12 576.75	16 804.25	18 898.25	22 374.25	25 208.25
Frequencies assignable to ship stations for digital selective calling	4 207.5 to 4 209	6312 to 6313.5	8414.5 to 8416	12 577 to 12 578.5	16 804.5 to 16 806	18 898.5 to 18 899.5	22 374.5 to 22 375.5	25 208.5 to 25 209.5
k) l)	4 f. 0.5 kHz	4 f. 0.5 kHz	4 f. 0.5 kHz	4 f. 0.5 kHz	4 f. 0.5 kHz	3 f. 0.5 kHz	3 f. 0.5 kHz	3 f. 0.5 kHz
Limits (kHz)	4 209.25	6313.75	8 416.25	12 578.75	16 806.25	18 899.75	22 375.75	25 210
Limits (kHz)	4 209.25	6313.75	8 416.25	12 578.75	16 806.25	19 680.25	22 375.75	26 100.25
Frequencies (paired) assignable to coast stations for NBDP and data transmission systems, at	4 209.5 to 4 219	6314 to 6330.5	8 416.5 to 8 436	12 579 to 12 656.5	16 806.5 to 16 902.5	19 680.5 to 19 703	22 376 to 22 443.5	26 100.5 to 26 120.5
speeds not exceeding 100 Bd for FSK and 200 Bd for PSK	20 f. 0.5 kHz	34 f. 0.5 kHz	40 f. 0.5 kHz	156 f. 0.5 kHz	193 f. 0.5 kHz	46 f. 0.5 kHz	136 f. 0.5 kHz	41 f. 0.5 kHz
d) n) o) p)								
Limits (kHz)	4219.25	6 330.75	8 436.25	12 656.75	16 902.75	19 703.25	22 443.75	26 120.75
Frequencies assignable to coast stations for digital selective calling	4 219.5 to 4 220.5	6331 to 6332	8 436.5 to 8 437.5	12 657 to 12 658	16 903 to 16 904	19 703.5 to 19 704.5	22 444 to 22 445	26 121 to 26 122
l)	3 f. 0.5 kHz	3 f. 0.5 kHz	3 f. 0.5 kHz	3 f. 0.5 kHz	3 f. 0.5 kHz	3 f. 0.5 kHz	3 f. 0.5 kHz	3 f. 0.5 kHz
Limits (kHz)	4 221	6 332.5	8 438	12 658.5	16 904.5	19 705	22 445.5	26 122.5
Frequencies assignable to coast stations for wide-band and A1A or A1B Morse telegraphy, facsimile, special and data transmission systems and direct-printing telegraphy systems								
Limits (kHz)	4351	6501	8 707	13 077	17 242	19755	22 696	26 145

Table of frequencies (kHz) to be used in the band between 4 000 kHz and 27 500 kHz allocated exclusively to the maritime mobile service (end)

Band (MHz)	4	6	8	12	16	18/19	22	25/26
Limits (kHz)	4351	6501	8 707	13 077	17 242	19755	22 696	26 145
Frequencies assignable to coast stations for telephony, duplex operation	4 352.4 to 4 436.4 29 f.	6 502.4 to 6 523.4 8 f.	8708.4 to 8813.4	13 078.4 to 13 198.4	17 243.4 to 17 408.4	19 756.4 to 19 798.4	22 697.4 to 22 853.4	26 146.4 to 26 173.4
a)	3 kHz	3 kHz	3 kHz	3 kHz	3 kHz	3 kHz	3 kHz	3 kHz
Limits (kHz)	4 4 3 8	6 5 2 5	8 815	13 200	17 410	19 800	22 855	26 175

- a) See Part B, Section I.
- b) See Part B. Section III.
- c) The frequency bands may also be used by buoy stations for oceanographic data transmission and by stations interrogating these buoys.
- d) See Part B, Section II.
- e) In the frequency bands to be used by ship stations for A1A Morse telegraphy working at speeds not exceeding 40 Bd, administrations may assign additional frequencies interleaved between the assignable frequencies. Any frequencies so assigned shall be multiples of 100 Hz. Administrations shall ensure a uniform distribution of such assignments within the bands.
- f) See Part B, Section V.
- g) See Part B, Section IV.
- h) (SUP WRC-07)
- i) For the use of the carrier frequencies 4 125 kHz, 6 215 kHz, 8 291 kHz, 12 290 kHz and 16 420 kHz in these sub-bands by ship and coast stations for distress and safety purposes, by single-sideband radiotelephony, see Article 31. (WRC-07)
- j) For the use of the frequencies 4 177.5 kHz, 6 268 kHz, 8 376.5 kHz, 12 520 kHz and 16 695 kHz in these sub-bands by ship and coast stations for distress and safety purposes, by NBDP telegraphy, see Article 31.
- k) For the use of the frequencies 4 207.5 kHz, 6 312 kHz, 8 414.5 kHz, 12 577 kHz and 16 804.5 kHz in these subbands by ship and coast stations for distress and safety purposes, by digital selective calling, see Article 31.
- I) The following paired frequencies (for ship/coast stations) 4 208/4 219.5 kHz, 6 312.5/6 331 kHz, 8 415/8 436.5 kHz, 12 577.5/12 657 kHz, 16 805/16 903 kHz, 18 898.5/19 703.5 kHz, 22 374.5/22 444 kHz and 25 208.5/26 121 kHz are the first choice international frequencies for digital selective calling (see Article 54).
- m) Frequencies from these frequency bands may also be used for A1A or A1B Morse telegraphy (working) (see Part B, Section II).
- n) The frequencies 4 210 kHz, 6 314 kHz, 8 416.5 kHz, 12 579 kHz, 16 806.5 kHz, 19 680.5 kHz, 22 376 kHz and 26 100.5 kHz are the exclusive international frequencies for the transmission of maritime safety information (MSI) (see Articles 31 and 33).
- The frequency 4 209.5 kHz is an exclusive international frequency for the transmission of NAVTEX type information (see Articles 31 and 33).
- p) These sub-bands, except the frequencies referred to in Notes j), n) and o), may be used for the initial testing and the possible future introduction within the maritime mobile service of new digital technologies. Stations using these sub-bands for this purpose shall not cause harmful interference to, and shall not claim protection from, other stations operating in accordance with Article 5.

PART B - Channelling arrangements (WRC-07)

Section I – Radiotelephony

- 1 Radiotelephone channelling arrangements for the frequencies to be used by coast and ship stations in the bands allocated to the maritime mobile service are indicated in the following Sub-Sections:
- Sub-Section A Table of single-sideband transmitting frequencies (kHz) for duplex (two-frequency) operation;
- Sub-Section B Table of single-sideband transmitting frequencies (kHz) for simplex (single-frequency) operation and for intership cross-band (two-frequency) operation;
- Sub-Section C-1 Table of recommended single-sideband transmitting frequencies (kHz) for ship stations in the band 4000-4063 kHz shared with the fixed service;
- Sub-Section C-2 Table of recommended single-sideband transmitting frequencies (kHz) for ship and coast stations in the band 8 100-8 195 kHz shared with the fixed service.
- The technical characteristics for single-sideband transmitters are specified in Recommendation ITU-R M.1173.
- One or more series of frequencies from Sub-Section A (with the exception of those frequencies mentioned in § 5 below) may be assigned to each coast station, which uses these frequencies associated in pairs (see No. **52.226**); each pair consists of a transmitting and a receiving frequency. The series shall be selected with due regard to the areas served and so as to avoid, as far as possible, harmful interference between the services of different coast stations.
- The frequencies in Sub-Section B are provided for worldwide common use by ships of all categories, according to traffic requirements, for ship transmissions to coast stations and for intership communication. They are also authorized for worldwide common use for transmissions by coast stations (simplex operation) provided the peak envelope power does not exceed 1 kW.
- 5 The following frequencies in Sub-Section A are allocated for calling purposes:
- Channel No. 421 in the 4 MHz band;
- Channel No. 606 in the 6 MHz band;
- Channel No. 821 in the 8 MHz band;
- Channel No. 1221 in the 12 MHz band:

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- Channel No. 1621 in the 16 MHz band;
- Channel No. 1806 in the 18 MHz band;
- Channel No. 2221 in the 22 MHz band:
- Channel No. 2510 in the 25 MHz band.

Calling on the carrier frequencies 12 290 kHz and 16 420 kHz shall be permitted only to and from rescue coordination centres (see No. 30.6.1), subject to the safeguards of Resolution 352 (WRC-03) (see Nos. 52.221A and 52.222A).

The remaining frequencies in Sub-Sections A, B, C-1 and C-2 are working frequencies. (WRC-03)

5A For the use of the carrier frequencies:

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4125 kHz (Channel No. 421);
6215 kHz (Channel No. 606);
8291 kHz (Channel No. 833);
12290 kHz (Channel No. 1221);
16420 kHz (Channel No. 1621);
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in Sub-Section A, by coast and ship stations for distress and safety purposes, see Article 31. (WRC-07)

- 6 a) Maritime radiotelephone stations using single-sideband emissions in the bands between 4000 kHz and 27500 kHz exclusively allocated to the maritime mobile service shall operate only on the carrier frequencies shown in the Sub-Sections A and B and, in the case of analogue radiotelephony, shall be in conformity with the technical characteristics specified in Recommendation ITU-R M.1173.
- b) Ship stations, when using frequencies for single-sideband emissions in the bands 4000-4063 kHz and ship and coast stations, when using frequencies for single-sideband emissions in the band 8100-8195 kHz should operate on the carrier frequencies indicated in Sub-Sections C-1 and C-2 respectively. In the case of analogue radiotelephony technical characteristics of the equipment shall be those specified in Recommendation ITU-R M.1173.
- c) Stations, when employing the single-sideband mode for analogue radiotelephony, shall use only class J3E emissions. For digital communications, class J2D emissions shall be used. (WRC-03)
- The channelling plan established in Sub-Section C-2 does not prejudice the rights of administrations to establish, and to notify assignments to stations in the maritime mobile service other than those using radiotelephony in the band 8100-8195 kHz, in conformity with the relevant provisions of these Regulations.

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 ${\bf Sub\text{-}Section~A}$ Table of single-sideband transmitting frequencies (kHz) for duplex (two-frequency) operation

	4 MHz band							
Channel No.	Coast s	stations	Ship s	tations				
	Carrier frequency			Assigned frequency				
401 402 403 404 405 406 407 408 409 410 411 412 413 414 415	4357 4360 4363 4366 4369 4372 4375 4378 4381 4384 4387 4390 4393 4396 4399	4 358.4 4 361.4 4 364.4 4 367.4 4 370.4 4 376.4 4 379.4 4 382.4 4 385.4 4 381.4 4 391.4 4 397.4 4 400.4	4 065 4 068 4 071 4 074 4 077 4 080 4 083 4 086 4 089 4 092 4 095 4 098 4 101 4 104 4 107	4 066.4 4 069.4 4 072.4 4 075.4 4 078.4 4 081.4 4 084.4 4 087.4 4 090.4 4 090.4 4 099.4 4 102.4 4 105.4 4 108.4				
416 417 418 419 420 421 422 423 424 425 426 427 428 1.3 429 1.3	4402 4405 4408 4411 4414 4417* 4420 4423 4426 4429 4432 4435 4351 4354	4403.4 4406.4 4409.4 4412.4 4415.4 4418.4* 4421.4 4424.4 4427.4 4430.4 4433.4 4436.4 4352.4 4355.4	4 110 4 113 4 116 4 119 4 122 4 125 * 4 4 128 4 131 4 134 4 137 4 140 4 143 	4111.4 4111.4 4114.4 4117.4 4120.4 4123.4 4126.4* 4129.4 4132.4 4135.4 4138.4 4141.4 4144.4				

	6 MHz band						
Channel No.	Coast s	stations	Ship s	tations			
	Carrier frequency	Assigned frequency	Carrier frequency	Assigned frequency			
601 602 603 604 605 606	6501 6504 6507 6510 6513 6516*	6502.4 6505.4 6508.4 6511.4 6514.4 6517.4*	6 200 6 203 6 206 6 209 6 212 6 215 * 5	6 201.4 6 204.4 6 207.4 6 210.4 6 213.4 6 216.4 *			
607 608	6519 6522	6 520.4 6 523.4	6218 6221	6219.4 6222.4			

8 MHz band								
Channel No.	Coast s	stations	Ship s	tations				
	Carrier frequency	Assigned frequency	Carrier frequency	Assigned frequency				
801	8719	8 720.4	8 195	8 196.4				
802	8 722	8 723.4	8 198	8 199.4				
803	8 725	8 726.4	8 201	8 202.4				
804	8 728	8 729.4	8 204	8 205.4				
805	8 7 3 1	8732.4	8 207	8 208.4				
806	8 7 3 4	8 735.4	8 2 1 0	8 211.4				
807	8 7 3 7	8 738.4	8 2 1 3	8 214.4				
808	8 740	8741.4	8 2 1 6	8 217.4				
809	8 743	8 744.4	8 2 1 9	8 220.4				
810	8 746	8 747.4	8 222	8 223.4				
811	8 749	8 750.4	8 225	8 226.4				
812	8 7 5 2	8 753.4	8 228	8 229.4				
813	8 755	8756.4	8 231	8 232.4				
814	8 7 5 8	8 759.4	8 234	8 235.4				
815	8 7 6 1	8 762.4	8 237	8 238.4				
816	8 7 6 4	8765.4	8 240	8 241.4				
817	8 7 6 7	8 768.4	8 243	8 244.4				
818	8 770	8771.4	8 246	8 247.4				
819	8 773	8774.4	8 249	8 250.4				
820	8776	8777.4	8 252	8 253.4				
821	8779*	8 780.4 *	8 255 *	8 256.4 *				
822	8 782	8 783.4	8 258	8 259.4				
823	8 785	8 786.4	8 261	8 262.4				
824	8 788	8 789.4	8 264	8 265.4				
825	8 791	8 792.4	8 267	8 268.4				
826	8 794	8 795.4	8 270	8 271.4				
827	8 797	8 798.4	8 273	8 274.4				
828	8 800	8 801.4	8 276	8 277.4				
829	8 803	8 804.4	8 279	8 280.4				
830	8 806	8 807.4	8 282	8 283.4				
831	8 809	8 810.4	8 285	8 286.4				
832	8 8 1 2	8 813.4	8 288	8 289.4				
833	8 291 ⁷	8 292.4	8 2 9 1 ⁷	8 292.4				
834 3,6	8 707	8 708.4	_	_				
835 3,6	8710	8711.4	_	_				
836 ^{3, 6}	8713	8714.4	_	_				
837 ^{3, 6}	8716	8717.4	_	_				

	12 MHz band							
Channel No.	Coast s	Coast stations		tations				
	Carrier frequency	Assigned frequency	Carrier frequency	Assigned frequency				
1201 1202 1203 1204 1205	13 077 13 080 13 083 13 086 13 089	13 078.4 13 081.4 13 084.4 13 087.4 13 090.4	12 230 12 233 12 236 12 239 12 242	12 231.4 12 234.4 12 237.4 12 240.4 12 243.4				

	12 MHz band (end)					
Channel No.	Coast s	stations	Ship s	tations		
	Carrier frequency	Assigned frequency	Carrier frequency	Assigned frequency		
1206	13 092	13 093.4	12 245	12 246.4		
1207	13 095	13 096.4	12 248	12 249.4		
1208	13 098	13 099.4	12 251	12 252.4		
1209	13 101	13 102.4	12 254	12 255.4		
1210	13 104	13 105.4	12 257	12 258.4		
1211	13 107	13 108.4	12 260	12 261.4		
1212	13 110	13 111.4	12 263	12 264.4		
1213	13 113	13 114.4	12 266	12 267.4		
1214	13 116	13 117.4	12 269	12 270.4		
1215	13 119	13 120.4	12 272	12 273.4		
1216	13 122	13 123.4	12 275	12 276.4		
1217	13 125	13 126.4	12 278	12 279.4		
1218	13 128	13 129.4	12 281	12 282.4		
1219	13 131	13 132.4	12 284	12 285.4		
1220	13 134	13 135.4	12 287	12 288.4		
1221	13 137 * 13 140 13 143 13 146 13 149	13 138.4*	12 290 * 8	12 291.4*		
1222		13 141.4	12 293	12 294.4		
1223		13 144.4	12 296	12 297.4		
1224		13 147.4	12 299	12 300.4		
1225		13 150.4	12 302	12 303.4		
1226	13 152	13 153.4	12 305	12 306.4		
1227	13 155	13 156.4	12 308	12 309.4		
1228	13 158	13 159.4	12 311	12 312.4		
1229	13 161	13 162.4	12 314	12 315.4		
1230	13 164	13 165.4	12 317	12 318.4		
1231	13 167	13 168.4	12 320	12 321.4		
1232	13 170	13 171.4	12 323	12 324.4		
1233	13 173	13 174.4	12 326	12 327.4		
1234	13 176	13 177.4	12 329	12 330.4		
1235	13 179	13 180.4	12 332	12 333.4		
1236	13 182	13 183.4	12335	12 336.4		
1237	13 185	13 186.4	12338	12 339.4		
1238	13 188	13 189.4	12341	12 342.4		
1239	13 191	13 192.4	12344	12 345.4		
1240	13 194	13 195.4	12347	12 348.4		
1241	13 197	13 198.4	12350	12 351.4		

	16 MHz band						
Channel No.	Coast s	Coast stations		tations			
	Carrier frequency	Assigned frequency	Carrier frequency	Assigned frequency			
1601	17 242	17 243.4	16360	16361.4			
1602	17 245	17 246.4	16363	16364.4			
1603	17 248	17 249.4	16366	16367.4			
1604	17 251	17 252.4	16369	16370.4			
1605	17 254	17 255.4	16372	16373.4			

		16 MHz b	and (end)	
Channel No.	o. Coast stations		Ship s	tations
	Carrier frequency	Assigned frequency	Carrier frequency	Assigned frequency
1606	17 257	17 258.4	16375	16376.4
1607	17 260	17 261.4	16378	16379.4
1608	17 263	17 264.4	16381	16382.4
1609	17 266	17 267.4	16384	16385.4
1610	17 269	17 270.4	16387	16388.4
1611	17 272	17 273.4	16390	16391.4
1612 1613	17 275 17 278	17 276.4 17 279.4	16393 16396	16394.4 16397.4
1614	17 281	17 282.4	16399	16 400.4
1615	17 284	17 285.4	16402	16403.4
1616	17 287	17 288.4	16405	16406.4
1617	17 290	17 291.4	16408	16409.4
1618	17 293	17 294.4	16411	16412.4
1619	17 296	17 297.4	16414	16415.4
1620	17 299	17 300.4	16417	16418.4
1621	17 302 *	17 303.4 *	16420*9	16421.4*
1622	17 305	17 306.4	16423	16424.4
1623	17 308	17 309.4	16426	16427.4
1624	17 311	17312.4	16429	16430.4
1625	17 314	17315.4	16432	16433.4
1626	17 317	17318.4	16435	16436.4
1627	17 320	17 321.4	16438	16439.4
1628	17 323	17 324.4	16441	16442.4
1629	17 326	17 327.4	16444	16445.4
1630	17 329	17 330.4	16447	16448.4
1631	17 332	17 333.4	16450	16451.4
1632	17 335	17 336.4	16453	16454.4
1633	17 338	17 339.4	16456	16457.4
1634	17 341	17 342.4	16459	16460.4
1635	17 344	17 345.4	16462	16 463.4
1636	17 347	17 348.4	16 465	16466.4
1637	17 350	17351.4	16468	16469.4
1638	17 353	17354.4	16471	16472.4 16475.4
1639 1640	17 356 17 359	17 357.4 17 360.4	16474 16477	16475.4
1641 1642	17 362 17 365	17 363.4 17 366.4	16480 16483	16481.4 16484.4
1643	17 368	17 369.4	16486	16487.4
1644	17 371	17 372.4	16489	16490.4
1645	17 374	17 375.4	16492	16493.4
1646	17 377	17 378.4	16495	16496.4
1647	17 380	17378.4	16498	16490.4
1648	17 383	17 384.4	16501	16502.4
1649	17 386	17 387.4	16504	16505.4
1650	17 389	17 390.4	16507	16508.4
1651	17 392	17 393.4	16510	16511.4
1652	17 395	17396.4	16513	16514.4
1653	17 398	17 399.4	16516	16517.4
1654	17 401	17 402.4	16519	16520.4
1655	17 404	17 405.4	16522	16523.4
1656	17 407	17408.4	16525	16526.4

	18/19 MHz band					
Channel No.	Coast	stations	Ship s	tations		
	Carrier Assigned frequency		Carrier frequency	Assigned frequency		
1801	19755	19756.4	18780	18781.4		
1802	19 758	19759.4	18783	18784.4		
1803	19761	19762.4	18786	18787.4		
1804	19764	19765.4	18789	18790.4		
1805	19 767	19768.4	18792	18793.4		
1806	19770*	19771.4*	18795*	18796.4*		
1807	19773	19774.4	18798	18799.4		
1808	19776	19777.4	18 801	18 802.4		
1809	19779	19780.4	18 804	18 805.4		
1810	19 782	19783.4	18 807	18 808.4		
1811	19 785	19786.4	18810	18811.4		
1812	19 788	19789.4	18813	18814.4		
1813	19791	19792.4	18816	18817.4		
1814	19 794	19795.4	18819	18820.4		
1815	19 797	19798.4	18822	18 823.4		

	22 MHz band					
Channel No.	Coast stations		Ship stations			
	Carrier frequency			Assigned frequency		
2201	22 696	22 697.4	22 000	22 001.4		
2202	22 699	22 700.4	22 003	22 004.4		
2203	22 702	22 703.4	22 006	22 007.4		
2204	22 705	22 706.4	22 009	22 010.4		
2205	22 708	22 709.4	22 012	22 013.4		
2206	22 711	22712.4	22 015	22 016.4		
2207	22 714	22715.4	22 018	22 019.4		
2208	22 717	22718.4	22 021	22 022.4		
2209	22 720	22721.4	22 024	22 025.4		
2210	22 723	22724.4	22 027	22 028.4		
2211	22 726	22727.4	22 030	22 031.4		
2212	22 729	22730.4	22 033	22 034.4		
2213	22 732	22733.4	22 036	22 037.4		
2214	22 735	22736.4	22 039	22 040.4		
2215	22 738	22739.4	22 042	22 043.4		
2216	22 741	22 742.4	22 045	22 046.4		
2217	22 744	22 745.4	22 048	22 049.4		
2218	22 747	22 748.4	22 051	22 052.4		
2219	22 750	22 751.4	22 054	22 055.4		
2220	22 753	22 754.4	22 057	22 058.4		
2221	22 756* 22 759 22 762 22 765 22 768	22757.4*	22 060 *	22 061.4*		
2222		22760.4	22 063	22 064.4		
2223		22763.4	22 066	22 067.4		
2224		22766.4	22 069	22 070.4		
2225		22769.4	22 072	22 073.4		

		22 MHz b	22 MHz band (end)				
Channel No.	Coast	stations	Ship s	tations			
	Carrier frequency	Assigned frequency	Carrier frequency	Assigned frequency			
2226	22 771	22 772.4	22 075	22 076.4			
2227	22 774	22 775.4	22 078	22 079.4			
2228	22 777	22 778.4	22 081	22 082.4			
2229	22 780	22 781.4	22 084	22 085.4			
2230	22 783	22 784.4	22 087	22 088.4			
2231	22 786	22 787.4	22 090	22 091.4			
2232	22 789	22 790.4	22 093	22 094.4			
2233	22 792	22 793.4	22 096	22 097.4			
2234	22 795	22 796.4	22 099	22 100.4			
2235	22 798	22 799.4	22 102	22 103.4			
2236	22 801	22 802.4	22 105	22 106.4			
2237	22 804	22 805.4	22 108	22 109.4			
2238	22 807	22 808.4	22 111	22 112.4			
2239	22 810	22 811.4	22 114	22 115.4			
2240	22 813	22 814.4	22 117	22 118.4			
2241	22 816	22 817.4	22 120	22 121.4			
2242	22 819	22 820.4	22 123	22 124.4			
2243	22 822	22 823.4	22 126	22 127.4			
2244	22 825	22 826.4	22 129	22 130.4			
2245	22 828	22 829.4	22 132	22 133.4			
2246	22 831	22 832.4	22 135	22 136.4			
2247	22 834	22 835.4	22 138	22 139.4			
2248	22 837	22 838.4	22 141	22 142.4			
2249	22 840	22 841.4	22 144	22 145.4			
2250	22 843	22 844.4	22 147	22 148.4			
2251	22 846	22 847.4	22 150	22 151.4			
2252	22 849	22 850.4	22 153	22 154.4			
2253	22 852	22 853.4	22 156	22 157.4			

	25/26 MHz band					
Channel No.	Coast s	tations	Ship s	tations		
	Carrier Assigned frequency		Carrier frequency	Assigned frequency		
2501 2502 2503 2504 2505	26 145 26 148 26 151 26 154 26 157	26 146.4 26 149.4 26 152.4 26 155.4 26 158.4	25 070 25 073 25 076 25 079 25 082	25 071.4 25 074.4 25 077.4 25 080.4 25 083.4		
2506 2507 2508 2509 2510	26 160 26 163 26 166 26 169 26 172 *	26 161.4 26 164.4 26 167.4 26 170.4 26 173.4*	25 085 25 088 25 091 25 094 25 097 *	25 086.4 25 089.4 25 092.4 25 095.4 25 098.4*		

- These coast station frequencies may be paired with a ship station frequency from the Table of simplex frequencies for ship and coast stations (see Sub-Section B) or with a frequency from the band 4 000-4 063 kHz (see Sub-Section C-1) to be selected by the administration concerned.
- 2 (SUP WRC-2000)
- These channels may also be used for simplex (single frequency) operation.
- ⁴ For the conditions of use of the carrier frequency 4 125 kHz, see Nos. **52.224** and **52.225**, and Appendix **15**.
- ⁵ For the conditions of use of the carrier frequency 6 215 kHz, see Appendix **15**. (WRC-07)
- These coast station frequencies may be paired with a ship station frequency from the Table of simplex frequencies for ship and coast stations (see Sub-Section B) or with a frequency from the band 8 100-8 195 kHz (see Sub-Section C-2) to be selected by the administration concerned.
- For the conditions of use of the carrier frequency 8 291 kHz, see Appendix 15.
- For the conditions of use of the carrier frequency 12 290 kHz, see Nos. 52.221A and 52.222A and Appendix 15. (WRC-2000)
- 9 For the conditions of use of the carrier frequency 16 420 kHz, see Nos. 52.221A and 52.222A and Appendix 15. (WRC-2000)
- * The frequencies followed by an asterisk are calling frequencies (see Nos. 52,221 and 52,222).

Sub-Section B

Table of single-sideband transmitting frequencies (kHz) for simplex (single-frequency) operation and for intership cross-band (two-frequency) operation

(See § 4 of Section I of this Appendix)

4 MHz	4 MHz band $^{\rm l}$		6 MHz band		8 MHz band ²		Iz band ³
Carrier frequency	Assigned frequency	Carrier frequency	Assigned frequency	Carrier frequency	Assigned frequency	Carrier frequency	Assigned frequency
4 146 4 149	4 147.4 4 150.4	6 224 6 227 6 230	6 225.4 6 228.4 6 231.4	8 294 8 297	8 295.4 8 298.4	12353 12356 12362 12365	12 354.4 12 357.4 12 363.4 12 366.4

These frequencies may be used for duplex operation with coast stations operating on Channel Nos. 428 and 429 (see Sub-Section A).

These frequencies may be used for duplex operation with coast stations operating on Channel Nos. 834 up to and including 837 (see Sub-Section A).

³ For use of frequencies 12 359 kHz and 16 537 kHz, see Nos. **52,221A** and **52,222A**. (WRC-2000)

16 MH	16 MHz band ³		18/19 MHz band		22 MHz band		Hz band
Carrier frequency	Assigned frequency	Carrier frequency	Assigned frequency	Carrier frequency	Assigned frequency	Carrier frequency	Assigned frequency
16 528 16 531 16 534 16 540 16 543 16 546	16529.4 16532.4 16535.4 16541.4 16544.4 16547.4	18 825 18 828 18 831 18 834 18 837 18 840 18 843	18 826.4 18 829.4 18 832.4 18 835.4 18 838.4 18 841.4 18 844.4	22 159 22 162 22 165 22 168 22 171 22 174 22 177	22 160.4 22 163.4 22 166.4 22 169.4 22 172.4 22 175.4 22 178.4	25 100 25 103 25 106 25 109 25 112 25 115 25 118	25 101.4 25 104.4 25 107.4 25 110.4 25 113.4 25 116.4 25 119.4

³ For use of frequencies 12 359 kHz and 16 537 kHz, see Nos. **52.221A** and **52.222A**. (WRC-2000)

Sub-Section C-1

Table of recommended single-sideband transmitting frequencies (kHz) for ship stations in the band 4 000-4 063 kHz shared with the fixed service

The frequencies in this Sub-Section may be used:

- for supplementing ship-to-shore channels for duplex operation in Sub-Section A;
- for intership simplex (single-frequency) and cross-band operation;
- for cross-band working with coast stations on channels in Sub-Section C-2;
- for duplex operation with coast stations working in the band 4438-4650 kHz;
- for duplex operation with Channel Nos. 428 and 429.

Channel No.	Carrier frequency	Assigned frequency	Channel No.	Carrier frequency	Assigned frequency
1	4 000*	4001.4*	12	4 033	4 034.4
2	4 003*	4004.4*	13	4 0 3 6	4 037.4
3	4 006	4007.4	14	4 039	4 040.4
4	4 009	4010.4	15	4 042	4 043.4
5	4012	4013.4	16	4 045	4 046.4
6	4 0 1 5	4016.4	17	4 048	4 049.4
7	4018	4019.4	18	4 051	4 052.4
8	4 021	4022.4	19	4 054	4 055.4
9	4 024	4 025.4	20	4 057	4 058.4
10	4 027	4028.4	21	4 060	4 061.4
11	4 030	4031.4			

Administrations are requested to urge ship stations under their jurisdiction to refrain from using the band 4 000-4 005 kHz when navigating in Region 3 (see also No. 5.126).

Sub-Section C-2

Table of recommended single-sideband transmitting frequencies (kHz) for ship and coast stations in the band 8 100-8 195 kHz shared with the fixed service

(See § 7 of Section I of this Appendix)

The frequencies in this Sub-Section may be used:

- for supplementing ship-to-shore and shore-to-ship channels for duplex operation in Sub-Section A;
- for intership simplex (single frequency) and cross-band operation;
- for cross-band working with ship stations on channels in Sub-Section C-1;
- for ship-to-shore or shore-to-ship simplex operation;
- for duplex operation with Channel Nos. 834, 835, 836 and 837.

Channel No.	Carrier frequency	Assigned frequency	Channel No.	Carrier frequency	Assigned frequency
1	8 101	8 102.4	17	8 149	8 150.4
2	8 104	8 105.4	18	8 152	8 153.4
3	8 107	8 108.4	19	8 155	8 156.4
4	8 1 1 0	8111.4	20	8 158	8 159.4
5	8 1 1 3	8 1 1 4 . 4	21	8 161	8 162.4
6	8116	8 1 1 7 . 4	22	8 164	8 165.4
7	8 1 1 9	8 120.4	23	8 167	8 168.4
8	8 122	8 123.4	24	8 170	8 171.4
9	8 125	8 126.4	25	8 173	8 174.4
10	8 128	8 129.4	26	8 176	8 177.4
11	8 131	8 132.4	27	8 179	8 180.4
12	8 134	8 135.4	28	8 182	8 183.4
13	8 137	8 138.4	29	8 185	8 186.4
14	8 140	8 141.4	30	8 188	8 189.4
15	8 143	8 144.4	31	8 191	8 192.4
16	8 146	8 147.4			

Section II – Narrow-band direct-printing telegraphy (paired frequencies)

- 1 Each coast station which uses paired frequencies is assigned one or more frequency pairs from the following series; each pair consists of a transmitting and a receiving frequency.
- 2 The speed of the narrow-band direct-printing telegraphy and data systems shall not exceed 100 Bd for FSK and 200 Bd for PSK.

Table of frequencies for two-frequency operation by coast stations (kHz)

Channel	4 MHz	band ¹	6 MHz	band ³	8 MHz	band ⁴
No.	Transmit	Receive	Transmit	Receive	Transmit	Receive
1 2 3 4 5	4210.5 4211 4211.5 4212 4212.5	4 172.5 4 173 4 173.5 4 174 4 174.5	6314.5 6315 6315.5 6316 6316.5	6263 6263.5 6264 6264.5 6265	8 376.5 ² 8 417 8 417.5 8 418 8 418.5	8 376.5 ² 8 377 8 377.5 8 378 8 378.5
6 7 8 9 10	4213 4213.5 4214 4214.5 4215	4 175 4 175.5 4 176 4 176.5 4 177	6317 6317.5 6318 6318.5 6319	6265.5 6266 6266.5 6267 6267.5	8419 8419.5 8420 8420.5 8421	8 379 8 379.5 8 380 8 380.5 8 381
11 12 13 14 15	4 177.5 ² 4 215.5 4 216 4 216.5 4 217	4 177.5 ² 4 178 4 178.5 4 179 4 179.5	6268 ² 6319.5 6320 6320.5 6321	6268 ² 6268.5 6269 6269.5 6270	8421.5 8422 8422.5 8423 8423.5	8 381.5 8 382 8 382.5 8 383 8 383.5
16 17 18 19 20	4217.5 4218 4218.5 4219	4180 4180.5 4181 4181.5	6321.5 6322 6322.5 6323 6323.5	6270.5 6271 6271.5 6272 6272.5	8424 8424.5 8425 8425.5 8426	8 384 8 384.5 8 385 8 385.5 8 386
21 22 23 24 25			6324 6324.5 6325 6325.5 6326	6273 6273.5 6274 6274.5 6275	8 426.5 8 427 8 427.5 8 428 8 428.5	8 386.5 8 387 8 387.5 8 388 8 388.5
26 27 28 29 30			6326.5 6327 6327.5 6328 6328.5	6275.5 6281 6281.5 6282 6282.5	8429 8429.5 8430 8430.5 8431	8 389 8 389.5 8 390 8 390.5 8 391
31 32 33 34 35			6329 6329.5 6330 6330.5	6283 6283.5 6284 6284.5	8431.5 8432 8432.5 8433 8433.5	8 391.5 8 392 8 392.5 8 393 8 393.5
36 37 38 39 40					8434 8434.5 8435 8435.5 8436	8 394 8 394.5 8 395 8 395.5 8 396

Ship stations may use the coast station receiving frequencies for transmitting A1A or A1B Morse telegraphy (working), with the exception of channel No. 11 (see Appendix 15).

² For the conditions of use of this frequency, see Article 31.

³ Ship stations may use the coast station receiving frequencies of channel Nos. 25 up to and including 34 for transmitting A1A or A1B Morse telegraphy (working).

⁴ Ship stations may use the coast station receiving frequencies of channel Nos. 29 up to and including 40 for transmitting A1A or A1B Morse telegraphy (working).

Table of frequencies for two-frequency operation by coast stations (kHz)

Channel	12 MHz band ⁵		16 MHz	z band ⁶	18/19 M	Hz band
No.	Transmit	Receive	Transmit	Receive	Transmit	Receive
1	12 579.5	12477	16 807	16683.5	19 681	18 870.5
2	12 580	12477.5	16 807.5	16684	19 681.5	18 871
3	12 580.5	12478	16 808	16684.5	19 682	18 871.5
4	12 581	12478.5	16 808.5	16685	19 682.5	18 872
5	12 581.5	12479	16 809	16685.5	19 683	18 872.5
6	12 582	12479.5	16809.5	16686	19 683.5	18 873
7	12 582.5	12480	16810	16686.5	19 684	18 873.5
8	12 583	12480.5	16810.5	16687	19 684.5	18 874
9	12 583.5	12481	16811	16687.5	19 685	18 874.5
10	12 584	12481.5	16811.5	16688	19 685.5	18 875
11	12 584.5	12 482	16812	16 688.5	19 686	18 875.5
12	12 585	12 482.5	16812.5	16 689	19 686.5	18 876
13	12 585.5	12 483	16813	16 689.5	19 687	18 876.5
14	12 586	12 483.5	16813.5	16 690	19 687.5	18 877
15	12 586.5	12 484	16814	16 690.5	19 688	18 877.5
16	12 587	12484.5	16814.5	16 691	19 688.5	18 878
17	12 587.5	12485	16815	16 691.5	19 689	18 878.5
18	12 588	12485.5	16815.5	16 692	19 689.5	18 879
19	12 588.5	12486	16816	16 692.5	19 690	18 879.5
20	12 589	12486.5	16816.5	16 693	19 690.5	18 880
21 22 23 24 25	12 589.5 12 590 12 590.5 12 591 12 591.5	12487 12487.5 12488 12488.5 12489	16817 16817.5 16818 16695 ² 16818.5	16 693.5 16 694 16 694.5 16 695.5	19 691 19 691.5 19 692 19 692.5 19 693	18 880.5 18 881 18 881.5 18 882 18 882.5
26	12 592	12489.5	16819	16 696	19 693.5	18 883
27	12 592.5	12490	16819.5	16 696.5	19 694	18 883.5
28	12 593	12490.5	16820	16 697	19 694.5	18 884
29	12 593.5	12491	16820.5	16 697.5	19 695	18 884.5
30	12 594	12491.5	16821	16 698	19 695.5	18 885
31	12 594.5	12492	16 821.5	16698.5	19 696	18 885.5
32	12 595	12492.5	16 822	16699	19 696.5	18 886
33	12 595.5	12493	16 822.5	16699.5	19 697	18 886.5
34	12 596	12493.5	16 823	16700	19 697.5	18 887
35	12 596.5	12494	16 823.5	16700.5	19 698	18 887.5
36	12 597	12 494.5	16 824	16701	19 698.5	18 888
37	12 597.5	12 495	16 824.5	16701.5	19 699	18 888.5
38	12 598	12 495.5	16 825	16702	19 699.5	18 889
39	12 598.5	12 496	16 825.5	16702.5	19 700	18 889.5
40	12 599	12 496.5	16 826	16703	19 700.5	18 890
41	12 599.5	12497	16 826.5	16703.5	19701	18 890.5
42	12 600	12497.5	16 827	16704	19701.5	18 891
43	12 600.5	12498	16 827.5	16704.5	19702	18 891.5
44	12 601	12498.5	16 828	16705	19702.5	18 892
45	12 601.5	12499	16 828.5	16705.5	19703	18 892.5

⁵ Ship stations may use the coast station receiving frequencies of channel Nos. 58 up to and including 156 for transmitting A1A or A1B Morse telegraphy (working), with the exception of channel No. 87 (see Appendix 15).

⁶ Ship stations may use the coast station receiving frequencies of channel Nos. 71 up to and including 193 for transmitting A1A or A1B Morse telegraphy (working).

Table of frequencies for two-frequency operation by coast stations $(kHz)\,$

Channel	12 MHz ba	and 5 (cont.)	16 MHz ba	and 6 (cont.)
No.	Transmit	Receive	Transmit	Receive
46	12 602	12 499.5	16 829	16706
47	12 602.5	12 500	16 829.5	16706.5
48	12 603	12 500.5	16 830	16707
49	12 603.5	12 501	16 830.5	16707.5
50	12 604	12 501.5	16 831	16708
51	12 604.5	12 502	16 831.5	16708.5
52	12 605	12 502.5	16 832	16709
53	12 605.5	12 503	16 832.5	16709.5
54	12 606	12 503.5	16 833	16710
55	12 606.5	12 504	16 833.5	16710.5
56	12 607	12 504.5	16 834	16711
57	12 607.5	12 505	16 834.5	16711.5
58	12 608	12 505.5	16 835	16712
59	12 608.5	12 506	16 835.5	16712.5
60	12 609	12 506.5	16 836	16713
61	12 609.5	12 507	16 836.5	16713.5
62	12 610	12 507.5	16 837	16714
63	12 610.5	12 508	16 837.5	16714.5
64	12 611	12 508.5	16 838	16715
65	12 611.5	12 509	16 838.5	16715.5
66	12 612	12509.5	16 839	16716
67	12 612.5	12510	16 839.5	16716.5
68	12 613	12510.5	16 840	16717
69	12 613.5	12511	16 840.5	16717.5
70	12 614	12511.5	16 841	16718
71	12 614.5	12512	16 841.5	16718.5
72	12 615	12512.5	16 842	16719
73	12 615.5	12513	16 842.5	16719.5
74	12 616	12513.5	16 843	16720
75	12 616.5	12514	16 843.5	16720.5
76	12 617	12514.5	16 844	16721
77	12 617.5	12515	16 844.5	16721.5
78	12 618	12515.5	16 845	16722
79	12 618.5	12516	16 845.5	16722.5
80	12 619	12516.5	16 846	16723
81	12 619.5	12517	16 846.5	16723.5
82	12 620	12517.5	16 847	16724
83	12 620.5	12518	16 847.5	16724.5
84	12 621	12518.5	16 848	16725
85	12 621.5	12519	16 848.5	16725.5
86	12 622	12 519.5	16 849	16726
87	12 520 ²	12 520 ²	16 849.5	16726.5
88	12 622.5	12 520.5	16 850	16727
89	12 623	12 521	16 850.5	16727.5
90	12 623.5	12 521.5	16 851	16728
91	12 624	12 522	16851.5	16728.5
92	12 624.5	12 522.5	16852	16729
93	12 625	12 523	16852.5	16729.5
94	12 625.5	12 523.5	16853	16730
95	12 626	12 524	16853.5	16730.5

Table of frequencies for two-frequency operation by coast stations (kHz)

Channel	12 MHz ba	and 5 (cont.)	16 MHz ba	and 6 (cont.)
No.	Transmit	Receive	Transmit	Receive
96	12 626.5	12 524.5	16 854	16731
97	12 627	12 525	16 854.5	16731.5
98	12 627.5	12 525.5	16 855	16732
99	12 628	12 526	16 855.5	16732.5
100	12 628.5	12 526.5	16 856	16733
101	12 629	12 527	16 856.5	16733.5
102	12 629.5	12 527.5	16 857	16739
103	12 630	12 528	16 857.5	16739.5
104	12 630.5	12 528.5	16 858	16740
105	12 631	12 529	16 858.5	16740.5
106	12 631.5	12 529.5	16 859	16741
107	12 632	12 530	16 859.5	16741.5
108	12 632.5	12 530.5	16 860	16742
109	12 633	12 531	16 860.5	16742.5
110	12 633.5	12 531.5	16 861	16743
111	12 634	12 532	16 861.5	16743.5
112	12 634.5	12 532.5	16 862	16744
113	12 635	12 533	16 862.5	16744.5
114	12 635.5	12 533.5	16 863	16745
115	12 636	12 534	16 863.5	16745.5
116	12 636.5	12 534.5	16 864	16746
117	12 637	12 535	16 864.5	16746.5
118	12 637.5	12 535.5	16 865	16747
119	12 638	12 536	16 865.5	16747.5
120	12 638.5	12 536.5	16 866	16748
121	12 639	12 537	16 866.5	16748.5
122	12 639.5	12 537.5	16 867	16749
123	12 640	12 538	16 867.5	16749.5
124	12 640.5	12 538.5	16 868	16750
125	12 641	12 539	16 868.5	16750.5
126	12 641.5	12 539.5	16 869	16751
127	12 642	12 540	16 869.5	16751.5
128	12 642.5	12 540.5	16 870	16752
129	12 643	12 541	16 870.5	16752.5
130	12 643.5	12 541.5	16 871	16753
131	12 644	12 542	16 871.5	16753.5
132	12 644.5	12 542.5	16 872	16754
133	12 645	12 543	16 872.5	16754.5
134	12 645.5	12 543.5	16 873	16755
135	12 646	12 544	16 873.5	16755.5
136	12 646.5	12 544.5	16 874	16756
137	12 647	12 545	16 874.5	16756.5
138	12 647.5	12 545.5	16 875	16757
139	12 648	12 546	16 875.5	16757.5
140	12 648.5	12 546.5	16 876	16758
141	12 649	12 547	16 876.5	16758.5
142	12 649.5	12 547.5	16 877	16759
143	12 650	12 548	16 877.5	16759.5
144	12 650.5	12 548.5	16 878	16760
145	12 651	12 549	16 878.5	16760.5

Table of frequencies for two-frequency operation by coast stations (kHz)

Channel	12 MHz ba	and ⁵ (end)	16 MHz ba	and ⁶ (end)
No.	Transmit	Receive	Transmit	Receive
146 147 148 149 150	12 651.5 12 652 12 652.5 12 653 12 653.5	12 549.5 12 555 12 555.5 12 556 12 556.5	16 879 16 879.5 16 880 16 880.5 16 881	16761 16761.5 16762 16762.5 16763
151 152 153 154 155	12 654 12 654.5 12 655 12 655.5 12 656	12 557 12 557.5 12 558 12 558.5 12 559	16 881.5 16 882 16 882.5 16 883 16 883.5	16763.5 16764 16764.5 16765 16765.5
156 157 158 159 160	12 656.5	12559.5	16 884 16 884.5 16 885 16 885.5 16 886	16766 16766.5 16767 16767.5 16768
161 162 163 164 165			16 886.5 16 887 16 887.5 16 888 16 888.5	16768.5 16769 16769.5 16770 16770.5
166 167 168 169 170			16 889 16 889.5 16 890 16 890.5 16 891	16771 16771.5 16772 16772.5 16773
171 172 173 174 175			16 891.5 16 892 16 892.5 16 893.5	16773.5 16774 16774.5 16775 16775.5
176 177 178 179 180			16 894 16 894.5 16 895 16 895.5 16 896	16776 16776.5 16777 16777.5 16778
181 182 183 184 185			16 896.5 16 897 16 897.5 16 898 16 898.5	16778.5 16779 16779.5 16780 16780.5
186 187 188 189 190			16 899 16 899.5 16 900 16 900.5 16 901	16781 16781.5 16782 16782.5 16783
191 192 193			16 901.5 16 902 16 902.5	16783.5 16784 16784.5

Table of frequencies for two-frequency operation by coast stations (kHz)

Channel	22 MHz	z band ⁷	25/26 M	Hz band
No.	Transmit	Receive	Transmit	Receive
1	22 376.5	22 284.5	26101	25 173
2	22 377	22 285	26101.5	25 173.5
3	22 377.5	22 285.5	26102	25 174
4	22 378	22 286	26102.5	25 174.5
5	22 378.5	22 286.5	26103	25 175
6	22 379	22 287	26 103.5	25 175.5
7	22 379.5	22 287.5	26 104	25 176
8	22 380	22 288	26 104.5	25 176.5
9	22 380.5	22 288.5	26 105	25 177
10	22 381	22 289	26 105.5	25 177.5
11	22 381.5	22 289.5	26106	25 178
12	22 382	22 290	26106.5	25 178.5
13	22 382.5	22 290.5	26107	25 179
14	22 383	22 291	26107.5	25 179.5
15	22 383.5	22 291.5	26108	25 180
16	22 384	22 292	26108.5	25 180.5
17	22 384.5	22 292.5	26109	25 181
18	22 385	22 293	26109.5	25 181.5
19	22 385.5	22 293.5	26110	25 182
20	22 386	22 294	26110.5	25 182.5
21	22 386.5	22 294.5	26111	25 183
22	22 387	22 295	26111.5	25 183.5
23	22 387.5	22 295.5	26112	25 184
24	22 388	22 296	26112.5	25 184.5
25	22 388.5	22 296.5	26113	25 185
26	22 389	22 297	26113.5	25 185.5
27	22 389.5	22 297.5	26114	25 186
28	22 390	22 298	26114.5	25 186.5
29	22 390.5	22 298.5	26115	25 187
30	22 391	22 299	26115.5	25 187.5
31	22 391.5	22 299.5	26116	25 188
32	22 392	22 300	26116.5	25 188.5
33	22 392.5	22 300.5	26117	25 189
34	22 393	22 301	26117.5	25 189.5
35	22 393.5	22 301.5	26118	25 190
36	22 394	22 302	26118.5	25 190.5
37	22 394.5	22 302.5	26119	25 191
38	22 395	22 303	26119.5	25 191.5
39	22 395.5	22 303.5	26120	25 192
40	22 396	22 304	26120.5	25 192.5
41 42 43 44 45	22 396.5 22 397 22 397.5 22 398 22 398.5	22 304.5 22 305 22 305.5 22 306 22 306.5		
46 47 48 49 50	22 399 22 399.5 22 400 22 400.5 22 401	22 307 22 307.5 22 308 22 308.5 22 309		

No. 68 up to and including 135 for transmitting A1A or A1B Morse telegraphy (working).

Table of frequencies for two-frequency operation by coast stations (kHz)

Channel	22 MHz ba	and 7 (cont.)
No.	Transmit	Receive
51	22 401.5	22 309.5
52	22 402	22 310
53	22 402.5	22 310.5
54	22 403	22 311
55	22 403.5	22 311.5
56	22 404	22 312
57	22 404.5	22 312.5
58	22 405	22 313
59	22 405.5	22 313.5
60	22 406	22 314
61	22 406.5	22 314.5
62	22 407	22 315
63	22 407.5	22 315.5
64	22 408	22 316
65	22 408.5	22 316.5
66	22 409	22 317
67	22 409.5	22 317.5
68	22 410	22 318
69	22 410.5	22 318.5
70	22 411	22 319
71	22 411.5	22 319.5
72	22 412	22 320
73	22 412.5	22 320.5
74	22 413	22 321
75	22 413.5	22 321.5
76	22 414	22 322
77	22 414.5	22 322.5
78	22 415	22 323
79	22 415.5	22 323.5
80	22 416	22 324
81	22 416.5	22 324.5
82	22 417	22 325
83	22 417.5	22 325.5
84	22 418	22 326
85	22 418.5	22 326.5
86	22 419	22 327
87	22 419.5	22 327.5
88	22 420	22 328
89	22 420.5	22 328.5
90	22 421	22 329
91	22 421.5	22 329.5
92	22 422	22 330
93	22 422.5	22 330.5
94	22 423	22 331
95	22 423.5	22 331.5
96	22 424	22 332
97	22 424.5	22 332.5
98	22 425	22 333
99	22 425.5	22 333.5
100	22 426	22 334
101	22 426.5	22 334.5
102	22 427	22 335
103	22 427.5	22 335.5
104	22 428	22 336
105	22 428.5	22 336.5

Table of frequencies for two-frequency operation by coast stations (kHz)

Channel	22 MHz ba	and ⁷ (end)
No.	Transmit	Receive
106	22 429	22 337
107	22 429.5	22 337.5
108	22 430	22 338
109	22 430.5	22 338.5
110	22 431	22 339
111	22 431.5	22 339.5
112	22 432	22 340
113	22 432.5	22 340.5
114	22 433	22 341
115	22 433.5	22 341.5
116	22 434	22 342
117	22 434.5	22 342.5
118	22 435	22 343
119	22 435.5	22 343.5
120	22 436	22 344
121	22 436.5	22 344.5
122	22 437	22 345
123	22 437.5	22 345.5
124	22 438	22 346
125	22 438.5	22 346.5
126	22 439	22 347
127	22 439.5	22 347.5
128	22 440	22 348
129	22 440.5	22 348.5
130	22 441	22 349
131	22 441.5	22 349.5
132	22 442	22 350
133	22 442.5	22 350.5
134	22 443	22 351
135	22 443.5	22 351.5

Section III – Narrow-band direct-printing telegraphy (non-paired frequencies)

- 1 One or more frequencies are assigned to each ship station as transmitting frequencies.
- 2 All frequencies in this Appendix may also be used by ship stations for transmitting A1A or A1B Morse telegraphy (working).
- 3 All frequencies appearing in this Appendix may be used for NBDP duplex operation.

The corresponding coast station frequencies should be selected by the administration concerned from the sub-bands for coast station wideband telegraphy, A1A or A1B Morse telegraphy, facsimile, special and data transmission systems and direct-printing telegraphy systems.

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 $4\,$ The speed of the narrow-band direct-printing telegraphy and data systems shall not exceed 100 Bd for FSK and 200 Bd for PSK.

Table of ship station transmitting frequencies (kHz)

			Fre	equency ban	ds			
Channel No.	4 MHz	6 MHz	8 MHz	12 MHz	16 MHz	18/19 MHz	22 MHz	25/26 MHz
1 2 3 4 5	4 202.5 4 203 4 203.5 4 204 4 204.5	6300.5 6301 6301.5 6302 6302.5	8 396.5 8 397 8 397.5 8 398 8 398.5	12 560 12 560.5 12 561 12 561.5 12 562	16785 16785.5 16786 16786.5 16787	18 893 18 893.5 18 894 18 894.5 18 895	22 352 22 352.5 22 353 22 353.5 22 354	25 193 25 193.5 25 194 25 194.5 25 195
6 7 8 9 10	4 205 4 205.5 4 206 4 206.5 4 207	6303 6303.5 6304 6304.5 6305	8 399 8 399.5 8 400 8 400.5 8 401	12 562.5 12 563 12 563.5 12 564 12 564.5	16787.5 16788 16788.5 16789 16789.5	18 895.5 18 896 18 896.5 18 897 18 897.5	22 354.5 22 355 22 355.5 22 356 22 356.5	25 195.5 25 196 25 196.5 25 197 25 197.5
11 12 13 14 15		6305.5 6306 6306.5 6307 6307.5	8 401.5 8 402 8 402.5 8 403 8 403.5	12 565 12 565.5 12 566 12 566.5 12 567	16790 16790.5 16791 16791.5 16792	18 898	22 357 22 357.5 22 358 22 358.5 22 359	25 198 25 198.5 25 199 25 199.5 25 200
16 17 18 19 20		6308 6308.5 6309 6309.5 6310	8 404 8 404.5 8 405 8 405.5 8 406	12 567.5 12 568 12 568.5 12 569 12 569.5	16792.5 16793 16793.5 16794 16794.5		22 359.5 22 360 22 360.5 22 361 22 361.5	25 200.5 25 201 25 201.5 25 202 25 202.5
21 22 23 24 25		6310.5 6311 6311.5	8 406.5 8 407 8 407.5 8 408 8 408.5	12 570 12 570.5 12 571 12 571.5 12 572	16795 16795.5 16796 16796.5 16797		22 362 22 362.5 22 363 22 363.5 22 364	25 203 25 203.5 25 204 25 204.5 25 205
26 27 28 29 30			8409 8409.5 8410 8410.5 8411	12 572.5 12 573 12 573.5 12 574 12 574.5	16797.5 16798 16798.5 16799 16799.5		22 364.5 22 365 22 365.5 22 366 22 366.5	25 205.5 25 206 25 206.5 25 207 25 207.5
31 32 33 34 35			8411.5 8412 8412.5 8413 8413.5	12 575 12 575.5 12 576 12 576.5	16 800 16 800.5 16 801 16 801.5 16 802		22 367 22 367.5 22 368 22 368.5 22 369	25 208
36 37 38 39 40			8414		16 802.5 16 803 16 803.5 16 804		22 369.5 22 370 22 370.5 22 371 22 371.5	
41 42 43 44 45							22 372 22 372.5 22 373 22 373.5 22 374	

Section IV - Morse telegraphy (calling)

Table of calling frequencies assignable to ship stations for A1A or A1B Morse telegraphy at speeds not exceeding 40 Bd* (kHz)

Group	Channel series	4 MHz band	6 MHz band	8 MHz band	12 MHz band	16 MHz band	22 MHz band	25/26 MHz band
I	1 2	4 182 4 182.5	6277 6277.5	8 366 8 366.5	12 550 12 550.5	16734 16734.5	22 279.5 22 280	Channel A 25 171.5 Groups I and II
Common channel Common channel	3 4	4 184 4 184.5	6 276 6 276.5	8 368 8 369	12 552 12 553.5	16736 16738	22 280.5 22 281	Common channel C 25 172
II	5 6	4 183 4 183.5	6278 6278.5	8367 8367.5	12551 12551.5	16735 16735.5	22 281.5 22 282	Channel A 25 171.5 Groups I and II
III	7 8	4 185 4 185.5	6 279 6 279.5	8 368.5 8 369.5	12 552.5 12 553	16736.5 16737	22 282.5 22 283	Channel B 25 172.5
IV	9 10	4 186 4 186.5	6280 6280.5	8 370 8 370.5	12554 12554.5	16737.5 16738.5	22 283.5 22 284	Groups III and IV

^{*} Channel width in every band: 0.5 kHz.

NOTES

- Only the common channels in the 4, 6, 8, 12 and 16 MHz for A1A Morse telegraphy are harmonically related.
- Administrations should assign the frequencies as they appear in this Appendix only to ship stations equipped with cristal controlled oscillators.
- 3 However, administrations may subdivide each appropriate group channel and common channel into specific calling frequencies on every full 100 Hz in the channel and assign these discrete frequencies to ships with synthetized transmitters.

Examples of subdivision of channels (centre frequencies are underlined)

4182.1 6277.1 8366.1 12550.1 16734.1 22279.6 25171.							25 171.3 25 171.4 25 171.5 25 171.6 25 171.7
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 $^{^4}$ Administrations should avoid as far as possible, assigning the two frequencies at $\pm\,100$ Hz from the harmonically related common channel.

In the 22 MHz bands and 25/26 MHz bands the channels are not harmonically related to those in the 4 to 16 MHz bands. However, the principle of subdivision of channels into specific calling frequencies on 100 Hz applies.

Section V - Morse telegraphy (working)

Table of working frequencies (kHz) assignable to ship stations for A1A or A1B Morse telegraphy at speeds not exceeding 40 Bd

(See also Part A, Note e))

			Frequen	ncy bands			
Channel No.	4 MHz	6 MHz	8 MHz	12 MHz	16 MHz	22 MHz	25/26 MHz
1	4187	6285	8 342	12 422	16619	22 242	25 161.5
2	4187.5	6285.5	8 342.5	12 422.5	16619.5	22 242.5	25 162
3	4188	6286	8 343	12 423	16620	22 243	25 162.5
4	4188.5	6286.5	8 343.5	12 423.5	16620.5	22 243.5	25 163
5	4189	6287	8 344	12 424	16621	22 244	25 163.5
6	4189.5	6287.5	8 344.5	12 424.5	16 621.5	22 244.5	25 164
7	4190	6288	8 345	12 425	16 622	22 245	25 164.5
8	4190.5	6288.5	8 345.5	12 425.5	16 622.5	22 245.5	25 165
9	4191	6289	8 346	12 426	16 623	22 246	25 165.5
10	4191.5	6289.5	8 346.5	12 426.5	16 623.5	22 246.5	25 166
11	4192	6290	8 347	12 427	16 624	22 247	25 166.5
12	4192.5	6290.5	8 347.5	12 427.5	16 624.5	22 247.5	25 167
13	4193	6291	8 348	12 428	16 625	22 248	25 167.5
14	4193.5	6291.5	8 348.5	12 428.5	16 625.5	22 248.5	25 168
15	4194	6292	8 349	12 429	16 626	22 249	25 168.5
16	4 194.5	6292.5	8 349.5	12 429.5	16 626.5	22 249.5	25 169
17	4 195	6293	8 350	12 430	16 627	22 250	25 169.5
18	4 195.5	6293.5	8 350.5	12 430.5	16 627.5	22 250.5	25 170
19	4 196	6294	8 351.	12 431	16 628	22 251	25 170.5
20	4 196.5	6294.5	8 351.5	12 431.5	16 628.5	22 251.5	25 171
21	4197	6295	8 352	12 432	16 629	22 252	
22	4197.5	6295.5	8 352.5	12 432.5	16 629.5	22 252.5	
23	4198	6296	8 353	12 433	16 630	22 253	
24	4198.5	6296.5	8 353.5	12 433.5	16 630.5	22 253.5	
25	4199	6297	8 354	12 434	16 631	22 254	
26	4199.5	6297.5	8 354.5	12 434.5	16 631.5	22 254.5	
27	4200	6298	8 355	12 435	16 632	22 255	
28	4200.5	6298.5	8 355.5	12 435.5	16 632.5	22 255.5	
29	4201	6299	8 356	12 436	16 633	22 256	
30	4201.5	6299.5	8 356.5	12 436.5	16 633.5	22 256.5	
31 32 33 34 35	4202	6300	8 357 8 357.5 8 358 8 358.5 8 359	12 437 12 437.5 12 438 12 438.5 12 439	16 634 16 634.5 16 635 16 635.5 16 636	22 257 22 257.5 22 258 22 258.5 22 259	
36 37 38 39 40			8 359.5 8 360 8 360.5 8 361 8 361.5	12 439.5 12 440 12 440.5 12 441 12 441.5	16 636.5 16 637 16 637.5 16 638 16 638.5	22 259.5 22 260 22 260.5 22 261 22 261.5	
41 42 43 44 45			8 362 8 362.5 8 363 8 363.5 8 364	12 442 12 442.5 12 443 12 443.5 12 444	16 639 16 639.5 16 640 16 640.5 16 641	22 262 22 262.5 22 263 22 263.5 22 264	

			Frequency	bands (cont.)		
Channel No.	4 MHz	6 MHz	8 MHz	12 MHz	16 MHz	22 MHz	25/26 MHz
46 47 48 49 50			8 364.5 8 365 8 365.5 8 371 8 371.5	12 444.5 12 445 12 445.5 12 446 12 446.5	16 641.5 16 642 16 642.5 16 643 16 643.5	22 264.5 22 265 22 265.5 22 266 22 266.5	
51 52 53 54 55			8 372 8 372.5 8 373 8 373.5 8 374	12 447 12 447.5 12 448 12 448.5 12 449	16 644 16 644.5 16 645 16 645.5 16 646	22 267 22 267.5 22 268 22 268.5 22 269	
56 57 58 59 60			8 374.5 8 375 8 375.5 8 376	12 449.5 12 450 12 450.5 12 451 12 451.5	16 646.5 16 647 16 647.5 16 648 16 648.5	22 269.5 22 270 22 270.5 22 271 22 271.5	
61 62 63 64 65				12 452 12 452.5 12 453 12 453.5 12 454	16 649 16 649.5 16 650 16 650.5 16 651	22 272 22 272.5 22 273 22 273.5 22 274	
66 67 68 69 70				12 454.5 12 455 12 455.5 12 456 12 456.5	16651.5 16652 16652.5 16653 16653.5	22 274.5 22 275 22 275.5 22 276 22 276.5	
71 72 73 74 75				12 457 12 457.5 12 458 12 458.5 12 459	16 654 16 654.5 16 655 16 655.5 16 656	22 277 22 277.5 22 278 22 278.5 22 279	
76 77 78 79 80				12 459.5 12 460 12 460.5 12 461 12 461.5	16656.5 16657 16657.5 16658 16658.5		
81 82 83 84 85				12 462 12 462.5 12 463 12 463.5 12 464	16 659 16 659.5 16 660 16 660.5 16 661		
86 87 88 89 90				12 464.5 12 465 12 465.5 12 466 12 466.5	16 661.5 16 662 16 662.5 16 663 16 663.5		
91 92 93 94 95				12 467 12 467.5 12 468 12 468.5 12 469	16 664 16 664.5 16 665 16 665.5 16 666		

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			Frequency	bands (end))		
Channel No.	4 MHz	6 MHz	8 MHz	12 MHz	16 MHz	22 MHz	25/26 MHz
96 97 98 99 100				12 469.5 12 470 12 470.5 12 471 12 471.5	16 666.5 16 667 16 667.5 16 668 16 668.5		
101 102 103 104 105				12 472 12 472.5 12 473 12 473.5 12 474	16 669 16 669.5 16 670 16 670.5 16 671		
106 107 108 109 110				12 474.5 12 475 12 475.5 12 476 12 476.5	16 671.5 16 672 16 672.5 16 673 16 673.5		
111 112 113 114 115					16 674 16 674.5 16 675 16 675.5 16 676		
116 117 118 119 120					16 676.5 16 677 16 677.5 16 678 16 678.5		
121 122 123 124 125					16679 16679.5 16680 16680.5 16681		
126 127 128 129					16 681.5 16 682 16 682.5 16 683		

ANNEX 2 (WRC-12)

Frequency and channelling arrangements in the high-frequency bands for the maritime mobile service, which enter into force on 1 January 2017 (WRC-12)

PART A - Table of subdivided bands (WRC-12)

In the Table, where appropriate¹, the assignable frequencies in a given band for each usage are:

- indicated by the lowest and highest frequency, in heavy type, assigned in that band;
- regularly spaced, the number of assignable frequencies (f.) and the spacing in kHz being indicated in italics.

Table of frequencies (kHz) to be used in the band between 4 000 kHz and 27 500 kHz allocated exclusively to the maritime mobile service

Band (MHz)	4	6	8	12	16	18/19	22	25/26
Limits (kHz)	4 0 6 3	6 200	8 195	12 230	16 360	18 780	22 000	25 070
Frequencies assignable to ship stations for oceanographic data transmission c)	4 063.3 to 4 064.8 6 f. 0.3 kHz							
Limits (kHz)	4 0 6 5	6 200	8 195	12 230	16 360	18 780	22 000	25 070
Frequencies assignable to ship stations for telephony, duplex operation a) i) t) w)	4 066.4 to 4 144.4 27 f. 3 kHz	6201.4 to 6222.4 8 f. 3 kHz	8 196.4 to 8 292.4 33 f. 3 kHz	12 231.4 to 12 351.4 41 f. 3 kHz	16 361.4 to 16 526.4 56 f. 3 kHz	18781.4 to 18823.4 15 f. 3 kHz	22 001.4 to 22 157.4 53 f. 3 kHz	25 071.4 to 25 098.4 10 f. 3 kHz
Limits (kHz)	4 146	6 2 2 4	8 294	12 353	16 528	18 825	22 159	25 100

Within the non-shaded boxes.

Table of frequencies (kHz) to be used in the band between 4000 kHz and 27 500 kHz allocated exclusively to the maritime mobile service (continued)

Band (MHz)	4	6	8	12	16	18/19	22	25/26
Limits (kHz)	4 146	6 2 2 4	8 294	12 353	16 528	18 825	22 159	25 100
Frequencies assignable to ship stations as well as coast stations for telephony, simplex operation (a) (u) (v) (w)	4 147.4 to 4 150.4 2 f. 3 kHz	6 225.4 to 6 231.4 3 f. 3 kHz	8 295.4 to 8 298.4 2 f. 3 kHz	12 354.4 to 12 366.4 5 f. 3 kHz	16 529.4 to 16 547.4 7 f. 3 kHz	18 826.4 to 18 844.4 7 f. 3 kHz	22 160.4 to 22 178.4 7 f. 3 kHz	25 101.4 to 25 119.4 7 f. 3 kHz
Limits (kHz)	4 152	6 233	8 300	12 368	16 549	18 846	22 180	25 121
Frequencies assignable to ship stations for data transmission	4 153.5 to 4 168.5	6 234.5 to 6 258.5	8 301.5 to 8 337.5	12 369.5 to 12 417.5	16 550.5 to 16 613.5	18 847.5 to 18 871.5	22 181.5 to 22 238.5	25 122.5 to 25 176.5
e) m) p) q) r) u) w)	6 f. 3 kHz	9 f. 3 kHz	13 f. 3 kHz	17 f. 3 kHz	22 f. 3 kHz	9 f. 3 kHz	20 f. 3 kHz	19 f. 3 kHz
Limits (kHz)	4 170	6 260	8 339	12 419	16 615	18 873	22 240	25 178
Frequencies assignable to ship as well as coast stations for data transmission e) m) p) q) u) w)								25 179.5 to 25 206.5 10 f. 3 kHz
Limits (kHz)	4 170	6 2 6 0	8 3 3 9	12419	16615	18 873	22 240	25 208.25
Frequencies (paired and non-paired) assignable to ship stations for narrowband direct-printing (NBDP) telegraphy and data transmission systems at speeds not exceeding 100 Bd for FSK and 200 Bd for PSK		6 260.25 to 6 260.75 2 f. 0.5 kHz	8 339.25 to 8 339.75 2 f. 0.5 kHz	12 419.25 to 12 419.75 2 f. 0.5 kHz	16 615.25 to 16 616.75 4 f. 0.5 kHz	18 873.5 to 18 880 14 f. 0.5 kHz		
Limits (kHz)	4 170	6261	8 340	12 420	16617	18 880.25	22 240	25 208.25
Frequencies assignable to ship stations for oceanographic data transmission c)		6261.3 to 6262.5 5 f. 0.3 kHz	8 340.3 to 8 341.5 5 f. 0.3 kHz	12 420.3 to 12 421.5 5 f. 0.3 kHz	16 617.3 to 16 618.5 5 f. 0.3 kHz		22 240.3 to 22 241.5 5 f. 0.3 kHz	
Limits (kHz)	4 170	6 262.75	8 341.75	12 421.75	16 618.75	18 880.25	22 241.75	25 208.25

Table of frequencies (kHz) to be used in the band between 4 000 kHz and 27 500 kHz allocated exclusively to the maritime mobile service (continued)

Band (MHz)	4	6	8	12	16	18/19	22	25/26
Limits (kHz)	4 170	6 2 6 2 . 7 5	8 341.75	12 421.75	16 618.75	18 880.25	22 241.75	25 208.25
Frequencies (paired and non-paired) assignable to ship stations for narrowband direct-printing (NBDP) telegraphy and data transmission systems at speeds not exceeding 100 Bd for FSK and 200 Bd for PSK	4 170.5 to 4 180 20 f. 0.5 kHz	6 263 to 6 269.5 14 f. 0.5 kHz		12 422 1 f. 0.5 kHz				
Limits (kHz)	4 180.25	6 269.75	8 341.75	12 422.25	16 618.75	18 880.25	22 241.75	25 208.25
Frequencies assignable to ship stations for data transmission	4 181.75 to 4 187.75	6 271.25 to 6 277.25	8 343.25 to 8 358.25	12 423.75 to 12 450.75	16 620.25 to 16 680.25	18 881.75 to 18 893.75	22 243.25 to 22 288.25	
e) m) p) q) u) w)	3f. 3 kHz	3 f. 3 kHz	6 f. 3 kHz	10 f. 3 kHz	21 f. 3 kHz	5 f. 3 kHz	16 f. 3 kHz	
Limits (kHz)	4 189.25	6 278.75	8 359.75	12 452.25	16 681.75	18 895.25	22 289.75	25 208.25
Frequencies assignable to ship as well as coast stations for data transmission (e) m) p) q) u) w)	4 190.75 to 4 196.75 3f. 3 kHz	6280.25 to 6310.25	8 361.25 to 8 373.25 5 f. 3 kHz	12 453.75 to 12 474.75 8 f. 3 kHz		18 896.75 1 f. 3 kHz		
Limits (kHz)	4 198.25	6 311.75	8 374.75	12 476.25	16 681.75	18 898.25	22 289.75	25 208.25
Frequencies assignable to coast stations for data transmission (e) m) p) q) u) w)	4 199.75 to 4 205.75 3f. 3 kHz							
Limits (kHz)	4 207.25	6 311.75	8 374.75	12 476.25	16 681.75	18 898.25	22 289.75	25 208.25

Table of frequencies (kHz) to be used in the band between 4000 kHz and 27 500 kHz allocated exclusively to the maritime mobile service (continued)

Band (MHz)	4	6	8	12	16	18/19	22	25/26
Limits (kHz)	4 207.25	6 311.75	8 374.75	12 476.25	16 681.75	18 898.25	22 289.75	25 208.25
Frequencies (paired and non-paired) assignable to ship stations for NBDP telegraphy and data transmission systems at speeds not exceeding 100 bauds for FSK and 200 bauds for PSK			8 375 to 8 383.5 18 f. 0.5 kHz	12 476.5 to 12 522.5 93 f. 0.5 kHz	16 682 to 16 698.5 34 f. 0.5 kHz		22 290 to 22 299 19 f 0.5 kHz	
Limits (kHz)	4 207.25	6311.75	8 383.75	12 522.75	16 698.75	18 898.25	22 299.25	25 208.25
Frequencies assignable to ship as well as coast stations for data transmission (e) (p) (q) (u) (w)			8 385.5 to 8 406.5 8 f. 3 kHz	12 524.25 to 12 575.25 18 f. 3 kHz	16 700.5 to 16 802.5 35 f. 3 kHz		22 300.75 to 22 372.75 25 f. 3 kHz	
Limits (kHz)	4 207.25	6311.75	8 408	12 576.75	16804	18 898.25	22 374.25	25 208.25
Frequencies assignable to coast stations for data transmission e m p q u w)			8 409.5 to 8 412.5 2 f. 3 kHz					
Limits (kHz)	4 207.25	6311.75	8 4 1 4	12 576.75	16 804	18 898.25	22 374.25	25 208.25

Table of frequencies (kHz) to be used in the band between 4000 kHz and 27 500 kHz allocated exclusively to the maritime mobile service (continued)

Band (MHz)	4	6	8	12	16	18/19	22	25/26
Limits (kHz)	4 207.25	6311.75	8414	12 576.75	16 804	18 898.25	22 374.25	25 208.25
Frequencies assignable to ship stations for digital selective calling	4 207.5 to 4 209	6 312 to 6 313.5	8 414.5 to 8 416	12 577 to 12 578.5	16 804.5 to 16 806	18 898.5 to 18 899.5	22 374.5 to 22 375.5	25 208.5 to 25 209.5
k) l)	4 f. 0.5 kHz	4 f. 0.5 kHz	4 f. 0.5 kHz	4 f. 0.5 kHz	4 f. 0.5 kHz	3 f. 0.5 kHz	3 f. 0.5 kHz	3 f. 0.5 kHz
Limits (kHz)	4 209.25	6 313.75	8 416.25	12 578.75	16 806.25	18 899.75	22 375.75	25 210
Limits (kHz)	4 209.25	6313.75	8 416.25	12 578.75	16 806.25	19 680.25	22 375.75	26 100.25
Frequencies (paired and non-paired) assignable to coast stations for NBDP and data transmission systems, at speeds not exceeding 100 Bd for FSK and 200 Bd for PSK	4209.5 to 4216 14 f. 0.5 kHz	6314 to 6321.5 16 f. 0.5 kHz	8 416.5 to 8 423.5 15 f. 0.5 kHz	12 579 to 12 624.5 92 f. 0.5 kHz	16 806.5 to 16 821.5 31 f. 0.5 kHz	19 680.5 1 f. 0.5 kHz	22 376 1 f. 0.5 kHz	26 100.5 to 26 102.5 5 f. 0.5 kHz
b) d) n) o)								
Limits (kHz)	4 216.25	6 321.75	8 423.75	12 624.75	16 821.75	19 680.75	22 376.25	26 102.75
Frequencies assignable to ship stations for data transmission (e) (m) (p) (q) (u) (w)							22 377.75 to 22 380.75 2 f. 3 kHz	
Limits (kHz)	4 216.25	6 321.75	8 423.75	12 624.75	16 821.75	19 680.75	22 382.25	26 102.75
Frequencies assignable to ship as well as coast stations for data transmission e) m) p) q) u) w)	4 217.75 1 f. 3 kHz				16 823.25 to 16 838.25 6 f. 3 kHz			
Limits (kHz)	4 219.25	6 321.75	8 423.75	12 624.75	16 839.75	19 680.75	22 382.25	26 102.75

Table of frequencies (kHz) to be used in the band between 4000 kHz and 27 500 kHz allocated exclusively to the maritime mobile service (continued)

Band (MHz)	4	6	8	12	16	18/19	22	25/26
Limits (kHz)	4 219.25	6 321.75	8 423.75	12 624.75	16 839.75	19 680.75	22 382.25	26 102.75
Frequencies assignable to coast stations for data transmission		6 323.25 to 6329.25	8 425.5 to 8 434.5	12 626.25 to 12 653.25	16 841.25 to 16 901.25	19 682.25		26 104.25 to 26 119.25
e) m) q) u) w)		3 f. 3 kHz	4 f. 3 kHz	10 f. 3 kHz	21 f. 3 kHz	1 f. 3 kHz		6 f. 3 kHz
Limits (kHz)	4 219.25	6 330.75	8 436.25	12 654.75	16 902.75	19 683.75	22 382.25	26 120.75
Frequencies (paired and non-paired) assignable to coast stations for NBDP and data transmission systems, at speeds not exceeding 100 Bd for FSK and 200 Bd for PSK				12 655 to 12 656.5 4 f. 0.5 kHz		19 684 to 19 691 15 f. 0.5 kHz	22 382.5 to 22 389 14 f. 0.5 kHz	
b) d)								
Limits (kHz)	4 219.25	6 330.75	8 436.25	12 656.75	16 902.75	19 691.25	22 389.25	26 120.75
Frequencies assignable to coast stations for data transmission						19 692.75 to 19 701.75	22 390.75 to 22 441.75	
e) m) p) q) u) w)						4 f. 3 kHz	18 f. 3 kHz	
Limits (kHz)	4 219.25	6 330.75	8 436.25	12 656.75	16 902.75	19 703.25	22 443.25	26 120.75
Frequencies (non-paired) assignable to coast stations for NBDP and data transmission systems, at speeds not exceeding 100 Bd for FSK and 200 Bd for PSK							22 443.5 1 f. 0.5 kHz	
Limits (kHz)	4219.25	6 3 3 0 . 7 5	8 436.25	12 656.75	16 902.75	19 703.25	22 443.75	26 120.75
Frequencies assignable to coast stations for digital selective calling	4219.5 to 4220.5 3 f. 0.5 kHz	6331 to 6332 3 f. 0.5 kHz	8 436.5 to 8 437.5 3 f. 0.5 kHz	12 657 to 12 658 3 f. 0.5 kHz	16 903 to 16 904 3 f. 0.5 kHz	19 703.5 to 19 704.5 3 f. 0.5 kHz	22 444 to 22 445 3 f. 0.5 kHz	26 121 to 26 122 3 f. 0.5 kHz
	4 221	6.332.5	8 438	12 658.5	16 904.5	19 705	22 445.5	26 122.5
Limits (kHz)	4 221	0.552.5	8 4 3 8	12 658.5	10 904.5	19 /05	22 445.5	20 122.5

Table of frequencies (kHz) to be used in the band between 4 000 kHz and 27 500 kHz allocated exclusively to the maritime mobile service (end)

Band (MHz)	4	6	8	12	16	18/19	22	25/26
Limits (kHz)	4 2 2 1	6 332.5	8 438	12 658.5	16 904.5	19705	22 445.5	26 122.5
Frequencies assignable for wide-band systems, facsimile, special and data transmission systems and direct-printing telegraphy systems (m) p) s)								
Limits (kHz)	4351	6501	8 707	13 077	17 242	19755	22 696	26 145
Frequencies assignable to coast stations for telephony, duplex operation a) t) w)	4 352.4 to 4 436.4 29 f. 3 kHz	6502.4 to 6523.4 8 f. 3 kHz	8708.4 to 8813.4 36 f. 3 kHz	13 078.4 to 13 198.4 41 f. 3 kHz	17 243.4 to 17 408.4 56 f. 3 kHz	19 756.4 to 19 798.4 15 f. 3 kHz	22 697.4 to 22 853.4 53 f. 3 kHz	26 146.4 to 26 173.4 10 f. 3 kHz
Limits (kHz)	4 4 3 8	6 5 2 5	8 815	13 200	17 410	19 800	22 855	26 175

a	See	Part	R	Section	T
u_{I}	Sec	ган	ь.	Section	1.

- b) See Part B, Section III.
- c) The frequency bands may also be used by buoy stations for oceanographic data transmission and by stations interrogating these buoys.
- d) See Part B. Section II.
- e) See Part B. Section IV.
- i) For the use of the carrier frequencies 4 125 kHz, 6 215 kHz, 8 291 kHz, 12 290 kHz and 16 420 kHz in these sub-bands by ship and coast stations for distress and safety purposes, by single-sideband radiotelephony, see Article 31.
- j) For the use of the assigned frequencies 4 177.5 kHz, 6 268 kHz, 8 376.5 kHz, 12 520 kHz and 16 695 kHz in these sub-bands by ship and coast stations for distress and safety purposes, by NBDP telegraphy, see Article 31.
- k) For the use of the assigned frequencies 4 207.5 kHz, 6 312 kHz, 8 414.5 kHz, 12 577 kHz and 16 804.5 kHz in these sub-bands by ship and coast stations for distress and safety purposes, by digital selective calling, see Article 31.
- l) The following paired assigned frequencies (for ship/coast stations) 4 208/4 219.5 kHz, 6 312.5/6 331 kHz, 8 415/8 436.5 kHz, 12 577.5/12 657 kHz, 16 805/16 903 kHz, 18 898.5/19 703.5 kHz, 22 374.5/22 444 kHz and 25 208.5/26 121 kHz are the first choice international frequencies for digital selective calling (see Article 54).

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- m) Frequencies from these frequency bands may also be used for A1A or A1B Morse telegraphy subject to not claiming protection from other stations in the maritime mobile service using digitally modulated emissions. Any frequencies so assigned shall be multiples of 100 Hz. Administrations shall ensure a uniform distribution of such assignments within the hands.
- n) The assigned frequencies 4 210 kHz, 6 314 kHz, 8 416.5 kHz, 12 579 kHz, 16 806.5 kHz, 19 680.5 kHz, 22 376 kHz and 26 100.5 kHz are the exclusive international frequencies for the transmission of maritime safety information (MSI) (see Articles 31 and 33).
- o) The frequency 4 209.5 kHz is an exclusive international frequency for the transmission of NAVTEX type information (see Articles 31 and 33).
- p) These sub-bands, except the frequencies referred to in Notes i), j), n) and o), are designated for digitally modulated emissions in the maritime mobile service (e.g. as described in Recommendation ITU-R M.1798). The provisions of No. 15.8 apply.
- q) These frequency bands may be used by narrow-band direct-printing applications by administrations, subject to not claiming protection from other stations in the maritime mobile service using digitally modulated emissions.
- r) Frequencies in these bands may be used for wide-band telegraphy, facsimile and special data transmission on the condition that interference is not caused to and protection is not claimed from stations in the maritime mobile service using digitally modulated emissions.
- s) The frequency bands 4 345-4 351 kHz, 6 495-6 501 kHz, 8 701-8 707 kHz may be used for simplex (single-sideband) telephone operation (regularly spaced by 3 kHz), in accordance with provision No. 52.177, subject to not claiming protection from other stations in the maritime mobile service using digitally modulated emissions.
- t) The frequency bands 4 065-4 146 kHz, 4 351-4 438 kHz, 6 200-6 224 kHz, 6 501-6 525 kHz, 8 195-8 294 kHz, 8 707-8 815 kHz, 12 230-12 353 kHz, 13 077-13 200 kHz, 16 360-16 528 kHz, 17 242-17 410 kHz, 18 780-18 825 kHz, 19 755-19 800 kHz, 22 000-22 159 kHz, 22 696-22 855 kHz, 25 070-25 100 kHz and 26 145-26 175 kHz may be used, in accordance with the Appendix 25 allotment Plan, for digitally modulated emissions as described in Recommendation ITU-R M.1798 on the condition that it shall not cause harmful interference to, or claim protection from other stations in the maritime mobile service using radiotelephony operations. The digitally modulated emissions may be used provided that their occupied bandwidth does not exceed 2 800 Hz, it is situated wholly within one frequency channel and the peak envelope power of coast stations does not exceed 10 kW and the peak envelope power of ship stations does not exceed 1.5 kW per channel.
- u) These frequency bands may be used for wide-band digitally modulated emissions by combining multiple 3 kHz contiguous channels.
- v) The frequency bands 4 146-4 152 kHz, 6 224-6 233 kHz, 8 294-8 300 kHz, 12 353-12 368 kHz, 16 528-16 549 kHz, 18 825-18 846 kHz, 22 159-22 180 and 25 100-25 121 kHz may be used for simplex digitally modulated emissions as described in Recommendation ITU-R M.1798 on condition that it shall not cause harmful interference to, or claim protection from other stations in the maritime mobile service using radiotelephony operations. The digitally modulated emissions may be used provided that their occupied bandwidth does not exceed 2 800 Hz, it is situated wholly within one frequency channel and the peak envelope power of coast stations does not exceed 10 kW and the peak envelope power of ship stations does not exceed 1.5 kW per channel.
- w) Administrations that intend to use Annex 2 to introduce data transmissions before 1 January 2017 for stations operating in the maritime mobile service shall not cause harmful interference to nor claim protection from stations in the maritime mobile service operating in accordance with Annex 1 of this Appendix and are encouraged to coordinate bilaterally with affected administrations.

PART B - Channelling arrangements (WRC-12)

Section I - Radiotelephony

- 1 Radiotelephone channelling arrangements for the frequencies to be used by coast and ship stations in the bands allocated to the maritime mobile service are indicated in the following Sub-Sections:
- Sub-Section A Table of single-sideband transmitting frequencies (kHz) for duplex (two-frequency) operation;
- Sub-Section B Table of single-sideband transmitting frequencies (kHz) for simplex (single-frequency) operation and for intership cross-band (two-frequency) operation;
- Sub-Section C-1 Table of recommended single-sideband transmitting frequencies (kHz) for ship stations in the band 4000-4063 kHz shared with the fixed service;
- Sub-Section C-2 Table of recommended single-sideband transmitting frequencies (kHz) for ship and coast stations in the band 8 100-8 195 kHz shared with the fixed service.
- The technical characteristics for single-sideband transmitters are specified in Recommendation ITU-R M.1173.
- One or more series of frequencies from Sub-Section A (with the exception of those frequencies mentioned in § 5 below) may be assigned to each coast station, which uses these frequencies associated in pairs (see No. **52.226**); each pair consists of a transmitting and a receiving frequency. The series shall be selected with due regard to the areas served and so as to avoid, as far as possible, harmful interference between the services of different coast stations.
- 4 The frequencies in Sub-Section B are provided for worldwide common use by ships of all categories, according to traffic requirements, for ship transmissions to coast stations and for intership communication. They are also authorized for worldwide common use for transmissions by coast stations (simplex operation) provided the peak envelope power does not exceed 1 kW.
- 5 The following frequencies in Sub-Section A are allocated for calling purposes:
- Channel No. 421 in the 4 MHz band;
- Channel No. 606 in the 6 MHz band;
- Channel No. 821 in the 8 MHz band:
- Channel No. 1221 in the 12 MHz band;
- Channel No. 1621 in the 16 MHz band:
- Channel No. 1806 in the 18 MHz band;
- Channel No. 2221 in the 22 MHz band;
- Channel No. 2510 in the 25 MHz band.

Calling on the carrier frequencies 12290 kHz and 16420 kHz shall be permitted only to and from rescue coordination centres (see No. 30.6.1), subject to the safeguards of Resolution 352 (WRC-03) (see Nos. 52.221A and 52.222A).

The remaining frequencies in Sub-Sections A, B, C-1 and C-2 are working frequencies.

5A For the use of the carrier frequencies:

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4125 kHz (Channel No. 421);
6215 kHz (Channel No. 606);
8291 kHz (Channel No. 833);
12290 kHz (Channel No. 1221);
16420 kHz (Channel No. 1621);
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in Sub-Section A, by coast and ship stations for distress and safety purposes, see Article 31.

- 6 a) Maritime radiotelephone stations using single-sideband emissions in the bands between 4000 kHz and 27500 kHz exclusively allocated to the maritime mobile service shall operate only on the carrier frequencies shown in the Sub-Sections A and B and, in the case of analogue radiotelephony, shall be in conformity with the technical characteristics specified in Recommendation ITU-R M.1173.
- b) Ship stations, when using frequencies for single-sideband emissions in the bands 4000-4063 kHz and ship and coast stations, when using frequencies for single-sideband emissions in the band 8100-8195 kHz should operate on the carrier frequencies indicated in Sub-Sections C-1 and C-2 respectively. In the case of analogue radiotelephony technical characteristics of the equipment shall be those specified in Recommendation ITU-R M.1173.
- c) Stations, when employing the single-sideband mode for analogue radiotelephony, shall use only class J3E emissions. For digital communications, class J2D emissions shall be used.
- The channelling plan established in Sub-Section C-2 does not prejudice the rights of administrations to establish, and to notify assignments to stations in the maritime mobile service other than those using radiotelephony in the band 8100-8195 kHz, in conformity with the relevant provisions of these Regulations.

 $\label{eq:Sub-Section A} Sub-Section A$ Table of single-sideband transmitting frequencies (kHz) for duplex (two-frequency) operation

		4 MHz	z band	
Channel No.	Coast s	stations	Ship s	tations
	Carrier frequency	Assigned frequency	Carrier frequency	Assigned frequency
401	4 3 5 7	4 358.4	4 065	4 066.4
402	4 3 6 0	4361.4	4 068	4 069.4
403	4 3 6 3	4 3 6 4 . 4	4 071	4 072.4
404	4 3 6 6	4 3 6 7 . 4	4 074	4 075.4
405	4 3 6 9	4 3 7 0 . 4	4 077	4 078.4
406	4 372	4 373.4	4 080	4 081.4
407	4 3 7 5	4 3 7 6 . 4	4 083	4 084.4
408	4 3 7 8	4 379.4	4 086	4 087.4
409	4 381	4 382.4	4 089	4 090.4
410	4 384	4 385.4	4 092	4 093.4
411	4 387	4388.4	4 095	4 096.4
412	4 390	4391.4	4 098	4 099.4
413	4 393	4 3 9 4 . 4	4 101	4 102.4
414	4 3 9 6	4 397.4	4 104	4 105.4
415	4 399	4 400.4	4 107	4 108.4
416	4 402	4 403.4	4 110	4111.4
417	4 405	4 406.4	4113	4 1 1 4 . 4
418	4 408	4 409.4	4116	4 1 1 7 . 4
419	4411	4412.4	4119	4 120.4
420	4414	4415.4	4 122	4 123.4
421	4417*	4418.4*	4 125 * 3	4 126.4 *
422	4 4 2 0	4 421.4	4 128	4 129.4
423	4 423	4 424.4	4 131	4 132.4
424	4 4 2 6	4 427.4	4 134	4 135.4
425	4 429	4430.4	4 137	4 138.4
426	4 432	4433.4	4 140	4 141.4
427	4 4 3 5	4 4 3 6 . 4	4 143	4 144.4
428 1, 2	4 3 5 1	4 352.4	_	_
429 1,2	4 3 5 4	4 355.4	-	-

	6 MHz band							
Channel No.	Coast	stations	Ship s	tations				
	Carrier frequency	Assigned frequency	Carrier frequency	Assigned frequency				
601	6 5 0 1	6 502.4	6 200	6201.4				
602	6 504	6505.4	6 203	6 204.4				
603	6 507	6508.4	6 206	6207.4				
604	6510	6511.4	6 209	6210.4				
605	6513	6514.4	6212	6213.4				
606	6516*	6517.4*	6215*4	6216.4*				
607	6519	6 5 2 0 . 4	6218	6219.4				
608	6 5 2 2	6523.4	6 2 2 1	6222.4				

		8 MHz	z band	
Channel No.	Coast s	tations	Ship s	tations
	Carrier frequency	Assigned frequency	Carrier frequency	Assigned frequency
801	8719	8 720.4	8 195	8 196.4
802	8 722	8723.4	8 198	8 199.4
803	8 725	8 726.4	8 201	8 202.4
804	8 728	8 729.4	8 204	8 205.4
805	8 7 3 1	8 732.4	8 207	8 208.4
806	8 734	8 735.4	8 2 1 0	8 211.4
807	8 737	8 738.4	8 2 1 3	8 214.4
808	8 740	8741.4	8 2 1 6	8 217.4
809	8 743	8 744.4	8 2 1 9	8 220.4
810	8 746	8 747.4	8 222	8 223.4
811	8 749	8 750.4	8 225	8 226.4
812	8 752	8 753.4	8 228	8 229.4
813	8 755	8 756.4	8 231	8 232.4
814	8 7 5 8	8 759.4	8 234	8 235.4
815	8 7 6 1	8 762.4	8 237	8 238.4
816	8 764	8 765.4	8 240	8 241.4
817	8 767	8 768.4	8 243	8 244.4
818	8 770	8771.4	8 246	8 247.4
819	8 773	8774.4	8 249	8 250.4
820	8 776	8 777.4	8 252	8 253.4
821	8779*	8780.4*	8 255 *	8 256.4 *
822	8 782	8 783.4	8 258	8 259.4
823	8 785	8 786.4	8 261	8 262.4
824	8 788	8 789.4	8 264	8 265.4
825	8 791	8 792.4	8 267	8 268.4
826	8 794	8 795.4	8 270	8 271.4
827	8 797	8 798.4	8 273	8 274.4
828	8 800	8 801.4	8 276	8 277.4
829	8 803	8 804.4	8 279	8 280.4
830	8 806	8 807.4	8 282	8 283.4
831	8 809	8 810.4	8 285	8 286.4
832	8 812	8 813.4	8 288	8 289.4
833	8 291 ⁶	8 292.4	8 291 ⁶	8 292.4
834 2,5	8 707	8 708.4	_	_
835 2,5	8710	8711.4	_	_
836 2,5	8713	8714.4	_	_
837 2,5	8716	8717.4	_	_
83/ 2,3	0 / 10	0/1/.4		

	12 MHz band			
Channel No.	Coast stations		Ship stations	
	Carrier frequency	Assigned frequency	Carrier frequency	Assigned frequency
1201	13 077	13 078.4	12 230	12 231.4
1202	13 080	13 081.4	12 233	12 234.4
1203	13 083	13 084.4	12 236	12 237.4
1204	13 086	13 087.4	12 239	12 240.4
1205	13 089	13 090.4	12 242	12 243.4
1206	13 092	13 093.4	12 245	12 246.4
1207	13 095	13 096.4	12 248	12 249.4
1208	13 098	13 099.4	12 251	12252.4
1209	13 101	13 102.4	12 254	12255.4
1210	13 104	13 105.4	12 257	12 258.4
1211	13 107	13 108.4	12 260	12261.4
1212 1213	13 110 13 113	13 111.4 13 114.4	12 263 12 266	12 264.4 12 267.4
1213	13 116	13 114.4	12 266	12 207.4
1214	13 119	13 120.4	12 272	12270.4
1215	13 122	13 123.4	12 272	12275.4
1217	13 125	13 126.4	12 278	12270.4
1217	13 128	13 129.4	12 281	12 282.4
1219	13 131	13 132.4	12 284	12 285.4
1220	13 134	13 135.4	12 287	12 288.4
1221	13 137 *	13 138.4*	12 290 * 7	12 291.4*
1222	13 140	13 141.4	12 293	12 294.4
1223	13 143	13 144.4	12 296	12 297.4
1224	13 146	13 147.4	12 299	12 300.4
1225	13 149	13 150.4	12 302	12303.4
1226	13 152	13 153.4	12 305	12 306.4
1227	13 155	13 156.4	12 308	12309.4
1228	13 158	13 159.4	12311	12312.4
1229	13 161	13 162.4	12314	12315.4
1230	13 164	13 165.4	12317	12318.4
1231	13 167	13 168.4	12320	12321.4
1232	13 170	13 171.4	12 323	12324.4
1233	13 173	13 174.4	12326	12327.4
1234	13 176	13 177.4	12329	12330.4
1235	13 179	13 180.4	12332	12333.4
1236	13 182	13 183.4	12 335	12336.4
1237	13 185	13 186.4	12338	12339.4
1238	13 188	13 189.4	12341	12342.4
1239	13 191	13 192.4	12344	12 345.4
1240	13 194	13 195.4	12 347	12 348.4
1241	13 197	13 198.4	12350	12351.4

	16 MHz band			
Channel No.	Coast stations		Ship stations	
	Carrier frequency	Assigned frequency	Carrier frequency	Assigned frequency
1601	17 242	17 243.4	16360	16361.4
1602	17 245	17 246.4	16363	16 364.4
1603	17 248	17 249.4	16366	16367.4
1604	17 251	17 252.4	16369	16370.4
1605	17 254	17 255.4	16372	16373.4
1606	17 257	17 258.4	16375	16376.4
1607	17 260	17 261.4	16378	16379.4
1608	17 263	17 264.4	16381	16382.4
1609	17 266	17 267.4	16384	16385.4
1610	17 269	17 270.4	16387	16388.4
1611	17 272	17 273.4	16390	16391.4
1612 1613	17 275 17 278	17 276.4 17 279.4	16393 16396	16394.4 16397.4
1614	17 2/8	17 282.4	16396	16 400.4
1614	17 284	17 285.4	16 399	16400.4
1616	17 287	17 288.4	16405	16405.4
1617	17 290	17 291.4	16408	16409.4
1618	17 293	17 294.4	16411	16412.4
1619	17 296	17 297.4	16414	16415.4
1620	17 299	17 300.4	16417	16418.4
1621	17 302 *	17 300.4	16420*8	16421.4*
1622	17 302	17 306.4	16423	16424.4
1623	17 308	17 300.4	16426	16427.4
1624	17 311	17 312.4	16429	16430.4
1625	17311	17 315.4	16432	16433.4
1626	17 317	17318.4	16435	16436.4
1627	17 320	17321.4	16438	16439.4
1628	17 323	17 324.4	16441	16442.4
1629	17 326	17 327.4	16444	16445.4
1630	17 329	17 330.4	16447	16448.4
1631	17 332	17 333.4	16450	16451.4
1632	17 335	17 336.4	16453	16454.4
1633	17 338	17339.4	16456	16457.4
1634	17 341	17 342.4	16459	16460.4
1635	17 344	17 345.4	16462	16 463.4
1636	17 347	17 348.4	16 465	16466.4
1637	17 350	17351.4	16468	16469.4
1638	17 353	17 354.4	16471	16472.4
1639	17 356	17 357.4	16474	16475.4
1640	17 359	17 360.4	16477	16478.4
1641	17 362	17 363.4	16480	16481.4
1642	17 365	17 366.4	16483	16484.4
1643	17 368	17 369.4	16486	16487.4
1644	17 371	17 372.4	16489	16490.4
1645	17 374	17 375.4	16492	16493.4
1646	17 377	17 378.4	16495	16496.4
1647	17 380	17 381.4	16498	16499.4
1648	17 383	17 384.4	16501	16502.4
1649	17 386	17 387.4	16504	16505.4
1650	17 389	17 390.4	16507	16508.4
1651	17 392	17 393.4	16510	16511.4
1652	17 395	17 396.4	16513	16514.4
1653	17 398	17 399.4	16516	16517.4
1654	17 401	17 402.4	16519	16520.4
1655	17 404	17 405.4	16522	16523.4
1656	17 407	17 408.4	16525	16526.4

Channel No.	18/19 MHz band			
	Coast stations		Ship stations	
	Carrier frequency	Assigned frequency	Carrier frequency	Assigned frequency
1801	19755	19756.4	18780	18781.4
1802	19758	19759.4	18783	18784.4
1803	19761	19762.4	18786	18787.4
1804	19764	19765.4	18789	18790.4
1805	19 767	19768.4	18792	18793.4
1806	19770*	19771.4*	18795*	18796.4*
1807	19773	19774.4	18798	18799.4
1808	19776	19777.4	18801	18 802.4
1809	19779	19780.4	18804	18 805.4
1810	19 782	19783.4	18 807	18 808.4
1811	19 785	19786.4	18810	18811.4
1812	19 788	19789.4	18813	18814.4
1813	19791	19792.4	18816	18817.4
1814	19 794	19795.4	18819	18820.4
1815	19 797	19798.4	18822	18 823.4

	22 MHz band			
Channel No.	Coast stations		Ship stations	
	Carrier frequency	Assigned frequency	Carrier frequency	Assigned frequency
2201	22 696	22 697.4	22 000	22 001.4
2202	22 699	22 700.4	22 003	22 004.4
2203	22 702	22 703.4	22 006	22 007.4
2204	22 705	22 706.4	22 009	22 010.4
2205	22 708	22 709.4	22 012	22 013.4
2206	22 711	22 712.4	22 015	22 016.4
2207	22 714	22 715.4	22 018	22 019.4
2208	22 717	22 718.4	22 021	22 022.4
2209	22 720	22 721.4	22 024	22 025.4
2210	22 723	22 724.4	22 027	22 028.4
2211	22 726	22 727.4	22 030	22 031.4
2212	22 729	22 730.4	22 033	22 034.4
2213	22 732	22 733.4	22 036	22 037.4
2214	22 735	22 736.4	22 039	22 040.4
2215	22 738	22 739.4	22 042	22 043.4
2216	22 741	22 742.4	22 045	22 046.4
2217	22 744	22 745.4	22 048	22 049.4
2218	22 747	22 748.4	22 051	22 052.4
2219	22 750	22 751.4	22 054	22 055.4
2220	22 753	22 754.4	22 057	22 058.4
2221	22 756 * 22 759 22 762 22 765 22 768	22757.4*	22 060 *	22 061.4*
2222		22760.4	22 063	22 064.4
2223		22763.4	22 066	22 067.4
2224		22766.4	22 069	22 070.4
2225		22769.4	22 072	22 073.4

	22 MHz band (end)			
Channel No.	Coast stations		Ship stations	
	Carrier frequency	Assigned frequency	Carrier frequency	Assigned frequency
2226	22 771	22 772.4	22 075	22 076.4
2227	22 774	22 775.4	22 078	22 079.4
2228	22 777	22 778.4	22 081	22 082.4
2229	22 780	22 781.4	22 084	22 085.4
2230	22 783	22 784.4	22 087	22 088.4
2231	22 786	22 787.4	22 090	22 091.4
2232	22 789	22 790.4	22 093	22 094.4
2233	22 792	22 793.4	22 096	22 097.4
2234	22 795	22 796.4	22 099	22 100.4
2235	22 798	22 799.4	22 102	22 103.4
2236 2237 2238 2239 2240	22 801 22 804 22 807 22 810 22 813	22 802.4 22 805.4 22 808.4 22 811.4 22 814.4	22 102 22 105 22 108 22 111 22 114 22 117	22 105.4 22 106.4 22 109.4 22 112.4 22 115.4 22 118.4
2241	22 816	22 817.4	22 120	22 121.4
2242	22 819	22 820.4	22 123	22 124.4
2243	22 822	22 823.4	22 126	22 127.4
2244	22 825	22 826.4	22 129	22 130.4
2245	22 828	22 829.4	22 132	22 133.4
2246	22 831	22 832.4	22 135	22 136.4
2247	22 834	22 835.4	22 138	22 139.4
2248	22 837	22 838.4	22 141	22 142.4
2249	22 840	22 841.4	22 144	22 145.4
2250	22 843	22 844.4	22 147	22 148.4
2251	22 846	22 847.4	22 150	22 151.4
2252	22 849	22 850.4	22 153	22 154.4
2253	22 852	22 853.4	22 156	22 157.4

	25/26 MHz band			
Channel No.	Coast stations		Ship stations	
	Carrier frequency	Assigned frequency	Carrier frequency	Assigned frequency
2501 2502 2503 2504 2505 2506 2507 2508 2509 2510	26 145 26 148 26 151 26 154 26 157 26 160 26 163 26 166 26 169 26 172 *	26146.4 26149.4 26152.4 26155.4 26158.4 26161.4 26167.4 26170.4 26173.4*	25 070 25 073 25 076 25 079 25 082 25 085 25 088 25 091 25 094 25 097*	25 071.4 25 074.4 25 077.4 25 080.4 25 083.4 25 086.4 25 089.4 25 092.4 25 095.4 25 098.4*

- These coast station frequencies may be paired with a ship station frequency from the Table of simplex frequencies for ship and coast stations (see Sub-Section B) or with a frequency from the band 4 000-4 063 kHz (see Sub-Section C-1) to be selected by the administration concerned.
- These channels may also be used for simplex (single frequency) operation.
- For the conditions of use of the carrier frequency 4 125 kHz, see Nos. 52.224 and 52.225, and Appendix 15.
- ⁴ For the conditions of use of the carrier frequency 6 215 kHz, see Appendix 15.
- These coast station frequencies may be paired with a ship station frequency from the Table of simplex frequencies for ship and coast stations (see Sub-Section B) or with a frequency from the band 8 100-8 195 kHz (see Sub-Section C-2) to be selected by the administration concerned.
- For the conditions of use of the carrier frequency 8 291 kHz, see Appendix 15.
- ⁷ For the conditions of use of the carrier frequency 12 290 kHz, see Nos. **52.221A** and **52.222A** and Appendix **15**.
- ⁸ For the conditions of use of the carrier frequency 16 420 kHz, see Nos. **52.221A** and **52.222A** and Appendix **15**.
- * The frequencies followed by an asterisk are calling frequencies (see Nos. 52.221 and 52.222).

Sub-Section B

Table of single-sideband transmitting frequencies (kHz) for simplex (single-frequency) operation and for intership cross-band (two-frequency) operation

(See § 4 of Section I of this Appendix)

4 MHz band ¹		6 MHz band		8 MHz band ²		12 MHz band ³	
Carrier frequency	Assigned frequency	Carrier frequency	Assigned frequency	Carrier frequency	Assigned frequency	Carrier frequency	Assigned frequency
4 146 4 149	4 147.4 4 150.4	6 224 6 227 6 230	6 225.4 6 228.4 6 231.4	8 294 8 297	8 295.4 8 298.4	12 353 12 356 12 362 12 365	12 354.4 12 357.4 12 363.4 12 366.4

 $^{^{}m 1}$ These frequencies may be used for duplex operation with coast stations operating on Channel Nos. 428 and 429 (see Sub-Section A).

16 MHz band ³		18/19 MHz band		22 MHz band		25/26 MHz band	
Carrier frequency	Assigned frequency	Carrier frequency	Assigned frequency	Carrier frequency	Assigned frequency	Carrier frequency	Assigned frequency
16 528 16 531 16 534	16529.4 16532.4 16535.4	18 825 18 828 18 831 18 834 18 837	18 826.4 18 829.4 18 832.4 18 835.4 18 838.4	22 159 22 162 22 165 22 168 22 171	22 160.4 22 163.4 22 166.4 22 169.4 22 172.4	25 100 25 103 25 106 25 109 25 112	25 101.4 25 104.4 25 107.4 25 110.4 25 113.4
16 543 16 546	16544.4 16547.4	18 840 18 843	18 841.4 18 844.4	22 171 22 174 22 177	22 175.4 22 178.4 22 178.4	25 115 25 118	25 116.4 25 119.4

³ For use of frequencies 12 359 kHz and 16 537 kHz, see Nos. **52.221A** and **52.222A**.

 $^{^2}$ These frequencies may be used for duplex operation with coast stations operating on Channel Nos. 834 up to and including 837 (see Sub-Section A).

³ For use of frequencies 12 359 kHz and 16 537 kHz, see Nos. **52.221A** and **52.222A**.

Sub-Section C-1

Table of recommended single-sideband transmitting frequencies (kHz) for ship stations in the band 4 000-4 063 kHz shared with the fixed service

The frequencies in this Sub-Section may be used:

- for supplementing ship-to-shore channels for duplex operation in Sub-Section A;
- for intership simplex (single-frequency) and cross-band operation;
- for cross-band working with coast stations on channels in Sub-Section C-2;
- for duplex operation with coast stations working in the band 4438-4650 kHz;
- for duplex operation with Channel Nos. 428 and 429.

Channel No.	Carrier frequency	Assigned frequency	Channel No.	Carrier frequency	Assigned frequency
1	4 000*	4001.4*	12	4 033	4 034.4
2	4 003*	4 004.4*	13	4 0 3 6	4 037.4
3	4 006	4 007.4	14	4 039	4 040.4
4	4 009	4010.4	15	4 042	4 043.4
5	4012	4013.4	16	4 045	4 046.4
6	4015	4016.4	17	4 048	4 049.4
7	4018	4019.4	18	4 051	4 052.4
8	4 021	4 022.4	19	4 054	4 055.4
9	4 024	4 025.4	20	4 057	4 058.4
10	4 027	4 028.4	21	4 060	4 061.4
11	4 030	4031.4			

^{*} Administrations are requested to urge ship stations under their jurisdiction to refrain from using the band 4 000-4 005 kHz when navigating in Region 3 (see also No. **5.126**).

Sub-Section C-2

Table of recommended single-sideband transmitting frequencies (kHz) for ship and coast stations in the band 8 100-8 195 kHz shared with the fixed service

(See § 7 of Section I of this Appendix)

The frequencies in this Sub-Section may be used:

- for supplementing ship-to-shore and shore-to-ship channels for duplex operation in Sub-Section A;
- for intership simplex (single frequency) and cross-band operation;
- for cross-band working with ship stations on channels in Sub-Section C-1;
- for ship-to-shore or shore-to-ship simplex operation;
- for duplex operation with Channel Nos. 834, 835, 836 and 837.

Channel No.	Carrier frequency	Assigned frequency	Channel No.	Carrier frequency	Assigned frequency
1	8 101	8 102.4	17	8 149	8 150.4
2	8 104	8 105.4	18	8 152	8 153.4
3	8 107	8 108.4	19	8 155	8 156.4
4	8 1 1 0	8 111.4	20	8 158	8 159.4
5	8 1 1 3	8 1 1 4 . 4	21	8 161	8 162.4
6	8116	8117.4	22	8 164	8 165.4
7	8119	8 120.4	23	8 167	8 168.4
8	8 122	8 123.4	24	8 170	8 171.4
9	8 125	8 126.4	25	8 173	8 174.4
10	8 128	8 129.4	26	8 176	8 177.4
11	8 131	8 132.4	27	8 179	8 180.4
12	8 134	8 135.4	28	8 182	8 183.4
13	8 137	8 138.4	29	8 185	8 186.4
14	8 140	8 141.4	30	8 188	8 189.4
15	8 143	8 144.4	31	8 191	8 192.4
16	8 146	8 147.4			

Section II - Narrow-band direct-printing telegraphy (paired frequencies)

- 1 Each coast station which uses paired frequencies is assigned one or more frequency pairs from the following series; each pair consists of a transmitting and a receiving frequency.
- 2 The speed of the narrow-band direct-printing telegraphy and data systems shall not exceed 100 Bd for FSK and 200 Bd for PSK.

Table of frequencies for two-frequency operation by coast stations (kHz)

Channel	4 MHz band		6 MHz	6 MHz band		8 MHz band	
No.	Transmit	Receive	Transmit	Receive	Transmit	Receive	
1	4210.5	4 172.5	6314.5	6 2 6 3	8 376.5	8 3 7 6 . 5	
2	4211	4 173	6315	6 2 6 3 . 5	8 4 1 7	8377	
3	4211.5	4 173.5	6315.5	6 2 6 4	8 4 1 7 . 5	8 377.5	
4	4212	4 174	6316	6 2 6 4 . 5	8418	8378	
5	4 212.5	4 174.5	6316.5	6 2 6 5	8 4 1 8 . 5	8 3 7 8 . 5	
6	4213	4 175	6317	6 2 6 5 . 5	8419	8379	
7	4213.5	4 175.5	6317.5	6 2 6 6	8 4 1 9 . 5	8379.5	
8	4214	4 176	6318	6 2 6 6 . 5	8 420	8 380	
9	4214.5	4 176.5	6318.5	6 2 6 7	8 420.5	8 380.5	
10	4215	4 177	6319	6 2 6 7 . 5	8 421	8 3 8 1	
11	4 177.5	4 177.5	6 2 6 8	6 2 6 8	8 421.5	8 3 8 1 . 5	
12	4215.5	4 178	6319.5	6 2 6 8 . 5	8 422	8 3 8 2	
13	4216	4 178.5	6320	6 2 6 9	8 422.5	8 3 8 2 . 5	
14			6320.5	6 2 6 9 . 5	8 423	8 3 8 3	
15					8 423.5	8 383.5	

Table of frequencies for two-frequency operation by coast stations (kHz)

Channel	12 MH	z band	16 MHz l	oand (end)	18/19 MHz	band (end)
No.	Transmit	Receive	Transmit	Receive	Transmit	Receive
1 2 3 4 5	12 579.5 12 580 12 580.5 12 581 12 581.5	12 477 12 477.5 12 478 12 478.5 12 479	16 807 16 807.5 16 808 16 808.5 16 809	16 683.5 16 684 16 684.5 16 685 16 685.5		
6 7 8 9 10	12 582 12 582.5 12 583 12 583.5 12 584	12 479.5 12 480 12 480.5 12 481 12 481.5	16809.5 16810 16810.5 16811 16811.5	16 686 16 686.5 16 687 16 687.5 16 688	19 684 19 684.5 19 685 19 685.5	18 873.5 18 874 18 874.5 18 875
11 12 13 14 15	12 584.5 12 585 12 585.5 12 586 12 586.5	12 482 12 482.5 12 483 12 483.5 12 484	16812 16812.5 16813 16813.5 16814	16 688.5 16 689 16 689.5 16 690 16 690.5	19 686 19 686.5 19 687 19 687.5 19 688	18 875.5 18 876 18 876.5 18 877 18 877.5
16 17 18 19 20	12 587 12 587.5 12 588 12 588.5 12 589	12 484.5 12 485 12 485.5 12 486 12 486.5	16814.5 16815 16815.5 16816 16816.5	16 691 16 691.5 16 692 16 692.5 16 693	19 688.5 19 689 19 689.5 19 690 19 690.5	18 878 18 878.5 18 879 18 879.5 18 880
21 22 23 24 25	12 589.5 12 590 12 590.5 12 591 12 591.5	12 487 12 487.5 12 488 12 488.5 12 489	16817 16817.5 16818 16695 16818.5	16 693.5 16 694 16 694.5 16 695 16 695.5		
26 27 28 29 30	12 592 12 592.5 12 593 12 593.5 12 594	12 489.5 12 490 12 490.5 12 491 12 491.5	16819 16819.5 16820 16820.5 16821	16 696 16 696.5 16 697 16 697.5 16 698		
31 32 33 34 35	12 594.5 12 595 12 595.5 12 596 12 596.5	12 492 12 492.5 12 493 12 493.5 12 494	16821.5	16 698.5		
36 37 38 39 40	12 597 12 597.5 12 598 12 598.5 12 599	12 494.5 12 495 12 495.5 12 496 12 496.5				
41 42 43 44 45	12 599.5 12 600 12 600.5 12 601 12 601.5	12 497 12 497.5 12 498 12 498.5 12 499				

Table of frequencies for two-frequency operation by coast stations (kHz)

Channel	12 MHz b	oand (end)
No.	Transmit	Receive
46	12 602	12 499.5
47	12 602.5	12 500
48	12 603	12 500.5
49	12 603.5	12 501
50	12 604	12 501.5
51	12 604.5	12 502
52	12 605	12 502.5
53	12 605.5	12 503
54	12 606	12 503.5
55	12 606.5	12 504
56	12 607	12 504.5
57	12 607.5	12 505
58	12 608	12 505.5
59	12 608.5	12 506
60	12 609	12 506.5
61 62 63 64 65	12 609.5 12 610 12 610.5 12 611.5	12 507 12 507.5 12 508 12 508.5 12 509
66	12 612	12 509.5
67	12 612.5	12 510
68	12 613	12 510.5
69	12 613.5	12 511
70	12 614	12 511.5
71	12 614.5	12 512
72	12 615	12 512.5
73	12 615.5	12 513
74	12 616	12 513.5
75	12 616.5	12 514
76	12 617	12 514.5
77	12 617.5	12 515
78	12 618	12 515.5
79	12 618.5	12 516
80	12 619	12 516.5
81	12 619.5	12 517
82	12 620	12 517.5
83	12 620.5	12 518
84	12 621	12 518.5
85	12 621.5	12 519
86	12 622	12 519.5
87	12 520	12 520
88	12 622.5	12 520.5
89	12 623	12 521
90	12 623.5	12 521.5
91	12 624	12 522
92	12 624.5	12 522.5

Table of frequencies for two-frequency operation by coast stations (kHz)

Channel	22 MH	z band
No.	Transmit	Receive
13	22 382.5	22 290.5
14	22 383	22 291
15	22 383.5	22 291.5
16	22 384	22 292
17	22 384.5	22 292.5
18	22 385	22 293
19	22 385.5	22 293.5
20	22 386	22 294
21	22 386.5	22 294.5
22	22 387	22 295
23	22 387.5	22 295.5
24	22 388	22 296
25	22 388.5	22 296.5
26	22 389	22 297

Section III - Narrow-band direct-printing telegraphy (non-paired frequencies)

- One or more frequencies are assigned to each ship station as transmitting frequencies.
- 2 All frequencies appearing in this Appendix may be used for NBDP duplex operation.
- 3 The speed of the narrow-band direct-printing telegraphy and data systems shall not exceed 100 Bd for FSK and 200 Bd for PSK.

	Frequency bands							
Channel No.	4 MHz	6 MHz	8 MHz	12 MHz	16 MHz	18/19 MHz	22 MHz	25/26 MHz
1 2 3 4 5	4170.5 4171 4171.5 4172 4179	6 260.25 6 260.75 6 321 6 321.5	8339.25 8339.75 8375 8375.5 8376	12 419.25 12 419.75 12 422 12 476.5 12 655	16 615.25 16 615.75 16 616.25 16 616.75 16 682	19 691	22 290 22 297.5 22 298 22 298.5 22 299	26 101 26 101.5 26 102 26 102.5
6 7 8	4 179.5 4 180			12 655.5 12 656 12 656.5	16 682.5 16 683		22 443.5	

Section IV - Data transmission

Table of frequencies (kHz) assignable to ship and coast stations for data transmission $(\mathbf{kHz})^1$

Channel	4 MH	z band	6 MH	z band	8 MH	z band
Channel No.	Coast Tx (ship Rx)	Ship Tx/Rx (coast Rx)	Coast Tx (ship Rx)	Ship Tx/Rx (coast Rx)	Coast Tx (ship Rx)	Ship Tx/Rx (coast Rx)
1 2 3 4 5		4 153.5 ^{3,4} 4 156.5 ^{3,4} 4 159.5 ^{3,4} 4 162.5 ^{3,4} 4 165.5 ^{3,4}		6 234.5 ^{3,4} 6 237.5 ^{3,4} 6 240.5 ^{3,4} 6 243.5 ^{3,4} 6 246.5 ^{3,4}		8 301.5 ^{3,4} 8 304.5 ^{3,4} 8 307.5 ^{3,4} 8 310.5 ^{3,4} 8 313.5 ^{3,4}
6 7 8 9 10	4 199.75 4 202.75 4 205.75 4 190.75 ^{2,3}	4 168.5 ^{3,4} 4 181.75 4 184.75 4 187.75 4 190.75 ^{2,3}	6 323.25	6 249.5 ^{3,4} 6 252.5 ^{3,4} 6 255.5 ^{3,4} 6 258.5 ^{3,4} 6 271.25		8 316.5 ^{3,4} 8 319.5 ^{3,4} 8 322.5 ^{3,4} 8 325.5 ^{3,4} 8 328.5 ^{3,4}
11 12 13 14 15	4 193.75 ^{2, 3} 4 196.75 ^{2, 3} 4 217.75 ²	4 193.75 ^{2,3} 4 196.75 ^{2,3} 4 217.75 ²	6 326.25 6 329.25 6 280.25 ^{2, 3} 6 283.25 ^{2, 3} 6 286.25 ^{2, 3}	6 274.25 6 277.25 6 280.25 ^{2,3} 6 283.25 ^{2,3} 6 286.25 ^{2,3}	8 409.5 8 412.5	8 331.5 ^{3,4} 8 334.5 ^{3,4} 8 337.5 ^{3,4} 8 343.25 8 346.25
16 17 18 19 20			6 289.25 ^{2,3} 6 292.25 ^{2,3} 6 295.25 ^{2,3} 6 298.25 ^{2,3} 6 301.25 ^{2,3}	6 289.25 ^{2,3} 6 292.25 ^{2,3} 6 295.25 ^{2,3} 6 298.25 ^{2,3} 6 301.25 ^{2,3}	8 425.5 8 428.5 ³ 8 431.5 ³ 8 434.5 ³ 8 361.25 ^{2,3}	8 349.25 8 352.25 ³ 8 355.25 ³ 8 358.25 ³ 8 361.25 ^{2,3}
21 22 23 24 25			6 304.25 ^{2, 3} 6 307.25 ^{2, 3} 6 310.25 ^{2, 3}	6 304.25 ^{2, 3} 6 307.25 ^{2, 3} 6 310.25 ^{2, 3}	8 364.25 ^{2,3} 8 367.25 ^{2,3} 8 370.25 ^{2,3} 8 373.25 ^{2,3} 8 385.5 ^{2,3}	8 364.25 ^{2,3} 8 367.25 ^{2,3} 8 370.25 ^{2,3} 8 373.25 ^{2,3} 8 385.5 ^{2,3}
26 27 28 29 30					8 388.5 ^{2,3} 8 391.5 ^{2,3} 8 394.5 ^{2,3} 8 397.5 ^{2,3} 8 400.5 ^{2,3}	8 388.5 ^{2,3} 8 391.5 ^{2,3} 8 394.5 ^{2,3} 8 397.5 ^{2,3} 8 400.5 ^{2,3}
31 32					8 403.5 ^{2, 3} 8 406.5 ^{2, 3}	8 403.5 ^{2, 3} 8 406.5 ^{2, 3}

Table of frequencies (kHz) assignable to ship and coast stations for data transmission $(\mathbf{kHz})^1$

GI I	12 N	ИНz	16 N	ИНz	18/19 M	Hz (end)
Channel No.	Coast Tx (ship Rx)	Ship Tx/Rx (coast Rx)	Coast Tx (ship Rx)	Ship Tx/Rx (coast Rx)	Coast Tx (ship Rx)	Ship Tx/Rx (coast Rx)
1 2 3 4 5		12 369.5 ^{3,4} 12 372.5 ^{3,4} 12 375.5 ^{3,4} 12 378.5 ^{3,4} 12 381.5 ^{3,4}		16 550.5 ^{3,4} 16 553.5 ^{3,4} 16 556.5 ^{3,4} 16 559.5 ^{3,4} 16 562.5 ^{3,4}		18 847.5 ^{3, 4} 18 850.5 ^{3, 4} 18 853.5 ^{3, 4} 18 856.5 ^{3, 4} 18 859.5 ^{3, 4}
6 7 8 9 10		12 384.5 ^{3,4} 12 387.5 ^{3,4} 12 390.5 ^{3,4} 12 393.5 ^{3,4} 12 396.5 ^{3,4}		16 565.5 ^{3,4} 16 568.5 ^{3,4} 16 571.5 ^{3,4} 16 574.5 ^{3,4} 16 577.5 ^{3,4}	19 682.25	18 862.5 ^{3, 4} 18 865.5 ^{3, 4} 18 868.5 ^{3, 4} 18 871.5 ^{3, 4} 18 881.75
11 12 13 14 15		12 399.5 ^{3,4} 12 402.5 ^{3,4} 12 405.5 ^{3,4} 12 408.5 ^{3,4} 12 411.5 ^{3,4}		16 580.5 ^{3,4} 16 583.5 ^{3,4} 16 586.5 ^{3,4} 16 589.5 ^{3,4} 16 592.5 ^{3,4}	19 692.75 19 695.75 ³ 19 698.75 ³ 19 701.75 ³ 18 896.75 ²	18 884.75 18 887.75 ³ 18 890.75 ³ 18 893.75 ³ 18 896.75 ²
16 17 18 19 20	12 626.25 12 629.25 12 632.25	12 414.5 ^{3,4} 12 417.5 ^{3,4} 12 423.75 12 426.75 12 429.75		16 595.5 ^{3,4} 16 598.5 ^{3,4} 16 601.5 ^{3,4} 16 604.5 ^{3,4} 16 607.5 ^{3,4}		
21 22 23 24 25	12 635.25 12 638.25 ³ 12 641.25 ³ 12 644.25 ³ 12 647.25 ³	12 432.75 12 435.75 ³ 12 438.75 ³ 12 441.75 ³ 12 444.75 ³	16 841.25 16 844.25 16 847.25	16 610.5 ^{3,4} 16 613.5 ^{3,4} 16 620.25 16 623.25 16 626.25		
26 27 28 29 30	12 650.25 ³ 12 653.25 ³ 12 453.75 ^{2,3} 12 456.75 ^{2,3} 12 459.75 ^{2,3}	12 447.75 ³ 12 450.75 ³ 12 453.75 ^{2,3} 12 456.75 ^{2,3} 12 459.75 ^{2,3}	16 850.25 16 853.25 16 856.25 16 859.25 16 862.25	16 629.25 16 632.25 16 635.25 16 638.25 16 641.25		
31 32 33 34 35	12 462.75 ^{2,3} 12 465.75 ^{2,3} 12 468.75 ^{2,3} 12 471.75 ^{2,3} 12 474.75 ^{2,3}	12 462.75 ^{2,3} 12 465.75 ^{2,3} 12 468.75 ^{2,3} 12 471.75 ^{2,3} 12 474.75 ^{2,3}	16 865.25 16 868.25 ³ 16 871.25 ³ 16 874.25 ³ 16 877.25 ³	16 644.25 16 647.25 ³ 16 650.25 ³ 16 653.25 ³ 16 656.25 ³		
36 37 38 39 40	12 524.25 ^{2,3} 12 527.25 ^{2,3} 12 530.25 ^{2,3} 12 533.25 ^{2,3} 12 536.25 ^{2,3}	12 524.25 ^{2,3} 12 527.25 ^{2,3} 12 530.25 ^{2,3} 12 533.25 ^{2,3} 12 536.25 ^{2,3}	16 880.25 ³ 16 883.25 ³ 16 886.25 ³ 16 889.25 ³ 16 892.25 ³	16 659.25 ³ 16 662.25 ³ 16 665.25 ³ 16 668.25 ³ 16 671.25 ³		
41 42 43 44 45	12 539.25 ^{2,3} 12 542.25 ^{2,3} 12 545.25 ^{2,3} 12 548.25 ^{2,3} 12 551.25 ^{2,3}	12 539.25 ^{2,3} 12 542.25 ^{2,3} 12 545.25 ^{2,3} 12 548.25 ^{2,3} 12 551.25 ^{2,3}	16 895.25 ³ 16 898.25 ³ 16 901.25 ³ 16 700.5 ^{2,3} 16 703.5 ^{2,3}	16 674.25 ³ 16 677.25 ³ 16 680.25 ³ 16 700.5 ^{2,3} 16 703.5 ^{2,3}		

CI I	12 MH	(z (end)	16 MH	(z (end)
Channel No.	Coast Tx (ship Rx)	Ship Tx/Rx (coast Rx)	Coast Tx (ship Rx)	Ship Tx/Rx (coast Rx)
46 47 48 49 50	12 554.25 ^{2,3} 12 557.25 ^{2,3} 12 560.25 ^{2,3} 12 563.25 ^{2,3} 12 566.25 ^{2,3}	12 554.25 ^{2,3} 12 557.25 ^{2,3} 12 560.25 ^{2,3} 12 563.25 ^{2,3} 12 566.25 ^{2,3}	16 706.5 ^{2,3} 16 709.5 ^{2,3} 16 712.5 ^{2,3} 16 715.5 ^{2,3} 16 718.5 ^{2,3}	16 706.5 ^{2,3} 16 709.5 ^{2,3} 16 712.5 ^{2,3} 16 715.5 ^{2,3} 16 718.5 ^{2,3}
51 52 53 54 55	12 569.25 ^{2,3} 12 572.25 ^{2,3} 12 575.25 ^{2,3}	12 569.25 ^{2,3} 12 572.25 ^{2,3} 12 575.25 ^{2,3}	16 721.5 ^{2,3} 16 724.5 ^{2,3} 16 727.5 ^{2,3} 16 730.5 ^{2,3} 16 733.5 ^{2,3}	16 721.5 ^{2,3} 16 724.5 ^{2,3} 16 727.5 ^{2,3} 16 730.5 ^{2,3} 16 733.5 ^{2,3}
56 57 58 59 60			16 736.5 ^{2,3} 16 739.5 ^{2,3} 16 742.5 ^{2,3} 16 745.5 ^{2,3} 16 748.5 ^{2,3}	16 736.5 ^{2,3} 16 739.5 ^{2,3} 16 742.5 ^{2,3} 16 745.5 ^{2,3} 16 748.5 ^{2,3}
61 62 63 64 65			16 751.5 ^{2,3} 16 754.5 ^{2,3} 16 757.5 ^{2,3} 16 760.5 ^{2,3} 16 763.5 ^{2,3}	16 751.5 ^{2,3} 16 754.5 ^{2,3} 16 757.5 ^{2,3} 16 760.5 ^{2,3} 16 763.5 ^{2,3}
66 67 68 69 70			16 766.5 ^{2,3} 16 769.5 ^{2,3} 16 772.5 ^{2,3} 16 775.5 ^{2,3} 16 778.5 ^{2,3}	16 766.5 ^{2,3} 16 769.5 ^{2,3} 16 772.5 ^{2,3} 16 775.5 ^{2,3} 16 778.5 ^{2,3}
71 72 73 74 75			16 781.5 ^{2,3} 16 784.5 ^{2,3} 16 787.5 ^{2,3} 16 790.5 ^{2,3} 16 793.5 ^{2,3}	16 781.5 ^{2,3} 16 784.5 ^{2,3} 16 787.5 ^{2,3} 16 790.5 ^{2,3} 16 793.5 ^{2,3}
76 77 78 79 80			16 796.5 ^{2,3} 16 799.5 ^{2,3} 16 802.5 ^{2,3} 16 823.25 ^{2,3} 16 826.25 ^{2,3}	16 796.5 ^{2,3} 16 799.5 ^{2,3} 16 802.5 ^{2,3} 16 823.25 ^{2,3} 16 826.25 ^{2,3}
81 82 83 84			16 829.25 ^{2,3} 16 832.25 ^{2,3} 16 835.25 ^{2,3} 16 838.25 ^{2,3}	16 829.25 ^{2,3} 16 832.25 ^{2,3} 16 835.25 ^{2,3} 16 838.25 ^{2,3}

Table of frequencies (kHz) assignable to ship and coast stations for data transmission $(\mathbf{kHz})^1$

GI I	22 N	ИНz	25/26 M	Hz (end)
Channel No.	Coast Tx (ship Rx)	Ship Tx/Rx (coast Rx)	Coast Tx (ship Rx)	Ship Tx/Rx (coast Rx)
1 2 3		22 181.5 ^{3,4} 22 184.5 ^{3,4} 22 187.5 ^{3,4}		25 122.5 ^{3,4} 25 125.5 ^{3,4} 25 128.5 ^{3,4}
4 5		22 190.5 ^{3, 4} 22 193.5 ^{3, 4}		25 131.5 ^{3, 4} 25 134.5 ^{3, 4}
6 7 8 9 10		22 196.5 ^{3,4} 22 199.5 ^{3,4} 22 202.5 ^{3,4} 22 205.5 ^{3,4} 22 208.5 ^{3,4}		25 137.5 ^{3,4} 25 140.5 ^{3,4} 25 143.5 ^{3,4} 25 146.5 ^{3,4} 25 149.5 ^{3,4}
11 12 13 14 15		22 211.5 ^{3,4} 22 214.5 ^{3,4} 22 217.5 ^{3,4} 22 220.5 ^{3,4} 22 223.5 ^{3,4}	26 104.25 26 107.25	25 152.5 ^{3,4} 25 155.5 ^{3,4} 25 158.5 ^{3,4} 25 161.5 25 164.5
16 17 18 19 20		22 226.5 ^{3,4} 22 229.5 ^{3,4} 22 232.5 ^{3,4} 22 235.5 ^{3,4} 22 238.5 ^{3,4}	26 110.25 26 113.25 ³ 26 116.25 ³ 26 119.25 ³ 25 179.5 ² , ³	25 167.5 25 170.5 ³ 25 173.5 ³ 25 176.5 ³ 25 179.5 ^{2, 3}
21 22 23 24 25	22 390.75 22 393.75 22 396.75 22 399.75 22 402.75	22 243.25 22 246.25 22 249.25 22 252.25 22 255.25	25 182.5 ^{2,3} 25 185.5 ^{2,3} 25 188.5 ^{2,3} 25 191.5 ^{2,3} 25 194.5 ^{2,3}	25 182.5 ^{2,3} 25 185.5 ^{2,3} 25 188.5 ^{2,3} 25 191.5 ^{2,3} 25 194.5 ^{2,3}
26 27 28 29 30	22 405.75 22 408.75 ³ 22 411.75 ³ 22 414.75 ³ 22 417.75 ³	22 258.25 22 261.25 ³ 22 264.25 ³ 22 267.25 ³ 22 270.25 ³	25 197.5 ^{2,3} 25 200.5 ^{2,3} 25 203.5 ^{2,3} 25 206.5 ^{2,3}	25 197.5 ^{2,3} 25 200.5 ^{2,3} 25 203.5 ^{2,3} 25 206.5 ^{2,3}
31 32 33 34 35	22 420.75 ³ 22 423.75 ³ 22 426.75 ³ 22 429.75 ³ 22 432.75 ³	22 273.25 ³ 22 276.25 ³ 22 279.25 ³ 22 282.25 ³ 22 285.25 ³		
36 37 38 39 40	22 435.75 ³ 22 300.75 ^{2,3} 22 303.75 ^{2,3} 22 306.75 ^{2,3} 22 309.75 ^{2,3}	22 288.25 ³ 22 300.75 ^{2,3} 22 303.75 ^{2,3} 22 306.75 ^{2,3} 22 309.75 ^{2,3}		
41 42 43 44 45	22 312.75 ^{2,3} 22 315.75 ^{2,3} 22 318.75 ^{2,3} 22 321.75 ^{2,3} 22 324.75 ^{2,3}	22 312.75 ^{2,3} 22 315.75 ^{2,3} 22 318.75 ^{2,3} 22 321.75 ^{2,3} 22 324.75 ^{2,3}		

Channel	22 MHz (end)				
No.	Coast Tx (ship Rx)	Ship Tx/Rx (coast Rx)			
46	22 327.75 ^{2,3}	22 327.75 ^{2,3}			
47	22 330.75 ^{2,3}	22 330.75 ^{2,3}			
48	22 333.75 ^{2,3}	22 333.75 ^{2,3}			
49	22 336.75 ^{2,3}	22 336.75 ^{2,3}			
50	22 339.75 ^{2,3}	22 339.75 ^{2,3}			
51	22 342.75 ^{2,3}	22 342.75 ^{2,3}			
52	22 345.75 ^{2,3}	22 345.75 ^{2,3}			
53	22 348.75 ^{2,3}	22 348.75 ^{2,3}			
54	22 351.75 ^{2,3}	22 351.75 ^{2,3}			
55	22 354.75 ^{2,3}	22 354.75 ^{2,3}			
56	22 357.75 ^{2,3}	22 357.75 ^{2,3}			
57	22 360.75 ^{2,3}	22 360.75 ^{2,3}			
58	22 363.75 ^{2,3}	22 363.75 ^{2,3}			
59	22 366.75 ^{2,3}	22 366.75 ^{2,3}			
60	22 369.75 ^{2,3}	22 369.75 ^{2,3}			
61	22 372.75 ^{2,3}	22 372.75 ^{2, 3}			
62	22 438.75	22 377.75			
63	22 441.75	22 380.75			

The data transmission should be in accordance with the most recent version of Recommendation ITU-R M.1798.

Non-paired (simplex) operations only.

³ Assignable for wide-band operation using multiple 3 kHz contiguous channels.

⁴ Channels may be paired with wideband coast station channels in the same band.

APPENDIX 18 (REV.WRC-12)

Table of transmitting frequencies in the VHF maritime mobile band

(See Article 52)

NOTE A – For assistance in understanding the Table, see Notes a) to z) below. (WRC-12)

NOTE B – The Table below defines the channel numbering for maritime VHF communications based on 25 kHz channel spacing and use of several duplex channels. The channel numbering and the conversion of two-frequency channels for single-frequency operation shall be in accordance with Recommendation ITU-R M.1084-4 Annex 4, Tables 1 and 3. The Table below also describes the harmonized channels where the digital technologies defined in the most recent version of Recommendation ITU-R M.1842 could be deployed. (WRC-12)

	annel gnator	Notes	frequ	mitting encies Hz)	Inter- ship		Port operations and ship movement	
uesi	gnator		From ship stations	From coast stations	SIIIP	Single frequency	Two frequency	pondence
	60	m)	156.025	160.625		X	X	X
01		m)	156.050	160.650		X	X	X
	61	m)	156.075	160.675		X	X	X
02		m)	156.100	160.700		X	X	X
	62	m)	156.125	160.725		X	X	X
03		m)	156.150	160.750		X	X	X
	63	m)	156.175	160.775		X	X	X
04		m)	156.200	160.800		X	X	X
	64	m)	156.225	160.825		X	X	X
05		m)	156.250	160.850		X	X	X
	65	m)	156.275	160.875		X	X	X
06		f)	156.300		X			
	2006	r)	160.900	160.900				
	66	m)	156.325	160.925		X	X	X
07		m)	156.350	160.950		X	X	X
	67	h)	156.375	156.375	X	X		
08			156.400		X			
	68		156.425	156.425		X		
09		i)	156.450	156.450	X	X		
	69		156.475	156.475	X	X		
10		h), q)	156.500	156.500	X	X		
	70	f), j)	156.525	156.525	Digital sel	ective calling for	or distress, safe	ty and calling
11		q)	156.550	156.550		X		
	71		156.575	156.575		X		
12			156.600	156.600		X		
	72	i)	156.625		X			
13		k)	156.650	156.650	X	X		
	73	h), i)	156.675	156.675	X	X		
14			156.700	156.700		X		
	74	<u></u>	156.725	156.725		X		

Channel Notes		Transmitting frequencies (MHz)		Inter- ship		Port operations and ship movement	
designator		From ship stations	From coast stations	snip	Single frequency	Two frequency	pondence
15	g)	156.750	156.750	х	X		
75	n), s)	156.775	156.775		X		
16	f)	156.800	156.800	DISTRESS	, SAFETY A	ND CALLING	j
76	n), s)	156.825	156.825		X		
17	g)	156.850	156.850	х	X		
77	0,	156.875		х			
18	m)	156.900	161.500		X	X	X
78	t), u), v)	156.925	161.525		X	X	X
1078	.,,,,	156.925	156.925		X		
2078		161.525	161.525		X		
19	t), u), v)	156.950	161.550		X	х	X
1019		156.950	156.950		X		
2019		161.550	161.550		X		
79	t), u), v)	156.975	161.575		X	Х	X
1079		156.975	156.975		X		
2079		161.575	161.575		X		
20	t), u), v)	157.000	161.600		X	х	X
1020	-,,,, - ,	157.000	157.000		X		
2020		161.600	161.600		X		
80	w), y)	157.025	161.625		X	х	X
21	w), y)	157.050	161.650		X	X	X
81	w), y)	157.075	161.675		X	X	X
22	w), y)	157.100	161.700		X	X	X
82	(w), (x), (y)	157.125	161.725		X	X	X
23	w), x), y)	157.150	161.750		X	X	X
83	(w), (x), (y)	157.175	161.775		X	X	X
24	w), ww), x), y)	157.200	161.800		X	x	X
84	w), ww), x), y)	157.225	161.825		x	x	х
25	w), ww), x), y)	157.250	161.850		x	х	Х
85	w), ww), x), y)	157.275	161.875		X	X	X
26	w), ww), x), y)	157.300	161.900		x	х	Х
86	w), ww), x), y)	157.325	161.925		x	x	X
27	z)	157.350	161.950			X	X
87	z)	157.375	157.375		X		
28	z)	157.400	162.000			X	X
88	z)	157.425	157.425		X		
AIS 1	f), l), p)	161.975	161.975				
AIS 2	f), l), p)	162.025	162.025				

Notes referring to the Table

General notes

- a) Administrations may designate frequencies in the inter-ship, port operations and ship movement services for use by light aircraft and helicopters to communicate with ships or participating coast stations in predominantly maritime support operations under the conditions specified in Nos. 51.69, 51.73, 51.74, 51.75, 51.76, 51.77 and 51.78. However, the use of the channels which are shared with public correspondence shall be subject to prior agreement between interested and affected administrations.
- b) The channels of the present Appendix, with the exception of channels 06, 13, 15, 16, 17, 70, 75 and 76, may also be used for high-speed data and facsimile transmissions, subject to special arrangement between interested and affected administrations.
- c) The channels of the present Appendix, with the exception of channels 06, 13, 15, 16, 17, 70, 75 and 76, may be used for direct-printing telegraphy and data transmission, subject to special arrangement between interested and affected administrations. (WRC-12)
- d) The frequencies in this table may also be used for radiocommunications on inland waterways in accordance with the conditions specified in No. 5.226.
- e) Administrations may apply 12.5 kHz channel interleaving on a non-interference basis to 25 kHz channels, in accordance with the most recent version of Recommendation ITU-R M.1084, provided:
 - it shall not affect the 25 kHz channels of the present Appendix maritime mobile distress and safety, automatic identification system (AIS), and data exchange frequencies, especially the channels 06, 13, 15, 16, 17, 70, AIS 1 and AIS 2, nor the technical characteristics set forth in Recommendation ITU-R M.489-2 for those channels;
 - implementation of 12.5 kHz channel interleaving and consequential national requirements shall be subject to coordination with affected administrations. (WRC-12)

Specific notes

- f) The frequencies 156.300 MHz (channel 06), 156.525 MHz (channel 70), 156.800 MHz (channel 16), 161.975 MHz (AIS 1) and 162.025 MHz (AIS 2) may also be used by aircraft stations for the purpose of search and rescue operations and other safety-related communication. (WRC-07)
- g) Channels 15 and 17 may also be used for on-board communications provided the effective radiated power does not exceed 1 W, and subject to the national regulations of the administration concerned when these channels are used in its territorial waters.
- h) Within the European Maritime Area and in Canada, these frequencies (channels 10, 67, 73) may also be used, if so required, by the individual administrations concerned, for communication between ship stations, aircraft stations and participating land stations engaged in coordinated search and rescue and anti-pollution operations in local areas, under the conditions specified in Nos. 51.69, 51.73, 51.74, 51.75, 51.76, 51.77 and 51.78.
- i) The preferred first three frequencies for the purpose indicated in Note a) are 156.450 MHz (channel 09), 156.625 MHz (channel 72) and 156.675 MHz (channel 73).
- j) Channel 70 is to be used exclusively for digital selective calling for distress, safety and calling.
- k) Channel 13 is designated for use on a worldwide basis as a navigation safety communication channel, primarily for intership navigation safety communications. It may also be used for the ship movement and port operations service subject to the national regulations of the administrations concerned.
- 1) These channels (AIS 1 and AIS 2) are used for an automatic identification system (AIS) capable of providing worldwide operation, unless other frequencies are designated on a regional basis for this purpose. Such use should be in accordance with the most recent version of Recommendation ITU-R M.1371. (WRC-07)
- m) These channels may be operated as single frequency channels, subject to coordination with affected administrations. (WRC-07)

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- n) With the exception of AIS, the use of these channels (75 and 76) should be restricted to navigation-related communications only and all precautions should be taken to avoid harmful interference to channel 16, by limiting the output power to 1 W. (WRC-12)
- o) (SUP WRC-12)
- p) Additionally, AIS 1 and AIS 2 may be used by the mobile-satellite service (Earth-to-space) for the reception of AIS transmissions from ships. (WRC-07)
- q) When using these channels (10 and 11), all precautions should be taken to avoid harmful interference to channel 70. (WRC-07)
- r) In the maritime mobile service, this frequency is reserved for experimental use for future applications or systems (e.g. new AIS applications, man over board systems, etc.). If authorized by administrations for experimental use, the operation shall not cause harmful interference to, or claim protection from, stations operating in the fixed and mobile services. (WRC-12)
- s) Channels 75 and 76 are also allocated to the mobile-satellite service (Earth-to-space) for the reception of long-range AIS broadcast messages from ships (Message 27; see the most recent version of Recommendation ITU-R M.1371). (WRC-12)
- t) Until 1 January 2017, in Regions 1 and 3, the existing duplex channels 78, 19, 79 and 20 can continue to be assigned. These channels may be operated as single-frequency channels, subject to coordination with affected administrations. From that date, these channels shall only be assigned as single-frequency channels. However, existing duplex channel assignments may be preserved for coast stations and retained for vessels, subject to coordination with affected administrations. (WRC-12)
- u) In Region 2, these channels may be operated as single-frequency channels, subject to coordination with affected administrations. (WRC-12)
- After 1 January 2017, in the Netherlands, these channels may continue to be operated as duplex frequency channels, subject to coordination with affected administrations. (WRC-12)
- w) In Regions 1 and 3:

Until 1 January 2017, the frequency bands 157.025-157.325 MHz and 161.625-161.925 MHz (corresponding to channels: 80, 21, 81, 22, 82, 23, 83, 24, 84, 25, 85, 26, 86) may be used for new technologies, subject to coordination with affected administrations. Stations using these channels or frequency bands for new technologies shall not cause harmful interference to, or claim protection from, other stations operating in accordance with Article 5.

From 1 January 2017, the frequency bands 157.025-157.325 MHz and 161.625-161.925 MHz (corresponding to channels: 80, 21, 81, 22, 82, 23, 83, 24, 84, 25, 85, 26, 86) are identified for the utilization of the digital systems described in the most recent version of Recommendation ITU-R M.1842. These frequency bands could also be used for analogue modulation described in the most recent version of Recommendation ITU-R M.1084 by an administration that wishes to do so, subject to not claiming protection from other stations in the maritime mobile service using digitally modulated emissions and subject to coordination with affected administrations. (WRC-12)

- ww) In Region 2, the frequency bands 157.200-157.325 and 161.800-161.925 MHz (corresponding to channels: 24, 84, 25, 85, 26 and 86) are designated for digitally modulated emissions in accordance with the most recent version of Recommendation ITU-R M.1842. (WRC-12)
- x) From 1 January 2017, in Angola, Botswana, Lesotho, Madagascar, Malawi, Mauritius, Mozambique, Namibia, Democratic Republic of the Congo, Seychelles, South Africa, Swaziland, Tanzania, Zambia and Zimbabwe, the frequency bands 157.125-157.325 and 161.725-161.925 MHz (corresponding to channels: 82, 23, 83, 24, 84, 25, 85, 26 and 86) are designated for digitally modulated emissions.
 - From 1 January 2017, in China, the frequency bands 157.150-157.325 and 161.750-161.925 MHz (corresponding to channels: 23, 83, 24, 84, 25, 85, 26 and 86) are designated for digitally modulated emissions. (WRC-12)
- These channels may be operated as single or duplex frequency channels, subject to coordination with affected administrations. (WRC-12)
- z) These channels may be used for possible testing of future AIS applications without causing harmful interference to, or claiming protection from, existing applications and stations operating in the fixed and mobile services. (WRC-12)

APPENDIX 25 (REV.WRC-03)*

Provisions and associated frequency allotment Plan for coast radiotelephone stations operating in the exclusive maritime mobile bands between 4 000 kHz and 27 500 kHz

The provisions of this Appendix shall apply to the maritime mobile radiotelephone bands reserved for duplex operation (two-frequency channels) between 4 000 kHz and 27 500 kHz (see Appendix 17). Section I contains the procedure for bringing up to date the frequency allotment Plan for coast stations. The allotment Plan is contained in Section II of this Appendix.

25/1 Section I – Procedure for bringing up to date the frequency allotment plan

- **25**/1.1 1 Before notifying to the Radiocommunication Bureau or bringing into use at any coast radiotelephone station a frequency assignment not covered by an allotment in the Frequency Allotment Plan contained in Section II of this Appendix, an administration which
- 25/1.1.1 intends to establish a coast radiotelephone station and has no allotment in the Plan, or
- 25/1.1.2 intends to expand its coast radiotelephone service and requires an additional allotment,

shall send the information listed in Appendix 4 to the Bureau not earlier than two years in the case of No. 25/1.1.1, or not earlier than six months in the case of No. 25/1.1.2, before the projected date of bringing into service of the planned coast radiotelephone service but in any case not later than three months before that date.

- 25/1.2 The Bureau shall publish the information sent under No. 25/1.1 in a Special Section of the BR International Frequency Information Circular (BR IFIC) together with such apparent incompatibilities between the proposed allotment which is the subject of the publication and any other existing or proposed allotments which the Bureau can identify. The Bureau shall also indicate any information of a technical nature and make such suggestions as it may be able to offer with a view to avoiding these incompatibilities.
- 25/1.3 If it is requested by any administration, particularly by an administration of a country in need of special assistance, and if the circumstances appear to warrant, the Bureau, using such means at its disposal as are appropriate in the circumstances, shall render the following assistance:
- 25/1.3.1 indication of a suitable channel or channels for the service projected by the administration before that administration submits the information for publication;
- 25/1.3.2 carry out the procedure for which provision is made in No. 25/1.4;

^{*} This revision contains an up-to-date version of Appendix, reflecting all amendments to Section II and the Table of allotments resulting from the application of the procedure of Section I, up to and including 1 June 2012, as well as those amendments, which resulted from geopolitical changes that occurred up to and including that date.

- **25**/1.3.3 any other assistance of a technical nature for completion of the procedure in this Section.
- 25/1.4 2 At the same time as sending the information listed in Appendix 4 to the Bureau for publication, an administration shall seek the agreement of the administrations having an allotment in the same channel as the proposed allotment. A copy of the relevant correspondence shall be sent to the Bureau.
- 25/1.5 Any administration which, upon examining the information published by the Bureau, considers that its existing services or services planned within the time-limits mentioned in No. 25/1.1 would be affected shall have the right to be brought into the procedure undertaken pursuant to No. 25/1.4.
- **25**/1.6 3 An administration which receives a request under No. **25**/1.4 shall acknowledge receipt thereof immediately by telegram. If no acknowledgement is received within thirty days after the date of the BR IFIC containing the information published under No. **25**/1.2, the administration seeking agreement shall dispatch a telegram requesting acknowledgement, to which the receiving administration shall reply within a further period of fifteen days.
- 25/1.7 Upon receipt of the request under No. 25/1.4, an administration shall, having regard to the proposed date of bringing into use of the assignment(s) corresponding to the allotment for which agreement was requested, promptly examine the matter with regard to harmful interference which would be caused to the services rendered by its coast station(s):
- 25/1.7.1 using a frequency assignment corresponding to an allotment appearing in the Plan; or
- **25**/1.7.2 to be brought into service in conformity with an allotment appearing in the Plan within the time-limit prescribed in No. **25**/1.25; or
- 25/1.7.3 to be brought into service within the time-limit prescribed in No. 25/1.25, in conformity with a proposed allotment for which the information has been submitted to the Bureau under No. 25/1.1 for publication under No. 25/1.2.
- 25/1.8 Any administration which receives a request under No. 25/1.4 and which considers that the proposed use of a channel will not cause harmful interference to the services rendered by its coast stations as outlined in No. 25/1.7 shall, as soon as possible and not later than two months from the date of the relevant BR IFIC, notify its agreement to the administration seeking agreement.
- 25/1.9 Any administration which receives a request under No. 25/1.4 and which considers that the proposed use of a channel may cause harmful interference to the services rendered by its coast stations as outlined in No. 25/1.7 shall inform the administration concerned of the reasons for its disagreement as soon as possible and not later than two months from the date of the relevant BR IFIC and shall furnish any information and suggestions with a view to reaching a satisfactory solution of the problem. The administration seeking agreement shall try, as far as possible, to adjust its requirements according to the comments received.

- 25/1.10 In a case where the administration seeking agreement has no allotment in the band concerned, the administration(s) with which agreement is sought shall, in consultation with the requesting administration, explore all means of meeting the requirement of the requesting administration.
- **25**/1.11 4 An administration seeking agreement may request the Bureau to endeavour to obtain such agreement in those cases where:
- 25/1.11.1 an administration to which a request has been sent under No. 25/1.4 fails to acknowledge receipt of the request within forty-five days from the date of the BR IFIC containing the pertinent information;
- 25/1.11.2 an administration has acknowledged receipt under No. 25/1.6 but fails to give a decision within two months from the date of the BR IFIC containing the pertinent information;
- 25/1.11.3 there is disagreement between the administration seeking agreement and an administration with which agreement is sought as to the sharing possibilities;
- 25/1.11.4 it is not possible to reach agreement for any other reason.
- **25**/1.12 Either the administration seeking agreement or an administration with which agreement is sought, or the Bureau, may request additional information which it may require in studying any problem relating to this agreement.
- 25/1.13 Where the Bureau receives a request under No. 25/1.11.1, it shall forthwith send a telegram to the administration concerned requesting immediate acknowledgement.
- 25/1.14 Where the Bureau receives an acknowledgement following its action under No. 25/1.13, or where the Bureau receives a request under No. 25/1.11.2, it shall forthwith send a telegram to the administration concerned requesting an early decision in the matter.
- 25/1.15 Where the Bureau receives a request under No. 25/1.11.4, it shall endeavour to obtain agreement to which reference is made in No. 25/1.4. Where the Bureau receives from an administration no acknowledgement to the request it made under the terms of No. 25/1.4 for agreement within the period specified in No. 25/1.6, it shall act, in so far as this administration is concerned, in accordance with No. 25/1.13.
- 25/1.16 Where an administration fails to reply within fifteen days of the Bureau's telegram requesting an acknowledgement sent under No. 25/1.13, or fails to give a decision in the matter within thirty days of dispatch of the Bureau's telegram of request under No. 25/1.14, it shall be deemed that the administration with which agreement was sought has undertaken, once the projected allotment is included in the Plan:
- 25/1.16.1 that no complaint will be made in respect of any harmful interference which may be caused to the services rendered by its coast radiotelephone stations by the use of assignments in accordance with the allotment for which agreement was requested; and

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- 25/1.16.2 that its existing or projected coast radiotelephone stations will not cause harmful interference to the use of assignments in conformity with the allotment for which agreement was requested.
- 25/1.17 The Bureau shall examine the proposed allotment with respect to the probability of harmful interference which it may receive from an allotment in the Plan of the administration which failed to reply or which indicated disagreement without supplying the reasons; if the finding is favourable and where the application of the present procedure with respect to the other administrations concerned permits, the Bureau shall enter the proposed allotment in the Plan.
- 25/1.18 In the event of an unfavourable finding, the Bureau shall inform the administration concerned of the result of the examination; if the administration insists, and where the application of the present procedure with respect to the other administrations concerned permits, the Bureau shall enter the proposed allotment in the Plan.
- 25/1.19 Where the Bureau receives a request under No. 25/1.11.3, it shall assess the sharing possibilities and it shall inform the administrations concerned of the results obtained.
- 25/1.20 In the case of continuing disagreement, the Bureau shall examine the proposed allotment from the point of view of harmful interference which may be caused to the services rendered by the stations of the administration having declared its disagreement. In the case where the Bureau's finding is favourable and where the application of the present procedure with respect to the other administrations concerned permits, it shall enter the proposed allotment in the Plan.
- 25/1.21 If, after the examination under No. 25/1.20, the Bureau reaches an unfavourable finding, it shall then examine the proposed allotment from the point of view of harmful interference which may be caused to the services on all the various channels in the band. Should the Bureau reach an unfavourable finding in each case, it shall determine the channel which is the least affected and, if so requested by the administration seeking agreement, it shall enter the proposed allotment in this channel in the Plan.
- 25/1.22 5 An administration seeking agreement for a proposed allotment shall inform the Bureau of the results of its consultations with the administrations concerned. When the Bureau finds that the procedure prescribed in this Section has been applied with respect to each administration concerned, the Bureau shall publish its finding in a Special Section of the BR IFIC and, as the case may be, bring the Plan up to date.
- 25/1.23 6 Notwithstanding the above provisions and if the circumstances justify, an administration may, in exceptional circumstances, notify to the Bureau for provisional entry in the Master International Frequency Register an assignment which is not covered by an allotment in the Plan. That administration shall, however, begin forthwith the procedure prescribed in this Section.
- 25/1.24 7 When, within twelve months from the date of the inclusion of the allotment in the Plan, the Bureau does not receive a notice of a first frequency assignment corresponding to this allotment, or where the first notified frequency assignment has not been brought into use within the time-limits prescribed in these Regulations, before proceeding with the deletion of the allotment from the Plan, it shall consult with the administration concerned on the appropriateness of such a

deletion and of publishing this information in connection with bringing the Plan up to date. However, in the case where the Bureau, in the light of a request from the administration concerned, finds that exceptional circumstances warrant an extension of this period, the extension shall in no case exceed six months, except in the case of an administration which has no coast station in service in which case the period may be extended to eighteen months.

- 25/1.25 8 Any administration in whose name an allotment is shown in the Plan, and which has a need to replace this allotment by another allotment in the same frequency band with a view to improving its service, shall apply the procedure described in this Section. When that administration arrives at a positive result in applying this procedure, the Bureau, at its request, shall replace the existing allotment in the Plan by the proposed allotment.
- 25/1.26 9 The Bureau shall maintain an up-to-date master copy of the Plan resulting from the application of this procedure. It shall prepare in a suitable form, for publication by the Secretary-General, the whole or part of the revised version of the Plan as and when the circumstances justify and in any case once annually.

25/2 Section II – Allotment Plan for coast radiotelephone stations operating in the exclusive maritime mobile bands between 4 000 kHz and 27 500 kHz

- 25/2.1 The frequencies in Column 1 are assigned frequencies (see No. 1.148) as listed in Section I of Part B of Appendix 17. Each frequency is followed, in parentheses, by the carrier frequency and the channel number (see Section I of Part B of Appendix 17).
- 25/2.2 The coast radiotelephone stations operating in the bands allocated exclusively to the maritime mobile service between 4 000 kHz and 27 500 kHz must use the minimum power required to cover their service area. They may in no case use a peak envelope power above 10 kW per channel (see No. 52.219).
- 25/2.3 The Plan contained in this Appendix will be updated in accordance with the procedure defined in Section I of this Appendix.

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Column 1	Column 2	Column 3
Assigned frequency (carrier frequency) (channel number)	Allotment area ²	Observations ³

¹ The Plan includes additions, modifications and deletions of allotments in the channels of the Frequency Allotment Plan adopted by the WMARC-74, resulting from the application of the relevant plan updating procedures up to and including 1 June 2012, as well as those amendments, which resulted from geopolitical changes that occurred up to and including that date.

The meaning of the symbols is given in Tables "Areas" and "Standard Defined Areas" of the Preface to the BR IFIC.

³ ADD This allotment has been entered in the Plan as a result of the application of the procedure of Section I of this Appendix.

1	2	3	1	2	3	1	2	3
4 358.4 (4 357) (401)	AFS AUS CHL CKH CUB D1 DNK E GEO GRC HRV INS J KOR LVA MNE NIU PNR PRG RUS EO RUS NW S SMO SOM	ADD	4 364.4 (4 363) (403)	AFS ARG CAN CL CAN E CAN NO CAN W DNK E GRC HWA IND E IRQ MAC MCO NOR PNR PTR RUS EO S UKR USA CL USA E USA SO USA W	ADD	4 373.4 (4 372) (406)	HWA IRN LTU LVA ROU RUS AS RUS EO RUS SW SNG URG USA CL USA E USA SO USA W ALB ALS ARG ARS CHN CLM COG CYP E	ADD
4 361.4 (4 360) (402)	TKM TUR UKR UKG USA CL USA E USA SO USA W YEM ALB ALS ARG AZE BEN	ADD	4 367.4 (4 366) (404)	ALS AUS B CHL SO CHN COG F IRN ISR J MCO NCL OMA PAQ	ADD		FIN FII G GUM HWA ISL MDG PNR POL PTR TUN USA CL USA E USA SO	
	CHN G GUM HWA I IRN J KAZ MDG PNG PNR POL PTR RUS AS RUS NW THA TUN USA CL USA E USA SO USA W		4 370.4 (4 369) (405)	POL SEN THA USA CL USA E USA W AFS ALS AUS E AZE B CHL CHN CME CNR D2 F GMB GRC HOL >>>>		4 376.4 (4 375) (407)	USA W AFS ALS ARG AUS BRB CAN CL CME D2 E GUM HOL HWA I IND E IRN J NOR PTR RUS AN >>>>	ADD

1	2	3	1	2	3	1	2	3
(407)	<< <<		(410)	<< <<		(413)	<< <<	
	RUS NW			HNG			FIN	
	SNG TUR			HOL IRN			GNB GRC	
	USA E			ISR			GUM	
	USA W			MLT			HWA	
4 379.4	ALS			MTN			J	
(4 378)	ARG			NZL			MCO	
(400)	В	ADD		ROU			MDR PNR	
(408)	BEL BES			SEY USA E			POR	
	CAN E		4 388.4	AMS	ADD		PTR	
	CAN W		(4 387)	ARG NO			RUS EO	
	CUW		(411)	BEL			TLS	
	CHN GUM		(411)	E EQA	ADD		UKR USA CL	
	HRV			FLK	ADD		USA E	
	HWA			HKG			USA SO	
	I			I	ADD		USA W	
	INS IRN			INS IRN		4 397.4	ALS CYP	
	J			J		(4 396)	D1	
	MDA	ADD		KIR	ADD	(414)	E	
	MLD	ADD		RUS NW		, ,	FIN	
	MOZ			TUR			INS	
	NZL POL			UKR USA CL			ISL J	
	SMA	ADD		USA CL USA E			KEN	
	SUI	1122		USA W			PTR	
	SXM		4 391.4	AUS			RUS EO	
	USA E		(4 390)	D1			RUS SW	
4 382.4	USA W ARS		(412)	EST GEO			RUS W SHN	
(4 381)	B		(412)	I			USA E	
(100-)	CHN			IND W			USA SO	
(409)	CUB			IRQ		4 400.4	ALS	
	DNK	ADD		J		(4 399)	ARG	
	GHA I	ADD		LTU LVA		(415)	AUS CHN	
	IND W			RUS EO		(113)	DNK	
	NOR			RUS NW			EST	
	PNG			RUS SW			F	
	QAT S	ADD		RUS W UKR			GRC GUM	
	THA			USA E			HWA	
	TUR			USA SO			IRN	
	USA CL			USA W			LTU	
	USA E			YEM			LVA	
	USA SO USA W		4 394.4	AGL			MDG MLA	
4 385.4	ALG		(4 393)	AGL			PNR	
(4 384)	ARG SO		()	ALS			PTR	
	CAN W		(413)	ARG			ROU	
(410)	CHN			AZR			RUS NW	
	CNR D2			BHR CAN E			RUS SW RUS W	
	G G			CAN E CAN W			USA E	
	GRC			CPV			USA SO	
	GUM			D1			USA W	
1	>> >>			>> >>				

1	2	3
4 403.4	ALS	
(4 402)	ARG CL	
(416)	B EST	
(416)	F	
	G	
	GRC	
	HNG	
	INS IRN	
	ISL	
	J	
	LTU	
	LVA	
	MAU OCE	
	RUS SW	
	USA CL	
	USA E	
4.40<	USA W	
4 406.4 (4 405)	ARG AUS	
(4 403)	BEL	
(417)	CZE	
	FIN	
	G HKG	
	HRV	
	IND W	
	J	
	MLA MNE	
	MRC	
	PNG	
	RUS EO	
	SVK	
	TUR TZA	ADD
	USA CL	ADD
	USA E	
	USA SO	
	USA W YEM	
4 409.4	ARG	
(4 408)	AZE	
(410)	В	ADD
(418)	BUL CAN E	
	CAN E CAN W	
	CUB	
	DJI	
	DNK E	
	EGY	
	HWA	
	I	ADD
	INS	
	ISR >> >>	
ı		

1	2	3
(418)	<< <<	3
	J KAZ MTN ROU RUS AS S TKM USA CL	
4 412.4	AUS	
(4411)	B CHL CHN CZE D2 F GUM HOL HRV HWA ISL J KOR LBY PTR RUS NW SVN TZA USA SO USA W	ADD
4 415.4 (4 414) (420)	ALS AZE BUL CME DNK GUM HWA I IND E IRN J JOR KAZ MLA MRC PNR PTR RUS AN RUS AS S TKM TUR USA E LISA W	
4 421.4	USA W ALS	
(4 420)	BEL CAN W	
(422)	CHN >> >>	
•	•	-

1	2	3
(422)	CNR CUB EST FIN G GRC HNG INS IRQ J LBY LTU LVA MRC RUS NW RUS SW RUS W SUI USA E USA W	ADD
4 424.4 (4 423) (423)	ALS B CHN D1 I INS ISR J MLT PNG PNR POL QAT USA CL USA E USA SO USA W	ADD ADD
4 427.4 (4 426) (424)	ALG ALS ARG AUS E AUS W CHN DNK GRC GUM HWA MRC PNR PTR S SUI THA USA CL USA E	ADD
	USA SO USA W	

1	2	3] [1	2	3	1	2	3
4 430.4	ALS			(427)	<< <<		(429)	<< <<	
	ALS B BEL CHL DNK E GRC GUM HNG HOL HWA J JOR LBY MLA NZL PNR PTR USA CL	ADD		1 (427) 4 352.4 (4 351) (428)		ADD	1 (429) 6 502.4 (6 501) (601)	CHN CCHN CCG CZE D1 EST	3
4 433.4 (4 432) (426)	USA E USA SO USA W AGL ALG ALS ARG AZR BUL CHN CPV CYP DNK G GNB GUM HWA J MDR MOZ NOR PNR POR			4 355.4 (4 354) (429)	CHN GRC I J OMA RUS AN RUS AS RUS EO RUS NW RUS SW TKM UKR USA SO ALS ARG SO AUS AZE B BLR CLM DGA E			GEO GRC GUM HNG HRV HWA I INS IRN IRQ ISL J KAZ LBY LTU LVA MLA MILD MNE NCL NZL PTR ROU	ADD ADD ADD
4 436.4 (4 435) (427)	PTR THA TLS USA E USA SO USA W ALS AUS BUL CHL CHN DGA E G HWA I J >>>>>				G GRC GUM HKG HWA I J KAZ MDG MDW PTR RUS AS RUS EO RUS NW RUS SW RUS SW TKM >>>>		6 505.4 (6 504) (602)	RUS AS RUS SW RUS W SVK TKM UKR USA CL USA E USA SO USA W AFS ALS AUS E AZE B BEL BUL >>>>	ADD ADD

1	2	3	1	2	3	1	2	3
(602)	<< <<		(603)			(605)	<< <<	
	CAN E CAN W			LBY			DNK EGY	
	EQA	ADD		MLT	ADD		F	ADD
	EST FJI	ADD		MTN PTR			GUM HNG	
	GEO			ROU			HOL	
	GHA GUM	ADD		RUS EO RUS NW			HRV HWA	
	HOL			S			IND W	
	HRV HWA			SMO UKR			INS IRN	
	I			USA CL			IRQ	
	INS IRN			USA E			J	
	KAZ			USA SO USA W			KOR LBY	
	KOR			VTN	ADD		MDG	
	LTU LVA		6 511.4 (6 510)	ALS AUS			NZL PTR	ADD
	MCO			В	ADD		RUS EO	
	MDG POL		(604)	BES BUL	ADD		S SVN	
	POR			CAN W			UKR	
	PTR RUS AN			CHL CHN			URG USA CL	
	RUS AS			CME			USA E	
	RUS EO RUS NW			CUW E	ADD		USA SO USA W	
	RUS SW			GUM		6 520.4	ARG	
	RUS W SNG			HKG HRV		(6 519)	AUS CHN	
	TKM			HWA		(607)	CLM	
	TUN TUR			I			CUB	
	USA CL			INS IRN			DGA F	
	USA E			ISR			GRC	
	USA SO USA W			MDG MTN			HKG J	
6 508.4	ALB			PNG			MDA	ADD
(6 507)	ALG ALS			POL PTR			MDG OMA	
(603)	ARG			RUS NW			RUS AN	
	ARS AUS	ADD		SXM TUN	ADD		RUS EO RUS NW	
	CAN NO			TUR			UAE	
	CAN W CYP			TUV USA CL	ADD		USA SO VTN	
	DNK			USA E		6 523.4	ALS	
	E GRC			USA SO USA W		(6 522)	ARG CL ARG SO	
	GUM			VTN	ADD	(608)	AUS	
	HNG HWA		6 514.4	ALG ALS			B BLR	
	IND E		(6 513)	B B	ADD		BRU	ADD
	INS IRN		(605)	BUL			CHN	
	IRQ			CAN E CAN W			DGA E	
	ISL			CNR			EST	
	ISR >>> >>			COG >>> >>			G >>>>>	
	>> >>			>> >>			>> >>	

-			1	1		2	1	1		-
(608)	2 << <<	3	1	(802)	2 << <<	3		(805)	2 << <<	3
(008)	GRC GUM HWA J			(802)	MDR MOZ POR USA E			(803)	USA E USA SO USA W	
	KOR LVA MDW MOZ PTR RUS AS RUS AN RUS EO RUS NW RUS SW RUS W UKR USA E USA SO USA W			8 726.4 (8 725) (803)	USA SO AFS BEL BES CAN E CUB CUW E KOR LTU LVA PNG RUS EO RUS NW RUS SW			8 735.4 (8 734) (806)	ALS ARG AUS BEL BHR E GRC GUM HOL HWA I J PNR POL PTR	ADD
8 720.4 (8 719) (801)	AFS ALS BHR CHL DNK E				S SEN SUI SXM TUR USA CL	ADD		8 738.4 (8 737)	SMA UKR USA E USA W AZE CAN W	ADD
8 723.4	GUM HWA ISR J MLA PNR PTR ROU RUS AN S USA E USA SO USA W			8 729.4 (8 728) (804)	ARG E FIN GRC IRQ J JOR MCO POL QAT RUS AS RUS EO SNG USA E USA SO	ADD ADD		(807)	CHL COG CUB CYP CZE I ISL J MDG MTN NZL RUS AN RUS AS RUS SW RUS W	ADD
(8 722) (802)	AGL ALG ALS ARG AUS			8 732.4 (8 731)	USA W AFS ALB				SHN TKM USA CL	
	AZR CHN CLN CPV D2 FIN G GNB GRC HOL HWA IND E IRQ MDA >>>>	ADD		(805)	BEL E EQA FIN HOL IRN ISL ISR J LVA NCL PNG RUS EO RUS SW >> >>	ADD		8 741.4 (8 740) (808)	AFS ALS ARG ARS DNK E GRC GUM HWA I J ROU S USA E USA W	ADD

1	< AS EO SW W CL E SO W
RUS RUS	AS EO SW W CL E SO W
(809) CNR CUB CZE D2 FIN GRC ISL J CUSA USA USA USA USA USA USA USA USA USA	SW W CL E SO W
CUB CZE D2 FIN GRC ISL J VSA USA USA USA USA USA USA USA USA USA U	W CL E SO W
CZE D2 FIN GRC ISL J RUS NW MCO NOR CZE J USA	CL E SO W
D2 FIN GRC ISL J MCO NOR D2 LTU LVA USA USA USA USA USA USA USA USA USA US	E SO W
FIN GRC NZL USA USA USA ST62.4 AUS NW USA CL USA CL USA E (815) CHI	SO W
GRC ISL J MCO NOR GRC ISL POL RUS NW USA CL USA CL USA E (815) (815) (815)	W
J RUS NW USA CL USA E (8761) BEL CHI	W
MCO	
NOR USA E (815) CHI	
SVK USA SO USA SO D1	
THA USA W EST	
USA E 8 756.4 AGL GRO	
USA W (8 755) ALG IRQ IRQ	
(974C) DIII (912) AUG	ADD
(8 /46) BUL (813) AUS JOR MR(ADD
(810) CHN BEL RUS	
E CHL NO RUS	
FJI CHN SNC	
HRV CPV USA	
IDM CAID	
J GNB USA 8765.4 ALS	VV
MOZ GUM (8 764) ARG	
NOR HNG BRE	
POL HWA (816) CHI IND W	
LICA E MDD	
USA SO MOZ E	
USA W NOR GRO	
8 750.4 ARG PNR GUI	
(8 749) ARS POR HW	1
AUS PTR INS INS INS ITI	
DNIZ	
F USA SO LVA	
HKG USAW RUSAW	NW
HNG VTN ADD RUS	
HRV 8759.4 ALS RUS	
MOTE (6.25) Into	
NOR AZE USA USA USA	
S CUB USA	
TUR EST 8768.4 ALS	
USA E GEO (8 767) AUS	
IISAW GRC CAI	E
8753.4 ALS I I D1	
(8 752) ARG SO INS J	
BET KIB VDD	,
(812) CAN NO	
CHN E LVA IRN	`
GEO RUS AN PNF	ADD

1	2	3	1 [1	2	3	J	1	2	3
(817)	<< << PTR ROU RUS EO RUS SW THA	3		8 777.4 (8 776) (820)	ALS ARG CYP D1 D2 GRC	ADD		(824) 8 792.4	<< << TUN USA E USA SO USA W ALG	3
	USA CL USA E USA SO USA W YEM				GUM HWA I IND E IRN J			(8 791) (825)	ALS AMS ARG BRB CAN CL CKH	ADD
8 771.4 (8 770) (818)	ALS ARG BUL CHN CME CYP DNK				PNR PTR RUS NW SMO TZA USA E USA W	ADD			DNK F GHA HNG IND E IRN KAZ	ADD
	GUM HWA LBY MLA PNR PTR S SEY UKR			8 783.4 (8 782) (822)	AUS B CHN G HNG HRV IRN KEN MRC	ADD			KGZ RUS EO S TKM UKR USA E USA SO USA W	ADD
8 774.4 (8 773)	USA E USA W ALS AZE				SUI UKR USA E USA SO USA W			8 795.4 (8 794)	CAN W CAN NO CHN CLM CME	ADD
(819)	B CAN W EST G GEO GRC GUM HWA I INS J			8 786.4 (8 785) (823)	ARG CAN E DNK GRC I IND W IRQ J ROU RUS EO RUS NW			(620)	D2 G GUM HOL I INS J QAT UKR USA CL USA E	ADD
	KAZ LVA PAQ PNR RUS AN RUS AS RUS NW RUS SW THA TKM USA CL USA E USA SO USA W YEM	ADD		8 789.4 (8 788) (824)	RUS NW S TLS TZA USA W B CHN D1 GRC IRN MRC OMA POL RUS NW SNG SUI >>>>>	ADD ADD		8 798.4 (8 797) (827)	ALS ARG DJI DNK E GUM HRV HWA IRN ISR KOR MAC MNE NIU >>>>>	

1	2	3	1	1	2	3	1	2	3
(827)	<< <<		İ	(830)	<< <<		(834)	<< <<	
	PNR				POL			POR	
	PTR				PTR			PTR	
	S				RUS AS			RUS AS	
	SVN				RUS EO			RUS NW	
	USA E				USA SO			RUS SW	
0.001.4	USA W				YEM	4.00		RUS W	
8 801.4	ALB			0.010.4	VTN	ADD		UKR	
(8 800)	ALS			8 810.4	CHN			USA E	
(929)	B D1			(8 809)	COG D2		0.711.4	USA SO ALS	
(828)	F			(921)	FLK		8 711.4 (8 710)	ALS ARG CL	
	GUM			(831)	G		(8 /10)	ARG CL ARG SO	
	HNG				I		(835)	AKG SO AZE	
	HWA				IRN		(633)	BRU	ADD
	INS				ISL			DGA	ADD
	J				J			E	
	MAU		l		MDG			F	
	MRC		l		MLA			GRC	
	MTN		l		MRC			GUM	
	NOR		l		PTR			HWA	
	PNR		l		SUI			J	
	PTR				TUR			KOR	
	UKR				USA SO			MDW	
	USA E				USA W			MNE	
	USA W			8 813.4	ALS			OMA	
				(8 812)	В			PTR	
8 804.4	AUS				BUL			RUS AN	
(8 803)	BEL			(832)	CHN			RUS AS	
	BRM	ADD			CLM			RUS EO	
(829)	CHN				GUM			RUS NW	
	CYP				HKG			SUI	
	DNK				HWA			THA TKM	
	FIN				KOR			TUR	
	GMB IRN				MDG MLT			UKR	
	LBY				PTR			USA E	
	MLD	ADD			OAT			USA SO	
	NOR	ADD			RUS AN			USA W	
	OCE				RUS EO		8 714.4	AUS	
	PRG				TUR		(8 713)	AZE	
	S		l		UAE		()	CHL	
	UKR		l		URG		(836)	CHN	
	USA E				USA E			Е	
	USA SO				USA SO			I	
	USA W				USA W			RUS AN	
					VTN			RUS AS	
8 807.4	AZE		l	8 708.4	AUS			RUS EO	
(8 806)	В		l	(8 707)	BHR	ADD		RUS NW	
	BUL		l		CHL			TKM	
(830)	CHN			(834)	CHN			UKR	
	F		l		CLM			URG USA SO	
	HRV IND W		l		DGA		8 717.4	ARG CL	
	IND W INS		l		GRC GUM		8 717.4 (8 716)	ARG CL ARG SO	
	IRN				HWA		(0 /10)	AZE	
	KAZ				J		(837)	BLR	
	MCO	ADD			KOR		(031)	CHN	
	PNG	1100			MDW			CUB	
	>> >>				>> >>			>> >>	
1 1		I	ı	I					l

1	2	3	1	1	2	3	1	2	3
(837)	<< <<			(1203)	<< <<		(1206)	<< <<	
	G				MDR			I	
	GRC J				MOZ POR			IRN ISL	
	KAZ				RUS EO			J	
	MDG				S			MDG	
	RUS AN				TLS			MRC	
	RUS AS				USA CL			TUR	
	RUS EO				USA E			USA E	
	RUS NW				USA SO			USA SO	
	RUS SW			42.00= 4	USA W			USA W	
	RUS W TKM			13 087.4	ALS D2		13 096.4	AGL	
	UKR			(13 086)	F		(13 096.4	AGL	
	USA SO			(1204)	GRC		(13 073)	AZR	
13 078.4	ARG			(1201)	GUM		(1207)	BEL	
(13 077)	CAN NO				HWA		` ′	BES	
	CHN				ISR			CAN W	
(1201)	CYP				J			CHN	
	E				LVA			CPV	
	G INS				MAC NOR			CUW EQA	ADD
	QAT	ADD			PNR			GRC	ADD
	RUS EO	1100			PTR			HOL	
	RUS NW				RUS SW			IRN	
	RUS SW				RUS W			ISR	
	UKR				USA E			J	
	USA E				USA SO			MDR	
	USA SO				USA W			MNE	
13 081.4	USA W ARS			13 090.4	ALS			MOZ POR	
(13 081.4	CHL			(13 089)	ARG			RUS NW	
(15 000)	D2			(15 00)	D1			SXM	
(1202)	FJI			(1205)	E			TLS	
	G				GEO				
	GRC				GUM		13 099.4	ARG	
	HNG				HWA		(13 098)	CHN	
	J MRC				I J		(1208)	CYP D1	
	RUS AN				LTU		(1208)	EST	
	SUI				LVA			GRC	
	TUN				MOZ			HNG	
	USA CL				NCL			I	ADD
	USA E				NOR			ISL	
	USA SO				PTR			J	
12 004 4	USA W AGL		-		TLS UKR			LTU LVA	
13 084.4 (13 083)	AGL				USA E			RUS SW	
(13 003)	AUS E				USA SO			RUS W	
(1203)	AZR				USA W			USA E	
	CHN				YEM			USA SO	
	CLM								
	CPV			13 093.4	ALB		13 102.4	AFS	
	DNK			(13 092)	AUS W		(13 101)	ALS B	
	GNB GRC			(1206)	CHN D2		(1209)	BHR	
	HWA			(1200)	E E		(1207)	CAN W	
	IRQ				FIN			E	
	LBY				G			EST	
	>> >>		l		>> >>			>> >>	

1	2	3	1	1	2	3	1	2	3
(1209)	<< <<		İ	(1212)	<< <<		(1215)	<< <<	
	FIN				MDA	ADD		S	
	I				PTR			SEY	
	INS J				RUS EO RUS SW			USA SO USA W	
	NZL				RUS W		13 123.4	ALB	
	POL				USA E		(13 122)	ALS	
	RUS NW				USA SO		, ,	ARG	
	RUS SW			13 114.4	ARG		(1216)	CHN	
	TUR			(13 113)	BEL			EGY	
	USA E USA SO			(1213)	BRB CAN E			FIN GUM	
	USA W			(1213)	CHN			HWA	
					CNR			IRN	
13 105.4	CHL				FIN			MRC	
(13 104)	DJI				GRC			PNR	
(1210)	DNK E				HOL I			POL PTR	
(1210)	GRC				IND E			SNG	
	GUM				IRN			TUR	
	IND W				IRQ			USA E	
	INS				ISR			USA SO	
	ROU				KOR		12.126.4	USA W	
	RUS AN RUS EO				NOR RUS AN		13 126.4 (13 125)	ALG AZE	
	S				SMO		(13 123)	BUL	
	SUI	ADD			USA W	ADD	(1217)	CUB	
	URG			13 117.4	ALS			DNK	
	USA E			(13 116)	AUS			GRC	
	USA SO USA W			(1214)	B CAN W			GUM IND E	
13 108.4	ALS		ł	(1214)	CAN W			IRQ	
(13 107)	В				DNK			J	
	CHN				GRC			KAZ	
(1211)	CUB				GUM			NOR	
	DNK E				HNG IRN			RUS AS RUS EO	
	I				PTR			S	
	IRQ				RUS EO			SHN	
	J				S			USA CL	
	KAZ				USA CL			USA E	
	MLA NOR				USA E USA SO			USA SO	
	PAQ				USA SU USA W		13 129.4	USA W ALS	
	RUS AN			13 120.4	ALG		(13 128)	BEL	
	RUS AS			(13 119)	BEL			CHL	
	S			(1015)	BHR	ADD	(1218)	CME	
	TKM USA CL			(1215)	CME DNK			CNR D1	
	USA CL USA E				E E			GUM	
	USA SO				GRC			HWA	
	USA W				HOL			I	
13 111.4	ALS				IND W			IRN	
(13 110)	D1 CBC				ISL			J	
(1212)	GRC HWA				ISR J			NIU NOR	
(1212)	INS				PNR			PNR	
	J				PTR			PTR	
	MAU				ROU			RUS SW	
1	>> >>		l	I	>> >>			>> >>	

1	2	3
(1218)	<< <<	
(-2-0)	TUR USA E USA SO USA W	
13 132.4	ALS	
(13 131)	B BEL	
(1219)	BUL DNK HOL J LTU	
	LVA MRC RUS EO RUS NW	
	RUS SW RUS W S SNG	
	UKR USA E USA SO USA W	
13 135.4 (13 134)	ALS ARG	
	D2	ADD
(1220)	FJI GRC	
	GUM HWA	
	IRN ISL	
	J JOR	ADD
	PNR POL	
	PTR TUN	
	USA E	
	USA SO USA W	
13 141.4	ALS	ADD
(13 140)	ARG BEN CAN E	ADD
(1222)	CKH F	
	HWA IND W IRN	
	J NOR	
	ROU RUS EO	
	TUR USA W	ADD

1	2	3
13 144.4 (13 143) (1223)	ARS B CZE DNK GRC GUM J MRC S SVK UKR USA E USA SO USA W	
13 147.4 (13 146) (1224)	AFS ALS CHL DI FIN G GHA GUM HRV HWA J MCO NZL PNR PTR USA E USA W	ADD
13 150.4 (13 149) (1225)	CHN E GRC IRN JOR MDG NOR PNG ROU RUS NW USA E USA SO	ADD
13 153.4 (13 152) (1226)	AUS CHL CZE DNK F IRN J MCO RUS NW S TUR USA E USA SO USA W	ADD ADD

1	2	3
13 156.4	ALS	
(13 155)	AUS E FIN GUM HRV HWA IND E PNR POL PTR RUS EO SUI TZA USA E USA W	ADD
13 159.4 (13 158) (1228)	B CHL CHN CUB EST G GEO HNG I LVA MLD NOR RUS SW RUS SW RUS W UKR USA CL USA E USA W	ADD ADD
13 162.4 (13 161) (1229)	ARG AUS AZE BUL CAN E F HRV J KAZ KGZ KOR LTU LVA POL QAT RUS AN RUS AN RUS SW RUS W USA W	ADD

13 165.4 ARG CYP FIN CYP FIN CYP FIN CYP CYP FIN CYP CYP FIN CYP	1	2	3	1	2	3	1	2	3
(13 164) CYP FIN RUS AS RUS AS RUS AS RUS AS RUS NW RUS N	13 165.4								
(1230) G	(13 164)	CYP			RUS AS			USA CL	
HWA		FIN							
1	(1230)								
SUI									
MTN SUI UKR USA SO VTN EST GUM HWA CHN EST GUM HWA CHN EST GUM HWA CHN EST GUM HWA GUSA SO USA W CHN EST GUM HWA GUSA SO USA W CHN EST GUM HWA GUSA SO GUM HWA GUSA SO USA W TKM GUSA SO USA W TUR UKR USA SO		-							
SUI							(13 188)	_	
UKR							(1220)		
USA E					-		(1238)		
USA SO									
USA W				12 177 4					
13 168.4 ALS									
(1231) AUS	13 168 4			(13 170)					
Column F				(1234)					ADD
Clast GRC GUM HWA KOR MDG RUS AN	(15 107)			(1231)					7100
GUM	(1231)	GRC							
HKG	(- /								
IRN		HKG			MDG			RUS AS	
LBY NOR PNR		HWA			OMA			RUS EO	
NOR		IRN			RUS EO			RUS NW	
PNR					USA SO				
POL		NOR			USA W				
PRG				13 180.4	ARG				
PTR				(13 179)	CHN				
USA E									
USA W VTN ADD KOR LVA (13 191) AZE RUS AN RUS AN RUS EO RUS NW RUS SW CHN E GEO GRC GI3 173. B CHN CI3 173. B CHN E GEO GRC GRC GI3 173. CLM CI3 174.4 AZE CI3 174.4 AZE CI3 174.4 AZE CI3 174.4 AZE CI3 174.4 CI3 175. CUMBRE				(1235)					
VTN							12.102.1		
13 171.4 ALG			ADD		-				
Company	12 171 4		ADD				(13 191)		
ARG							(1220)		ADD
CAN E CAN E CHN E CHN E CHN E CHN E CHN E CHN	(13 170)						(1239)		ADD
D2 G CHN E F GUM HWA J USA SO UZB J J J J J J J J J	(1232)								
G GRC GUM HWA J J LVA HWA J J SR RUS SW GRC CHN (1233) CLM CHN (1233) CLM C GGC GRC GGC GRC GUM HWA J J J SR RUS SW GRC J J LVA MLT C G GRC J LVA MLT C MLT	(1232)								
GRC GUM HWA J KAZ MTN PNR ADD SMA ADD TKM USA E USA W 13 183.4 (13 182) CHN ISR USA SO UAB RUS EO UAB USA SO USA SO UAB RUS EO UAB USA SO USA SO UAB RUS EO UAB RUS AN RUS AN RUS AS RUS SO 13 174.4 (13 173) B CHN (1233) CLM E G G G G G G G G G G G G G G G C J LVA MLT LVA MLT R G GUM HWA J J KAZ GUM HWA J J KAZ MTN E GUM HWA USA SO J J KAZ MDG MNE PTR RUS EO QAT UAB RUS AN RUS AS RUS SW RUS SW RUS W TKM TUR UKR USA E USA SO USA S									
GUM		-							
HWA					_			GUM	
J									
MTN PNR SMA ADD SMA ADD TKM USA E USA W 13 174.4 (13 182) 13 186.4 (13 185) CHN USA SO 13 174.4 (13 173) B CHN (1233) CLM CHN CHN CG GGC GGC J LVA MLT LVA MLT MDG MNE PTR CHN RUS EO UKR USA SO		J						J	
PNR SMA ADD SMA ADD TKM USA E USA W USA W USA W USA SO USA		KAZ		13 183.4	BRM	ADD		KAZ	
SMA ADD TKM UAE				(13 182)	CHN				
TKM USA E USA W 13 174.4 AZE (13 173) B CHN (1233) CLM E G G G G G G C C C C C C C C C C C C C					I			The state of the s	
USA E USA W USA W USA SO 13 174.4 AZE (13 173) B CHN (1233) CLM E G G G GRC J LVA GRC GRC J LVA MLT USA SO UKR USA SO RUS AN RUS AS RUS SW RUS SW RUS W RUS SW SUI TUR USA E USA SO USA SO USA SO USA W 13 195.4 ARG CL (13 194) ARG SO			ADD	(1236)					
USA W USA SO RUS AS RUS AS RUS EO RUS SW RUS EO RUS SW RUS W RUS AS RUS SW USA E USA SO USA W RUS W RUS W RUS W RUS AS RUS W RUS W RUS W RUS W RUS AS RUS W RUS W RUS W RUS W RUS W RUS W RUS AS RUS W RUS W RUS W RUS W RUS W RUS W RUS AS RUS SW RUS W ARG CL (13 194) ARG SO									
13 174.4 AZE					-				
(13 173) B CHN (1233) CLM E (1237) J TKM E CHO CHN (1247) J TKM E CHO CHO CHO CHO CHO CHO CHO CHO CHO CHO	12 174 4			4					
CHN (1233) CLM E G GEO GRC J LVA BY LVA BY RUS AS RUS AS RUS AS RUS SW SUI LVA MLT LVA TUR UKR USA E USA SO USA SO USA W 13 195.4 ARG CL (13 194) ARG SO									
(1233) CLM (1237) J TKM E G LVA PTR GEO RUS AS GRC J SUI LVA MLT USA E USA E USA SO USA W 13 195.4 ARG CL (13 194) ARG SO	(13 1/3)			(13 185)					
LVA	(1233)			(1027)					
G PTR UKR GEO RUS AS USA E GRC RUS SW J SUI LVA TUR MLT UAE GEO RUS AS USA E USA SO USA W 13 195.4 ARG CL (13 194) ARG SO	(1233)			(1237)					
GEO RUS AS USA E USA S USA S USA SO USA SO USA W									
GRC J RUS SW SUI USA SO USA W USA W LVA TUR 13 195.4 ARG CL MLT UAE (13 194) ARG SO									
J SUI USA W LVA TUR 13 195.4 ARG CL MLT UAE (13 194) ARG SO									
LVA TUR 13 195.4 ARG CL UAE (13 194) ARG SO									
MLT UAE (13 194) ARG SO							13 195.4		
		MLT					(13 194)	ARG SO	
UKK NOS		RUS AN			UKR			AUS	
>> >> (1240) >> >>		>> >>			>> >>		(1240)	>> >>	

1	2	2
(1240)	<u>2</u>	3
(1240)	CHN	
	DGA	
	GRC	
	GUM	
	HKG	
	HWA KGZ	
	MDW	
	POR	
	PTR	
	RUS AN	
	RUS EO RUS NW	
	RUS SW	
	RUS W	
	USA E	
	USA SO	
13 198.4	USA W ALS	
(13 197)	CHN	
	D2	
(1241)	DGA	
	GUM	
	HWA IND E	
	IND W	
	J	
	MDW	
	PTR	
	UKR USA E	
	USA W	
17 243.4	ALS	
(17 242)	ARG	
(1601)	DNK HWA	
(1001)	J	
	LTU	
	NOR	
	RUS NW RUS SW	
	RUS SW RUS W	
	S	
	SEY	
	TUN	
	UKR USA E	
	USA SO	
17.046.4	ADC	
17 246.4 (17 245)	ARS AUS E	
(17 245)	CME	
(1602)	G	
	GRC	
	MRC	
	RUS AN RUS EO	
	RUS SW	

1	2	3
(1602)	<< <<	3
,	USA E USA SO USA W	
17 249.4 (17 248) (1603)	ALS ARG NO CHN CYP DNK HNG	
	I MLT NOR S USA E USA SO USA W	ADD
17 252.4 (17 251) (1604)	AUS BEN CAN E F GRC J NOR ROU	ADD
17 255.4 (17 254) (1605)	DNK F IND W IRN J OCE RUS SW S UKR USA E	
17 258.4 (17 257) (1606)	USA W B CUB FIN G I ISL J NZL PTR RUS SW TUR USA SO USA W	
17 261.4 (17 260) (1607)	ALS BES CAN E CUW GRC IND E IRN MCO NOR POL >> >>	

1	2	3
(1607)	CONTRACTOR CONTRACTOR	- 3
17 264.4 (17 263) (1608)	AFS CAN W CHN CZE DNK EQA I MTN S SVK TUR	ADD
17 267.4 (17 266) (1609)	ARS BEL CKH E GRC IND E ISR J RUS NW USA E USA SO USA W	
17 270.4 (17 269) (1610)	AUS CHN D1 EGY INS IRN MTN NOR RUS NW TUN UKR UKG USA E USA SO USA W	
17 273.4 (17 272) (1611)	B FIN G HRV J LBY MLA SUI TUR USA E USA SO USA W	

1	2	3
17 276.4 (17 275) (1612)	ALS AUS CUB GEO GUM HWA JOR MRC PTR RUS EO RUS NW RUS SW UKR USA E USA SO USA W	ADD
17 279.4 (17 278) (1613)	ALS B BEL E GRC GUM HWA IRN ISR NOR PNR PTR ROU RUS EO SNG USA E USA SO USA W	
17 282.4 (17 281) (1614)	CAN W CHN DNK FIN I MLD NIU RUS AN S	ADD
17 285.4 (17 284) (1615)	AGL AZR CPV FIN G GNB IRN ISL MDR MOZ POR RUS EO SUI TLS	

1	2	3
17 288.4 (17 287) (1616)	ALS D1 HWA I IRN J MRC RUS NW TUR USA E USA SO	,
17 291.4 (17 290) (1617)	B CNR DNK F GRC HNG IRN ISR RUS EO S	
17 294.4 (17 293) (1618)	ARG BHR DNK G HRV IND W J MRC S TUR	
17 297.4 (17 296) (1619)	ALS D2 F GRC GUM HWA MAU NOR PNR PTR RUS EO USA E USA W	
17 300.4 (17 299) (1620)	J LBY LTU LVA NOR RUS SW RUS W TUR UKR USA CL USA E	

1	2	3
17 306.4	ALS	ADD
(17 305)	AUS	
	DNK	
(1622)	F	
	GHA	ADD
	GRC	ADD
	HWA J	ADD
	PNR	ADD
	ROU	
	S	
	SUI	ADD
17 309.4	ALS	
(17 308)	CHN	
(1623)	E FIN	
(1023)	G	
	GUM	
	HOL	
	HWA	
	PNR	
	PRG PTR	
	UKR	
	USA E	
	USA SO	
	USA W	
17 312.4	D1	
(17 311)	E	
(1624)	I J	
(1024)	LTU	
	LVA	
	RUS SW	
	RUS W	
	SMO	
	USA E USA SO	
	USA W	
	0521 11	
17 315.4	ALS	
(17 314)	BEL	
(1.605)	GRC	
(1625)	GUM HWA	
	IRN	
	ISL	
	J	
	POL	
	PTR	
	USA E	
	USA SO USA W	
17 318.4	CAN W	
(17 317)	CUB	
	GRC	
(1626)	HOL	
	IRQ	
	J >> >>	
I	<i> </i>	

1	2	2	1	1	2	2	ı	1	2	2
(1626)	<u>2</u>	3	ł	(1631)	2 << <<	3		(1635)	<< <<	3
(1020)	QAT RUS AN RUS EO RUS NW	ADD		(1031)	CHN GRC IRQ POL SUI			17 348.4	PNR POR S TLS	ADD
17 321.4 (17 320) (1627)	USA E ALS BEL E EST GRC HNG HRV J LTU LVA NOR RUS SW	ADD		17 336.4 (17 335) (1632)	USA E ALS ARG AZR CYP G HNG J MDG MDR POR USA E			(17 345.4 (17 347) (1636)	ALG ALS FIN GRC GUM HOL HWA IND E J PNR PTR USA E USA W	
17 324.4 (17 323)	RUS W CUB EQA F	ADD		17 339.4 (17 338)	USA SO USA W AFS ALS			17 351.4 (17 350)	AZE CHN E	
(1628)	GRC IRQ ISR MCO ROU RUS EO RUS NW	ADD		(1633)	AZE B CHN D2 F GRC GUM			(1637)	G HKG KAZ KOR MDG NZL RUS AS	
17 327.4 (17 326) (1629)	ALG AUS BRM CAN E D2 GRC IRN J NOR SEN	ADD			HWA KAZ KGZ PNR POL PTR RUS AS TKM USA E USA W			17 354.4 (17 353) (1638)	ALS BUL D2 FIN GUM HWA MNE MRC POL SMA	ADD
17 330.4 (17 329) (1630)	ALS BEL E GEO GUM HWA IND W			17 342.4 17 341 (1634)	CAN NO CHN D1 E GRC J KOR			17 357.4 (17 356) (1639)	USA E USA W ALB ALS CHN D1 E	
	ISL J LTU LVA PNR PTR RUS SW USA E			17 345.4 (17 344) (1635)	AGL AUS AZR BUL CPV DNK GNB			17 360.4	GUM HOL HWA PNR PTR USA E USA W	
17 333.4 (17 332) (1631)	USA SO USA W ALG BUL CHL >> >>				I J MAC MDR MOZ >> >>	ADD		(17 359) (1640)	CHL D2 EST G GRC >>> >>	

1	2	3
(1640)		3
(1040)	J	
	LVA	
	PNR	ADD
17 363.4	ALG	
(17 362)	DNK	
	IRQ	
(1641)	J	
	S	
	SNG	
	UKR	
	USA E	
	USA SO	
1= 0	USA W	
17 366.4	ALS	
(17 365)	AUS	
(1642)	CLM F	
(1042)	г HWA	
	J	
	PTR	
	RUS EO	
	UAE	
	USA CL	
	USA E	
	USA SO	
	USA W	
	VIR	
17 369.4	AZE	
(17 368)	CHN	
(1643)	CLM F	
(1043)	KAZ	
	QAT	
	RUS AN	
	RUS EO	
	RUS NW	
	TKM	
	UKR	
	USA SO	
17 372.4	ALS	
(17 371)	В	
(1644)	HWA I	
(1644)	MDA	ADD
	RUS EO	ADD
	RUS NW	
	UAE	
	USA CL	
	USA E	
	USA SO	
	USA W	
(17 375.4)	ARG	
(17 374)	CHN	
	ISR	
(1645)	KGZ	
	KOR	
	LVA	
	OMA	
	>> >>	l

1	2	3
(1645)	<< <<	
(====)	RUS AN	
	RUS EO	
	RUS NW	
	RUS SW	
	RUS W	
	TUR	
	UKR USA SO	
	UZB	
17 378.4	CHN	
(17 377)	I	
	RUS EO	
(1646)	RUS SW	
	RUS W USA W	
	VTN	ADD
17 381.4	ALS	1100
(17 380)	CAN E	
	CHN	
(1647)	EST	
	HWA	
	KOR LTU	
	RUS AS	
	RUS EO	
	RUS NW	
	TUR	
	UKR	
	USA CL USA E	
	USA SO	
	USA W	
17 384.4	ALS	
(17 383)	BLR	
(1.649)	CHN	
(1648)	HWA KOR	
	PTR	
	RUS AN	
	RUS AS	
	RUS EO	
	RUS NW	
	RUS SW UKR	
	USA CL	
	USA W	
	VIR	
17 387.4	ALS	
(17 386)	В	
(1649)	BUL GUM	
(1077)	HWA	
	J	
	MDG	
	PTR	
	RUS AN USA E	
	USA SO	
	USA W	

1	2	3
17 390.4	ALS	
(17 389)	ARG CL	
	ARG SO	
(1650)	AZE	
	CHN E	
	GRC	
	HKG	
	HWA	
	J	
	PTR RUS AN	
	RUS NW	
	RUS SW	
	UKR	
	USA E	
	USA SO	
17 393.4	USA W ALS	
(17 392)	BLR	
	CHN	
(1651)	DGA	
	E	
	GUM HWA	
	J	
	MDW	
	PTR	
	RUS AN	
	RUS EO RUS SW	
	UKR	
	USA E	
	USA SO	
15 20 6 4	USA W	
17 396.4 (17 395)	CHN GUM	
(17 373)	HOL	
(1652)	J	
	MDG	
	MDW	
	MNE PTR	
	RUS AN	
	RUS EO	
	RUS NW	
	RUS SW TKM	
	UKR	
	USA E	
	USA SO	
17 399.4	B	
(17 398)	CHN E	
(1653)	PTR	
(/	RUS AS	
	RUS EO	
	RUS NW	
	RUS SW	
1		l .

1	2	3	1	1	2	3	1	1	2	3
(1653)	<< <<		1	(1801)	<< <<	- 3		(1804)	<< <<	
(1000)	RUS W			()	J			()	S	ADD
	UKR				JOR				TUR	
	USA E				PTR				USA SO	
	USA SO				RUS AN				USA W	
	USA W				RUS EO			19 768.4	ALS	
17 402.4	VTN CHN				RUS NW TUR			(19 767)	CHN HWA	
(17 402.4	G				UAE			(1805)	I HWA	
(17 401)	HWA				USA CL			(1803)	J	
(1654)	J				USA E				LVA	
· ·	PTR				USA SO				RUS EO	
	RUS SW				USA W				RUS SW	
	UKR				VIR				RUS W	
	USA E			19 759.4	CHN				TUR	
	USA SO			(19 758)	G			10 == 1 1	USA W	
17 405 4	USA W ALS			(1802)	HOL ISL			19 774.4	ARG CL	
17 405.4 (17 404)	CHL			(1802)	J J			(19 773)	ARG SO CHN	
(1/404)	CHL				MOZ			(1807)	D2	
(1655)	DGA				PTR			(1007)	GEO	
(1000)	E				RUS NW				ISL	
	G				RUS SW				J	
	GRC				RUS W				LVA	
	GUM				UKR				RUS AN	
	HWA				USA CL				RUS EO	
	KGZ				USA E				RUS NW	
	MDW PTR				USA SO VIR				RUS SW TKM	
	RUS AN			19 762.4	ALS		ł		TUR	
	RUS NW			(19 761)	AZE				USA SO	
	RUS SW			(== 1 ==)	В			19 777.4	ALS	
	TUR			(1803)	CHN			(19 776)	BLR	
	UKR				G				CHN	
	USA E				HWA			(1808)	CUB	
	USA SO				J				HWA	
15 400 4	USA W				JOR				ISR	4.00
17 408.4	AUS CHN				KOR LTU				MCO MDG	ADD
(17 407)	GUM				POR				PTR	
(1656)	HWA				PTR				RUS AN	
(1050)	LVA				RUS EO				RUS AS	
	MDW				RUS NW				RUS EO	
	PTR				RUS SW				RUS NW	
	RUS AN				TKM				TUR	
	RUS NW				UAE				UKR	
	RUS SW				UKR				USA CL	
	RUS W				USA CL USA E				USA E	
	SUI				USA E USA W				USA SO	
	UKR USA E				VIR				USA W VIR	
	USA SO			19 765.4	ALS		1	19 780.4	ALS	
	USA W			(19 764)	BRU	ADD		(19 779)	B	
19 756.4	ALS		1		CAN W			(/	CHN	
(19 755)	AUS			(1804)	CHN			(1809)	Е	
	CHN				D2				GRC	
(1801)	E				HWA				GUM	
	G				J DUC EO				HWA	A DD
	HWA				RUS EO				POL	ADD
I	>> >>	l	l	I	>> >>	l	l	l	>> >>	l

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(1809)	<< <<	
(,	RUS NW	
	RUS W	
	SUI	
	TUR	
	UKR	
	USA E	
	USA SO	
	USA W	
19 783.4	ALS	
(19 782)	ARG BUL	
(1810)	CHN	
(1010)	EST	
	HKG	
	HWA	
	J	
	LTU	
	PTR	
	RUS AN	
	RUS AS	
	RUS SW	
	UKR	
19 786.4	USA W ALS	
(19 785)	B B	
(17 703)	CAN E	
(1811)	CHN	
,	DGA	
	GRC	
	GUM	
	HWA	
	J	
	KOR	
	MDG	
	MDW PTR	
	RUS EO	
	RUS NW	
	TUR	
	UKR	
	USA E	
	USA SO	
	USA W	
19 789.4	ALS	
(19 788)	ARG	
(1912)	AZE	
(1812)	CAN E CHN	
	HWA	
	J	
	MNE	
	PTR	
	RUS EO	
	RUS NW	
	TUR	
	UKR	
	USA E	
	USA SO USA W	
<u> </u>	UDA W	

1	2	3
19 792.4	ALS	
(19 791)	CHN	
(1813)	E F	
(1613)	г HWA	
	IND E	
	IND W	
	J	
	MDA	ADD
	PTR	ADD
	S TUR	ADD
	USA E	
	USA SO	
	USA W	
19 795.4	ALS	
(19 794)	AUS	
(1814)	AZE B	
(1614)	CHN	
	DGA	
	E	
	GUM	
	HWA	
	ISL MDW	
	MNE	
	PTR	
	RUS EO	
	RUS NW	
	TUR USA E	
	USA SO	
	USA W	
19 798.4	ARG CL	
(19 797)	ARG SO	
(1815)	AZE BLR	
(1013)	CHN	
	GUM	
	J	
	KAZ	
	PTR DUC AN	
	RUS AN RUS AS	
	RUS EO	
	RUS NW	
	RUS SW	
	TKM UKR	
	USA E	
	USA SO	
	USA W	
22 697.4	AUS	
(22 696)	CHN	
(2201)	CME E	
(2201)	GRC	
	GUM	
	>> >>	

1	2	3
(2201)	<< <<	
	HNG	
	RUS NW USA E	
	USA E USA SO	
	USA W	
22 700.4	ARG	
(22699)	BRM	ADD
(2202)	CAN E	
(2202)	HNG I	
	IRN	
	MTN	
	NOR	
	RUS EO	
22 703.4	UKR AUS E	
(22 702)	BUL	
(== . • =)	DNK	
(2203)	IRN	
	J	
	MRC PNR	ADD
	S	ADD
22 706.4	AFS	
(22705)	ARG	
(220.1)	CAN NO	
(2204)	F FIN	
	HRV	
	ISR	
	RUS EO	
** ***	RUS NW	
22 709.4 (22 708)	ALG AUS	
(22 700)	EST	
(2205)	GRC	
	HOL	
	IRN	
	LTU LVA	
	RUS EO	
	RUS NW	
	RUS W	
	USA E	
	USA SO USA W	
22 712.4	AFS	
(22711)	ALS	
(222.5)	BHR	ADD
(2206)	GUM	
	GUM HRV	
	HWA	
	IND W	
	J	
	MRC POL	
	PTR	
	>> >>	

1	2	3
(2206)	<< <<	
	USA E USA SO USA W	
22 715.4 (22 714) (2207)	AZR CHN CPV D1 ISR LVA MDR POR RUS SW TLS TUN	
22 718.4 (22 717) (2208)	ARG NO BUL DNK I IND E J MRC NOR PNR	ADD ADD
22 721.4 (22 720) (2209)	S ALS BEL CHN GRC GUM HWA KOR MRC PNR POL PTR RUS NW USA E USA W	
22 724.4 (22 723) (2210)	E FIN GRC HOL J UKR USA E	
22 727.4 (22 726) (2211)	CHN CUB DNK I J S UKR	
22 730.4 (22 729) (2212)	ALS AUS CYP G >> >>	

1	2	3
(2212)	CCC GUM HNG HWA MCO PNR PTR SNG USA E USA W	ADD
22 733.4 (22 732) (2213)	BUL CAN E DNK E GEO IRQ LBY LTU NZL RUS EO RUS SW RUS W S TUR	
22 736.4 (22 735) (2214)	BEL CHN E FIN IRN RUS NW SUI TUR URG USA E USA SO USA W	
22 739.4 (22 738) (2215)	CHN F GHA GRC IRQ J NOR POL USA E USA SO USA W	ADD
22 742.4 (22 741) (2216)	CAN W DNK GRC GUM I J MTN USA E USA SO	

1	2	3
22 745.4	ALS	
(22 744)	D1	
(2217)	E GRC	
(2217)	GUM	
	HKG	
	HWA	
	IRN	
	ISR	
	PNR PTR	
	USA E	
	USA W	
22.749.4	ALS	
22 748.4 (22 747)	CHN	
(22 / 11)	CYP	
(2218)	DNK	
	F	
	GUM	
	HWA PTR	
	S	
	UKR	
	USA E	
	USA SO USA W	
	USA W	
22 751.4	BEL	
(22 750)	CHN	
(2219)	CUB GRC	
(2219)	MCO	
	POL	
	SMO	
22 754.4	CAN W	
(22 753)	CHN CZE	
(2220)	D2	
/	G	
	GRC	
	SEN	ADD
	SUI SVK	ADD
22 760.4	ARS	
(22 759)	AZR CPV	
(2222)	D1	
` ′	FIN	
	GRC	
	KOR	
	MDR MLD	ADD
	POR	1100
	TLS	
	USA E	
	USA SO USA W	
	USA W	

1	2	3
22 763.4	ALS	
(22 762)	AUS D1 HWA I J MLT PTR TUR USA E USA W	ADD
22 766.4 (22 765) (2224)	ALS D2 E GRC GUM HWA IRQ MAU PNR PTR USA E USA W	
22 769.4 (22 768) (2225)	ALG BEL CHL GRC IND W ISL J	
22 772.4 (22 771) (2226)	ALB ALS CHN D2 EGY F HWA ISL JOR ROU USA W	ADD ADD ADD
22 775.4 (22 774) (2227)	ALG G GRC IND E J UKR USA E USA SO USA W	שמו
22 778.4 (22 777) (2228)	AUS DNK GRC MRC QAT >> >>	ADD

1	2	3
(2228) 22 781.4 (22 780) (2229)	CAN E G IND W J	ADD ADD
22 784.4 (22 783) (2230)	ALS AUS AZE D2 E GUM HWA KAZ KGZ PNR PTR RUS AS S TUR USA E USA W	
22 787.4 (22 786) (2231)	ALS ARS CAN W EST F FIN GRC J LVA MILA NIU RUS SW USA E USA SO USA W	
22 790.4 (22 789) (2232)	CUB GEO GRC HOL IRQ LTU LVA POL RUS EO RUS SW RUS W SUI	

1	2	3
22 793.4	ALS	
(22 792)	CKH	
(22 / > 2)	GRC	ADD
(2233)	GUM	TIDD
(2233)	HWA	
	IRN	
	NOR	
	PNR	
	PTR	
	ROU	
	USA E	
	USA SO	
	USA W	
22 796.4	ARG	
(22 795)	DNK	
	INS	
(2234)	J	
	LBY	
	NOR	
	ROU	
	S	
22 500 1	47.0	
22 799.4	ALS	
(22 798)	F	
	GRC	
(2235)	GUM	
	HWA	
	IRN	
	J	
	PTR	
	QAT	ADD
	RUS NW	
	USA E	
	USA SO	
	USA W	
22 802.4	DNK	
(22 801)	E E	
(22 001)	GRC	
(2226)		
(2236)	IRQ J	
	NZL	
	UKR	
	USA E	
	USA W	
22 805.4	AZR	
(22 804)	CHN	
(22 004)	I	
(2237)	IRN	
(2231)	J	
	MDR	
	NOR	
	POR	
	ROU	
	USA E	
	USA SO	
	USA W	
	UDA W	

1	2	3
22 808.4 (22 807) (2238)	ALG AUS B DI GRC HNG IRQ J LTU LVA RUS SW RUS W	7
22 811.4 (22 810) (2239)	ALS BEL CHN E GUM HRV HWA IND E IRN NOR PNR PTR USA E USA W	
22 814.4 (22 813) (2240)	CHL GRC J MDG	
22 817.4 (22 816) (2241)	NOR TUN ALS AZE CHN CLM GEO HKG HWA J PTR RUS EO RUS NW RUS SW TUR UKR USA CL USA E USA SO USA W VIR	
22 820.4 (22 819) (2242)	BLR CLM RUS AN >> >>	

1	2	3
(2242)	<< << RUS AS RUS EO RUS NW RUS SW RUS W UKR USA SO	
22 823.4 (22 822) (2243)	ALS AUS B BUL HWA J KOR PTR RUS EO RUS W UAE USA CL USA E USA SO USA W VIR	
22 826.4 (22 825) (2244)	ALS HWA I J RUS AN RUS EO UKR USA W	
22 829.4 (22 828) (2245)	ALS ARG CL ARG SO CHN E HWA J RUS EO UAE USA SO USA W	
22 832.4 (22 831) (2246)	B J KGZ KOR LVA RUS EO RUS SW RUS W SUI TUR USA SO	

1	2	3
22 835.4 (22 834) (2247)	ALS CAN E HWA J RUS AN RUS AS RUS EO RUS NW RUS SW UKR USA CL USA E USA SO USA W VIR	
22 838.4 (22 837) (2248)	ALS CHN E HWA MDA PTR USA E USA SO USA W	ADD
22 841.4 (22 840) (2249)	ALS CHN HWA I J PTR RUS EO RUS NW RUS W UKR USA E USA SO USA W	
22 844.4 (22 843) (2250)	ALS AZE B DGA E GRC GUM HWA KAZ KOR MDW MNE PTR RUS EO RUS NW RUS SW TKM TUR >> >>	

1	2	3
(2250)	<< << UKR USA E USA SO USA W	3
22 847.4 (22 846) (2251)	ALS B BLR CHN GUM HWA J MCO MDW PTR RUS AN RUS NW RUS SW TUR UKR USA E USA SO USA W	ADD
22 850.4 (22 849) (2252)	ALS G GUM HWA J LVA PTR RUS NW RUS SW TKM UAE UKR USA E USA SO USA W	
22 853.4 (22 852) (2253)	ALS AUS AUS AZE CHN DGA E GGEO GRC GUM HWA J KAZ MDW PTR RUS NW >> >>	

	2	_
(2252)	<u>2</u>	3
(2253)	RUS W TKM UKR USA E USA SO USA W	
26 146.4 (26 145) (2501)	ALS AZE B CAN E CHN DI HNG HWA JOR MNE RUS EO TUR UKR USA CL USA E USA SO USA W	
26 149.4 (26 148) (2502)	ALS AUS BLR CHN G HWA J MOZ PTR RUS EO RUS SW UKR USA CL USA E USA SO USA W VIR	
26 152.4 (26 151) (2503)	ARG CL BUL CHN J RUS EO SUI UAE USA SO	
26 155.4 (26 154) (2504)	ALS ARG SO B >> >>	

1	2	3
(2504)	SCOUSA WVIR	
26 158.4 (26 157) (2505)	ALS B CHN E GUM HWA IND E IND W ISR PTR RUS EO RUS NW RUS SW RUS W TUR UKR USA E USA SO USA W	
26 161.4 (26 160) (2506)	ALS ARG CHN HWA I J S TUR USA SO USA W	ADD
26 164.4 (26 163) (2507)	ALS ARG AZE CAN E CHN DGA >> >>	

1	2	3
(2507)	<< <<	
	E	
	GRC	
	GUM	
	HKG	
	HWA	
	J	
	KAZ	
	MDW	
	PTR	
	RUS EO	
	TKM	
	TUR	
	UKR	
	USA E	
	USA SO	
	USA W	

1	2	3
26 167.4	ALS	
(26 166)	AUS	
	В	
(2508)	CAN W	
	CHN	
	DGA	
	GRC	
	GUM	
	HNG	
	JOR	
	MDW	
	POR	
	PTR	
	RUS EO	
	RUS SW	
	TUR	
	UKR	
	USA E	
	>> >>	

1	2	3
(2508)	<< <<	
	USA SO	
	USA W	
26 170.4	ALS	
(26 169)	ARG CL	
	ARG SO	
(2509)	CHN	
	D2	
	GUM	
	HWA	
	J	
	MDW	
	PTR	
	RUS EO	
	S	ADD
	TUR	
	USA E	
	USA SO	
	USA W	

TABLE OF ALLOTMENTS ADDED TO THE PLAN adopted by the WMARC-74

Column headings

- 1 Channel number (the corresponding carrier and assigned frequencies are indicated in Sub-section A of Section I of Part B Appendix 17 and in the present Appendix).
- 2 Country or area of allotment.
- 3 Service area description.
- 3.1 Main service area.

A number between 1 and 22 refers to a Zone defined on the Map of Maritime Zones appearing in the Preface to the BR IFIC.

- 3.2 Maximum length of circuit in kilometres.
- 4 Nature of service.
- 5 Class of emission.
- 6 Peak envelope power in dBW.
- 7 Transmitting antenna characteristics.
- 7.1 In the case of a non-directional antenna, the symbol ND is entered in this column and columns 7.2a), b) and c) are left blank. In the case of a directional antenna, the symbol D is entered in this column and the characteristics are given in columns 7.2a), b) and c).
- 7.2a) Azimuth of maximum radiation. The symbol ROT entered in this column means that a rotatable antenna is used.
- 7.2b) Angular width of main lobe.
- 7.2c) Relative gain of the antenna in dB.
- 8 Planned scheduled hours of operation in the channel (UTC).
- 9 Traffic data
- 9a) Estimated peak hours of traffic.
- 9b) Estimated daily volume of traffic in minutes.
- Special section No./Weekly Circular or BR IFIC No./Date (e.g. MAR/10/1305/280278). (WRC-03)

1	2	3		4	5	6	L	7			8	9		10
		3.1	3.2				7.1	7.2 a)	7.2 b)	7.2 c)		9a)	9b)	
401 401	AUS PNR	12 9, 18	800 500	CV CP	J3E J3E	20.0 30.0	ND ND				2200-1000 0000-1200	2200-1000	30 25	MAR/54/1640/021084 AR16/84/1838/160888
402	BEN	19	-	CP	J3E	30.0	ND				0000-2359	2000-0800	40	AP25/133/2520/010604
403 403	CAN CL PNR	2, 16 9, 18	1 000 500	CV CP	J3E J3E	30.0 30.0	ND ND				0000-2359 0800-1200	0800-2000	360 25	AR16/120/2318/100398 AR16/84/1838/160888
404	МСО	17	300	СР	Ј3Е	40.0	ND				0700-2200	0800-1000 1500-1700	50	AP25/125/2379/250599
405	USA CL	16	800	CP	Ј3Е	30.0 15.0	ND				1100-2300 2300-1100	1200-1800	180	MAR/50/1609/280284
407 407	AUS I	11, 12 17	800 1 200	CO/CP CO	J3E J3E	37.0 31.8	ND ND				0000-2400 0500-2200	0700-1100	60	MAR/48/1602/100184 MAR/58/1682/300785
408 408	B CHN	18, 20 5	800 200	CV OT	J3E J3E	21.8 26.0	ND D	340	60	3	0000-2400 1100-1900	1200-1300	120 190	MAR/69/1712/040386
408 408 408	MDA MLD SMA	17 6 8, 12, 13	- - 1 000	CO CO CP	J3E J3E J3E	30.0 30.0 30.0	ND D ND	300	120	5	0000-2400 0000-2400 1800-0400	0300-2000	180 30	AP25/142/2692/190411 AR16/79/1816/150388 MAR/10/1305/280278
409	GHA	19	500	CP	Ј3Е	30.0	ND D	110	30	10	0000-2359			AR16/114/2237/230796
409	QAT	6	2 500	СР	Ј3Е	30.0	D ND	330	30	10	0000-2400			AR16/89/1886/250789
411	AMS	10	-	CP	Ј3Е	24.8	ND				0430-0445 0830-0845 1230-1245		25	MAR/15/1347/191278
411 411 411	EQA I KIR	9 17 7, 8	800 - 500	CP CO CP	J3E J3E J3E	24.0 31.8 27.0	ND ND ND				0030-0530 0500-2200 0800-1800	0700-1100	30 60	AR16/90/1895/260989 AR16/75/1747/041186 MAR/59/1686/270885
416	ARG CL	14, 20	1 000	CP	Ј3Е	30.0	D	90	60	2	0000-2400	1100-1700	490	
417	TZA	6, 10, 19, 21	3 200	CO/CP	Ј3Е	37.0	ND				0700-1800	0800-1000 1500-1700	240	MAR/66/1707/280186
418 418	B I	18, 20 17	800	CV CO	J3E J3E	21.8 31.8	ND ND				0000-2400 0500-2200	0700-1100 0700-1100	240 60	MAR/69/1712/040386 AR16/75/1747/041186
419	TZA	6, 10, 19, 21	3 200	CO/CP	Ј3Е	37.0	ND				0700-1800	0800-1000 1500-1700	240	MAR/57/1680/160785
422	SUI	15, 16, 17, 18, 19	4 000	СР	J2D	37.0	D	ROT	30	8	0000-2400	1900-0200	240	AP25/147/2718/010512
423 423 423	B MLT QAT	18, 20 6, 15, 17 6 6 6 6	800 3 000 800 1 500 1 500 1 500	CV CP CP CP CP CP	J3E J3E J3E J3E J3E J3E	27.0 31.8 37.0 37.0 37.0 37.0	ND ND ND D D	130 200 310	60 60 60	9 9 9	0000-2400 1700-0500 0000-2400 0000-2400 0000-2400 0000-2400	2000-2100	60 200 200 200 200 200	MAR/16/1350/160179 MAR/41/1565/190483 MAR/23/1412/010480
424 424	AUS E PNR	12 9, 18	800 500	CO/CP CP	J3E J3E	30.0 30.0	ND ND				0000-2400 0800-1200		25	MAR/48/1602/100184 AR16/73/1742/300986
425 425	B JOR	18, 20 6, 15, 17	800 5 000	CV CP	J3E J3E	27.0 37.0	ND ND				1000-2300 1700-0500	1900-2200	100	MAR/16/1350/160179 MAR/49/1604/240184
428	BRU	7	1200	CP	Ј3Е	21.76	ND				2100-1400	2200-0100	100	AP25/141/2691/050411
601 601 601	I MLD NCL	17 6 7, 8, 12	- - 2 500	CO CO CP	J3E J3E J3E	31.8 30.0 27.0	ND D ND	300	120	5	0400-2200 0000-2400 0000-2400	0600-1400	60	AR16/75/1747/041186 AR16/79/1816/150388 AR16/71/1737/260886
602	AUS E	12	1 000	CV	Ј3Е	26.0	ND				0000-2359	1900-0700		AP25/128/2406/301199

602								7		7		7		8	9		10
		3.1	3.2				7.1	7.2 a)	7.2 b)	7.2 c)		9a)	9b)				
602 602 602	B EQA FJI GHA	18, 20 9 12 19	800 800 1 000 500	CP CP CP CP	J3E J3E J3E J3E	30.0 24.0 30.0 30.0	ND ND ND ND D	110 330	30 30	10 10	0000-2400 0630-1000 1800-0600 0000-2359	2000-0500	30 120	MAR/69/1712/040386 AR16/90/1895/260989 MAR/37/1519/180582 AR16/114/2237/230796			
603 603 603	AUS MLT VTN	11, 12 6, 15, 17 5, 6, 7	4 000 3 000 -	CP CP CP	J3E J3E J3E	30.0 31.8 34.8	ND ND ND				0000-2400 0500-1700 0000-2400	2100-0900 0900-1100 0630-1700	30 60 230	MAR/55/1651/181284 MAR/41/1565/190483 AP25/146/2710/100112			
604	В	18, 20	800	CP	J3E	30.0	ND				1000-1300 1700-2000			MAR/69/1712/040386			
604	BES	18	1 500	CP	J3E	30.0	ND				0000-0200 0600-1000		120	MAR/35/1495/171181			
604	CUW	18	1 500	CP	J3E	30.0	ND				0000-0200 0600-1000		120	MAR/35/1495/171181			
604	SXM	18	1 500	CP	J3E	30.0	ND				0000-0200 0600-1000		120	MAR/35/1495/171181			
604 604	TUV VTN	8, 12 5, 6, 7, 10, 11	450 -	CP CP	J3E J3E	30.0 30.0	ND ND				1800-1200 0000-2400	2000-0400 0100-0400 1000-1800	30 600	AR16/91/1897/101089 AP25/137/2632/111108			
605	В	18, 20	800	CP	J3E	30.0	ND				1000-1300			MAR/69/1712/040386			
605	F	15, 17	2 500	CP	J3E	40.0	ND				1700-2000 0600-0900	1800-2200	300	MAR/56/1679/090785			
605	NZL	7, 8, 11, 12, 13	6 000	CP	J3E	37.0	ND				1700-2200 0000-2400	0400-0900	90	MAR/63/1695/291085			
607	MDA	17	-	CO	J3E	30.0	ND				0000-2400	0300-2000	180	AP25/142/2692/190411			
608	BRU	7, 11	1300	CP	J3E	21.76	ND				2100-1400	2200-0100	100	AP25/141/2691/050411			
802	MDA	17	-	CO	J3E	30.0	ND				0000-2400	0300-2000	180	AP25/142/2692/190411			
803	SUI	15, 16, 17, 18, 19	6 000	CP	Ј3Е	40.0	D	ROT	30	8	0600-0200	0600-1000 1700-2200	50	MAR/62/1694/221085			
804 804	JOR QAT	6, 15, 17 6 6 6 6 6, 17	5 000 1 500 2 500 2 500 2 500	CP CP CP CP CP	J3E J3E J3E J3E J3E	37.0 37.0 37.0 37.0 37.0	ND ND D D	130 200 310	60 60 60	10 10 10	0500-1700 0000-2400 0000-2400 0000-2400 0000-2400		200 200 200 200 200	MAR/49/1604/240184 MAR/23/1412/010480			
805	EQA	9	800	CP	J3E	24.0	ND				1130-1730		30	AR16/90/1895/260989			
806 806	AUS SMA	11 8, 12, 13	2 000 3 000	CP CP	J3E J3E	30.0 30.0	ND ND				2100-0500 1800-0400	2100-0500	90 30	MAR/52/1631/310784 MAR/11/1310/040478			
807	I	15, 17	-	CO	J3E	31.8	ND				0000-2400	0500-1300	60	AR16/75/1747/041186			
808	I	15, 17	-	CO	J3E	31.8	ND				0000-2400	1300-2100	60	AR16/75/1747/041186			
811	BEN	19	-	CP	J3E	30.0	ND				0000-2359	0800-2000	40	AP25/133/2520/010604			
812	I	15, 17	-	CO	J3E	31.8	ND				0000-2400	2100-0500	60	AR16/75/1747/041186			
813	VTN	5, 6, 7, 10, 11	-	CP	Ј3Е	30.0	ND				0000-2400	0100-0400 1100-1400	650	AP25/137/2632/111108			
814	KIR	7, 8	500	CP	J3E	27.0	ND				1800-0800			MAR/65/1702/171285			
815	JOR	6, 17	3 000	CP	J3E	37.0	ND				0700-2000	0800-1200	60	AR16/100/2084/060793			
817	PNR	9, 18	2 000	CP	J3E	30.0	ND				1200-2300		25	AR16/84/1838/160888			
819	PNR	9, 18	2 000	CP	J3E	30.0	ND				1200-2300		25	AR16/84/1838/160888			

1	2	3		4	5	6		7			8	9		10
		3.1	3.2				7.1	7.2 a)	7.2 b)	7.2 c)		9a)	9b)	
820	D2	6, 15, 16, 17,	6 000	CP	J3E	40.0	ND	a)	0)	()	0400-2000		30	AR16/82/1827/310588
820	TZA	18, 19 6, 10, 19, 21	3 200	CO/CP	Ј3Е	37.0	ND				0700-1800	0800-1000 1500-1700	240	MAR/66/1707/280186
822	AUS	11, 12	3 000	CP	J3E	30.0	ND				2100-0900	2100-0900	90	MAR/64/1696/051185
823	TZA	6, 10, 19, 21	3 200	CO/CP	J3E	30.0	ND				0700-1800	0800-1000	240	MAR/66/1707/280186
823	USA W	9	1 200	CO	Ј3Е	30.0	ND				1600-0400	1500-1700 1600-1800 0000-0200	180	AR16/92/1910/230190
825	AMS	10	-	CP	Ј3Е	24.8	ND				0445-0500 0845-0900		25	MAR/15/1347/191278
825	GHA	19	500	CP	Ј3Е	30.0	ND D	110	30	10	1245-1300 0000-2359			AR16/114/2237/230796
825	S	5, 15 5, 15 6, 10, 17 6, 10, 17, 19, 21 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 21 15, 16, 18, 19 15, 16	-	СР	ЈЗЕ	40.0 40.0 40.0 40.0 40.0 40.0 40.0	D D D D D D D D	330 10 50 130 170 210 250 310	30 60 60 60 60 60 60	10 11 11 11 11 11 11	0000-2400 0000-2400 0000-2400 0000-2400 0000-2400 0000-2400 0000-2400	0800-1000 0800-1000 0800-1000 0800-1000 0800-1000 0800-1000 0800-1000	90 90 90 90 90 90	AR16/70/1730/080786
826 826	CAN NO QAT	02, 04, 16 6	- 2 500	CP CP	J3EJN J3E	29.2 30.0	ND ND				0000-2400 0000-2400	0800-2000	20	AP25/148/2720/290512 AR16/89/1886/250789
829 829	BRM MLD	5, 6, 7 6	3 300	CP CO	J3E J3E	24.0 30.0	ND D	300	120	5	2330-1130 0000-2400	0330-0430	30	AR16/112/2223/160496 AR16/79/1816/150388
830 830	CHN MCO	5, 6, 7, 8 15, 17	8 000 800	CP CP	J3E J3E	38.5 40.0	ND ND				0000-2400 0700-2200	0000-0800 0800-1000	400 50	AP25/125/2379/250599
830	VTN	5, 6, 7	-	CP	Ј3Е	30.0	ND				0000-2400	1500-1700 0800-1800	320	AP25/146/2710/100112
834	BHR	6	-	CO	J3E	30.0	ND				0001-2400	1300-0100	300	AP25/145/2707/151111
835	BRU	7, 11	1500	CP	J3E	21.76	ND				2100-1400	2200-0100	100	AP25/141/2691/050411
1 201	QAT	6	2 500	CP	Ј3Е	30.0	ND				0400-0600 1400-1600			AR16/89/1886/250789
1 207	EQA	9	800	CP	J3E	24.0	ND				1830-2330		30	AR16/90/1895/260989
1 208	I	6, 15, 16, 17, 18	-	СО	Ј3Е	31.8	ND				0300-2200	0600-1100	30	AR16/75/1747/041186
1 210	SUI	6, 10, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21	9 000	CP	Ј3Е	40.0	D	ROT	30	8	0600-0200	0800-1200 1600-2100	60	MAR/62/1694/221085
1 212	MDA	17	-	CO	J3E	30.0	ND				0000-2400	0300-2000	180	AP25/142/2692/190411
1 213	USA W	9	1 600	CO	Ј3Е	30.0	ND				1800-2300	2100-2200	180	AR16/95/1996/011091
1 215	BHR	6	-	CO	J3E	37.0	ND				0001-2400	1300-0100	300	AP25/145/2707/151111
1 220	D2	6, 15, 16, 17,	6 000	CP	J3E	40.0	ND				0400-2000		30	AR16/82/1827/310588
1 220	JOR	18, 19 6, 15, 17	5 000	CP	J3E	37.0	ND				0500-1700			MAR/49/1604/240184
1 222 1 222 1 222	ALS BEN USA W	4 19 9	1 600 - 1 600	CO CP CO	J3E J3E J3E	30.0 30.0 30.0	ND ND ND				2000-0100 0000-2359 1800-2300	2300-2400 0800-2000 2100-2200	180 20 180	AR16/95/1996/011091 AP25/133/2520/010604 AR16/95/1996/011091
1 224	GHA	19	500	CP	Ј3Е	30.0	ND	110	20	10	0000-2359			AR16/114/2237/230796
1 225	JOR	6, 10	5 000	СР	Ј3Е	37.0	D D D	110 330 144	30 30 60	10 10 9	0900-1700	1300-1500	30	AR16/100/2084/060793

1	2	3		4	5	6		7			8	9		10
		3.1	3.2				7.1	7.2 a)	7.2 b)	7.2 c)		9a)	9b)	
1 226	MCO	01, 02, 06, 15,	6 000	CP	J3E	40.0	ND	/			0700-2200	0800-1000	50	AP25/125/2379/250599
1 226	S	16, 17, 18, 19 5, 15	-	CP	J3E	40.0	D	10	60	11	0000-2400	1500-1700 0800-1000	90	AR16/70/1730/080786
		5, 15 6, 10, 17				40.0 40.0	D D	50 130	60 60	11 11	0000-2400 0000-2400	0800-1000 0800-1000	90 90	
		6, 10, 17, 19, 21				40.0 40.0	D D	170 210	60 60	11 11	0000-2400 0000-2400	0800-1000 0800-1000	90 90	
		15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 21				40.0 40.0	D D	250 310	60 60	11 11	0000-2400 0000-2400	0800-1000 0800-1000	90 90	
		15, 16, 18, 19 15, 16												
1 227	TZA	6, 10, 19, 21	3 200	CO/CP	Ј3Е	37.0	ND				0700-1800	0800-1000 1500-1700	240	MAR/66/1707/280186
1 228	I	6, 15, 16, 17,	-	CO	J3E	31.8	ND				2200-0500	2300-0200	30	AR16/75/1747/041186
1 228	MLD	18 6	-	CO	J3E	30.0	D	300	120	5	0000-2400			AR16/79/1816/150388
1 228	VTN	5, 6, 7, 10, 11	-	CP	J3E	37.0	ND				0000-2400	0100-0400 1000-1800	800	AP25/137/2632/111108
1 229	QAT	6, 17	2 000	CP	J3E	37.0	ND				0400-0600 1400-1600		200	MAR/23/1412/010480
		6	3 000	CP	J3E	37.0	D	130	60	11	0400-0600 1400-1600			
		6, 17	3 000	CP	J3E	37.0	D	200	60	11	0400-0600 1400-1600			
		6, 17	3 000	CP	Ј3Е	37.0	D	310	60	11	0400-0600 1400-1600			
1 231	VTN	5, 6, 7	-	CP	J3E	30.0	ND				0000-2400	0000-1500	398	AP25/146/2710/100112
1 232 1 232	PNR SMA	9, 14, 16, 18 8, 12, 13	4 000 3 000	CP CP	J3E J3E	30.0 30.0	ND ND				1200-2400 1800-0400		25 30	AR16/84/1838/160888 MAR/11/1310/040478
1 236	BRM	5, 6, 7	3 300	CP	J3E	24.0	ND				2330-1130	0330-0430	30	AR16/112/2223/160496
1 238	MCO	15, 16, 17	5 000	CP	J3E	40.0	ND				0700-2200	0800-1600	120	AP25/129/2445/290501
1239	BRU	5, 7, 11	2000	CP	J3E	21.76	ND				2100-1400	2200-0100	100	AP25/141/2691/050411
1 603	MLT	15, 17	3 000	CP	J3E	31.8	ND				0000-1159			MAR/21/1379/070879
1 604	BEN	19	-	CP	J3E	30.0	ND				0000-2359		20	AP25/133/2520/010604
1 608	EQA	9, 14	800	CP	J3E	27.0	ND				1800-2300	2000-2300	40	AR16/111/2221/020496
1 612	JOR	6, 10	6 000	CP	J3E	37.0	D	144	60	9	1000-1600	1300-1500	20	AR16/100/2084/060793
1 614	MLD	6	-	CO	J3E	30.0	D	300	120	5	0000-2400			AR16/79/1816/150388
1 622 1 622	ALS GHA	4 19	2 400 500	CO CP	J3E J3E	30.0 30.0	ND ND				2000-0600 0000-2359	0200-0300	180	AR16/95/1996/011091 AR16/114/2237/230796
1 022	GHA	17	300	CF	3312	30.0	D D	110 330	30 30	10 10	3000-2339			11110/114/223//230/90
1 622	HWA	8	2 400	CO	J3E	30.0	ND	330	30	10	2000-0600	0200-0300	180	
1 622 1 622	PNR SUI	9, 14, 16, 18 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 9,	4 000 10 000	CP CP	J3E J3E	30.0 40.0	ND D	ROT	30	8	1200-2400 0600-0200	0800-1700	60	AR16/84/1838/160888 MAR/62/1694/221085
		10, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21												
1 626	J	3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8,	-	CR	Ј3Е	37.0	ND				0000-2400	0800-1000	500	
		9, 10, 11, 12, 13,												
1 626	QAT	14 6, 17	4 000	CP	Ј3Е	40.0	ND				0600-0800		200	MAR/23/1412/010480
		6	6 000	CP	Ј3Е	40.0	D	130	60	11	1200-1400 0600-0800			
		6, 10, 17	6 000	CP	J3E	40.0	D	200	60	11	1200-1400 0600-0800			
		6, 15, 17	6 000	CP	Ј3Е	40.0	D	310	60	11	1200-1400 0600-0800			
											1200-1400			

1	2	3		4	5	6		7			8	9		10
		3.1	3.2				7.1	7.2 a)	7.2 b)	7.2 c)		9a)	9b)	
1 627	ALS	4	2 400	СО	Ј3Е	30.0	ND				2000-0600	0200-0300	180	AR16/95/1996/011091
1 628 1 628	EQA MCO	9, 14 01, 02, 06, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19	800 6 000	CP CP	J3E J3E	27.0 40.0	ND ND				1800-2300 0700-2200	2000-2300 0800-1000 1400-1600	40 50	AR16/111/2221/020496 AP25/125/2379/250599
1 629	BRM	5, 6, 7	3 300	CP	J3E	24.0	ND				2330-1130	0330-0430	30	AR16/112/2223/160496
1 630	J	3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14	-	CR	Ј3Е	37.0	ND				0000-2400	0300-0700	650	
1 634	CHN	8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 17, 19, 20, 21	19 000	СР	Ј3Е	40.0	ND				0000-1000	0200-0600	200	
1 635	I	5, 6, 7, 9, 10, 14, 15, 16, 18, 20,	-	СО	Ј3Е	31.8	ND				0400-2400	0600-1600	30	AR16/75/1747/041186
1 635	PNR	9, 14, 16, 18	4 000	CP	J3E	30.0	ND				1500-2400		25	AR16/84/1838/160888
1 637	CHN	8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 17, 19, 20, 21	19 000	СР	Ј3Е	40.0	ND				0000-1000	0200-0600	200	
1 638 1 638	SMA D2	8, 12, 13 6, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19	4 000 6 000	CP CP	J3E J3E	30.0 40.0	ND ND				1800-0400 0400-2000		30 30	MAR/10/1305/280278 AR16/82/1827/310588
1 639	CHN	5	800	OT	J3E	31.8	D	90	60	3	0000-1200	0100-0230	300	
1 640	PNR	9, 14, 16, 18	4 000	CP	Ј3Е	30.0	ND				1500-2400		25	AR16/84/1838/160888
1 644	MDA	17	-	CO	J3E	30.0	ND				0000-2400	0300-2000	180	AP25/142/2692/190411
1 646	VTN	5, 6, 7, 10, 11	-	CP	J3E	37.0	ND				0000-2400	0830-1630	750	AP25/137/2632/111108
1 804	BRU	5, 6, 7, 10, 11,	5000	CP	J3E	21.76	ND				2100-1400	2200-0100	100	AP25/141/2691/050411
1 804	S	12 06, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19	7 000	CP	Ј3Е	38.5	ND				0000-2359	0600-1900	120	AP25/126/2388/270799
1 808	MCO	15, 16, 17	5 000	CP	J3E	40.0	ND				0700-2200	0800-1600	120	AP25/129/2445/290501
1 809	POL	5, 11, 21	20 000	CP	J3E	40.0	ND				0000-2230	1730-2230	90	AR16/119/2310/130198
1 813 1 813	MDA S	17 06, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19	- 7 000	CO CP	J3E J3E	30.0 38.5	ND ND				0000-2400 0000-2359	0300-2000 0600-1900	180 120	AP25/142/2692/190411 AP25/130/2445/290501
2 202	BRM	5, 6, 7	3 300	CP	J3E	24.0	ND				2330-1130	0330-0430	30	AR16/112/2223/160496
2 203	PNR	9, 14, 16, 18	4 000	CP	Ј3Е	30.0	ND				1500-2400		25	AR16/84/1838/160888
2 206	BHR	6, 10, 15, 17, 19, 21	-	СР	Ј3Е	34.8	ND				0000-2359			AR16/100/2084/060793
2 208	I	5, 6, 7, 9, 10, 14, 15, 16, 18, 20,	-	СО	Ј3Е	31.8	ND				0500-2400	0700-2200	30	AR16/75/1747/041186
2 208	PNR	9, 14, 16, 18	4 000	CP	Ј3Е	30.0	ND				1200-2400		25	AR16/84/1838/160888
2 209	CHN	4, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 17, 19, 20, 21	19 000	СР	Ј3Е	40.0	ND				0000-1000	0200-0600	200	
2 211	CHN	4, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 17, 19, 20, 21	18 000	CP	Ј3Е	40.0	ND				0000-1000	0200-0600	240	

1	2	3		4	5	6		7			8	9		10
		3.1	3.2				7.1	7.2 a)	7.2 b)	7.2 c)		9a)	9b)	
2 212	MCO	01, 02, 06, 10, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21	8 000	CP	J3E	40.0	ND				0700-2200	0800-1000 1400-1600	50	AP25/125/2379/250599
2 215	CHN	4, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 17,	19 000	CP	Ј3Е	40.0	ND				0000-1000	0200-0600	200	
2 215	GHA	19, 20, 21 19	500	CP	J3E	30.0	ND D D	110 330	30 30	10 10	0000-2359			AR16/114/2237/230796
2 218	CHN	4, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 17, 19, 20, 21	19 000	CP	Ј3Е	40.0	ND				0000-1000	0200-0600	200	
2 220	CHN	4, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 17,	19 000	CP	Ј3Е	40.0	ND				0000-1000	0200-0600	240	
2 220	SUI	19, 20, 21 6, 10, 18, 20, 21	14 000	CP	Ј3Е	40.0	D	ROT	70	8,5	0600-1800	0900-1600	60	MAR/27/1431/120880
2 222	MLD	6	-	CO	Ј3Е	30.0	D	300	120	5	0000-2400			AR16/79/1816/150388
2 223	MLT	15, 17	3 000	CP	J3E	31.8	ND				0000-1159			MAR/20/1372/190679
2 226 2 226 2 226 2 226	ALS HWA JOR USA W	4 8 6, 10, 11 9	2 400 2 400 8 000 2 400	CO CO CP CO	J3E J3E J3E J3E	30.0 30.0 37.0 30.0	ND ND D ND	144	60	9	2000-0400 2000-0400 1100-1400 1800-0200	0100-0200 0100-0200 2300-2400	180	AR16/95/1996/011091 AR16/95/1996/011091 AR16/100/2084/060793 AR16/95/1996/011091
2 228	QAT	6, 10, 11	2 500	CP	J3E	33.0	D	140	60	10	0000-1800	0400-1100		AR16/96/1997/081091
2 229 2 229	BEN BRU	19 5, 6, 7, 8, 10, 11, 12	6000	CP CP	J3E J3E	30.0 21.76	ND ND				0000-2359 2100-1400	2200-0100	20 100	AP25/133/2520/010604 AP25/141/2691/050411
2 233	GRC	17	2 600	СО	Ј3Е	30.0	ND				0500-2200	0600, 1000, 2200	30	MAR/51/1621/220584
2 235	QAT	6, 17 6, 10, 11 6, 10, 17, 21 17, 15	5 000 8 000 8 000 8 000	CP CP CP CP	J3E J3E J3E J3E	40.0 40.0 40.0 40.0	ND D D D	130 200 310	60 60 60	11 11 11	0800-1200 0800-1200 0800-1200 0800-1200		200 200 200 200	MAR/23/1412/010480
2 237	CHN	4, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 17, 19, 20, 21	19 000	CP	Ј3Е	40.0	ND				0000-1000	0200-0600	200	
2 239	CHN	7	2 700	CP	J3E	20.0	ND				0100-0930	0200-0400	280	
2 248	MDA	17	-	СО	J3E	30.0	ND				0000-2400	0300-2000	180	AP25/142/2692/190411
2 251	MCO	15, 16, 17	5 000	CP	Ј3Е	40.0	ND				0700-2200	0800-1600	120	AP25/129/2445/290501
2 506	S	06, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19	7 000	CP	Ј3Е	38.5	ND				0000-2359	0600-1900	120	AP25/130/2445/290501
2 509	S	06, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19	7 000	СР	Ј3Е	38.5	ND				0000-2359	0600-1900	120	AP25/126/2388/270799

APPENDIX 26 (WRC-2000)*

Provisions and associated Frequency Allotment Plan for the aeronautical mobile (OR) service in the bands allocated exclusively to that service between 3 025 kHz and 18 030 kHz

(See Article 43)

PART I - General provisions, definitions

26/1 The provisions of this Appendix shall apply to the aeronautical mobile (OR) service in the following frequency bands:

3 025-3 155 kHz	8 965- 9 040 kHz
3 900-3 950 kHz (Region 1 only)	11 175-11 275 kHz
4 700-4 750 kHz	13 200-13 260 kHz
5 680-5 730 kHz	15 010-15 100 kHz
6 685-6 765 kHz	17 970-18 030 kHz.

26/2 For the purpose of this Appendix, the terms used comprise the following:

26/2.1 Frequency Allotment Plan

The Plan for the aeronautical mobile (OR) service contained in Part III of this Appendix.

26/2.2 Allotment in the aeronautical mobile (OR) service

A frequency allotment in the aeronautical mobile (OR) service which comprises:

- a frequency channel from the channels appearing in the channelling arrangement in No. 26/3;
- a bandwidth of up to 2.8 kHz, situated wholly within the frequency channel concerned;
- a power within the limits laid down in No. 26/4.4 or specified against the allotted frequency channel;
- an allotment area which is the area in which the aeronautical station can be situated and which
 coincides with all or part of the territory of the country, or of the geographical area, as
 indicated against the frequency channel concerned in the Frequency Allotment Plan.

^{*} This revision contains an up-to-date version of Part III, reflecting all amendments to Part III resulting from the application of the procedures of Part V, up to and including 1 August 2012, as well as those amendments, which resulted from geopolitical changes that occurred up to and including that date.

PART II – Technical bases used for the establishment of the Frequency Allotment Plan for the aeronautical mobile (OR) service in the bands allocated exclusively to that service between 3 025 kHz and 18 030 kHz

26/3 Channelling arrangement

26/3.1 The channelling arrangement for the frequencies to be used by aeronautical stations in the aeronautical mobile (OR) service in the bands allocated exclusively to that service between 3 025 kHz and 18 030 kHz is indicated in Table 1.

				T	ABLE 1				
Frequency	y band 3 02	5-3 155 kH	z: 43 + 1 cl	nannels					
3 023 ¹ 3 053 3 083 3 113 3 143	3 026 3 056 3 086 3 116 3 146	3 029 3 059 3 089 3 119 3 149	3 032 3 062 3 092 3 122 3 152	3 035 3 065 3 095 3 125	3 038 3 068 3 098 3 128	3 041 3 071 3 101 3 131	3 044 3 074 3 104 3 134	3 047 3 077 3 107 3 137	3 050 3 080 3 110 3 140
Frequency	y band 3 90	0-3 950 kH	z (Region 1	only): 16 o	channels				
3 900 3 930	3 903 3 933	3 906 3 936	3 909 3 939	3 912 3 942	3 915 3 945	3 918	3 921	3 924	3 927
Frequency	y band 4 70	0-4 750 kH	z: 16 chanı	iels					
4 700 4 730	4 703 4 733	4 706 4 736	4 709 4 739	4 712 4 742	4 715 4 745	4 718	4 721	4 724	4 727
Frequency	y band 5 68	80-5 730 kH	z: 15 + 1 cl	nannels					
5 680 ¹ 5 711	5 684 5 714	5 687 5 717	5 690 5 720	5 693 5 723	5 696 5 726	5 699	5 702	5 705	5 708
Frequency	y band 6 68	85-6 765 kH	z: 26 chanı	nels					
6 685 6 715 6 745	6 688 6 718 6 748	6 691 6 721 6 751	6 694 6 724 6 754	6 697 6 727 6 757	6 700 6 730 6 760	6 703 6 733	6 706 6 736	6 709 6 739	6 712 6 742
Frequency	band 8 96	5-9 040 kH	z: 25 chanı	nels					
8 965 8 995 9 025	8 968 8 998 9 028	8 971 9 001 9 031	8 974 9 004 9 034	8 977 9 007 9 037	8 980 9 010	8 983 9 013	8 986 9 016	8 989 9 019	8 992 9 022
Frequency	y band 11 1	75-11 275 I	kHz: 33 cha	nnels					
11 175 11 205 11 235 11 265	11 178 11 208 11 238 11 268	11 181 11 211 11 241 11 271	11 184 11 214 11 244	11 187 11 217 11 247	11 190 11 220 11 250	11 193 11 223 11 253	11 196 11 226 11 256	11 199 11 229 11 259	11 202 11 232 11 262
Frequency	y band 13 2	200-13 260 I	kHz: 20 cha	nnels					
13 200 13 230	13 203 13 233	13 206 13 236	13 209 13 239	13 212 13 242	13 215 13 245	13 218 13 248	13 221 13 251	13 224 13 254	13 227 13 257
Frequency	y band 15 0	10-15 100 l	kHz: 30 cha	nnels					
15 010 15 040 15 070	15 013 15 043 15 073	15 016 15 046 15 076	15 019 15 049 15 079	15 022 15 052 15 082	15 025 15 055 15 085	15 028 15 058 15 088	15 031 15 061 15 091	15 034 15 064 15 094	15 037 15 067 15 097
Frequency	y band 17 9	70-18 030 l	kHz: 20 cha	nnels					
17 970 18 000	17 973 18 003	17 976 18 006	17 979 18 009	17 982 18 012	17 985 18 015	17 988 18 018	17 991 18 021	17 994 18 024	17 997 18 027

For use of the carrier (reference) frequencies 3 023 kHz and 5 680 kHz, see No. 26/3.4.

- 26/3.2 The frequencies indicated in No. 26/3.1 are the carrier (reference) frequencies.
- **26**/3.3 With the exception of the carrier (reference) frequencies 3 023 kHz and 5 680 kHz (see No. **26**/3.4), one or more frequencies from Table 1 may be assigned to any aeronautical station and/or aircraft station, in accordance with the Frequency Allotment Plan, as contained in Part III of this Appendix.
- **26**/3.4 The carrier (reference) frequencies 3 023 kHz and 5 680 kHz are intended for worldwide common use (see also Appendix **27**, Nos. **27**/232 to **27**/238).
- 26/3.5 The aeronautical radiotelephone stations shall use only single-sideband emissions (J3E). The upper sideband shall be employed, and the assigned frequency (see No. 1.148) shall be 1 400 Hz higher than the carrier (reference) frequency.
- **26**/3.6 The channelling arrangement specified in No. **26**/3.1 does not prejudice the rights of administrations to establish, and to notify assignments to stations in the aeronautical mobile (OR) service other than those using radiotelephony, provided that:
- the occupied bandwidth does not exceed 2 800 Hz and is situated wholly within one frequency channel;
- the limits of unwanted emission are met (see Appendix 27, No. 27/74). (WRC-2000)

26/4 Classes of emission and power

26/4.1 In the aeronautical mobile (OR) service, in the bands governed by this Appendix, the use of the emissions listed below is permissible; additionally, the use of other emissions is also permissible, subject to compliance with No. **26**/3.6.

26/4.2 Telephony

J3E (single-sideband, suppressed carrier).

26/4.3 Telegraphy (including automatic data transmission)

- A1A, A1B, F1B;
- (A,H)2(A,B);
- (R,J)2(A,B,D);
- J(7,9)(B,D,X).

26/4.4 Unless otherwise specified in Part III of this Appendix, the following transmitter power limits (i.e., power supplied to the antenna), shall be applied:

Class of emission		Power limit values (peak envelope power supplied to the antenna)							
	Aeronautical station	Aircraft station							
J3E	36 dBW (PX)	23 dBW (PX)							
A1A, A1B	30 dBW (PX)	17 dBW (PX)							
F1B	30 dBW (PX)	17 dBW (PX)							
A2A, A2B	32 dBW (PX)	19 dBW (PX)							
H2A, H2B	33 dBW (PX)	20 dBW (PX)							
(R,J)2(A,B,D)	36 dBW (PX)	23 dBW (PX)							
J(7,9)(B,D,X)	36 dBW (PX)	23 dBW (PX)							

26/4.5 On the assumption that no antenna gain is involved, the transmitter powers specified in No. **26**/4.4 above will result in a mean effective radiated power of 1 kW (for the aeronautical stations) and 50 W (for the aircraft stations), used as the basis for the establishment of the Plan contained in Part III of this Appendix.

PART III – Arrangement for the allotment of frequencies for the aeronautical mobile (OR) service in the exclusive bands between 3 025 and 18 030 kHz

26/5.1 Column headings

Column 1: Carrier (reference) frequency, in kHz.

Column 2: Allotment area (See Notes *a*), *b*) and *c*) below).

26/5.2 Whenever the allotment area is followed by another administration's code, indicated in parentheses, the notifications are receivable from the latter administration on the basis of an agreement in accordance with Resolution **1** (**Rev.WRC-97**).

NOTE a): The allotment area is designated by the symbol of the country or the geographical area, the meaning of which is given in the Preface to the IFL. The meaning of the following symbol, which does not appear in the Preface to the IFL, is given below:

CG7 CUB(Guantanamo) (7), as defined in Appendix 26 to the Radio Regulations, Geneva, 1959; (7) means "United States of America stations"

NOTE b): For ease of reference, the allotment arrangement is presented by ITU Region. The symbols REG1, REG2 and REG3 correspond to the definitions of Regions 1, 2 and 3 respectively; the symbol REGY is used for the allotment area ATA (Antarctica), whose parts lie in all three Regions.

NOTE c): The allotment which is followed by an asterisk (*) is subject to coordination with another administration (see Notes on the concluded operational agreements which follow the Arrangement).

1		2
3 026	REG1	ARS BEN G KAZ KGZ LIE MCO RUS
	REG2	ATG DMA GRD JMC KNA LCA VCT
	REG3	BRU KOR TON
3 029	REGY	ATA(ARG)
	REG1	ARS AZR BLR COG E F G I IRQ KAZ MDA NOR POL RUS SEN TUN UKR UZB
	REG2	ALS ARG B BER(USA) CLM HWA USA
	REG3	AUS CHN GUM IND J KOR MHL(USA) NZL PNG VTN
3 032	REGY	ATA(ARG)
	REG1	ALG AZR BLR COG CTI E EGY F HNG IRQ KAZ MDA MDG MLT MRC NOR OMA POL RUS SEN TUN UKR UZB
	REG2	ALS ARG B BER(USA) CAN CLM DOM GRL HWA SLV USA
	REG3	AUS CBG CHN GUM IND J J(USA) LAO MHL(USA) NZL PNG VTN VUT
3 035	REGY	ATA(ARG)
	REG1	ARM ARS BFA BHR(USA) BLR COG F G G(USA) GEO HRV I(USA) ISL KAZ KGZ LVA MLT MRC NOR RUS SEN TCD TJK TKM TUN TUR
	REG2	ALS ARG B BER(USA) BRB(USA) CG7 HWA MDW PNR PTR TRD(USA) USA
	REG3	AUS CHN GUM IND INS J(USA) NZL PNG
3 038	REGY	ATA(ARG)
	REG1	ARM ARS BFA BHR(USA) BLR COG CTI CYP(G) EGY F G G(USA) GEO GRC HRV I(USA) ISL KAZ KGZ LVA MDG MNE MRC MTN* NOR OMA REU RUS SEN SRB SVN TCD TJK TKM TUN
	REG2	ALS ARG ATG(USA) B BAH(USA) BER(USA) BRB(USA) CAN CG7 GRL HWA MDW MRT NCG PNR PTR TCA(USA) TRD(USA) USA
	REG3	AUS CBG CHN GUM IND INS J(USA) LAO MHL(USA) NCL NZL OCE PNG VTN VUT
3 041	REG1	ALG G I ISL KWT NMB RUS TJK
	REG3	HKG IRN KRE PHL TUV
3 044	REGY	ATA(ARG)
	REG1	AFS ALG CME COG CZE DJI(F) F G GAB I ISR KAZ LTU MDA MDG MLI* MTN POR ROU RUS SEN* TCD TJK TKM UKR
	REG2	ARG CAN CLM JON MEX
	REG3	AUS BGD CHN GUM IRN J NCL NZL OCE PAK PNG
3 047	REGY	ATA(ARG)
	REG1	AFS ALG AZE BLR CME COG CTI CZE DJI(F) E F GAB IRL ISL ISR KAZ LTU MDA MDG MLI* MLT MTN NIG POR RUS SEN* TCD TKM TUR UKR
	REG2	ARG CAN CLM CTR HTI HWA JON MEX
	REG3	AUS BGD CBG CHN FJI GUM INS J(USA) LAO NCL NZL OCE PNG VTN VUT
3 050	REGY	ATA(ARG)
	REG1	AZE AZR BLR CME COG DNK F G GIB I KAZ MDG MLI MLT MRC POR REU RUS SEN* TCD TJK UKR UZB
	REG2	ALS ARG B BER(USA) CAN CUB HWA MDW PNR PTR USA
	REG3	AUS CHN DGA(USA) FJI GUM IND IRN J(USA) MHL(USA) NZL PAK PNG
3 053	REGY	ATA(ARG)
	REG1	ALB AZR CME COG CTI DNK F G GIB HNG KAZ MDG MLI MRC POR RUS SEN* TCD TJK UKR UZB
	REG2	ALS ARG B BER(USA) BES CAN CUB CUW GTM HWA MDW PNR PTR SXM USA
	REG3	AUS CHN FJI GUM IND INS IRN J(USA) MHL(USA) NZL PNG VTN
3 056	REG1	BLR COG D EST F G GAB GIB KAZ MDG MLI ROU RUS SEN* TCD TJK UAE UKR UZB
	REG2	B BES CAN CUW HWA JON MEX MRT SXM USA
	REG3	AUS GUM IND INS J(USA) KOR PNG

1		2
3 059	REG1	AZR BLR COG CTI D E F G GAB GRC I KAZ MDG MLI REU ROU RUS SEN* SYR TCD TKM UKR UZB
	REG2	B CAN CHL HWA JON MEX MRT USA
	REG3	AUS IND INS J J(USA) KOR NZL PNG VTN
3 062	REG1	G GUI I ROU RUS SWZ TKM
	REG3	IRN J
3 065	REGY	ATA(ARG)
	REG1	ARM AZE AZR D F G JOR LVA POR ROU RUS S TJK TKM UKR
	REG2	ALS ARG B BER(USA) CUB GRL HWA JON PNR USA
	REG3	AUS GUM IND IRN J MHL(USA) PNG
3 068	REGY	ATA(ARG)
	REG1	ARM AZE AZR ERI ETH F G HOL ISL LTU LVA MNE POR RUS S SRB SYR TJK TKM UAE UKR
	REG2	ALS ARG B BER(USA) CAN CG7 CUB HWA JON PNR PRU USA
	REG3	AUS CBG GUM INS J(USA) LAO MHL(USA) PNG VTN
3 071	REGY	ATA(ARG)
	REG1	AGL AZE BUL $\operatorname{DJI}(F)$ F G GRC HOL I ISL KAZ KGZ LTU LVA MOZ POR REU RUS STP TKM TUN UKR UZB
	REG2	ALS ARG B BER(USA) CLM JON MDW USA
	REG3	AUS BGD CHN HKG J MHL(USA) PAK PNG
3 074	REGY	ATA(ARG)
	REG1	AGL AZE AZR BUL CPV EGY F ${\rm G}$ GIB GRC HNG I KAZ KGZ LVA MLT MOZ NIG POR RUS S STP TUN UKR UZB
	REG2	ALS ARG B BER(USA) CAN CLM GRL GTM HTI JON MDW USA
	REG3	AUS BGD CHN CLN GUM HKG J MHL(USA) MLA PAK PNG SNG*
3 077	REGY	ATA(ARG)
	REG1	ARS AZR CYP(G) D F G GRC KGZ LVA MLT POR RUS UKR
	REG2	ALS ARG B CAN HWA PRG URG USA VEN
	REG3	AUS CHN HKG J KOR NZL PNG SNG
3 080	REGY	ATA(ARG)
	REG1	ARS AZR CYP(G) D EGY F FIN G GIB KEN KGZ LBY LVA MLT POR ROU RUS SOM TUR UKR
	REG2	ALS ARG B CAN CUB HWA PRG PRU SLV URG USA VEN
	REG3	AUS CHN CLN FJI GUM HKG IND J J(USA) KOR MLA* NZL PNG SNG
3 083	REG1	CYP(G) G GMB GRC I KGZ QAT RUS
	REG3	HKG J MLD
3 086	REG1	AFS BLR CYP(G) D F G GRC KAZ KGZ MDA OMA ROU RUS SVK UKR UZB
	REG2	ALS B BER(USA) CAN CG7 CHL HWA MDW PNR PTR USA
	REG3	AUS BRM CHN GUM J(USA) MHL(USA) PNG
3 089	REGY	ATA(USA)
	REG1	ALG AZE BLR D EGY G GRC GRC(USA) I I(USA) KAZ MDA MRC POR ROU RUS SEY SUI SVK UAE UKR UZB
	REG2	ALS B BER(USA) CG7 CHL GRL HWA MDW PNR PTR USA
	REG3	AUS CHN GUM J(USA) MHL(USA) PNG
3 092	REGY	ATA(ARG)
	REG1	ALG ARS AZE AZR DJI(F) F G GEO GIB ISL KAZ POL REU RUS TJK TKM UZB
	REG2	ALS ARG B BER(USA) CAN CG7 DOM HWA MDW MEX PNR PTR USA
	REG3	AUS BGD CHN GUM J MHL(USA) NZL PNG

1		2
3 095	REGY	ATA(ARG)
	REG1	ALG ARS CYP(G) E EGY F G GEO GIB GRC(USA) I ISR KAZ KEN LBY MLT POL RUS SOM TJK TKM UZB ZWE
	REG2	ALS ARG B CAN CG7 CTR DOM HWA MDW MEX PNR PRU PTR USA
	REG3	AUS BGD CHN CLN FJI GUM HKG J MHL(USA) MLA NZL PNG SNG*
3 098	REG1	ALB AZE AZR BHR(USA) BLR CNR E G GEO GIB I I(USA) KAZ NIG RUS TJK UKR
	REG2	ALS ATG(USA) B BAH(USA) BER(USA) BRB(USA) CHL HWA MDW MRT PNR PTR TCA(USA) TRD(USA) USA
	REG3	AUS BGD GUM HKG J MHL(USA) PAK PNG
3 101	REG1	AFS ALB AZE AZR BHR(USA) BLR CNR D E EGY ERI ETH G GEO GIB GRC(USA) HNG I I(USA) ISL KAZ LBY MLT RUS SUI TJK TUN UKR
	REG2	ALS B BER(USA) BRB(USA) CAN CHL GRL HND HWA MDW MRT PNR PTR TRD(USA) USA
	REG3	AUS BGD CHN CLN GUM HKG J MHL(USA) MLA PAK PNG SNG*
3 104	REG1	E GEO GIB I IRL ISL RUS SDN TUN UAE UKR
	REG2	ALS
	REG3	J NPL
3 107	REG1	CNR D E F G GRC(USA) I KAZ LTU MDA MNG RUS S UKR ZMB
	REG2	ALS B BER(USA) CG7 CHL HWA MDW PNR PTR USA
3 110	REG3 REG1	AUS BRM CHN GUM IND INS J MHL(USA) PAK PNG AFS ALB AZR CNR D E EGY G GRC(USA) I ISL KAZ LTU MDA MNG MRC NIG RUS S TJK
3 110		TUR UKR UZB
	REG2	ALS B BER(USA) CAN CG7 CHL GRL HWA MDW PNR PTR USA
2.112	REG3	AUS CHN DGA(USA) GUM IND INS J(USA) MHL(USA) PAK PNG
3 113	REG1	ALB ALG AZE BLR E F G G(USA) GRC ISL KAZ KEN KGZ MDA RUS SVK TJK TKM TUN UKR UZB
	REG2	B CAN CHL DOM MEX USA VEN
2.116	REG3	AUS CHN GUM HKG J(USA) PAK PNG SNG
3 116	REG1	AFS ALG AZE BLR D EGY G GIB I ISL KAZ KGZ MDA MLT MNG RUS SVK TJK TKM TUN UKR UZB
	REG2	B CAN CHL CTR DOM EQA MEX USA VEN
2.110	REG3	AUS CHN CLN HKG IND J J(USA) MLA NZL PAK PNG SNG*
3 119	REGY	ATA(ARG)
	REG1 REG2	ALB BLR DJI F G GRC(USA) HOL I I(USA) KAZ MRC ROU RUS SVN UKR UZB ALS ARG B BER(USA) HWA MDW PNR PTR USA
	REG3	AUS BGD CHN FJI GUM IND INS J KIR MHL(USA) PNG
3 122	REGY	ATA(ARG)
3 122	REG1	AZR BLR E EGY F G GEO GRC(USA) HOL I I(USA) KAZ MRC ROU RUS TUR UKR
	REG2	ALS ARG B BER(USA) BOL CAN GRL HWA MDW PNR PTR USA
	REG3	AUS BGD CHN FJI GUM INS J KIR MHL(USA) NZL PAK PNG
3 125	REG1	BLR CYP(G) G GEO HOL KAZ LBR MLT MNG MWI ROU RUS SMR
	REG2	BLZ
	REG3	J PAK SMO
3 128	REG1	BEL BLR G GRC HNG HOL I KAZ LVA NIG ROU RUS UKR
	REG2	ALS BES CAN CUB CUW HWA MDW PNR PTR SXM URG USA
	REG3	AUS CHN FJI GUM HKG IND INS J MHL(USA) NCL NZL OCE PAK PNG
3 131	REG1	BEL EGY G GRC HOL I LSO LVA MNG RUS SRL TKM UKR
	REG2	ALS BES BOL CAN CHL CUB CUW EQA GTM HWA MDW PNR PTR SUR SXM URG USA
	REG3	AUS CHN CKH FJI GUM IND INS J MHL(USA) NCL NZL OCE PAK PNG VUT

1		2
3 134	REG1	ARM ARS(USA) AZE AZR BUL D(USA) E G HOL I KAZ LVA OMA RUS TJK TKM TUR(USA)
	DEC2	UKR UZB
	REG2	ALS B BER(USA) DOM HWA JON PRG USA VEN
2 127	REG3	AUS CHN GUM IND J MHL(USA) PNG TLS
3 137	REG1	ARM ARS(USA) AZE AZR BHR BUL D(USA) E EGY F G G(USA) I ISL KAZ LVA MDA MNG MRC NIG RUS TJK TKM TUR(USA) UKR UZB
	REG2	ALS B BER(USA) CAN CHL DOM EQA GRL GTM HWA JON PRG SUR USA VEN
	REG3	AUS CHN GUM IND J(USA) MHL(USA) PHL(USA) PNG TLS
3 140	REGY	ATA(ARG)
	REG1	ALG AZE CME COG D F G GAB GEO GRC I KAZ LVA MDA MDG MKD MLI ROU RUS SEN* TCD TJK UKR
	REG2	ALS ARG B BER(USA) GRL HWA JON PNR USA
	REG3	AUS CHN GUM J J(USA) MHL(USA) PNG
3 143	REGY	ATA(ARG)
	REG1	ALG AZE BIH CME COG CTI CYP(G) D EGY F G GAB GEO GIB GRC HRV KAZ KGZ LVA MDG MKD MLI* MLT MNE MRC ROU RUS SEN SRB SVN TCD TJK TUN UKR
	REG2	ALS ARG B BER(USA) CAN GRL HWA JON PNR USA
	REG3	AUS BRM CHN GUM J J(USA) MHL(USA) PNG
3 146	REG1	AZE BEL COM CYP G GHA I KGZ MLT MNG RUS
	REG2	BAH
	REG3	J NRU PAK
3 149	REG1	AGL ALG AZE BLR BUL CME COG D D(F) EST G GAB GHA GRC I KAZ MDG MLI* MLT MTN ROU RUS SEN* TCD TUN UKR
	REG2	ALS CAN DOM HWA MDW MEX PNR PTR USA
	REG3	AUS BRM CHN GUM INS J PAK PNG WAK
3 152	REG1	ALG BLR BUL CME COG CTI D D(F) EGY G GAB KAZ MDG MLI* MRC NIG ROU RUS SEN TCD TUN UAE UKR
	REG2	ALS ARG B BOL CAN CHL CLM DOM EQA HWA MDW MEX PNR PRG PRU PTR SUR URG USA VEN
	REG3	AUS CHN GUM INS J NZL PNG WAK
3 900	REG1	ALG BIH CME COG CZE D E F G ISL KAZ KGZ LTU MDA MDG MLI* OMA RUS SEN TCD TJK TKM TUN TUR UKR
3 903	REG1	AFS ALG CME COG CTI CZE D EGY F G HRV ISL KAZ KGZ LTU MDA MDG MLI MNE MRC REU RUS SEN* SRB SVN TCD TJK TKM TUN TZA UGA UKR
3 906	REG1	ALB AZE BEL GMB HOL HRV IRL KAZ MLT NIG RUS TZA UGA UKR YEM
3 909	REG1	AZE BLR COG DJI(F) E F G GIB HRV KAZ LVA MDG REU RUS SEN TCD UKR UZB
3 912	REG1	BLR COG CTI EGY F G GIB HRV KAZ LVA MDG MNE MRC RUS SEN SRB SVN TCD UKR UZB
3 915	REG1	ALB ALG BLR COM CZE F G GRC KAZ LTU LVA MNG ROU RUS SVK TJK TKM UKR UZB YEM
3 918	REG1	AFS ALB ALG BLR CZE EGY ERI ETH F G I KAZ LTU LVA MRC NIG ROU RUS SVK TJK TKM UKR UZB
3 921	REG1	ALG DJI F G GRC KWT LVA MLT POR ROU RUS UKR UZB ZMB
3 924	REG1	AZR BEN CYP(G) D EGY F G GEO GIB GRC LSO LVA MLT POR ROU RUS SEY UAE UKR
3 927	REG1	BUL GEO GIB HOL IRL LBR LIE MWI RUS SDN TUR
3 930	REG1	AFS ALG BUL CAF CME CYP(G) $\operatorname{DJI}(F)$ G GIB GRC HOL LVA MDG MLI MLT ROU RUS SMR SVK TUN UKR
3 933	REG1	ALG AUT CAF CME CTI CYP(G) D DJI(F) E F G GIB GRC I KAZ LVA MDG MLI MLT MRC QAT ROU RUS SVK TUN UKR
\longrightarrow	REG1	AFS AZE BEL CNR E G I KAZ NIG POL RUS TJK TUR UZB YEM

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3 939	REG1	AFS AZE CNR CYP(G) D E F G GRC I KAZ MLT POL RUS TJK TUN UZB YEM
3 942	REG1	CYP CZE F G GIB ISL KAZ LVA NOR POL RUS SRL SWZ UKR UZB YEM
3 945	REG1	AFS ALG CZE ERI ETH F G GIB GRC ISL KAZ LVA MRC NOR POL RUS SEN UKR UZB
4 700	REG1	ARM ARS AZE BEN BHR(USA) CYP(G) G GIB I KAZ KEN LBY MLT POL RUS SEY SWZ TJK TKM
	REG2	ALS B CAN DOM HWA MDW MEX PNR PTR USA
	REG3	AUS BGD BRM CHN DGA(USA) FJI GUM HKG IND J(USA) KOR MAC MHL(USA) NZL PAK PNG TLS
4 703	REG1	AFS ALG ARM ARS AZE AZR BHR(USA) CYP(G) DNK E EGY F G GEO GIB I KAZ KEN LBY MLT MRC POL RUS SOM TJK TKM TUR
	REG2	ALS B CAN CHL DOM HWA MDW MEX PNR PTR SUR USA
	REG3	AUS BGD BRM CHN CLN FJI GUM HKG IND J $\rm J(USA)$ KOR MAC MHL(USA) MLA NZL PAK PNG TLS
4 706	REGY	ATA(USA)
	REG1	ALG BLR CYP(G) D F G GEO HRV I I(USA) KAZ KEN KGZ LBY LSO LTU MDA MLT RUS TJK TKM TUR UKR YEM
	REG2	ALS B BER(USA) CAN CG7 HWA MDW PAQ PNR PRG PTR URG USA
	REG3	AUS CHN DGA(USA) GUM IND J(USA) MHL(USA) NZL SNG THA
4 709	REG1	AFS ALG ARS BLR CYP(G) D F G GRC I I(USA) KAZ KEN KGZ LBR LBY LTU MDA MLT MNE OMA RUS SRB TJK TKM TUR UKR
	REG2	ALS B BER(USA) CG7 CHL HWA MDW PAQ PNR PRG PTR URG USA
	REG3	AUS CHN GUM IND INS J MHL(USA) NZL THA
4 712	REGY	ATA(USA)
	REG1	AZR BLR CYP(G) EGY F GIB I(USA) IRL ISL KAZ MLT MRC MWI POL ROU RUS SOM SRL UKR YEM
	REG2	ALS BER(USA) CAN CG7 GRL HWA MDW PNR PRU PTR USA
	REG3	AUS CBG FJI GUM J(USA) KRE LAO MHL(USA) NPL PHL PNG VTN
4 715	REGY	ATA(ARG) ATA(USA)
	REG1	AGL ALB AZR BHR(USA) BLR CME DJI(F) F G GMB GRC HOL I ISL ISR KAZ LTU MDA MNG MOZ POL POR RUS STP TCD TUN TUR UKR UZB
	REG2	ALS ARG ATG(USA) BAH(USA) BER(USA) BES BRB(USA) CAN CLM CUW HWA MDW PNR PTR SXM TCA(USA) TRD(USA) USA
	REG3	AUS BGD BRM FJI GUM HKG IND J(USA) MHL(USA) MLA PAK THA
4 718	REGY	ATA(ARG) ATA(USA)
	REG1	AGL ALB ALG AZR BHR(USA) CME CPV DJI(F) F G HOL I ISL ISR KAZ KGZ LTU MDA MDG MLT MOZ POR RUS STP TCD TUN UKR UZB
	REG2	ALS ARG BER(USA) BES BRB(USA) CAN CLM CUW GRL HWA MDW PNR PRU PTR SXM TRD(USA) USA
	REG3	AUS BGD BRM CLN FJI GUM HKG IND J(USA) MHL(USA) MLA NZL PAK PNG SNG* THA
4 721	REGY	ATA(ARG)
	REG1	AGL ALG BLR CME CNR D D(USA) DJI(F) E F G GEO I KAZ KGZ MLT MOZ POR ROU RUS STP TCD TJK TUR(USA) UKR
	REG2	ALS ARG BER(USA) CAN CUB GRL HWA JON PNR PRU USA
	REG3	AUS BGD CHN GUM IND J(USA) MHL(USA) NCL NZL OCE PAK PNG THA TLS

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4 724	REGY	ATA(ARG)
	REG1	AGL ALG AZR BEL BLR CME CNR CPV D D(USA) DJI(F) E EGY EST F G G(USA) GEO HNG I KAZ MDG MOZ POR REU RUS STP TCD TJK TUR(USA) UAE UKR
	REG2	ALS ARG BER(USA) CAN CG7 CUB GRL HWA JON PNR USA
	REG3	AUS BGD CBG CHN GUM IND INS J(USA) LAO MHL(USA) NCL NZL OCE PAK PHL(USA) PNG THA TLS VTN VUT
4 727	REG1	AZE BEL BUL COG CYP(G) CZE DJI(F) F G GEO KAZ LVA MDG QAT ROU RUS SEN TCD TJK TUN TUR UKR
	REG2	ALS BER(USA) CAN CUB FLK GRL HWA JON URG USA
	REG3	AUS BRM CHN GUM IND J MHL(USA) THA TON
4 730	REG1	AFS AZE BUL COG CTI CYP(G) CZE F G GEO I KAZ LVA MDG MNG ROU RUS SEN TJK TUN UKR YEM
	REG2	ALS ATG BER(USA) CAN CUB DMA EQA FLK GRD GRL HWA JMC JON KNA LCA URG USA VCT
	REG3	AUS BRM CHN GUM IND INS J(USA) MHL(USA) NZL THA
4 733	REG1	ALG BDI BEL COM DJI E G GUI KWT LBN LIE MLT MRC NMB RUS S SDN SMR TKM UAE
	REG2	BAH HND HWA NCG PRU USA
	REG3	AUS BTN GUM J MLD NRU SMO VUT
4 736	REGY	ATA(ARG)
	REG1	AFS ALB ALG ARS AUT AZE AZR BLR BUL COG D DIJ(F) E ERI ETH F GRC I IRL KAZ LBN MDG MLI MRC NOR OMA POR REU RUS SEN* TCD TJK TKM UKR UZB
	REG2	ALS ARG B BER(USA) CAN CG7 HND HWA JON MDW MEX MRT PNR PTR USA
	REG3	AUS CHN GUM IND J MHL(USA) NZL THA TUV WAK
4 739	REGY	ATA(ARG)
	REG1	ALB ALG ARS AUT AZE AZR BLR COG CTI D EGY F G GIB I ISL KAZ LBN MDG MLI NOR POR ROU RUS SEN* TCD TJK TKM UKR UZB
	REG2	ALS ARG B BOL CAN CG7 HWA JON MDW MRT PNR PTR USA
	REG3	AUS CHN FJI GUM IND J MHL(USA) MLA* NZL PAK PNG SNG THA WAK
4 742	REG1	ALG CME COG CYP DJI(F) F G GEO GIB I KAZ MDG MKD MLI MNG POL POR REU ROU RUS SEN* TCD TGO TUN UZB YEM
	REG2	ALS BER(USA) CAN CHL GRL HND HWA JON PRG URG USA VEN
	REG3	AUS BRU CHN FJI GUM HKG IND IRN J J(USA) KOR MHL(USA) PAK PNG
4 745	REG1	AZR BEL CME COG CTI D DJI(F) EGY F G GEO I ISL KAZ MDG MLI* MRC POL POR REU RUS SEN SUI TCD TGO TUN TUR UZB YEM ZMB
	REG2	ALS BER(USA) CAN CHL GRL HND HWA JON PRG URG USA VEN
	REG3	AUS CBG CHN FJI GUM IND IRN J(USA) KOR LAO MHL(USA) NZL PNG VTN
5 684	REGY REG1	ATA(ARG) AGL ALB AZE AZR BLR CPV CYP D F G GEO I KAZ KWT LVA MOZ POR RUS SRL STP TJK
	DECO	TKM UKR UZB YEM
	REG2	ARG BES CAN CUW MEX PRG SXM USA
5 687	REG3 REGY	AUS CHN GUM HKG IND J(USA) KOR SMO THA VTN
3 08/	REG1	ATA(ARG) AFS AGL ALB AZE AZR BLR CPV D E EGY G GEO GIB HRV I KAZ LVA MNE MOZ NIG
		OMA POR RUS SRB STP SVN TJK TKM UKR UZB
	REG2	ARG BES CAN CUW EQA MEX PRG SXM USA
5.600	REG3	AUS CHN GUM IND INS IRN J KOR NZL PNG THA VUT
5 690	REG1	BDI DJI E GMB GNE GRC HOL I IRL ROU RUS SWZ TUR UAE
	REG2	HTI CUN IDN LTON
	REG3	CHN IRN J TON

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5 693	REGY	ATA(ARG)
	REG1	AFS ARS AZR CME COG CYP(G) F G GIB I IRQ ISL ISR KAZ LVA MLI MRC ROU RUS SVK TUN TUR UKR YEM
	REG2	ALS ARG ATG(USA) BAH(USA) BER(USA) BRB(USA) CAN CG7 HWA MDW PNR PTR TCA(USA) TRD(USA) USA VEN
	REG3	AUS BGD BRM GUM HKG J J(USA) MLA NZL PAK PNG THA
5 696	REGY	ATA(ARG)
	REG1	ARS BEL CME COG CTI CYP(G) EGY G GIB GRC(USA) IRQ ISL KAZ KEN LBY LVA MCO MDG MLI MLT OMA ROU RUS SOM SVK TUR UKR
	REG2	ALS ARG BER(USA) BOL BRB(USA) CAN CG7 GRL GTM HWA MDW MEX PNR PTR TRD(USA) USA VEN
	REG3	AUS BGD BRM CLN FJI GUM J(USA) NZL PAK SNG THA
5 699	REGY	ATA(ARG)
	REG1	ALG AZR BFA BLR CME DJI(F) F G GAB KAZ LTU LVA MDA MLI MNE MWI RUS SRB TCD TUR UKR
	REG2	ALS ARG CAN GRL GTM HWA MEX PTR USA
	REG3	AUS BRM CHN GUM IND IRN J MAC MHL(USA) NZL PAK THA VTN
5 702	REGY	ATA(ARG)
	REG1	ALG AZR BFA BLR CME CTI DJI(F) E EGY ERI ETH F G G(USA) GAB GRC HOL KAZ LSO LTU LVA MDA MDG MLI* MNE MRC MTN OMA POR REU ROU RUS SEN* SRB TCD TJK UKR UZB
	REG2	ALS ARG BOL CAN CLM GRL MEX USA
	REG3	AUS BRM CHN FJI IND INS IRN J(USA) MAC NZL PNG THA
5 705	REG1	BEN CYP(G) ERI ETH F G GIB GRC HOL KAZ MLT QAT ROU RUS TJK UAE UKR UZB ZMB
	REG2	ATG B BLZ DMA GRD JMC KNA LCA VCT
	REG3	BRU HKG J MLD NPL NRU
5 708	REG1	AFS AGL COG F GRC HNG IRL IRQ KAZ KGZ LBN MTN* NOR OMA POL ROU RUS SEN SEY SYR TJK TKM TUN TUR YEM
	REG2	ALS B BER(USA) BOL CAN CHL CLM GRL HWA MDW USA
	REG3	AUS BRM CHN IND J KOR MHL(USA) NZL PNG SNG THA TLS
5 711	REG1	AGL COG CTI F G GIB GRC IRQ ISL KAZ KGZ LBN MDG MRC MTN* NOR POL RUS SEN SYR TJK TKM TUN TUR UAE UKR YEM
	REG2	ALS B BER(USA) BOL CAN CHL CLM GRL HWA MDW USA
	REG3	AUS BRM CHN IND J(USA) KOR MHL(USA) MLA NZL PNG THA TLS
5 714	REGY	ATA(USA)
	REG1	AFS ARM AUT AZE BLR BOT BUL CME CTI CYP(G) D D(F) DJI(F) F G GIB HRV I KAZ MLI MLT MNG NMB(AFS) REU ROU RUS TCD TGO TJK TKM TUN UKR UZB
	REG2	ALS B CAN CUB HWA MDW PNR PTR USA
	REG3	AUS CHN DGA(USA) FJI GUM J(USA) MHL(USA) NZL PAK THA
5 717	REGY	ATA(USA)
	REG1	AFS ARM AUT AZE AZR BLR BOT BUL CME CTI CYP(G) D D(F) DJI(F) E EGY EST ERI ETH F G GRC KAZ MDG MLI MLT MRC NMB(AFS) OMA REU ROU RUS SEN* TCD TGO TJK TKM TUN UKR UZB
	REG2	ALS B BOL CAN CHL CUB GTM HWA MDW MEX PNR PTR USA
	REG3	AUS CBG CHN DGA(USA) FJI GUM J(USA) LAO MHL(USA) NZL PAK PNG THA VTN
5 720	REG1	ALG BEL COM CYP(G) G GIB ISL LBR LIE MLT NMB OMA ROU RUS SDN SMR TKM UAE
	REG2	BAH BOL GTM
	REG3	HKG IND J KRE PHL TUV

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5 723	REGY	ATA(USA)
	REG1	AFS ALG AZE BHR(USA) BLR COG F G GRC(USA) HNG I ISL KAZ LVA MRC MTN NMB(AFS) POR RUS SEN* SOM SVK TKM UAE UKR
	REG2	ALS ATG(USA) B BER(USA) BRB BRB(USA) CAN CG7 CHL HND HWA MDW PNR PTR TCA(USA) URG USA
	REG3	AUS CHN GUM IND J J(USA) KOR MHL(USA) NCL OCE PNG THA
5 726	REGY	ATA(USA)
	REG1	AFS ALG AZE AZR BHR(USA) BLR COG CTI EGY F G GIB I ISL KAZ LVA MDG MTN NMB(AFS) POR ROU RUS S SEN* SVK TKM UKR YEM
	REG2	ALS ATG(USA) B BAH(USA) BER(USA) BRB CAN CG7 CHL GRL HND HWA MDW PNR PTR TCA(USA) URG USA
	REG3	AUS CBG CHN GUM IND J J(USA) KOR LAO MHL(USA) NCL NZL OCE THA VTN VUT
6 685	REG1	AFS AGL ALB ARS AZE BHR(USA) CPV D EGY G GEO GNB GRC(USA) I I(USA) ISL KAZ MOZ MNE MRC NIG NOR POR RUS SRB STP SUI SVK TJK TUR UZB
	REG2	ALS B BER(USA) CAN CG7 DOM EQA HWA MDW MEX PNR PTR URG USA
	REG3	AUS CBG CHN CLN GUM HKG IND J LAO MHL(USA) MLA PAK PNG SNG* VTN
6 688	REG1	ALB ALG AZR EGY F FIN G GRC(USA) HRV I I(USA) ISL MLT MRC RUS SVK TJK TUN YEM ZMB
	REG2	ALS CG7 DOM HWA MDW NCG PNR PTR USA
	REG3	AFG AUS BGD FJI GUM J KRE MHL(USA) PAK VUT
6 691	REGY	ATA(ARG)
	REG1	ALG ARS AZR BUL CYP(G) CZE E G GHA GIB HNG I I(USA) KAZ KEN LBY MLT ROU RUS TJK TKM UZB
	REG2	ALS ARG CAN CLM HWA MDW MEX PNR PTR USA
	REG3	AUS BGD BRM CHN GUM HKG IND J J(USA) KOR PAK SLM SNG WAK
6 694	REGY	ATA(ARG)
	REG1	ALG ARS AZR BLR BUL CYP(G) CZE EGY ERI ETH G GIB I I(USA) KAZ KEN LBY NIG OMA ROU RUS SOM TKM UZB
	REG2	ALS ARG CAN HWA MDW MEX PNR PTR USA
	REG3	AUS BRM CHN CLN FJI GUM HKG IND J(USA) KOR MLA NZL PNG SNG* WAK
6 697	REGY	ATA(ARG)
	REG1	ARS BDI BHR(USA) BLR CYP(G) D G I I(USA) ISL MLT MRC RUS SMR
	REG2	ALS ARG BER(USA) CAN CG7 HWA MDW PNR PTR TRD USA
6.700	REG3	AUS BGD GUM HKG J(USA) PAK THA
6 700	REGY REG1	ATA(ARG) ARS AZR BHR(USA) CYP(G) D EGY F G GIB GRC I I(USA) ISL KEN LBY MLT MRC RUS
	REG2	SOM TUR ALS ARG ATG(USA) BAH(USA) BER(USA) BRB CAN CG7 GRL HWA MDW PNR PTR TCA(USA) TRD USA
	REG3	AUS BGD CLN GUM HKG J(USA) MHL(USA) MLA NZL PAK PNG SNG* THA
6 703	REG1	ALB BEN ERI ETH I IRL ISL LUX NMB QAT RUS SEY SVN UKR
	REG2	HTI
	REG3	J MLD NPL PHL SMO
6 706	REG1	AFS BLR CYP(G) EGY G GIB GNE GRC KAZ MDA MLT MNE RUS SRB SVK UKR UZB YEM
	REG2	ALS B CAN CUB HWA MDW PNR PTR USA
	REG3	AUS BGD CHN DGA(USA) FJI GUM HKG IND INS J KIR MAC MHL(USA) NZL PAK THA

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6 709	REG1	BEL BIH BLR CYP(G) G GEO HRV KAZ KEN LBY LSO MDA MLT MNE ROU RUS SOM SRB SVN UKR UZB
	REG2	ALS B CAN CUB HWA MDW PNR PTR SUR USA
	REG3	AUS BGD CHN CLN FJI GUM HKG IND INS J KIR MAC MHL(USA) NZL PAK PNG THA VTN
6 712	REG1	AFS ALG AUT AZE BLR CME COG CYP(G) D D(F) DJI(F) F G GEO ISL ISR KAZ LVA MDG MLI* MLT MTN OMA REU ROU RUS SEN* TCD TGO TJK TKM TUN TUR TUR(USA) UKR UZB
	REG2	B CAN HWA MEX PNR USA
	REG3	AUS BRM CHN IND J(USA) KOR PAK THA TLS VTN
6 715	REG1	AFS ALG AUT AZE BLR CME COG CTI D D(F) DJI(F) E F G G(USA) HNG ISR KAZ LVA MDG MLI MRC MTN* REU ROU RUS SEN* TCD TGO TJK TKM TUN TUR(USA) UAE UKR UZB
	REG2	B CAN GRL HWA MEX PNR SUR USA
	REG3	AUS BRM CHN FJI GUM IND INS J(USA) KOR NZL PAK PHL(USA) PNG THA TLS
6 718	REG1	AGL ALG CYP F HOL IRL MLT NIG ROU TUR TZA UZB YEM
	REG2	BAH
	REG3	IND NRU PAK
6 721	REGY	ATA(ARG) ATA(USA)
	REG1	AGL ARS AZR BHR(USA) F G GEO GRC(USA) HOL I I(USA) JOR KAZ LTU MDA MRC RUS SRL TJK TZA UKR UZB
	REG2	ALS ARG BER(USA) CAN CG7 HWA MDW MEX PNR PTR USA
	REG3	AUS CHN FJI GUM IND J(USA) MHL(USA) NZL SNG THA
6 724	REGY	ATA(ARG) ATA(USA)
	REG1	AFS ARS BHR(USA) CNR E EGY G GEO GRC GRC(USA) HRV I I(USA) KAZ LBR LTU MDA MNE MRC RUS $$ SRB SVN TJK UKR UZB
	REG2	ALS ARG BER(USA) CG7 GRL HWA MDW MEX PNR PTR SUR USA
	REG3	AUS CHN FJI GUM IND J(USA) MHL(USA) MLA* NZL PNG SNG THA
6 727	REGY	ATA(ARG)
	REG1	AGL ALG ARS ARS(USA) AZR D(USA) ERI ETH G GRC KAZ LIE MOZ RUS STP TUR(USA) UKR UZB
	REG2	ALS ARG BER(USA) CAN CUB GRL GUY HWA JON MDW PNR USA
	REG3	AUS CHN GUM IND J MHL(USA) THA
6 730	REGY	ATA(ARG)
	REG1	AGL ALG ARM ARS ARS(USA) AZR CPV D D(USA) DNK E ERI ETH F G GNB GRC ISL KAZ MOZ NIG POR ROU RUS STP SYR TUR(USA) UKR UZB
	REG2	ALS ARG BER(USA) CAN CG7 CUB GRL GUY HWA JON MDW PNR USA
	REG3	AUS CHN GUM IND J J(USA) MHL(USA) MLA NZL PAK PNG SNG* THA
6 733	REG1	ALG ARM F G GUI I KEN NIG RUS SWZ TUR UAE YEM
	REG2	В
	REG3	IND J TUV VTN
6 736	REG1	AFS ARM ASC(USA) AZE CYP(G) CZE G GIB GRC I ISL KEN MLT MRC NMB(AFS) OMA ROU RUS SEY(USA) TJK TKM
	REG2	ALS B BER(USA) CAN CHL CLM GTM HWA PNR PTR URG USA
	REG3	AUS BRM CHN GUM J KOR MHL(USA) PAK SNG THA VTN
6 739	REG1	AFS ARM ASC(USA) AZE CYP(G) CZE EGY F G G(USA) I MLT NMB(AFS) ROU RUS TJK TKM TUR(USA) UKR YEM
	REG2	ALS BER(USA) CHL CLM GRL GTM HND HWA PNR PTR SUR URG USA
	REG3	AUS BRM CHN CLN GUM J(USA) KOR MHL(USA) MLA NZL PAK PNG THA VTN VUT

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6 742	REG1	BFA BLR CAF CME COG CYP(G) DJI(F) F FIN G GIB GRC KAZ LVA MDG MLI* NGR POL REU RUS SEN TCD TGO TUN TUR UKR
	REG2	ALS BER(USA) CAN CG7 CHL CUB GTM HWA JON MDW PNR PTR USA
	REG3	AUS CHN GUM HKG IND IRN J MHL(USA) NZL SNG THA VTN WAK
6 745	REG1	ALG ASC(USA) BFA BLR CAF CME CNR COG CTI CYP(G) CZE DJI(F) E EGY F FIN G GIB GRC HNG KAZ LVA MDG MLI MLT MRC NGR POL REU RUS SEN* SEY(USA) TCD TGO TUN UKR
	REG2	ALS BER(USA) BOL CAN CG7 CHL CUB GTM HWA JON MDW PNR PTR USA
	REG3	AUS BGD CBG CHN FJI GUM HKG IND IRN J LAO MHL(USA) NZL PNG SNG THA VTN WAK
6 748	REG1	BEL BUL $\ensuremath{CYP}(G)\to G$ GMB GRC KWT MLT POR REU RUS SDN UAE UKR ZWE
	REG2	ATG DMA GRD JMC KNA LCA VCT
	REG3	BGD BRU J TON
6 751	REG1	ASC(USA) BFA BUL CME COG COM CTI CYP(G) D DJI E F G HNG KGZ LVA MNE MTN OMA POR RUS SEN* SRB TCD TUN UAE UKR
	REG2	B CAN CHL HWA JON MEX USA
	REG3	AUS CHN FJI GUM IND INS J J(USA) MHL(USA) NZL THA VTN
6 754	REG1	ALG ASC(USA) BFA COG CTI D EGY ERI ETH F G GRC KGZ LVA MDG MRC NIG RUS SEN TCD TUN UAE UKR
	REG2	B BOL CAN CHL HWA JON MEX SUR USA
	REG3	AUS CBG FJI GUM IND INS J LAO MHL(USA) NZL THA VTN VUT
6 757	REGY	ATA(ARG)
	REG1	ARS AZE BLR COG F G GIB KAZ KGZ LVA MLT MWI RUS SEN SVK TCD TJK TKM TUN UKR
	REG2	ARG BER(USA) BES BOL CUW HWA JON SXM USA
	REG3	AUS BRM CHN GUM IND J MHL(USA) THA TLS
6 760	REGY	ATA(ARG)
	REG1	ALG ARS AZE BLR COG CTI F G ISL ISR KAZ KGZ LVA MDG MRC RUS SEN SVK TCD TJK TKM TUN UKR
	REG2	ALS ARG BER(USA) BES CUW HWA JON SXM USA
	REG3	AUS BRM CHN GUM IND J J(USA) MHL(USA) MLA NZL PNG SNG* THA TLS
8 965	REG1	AFS ASC(USA) CTI CYP(G) D EGY ERI ETH G GIB KEN NMB(AFS) RUS SMR TUR
	REG2	ALS B CAN GRL HWA MEX PNR USA
	REG3	AUS BRM FJI HKG J(USA) KRE MHL(USA) NZL PAK PNG
8 968	REG1	AFS ARS CYP(G) D G GIB HRV KEN LBY MLT MNE NIG NMB(AFS) OMA RUS SOM SRB SVN
	REG2	ALS B BOL CAN GRL HWA MEX PNR USA
	REG3	AUS BRM CLN FJI HKG INS J(USA) MHL(USA) MLA NZL PNG SNG*
8 971	REGY	ATA(ARG)
	REG1	ARS AZE AZR BHR(USA) BLR E F G GEO GRC(USA) HOL HRV I I(USA) ISL ISR KAZ KGZ LVA MRC RUS S TJK TKM UKR ZMB
	REG2	ALS ARG ATG(USA) BAH(USA) BER(USA) BES BOL BRB(USA) CG7 CUW DOM HWA MDW PNR PTR SXM TCA(USA) TRD(USA) USA
	REG3	AUS BRM CHN DGA(USA) GUM J(USA) MHL(USA) PNG VTN
8 974	REGY	ATA(ARG)
	REG1	AFS AZE AZR BLR E GEO GNE GRC(USA) HOL I I(USA) IRL ISL ISR KAZ KGZ LVA MRC RUS TJK TKM UKR YEM
	REG2	ALS ARG ATG(USA) BAH(USA) BER(USA) BES BRB(USA) CG7 CUW DOM HWA MDW PNR PTR SXM $\mathrm{TCA}(\mathrm{USA})$ USA
	REG3	AUS BRM CHN GUM J(USA) MHL(USA) NZL PNG VTN

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8 977	REG1	ALB ARS BHR(USA) G GRC(USA) I ISL MRC MWI OMA RUS UKR
	REG2	ALS BRB(USA) HWA MDW PNR PTR TRD(USA) USA
	REG3	AUS CBG CLN DGA(USA) GUM INS J(USA) LAO
8 980	REGY	ATA(ARG)
	REG1	ALB ALG ARS AZR BFA BHR(USA) CME COG CYP(G) D DJI(F) F G I KAZ LBN MDG REU RUS SEN TCD TGO TUN UZB
	REG2	ALS ARG ATG(USA) BAH(USA) BER(USA) BRB BRB(USA) CG7 HWA MDW PNR PTR TCA(USA) USA
	REG3	AUS CHN GUM HKG IND INS J(USA) MHL(USA)
8 983	REGY	ATA(ARG)
	REG1	ALG BFA BHR(USA) CME COG CYP(G) D DJI(F) F G HNG I KAZ LBN MDG MLT MNG MRC MTN OMA REU RUS SEN* TCD TGO TUN UZB
	REG2	ALS ARG BER(USA) BRB(USA) CG7 GRL HWA MDW PNR PTR USA
	REG3	AUS CBG CHN GUM IND J(USA) LAO MHL(USA) NZL PNG VTN
8 986	REG1	ALG BHR(USA) CYP(G) F G GRC KGZ MDG MLT ROU RUS TUR UKR YEM
	REG2	BRB(USA) CG7
	REG3	J J(USA) PHL TUV
8 989	REG1	AGL BEL BLR G KAZ KGZ LVA MCO MDA MOZ POL POR ROU RUS STP UKR UZB YEM
	REG2	ALS BER(USA) CAN GRL HWA MEX USA
	REG3	AUS BRM FJI IND J J(USA) NZL
8 992	REG1	AGL ASC(USA) BLR CPV F G GNB GRC ISL KAZ LVA MDA MOZ POL POR RUS S SDN STP UKR UZB
	REG2	ALS BER(USA) CAN CHL HWA MEX USA
	REG3	AUS BRM CHN FJI GUM IND J(USA) NZL PNG
8 995	REG1	ARS AZR COM CYP(G) G GIB GRC ISL LBR MLT MNG RUS UKR YEM
	REG2	BLZ
	REG3	BRU HKG TON
8 998	REGY	ATA(USA)
	REG1	AGL AZR BHR(USA) BLR COG F G GRC(USA) HOL ISL LVA MDG MTN NOR SEN* TUN UAE UKR
	REG2	ALS B BER(USA) CG7 CUB HWA MDW PNR PTR TRD(USA) USA
	REG3	AUS CHN GUM IND J(USA) MHL(USA) NZL
9 001	REGY	ATA(USA)
	REG1	AGL ALG ARM BHR(USA) BLR COG CTI CYP(G) EGY F G GRC(USA) HOL I(USA) ISL JOR LVA MDG MLT MRC MTN NOR SEN* TUN UKR
	REG2	ALS B BER(USA) CG7 CUB HWA MDW PNR PTR TRD(USA) USA
	REG3	AUS CHN DGA(USA) GUM HKG IND J(USA) MHL(USA) NZL
9 004	REG1	ARM BDI BEN BLR CYP(G) IRL ISL KWT LSO LUX MLT ROU
	REG2	B BAH
0.007	REG3	HKG IRN J MLD NRU
9 007	REG1	AZR BUL CME COG G GIB GRC GRC(USA) I(USA) ISL KAZ MDG MLT MNE REU ROU RUS SEN SRB TCD
	REG2	ALS B CAN HWA MDW MEX PNR PTR USA
0.010	REG3	AUS BRM CHN FJI GUM INS IRN J KIR VTN WAK
9 010	REG1	ARS AZR BEL BUL CME COG CTI G KAZ LIE MDG REU RUS SEN TCD TUR
	REG2	ALS ARG B CAN HWA MDW MEX PNR PTR USA VEN
	REG3	AUS BRM FJI GUM INS IRN J KIR NZL PAK VTN WAK
9 013	REG1	AFS ARS ERI ETH G GMB GRC HRV MLT MOZ RUS UKR
	REG2	ARG ATG DMA GRD GTM JMC KNA LCA VCT
	REG3	AUS FJI IND J

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9 016	REG1	AUT COG F G GIB HNG MDG RUS SEN TCD TUN TUR UKR
	REG2	BER(USA) CHL CUB
	REG3	AUS CHN FJI HKG IRN J(USA) NZL PAK SNG THA
9 019	REG1	ALG AUT CNR COG CTI E F G GIB GRC MDG MLT MRC NIG RUS SEN TCD TUN UKR
	REG2	ALS BER(USA) BOL CHL CUB HWA
	REG3	AUS CHN IRN J MLA* NZL PAK PNG SNG THA VUT
9 022	REGY	ATA(ARG)
	REG1	AFS ALG ARM AZE AZR COG CYP(G) CZE D(USA) EGY ERI ETH F G GEO KAZ MDG MLT REU RUS SEN SOM TJK TKM UZB
	REG2	ARG BER(USA) CAN GRL HWA JON PNR PTR USA
	REG3	AUS CHN GUM HKG IND J MHL(USA) NZL
9 025	REGY	ATA(ARG) ATA(NZL)
	REG1	AFS ALG ARM AZE AZR COG CYP(G) CZE D D(USA) E EGY G GEO GIB KAZ MDG MLT REU ROU RUS SEN TJK TKM UZB
	REG2	ARG BER(USA) CUB HWA JON MEX PNR PTR USA
	REG3	AUS CHN FJI GUM HKG IND J(USA) MHL(USA) NZL PAK PHL(USA) PNG SNG THA
9 028	REG1	COD E G G(USA) GIB GRC MLT MRC QAT ROU RUS UAE UZB
	REG2	ALS CAN CG7 CUB GRL HWA MEX USA
	REG3	AUS J MLA SMO
9 031	REGY	ATA(USA)
	REG1	${\rm CYP}(G)~G~G(USA)~GIB~GRC(USA)~I~I(USA)~MLT~MRC~POL~RUS~SVK~SWZ~TUR$
	REG2	ALS BER(USA) CAN CHL CLM HWA MDW PNR PTR URG USA
	REG3	AUS BGD BRM CHN GUM J MHL(USA) MLA NZL PAK TLS WAK
9 034	REGY	ATA(USA)
	REG1	AUT DNK G G(USA) GHA GRC(USA) I I(USA) MRC NIG POL RUS SEY TUR YEM
	REG2	ALS BER(USA) CHL CLM EQA HWA MDW PNR PTR URG USA
	REG3	BGD BRM CHN GUM INS J MHL(USA) MLA NZL PAK SMO TLS WAK
9 037	REGY	ATA(USA)
	REG1	AUT CYP DJI G I I(USA) LTU MRC NMB RUS SRL TUR UAE
	REG2	ALS CAN HWA MDW PNR PTR USA
	REG3	AUS DGA(USA) GUM J(USA) MHL(USA) NPL WAK
11 175	REG1	ASC(USA) G GRC MLT SDN TUR(USA) UAE
	REG2	ALS HWA USA
	REG3	AUS GUM J(USA)
11 178	REGY	ATA(ARG)
	REG1	AGL G GRC MOZ NIG NOR POL POR RUS STP TUN TUR(USA)
	REG2	ALS ARG BES CLM CUW HWA JON SXM USA
	REG3	AUS CHN GUM IND INS J J(USA) MHL(USA) NZL
11 181	REGY	ATA(ARG)
	REG1	AGL AZR CPV E EGY G GNB ISL MOZ NOR POL POR RUS STP TUR TUR(USA)
	REG2	ALS ARG BES CLM CUW JON SXM USA
	REG3	AUS CHN GUM IND INS J(USA) MHL(USA) NZL
11 184	REG1	CYP(G) E G GNE ISL MKD MLT MNG ROU TUR
	REG2	BLZ
	REG3	J MLD TON

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11 187	REGY	ATA(USA)
	REG1	ALG BEL BHR(USA) BLR CME COG DJI(F) ERI ETH F GEO GRC(USA) ISL ISR KAZ LVA MDG ROU RUS SEN TCD TJK TKM UKR UZB
	REG2	ALS ATG(USA) BAH(USA) BER(USA) BRB(USA) CAN CHL HWA MDW MEX PNR PTR TCA(USA) TRD(USA) USA
	REG3	AUS CHN DGA(USA) GUM IRN J(USA) MHL(USA)
11 190	REGY	ATA(USA)
	REG1	ALG BHR(USA) BLR CME COG DJI(F) GEO GRC ISR KAZ LVA MDG MRC ROU RUS SEN TCD TJK TKM UKR UZB
	REG2	ALS ATG(USA) BAH(USA) BER(USA) BRB(USA) CAN CHL HWA MDW MEX PNR PTR TCA(USA) TRD(USA) USA
	REG3	AUS BRM CHN DGA(USA) GUM INS IRN J(USA) MHL(USA) NZL
11 193	REG1	CYP(G) G GRC MNG NIG RUS
	REG2	MEX URG
	REG3	IND PHL TUV
11 196	REG1	ARS BHR(USA) CYP(G) D G KEN RUS
	REG2	ALS ATG(USA) B $\operatorname{BAH}(\operatorname{USA})$ BER(USA) BRB(USA) CG7 HWA MDW PNR PTR TCA(USA) TRD(USA) URG USA
	REG3	AUS CHN GUM HKG J(USA) MHL(USA) WAK
11 199	REG1	$ARS\ BHR(USA)\ CYP(G)\ D\ EGY\ G\ GIB\ I(USA)\ KEN\ LBY\ MLT\ MRC\ OMA\ RUS\ SOM$
	REG2	ALS ATG(USA) B $\operatorname{BAH}(\operatorname{USA})$ BER(USA) BRB(USA) CG7 HWA MDW PNR PTR TCA(USA) TRD(USA) USA
	REG3	AUS CHN CLN GUM HKG IRN J(USA) MLA PNG SNG* WAK
11 202	REG1	BHR(USA) CYP IRL SMR TUN YEM
	REG2	ALS ATG(USA) BAH(USA) BER(USA) BRB(USA) CG7 HWA MDW PTR TCA(USA) TRD(USA) USA
	REG3	AUS GUM J(USA) WAK
11 205	REGY	ATA(ARG)
	REG1	AZR CME COG DJI(F) F G KAZ MDG MNG REU RUS SEN TGO TUN
	REG2	ALS ARG CAN CUB HWA JON MDW PNR PTR USA
	REG3	AUS GUM J WAK
11 208	REGY	ATA(ARG)
	REG1	ALG AZR CME COG CYP(G) DJI(F) F G GIB GRC(USA) HNG KAZ LBY MDG MRC REU RUS SEN TGO TUN TUR
	REG2	ALS ARG CAN CUB HWA JON MDW PNR PTR USA
	REG3	AUS CBG GUM IRN J LAO PNG VTN WAK
11 211	REG1	BEL E G OMA RUS SWZ TUN
	REG2	ALS HWA JON MDW PNR PTR
	REG3	GUM IRN J MHL(USA) WAK
11 214	REGY	ATA(ARG)
	REG1	AUT COG DJI(F) F G GAB GIB ISL MDG MLT REU RUS SEN TCD TUN
	REG2	ALS ARG BER(USA) CAN HWA MRT USA
	REG3	AUS BRU NCL NPL OCE
11 217	REGY	ATA(ARG)
	REG1	$\operatorname{ASC}(\operatorname{USA})\operatorname{AUT}\operatorname{COG}\operatorname{D}\operatorname{DJI}(F)\operatorname{F}\operatorname{G}\operatorname{GRC}\operatorname{MDG}\operatorname{MRC}\operatorname{RUS}\operatorname{SEN}\operatorname{SEY}(\operatorname{USA})\operatorname{TCD}\operatorname{TUN}$
	REG2	ALS ARG BER(USA) CAN GRL HWA MRT USA
	REG3	AUS CHN NCL NZL OCE
11 220	REG1	BDI BEL GMB KWT ROU RUS
	REG2	CAN USA
	REG3	AUS CBG CHN J LAO VTN VUT

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11 223	REG1	BEN G MLT ROU S UKR YEM
	REG2	ALS ATG CAN DMA GRD JMC KNA LCA VCT
	REG3	AUS IRN J KRE
11 226	REG1	ARS(USA) AZR D D(USA) G MNE RUS SRB SRL TUR(USA) UKR
	REG2	ALS BER(USA) CHL CUB GRL HWA JON MDW PNR USA
	REG3	AUS BGD CHN GUM J(USA) MHL(USA) NZL PAK PHL(USA)
11 229	REG1	ARS(USA) AZR D D(USA) G MNE MRC RUS SRB TUR(USA)
	REG2	ALS BER(USA) CAN CG7 CUB GRL HWA JON MDW PNR USA
	REG3	AUS BGD CHN GUM J MHL(USA) NZL PAK
11 232	REG1	HOL IRL LIE NIG QAT RUS UAE YEM
	REG2	BAH CAN
	REG3	AUS J SNG
11 235	REG1	AFS ARM AZE BLR CYP(G) D F G KAZ KGZ LVA MNG RUS SEN TJK TKM TUN UKR UZB
	REG2	ALS ARG BER(USA) CAN GRL HWA MEX USA
	REG3	AUS BRM GUM J PNG SNG
11 238	REG1	ALG ARM AZE BLR D KAZ KGZ LSO LVA MRC RUS SEN TJK TKM TUN UKR UZB
	REG2	ALS ARG BER(USA) CAN HWA MEX
	REG3	AUS CHN IRN J J(USA) NZL
11 241	REG1	CYP(G) DJI G GIB LBR MLT RUS TUR(USA)
	REG2	USA
	REG3	CHN HKG NRU
11 244	REG1	ALG COM CYP(G) DNK G G(USA) GIB KAZ MNG RUS TUR(USA) UZB
	REG2	B BER(USA) CAN USA
	REG3	AUS FJI IRN J(USA) NZL PNG
11 247	REG1	ALG CYP(G) EGY G GIB KAZ LBY MLT RUS UZB ZMB
	REG2	B BER(USA) CAN HWA MEX
	REG3	AUS CHN CLN FJI GUM HKG J(USA) MLA NZL
11 250	REG1	ALG F G GIB GUI I NIG RUS SEY TUR
	REG2	CAN
	REG3	AUS CHN
11 253	REGY	ATA(USA)
	REG1	AZE AZR BHR(USA) BLR ERI ETH F G GRC(USA) I I(USA) KAZ MOZ MRC RUS TJK TKM UKR UZB
	REG2	ALS B BER(USA) BRB(USA) CG7 HWA MDW PNR PTR TRD(USA) USA
	REG3	CHN GUM J(USA) MHL(USA)
11 256	REGY	ATA(USA)
	REG1	AZE BHR(USA) BLR ERI ETH G GRC(USA) HOL I I(USA) ISL KAZ MRC RUS TJK TKM UKR UZB
	REG2	ALS B BRB(USA) CG7 HWA MDW PNR PTR TRD(USA) USA
	REG3	AUS BRM CHN FJI GUM INS IRN J(USA)
11 259	REGY	ATA(USA)
	REG1	AZR BHR(USA) CYP(G) G ISL MLT MWI UAE UKR
	REG2	ALS ATG(USA) BAH(USA) BER(USA) BRB(USA) CG7 HWA MDW PNR PTR TCA(USA) TRD(USA) USA
	REG3	GUM J(USA) SMO
11 262	REGY	ATA(ARG) ATA(USA)
	REG1	CZE D E G GRC(USA) I I(USA) ISL KAZ LTU MDA MRC RUS TUR UKR
	REG2	ALS ARG BER(USA) CAN CG7 HWA MDW PNR PTR USA
	REG3	AUS CHN DGA(USA) GUM IND J(USA) MHL(USA)

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11 265	REGY	ATA(ARG) ATA(USA)
	REG1	AZR BEL CZE D EGY GRC(USA) I I(USA) ISL KAZ LTU LVA MDA MNG MRC OMA POR RUS UKR UZB
	REG2	ALS ARG BER(USA) CAN CG7 HWA MDW PNR PTR USA
	REG3	CHN GUM IND J(USA) MHL(USA)
11 268	REGY	ATA(USA)
	REG1	ALG ARS BEL COG G ISL KAZ LVA MDG MLT REU RUS SEN SVN UZB
	REG2	ALS BER(USA) HWA MDW PNR PTR USA
	REG3	AUS GUM IRN J(USA) MHL(USA)
11 271	REG1	ALG ARS AZE BLR BUL COG F G GEO KAZ MDA MDG MLT MRC REU ROU RUS SEN TJK UKR UZB
	REG2	B CAN MEX
	REG3	AUS J(USA)
13 200	REG1	AFS ALG BEL CYP G GMB RUS UAE YEM
	REG2	ALS GRL HWA USA
	REG3	AUS J(USA) KRE NPL
13 203	REGY	ATA(ARG)
	REG1	ALG ARS CYP(G) D EGY G GIB KEN NIG ROU RUS SVN TUR TUR(USA) UZB
	REG2	ALS ARG BES CUW HWA JON MEX SXM USA
	REG3	AUS HKG IRN J J(USA) PNG
13 206	REGY	ATA(ARG)
	REG1	ALG ARS CYP(G) D E G GIB ISL KEN LBY MLT ROU RUS SOM SUI TUR TUR(USA) UZB
	REG2 REG3	ALS ARG BES CUW GRL HWA JON MEX SXM USA
13 209		AUS CLN HKG IRN J MLA NZL SNG*
13 209	REG1 REG2	CYP(G) G GIB LIE LSO MLT MNG RUS SDN BAH
	REG2	HKG J MLD SMO
13 212	REGY	ATA(ARG)
13 212	REG1	ARS(USA) AZR CAF CME COG CZE D(USA) ERI ETH GRC IRL MDG RUS SEN TUR(USA)
	REG2	ALS ARG BER(USA) CAN CUB GRL HWA JON PNR PTR USA
	REG3	AUS BGD CHN GUM J J(USA) MHL(USA) NZL PAK
13 215	REGY	ATA(ARG)
	REG1	ARS(USA) AZR CAF CME COG CZE D(USA) E EGY F G MDG MRC OMA RUS SEN TUR(USA)
	REG2	ALS ARG BER(USA) CAN CG7 CUB GRL HWA JON MEX PNR PTR USA
	REG3	AUS BGD CHN GUM IRN J(USA) MHL(USA) NZL PAK
13 218	REG1	CYP(G) DJI G KAZ LBR MLT MWI RUS SMR
	REG2	ALS CAN HWA MDW MEX URG USA
	REG3	AUS HKG J MHL(USA)
13 221	REG1	ALG AZE BLR CME COG D DJI(F) GEO GRC(USA) KAZ KGZ LVA MDG MLI REU RUS SEN* TCD TGO TJK TKM TUN UKR UZB
	REG2	ALS B CAN HWA MDW PNR PTR URG USA
	REG3	AUS CHN FJI GUM J(USA) KIR MHL(USA) NZL
13 224	REG1	ALG ASC(USA) AZE BLR CME COG CTI D DJI(F) F G GEO HNG JOR KAZ KGZ LVA MDG MLI MNG REU RUS S SEN* SEY(USA) TCD TGO TJK TKM TUN UKR UZB
	REG2	ALS B CAN CUB HWA MDW PNR PTR USA
	REG3	AUS CHN FJI GUM IRN J(USA) KIR MHL(USA) NZL PNG

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13 227	REG1	BEL COM GNE IRL KAZ MRC QAT RUS TUR
	REG2	ALS CAN CUB HWA MDW PNR PTR USA
	REG3	AUS CBG GUM HKG J(USA) LAO VTN
13 230	REG1	G GRC KAZ LTU MLT RUS SRL UAE YEM ZMB
	REG2	ALS CAN CG7 HWA MDW PNR PTR USA
	REG3	GUM J(USA) MHL(USA) PHL TON
13 233	REGY	ATA(ARG)
	REG1	AUT AZR CME COG D D(F) DJI(F) E F ISL KAZ MDG MLI MNG REU RUS SEN* TCD TGO TJK TKM TUN UZB
	REG2	ALS ARG BER(USA) CAN CG7 HWA MDW MRT PNR PTR USA
	REG3	CHN GUM J(USA) MHL(USA) NCL OCE
13 236	REGY	ATA(ARG)
	REG1	AUT AZR CME COG CTI D D(F) DJI(F) F G GRC(USA) I(USA) KAZ MDG MLI MRC NIG REU RUS SEN* TCD TGO TJK TKM TUN UZB
	REG2	ALS ARG BER(USA) CAN CG7 GRL HWA MDW MRT PNR PTR USA
	REG3	AUS CBG CHN GUM J(USA) LAO MHL(USA) NCL NZL OCE VTN VUT
13 239	REG1	AZR BEN G HOL KAZ KWT LUX NMB ROU RUS
	REG2	ATG DMA GRD JMC KNA LCA VCT
	REG3	BRU IRN J NRU
13 242	REG1	ALG ARM AZE BLR CAF CME COG F G G(USA) GEO KAZ MDG POL REU ROU RUS SEN TJK TKM TUN UKR UZB
	REG2	B BER(USA) HWA JON USA
	REG3	AUS CHN FJI GUM J(USA) MHL(USA) NZL OCE
13 245	REG1	ALG ARM ASC(USA) AZE BLR CAF CME COG E F G GEO GRC ISR KAZ MDG MNG POL REU RUS SEN TJK TKM TUN UKR UZB
	REG2	B BER(USA) CAN HWA JON USA
	REG3	AUS BRM CHN FJI GUM J J(USA) MHL(USA) NZL OCE VTN
13 248	REG1	ALG BLR COD CYP(G) G G(USA) MLT MNE RUS SRB UKR
	REG2	USA
	REG3	AUS HKG J SNG TUV
13 251	REGY	ATA(ARG) ATA(USA)
	REG1	AGL ALB AZR BHR(USA) BLR CYP(G) F GRC(USA) I I(USA) MOZ MRC NOR POR RUS STP UKR
	REG2	ALS ARG CAN CG7 HWA JON MDW MEX PNR PTR USA
	REG3	AUS CHN GUM IND IRN J(USA) NZL WAK
13 254	REGY	ATA(ARG) ATA(USA)
	REG1	AGL AZR BHR(USA) GRC(USA) HOL I I(USA) MNG MOZ MRC NOR POR RUS STP UZB
	REG2	ALS ARG BER(USA) CAN CG7 HWA JON MDW MEX PNR PTR USA
	REG3	AUS BRM CHN GUM IND J(USA) NZL WAK
13 257	REGY	ATA(USA)
	REG1	BEL BHR(USA) CPV G GNB HRV MRC ROU SWZ UZB
	REG2	CAN CG7 HWA JON MDW PTR USA
	REG3	AUS GUM INS J(USA) MHL(USA) WAK
15 010	REG1	BEL BEN DJI IRL MLT RUS
	REG2	BLZ CAN HWA
	REG3	AUS GUM KRE NPL

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15 013	REGY	ATA(ARG)
	REG1	D(USA) G GRC MLT NIG RUS TUR(USA) UZB
	REG2	ALS ARG BER(USA) CUB GRL HWA JON PNR USA
	REG3	GUM J J(USA) MHL(USA)
15 016	REGY	ATA(ARG)
	REG1	ASC(USA) CNR D(USA) E G MRC ROU RUS TUR(USA) UZB
	REG2	ALS ARG BER(USA) CAN CG7 CUB GRL HWA JON PNR PRU USA
	REG3	AUS CHN GUM IRN J(USA) MHL(USA) NZL PHL(USA)
15 019	REG1	ARS F LBR MLT ROU RUS UKR
	REG2	ALS CAN GRL URG USA
	REG3	AUS J
15 022	REGY	ATA(USA)
	REG1	AGL ALB ARS BHR(USA) BLR GEO ISL KAZ LVA MDA MOZ MRC POR RUS S STP TJK TUR UKR UZB
	REG2	ALS BRB(USA) CAN HWA MDW PNR PTR TRD(USA) URG USA
	REG3	AUS CHN DGA(USA) GUM IND IRN J(USA) MAC TLS WAK
15 025	REGY	ATA(USA)
	REG1	AGL ARS AZR BHR(USA) BLR CPV G GEO GNB ISL KAZ LVA MDA MLT MOZ MRC OMA POR RUS STP TJK TUR UKR UZB
	REG2	ALS ATG(USA) BAH(USA) BER(USA) BRB(USA) CHL HWA MDW MEX PNR PTR TCA(USA) TRD(USA) USA
	REG3	AUS FJI GUM IND J(USA) MAC NZL TLS WAK
15 028	REGY	ATA(USA)
	REG1	ALG BHR(USA) GRC(USA) ISL MLT RUS TJK
	REG2	ALS BRB(USA) HWA MDW PNR PTR TRD(USA) USA
	REG3	AUS GUM J(USA) WAK
15 031	REG1	ALG COM CYP(G) G MLT RUS TJK
	REG2	ATG CAN DMA GRD JMC KNA LCA VCT
	REG3	AUS J J(USA)
15 034	REG1	ALG ARS(USA) AZE AZR BLR CME COG D(USA) DJI(F) F G GEO GRC ISR KAZ LTU MDA MDG MLI REU RUS SEN* TCD TJK TKM TUR(USA) UKR UZB
	REG2	B CAN GRL HWA USA
	REG3	AUS GUM IRN NZL PHL
15 037	REG1	ALG ARS(USA) AZE AZR BLR CME COG CTI D(USA) G GEO KAZ LTU MDA MDG MLI MNE MRC REU RUS SEN* SRB TCD TJK TKM TUR(USA) UKR UZB
	REG2	ALS B CAN HWA MEX USA
	REG3	AUS J(USA)
15 040	REG1	CYP(G) G GUI LIE QAT RUS
	REG2	USA
	REG3	AUS J MLD NRU
15 043	REGY	ATA(ARG)
	REG1	CYP(G) DNK ERI ETH G GMB KAZ
	REG2	ALS ARG CUB
	REG3	AUS BGD FJI IRN J(USA) PAK
15 046	REGY	ATA(ARG)
	REG1	CYP(G) E ERI ETH G ISL KAZ MLT MNE RUS SRB SUI
	REG2	ALS ARG CUB USA
	REG3	AUS BGD FJI J NZL PAK PNG

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15 049	REG1	COD CYP(G) G GIB RUS SMR UAE
	REG2	USA
	REG3	AUS HKG J TUV
15 052	REGY	ATA(ARG)
	REG1	BHR(USA) G GRC(USA) I I(USA) MRC NOR RUS
	REG2	ALS ARG BER(USA) HWA MDW PNR PTR TRD(USA) USA
	REG3	CHN GUM IND J(USA) MHL(USA) NZL VTN
15 055	REGY	ATA(ARG)
	REG1	AFS ALG ARM BHR(USA) G G(USA) GRC(USA) I I(USA) ISL MRC NOR RUS
	REG2	ALS ARG BER(USA) HWA MDW PNR PTR TRD(USA) USA
	REG3	AUS CHN GUM IND J(USA) MHL(USA) NZL VTN
15 058	REG1	ALG ARM BHR(USA) G GRC(USA) I(USA) RUS SWZ
	REG2	ALS HWA MDW PNR PTR TRD(USA) USA
	REG3	AUS GUM J(USA) MHL(USA)
15 061	REG1	ALG CNR E F G GRC LSO RUS UZB
	REG2	ALS BRB(USA) CG7 HWA MDW PNR PTR USA
	REG3	AUS GUM J(USA) MHL(USA)
15 064	REG1	AZR CME COG DJI(F) F G GRC ISL KAZ KGZ MDG MLI* MTN REU RUS SEN* TCD TGO TJK TKM TUN UZB
	REG2	ALS ATG(USA) BAH(USA) BER(USA) BRB BRB(USA) CG7 CHL HWA MDW PNR PTR TCA(USA) USA
	REG3	AUS DGA(USA) GUM J(USA) PNG
15 067	REG1	ALG AZR CME COG CTI DJI(F) F KAZ KGZ MDG MLI* MRC REU RUS SEN TCD TGO TJK TKM TUN UZB
	REG2	ALS ATG(USA) BAH(USA) BER(USA) BRB BRB(USA) CG7 HWA MDW PNR PTR TCA(USA) USA
	REG3	AUS CBG GUM J(USA) LAO VTN
15 070	REG1	BEL BHR(USA) GEO RUS SRL TUR
	REG2	ALS HWA JON MDW PNR PTR USA
	REG3	AUS GUM J WAK
15 073	REGY	ATA(ARG)
	REG1	BHR(USA) COG D DJI(F) E F GEO GRC(USA) ISL MDG MNG RUS SEN TUN UKR
	REG2	ALS ARG BER(USA) CAN HWA JON MDW PNR PTR USA
	REG3	AUS CHN GUM IND J MHL(USA) NCL OCE WAK
15 076	REGY	ATA(ARG)
	REG1	AUT BHR(USA) COG CTI D DJI(F) F G MDG MRC RUS SEN TUN UKR
	REG2	ALS ARG BER(USA) HWA JON MDW PNR PTR USA
	REG3	AUS CBG CHN GUM IND IRN J LAO MHL(USA) NCL NZL OCE VTN VUT WAK
15 079	REG1	BDI E G GRC KWT ROU RUS TKM
	REG2	PTR USA
	REG3	BRU J TON
15 082	REG1	AZE BHR(USA) BLR CNR E GRC(USA) I I(USA) KAZ KGZ LVA MRC POL ROU RUS TJK TKM UKR
	REG2	ALS B BER(USA) BRB(USA) HWA MDW MEX PNR PTR USA
	REG3	AUS FJI GUM J(USA) KIR NZL
15 085	REG1	AZE BHR(USA) BLR CNR DNK E G GRC(USA) HOL I I(USA) KAZ KGZ LVA MNG MRC NIG POL RUS TJK TKM UKR
	REG2	ALS B BER(USA) BRB(USA) HWA MDW MEX PNR PTR TRD(USA) USA
	REG3	AUS CHN FJI GUM J(USA) KIR MHL(USA) NZL PNG

1		2
15 088	REG1	BEL BHR(USA) BLR E RUS UAE
	REG2	ALS ATG(USA) BAH(USA) BER(USA) BRB(USA) HWA MDW PNR PTR TCA(USA) USA
	REG3	AUS GUM HKG J(USA)
15 091	REG1	E G HRV MLT RUS ZMB
	REG2	B MEX USA
	REG3	AUS HKG IRN J J(USA)
15 094	REGY	ATA(ARG)
	REG1	E HOL MLT MNG MWI RUS TUR
	REG2	ALS ARG BER(USA) BES CUW GTM HWA SXM USA
	REG3	AUS CHN GUM J
15 097	REG1	CYP IRL RUS SDN TUR
	REG2	ALS ARG BAH BER(USA)
	REG3	INS J SMO
17 970	REG1	AFS ALG CYP DJI G KWT MCO RUS
	REG2	ATG DMA GRD JMC KNA LCA VCT
	REG3	BRU PHL SMO
17 973	REGY	ATA(ARG)
	REG1	AGL ALG ARM ARS(USA) AZE AZR BLR CYP(G) D F G I KAZ LTU LVA MDA MNG MOZ
	REG2	NIG POR ROU RUS STP SVN TJK TKM UKR UZB
	REG2	ALS ARG BER(USA) GRL HWA JON USA
17 976	REG1	AUS GUM IND IRN J(USA) MAC MHL(USA) TLS CPV D G G(USA) I MNE MRC ROU RUS SRB SWZ TUR(USA) UAE UZB
17 970	REG2	CAN GRL URG USA
	REG3	AUS J(USA) MLD
17 979	REG1	BHR(USA) CYP(G) E G GIB GRC(USA) I I(USA) LSO MRC RUS UZB
	REG2	ALS B BER(USA) CG7 HWA MDW PNR PTR TRD(USA) USA
	REG3	AUS BGD GUM HKG J(USA) NZL PAK
17 982	REG1	ARS AZR BHR(USA) CYP(G) EGY G GIB GRC(USA) I I(USA) ISL JOR KEN MLT MRC OMA RUS S UKR
	REG2	ALS B BER(USA) CAN CG7 HWA MDW PNR PTR TRD(USA) USA
	REG3	AUS BGD GUM HKG IRN J(USA) MHL(USA) NZL PAK PNG
17 985	REG1	BEN BHR(USA) D G ISL LBY MNG SOM UKR
	REG2	ALS BER(USA) CG7 HWA MDW PNR PTR TRD(USA) USA
	REG3	AUS CLN GUM J(USA) MLA SNG
17 988	REG1	CYP(G) G GIB LIE MLT NIG RUS TUN
	REG2	BAH
	REG3	AUS HKG IND J
17 991	REGY	ATA(ARG)
	REG1	AFS CME COG D D(F) DJI(F) F GAB GRC HOL ISL MDG MLI* MTN* REU RUS SEN TCD TGO TUN
	REG2	ALS ARG BER(USA) GRL HWA JON MRT USA
17.004	REG3	AUS CHN FJI GUM J NCL NZL OCE
17 994	REGY	ATA(ARG)
	REG1	ALG AUT CME COG CTI D D(F) DJI(F) F ISR MDG MLI MNG MRC REU RUS SEN* TCD TGO TKM TUN UKR
	REG2	ALS ARG CAN GRL HWA JON MRT USA
15.005	REG3	AUS CBG CHN FJI GUM IRN J LAO NCL NZL OCE VTN VUT
17 997	REG1	ALG CYP(G) G GIB LUX MLT MWI RUS TKM UKR
	REG3	HKG J TON

1		2
18 000	REGY	ATA(ARG)
	REG1	ALG BLR G GEO GRC KAZ LVA POL RUS TJK TUR UKR UZB ZMB
	REG2	ARG CAN MEX USA
	REG3	AUS BGD J J(USA) NZL PAK
18 003	REGY	ATA(ARG)
	REG1	ALG BLR COM CYP(G) G GEO KAZ LVA MLT MNG POL RUS TJK TUR UAE UKR UZB
	REG2	ALS ARG MEX USA
	REG3	AUS J(USA) NZL PNG
18 006	REG1	BEL G HOL LBR MLT RUS SMR
	REG2	BLZ
	REG3	AUS IRN J(USA)
18 009	REGY	ATA(USA)
	REG1	BHR(USA) CME COG CYP(G) D DJI(F) E F G GRC(USA) I I(USA) ISL MDG MLI MLT MRC REU ROU RUS SEN* TCD TGO TUN
	REG2	ALS ATG(USA) BAH(USA) BER(USA) BRB BRB(USA) CAN CG7 HWA MDW PNR PTR TCA(USA) USA
	REG3	AUS CHN FJI GUM J MHL(USA) NZL
18 012	REGY	ATA(USA)
	REG1	BHR(USA) CME COG CTI D DJI(F) E F G GRC(USA) I I(USA) MDG MLI* MRC MTN REU ROU RUS SEN* TCD TGO TUN
	REG2	ALS BER(USA) BRB(USA) CAN CG7 CHL HWA MDW PNR PTR USA
	REG3	CHN FJI GUM J(USA) MHL(USA) NZL
18 015	REGY	ATA(USA)
	REG1	ALG BHR(USA) CNR E F G GRC(USA) I(USA) MNG MRC RUS UKR
	REG2	ALS BRB(USA) CAN CG7 GRL HWA MDW PNR PTR USA
	REG3	AUS CHN GUM HKG J(USA)
18 018	REG1	ASC(USA) E G G(USA) HRV RUS SRL UKR
	REG2	CAN
	REG3	AUS HKG IRN J(USA)
18 021	REG1	AZE BEL BLR E G GEO GHA GRC KAZ KGZ LVA OMA RUS TJK TKM UKR
	REG2	B BER(USA) USA
	REG3	GUM J TUV
18 024	REG1	AZE BLR E G GEO KAZ KGZ LVA MNG MOZ POR RUS S SUI TJK TKM TUR UKR
	REG2	B BER(USA) CAN GRL USA
	REG3	AUS FJI INS J(USA)
18 027	REG1	BEL G GMB NMB QAT RUS SDN TUR
	REG2	CAN USA
	REG3	AUS KRE NPL NRU

NOTES ON THE CONCLUDED OPERATIONAL AGREEMENTS

The Administrations of Canada and the United States of America informed the Radiocommunication Bureau that they had concluded an operational agreement. The agreement constitutes a sharing arrangement between the two countries for use of all shared allotments appearing in the present version of Part III of this Appendix.

- 2 The Administrations of Mali, Mauritania and Senegal concluded an operational agreement whose terms of reference are given as follows:
- 2.1 the use of the following allotments by Mali is subject to coordination with the administrations of Mauritania and Senegal: 3 044, 3 047, 3 143, 3 149, 3 152, 3 900, 4 745, 5 702, 6 712, 6 742, 15 064, 15 067, 17 991 and 18 012 kHz;
- 2.2 the use of the following allotments by Mauritania is subject to coordination with the administrations of Mali and Senegal: 3 038, 5 708, 5 711, 6 715 and 17 991 kHz;
- 2.3 the use of the following allotments by Senegal is subject to coordination with the administrations of Mali and Mauritania: 3 044, 3 047, 3 050, 3 053, 3 056, 3 059, 3 140, 3 149, 3 903, 4 736, 4 739, 4 742, 5 702, 5 717, 5 723, 5 726, 6 712, 6 715, 6 745, 6 751, 8 983, 8 998, 9 001, 13 221, 13 224, 13 233, 13 236, 15 034, 15 037, 15 064, 17 994, 18 009 and 18 012 kHz.
- 3 The Administrations of Brunei Darussalam, Malaysia and Singapore concluded an operational agreement whose terms of reference are given as follows:
- 3.1 the use of the following allotments by Singapore is subject to coordination with the Administration of Malaysia: 3 074, 3 095, 3 101, 3 116, 4 718, 6 685, 6 694, 6 700, 6 730, 6 760, 8 968, 11 199 and 13 206 kHz;
- 3.2 the use of the following allotments by Malaysia is subject to coordination with the administration of Singapore: 3 080, 4 739, 6 724 and 9 019 kHz.

PART IV - Criteria for compatibility assessment

- **26**/6 For assessment of the possibilities of sharing between the allotments contained in Part III of this Appendix, and any new assignment which is not covered by an appropriate allotment, the following criteria shall be used:
- **26**/6.1 A new station, not covered by an allotment, which uses the standardized transmission characteristics (J3E, 36 dBW (PX)) shall be considered compatible with the Plan, if it fulfils the criterion of being separated from any point of any allotment area, indicated in the Plan on the given channel, by the repetition half distance, determined for the given conditions of operation (frequency band used, geographical position of the station, direction of propagation), which are given below:

Frequency band	Repetition half-distance (km)			
(kHz)	Northern hemisphere		Southern hemisphere	
	North-South	East-West	North-South	East-West
3 025- 3 155	550	600	550	600
3 900- 3 950	650	650	650	650
4 700- 4 750	725	775	725	775
5 680- 5 730	1 175	1 325	1 150	1 300
6 685- 6 765	1 350	1 600	1 225	1 425
8 965- 9 040	2 525	3 525	2 225	3 075
11 175-11 275	3 375	5 575	2 675	3 925
13 200-13 260	4 550	6 650	3 475	5 625
15 010-15 100	5 050	7 450	4 800	7 100
17 970-18 030	5 750	8 250	5 675	7 475

- **26**/6.2 The relevant value of the repetition half distance for paths which are situated partly in the northern hemisphere and partly in the southern hemisphere shall be corrected using the linear interpolation procedure. This procedure shall be used to calculate the correction due to the azimuth of the propagation path with respect to true North.
- 26/6.3 The relevant value of the repetition half distance, obtained in accordance with No. 26/6.2, shall be corrected, where necessary, to take into account the difference in the radiated power of the assignment with respect to the reference radiated power (30 dBW, mean radiated power) on the basis that a variation of 1 dB in the radiated power corresponds to a variation of 4% in the repetition distance.

PART V - Procedure for modification and maintenance of Part III

- 26/7 Part III will be updated by the Bureau in accordance with the following procedure:
- **26**/7.1 *a)* when a country which has no allotment in Part III requests an allotment, the Bureau shall select an appropriate allotment on a priority basis and shall enter it in Part III;
- **26**/7.2 b) when a request is submitted for an additional allotment, the Bureau shall apply the criteria of Part IV, and, where appropriate, enter the corresponding allotment in Part III;
- **26**/7.3 *c)* when an administration informs the Bureau that it renounces the use of an allotment, the Bureau shall cancel the allotment concerned from Part III.
- 26/8 The Bureau shall maintain an up-to-date master copy of Part III, and shall periodically, but no less frequently than once a year, prepare recapitulative documents listing all amendments made to Part III.
- **26**/9 The Secretary-General shall publish an up-to-date version of Part III in an appropriate form at least once every four years.

APPENDIX 27 (REV.WRC-12)*

Frequency allotment Plan for the aeronautical mobile (R) service and related information

(See Article 43)

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^{*} Note by the Secretariat: This edition of Appendix 27 incorporates editorial amendments to the Appendix 27 Aer2 as adopted by the WARC-Aer2.

The references in Appendix 27 now conform to the new numbering scheme of the Radio Regulations. In addition, the text of Appendix 27 contains updated definitions of the relevant aeronautical areas conforming with the new geographical situation reflecting the political changes since 1979. It also contains updated references to the classes of emissions in accordance with Article 2. (WRC-03)

PART II – Plan for the allotment of frequencies for the aeronautical mobile (R) service in the exclusive bands between 2 850 and 22 000 kHz

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PART I – General provisions

Section I - Definitions

- 27/1 1 Frequency allotment Plan: A Plan which shows the frequencies to be used in particular areas without specifying the stations to which the frequencies are to be assigned.
- 27/2 2 The terms to express the different methods of frequency distribution as used in this Appendix have the following meanings:

Frequency distribution to	French	English	Spanish	Arabic	Chinese	Russian
Services	Attribution (attribuer)	Allocation (to allocate)	Atribución (atribuir)	توزيع (يوزع)	划分 (划分)	Распределение (распределить)
Areas or countries	Allotissement (allotir)	Allotment (to allot)	Adjudicación (adjudicar)	تعبین (یعین)	分配 (分配)	Выделение (выделить)
Stations	Assignation (assigner)	Assignment (to assign)	Asignación (asignar)	تخصیص (یخصص)	指配 (指配)	Присвоение (присвоить)

- 27/3 3 A major world air route is a long-distance route, made up of one or more segments, essentially international in character, extending through more than one country and requiring long-distance communication facilities.
- 27/4 4 *A major world air route area (MWARA)* is an area embracing a certain number of major world air routes, which generally follow the same traffic pattern and are so related geographically that the same frequency families may logically be applied.
- 27/5 5 Regional and Domestic Air Route are all those using the Aeronautical Mobile (R) Service not covered by the definition of a Major World Air Route in No. 27/3.
- 27/6 6 Regional and Domestic Air Route Area (RDARA) is an area embracing a certain number of the air routes defined in No. 27/5.
- **27**/7 7 A VOLMET Allotment Area is an area encompassing all points where an HF broadcast facility might be required to operate on a family of frequencies common to the area.
- 27/8 8 *A VOLMET Reception Area* is an area within which aircraft should be able to receive broadcasts from one or more stations in the associated VOLMET Allotment Area

- **27**/9 9 *A World-Wide Allotment Area* is one in which frequencies are allotted to provide long-distance communication between an aeronautical station within that allotment area and aircraft operating anywhere in the world¹.
- 27/10 10 Family of Frequencies in the Aeronautical Mobile (R) Service contains two or more frequencies selected from different aeronautical mobile (R) bands and is intended to permit communication at any time within the authorized area of use (see Nos. 27/213 to 27/231) between aircraft stations and appropriate aeronautical stations.

Section II – Technical and operational principles used for the establishment of the Plan of allotment of frequencies in the aeronautical mobile (R) service

A - Channel characteristics and utilization

1 Frequency separation

- 27/11 1.1 The frequency separation between carrier (reference) frequencies shall be 3 kHz. This is adequate to permit communications using the classes of emission referred to in Nos. 27/56 to 27/59 in the frequency bands between 2850 kHz and 22000 kHz allocated exclusively to the aeronautical mobile (R) service. The carrier (reference) frequency of the channels in the Plan shall be an integral multiple of 1 kHz.
- 27/12 1.2 For radiotelephone emissions the audio frequencies will be limited to between 300 Hz and 2700 Hz and the occupied bandwidth of other authorized emissions will not exceed the upper limit of J3E emissions. In specifying these limits, however, no restriction in their extension is implied in so far as emissions other than J3E are concerned, provided that the limits of unwanted emissions are met (see Nos. 27/73 and 27/74).
- 27/13 NOTE For aircraft and aeronautical station transmitter types first installed before 1 February 1983, the audio frequencies will be limited to 3 000 Hz.
- 27/14 1.3 On account of the possibility of interference, a given channel should not be used in the same allotment area for radiotelephony and data transmissions.
- 27/15 1.4 The use of channels derived from the frequencies indicated in No. 27/18 for the various classes of emissions other than J3E and H2B will be subject to special arrangements by the administrations concerned and affected in order to avoid harmful interference which may result from the simultaneous use of the same channel for several classes of emission.

^{1 27/9.1} The type of communication referred to in 27/9 may be regulated by administrations.

- 27/16 1.5 To preclude the possibility of interference, adjacent channels in the list of frequencies in No. 27/18 have not as a rule been allotted to the same MWARA, RDARA or VOLMET areas. However, to satisfy particular needs, the administrations concerned may conclude special arrangements for the assignment of adjacent channels derived from the frequencies in the Table.
- 27/17 1.6 The arrangements contemplated in Nos. 27/15 and 27/16 should be made under the Articles of the Constitution and Convention of the International Telecommunication Union and the Radio Regulations entitled "Special agreements". (WRC-03)

2 Frequencies allotted

27/18 The list of carrier (reference) frequencies allotted in the bands allocated exclusively to the aeronautical mobile (R) service, on the basis of the frequency separation provided for under No. 27/11, will be found in the following Table².

 $^{^*}$ Note by the Secretariat: The relevant Article in the Radio Regulations is now Article $\mathbf 6$ entitled "Special Agreements".

² 27/18.1 To calculate the assigned frequency from a carrier (reference) frequency given in the table, reference should be made to Nos. 27/75, 27/77 and 27/78.

St 2 938	2 850	-3 025 kH	[z	4 650	0-4 700 kF	łz	1	6 525	-6 685 kF	Iz	10 005	5-10 100 k	Hz	13 260)-13 360 k	Hz
284							1									
286 2973 2944 2	2 851	2 938		4 651	4 675	1		6 526	6 607	1	10 006	10 054		13 261	13 312	I
1	2 854	2 941		4 654	4 678			6 529	6 610		10 009	10 057		13 264	13 315	
2 86 2 95 2 4 666 4 690 4 693 4 666 4 690 4 693 4 666 4 690 4 693 4 667 4 695 4 692 2 959 4 6672 4 696 4 693 4 692 4 6	2 857	2 944		4 657	4 681	16		6 532	6 613		10 012	10 060		13 267	13 318	
1	2 860	2 947		4 660	4 684	chan-		6 535	6 616		10 015	10 063		13 270	13 321	
1	2 863	2 950		4 663	4 687	nels		6 538	6 619		I	10 066		13 273	13 324	
2875	2 866	2 953		4 666	4 690			6 541	6 622		I	10 069		13 276	13 327	
Section Sect																
2 887				4 672	4 696	l										
1													nels			chan-
2 887	1			5 450	0-5 480 kF	łz										nels
2 87				i	Region2		1									
2 893 2 980 5 7 5 45 5 45 6 9 9 6 568 6 649 nels 6 571 6 652 6 677 6 658 6 669 7 6 70 6 70 6 70 7 70 1 1 2 8 1 1 3 9 1 1 3					-	_										
2 898 2 980 57 5 457 5 472 chan- 5 460 5 475 5 472 chan- 5 460 5 475 chan- 5 480 5 480 5 480 5 580 6 667 chan- 5 480 5 580 chan- c																
2 898 2 988			57			9										
2 990	1			5 157						neis		10 090				
2 905					5 475	nels					10 031		!		13 337	
2 905			11015	5 463		l					11.27	E 11 400 1	11	13 309		1
2 991 2 995 2 911 2 998 5 480-5 680 kHz 5 580 5 484 5 583 6 686 6 667 11 279 11 342 11 345 17 907 17 943 17 907											11 2/3	9-11 400 K	пΖ	17.000	17 070 1	·LL
2 911				5 480	0-5 680 kF	łz							.	17 900	J-17 970 K	.пz
2 917 3 004 5 484 5 583 6 659 6 670 11 282 11 345 17 904 17 940 1							1									
2 920 3 007 5 487 5 586 6 595 6 676 6 595 6 676 6 595 6 676 6 595 6 676 6 595 6 676 6 595 6 676 6 595 6 676 6 595 6 676 6 604 11 288 11 381 11 384	2 914	3 001		5 481	5 580			6 589	6 670							
2 920 3 010 2 923 3 010 2 929 3 016 2 939 5 598 5 660 679 6601 6 682 6 6604 11 294 11 357 11 290 11 364 11 294 11 357 11 360 11 363 11 363 11 363 11 363 11 364 11 364 11 364 11 364 11 365 11 366 41 11 366 4	2 917	3 004		5 484	5 583			6 592	6 673		1					
2 926 3 010 S 499 5 598 S 592 S 499 5 598 S 592 5 601 5 502 5 601 S 511 5 610 S 511 5 610 S 512 5 520 5 619 5 522 5 628 3 404 3 485 3 410 3 461 3 467 3 413 3 422 3 473 3 3482 3 479 3 448 3 448 3 494 3 448 3 444 3 444 3 4	2 920	3 007		5 487	5 586			6 595	6 676							
2 929 3 016 5 499 5 598 5 502 5 601 5 505 5 604 5 506 5 604 5	2 923	3 010		5 490	5 589			6 598	6 679							22
2 935	2 926	3 013						6 601	6 682							
2 935	2 929	3 016						6 604								
Solid Soli		3 019									1					11015
11 306	2 935							8 815	-8 965 kF	łz			41			
Solid Soli			.										chan-			
COR								8 816	8 891	ıl	11 309		nels			
S S S S S S S S S S								8 819	8 894		11 312	11 375		17 934		
S S S S S S S S S S			(OR)					8 822	8 897		11 315	11 378				
3 400-3 500 kHz 5 523	-							8 825	8 900		11 318	11 381		21 924	1-22 000 k	Hz
3 401	3 400	-3 500 kH	[z					8 828	8 903		11 321	11 384				
3 401			.					8 831	8 906		11 324	11 387		21 025	21.064	ı
3 404 3 455 5 532 5 631 chan-	3 401	3 452				66		8 834	8 909		11 327	11 390				
3 407						chan-										
3 410				5 535	5 634	nels						11 396				
3 413 3 464	1										11 336					1
3 416 3 467				5 541	5 640	1										25
3 419 3 470 3 431 3 422 3 473 3 431 3 482 3 479 3 431 3 482 3 437 3 488 3 437 3 488 3 437 3 488 3 440 3 491 3 443 3 494 3 446 3 497 3 449 4 49 5 5 680 667 5 571 5 670 5 571 5 670 5 571 5 670 5 571 5 670 5 571 5 670 5 571 5 670 5 571 5 670 5 571 5 670 5 571 5 670 6 8 885 8 8951 8 887 8 887 8 8951 8 887 8 887 8 8951 8 887 8 887 8 887 8 887 8 887 8 8951 8 887	1									,						
3 422 3 473 33 33 5 550 5 649 8 855 8 930 chan- 3 425 3 476 3 479 1 5 553 5 652 5 655 5 5 654 8 861 8 936 8 861 8 936 8 864 8 939 21 955 21 994 21 958 21 995 21 995 21 995 21 995 21 995 21 995 21 995 21 995 21 995 21 995 21 995 21 995 21 995 21 995 21 995 21 995 21 995 21 995 21 995 21 996 21 955 21 994 21 958 21 997 21 958 21 958 21 958 21 958 21 958 21 958 21 958 21 958 21 95			00	5 547	5 646	1										I
3 428				5 550	5 649									21 949		
3 431 3 482 3 434 3 485 3 437 3 488 3 440 3 491 3 440 3 497 3 449 5 567 5 670 3 449 6 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7				5 553	5 652	1				neis				21 952	21 991	1
3 434 3 485 3 437 3 488 3 440 3 491 3 443 3 494 3 446 3 497 3 449	1		nels	5 556	5 655	1								21 955	21 994	1
3 437 3 488 3 440 3 491 3 443 3 494 3 446 3 497 3 449														21 958	21 997	
3 440 3 491 3 443 3 494 3 446 3 497 3 449														21 961		
3 443 3 494 3 446 3 497 3 449						1										
3 446 3 497 5 574 5 673 8 882 8 957 8 885 8 960 (R) 8 888 888 888						1										
3 449 5 5/4 5 6/3 8 882 8 957 8 885 8 960																
(R) 8 885 8 960 (R) 8 888 5 680 and		3 471														
(R) 8 888 5 680 and			'	5 577	5 676	l										
5 680 and						(R)			0 700							
					5 680	` ′				'						
						(OR)										

27/19 3 The International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO) coordinates radiocommunications of the aeronautical mobile (R) service with international aeronautical operations and this Organization should be consulted in all appropriate cases in the operational use of the frequencies in the Plan.

3 Adaptation of allotment procedure

- 27/20 It is recognized that not all the sharing possibilities have been exhausted in the allotment Plan contained in this Appendix. Therefore, in order to satisfy particular operational requirements which are not otherwise met by this allotment Plan, Administrations may assign frequencies from the aeronautical mobile (R) bands in areas other than those to which they are allotted in this Plan. However, the use of the frequencies so assigned must not reduce the protection to the same frequencies in the areas where they are allotted by the Plan below that determined by the application of the procedure defined in Part I, Section II B of this Appendix.
- 27/21 5 When necessary to satisfy the needs of international air operations Administrations may adapt the allotment procedure for the assignment of aeronautical mobile (R) frequencies, which assignments shall then be the subject of prior agreement between Administrations affected.
- 27/22 6 The coordination described in No. 27/19 shall be effected where appropriate and desirable for the efficient utilization of the frequencies in question, and especially when the procedures of No. 27/21 are unsatisfactory.

B - Interference range contours

27/23 1 General provisions

27/24 1.1 Service range

Due to factors such as the power of the transmitter, propagation loss, noise level, etc., there is a limit to the distance at which reliable communications can be effected between an aeronautical station and an aircraft station. This limiting distance, based on the weakest path, is the service range. The boundary of the air route area is often assumed to be the limiting distance.

27/25 1.2 Interference range

This is the minimum distance from the limit of the service range of a wanted station to a potentially interfering station needed to produce a protection ratio of 15 dB. This

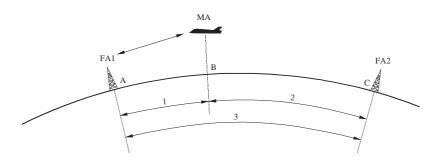
protection ratio is between the wanted signal at an aircraft station at the limit of the service range and the signal from a potentially interfering aeronautical station operating on the same frequency. The interference range has been calculated for different frequencies indicated on the data Tables contained in Nos. 27/46 to 27/55 for day and night conditions, for median latitudes, for conditions of median sunspot activity and for a mean effective radiated power of 1 kW at the aeronautical station.

27/26 1.3 Repetition distance

This is the distance at which a frequency may be successfully shared and is equal to the sum of the service range and the interference range.

27/27 1.4 Figure 1 illustrates the use of the concept of interference range in frequency planning through the determination of repetition distance.

FIGURE 1
Service range, interference range, repetition distance



FA1: aeronautical station in communication with aircraft station MA

FA2: aeronautical station in communication with aircraft stations other than MA

MA: aircraft station in communication with aeronautical station FA1

: service range AB
 : interference range CB
 : repetition distance AC

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27/28 1.5 The transparencies associated with this Appendix show, for the frequencies stated, the interference range defined in No. 27/25 between an interfering aeronautical station and an aircraft station operating at the limit of its service range. Because of the variability of propagation conditions not only from hour to hour within the daytime and night time periods but

also from day to day, with season, with solar activity level and geographic location, the 15 dB protection ratio may be expected to have marked variations and accordingly a greater protection may be available much of the time, especially when the aircraft is not operating at the limit of its service range.

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27/30 1.7 Two types of transparencies are provided for use respectively with the Mercator projection world maps and the Lambert azimuthal equal area of projection maps for the polar areas. The Mercator projection transparencies encompass the area between latitude 60° North and 60° South. The transparencies associated with the Polar area projections encompass the areas north of latitude 30° North and south of latitude 30° South. The Mercator projection overlaps the Polar projection maps between latitudes 30° and 60° North and 30° and 60° South. This overlap is intended to provide continuity between transparencies, of the two projections.

2 Type of maps used

27/31 The transparencies mentioned in Nos. 27/28 and 27/30, can be used only on a world or polar map of the projection and scales given on each transparency and will not be suitable for use on any other projection or scale. The world and polar maps associated with this Appendix, depicting MWARA, RDARA and VOLMET areas, are to the correct scale so that the transparencies carrying the interference range contours can be directly used on these maps. The auroral zones are marked on the polar maps.

3 Change of scale of projection

- 27/32 3.1 Should any other scale or projection be desired, then new interference range contours can be drawn to fit the new scales or projections by using the coordinates given in the Tables shown below.
- 27/33 3.2 When new transparencies are constructed, the intersection of the vertical line of symmetry, i.e., the meridian of longitude and the horizontal line of latitude should be at 00° latitude for the 00° contour, 20° N for the 20° contour, 40° N for 40° contour, etc.
- 27/34 3.3 The coordinates shown in the Tables under Nos. 27/46 to 27/55 are given with reference to the 180° meridian taken as the axis of symmetry for the construction of the contours.

4 Sharing conditions between areas

4.1 Frequency bands between 3 and 11.3 MHz

27/35 4.1.1 The transparencies are constructed on the basis of the following sharing conditions:

Areas	Bands between (MHz)	Sharing conditions
MWARA or VOLMET area to MWARA or VOLMET area	3 and 6.6 9 and 11.3	Night propagation Day propagation NOTE – 6.6 MHz and 5.6 MHz sharing conditions are considered to be the same.
MWARA or VOLMET area to RDARA	3 and 5.6 6.6 and 11.3	Night propagation Day propagation
RDARA to RDARA	3 and 4.7 5.6 and 11.3	Night propagation Day propagation

27/36 4.1.2 The additional "Day" contours included for 3 MHz, 3.5 MHz and 4.7 MHz are for determining daylight sharing possibilities.

4.2 Frequency bands between 13 and 22 MHz

- 27/37 4.2.1 The revised frequency allotment Plan for the 13 MHz, 18 MHz and 22 MHz bands is based on daytime protection only. This results in the following sharing possibilities:
- 27/38 4.2.2 for the 13 MHz band, the repetition factor is at least 3 whilst for the 18 and 22 MHz bands it is 4. It is to be noted that the longitudinal separation might be decreased to allow for a repetition of 4 (at 13 MHz) and 6 (at 18 and 22 MHz), taking into account operational and local circumstances:
- 27/39 4.2.3 the sharing takes into account the likely locations of the aeronautical stations rather than the area boundaries.

5 Method of use of the transparencies for the bands 3 to 11.3 MHz

- 27/40 5.1 Take the appropriate MWARA, RDARA or VOLMET area map associated with this Appendix and select the transparency for the frequency order and sharing conditions under consideration.
- 27/41 5.2 The equal area projections (Lambert) are applicable in the polar areas north of 60° N and south of 60° S; and the Mercator projections are applicable between 60° N and 60° S.

- 27/42 5.3 Place the centre of the transparency (i.e. the intersection of the axis of symmetry and the latitude line) over the boundary of the area (use the reception area boundary in the case of VOLMET) at the point on the boundary nearest to the potentially interfering transmitter or at the location of the interfering transmitter. Note the latitude of the selected point and use the interference range contour corresponding to this latitude.
- 27/43 5.4 A transmitter located at any point outside the contour will result, as defined in No. 27/25, in a protection ratio of better than 15 dB.
- 27/44 5.5 A transmitter located at any point inside the contour will result in a protection ratio of less than 15 dB. However, if the transmitter is located inside the contour but the propagation path traverses an auroral zone, it is assumed that the signal attenuation within this zone will result in a protection ratio of better than 15 dB.
- 27/45 5.6 For the Northern Hemisphere the Mercator projection transparencies should be used in their natural position as published, but for the Southern Hemisphere the transparencies should be inverted. This point should be carefully observed when following the boundaries of areas which involve the transition of the equator.

6 Data for tracing interference contours

27/46 3.0 and 3.5 MHz day

Data for plotting 700 km interference contours

Latitude	00)°	10)°	20)°	30)°	40)°
	Long.	Lat.	Long.	Lat.	Long.	Lat.	Long.	Lat.	Long.	Lat.
	180.0	6.3	180.0	16.3	180.0	26.3	180.0	36.3	180.0	46.3
	178.9	6.2	178.9	16.2	178.8	26.2	178.6	36.2	178.4	46.2
	177.8	5.9	177.8	15.9	177.6	25.9	177.3	35.9	176.9	45.9
	176.8	5.5	176.7	15.4	176.5	25.4	176.1	35.4	175.5	45.4
	175.9	4.8	175.8	14.8	175.5	24.8	175.1	34.7	174.3	44.7
Coordinates	175.2	4.0	175.0	14.0	174.7	24.0	174.2	33.9	173.3	43.9
for	174.5	3.1	174.4	13.1	174.1	23.0	173.5	33.0	172.5	42.9
plotting	174.1	2.2	173.9	12.1	173.6	22.0	173.0	32.0	172.0	41.9
contours	173.8	1.1	173.7	11.0	173.4	21.0	172.8	30.9	171.8	40.8
	173.7	0.0	173.6	9.9	173.3	19.9	172.7	29.8	171.8	39.7
	173.8	-1.1	173.7	8.8	173.4	18.8	172.9	28.7	172.0	38.6
	174.1	-2.2	174.0	7.8	173.8	17.7	173.3	27.7	172.5	37.6
	174.5	-3.1	174.5	6.8	174.3	16.8	173.9	26.7	173.2	36.6
	175.2	-4.0	175.2	5.9	175.0	15.9	174.6	25.8	174.1	35.8
	175.9	-4.8	175.9	5.2	175.8	25.1	175.5	25.1	175.1	35.1
	176.8	-5.5	176.8	4.5	176.8	14.5	176.5	24.5	176.2	34.5
	177.8	-5.9	177.8	4.1	177.8	14.1	177.6	24.1	177.4	34.0
	178.9	-6.2	178.9	3.8	178.9	13.8	178.8	23.8	178.7	33.8
	180.0	-6.3	180.0	3.7	180.0	13.7	180.0	23.7	180.0	33.7

Latitude	50)°	60)°	70)°	80)°	90°	
	Long.	Lat.	Long.	Lat.	Long.	Lat.	Long.	Lat.	Long.	Lat.
	180.0	56.3	180.0	66.3	180.0	76.3	180.0	86.3		83.7
	178.0	56.2	177.3	66.2	175.4	76.2	163.9	86.1		83.7
	176.2	55.9	174.7	65.8	171.2	75.8	152.2	85.4		83.7
	174.5	55.3	172.5	65.3	167.7	75.1	145.2	84.5		83.7
	173.0	54.6	170.6	64.5	164.9	74.3	141.9	83.4		83.7
Coordinates	171.8	53.8	169.1	63.6	162.9	73.4	140.8	82.4	All	83.7
for	171.0	52.8	168.1	62.7	161.8	72.3	141.3	81.3	longitudes	83.7
plotting	170.4	51.8	167.5	61.6	161.3	71.2	142.8	80.2		83.7
contours	170.2	50.7	167.3	60.5	161.5	70.1	144.9	79.2		83.7
	170.3	49.6	167.5	59.4	162.1	69.1	147.6	78.2		83.7
	170.6	48.5	168.1	58.3	163.2	68.0	150.5	77.3		83.7
	171.2	47.5	169.0	57.4	164.6	67.1	153.8	76.5		83.7
	172.1	46.6	170.1	56.4	166.4	66.2	157.3	75.8		83.7
	173.1	45.7	171.4	55.6	168.3	65.5	160.8	75.2		83.7
	174.3	45.0	172.9	55.0	170.4	64.9	164.6	74.6		83.7
	175.6	44.5	174.6	54.4	172.7	64.4	168.4	74.2		83.7
	177.0	44.0	176.3	54.0	175.1	64.0	172.2	739		83.7
	178.5	43.8	178.2	53.8	177.5	63.8	176.1	73.8		83.7
	180.0	43.7	180.0	53.7	180.0	63.7	180.0	73.7		83.7

27/47 3.0 MHz night

Data for plotting 3 500 km interference contours

Latitude	00)°	10)°	20)°	30)°	40)°
	Long.	Lat.	Long.	Lat.	Long.	Lat.	Long.	Lat.	Long.	Lat.
	180.0	31.5	180.0	41.5	180.0	51.5	180.0	61.5	180.0	71.5
	173.9	31.0	173.1	40.9	171.7	50.8	169.3	60.7	164.3	70.4
	168.2	29.4	166.7	39.2	164.2	48.9	160.1	58.4	152.1	67.5
	163.0	26.9	161.1	36.4	158.0	45.8	153.0	54.9	144.2	63.5
	158.5	23.6	156.4	32.8	153.2	41.9	148.0	50.6	139.7	58.7
Coordinates	154.9	19.6	152.9	28.6	149.8	37.4	144.9	45.8	137.5	53.6
for	152.0	15.1	150.3	23.9	147.6	32.5	143.3	40.7	137.0	48.4
plotting	150.1	10.3	148.7	18.9	146.4	27.4	142.9	35.5	137.6	43.2
contours	148.9	5.2	148.0	13.7	146.3	22.1	143.4	30.3	139.1	38.1
	148.5	0.0	148.1	8.5	146.9	17.0	144.7	25.2	141.3	33.2
	148.9	-5.2	149.0	3.4	148.3	11.9	146.7	20.9	144.1	28.6
	150.1	-10.3	150.6	-1.6	150.3	7.1	149.3	15.8	147.4	24.3
	152.0	-15.1	152.9	-6.3	153.1	2.6	152.5	11.5	151.1	20.4
	154.9	-19.6	156.0	-10.5	156.4	-1.4	156.2	7.8	155.3	16.9
	158.5	-23.6	159.7	-14.2	160.3	-4.8	160.3	4.6	159.8	14.0
	163.0	-26.9	164.1	-17.3	164.7	-7.7	164.8	2.0	164.5	11.6
	168.2	-29.4	169.1	-19.6	169.6	-9.8	169.7	0.1	169.5	9.9
	173.9	-31.0	174.4	-21.0	174.7	-11.1	174.8	-1.1	174.7	8.9
	180.0	-31.5	180.0	-21.5	180.0	-11.5	180.0	-1.5	180.0	8.5

Latitude	50)°	60)°	7()°	80)°	90°	
	Long.	Lat.	Long.	Lat.	Long.	Lat.	Long.	Lat.	Long.	Lat.
	180.0	81.5	0	88.5	0	78.5	0	68.5		58.5
	149.5	79.7	78.0	84.7	25.3	77.7	14.2	68.3		58.5
	133.9	75.6	90.4	79.7	46.5	75.7	28.0	67.7		58.5
	127.6	70.7	97.5	74.7	62.9	72.9	41.3	66.7		58.5
	125.7	65.6	103.3	69.8	75.9	69.7	53.8	65.4		58.5
Coordinates	126.0	60.3	108.7	65.0	86.6	66.4	65.5	63.9	All	58.5
for	127.6	55.2	113.9	60.3	95.8	62.9	76.4	62.3	longitudes	58.5
plotting	129.9	50.2	118.9	55.9	104.1	59.6	86.7	60.5		58.5
contours	132.9	45.4	124.1	51.6	111.9	56.3	96.5	58.8		58.5
	136.4	40.8	129.2	47.6	119.2	53.2	105.8	57.1		58.5
	140.2	36.5	134.5	43.9	126.2	50.4	114.8	55.5		58.5
	144.4	32.6	139.8	40.5	133.1	47.7	123.4	54.0		58.5
	148.8	29.0	145.3	37.4	139.9	45.4	131.9	52.6		58.5
	153.6	25.9	150.8	34.8	146.6	43.3	140.1	51.4		58.5
	158.5	23.3	156.5	32.6	153.3	41.6	148.2	50.4		58.5
	163.7	21.2	162.3	30.8	160.0	40.3	156.2	49.6		58.5
	169.1	19.7	168.1	29.5	166.6	39.3	164.2	49.0		58.5
	174.5	18.8	174.1	28.8	173.3	38.7	172.1	48.6		58.5
	180.0	18.5	180.0	28.5	180.0	38.5	180.0	48.5		58.5

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27/48 3.5 MHz night

Data for plotting 4 000 km interference contours

Latitude	00)°	10)°	20)°	30)°	40)°
	Long.	Lat.	Long.	Lat.	Long.	Lat.	Long.	Lat.	Long.	Lat.
	180.0	36.0	180.0	46.0	180.0	56.0	180.0	66.0	180.0	76.0
	172.8	35.4	171.7	45.3	169.7	55.1	166.1	64.9	157.6	74.5
	166.0	33.5	164.0	43.2	160.6	52.7	154.7	62.0	142.8	70.6
	160.0	30.6	157.5	39.9	153.4	49.0	146.6	57.7	134.9	70.6
	155.0	26.8	152.3	35.7	148.1	44.4	141.5	52.6	131.2	59.9
Coordinates	150.9	22.2	148.4	30.8	144.5	39.2	138.7	47.0	129.9	54.0
for	147.8	17.1	145.7	25.5	142.3	33.6	137.4	41.2	130.2	48.2
plotting	145.7	11.6	144.1	19.8	141.4	27.7	137.4	35.4	131.6	42.4
contours	144.4	5.9	143.4	13.9	141.4	21.9	138.3	29.5	133.8	36.7
	144.0	0.0	143.6	8.1	142.3	16.1	140.0	23.9	136.5	31.3
	144.4	-5.9	144.6	2.3	143.9	10.4	142.4	18.4	139.8	26.2
	145.7	-11.6	146.4	-3.3	146.3	5.0	145.4	13.3	143.6	21.5
	147.8	-17.1	149.0	-8.6	149.4	0.0	149.0	8.6	147.8	17.2
	150.9	-22.2	152.4	-13.4	153.1	-4.5	153.2	4.4	152.4	13.3
	155.0	-26.8	156.6	-17.6	157.5	-8.4	157.8	0.8	157.4	10.1
	160.0	-30.6	161.6	-21.2	162.5	-11.6	162.9	-2.1	162.8	7.5
	166.0	-33.5	167.3	-23.8	168.0	-14.0	168.4	-4.2	168.3	5.6
	172.8	-35.4	173.5	-25.4	173.9	-15.5	174.1	-5.6	174.1	4.4
	180.0	-36.0	180.0	-26.0	180.0	-16.0	180.0	-6.0	180.0	4.0

Latitude	50)°	60)°	70)°	80)°	90°	
	Long.	Lat.	Long.	Lat.	Long.	Lat.	Long.	Lat.	Long.	Lat.
	180.0	86.0	0	84.0	0	74.0	0	64.0		54.0
	126.9	82.7	46.5	81.9	20.9	73.4	13.4	63.8		54.0
	115.7	77.1	69.8	77.6	39.7	71.6	26.5	63.2		54.0
	113.9	71.3	83.0	72.8	55.5	69.1	39.2	62.3		54.0
	114.9	65.4	92.2	67.8	68.8	66.1	51.3	61.0		54.0
Coordinates	117.1	59.6	99.7	62.8	80.1	62.8	62.8	59.6	All	54.0
for	120.1	54.0	106.4	57.9	90.1	59.4	73.7	58.0	longitudes	54.0
plotting	123.5	48.5	112.6	53.2	99.0	56.0	84.1	56.3		54.0
contours	127.4	43.3	118.6	48.7	107.3	52.7	93.9	54.5		54.0
	131.5	38.3	124.5	44.5	115.2	49.5	103.4	52.8		54.0
	135.9	33.7	130.4	40.5	122.8	46.5	112.6	51.2		54.0
	140.7	29.4	136.3	36.9	130.1	43.7	121.5	49.6		54.0
	145.7	25.5	142.3	33.6	137.4	41.3	130.2	48.2		54.0
	150.9	22.1	148.4	30.8	144.5	39.1	138.7	47.0		54.0
	156.4	19.3	154.6	28.4	151.6	37.3	147.1	45.9		54.0
	162.1	17.0	160.8	26.5	158.7	35.9	155.4	45.1		54.0
	168.0	15.3	167.2	25.1	165.8	34.8	163.6	44.5		54.0
	174.0	14.3	173.6	24.3	172.9	34.2	171.8	44.1		54.0
	180.0	14.0	180.0	24.0	180.0	34.0	180.0	44.0		54.0

27/49 4.7 MHz day

Data for plotting 1 200 km interference contours

Latitude	00)°	10)°	20)°	30)°	40)°
	Long.	Lat.	Long.	Lat.	Long.	Lat.	Long.	Lat.	Long.	Lat.
	180.0	10.8	180.0	20.8	180.0	30.8	180.0	40.8	180.0	50.8
	178.1	10.6	178.0	20.6	177.8	30.6	177.5	40.6	177.1	50.6
	176.3	10.1	176.1	20.1	175.8	30.1	175.2	40.1	174.3	50.0
	174.6	9.3	174.3	19.3	173.8	29.2	173.1	39.2	171.8	49.1
	173.0	8.3	172.7	18.2	172.2	28.1	171.2	38.0	169.7	47.8
Coordinates	171.7	6.9	171.4	16.8	170.3	26.7	169.7	36.5	168.0	46.4
for	170.6	5.4	170.3	15.2	169.7	25.1	168.6	34.9	166.8	44.7
plotting	169.8	3.7	169.6	13.5	168.9	23.3	167.9	33.1	166.1	42.9
contours	169.4	1.9	169.1	11.7	168.6	21.5	167.5	31.3	165.8	41.0
	169.2	0.0	169.0	9.8	168.5	19.6	167.6	29.4	166.0	39.2
	169.4	-1.9	169.3	8.0	168.8	17.8	168.0	27.6	166.6	37.3
	169.8	-3.7	169.8	6.2	169.4	16.0	168.7	25.8	167.5	35.6
	170.6	-5.4	170.6	4.5	170.4	14.4	169.8	24.2	168.7	34.0
	171.7	-6.9	171.7	3.0	171.5	12.9	171.0	22.8	170.2	32.6
	173.0	-8.3	173.1	1.7	172.9	11.6	172.6	21.5	171.9	31.4
	174.6	-9.3	174.6	0.6	174.5	10.6	174.3	20.5	173.8	30.5
	176.3	-10.1	176.3	-0.2	176.3	9.8	176.1	19.8	175.8	29.8
	178.1	-10.6	178.1	-0.6	178.1	9.4	178.0	19.3	177.9	29.3
	180.0	-10.8	180.0	-0.8	180.0	9.2	180.0	19.2	180.0	29.2

Latitude	50)°	60)°	70)°	80)°	90°	
	Long.	Lat.	Long.	Lat.	Long.	Lat.	Long.	Lat.	Long.	Lat.
	180.0	60.8	180.0	70.8	180.0	80.8	0	89.2		79.2
	176.2	60.6	174.4	70.6	168.7	80.5	71.1	88.0		79.2
	172.6	60.0	169.3	69.8	159.4	79.5	87.5	86.3		79.2
	169.5	59.0	165.0	68.7	152.9	78.1	96.6	84.6		79.2
	167.0	57.6	161.8	67.3	149.1	76.4	103.6	82.9		79.2
Coordinates	165.1	56.1	159.6	65.6	147.2	74.6	109.9	81.2	All	79.2
for	163.8	54.4	158.4	63.8	146.8	72.8	115.8	79.6	longitudes	79.2
plotting	163.2	52.5	158.0	62.0	147.4	70.9	121.4	78.1		79.2
contours	163.1	50.7	158.3	60.1	148.9	69.1	126.9	76.7		79.2
	163.5	48.8	159.1	58.3	150.8	67.4	132.3	75.3		79.2
	164.3	47.0	160.4	56.6	153.3	65.8	137.7	74.1		79.2
	165.5	45.3	162.1	54.9	156.0	64.3	143.0	73.0		79.2
	167.0	43.8	164.2	53.5	159.1	63.0	148.3	72.0		79.2
	168.3	42.5	166.4	52.2	162.3	61.9	153.6	71.2		79.2
	170.3	41.3	168.9	51.2	165.7	60.9	158.9	70.5		79.2
	172.9	40.4	171.6	50.3	169.1	60.2	164.2	69.9		79.2
	175.8	39.7	174.3	49.7	172.7	59.6	169.4	69.5		79.2
	177.6	39.3	177.1	49.3	176.3	59.3	174.7	69.3		79.2
	180.0	39.2	180.0	49.2	180.0	59.2	180.0	69.2		79.2

27/50 4.7 MHz night and 10.0 MHz day

Data for plotting 5 500 km interference contours

Latitude	00)°	10)°	20)°	30)°	40)°
	Long.	Lat.								
	180.0	49.5	180.0	59.5	180.0	69.5	180.0	79.5	178.7	89.5
	168.5	48.5	165.5	58.2	159.6	67.8	144.9	76.7	97.0	82.4
	158.2	45.6	153.2	54.7	144.6	63.3	128.3	70.7	98.4	74.8
	149.7	41.2	144.1	49.6	135.4	57.2	121.5	63.5	101.0	67.2
	143.0	35.6	137.8	43.3	130.1	50.3	119.0	56.0	104.1	59.7
Coordinates	138.1	29.3	133.6	36.5	127.3	43.0	118.6	48.4	107.5	52.4
for	134.6	22.3	131.1	29.2	126.1	35.4	119.5	40.8	111.0	45.1
plotting	132.3	15.1	129.8	21.6	126.1	27.8	121.2	33.4	114.8	38.1
contours	130.9	7.6	129.5	14.1	127.0	20.3	123.5	26.0	118.9	31.2
	130.5	0.0	130.1	6.5	128.7	12.8	126.5	18.9	123.2	24.7
	130.9	-7.6	131.5	-1.0	131.2	5.6	130.0	12.1	127.9	18.4
	132.3	-15.1	133.8	-8.2	134.4	-1.3	134.1	5.7	132.9	12.6
	134.6	-22.3	137.0	-15.2	138.3	-7.8	138.8	-0.3	138.4	7.3
	138.1	-29.3	141.2	-21.6	143.2	-13.7	144.2	-5.7	144.3	2.5
	143.0	-35.6	146.6	-27.4	148.9	-19.0	150.2	-10.4	150.7	-1.6
	149.7	-41.2	153.2	-32.4	155.5	-23.4	156.9	-14.2	157.6	-5.0
	158.2	-45.6	161.2	-36.2	163.1	-26.7	164.2	-17.1	164.8	-7.5
	168.5	-48.5	170.3	-38.7	171.3	-28.8	172.0	-18.9	172.3	-9.0
	180.0	-49.5	180.0	-39.5	180.0	-29.5	180.0	-19.5	180.0	-9.5

Latitude	50)°	60)°	70)°	80)°	90°	
	Long.	Lat.	Long.	Lat.	Long.	Lat.	Long.	Lat.	Long.	Lat.
	0	80.5	0	70.5	0	60.5	0	50.5		40.5
	40.2	78.2	22.2	69.5	15.3	60.0	11.9	50.3		40.5
	63.5	73.1	41.5	66.9	30.1	58.7	23.8	49.8		40.5
	77.1	67.0	57.1	63.1	43.8	56.7	35.4	48.9		40.5
	86.6	60.7	69.8	58.6	56.4	54.0	46.7	47.8		40.5
Coordinates	94.2	54.3	80.4	53.8	67.8	51.0	57.7	46.4	All	40.5
for	100.8	47.9	89.6	48.8	78.4	47.8	68.3	44.9	longitudes	40.5
plotting	107.0	41.7	97.9	43.8	88.2	44.4	78.7	43.2		40.5
contours	112.9	35.6	105.7	38.9	97.5	41.0	88.7	41.5		40.5
	118.8	29.8	113.1	34.2	106.3	37.6	98.4	39.8		40.5
	124.7	24.4	120.4	29.8	114.8	34.4	108.0	38.1		40.5
	130.8	19.3	127.6	25.6	123.1	31.4	117.3	36.5		40.5
	137.1	14.7	134.8	21.9	131.3	28.7	126.5	35.0		40.5
	143.7	10.6	142.1	18.5	139.5	26.3	135.6	33.7		40.5
	150.5	7.1	149.5	15.7	147.6	24.3	144.5	32.6		40.5
	157.6	4.3	157.0	13.5	155.7	22.6	153.5	31.7		40.5
	164.9	2.2	164.6	11.8	163.8	21.5	162.3	31.0		40.5
	172.4	0.9	172.3	10.8	171.9	20.7	171.2	30.6		40.5
	180.0	0.5	180.0	10.5	180.0	20.5	180.0	30.5		40.5

27/51 5.6 MHz day

Data for plotting 1 500 km interference contours

Latitude	00)°	10)°	20)°	30)°	40)°
	Long.	Lat.	Long.	Lat.	Long.	Lat.	Long.	Lat.	Long.	Lat.
	180.0	13.5	180.0	23.5	180.0	33.5	180.0	43.5	180.0	53.5
	177.6	13.3	177.5	23.3	177.2	33.3	176.8	43.3	176.1	53.2
	175.3	12.7	175.0	22.6	174.6	32.6	173.8	42.5	172.5	52.5
	173.2	11.7	172.8	21.6	172.1	31.5	171.0	41.4	169.3	51.3
	171.2	10.3	170.8	20.2	170.0	30.0	168.7	39.9	166.6	49.6
Coordinates	169.6	8.6	169.1	18.5	168.3	28.3	166.9	38.0	164.6	47.7
for	168.3	6.7	167.8	16.5	167.0	26.2	165.5	36.0	163.2	45.6
plotting	167.3	4.6	166.9	14.3	166.1	24.1	164.7	33.7	162.4	43.3
contours	166.7	2.3	166.4	12.1	165.7	21.8	164.4	31.4	162.3	41.0
	166.5	0.0	166.3	9.7	165.7	19.4	164.5	29.1	162.6	38.7
	166.7	-2.3	166.6	7.4	166.1	17.1	165.1	26.8	163.4	36.4
	167.3	-4.6	167.3	5.2	166.9	14.9	166.0	24.6	164.6	34.3
	168.3	-6.7	168.3	3.1	168.0	12.9	167.3	22.6	166.1	32.4
	169.6	-8.6	169.7	1.2	169.5	11.0	169.0	20.9	168.0	30.7
	171.2	-10.3	171.4	-0.4	171.2	9.5	170.8	19.3	170.1	29.2
	173.2	-11.7	173.3	-1.7	173.2	8.2	172.9	18.1	172.4	28.0
	175.3	-12.7	175.4	-2.7	175.4	7.3	175.2	17.2	174.8	27.2
	177.6	-13.3	177.7	-3.3	177.7	6.7	177.6	16.7	177.4	26.7
	180.0	-13.5	180.0	-3.5	180.0	6.5	180.0	16.5	180.0	26.5

Latitude	50)°	60)°	7()°	80)°	90°	
	Long.	Lat.	Long.	Lat.	Long.	Lat.	Long.	Lat.	Long.	Lat.
	180.0	63.5	180.0	73.5	180.0	83.5	0	86.5		76.5
	174.8	63.2	172.0	73.1	160.8	82.9	35.2	86.0		76.5
	170.1	62.4	164.9	72.1	147.7	81.4	59.4	84.7		76.5
	166.1	61.0	159.4	70.6	140.7	79.4	75.5	83.1		76.5
	162.9	59.3	155.6	68.7	137.6	77.1	87.2	81.4		76.5
Coordinates	160.7	57.3	153.3	66.5	137.0	74.8	96.7	79.6	All	76.5
for	159.3	55.1	152.3	64.2	137.8	72.5	104.9	77.9	longitudes	76.5
plotting	158.7	52.8	152.3	61.9	139.6	70.2	112.4	76.3		76.5
contours	158.8	50.4	153.0	59.6	142.0	68.1	119.3	74.7		76.5
	159.5	48.1	154.4	57.4	144.9	66.0	125.9	73.3		76.5
	160.7	46.0	156.2	55.3	148.2	64.1	132.2	71.9		76.5
	162.3	43.9	158.4	53.3	151.7	62.4	138.4	70.7		76.5
	164.2	42.1	161.0	51.6	155.4	60.9	144.5	69.6		76.5
	166.4	40.4	163.8	50.1	159.3	59.6	150.5	68.7		76.5
	168.9	39.0	166.8	48.8	163.3	58.5	156.5	67.9		76.5
	171.5	37.9	170.0	47.8	167.4	57.6	162.4	67.3		76.5
	174.3	37.1	173.3	47.1	171.6	57.0	168.3	66.9		76.5
	177.1	36.7	176.6	46.6	175.8	56.6	174.1	66.6		76.5
	180.0	36.5	180.0	46.5	180.0	56.5	180.0	66.5		76.5

27/52 5.6 and 6.6 MHz night

Data for plotting 6 500 km interference contours

Latitude	00)°	10)°	20)°	30)°	40)°
	Long.	Lat.								
	180.0	58.5	180.0	68.5	180.0	78.5	180.0	88.5	0	81.5
	164.2	57.1	158.1	66.6	144.0	75.4	102.4	81.3	46.7	78.3
	150.8	53.2	142.2	61.6	126.6	68.7	100.1	72.8	68.5	71.7
	140.8	47.6	132.2	54.9	119.2	60.8	101.1	64.3	80.1	64.4
	133.6	40.8	126.2	47.2	116.0	52.4	102.9	55.8	88.0	56.7
Coordinates	128.7	33.2	122.7	39.1	114.9	43.9	105.3	47.4	94.2	49.1
for	125.3	25.2	120.8	30.7	115.1	35.4	108.0	39.1	99.7	41.5
plotting	123.1	17.0	120.1	22.2	116.0	26.9	110.9	30.9	104.9	34.0
contours	121.9	8.5	120.2	13.7	117.7	18.5	114.3	22.9	110.0	26.7
	121.5	0.0	121.1	5.2	119.9	10.3	118.0	15.1	115.1	19.6
	121.9	-8.5	122.8	-3.2	122.8	2.3	122.1	7.6	120.5	12.9
	123.1	-17.0	125.2	-11.3	126.4	-5.5	126.8	0.5	126.3	6.5
	125.3	-25.2	128.6	-19.2	130.8	-12.8	132.0	-6.2	132.4	0.5
	128.7	-33.2	133.0	-26.7	136.1	-19.7	138.0	-12.3	139.0	-4.8
	133.6	-40.8	138.9	-33.5	142.5	-25.8	144.9	-17.7	146.2	-9.5
	140.8	-47.6	146.4	-39.5	150.2	-31.0	152.6	-22.2	154.0	-13.3
	150.8	-53.2	156.0	-44.3	159.1	-35.0	161.1	-25.6	162.3	-16.1
	164.2	-57.1	167.4	-47.4	169.2	-37.6	170.4	-27.8	171.0	-17.9
	180.0	-58.5	180.0	-48.5	180.0	-38.5	180.0	-28.5	180.0	-18.5

Latitude	50)°	60)°	70)°	80)°	90°	
	Long.	Lat.	Long.	Lat.	Long.	Lat.	Long.	Lat.	Long.	Lat.
	0	71.5	0	61.5	0	51.5	0	41.5		31.5
	25.7	70.1	17.6	60.7	13.6	51.1	11.4	41.3		31.5
	46.4	66.2	34.0	58.6	26.9	49.9	22.7	40.8		31.5
	61.7	61.0	43.4	55.3	39.6	48.0	33.8	40.0		31.5
	73.3	55.1	61.0	51.2	51.6	45.6	44.8	38.9		31.5
Coordinates	82.7	48.8	71.9	46.6	62.8	42.7	55.5	37.6	All	31.5
for	90.7	42.4	81.7	41.7	73.8	39.6	66.0	36.1	longitudes	31.5
plotting	98.0	36.0	90.6	36.7	83.2	36.2	76.2	34.4		31.5
contours	104.8	29.7	99.0	31.8	92.7	32.8	86.2	32.7		31.5
	111.6	23.6	107.0	26.9	101.8	29.4	96.1	31.0		31.5
	115.1	17.8	114.9	22.2	110.7	26.1	105.7	29.3		31.5
	124.9	12.3	122.7	17.9	119.5	23.0	115.3	27.6		31.5
	131.8	7.3	130.5	13.8	128.1	20.2	124.7	26.1		31.5
	139.2	2.7	138.4	10.3	136.7	17.7	134.0	24.9		31.5
	146.8	-1.1	146.5	7.2	145.3	15.5	143.3	23.6		31.5
	154.7	-4.3	154.7	4.8	154.0	13.8	152.5	22.7		31.5
	162.9	-6.6	163.0	3.0	162.6	12.5	161.7	22.1		31.5
	171.4	-8.0	171.5	1.9	171.3	11.8	170.8	21.6		31.5
	180.0	-8.5	180.0	1.5	180.0	11.5	180.0	21.5		31.5

27/53 6.6 MHz day

Data for plotting 1 900 km interference contours

Latitude	00)°	10)°	20)°	30)°	40)°
	Long.	Lat.	Long.	Lat.	Long.	Lat.	Long.	Lat.	Long.	Lat.
	180.0	17.1	180.0	27.1	180.0	37.1	180.0	47.1	180.0	57.1
	176.9	16.8	176.7	26.8	176.3	36.8	175.7	46.8	174.7	56.7
	174.0	16.0	173.6	26.0	172.9	35.9	171.7	45.8	169.7	55.7
	171.3	14.8	170.7	24.6	169.7	34.5	168.1	44.3	165.5	54.0
	168.8	13.0	168.2	22.8	167.0	32.6	165.2	42.3	162.2	51.9
Coordinates	166.7	10.9	166.1	20.6	164.9	30.3	162.9	39.9	159.8	49.4
for	165.1	8.5	164.5	18.1	163.3	27.7	161.3	37.2	158.2	46.6
plotting	163.9	5.8	163.3	15.4	162.3	24.9	160.4	34.4	157.5	43.7
contours	163.1	2.9	162.7	12.5	161.8	22.0	160.2	31.5	157.5	40.8
	162.9	0.0	162.7	9.6	161.9	19.1	160.4	28.5	158.1	37.9
	163.1	-2.9	163.1	6.6	162.4	16.2	161.3	25.7	159.3	35.1
	163.9	-5.8	163.9	3.8	163.5	13.4	162.5	23.0	160.9	32.5
	165.1	-8.5	165.2	1.2	165.0	10.9	164.2	20.5	162.9	30.1
	166.7	-10.9	167.0	-1.2	166.8	8.6	166.3	18.3	165.2	28.0
	168.8	-13.0	169.1	-3.2	169.0	6.6	168.6	16.4	167.8	26.2
	171.3	-14.8	171.5	-4.9	171.5	5.0	171.2	14.9	170.7	24.8
	174.0	-16.0	174.2	-6.1	174.2	3.9	174.1	13.8	173.7	23.7
	176.9	-16.8	177.1	-6.8	177.1	3.1	177.0	13.1	176.8	23.1
	180.0	-17.1	180.0	-7.1	180.0	2.9	180.0	12.9	180.0	22.9

Latitude	50)°	60)°	70)°	80)°	90°	
	Long.	Lat.	Long.	Lat.	Long.	Lat.	Long.	Lat.	Long.	Lat.
	180.0	67.1	180.0	77.1	180.0	87.1	0	82.9		72.9
	172.6	66.7	167.3	76.5	137.0	85.7	23.2	82.5		72.9
	166.0	65.5	157.1	75.0	123.8	83.1	43.5	81.6		72.9
	160.7	63.6	150.3	72.8	120.8	80.1	60.0	80.2		72.9
	156.8	61.3	146.2	70.1	121.4	77.2	73.5	78.6		72.9
Coordinates	154.4	58.6	144.4	67.3	123.5	74.3	84.9	76.9	All	72.9
for	153.1	55.8	144.0	64.3	126.5	71.5	94.8	75.2	longitudes	72.9
plotting	152.8	52.8	144.7	61.4	130.1	68.8	103.6	73.5		72.9
contours	153.3	49.9	146.3	58.6	133.9	66.3	111.8	71.8		72.9
	154.4	47.1	148.4	55.9	138.0	63.9	119.4	70.3		72.9
	156.1	44.4	151.0	53.3	142.3	61.7	126.8	68.8		72.9
	158.2	41.9	153.9	51.0	146.7	59.7	133.8	67.5		72.9
	160.7	39.6	157.2	49.0	151.3	58.0	140.7	66.3		72.9
	163.5	37.6	160.7	47.2	155.9	56.5	147.4	65.3		72.9
	166.5	36.0	164.3	45.7	160.7	55.2	154.0	64.4		72.9
	169.7	34.6	168.1	44.5	165.4	54.2	160.6	63.8		72.9
	173.1	33.7	172.0	43.6	170.3	53.5	167.1	63.3		72.9
	176.5	33.1	176.0	43.1	175.1	53.0	173.5	63.0		72.9
	180.0	32.9	180.0	42.9	180.0	52.9	180.0	62.9		72.9

AP27-20

27/54 9.0 MHz day

Data for plotting 3 800 km interference contours

Latitude	00)°	10)°	20)°	30)°	40)°
	Long.	Lat.	Long.	Lat.	Long.	Lat.	Long.	Lat.	Long.	Lat.
	180.0	34.2	180.0	44.2	180.0	54.2	180.0	64.2	180.0	74.2
	173.3	33.6	172.3	43.5	170.6	53.4	167.5	63.2	160.6	72.9
	166.9	31.9	165.1	41.6	162.1	51.2	157.0	60.6	146.8	69.4
	161.2	29.1	158.9	38.5	155.3	47.8	149.3	56.6	138.8	64.8
	156.4	25.5	154.0	34.6	150.2	43.4	144.2	51.9	134.6	59.5
Coordinates	152.5	21.2	150.2	30.0	146.6	38.5	141.2	46.6	133.0	53.9
for	149.5	16.3	147.6	24.9	144.4	33.2	139.8	41.1	132.9	48.3
plotting	147.4	11.1	145.9	19.4	143.4	27.6	139.6	35.5	134.0	42.8
contours	146.2	5.6	145.2	13.9	143.3	22.0	140.3	29.9	135.9	37.3
	145.8	0.0	145.4	8.3	144.1	16.4	141.9	24.4	138.4	32.1
	146.2	-5.6	146.3	2.7	145.7	11.0	144.1	19.2	141.5	27.2
	147.4	-11.1	148.1	-2.6	147.9	5.9	147.0	14.3	145.1	22.6
	149.5	-16.3	150.6	-7.7	150.9	1.1	150.4	9.8	149.1	18.4
	152.5	-21.2	153.9	-12.3	154.5	-3.2	154.4	5.8	153.6	14.8
	156.4	-25.5	157.9	-16.3	158.7	-7.0	158.8	2.3	158.4	11.6
	161.2	-29.1	162.6	-19.6	163.4	-10.1	163.7	-0.5	163.5	9.1
	166.9	-31.9	168.0	-22.1	168.7	-12.3	168.9	-2.5	168.8	7.3
	173.3	-33.6	173.9	-23.7	174.2	-13.7	174.4	-3.8	174.4	6.2
	180.0	-34.2	180.0	-24.2	180.0	-14.2	180.0	-4.2	180.0	5.8

Latitude	50)°	60)°	70)°	80)°	90°	
	Long.	Lat.	Long.	Lat.	Long.	Lat.	Long.	Lat.	Long.	Lat.
	180.0	84.2	0	85.8	0	75.8	0	65.8		55.8
	137.8	81.6	56.0	83.2	22.4	75.1	13.7	65.6		55.8
	123.5	76.7	77.1	78.6	42.0	73.3	27.0	65.0		55.8
	119.5	71.2	88.4	73.7	58.2	70.7	39.9	64.0		55.8
	119.2	65.6	96.4	68.7	71.4	67.6	52.2	62.8		55.8
Coordinates	120.6	60.0	103.2	63.8	82.5	64.3	63.8	61.3	All	55.8
for	123.0	54.5	109.3	59.0	92.2	60.8	74.7	59.7	longitudes	55.8
plotting	126.0	49.2	115.1	54.3	101.0	57.5	85.1	58.0		55.8
contours	129.5	44.1	120.7	49.9	109.1	54.2	94.9	56.2		55.8
	133.4	39.3	126.3	45.7	116.7	51.0	104.3	54.5		55.8
	137.6	34.8	132.0	41.9	124.1	48.1	113.4	52.9		55.8
	142.1	30.7	137.7	38.3	131.3	45.4	122.2	51.4		55.8
	146.9	26.9	143.5	35.2	138.3	42.9	130.8	50.0		55.8
	152.0	23.7	149.3	32.4	145.3	40.8	139.2	48.7		55.8
	157.2	20.9	155.3	30.1	152.3	39.0	147.5	47.7		55.8
	162.7	18.7	161.4	28.2	159.2	37.6	155.7	46.9		55.8
	168.4	17.1	167.6	26.9	166.1	36.6	163.8	46.3		55.8
	174.2	16.1	173.3	26.1	173.1	36.0	171.9	45.9		55.8
	180.0	15.8	180.0	25.8	180.0	35.8	180.0	45.8		55.8

27/55 11.3 MHz day

Data for plotting 6 000 km interference contours

Latitude	00)°	10)°	20)°	30)°	40)°
	Long.	Lat.								
	180.0	54.0	180.0	64.0	180.0	74.0	180.0	84.0	0	86.0
	166.6	52.8	162.3	62.5	153.3	71.8	128.2	79.7	66.2	81.2
	154.8	49.5	148.2	58.3	136.6	66.3	115.0	72.2	82.1	73.8
	145.5	44.5	138.5	52.4	127.7	59.3	111.4	64.2	90.0	66.1
	138.5	38.3	132.2	45.4	123.2	51.6	111.0	58.2	95.7	58.5
Coordinates	133.5	31.3	128.2	37.9	121.1	43.6	111.9	48.1	100.6	50.9
for	130.0	23.9	126.0	30.0	120.6	35.5	113.6	40.1	105.2	43.4
plotting	127.7	16.1	124.9	22.0	121.1	27.5	116.0	32.2	109.7	36.1
contours	126.4	8.1	124.8	13.9	122.3	19.5	118.8	24.6	114.3	29.0
	126.0	0.0	125.6	5.9	124.3	11.6	122.2	17.1	119.1	22.2
	126.4	-8.1	127.1	-2.1	127.0	4.0	126.0	9.9	124.2	15.7
	127.7	-16.1	129.5	-9.8	130.4	-3.4	130.4	3.1	129.6	9.5
	130.0	-23.9	132.8	-17.2	134.6	-10.3	135.4	-3.2	135.4	3.9
	133.5	-31.3	137.2	-24.2	139.7	-16.7	141.1	-9.0	141.7	-1.2
	138.5	-38.3	142.9	-30.5	145.8	-22.4	147.6	-14.1	148.5	-5.6
	145.5	-44.5	150.0	-36.0	152.9	-27.2	154.8	-18.2	155.6	-9.1
	154.8	-49.5	158.7	-40.3	161.2	-30.9	162.7	-21.4	163.6	-11.8
	166.6	-52.8	163.9	-43.0	170.3	-33.2	171.2	-23.3	171.7	-13.4
	180.0	-54.0	180.0	-44.0	180.0	-34.0	180.0	-24.0	180.0	-14.0

Latitude	50)°	60)°	70)°	80)°	90°	
	Long.	Lat.	Long.	Lat.	Long.	Lat.	Long.	Lat.	Long.	Lat.
	0	76.0	0	66.0	0	56.0	0	46.0		36.0
	31.1	74.2	19.5	65.1	14.4	55.6	11.6	45.8		36.0
	53.5	69.9	37.2	62.8	28.3	54.3	23.2	45.3		36.0
	68.6	64.2	52.3	59.2	41.5	52.4	34.5	44.5		36.0
	79.4	58.1	65.0	55.0	53.7	49.8	45.7	43.4		36.0
Coordinates	88.1	51.7	75.8	50.3	65.1	46.9	56.5	42.0	All	36.0
for	95.5	45.3	85.4	45.3	75.7	43.7	67.1	40.5	longitudes	36.0
plotting	102.3	38.9	94.1	40.3	85.6	40.3	77.4	38.3		36.0
contours	108.7	32.7	102.2	35.4	95.0	36.9	87.4	37.1		36.0
	115.0	26.3	110.0	30.6	104.0	33.5	97.2	35.4		36.0
	121.4	21.1	117.5	26.0	112.7	30.3	106.8	33.7		36.0
	127.8	15.8	125.1	21.8	121.2	27.2	116.2	32.1		36.0
	134.5	11.0	132.6	17.9	129.7	24.5	125.5	30.6		36.0
	141.4	6.7	140.2	14.4	138.1	22.0	134.7	29.2		36.0
	148.6	3.0	148.0	11.5	146.4	19.9	143.9	28.1		36.0
	156.1	-0.0	155.8	9.1	154.8	18.2	152.9	27.2		36.0
	163.9	-2.2	163.8	7.4	163.2	17.0	162.0	26.5		36.0
	171.0	-3.5	171.9	6.4	171.6	16.3	171.0	26.1		36.0
	180.0	-4.0	180.0	6.0	180.0	16.0	180.0	26.0		36.0

C - Classes of emission and power

1 Classes of emission

27/56 In the aeronautical mobile (R) service the use of emissions listed below is permissible subject to compliance with the special provisions applicable to each case and provided that such use does not cause harmful interference to other users of the channel concerned.

27/57 1.1 Telephony – amplitude modulation:

- double sideband A3E*

- single sideband, full carrier H3E*

single sideband, suppressed carrier
 J3E

1.2 Telegraphy (including automatic data transmission)

27/58 1.2.1 Amplitude modulation:

 telegraphy without the use of a modulating audio frequency (by on-off keying)
 A1A, A1B**

 telegraphy by the on-off keying of an amplitude modulating audio frequency or audio frequencies or by the on-off keying of the modulated emission and including selective calling, single sideband, full carrier

H2B

- multichannel voice frequency telegraphy, single sideband, suppressed carrier J7B
- other transmissions such as automatic data transmission, single sideband, suppressed carrier

JXX

27/59 1.2.2 Frequency modulation:

 telegraphy by frequency shift keying without the use of a modulating audio frequency, one of two frequencies being emitted at any instant

F1B**

 $^{^{*}}$ A3E and H3E to be used only on 3 023 kHz and 5 680 kHz.

^{**} A1A, A1B and F1B are permitted provided they do not cause harmful interference to the classes of emission H2B, J3E, J7B and JXX. In addition, A1A, A1B and F1B emissions shall be in accordance with the provisions in Nos. 27/70 to 27/74 and care should be taken to place these emissions at or near the centre of the channel. However, a modulating audio frequency is permitted with single sideband transmitters, where the carrier is suppressed in accordance with No. 27/69.

2 Power

27/60 2.1 Unless otherwise specified in Part II of this Appendix, the peak envelope powers supplied to the antenna transmission line shall not exceed the maximum values indicated in the Table below; the corresponding peak effective radiated powers being assumed to be equal to two-thirds of these values

Class of emission	Stations	Maximum peak envelope power
H2B, J3E, J7B, JXX A3E*, H3E* (100% modulation)	Aeronautical stations Aircraft stations	6 kW 400 W
Other emissions such as A1A, A1B, F1B	Aeronautical stations Aircraft stations	1.5 kW 100 W

^{*} A3E and H3E to be used only on 3 023 kHz and 5 680 kHz.

- **27**/61 2.2 It is assumed that the maximum peak envelope powers specified above for aeronautical stations will produce the mean effective radiated power of 1 kW used as a basis for the interference range contours.
- 27/62 2.3 In order to provide satisfactory communication with aircraft, aeronautical stations serving MWARA, VOLMET and world-wide allotment areas may exceed the power limits specified in No. 27/60, except in the case of 3023 kHz and 5680 kHz which are subject to the special provisions of Nos. 27/232 to 27/238. In each such case, the administration having jurisdiction over the aeronautical station shall note No. 15.2 and ensure:
- 27/63 a) that when there is any possibility of harmful interference co-ordination is effected with the administrations concerned:
- 27/64 b) that harmful interference is not caused to stations using frequencies in accordance with the applicable provisions of the allotment Plan;
- 27/65 c) that in other MWARAs, RDARAs or VOLMET areas allotted the same frequencies, the specified protection ratios within the boundaries of those areas shall be maintained:
- 27/66 d) that the directional characteristics of the antenna are such as to minimize radiation in unnecessary directions, particularly towards other MWARAs, RDARAs or VOLMET areas which have been allotted the same frequencies;
- 27/67 e) that, in accordance with the Radio Regulations, all details of the assignment(s), including the transmitting antenna characteristics shall be notified to the Radiocommunication Bureau.
- 27/68 2.4 It is recognized that the power employed by aircraft transmitters may, in practice, exceed the limits specified in No. 27/60. However, the use of such increased power (which normally should not exceed 600 W PX) shall not cause harmful interference to stations using frequencies in accordance with the technical principles on which the allotment Plan is based.

D - Limits to the power levels of unwanted emissions

1 Technical provisions relating to the use of single-sideband emissions

27/69 1.1 Definitions carrier modes:

Carrier mode	Level $N(\mathrm{dB})$ of the carrier with respect to peak envelope power
Full carrier (for example H2B)	0 ≥ N ≥ -6
Suppressed carrier (for example J3E)	Aircraft stations $N < -26$ Aeronautical stations $N < -40$

2 Tolerance for levels of emission outside the necessary bandwidth

27/70 2.1 In a single-sideband transmission, the mean power of any emission supplied to the antenna transmission line of an aeronautical or aircraft station on any discrete frequency, shall be less than the mean power (PY) of the transmitter in accordance with the Table in No. 27/71.

27/71 2.2 For aircraft station transmitter types first installed before 1 February 1983:

Frequency separation Δ from the assigned frequency (kHz)	Minimum attenuation below mean power (PY) (dB)
2 ≤ Δ < 6	25
6 ≤ Δ < 10	35
10 ≤ Δ	Aircraft stations: 40 Aeronautical stations: $43 + 10 \log_{10} (PY) (W)$

27/72 NOTE – All transmitters first placed in operation after 1 February 1983 shall comply with the specifications contained in No. 27/74.

27/73 2.3 In a single-sideband transmission, the peak envelope power (PX) of any emission supplied to the antenna transmission line of an aeronautical or aircraft station on any discrete frequency, shall be less than the peak envelope power (PX) of the transmitter in accordance with the Table in No. 27/74.

27/74 2.4 For aircraft station transmitters first installed after 1 February 1983 and for aeronautical station transmitters in use after 1 February 1983:

Frequency separation Δ from the assigned frequency (kHz)	Minimum attenuation below peak envelope power (PX) (dB)
$1.5 \le \Delta < 4.5$	30
$4.5 \le \Delta < 7.5$	38
7.5 ≤ ∆	Aircraft stations: 43 Aeronautical stations: *

^{*} For transmitter power up to and including 50 W: 43 + 10 log₁₀ (PX) (W). For transmitter powers more than 50 W, the attenuation shall be at least 60 dB.

E - Other technical provisions

1 Assigned frequencies

- **27**/75 1.1 For single-sideband emissions, except the class of emission H2B, the assigned frequency shall be at a value 1 400 Hz above the carrier (reference) frequency.
- 27/76 1.2 For aeronautical stations equipped with selective calling systems, the class of emission H2B shall be indicated in the Supplementary Information column of the form of notice (see Appendix 4).
- 27/77 1.3 For classes of emission A1A, A1B and F1B the assigned frequency shall be chosen in accordance with the provisions of the footnote to Nos. 27/58 and 27/59.
- **27**/78 1.4 The assigned frequency of a station employing double sideband emissions (A3E) shall be at the carrier (reference) frequency.

PART II – Plan for the allotment of frequencies for the aeronautical mobile (R) service in the exclusive bands between 2850 and 22000 kHz

Section I – Description of the boundaries of the areas and sub-areas

- 27/79 1 The boundary descriptions which follow delineate the areas to which frequencies are allotted under the frequency allotment Plan.
- 27/80 2 These areas are shown graphically on the maps associated with this Appendix. If there is any difference between the areas as shown on the maps and as described, the written description is to be considered correct.
- 27/81 3 References to the name of a country or of a geographical area in the descriptions or on the maps and the borders shown on the maps do not imply the expression of any opinion whatsoever on the part of the ITU concerning the political status of such a country or geographical area or any official recognition of these borders.
- 27/82 4 In the description of the Major World Air Route Areas (MWARAs) all lines between points not otherwise specified are defined as great circles.
- 27/83 In the description of the Regional and Domestic Air Route Areas (RDARAs) and Sub-Areas all lines between points not otherwise specified are defined as straight lines on a Mercator Projection map.
- 27/84 In the description of the VOLMET areas all lines between points are defined as great circles.

ARTICLE 1

Description of the boundaries of the major world air route areas (MWARAs)

27/85 *Major World Air Route Area – CARIBBEAN* (MWARA-CAR)

From the point 20° N 120° W through the points 35° N 120° W, 35° N 85° W, 43° N 74° W, 40° N 60° W, 00° 48° W, 00° 80° W, to the point 20° N 120° W.

27/86 Major World Air Route Area – CENTRAL EAST PACIFIC (MWARA-CEP)

From the point 50° N 122° W through the points 38° N 120° W, 15° N 110° W, 20° S 145° W, 20° S 152° W, 30° N 165° W, to the point 50° N 122° W.

27/87 Major World Air Route Area – CENTRAL WEST PACIFIC (MWARA-CWP)

From the point 40° N 117° E through the points 25° N 155° W, 17° N 155° W, 00° 165° W, 00° 170° E, 12° S 165° E, 12° S 136° E, 09° N 115° E, 23° N 114° E, to the point 40° N 117° E.

27/88 *Major World Air Route Area – EUROPE* (MWARA-EUR)

From the point 33° N 12° W through the points 54° N 12° W, 70° N 00°, 74° N 40° E, 74° N 52° E, 60° N 52° E, 40° N 36° E, 29° N 35° 30′ E, 32° N 13° E, to the point 33° N 12° W.

27/89 *Major World Air Route Area – INDIAN OCEAN* (MWARA-INO)

From the South Pole through the points 30° S 26° E, 20° N 35° E, 30° N 60° E, 30° N 90° E, 30° S 120° E, 40° S 160° E to the South Pole.

27/90 *Major World Air Route Area – MIDDLE EAST* (MWARA-MID)

From the point 51° N 30° E through the points 57° N 37° E, 50° N 80° E, 44° N 94° E, 08° N 76° E, 11° 45' N 42° E, 16° N 42° E, 30° N 30° E, to the point 51° N 30° E.

27/91 *Major World Air Route Area – NORTH ATLANTIC* (MWARA-NAT)

From the North Pole through the points 60° N 135° W, 49° N 120° W, 49° N 74° W, 39° N 78° W, 18° N 66° W, 05° N 55° W, 16° N 26° W, 32° N 08° W, 44° N 02° E, 60° N 20° E, to the North Pole.

27/92 Major World Air Route Area – NORTH CENTRAL ASIA (MWARA-NCA)

From the North Pole through the points 75° N 10° E, 60° N 25° E, 30° N 25° E, 30° N 73° E, 37° N 73° E, 49° N 85° E, 42° N 97° E, 42° N 110° E, 45° N 113° E, 46° 30' N 120° E, 49° N 116° E, 54° N 123° E, 45° N 133° E, 40° N 124° E, 30° N 124° E, 25° N 135° E, 65° N 170° W, to the North Pole.

27/93 *Major World Air Route Area – NORTH PACIFIC* (MWARA-NP)

From the North Pole through the points 60° N 135° W, 47° N 118° W, 30° N 165° W, 30° N 115° E, 41° N 116° E, 55° N 135° E to the North Pole.

27/94 Major World Air Route Area – AFRICA (MWARA-AFI)

From the point 40° N 35° W, through the points 37° N 03° W, 37° N 03° E, the border between Iraq and the Islamic Republic of Iran, the points 29° N 03° E, 03°

27/95 *Major World Air Route Area – SOUTH ATLANTIC* (MWARA-SAT)

From the South Pole through the points 30° S 75° W, 19° S 53° W, 00° 60° W, 20° N 60° W, 25° N 25° W, 41° N 15° W, 41° N 03° W, 15° N 03° W, 20° S 32° E to the South Pole.

27/96 Major World Air Route Area – SOUTH AMERICA (MWARA-SAM)

From the South Pole through the points 15° N 125° W, 15° N 60° W, 10° N 60° W, 05° S 30° W, 36° S 52° W, to the South Pole.

27/97 *Major World Air Route Area – SOUTH EAST ASIA* (MWARA-SEA)

From the point 26° N 130° E, through the points 00° 130° E, 00° 135° E, 12° S 145° E, 12° S 160° E, 25° S 155° E, 40° S 150° E, 35° S 115° E, 18° N 62° E, 26° N 65° E, to the point 26° N 130° E.

27/98 Major World Air Route Area – SOUTH PACIFIC (MWARA-SP)

From the South Pole through the points 38° S 145° E, 00° 167° E, 00° 175° W, 22° N 158° W, 22° N 156° W, 00° 120° W to the South Pole.

27/99 *Major World Air Route Area – EAST ASIA* (MWARA-EA)

From the point 55° N 124° E through the points 37° N 145° E, 26° N 130° E, 00° 130° E, 00° 80° E, 18° N 62° E, 37° N 67° E, 55° N 80° E to the point 55° N 124° E.

ARTICLE 2

Description of the boundaries of the regional and domestic air route areas (RDARAs)

27/100 Regional and Domestic Air Route Area – 1 (RDARA-1)

From the North Pole along the 15° W meridian to the point 72° N 15° W, then through the points 40° N 50° W, 30° N 39° W, 30° N 10° W, 31° N 10° W, to the point 31° N 10° E. Then along the Libya-Tunisia border to the Mediterranean, thence along the coast of Libya and Egypt to Alexandria. Thence to Cairo, eastward along the Cairo parallel to intersect the 40° E meridian, and north along the 40° E meridian to the intersection with the border between the Syrian Arabic Republic and Iraq and along this border up to the Turkish border. Then along the border between Turkey and the following countries: Iraq, Islamic Republic of Iran, Armenia and Georgia, up to the Black Sea Coast. Thence along the Black Sea Coast of Turkey to intersect the 30° E meridian, then along the 30° E meridian to the border of Romania and Ukraine. Thence along the borders between Romania and Ukraine, Romania and Moldova, Romania and Ukraine. Thence along the border of Poland and the following countries: Hungary, Slovakia and Poland. Thence along the border of Poland and the following countries: Belarus, Lithuania and the Russian Federation. Thence northeastward along the Baltic Sea coast, to the border between Finland and the Russian Federation, and between Norway and the Russian Federation, to the point 70° N 32° E, and along the 32° E meridian to the North Pole.

27 Sub-Area 1A

From the point 65° N 26° W, and through the points 40° N 50° W, 40° N 20° W, 60° N 20° W, 60° N 26° W, to the point 65° N 26° W.

27/102 Sub-Area 1B

From the North Pole along the 15° W meridian to the point 72° N 15° W, then through the points 65° N 26° W, 60° N 26° W, 60° N 20° W to the points 50° N 20° W and 50° N 10° W, thence east along the territorial waters between the Channel Islands and the French coastline, reaching the latter at the meridian 03° W. Thence following the French coastline northeastward and the frontier of France with Belgium, Luxembourg and Germany. Thence along the border between Germany and the following countries: Switzerland, Austria, the Czech Rep. and Poland towards the Baltic Sea. Then west along the coastline of Germany to the border between the latter and Denmark. Along this border to the North Sea. Thence along the 55° N parallel to the point 55° N 04° E, then through the points 56° N 03° E, 59° N 02° E, 62° N 01° E. Thence along the 01° E meridian to the North Pole.

27/103 Sub-Area 1C

From the North Pole along the meridian 01° E to the point 62° N 01° E. Thence through the points 59° N 02° E, 56° N 03° E, 55° N 04° E and then east along the 55° N parallel and the border between Denmark and Germany to the Baltic Sea and along the Baltic Sea coast of Germany to the

border between Germany and Poland. Along this border and continuing along the western borders of the Czech Rep. and Austria to the borders between Austria and Switzerland, Austria and Liechtenstein and Austria and Switzerland. Thence eastward along the southern borders of Austria and Hungary, thence along the border between Hungary and Romania. Thence, along the border between Ukraine and the following countries: Hungary, Slovakia and Poland. Thence along the border of Poland and the following countries: Belarus, Lithuania and the Russian Federation to the Baltic Sea. Thence northeastward along the Baltic Sea coast, along the borders between Finland and the Russian Federation and between Norway and the Russian Federation to the point 70° N 32° E, then along the 32° E meridian to the North Pole.

27/104 Sub-Area 1D

From the junction of the borders of Ukraine, Hungary and Romania, westward along the southern borders of Hungary and Austria to the border between Switzerland and Italy, and the border between France and Italy to the Mediterranean Sea. Thence to 43° N 10° E to 41° N 10° E to 41° N 07° E, thence along the 07° E meridian to the North African coast. Then along the North African coast including Tunis, Tripoli, Benghazi, to the coastal border between Libya and Egypt. Thence along the coast to Alexandria, then to Cairo, and along the Cairo parallel to the 40° E meridian. North along the 40° E meridian to the intersection with the border between Syrian Arab Republic and Iraq and along this border up to the Turkish border. Then along the border between Turkey and the following countries: Iraq, Islamic Republic of Iran, Armenia and Georgia, up to the Black Sea Coast. Thence along the Black Sea Coast of Turkey to intersect the 30° E meridian. Along the 30° E meridian to the border of Romania and Ukraine, thence along the borders between Romania and Ukraine, Romania and Moldova, Romania and Ukraine to the junction of the borders of Ukraine, Hungary and Romania.

27/105 Sub-Area 1E

From the point 50° N 20° W, through the points 40° N 20° W, 40° N 50° W, 30° N 39° W, 30° N 10° W, 31° N 10° W, to the point 31° N 10° E. Then along the border between Libya and Tunisia to the Mediterranean, thence along the Tunisian coast to intersect the 10° E meridian. Thence along this meridian to the point 43° N 10° E; thence to the borders between Italy and France and between Italy and Switzerland, Austria and Switzerland, Austria and Liechtenstein, Austria and Switzerland, Switzerland and Germany, and between France and Germany, France and Luxembourg, and France and Belgium to the Channel coast. Thence west through the territorial waters between the Channel Islands and the French coast to the points 50° N 10° W and 50° N 20° W

27/106 Regional and Domestic Air Route Area – 2 (RDARA-2)

From the North Pole along the 32° E meridian to the 70° N parallel. Then along the border between Norway and the Russian Federation and Finland and the Russian Federation to the Baltic coast. Thence southwestward along the Baltic coast to the border between the Russian Federation and

Poland. Thence along the border between Poland and the following countries: the Russian Federation, Lithuania, Belarus and Ukraine. Thence along the border between Ukraine and the following countries: Poland, Slovakia, Hungary and Romania, to the junction of the borders of Ukraine, Romania and Moldova. Thence along the borders of Romania and Moldova, Romania and Ukraine, to the Black Sea coast at the intersection of the 30° E meridian. Then along the 30° E meridian to the Black Sea coast of Turkey. Along the Black Sea coast of Turkey to the junction of the borders of Turkey and Georgia. Thence along borders between Turkey and the following countries: Georgia, Armenia and Azerbaijan, to the junction of the borders between the Islamic Republic of Iran and Azerbaijan. Then along the northern border of the Islamic Republic of Iran to Caspian Sea. Then along the Iran Caspian Sea coast to the border of Turkmenistan. Thence eastward along the southern borders of Turkmenistan, Uzbekistan, Tajikistan and Kyrgyzstan, and the eastern border of Kazakhstan, to the junction of the borders of Kazakhstan, the Russian Federation and China. Then along the border between the Russian Federation and China to the intersection of the Mongolia-China-Russian Federation borders at approximately 49° N 88° E. Then along the 88° E meridian to 55° N. Then along the 55° N parallel to 60° E, and along the 60° E meridian to the North Pole.

27/107 Sub-Area 2A

From the North Pole along the 32° E meridian to 70° N. Then along the border between Norway and the Russian Federation, and Finland and the Russian Federation to the Baltic coast, and southwestward along the Baltic coast to the point 55° N 20° E, and thence to Moscow. Then to 55° N 60° E, and along the 60° E meridian to the North Pole.

27/108 Sub-Area 2B

From the point 55° N 88° E and through the point 55° N 60° E to the point 47° N 53° E. Thence along the east coast of the Caspian Sea to the Iranian coast. Then along the Islamic Republic of Iran Caspian Sea coast to the border of Turkmenistan. Thence eastward along the southern borders of Turkmenistan, Uzbekistan, Tajikistan and Kyrgyzstan, and the eastern border of Kazakhstan, to the junction of the borders of Kazakhstan, the Russian Federation and China. Then along the border between the Russian Federation and China to the intersection of the Mongolia-China-Russian Federation borders at approximately 49° N 88° E; thence along the 88° E meridian to 55° N 88° E.

27/109 Sub-Area 2C

From the point 55° N 60° E, to Moscow, to 55° N 20° E. Thence south along the borders between Poland and the following countries: Russian Federation, Lithuania, Belarus and Ukraine. Thence along the border between Ukraine and the following countries: Poland, Slovakia, Hungary and Romania, to junction of the borders of Ukraine, Romania and Moldova. Thence along the borders of Romania and Moldova, Romania and Ukraine to the Black Sea coast at the meridian 30° E. Along the meridian 30° E to the Black Sea coast of Turkey. Along this coastline to the junction of the

border between Turkey and Georgia. Thence along the borders between Turkey and the following countries: Georgia, Armenia and Azerbaijan, to the junction of the borders between the Islamic Republic of Iran and Azerbaijan. Then along the northern borders of the Islamic Republic of Iran to the Caspian Sea, then along the south coast of the Caspian Sea and thence north along the East Caspian Sea coast and through the point 47° N 53° E to 55° N 60° E.

27/110 *Regional and Domestic Air Route Area – 3* (RDARA-3)

From the North Pole to the point 55° N 60° E, thence along the 55° N parallel to 88° E. Then along the 88° E meridian to the intersection of the Mongolia-China-Russian Federation borders at approximately 49° N 88° E. Then along the borders between Mongolia and China, and the Russian Federation and China, to the coast. Between the territorial waters of the Russian Federation and Japan to the point 43° N 147° E and through the point 50° N 164° E to 65° N 170° W. Then along the 170° W meridian to the North Pole.

27/111 Sub-Area 3A

From the North Pole along the 60° E meridian to 55° N. Then along the 55° N parallel to 88° E. Then through the point 60° N 88° E to 60° N 110° E, and along the 110° E meridian to the North Pole.

27/112. Sub-Area 3B

From the North Pole along the 110° E meridian to 60° N 110° E, and through the points 60° N 147° E, 43° N 147° E, 50° N 164° E, to 65° N 170° W. Then along the 170° W meridian to the North Pole.

27/113 Sub-Area 3C

From the point 60° N 88° E to the intersection of Mongolia-China-the Russian Federation borders at approximately 49° N 88° E. Along the borders between Mongolia and China, and the Russian Federation and China, to the coast. Between the territorial waters of the Russian Federation and Japan to the point 43° N 147° E. Then through the point 60° N 147° E to the point 60° N 88° E.

27/114 Regional arid Domestic Air Route Area – 4 (RDARA-4)

From the point 30° N 39° W, and through the points 10° N 20° W, 05° S 20° W, to the point 05° S 12° E. Thence along the border between the Rep. of the Congo and Angola, then along the northern border of the Dem. Rep. of the Congo, and the borders of the Rep. of the Congo, of the Central African Republic and the Sudan. Thence north along the western border of the Sudan. Along the western border of Egypt, northwards to the Mediterranean and along the Mediterranean and Atlantic coasts of North Africa to the point 30° N 10° W. West along the 30° N parallel to close the area at 30° N 39° W.

27/115 Sub-Area 4A

From the point 30° N 39° W to 21° N 31° W. Thence to Gao and to Zinder. From Zinder, along the northern border of Nigeria, to the junction of the borders of Nigeria, Chad and Cameroon. Then along the border between Chad and Cameroon to a point west of N'Djamena. Then along the parallel to 12° N 22° E. Thence north along the western border of the Sudan, and along the western border of Egypt to the Mediterranean. Along the North African Mediterranean coast and Atlantic coast to a point 30° N 10° W. Thence along the 30° N parallel to close the sub-area at 30° N 39° W.

27/116 Sub-Area 4B

From the point 21° N 31° W, through the points 10° N 20° W, 05° S 20° W to 05° S 12° E. Thence along the southern border of the Rep. of the Congo and the Central African Republic to the junction between the Dem. Rep. of the Congo, the Sudan and the Central African Republic. Along the western border of the Sudan to the point 12° N 22° E. Thence along the N'Djamena parallel to the Nigerian border. Then westward along this border to the point 13° 12' N 10° 45' E, through Zinder and Gao, to the point 21° N 31° W.

27/117 *Regional and Domestic Air Route Area – 5* (RDARA-5)

From the point 41° N 40° E to the point 37° N 40° E. Then along the border between Turkey and Syrian Arab Republic to the Mediterranean coast. Thence to the common border of Libya and Egypt on the North African coast excluding Cyprus. Southward along the western border of Egypt, and the Sudan to the border of Kenya. Thence east along the northern border of Kenya, then south along the border between Kenya and Somalia and to the East African coast at 02° S 41° E. Then through the point 02° S 73° E to 37° N 73° E. Then east along the border between Afghanistan and Pakistan, and west along the northern borders of Afghanistan and the Islamic Republic of Iran to the Caspian Sea. Then along the northern border of the Islamic Republic of Iran and Turkey to close the area at 41° N 40° E.

27/118 Sub-Area 5A

From the point 37° N 40° E, along the border between Turkey and the Syrian Arab Republic to the Mediterranean coast. Thence to the Libyan -Egyptian border on the North African coast, excluding Cyprus. Southward, along the western border of Egypt and east along the common border of Egypt and the Sudan to 24° N 37° E. Then through the points 11° 45′ N 42° E, 11° 45′ N 55° E, 20° N 52° E, to the point 26° N 52° E. Thence along the border between Islamic Republic of Iran and Iraq, and the border between Iraq and Turkey, to the point 37° N 40° E.

27/119 Sub-Area 5B

From the point 41° N 40° E to 37° N 40° E. Thence east along the borders between Turkey and Syrian Arab Republic and Turkey and Iraq, and along the border between Iraq and the Islamic Republic of Iran to the point 30° N 49° E. Thence along the middle of the Gulf through the points 26° N 52° E and 24° N 60° E, to Mumbai. Then to 37° N 73° E. Then east along the border between Afghanistan and Pakistan, then west along the northern borders of Afghanistan and the Islamic Republic of Iran, to the Caspian Sea. Then along the northern border of the Islamic Republic of Iran and Turkey to close the sub-area at 41° N 40° E.

27/120 Sub-Area 5C

From the point 26° N 52° E, and through the points 13° N 52° E, 13° N 54° E, 02° S 54° E, 02° S 73° E, to Mumbai. Then to 24° N 60° E. Then along the middle of the Gulf to 26° N 52° E.

27/121 Sub-Area 5D

From the junction of Egypt, Libya and the Sudan southward along the western border of Sudan to the border of Kenya. Thence along the northern border of Kenya. Then south along the border between Kenya and Somalia to the east African coast, at the point 02° S 42° E. Then through the points 02° S 54° E, 13° N 54° E, 13° N 52° E to the point 12° N 44° E. Thence northwest along the middle of the Red Sea to 24° N 37° E. Thence along the southern border of Egypt to close the subarea.

27/122 *Regional and Domestic Air Route Area* – 6 (RDARA-6)

From approximately 49° N 88° E, eastward along the border between China and the following countries: the Russian Federation, Kazakhstan, Kyrgyzstan, Tajikistan and Afghanistan. Then along the border between Afghanistan and Pakistan, and the Islamic Republic of Iran and Pakistan to the point 23° N 61° E. Thence to Mumbai. Then along the 73° E meridian to the point 02° S 73° E, and through the points 02° S 92° E, 10° S 92° E, 10° S 141° E, 00° 141° E, 00° 160° E, 03° 30' N 160° E, 03° 30' N 170° W, 10° N 170° W, 50° N 164° E, to the point 43° N 147° E. Thence west between the territorial waters of Japan and the Russian Federation and along the north-eastern and northern border of China to approximately 49° N 88° E.

27/123 Sub-Area 6A

From the point 37° N 75° E, along the border between Pakistan and Afghanistan, and the Islamic Republic of Iran and Pakistan to the point 23° N 61° E. Thence to Mumbai. From Mumbai to 24° N 80° E. Thence to Calcutta. Thence along the coast of Bangladesh and Myanmar to reach the border between Myanmar and Thailand. North along this border and that between Myanmar and Lao (P.D.R.). Thence along the border between China and Myanmar. Thence westward along the southern border of China to the point 37° N 75° E.

27/124 Sub-Area 6B

From the point 39° 49' 41" N 124° 10' 06" E, through the points 39° 31' 51" N 124° 06' 31" E, 39° N 124° E to the point 32° 30' N 124° E. Between the point 32° 30' N 124° E and the point 25° N 123° E, the limit of this Sub-Area is undefined. From the point 25° N 123° E, through the points 21° N 121° 30' E, 20° N 120° E, 20° N 176° W, 20° N 20° N 20° E, 20° N #### **27**/125 Sub-Area 6C

From the point 20° N 130° E through the point 04° N 130° E to 04° N 118° E. Thence along the southern borders of Sabah and Sarawak to the coast and then southward along the west coast of Borneo to the 110° E meridian. Thence along 110° E meridian to the point 10° S 110° E. Thence through the points 10° S 141° E, 00° 141° E, 00° 160° E, 03° 30° N 160° E, 03° 30° N 170° W, 170° W, 170° W, 170° W, 170° W, 170° W to 170° W to 170° W to 170° H 170° W to 170° H #### 27/126 Sub-Area 6D

From the junction of the borders of China, India and Myanmar, south along the India-Myanmar and Bangladesh-Myanmar borders to the Bay of Bengal. Along the coast of Myanmar to its southernmost point, then to Weh Island (off the north coast of Sumatra). Then to the point 02° S 92° E, and through the point 10° S 92° E to 10° S 110° E. Then eastward to 10° S 141° E extending northward to 10° A 130° E through the point 10° A 130° E to 10° A 130° E through the point 10° A 130° E to 10° A 130° E through the point 10° A 130° E to 10° A 130° E through the point 10° A 130° E to 10° A 130° E through the border between China, Viet Nam, the Lao (P.D.R.) and Myanmar, to close the Sub-Area at the junction of the borders of China, India and Myanmar.

27/127 Sub-Area 6E

From the point 20° N 73° E, and through the points 02° S 73° E, 02° S 92° E, through Weh Island (off the north coast of Sumatra) to 10° N 97° E. Thence along the coasts of Myanmar, Bangladesh and India to Calcutta. Then through the points 24° N 80° E to 20° N 73° E.

27/128 Sub-Area 6F

From the point 25° N 123° E, 21° N 121° 30′ E, 20° N 120° E, 20° N 113° E, thence south around the Island of Hainan and along China-Viet Nam, China-Lao (P.D.R.) and China-Myanmar borders to the junction of the borders of China, India and Myanmar, south along the India-Myanmar and Bangladesh-Myanmar borders to the Bay of Bengal. Along the coast of Myanmar to its

southernmost point then to Weh Island (off the north coast of Sumatra). Then to the point 02° S 92° E and through the point 10° S 92° E to 10° S 110° E. Then northward along 110° E meridian, thence along the boundary of Sub-Area 6C to the points 20° N 130° E, 43° N 147° E, thence westward between the territorial waters of Japan and the Russian Federation and along the border between the Dem. People's Rep. of Korea and the Russian Federation, then the border between China and the Dem. People's Rep. of Korea, to the points 39° 49' 41" N 124° 10' 06" E, 39° 31' 51" N 124° 06' 31" E, 39° N 124° E, then to the point 32° 30' N 124° E.

Between the points 32° 30' N 124° E and 25° N 123° E, the limit of this Sub-Area is undefined.

27/129 Sub-Area 6G

From the point 32° 30' N 124° E northward to 39° N 124° E, 39° 31' 51" N 124° 06' 31" E then to 39° 49' 41" N 124° 10' 06" E on the border between China and the Dem. People's Rep. of Korea. Then along the border of China to the junction of the border with India and Myanmar. Thence southward along the India-Myanmar and Bangladesh-Myanmar borders to the Bay of Bengal. Along the coast of Myanmar to its southernmost point. Then to Weh Island (off the north coast of Sumatra). Then to the point 02° S 92° E and through the point 10° S 92° E to 10° S 110° E. Then eastward to 10° S 141° E extending northward to 00° 141° E and then to 04° N 130° E through the point 20° N 130° E to 20° N 120° 40' E. Thence northward to the points 21° N 121° 30' E and 25° N 123° E.

Between the points 25° N 123° E and the point 32° 30' N 124° E, the limit of this Sub-Area is undefined.

In the area where Sub-Areas 6D, 6F and 6G are common, the frequencies allotted to Sub-Area 6G shall be used only by the aeronautical stations of China; the frequencies allotted to Sub-Areas 6D and 6F will be used only by the aeronautical stations of the other administrations in the common area. Also in this common area, the operational use by China of the frequencies allotted to Sub-Area 6G shall be within the area defined by a line starting at 21° 32′ 52″ N 108° E, passing through the points 20° N 108° E, 20° N 107° E, 18° N 107° E, 18° N 108° E, 15° N 110° E, 10° N 110° E, 06° N 108° E, 03° 30′ N 112° E, 04° N 113° E, 08° N 116° E, 10° N 118° E, 14° N 119° E, 18° N 119° E to 20° N 120° 40′ E and thence along the limit of Sub-Area 6D to 21° 32′ 52″ N 108° E.

27/130 *Regional and Domestic Air Route Area* – 7 (RDARA-7)

From the South Pole along the 20° W meridian to 05° S. Then along the 05° S parallel to 12° E. Thence along the border between the Rep. of the Congo and Angola, then along the northern border of the Dem. Rep. of the Congo, along the border between Uganda and Sudan, and the borders between Kenya and Sudan, Ethiopia and Somalia, to the point 02° S 42° E. Then to 02° S 60° E and

along the 60° E meridian to 11° S, then through the points 11° S 65° E, 40° S 65° E, 40° S 60° E to the South Pole.

27/131 Sub-Area 7A

From the South Pole along the 20° W meridian to 05° S. Then through the points 05° S 10° E, 40° S 10° E, to 40° S 60° E. Then along the 60° E meridian to the South Pole.

27/132. Sub-Area 7B

From the point 05° S 10° E to 05° S 12° E. Thence along the border between the Rep. of the Congo and Angola, then along the northern border of the Dem. Rep. of the Congo, to the junction of the borders of Uganda, the Dem. Rep. of the Congo and Sudan. Thence along the eastern borders of the Dem. Rep. of the Congo, Rwanda, Burundi, and the Dem. Rep. of the Congo. Thence along the southern borders of the Dem. Rep. of the Congo and Angola to the coast of the South Atlantic. Thence to the point 17° S 10° E, and then to the point 05° S 10° E.

27/133 Sub-Area 7C

From the junction of the borders of Uganda, the Dem. Rep. of the Congo and Sudan along the western borders of Uganda and Tanzania, and then along the southern border of Tanzania to the coast. Thence through the points 11° S 41° E, 11° S 60° E, 02° S 60° E, to 02° S 41° E and thence to the east coast of Africa. Then north along the eastern border of Kenya, then west along the northern borders of Kenya and Uganda to close the sub-area at the junction of the borders of the Dem. Rep. of the Congo, Sudan and Uganda.

27/134 Sub-Area 7D

From the border between Tanzania and Mozambique on Lake Nyasa, south along the west border of Mozambique to the east coast of Africa, then through the points 27° S 33° E, 40° S 33° E, 40° S 65° E, 11° S 65° E to 11° S 41° E. Thence along the northern border of Mozambique to Lake Nyasa.

27/135 Sub-Area 7E

From the point 17° S 10° E, and through the points 40° S 10° E, 40° S 33° E, to 27° S 33° E. Thence along the west border of Mozambique and the part of the western border of Tanzania as far as the northern point of Lake Nyasa. Thence along the borders between Malawi and Tanzania and between Zambia and Tanzania and along the borders between the Dem. Rep. of the Congo and Zambia, Angola and Zambia, and Angola and Namibia to the coast at the point 17° S 10° E.

27/136 Sub-Area 7F

From the point 05° S 10° E to 05° S 12° E, along the border between the Rep. of the Congo and Angola to the junction point of the borders of the Rep. of the Congo, Angola, and the Dem. Rep. of the Congo. Thence along the border between Angola and the Dem. Rep. of the Congo until the coast of the Atlantic, along the coastline until the Zaire River and thence along the northern, eastern and southern border of Angola to the coast of the South Atlantic. Thence to the point 17° S 10° E and then to the point 05° S 10° E.

27/137 Regional and Domestic Air Route Area – 8 (RDARA-8)

From the South Pole along the 60° E meridian to 40° S then through the points 40° S 65° E, 11° S 65° E, 11° S 60° E, 02° S 60° E, 02° S 92° E, 10° S 92° E, to 10° S 110° E. Then along the 110° E meridian to the South Pole.

27/138 *Regional and Domestic Air Route Area* – 9 (RDARA-9)

From the South Pole along the 160° E meridian to 27° S. Then through the points 19° S 153° E, 10° S 141° E, 10° S 141° E, 10° S 141° E, 10° S 141° E, 10° E,

27/139 Sub-Area 9B

From the point 00° 141° E through points 10° S 141° E, 10° S 145° E, 27° S 160° E, 27° S 157° W, 03° 30' N 157° W, 03° 30' N 160° E, 00° 160° E to the point 00° 141° E.

27/140 Sub-Area 9C

From the South Pole along the 170° W meridian to 03° 30' N. Then through the point 03° 30' N 120° W and along the 120° W meridian to the South Pole.

27/141 Sub-Area 9D

From the South Pole along the 160° E meridian to 27° S. Then through the point 27° S 170° W and along the 170° W meridian to the South Pole.

27/142 Regional and Domestic Air Route Area – 10 (RDARA-10)

From the point 50° N 164° E to 66° N 169° W. Then along the 169° W meridian to the North Pole. Then through the points 82° N 30° E, 82° N 00° , 73° N 00° , 73° N 15° W. Then along the 15° W meridian to 72° N. Then through the points 40° N 50° W, 40° N 65° W to 44° 30' N 73° W, 41° N 81° W, 41° N 88° W. 48° N 91° W, 48° N 127° W, 50° N 130° W, then westward to the point 50° N 164° E.

27/143 Sub-Area 10A

From the point 50° N 164° E to 66° N 169° W, along the 169° W meridian to the North Pole, along the 130° W meridian to 50° N, then westward to the point 50° N 164° E.

27/144 Sub-Area 10B

From the point 57° N 140° W, along the 140° W meridian to the North Pole. Then along the 91° W meridian to 48° N. Thence through the points 48° N 127° W, 57° N 139° W, to 57° N 140° W.

27/145 Sub-Area 10C

From the point 57° N 140° W, and through the points 60° N 140° W, 60° N 91° W, 48° N 91° W, 48° N 127° W, 57° N 139° W, to 57° N 140° W.

27/146 Sub-Area 10D

From the point 48° N 98° W, along the 98° W meridian to the North Pole. Then along the 45° W meridian to 69° N. Then through the points 61° N 70° W, 45° N 72° W, 41° N 81° W, 41° N 88° W, 48° N 91° W, to 48° N 98° W.

27/147 Sub-Area 10E

From the point 45° N 74° W, and through the point 61° N 72° W to 69° N 47° W. Then along the 47° W meridian to the North Pole. Then along the 15° W meridian to 72° N. Then through the points 40° N 50° W, 40° N 65° W, to close the sub-area at 45° N 74° W.

27/148 Sub-Area 10F

From the North Pole through the points 82° N 30° E, 82° N 00°, 73° N 00°, 73° N 20° W, 70° N 20° W, 63° 30' N 39° W, 58° 30' N 43° W, 58° 30' N 50° W, 63° 30' N 55° 44' W, 65° 30' N 58° 39' W, 74° N 68° 18' W, 76° N 76° W, 78° N 75° W, 82° N 60° W to the North Pole.

27/149 *Regional and Domestic Air Route Area – 11* (RDARA-11)

From the point 29° N 180° through the points 50° N 164° E, 50° N 127° W. Then along the border between the United States of America and Canada to 46° N 67° W, then to 40° N 65° W, 40° N 50° W, 25° N 35° W, 25° N 98° W, 33° N 119° W, 33° N 153° W, 29° N 153° W to the point 29° N 180°.

27/150 Sub-Area 11A

From the point 29° N 180°, through the points 50° N 164° E, 50° N 130° W, 33° N 130° W, 33° N 153° W, 29° N 153° W, to the point 29° N 180°.

27/151 Sub-Area 11B

From the point 50° N 130° W and through the points 33° N 130° W, 33° N 119° W, 25° N 98° W, 25° N 65° W, 40° N 65° W, 46° N 67° W. Then along the border between the United States of America and Canada through 50° N 127° W, to the point 50° N 130° W.

27/152 Sub-Area 11C

From the point 25° N 65° W and through the points 40° N 65° W, 40° N 50° W, 25° N 35° W, to the point 25° N 65° W.

27/153 *Regional and Domestic Air Route Area – 12* (RDARA-12)

From the point 03° 30' N 170° W to the point 10° N 170° W, then along the boundary between ITU Regions 2 and 3 to 29° N 180° , and thence to 29° N 153° W, 33° N 153° W, through the points 33° N 120° W, 35° N 120° W, 32° N 104° W, 25° N 91° W, 26° N 91° W, 26° N 79° W, 27° N 76° 30' W, 25° N 70° W, 25° N 35° W and along the boundary between ITU Regions 1 and 2 to 00° 20° W. Thence through the points 00° 44° W, 04° 24' N 50° 39' W. Then along the boundaries between Brazil and the French Guiana, Surinam, Guyana, Venezuela, Colombia to the junction of Brazil, Peru and Colombia then along the boundaries between Peru and Colombia and Peru and Ecuador to the point 04° S 93° W. Then to the point 05° S 93° W and through the points 05° S 120° W, 03° 30' N 120° W to the point 03° 30' N 170° W.

27/154 Sub-Area 12A

From the point 03° 30' N 170° W to the point 10° N 170° W, then along the boundary between ITU Regions 2 and 3 to 29° N 180° , and thence through the points 29° N 153° W, 03° 30' N 153° W to the point 03° 30' N 170° W.

27/155 Sub-Area 12B

From the point $03^{\circ} 30' \, N \, 153^{\circ} \, W$ to $33^{\circ} \, N \, 153^{\circ} \, W$, through the points $33^{\circ} \, N \, 120^{\circ} \, W$, $17^{\circ} \, N \, 115^{\circ} \, W$, $14^{\circ} \, N \, 93^{\circ} \, W$, $02^{\circ} \, N \, 86^{\circ} \, W$, $02^{\circ} \, N \, 93^{\circ} \, W$, $05^{\circ} \, S \, 93^{\circ} \, W$, $05^{\circ} \, S \, 120^{\circ} \, W$, $03^{\circ} \, 30' \, N \, 120^{\circ} \, W$, to the point $03^{\circ} \, 30' \, N \, 153^{\circ} \, W$.

27/156 Sub-Area 12C

From the point 33° N 120° W, through the points 35° N 120° W, 32° N 104° W, 25° N 91° W, 23° N 83° W, 22° N 83° W, 13° N 90° W, 16° N 116° W, to the point 33° N 120° W.

27/157 Sub-Area 12D

From the point 20° N 91° W, through the points 26° N 91° W, 26° N 79° W, 27° N 79° W, 27° N 76° 30' W, 26° N 73° W, 17° N 58° W, to 10° N 58° W. Thence through Panama City, Colon, Swan Island, and Belize City to the point 20° N 91° W.

27/158 Sub-Area 12E

From the point 15° N 95° W and through 23° N 92° W, 23° N 85° W, 19° N 85° W, 09° N 77° W, 02° N 79° W. Thence to 01° N 75° W along the eastern and southern border of Ecuador to the point 04° S 81° W, and from there to 02° N 81° W and 02° N 86° W, 14° N 93° W to close the sub-area at 15° N 95° W.

27/159 Sub-Area 12F

From the point 02° N 79° W to the point 08° N 83° W, then along the border between Panama and Costa Rica, through the points 10° N 83° W, 13° N 13° W, 13° N 13° W and 13° N 13° W. Thence along the border between Colombia and Peru, continuing along the border between Colombia and Ecuador, to the point 13° N 13° W.

27/160 Sub-Area 12G

From the point 07° N 73° W, through the points 14° N 73° W, 14° N 58° W, 01° 31' N 58° W and along the borders of Brazil with Guyana, Venezuela, Colombia through the points 01° 57' N 68° W, 05° N 69° W, to the point 07° N 73° W.

27/161 Sub-Area 12H

From the point 05° N 70° W, through the points 08° 45' N 60° W, 08° N 58° W, 08° N 49° W, 04° 10' N 51° 36' W, and along the borders of Brazil with French Guiana, Surinam, Guyana, Venezuela and Colombia to the junction of the borders of Brazil, Colombia and Peru, to the point 05° N 70° W.

27/162 Sub-Area 12I

From the point 25° N 70° W, through the point 25° N 35° W and along the boundary between ITU Regions 1 and 2, to 00° 20° W. Thence through the points 00° 44° W, 08° N 54° W, 08° N 58° W, 17° N 58° W, to the point 25° N 70° W.

27/163 Sub-Area 12J

From the point 04° S 93° W, through the points 02° N 93° W, 02° N 79° W. Then along the border between Ecuador and Colombia to the junction with the borders of Colombia, Peru and Ecuador. Thence along the border between Peru and Ecuador to the point 04° S 93° W.

27/164 *Regional and Domestic Air Route Area – 13* (RDARA-13)

From the South Pole along the 120° W meridian to 05° S. Then through the points 05° S 93° W, 04° S 82° W, and along the southern border of Ecuador, Colombia, Venezuela, Guyana, Surinam, the French Guiana, to the point 04° 24' N 50° 39' W. Then through the points 04° 24' N 47° W, 00° 32° W to the point 00° 20° W, and along the 20° W meridian to the South Pole.

27/165 Sub-Area 13A

From the point 05° S 120° W through the points 05° S 93° W, 04° S 82° W, 19° S 81° W, 57° S 81° W, to 57° S 90° W. Thence to the South Pole to the point 05° S 120° W.

27/166 Sub-Area 13B

From the point 29° S 111° W, through the points 24° S 111° W, 24° S 104° W, 29° S 104° W, to the point 29° S 111° W.

27/167 Sub-Area 13C

From the point 15° S 47° W, through the points 20° S 44° W, 23° 19' S 42° W, 25° S 45° W, 22° 30' S 50° 39' W, 19° 52' S 58° W, and along the borders of Brazil with Paraguay, Bolivia, Peru, Colombia, Venezuela, Guyana, Surinam and French Guiana to 04° 24' N 50° 39' W, 04° 24' N 47° W, to the point 15° S 47° W.

27/168 Sub-Area 13D

From 11° S 69° 30' W along the border between Bolivia and Brazil and through the point 20° 10' S 58° W, along the border between Bolivia and Paraguay to 22° 30' S 62° 30' W. Then along the border between Bolivia and Argentina and through the point 23° S 67° W along the border between Bolivia and Chile and through the point 16° 30' S 69° 30' W following the border between Bolivia and Peru to the point 11° S 69° 30' W.

27/169 Sub-Area 13M

From the point 19° S 81° W, through the points 04° S 82° W, 03° S 80° W, following the boundaries between Peru and Ecuador, Colombia and Brazil to the point 11° S 69° 30' W, along the border of Peru with Bolivia to 17° 30' S 69° 30' W, then along the border of Peru with Chile to the point 19° S 81° W.

27/170 Sub-Area 13N

From the point $22^{\circ} 30' \text{ S}$ $62^{\circ} 30' \text{ W}$ along the border of Paraguay with Bolivia to $20^{\circ} 10' \text{ S}$ 58° W , along the border of Paraguay with Brazil to $25^{\circ} 50' \text{ S}$ $54^{\circ} 30' \text{ W}$ and thence along the border of Paraguay with Argentina to the point $22^{\circ} 30' \text{ S}$ $62^{\circ} 30' \text{ W}$.

27/171 Sub-Area 13E

From the point 32° S 81° W through the point 19° S 81° W, up to the intersection of the coast with the border between Chile and Peru, Bolivia and Argentina, to the point of intersection with 32° S and then to the point 32° S 81° W.

27/172 Sub-Area 13F

From the point 57° S 81° W, through the point 32° S 81° W to the intersection of 32° S with the border between Chile and Argentina, through the points 52° S 67° W, 57° S 67° W, 57° S 40° W to the South Pole to the point 57° S 81° W.

27/173 Sub-Area 13G

From the point 36° S 55° W to the intersection of 32° S with the border between Argentina and Chile, then north along the borders of Argentina with Bolivia. Paraguay, Brazil and Uruguay to the point 36° S 55° W.

27/174 Sub-Area 13H

From the point 57° S 90° W and through the point 57° S 70° W to 52° S 70° W. Then along the border between Chile and Argentina to its intersection by 32° S and through the points 36° S 55° W, 57° S 55° W, 57° S 25° W to the South Pole and then to the point 57° S 90° W.

27/175 Sub-Area 131

From the point 40° S 50° W through the point 36° S 55° W and along the borders of Uruguay with Argentina and Brazil, then through the point 35° S 45° W to the point 40° S 50° W.

27/176 Sub-Area 13J

From the point 15° S 47° W through the points 20° S 44° W, 23° 19' S 42° W, 29° S 40° W, 35° S 45° W, and thence along the borders of Brazil with Uruguay, Argentina, Paraguay and Bolivia to the point 19° 52' S 58° W, then through the point 18° S 57° 37' W to the point 15° S 47° W.

27/177 Sub-Area 13K

From the point 22° 30' S 50° 39' W and through the points 25° S 45° W, 29° S 40° W, 20° S 32° W, 00° 32° W, 04° 24' N 47° W, 04° 24' N 50° 39' W to the point 22° 30' S 50° 39' W.

27/178 Sub-Area 13L

From the point 00° 32° W through the points 00° 20° W, the South Pole, 57° S 55° W, 36° S 55° W, 40° S 50° W, 20° S 32° W, to the point 00° 32° W.

27/179 *Regional and Domestic Air Route Area – 14* (RDARA-14)

From the South Pole along the 110° E meridian to 10° S. Then through the points 10° S 145° E, 19° S 153° E, 27° S 160° E. Then along the 160° E meridian to the South Pole.

27/180 Sub-Area 14A

From the South Pole along the 110° E meridian to 19° S. Then through the points 19° S 118° E, 24° S 120° E, 24° S 131° E. Then along the 131° E meridian to the South Pole.

27/181 Sub-Area 14B

From the point 19° S 110° E to the point 10° S 110° E, thence through 10° S 131° E, 24° S 131° E, 24° S 120° E, 19° S 118° E to the point 19° S 110° E.

27/182 Sub-Area 14C

From the point 24° S 131° E to the point 10° S 131° E, thence through 10° S 139° E, 24° S 139° E to the point 24° S 131° E

27/183 Sub-Area 14D

From the South Pole along the 131° E meridian to 24° S, then through the points 24° S 139° E, 27° S 139° E, 27° S 142° E, 34° S 142° E, 34° S 139° E. Then along the 139° E meridian to the South Pole.

27/184 Sub-Area 14E

From the point 24° S 139° E along the 139° E meridian to 10° S, then through the points 10° S 145° E, 19° S 153° E to the point 24° S 139° E.

27/185 Sub-Area 14F

From the point 27° S 139° E along the 139° E meridian to 24° S, then through the points 19° S 153° E, 27° S 160° E to the point 27° S 139° E.

27/186 Sub-Area 14G

From the South Pole along the 139° E meridian to 34° S, then through the points 34° S 142° E, 27° S 142° E, 27° S 160° E. Then along the 160° E meridian to the South Pole.

ARTICLE 3

Description of the boundaries of the VOLMET allotment areas and VOLMET reception areas

VOLMET Area – AFRICA-INDIAN OCEAN (AFI-MET)

27/187 *The AFI-MET allotment area is* defined by a line drawn from the point 29° N 20° W, through the points 37° N 03° W, 37° N 36° E, 30° N 35° E, 10° N 52° E, 22° S 60° E, 35° S 35° E, 35° S 15° E, 08° S 15° W, 12° N 20° W, to the point 29° N 20° W.

27/188 The AFI-MET reception area is defined by a line drawn from the point 37° N 03° W, through the points 37° N 36° E, 30° N 35° E, 10° N 52° E, 10° N 100° E, the South Pole, the points 29° N 40° W, 29° N 20° W, to the point 37° N 03° W.

VOLMET Area – NORTH ATLANTIC (NAT-MET)

27/189 The *NAT-MET allotment area is* defined by a line drawn from the point 41° N 78° W, through the points 51° N 55° W, 24° N 50° W, 24° N 74° W, to the point 41° N 78° W.

27/190 The NAT-MET reception area is defined by a line drawn from the point 24° N 97° W, through the points 24° N 85° W, 75° N 85° W, 75° N 20° W, 00° 20° W, 00° 95° W, to the point 24° N 97° W.

VOLMET Area – EUROPE (EUR-MET)

27/191 The EUR-MET allotment area is defined by a line drawn from the point 33° N 12° W, through the points 54° N 12° W, 70° N 00° , 74° N 40° E, 40° N 36° E, 29° N 35° 30' E, 32° N 13° E, to the point 33° N 12° W.

27/192 The EUR-MET reception area is defined by a line drawn from the point 15° N 20° W, through the points 40° N 50° W, 75° N 50° W, 75° N 45° E, 15° N 45° E, to the point 15° N 20° W.

VOLMET Area – MIDDLE EAST (MID-MET)

27/193 The *MID-MET allotment area is* defined by a line drawn from the point 50° N 80° E, through the points 29° N 80° E, 27° N 85° E, 16° N 78° E, 22° N 56° E, 16° N 42° E, 30° N 30° E, 51° N 30° E, 57° N 37° E, to the point 50° N 80° E.

27/194 The *MID-MET reception area is* defined by a line drawn from the point 50° N 80° E, through the points 50° N 90° E, 35° N 90° E, 27° N 85° E, 16° N 78° E, 22° N 56° E, 16° N 42° E, 30° N 30° E, 51° N 30° E, 57° N 37° E, to the point 50° N 80° E.

VOLMET Area – NORTH CENTRAL ASIA (NCA-MET)

27/195 The *NCA-MET allotment area is* defined by a line drawn from the point 76° N 32° E, through the points 80° N 90° E, 75° N 168° W, 66° N 168° W, 48° N 160° E, 42° N 135° E, 50° N 130° E, 50° N 90° E, 35° N 70° E, 45° N 30° E, 60° N 20° E, to the point 76° N 32° E.

27/196 The *NCA-MET reception area is* defined by a line drawn from the North Pole, through the points 40° N 168° W. 30° N 140° E. 35° N 70° E. 30° N 20° E. to the North Pole.

VOLMET Area – PACIFIC (PAC-MET)

27/197 The *PAC-MET allotment area is* defined by a line drawn from the point 52° N 132° E, through the points 63° N 149° W, 38° N 120° W, 50° S 120° W, 50° S 145° E, 28° S 145° E, 03° S 129° E, 22° N 112° E to the point 52° N 132° E.

27/198 The *PAC-MET reception area is* defined by a line drawn from the point 60° N 100° E through the points 75° N 160°W, 75° N 110° W, 65° S 110° W, 65° S 145° E, 28° S 145° E, 03° S 129° E, 05° N 80° E, 40° N 80° E, to the point 60° N 100° E.

VOLMET Area – SOUTH EAST ASIA (SEA-MET)

27/199 The *SEA-MET allotment area is* defined by a line drawn from the point 55° N 75° E, through the points 55° N 135° E, 45° N 135° E, 35° N 130° E, 10° N 130° E, 10° S 155° E, 35° S 155° E, 35° S 116° E, 08° N 75° E, 26° N 65° E, to the point 55° N 75° E.

27/200 The SEA-MET reception area is defined by a line drawn from the point 55° N 50° E, through the points 55° N 180° , 50° S 180° , 50° S 70° E, 08° N 70° E, 08° N 50° E, to the point 55° N 50° E.

VOLMET Area – CARIBBEAN (CAR-MET)

27/201 The *CAR-MET allotment area is* defined by a line drawn from the point 30° N 110° W, through the points 30° N 75° W, 00° 50° W, following the equator to 00° 80° W to the point 30° N 110° W.

27/202 The CAR-MET reception area is defined by a line drawn from the point 40° N 120° W, through the points 40° N 20° W, 25° S 20° W, 25° S 120° W, to the point 40° N 120° W.

VOLMET Area – SOUTH AMERICA (SAM-MET)

27/203 The SAM-MET allotment area is defined by a line drawn from the point 15° N 83° W, through the points 15° N 60° W, 05° S 35° W, 55° S 60° W, 55° S 83° W, to the point 15° N 83° W.

27/204 The SAM-MET reception area is defined by a line drawn from the point 30° N 120° W through the point 30° N 00°, the South Pole, to the point 30° N 120° W.

ARTICLE 4

World-wide allotment areas

27/205 World-wide Area I

The boundaries of this allotment area comprise those of RDARAs 1, 2 and 3.

27/206 World-wide Area II

The boundaries of this allotment area comprise those of RDARAs 10, 11 12A, 12B, 12C, and 12D.

27/207 World-wide Area III

The boundaries of this allotment area comprise those of RDARAs 6, 8, 9 and 14.

27/208 World-wide Area IV

The boundaries of this allotment area comprise those of RDARAs 12E to 12J inclusive and 13.

27/209 World-wide Area V

The boundaries of this allotment area comprise those of RDARAs 4, 5 and 7.

Section II – Allotment of frequencies in the aeronautical mobile (R) service

ARTICLE 1

27/210 Frequency allotment Plan by areas

27/211 NOTE a) * = For the exact nature of a restriction on the use of the frequency concerned, refer to column 3 of the frequency allotment Plan in numerical order of frequencies (Nos. 27/218 to 27/231).

27/212 NOTE b) The following list does not include the world-wide common (R) and (OR) frequencies of 3023 kHz and 5 680 kHz. The allotment of these frequencies is shown in Article 2.

27/213 (WRC-2000)

	Frequency bands (MHz)										
Area	3	3.5	4.7	5.4 (Reg. 2)	5.6	6.6	9	10	11.3	13.3	18
	kHz	kHz	kHz	kHz	kHz	kHz	kHz	kHz	kHz	kHz	kHz
AFI	2 851 2 878	3 419 3 425 3 467	4 657		5 493 5 652 5 658	6 559 6 574 6 673	8 894 8 903		11 300 11 330	13 273 13 288 13 294	17 961
CAR	2 887	3 455			5 520 5 550	6 577 6 586	8 846 8 918		11 387 11 396	13 297	17 907
CEP	2 869	3 413	4 657		5 547 5 574	6 673	8 843	10 057	11 282	13 300	17 904
CWP	2 998	3 455	4 666		5 652 5 661	6 532 6 562	8 903	10 081	11 384	13 300	17 904
EA	3 016	3 485 3 491			5 655 5 670	6 571	8 897	10 042	11 396	13 297 13 303 13 309	17 907
EUR		3 479			5 661	6 598		10 084		13 288	17 961
INO		3 476	·		5 634	·	8 879			13 306	17 961

(Cont.)

(Cont.)					Freq	quency ba (MHz)	nds				
Area	3	3.5	4.7	5.4 (Reg. 2)	5.6	6.6	9	10	11.3	13.3	18
	kHz	kHz	kHz	kHz	kHz	kHz	kHz	kHz	kHz	kHz	kHz
MID	2 944 2 992	3 467 3 473	4 669		5 658 5 667	6 625 6 631	8 918 8 951	10 018	11 375	13 288 13 312	17 961
NAT	2 872 2 889 2 962 2 971 3 016	3 476	4 675		5 598 5 616 5 649	6 622 6 628	8 825 8 831 8 864 8 879 8 891 8 906		11 279 11 309 11 336	13 291 13 306	17 946
NCA	3 004 3 019		4 678		5 646 5 664	6 592		10 096		13 303 13 315	17 958
NP	2 932				5 628	6 655 6 661		10 048	11 330	13 300	17 904
SAM	2 944	3 479	4 669		5 526	6 649	8 855	10 024 10 096	11 360	13 297	17 907
SAT	2 854 2 935	3 452			5 565	6 535	8 861		11 291	13 315 13 357	17 955
SEA		3 470 3 485			5 649 5 655	6 556	8 942	10 066	11 396	13 309 13 318	17 907
SP		3 467			5 559 5 643		8 867	10 084	11 327	13 300	17 904
1						6 556		10 021	11 363		
1B	2 860* 2 881* 2 890	3 458* 3 473* 3 488*			5 484 5 568	6 550 6 595		10 066			
1C	2 977 2 983	3 464 3 470	4 666		5 577 5 595	6 544	8 840		11 366		
1D	2 974 2 980 2 989	3 410 3 416 3 446	4 651		5 622 5 628 5 637	6 604 6 610	8 828	10 060	11 384		
1E	2 965	3 491			5 583	6 667		10 036			
2	2 938 2 950		4 696		5 556	6 583 6 601	8 846 8 855 8 888	10 015 10 045	11 297 11 360 11 390	13 321 13 357	17 964
2A	2 851* 2 863 2 869 2 875 2 881 2 887* 2 896 2 917 2 926 2 932 2 941	3 416* 3 422 3 434 3 440 3 455	4 657* 4 672 4 690		5 481 5 490 5 496 5 502 5 523 5 547 5 559 5 604	6 526 6 532 6 547 6 553 6 559 6 565 6 574 6 673	8 822* 8 876 8 909 8 939	10 048 10 054	11 276 11 285 11 294		

^{*} See No. 27/211. (See cont.)

(Cont.)

(Cont.)					Freq	quency ba (MHz)	nds				
Area	3	3.5	4.7	5.4 (Reg. 2)	5.6	6.6	9	10	11.3	13.3	18
	kHz	kHz	kHz	kHz	kHz	kHz	kHz	kHz	kHz	kHz	kHz
2B	2 857 2 869 2 875 2 881 2 887* 2 896 2 902 2 908 2 914 2 920 2 929	3 401 3 407 3 416* 3 422 3 428 3 449	4 660 4 672 4 681 4 690 4 693		5 490 5 496 5 502 5 508 5 520 5 526 5 550 5 574 5 595 5 607 5 613 5 619	6 526 6 532 6 562 6 568 6 577 6 655 6 661 6 667	8 819 8 834 8 864	10 009 10 024	11 279 11 333 11 339		
2C	2 857 2 863 2 866 2 884 2 893 2 902 2 908 2 914 2 920 2 926 2 932	3 401 3 407 3 428 3 434 3 440 3 449 3 455	4 657* 4 660 4 681 4 693		5 481 5 487 5 508 5 514 5 520 5 526 5 550 5 562 5 574 5 586 5 604	6 535 6 541 6 547 6 553 6 562 6 568 6 577 6 586	8 819 8 834 8 882 8 939	10 009 10 024 10 054	11 276 11 333 11372		
3	2 893 2 935		4 693		5 556	6 583 6 589	8 846 8 954	10 087	11 318 11 336 11 360	13 267 13 321	17 952
3A	2 854 2 860 2 869 2 875 2 881 2 887* 2 896 2 905 2 911* 2 923* 2 959	3 404 3 416* 3 422 3 431* 3 443 3 452	4 672 4 684 4 690		5 484 5 490 5 496 5 502 5 511 5 517 5 568 5 580 5 601 5 625	6 526 6 532 6 538 6 544 6 550 6 556 6 607 6 613 6 619 6 649	8 837 8 861 8 900 8 942	10 045 10 057	11 309 11 324 11 330		
3В	2 851 2 854 2 872 2 878 2 884* 2 902 2 908 2 914 2 968*	3 401 3 407 3 413 3 419 3 425 3 431* 3 437* 3 443	4 657 4 681		5 493 5 499 5 505 5 514 5 520 5 526 5 550 5 562 5 580 5 601	6 529 6 538 6 544 6 559 6 568 6 577 6 595 6 625 6 631	8 822 8 852 8 861 8 879 8 957	10 024 10 039	11 285 11 291 11 327 11 372		

(Cont.)

(Cont.)					Freq	uency ba (MHz)	nds				
Area	3	3.5	4.7	5.4 (Reg. 2)	5.6	6.6	9	10	11.3	13.3	18
	kHz	kHz	kHz	kHz	kHz	kHz	kHz	kHz	kHz	kHz	kHz
3C	2 851 2 860 2 866* 2 878 2 905 2 950 2 974 2 980 2 986	3 404 3 410 3 419 3 425 3 452	4 684		5 484 5 514 5 562 5 568 5 586 5 637 5 643	6 550 6 556 6 595 6 658 6 664 6 670	8 837 8 852 8 894 8 915	10 039	11 291 11 303 11 324 11 378		
4						6 565	8 873			13 300	17 904
4A	2 926* 2 953	3 437 3 491	4 672*		5 547 5 559	6 526 6 532 6 616	8 816 8 837 8 858	10 039 10 081	11 282 11 318		
4B	2 866 2 893	3 443			5 481 5 574 5 604	6 553 6 577 6 598		10 063	11 324		
5							8 870 8 885	10 012	11 312 11 327	13 354	17 949 17 967
5A	2 986	3 452			5 577 5 583	6 544 6 664	8 822 8 915		11 288		
5B	2 911 2 968	3 431 3 488			5 511 5 568 5 625	6 550 6 595	8 912	10 093			
5C	2 905	3 452			5 583	6 544	8 822				
5D	2 899 2 971	3 482			5 526 5 550	6 535 6 547	8 843	10 048			
6							8 840		11 381	13 291	17 943
6A	2 872 2 923 2 947 3 001	3 479	4 657* 4 675		5 484 5 580 5 601	6 607 6 613 6 658	8 891 8 906 8 948	10 006 10 051 10 081*	11 321 11 357		
6B	2 857 2 920	3 479 3 488			5 502 5 595 5 625	6 607 6 613 6 619	8 864 8 885	10 021 10 093	11 339 11 366		17 955
6C	2 881 2 956	3 473	4 651		5 550 5 580	6 544 6 631	8 834 8 918	10 015			
6D	2 866 2 884	3 416			5 490 5 520 5 568 5 574 5 631	6 550 6 568 6 577 6 595	8 882 8 957		11 309 11 372		ee cont)

(Cont.)

(Cont.)					Freq	uency ba	nds				
Area	3	3.5	4.7	5.4 (Reg. 2)	5.6	6.6	9	10	11.3	13.3	18
	kHz	kHz	kHz	kHz	kHz	kHz	kHz	kHz	kHz	kHz	kHz
6E	2 854 2 872 2 917 3 001	3 443	4 657* 4 675		5 514 5 526 5 550	6 583 6 655 6 661	8 861* 8 906 8 909	10 036 10 051 10 084	11 357 11 363		
6F	2 926 2 941	3 434 3 440			5 496 5 508	6 526 6 667	8 864 8 939	10 060	11 279 11 366		
6G	2 869* 2 875* 2 890 2 896* 2 992* 2 911* 2 917* 2 938 2 953 2 962 2 971 2 977 2 983 2 989 2 995	3 413* 3 422* 3 431* 3 437 3 446 3 449* 3 464 3 482	4 651* 4 663* 4 669* 4 672* 4 690* 4 696*		5 481 5 487 5 493* 5 499* 5 505* 5 511* 5 517* 5 523 5 547 5 553 5 559 5 565 5 571 5 577 5 583 5 592 5 604 5 610 5 616 5 628* 5 634* 5 640*	6 529 6 535 6 541 6 547 6 553 6 559 6 565 6 574 6 580 6 586 6 598 6 604 6 610 6 616 6 622 6 634 6 649 6 652 6 673 6 682	8 816 8 825 8 831 8 843 8 858 8 867 8 870* 8 873 8 888* 8 912* 8 960	10 018* 10 054* 10 063*	11 276* 11 282* 11 288 11 294* 11 300* 11 315 11 369	13 270 13 276	17 913
7					5 508	6 586	8 888		11 285	13 354	
7B	2 863 2 965	3 455			5 577 5 583	6 652	8 906	10 009			
7C	2 950	3 407			5 592	6 568 6 604	8 834	10 081	11 294		
7D	2 998				5 481			10 096			
7E	2 887	3 485			5 520	6 580 6 628	8 864		11 306		
7F	2 956	3 461			5 547 5 568	6 622	8 846 8 960				
9			4 696		5 583	6 553	8 846 8 852	10 018	11 339		

(Cont.)

(Cont.)					Freq	quency ba (MHz)	nds				
Area	3	3.5	4.7	5.4 (Reg. 2)	5.6	6.6	9	10	11.3	13.3	18
	kHz	kHz	kHz	kHz	kHz	kHz	kHz	kHz	kHz	kHz	kHz
9B	2 860 2 905 2 929*	3 401* 3 419 3 425 3 476*	4 660		5 484 5 508 5 523 5 565	6 538 6 547 6 598 6 622	8 819 8 837 8 861 8 906	10 009 10 024 10 039	11 393		
9C	2 851	3 404 3 461	4 675		5 481	6 580	8 873	10 042	11 279 11 312		
9D	3 016	3 404			5 592	6 535	8 873		11 312		
10			4 696	5 454	5 604	6 553	8 819 8 834	10 006 10 012	11 333 11 390	13 285	17 910
10A	2 866 2 875 2 911 2 944 2 956 2 992	3 449 3 470		5 472 5 475	5 484 5 490 5 496 5 565 5 631	6 535 6 580 6 604	8 855 8 876	10 066	11 357 11 363 11 375		
10B	2 854 2 860	3 404 3 467 3 488	4 651 4 666 4 681 4 690 4 693	5 460 5 466	5 553 5 568 5 583	6 547 6 574 6 598	8 837 8 903 8 939				
10C	2 926 2 965	3 491	4 660 4 669	5 457	5 481 5 487 5 502 5 562 5 595	6 541 6 556 6 568	8 867				
10D	2 893 2 935	3 419 3 425 3 458	4 666 4 669 4 678	5 472 5 475	5 484 5 490 5 496 5 586 5 625	6 535 6 544 6 562	8 858 8 900				
10E	2 869 2 944 2 992	3 446 3 473	4 651 4 666 4 684	5 460	5 481 5 559 5 577	6 547 6 598	8 843 8 954		11 276		
10F	2 950		4 663	5 451	5 526	6 673	8 945	10 042			
11B	2 851 2 878 3 004 3 019	3 410 3 428 3 434 3 443	4 672	5 451 5 463 5 469	5 508 5 514 5 523 5 571	6 538 6 550 6 559 6 565	8 822 8 885 8 912	10 045 10 093	11 288 11 306	13 312	17 964
12		3 440			5 568			10 054			17 901
12A	2 950				5 604						

(Cont.)

(Cont.)					Free	quency ba	nds				
Area	3	3.5	4.7	5.4 (Reg. 2)	5.6	6.6	9	10	11.3	13.3	18
	kHz	kHz	kHz	kHz	kHz	kHz	kHz	kHz	kHz	kHz	kHz
12C	2 920 2 980	3 401 3 464	4 693	5 460	5 484 5 490 5 496 5 502 5 589 5 613	6 535 6 571 6 592 6 622 6 628	8 816 8 948 8 957	10 021 10 039	11 324		
12D		3 407			5 562	6 673	8 876	10 015			
12E	2 860 2 956 2 998	3 461 3 488	4 681	5 454 5 475	5 481 5 487 5 583 5 595 5 604	6 547 6 553 6 598	8 852 8 873	10 063 10 090	11 381 11 393		
12F	2 893 2 956 2 965 2 998	3 461 3 488		5 451 5 475	5 508 5 556 5 583 5 604	6 532 6 553	8 873 8 894	10 090	11 297		
12G	2 875 2 956 2 998	3 461 3 488			5 484 5 523 5 559 5 646	6 526 6 616					
12H	2 956 2 998	3 461 3 488		5 451	5 583						
12J	2 860 2 902 2 926 2 965	3 419			5 481 5 496 5 619	6 535 6 547	8 954		11 381 11 384		
13										13 318	17 913
13A								10 048			17 967
13B								10 048			17 967
13C	2 863 2 869 2 992	3 413 3 458 3 473			5 490 5 514 5 553 5 571 5 577	6 541 6 556 6 562 6 568 6 580	8 819 8 834 8 843 8 939	10 042	11 327 11 375	13 309	
13D	2 914 2 983	3 425 3 467	4 660	5 460	5 562	6 622 6 628 6 673	8 867 8 912 8 957	10 084	11 318		
13E	2 851	3 491	4 651 4 663		5 481 5 583 5 604	6 553 6 577	8 858		11 303		17 967
13F	2 851 2 956 2 998	3 446 3 476	4 651 4 663	5 454	5 481 5 583 5 604	6 547 6 553	8 831 8 858 8 864	10 081	11 321 11 330		17 967

(Cont.)

(Cont.)					Free	quency ba (MHz)	nds				
Area	3	3.5	4.7	5.4 (Reg. 2)	5.6	6.6	9	10	11.3	13.3	18
	kHz	kHz	kHz	kHz	kHz	kHz	kHz	kHz	kHz	kHz	kHz
13G	2 872 2 971 3 016	3 434 3 470	4 675*	5 469 5 475	5 574	6 586 6 613	8 822 8 885 8 900	10 006 10 021 10 036	11 369		
13H	2 899 2 965	3 455 3 485	4 657	5 463 5 472	5 484 5 547	6 598	8 825 8 906	10 036 10 045	11 282 11 300	13 267	
13I	2 860 2 878 2 887	3 419	4 678 4 693	5 451 5 466	5 496 5 523	6 574	8 873	10 051			
13Ј	2 857 2 863 2 878 2 890 2 920	3 410 3 428 3 458	4 684 4 696	5 451 5 454	5 559 5 568 5 577	6 550 6 559 6 580	8 816 8 843	10 012 10 018 10 042	11 276		
13K	2 863 2 932 3 004 3 019	3 401 3 458 3 464	4 663 4 672	5 463	5 481 5 547 5 577 5 604	6 547 6 553 6 580	8 843 8 849 8 945	10 009 10 018 10 042 10 060	11 339 11 366	13 309	
13M	2 908 2 977	3 437 3 449	4 660 4 690	5 463	5 502	6 574 6 628	8 837 8 867 8 903	10 066	11 378		
13N	2 986	3 443		5 457	5 508	6 604	8 828	10 093			
14	2 851 2 878	3 446 3 461 3 479			5 526 5 604	6 580 6 628	8 822 8 855 8 870	10 045 10 087	11 360	13 264	17 946
14A	2 950	3 413	4 678*			6 547 6 553	8 816 8 894				
14B		3 488	4 684*			6 535 6 604 6 673	8 900 8 954				
14C	2 887	3 452	4 684*			6 541 6 586	8 885 8 912				
14D	2 950	3 407	4 693*		5 481	6 559 6 574	8 843 8 858				
14E		3 413				6 565 6 616	8 891 8 945				
14F		3 488				6 526 6 610	8 825 8 831				
14G	2 869 2 944		4 678*		5 481 5 550 5 580		8 876 8 957				
VAFI	2 860	3 404			5 499	6 538	8 852	10 057		13 261	
VCAR	2 950				5 580				11 315		

(Cont.)

	Frequency bands (MHz)											
Area	3	3.5	4.7	5.4 (Reg. 2)	5.6	6.6	9	10	11.3	13.3	18	22
	kHz	kHz	kHz	kHz	kHz	kHz	kHz	kHz	kHz	kHz	kHz	kHz
VEUR	2 998	3 413			5 640	6 580	8 957		11 378	13 264		
VMID	2 956				5 589		8 945			11 393		
VNAT	2 905	3 485			5 592	6 604	8 870	10 051		13 270 13 276		
VNCA		3 461	4 663		5 676			10 090		13 279		
VPAC	2 863					6 679	8 828			13 282		
VSAM	2 881				5 601			10 087		13 279		
VSEA	2 965	3 458			5 673	6 676	8 849		11 387	13 285		
WI	3 010		4 654 4 687		5 529 5 532 5 535 5 541	6 637 6 643	8 921 8 924 8 930 8 936	10 027 10 030 10 069 10 072 10 078	11 345 11 351	13 324 13 327 13 333 13 336 13 342 13 345 13 351	17 916 17 922 17 931	21 940 21 946 21 952 21 958 21 967 21 973 21 979 21 988 21 997
WII	3 007 3 013	3 494 3 497	4 654 4 687		5 529 5 538 5 544	6 637 6 640 6 646	8 927 8 933 8 936	10 027 10 033 10 075	11 342 11 348 11 354	13 330 13 339 13 348	17 919 17 925 17 934 17 940	21 964 21 985
WIII	3 007		4 687			6 637	8 921 8 930	10 072 10 078	11 342 11 351	13 324 13 333 13 342 13 351	17 916 17 922 17 928 17 934 17 940	21 949 21 970
W IV	3 010				5 535 5 541	6 643	8 924	10 030 10 069	11 345	13 327 13 336 13345	17 919 17 928 17937	21 955 21 976 21 991
WV	3 013				5 532 5 538 5 544	6 640 6 646	8 927 8 933	10 033 10 075	11 348 11 354	13 330 13 339 13 348	17 925 17 931 17 937	21 943 21 961 21 982 21 994

ARTICLE 2

Frequency allotment Plan (in numerical order of frequencies)

General Notes:

27/214 1 Class of stations: FD

Classes of emission: see Nos. 27/56 to 27/59.

Power: Unless otherwise indicated in the Plan, the power values for aeronautical and aircraft stations are those shown in Nos. 27/60 to 27/68.

Hours: H24, unless otherwise indicated.

- 27/215 2 A frequency allotted on a "day-time basis" may be used during the period one hour after sunrise to one hour before sunset
- 27/216 3 A "common channel" is a channel allotted in common to two or more areas within interference distance of each other and its use is subject to agreement between the administrations concerned.
- 27/217 4 The world-wide frequency allotments appearing in the Tables at No. 27/213 and Nos. 27/218 to 27/231, except for carrier (reference) frequencies 3023 kHz and 5680 kHz, are reserved for assignment by administrations to stations operating under authority granted by the administration concerned, for the purpose of serving one or more aircraft operating agencies. Such assignments are to provide communications between an appropriate aeronautical station and an aircraft station anywhere in the world for exercising control over regularity of flight and for safety of aircraft. World-wide frequencies are not to be assigned by administrations for MWARA, RDARA and VOLMET purposes. Where the operational area of an aircraft lies wholly within a RDARA or Sub-RDARA boundary, frequencies allotted to those RDARAs and Sub-RDARAs shall be used.

27/218

Band 2 850-3 025 kHz 3 MHz

Frequency (kHz)	Authorized area of use*	Remarks*
1	2	3
2 851	M AFI R 2A 3B 3C 9C 11B 13E 13F 14	CC 3B 3C CC 13E 13F C001/2A
2 854	M SAT R 3A 3B 6E 10B	CC 3A 3B
2 857	R 2B 2C 6B 13J	CC 2B 2C
2 860	R 1B 3A 3C 9B 10B 12E 12J 13I V VAFI	CC 3A 3C CC 12E 12J C001/1B
2 863	R 2A 2C 7B 13C 13J 13K V VPAC	CC 2A 2C CC 13C 13J 13K
2 866	R 2C 3C 4B 6D 10A	C001/3C
2 869	M CEP R 2A 2B 3A 6G 10E 13C 14G	CC 2A 2B 3A C009/6G
2 872	M NAT R 3B 6A 6E 13G	CC 6A 6E
2 875	R 2A 2B 3A 6G 10A 12G	CC 2A 2B 3A C009/6G
2 878	M AFI R 3B 3C 11B 13I 13J 14	CC 3B3C CC 13I 13J
2 881	R 1B 2A 2B 3A 6C V VSAM	CC 2A 2B 3A C001/IB
2 884	R 2C 3B 6D	C001/3B
2 887	M CAR R 2A 2B 3A 7E 13I 14C	CC 2A2B 3A C001/2A 2B 3A
2 890	R 1B 6G 13J	
2 893	R 2C 3 4B 10D 12F	CC 2C 3
2 896	R 2A 2B 3A 6G	CC 2A 2B 3A C009/6G
2 899	M NAT R 5D 6G 13H	
2 902	R 2B 2C 3B 6G 12J	CC 2B 2C 3B C009/6G
2 905	R 3A 3C 5C 9B V VNAT	CC 3A 3C
2 908	R 2B 2C 3B 13M	CC 2B 2C 3B

^{*} See page AP27-78.

Band 2 850-3 025 kHz

3 MHz

(Cont.)

Frequency (kHz)		Authorized area of use*	Remarks*
1		2	3
2 911	R	3A 5B 6G 10A	C001/3A C010/6G
2 914	R	2B 2C 3B 13D	CC 2B 2C 3B
2 917	R	2A 6E 6G	C010/6G
2 920	R	2B 2C 6B 12C 13J	CC 2B 2C
2 923	R	3A 6A	C001/3A
2 926	R	2A 2C 4A 6F 10C 12J	CC 2A 2C C001/4A
2 929	R	2B 9B	C001/9B
2 932	M R	NP 2A 2C 13K	CC 2A 2C
2 935	M R	SAT 3 10D	
2 938	R	2 6G	C009/6G
2 941	R	2A 6F	
2 944	M R	MID SAM 10A 10E 14G	
2 947	R	6A	
2 950	R V	2 3C 7C 10F 12A 14A 14D VCAR	CC 2 3C CC 14A 14D
2 953	R	4A 6G	
2 956	R V	6C 7F 10A 12E 12F 12G 12H 13F VMID	CC 12E 12F 12G 12H
2 959	R	3A	
2 962	M R	NAT 6G	
2 965	R V	1E 7B 10C 12F 12J 13H VSEA	CC 12F 12J
2 968	R	3B 5B 6G	C001/3B C009/6G
2 971	M R	NAT 5D 6G 13G	
2 974	R	1D 3C	
2 977	R	1C 6G 13M	

^{*} See page AP27-78. (See cont.)

Band 2 850-3 025 kHz

3 MHz

(Cont.)

Frequency (kHz)	Authorized area of use*	Remarks*
1	2	3
2 980	R 1D 3C 12C	
2 983	R 1C 6G 13D	
2 986	R 3C 5A 13N	
2 989	R 1D 6G	
2 992	M MID R 10A 10E 13C	
2 995	R 6G	
2 998	M CWP R 7D 12E 12F 12G 12H 13F V VEUR	CC 12E 12F 12G 12H
3 001	R 6A 6E	CC 6A 6E
3 004	M NCA R 11B 13K	
3 007	W WORLDWIDE	C100/II III
3 010	W WORLDWIDE	C100/I IV
3 013	W WORLDWIDE	C100/II V
3 016	M EANAT R 9D 13G	
3 019	M NCA R 11B 13K	

27/219

Frequency (kHz)	Authorized area of use*	Remarks*
1	2	3
3 023	W WORLDWIDE (R) and (OR)	See Part II, Section II, Article 3

^{*} See page AP27-78.

27/220

Band **3 400-3 500 kHz 3.5 MHz**

Frequency (kHz)	Authorized area of use*	Remarks*
1	2	3
3 401	R 2B 2C 3B 9B 12C 13K	CC 2B 2C 3B C001/9B
3 404	R 3A 3C 9C 9D 10B V VAFI	CC 3A 3C CC 9C 9D
3 407	R 2B 2C 3B 7C 12D 14D	CC 2B 2C 3B
3 410	R 1D 3C 11B 13J	
3 413	M CEP R 3B 6G 13C 14A 14E V VEUR	CC 14A 14E C009/6G
3 416	R 1D 2A 2B 3A 6D	CC 2A 2B 3A C001/2A 2B 3A
3 419	M AFI R 3B 3C 9B 10D 12J 13I	CC 3B 3C
3 422	R 2A 2B 3A 6G	CC 2A 2B 3A C001/6G C004/6G
3 425	M AFI R 3B 3C 9B 10D 13D	CC 3B 3C
3 428	R 2B 2C 11B 13J	CC 2B 2C
3 431	R 3A 3B 5B 6G	CC 3A 3B C001/3A 3B C009/6G
3 434	R 2A 2C 6F 11B 13G	CC 2A 2C
3 437	R 3B 4A 6G 13M	C001/3B
3 440	R 2A 2C 6F 12	CC 2A 2C
3 443	R 3A 3B 4B 6E 11B 13N	CC 3A 3B
3 446	R 1D 6G 10E 13F 14	
3 449	R 2B 2C 6G 10A 13M	CC 2B 2C C001/6G C004/6G
3 452	M SAT R 3A 3C 5A 5C 14C	CC 3A 3C CC 5A 5C
3 455	M CAR CWP R 2A 2C 7B 13H	CC 2A 2C
3 458	R 1B 10D 13C 13J 13K V VSEA	CC 13C 13J 13K C001/1B
3 461	R 7F 9C 12E 12F 12G 12H 14 V VNCA	CC 12E 12F 12G 12H
3 464	R 1C 6G 12C 13K	

^{*} See page AP27-78.

Band 3 400-3 500 kHz 3.5 MHz

(Cont.)

Frequency (kHz)	Authorized area of use*	Remarks*
1	2	3
3 467	M AFI MID SP R 10B 13D	CC AFI MID
3 470	M SEA R 1C 10A 13G	
3 473	M MID R 1B 6C 10E 13C	C001/1B
3 476	M INO NAT R 9B 13F	C001/9B
3 479	M EUR SAM R 6A 6B 14	
3 482	R 5D 6G	
3 485	M EA SEA R 7E 13H V VNAT	CC EA SEA
3 488	R 1B 5B 6B 10B 12E 12F 12G 12H 14B 14F	CC 12E 12F 12G 12H CC 14B 14F C001/IB
3 491	M EA R 1E 4A 10C 13E	CC 1E 4A
3 494	W WORLDWIDE	C100/II
3 497	W WORLDWIDE	C100/II

^{*} See page AP27-78.

27/221

Band **4 650-4 700 kHz 4.7 MHz**

Frequency (kHz)	Authorized area of use*	Remarks*
1	2	3
4 651	R 1D 6C 6G 10B 10E 13E 13F	CC 13E 13F C001/6G
4 654	W WORLDWIDE	C100/I II
4 657	M AFI CEP R 2A 2C 3B 6A 6E 13H	CC 2A 2C C001/2A 2C CC 6A 6E C001/6A 6E
4 660	R 2B 2C 9B 10C 13D 13M	CC 2B 2C CC 13D 13M
4 663	R 6G 10F 13E 13F 13K V VNCA	CC 13E 13F 13K C001/6G
4 666	M CWP R 1C 10B 10D 10E	CC 10B 10D 10E
4 669	M MID SAM R 6G 10C 10D	CC 10C 10D C001/6G
4 672	R 2A 2B 3A 4A 6G 11B 13K	CC 2A 2B 3A C001/4A C001/6G
4 675	M NAT R 6A 6E 9C 13G	CC 6A 6E C001/13G
4 678	M NCA R 10D 13I 14A 14G	CC 14A 14G C001/14A 14G
4 681	R 2B 2C 3B 10B 12E	CC 2B 2C 3B
4 684	R 3A 3C 10E 13J 14B 14C	CC 3A 3C CC 14B 14C C001/14B 14C
4 687	W WORLDWIDE	C100/I II III
4 690	R 2A 2B 3A 6G 10B 13M	CC 2A 2B 3A C001/6G
4 693	R 2B 2C 3 10B 12C 13I 14D	CC 2B 2C 3 C001/14D
4 696	R 2 6G 9 10 13J	C001/6G

^{*} See page AP27-78.

27/222 (WRC-2000)

Band 5 450-5 480 kHz (Reg. 2)

5.4 MHz

Frequency (kHz)	Authorized area of use*	Remarks*
1	2	3
5 451	R 10F 11B 12F 12H 13I 13J	CC 12F 12H CC 13I 13J
5 454	R 10 12E 13F 13J	
5 457	R 10C 13N	
5 460	R 10B 10E 12C 13D	
5 463	R 11B 13H 13K 13M	
5 466	R 10B 13I	
5 469	R 11B 13G	
5 472	R 10A 10D 13H	
5 475	R 10A 10D 12E 12F 13G	CC 12E 12F

27/223

Band 5 480-5 680 kHz 5.6 MHz

Frequency (kHz)	Authorized area of use*	Remarks*
1	2	3
5 481	R 2A 2C 4B 6G 7D 9C 10C 10E 12E 12J 13E 13F 13K 14D 14G	CC 2A 2C CC 10C 10E CC 12E 12J CC 13E 13F CC 14D 14G
5 484	R 1B 3A 3C 6A 9B 10A 10D 12C 12G 13H	CC 3A 3C
5 487	R 2C 6G 10C 12E	
5 490	R 2A 2B 3A 6D 10A 10D 12C 13C	CC 2A 2B 3A
5 493	M AFI R 3B 6G	C002/6G
5 496	R 2A 2B 3A 6F 10A 10D 12C 12J 13I	CC 2A 2B 3A
5 499	R 3B 6G V VAFI	C002/6G
5 502	R 2A 2B 3A 6B 10C 12C 13M	CC 2A 2B 3A
5 505	R 3B 6G	C003/6G
5 508	R 2B 2C 6F 7 9B 11B 12F 13N	CC 2B 2C
5 511	R 3A 5B 6G	C002/6G

^{*} See page AP27-78.

Band 5 480-5 680 kHz 5.6 MHz

(Cont.)

Frequency (kHz)	Authorized area of use*	Remarks*
1	2	3
5 514	R 2C 3B 3C 6E 11B 13C	CC 3B 3C
5 517	R 3A 6G	C002/6G
5 520	M CAR R 2B 2C 3B 6D 7E	CC 2B 2C 3B
5 523	R 2A 6G 9B 11B 12G 13I	
5 526	M SAM R 2B 2C 3B 5D 6E 10F 14	CC 2B 2C 3B
5 529	W WORLDWIDE	C100/I II
5 532	W WORLDWIDE	C100/I V
5 535	W WORLDWIDE	C100/I IV
5 538	W WORLDWIDE	C100/II V
5 541	W WORLDWIDE	C100/I IV
5 544	W WORLDWIDE	C100/II V
5 547	M CEP R 2A 4A 6G 7F 13H 13K	
5 550	M CAR R 2B 2C 3B 5D 6C 6E 14G	CC 2B 2C 3B
5 553	R 6G 10B 13C	
5 556	R 2 3 12F	CC 2 3
5 559	M SP R 2A 4A 6G 10E 12G 13J	
5 562	R 2C 3B 3C 10C 12D 13D	CC 3B 3C
5 565	M SAT R 6G 9B 10A	
5 568	R 1B 3A 3C 5B 6D 7F 10B 12 13J	CC 3A 3C
5 571	R 6G 11B 13C	
5 574	M CEP R 2B 2C 4B 6D 13G	CC 2B 2C
5 577	R 1C 5A 6G 7B 10E 13C 13J 13K	CC 13C 13J 13K
5 580	R 3A 3B 6A 6C 14G V VCAR	CC 3A 3B
5 583	R 1E 5A 5C 6G 7B 9 10B 12E 12F 12H 13E 13F	CC 5A 5C CC 12E 12F 12H CC 13E 13F
5 586	R 2C 3C 10D	

^{*} See page AP27-78.

Band 5 480-5 680 kHz 5.6 MHz

(Cont.)

Frequency (kHz)	Authorized area of use*	Remarks*
1	2	3
5 589	R 12C V VMID	
5 592	R 6G 7C 9D V VNAT	
5 595	R 1C 2B 6B 10C 12E	
5 598	M NAT R 6G	
5 601	R 3A 3B 6A V VSAM	CC 3A 3B
5 604	R 2A 2C 4B 6G 10 12A 12E 12F 13E 13F 13K 14	CC 2A 2C CC 12E 12F CC 13E 13F
5 607	R 2B	
5 610	R 6G	
5 613	R 2B 12C	
5 616	M NAT R 6G	
5 619	R 2B 12J	
5 622	R 1D 6G	
5 625	R 3A 5B 6B 10D	
5 628	M NP R 1D 6G	C003/6G
5 631	R 6D 10A	
5 634	M INO R 6G	C002/6G
5 637	R 1D 3C	
5 640	R 6G V VEUR	C002/6G
5 643	M SP R 3C	
5 646	M NCA R 12G	
5 649	M NAT SEA	
5 652	M AFI CWP	
5 655	M EA SEA	CC EA SEA
5 658	M AFI MID	CC AFI MID

^{*} See page AP27-78. (See cont.)

Band **5 480-5 680 kHz 5.6 MHz**

(Cont.)

Frequency (kHz)		Authorized area of use*	Remarks*
1		2	3
5 661	M	CWP EUR	
5 664	M	NCA	
5 667	M	MID	
5 670	M	EA	
5 673	V	VSEA	
5 676	V	VNCA	

27/224

Frequency (kHz)	Authorized area of use*	Remarks*	
1	2	3	
5 680	W WORLDWIDE (R) and (OR)	See Part II, Section II, Article 3	

27/225

Band **6 525-6 685 kHz 6.6 MHz**

Frequency (kHz)	Authorized area of use*	Remarks*
1	2	3
6 526	R 2A 2B 3A 4A 6F 12G 14F	CC 2A 2B 3A
6 529	R 3B 6G	
6 532	M CWP R 2A 2B 3A 4A 12F	CC 2A 2B 3A
6 535	M SAT R 2C 5D 6G 9D 10A 10D 12C 12J 14B	
6 538	R 3A 3B 9B 11B V VAFI	CC 3A 3B
6 541	R 2C 6G 10C 13C 14C	
6 544	R 1C 3A 3B 5A 5C 6C 10D	CC 3A 3B CC 5A 5C

^{*} See page AP27-78.

Band 6 525-6 685 kHz | 6.6 MHz

(Cont.)

Frequency (kHz)	Authorized area of use*	Remarks*
1	2	3
6 547	R 2A 2C 5D 6G 9B 10B 10E 12E 12J 13F 13K 14A	CC 2A 2C CC 12E 12J
6 550	R 1B 3A 3C 5B 6D 11B 13J	CC 3A 3C
6 553	R 2A 2C 4B 6G 9 10 12E 12F 13E 13F 13K 14A	CC 2A 2C CC 12E 12F CC 13E 13F
6 556	M SEA R 1 3A 3C 10C 13C	CC 3A 3C
6 559	M AFI R 2A 3B 6G 11B 13J 14D	
6 562	M CWP R 2B 2C 10D 13C	CC 2B 2C
6 565	R 2A 4 6G 11B 14E	
6 568	R 2B 2C 3B 6D 7C 10C 13C	CC 2B 2C 3B
6 571	M EA R 12C	
6 574	M AFI R 2A 6G 10B 13I 13M 14D	
6 577	M CAR R 2B 2C 3B 4B 6D 13E	CC 2B 2C 3B
6 580	R 6G 7E 9C 10A 13C 13J 13K 14 V VEUR	CC 13C 13J 13K
6 583	R 2 3 6E	CC 2 3
6 586	M CAR R 2C 6G 7 13G 14C	
6 589	R 3	
6 592	M NCA R 12C	
6 595	R 1B 3B 3C 5B 6D	CC 3B 3C
6 598	M EUR R 4B 6G 9B 10B 10E 12E 13H	
6 601	R 2	
6 604	R 1D 6G 7C 10A 13N 14B V VNAT	
6 607	R 3A 6A 6B	
6 610	R 1D 6G 14F	
6 613	R 3A 6A 6B 13G	

^{*} See page AP27-78.

Band 6 525-6 685 kHz | 6.6 MHz

(Cont.)

Frequency (kHz)	Authorized area of use*	Remarks*
1	2	3
6 616	R 4A 6G 12G 14E	
6 619	R 3A 6B	
6 622	M NAT R 6G 7F 9B 12C 13D	
6 625	M MID R 3B	
6 628	M NAT R 6G 7E 12C 13D 13M 14	CC 13D 13M
6 631	M MID R 3B 6C	
6 634	R 6G	
6 637	W WORLDWIDE	C100/I II III
6 640	W WORLDWIDE	C100/II V
6 643	W WORLDWIDE	C100/I IV
6 646	W WORLDWIDE	C100/II V
6 649	M SAM R 3A 6G	
6 652	R 6G 7B	
6 655	M NP R 2B 6E	
6 658	R 3C 6A	
6 661	M NP R 2B 6E	
6 664	R 3C 5A	
6 667	R 1E 2B 6F	
6 670	R 3C	
6 673	M AFI CEP R 2A 6G 10F 12D 13D 14B	
6 676	V VSEA	
6 679	V VPAC	
6 682	R 6G	

^{*} See page AP27-78.

Frequency (kHz)	Authorized area of use*	Remarks*
1	2	3
8 816	R 4A 6G 12C 13J 14A	
8 819	R 2B 2C 9B 10 13C	CC 2B 2C
8 822	R 2A 3B 5A 5C 11B 13G 14	CC 5A 5C C005/2A
8 825	M NAT R 6G 13H 14F	
8 828	R 1D 13N V VPAC	
8 831	M NAT R 6G 13F 14F	
8 834	R 2B 2C 6C 7C 10 13C	CC 2B 2C
8 837	R 3A 3C 4A 9B 10B 13M	CC 3A 3C
8 840	R 1C 6	
8 843	M CEP R 5D 6G 10E 13C 13J 13K 14D	CC 13C 13J 13K
8 846	M CAR R 2 3 7F 9	CC 2 3
8 849	R 13K V VSEA	
8 852	R 3B 3C 9 12E V VAFI	CC 3B 3C
8 855	M SAM R 2 10A 14	
8 858	R 4A 6G 10D 13E 13F 14D	CC 13E 13F
8 861	M SAT R 3A 3B 6E 9B	CC 3A 3B C011/6E
8 864	M NAT R 2B 6B 6F 7E 13F	CC 6B 6F
8 867	M SP R 6G 10C 13D 13M	CC 13D 13M
8 870	R 5 6G 14 V VNAT	C004/6G
8 873	R 4 6G 9C 9D 12E 12F 13I	CC 9C 9D CC 12E 12F
8 876	R 2A 10A 12D 14G	

^{*} See page AP27-78. (See cont.)

Band **8 815-8 965 kHz**

9 MHz

(Cont.)

Frequency (kHz)	Authorized area of use*		Remarks*
1		2	3
8 879	M R	INO NAT 3B	
8 882	R	2C 6D	
8 885	R	5 6B 11B 13G 14C	
8 888	R	2 6G 7	C009/6G
8 891	M R	NAT 6A 14E	
8 894	M R	AFI 3C 12F 14A	
8 897	M	EA	
8 900	R	3A 10D 13G 14B	
8 903	M R	AFI CWP 10B 13M	
8 906	M R	NAT 6A 6E 7B 9B 13H	CC 6A 6E
8 909	R	2A 6E	
8 912	R	5B 6G 11B 13D 14C	C004/6G
8 915	R	3C 5A	
8 918	M R	CAR MID 6C	
8 921	W	WORLDWIDE	C100/I III
8 924	W	WORLDWIDE	C100/I IV
8 927	W	WORLDWIDE	C100/II V
8 930	W	WORLDWIDE	C100/I III
8 933	W	WORLDWIDE	C100/II V
8 936	W	WORLDWIDE	C100/I II
8 939	R	2A 2C 6F 10B 13C	CC 2A 2C
8 942	M R	SEA 3A	
8 945	R V	10F 13K 14E VMID	
8 948	R	6A 12C	
8 951	M	MID	
8 954	R	3 10E 12J 14B	
8 957	R V	3B 6D 12C 13D 14G VEUR	
8 960	R	6G 7F	

^{*} See page AP27-78.

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Band 10 005-10 100 kHz | 10 MHz

Frequency (kHz)	Authorized area of use*		Remarks*
1		2	3
10 006	R	6A 10 13G	
10 009	R	2B 2C 7B 9B 13K	CC 2B 2C
10 012	R	5 10 13J	
10 015	R	2 6C 12D	
10 018	M R	MID 6G 9 13J 13K	CC 13J 13K C003/6G
10 021	R	1 6B 12C 13G	
10 024	M R	SAM 2B 2C 3B 9B	CC 2B 2C 3B
10 027	W	WORLDWIDE	C100/I II
10 030	W	WORLDWIDE	C100/I IV
10 033	W	WORLDWIDE	C100/II V
10 036	R	1E 6E 13G 13H	CC 13G 13H
10 039	R	3B 3C 4A 9B 12C	CC 3B 3C
10 042	M R	EA 9C 10F 13C 13J 13K	CC 13C 13J 13K
10 045	R	2 3A 11B 13H 14	CC 2 3A
10 048	M R	NP 2A 5D 13A 13B	CC 13A 13B
10 051	R V	6A 6E 13I VNAT	CC 6A 6E
10 054	R	2A 2C 6G 12	CC 2A 2C C004/6G
10 057	M R V	CEP 3A VAFI	
10 060	R	1D 6F 13K	
10 063	R	4B 6G 12E	C004/6G
10 066	M R	SEA 1B 10A 13M	
10 069	W	WORLDWIDE	C100/I IV
10 072	W	WORLDWIDE	C100/I III
10 075	W	WORLDWIDE	C100/II V
10 078	W	WORLDWIDE	C100/I III
10 081	M	CWP	C006/6A
10 084	R M R	4A 6A 7C 13F EUR SP 6E 13D	
	25.50	·	_1

^{*} See page AP27-78.

Band 10 005-10 100 kHz 10 MHz

(Cont.)

Frequency (kHz)	Authorized area of use*	Remarks*
1	2	3
10 087	R 3 14 V VSAM	
10 090	R 12E 12F V VNCA	CC 12E 12F
10 093	R 5B 6B 11B 13N	
10 096	M NCA SAM R 7D	

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Band 11 275-11 400 kHz

11.3 MHz

Frequency (kHz)	Authorized area of use*	Remarks*
1	2	3
11 276	R 2A 2C 6G 10E 13J	CC 2A 2C C002/6G
11 279	M NAT R 2B 6F 9C	
11 282	M CEP R 4A 6G 13H	C003/6G
11 285	R 2A 3B 7	CC 2A 3B
11 288	R 5A 6G 11B	
11 291	M SAT R 3B 3C	CC 3B 3C
11 294	R 2A 6G 7C	C002/6G
11 297	R 2 12F	
11 300	M AFI R 6G 13H	C002/6G
11 303	R 3C 13E	
11 306	R 6G 7E 11B	
11 309	M NAT R 3A 6D	
11 312	R 5 9C 9D	CC 9C 9D
11 315	R 6G V VCAR	
11 318	R 3 4A 13D	

^{*} See page AP27-78. (See cont.)

Band 11 275-11 400 kHz 11.3 MHz

(Cont.)

Frequency (kHz)		Authorized area of use*	Remarks*
1		2	3
11 321	R	6A 13F	
11 324	R	3A 3C 4B 12C	CC 3A 3C
11 327	M R	SP 3B 5 13C	
11 330	M R	AFI NP 3A 13F	
11 333	R	2B 2C 10	CC 2B 2C
11 336	M R	NAT 3	
11 339	R	2B 6B 9 13K	
11 342	W	WORLDWIDE	C100/II III
11 345	W	WORLDWIDE	C100/I IV
11 348	W	WORLDWIDE	C100/II V
11 351	W	WORLDWIDE	C100/I III
11 354	W	WORLDWIDE	C100/II V
11 357	R	6A 6E 10A	CC 6A 6E
11 360	M R	SAM 2 3 14	CC 2 3
11 363	R	1 6E 10A	
11 366	R	1C 6B 6F 13K	CC 6B 6F
11 369	R	6G 13G	
11 372	R	2C 3B 6D	
11 375	M R	MID 10A 13C	
11 378	R V	3C 13M VEUR	
11 381	R	6 12E 12J	CC 12E 12J
11 384	M R	CWP 1D 12J	
11 387	M V	CAR VSEA	
11 390	R	2 10	
11 393	R V	9B 12E VMID	
11 396	M	CAR EA SEA	CC EA SEA

^{*} See page AP27-78.

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Band 13 260-13 360 kHz | 13.3 MHz

Frequency (kHz)		Authorized area of use*	Remarks*
1		2	3
13 261	V	VAFI	
13 264	R V	14 VEUR	
13 267	R	3 13H	
13 270	R V	6G VNAT	
13 273	M	AFI	
13 276	R V	6G VNAT	
13 279	V	VNCA VSAM	
13 282	V	VPAC	
13 285	R V	10 VSEA	
13 288	M	AFI EUR MID	CC AFI EUR MID
13 291	M R	NAT 6	
13 294	M	AFI	
13 297	M	CAR EA SAM	CC CAR SAM
13 300	M R	CEP CWP NP SP 4	CC CEP CWP NP SP
13 303	M	EA NCA	CC EA NCA
13 306	M	INO NAT	
13 309	M R	EA SEA 13C 13K	CC EA SEA CC 13C 13K
13 312	M R	MID 11B	
13 315	M	NCA SAT	
13 318	M R	SEA 13	
13 321	R	2 3	CC 2 3
13 324	W	WORLDWIDE	C100/I III
13 327	W	WORLDWIDE	C100/I IV
13 330	W	WORLDWIDE	C100/II V
13 333	W	WORLDWIDE	C100/I III
13 336	W	WORLDWIDE	C100/I IV
13 339	W	WORLDWIDE	C100/II V
13 342	W	WORLDWIDE	C100/I III

^{*} See page AP27-78.

Band 13 260-13 360 kHz

13.3 MHz

(Cont.)

Frequency (kHz)	Authorized area of use*		Remarks*
1		2	3
13 345	W	WORLDWIDE	C100/I IV
13 348	W	WORLDWIDE	C100/II V
13 351	W	WORLDWIDE	C100/I III
13 354	R	5 7	CC 5 7
13 357	M R	SAT 2	

27/230

Band 17 900-17 970 kHz

18 MHz

Frequency (kHz)		Authorized area of use*	Remarks*		
1		2	3		
17 901	R	12			
17 904	M R	CEP CWP NP SP 4	CC CEP CWP NP SP		
17 907	M	CAR EA SAM SEA	CC CAR SAM CC EA SEA		
17 910	R	10			
17 913	R	6G 13			
17 916	W	WORLDWIDE	C100/I III		
17 919	W	WORLDWIDE	C100/II IV		
17 922	W	WORLDWIDE	C100/I III		
17 925	W	WORLDWIDE	C100/II V		
17 928	W	WORLDWIDE	C100/III IV		
17 931	W	WORLDWIDE	C100/I V		
17 934	W	WORLDWIDE	C100/II III		
17 937	W	WORLDWIDE	C100/IV V		
17 940	W	WORLDWIDE	C100/II III		
17 943	R	6			
17 946	M R	NAT 14			
17 949	R	5			

^{*} See page AP27-78.

Band 17 900-17 970 kHz

18 MHz

(Cont.)

Frequency (kHz)		Authorized area of use*			Remarks*			
1		2			3			
17 952	R	3						
17 955	M R	SAT 6B						
17 958	M	NCA						
17 961	M	AFI EUR INO MID	CC	AFI MID	EUR	INO		
17 964	R	2 11B						
17 967	R	5 13A 13B 13E 13F	CC	13A	13B	13E	13F	

27/231

Band 21 924-22 000 kHz

22 MHz

Frequency (kHz)	Authorized area of use*	Remarks*
1	2	3
21 940	W WORLDWIDE	C100/I
21 943	W WORLDWIDE	C100/V
21 946	W WORLDWIDE	C100/I
21 949	W WORLDWIDE	C100/III
21 952	W WORLDWIDE	C100/I
21 955	W WORLDWIDE	C100/IV
21 958	W WORLDWIDE	C100/I
21 961	W WORLDWIDE	C100/V
21 964	W WORLDWIDE	C100/II
21 967	W WORLDWIDE	C100/I
21 970	W WORLDWIDE	C100/III
21 973	W WORLDWIDE	C100/I
21 976	W WORLDWIDE	C100/IV
21 979	W WORLDWIDE	C100/I
21 982	W WORLDWIDE	C100/V
21 985	W WORLDWIDE	C100/II
21 988	W WORLDWIDE	C100/I
21 991	W WORLDWIDE	C100/IV
21 994	W WORLDWIDE	C100/V
21 997	W WORLDWIDE	C100/I

^{*} See page AP27-78.

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Explanation of symbols and abbreviations

Column 2 M = MWARAR = RDARA

V = VOLMETW = Worldwide

Column 3 CC = common channel to

C001/... Restricted to daytime only, in the area indicated after the slant stroke

C002/6G In area 6G, operation is restricted to east of 95° E
C003/6G In area 6G, operation is restricted to west of 95° E

C004/6G Use limited to east of 110° E
C005/2A Use limited to north of 60° N
C006/6A Use limited to east of 75° E

C007 Not used
C008 Not used

C009/6G In area 6G, use limited to east of 110° E and south of 25° N C010/6G In area 6G, use limited to east of 118° E and north of 40° N

C011/6E In area 6E, use is limited to south of 20° N

C100/... Worldwide Allotment Area is indicated after the symbol. For assignment

procedure see No. 27/217.

ARTICLE 3

Frequencies for common use

27/232 1 The carrier (reference) frequencies 3023 kHz and 5680 kHz are intended for common use on a world-wide basis.

27/233 2 The use of these frequencies in any part of the world is authorized:

- 2.1 aboard aircraft for:
- a) communications with approach and aerodrome control;
- communication with an aeronautical station when other frequencies of the station are either unavailable or unknown;
- 2.2 at aeronautical stations for aerodrome and approach control under the following conditions:
- a) with mean power limited to a value of not more than 20 W in the antenna circuit;
- special attention must be given in each case to the type of antenna used in order to avoid harmful interference;
- c) the power of aeronautical stations which use these frequencies in accordance with the above conditions may be increased to the extent necessary to meet certain operational requirements subject to coordination between the administrations directly concerned and those whose services may be adversely affected.

- 27/234 3 Notwithstanding these provisions, the frequency 5 680 kHz may also be used at aeronautical stations for communication with aircraft stations when other frequencies of the aeronautical stations are either unavailable or unknown. However, this use shall be restricted to such areas and conditions that harmful interference cannot be caused to other authorized operations of stations in the aeronautical mobile service.
- 27/235 4 Additional particulars regarding the use of these channels for the above purposes may be recommended by the meetings of ICAO.
- 27/236 5 Frequencies 3023 kHz and 5680 kHz may also be used by stations of other mobile services participating in coordinated air-surface search and rescue operations, including communications between these stations and participating land stations. Aeronautical stations are authorized to use these frequencies to establish communications with such stations.
- 27/237 6 These channels may be used for AlA, A1B or A3E emissions, in accordance with special arrangements. Such channels shall not be subdivided.
- 27/238 7 All stations participating directly in coordinated search and rescue operations and using frequencies 3023 kHz and 5680 kHz shall transmit solely on the upper sideband except in the cases provided for in No. 27/57.

APPENDIX 30 (REV.WRC-12)*

Provisions for all services and associated Plans and List¹ for the broadcasting-satellite service in the frequency bands 11.7-12.2 GHz (in Region 3), 11.7-12.5 GHz (in Region 1) and 12.2-12.7 GHz (in Region 2) (WRC-03)

(See Articles 9 and 11) (WRC-03)

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^{*} The expression "frequency assignment to a space station", wherever it appears in this Appendix, shall be understood to refer to a frequency assignment associated with a given orbital position. See also Annex 7 for the orbital limitations. (WRC-2000)

¹ The Regions 1 and 3 List of additional uses is annexed to the Master International Frequency Register (see Resolution **542** (WRC-2000)**). (WRC-03)

^{**} Note by the Secretariat: This Resolution was abrogated by WRC-03.

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^{*} Note by the Secretariat: This Resolution was revised by WRC-12.

ARTICLE 1 (REV.WRC-03)

General definitions

- 1 For the purposes of this Appendix, the following terms shall have the meanings defined below:
- 1.1 1977 Conference: World Administrative Radio Conference for the Planning of the Broadcasting-Satellite Service in the Frequency Bands 11.7-12.2 GHz (in Regions 2 and 3) and 11.7-12.5 GHz (in Region 1), called in short World Broadcasting-Satellite Administrative Radio Conference (Geneva, 1977) (WARC-77).
- 1.2 1983 Conference: Regional Administrative Radio Conference for the Planning in Region 2 of the Broadcasting-Satellite Service in the Frequency Band 12.2-12.7 GHz and Associated Feeder Links in the Frequency Band 17.3-17.8 GHz, called in short Regional Administrative Conference for the Planning of the Broadcasting-Satellite Service in Region 2 (Geneva, 1983) (RARC Sat-R2).
- 1.3 1985 Conference: First Session of the World Administrative Radio Conference on the Use of the Geostationary-Satellite Orbit and the Planning of Space Services Utilizing It (Geneva, 1985), called in short WARC Orb-85.
- 1.3A 1997 Conference: World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 1997), called in short WRC-97.
- 1.3B 2000 Conference: World Radiocommunication Conference (Istanbul, 2000), called in short WRC-2000.
- 1.4 Regions 1 and 3 Plan: The Plan for the broadcasting-satellite service in the frequency bands 11.7-12.2 GHz in Region 3 and 11.7-12.5 GHz in Region 1 contained in this Appendix.
- 1.5 Region 2 Plan: The Plan for the broadcasting-satellite service in the frequency band 12.2-12.7 GHz in Region 2 contained in this Appendix, together with any modifications resulting from the successful application of the procedures of Article 4.
- 1.6 Frequency assignment in conformity with the Plan:
- any frequency assignment which appears in the Regions 1 and 3 Plan; or
- any frequency assignment which appears in the Region 2 Plan or for which the procedure of Article 4 has been successfully applied.
- 1.7 Additional use in Regions 1 and 3: For the application of the provisions of this Appendix, additional uses in Regions 1 and 3 are:
- use of assignments with characteristics different from those appearing in the Regions 1 and 3
 Plan and which are capable of causing more interference than the corresponding entries in the Plan:
- use of assignments in addition to those appearing in the Plan.

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- 1.8 Regions 1 and 3 List of additional uses (hereafter called in short the "List"): The List of assignments for additional uses in Regions 1 and 3 as established by WRC-2000 (see Resolution **542** (WRC-2000)*), as updated following the successful application of the procedure of § 4.1 of Article 4. (WRC-03)
- 1.9 Frequency assignment in conformity with the List: Any frequency assignment which appears in the List as updated following successful application of § 4.1 of Article 4. (WRC-03)
- 1.10 The broadcasting-satellite service subject to one of the Plans: The broadcasting-satellite service subject to one of the Plans referred to in this Appendix is the broadcasting-satellite service in the bands 11.7-12.5 GHz in Region 1, 12.2-12.7 GHz in Region 2 and 11.7-12.2 GHz in Region 3. (WRC-03)

ARTICLE 2 (WRC-03)

Frequency bands

- 2.1 The provisions of this Appendix apply to the broadcasting-satellite service in the frequency bands between 11.7 GHz and 12.2 GHz in Region 3, between 11.7 GHz and 12.5 GHz in Region 1 and between 12.2 GHz and 12.7 GHz in Region 2 and to the other services to which these bands are allocated in Regions 1, 2 and 3, insofar as their relationship to the broadcasting-satellite service in these bands is concerned.
- 2.2 (SUP WRC-03)

ARTICLE 2A (REV.WRC-07)

Use of the guardbands

- 2A.1 The use of the guardbands defined in § 3.9 of Annex 5 to provide space operation functions in accordance with No. **1.23** in support of the operation of geostationary-satellite networks in the broadcasting-satellite service (BSS) is not subject to the application of Section I of Article **9**.
- 2A.1.1 Coordination between assignments intended to provide the space operation functions and assignments of the BSS subject to a Plan shall be effected using the provisions of Article 7.
- 2A.1.2 Coordination among assignments intended to provide the space operation functions and services not subject to a Plan shall be effected using the provisions of Nos. **9.7**, **9.17**, **9.18** and the associated provisions of Section II of Article **9**, or § 4.1.1 *d*) or 4.2.3 *d*) of Article **4**, as appropriate.

^{*} Note by the Secretariat: This Resolution was abrogated by WRC-03.

- 2A.1.3 Coordination of modifications to the Region 2 Plan or assignments to be included in the Regions 1 and 3 List with assignments intended to provide these functions shall be effected using § 4.1.1 *e*) or 4.2.3 *e*), as appropriate, of Article 4.
- 2A.1.4 Requests for the coordination referred to in §2A.1.1, 2A.1.2 and 2A.1.3 shall be sent by the requesting administration to the Bureau, together with the appropriate information listed in Appendix 4.
- 2A.2 Any assignment intended to provide these functions in support of a geostationary-satellite network in the BSS shall be notified under Article 11 and brought into use within the following time-limits:
- 2A.2.1 *a)* for the case where the associated BSS assignments are contained in one of the initial Plans (Region 2 Plans incorporated in the Radio Regulations at WARC Orb-85 and the Regions 1 and 3 Plan adopted at WRC-2000), within the regulatory time-limit referred to in § 4.1.3 or § 4.2.6 of Article 4 from the date of receipt by the Bureau of the complete Appendix 4 data for those assignments intended to provide the space operation functions;
- 2A.2.2 b) for the case where the associated BSS assignments have been submitted under § 4.1.3 or § 4.2.6 of Article 4 for entry in the Regions 1 and 3 List or a modification to the Region 2 Plan, within the regulatory time-limit referred to in § 4.1.3 or § 4.2.6 of Article 4 for those associated BSS assignments;
- 2A.2.3 c) for the case where the associated BSS assignments have already been brought into use in accordance with the Radio Regulations, within the regulatory time-limit referred to in § 4.1.3 and § 4.2.6 of Article 4 from the date of receipt by the Bureau of the complete Appendix 4 data for those assignments intended to provide the space operation functions.
- 2A.3 Section II of Article **23** does not apply to assignments in the guardbands intended to provide the above-mentioned functions.

ARTICLE 3 (WRC-2000)

Execution of the provisions and associated Plans

- 3.1 The Member States in Regions 1, 2 and 3 shall adopt, for their broadcasting-satellite space stations² operating in the frequency bands referred to in this Appendix, the characteristics specified in the appropriate Regional Plan and the associated provisions.
- 3.2 The Member States shall not change the characteristics specified in the Regions 1 and 3 Plan or in the Region 2 Plan, or bring into use assignments to broadcasting-satellite space stations or to stations in the other services to which these frequency bands are allocated, except as provided for in the Radio Regulations and the appropriate Articles and Annexes of this Appendix.

² Such stations may also be used for transmissions in the fixed-satellite service (space-to-Earth) in accordance with No. 5.492.

3.3 The Regions 1 and 3 Plan is based on national coverage from the geostationary-satellite orbit. The associated procedures contained in this Appendix are intended to promote long-term flexibility of the Plan and to avoid monopolization of the planned bands and orbit by a country or a group of countries.

ARTICLE 4 (REV.WRC-03)

Procedures for modifications to the Region 2 Plan or for additional uses in Regions 1 and 3³

4.1 Provisions applicable to Regions 1 and 3

- 4.1.1 An administration proposing to include a new or modified assignment in the List shall seek the agreement of those administrations whose services are considered to be affected, i.e. administrations:
- a) of Regions 1 and 3 having a frequency assignment to a space station in the broadcasting-satellite service which is included in the Regions 1 and 3 Plan with a necessary bandwidth, any portion of which falls within the necessary bandwidth of the proposed assignment; or
- b) of Regions 1 and 3 having a frequency assignment included in the List or for which complete Appendix 4 information has been received by the Radiocommunication Bureau in accordance with the provisions of § 4.1.3, and any portion of which falls within the necessary bandwidth of the proposed assignment; or
- c) of Region 2 having a frequency assignment to a space station in the broadcasting-satellite service which is in conformity with the Region 2 Plan, or in respect of which proposed modifications to that Plan have been received by the Bureau in accordance with the provisions of § 4.2.6 with a necessary bandwidth, any portion of which falls within the necessary bandwidth of the proposed assignment; or
- d) having no frequency assignment in the broadcasting-satellite service with a necessary bandwidth, any portion of which falls within the necessary bandwidth of the proposed assignment, but in whose territory the power flux-density value exceeds the prescribed limit as a result of the proposed assignment, or having an assignment whose associated service area does not cover the whole of the territory of the administration, and in whose territory outside that service area the power flux-density from the proposed assignment exceeds the prescribed limit as a result of the proposed assignment; or
- e) having a frequency assignment in the band 11.7-12.2 GHz in Region 2 or 12.2-12.5 GHz in Region 3 to a space station in the fixed-satellite service which is recorded in the Master International Frequency Register (Master Register) or for which complete coordination information has been received by the Bureau for coordination under No. 9.7, or under § 7.1 of Article 7.

³ The provisions of Resolution **49 (Rev.WRC-03)*** apply. (WRC-03)

^{*} Note by the Secretariat: This Resolution was revised by WRC-07 and WRC-12.

- 4.1.2 The services of an administration are considered to be affected when the limits shown in Annex 1 are exceeded.
- 4.1.3 An administration, or one⁴ acting on behalf of a group of named administrations, intending to include a new or modified assignment in the List shall send to the Bureau, not earlier than eight years but preferably not later than two years before the date on which the assignment is to be brought into use, the relevant information listed in Appendix 4. An assignment in the List shall lapse if it is not brought into use within eight years after the date of receipt by the Bureau of the relevant complete information⁵. A proposed new or modified assignment not included in the List within eight years after the date of receipt by the Bureau of the relevant complete information shall also lapse⁵. (WRC-07)
- 4.1.3*bis* The regulatory time-limit for bringing into use of an assignment in the List may be extended once by not more than three years due to launch failure in the following cases:
- the destruction of the satellite intended to bring the assignment into use;
- the destruction of the satellite launched to replace an already operating satellite which is intended to be relocated to bring another assignment into use; or
- the satellite is launched, but fails to reach its assigned orbital location.

For this extension to be granted, the launch failure must have occurred at least five years after the date of receipt of the complete Appendix 4 data. In no case shall the period of the extension of the regulatory time-limit exceed the difference in time between the three-year period and the period remaining from the date of the launch failure to the end of the regulatory time-limit. In order to take advantage of this extension, the administration shall have, within one month of the launch failure or one month after 5 July 2003, whichever comes later, notified the Bureau in writing of such failure, and shall also provide the following information to the Bureau before the end of the regulatory time-limit of § 4.1.3:

- date of launch failure:
- due diligence information as required in Resolution 49 (Rev.WRC-03)* for the assignment with respect to the satellite that suffered the launch failure, if that information has not already been provided.

If, within one year of the request for extension, the administration has not provided to the Bureau updated Resolution **49** (**Rev.WRC-03**)* information for the new satellite under procurement, the related frequency assignments shall lapse. (WRC-03)

4.1.4 If the information received by the Bureau under § 4.1.3 is found to be incomplete, the Bureau shall immediately seek from the administration concerned any clarification required and information not provided.

⁴ Whenever, under this provision, an administration acts on behalf of a group of named administrations, all members of that group retain the right to respond in respect of their own networks or systems. (WRC-03)

⁵ The provisions of Resolution **533 (Rev.WRC-2000)**** apply. (WRC-03)

⁶ For a launch failure which occurred before 5 July 2003, the maximum extension of three years shall apply as from 5 July 2003. (WRC-03)

^{*} Note by the Secretariat: This Resolution was revised by WRC-07 and WRC-12.

^{**} Note by the Secretariat: This Resolution was abrogated by WRC-12.

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- 4.1.5 The Bureau shall determine, on the basis of Annex 1, the administrations whose frequency assignments are considered to be affected. The Bureau shall publish⁷, in a Special Section of its International Frequency Information Circular (BR IFIC), the complete information received under § 4.1.3, together with the names of the affected administrations, the corresponding fixed-satellite service networks, the corresponding broadcasting-satellite service assignments and terrestrial stations, as appropriate. The Bureau shall immediately send a telegram/fax to the administration proposing the assignment, drawing its attention to the information contained in the relevant BR IFIC. (WRC-07)
- 4.1.6 The Bureau shall send a telegram/fax to the administrations listed in the Special Section of the BR IFIC, drawing their attention to the information it contains. (WRC-07)
- 4.1.7 An administration which considers that it should have been identified in the publication referred to under § 4.1.5 above shall, within four months of the date of publication of its relevant BR IFIC, and giving the technical reasons for so doing, request the Bureau to include its name in the publication. The Bureau shall study this information on the basis of Annex 1 and shall inform both administrations of its conclusions. Should the Bureau agree to the administration's request, it shall publish an addendum to the publication under § 4.1.5.
- 4.1.7bis Except as provided under § 4.1.18 to 4.1.20, any inclusion of a new or modified frequency assignment in the Regions 1 and 3 List which would have the effect of exceeding the limits specified in Annex 1 shall be subject to the agreement of all administrations whose services are considered to be affected. (WRC-03)
- 4.1.8 The administration seeking agreement or the administration with which agreement is sought may request any additional technical information it considers necessary. The administrations shall inform the Bureau of such requests.
- 4.1.9 Comments from administrations on the information published pursuant to § 4.1.5 should be sent either directly to the administration proposing the modification or through the Bureau. In any event, the Bureau shall be informed that comments have been made.
- 4.1.10 An administration that has not notified its comments either to the administration seeking agreement or to the Bureau within a period of four months following the date of its BR IFIC referred to in § 4.1.5 shall be deemed to have agreed to the proposed assignment. This time-limit may be extended:
- for an administration that has requested additional information under § 4.1.8, by up to three months; or
- for an administration that has requested the assistance of the Bureau under § 4.1.21, by up to three months following the date at which the Bureau communicated the result of its action.

If the payments are not received in accordance with the provisions of Council Decision 482, as amended, on the implementation of cost recovery for satellite network filings, the Bureau shall cancel the publication, after informing the administration concerned. The Bureau shall inform all administrations of such action and that the network specified in the publication in question no longer has to be taken into consideration by the Bureau and other administrations. The Bureau shall send a reminder to the notifying administration not later than two months prior to the deadline for the payment in accordance with the above-mentioned Council Decision 482 unless the payment has already been received. (WRC-07)

- 4.1.10bis Thirty days prior to the expiry of the same four-month period, the Bureau shall dispatch a reminder telegram or fax to an administration which has not made its comments under § 4.1.10, bringing the matter to its attention. (WRC-03)
- 4.1.10*ter* After expiry of the deadline for comments in respect of the proposed assignment, the Bureau shall, according to its records, publish a Special Section indicating the list of administrations whose agreements are required for completion of the Article 4 procedure. (WRC-03)
- 4.1.11 If, in seeking agreement, an administration modifies its initial proposal, it shall again apply the provisions of § 4.1 and the subsequent procedure in cases where:
- the assignments of any other administration received by the Bureau in accordance with § 4.1.3 or § 4.2.6, or § 7.1 of Article 7, or No. 9.7 before this modified proposal is received under § 4.1.12;
- the assignments of any other administration contained in the Plans or the Lists; or
- the terrestrial services of any other administration,

are considered as being affected and receive more interference as a result of the modifications than that produced by the initial proposal. (WRC-07)

- 4.1.12 If no comments have been received on the expiry of the periods specified in § 4.1.10, or if agreement has been reached with the administrations which have made comments and with which agreement is necessary, the administration proposing the new or modified assignment may continue with the appropriate procedure in Article 5, and shall so inform the Bureau, indicating the final characteristics of the frequency assignment together with the names of the administrations with which agreement has been reached.
- 4.1.12*bis* In application of § 4.1.12, an administration may indicate the changes to the information communicated to the Bureau under § 4.1.3 and published under § 4.1.5. (WRC-03)
- 4.1.13 The agreement of the administrations affected may also be obtained in accordance with this Article, for a specified period. When this specific period of agreement expires for an assignment in the List, the assignment in question shall be maintained in the List until the end of the period referred to in § 4.1.3 above. After that date this assignment shall lapse unless the agreement of the administrations affected is renewed. (WRC-03)
- 4.1.14 Where the proposed assignment involves developing countries, administrations shall seek all practicable solutions conducive to the economical development of the broadcasting-satellite systems of these countries.
- 4.1.15 The Bureau shall publish⁸ in a Special Section of its BR IFIC the information received under § 4.1.12, together with the names of any administrations with which the provisions of this Article have been successfully applied. The frequency assignment concerned shall be included in the List. (WRC-03)

⁸ If the payments are not received in accordance with the provisions of Council Decision 482, as amended, on the implementation of cost recovery for satellite network filings, the Bureau shall cancel the publication, after informing the administration concerned. The Bureau shall inform all administrations of such action and that the network specified in the publication in question no longer has to be taken into consideration by the Bureau and other administrations. The Bureau shall send a reminder to the notifying administration not later than two months prior to the deadline for the payment in accordance with the above-mentioned Council Decision 482 unless the payment has already been received. (WRC-07)

- 4.1.16 In case of disagreement on the part of an administration whose agreement has been sought, the requesting administration should first endeavour to solve the problem by exploring all possible means of meeting its requirement. If the problem still cannot be solved by such means, the administration whose agreement has been sought should endeavour to overcome the difficulties as far as possible, and shall state the technical reasons for any disagreement if the administration seeking the agreement requests it to do so.
- 4.1.17 If no agreement is reached between the administrations concerned, the Bureau shall carry out any study that may be requested by either one of these administrations; the Bureau shall inform them of the result of the study and shall make such recommendations as it may be able to offer for the solution of the problem.
- 4.1.18 If, in spite of the application of § 4.1.16 and 4.1.17, there is still continuing disagreement and the assignment which was the basis of the disagreement is not an assignment in the Regions 1 and 3 Plan, or in the Region 2 Plan or for which the procedure of § 4.2 has been initiated, and if the notifying administration insists that the proposed assignment be included in the Regions 1 and 3 List, the Bureau shall provisionally enter the assignment in the Regions 1 and 3 List with an indication of those administrations whose assignments were the basis of the disagreement; however, the entry shall be changed from provisional to definitive recording in the List only if the Bureau is informed that the new assignment in the Regions 1 and 3 List has been in use, together with the assignment which was the basis for the disagreement, for at least four months without any complaint of harmful interference being made. (WRC-03)
- 4.1.18bis When requesting the application of § 4.1.18, the notifying administration shall undertake to meet the requirements of § 4.1.20 and provide to the administration in respect of which § 4.1.18 is applied, with a copy to the Bureau, a description of the steps by which it undertakes to meet these requirements. Once an assignment is entered in the List provisionally under the provisions of § 4.1.18, the calculation of the equivalent protection margin (EPM)⁹ of an assignment in the Regions 1 and 3 List or for which the procedure of Article 4 has been initiated and which was the basis for the disagreement shall not take into account the interference produced by the assignment for which the provisions of § 4.1.18 have been applied. (WRC-03)
- 4.1.19 Should the assignments that were the basis of the disagreement not be brought into use within the period specified in No. **11.44** (for non-planned services), or in § 4.1 (for assignments in the List or having initiated the procedure under § 4.1), as appropriate, then the status of the assignment in the List shall be reviewed accordingly.
- 4.1.20 Should harmful interference be caused by an assignment included in the List under § 4.1.18 to any recorded assignment in the Master Register which was the basis of the disagreement, the administration using the frequency assignment included in the List under § 4.1.18 shall, upon receipt of advice thereof, immediately eliminate this harmful interference.
- 4.1.21 An administration may, at any stage in the procedure described, or before applying it, request the assistance of the Bureau.
- 4.1.22 The relevant provisions of Article 5 shall be applied when frequency assignments are notified to the Bureau.

⁹ For the definition of EPM, see § 3.4 of Annex 5. (WRC-03)

- 4.1.23 When a frequency assignment included in the List is no longer required, the administration concerned shall immediately so inform the Bureau. The Bureau shall publish this information in a Special Section of its BR IFIC and delete the assignment from the List.
- 4.1.24 No assignment in the List shall have a period of operation exceeding 15 years, counted from the date of bringing into use, or 2 June 2000, whichever is later. Upon request by the responsible administration received by the Bureau at the latest three years before the expiry of this period, this period may be extended by up to 15 years, on condition that all the characteristics of the assignment remain unchanged.
- 4.1.25 Where an administration already having included in the List two assignments (not including those systems notified on behalf of a group of named administrations and included in the List by WRC-2000), in the same channel and covering the same service area, proposes to include in the List a new assignment in the same channel over this same service area, it shall apply the following in respect of another administration which has no assignment in the List in the same channel and which proposes to include in the List a new assignment:
- a) if the agreement of the former administration is required following the application of § 4.1 by the latter administration, in order to protect the new assignment proposed by the former administration from interference caused by the assignment proposed by the latter administration, both administrations shall make every possible effort to resolve the difficulties by means of mutually acceptable adjustments to their networks;
- b) in case of continuing disagreement, and if the former administration has not communicated to the Bureau the information specified in Annex 2 to Resolution 49 (Rev.WRC-2000)*, this administration shall be deemed to have given its agreement to inclusion in the List of the assignment of the latter administration.
- 4.1.26 The procedure of this Article may be applied by the administration of a new ITU Member State in order to include new assignments in the List. Upon completion of the procedure, the next World Radiocommunication Conference may be requested to consider, among the assignments included in the List after the successful completion of this procedure, the inclusion in the Plan of up to 10 channels (for Region 1) and up to 12 channels (for Region 3), over the national territory of the new Member State. (WRC-03)
- 4.1.27 When an administration has successfully applied this procedure and received all the agreements¹⁰ required to include in the List assignments over its national territory, at an orbital location and/or in channels different from those appearing in the Plan for its country, it may request the next world radiocommunication conference to consider the inclusion in the Plan of up to 10 (for Region 1) and up to 12 (for Region 3) of these assignments, in replacement of its assignments appearing in the Plan.

^{*} Note by the Secretariat: This Resolution was revised by WRC-03, WRC-07 and WRC-12.

¹⁰ In such a case, § 4.1.18 does not apply.

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- 4.1.27bis Should the assignments mentioned in § 4.1.26 and 4.1.27 over the national territory of the administration not be brought into use within the regulatory time-limit mentioned in § 4.1.3, they would be retained in the List until the end of the world radiocommunication conference immediately following the successful completion of the procedure referred to in § 4.1.26 and 4.1.27 respectively, and thereafter they shall be removed from the List. (WRC-03)
- 4.1.28 The List, as updated, shall be published periodically by the Bureau.
- 4.1.29 New or modified assignments in the List shall be limited to digital modulation.

4.2 Provisions applicable to Region 2

- 4.2.1 When an administration intends to make a modification¹¹ to the Region 2 Plan, i.e.:
- a) to modify the characteristics of any of its frequency assignments to a space station in the broadcasting-satellite service which are shown in the Region 2 Plan, or for which the procedure in this Article has been successfully applied, whether or not the station has been brought into use; or
- b) to include in the Region 2 Plan a new frequency assignment to a space station in the broadcasting-satellite service; or
- c) to cancel a frequency assignment to a space station in the broadcasting-satellite service,

the following procedure shall be applied before any notification of the frequency assignment is made to the Bureau (see Article 5).

- 4.2.2 The term "frequency assignment in conformity with the Plan" used in this and the following Articles is defined in Article 1.
- 4.2.3 An administration proposing a modification to the characteristics of a frequency assignment in conformity with the Region 2 Plan, or the inclusion of a new frequency assignment in that Plan, shall seek the agreement of those administrations:
- a) of Regions 1 and 3 having a frequency assignment to a space station in the broadcasting-satellite service which is in conformity with the Regions 1 and 3 Plan with a necessary bandwidth, any portion of which falls within the necessary bandwidth of the proposed assignment; or
- b) of Regions 1 and 3 having a frequency assignment included in the List or for which complete Appendix 4 information has been received by the Bureau in accordance with the provisions of § 4.1.3, and any portion of which falls within the necessary bandwidth of the proposed assignment; or

¹¹ For assignments using analogue modulation, the intention not to employ energy dispersal in accordance with § 3.18 of Annex 5 shall be treated as a modification and thus subject to the appropriate provisions of this Article.

- c) of Region 2 having a frequency assignment in the Region 2 Plan to a space station in the broadcasting-satellite service in the same or adjacent channel which is in conformity with that Plan, or in respect of which proposed modifications to that Plan have been received by the Bureau in accordance with the provisions of § 4.2.6; or
- d) having no frequency assignment in the broadcasting-satellite service in the channel concerned, but in whose territory the power flux-density value exceeds the prescribed limit as a result of the proposed modification, or having an assignment whose associated service area does not cover the whole of the territory of the administration, and in whose territory outside that service area the power flux-density from the broadcasting-satellite space station subject to this modification exceeds the prescribed limit as a result of the proposed modification; or
- e) having a frequency assignment in the band 12.5-12.7 GHz in Region 1 or 12.2-12.7 GHz in Region 3 to a space station in the fixed-satellite service which is recorded in the Master Register, or for which complete coordination information has been received by the Bureau for coordination under No. 9.7 or under § 7.1 of Article 7; or
- f) having a frequency assignment to a space station in the broadcasting-satellite service in the band 12.5-12.7 GHz in Region 3 with a necessary bandwidth, any portion of which falls within the necessary bandwidth of the proposed assignment, and:
 - which is recorded in the Master Register; or
 - for which complete coordination information has been received by the Bureau for coordination under No. 9.7¹² or under § 7.1 of Article 7:
- g) whose services are considered to be affected.
- 4.2.4 Not used.
- 4.2.5 The services of an administration are considered to be affected when the limits shown in Annex 1 are exceeded.
- 4.2.6 An administration, or one¹³ acting on behalf of a group of named administrations, intending to make a modification to the Region 2 Plan shall send to the Bureau, not earlier than eight years but preferably not later than two years before the date on which the assignment is to be brought into use, the relevant information listed in Appendix 4. Modifications to that Plan shall lapse if the assignment is not brought into use within eight years after the date of receipt by the Bureau of the relevant complete information¹⁴. A request for a modification that has not been included in that Plan within eight years after the date of receipt by the Bureau of the relevant complete information shall also lapse¹⁴. (WRC-07)

¹² Or under Resolution 33 (Rev.WRC-97)* for assignments for which the API or the request for coordination has been received by the Bureau prior to 1 January 1999.

^{*} Note by the Secretariat: This Resolution was revised by WRC-03.

¹³ Whenever, under this provision, an administration acts on behalf of a group of named administrations, all members of that group retain the right to respond in respect of their own networks or systems. (WRC-03)

¹⁴ The provisions of Resolution **533 (Rev.WRC-2000)** apply. (WRC-03)

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- 4.2.6bis The regulatory time-limit for bringing into use of an assignment in the Region 2 Plan obtained through application of § 4.2 may be extended once by not more than three years due to launch failure in the following cases:
- the destruction of the satellite intended to bring the assignment into use;
- the destruction of the satellite launched to replace an already operating satellite which is intended to be relocated to bring another assignment into use; or
- the satellite is launched, but fails to reach its assigned orbital location.

For this extension to be granted, the launch failure must have occurred at least five years after the date of receipt of the complete Appendix 4 data. In no case shall the period of the extension of the regulatory time-limit exceed the difference in time between the three-year period and the period remaining from the date of the launch failure to the end of the regulatory time-limit¹⁵. In order to take advantage of this extension, the administration shall have, within one month of the launch failure or one month after 5 July 2003, whichever comes later, notified the Bureau in writing of such failure, and shall also provide the following information to the Bureau before the end of the regulatory time-limit of § 4.2.6:

- date of launch failure:
- due diligence information as required in Resolution 49 (Rev.WRC-03)* for the assignment with respect to the satellite that suffered the launch failure, if that information has not already been provided.

If, within one year of the request for extension, the administration has not provided to the Bureau updated Resolution **49** (Rev.WRC-03)* information for the new satellite under procurement, the related frequency assignments shall lapse. (WRC-03)

- 4.2.7 If the information received by the Bureau under § 4.2.6 is found to be incomplete, the Bureau shall immediately seek from the administration concerned any clarification required and information not provided.
- 4.2.8 The Bureau shall determine, on the basis of Annex 1, the administrations whose frequency assignments are considered to be affected within the meaning of § 4.2.3. The Bureau shall publish¹⁶, in a Special Section of its BR IFIC, the complete information received under § 4.2.6, together with the names of the affected administrations, the corresponding fixed-satellite

¹⁵ For a launch failure which occurred before 5 July 2003, the maximum extension of three years shall apply as from 5 July 2003. (WRC-03)

¹⁶ If the payments are not received in accordance with the provisions of Council Decision 482, as amended, on the implementation of cost recovery for satellite network filings, the Bureau shall cancel the publication, after informing the administration concerned. The Bureau shall inform all administrations of such action and that the network specified in the publication in question no longer has to be taken into consideration by the Bureau and other administrations. The Bureau shall send a reminder to the notifying administration not later than two months prior to the deadline for the payment in accordance with the above-mentioned Council Decision 482 unless the payment has already been received. (WRC-07)

^{*} Note by the Secretariat: This Resolution was revised by WRC-07 and WRC-12.

service networks, the corresponding broadcasting-satellite service assignments and terrestrial stations, as appropriate. The Bureau shall immediately send a telegram/fax to the administration proposing the modification to the Region 2 Plan, drawing its attention to the information contained in the relevant BR IFIC. (WRC-07)

- 4.2.9 The Bureau shall send a telegram/fax to the administrations listed in the Special Section of its BR IFIC, drawing their attention to the information it contains. (WRC-07)
- 4.2.10 An administration which considers that it should have been included in the publication referred to under § 4.2.8 above shall, within four months of the date of publication in the relevant BR IFIC, and giving the technical reasons for so doing, request the Bureau to include its name in the publication. The Bureau shall study this information on the basis of Annex 1 and shall inform both administrations of its conclusions. Should the Bureau agree to the administration's request, it shall publish an addendum to the publication under § 4.2.8. (WRC-07)
- 4.2.11 Except as provided under § 4.2.21A to 4.2.21D, any modification to a frequency assignment which is in conformity with the Region 2 Plan or any inclusion in that Plan of a new frequency assignment which would have the effect of exceeding the limits specified in Annex 1 shall be subject to the agreement of all administrations whose services are considered to be affected. (WRC-03)
- 4.2.12 The administration seeking agreement or the administration with which agreement is sought may request any additional technical information it considers necessary. The administrations shall inform the Bureau of such requests.
- 4.2.13 Comments from administrations on the information published pursuant to § 4.2.8 should be sent either directly to the administration proposing the modification or through the Bureau. In any event, the Bureau shall be informed that comments have been made.
- 4.2.14 An administration that has not notified its comments either to the administration seeking agreement or to the Bureau within a period of four months following the date of the BR IFIC referred to in § 4.2.8 shall be deemed to have agreed to the proposed assignment. This time-limit may be extended by up to three months for an administration that has requested additional information under § 4.2.12 or for an administration that has requested the assistance of the Bureau under § 4.2.22. In the latter case, the Bureau shall inform the administrations concerned of this request.
- 4.2.14bis Thirty days prior to the expiry of the same four-month period the Bureau shall dispatch a reminder telegram or fax to an administration which has not made its comments under § 4.2.14, bringing the matter to its attention. (WRC-03)
- 4.2.14ter After expiry of the deadline for comments in respect of the proposed assignment, the Bureau shall, according to its records, publish a Special Section, indicating the list of administrations whose agreements are required for completion of the Article 4 procedure. (WRC-03)
- 4.2.15 If, in seeking agreement, an administration modifies its initial proposal, it shall again apply the provisions of § 4.2 and the consequent procedure with respect to any other administration whose services might be affected as a result of modifications to the initial proposal.

- 4.2.16 If no comments have been received on the expiry of the periods specified in § 4.2.14, or if agreement has been reached with the administrations which have made comments and with which agreement is necessary, the administration proposing the modification may continue with the appropriate procedure in Article 5, and shall so inform the Bureau, indicating the final characteristics of the frequency assignment together with the names of the administrations with which agreement has been reached.
- 4.2.16bis In application of § 4.2.16, an administration may indicate the changes to the information communicated to the Bureau under § 4.2.6 and published under § 4.2.8. (WRC-03)
- 4.2.17 The agreement of the administrations affected may also be obtained in accordance with this Article, for a specified period. When this specific period of agreement expires for an assignment in the Plan, the assignment in question shall be maintained in the Plan until the end of the period referred to in § 4.2.6 above. After that date this assignment in the Plan shall lapse unless the agreement of the administrations affected is renewed. (WRC-03)
- 4.2.18 When the proposed modification to the Region 2 Plan involves developing countries, administrations shall seek all practicable solutions conducive to the economical development of the broadcasting-satellite systems of these countries.
- 4.2.19 The Bureau shall publish 17 in a Special Section of its BR IFIC the information received under \S 4.2.16 together with the names of any administrations with which the provisions of this Article have been successfully applied. The frequency assignment concerned shall enjoy the same status as those appearing in the Region 2 Plan and will be considered as a frequency assignment in conformity with the Plan. (WRC-03)
- 4.2.20 When an administration proposing to modify the characteristics of a frequency assignment or to make a new frequency assignment receives notice of disagreement on the part of an administration whose agreement it has sought, it should first endeavour to solve the problem by exploring all possible means of meeting its requirement. If the problem still cannot be solved by such means, the administration whose agreement has been sought should endeavour to overcome the difficulties as far as possible, and shall state the technical reasons for any disagreement if the administration seeking the agreement requests it to do so.
- 4.2.21 If no agreement is reached between the administrations concerned, the Bureau shall carry out any study that may be requested by these administrations; the Bureau shall inform them of the result of the study and shall make such recommendations as it may be able to offer for the solution of the problem.
- 4.2.21A If, in spite of the application of § 4.2.20 and 4.2.21, there is still continuing disagreement and the assignment which was the basis of the disagreement is not an assignment in the Region 2 Plan, or in the Regions 1 and 3 Plan or List, or for which the procedure of § 4.1 or 4.2 has been initiated, and if the notifying administration insists that the proposed assignment be

¹⁷ If the payments are not received in accordance with the provisions of Council Decision 482, as amended, on the implementation of cost recovery for satellite network filings, the Bureau shall cancel the publication, after informing the administration concerned. The Bureau shall inform all administrations of such action and that the network specified in the publication in question no longer has to be taken into consideration by the Bureau and other administrations. The Bureau shall send a reminder to the notifying administration not later than two months prior to the deadline for the payment in accordance with the above-mentioned Council Decision 482 unless the payment has already been received. (WRC-07)

included in the Region 2 Plan, the Bureau shall provisionally enter the assignment in the Region 2 Plan with an indication of those administrations whose assignments were the basis of the disagreement; however, the entry shall be changed from provisional to definitive recording in the Region 2 Plan only if the Bureau is informed that the new assignment in the Region 2 Plan has been in use, together with the assignment which was the basis for the disagreement, for at least four months without any complaint of harmful interference being made. (WRC-03)

- 4.2.21B When requesting the application of § 4.2.21A, the notifying administration shall undertake to meet the requirements of § 4.2.21D and provide to the administration in respect of which § 4.2.21A has been applied, with a copy to the Bureau, a description of the steps by which it undertakes to meet these requirements. (WRC-03)
- 4.2.21C Should the assignments that were the basis of the disagreement not be brought into use within the period specified in No. **11.44**, the status of the assignment in the Region 2 Plan shall be reviewed accordingly. (WRC-03)
- 4.2.21D Should harmful interference be caused by an assignment included in the Region 2 Plan under § 4.2.21A to any recorded assignment in the Master Register which was the basis of the disagreement, the administration using the frequency assignment included in the Region 2 Plan under § 4.2.21A shall, upon receipt of advice thereof, immediately eliminate this harmful interference. (WRC-03)
- 4.2.22 An administration may at any stage in the procedure described, or before applying it, request the assistance of the Bureau.
- 4.2.23 The relevant provisions of Article **5** shall be applied when frequency assignments are notified to the Bureau.

4.2.24 Cancellation of frequency assignments

When a frequency assignment in conformity with the Region 2 Plan is no longer required, whether or not as a result of a modification, the administration concerned shall immediately so inform the Bureau. The Bureau shall publish this information in a Special Section of its BR IFIC and delete the assignment from the Region 2 Plan.

4.2.25 Master copy of the Region 2 Plan

- 4.2.25.1 The Bureau shall maintain an up-to-date master copy of the Region 2 Plan, including the overall equivalent protection margins of each assignment, taking account of the application of the procedure set out in this Article. This master copy shall contain the overall equivalent protection margins derived from the Plan as established by the 1983 Conference and those derived from all modifications to the Plan as a result of the successful completion of the modification procedure set out in this Article.
- 4.2.25.2 An up-to-date version of the Region 2 Plan shall be published by the Secretary-General when justified by the circumstances.

ARTICLE 5 (REV.WRC-12)

Notification, examination and recording in the Master International Frequency Register of frequency assignments to space stations in the broadcasting-satellite service¹⁸ (WRC-07)

5.1 Notification

- 5.1.1 Whenever an administration¹⁹ intends to bring into use a frequency assignment to a space station in the broadcasting-satellite service, it shall notify this frequency assignment to the Bureau. For this purpose, the notifying administration shall apply the following provisions. (WRC-03)
- 5.1.2 For any notification under § 5.1.1, an individual notice for each frequency assignment shall be drawn up as prescribed in Appendix 4, the various Sections of which specify the basic characteristics to be provided as appropriate. It is recommended that the notifying administration should also supply any other data it may consider useful. (WRC-2000)
- 5.1.2bis In application of § 5.1.2, an administration may identify the characteristics of assignments in the Plans or the List as notification and send to the Bureau the changes thereto.
- 5.1.3 Each notice must reach the Bureau not earlier than three years before the date on which the frequency assignment is to be brought into use. In any case, the notice must reach the Bureau not later than three months before that date²⁰. (WRC-2000)
- 5.1.4 Any frequency assignment the notice of which reaches the Bureau after the applicable period specified in § 5.1.3 shall, where it is to be recorded, bear a remark in the Master Register to indicate that it is not in conformity with § 5.1.3.
- 5.1.5 Any notice made under § 5.1.1 which does not contain the characteristics specified in Appendix 4 shall be returned by the Bureau immediately by airmail to the notifying administration with the relevant reasons. (WRC-2000)

¹⁸ If the payments are not received in accordance with the provisions of Council Decision 482, as amended, on the implementation of cost recovery for satellite network filings, the Bureau shall cancel the publication specified in § 5.1.6 and the corresponding entries in the Master Register under § 5.2.2, 5.2.2.1, 5.2.2.2 or 5.2.6, as appropriate, and the corresponding entries included in the Plan on and after 3 June 2000 or in the List, as appropriate, after informing the administration concerned. The Bureau shall inform all administrations of such action. The Bureau shall send a reminder to the notifying administration not later than two months prior to the deadline for the payment in accordance with the above-mentioned Council Decision 482 unless the payment has already been received. See also Resolution 905 (WRC-07)*. (WRC-07)*.

^{*} Note by the Secretariat: This Resolution was abrogated by WRC-12.

¹⁹ A frequency assignment may be notified by one administration acting on behalf of a group of named administrations. Any further notice (modification or deletion) relating to that assignment shall, in the absence of information to the contrary, be regarded as having been submitted on behalf of the entire group. (WRC-03)

²⁰ Where appropriate, the notifying administration shall initiate the procedure for modifying the Plan concerned or for including assignments in the Regions 1 and 3 List in sufficient time to ensure that this limit is observed. For Region 2, see also Resolution 42 (Rev.WRC-03) and § B of Annex 7. (WRC-03)

- 5.1.6 Upon receipt of a complete notice, the Bureau shall include its particulars, with the date of receipt, in its BR IFIC, which shall contain the particulars of all such notices received since the publication of the previous Circular. (WRC-2000)
- 5.1.7 The Circular shall constitute the acknowledgement to the notifying administration of the receipt of a complete notice.
- 5.1.8 Complete notices shall be considered by the Bureau in order of receipt. The Bureau shall not postpone its finding unless it lacks sufficient data to reach a decision; moreover, the Bureau shall not act upon any notice which has a technical bearing on an earlier notice still under consideration by the Bureau until it has reached a finding with respect to such earlier notice.

5.2 Examination and recording

5.2.1 The Bureau shall examine each notice:

- a) with respect to its conformity with the Constitution, the Convention and the relevant provisions of the Radio Regulations (with the exception of those relating to $\S b$), c), d) and e) below);
- with respect to its conformity with the appropriate Regional Plan or the Regions 1 and 3 List, as appropriate; or
- with respect to the coordination requirements specified in the Remarks column of Article 10 or Article 11; or
- d) with respect to its conformity with the appropriate Regional Plan or the Regions 1 and 3 List, however, having characteristics differing from those in the appropriate Regional Plan or in the Regions 1 and 3 List, in one or more of the following aspects:
 - use of a reduced e.i.r.p.,
 - use of a reduced coverage area entirely situated within the coverage area appearing in the appropriate Regional Plan or in the Regions 1 and 3 List,
 - use of other modulating signals in accordance with the provisions of § 3.1.3 of Annex 5,
 - use of the assignment for transmission in the fixed-satellite service in accordance with No. 5.492.
 - in the case of Region 2, use of an orbital position under the conditions specified in § B of Annex 7.
 - in the case of the notification of Plan assignments, use of an e.i.r.p. which produces a pfd that exceeds the limit of -103.6 dB(W/(m² · 27 MHz)) given in Section 1 of Annex 1 to Appendix 30 on the territory of the notifying administration under the condition that the calculated pfd at test points of any Plan assignment, List assignment or proposed assignment submitted under Article 4 are equal to or below that of the original Plan assignments in the same channel of the administration applying this section; or
- e) with respect to its conformity with the provisions of Resolution 42 (Rev.WRC-03)*. (WRC-03)

Note by the Secretariat: This Resolution was revised by WRC-12.

- 5.2.2 Where the Bureau reaches a favourable finding with respect to § 5.2.1 *a*), 5.2.1 *b*) and 5.2.1 *c*), the frequency assignment of an administration shall be recorded in the Master Register. The date of receipt of the notice by the Bureau shall be entered in the Master Register. In relations between administrations, all frequency assignments brought into use in conformity with the appropriate Regional Plan and recorded in the Master Register shall be considered to have the same status irrespective of the dates of receipt entered in the Master Register for such frequency assignments. (WRC-07)
- 5.2.2.1 Where the Bureau reaches a favourable finding with respect to § 5.2.1 a), 5.2.1 c) and 5.2.1 d), the frequency assignment shall be recorded in the Master Register. The date of receipt of the notice by the Bureau shall be entered in the Master Register. In relations between administrations, all frequency assignments brought into use in conformity with the appropriate Regional Plan and recorded in the Master Register shall be considered to have the same status irrespective of the dates of receipt entered in the Master Register for such frequency assignments. When recording these assignments, the Bureau shall indicate by an appropriate symbol the characteristics having a value different from that appearing in the appropriate regional Plan. (WRC-07)
- 5.2.2.2 In the case of Region 2, where the Bureau reaches a favourable finding with respect to § 5.2.1 a) and 5.2.1 c), but an unfavourable finding with respect to § 5.2.1 b) and 5.2.1 d), it shall examine the notice with respect to the successful application of the provisions of Resolution 42 (Rev.WRC-03)*. A frequency assignment for which the provisions of Resolution 42 (Rev.WRC-03)* have been successfully applied shall be recorded in the Master Register with an appropriate symbol to indicate its interim status. The date of receipt of the notice by the Bureau shall be entered in the Master Register. In relations between administrations all frequency assignments brought into use following the successful application of the provisions of Resolution 42 (Rev.WRC-03)* and recorded in the Master Register shall be considered to have the same status irrespective of the dates of receipt entered in the Master Register for such frequency assignments. (WRC-07)
- 5.2.2.3 In the case of Regions 1 and 3, when the Bureau reaches a favourable finding with respect to $\S 5.2.1 \ a$) and $5.2.1 \ c$) but an unfavourable finding with respect to $\S 5.2.1 \ b$) and $5.2.1 \ d$), the notice shall be returned immediately by airmail to the notifying administration with the Bureau's reasons for this finding and with such suggestions as the Bureau may be able to offer with a view to a satisfactory solution of the problem. (WRC-2000)
- 5.2.3 Whenever a frequency assignment is recorded in the Master Register, the finding reached by the Bureau shall be indicated. (WRC-07)
- 5.2.4 Where the Bureau reaches an unfavourable finding with respect to:
- § 5.2.1 a), or
- § 5.2.1 c), or
- § 5.2.1 b) and 5.2.1 d) and, where applicable, § 5.2.1 e),

the notice shall be returned immediately by airmail to the notifying administration with the reasons of the Bureau for this finding and with such suggestions as the Bureau may be able to offer with a view to a satisfactory solution of the problem. (WRC-2000)

^{*} Note by the Secretariat: This Resolution was revised by WRC-12.

- 5.2.5 Where the notifying administration resubmits the notice and the finding of the Bureau becomes favourable with respect to the appropriate parts of § 5.2.1, the notice shall be treated as in § 5.2.2, 5.2.2.1 or 5.2.2.2, as appropriate.
- 5.2.6 If the notifying administration resubmits the notice without modification and insists on its reconsideration, and if the Bureau's finding with respect to § 5.2.1 remains unfavourable, the notice is returned to the notifying administration in accordance with § 5.2.4. In this case, the notifying administration undertakes not to bring into use the frequency assignment until the condition specified in § 5.2.5 is fulfilled. For Regions 1, 2 and 3, in the event that the Bureau has been informed of agreement to modification of the Plan for a specified period of time in accordance with Article 4, the frequency assignment shall be recorded in the Master Register with a note indicating that the frequency assignment is valid only for the period specified. The notifying administration using the frequency assignment over a specified period shall not subsequently invoke this fact to justify the continued use of the frequency beyond the period specified unless it obtains the agreement of the administration(s) concerned.
- 5.2.7 If a frequency assignment notified in advance of bringing into use in conformity with § 5.1.3 has received a favourable finding by the Bureau with respect to the provisions of § 5.2.1, it shall be entered provisionally in the Master Register with a special symbol in the Remarks Column indicating the provisional nature of that entry.
- 5.2.8 When the Bureau has received confirmation that the frequency assignment has been brought into use, the Bureau shall remove the symbol in the Master Register.
- 5.2.9 The date of bringing into use notified by the administration concerned shall be recorded in the Master Register. (WRC-07)
- 5.2.10 Wherever the use of a frequency assignment to a space station recorded in the Master Register and emanating from the Regions 1 and 3 List is suspended for a period exceeding six months, the notifying administration shall, as soon as possible, but no later than six months from the date on which the use was suspended, inform the Bureau of the date on which such use was suspended. When the recorded assignment is brought back into use, the notifying administration shall so inform the Bureau, as soon as possible. The date on which the recorded assignment is brought back into use^{20bis} shall be no later than three years from the date of suspension. (WRC-12)
- 5.2.11 If a recorded frequency assignment stemming from the Regions 1 and 3 List is not brought back into use within three years from the date of suspension, the Bureau shall cancel the assignment from the Master Register and the assignment in the List, unless the assignment is one to which § 4.1.26 or § 4.1.27 is being applied. (WRC-12)

²⁰bis The date of bringing back into use of a frequency assignment to a space station in the geostationary-satellite orbit shall be the commencement of the ninety-day period defined below. A frequency assignment to a space station in the geostationary-satellite orbit shall be considered as having been brought back into use when a space station in the geostationary-satellite orbit with the capability of transmitting or receiving that frequency assignment has been deployed and maintained at the notified orbital position for a continuous period of ninety days. The notifying administration shall inform the Bureau within thirty days from the end of the ninety-day period. (WRC-12)

5.3 Cancellation of entries in the Master Register

- Any notified frequency assignment to which the Article 4 procedures have been applied and which has been provisionally recorded under § 5.2.7 shall be brought into use no later than the end of the period provided under § 4.1.3 or 4.2.6 of Article 4. Any other frequency assignment provisionally recorded under § 5.2.7 shall be brought into use by the date specified in the notice. Unless the Bureau has been informed by the notifying administration of the bringing into use of the assignment under § 5.2.8, it shall, no later than fifteen days before the notified date of bringing into use or the end of the regulatory period established under § 4.1.3 or 4.2.6 of Article 4, as appropriate, send a reminder requesting confirmation that the assignment has been brought into use within the regulatory period. If the Bureau does not receive that confirmation within thirty days following the notified date of bringing into use or the period provided under § 4.1.3 or 4.2.6 of Article 4, as the case may be, it shall cancel the entry in the Master Register. (WRC-07)
- 5.3.2 If the use of any recorded frequency assignment is permanently discontinued, the notifying administration shall so inform the Bureau within three months, whereupon the entry shall be removed from the Master Register.

ARTICLE 6 (WRC-2000)

Coordination, notification and recording in the Master International Frequency Register of frequency assignments to terrestrial stations or to earth stations in the fixed-satellite service (Earth-to-space) affecting frequency assignments to broadcasting-satellite stations in the bands 11.7-12.2 GHz (in Region 3), 11.7-12.5 GHz (in Region 1) and 12.2-12.7 GHz (in Region 2)²¹

- 6.1 The provisions of No. **9.19** and the associated provisions under Articles **9** and **11** are applicable in respect of frequency assignments to broadcasting-satellite stations in the bands 11.7-12.5 GHz in Region 1, 12.2-12.7 GHz in Region 2 and 11.7-12.2 GHz in Region 3:
- a) to transmitting terrestrial stations in the band 11.7-12.7 GHz in all Regions;
- b) to transmitting earth stations in the fixed-satellite service in the band 12.5-12.7 GHz (in Region 1).
- 6.2 In applying the procedures referred to in § 6.1, the provisions of Appendix 5 are replaced by the following:
- 6.2.1 These procedures are to be applied in respect of administrations whose territory is included within the service area associated with:
- a) assignments in conformity with the appropriate Regional Plan in Appendix 30;
- b) assignments included in the Regions 1 and 3 List;
- c) assignments for which the procedure of Article 4 has been initiated, as from the date of receipt of the complete Appendix 4 information under § 4.1 or 4.2.
- 6.2.2 The criteria to be applied are those given in Annex 3.

²¹ These procedures do not replace the procedures prescribed for terrestrial stations in Articles **9** and **11**.

ARTICLE 7 (REV.WRC-03)

Coordination, notification and recording in the Master International Frequency Register of frequency assignments to stations in the fixed-satellite service (space-to-Earth) in the bands 11.7-12.2 GHz (in Region 2), 12.2-12.7 GHz (in Region 3) and 12.5-12.7 GHz (in Region 1), and to stations in the broadcasting-satellite service in the band 12.5-12.7 GHz (in Region 3) when frequency assignments to broadcasting-satellite stations in the bands 11.7-12.5 GHz in Region 1, 12.2-12.7 GHz in Region 2 and 11.7-12.2 GHz in Region 3 are involved²²

- 7.1 The provisions of No. **9.7**²³ and the associated provisions under Articles **9** and **11** are applicable in respect of frequency assignments to broadcasting-satellite stations in the bands 11.7-12.5 GHz in Region 1, 12.2-12.7 GHz in Region 2 and 11.7-12.2 GHz in Region 3:
- a) to transmitting space stations in the fixed-satellite service in the bands 11.7-12.2 GHz (in Region 2), 12.2-12.7 GHz (in Region 3) and 12.5-12.7 GHz (in Region 1); and
- to transmitting space stations in the broadcasting-satellite service in the band 12.5-12.7 GHz (in Region 3).
- 7.2 In applying the procedures referred to in § 7.1, the provisions of Appendix 5 are replaced by the following:
- 7.2.1 The frequency assignments to be taken into account are:
- a) the assignments in conformity with the appropriate Regional Plan in Appendix 30;
- b) the assignments included in the Regions 1 and 3 List;
- c) the assignments for which the procedure of Article 4 has been initiated, as from the date of receipt of the complete Appendix 4 information under § 4.1.3 or 4.2.6. (WRC-03)
- 7.2.2 The criteria to be applied are those given in Annex 4.

²² These provisions do not replace the procedures prescribed in Articles **9** and **11** when stations other than those in the broadcasting-satellite service subject to a Plan are involved. (WRC-03)

²³ The provisions of Resolution **33** (Rev.WRC-97)* are applicable to space stations in the broadcasting-satellite service for which the advance publication information or the request for coordination has been received by the Bureau prior to 1 January 1999.

^{*} Note by the Secretariat: This Resolution was revised by WRC-03.

ARTICLE 8

Miscellaneous provisions relating to the procedures*

- 8.1 If so requested by any administration, the Board, using such means at its disposal as are appropriate in the circumstances, shall conduct a study of cases of alleged contravention or non-observance of these provisions or of harmful interference.
- 8.2 The Board shall thereupon prepare and forward to the administration or administrations concerned a report containing its findings and recommendations for the solution of the problem.
- 8.3 On receiving the Board's recommendations for the solution of the problem, an administration shall promptly acknowledge their receipt by telegram and shall indicate the action it intends to take. Where the Board's suggestions or recommendations are unacceptable to the administrations concerned, further efforts should be made by the Board to find an acceptable solution to the problem.
- 8.4 Where, as a result of a study, the Board submits to one or more administrations suggestions or recommendations for the solution of a problem, and where no reply has been received from one or more of these administrations within a period of three months, the Board shall consider that the suggestions or recommendations concerned are unacceptable to the administrations which did not answer. If it was the requesting administration which failed to answer within this period, the Board shall discontinue the study.
- 8.5 If so requested by any administration, particularly by an administration of a country in need of special assistance, the Board, using such means at its disposal as are appropriate in the circumstances, shall render the following assistance:
- a) computation necessary in the application of Annexes 1, 3 and 4;
- b) any other assistance of a technical nature for completion of the procedures in this Appendix.
- 8.6 In making a request to the Board under § 8.5, the administration shall provide the Board with the necessary information.

ARTICLE 9 (SUP - WRC-03)

^{*} Note by the Secretariat: WRC-97 did not review this Article. The subject matter is also dealt with in Articles 13 and 14, which were reviewed by WRC-97.

10.1

ARTICLE 10

The Plan for the broadcasting-satellite service in the frequency band 12.2-12.7 GHz in Region 2

COLUMN HEADINGS OF THE PLAN

Col. 1	Beam identification (Column 1 contains the symbol designating the country or the geographical area taken from Table B1 of the Preface to the International Frequency List followed by the symbol designating the service area).
Col. 2	Nominal orbital position, in degrees and hundredths of a degree.
Col. 3	Channel number (see Table 4 showing channel numbers and corresponding assigned frequencies).
Col. 4	Boresight geographical coordinates, in degrees and hundredths of a degree.
Col. 5	Antenna beamwidth. This column contains two figures corresponding to the major axis and the minor axis respectively of the elliptical cross-section half-power beam, in degrees and hundredths of a degree.
Col. 6	<i>Orientation of the ellipse</i> determined as follows: in a plane normal to the beam axis, the direction of a major axis of the ellipse is specified as the angle measured anti-clockwise from a line parallel to the equatorial plane to the major axis of the ellipse to the nearest degree.
Col. 7	Polarization (1 = direct, 2 = indirect) 24 .
Col. 8	e.i.r.p. in the direction of maximum radiation, in dBW.
Col. 9	Remarks.
10.2	TEXT FOR NOTES IN REMARKS COLUMN OF THE PLAN
1	Fast roll-off space station transmitting antenna as defined in Annex 5 (item 3.13.3).
2 bandwidth	Television standard with 625 lines using greater video bandwidth and necessary of 27 MHz.
3	Not used

 $^{^{24}}$ See Annex 5 (§ 3.2) of this Appendix.

- 4 This assignment may be utilized in the geographical area of Anguilla (AIA) (which is in the beam area).
- 5 Feeder-link earth stations for this assignment may also be located in the territories of Puerto Rico and the United States Virgin Islands. Such operation shall not cause more interference nor require more protection than the assignment under the Plan.
- 6 Feeder-link earth stations for this assignment may also be located in the States of Alaska and Hawaii. Such operation shall not cause more interference nor require more protection than the assignment under the Plan.
- The feeder-link earth station for this assignment may also be located at the point with geographical coordinates 3°31′ West, 48°46′ North. Such operation shall not cause more interference nor require more protection than the assignment under the Plan.
- 8 Feeder-link earth stations for this assignment may also be located at the points with the following geographical coordinates:

47° 55′ West	15° 47′ South	34° 53′ West	08° 04′ South
43° 13′ West	22° 55′ South	60° 02′ West	03° 06′ South
		00 02650	
46° 38′ West	23° 33′ South	38° 31′ West	12° 56′ South
51° 13′ West	30° 02′ South	49° 15′ West	16° 40′ South

Such operation shall not cause more interference nor require more protection than the assignment under the Plan.

- 9/GR . . . This assignment is part of a group, the number of which follows the symbol.

 The group consists of the beams and has the number of channels assigned to it as indicated in Table 1 below.
- a) The overall equivalent protection margin to be used for the application of Article 4 and Resolution 42 (Rev.WRC-03)* shall be calculated on the following basis:
 - for the calculation of interference to assignments that are part of a group, only the
 interference contributions from assignments that are not part of the same group are to
 be included; and
 - for the calculation of interference from assignments belonging to a group to assignments that are not part of that same group, only the worst interference contribution from that group shall be used on a test point to test point basis. (WRC-03)
- b) If an administration notifies the same frequency in more than one beam of a group for use at the same time, the aggregated C/I produced by all emissions from that group shall not exceed the C/I calculated on the basis of a) above.
- This assignment shall be brought into use only when the limits given in Table 2 are not exceeded or with the agreement of the affected administration identified in Table 3.

These administrations shall be informed by the notifying administration of changes in characteristics before these beams are brought into use.

^{*} Note by the Secretariat: This Resolution was revised by WRC-12.

TABLE 1

Group	Beams in the group	Number of channels assigned to the group
GR1	ALS00002 HWA00002 USAPSA02	32 channels
GR2	ALS00003 HWA00003 USAPSA03	32 channels
GR3	ARGINSU4 ARGSUR04	16 channels
GR4	ARGINSU5 ARGSUR05	12 channels
GR5	BOLAND01 CLMAND01 EQACAND1 EQAGAND1 PRUAND02 VENAND03	16 channels
GR6	B SU111 B SU211	32 channels
GR7	B CE311 B CE411 B CE511	32 channels
GR8	B NO611 B NO711B NO811	32 channels
GR9	B SU112 B SU212 B CE312 B CE412	32 channels
GR10	CAN01101 CAN01201	32 channels
GR11	Not used	
GR12	CAN01203 CAN01303 CAN01403	32 channels
GR13	CAN01304 CAN01404 CAN01504	32 channels
GR14	CAN01405 CAN01505 CAN01605	32 channels
GR15	Not used	
GR16	CHLCONT4 CHLCONT6	16 channels
GR17	CHLCONT5 PAQPAC01 CHLPAC02	16 channels
GR18	CRBBER01 CRBBLZ01 CRBJMC01 CRBBAH01 CRBECO01	16 channels
GR19	EQACO001 EQAGO001	16 channels
GR20	PTRVIR01 USAEHO02	32 channels
GR21	PTRVIR02 USAEHO03	32 channels
GR22	VEN02VEN VEN11VEN	4 channels

TABLE 2

Applicable criteria

Symbol	pfd limit criteria
a	§ 3, Annex 1
b	§ 5 b), Annex 1
С	§ 5 c), Annex 1
d	§ 5 <i>d</i>), Annex 1

Note - Section 5 of Annex 1 was merged with Section 4 by WRC-2000. See also the Note to Table 3. (WRC-2000)

- 11 This assignment shall be brought into use only when the e.i.r.p. in the direction of all points situated within the service area and within the -3 dB contour of the "Metropole" beam (space-to-Earth) in the VIDEOSAT-3 network as described in ex-IFRB Special Section AR11/C/766 to BR IFIC No. 1678 of 2 July 1985 does not exceed the limit 26.8 dBW.
- 12 This assignment shall be brought into use only when the e.i.r.p. in the direction of all points situated within the service area and within the -3 dB contour of the "Metropole" beam (space-to-Earth) in the VIDEOSAT-3 network as described in ex-IFRB Special Section

AR11/C/766 to Weekly Circular No. 1678 of 2 July 1985 does not exceed the limit 26.8 dBW, and when the e.i.r.p. in the direction of all points situated within the service area and also between the -3 dB and -6 dB contours of the same beam does not exceed the limit 29.5 dBW.

TABLE 3

Beam name	Channels	Limit criteria ref. Table 2	Countries or geographical areas affected ³ *
ALS00002	1, 4, 5, 6, 9, 10, 11, 14, 15, 16 All channels For channels 20 to 32	a c d	URS MNG/URS URS
ALS00003	1, 4, 5, 6, 9, 10, 11, 14, 15, 16 All channels For channels 20 to 32	a c d	URS URS URS
ARGINSU5	3, 7, 11, 15, 17, 19	b	NOR
ARGNORT4	2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20	b	AOE/ASC/AZR/CPV/E/GMB/GNB/GUI/ MRC/MTN/POR/SEN
ARGNORT5	2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20	b	AFS/AGL/BOT/NMB/NOR/OCE/PTC/ TKL/COD/ZMB/ZWE
ARGSUR04	1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13, 15, 17, 19	b	ASC
ARGSUR05	3, 7, 11, 15, 17, 19	b	NOR
B CE311	For channels 1 to 20	b	AGL/ALG/CAF/CME/COG/GAB/GNE/ NGR/NIG/NMB/STP/TCD/COD
B CE312	For channels 1 to 20 For channels 1 to 20 All channels	b c c	AFS/BDI/BOT/LSO/RRW/TZA/UGA/ ZMB/ZWE MOZ/MWI/TZA ETH/KEN/SDN
B CE411	For channels 1 to 20	b	AGL/ALG/CAF/CME/COG/CVA/E/ GAB/GNE///LBY/MLT/NGR/NIG/SMR/ STP/TCD/TUN/COD
B CE412	For channels 1 to 20 All channels	c c	CYP/TUR ARS/EGY/ISR/SDN/URS
B CE511	For channels 1 to 20	b	CAF/CME/COG/GAB/GNE/NIG/NMB/ NOR/STP/COD
B NO611	For channels 1 to 20	b	BEN/GHA/TGO
B NO711	For channels 1 to 20	b	BEN
B SE911	2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20	b	CPV
B SU111	For channels 1 to 20	b	BFA/CTI/GHA/GUI/LBR/MTN/SHN/ TRC

^{*} Note by the Secretariat: This Table was not modified by WRC-97. As such, the references to ETH, TCH, URS and YUG in this column refer to the countries or geographical areas described by these symbols when the Plan was established.

TABLE 3 (continued)

Beam name	Channels	Limit criteria ref. Table 2	Countries or geographical areas affected*
B SU211	For channels 1 to 20	b	ALG/BFA/CTI/GHA/GUI/LBR/MLI/ MRC/MTN/SHN/TRC
BERBER02	1, 5, 17 5, 9, 13	a a	CNR/E ISL
BOL00001	3, 7, 11, 15, 19	b	ALG/AOE/ASC/E/GMB/GNB/GUI/LBR/ MLI/MRC/MTN/POR/SEN/SRL/TRC
CAN01101	All channels For channels 20 to 32	c d	URS URS
CAN01201	All channels	С	URS
CAN01203	All channels	С	URS
CAN01303	All channels	С	URS
CAN01403	All channels	С	URS
CAN01404	For channels 1 to 20	b	ISL/POR
CAN01405	For channels 1 to 20	b	F/G/IRL/ISL
CAN01504	For channels 1 to 20	b	AOE/AZR/E/ISL/MRC/MTN/POR
CAN01505	For channels 1 to 20	b	ALG/E/F/G/IRL/ISL/MRC/POR
CAN01605	For channels 1 to 20	b	E/F/G/IRL/ISL/MRC/POR
CAN01606	For channels 1 to 20	b	BEL/F/G/HOL/IRL/ISL/LUX/NOR
CLMAND01	21, 23, 25, 27, 29, 31	С	URS
CLM00001	1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13, 15, 17, 19 21, 23, 25, 27, 29, 31	b c	AZR/CPV URS
CRBEC001	2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20	b	ASC/AZR/GMB/GNB/GUI/ISL/MTN/ SEN/SRL
FLKANT01	1, 5, 9, 13	b	NOR
GRLDNK01	3, 7, 11, 15, 19	b	D/DNK/G/HOL/ISL/NOR/POL/S/TCH
GUFMGG02	4, 8, 12, 16, 20	b	NOR
HWA00002	For channels 1 to 20 All channels	b c	CHN/KRE MNG/URS
HWA00003	For channels 1 to 20 All channels	b c	CHN MNG/URS
MEX02NTE	All channels	С	URS
MEX01SUR	1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13, 15, 17, 19	b	KIR

TABLE 3 (end)

Beam name	Channels	Limit criteria ref. Table 2	Countries or geographical areas affected*
MEX02SUR	All channels	с	URS
PRU00004	2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20	b	ALG/AOE/ASC/BFA/CTI/E/G/GMB/ GUI/ISL/LBR/MLI/MRC/MTN/POR/ SEN/SHN/SRL/TRC
SPMFRAN3	1, 5, 9, 13, 17	b	D/DNK/ISL/NOR/S
USAEH001	For channels 1 to 20	b	ALG/AUT/BEL/CVA/D/DNK/E/F/G/ HOL/I/ISL/LBY/LIE/LUX/MCO/MLT/ NGR/NIG/NOR/OCE/SMR/SUI/TCH/ TUN/YUG
USAEH002	For channels 1 to 20 All channels	b c	AZR/CPV/HWL URS
USAEH003	For channels 1 to 20 All channels	b c	MHL URS
USAEH004	For channels 1 to 20 All channels For channels 20 to 32	b c d	WAK URS URS
USAWH101	All channels	С	URS
USAWH102	All channels	С	URS
VENAND03	21, 23, 25, 27, 29, 31	С	URS
VEN11VEN	2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, 30, 32	b c	AZR/CPV URS

Note – The administrations listed in Table 3 were identified on the basis of the criteria adopted at the Regional Administrative Conference for the Planning of the Broadcasting-satellite Service in Region 2 (Geneva, 1983) (RARC Sat-R2), as shown in Table 2. WRC-2000 and WRC-03 revised the criteria applicable to determine affected administrations. Therefore, the Bureau, when receiving a notification for an assignment in the Region 2 Plan, shall determine which countries are affected on the basis of the revised criteria adopted by WRC-03, which may lead to a different set of affected administration(s) from that currently contained in Table 3. (WRC-07)

Country symbols

- 1 For the explanation of symbols designating countries or geographical areas in Region 2, see the Preface to the International Frequency List.
- 2 One additional symbol, CRB, has been created for the purposes of the 1983 Conference only, to designate to geographical area in the Caribbean Area. The five Caribbean beams are identified as follows:

CRBBAH01, CRBBER01, CRBBLZ01, CRBEC001 and CRBJMC01

and are intended collectively to provide coverage for the following countries or geographical areas: AIA, ATG, BAH, BER, BLZ, BRB, CYM, DMA, GRD, GUY, JMC, LCA, MSR, KNA, SUR, TCA, TRD, VCT and VRG to be so used if approved by them.

TABLE 4

Table showing correspondence between channel numbers and assigned frequencies

Channel No.	Assigned frequency (MHz)	Channel No.	Assigned frequency (MHz)
1	12 224.00	17	12 457.28
2	12 238.58	18	12471.86
3	12 253.16	19	12486.44
4	12 267.74	20	12 501.02
5	12 282.32	21	12515.60
6	12 296.90	22	12530.18
7	12311.48	23	12 544.76
8	12 326.06	24	12559.34
9	12 340.64	25	12 573.92
10	12 355.22	26	12 588.50
11	12 369.80	27	12 603.08
12	12 384.38	28	12617.66
13	12 398.96	29	12 632.24
14	12413.54	30	12 646.82
15	12 428.12	31	12 661.40
16	12442.70	32	12 675.98

12 224.00 MHz (1)

							1			12 224.00 WIIIZ	
1	2	3	4			5	6	7	8	9	
ALS00002	-166.20	1	-149.66	58.37	3.76	1.24	170	1	59.7	9/GR1	10
ALS00002 ALS00003	-175.20	1	-149.00	58.53	3.77	1.11	167	1	60.0	9/GR1 9/GR2	10
ARGINSU4	-94.20	1	-52.98	-59.81	3.40	0.80	19	1	59.9	9/GR3	10
ARGSUR04	-94.20	1	-65.04	-43.33	3.32	1.50	40	1	60.7	9/GR3	10
B CE311	-64.20	1	-40.60	-6.07	3.04	2.06	174	1	61.6	8 9/GR7	10
B CE312	-45.20	1	-40.27	-6.06	3.44	2.09	174	1	61.0	8 9/GR9	10
B CE411	-64.20	1	-50.97	-15.27	3.86	1.38	49	1	62.6	8 9/GR7	10
B CE412	-45.20	1	-50.71	-15.30	3.57	1.56	52	1	62.7	8 9/GR9	10
B CE511	-64.20	1	-53.10	-2.90	2.44	2.13	104	1	63.0	8 9/GR7	10
B NO611	-74.20	1	-59.60	-11.62	2.85	1.69	165	2	62.8	8 9/GR8	10
B NO711	-74.20	1	-60.70	-1.78	3.54	1.78	126	2	62.8	8 9/GR8	10
B NO811	-74.20	1	-68.76	-4.71	2.37	1.65	73	2	62.8	8 9/GR8	
B SU111	-81.20	1	-51.12	-25.63	2.76	1.05	50	1	62.8	8 9/GR6	10
B SU112	-45.20	1	-50.75	-25.62	2.47	1.48	56	1	62.2	8 9/GR9	10
B SU211	-81.20	1	-44.51	-16.95	3.22	1.36	60	1	62.5	8 9/GR6	10
B SU212	-45.20	1	-44.00	-16.87	3.20 1.81	1.96	58 142	1	61.3 61.6	8 9/GR9	
BAHIFRB1	-87.20 -96.20	1	-76.06 -64.77	24.16 32.32	0.80	0.80	90	2	56.8		
BERBERMU BERBER02	-96.20 -31.00	1	-64.77 -64.77	32.32	0.80	0.80	90	1	56.9	2	10
BOLAND01	-115.20	1	-65.04	-16.76	2.49	1.27	76	1	67.9	9/GR5	10
CAN01101	-113.20	1	-05.04	57.24	3.45	1.27	157	1	59.5	9/GR3 9/GR10	10
CAN01101 CAN01201	-138.20	1	-123.03	55.95	3.43	0.97	151	1	59.6	9/GR10 9/GR10	10
CAN01201	-72.70	1	-107.70	55.63	2.74	1.12	32	1	59.6)/GR10	10
CAN01202	-129.20	1	-111.48	55.61	3.08	1.15	151	1	59.5	9/GR12	10
CAN01303	-129.20	1	-102.42	57.12	3.54	0.91	154	1	60.0	9/GR12	10
CAN01304	-91.20	1	-99.12	57.36	1.98	1.72	2	1	59.8	9/GR13	
CAN01403	-129.20	1	-89.75	52.02	4.68	0.80	148	1	61.8	9/GR12	10
CAN01404	-91.20	1	-84.82	52.42	3.10	2.05	152	1	60.4	9/GR13	10
CAN01405	-82.20	1	-84.00	52.39	2.84	2.29	172	1	60.3	9/GR14	10
CAN01504	-91.20	1	-72.66	53.77	3.57	1.67	156	1	60.2	9/GR13	10
CAN01505	-82.20	1	-71.77	53.79	3.30	1.89	162	1	60.1	9/GR14	10
CAN01605	-82.20	1	-61.50	49.55	2.65	1.40	143	1	60.3	9/GR14	10
CAN01606	-70.70	1	-61.30	49.55	2.40	1.65	148	1	60.2	10	
CHLCONT5	-106.20	1	-72.23	-35.57	2.60	0.80	55	1	59.4	9/GR17	
CHLPAC02	-106.20	1	-80.06	-30.06	1.36	0.80	69	1	59.2	9/GR17	
CLMAND01	-115.20	1	-74.72	5.93	3.85	1.63	114	1	64.9	9/GR5	
CLM00001	-103.20	1	-74.50	5.87	3.98	1.96	118	1	63.5	10	
EQACAND1	-115.20	1	-78.40	-1.61	1.37	0.95	75	1	64.0	9/GR5	
EQAGAND1	-115.20	1	-90.34	-0.62	0.90	0.81	89 12	1	61.3 59.3	9/GR5 2	10
FLKANT01	-57.20	1	-44.54	-60.13	3.54	0.80	90			~	10
FLKFALKS GRD00002	-31.00 -42.20	1	-59.90 -61.58	-51.64 12.29	0.80	0.80	90	1	58.1 58.8	2	
HWA00002	-42.20	1	-61.38 -165.79	23.42	4.20	0.80	160	1	58.8	9/GR1	10
HWA00002 HWA00003	-175.20	1	-166.10	23.42	4.25	0.80	159	1	58.8	9/GR1 9/GR2	10
MEX01NTE	-78.20	1	-105.10	26.01	2.89	2.08	155	1	60.5	9/GK2	10
MEX01N1E MEX01SUR	-78.20 -69.20	1	-103.81 -94.84	19.82	3.05	2.08	155	1	62.2	1 1	10
MEX013CK MEX02NTE	-136.20	1	-107.21	26.31	3.84	1.55	148	1	61.2	l i	10
MEX02SUR	-127.20	1	-96.39	19.88	3.18	1.87	157	1	62.5	1	10
PAQPAC01	-106.20	1	-109.18	-27.53	0.80	0.80	90	1	56.2	9/GR17	
PRG00002	-99.20	1	-58.66	-23.32	1.45	1.04	76	1	60.2		
PRUAND02	-115.20	1	-74.69	-8.39	3.41	1.79	95	1	63.9	9/GR5	
PTRVIR01	-101.20	1	-65.85	18.12	0.80	0.80	90	1	60.5	1 6 9/GR20	
PTRVIR02	-110.20	1	-65.86	18.12	0.80	0.80	90	1	61.0	1 6 9/GR21	
SPMFRAN3	-53.20	1	-67.24	47.51	3.16	0.80	7	1	60.4	2 7	10
TRD00001	-84.70	1	-61.23	10.70	0.80	0.80	90	1	59.4		
URG00001	-71.70	1	-56.22	-32.52	1.02	0.89	11	1	60.0	1	
USAEH001	-61.70	1	-85.19	36.21	5.63	3.33	22	1	61.8	156	10
USAEH002	-101.20	1	-89.24	36.16	5.67	3.76	170	1	61.7	1 6 9/GR20	10
USAEH003	-110.20	1	-90.14	36.11	5.55	3.55	161	1	62.0	1 6 9/GR21	10
USAEH004	-119.20	1	-91.16	36.05	5.38	3.24	152	1	62.6	156	10
USAPSA02	-166.20	1	-117.80	40.58	4.03	0.82	135	1	63.2	9/GR1	
USAPSA03	-175.20	1	-118.27	40.12	3.62	0.80	136	1	65.0	9/GR2	
USAWH101	-148.20	1	-109.65	38.13	5.53	1.95	142	1	62.1	10	
USAWH102	-157.20	1	-111.41	38.57	5.51	1.54	138	1	63.2	10	
VENAND03	-115.20 70.70	1	-67.04	6.91	2.37	1.43	111	1	67.2	9/GR5 4	
VRG00001	-79.70	1	-64.37	18.48	0.80	0.80	90	1	58.3	4	

12 238.58 MHz (2)

ALS00002 -165.80 2 -149.63 58.52 3.81 1.2 ALS00003 -174.80 2 -150.95 58.54 3.77 1.1 ARGNORT4 -93.80 2 -63.96 -30.01 3.86 1.9 ARGNORT5 -54.80 2 -62.85 -29.80 3.24 2.8 ATNBEAMI -52.80 2 -66.44 14.87 1.83 0.8 B CE311 -63.80 2 -40.60 -6.07 3.04 2.0 B CE411 -63.80 2 -50.97 -15.26 3.86 1.3 B CE412 -44.80 2 -50.71 -15.30 3.57 1.5 B CE511 -63.80 2 -50.71 -15.30 3.57 1.5 B NO611 -73.80 2 -50.71 -15.30 3.57 1.5 B NO811 -73.80 2 -59.60 -11.62 2.86 1.6 B NO811 -73.80 2	11 167 99 48 89 47 80 39 174 174 174 38 49 56 52	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	59.7 60.0 65.6 63.5 61.0	9/GR1 9/GR2	10
ALSO0003	11 167 99 48 89 47 80 39 174 174 174 38 49 56 52	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	60.0 65.6 63.5 61.0 61.6	9/GR2	
ALS00003 -174.80 2 -150.95 58.54 3.77 1.1 ARGNORT4 -93.80 2 -63.96 -30.01 3.86 1.9 ARGNORT5 -54.80 2 -62.85 -29.80 3.24 2.8 ATNBEAMI -52.80 2 -66.44 14.87 1.83 0.8 B CE311 -63.80 2 -40.60 -6.07 3.04 2.0 B CE312 -44.80 2 -40.26 -6.06 3.44 2.0 B CE411 -63.80 2 -50.97 -15.26 3.86 1.3 B CE411 -63.80 2 -50.97 -15.26 3.86 1.3 B CE511 -63.80 2 -50.97 -15.26 3.86 1.3 B CE511 -73.80 2 -50.97 -15.26 3.86 1.3 B NO611 -73.80 2 -59.60 -11.62 2.86 1.6 B NO811 -73.80 2 -59.60 -11.62 2.86 1.6 B SE911 -101.80 2 -45.99 -19.09 2.22 0.8 B SU112 -44.80 2 -50.71 -25.64 2.76 1.0 B SU111 -80.80 2 -51.10 -25.64 2.76 1.0 B SU112 -44.80 2 -40.99 -19.09 2.22 0.8 B SU112 -44.80 2 -50.76 -25.62 2.47 1.4 B SU212 -44.80 2 -43.99 -16.97 3.27 1.9 CANOI101 -137.80 2 -43.99 -16.97 3.27 1.9 CANOI202 -72.30 2 -107.64 55.62 2.75 1.1 CANOI203 -128.80 2 -107.64 55.56 3.07 1.1	11 167 99 48 89 47 80 39 174 174 174 38 49 56 52	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	60.0 65.6 63.5 61.0 61.6	9/GR2	
ARGNORT4	99 48 39 47 30 39 06 174 09 174 174 38 49 56 52	2 2 2 2 2 2 2	65.6 63.5 61.0 61.6		10
ATNBEAMI	39 06 174 09 174 38 49 56 52	2 2 2 2	61.0 61.6	10	
B CE311 -63.80 2 -40.60 -6.07 3.04 2.0 B CE312 -44.80 2 -40.26 -6.06 3.44 2.0 B CE411 -63.80 2 -50.97 -15.26 3.86 1.3 B CE412 -44.80 2 -50.71 -15.30 3.57 1.5 B CE511 -63.80 2 -53.11 -2.98 2.42 2.1 B N0611 -73.80 2 -59.60 -11.62 2.86 1.7 B N0711 -73.80 2 -60.70 -1.78 3.54 1.7 B N0811 -73.80 2 -68.75 -4.71 2.37 1.6 B SE911 -10.80 2 -45.99 -19.09 2.22 0.8 B SU112 -44.80 2 -51.10 -25.64 2.76 1.0 B SU211 -80.80 2 -44.51 -16.97 3.27 1.9 CAN01010 -137.80 2	06 174 09 174 38 49 56 52	2 2 2	61.6	10	
B CE312 -44.80 2 -40.26 -6.06 3.44 2.0 B CE411 -63.80 2 -50.97 -15.26 3.86 1.3 B CE511 -63.80 2 -50.71 -15.30 3.57 1.5 B N0611 -73.80 2 -59.60 -11.62 2.86 1.6 B N0711 -73.80 2 -60.70 -1.78 3.54 1.7 B N0811 -73.80 2 -60.70 -1.78 3.54 1.7 B SE911 -101.80 2 -45.99 -19.09 2.22 0.8 B SU112 -80.80 2 -51.10 -25.64 2.76 1.0 B SU211 -80.80 2 -51.10 -25.62 2.47 1.4 B SU212 -44.80 2 -44.51 -16.94 3.22 1.3 B SU212 -44.80 2 -43.99 -16.97 3.27 1.9 CAN01201 -137.80 2 <	09 174 38 49 56 52	2 2			
B CE411 -63.80 2 -50.97 -15.26 3.86 1.3 B CE412 -44.80 2 -50.71 -15.30 3.57 1.5 B CE511 -63.80 2 -53.11 -2.98 2.42 2.1 B N0611 -73.80 2 -59.60 -11.62 2.86 1.6 B N0711 -73.80 2 -68.75 -4.71 2.37 1.6 B SE911 -101.80 2 -68.75 -4.71 2.37 1.6 B SU111 -80.80 2 -51.10 -25.64 2.76 1.0 B SU211 -80.80 2 -51.10 -25.64 2.76 1.0 B SU211 -80.80 2 -44.51 -16.94 3.22 1.3 B SU212 -44.80 2 -44.51 -16.94 3.27 1.9 CAN01101 -137.80 2 -125.60 57.24 3.45 1.2 CAN01201 -137.80 2	38 49 56 52	2	61.0	8 9/GR7	10
B CE412 -44.80 2 -50.71 -15.30 3.57 1.5 B CE511 -63.80 2 -53.11 -2.98 2.42 2.1 B N0611 -73.80 2 -59.60 -11.62 2.86 1.5 B N0711 -73.80 2 -60.70 -1.78 3.54 1.7 B N0811 -73.80 2 -68.75 -4.71 2.37 1.6 B SE911 -101.80 2 -45.99 -19.09 2.22 0.8 B SU112 -80.80 2 -51.10 -25.64 2.76 1.0 B SU211 -80.80 2 -44.51 -16.94 3.22 1.3 B SU212 -44.80 2 -43.99 -16.97 3.27 1.9 CAN01010 -137.80 2 -125.60 57.24 3.45 1.2 CAN01201 -137.80 2 -111.92 55.89 3.33 0.9 CAN01203 -72.30 2	56 52		61.0	8 9/GR9	10
B CE511 -63.80 2 -53.11 -2.98 2.42 2.1 B NO611 -73.80 2 -59.60 -11.62 2.86 1.6 B NO711 -73.80 2 -60.70 -1.78 3.54 1.7 B NO811 -73.80 2 -60.70 -1.78 3.54 1.7 B SE911 -101.80 2 -60.70 -47.9 -47.1 2.37 1.6 B SU111 -80.80 2 -51.10 -25.64 2.76 1.0 B SU211 -80.80 2 -55.76 -25.62 2.47 1.4 B SU212 -44.80 2 -44.51 -16.94 3.22 1.3 CAN01010 -137.80 2 -125.60 57.24 3.45 1.2 CAN01201 -137.80 2 -111.92 55.89 3.33 0.9 CAN01202 -72.30 2 -107.64		2	62.6	8 9/GR7	10
B N0611 -73.80 2 -59.60 -11.62 2.86 1.6 B N0711 -73.80 2 -60.70 -1.78 3.54 1.7 B N0811 -73.80 2 -68.75 -4.71 2.37 1.6 B SE911 -101.80 2 -45.99 -19.09 2.22 0.8 B SU111 -80.80 2 -51.10 -25.64 2.76 1.0 B SU211 -44.80 2 -50.76 -25.62 2.47 1.4 B SU211 -80.80 2 -44.51 -16.94 3.22 1.3 B SU212 -44.80 2 -43.99 -16.97 3.27 1.9 CAN01101 -137.80 2 -11.92 55.89 3.33 0.9 CAN01201 -137.80 2 -11.92 55.89 3.33 0.9 CAN01202 -72.30 2 -107.64 55.62 2.75 1.1 CAN01203 -128.80 2			62.7	8 9/GR9	10
B NO711 -73.80 2 -60.70 -1.78 3.54 1.7 B NO811 -73.80 2 -68.75 -4.71 2.37 1.6 B SE911 -101.80 2 -45.99 -19.09 2.22 0.8 B SU111 -80.80 2 -51.10 -25.64 2.76 1.0 B SU211 -80.80 2 -44.51 -16.94 3.22 1.3 B SU212 -44.80 2 -44.99 -16.97 3.27 1.9 CAN01101 -137.80 2 -125.60 57.24 3.45 1.2 CAN01201 -137.80 2 -111.92 55.89 3.33 0.9 CAN01202 -72.30 2 -107.64 55.62 2.75 1.1 CAN01203 -128.80 2 -111.43 55.56 3.07 1.1 CAN01303 -128.80 2 -102.39 57.12 3.54		2	63.1	8 9/GR7	10
B NO811		1	62.8	8 9/GR8	10
B SE911 -101.80 2 -45.99 -19.09 2.22 0.8 B SU111 -80.80 2 -51.10 -25.64 2.76 1.0 B SU112 -44.80 2 -50.76 -25.62 2.47 1.4 B SU211 -80.80 2 -44.51 -16.94 3.22 1.3 B SU212 -44.80 2 -43.99 -16.97 3.27 1.9 CAN01101 -137.80 2 -125.60 57.24 3.45 1.2 CAN01201 -137.80 2 -111.92 55.89 3.33 0.9 CAN01203 -72.30 2 -107.64 55.62 2.75 1.1 CAN01203 -128.80 2 -111.43 55.56 3.07 1.1 CAN01303 -128.80 2 -102.39 57.12 3.54 0.9		1	62.8 62.8	8 9/GR8 8 9/GR8	10
B SU111 -80.80 2 -51.10 -25.64 2.76 1.0 B SU112 -44.80 2 -50.76 -25.62 2.47 1.4 B SU211 -80.80 2 -44.51 -16.94 3.22 1.3 B SU212 -44.80 2 -43.99 -16.97 3.27 1.9 CAN01101 -137.80 2 -125.60 57.24 3.45 1.2 CAN01201 -137.80 2 -111.92 55.89 3.33 0.9 CAN01202 -72.30 2 -107.64 55.62 2.75 1.1 CAN01203 -128.80 2 -111.43 55.56 3.07 1.1 CAN01303 -128.80 2 -102.39 57.12 3.54 0.9		2	65.3	8 9/GR8	10
B SU112		2	62.8	8 9/GR6	10
B SU211		2	62.3	8 9/GR9	10
B SU212 -44.80 2 -43.99 -16.97 3.27 1.9 CAN01101 -137.80 2 -125.60 57.24 3.45 1.2 CAN01201 -137.80 2 -111.92 55.89 3.33 0.9 CAN01202 -72.30 2 -107.64 55.62 2.75 1.1 CAN01203 -128.80 2 -111.43 55.56 3.07 1.1 CAN01303 -128.80 2 -102.39 57.12 3.54 0.9		2	62.5	8 9/GR6	10
CAN01101 -137.80 2 -125.60 57.24 3.45 1.2 CAN01201 -137.80 2 -111.92 55.89 3.33 0.9 CAN01202 -72.30 2 -107.64 55.62 2.75 1.1 CAN01203 -128.80 2 -111.43 55.56 3.07 1.1 CAN01303 -128.80 2 -102.39 57.12 3.54 0.9		2	61.3	8 9/GR9	10
CAN01202 -72.30 2 -107.64 55.62 2.75 1.1 CAN01203 -128.80 2 -111.43 55.56 3.07 1.1 CAN01303 -128.80 2 -102.39 57.12 3.54 0.9		2	59.5	9/GR10	10
CAN01203	98 151	2	59.6	9/GR10	10
CAN01303 -128.80 2 -102.39 57.12 3.54 0.9	11 32	2	59.6	ĺ	
	15 151	2	59.5	9/GR12	10
CANO1204 00.00 2 00.00 27.22 1.00 1.7		2	60.0	9/GR12	10
	73 1	2	59.8	9/GR13	
CAN01403 -128.80 2 -89.70 52.02 4.67 0.8		2	61.8	9/GR12	10
CAN01404 -90.80 2 -84.78 52.41 3.09 2.0		2	60.4	9/GR13	10
CAN01405		2 2	60.3 60.2	9/GR14 9/GR13	10 10
CAN01504		2	60.2	9/GR13 9/GR14	10
CAN01303 -81.80 2 -71.70 33.70 3.30 1.8 CAN01605 -81.80 2 -61.54 49.50 2.66 1.3		2	60.3	9/GR14 9/GR14	10
CAN01003		2	60.2	10	10
CHLCONT4 -105.80 2 -69.59 -23.20 2.21 0.8		2	59.1	9/GR16	
CHLCONT6 -105.80 2 -73.52 -55.52 3.65 1.3		2	59.6	9/GR16	
CRBBAH01 -92.30 2 -76.09 24.13 1.83 0.8		1	61.7	9/GR18	
CRBBER01 -92.30 2 -64.76 32.13 0.80 0.8	30 90	1	56.7	9/GR18	
CRBBLZ01 -92.30 2 -88.61 17.26 0.80 0.8		1	58.6	9/GR18	
CRBEC001 -92.30 2 -60.07 8.26 4.20 0.8		1	64.2	9/GR18	10
CRBJMC01 -92.30 2 -79.45 17.97 0.99 0.8		1	61.1	9/GR18	
CTR00201 -130.80 2 -84.33 9.67 0.82 0.8		2	65.6	l	
EQAC0001 -94.80 2 -78.31 -1.52 1.48 1.1		1	63.0	9/GR19	
EQAG0001		1	61.0	9/GR19	
GUY00302		2	63.5	ĺ	
HNDIFRB2 -107.30 2 -86.23 15.16 1.14 0.8 HTI00002 -83.30 2 -73.28 18.96 0.82 0.8		1 2	63.4 60.9	ĺ	
H100002		2	58.8	9/GR1	10
HWA00002 -103.80 2 -105.79 23.32 4.20 0.8 HWA00003 -174.80 2 -166.10 23.42 4.25 0.8		2	58.8	9/GR2	10
MEX01NTE		2	60.5	1	10
MEX02NTE -135.80 2 -107.36 26.32 3.80 1.5		2	61.2	l î	10
MEX02SUR -126.80 2 -96.39 19.88 3.19 1.8		2	62.5	1	10
PRU00004 -85.80 2 -74.19 -8.39 3.74 2.4	45 112	2	62.8	10	
PTRVIR01 -100.80 2 -65.85 18.12 0.80 0.8	30 90	2	60.6	1 6 9/GR20	
PTRVIR02 -109.80 2 -65.85 18.12 0.80 0.8		2	61.1	1 6 9/GR21	
TCA00001 -115.80 2 -71.79 21.53 0.80 0.8		2	60.4	ĺ	
USAEH001 -61.30 2 -85.16 36.21 5.63 3.3		2	61.8	156	10
USAEH002 -100.80 2 -89.28 36.16 5.65 3.7		2	61.7	1 6 9/GR20	10
USAEH003 -109.80 2 -90.12 36.11 5.55 3.5		2	62.1	1 6 9/GR21	10
USAEH004 -118.80 2 -91.16 36.05 5.38 3.2		2	62.6	156	10
USAPSA02 -165.80 2 -117.79 40.58 4.04 0.8 USAPSA03 -174.80 2 -118.20 40.15 3.63 0.8		2	63.2	9/GR1	
		2 2	64.9	9/GR2	
USAWH101		2 2	62.1 63.2	10 10	
VCT00001			58.4	10	
VEN11VEN -103.80 2 -66.79 6.90 2.50 1.7		1 2		10	
1.7	77 122	2 2	65.1	1.0	

12 253.16 MHz (3)

1	2	2	4				-	7		2 255.10 MI	(-)
1	2	3	4			5	6	7	8	9	
ALS00002	-166.20	3	-149.66	58.37	3.76	1.24	170	1	59.8	9/GR1	10
ALS00003	-175.20	3	-150.98	58.53	3.77	1.11	167	1	60.0	9/GR2	10
ARGINSU4	-94.20	3	-52.98	-59.81	3.40	0.80	19	1	59.9	9/GR3	
ARGINSU5	-55.20	3	-44.17	-59.91	3.77	0.80	13	1	59.3	9/GR4	10
ARGSUR04	-94.20	3	-65.04	-43.33	3.32	1.50	40	1	60.7	9/GR3	10
ARGSUR05	-55.20	3	-63.68	-43.01	2.54	2.38	152	1	60.1	9/GR4	10
ATGSJN01	-79.70	3	-61.79	17.07	0.80	0.80	90	1	58.4	0.0/CD7	10
B CE311 B CE312	-64.20 -45.20	3	-40.60 -40.27	-6.07 -6.06	3.04 3.44	2.06 2.09	174 174	1 1	61.6 61.0	8 9/GR7 8 9/GR9	10 10
B CE312	-43.20 -64.20	3	-40.27 -50.97	-6.06 -15.27	3.86	1.38	49	1	62.6	8 9/GR9 8 9/GR7	10
B CE412	-45.20	3	-50.71	-15.30	3.57	1.56	52	1	62.7	8 9/GR9	10
B CE511	-64.20	3	-53.10	-2.90	2.44	2.13	104	1	63.1	8 9/GR7	10
B NO611	-74.20	3	-59.60	-11.62	2.85	1.69	165	2	62.9	8 9/GR8	10
B NO711	-74.20	3	-60.70	-1.78	3.54	1.78	126	2	62.8	8 9/GR8	10
B NO811	-74.20	3	-68.76	-4.71	2.37	1.65	73	2	62.8	8 9/GR8	
B SU111	-81.20	3	-51.12	-25.63	2.76	1.05	50	1	62.9	8 9/GR6	10
B SU112	-45.20	3	-50.75	-25.62	2.47	1.48	56	1	62.3	8 9/GR9	
B SU211	-81.20	3	-44.51	-16.95	3.22	1.36	60	1	62.5	8 9/GR6	10
B SU212	-45.20	3	-44.00	-16.87 32.32	3.20	1.96	58 90	1 2	61.3	8 9/GR9	
BERBERMU BOLAND01	-96.20 -115.20	3	-64.77 -65.04	-16.76	0.80 2.49	0.80 1.27	76	1	56.8 67.9	9/GR5	
BOL00001	-87.20	3	-64.61	-16.70	2.52	2.19	85	1	63.8	10	
BRB00001	-92.70	3	-59.85	12.93	0.80	0.80	90	2	59.1	10	
CAN01101	-138.20	3	-125.63	57.24	3.45	1.27	157	1	59.5	9/GR10	10
CAN01201	-138.20	3	-112.04	55.95	3.35	0.97	151	1	59.6	9/GR10	10
CAN01202	-72.70	3	-107.70	55.63	2.74	1.12	32	1	59.6		
CAN01203	-129.20	3	-111.48	55.61	3.08	1.15	151	1	59.5	9/GR12	10
CAN01303	-129.20	3	-102.42	57.12	3.54	0.91	154	1	60.1	9/GR12	10
CAN01304	-91.20	3	-99.12	57.36	1.98	1.72	2	1	59.8	9/GR13	
CAN01403	-129.20	3	-89.75	52.02	4.68	0.80	148	1	61.8	9/GR12	10
CAN01404	-91.20	3	-84.82	52.42	3.10	2.05	152	1	60.4	9/GR13	10
CAN01405 CAN01504	-82.20 -91.20	3	-84.00 -72.66	52.39 53.77	2.84 3.57	2.29 1.67	172 156	1	60.3 60.2	9/GR14 9/GR13	10 10
CAN01504 CAN01505	-82.20	3	-72.00 -71.77	53.77	3.30	1.89	162	1	60.1	9/GR13	10
CAN01605	-82.20	3	-61.50	49.55	2.65	1.40	143	1	60.3	9/GR14	10
CAN01606	-70.70	3	-61.30	49.55	2.40	1.65	148	1	60.2	10	
CHLCONT5	-106.20	3	-72.23	-35.57	2.60	0.80	55	1	59.4	9/GR17	
CHLPAC02	-106.20	3	-80.06	-30.06	1.36	0.80	69	1	59.2	9/GR17	
CLMAND01	-115.20	3	-74.72	5.93	3.85	1.63	114	1	65.0	9/GR5	
CLM00001	-103.20	3	-74.50	5.87	3.98	1.96	118	1	63.6	10	
CUB00001	-89.20	3	-79.81	21.62	2.24	0.80	168	1	61.1	0.0005	
EQACAND1	-115.20 -115.20	3	-78.40 -90.34	-1.61 -0.62	1.37 0.90	0.95 0.81	75 89	1	64.1 61.3	9/GR5 9/GR5	
EQAGAND1 GRD00002	-42.20	3	-90.34 -61.58	12.29	0.80	0.80	90	1	58.8	9/GK3	
GRD00059	-57.20	3	-61.58	12.29	0.80	0.80	90	1	58.5		
GRLDNK01	-53.20	3	-44.89	66.56	2.70	0.82	173	1	60.0	2	10
HWA00002	-166.20	3	-165.79	23.42	4.20	0.80	160	1	58.8	9/GR1	10
HWA00003	-175.20	3	-166.10	23.42	4.25	0.80	159	1	58.8	9/GR2	10
MEX01NTE	-78.20	3	-105.81	26.01	2.89	2.08	155	1	60.5	1	
MEX01SUR	-69.20	3	-94.84	19.82	3.05	2.09	4	1	62.3	1	10
MEX02NTE	-136.20	3	-107.21	26.31	3.84	1.55	148	1	61.2	1	10
MEX02SUR	-127.20	3	-96.39	19.88	3.18	1.87	157	1	62.6	1	10
PAQPAC01 PRG00002	-106.20 -99.20	3	-109.18	-27.53 -23.32	0.80	0.80	90	1 1	56.2	9/GR17	
PRG00002 PRUAND02	-99.20 -115.20	3	-58.66 -74.69	-23.32 -8.39	1.45 3.41	1.04 1.79	76 95	1	60.2 64.0	9/GR5	
PTRVIR01	-101.20	3	-65.85	18.12	0.80	0.80	90	1	60.6	1 6 9/GR20	
PTRVIR02	-101.20	3	-65.86	18.12	0.80	0.80	90	1	61.0	1 6 9/GR21	
SURINAM2	-84.70	3	-55.69	4.35	1.00	0.80	86	1	63.2	10 7/01(21	
URG00001	-71.70	3	-56.22	-32.52	1.02	0.89	11	1	60.0		
USAEH001	-61.70	3	-85.19	36.21	5.63	3.33	22	1	61.8	156	10
USAEH002	-101.20	3	-89.24	36.16	5.67	3.76	170	1	61.7	1 6 9/GR20	10
USAEH003	-110.20	3	-90.14	36.11	5.55	3.55	161	1	62.1	1 6 9/GR21	10
USAEH004	-119.20	3	-91.16	36.05	5.38	3.24	152	1	62.6	156	10
USAPSA02	-166.20	3	-117.80	40.58	4.03	0.82	135	1	63.3	9/GR1	
USAPSA03	-175.20	3	-118.27	40.12	3.62	0.80	136	1	65.0	9/GR2	
USAWH101 USAWH102	-148.20 -157.20	3	-109.65 -111.41	38.13 38.57	5.53 5.51	1.95 1.54	142 138	1	62.1 63.2	10 10	
VENAND03	-157.20 -115.20	3	-111.41 -67.04	6.91	2.37	1.54	111	1	67.3	9/GR5	

12 267.74 MHz (4)

ALSO0002 ALSO0002 ALSO0002 ALSO0002 ALSO0002 ALSO0003 ALSO003 ALSO0003 ALSO0003 ALSO0003 ALSO0003 ALSO0003 ALSO0003 ALSO											12 267.74 MHz (4			
ALSO0003	1	2	3	4			5	6	7	8	9			
ALSO0003	ALS00002	-165.80	4	-149 63	58 52	3.81	1 23	171	2	59.8	9/GR1	10		
ARGNORTH														
B CCE311			4											
B CE411	ARGNORT5	-54.80	4	-62.85	-29.80	3.24	2.89	47		63.5	10			
B CE411	B CE311	-63.80	4	-40.60	-6.07	3.04	2.06	174		61.6	8 9/GR7	10		
B CE511														
B CE511														
B NO611														
B NO9111														
B NOS111														
B SE911												10		
B SUI11												10		
B SU2112														
B SU211												10		
CANDI101	B SU211		4						2			10		
CANO1201	B SU212	-44.80	4	-43.99	-16.97	3.27		59		61.3	8 9/GR9			
CANDI202														
CAND1203											9/GR10	10		
CAN01303														
CAN01304														
CANDIA03												10		
CANDI404												10		
CAN01405														
CANDISO4														
CAN01505 -81.80 4 -71.76 53.76 3.30 1.89 162 2 60.2 9/GR14 10 CAN01605 -81.80 4 -61.54 49.50 2.66 1.39 144 2 60.3 9/GR14 10 CAN01606 -70.30 4 -61.52 49.51 2.66 1.39 144 2 60.2 10 CHLCONT6 -105.80 4 -69.59 -23.20 2.21 0.80 68 2 59.1 9/GR16 CRBBAH01 -92.30 4 -76.09 24.13 1.83 0.80 141 1 61.7 9/GR18 CRBBRA101 -92.30 4 -64.76 32.13 0.80 0.80 90 1 56.8 9/GR18 CRBBL201 -92.30 4 -60.07 8.26 4.20 0.86 115 1 64.3 9/GR18 CRBIMC01 -92.30 4 -79.45 17.97 0.90														
CAN01605 -81.80 4 -61.54 49.50 2.66 1.39 144 2 60.3 9/GR14 10 CAN01606 -70.30 4 -61.32 49.51 2.41 1.65 148 2 60.2 10 CHLCONT6 -105.80 4 -69.59 -23.20 2.21 0.80 68 2 59.1 9/GR16 CRBBAH01 -92.30 4 -76.09 24.13 1.83 0.80 11 1 61.7 9/GR18 CRBBEZ01 -92.30 4 -64.76 32.13 0.80 0.80 90 1 55.8 9/GR18 CRBBLZ01 -92.30 4 -60.07 8.26 4.20 0.80 151 1 64.3 9/GR18 CRBBLZ01 -92.30 4 -79.45 17.97 0.99 0.80 151 1 61.1 9/GR18 CYM0001 -91.30 4 -79.45 17.97 0.99 0.80														
CHLCONT4 -105.80 4 -69.59 -23.20 2.21 0.80 68 2 59.1 9/GR16 CHLCONT6 -105.80 4 -73.52 -55.52 3.65 1.31 39 2 59.6 9/GR16 CRBBAH01 -92.30 4 -64.76 32.13 0.80 0.80 90 1 56.8 9/GR18 CRBBLZ01 -92.30 4 -64.76 32.13 0.80 0.80 90 1 56.8 9/GR18 CRBEC001 -92.30 4 -60.07 8.26 4.20 0.86 115 1 64.3 9/GR18 CRBIMC01 -92.30 4 -79.45 17.97 0.99 0.80 151 1 61.1 10 CYM00001 -115.80 4 -80.58 19.57 0.80 0.80 90 2 59.6 DOMIFRB2 -83.30 4 -70.51 18.79 0.98 0.80 167 2 <			4					144	2	60.3		10		
CHLCONT6 -105.80 4 -73.52 -55.52 3.65 1.31 39 2 59.6 9/GR16 CRBBAH01 -92.30 4 -76.09 24.13 1.83 0.80 141 1 61.7 9/GR18 CRBBEZ01 -92.30 4 -64.76 32.13 0.80 0.80 90 1 56.8 9/GR18 CRBEC001 -92.30 4 -60.07 8.26 4.20 0.86 115 1 64.3 9/GR18 CRBEC001 -92.30 4 -60.07 8.26 4.20 0.86 115 1 64.3 9/GR18 10 CRBEC001 -92.30 4 -70.45 17.97 0.99 0.80 151 1 64.3 9/GR18 10 CRBEC001 -94.80 4 -70.51 18.79 0.98 0.80 167 2 61.1 9/GR18 CYM00001 -94.80 4 -70.51 18.79 0.98	CAN01606	-70.30	4	-61.32	49.51	2.41	1.65	148	2	60.2	10			
CRBBAH01 -92.30 4 -76.09 24.13 1.83 0.80 141 1 61.7 9/GR18 CRBBER01 -92.30 4 -64.76 32.13 0.80 0.80 90 1 56.8 9/GR18 CRBEC001 -92.30 4 -60.07 8.26 4.20 0.86 115 1 64.3 9/GR18 CRBEC001 -92.30 4 -60.07 8.26 4.20 0.86 115 1 64.3 9/GR18 CYM00001 -115.80 4 -80.58 19.57 0.99 0.80 151 1 61.1 9/GR18 CYM00001 -115.80 4 -80.58 19.57 0.99 0.80 167 2 61.1 9/GR18 CYM0001 -94.80 4 -78.31 -1.52 1.48 1.15 65 1 63.0 9/GR19 EQAC0001 -94.80 4 -78.31 -1.52 1.48 1.15 65	CHLCONT4	-105.80	4	-69.59	-23.20	2.21	0.80	68		59.1	9/GR16			
CRBBER01 -92.30 4 -64.76 32.13 0.80 0.80 90 1 56.8 9/GR18 CRBBLZ01 -92.30 4 -88.61 17.26 0.80 0.80 90 1 56.8 9/GR18 CRBEC001 -92.30 4 -60.07 8.26 4.20 0.86 115 1 64.3 9/GR18 CYM00001 -15.80 4 -79.45 17.97 0.99 0.80 151 1 61.1 9/GR18 CYM00001 -15.80 4 -70.51 18.79 0.99 0.80 167 2 61.1 EQAC0001 -94.80 4 -78.31 -1.52 1.48 1.15 65 1 63.0 9/GR19 GUFMG02 -52.80 4 -56.42 8.47 4.16 0.81 123 2 62.7 27 10 HWA00003 -174.80 4 -165.79 23.32 4.20 0.80 160 <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>														
CRBBLZ01 -92.30 4 -88.61 17.26 0.80 0.80 90 1 58.7 9/GR18 CRBEC001 -92.30 4 -60.07 8.26 4.20 0.86 115 1 64.3 9/GR18 10 CRBIMC01 -92.30 4 -79.45 17.97 0.99 0.80 151 1 61.1 9/GR18 CYM00001 -115.80 4 -80.58 19.57 0.80 0.80 90 2 59.6 DOMIFRB2 -83.30 4 -70.51 18.79 0.98 0.80 167 2 61.1 EQAC0001 -94.80 4 -79.36 -0.57 0.94 0.89 99 1 61.0 9/GR19 EQAG0001 -94.80 4 -90.36 -0.57 0.94 0.89 99 1 61.0 9/GR19 GUFMG02 -52.80 4 -56.42 8.47 4.16 0.81 123 2 62														
CRBEC001 -92.30 4 -60.07 8.26 4.20 0.86 115 1 64.3 9/GR18 10 CRBJMC01 -92.30 4 -79.45 17.97 0.99 0.80 151 1 61.1 9/GR18 CYM00001 -115.80 4 -80.58 19.57 0.80 0.80 90 2 59.6 DOMIFRB2 -83.30 4 -70.51 18.79 0.98 0.80 167 2 61.1 EQAC0001 -94.80 4 -78.31 -1.52 1.48 1.15 65 1 63.0 9/GR19 EQAG0001 -94.80 4 -78.31 -1.52 1.48 1.15 65 1 61.0 9/GR19 GUFMGG02 -52.80 4 -56.42 8.47 4.16 0.81 123 2 62.7 2.7 10 HWA00003 -174.80 4 -165.79 23.32 4.25 0.80 159														
CRBIMC01 -92.30 4 -79.45 17.97 0.99 0.80 151 1 61.1 9/GR18 CYM00001 -115.80 4 -80.58 19.57 0.80 0.80 90 2 59.6 DOMIFRB2 -83.30 4 -70.51 18.79 0.98 0.80 167 2 61.1 EQAC0001 -94.80 4 -78.31 -1.52 1.48 1.15 65 1 63.0 9/GR19 EQAC0001 -94.80 4 -78.31 -1.52 1.48 1.15 65 1 63.0 9/GR19 GUFMG02 -52.80 4 -56.42 8.47 4.16 0.81 123 2 62.7 27 10 HWA00002 -15.80 4 -165.79 23.32 4.20 0.80 160 2 58.8 9/GR1 10 JMC00005 -33.80 4 -77.27 18.12 0.80 0.80 90 2 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>10</td>												10		
CYM00001 -115.80 4 -80.58 19.57 0.80 0.80 90 2 59.6 DOMIFRB2 -83.30 4 -70.51 18.79 0.98 0.80 167 2 61.1 EQAC0001 -94.80 4 -78.31 -1.52 1.48 1.15 65 1 63.0 9/GR19 EQAG0001 -94.80 4 -90.36 -0.57 0.94 0.89 99 1 61.0 9/GR19 EQAG0001 -94.80 4 -90.36 -0.57 0.94 0.89 99 1 61.0 9/GR19 GUFMG002 -52.80 4 -56.42 8.47 4.16 0.81 123 2 62.7 2 7 10 HWA00003 -174.80 4 -166.10 23.42 4.25 0.80 159 2 58.8 9/GR2 10 JMC0005 -33.80 4 -77.77 18.12 0.80 0.80 90 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>10</td>												10		
DOMIFIRB2											9/GK16			
EQAC0001 -94.80 4 -78.31 -1.52 1.48 1.15 65 1 63.0 9/GR19 EQAG0001 -94.80 4 -90.36 -0.57 0.94 0.89 99 1 61.0 9/GR19 GUFMGG02 -52.80 4 -165.79 23.32 4.20 0.80 160 2 58.8 9/GR1 10 HWA00002 -165.80 4 -165.79 23.32 4.20 0.80 160 2 58.8 9/GR1 10 HWA00003 -174.80 4 -166.10 23.42 4.25 0.80 159 2 58.8 9/GR2 10 JMC00005 -33.80 4 -61.15 13.90 0.80 0.80 90 2 58.8 9/GR2 10 MEX0INTE -77.27 18.12 0.80 0.80 90 2 58.4 MEXO2SUR -126.80 4 -96.39 19.88 3.19 1.87 <														
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HWA00002		-94.80	4	-90.36	-0.57	0.94	0.89	99	1	61.0	9/GR19			
HWA00003	GUFMGG02	-52.80	4	-56.42	8.47	4.16	0.81	123		62.7	2 7	10		
JMC00005														
LCAIFRBI -79.30 4 -61.15 13.90 0.80 0.80 90 2 58.4 MEXIONTE -105.80 25.99 2.88 2.07 155 2 60.5 1 MEXO2NTE -155.80 4 -107.36 26.32 3.80 1.57 149 2 61.2 1 10 MEX02SUR -126.80 4 -96.39 19.88 3.19 1.87 158 2 62.5 1 10 PRU00004 -85.80 4 -74.19 -8.39 3.74 2.45 112 2 62.9 10 PTRVIR01 -100.80 4 -65.85 18.12 0.80 0.80 90 2 66.6 16.9GR20 PTRVIR02 -109.80 4 -65.85 18.12 0.80 0.80 90 2 61.1 16.9GR21 SLVIFRB2 -107.30 4 -88.91 13.59 0.80 0.80 90 1 61.7 16.7											9/GR2	10		
MEXOINTE														
MEXQ2NTE														
MEX02SUR											-	10		
PRU00004 -85.80 4 -74.19 -8.39 3.74 2.45 112 2 62.9 10 PTRVIR01 -100.80 4 -65.85 18.12 0.80 0.80 90 2 60.6 16 9/GR20 PTRVIR02 -109.80 4 -65.85 18.12 0.80 0.80 90 2 61.1 16 9/GR20 SLVIFRB2 -107.30 4 -88.91 13.59 0.80 0.80 90 1 61.7 16.77 USAEH001 -61.30 4 -85.16 36.21 5.63 3.32 22 2 61.9 1 5 6 10 USAEH002 -100.80 4 -89.28 36.16 5.65 3.78 170 2 61.7 16 9/GR20 10 USAEH003 -109.80 4 -90.12 36.11 5.55 3.56 161 2 62.1 1 6 9/GR20 10 USAPSA02 -165.80 4 -111.79 40.58											-			
PTRVIR01 -100.80 4 -65.85 18.12 0.80 0.80 90 2 60.6 1 6 9/GR20 PTRVIR02 -109.80 4 -65.85 18.12 0.80 0.80 90 2 61.1 1 6 9/GR21 SLVIFRB2 -107.30 4 -88.91 13.59 0.80 0.80 90 1 61.7 USAEH001 -61.30 4 -85.16 36.21 5.63 3.32 22 2 61.9 1 5 6 10 USAEH002 -100.80 4 -89.28 36.16 5.65 3.78 170 2 61.7 1 6 9/GR20 10 USAEH003 -118.80 4 -90.12 36.01 5.55 3.56 161 2 62.1 1 6 9/GR20 10 USAPSA02 -165.80 4 -117.79 40.58 4.04 0.82 135 2 63.3 9/GR1 USAWH010 -147.80 4 -111.40 38.57 <											-	10		
PTRVIR02 -109.80 4 -65.85 18.12 0.80 0.80 90 2 61.1 1 6 9/GR21 SLVIFRB2 -107.30 4 -88.91 13.59 0.80 0.80 90 1 61.7 USAEH001 -61.30 4 -88.16 36.21 5.63 3.32 22 2 61.9 1 5 6 10 USAEH002 -100.80 4 -89.28 36.16 5.65 3.78 170 2 61.7 1 6 9/GR20 10 USAEH003 -109.80 4 -90.12 36.11 5.55 3.56 161 2 62.1 1 6 9/GR20 10 USAPSA02 -165.80 4 -91.16 36.05 5.38 3.24 135 2 62.6 1 5 6 10 USAPSA02 -165.80 4 -117.79 40.58 4.04 0.82 135 2 63.3 9/GR1 USAWH101 -147.80 4 -119.70 38.1														
USAEH001														
USAEH002 -100.80 4 -89.28 36.16 5.65 3.78 170 2 61.7 1 6 9/GR20 10 USAEH003 -109.80 4 -90.12 36.11 5.55 3.56 161 2 62.1 1 6 9/GR20 10 USAEH004 -118.80 4 -91.16 36.05 5.38 3.24 153 2 62.6 1 5 6 10 USAPSA02 -165.80 4 -117.79 40.58 4.04 0.82 135 2 63.3 9/GR1 USAWBA93 -174.80 4 -118.20 40.15 3.63 0.80 136 2 65.0 9/GR2 USAWH101 -147.80 4 -109.70 38.13 5.52 1.96 142 2 62.1 10 USAWH102 -156.80 4 -111.40 38.57 5.51 1.55 138 2 63.2 10	SLVIFRB2	-107.30	4	-88.91	13.59	0.80	0.80	90	1	61.7				
USAEH003 -109.80 4 -90.12 36.11 5.55 3.56 161 2 62.1 1 6 9/GR21 10 USAEH004 -118.80 4 -91.16 36.05 5.38 3.24 153 2 62.6 1 5 6 10 USAPSA02 -165.80 4 -117.79 40.58 4.04 0.82 135 2 63.3 9/GR1 USAPSA03 -174.80 4 -1118.20 40.15 3.63 0.80 136 2 65.0 9/GR2 USAWH101 -147.80 4 -109.70 38.13 5.52 1.96 142 2 62.1 10 USAWH102 -156.80 4 -111.40 38.57 5.51 1.55 138 2 63.2 10														
USAPSA02 -165.80 4 -91.16 36.05 5.38 3.24 153 2 62.6 15.6 10 USAPSA02 -165.80 4 -117.79 40.58 4.04 0.82 135 2 63.3 9/GR1 USAPSA03 -174.80 4 -118.20 40.15 3.63 0.80 136 2 65.0 9/GR2 USAWH101 -147.80 4 -109.70 38.13 5.52 1.96 142 2 62.1 10 USAWH102 -156.80 4 -111.40 38.57 5.51 1.55 138 2 63.2 10														
USAPSA02														
USAPSA03												10		
USAWH101														
USAWH102 -156.80 4 -111.40 38.57 5.51 1.55 138 2 63.2 10														
1000 000 100														
		103.50		00.77	0.70					00.2				

12 282.32 MHz (5)

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1	2	3	4			5	6	7	8	9	
ALS00002	-166.20	5	-149.66	58.37	3.76	1.24	170	1	59.7	9/GR1	10
ALS00003	-175.20	5	-150.98	58.53	3.77	1.11	167	1	60.0	9/GR2	10
ARGINSU4	-94.20	5	-52.98	-59.81	3.40	0.80	19	1	59.9	9/GR3	
ARGSUR04	-94.20	5	-65.04	-43.33	3.32	1.50	40	1	60.7	9/GR3	10
B CE311	-64.20	5	-40.60	-6.07	3.04	2.06	174	1	61.6	89/GR7	10
B CE312	-45.20	5	-40.27	-6.06	3.44	2.09	174	1	61.0	89/GR9	10
B CE411	-64.20 -45.20	5 5	-50.97	-15.27	3.86	1.38	49	1	62.6	89/GR7	10
B CE412 B CE511	-45.20 -64.20	5	-50.71 -53.10	-15.30 -2.90	3.57 2.44	1.56 2.13	52 104	1	62.7 63.0	89/GR9 89/GR7	10 10
B NO611	-74.20	5	-59.60	-11.62	2.85	1.69	165	2	62.8	89/GR8	10
B NO711	-74.20	5	-60.70	-1.78	3.54	1.78	126	2	62.8	89/GR8	10
B NO811	-74.20	5	-68.76	-4.71	2.37	1.65	73	2	62.8	89/GR8	
B SU111	-81.20	5	-51.12	-25.63	2.76	1.05	50	1	62.8	89/GR6	10
B SU112	-45.20	5	-50.75	-25.62	2.47	1.48	56	1	62.2	89/GR9	
B SU211	-81.20	5	-44.51	-16.95	3.22	1.36	60	1	62.5	89/GR6	10
B SU212	-45.20	5	-44.00	-16.87	3.20	1.96	58	1	61.3	89/GR9	
BAHIFRB1	-87.20	5	-76.06	24.16	1.81	0.80	142	1 2	61.6		
BERBERMU BERBER02	-96.20 -31.00	5 5	-64.77 -64.77	32.32 32.32	0.80	0.80	90 90	1	56.8 56.9	2	10
BOLAND01	-31.00	5	-64.77 -65.04	-16.76	2.49	1.27	76	1	67.9	9/GR5	10
CAN01101	-113.20	5	-125.63	57.24	3.45	1.27	157	1	59.5	9/GR10	10
CAN01201	-138.20	5	-112.04	55.95	3.35	0.97	151	1	59.6	9/GR10	10
CAN01202	-72.70	5	-107.70	55.63	2.74	1.12	32	1	59.6		
CAN01203	-129.20	5	-111.48	55.61	3.08	1.15	151	1	59.5	9/GR12	10
CAN01303	-129.20	5	-102.42	57.12	3.54	0.91	154	1	60.0	9/GR12	10
CAN01304	-91.20	5	-99.12	57.36	1.98	1.72	2	1	59.8	9/GR13	
CAN01403	-129.20	5	-89.75	52.02	4.68	0.80	148	1	61.8	9/GR12	10
CAN01404 CAN01405	-91.20 -82.20	5 5	-84.82 -84.00	52.42 52.39	3.10 2.84	2.05 2.29	152 172	1	60.4 60.3	9/GR13 9/GR14	10 10
CAN01403 CAN01504	-82.20 -91.20	5	-84.00 -72.66	53.77	3.57	1.67	156	1	60.3	9/GR14 9/GR13	10
CAN01504 CAN01505	-82.20	5	-71.77	53.79	3.30	1.89	162	1	60.1	9/GR14	10
CAN01605	-82.20	5	-61.50	49.55	2.65	1.40	143	1	60.3	9/GR14	10
CAN01606	-70.70	5	-61.30	49.55	2.40	1.65	148	1	60.2	10	
CHLCONT5	-106.20	5	-72.23	-35.57	2.60	0.80	55	1	59.4	9/GR17	
CHLPAC02	-106.20	5	-80.06	-30.06	1.36	0.80	69	1	59.2	9/GR17	
CLMAND01	-115.20	5	-74.72	5.93	3.85	1.63	114	1	64.9	9/GR5	
CLM00001	-103.20 -115.20	5 5	-74.50 -78.40	5.87 -1.61	3.98 1.37	1.96 0.95	118 75	1	63.5 64.0	10	
EQACAND1 EQAGAND1	-115.20 -115.20	5	-78.40 -90.34	-1.61 -0.62	0.90	0.95	75 89	1	61.3	9/GR5 9/GR5	
FLKANT01	-57.20	5	-90.34 -44.54	-60.13	3.54	0.80	12	1	59.3	2/GK3	10
FLKFALKS	-31.00	5	-59.90	-51.64	0.80	0.80	90	1	58.1	2	10
GRD00002	-42.20	5	-61.58	12.29	0.80	0.80	90	1	58.8	_	
HWA00002	-166.20	5	-165.79	23.42	4.20	0.80	160	1	58.8	9/GR1	10
HWA00003	-175.20	5	-166.10	23.42	4.25	0.80	159	1	58.8	9/GR2	10
MEX01NTE	-78.20	5	-105.81	26.01	2.89	2.08	155	1	60.5	1	
MEX01SUR	-69.20	5	-94.84	19.82	3.05	2.09	4	1	62.2	1	10
MEX02NTE	-136.20	5	-107.21	26.31	3.84	1.55	148	1	61.2	1	10
MEX02SUR	-127.20 -106.20	5 5	-96.39 -109.18	19.88 -27.53	3.18 0.80	1.87 0.80	157 90	1	62.5 56.2	1 9/GR17	10
PAQPAC01 PRG00002	-106.20 -99.20	5	-109.18 -58.66	-27.53 -23.32	1.45	1.04	76	1	60.2	7/UK1/	
PRUAND02	-115.20	5	-74.69	-23.32 -8.39	3.41	1.79	95	1	63.9	9/GR5	
PTRVIR01	-101.20	5	-65.85	18.12	0.80	0.80	90	1	60.5	169/GR20	
PTRVIR02	-110.20	5	-65.86	18.12	0.80	0.80	90	1	61.0	169/GR21	
SPMFRAN3	-53.20	5	-67.24	47.51	3.16	0.80	7	1	60.4	27	10
TRD00001	-84.70	5	-61.23	10.70	0.80	0.80	90	1	59.4		
URG00001	-71.70	5	-56.22	-32.52	1.02	0.89	11	1	60.0		
USAEH001	-61.70	5	-85.19	36.21	5.63	3.33	22	1	61.8	156	10
USAEH002 USAEH003	-101.20 -110.20	5 5	-89.24 -90.14	36.16 36.11	5.67 5.55	3.76 3.55	170 161	1	61.7 62.0	169/GR20 169/GR21	10 10
USAEH003 USAEH004	-110.20 -119.20	5	-90.14 -91.16	36.11	5.38	3.55	151	1	62.6	169/GR21 156	10
USAPSA02	-119.20	5	-91.16 -117.80	40.58	4.03	0.82	132	1	63.2	9/GR1	10
USAPSA03	-175.20	5	-117.30	40.12	3.62	0.82	136	1	65.0	9/GR2	
USAWH101	-148.20	5	-109.65	38.13	5.53	1.95	142	1	62.1	10	
USAWH102	-157.20	5	-111.41	38.57	5.51	1.54	138	1	63.2	10	
VENAND03	-115.20	5	-67.04	6.91	2.37	1.43	111	1	67.2	9/GR5	
VRG00001	-79.70	5	-64.37	18.48	0.80	0.80	90	1	58.3	4	

12 296.90 MHz (6)

ALSO0002				r							2 296.90 MF	IZ (U)
AISO0003	1	2	3	4			5	6	7	8	9	
AISO0003	ALS00002	-165.80	6	-149 63	58 52	3.81	1 23	171	2	59.7	9/GR1	10
ARGNORTH												
ARGNORTS												
B CES12	ARGNORT5		6	-62.85			2.89	47	2		10	
B CE411	ATNBEAM1	-52.80	6	-66.44	14.87	1.83	0.80	39		61.0		
B CE411	B CE311	-63.80	6	-40.60	-6.07	3.04	2.06	174		61.6	8 9/GR7	10
B CCE412												
B CE511												
B NO611												
B NO7111												
B NSB11												
B SE911 -101.80 6 -45.99 -19.99 22.2 0.80 62 2 6.5.3 8												10
B SU1111									-			10
B SU2112												
B SU211												10
B \$1212												10
CANDI101												10
CANDI202												10
CANDI203												
CANDI303	CAN01202	-72.30	6	-107.64	55.62	2.75	1.11	32		59.6		
CANDIA03	CAN01203	-128.80	6	-111.43	55.56	3.07	1.15	151		59.5	9/GR12	10
CANDI403			6					154				10
CANDI404												
CANO1405												
CANDISO4 — 90.80												
CAN01505 -81.80 6 -71.76 53.76 3.30 1.89 162 2 60.1 9/GR14 10 CAN01605 -81.80 6 -61.54 49.50 2.66 1.39 144 2 60.2 10 CAN01606 -70.30 6 -61.32 49.51 2.41 1.65 148 2 60.2 10 CHLCONT6 -105.80 6 -69.59 -23.20 2.21 0.80 68 2 59.1 9/GR16 CRBAHO1 -92.30 6 -76.09 24.13 1.83 0.80 141 1 61.7 9/GR18 CRBBLZ01 -92.30 6 -64.76 32.13 0.80 0.80 90 1 56.7 9/GR18 CRBEC001 -92.30 6 -60.07 8.26 4.20 0.86 115 1 64.2 9/GR18 CRBBMC01 -92.30 6 -79.45 17.97 0.99 0.80 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>												
CAN01605 -81.80 6 -61.54 49.50 2.66 1.39 144 2 60.2 9/GR14 10 CAN01606 -70.30 6 -61.52 49.51 2.41 1.65 148 2 60.2 10 CHLCONT6 -105.80 6 -69.59 -23.20 2.21 0.80 68 2 59.1 9/GR16 CHLCONT6 -105.80 6 -73.52 -55.52 3.65 1.31 39 2 59.6 9/GR16 CRBBAH01 -92.30 6 -64.76 32.13 0.80 0.80 11 56.7 9/GR18 CRBBLZ01 -92.30 6 -68.61 17.26 0.80 0.80 190 1 56.7 9/GR18 CRBELZ01 -92.30 6 -79.45 17.97 0.99 0.80 151 1 61.1 9/GR18 CTRO201 -94.80 6 -79.45 17.97 0.99 0.80 151												
CAN01606 -70.30 6 -61.32 49.51 2.41 1.65 148 2 60.2 10 CHLCONT6 -105.80 6 -69.59 -23.20 2.21 0.80 68 2 59.1 9/GR16 CRBBAH01 -92.30 6 -76.09 24.13 1.83 0.80 141 1 61.7 9/GR18 CRBBLZ01 -92.30 6 -64.76 32.13 0.80 0.80 90 1 56.7 9/GR18 CRBBLZ01 -92.30 6 -88.61 17.26 0.80 0.80 90 1 58.6 9/GR18 CRBBLZ01 -92.30 6 -60.07 8.26 4.20 0.86 115 1 64.2 9/GR18 CRBLCO1 -92.30 6 -79.45 17.97 0.99 0.80 151 1 61.1 9/GR18 CRBLCO01 -33.80 6 -78.31 -1.52 1.48 1.15 65.1												
CHLCONT6												10
CHLCONT6 CRBBAH01 -105.80 -92.30 6 6 6 6 -76.09 -73.52 24.13 1.83 1.83 0.80 0.80 141 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1												
CRBBAH01												
CRBBLZ01 -92.30 6 -88.61 17.26 0.80 0.80 90 1 58.6 9/GR18 CRBEC001 -92.30 6 -60.07 8.26 4.20 0.86 115 1 64.2 9/GR18 10 CRBIMC01 -92.30 6 -79.45 17.97 0.99 0.80 151 1 61.1 9/GR18 CTR00201 -130.80 6 -84.33 9.67 0.82 0.80 119 2 65.6 EQAG0001 -94.80 6 -78.31 -1.52 1.48 1.15 65 1 63.0 9/GR19 GUY00302 -33.80 6 -59.07 4.77 1.43 0.85 91 2 63.5 HNDIFRB2 -107.30 6 -86.23 15.16 1.14 0.85 8 1 63.4 HWA00002 -165.80 6 -165.79 23.32 4.20 0.80 160 2 58.8 9/												
CRBEC001 -92.30 6 -60.07 8.26 4.20 0.86 115 1 64.2 9/GR18 10 CRBJMC01 -92.30 6 -79.45 17.97 0.99 0.80 151 1 61.1 9/GR18 10 CTR00201 -130.80 6 -84.33 9.67 0.82 0.80 119 2 65.6 65.6 6 66.6 6 -84.33 9.67 0.82 0.80 119 2 65.6 6 66.6 6 -84.33 9.67 0.94 0.89 99 1 61.0 9/GR19 9/GR19 1 61.0 9/GR19 9/GR19 1 61.0 9/GR19 9/GR19 1 61.0 9/GR19 9/GR19 1 61.0 3.30 6 -59.07 4.77 1.43 0.89 99 1 61.0 3.3 6 -59.07 4.77 1.43 0.85 91 2 63.5 1 1 4.72	CRBBER01	-92.30	6	-64.76	32.13	0.80	0.80	90	1	56.7	9/GR18	
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ALSO0003	
ALSO0003	10
ARGINSU4	10
ARGSUR04	
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ATGSINOI	10
B CE311	10
B CE312	10
B CE411	10 10
B CE412	10
B CE51 -6420 7 -53.10 -2.90 2.44 2.13 104 1 63.1 8.9GR7	10
B NO611	10
B NO811	10
B SUI11	10
B SU112	
B SU211	10
B SU212	
BERERMU	10
BOLANDOI	
BOL00001	
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CANO1201	
CAN01202 -72.70 7 -107.70 55.63 2.74 1.12 32 1 59.6 9/GR12 CAN01203 -129.20 7 -111.48 55.61 3.08 1.15 151 1 59.5 9/GR12 CAN01304 -91.20 7 -99.12 57.36 1.98 1.72 2 1 59.8 9/GR13 CAN01403 -129.20 7 -99.12 57.36 1.98 1.72 2 1 59.8 9/GR13 CAN01404 -91.20 7 -84.82 52.42 4.68 0.80 148 1 61.8 9/GR13 CAN01405 -82.20 7 -84.00 52.39 2.84 2.29 172 1 60.4 9/GR13 CAN01504 -91.20 7 -72.66 53.77 3.57 1.67 156 1 60.2 9/GR13 CAN01505 -82.20 7 -71.77 53.79 3.30 1.89 162	10
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MEXOZSUR -127.20 7 -96.39 19.88 3.18 1.87 157 1 62.6 1 PAQPACOI -106.20 7 -109.18 -27.53 0.80 0.80 90 1 56.2 9/GR17 PRG00002 -99.20 7 -58.66 -23.32 1.45 1.04 76 1 60.2 PRUAND02 -115.20 7 -74.69 -8.39 3.41 1.79 95 1 64.0 9/GR5 PTRVIR01 -101.20 7 -65.85 18.12 0.80 0.80 90 1 60.6 1 6 9/GR2 PTRVIR02 -110.20 7 -65.86 18.12 0.80 0.80 90 1 61.0 1 6 9/GR2 SURINAM2 -84.70 7 -55.69 4.35 1.00 0.80 86 1 63.2 1 USAEH001 -61.70 7 -85.19 36.21 5.63 3.33 32 22	10
PAQPAC01 -106.20 7 -109.18 -27.53 0.80 0.80 90 1 56.2 9/GR17 PRG00002 -99.20 7 -58.66 -23.32 1.45 1.04 76 1 60.2 1 PRUAND02 -115.20 7 -74.69 -8.39 3.41 1.79 95 1 64.0 9/GR5 PTRVIR01 -101.20 7 -65.85 18.12 0.80 0.80 90 1 60.6 16.9/GR2 PTRVIR02 -110.20 7 -65.86 18.12 0.80 0.80 90 1 61.0 1 69/GR2 SURNAM2 -84.70 7 -55.69 4.35 1.00 0.80 86 1 63.2 URG00001 -71.70 7 -56.22 -32.52 1.02 0.89 11 1 60.0 USAEH001 -61.70 7 -85.19 36.21 5.63 3.33 32 2 1 6	10
PRG00002 -99.20 7 -58.66 -23.32 1.45 1.04 76 1 60.2 PRVAND02 -115.20 7 -74.69 -8.39 3.41 1.79 95 1 64.0 9/GR5 PTRVIR01 -101.20 7 -65.85 18.12 0.80 0.80 90 1 60.6 16.9/GR2 PTRVIR02 -110.20 7 -65.86 18.12 0.80 0.80 90 1 61.0 1 69/GR2 SURINAM2 -84.70 7 -55.69 4.35 1.00 0.80 86 1 63.2 URG00001 -71.70 7 -56.22 -32.52 1.02 0.89 11 1 60.0 USAEH001 -61.70 7 -85.19 36.21 5.63 3.33 322 1 61.8 15.6	
PTRVIR01 -101.20 7 -65.85 18.12 0.80 0.80 90 1 60.6 1 6 9/GR2 PTRVIR02 -110.20 7 -65.86 18.12 0.80 0.80 90 1 61.0 1 6 9/GR2 SURINAM2 -84.70 7 -55.69 4.35 1.00 0.80 86 1 63.2 URG00001 -71.70 7 -56.22 -32.52 1.02 0.89 11 1 60.0 USAEH001 -61.70 7 -85.19 36.21 5.63 3.33 22 1 61.8 1 5 6	
PTRVIR02 -110.20 7 -65.86 18.12 0.80 0.80 90 1 61.0 16.9/GR2 SURINAM2 -84.70 7 -55.69 4.35 1.00 0.80 86 1 63.2 URG00001 -71.70 7 -56.22 -32.52 1.02 0.89 11 1 60.0 USAEH001 -61.70 7 -85.19 36.21 5.63 3.33 22 1 61.8 15.6	
SURINAM2 -84,70 7 -55.69 4.35 1.00 0.80 86 1 63.2 URG00001 -71.70 7 -56.22 -32.52 1.02 0.89 11 1 60.0 USAEH001 -61.70 7 -85.19 36.21 5.63 3.33 22 1 61.8 1 5 6	
URG00001	1
USAEH001 -61.70 7 -85.19 36.21 5.63 3.33 22 1 61.8 15.6	
	10
USAEH003 -110.20 7 -90.14 36.11 5.55 3.55 161 1 62.1 1 69/GR2	
USAEH004 -119.20 7 -91.16 36.05 5.38 3.24 152 1 62.6 1.5.6	10
USAPSA02 -166.20 7 -117.80 40.58 4.03 0.82 135 1 63.3 9/GR1	
USAPSA03 -175.20 7 -118.27 40.12 3.62 0.80 136 1 65.0 9/GR2	
USAWH101 -148.20 7 -109.65 38.13 5.53 1.95 142 1 62.1 10	
USAWH102 -157.20 7 -111.41 38.57 5.51 1.54 138 1 63.2 10 VENAND03 -115.20 7 -67.04 6.91 2.37 1.43 111 1 67.3 9/GR5	
VENAND03 -115.20 7 -67.04 6.91 2.37 1.43 111 1 67.3 9/GR5	

12 326.06 MHz (8)

1					Ī		Ī			2 326.06 MF	(+)
1	2	3	4			5	6	7	8	9	
ALS00002	-165.80	8	-149.63	58.52	3.81	1.23	171	2	59.8	9/GR1	10
ALS00003	-174.80	8	-150.95	58.54	3.77	1.11	167	2	60.0	9/GR2	10
ARGNORT4	-93.80	8	-63.96	-30.01	3.86	1.99	48	2	65.7	10	
ARGNORT5	-54.80	8	-62.85	-29.80	3.24	2.89	47	2	63.5	10	
B CE311	-63.80	8	-40.60	-6.07	3.04	2.06	174	2	61.6	8 9/GR7	10
B CE312	-44.80	8	-40.26	-6.06	3.44	2.09	174	2	61.0	8 9/GR9	10
B CE411	-63.80	8	-50.97	-15.26	3.86	1.38	49	2	62.6	8 9/GR7	10
B CE412	-44.80	8	-50.71	-15.30	3.57	1.56	52	2	62.8	8 9/GR9	10
B CE511	-63.80	8	-53.11	-2.98	2.42	2.15	107	2	63.1	8 9/GR7	10
B NO611 B NO711	-73.80 -73.80	8	-59.60 -60.70	-11.62 -1.78	2.86 3.54	1.69 1.78	165 126	1	62.9 62.8	8 9/GR8 8 9/GR8	10 10
B NO811	-73.80 -73.80	8	-60.70 -68.75	-1.78 -4.71	2.37	1.78	73	1	62.8	8 9/GR8	10
B SE911	-101.80	8	-06.73 -45.99	-19.09	2.22	0.80	62	2	65.3	8 9/GK6 8	10
B SU111	-80.80	8	-51.10	-25.64	2.76	1.06	50	2	62.9	8 9/GR6	10
B SU112	-44.80	8	-50.76	-25.62	2.47	1.48	56	2	62.3	8 9/GR9	
B SU211	-80.80	8	-44.51	-16.94	3.22	1.37	60	2	62.5	8 9/GR6	10
B SU212	-44.80	8	-43.99	-16.97	3.27	1.92	59	2	61.3	8 9/GR9	
CAN01101	-137.80	8	-125.60	57.24	3.45	1.27	157	2	59.5	9/GR10	10
CAN01201	-137.80	8	-111.92	55.89	3.33	0.98	151	2	59.6	9/GR10	10
CAN01202	-72.30	8	-107.64	55.62	2.75	1.11	32	2	59.6		
CAN01203	-128.80	8	-111.43	55.56	3.07	1.15	151	2	59.5	9/GR12	10
CAN01303	-128.80	8	-102.39	57.12	3.54	0.92	154	2	60.1	9/GR12	10
CAN01304	-90.80	8	-99.00	57.33	1.96	1.73	1	2	59.8	9/GR13	10
CAN01403	-128.80	8	-89.70	52.02	4.67	0.80	148	2 2	61.8	9/GR12	10 10
CAN01404 CAN01405	-90.80 -81.80	8	-84.78 -84.02	52.41 52.34	3.09 2.82	2.06 2.30	153 172	2	60.4	9/GR13 9/GR14	10
CAN01403 CAN01504	-81.80 -90.80	8	-84.02 -72.68	53.78	3.57	1.67	157	2	60.3 60.2	9/GR14 9/GR13	10
CAN01504 CAN01505	-90.80 -81.80	8	-72.08 -71.76	53.76	3.30	1.89	162	2	60.2	9/GR13	10
CAN01605	-81.80	8	-61.54	49.50	2.66	1.39	144	2	60.3	9/GR14	10
CAN01606	-70.30	8	-61.32	49.51	2.41	1.65	148	2	60.2	10	10
CHLCONT4	-105.80	8	-69.59	-23.20	2.21	0.80	68	2	59.1	9/GR16	
CHLCONT6	-105.80	8	-73.52	-55.52	3.65	1.31	39	2	59.6	9/GR16	
CRBBAH01	-92.30	8	-76.09	24.13	1.83	0.80	141	1	61.7	9/GR18	
CRBBER01	-92.30	8	-64.76	32.13	0.80	0.80	90	1	56.8	9/GR18	
CRBBLZ01	-92.30	8	-88.61	17.26	0.80	0.80	90	1	58.7	9/GR18	
CRBEC001	-92.30	8	-60.07	8.26	4.20	0.86	115	1	64.3	9/GR18	10
CRBJMC01	-92.30	8	-79.45	17.97	0.99	0.80	151	1 2	61.1	9/GR18	
CYM00001 DOMIFRB2	-115.80 -83.30	8	-80.58 -70.51	19.57 18.79	0.80	0.80	90 167	2	59.6 61.1		
EQAC0001	-83.30 -94.80	8	-70.31 -78.31	-1.52	1.48	1.15	65	1	63.0	9/GR19	
EQAG0001	-94.80	8	-90.36	-0.57	0.94	0.89	99	1	61.0	9/GR19	
GUFMGG02	-52.80	8	-56.42	8.47	4.16	0.81	123	2	62.7	27	10
HWA00002	-165.80	8	-165.79	23.32	4.20	0.80	160	2	58.8	9/GR1	10
HWA00003	-174.80	8	-166.10	23.42	4.25	0.80	159	2	58.8	9/GR2	10
JMC00005	-33.80	8	-77.27	18.12	0.80	0.80	90	2	60.6		
LCAIFRB1	-79.30	8	-61.15	13.90	0.80	0.80	90	2	58.4		
MEX01NTE	-77.80	8	-105.80	25.99	2.88	2.07	155	2	60.5	1	
MEX02NTE	-135.80	8	-107.36	26.32	3.80	1.57	149	2	61.2	1	10
MEX02SUR	-126.80	8	-96.39	19.88	3.19	1.87	158	2	62.5	1	10
PRU00004	-85.80	8	-74.19	-8.39	3.74	2.45	112	2	62.9	10	
PTRVIR01	-100.80	8	-65.85	18.12	0.80	0.80	90 90	2 2	60.6	1 6 9/GR20	
PTRVIR02 SLVIFRB2	-109.80 -107.30	8	-65.85 -88.91	18.12 13.59	0.80	0.80	90	1	61.1 61.7	1 6 9/GR21	
USAEH001	-61.30	8	-85.16	36.21	5.63	3.32	22	2	61.7	156	10
USAEH001 USAEH002	-01.30	8	-83.16 -89.28	36.16	5.65	3.78	170	2	61.7	1 6 9/GR20	10
USAEH003	-109.80	8	-90.12	36.11	5.55	3.56	161	2	62.1	1 6 9/GR21	10
USAEH004	-118.80	8	-91.16	36.05	5.38	3.24	153	2	62.6	156	10
USAPSA02	-165.80	8	-117.79	40.58	4.04	0.82	135	2	63.3	9/GR1	
USAPSA03	-174.80	8	-118.20	40.15	3.63	0.80	136	2	65.0	9/GR2	
USAWH101	-147.80	8	-109.70	38.13	5.52	1.96	142	2	62.1	10	
USAWH102	-156.80	8	-111.40	38.57	5.51	1.55	138	2	63.2	10	
VEN11VEN	-103.80	8	-66.79	6.90	2.50	1.77	122	2	65.2	10	
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12 340.64 MHz (9)

			ı							2 340.64 MF	IZ (3)
1	2	3	4			5	6	7	8	9	
ALS00002	-166.20	9	-149.66	58.37	3.76	1.24	170	1	59.7	9/GR1	10
ALS00003	-175.20	9	-150.98	58.53	3.77	1.11	167	1	60.0	9/GR2	10
ARGINSU4	-94.20	9	-52.98	-59.81	3.40	0.80	19	1	59.9	9/GR3	
ARGSUR04	-94.20	9	-65.04	-43.33	3.32	1.50	40	1	60.7	9/GR3	10
B CE311	-64.20	9	-40.60	-6.07	3.04	2.06	174	1	61.6	8 9/GR7	10
B CE312 B CE411	-45.20 -64.20	9	-40.27 -50.97	-6.06 -15.27	3.44 3.86	2.09 1.38	174 49	1	61.0 62.6	8 9/GR9 8 9/GR7	10 10
B CE411	-04.20 -45.20	9	-50.71	-15.27	3.57	1.56	52	1	62.7	8 9/GR7 8 9/GR9	10
B CE511	-64.20	9	-53.10	-2.90	2.44	2.13	104	1	63.0	8 9/GR7	10
B NO611	-74.20	9	-59.60	-11.62	2.85	1.69	165	2	62.8	8 9/GR8	10
B NO711	-74.20	9	-60.70	-1.78	3.54	1.78	126	2	62.8	8 9/GR8	10
B NO811	-74.20	9	-68.76	-4.71	2.37	1.65	73	2	62.8	8 9/GR8	10
B SU111 B SU112	-81.20 -45.20	9	-51.12 -50.75	-25.63 -25.62	2.76 2.47	1.05 1.48	50 56	1	62.8 62.2	8 9/GR6 8 9/GR9	10
B SU211	-43.20 -81.20	9	-30.73 -44.51	-23.62 -16.95	3.22	1.46	60	1	62.2	8 9/GR9 8 9/GR6	10
B SU212	-45.20	9	-44.00	-16.87	3.20	1.96	58	1	61.3	8 9/GR9	10
BAHIFRB1	-87.20	9	-76.06	24.16	1.81	0.80	142	1	61.6		
BERBERMU	-96.20	9	-64.77	32.32	0.80	0.80	90	2	56.8		
BERBER02	-31.00	9	-64.77	32.32	0.80	0.80	90	1	56.9	2	10
BOLAND01	-115.20	9	-65.04	-16.76	2.49	1.27	76	1	67.9	9/GR5	10
CAN01101 CAN01201	-138.20 -138.20	9	-125.63 -112.04	57.24 55.95	3.45 3.35	1.27 0.97	157 151	1	59.5 59.6	9/GR10 9/GR10	10 10
CAN01201 CAN01202	-72.70	9	-107.70	55.63	2.74	1.12	32	1	59.6	9/GK10	10
CAN01203	-129.20	9	-111.48	55.61	3.08	1.15	151	1	59.5	9/GR12	10
CAN01303	-129.20	9	-102.42	57.12	3.54	0.91	154	1	60.0	9/GR12	10
CAN01304	-91.20	9	-99.12	57.36	1.98	1.72	2	1	59.8	9/GR13	
CAN01403	-129.20	9	-89.75	52.02	4.68	0.80	148	1	61.8	9/GR12	10
CAN01404 CAN01405	-91.20 -82.20	9	-84.82 -84.00	52.42 52.39	3.10 2.84	2.05 2.29	152 172	1	60.4 60.3	9/GR13 9/GR14	10 10
CAN01403 CAN01504	-82.20 -91.20	9	-84.00 -72.66	53.77	3.57	1.67	156	1	60.3	9/GR14 9/GR13	10
CAN01504 CAN01505	-82.20	9	-71.77	53.79	3.30	1.89	162	1	60.1	9/GR14	10
CAN01605	-82.20	9	-61.50	49.55	2.65	1.40	143	1	60.3	9/GR14	10
CAN01606	-70.70	9	-61.30	49.55	2.40	1.65	148	1	60.2	10	
CHLCONT5	-106.20	9	-72.23	-35.57	2.60	0.80	55	1	59.4	9/GR17	
CHLPAC02	-106.20	9	-80.06	-30.06	1.36	0.80	69	1	59.2	9/GR17	
CLMAND01 CLM00001	-115.20 -103.20	9	-74.72 -74.50	5.93 5.87	3.85 3.98	1.63 1.96	114 118	1	64.9 63.5	9/GR5 10	
EQACAND1	-105.20	9	-74.50	-1.61	1.37	0.95	75	1	64.0	9/GR5	
EQAGAND1	-115.20	9	-90.34	-0.62	0.90	0.81	89	1	61.3	9/GR5	
FLKANT01	-57.20	9	-44.54	-60.13	3.54	0.80	12	1	59.3	2	10
FLKFALKS	-31.00	9	-59.90	-51.64	0.80	0.80	90	1	58.1	2	
GRD00002	-42.20	9	-61.58	12.29	0.80	0.80	90	1	58.8	0/CD1	10
HWA00002 HWA00003	-166.20 -175.20	9	-165.79 -166.10	23.42 23.42	4.20 4.25	0.80	160 159	1	58.8 58.8	9/GR1 9/GR2	10 10
MEX01NTE	-78.20	9	-105.81	26.01	2.89	2.08	155	1	60.5	9/GK2	10
MEX01SUR	-69.20	9	-94.84	19.82	3.05	2.09	4	1	62.2	1	10
MEX02NTE	-136.20	9	-107.21	26.31	3.84	1.55	148	1	61.2	1	10
MEX02SUR	-127.20	9	-96.39	19.88	3.18	1.87	157	1	62.5	1	10
PAQPAC01	-106.20	9	-109.18	-27.53	0.80	0.80	90	1	56.2	9/GR17	
PRG00002 PRUAND02	-99.20 -115.20	9	-58.66 -74.69	-23.32 -8.39	1.45 3.41	1.04 1.79	76 95	1	60.2 63.9	9/GR5	
PTRVIR01	-113.20	9	-74.69 -65.85	-8.39 18.12	0.80	0.80	93	1	60.5	1 6 9/GR20	
PTRVIR02	-101.20	9	-65.86	18.12	0.80	0.80	90	1	61.0	1 6 9/GR21	
SPMFRAN3	-53.20	9	-67.24	47.51	3.16	0.80	7	1	60.4	27	10
TRD00001	-84.70	9	-61.23	10.70	0.80	0.80	90	1	59.4		
URG00001	-71.70	9	-56.22	-32.52	1.02	0.89	11	1	60.0		
USAEH001	-61.70	9	-85.19 -89.24	36.21	5.63	3.33	22 170	1	61.8	1 5 6 1 6 9/GR20	10 10
USAEH002 USAEH003	-101.20 -110.20	9	-89.24 -90.14	36.16 36.11	5.67 5.55	3.76 3.55	170	1	61.7 62.0	1 6 9/GR20 1 6 9/GR21	10
USAEH003 USAEH004	-110.20	9	-90.14 -91.16	36.05	5.38	3.24	152	1	62.6	1 5 9/GR21 1 5 6	10
USAPSA02	-166.20	9	-117.80	40.58	4.03	0.82	135	1	63.2	9/GR1	
USAPSA03	-175.20	9	-118.27	40.12	3.62	0.80	136	1	65.0	9/GR2	
USAWH101	-148.20	9	-109.65	38.13	5.53	1.95	142	1	62.1	10	
USAWH102	-157.20	9	-111.41	38.57	5.51	1.54	138	1	63.2	10	
VENAND03 VRG00001	-115.20 -79.70	9	-67.04 -64.37	6.91 18.48	2.37 0.80	1.43 0.80	111 90	1	67.2 58.3	9/GR5 4	
* KG00001	- /9./0	9	-04.37	10.40	0.80	0.80	90	1	26.3	*	

12 355.22 MHz (10)

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1	2	3	4			5	6	7	8	9	
ALS00002	-165.80	10	-149.63	58.52	3.81	1.23	171	2	59.7	9/GR1	10
ALS00003	-174.80	10	-150.95	58.54	3.77	1.11	167	2	60.0	9/GR2	10
ARGNORT4	-93.80	10	-63.96	-30.01	3.86	1.99	48	2	65.6	10	
ARGNORT5	-54.80	10	-62.85	-29.80	3.24	2.89	47	2	63.5	10	
ATNBEAM1	-52.80	10	-66.44	14.87	1.83	0.80	39	2	61.0		
B CE311	-63.80	10	-40.60	-6.07	3.04	2.06	174	2	61.6	8 9/GR7	10
B CE312	-44.80	10	-40.26	-6.06	3.44	2.09	174	2	61.0	8 9/GR9	10
B CE411	-63.80	10	-50.97	-15.26	3.86	1.38	49	2	62.6	8 9/GR7	10
B CE412	-44.80	10	-50.71	-15.30	3.57	1.56	52	2	62.7	8 9/GR9	10
B CE511 B NO611	-63.80 -73.80	10 10	-53.11 -59.60	-2.98	2.42	2.15	107	2	63.1	8 9/GR7	10 10
B NO711	-73.80 -73.80	10	-59.60 -60.70	-11.62 -1.78	2.86 3.54	1.69 1.78	165 126	1	62.8 62.8	8 9/GR8 8 9/GR8	10
B NO811	-73.80 -73.80	10	-60.70 -68.75	-1.78 -4.71	2.37	1.78	73	1	62.8	8 9/GR8	10
B SE911	-101.80	10	-45.99	-19.09	2.22	0.80	62	2	65.3	8 8	10
B SU111	-80.80	10	-51.10	-25.64	2.76	1.06	50	2	62.8	8 9/GR6	10
B SU112	-44.80	10	-50.76	-25.62	2.47	1.48	56	2	62.3	8 9/GR9	
B SU211	-80.80	10	-44.51	-16.94	3.22	1.37	60	2	62.5	8 9/GR6	10
B SU212	-44.80	10	-43.99	-16.97	3.27	1.92	59	2	61.3	8 9/GR9	
CAN01101	-137.80	10	-125.60	57.24	3.45	1.27	157	2	59.5	9/GR10	10
CAN01201	-137.80	10	-111.92	55.89	3.33	0.98	151	2	59.6	9/GR10	10
CAN01202	-72.30	10	-107.64	55.62	2.75	1.11	32	2	59.6		
CAN01203	-128.80	10	-111.43	55.56	3.07	1.15	151	2	59.5	9/GR12	10
CAN01303	-128.80	10	-102.39	57.12	3.54	0.92	154	2	60.0	9/GR12	10
CAN01304	-90.80	10	-99.00	57.33	1.96	1.73	1 10	2 2	59.8	9/GR13	10
CAN01403 CAN01404	-128.80 -90.80	10 10	-89.70 -84.78	52.02 52.41	4.67 3.09	0.80 2.06	148 153	2	61.8 60.4	9/GR12 9/GR13	10 10
CAN01404 CAN01405	-90.80 -81.80	10	-84.78 -84.02	52.34	2.82	2.30	172	2	60.4	9/GR13 9/GR14	10
CAN01403 CAN01504	-90.80	10	-72.68	53.78	3.57	1.67	157	2	60.2	9/GR14 9/GR13	10
CAN01504 CAN01505	-81.80	10	-71.76	53.76	3.30	1.89	162	2	60.1	9/GR13	10
CAN01605	-81.80	10	-61.54	49.50	2.66	1.39	144	2	60.3	9/GR14	10
CAN01606	-70.30	10	-61.32	49.51	2.41	1.65	148	2	60.2	10	
CHLCONT4	-105.80	10	-69.59	-23.20	2.21	0.80	68	2	59.1	9/GR16	
CHLCONT6	-105.80	10	-73.52	-55.52	3.65	1.31	39	2	59.6	9/GR16	
CRBBAH01	-92.30	10	-76.09	24.13	1.83	0.80	141	1	61.7	9/GR18	
CRBBER01	-92.30	10	-64.76	32.13	0.80	0.80	90	1	56.7	9/GR18	
CRBBLZ01	-92.30	10	-88.61	17.26	0.80	0.80	90	1	58.6	9/GR18	
CRBEC001	-92.30	10	-60.07	8.26	4.20	0.86	115	1	64.2	9/GR18	10
CRBJMC01	-92.30	10	-79.45	17.97	0.99	0.80	151	1	61.1	9/GR18	
CTR00201 EQAC0001	-130.80 -94.80	10 10	-84.33 -78.31	9.67 -1.52	0.82 1.48	0.80 1.15	119 65	2	65.6 63.0	9/GR19	
EQAG0001	-94.80 -94.80	10	-78.31 -90.36	-0.57	0.94	0.89	99	1	61.0	9/GR19 9/GR19	
GUY00302	-33.80	10	-59.07	4.77	1.43	0.85	91	2	63.5	J/GK15	
HNDIFRB2	-107.30	10	-86.23	15.16	1.14	0.85	8	1	63.4		
HTI00002	-83.30	10	-73.28	18.96	0.82	0.80	11	2	60.9		
HWA00002	-165.80	10	-165.79	23.32	4.20	0.80	160	2	58.8	9/GR1	10
HWA00003	-174.80	10	-166.10	23.42	4.25	0.80	159	2	58.8	9/GR2	10
MEX01NTE	-77.80	10	-105.80	25.99	2.88	2.07	155	2	60.5	1	
MEX02NTE	-135.80	10	-107.36	26.32	3.80	1.57	149	2	61.2	1	10
MEX02SUR	-126.80	10	-96.39	19.88	3.19	1.87	158	2	62.5	1	10
PRU00004	-85.80	10	-74.19	-8.39	3.74	2.45	112	2	62.8	10	
PTRVIR01	-100.80	10	-65.85	18.12	0.80	0.80	90	2	60.6	1 6 9/GR20	
PTRVIR02 TCA00001	-109.80 -115.80	10 10	-65.85 -71.79	18.12 21.53	0.80	0.80	90 90	2 2	61.1 60.4	1 6 9/GR21	
USAEH001	-115.80 -61.30	10	-/1./9 -85.16	36.21	5.63	3.32	90 22	2	60.4	156	10
USAEH001 USAEH002	-01.30	10	-83.16 -89.28	36.16	5.65	3.78	170	2	61.7	1 6 9/GR20	10
USAEH003	-100.80	10	-90.12	36.11	5.55	3.56	161	2	62.1	1 6 9/GR20 1 6 9/GR21	10
USAEH004	-118.80	10	-91.16	36.05	5.38	3.24	153	2	62.6	156	10
USAPSA02	-165.80	10	-117.79	40.58	4.04	0.82	135	2	63.2	9/GR1	
USAPSA03	-174.80	10	-118.20	40.15	3.63	0.80	136	2	64.9	9/GR2	
USAWH101	-147.80	10	-109.70	38.13	5.52	1.96	142	2	62.1	10	
USAWH102	-156.80	10	-111.40	38.57	5.51	1.55	138	2	63.2	10	
VCT00001	-79.30	10	-61.18	13.23	0.80	0.80	90	2	58.4		
VEN11VEN	-103.80	10	-66.79	6.90	2.50	1.77	122	2	65.1	10	
	i										

12 369.80 MHz (11)

ALSON002				1						- 12	2 369.80 MH2	(11)
ALSONOOS	1	2	3	4			5	6	7	8	9	
ALSONOOS	AT \$00002	166.20	11	1/0 66	58 37	3.76	1.24	170	1	50.8	0/GP1	10
ARCINSUS -94.20												
ARGSUR04 -94.20 11												
ARCSINGO									1			
ATCSINOI -99,70									-			
B CE311									-		9/GR4	10
B CCB11											9 0/CD7	10
B CF411												
B CE511												
B NO611	B CE412		11		-15.30		1.56	52	1	62.7		10
B NO711												
B NOS												
B SUI11												10
B SU112												10
B SU211												
BERBERNU	B SU211	-81.20	11	-44.51		3.22		60	1	62.5		10
BOLLONDOI	D D0212		* *								8 9/GR9	
BOLDOOO1												
BRB00001												
CANDI101											10	
CANDI201											9/GR10	10
CANDI203									-			
CAN01303	CAN01202	-72.70	11	-107.70	55.63	2.74	1.12	32	1	59.6		
CAN01404												
CAND1403									-			10
CANOI404								_	-			10
CAN01405												
CAN01504			* *					102				
CAN01605 -82.20 11 -61.50 49.55 2.65 1.40 143 1 60.3 9/GR14 10 CAN01606 -70.70 11 -61.30 49.55 2.40 1.65 148 1 60.2 10 CHLCONT5 -106.20 11 -72.23 -35.57 2.60 0.80 55 1 59.4 9/GR17 CHLPAC02 -106.20 11 -74.72 25.87 2.60 0.80 69 1 59.2 9/GR17 CLMAD001 -103.20 11 -74.72 5.87 3.98 1.63 114 1 65.0 9/GR5 CLM00001 -89.20 11 -79.81 21.62 2.24 0.80 168 1 61.1 EQACAND1 -115.20 11 -79.81 21.62 2.24 0.80 168 1 61.1 EQAGAND1 -115.20 11 -79.81 21.62 0.90 0.81 89 1			11									
CAN01606 -70.70 11 -61.30 49.55 2.40 1.65 148 1 60.2 10 CHLCONT5 -106.20 11 -72.23 -35.57 2.60 0.80 55 1 59.4 9/GR17 CLMAND01 -115.20 11 -74.72 5.93 3.85 1.63 114 1 65.0 9/GR5 CLM00001 -80.20 11 -74.50 5.87 3.98 1.96 118 1 63.6 10 CUM00001 -89.20 11 -74.50 5.87 3.98 1.96 118 1 63.6 10 CUM0001 -89.20 11 -74.50 5.87 3.98 1.96 118 1 63.6 10 CUB0001 -89.20 11 -74.50 5.87 3.98 1.96 118 1 61.1 EQAGANDI -115.20 11 -61.58 12.29 0.80 0.80 189 1 61.3<	CAN01505	-82.20	11	-71.77	53.79	3.30	1.89	162	1	60.1	9/GR14	10
CHLCONT5												10
CHLPAC02									-			
CLMANDOI												
CLM00001												
EQACANDI -115.20 11 -78.40 -1.61 1.37 0.95 75 1 64.1 9/GRS EQAGANDI -115.20 11 -90.34 -0.62 0.90 0.81 89 1 61.3 9/GRS GRD00002 -42.20 11 -61.58 12.29 0.80 0.80 90 1 58.8 GRD00059 -57.20 11 -61.58 12.29 0.80 0.80 90 1 58.5 GRDDNK01 -53.20 11 -44.89 66.56 2.70 0.82 173 1 60.0 2 10 GUY00201 -84.70 11 -59.19 4.78 1.44 0.85 95 1 63.5 HWA00002 -166.20 11 -165.79 23.42 4.25 0.80 159 1 58.8 9/GR1 10 MEX0INTE -78.20 11 -105.81 26.01 2.89 2.08 155 1 6									-			
EĠAGANDI GRD00002 -115.20 -42.20 11 11 -90.34 -61.58 -0.62 12.29 0.80 0.80 0.80 0.80 90 90 1 58.8 9/GR5 GRD000059 GRL000059 -57.20 -57.20 11 -61.58 12.29 11 0.80 0.80 0.80 90 1 58.5 58.8 GRLDNK01 GUY00201 -84.70 -84.70 11 11 -59.19 -165.79 4.78 23.42 1.44 2.00 0.80 160 1 1 58.8 9/GR1 10 9/GR2 HWA00003 HWA00003 -175.20 11 -166.10 23.42 23.42 4.25 4.25 0.80 159 1 58.8 9/GR1 10 9/GR2 MEXOISUR HEXOSUR -69.20 -69.20 11 -96.39 19.88 19.88 2.09 4 11<-96.39		-89.20	11	-79.81	21.62	2.24	0.80	168	1	61.1		
GRD00002									-			
GRD00059									-		9/GR5	
GRLDNK01												
GUY00201 -84.70 11 -59.19 4.78 1.44 0.85 95 1 63.5 HWA00002 -165.20 11 -165.79 23.42 4.20 0.80 160 1 58.8 9/GR1 10 HWA00003 -175.20 11 -165.79 23.42 4.25 0.80 159 1 58.8 9/GR2 10 MEX0INTE -78.20 11 -105.81 26.01 2.89 2.08 155 1 60.5 1 MEX0ISUR -69.20 11 -94.84 19.82 3.05 2.09 4 1 62.3 1 10 MEX0ISUR -127.20 11 -96.39 19.88 3.18 1.87 157 1 62.6 1 10 MEX02SUR -127.20 11 -96.39 19.88 3.18 1.87 157 1 62.6 1 10 PAQPAC01 -106.20 11 -58.66 -23.32 1.45									-		2	10
HWA00002											_	10
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$									1		9/GR1	10
MEXOISUR	HWA00003	-175.20	11	-166.10	23.42	4.25	0.80	159	1	58.8	9/GR2	10
MEXO2NTE												
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$											-	
PAQPAC01											-	
PRG00002												10
PRUAND02)/GRT/	
PTRVIRO2			11						1		9/GR5	
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$												
USAEH001 -61.70 11 -85.19 36.21 5.63 3.33 22 1 61.8 1 5 6 10 USAEH002 -101.20 11 -89.24 36.16 5.67 3.76 170 1 61.7 1 69/GR20 10 USAEH003 -110.20 11 -90.14 36.11 5.55 3.55 161 1 62.1 1 69/GR21 10 USAPB400 -119.20 11 -91.16 36.05 5.38 3.24 152 1 62.6 1 5 6 10 USAPSA02 -166.20 11 -117.80 40.58 4.03 0.82 135 1 63.3 9/GR1 USAWB303 -175.20 11 -118.27 40.12 3.62 0.80 136 1 65.0 9/GR2 USAWH101 -148.20 11 -109.65 38.13 5.53 1.95 142 1 62.1 10 USAWH002 -157.20 11 -111											1 6 9/GR21	
USAEH002 -101.20 11 -89.24 36.16 5.67 3.76 170 1 61.7 1 69/GR20 10 USAEH003 -110.20 11 -90.14 36.11 5.55 3.55 161 1 62.1 1 69/GR21 10 USAEH004 -119.20 11 -91.16 36.05 5.38 3.24 152 1 62.6 15 6 10 USAPSA02 -166.20 11 -117.80 40.58 4.03 0.82 135 1 63.3 9/GR1 USAPSA03 -175.20 11 -118.27 40.12 3.62 0.80 136 1 65.0 9/GR2 USAWH101 -148.20 11 -109.65 38.13 5.53 1.95 142 1 62.1 10 USAWH0102 -157.20 11 -111.41 38.57 5.51 1.54 138 1 63.2 10											156	10
USAEH003 -110.20 11 -90.14 36.11 5.55 3.55 161 1 62.1 1 6 9/GR21 10 USAEH004 -119.20 11 -91.16 36.05 5.38 3.24 152 1 62.6 1 5 6 10 USAPSA02 -166.20 11 -117.80 40.58 4.03 0.82 135 1 63.3 9/GR1 USAPSA03 -175.20 11 -118.27 40.12 3.62 0.80 136 1 65.0 9/GR2 USAWH101 -148.20 11 -109.65 38.13 5.53 1.95 142 1 62.1 10 USAWH002 -157.20 11 -111.41 38.57 5.51 1.54 138 1 63.2 10									-			
USAEH004 -119.20 11 -91.16 36.05 5.38 3.24 152 1 62.6 15 6 10 USAPSA02 -166.20 11 -117.80 40.58 4.03 0.82 135 1 63.3 9/GR1 USAPSA03 -175.20 11 -118.27 40.12 3.62 0.80 136 1 65.0 9/GR2 USAWH101 -148.20 11 -109.65 38.13 5.53 1.95 142 1 62.1 10 USAWH102 -157.20 11 -111.41 38.57 5.51 1.54 138 1 63.2 10									-			
USAPSA02 -166.20 11 -117.80 40.58 4.03 0.82 135 1 63.3 9/GR1 USAPSA03 -175.20 11 -118.27 40.12 3.62 0.80 136 1 65.0 9/GR2 USAWH101 -148.20 11 -109.65 38.13 5.53 1.95 142 1 62.1 10 USAWH102 -157.20 11 -111.41 38.57 5.51 1.54 138 1 63.2 10												
USAWH101	USAPSA02	-166.20		-117.80	40.58	4.03	0.82	135	1	63.3	9/GR1	
USAWH102 -157.20 11 -111.41 38.57 5.51 1.54 138 1 63.2 10												
											10	
VENANDO3 -113.20 11 -07.04 0.91 2.37 1.43 111 1 07.3 9/GRS												
	v ENANDU3	-115.20	11	-67.04	6.91	2.57	1.43	111	1	67.3	9/GK5	

12 384.38 MHz (12)

	-									384.38 MHz	. ,
1	2	3	4			5	6	7	8	9	
ALS00002	-165.80	12	-149.63	58.52	3.81	1.23	171	2	59.8	9/GR1	10
ALS00003	-174.80	12	-150.95	58.54	3.77	1.11	167	2	60.0	9/GR2	10
ARGNORT4	-93.80	12	-63.96	-30.01	3.86	1.99	48	2	65.7	10	
ARGNORT5	-54.80	12	-62.85	-29.80	3.24	2.89	47	2	63.5	10	
B CE311	-63.80	12	-40.60	-6.07	3.04	2.06	174	2	61.6	8 9/GR7	10
B CE312	-44.80	12	-40.26	-6.06	3.44	2.09	174	2	61.0	8 9/GR9	10
B CE411	-63.80	12	-50.97	-15.26	3.86	1.38	49	2	62.6	8 9/GR7	10
B CE412	-44.80	12	-50.71	-15.30	3.57	1.56	52	2	62.8	8 9/GR9	10
B CE511 B NO611	-63.80 -73.80	12 12	-53.11 -59.60	-2.98 -11.62	2.42 2.86	2.15 1.69	107 165	2	63.1 62.9	8 9/GR7 8 9/GR8	10 10
B NO711	-73.80 -73.80	12	-59.60 -60.70	-11.62 -1.78	3.54	1.69	126	1	62.9	8 9/GR8 8 9/GR8	10
B NO811	-73.80 -73.80	12	-68.75	-1.78 -4.71	2.37	1.78	73	1	62.8	8 9/GR8	10
B SE911	-101.80	12	-45.99	-19.09	2.22	0.80	62	2	65.3	8	10
B SU111	-80.80	12	-51.10	-25.64	2.76	1.06	50	2	62.9	8 9/GR6	10
B SU112	-44.80	12	-50.76	-25.62	2.47	1.48	56	2	62.3	8 9/GR9	
B SU211	-80.80	12	-44.51	-16.94	3.22	1.37	60	2	62.5	8 9/GR6	10
B SU212	-44.80	12	-43.99	-16.97	3.27	1.92	59	2	61.3	8 9/GR9	
CAN01101	-137.80	12	-125.60	57.24	3.45	1.27	157	2	59.5	9/GR10	10
CAN01201	-137.80	12	-111.92	55.89	3.33	0.98	151	2	59.6	9/GR10	10
CAN01202	-72.30	12	-107.64	55.62	2.75	1.11	32	2	59.6		
CAN01203	-128.80	12	-111.43	55.56	3.07	1.15	151	2	59.5	9/GR12	10
CAN01303	-128.80	12	-102.39	57.12	3.54	0.92	154	2	60.1	9/GR12	10
CAN01304 CAN01403	-90.80 -128.80	12 12	-99.00 -89.70	57.33 52.02	1.96 4.67	1.73 0.80	1 148	2 2	59.8 61.8	9/GR13 9/GR12	10
CAN01403 CAN01404	-128.80 -90.80	12	-89.70 -84.78	52.02	3.09	2.06	148	2	60.4	9/GR12 9/GR13	10
CAN01405	-81.80	12	-84.02	52.34	2.82	2.30	172	2	60.3	9/GR14	10
CAN01504	-90.80	12	-72.68	53.78	3.57	1.67	157	2	60.2	9/GR13	10
CAN01505	-81.80	12	-71.76	53.76	3.30	1.89	162	2	60.2	9/GR14	10
CAN01605	-81.80	12	-61.54	49.50	2.66	1.39	144	2	60.3	9/GR14	10
CAN01606	-70.30	12	-61.32	49.51	2.41	1.65	148	2	60.2	10	
CHLCONT4	-105.80	12	-69.59	-23.20	2.21	0.80	68	2	59.1	9/GR16	
CHLCONT6	-105.80	12	-73.52	-55.52	3.65	1.31	39	2	59.6	9/GR16	
CRBBAH01	-92.30	12	-76.09	24.13	1.83	0.80	141	1	61.7	9/GR18	
CRBBER01	-92.30	12	-64.76	32.13	0.80	0.80	90	1	56.8	9/GR18	
CRBBLZ01 CRBEC001	-92.30 -92.30	12 12	-88.61 -60.07	17.26 8.26	0.80 4.20	0.80	90 115	1	58.7 64.3	9/GR18 9/GR18	10
CRBJMC01	-92.30 -92.30	12	-79.45	17.97	0.99	0.80	151	1	61.1	9/GR18	10
CYM00001	-115.80	12	-80.58	19.57	0.80	0.80	90	2	59.6)/GR10	
DOMIFRB2	-83.30	12	-70.51	18.79	0.98	0.80	167	2	61.1		
EQAC0001	-94.80	12	-78.31	-1.52	1.48	1.15	65	1	63.0	9/GR19	
EQAG0001	-94.80	12	-90.36	-0.57	0.94	0.89	99	1	61.0	9/GR19	
GUFMGG02	-52.80	12	-56.42	8.47	4.16	0.81	123	2	62.7	2 7	10
HWA00002	-165.80	12	-165.79	23.32	4.20	0.80	160	2	58.8	9/GR1	10
HWA00003	-174.80	12	-166.10	23.42	4.25	0.80	159	2	58.8	9/GR2	10
JMC00005	-33.80	12 12	-77.27	18.12	0.80	0.80	90	2	60.6		
LCAIFRB1 MEX01NTE	-79.30 -77.80	12	-61.15 -105.80	13.90 25.99	0.80 2.88	0.80 2.07	90 155	2 2	58.4 60.5	1	
MEX02NTE	-17.80	12	-103.80	26.32	3.80	1.57	149	2	61.2	1	10
MEX02NTE MEX02SUR	-135.80	12	-96.39	19.88	3.19	1.87	158	2	62.5	1	10
PRU00004	-85.80	12	-74.19	-8.39	3.74	2.45	112	2	62.9	10	10
PTRVIR01	-100.80	12	-65.85	18.12	0.80	0.80	90	2	60.6	1 6 9/GR20	
PTRVIR02	-109.80	12	-65.85	18.12	0.80	0.80	90	2	61.1	1 6 9/GR21	
SLVIFRB2	-107.30	12	-88.91	13.59	0.80	0.80	90	1	61.7		
USAEH001	-61.30	12	-85.16	36.21	5.63	3.32	22	2	61.9	1 5 6	10
USAEH002	-100.80	12	-89.28	36.16	5.65	3.78	170	2	61.7	1 6 9/GR20	10
USAEH003	-109.80	12	-90.12	36.11	5.55	3.56	161	2	62.1	1 6 9/GR21	10
USAEH004	-118.80	12	-91.16	36.05	5.38	3.24	153	2	62.6	1 5 6	10
USAPSA02 USAPSA03	-165.80 -174.80	12 12	-117.79 -118.20	40.58 40.15	4.04 3.63	0.82	135 136	2 2	63.3 65.0	9/GR1 9/GR2	
USAPSA03 USAWH101	-174.80 -147.80	12	-118.20 -109.70	38.13	5.52	1.96	142	2	62.1	9/GK2 10	
USAWH101 USAWH102	-147.80	12	-109.70	38.57	5.51	1.55	138	2	63.2	10	
VEN11VEN	-103.80	12	-66.79	6.90	2.50	1.77	122	2	65.2	10	

12 398.96 MHz (13)

ALSONO002							-			12	398.96 MHz	(13)
ALSONOOS	1	2	3	4			5	6	7	8	9	
ALSONOOS	ALS00002	-166.20	13	-149 66	58 37	3.76	1 24	170	1	59.7	9/GR1	10
ARCISURU4									-			
B CE311									1			
B CCB411			13						1	60.7		10
B CE411									1			
B CESII									-			
B NOGES 13 -64.20 13 -53.10 -2.90 2.44 2.13 104 1 2 63.0 8 9/GR7 10 B NOGES 10 10 10 10 10 2 62.8 8 9/GR8 10 B NOGES 10 10 10 10 10 2 62.8 8 9/GR8 10 B NOGES 10 13 -66.70 -1.78 3.54 1.78 126 2 62.8 8 9/GR8 10 B NOGES 10 13 -66.70 -1.78 3.54 1.78 126 2 62.8 8 9/GR8 10 B NOGES 10 13 -66.70 -1.78 3.54 1.78 126 2 62.8 8 9/GR8 10 B NOGES 10 13 -66.70 -4.71 2.37 1.65 73 2 62.8 8 9/GR8 10 B SUI11 -81.20 13 -51.12 -25.63 2.76 1.05 50 1 62.8 8 9/GR9 10 B SUI12 -45.20 13 -44.51 -16.95 3.22 1.36 60 1 62.5 8 9/GR9 10 B SUI211 -81.20 13 -44.51 -16.95 3.22 1.36 60 1 62.5 8 9/GR9 10 B SUI12 -45.20 13 -44.51 -16.95 3.22 1.36 60 1 62.5 8 9/GR9 10 B ERBERGNU -96.20 13 -64.77 32.32 0.80 0.80 90 1 65.9 2 56.8 B ERBERGNU -91.00 13 -64.77 32.32 0.80 0.80 90 1 65.9 2 10 CANOILOI -138.20 13 -125.63 57.24 3.45 1.27 76 1 67.9 9/GR5 10 CANOILOU -138.20 13 -112.04 55.95 3.35 0.97 151 1 59.6 9/GR10 10 CANOILOU -72.70 13 -107.40 55.63 2.74 1.12 32 1 59.6 9/GR12 10 CANOILOU -72.70 13 -107.40 55.63 2.74 1.12 32 1 59.6 9/GR12 10 CANOILOU -72.70 13 -102.42 55.95 3.35 0.97 151 1 59.6 9/GR12 10 CANOILOU -72.70 13 -99.12 57.36 1.98 1.72 2 1 59.8 9/GR12 10 CANOILOU -72.70 13 -99.12 57.36 1.98 1.72 2 1 59.6 9/GR12 10 CANOILOU -72.70 13 -99.12 57.36 1.98 1.72 2 1 59.6 9/GR12 10 CANOILOU -72.70 13 -99.71 57.36 1.98 1.72 2 1 59.6 9/GR12 10 CANOILOU -72.70 13 -99.71 57.36 1.98 1.72 2 1 59.6 9/GR12 10 CANOILOU -72.70 13 -99.71 57.36 1.98 1.72 1 59.6 9/GR12 10 CANOILOU -72.70 13 -99.71 5												
B NOG111 −44 20 13 −59,60 −11,62 2.85 1,69 165 2 2 2.8 8 9GR8 10 B NO711 −44 20 13 −66,70 −1,78 3.54 1.78 126 2 62.8 8 9GR8 10 B SU111 −81,20 13 −51,21 −25,62 2,76 10.5 50 1 62.2 8 9GR8 10 B SU211 −81,20 13 −44,15 −16,95 3.22 1.36 60 1 62.2 8 9GR9 1 B SU211 −81,20 13 −44,00 −16,87 3.20 1,96 58 1 61,3 3 9GR9 9 B SU212 −45,20 13 −44,70 32,32 0.80 0.80 10 1 66,33 9GR9 9GR B SEBBERGO −96,20 13 −64,77 32,32 0.80 0.90 1 56,99 9GR10 10 CANO1201 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>												
B NO711												
B NOS111	B 110011											
B SU112												
B SU211	B SU111	-81.20		-51.12	-25.63	2.76	1.05	50	1		8 9/GR6	10
B SU212									-			
BAHIFRBI												10
BERBERMU											8 9/GR9	
BERBERO2									-			
BOLANDOI											2	10
CANDILOID												10
CANDI201												10
CANDI203									1			
CANDI303	CAN01202	-72.70	13	-107.70	55.63	2.74	1.12	32	1	59.6		
CANDIA04												
CANDI403									-			10
CAND1404								_				10
CAN01405									-			
CAN01504									-			
CANOISOS									-			
CAN01606 -70.70 13 -61.30 49.55 2.40 1.65 148 1 60.2 10 CHLCONT5 -106.20 13 -72.23 -35.57 2.60 0.80 55 1 59.4 9/GR17 CLMADD01 -115.20 13 -80.06 -30.06 1.36 0.80 69 1 59.2 9/GR17 CLM00001 -115.20 13 -74.72 5.93 3.85 1.63 114 1 64.9 9/GR5 CLM00001 -115.20 13 -74.50 5.87 3.98 1.96 118 1 63.5 10 EQACAND1 -115.20 13 -74.50 5.87 3.98 1.96 118 1 63.5 10 EQAGAND1 -115.20 13 -74.50 6.80 0.90 0.81 89 1 61.3 9/GR5 FLKANT01 -57.20 13 -45.44 -60.13 3.54 0.80 12									1			
CHILCONT5	CAN01605	-82.20	13	-61.50	49.55	2.65	1.40	143	1	60.3	9/GR14	10
CHLPAC02									-			
CLMAND01												
CLM00001												
EQACANDI -115.20 13 -78.40 -1.61 1.37 0.95 75 1 64.0 9/GR5 EQAGANDI -115.20 13 -90.34 -0.62 0.90 0.81 89 1 61.3 9/GR5 FLKANTOI -57.20 13 -44.54 -60.13 3.54 0.80 12 1 59.3 2 10 FLKARLKS -31.00 13 -59.90 -51.64 0.80 0.80 90 1 58.1 2 GRD00002 -42.20 13 -61.58 112.29 0.80 0.80 90 1 58.8 9/GR1 10 HWA00003 -166.20 13 -165.79 23.42 4.25 0.80 159 1 58.8 9/GR1 10 MEXOINTE -78.20 13 -166.10 23.42 4.25 0.80 159 1 58.8 9/GR1 10 MEXOISUR -69.20 13 -94.84 <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>									-			
EQAGANDI -115.20 13 -90.34 -0.62 0.90 0.81 89 1 61.3 9/GR5 FLKANTOI -57.20 13 -44.54 -60.13 3.54 0.80 12 1 59.3 2 10 FLKFALKS -31.00 13 -59.90 -51.64 0.80 0.80 90 1 58.1 2 GRD00002 -42.20 13 -61.58 12.29 0.80 0.80 90 1 58.8 9/GR1 10 HWA00002 -166.20 13 -165.79 23.42 4.20 0.80 160 1 58.8 9/GR1 10 HWA00003 -175.20 13 -166.10 23.42 4.25 0.80 159 1 58.8 9/GR1 10 MEXOINTE -78.20 13 -105.81 26.01 2.89 2.08 155 1 60.5 1 10 MEXOISUR -136.20 13 -107.									-			
FLKANT01									-			
GRD00002 -42.20 13 -61.58 12.29 0.80 0.80 90 1 58.8 9/GR1 10 HWA00002 -166.20 13 -165.79 23.42 4.20 0.80 160 1 58.8 9/GR1 10 HWA00003 -175.20 13 -166.10 23.42 4.25 0.80 159 1 58.8 9/GR2 10 MEXOINTE -78.20 13 -105.81 26.01 2.89 2.08 155 1 60.5 1 MEXOISUR -69.20 13 -94.84 19.82 3.05 2.09 4 1 62.2 1 10 MEXOISUR -127.20 13 -96.39 19.88 3.18 1.87 157 1 62.5 1 10 PAQPAC01 -106.20 13 -109.18 -27.53 0.80 0.80 90 1 56.2 9/GR17 PRG00002 -99.20 13 -56.				-44.54	-60.13	3.54	0.80	12	1	59.3	2	10
HWA00002	FLKFALKS	-31.00	13	-59.90	-51.64	0.80	0.80	90	1	58.1	2	
HWA00003												
MEXOINTE												
MEXOISUR									-			10
MEXO2NTE									-		*	10
MEXO2SUR											*	
PAQPACO1									-		-	
PRUAND02		-106.20	13						-	56.2	-	-
PTRVIR01									-			
PTRVIRO2									-			
SPMFRAN3									-			
TRD00001												10
URG00001 -71.70 13 -56.22 -32.52 1.02 0.89 11 1 60.0 USAEH001 -61.70 13 -85.19 36.21 5.63 3.33 22 1 61.8 1 5 6 10 USAEH002 -101.20 13 -89.24 36.16 5.67 3.76 170 1 61.7 1 6 9/GR20 10 USAEH003 -110.20 13 -90.14 36.11 5.55 3.55 161 1 62.0 1 6 9/GR21 10 USAPSA02 -166.20 13 -91.16 36.05 5.38 3.24 152 1 62.6 1 5 6 10 USAPSA02 -166.20 13 -118.20 40.58 4.03 0.82 135 1 63.2 9/GR1 USAPSA03 -175.20 13 -118.27 40.12 3.62 0.80 136 1 65.0 9/GR2 USAWH010 -148.20 13 -109.65 <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td>4/</td><td>10</td></td<>									-		4/	10
USAEH001									-			
USAEH002 -101.20 13 -89.24 36.16 5.67 3.76 170 1 61.7 1 6 9/GR20 10 USAEH003 -110.20 13 -90.14 36.11 5.55 3.55 161 1 62.0 1 6 9/GR21 10 USAEH004 -119.20 13 -91.16 36.05 5.38 3.24 152 1 62.6 1 5 6 10 USAPSA02 -166.20 13 -117.80 40.58 4.03 0.82 135 1 63.2 9/GR1 USAPSA03 -175.20 13 -118.27 40.12 3.62 0.80 136 1 65.0 9/GR2 USAWH101 -148.20 13 -109.65 38.13 5.53 1.95 142 1 62.1 10 USAWH02 -157.20 13 -111.41 38.57 5.51 1.54 138 1 63.2 10 VENAND03 -115.20 13 -67.04 <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td>156</td><td>10</td></td<>									-		156	10
USAEH003 -110.20 13 -90.14 36.11 5.55 3.55 161 1 62.0 16 9/GR21 10 USAPSA02 -166.20 13 -91.16 36.05 5.38 3.24 152 1 62.6 1 56 10 USAPSA02 -166.20 13 -117.80 40.58 4.03 0.82 135 1 63.2 9/GR1 USAPSA03 -175.20 13 -118.27 40.12 3.62 0.80 136 1 65.0 9/GR2 USAWH101 -148.20 13 -109.65 38.13 5.53 1.95 142 1 62.1 10 USAWH102 -157.20 13 -111.41 38.57 5.51 1.54 138 1 63.2 10 VENAND03 -115.20 13 -67.04 6.91 2.37 1.43 111 1 67.2 9/GR5									1			
USAPSA02 -166.20 13 -117.80 40.58 4.03 0.82 135 1 63.2 9/GR1 USAPSA03 -175.20 13 -118.27 40.12 3.62 0.80 136 1 65.0 9/GR2 USAWH101 -148.20 13 -109.65 38.13 5.53 1.95 142 1 62.1 10 USAWH102 -157.20 13 -111.41 38.57 5.51 1.54 138 1 63.2 10 VENAND03 -115.20 13 -67.04 6.91 2.37 1.43 111 1 67.2 9/GR5	USAEH003	-110.20			36.11				1			
USAPSA03 -175.20 13 -118.27 40.12 3.62 0.80 136 1 65.0 9/GR2 USAWH101 -148.20 13 -109.65 38.13 5.53 1.95 142 1 62.1 10 USAWH102 -157.20 13 -111.41 38.57 5.51 1.54 138 1 63.2 10 VENAND03 -115.20 13 -67.04 6.91 2.37 1.43 111 1 67.2 9/GR5									-			10
USAWH101 - 148.20 13 -109.65 38.13 5.53 1.95 142 1 62.1 10 USAWH102 -157.20 13 -111.41 38.57 5.51 1.54 138 1 63.2 10 VENAND03 -115.20 13 -67.04 6.91 2.37 1.43 111 1 67.2 9/GR5												
USAWH102												
VENAND03 -115.20 13 -67.04 6.91 2.37 1.43 111 1 67.2 9/GR5									-			
									-			
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12 413.54 MHz (14)

ALSO0003						_			_		413.54 NIH	. ,
ALSON0008	1	2	3	4			5	6	7	8	9	
ALSON0008	ALS00002	-165.80	14	-149.63	58.52	3.81	1.23	171	2	59.7	9/GR1	10
ARGNORT4												10
ARGNORT5												
ATNBEAMI												
B CE311		-52.80	14			1.83		39	2	61.0		
B CE412			14								8 9/GR7	10
B CE411	B CE312	-44.80	14	-40.26		3.44	2.09	174	2	61.0	8 9/GR9	10
B C6511 -63.80 14 -53.11 -29.8 2.42 2.15 107 2 63.1 8 9/GR7			14					49				10
B NOG11			14					52				10
B NO711	B CE511	-63.80	14	-53.11	-2.98	2.42	2.15	107	2	63.1	8 9/GR7	10
B NOSI1	B NO611	-73.80	14	-59.60	-11.62	2.86	1.69	165	1	62.8	8 9/GR8	10
B SU111	B NO711	-73.80	14	-60.70	-1.78	3.54	1.78	126	1	62.8	8 9/GR8	10
B SUI11	B NO811	-73.80	14	-68.75	-4.71	2.37	1.65	73	1	62.8	8 9/GR8	
B SU112	B SE911	-101.80	14	-45.99	-19.09	2.22	0.80	62		65.3	8	10
B SU211	B SU111	-80.80	14	-51.10	-25.64	2.76	1.06	50		62.8	8 9/GR6	10
B SU212	B SU112	-44.80	14	-50.76	-25.62	2.47	1.48	56	2	62.3	8 9/GR9	
CAN01201	B SU211	-80.80	14	-44.51	-16.94	3.22	1.37	60		62.5	8 9/GR6	10
CAN01201											8 9/GR9	
CAN01202	CAN01101			-125.60	57.24					59.5	9/GR10	10
CAN01303											9/GR10	10
CAN01303												
CAN01404												10
CAN01403	CAN01303			-102.39	57.12	3.54	0.92	154		60.0	9/GR12	10
CAN01404	CAN01304		14		57.33	1.96	1.73			59.8	9/GR13	
CANO1405	CAN01403	-128.80	14	-89.70	52.02	4.67	0.80	148		61.8	9/GR12	10
CANOISO4	CAN01404	-90.80	14	-84.78		3.09		153		60.4	9/GR13	10
CAN01505												10
CAN01605	CAN01504	-90.80		-72.68	53.78	3.57	1.67	157		60.2	9/GR13	10
CAN01606	CAN01505	-81.80	14	-71.76	53.76	3.30	1.89	162		60.1	9/GR14	10
CHLCONT4												10
CHLCONT6	CAN01606											
CRBBAH01												
CRBBER01										59.6		
CRBBLZ01												
CRBIMC01												
CRBIMC01												
CTR00201												10
EQAC0001											9/GR18	
EQAC0001 -94.80 14 -90.36 -0.57 0.94 0.89 99 1 61.0 9/GR19 GUY00302 -33.80 14 -59.07 4.77 1.43 0.85 91 2 63.5 HNDIFRB2 -107.30 14 -86.23 15.16 1.14 0.85 8 1 63.4 HT100002 -83.30 14 -73.28 18.96 0.82 0.80 11 2 60.9 HWA00003 -174.80 14 -165.79 23.32 4.20 0.80 160 2 58.8 9/GR1 HWA00003 -174.80 14 -165.79 23.32 4.20 0.80 159 2 58.8 9/GR1 MEX01NTE -77.80 14 -165.80 25.99 2.88 2.07 155 2 60.5 1 MEX02NTE -13.80 14 -107.36 26.32 3.80 1.57 149 2 61.2 1												
GÜY00302												
HNDIFRB2											9/GR19	
HTI00002												
HWA00002												
HWA00003											0/CD1	10
MEXOINTE												10
MEXO2NTE												10
MEXO2SUR												10
PRU00004												10 10
PTRVIR01												10
PTRVIR02												
TCA00001												
USAEH001											1 6 9/GK21	
USAEH002 -100.80 14 -89.28 36.16 5.65 3.78 170 2 61.7 1 6 9/GR20 USAEH003 -109.80 14 -90.12 36.11 5.55 3.56 161 2 62.1 1 6 9/GR21 USAEH004 -118.80 14 -91.16 36.05 5.38 3.24 153 2 62.6 1 5 6 USAPSA02 -165.80 14 -117.79 40.58 4.04 0.82 135 2 63.2 9/GR1 USAPSA03 -174.80 14 -118.20 40.15 3.63 0.80 136 2 64.9 9/GR2 USAWH101 -147.80 14 -109.70 38.13 5.52 1.96 142 2 62.1 10 USAWH102 -156.80 14 -111.40 38.57 5.51 1.55 138 2 63.2 10 VCT00001 -79.30 14 -61.18 13.23 0.80 90											156	10
USAEH003 -109.80 14 -90.12 36.11 5.55 3.56 161 2 62.1 1 6 9/GR21 USAEH004 -118.80 14 -91.16 36.05 5.38 3.24 153 2 62.6 1 5 6 USAPSA02 -165.80 14 -117.79 40.58 4.04 0.82 135 2 63.2 9/GR1 USAPSA03 -174.80 14 -118.20 40.15 3.63 0.80 136 2 64.9 9/GR2 USAWH101 -147.80 14 -109.70 38.13 5.52 1.96 142 2 62.1 10 USAWH102 -156.80 14 -111.40 38.57 5.51 1.55 138 2 63.2 10 VCT00001 -79.30 14 -61.18 13.23 0.80 0.80 90 2 58.4												10
USAPSA02 -118.80 14 -91.16 36.05 5.38 3.24 153 2 62.6 1.5 6 USAPSA02 -165.80 14 -117.79 40.58 4.04 0.82 135 2 63.2 9/GR1 USAPSA03 -174.80 14 -118.20 40.15 3.63 0.80 136 2 64.9 9/GR2 USAWH101 -147.80 14 -109.70 38.13 5.52 1.96 142 2 62.1 10 USAWH102 -156.80 14 -111.40 38.57 5.51 1.55 138 2 63.2 10 VCT00001 -79.30 14 -61.18 13.23 0.80 0.80 90 2 58.4												10
USAPSA02 -165.80 14 -117.79 40.58 4.04 0.82 135 2 63.2 9/GR1 USAPSA03 -174.80 14 -118.20 40.15 3.63 0.80 136 2 64.9 9/GR2 USAWH101 -147.80 14 -109.70 38.13 5.52 1.96 142 2 62.1 10 USAWH102 -156.80 14 -111.40 38.57 5.51 1.55 138 2 63.2 10 VCT00001 -79.30 14 -61.18 13.23 0.80 0.80 90 2 58.4												10
USAPSA03 -174.80 14 -118.20 40.15 3.63 0.80 136 2 64.9 9/GR2 USAWH101 -147.80 14 -109.70 38.13 5.52 1.96 142 2 62.1 10 USAWH102 -156.80 14 -111.40 38.57 5.51 1.55 138 2 63.2 10 VCT00001 -79.30 14 -61.18 13.23 0.80 0.80 90 2 58.4												10
USAWH101 -147.80 14 -109.70 38.13 5.52 1.96 142 2 62.1 10 USAWH102 -156.80 14 -111.40 38.57 5.51 1.55 138 2 63.2 10 VCT00001 -79.30 14 -61.18 13.23 0.80 90 2 58.4												
USAWH102												
VCT00001												
											10	
103.00 14 -00.77 0.70 2.30 1.77 122 2 0.3.1 10											10	
	A DIMIT A DIM	-105.60	14	-00.79	0.90	2.30	1.//	122	-	0.5.1	10	

12 428.12 MHz (15)

						-				2 428.12 MH	(10)
1	2	3	4			5	6	7	8	9	
ALS00002	-166.20	15	-149.66	58.37	3.76	1.24	170	1	59.8	9/GR1	10
ALS00002 ALS00003	-175.20	15	-149.00	58.53	3.77	1.11	167	1	60.0	9/GR1 9/GR2	10
ARGINSU4	-94.20	15	-52.98	-59.81	3.40	0.80	19	1	59.9	9/GR3	
ARGINSU5	-55.20	15	-44.17	-59.91	3.77	0.80	13	1	59.3	9/GR4	10
ARGSUR04	-94.20	15	-65.04	-43.33	3.32	1.50	40	1	60.7	9/GR3	10
ARGSUR05	-55.20 -79.70	15 15	-63.68 -61.79	-43.01 17.07	2.54 0.80	2.38 0.80	152 90	1	60.1 58.4	9/GR4	10
ATGSJN01 B CE311	-79.70 -64.20	15	-61.79 -40.60	-6.07	3.04	2.06	174	1	61.6	8 9/GR7	10
B CE312	-45.20	15	-40.27	-6.06	3.44	2.09	174	1	61.0	8 9/GR9	10
B CE411	-64.20	15	-50.97	-15.27	3.86	1.38	49	1	62.6	8 9/GR7	10
B CE412	-45.20	15	-50.71	-15.30	3.57	1.56	52	1	62.7	8 9/GR9	10
B CE511	-64.20	15	-53.10	-2.90	2.44	2.13	104	1	63.1	8 9/GR7	10
B NO611 B NO711	-74.20	15	-59.60	-11.62	2.85	1.69	165	2 2	62.9	8 9/GR8	10
B NO711 B NO811	-74.20 -74.20	15 15	-60.70 -68.76	-1.78 -4.71	3.54 2.37	1.78 1.65	126 73	2	62.8 62.8	8 9/GR8 8 9/GR8	10
B SU111	-81.20	15	-51.12	-25.63	2.76	1.05	50	1	62.9	8 9/GR6	10
B SU112	-45.20	15	-50.75	-25.62	2.47	1.48	56	1	62.3	8 9/GR9	
B SU211	-81.20	15	-44.51	-16.95	3.22	1.36	60	1	62.5	8 9/GR6	10
B SU212	-45.20	15	-44.00	-16.87	3.20	1.96	58	1	61.3	8 9/GR9	
BERBERMU	-96.20	15	-64.77	32.32	0.80	0.80	90	2	56.8		
BOLAND01 BOL00001	-115.20	15	-65.04	-16.76	2.49 2.52	1.27	76 85	1	67.9	9/GR5 10	
BRB00001	-87.20 -92.70	15 15	-64.61 -59.85	-16.71 12.93	0.80	2.19 0.80	90	2	63.8 59.1	10	
CAN01101	-138.20	15	-125.63	57.24	3.45	1.27	157	1	59.5	9/GR10	10
CAN01201	-138.20	15	-112.04	55.95	3.35	0.97	151	1	59.6	9/GR10	10
CAN01202	-72.70	15	-107.70	55.63	2.74	1.12	32	1	59.6		
CAN01203	-129.20	15	-111.48	55.61	3.08	1.15	151	1	59.5	9/GR12	10
CAN01303	-129.20	15	-102.42	57.12	3.54	0.91	154	1	60.1	9/GR12	10
CAN01304 CAN01403	-91.20 -129.20	15 15	-99.12 -89.75	57.36 52.02	1.98 4.68	1.72 0.80	2 148	1 1	59.8 61.8	9/GR13 9/GR12	10
CAN01403 CAN01404	-129.20 -91.20	15	-89.73 -84.82	52.02	3.10	2.05	152	1	60.4	9/GR12 9/GR13	10
CAN01405	-82.20	15	-84.00	52.39	2.84	2.29	172	1	60.3	9/GR14	10
CAN01504	-91.20	15	-72.66	53.77	3.57	1.67	156	1	60.2	9/GR13	10
CAN01505	-82.20	15	-71.77	53.79	3.30	1.89	162	1	60.1	9/GR14	10
CAN01605	-82.20	15	-61.50	49.55	2.65	1.40	143	1	60.3	9/GR14	10
CAN01606 CHLCONT5	-70.70 -106.20	15 15	-61.30 -72.23	49.55 -35.57	2.40	1.65 0.80	148 55	1	60.2 59.4	10 9/GR17	
CHLPAC02	-106.20	15	-80.06	-30.06	1.36	0.80	69	1	59.4	9/GR17	
CLMAND01	-115.20	15	-74.72	5.93	3.85	1.63	114	1	65.0	9/GR5	
CLM00001	-103.20	15	-74.50	5.87	3.98	1.96	118	1	63.6	10	
CUB00001	-89.20	15	-79.81	21.62	2.24	0.80	168	1	61.1		
EQACAND1	-115.20	15	-78.40	-1.61	1.37	0.95	75	1	64.1	9/GR5	
EQAGAND1	-115.20 -42.20	15 15	-90.34	-0.62 12.29	0.90	0.81	89 90	1	61.3 58.8	9/GR5	
GRD00002 GRD00059	-42.20 -57.20	15	-61.58 -61.58	12.29	0.80	0.80 0.80	90	1	58.5		
GRLDNK01	-53.20	15	-44.89	66.56	2.70	0.82	173	1	60.0	2	10
GUY00201	-84.70	15	-59.19	4.78	1.44	0.85	95	1	63.5	_	
HWA00002	-166.20	15	-165.79	23.42	4.20	0.80	160	1	58.8	9/GR1	10
HWA00003	-175.20	15	-166.10	23.42	4.25	0.80	159	1	58.8	9/GR2	10
MEX01NTE	-78.20	15	-105.81	26.01	2.89	2.08	155	1	60.5	1	10
MEX01SUR MEX02NTE	-69.20 -136.20	15 15	-94.84 -107.21	19.82 26.31	3.05 3.84	2.09 1.55	4 148	1	62.3 61.2	1	10 10
MEX02NTE MEX02SUR	-130.20	15	-107.21 -96.39	19.88	3.18	1.87	157	1	62.6	1	10
PAQPAC01	-106.20	15	-109.18	-27.53	0.80	0.80	90	1	56.2	9/GR17	
PRG00002	-99.20	15	-58.66	-23.32	1.45	1.04	76	1	60.2		
PRUAND02	-115.20	15	-74.69	-8.39	3.41	1.79	95	1	64.0	9/GR5	
PTRVIR01	-101.20	15	-65.85	18.12	0.80	0.80	90	1	60.6	1 6 9/GR20	
PTRVIR02 URG00001	-110.20 -71.70	15 15	-65.86 -56.22	18.12 -32.52	0.80 1.02	0.80 0.89	90 11	1	61.0 60.0	1 6 9/GR21	
USAEH001	-/1.70 -61.70	15	-56.22 -85.19	-32.52 36.21	5.63	3.33	22	1	60.0	156	10
USAEH001 USAEH002	-101.20	15	-89.24	36.16	5.67	3.76	170	1	61.7	1 6 9/GR20	10
USAEH003	-110.20	15	-90.14	36.11	5.55	3.55	161	1	62.1	1 6 9/GR21	10
USAEH004	-119.20	15	-91.16	36.05	5.38	3.24	152	1	62.6	156	10
USAPSA02	-166.20	15	-117.80	40.58	4.03	0.82	135	1	63.3	9/GR1	
USAPSA03	-175.20	15	-118.27	40.12	3.62	0.80	136	1	65.0	9/GR2	
USAWH101 USAWH102	-148.20 -157.20	15 15	-109.65 -111.41	38.13 38.57	5.53 5.51	1.95 1.54	142 138	1	62.1 63.2	10	
VENAND03	-157.20 -115.20	15	-111.41 -67.04	6.91	2.37	1.54	111	1	67.3	9/GR5	
, LAMINDOS	113.20	1.5	07.04	0.71	2.31	1.43	111	'	07.5	7/010	

12 442.70 MHz (16)

					1				14	2 442.70 MHz	(10)
1	2	3	4			5	6	7	8	9	
ALS00002	-165.80	16	-149.63	58.52	3.81	1.23	171	2	59.8	9/GR1	10
ALS00003	-174.80	16	-150.95	58.54	3.77	1.11	167	2	60.0	9/GR2	10
ARGNORT4	-93.80	16	-63.96	-30.01	3.86	1.99	48	2	65.7	10	
ARGNORT5	-54.80	16	-62.85	-29.80	3.24	2.89	47	2	63.5	10	
B CE311	-63.80	16	-40.60	-6.07	3.04	2.06	174	2	61.6	8 9/GR7	10
B CE312	-44.80	16	-40.26	-6.06	3.44	2.09	174	2	61.0	8 9/GR9	10
B CE411	-63.80	16	-50.97	-15.26	3.86	1.38	49	2	62.6	8 9/GR7	10
B CE412	-44.80	16	-50.71	-15.30	3.57	1.56	52	2	62.8	8 9/GR9	10
B CE511 B NO611	-63.80 -73.80	16 16	-53.11 -59.60	-2.98 -11.62	2.42 2.86	2.15 1.69	107 165	2	63.1 62.9	8 9/GR7 8 9/GR8	10 10
B NO711	-73.80 -73.80	16	-59.60 -60.70	-11.62 -1.78	3.54	1.78	126	1	62.9	8 9/GR8	10
B NO811	-73.80 -73.80	16	-68.75	-1.78 -4.71	2.37	1.65	73	1	62.8	8 9/GR8	10
B SE911	-101.80	16	-45.99	-19.09	2.22	0.80	62	2	65.3	8	10
B SU111	-80.80	16	-51.10	-25.64	2.76	1.06	50	2	62.9	8 9/GR6	10
B SU112	-44.80	16	-50.76	-25.62	2.47	1.48	56	2	62.3	8 9/GR9	
B SU211	-80.80	16	-44.51	-16.94	3.22	1.37	60	2	62.5	8 9/GR6	10
B SU212	-44.80	16	-43.99	-16.97	3.27	1.92	59	2	61.3	8 9/GR9	
CAN01101	-137.80	16	-125.60	57.24	3.45	1.27	157	2	59.5	9/GR10	10
CAN01201	-137.80	16	-111.92	55.89	3.33	0.98	151	2	59.6	9/GR10	10
CAN01202	-72.30	16	-107.64	55.62	2.75	1.11	32	2	59.6	0/6012	10
CAN01203 CAN01303	-128.80 -128.80	16 16	-111.43 -102.39	55.56 57.12	3.07 3.54	1.15 0.92	151 154	2 2	59.5 60.1	9/GR12 9/GR12	10 10
CAN01303 CAN01304	-128.80 -90.80	16	-102.39 -99.00	57.33	1.96	1.73	134	2	59.8	9/GR12 9/GR13	10
CAN01304 CAN01403	-128.80	16	-89.70	52.02	4.67	0.80	148	2	61.8	9/GR13	10
CAN01404	-90.80	16	-84.78	52.41	3.09	2.06	153	2	60.4	9/GR13	10
CAN01405	-81.80	16	-84.02	52.34	2.82	2.30	172	2	60.3	9/GR14	10
CAN01504	-90.80	16	-72.68	53.78	3.57	1.67	157	2	60.2	9/GR13	10
CAN01505	-81.80	16	-71.76	53.76	3.30	1.89	162	2	60.2	9/GR14	10
CAN01605	-81.80	16	-61.54	49.50	2.66	1.39	144	2	60.3	9/GR14	10
CAN01606	-70.30	16	-61.32	49.51	2.41	1.65	148	2	60.2	10	
CHLCONT4	-105.80	16	-69.59	-23.20	2.21	0.80	68	2 2	59.1	9/GR16	
CHLCONT6 CRBBAH01	-105.80 -92.30	16 16	-73.52 -76.09	-55.52 24.13	3.65 1.83	1.31 0.80	39 141	1	59.6	9/GR16	
CRBBER01	-92.30 -92.30	16	-76.09 -64.76	32.13	0.80	0.80	90	1	61.7 56.8	9/GR18 9/GR18	
CRBBLZ01	-92.30	16	-88.61	17.26	0.80	0.80	90	1	58.7	9/GR18	
CRBEC001	-92.30	16	-60.07	8.26	4.20	0.86	115	1	64.3	9/GR18	10
CRBJMC01	-92.30	16	-79.45	17.97	0.99	0.80	151	1	61.1	9/GR18	
CYM00001	-115.80	16	-80.58	19.57	0.80	0.80	90	2	59.6		
DOMIFRB2	-83.30	16	-70.51	18.79	0.98	0.80	167	2	61.1		
EQAC0001	-94.80	16	-78.31	-1.52	1.48	1.15	65	1	63.0	9/GR19	
EQAG0001	-94.80	16	-90.36	-0.57	0.94	0.89	99	1	61.0	9/GR19	10
GUFMGG02 HWA00002	-52.80 -165.80	16 16	-56.42 -165.79	8.47 23.32	4.16 4.20	0.81	123 160	2 2	62.7 58.8	2 7 9/GR1	10 10
HWA00002 HWA00003	-174.80	16	-166.10	23.42	4.25	0.80	159	2	58.8	9/GR1 9/GR2	10
JMC00005	-33.80	16	-77.27	18.12	0.80	0.80	90	2	60.6)/GR2	10
LCAIFRB1	-79.30	16	-61.15	13.90	0.80	0.80	90	2	58.4		
MEX01NTE	-77.80	16	-105.80	25.99	2.88	2.07	155	2	60.5	1	
MEX02NTE	-135.80	16	-107.36	26.32	3.80	1.57	149	2	61.2	1	10
MEX02SUR	-126.80	16	-96.39	19.88	3.19	1.87	158	2	62.5	1	10
PRU00004	-85.80	16	-74.19	-8.39	3.74	2.45	112	2	62.9	10	
PTRVIR01	-100.80	16	-65.85	18.12	0.80	0.80	90	2	60.6	1 6 9/GR20	
PTRVIR02 SLVIFRB2	-109.80 -107.30	16 16	-65.85 -88.91	18.12 13.59	0.80	0.80	90 90	2	61.1 61.7	1 6 9/GR21	
USAEH001	-107.30 -61.30	16	-88.91 -85.16	36.21	5.63	3.32	22	2	61.7	156	10
USAEH001 USAEH002	-01.30	16	-85.16 -89.28	36.16	5.65	3.78	170	2	61.7	1 6 9/GR20	10
USAEH003	-109.80	16	-90.12	36.11	5.55	3.56	161	2	62.1	1 6 9/GR21	10
USAEH004	-118.80	16	-91.16	36.05	5.38	3.24	153	2	62.6	156	10
USAPSA02	-165.80	16	-117.79	40.58	4.04	0.82	135	2	63.3	9/GR1	
USAPSA03	-174.80	16	-118.20	40.15	3.63	0.80	136	2	65.0	9/GR2	
USAWH101	-147.80	16	-109.70	38.13	5.52	1.96	142	2	62.1	10	
USAWH102	-156.80	16	-111.40	38.57	5.51	1.55	138	2	63.2	10	
VEN11VEN	-103.80	16	-66.79	6.90	2.50	1.77	122	2	65.2	10	
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12 457.28 MHz (17)

		_		12 457.28 MH							()	
1	2	3	4		5		6	7	8	9		
ALS00002	-166.20	17	-149.66	58.37	3.76	1.24	170	1	59.9	9/GR1	10	
ALS00003	-175.20	17	-150.98	58.53	3.77	1.11	167	1	60.2	9/GR2	10	
ARGINSU4	-94.20	17	-52.98	-59.81	3.40	0.80	19	1	60.1	9/GR3		
ARGINSU5	-55.20	17	-44.17	-59.91	3.77	0.80	13	1	59.5	9/GR4	10	
ARGSUR04	-94.20	17	-65.04	-43.33	3.32	1.50	40	1	60.9	9/GR3	10	
ARGSUR05	-55.20	17	-63.68	-43.01	2.54	2.38	152	1	60.2	9/GR4	10	
B CE311	-64.20	17	-40.60	-6.07	3.04	2.06	174	1	61.9	8 9/GR7	10	
B CE312	-45.20	17	-40.27	-6.06	3.44	2.09	174	1	61.2	8 9/GR9	10	
B CE411	-64.20	17	-50.97	-15.27	3.86	1.38	49	1	62.9	8 9/GR7	10	
B CE412	-45.20	17	-50.71	-15.30	3.57	1.56	52	1	63.0	8 9/GR9	10	
B CE511	-64.20	17	-53.10	-2.90	2.44	2.13	104	1	63.4	8 9/GR7	10	
B NO611 B NO711	-74.20 -74.20	17 17	-59.60 -60.70	-11.62 -1.78	2.85 3.54	1.69 1.78	165 126	2 2	63.1 63.1	8 9/GR8 8 9/GR8	10 10	
B NO811	-74.20 -74.20	17	-60.70 -68.76	-1.78 -4.71	2.37	1.78	73	2	63.1	8 9/GR8	10	
B SU111	-74.20 -81.20	17	-51.12	-25.63	2.76	1.05	50	1	63.2	8 9/GR6	10	
B SU112	-45.20	17	-50.75	-25.62	2.47	1.48	56	1	62.5	8 9/GR9	10	
B SU211	-81.20	17	-44.51	-16.95	3.22	1.36	60	1	62.8	8 9/GR6	10	
B SU212	-45.20	17	-44.00	-16.87	3.20	1.96	58	1	61.6	8 9/GR9	10	
BERBERMU	-96.20	17	-64.77	32.32	0.80	0.80	90	2	57.0	0)/ 010)		
BERBER02	-31.00	17	-64.77	32.32	0.80	0.80	90	1	57.1	2	10	
BOLAND01	-115.20	17	-65.04	-16.76	2.49	1.27	76	1	68.0	9/GR5		
CAN01101	-138.20	17	-125.63	57.24	3.45	1.27	157	1	59.7	9/GR10	10	
CAN01201	-138.20	17	-112.04	55.95	3.35	0.97	151	1	59.8	9/GR10	10	
CAN01202	-72.70	17	-107.70	55.63	2.74	1.12	32	1	59.8			
CAN01203	-129.20	17	-111.48	55.61	3.08	1.15	151	1	59.7	9/GR12	10	
CAN01303	-129.20	17	-102.42	57.12	3.54	0.91	154	1	60.2	9/GR12	10	
CAN01304	-91.20	17	-99.12	57.36	1.98	1.72	2	1	60.0	9/GR13		
CAN01403	-129.20	17	-89.75	52.02	4.68	0.80	148	1	62.1	9/GR12	10	
CAN01404	-91.20	17	-84.82	52.42	3.10	2.05	152	1	60.6	9/GR13	10	
CAN01405	-82.20	17	-84.00	52.39	2.84	2.29	172	1	60.5	9/GR14	10	
CAN01504	-91.20	17	-72.66	53.77	3.57	1.67	156	1	60.4	9/GR13	10	
CAN01505 CAN01605	-82.20 -82.20	17 17	-71.77 -61.50	53.79 49.55	3.30	1.89	162	1	60.3 60.5	9/GR14 9/GR14	10 10	
CAN01605 CAN01606	-82.20 -70.70	17	-61.30 -61.30	49.55	2.65 2.40	1.40 1.65	143 148	1	60.3	9/GK14 10	10	
CHLCONT5	-106.20	17	-72.23	-35.57	2.60	0.80	55	1	59.6	9/GR17		
CHLPAC02	-106.20	17	-80.06	-30.06	1.36	0.80	69	1	59.4	9/GR17		
CLMAND01	-115.20	17	-74.72	5.93	3.85	1.63	114	1	65.3	9/GR5		
CLM00001	-103.20	17	-74.50	5.87	3.98	1.96	118	1	63.9	10		
EQACAND1	-115.20	17	-78.40	-1.61	1.37	0.95	75	1	64.4	9/GR5		
EQAGAND1	-115.20	17	-90.34	-0.62	0.90	0.81	89	1	61.5	9/GR5		
FLKFALKS	-31.00	17	-59.90	-51.64	0.80	0.80	90	1	58.2	2		
HWA00002	-166.20	17	-165.79	23.42	4.20	0.80	160	1	59.0	9/GR1	10	
HWA00003	-175.20	17	-166.10	23.42	4.25	0.80	159	1	58.9	9/GR2	10	
JMC00002	-92.70	17	-77.30	18.12	0.80	0.80	90	2	60.1			
KNA00001	- 79.70	17	- 62.46	17.44	0.80	0.80	90	1	58.6			
MEX01NTE	-78.20	17	-105.81	26.01	2.89	2.08	155	1	60.7	1		
MEX01SUR	-69.20	17	-94.84	19.82	3.05	2.09	4	1	62.5	1	10	
MEX02NTE	-136.20	17	-107.21	26.31	3.84	1.55	148	1	61.4	1	10	
MEX02SUR	-127.20	17	-96.39	19.88	3.18	1.87	157	1	62.8	1	10	
PAQPAC01	-106.20	17	-109.18	-27.53	0.80	0.80	90	1	56.4	9/GR17		
PRG00002	-99.20	17	-58.66	-23.32	1.45	1.04	76	1	60.4	O/CD5		
PRUAND02 PTRVIR01	-115.20 -101.20	17 17	-74.69	-8.39 18.12	3.41 0.80	1.79 0.80	95 90	1	64.3 60.8	9/GR5 1 6 9/GR20		
PTRVIR01 PTRVIR02	-101.20	17	-65.85 -65.86	18.12	0.80	0.80	90	1	61.3	1 6 9/GR20 1 6 9/GR21		
SPMFRAN3	-53.20	17	-63.86 -67.24	47.51	3.16	0.80	7	1	60.6	2 7	10	
SURINAM2	-84.70	17	-55.69	4.35	1.00	0.80	86	1	63.5	2 /	10	
URG00001	-84.70 -71.70	17	-56.22	-32.52	1.00	0.89	11	1	60.2			
USAEH001	-71.70 -61.70	17	-85.19	36.21	5.63	3.33	22	1	62.1	156	10	
USAEH002	-101.20	17	-89.24	36.16	5.67	3.76	170	1	62.0	1 6 9/GR20	10	
USAEH003	-110.20	17	-90.14	36.11	5.55	3.55	161	1	62.3	1 6 9/GR21	10	
USAEH004	-119.20	17	-91.16	36.05	5.38	3.24	152	1	62.9	156	10	
USAPSA02	-166.20	17	-117.80	40.58	4.03	0.82	135	1	63.5	9/GR1		
USAPSA03	-175.20	17	-118.27	40.12	3.62	0.80	136	1	65.3	9/GR2		
USAWH101	-148.20	17	-109.65	38.13	5.53	1.95	142	1	62.3	10		
USAWH102	-157.20	17	-111.41	38.57	5.51	1.54	138	1	63.5	10		
VENAND03	-115.20	17	-67.04	6.91	2.37	1.43	111	1	67.6	9/GR5		

12 471.86 MHz (18)

			1							2 4/1.86 MH2	(-/
1	2	3	4		5		6	7	8	9	
ALS00002	-165.80	18	-149.63	58.52	3.81	1.23	171	2	59.9	9/GR1	10
ALS00003	-174.80	18	-150.95	58.54	3.77	1.11	167	2	60.2	9/GR2	10
ARGNORT4	-93.80	18	-63.96	-30.01	3.86	1.99	48	2	66.0	10	
ARGNORT5	-54.80	18	-62.85	-29.80	3.24	2.89	47	2	63.8	10	
ATNBEAM1	-52.80	18	-66.44	14.87	1.83	0.80	39	2	61.3		
B CE311	-63.80	18	-40.60	-6.07	3.04	2.06	174	2	61.9	8 9/GR7	10
B CE312	-44.80	18	-40.26	-6.06	3.44	2.09	174	2	61.2	8 9/GR9	10
B CE411	-63.80	18	-50.97	-15.26	3.86	1.38	49	2	62.9	8 9/GR7	10
B CE412	-44.80	18	-50.71	-15.30	3.57	1.56	52	2	63.0	8 9/GR9	10
B CE511	-63.80	18	-53.11	-2.98	2.42	2.15	107	2	63.4	8 9/GR7	10
B NO611	-73.80	18	-59.60	-11.62	2.86	1.69	165	1	63.1	8 9/GR8	10
B NO711	-73.80	18	-60.70	-1.78	3.54	1.78	126	1	63.1	8 9/GR8	10
B NO811 B SE911	-73.80 -101.80	18 18	-68.75 -45.99	-4.71 -19.09	2.37 2.22	1.65 0.80	73 62	1 2	63.1 65.7	8 9/GR8 8	10
B SE911 B SU111	-101.80	18	-45.99 -51.10	-19.09 -25.64	2.22	1.06	50	2	63.1	8 9/GR6	10
B SU112	-80.80 -44.80	18	-51.10 -50.76	-25.62	2.76	1.48	56	2	62.6	8 9/GR9	10
B SU211	-80.80	18	-44.51	-16.94	3.22	1.37	60	2	62.8	8 9/GR6	10
B SU212	-44.80	18	-43.99	-16.97	3.27	1.92	59	2	61.6	8 9/GR9	10
BLZ00001	-115.80	18	-88.68	17.27	0.80	0.80	90	2	59.2	0 7/010	
CAN01101	-137.80	18	-125.60	57.24	3.45	1.27	157	2	59.7	9/GR10	10
CAN01201	-137.80	18	-111.92	55.89	3.33	0.98	151	2	59.8	9/GR10	10
CAN01202	-72.30	18	-107.64	55.62	2.75	1.11	32	2	59.8		
CAN01203	-128.80	18	-111.43	55.56	3.07	1.15	151	2	59.7	9/GR12	10
CAN01303	-128.80	18	-102.39	57.12	3.54	0.92	154	2	60.3	9/GR12	10
CAN01304	-90.80	18	-99.00	57.33	1.96	1.73	1	2	60.0	9/GR13	
CAN01403	-128.80	18	-89.70	52.02	4.67	0.80	148	2	62.1	9/GR12	10
CAN01404	-90.80	18	-84.78	52.41	3.09	2.06	153	2	60.6	9/GR13	10
CAN01405	-81.80	18	-84.02	52.34	2.82	2.30	172	2	60.5	9/GR14	10
CAN01504	-90.80	18	-72.68	53.78	3.57	1.67	157	2	60.4	9/GR13	10
CAN01505	-81.80	18	-71.76	53.76	3.30	1.89	162	2	60.3	9/GR14	10
CAN01605 CAN01606	-81.80 -70.30	18 18	-61.54 -61.32	49.50 49.51	2.66 2.41	1.39 1.65	144 148	2 2	60.5 60.4	9/GR14 10	10
CHLCONT4	-105.80	18	-69.59	-23.20	2.41	0.80	68	2	59.3	9/GR16	
CHLCONT6	-105.80	18	-09.59 -73.52	-23.20 -55.52	3.65	1.31	39	2	59.7	9/GR16	
CRBBAH01	-92.30	18	-76.09	24.13	1.83	0.80	141	1	61.9	9/GR18	
CRBBER01	-92.30	18	-64.76	32.13	0.80	0.80	90	1	56.9	9/GR18	
CRBBLZ01	-92.30	18	-88.61	17.26	0.80	0.80	90	1	58.9	9/GR18	
CRBEC001	-92.30	18	-60.07	8.26	4.20	0.86	115	1	64.6	9/GR18	10
CRBJMC01	-92.30	18	-79.45	17.97	0.99	0.80	151	1	61.3	9/GR18	
CTR00201	-130.80	18	-84.33	9.67	0.82	0.80	119	2	66.0		
DMAIFRB1	-79.30	18	-61.30	15.35	0.80	0.80	90	2	58.7		
EQAC0001	-94.80	18	-78.31	-1.52	1.48	1.15	65	1	63.3	9/GR19	
EQAG0001	-94.80	18	-90.36	-0.57	0.94	0.89	99	1	61.2	9/GR19	
HWA00002	-165.80	18	-165.79	23.32	4.20	0.80	160	2	59.0	9/GR1	10
HWA00003	-174.80	18 18	-166.10	23.42 25.99	4.25 2.88	0.80	159	2 2	59.0 60.7	9/GR2	10
MEX01NTE	-77.80 -135.80	18	-105.80 -107.36	25.99	3.80	2.07 1.57	155 149	2	61.4	1	10
MEX02NTE MEX02SUR	-133.80	18	-107.36 -96.39	19.88	3.19	1.87	158	2	62.8	1	10
NCG00003	-120.80	18	-90.39 -84.99	12.90	1.05	1.01	176	1	63.6	1	10
PRU00004	-85.80	18	-74.19	-8.39	3.74	2.45	112	2	63.1	10	
PTRVIR01	-100.80	18	-65.85	18.12	0.80	0.80	90	2	60.8	1 6 9/GR20	
PTRVIR02	-109.80	18	-65.85	18.12	0.80	0.80	90	2	61.4	1 6 9/GR21	
USAEH001	-61.30	18	-85.16	36.21	5.63	3.32	22	2	62.1	156	10
USAEH002	-100.80	18	-89.28	36.16	5.65	3.78	170	2	62.0	1 6 9/GR20	10
USAEH003	-109.80	18	-90.12	36.11	5.55	3.56	161	2	62.3	1 6 9/GR21	10
USAEH004	-118.80	18	-91.16	36.05	5.38	3.24	153	2	62.9	156	10
USAPSA02	-165.80	18	-117.79	40.58	4.04	0.82	135	2	63.5	9/GR1	
USAPSA03	-174.80	18	-118.20	40.15	3.63	0.80	136	2	65.3	9/GR2	
USAWH101	-147.80	18	-109.70	38.13	5.52	1.96	142	2	62.3	10	
USAWH102	-156.80	18	-111.40	38.57	5.51	1.55	138	2	63.5	10	
VEN11VEN	-103.80	18	-66.79	6.90	2.50	1.77	122	2	65.5	10	

12 486.44 MHz (19)

1	2	3	4		5		6	7	8	Z (19)	
1	4	3	4			3	0	/	0	9	
	166.20	19	-149.66	58.37	3.76	1.24	170	1	60.0	9/GR1	10
	175.20	19	-150.98	58.53	3.77	1.11	167	1	60.2	9/GR2	10
	-94.20 -55.20	19 19	-52.98 -44.17	-59.81 -59.91	3.40 3.77	0.80 0.80	19 13	1	60.1 59.5	9/GR3 9/GR4	10
	-94.20	19	-65.04	-43.33	3.32	1.50	40	1	60.9	9/GR3	10
	-55.20	19	-63.68	-43.01	2.54	2.38	152	1	60.3	9/GR4	10
	-64.20	19	-40.60	-6.07	3.04	2.06	174	1	61.9	8 9/GR7	10
	-45.20 -64.20	19 19	-40.27 -50.97	-6.06 -15.27	3.44 3.86	2.09 1.38	174 49	1	61.3 62.9	8 9/GR9 8 9/GR7	10 10
	-64.20 -45.20	19	-50.97 -50.71	-15.27 -15.30	3.86	1.56	52	1	62.9	8 9/GR / 8 9/GR9	10
	-64.20	19	-53.10	-2.90	2.44	2.13	104	1	63.4	8 9/GR7	10
	-74.20	19	-59.60	-11.62	2.85	1.69	165	2	63.2	8 9/GR8	10
	-74.20	19	-60.70	-1.78	3.54	1.78	126	2 2	63.2	8 9/GR8	10
	-74.20 -81.20	19 19	-68.76 -51.12	-4.71 -25.63	2.37 2.76	1.65 1.05	73 50	1	63.1 63.2	8 9/GR8 8 9/GR6	10
	-45.20	19	-50.75	-25.62	2.47	1.48	56	1	62.6	8 9/GR9	10
B SU211 -	-81.20	19	-44.51	-16.95	3.22	1.36	60	1	62.8	8 9/GR6	10
	-45.20	19	-44.00	-16.87	3.20	1.96	58	1	61.6	8 9/GR9	
	-96.20	19	-64.77	32.32	0.80	0.80	90	2	57.0	0.000.5	
	115.20 -87.20	19 19	-65.04 -64.61	-16.76 -16.71	2.49 2.52	1.27 2.19	76 85	1	68.1 64.2	9/GR5 10	
	-92.70	19	-59.85	12.93	0.80	0.80	90	2	59.4	10	
	138.20	19	-125.63	57.24	3.45	1.27	157	1	59.7	9/GR10	10
	138.20	19	-112.04	55.95	3.35	0.97	151	1	59.8	9/GR10	10
	-72.70	19	-107.70	55.63	2.74	1.12	32	1	59.8	0/6712	10
	129.20 129.20	19 19	-111.48 -102.42	55.61 57.12	3.08 3.54	1.15 0.91	151 154	1	59.7 60.3	9/GR12 9/GR12	10 10
	-91.20	19	-102.42 -99.12	57.12	1.98	1.72	2	1	60.1	9/GR12 9/GR13	10
	129.20	19	-89.75	52.02	4.68	0.80	148	1	62.1	9/GR12	10
	-91.20	19	-84.82	52.42	3.10	2.05	152	1	60.6	9/GR13	10
	-82.20	19	-84.00	52.39	2.84	2.29	172	1	60.5	9/GR14	10
	-91.20 -82.20	19 19	-72.66 -71.77	53.77 53.79	3.57 3.30	1.67 1.89	156 162	1	60.4 60.4	9/GR13 9/GR14	10 10
	-82.20 -82.20	19	-61.50	49.55	2.65	1.40	143	1	60.5	9/GR14	10
CAN01606 -	-70.70	19	-61.30	49.55	2.40	1.65	148	1	60.5	10	
	106.20	19	-72.23	-35.57	2.60	0.80	55	1	59.6	9/GR17	
	106.20 115.20	19 19	-80.06 -74.72	-30.06 5.93	1.36 3.85	0.80	69	1	59.4 65.4	9/GR17 9/GR5	
	103.20	19	-74.72 -74.50	5.87	3.98	1.63 1.96	114 118	1	63.4	9/GR3 10	
	-89.20	19	-79.81	21.62	2.24	0.80	168	1	61.3	10	
	115.20	19	-78.40	-1.61	1.37	0.95	75	1	64.4	9/GR5	
	115.20	19	-90.34	-0.62	0.90	0.81	89	1	61.6	9/GR5	
	-57.20 -53.20	19 19	-61.58 -44.89	12.29 66.56	0.80 2.70	0.80 0.82	90 173	1	58.7 60.2	2	10
	-33.20 -84.70	19	-44.89 -59.19	4.78	1.44	0.82	95	1	63.8	2	10
	166.20	19	-165.79	23.42	4.20	0.80	160	1	59.0	9/GR1	10
	175.20	19	-166.10	23.42	4.25	0.80	159	1	59.0	9/GR2	10
	-78.20	19	-105.81	26.01	2.89	2.08	155	1	60.8	1	10
	-69.20 136.20	19 19	-94.84 -107.21	19.82 26.31	3.05 3.84	2.09 1.55	4 148	1	62.5 61.5	1	10 10
	127.20	19	-107.21 -96.39	19.88	3.18	1.87	157	1	62.8	1	10
	-79.70	19	-61.73	16.75	0.80	0.80	90	1	58.9	4	10
	106.20	19	-109.18	-27.53	0.80	0.80	90	1	56.4	9/GR17	
	-99.20	19	-58.66	-23.32	1.45	1.04	76	1	60.5	o/CD 5	
	115.20 101.20	19 19	-74.69 -65.85	-8.39 18.12	3.41 0.80	1.79 0.80	95 90	1	64.3 60.8	9/GR5 1 6 9/GR20	
	110.20	19	-65.86	18.12	0.80	0.80	90	1	61.3	1 6 9/GR20 1 6 9/GR21	
	-71.70	19	-56.22	-32.52	1.02	0.89	11	1	60.2		
	-61.70	19	-85.19	36.21	5.63	3.33	22	1	62.1	156	10
	101.20	19 19	-89.24	36.16	5.67	3.76	170	1	62.0	1 6 9/GR20	10
	110.20 119.20	19 19	-90.14 -91.16	36.11 36.05	5.55 5.38	3.55 3.24	161 152	1	62.4 62.9	1 6 9/GR21 1 5 6	10 10
	166.20	19	-117.80	40.58	4.03	0.82	135	1	63.6	9/GR1	10
	175.20	19	-118.27	40.12	3.62	0.80	136	1	65.4	9/GR2	
	148.20	19	-109.65	38.13	5.53	1.95	142	1	62.4	10	
	157.20 115.20	19 19	-111.41 -67.04	38.57 6.91	5.51 2.37	1.54 1.43	138 111	1	63.5 67.7	10 9/GR5	

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1							-		-		
ALS00002	-165.80	20	-149.63	58.52	3.81	1.23	171	2	59.9	9/GR1	10
ALS00003	-174.80	20	-150.95	58.54	3.77	1.11	167	2	60.2	9/GR2	10
ARGNORT4	-93.80	20	-63.96	-30.01	3.86	1.99	48	2	66.1	10	
ARGNORT5	-54.80	20	-62.85	-29.80	3.24	2.89	47	2	63.9	10	
B CE311	-63.80	20	-40.60	-6.07	3.04	2.06	174	2	61.9	8 9/GR7	10
B CE312 B CE411	-44.80 -63.80	20 20	-40.26 -50.97	-6.06 -15.26	3.44 3.86	2.09 1.38	174 49	2 2	61.3 62.9	8 9/GR9 8 9/GR7	10 11 10
B CE411 B CE412	-65.80 -44.80	20	-50.97 -50.71	-15.20 -15.30	3.57	1.56	52	2	63.1	8 9/GR7 8 9/GR9	10 12
B CE511	-44.80 -63.80	20	-50.71 -53.11	-13.30	2.42	2.15	107	2	63.4	8 9/GR9 8 9/GR7	10 12
B NO611	-03.80 -73.80	20	-59.60	-11.62	2.86	1.69	165	1	63.2	8 9/GR8	10
B NO711	-73.80	20	-60.70	-1.78	3.54	1.78	126	1	63.2	8 9/GR8	10
B NO811	-73.80	20	-68.75	-4.71	2.37	1.65	73	1	63.2	8 9/GR8	10
B SE911	-101.80	20	-45.99	-19.09	2.22	0.80	62	2	65.7	8	10
B SU111	-80.80	20	-51.10	-25.64	2.76	1.06	50	2	63.2	8 9/GR6	10
B SU112	-44.80	20	-50.76	-25.62	2.47	1.48	56	2	62.6	8 9/GR9	11
B SU211	-80.80	20	-44.51	-16.94	3.22	1.37	60	2	62.8	8 9/GR6	10
B SU212	-44.80	20	-43.99	-16.97	3.27	1.92	59	2	61.6	8 9/GR9	12
CAN01101	-137.80	20	-125.60	57.24	3.45	1.27	157	2	59.7	9/GR10	10
CAN01201	-137.80	20	-111.92	55.89	3.33	0.98	151	2	59.8	9/GR10	10
CAN01202	-72.30	20	-107.64	55.62	2.75	1.11	32	2	59.8		
CAN01203	-128.80	20	-111.43	55.56	3.07	1.15	151	2	59.7	9/GR12	10
CAN01303	-128.80	20	-102.39	57.12	3.54	0.92	154	2	60.3	9/GR12	10
CAN01304	-90.80	20	-99.00	57.33	1.96	1.73	1	2	60.0	9/GR13	
CAN01403	-128.80	20	-89.70	52.02	4.67	0.80	148	2	62.1	9/GR12	10
CAN01404	-90.80	20	-84.78	52.41	3.09	2.06	153	2	60.6	9/GR13	10
CAN01405	-81.80	20	-84.02	52.34	2.82	2.30	172	2	60.5	9/GR14	10
CAN01504	-90.80	20	-72.68	53.78	3.57	1.67	157	2	60.4	9/GR13	10
CAN01505	-81.80	20	-71.76	53.76	3.30	1.89	162	2	60.4	9/GR14	10
CAN01605	-81.80	20	-61.54	49.50	2.66	1.39	144	2	60.5	9/GR14	10
CAN01606	-70.30 -105.80	20 20	-61.32 -69.59	49.51 -23.20	2.41 2.21	1.65	148	2 2	60.5 59.3	10 0/CD16	
CHLCONT4 CHLCONT6	-105.80	20	-09.39 -73.52	-23.20 -55.52	3.65	0.80 1.31	68 39	2	59.8	9/GR16 9/GR16	
CRBBAH01	-103.80 -92.30	20	-75.32 -76.09	24.13	1.83	0.80	141	1	62.0	9/GR16 9/GR18	
CRBBER01	-92.30 -92.30	20	-64.76	32.13	0.80	0.80	90	1	57.0	9/GR18	
CRBBLZ01	-92.30	20	-88.61	17.26	0.80	0.80	90	1	58.9	9/GR18	
CRBEC001	-92.30	20	-60.07	8.26	4.20	0.86	115	1	64.6	9/GR18	10
CRBJMC01	-92.30	20	-79.45	17.97	0.99	0.80	151	1	61.4	9/GR18	10
EQAC0001	-94.80	20	-78.31	-1.52	1.48	1.15	65	1	63.3	9/GR19	
EQAG0001	-94.80	20	-90.36	-0.57	0.94	0.89	99	1	61.3	9/GR19	
GRD00003	-79.30	20	-61.62	12.34	0.80	0.80	90	2	58.9		
GTMIFRB2	-107.30	20	-90.50	15.64	1.03	0.80	84	1	61.4		
GUFMGG02	-52.80	20	-56.42	8.47	4.16	0.81	123	2	63.0	2 7	10
HWA00002	-165.80	20	-165.79	23.32	4.20	0.80	160	2	59.0	9/GR1	10
HWA00003	-174.80	20	-166.10	23.42	4.25	0.80	159	2	59.0	9/GR2	10
MEX01NTE	-77.80	20	-105.80	25.99	2.88	2.07	155	2	60.8	1	
MEX02NTE	-135.80	20	-107.36	26.32	3.80	1.57	149	2	61.5	1	10
MEX02SUR	-126.80	20	-96.39	19.88	3.19	1.87	158	2	62.8	1	10
PNRIFRB2	-121.00	20	-80.15	8.46	1.01	0.80	170	1	65.1		
PRU00004	-85.80	20	-74.19	-8.39	3.74	2.45	112	2	63.2	10	
PTRVIR01	-100.80	20	-65.85	18.12	0.80	0.80	90	2	60.9	1 6 9/GR20	
PTRVIR02	-109.80	20 20	-65.85 -85.16	18.12 36.21	0.80	0.80	90 22	2 2	61.4 62.1	1 6 9/GR21 1 5 6	10
USAEH001 USAEH002	-61.30 -100.80	20	-85.16 -89.28	36.21	5.63 5.65	3.32 3.78	170	2	62.1	1 6 9/GR20	10
USAEH002 USAEH003	-100.80	20	-89.28 -90.12	36.16	5.55	3.78	161	2	62.4	1 6 9/GR20 1 6 9/GR21	10
USAEH003 USAEH004	-109.80 -118.80	20	-90.12 -91.16	36.11	5.38	3.24	153	2	62.4	1 6 9/GR21 1 5 6	10
USAPSA02	-115.80	20	-91.16 -117.79	40.58	4.04	0.82	135	2	63.6	9/GR1	10
USAPSA02 USAPSA03	-174.80	20	-117.79	40.38	3.63	0.82	136	2	65.3	9/GR1 9/GR2	
USAWH101	-147.80	20	-118.20	38.13	5.52	1.96	142	2	62.4	10	
USAWH101	-156.80	20	-111.40	38.57	5.51	1.55	138	2	63.5	10	
VEN02VEN	-103.80	20	-63.50	15.50	0.80	0.80	90	2	60.1	9/GR22	
VEN11VEN	-103.80	20	-66.79	6.90	2.50	1.77	122	2	65.6	9/GR22	10

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ALS00002	
ALSO0003	
ALSO0003	10
ARGINSU4	10
ARGINSUS	
ARGSUR05 -55.20 21 -63.68 -43.01 2.54 2.38 152 1 60.2 9/GR4 B CE311 -64.20 21 -40.60 -6.07 3.04 2.06 174 1 61.2 8 9/GR7 B CE312 -45.20 21 -50.97 -15.27 3.86 1.38 49 1 62.9 8 9/GR9 B CE412 -45.20 21 -50.97 -15.27 3.86 1.38 49 1 62.9 8 9/GR9 B CE511 -64.20 21 -50.71 -15.30 3.57 1.56 52 1 63.0 8 9/GR9 B CE511 -64.20 21 -59.60 -11.62 2.85 1.69 165 2 63.1 8 9/GR8 B NO611 -74.20 21 -59.60 -11.62 2.85 1.69 165 2 63.1 8 9/GR8 B NO811 -74.20	
B CE311	
B CE312	
B CE411	
B CE412	10 11
B CE511	10 12
B NO611 -74.20 21 -59.60 -11.62 2.85 1.69 165 2 63.1 8 9/GR8 B NO711 -74.20 21 -60.70 -1.78 3.54 1.78 126 2 63.1 8 9/GR8 B NO811 -74.20 21 -68.76 -4.71 2.37 1.65 73 2 63.1 8 9/GR8 B SU111 -81.20 21 -50.75 -25.63 2.76 1.05 50 1 63.2 8 9/GR6 B SU112 -45.20 21 -50.75 -25.62 2.47 1.48 56 1 62.5 8 9/GR9 B SU211 -81.20 21 -44.51 -16.95 3.22 1.36 60 1 62.8 8 9/GR6 B SU212 -45.20 21 -44.00 -16.87 3.22 1.36 60 1 62.8 8 9/GR9 BERBERMU -96.20 21 -64.77 32.32 0.80 0.80	1012
B NO711 -74.20 21 -60.70 -1.78 3.54 1.78 126 2 63.1 8 9/GR8 B NO811 -74.20 21 -68.76 -4.71 2.37 1.65 73 2 63.1 8 9/GR8 B SU111 -81.20 21 -51.12 -25.63 2.76 1.05 50 1 63.2 8 9/GR6 B SU112 -45.20 21 -50.75 -25.62 2.47 1.48 56 1 62.5 8 9/GR9 B SU211 -81.20 21 -44.51 -16.95 3.22 1.36 60 1 62.8 8 9/GR9 B BERBERMU -96.20 21 -44.51 -16.95 3.22 1.36 60 1 62.8 8 9/GR9 BERBERMU -96.20 21 -65.04 -16.76 2.49 1.27 76 1 68.0 9/GR5 CAN01010 -118.20 21 -125.63 57.24 3.45 1.27 <	
B N0811	
B SU111 -81.20 21 -51.12 -25.63 2.76 1.05 50 1 63.2 8 9/GR6 B SU112 -45.20 21 -50.75 -25.62 2.47 1.48 56 1 62.5 8 9/GR9 B SU211 -81.20 21 -44.51 -16.95 3.22 1.36 60 1 62.8 8 9/GR9 B SU212 -45.20 21 -44.00 -16.87 3.20 1.96 58 1 61.6 8 9/GR9 BERBERMU -96.20 21 -65.04 -16.76 2.49 1.27 76 1 68.0 9/GR5 CAN01101 -138.20 21 -125.63 57.24 3.45 1.27 76 1 68.0 9/GR5 CAN01201 -138.20 21 -112.04 55.95 3.35 0.97 151 1 59.7 9/GR10 CAN01202 -72.70 21 -114.8 55.61 3.08 1.15 <td< td=""><td></td></td<>	
B SU112 -45.20 21 -50.75 -25.62 2.47 1.48 56 1 62.5 8 9/GR9 B SU211 -48.20 21 -44.51 -16.95 3.22 1.36 60 1 62.8 8 9/GR9 B SU212 -45.20 21 -44.00 -16.87 3.20 1.96 58 1 61.6 8 9/GR9 BERBERMU -96.20 21 -64.77 32.32 0.80 0.80 90 2 57.0 BOLANDOI -115.20 21 -65.04 -16.76 2.49 1.27 76 1 68.0 9/GR5 CANOI101 -138.20 21 -125.63 57.24 3.45 1.27 157 1 59.7 9/GR10 CANOI202 -72.70 21 -112.04 55.95 3.35 0.97 151 1 59.8 9/GR10 CANOI303 -129.20 21 -111.48 55.61 3.08	
B SU212 -45.20 21 -44.00 -16.87 3.20 1.96 58 1 61.6 8 9/GR9 BERBERMU -96.20 21 -64.77 32.32 0.80 0.80 90 2 57.0 BOLANDOI -115.20 21 -65.04 -16.76 2.49 1.27 76 1 68.0 9/GR5 CAN01101 -138.20 21 -125.63 57.24 3.45 1.27 157 1 59.7 9/GR10 CAN01201 -138.20 21 -112.04 55.95 3.35 0.97 151 1 59.8 9/GR10 CAN01202 -72.70 21 -10.77 55.63 3.08 1.15 151 1 59.8 9/GR10 CAN01203 -129.20 21 -111.48 55.61 3.08 1.15 151 1 59.7 9/GR12 CAN01303 -129.20 21 -10.242 57.12 3.54 0.91 154	11
BERBERMU	
BOLAND01 -115.20 21 -65.04 -16.76 2.49 1.27 76 1 68.0 9/GR5 CAN01101 -138.20 21 -125.63 57.24 3.45 1.27 157 1 59.7 9/GR10 CAN01201 -138.20 21 -112.04 55.95 3.35 0.97 151 1 59.8 9/GR10 CAN01202 -72.70 21 -107.70 55.63 2.74 1.12 32 1 59.8 9/GR12 CAN01203 -129.20 21 -111.48 55.61 3.08 1.15 151 1 59.7 9/GR12 CAN01303 -129.20 21 -99.12 57.36 1.98 1.72 2 1 60.0 9/GR12 CAN01404 -91.20 21 -89.75 52.02 4.68 0.80 148 1 62.1 9/GR12 CAN01404 -91.20 21 -84.82 52.42 3.10 2.05	12
CAN01101 -138.20 21 -125.63 57.24 3.45 1.27 157 1 59.7 9/GR10 CAN01201 -138.20 21 -112.04 55.95 3.35 0.97 151 1 59.8 9/GR10 CAN01202 -72.70 21 -107.70 55.63 2.74 1.12 32 1 59.8 CAN01203 -129.20 21 -111.48 55.61 3.08 1.15 151 1 59.7 9/GR12 CAN01303 -129.20 21 -102.42 57.12 3.54 0.91 154 1 60.2 9/GR12 CAN01304 -91.20 21 -99.12 57.36 1.98 1.72 2 1 60.0 9/GR13 CAN01403 -129.20 21 -84.82 52.02 4.68 0.80 148 1 62.1 9/GR12 CAN01404 -91.20 21 -84.82 52.42 3.10 2.05 152	
CAN01201 -138.20 21 -112.04 55.95 3.35 0.97 151 1 59.8 9/GR10 CAN01202 -72.70 21 -107.70 55.63 2.74 1.12 32 1 59.8 9/GR10 CAN01203 -129.20 21 -111.48 55.61 3.08 1.15 151 1 59.7 9/GR12 CAN01303 -129.20 21 -102.42 57.12 3.54 0.91 154 1 60.2 9/GR12 CAN01304 -91.20 21 -89.75 52.02 4.68 0.80 148 1 62.1 9/GR12 CAN01404 -91.20 21 -89.75 52.02 4.68 0.80 148 1 62.1 9/GR12 CAN01405 -82.20 21 -84.82 52.42 3.10 2.05 152 1 60.6 9/GR13 CAN01504 -91.20 21 -84.00 52.39 2.84 2.29	
CAN01202 -72.70 21 -107.70 55.63 2.74 1.12 32 1 59.8 CAN01203 CAN01203 -129.20 21 -111.48 55.61 3.08 1.15 151 1 59.7 9/GR12 CAN01303 -129.20 21 -99.12 57.36 1.98 1.72 2 1 60.0 9/GR12 CAN01403 -91.20 21 -99.12 57.36 1.98 1.72 2 1 60.0 9/GR13 CAN01404 -91.20 21 -84.82 52.42 3.10 2.05 152 1 60.5 9/GR13 CAN01405 -82.20 21 -84.00 52.39 2.84 2.29 172 1 60.5 9/GR14 CAN01504 -91.20 21 -84.00 52.39 2.84 2.29 172 1 60.5 9/GR14 CAN01505 -82.20 21 -72.66 53.77 3.57 1.67 <td< td=""><td>10</td></td<>	10
CAN01203 -129.20 21 -111.48 55.61 3.08 1.15 151 1 59.7 9/GR12 CAN01303 -129.20 21 -102.42 57.12 3.54 0.91 154 1 60.2 9/GR12 CAN01303 -91.20 21 -99.12 57.36 1.98 1.72 2 1 60.0 9/GR13 CAN01403 -129.20 21 -88.75 52.02 4.68 0.80 148 1 62.1 9/GR12 CAN01404 -91.20 21 -84.82 52.42 3.10 2.05 152 1 60.6 9/GR13 CAN01405 -82.20 21 -84.82 52.42 3.10 2.05 152 1 60.6 9/GR13 CAN01504 -91.20 21 -84.82 52.42 3.7 3.57 1.67 156 1 60.4 9/GR14 CAN01504 -91.20 21 -72.66 53.77 3.57 <t< td=""><td>10</td></t<>	10
CAN01303 -129.20 21 -102.42 57.12 3.54 0.91 154 1 60.2 9/GR12 CAN01304 -91.20 21 -99.12 57.36 1.98 1.72 2 1 60.0 9/GR13 CAN01403 -129.20 21 -89.75 52.02 4.68 0.80 148 1 62.1 9/GR12 CAN01404 -91.20 21 -84.82 52.42 3.10 2.05 152 1 60.6 9/GR13 CAN01405 -82.20 21 -84.00 52.39 2.84 2.29 172 1 60.5 9/GR14 CAN01504 -91.20 21 -72.66 53.77 3.57 1.67 156 1 60.4 9/GR13 CAN01505 -82.20 21 -71.77 53.79 3.30 1.89 162 1 60.3 9/GR14 CAN01605 -82.20 21 -61.50 49.55 2.65 1.40 <th< td=""><td>10</td></th<>	10
CAN01304 -91.20 21 -99.12 57.36 1.98 1.72 2 1 60.0 9/GR13 CAN01403 -129.20 21 -89.75 52.02 4.68 0.80 148 1 62.1 9/GR12 CAN01404 -91.20 21 -84.82 52.42 3.10 2.05 152 1 60.6 9/GR13 CAN01405 -82.20 21 -84.00 52.39 2.84 2.29 172 1 60.5 9/GR14 CAN01504 -91.20 21 -72.66 53.77 3.57 1.67 156 1 60.4 9/GR13 CAN01505 -82.20 21 -71.77 53.79 3.30 1.89 162 1 60.3 9/GR14 CAN01605 -82.20 21 -61.50 49.55 2.65 1.40 143 1 60.5 9/GR14	10
CAN01403 -129.20 21 -89,75 52.02 4.68 0.80 148 1 62.1 9/GR12 CAN01404 -91.20 21 -84.82 52.42 3.10 2.05 152 1 60.6 9/GR13 CAN01405 -82.20 21 -84.00 52.39 2.84 2.29 172 1 60.5 9/GR14 CAN01504 -91.20 21 -72.66 53.77 3.57 1.67 156 1 60.4 9/GR13 CAN01505 -82.20 21 -71.77 53.79 3.30 1.89 162 1 60.3 9/GR14 CAN01605 -82.20 21 -61.50 49.55 2.65 1.40 143 1 60.5 9/GR14	10
CAN01404 -91.20 21 -84.82 52.42 3.10 2.05 152 1 60.6 9/GR13 CAN01405 -82.20 21 -84.00 52.39 2.84 2.29 172 1 60.5 9/GR14 CAN01504 -91.20 21 -72.66 53.77 3.57 1.67 156 1 60.4 9/GR13 CAN01505 -82.20 21 -71.77 53.79 3.30 1.89 162 1 60.3 9/GR14 CAN01605 -82.20 21 -61.50 49.55 2.65 1.40 143 1 60.5 9/GR14	10
CAN01405 -82.20 21 -84.00 52.39 2.84 2.29 172 1 60.5 9/GR14 CAN01504 -91.20 21 -72.66 53.77 3.57 1.67 156 1 60.4 9/GR13 CAN01505 -82.20 21 -71.77 53.79 3.30 1.89 162 1 60.3 9/GR14 CAN01605 -82.20 21 -61.50 49.55 2.65 1.40 143 1 60.5 9/GR14	
CAN01505 -82.20 21 -71.77 53.79 3.30 1.89 162 1 60.3 9/GR14 CAN01605 -82.20 21 -61.50 49.55 2.65 1.40 143 1 60.5 9/GR14	
CAN01605 -82.20 21 -61.50 49.55 2.65 1.40 143 1 60.5 9/GR14	
CAN01606 -70.70 21 -61.30 49.55 2.40 1.65 148 1 60.4	
CHLCONTS -106.20 21 -72.23 -35.57 2.60 0.80 55 1 59.6 9/GR17	
CHLPAC02 -106.20 21 -80.06 -30.06 1.36 0.80 69 1 59.4 9/GR17	10
CLMAND01 -115.20 21 -74.72 5.93 3.85 1.63 114 1 65.3 9/GR5 CLM00001 -103.20 21 -74.50 5.87 3.98 1.96 118 1 63.9 10	10
EQACAND1 -115.20 21 -78.40 -1.61 1.37 0.95 75 1 64.4 9/GR5	
EQAGAND1 -115.20 21 -76.40 -1.01 1.37 0.33 73 1 04.4 7.065 EQAGAND1 -115.20 21 -90.34 -0.62 0.90 0.81 89 1 61.5 9/GR5	
HWA00002 -166.20 21 -165.79 23.42 4.20 0.80 160 1 59.0 9/GRI	10
HWA00003 -175.20 21 -166.10 23.42 4.25 0.80 159 1 58.9 9/GR2	10
JMC00002	
KNA00001	
MEX01NTE -78.20 21 -105.81 26.01 2.89 2.08 155 1 60.7 1	
MEX01SUR -69.20 21 -94.84 19.82 3.05 2.09 4 1 62.5 1	
MEX02NTE -136.20 21 -107.21 26.31 3.84 1.55 148 1 61.4 1	10
MEX02SUR -127.20 21 -96.39 19.88 3.18 1.87 157 1 62.8 1	10
PAQPACO1 -106.20 21 -109.18 -27.53 0.80 0.80 90 1 56.4 9/GR17	
PRG00002 -99.20 21 -58.66 -23.32 1.45 1.04 76 1 60.4 PRUAND02 -115.20 21 -74.69 -8.39 3.41 1.79 95 1 64.3 9/GR5	
PRUAND02 -115.20 21 -74.69 -8.39 3.41 1.79 95 1 64.3 9/GR5 PTRVIR01 -101.20 21 -65.85 18.12 0.80 0.80 90 1 60.8 1 69/GR20	
PTRVIR02 -110.20 21 -65.86 18.12 0.80 0.80 90 1 60.8 16.9/GRZD	
SPMFRAN3 -53.20 21 -67.24 47.51 3.16 0.80 7 1 60.6 27	
SURINAM2 -84.70 21 -55.69 4.35 1.00 0.80 86 1 63.5	
URG00001 -71.70 21 -56.22 -32.52 1.02 0.89 11 1 60.2	
USAEH001 -61.70 21 -85.19 36.21 5.63 3.33 22 1 62.1 15.6	
USAEH002 -101.20 21 -89.24 36.16 5.67 3.76 170 1 62.0 1.69/GR20	10
USAEH003 -110.20 21 -90.14 36.11 5.55 3.55 161 1 62.3 1 6 9/GR21	10
USAEH004 -119.20 21 -91.16 36.05 5.38 3.24 152 1 62.9 15.6	10
USAPSA02 -166.20 21 -117.80 40.58 4.03 0.82 135 1 63.5 9/GR1	
USAPSA03 -175.20 21 -118.27 40.12 3.62 0.80 136 1 65.3 9/GR2	
USAWH101	
USAWH102 -157.20 21 -111.41 38.57 5.51 1.54 138 1 63.5 10 VENAND03 -115.20 21 -67.04 6.91 2.37 1.43 111 1 67.6 9/GR5	10
YEMANDO -113.20 21 -07.04 0.91 2.37 1.43 111 1 07.0 9/0K3	

12 530.18 MHz (22)

ALSDOOG -165 80 22											12 530.18 MI	()
ALSON003	1	2	3	4			5	6	7	8	9	
ALSON003	AT \$00002	-165.80	22	_149.63	58 52	3.81	1 23	171	2	50.0	9/GR1	10
ARGNORT4												
ARGNORT5											J/GR2	10
ATNBEAMI												
B CE311	ATNBEAM1	-52.80	22	-66.44	14.87	1.83		39		61.3		
B CE411											8 9/GR7	
B CESI	B CE312	-44.80	22	-40.26	-6.06	3.44	2.09	174	2	61.2	8 9/GR9	10 11
B R SO 1		-63.80				3.86	1.38	49			8 9/GR7	
B NO611												10 12
B NO711												
B NOS11												
B SE911												
B SUI11												
B SU112											U U	
B SU211												11
B SU212												11
BLIZ00001												12
CAN01101											0 7/010	12
CAN01201											9/GR10	10
CAN01203												10
CAN01303	CAN01202	-72.30	22	-107.64	55.62	2.75	1.11	32	2	59.8		
CAN01304 -90.80 22 -99.00 57.33 1.96 1.73 1 2 60.0 9/GR13 CAN01403 -128.80 22 -89.70 52.02 4.67 0.80 148 2 62.1 9/GR13 CAN01404 -90.80 22 -84.78 52.41 3.09 2.06 153 2 60.6 9/GR13 CAN01504 -90.80 22 -84.02 52.34 2.82 2.30 172 2 60.5 9/GR14 CAN01505 -81.80 22 -71.76 53.76 3.30 1.89 162 2 60.3 9/GR14 CAN01605 -81.80 22 -61.54 49.50 2.66 1.39 144 2 60.5 9/GR14 CAN01606 -70.30 22 -61.54 49.50 2.66 1.39 144 2 60.5 9/GR14 CHLCONT6 -105.80 22 -63.59 -23.20 2.21 0.80 <th< td=""><td>CAN01203</td><td>-128.80</td><td>22</td><td>-111.43</td><td>55.56</td><td>3.07</td><td>1.15</td><td>151</td><td>2</td><td>59.7</td><td>9/GR12</td><td>10</td></th<>	CAN01203	-128.80	22	-111.43	55.56	3.07	1.15	151	2	59.7	9/GR12	10
CAN01403								154				10
CAN01404												
CANO1405												10
CAN01504												
CAN01505												
CAN01605												
CAN01606												
CHLCONT6											9/GK14	
CHLCONT6											9/GR16	
CRBBAH01												
CRBBER01 -92.30 22 -64.76 32.13 0.80 0.80 90 1 56.9 9/GR18 CRBBLZ01 -92.30 22 -88.61 17.26 0.80 0.80 90 1 58.9 9/GR18 CRBEC001 -92.30 22 -60.07 8.26 4.20 0.86 115 1 64.6 9/GR18 CRBIMC01 -92.30 22 -79.45 17.97 0.99 0.80 151 1 64.6 9/GR18 CTR00201 -130.80 22 -84.33 9.67 0.82 0.80 119 2 66.0 DMAIFRB1 -79.30 22 -61.30 15.35 0.80 0.80 90 2 58.7 EQAC0001 -94.80 22 -78.31 -1.52 1.48 1.15 65 1 63.3 9/GR19 HWA00002 -165.80 22 -165.79 23.32 4.20 0.80 160 2 59.0												
CRBEC001			22						1			
CRBJMC01	CRBBLZ01	-92.30	22	-88.61	17.26	0.80	0.80	90	1	58.9	9/GR18	
CTR00201 -130.80 22 -84.33 9.67 0.82 0.80 119 2 66.0 DMAIFRBI -79.30 22 -61.30 15.35 0.80 0.80 90 2 58.7 EQAC0001 -94.80 22 -78.31 -1.52 1.48 1.15 65 1 63.3 9/GR19 EQAG0001 -94.80 22 -90.36 -0.57 0.94 0.89 99 1 61.2 9/GR19 HWA00002 -165.80 22 -165.79 23.32 4.20 0.80 160 2 59.0 9/GR1 10 MEX0INTE -77.80 22 -165.80 25.99 2.88 2.07 155 2 60.7 1 MEX02NTE -126.80 22 -107.36 26.32 3.80 1.57 149 2 61.4 1 10 MEX02SUR -126.80 22 -96.39 19.88 3.19 1.87 158	CRBEC001					4.20	0.86	115	1	64.6	9/GR18	
DMAIFRB1	CRBJMC01	-92.30		-79.45	17.97	0.99	0.80	151		61.3	9/GR18	
EQAC0001 -94.80 22 -78.31 -1.52 1.48 1.15 65 1 63.3 9/GR19 EQAG0001 -94.80 22 -90.36 -0.57 0.94 0.89 99 1 61.2 9/GR19 HWA00002 -165.80 22 -165.79 23.32 4.20 0.80 160 2 59.0 9/GR1 10 HWA00003 -174.80 22 -166.10 23.42 4.25 0.80 159 2 59.0 9/GR2 10 MEX0INTE -77.80 22 -105.80 25.99 2.88 2.07 155 2 60.7 1 MEX0ZSUR -126.80 22 -96.39 19.88 3.19 1.87 158 2 62.8 1 10 MCG00003 -107.30 22 -84.99 12.90 1.05 1.01 176 1 63.6 1 PTRVIR01 -100.80 22 -65.85 18.12												
EQAG0001 -94,80 22 -90,36 -0.57 0.94 0.89 99 1 61.2 9/GR19 HWA00002 -165.80 22 -165.79 23.32 4.20 0.80 160 2 59.0 9/GR1 10 HWA00003 -174.80 22 -166.10 23.42 4.25 0.80 159 2 59.0 9/GR1 10 MEX0INTE -77.80 22 -105.80 25.99 2.88 2.07 155 2 60.7 1 MEX02NTE -135.80 22 -107.36 26.32 3.80 1.57 149 2 61.4 1 10 MEX02SUR -126.80 22 -96.39 19.88 3.19 1.87 158 2 62.8 1 10 NCG00003 -107.30 22 -84.99 12.90 1.05 1.01 176 1 63.6 1 PRW00004 -85.80 22 -74.19 -8.39 <												
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$												
HWA00003												10
MEXOINTE												
MEX02NTE												10
MEX02SUR												10
NCG00003											-	
PRU00004											1	10
PTRVIR01											1	
PTRVIR02											1 6 9/GR20	
USAEH002 -100.80 22 -89.28 36.16 5.65 3.78 170 2 62.0 1 6 9/GR20 10 USAEH003 -109.80 22 -90.12 36.11 5.55 3.56 161 2 62.3 1 6 9/GR21 10 USAEH004 -118.80 22 -91.16 36.05 5.38 3.24 153 2 62.9 1 5 6 10 USAPSA02 -165.80 22 -117.79 40.58 4.04 0.82 135 2 63.5 9/GR1								90	2			
USAEH003 -109.80 22 -90.12 36.11 5.55 3.56 161 2 62.3 1 6 9/GR21 10 USAEH004 -118.80 22 -91.16 36.05 5.38 3.24 153 2 62.9 1 5 6 10 USAPSA02 -165.80 22 -117.79 40.58 4.04 0.82 135 2 63.5 9/GR1						5.63					156	
USAEH004												
USAPSA02 -165.80 22 -117.79 40.58 4.04 0.82 135 2 63.5 9/GR1												
												10
	USAPSA03	-174.80	22	-118.20	40.15	3.63	0.80	136	2	65.3	9/GR2	
USAWH101												
USAWH102 -156.80 22 -111.40 38.57 5.51 1.55 138 2 63.5 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1												
YENTIYEN -103.00 22 -00.77 0.20 2.30 1.77 122 2 03.3 10	A TOTALL A TOTA	-105.60	22	-00.79	0.50	2.30	1.//	122		05.5	10	

12 544.76 MHz (23)

-	_	2				-	-	-		12 544.70 W	(- /
1	2	3	4			5	6	7	8	9	
ALS00002	-166.20	23	-149.66	58.37	3.76	1.24	170	1	60.0	9/GR1	10
ALS00003	-175.20	23	-150.98	58.53	3.77	1.11	167	1	60.2	9/GR2	10
ARGINSU4	-94.20	23	-52.98	-59.81	3.40	0.80	19	1	60.1	9/GR3	
ARGINSU5	-55.20	23	-44.17	-59.91	3.77	0.80	13	1	59.5	9/GR4	
ARGSUR04	-94.20	23	-65.04	-43.33	3.32	1.50	40	1	60.9	9/GR3	
ARGSUR05	-55.20	23	-63.68	-43.01	2.54	2.38	152	1	60.3	9/GR4	
B CE311	-64.20	23	-40.60	-6.07	3.04	2.06	174	1	61.9	8 9/GR7	
B CE312	-45.20	23	-40.27	-6.06	3.44	2.09	174	1	61.3	8 9/GR9	10 11
B CE411 B CE412	-64.20 -45.20	23 23	-50.97 -50.71	-15.27 -15.30	3.86 3.57	1.38 1.56	49 52	1	62.9 63.1	8 9/GR7 8 9/GR9	10 12
B CE511	-43.20 -64.20	23	-50.71 -53.10	-13.30	2.44	2.13	104	1	63.4	8 9/GR9 8 9/GR7	10 12
B NO611	-74.20	23	-59.60	-11.62	2.85	1.69	165	2	63.2	8 9/GR8	
B NO711	-74.20	23	-60.70	-1.78	3.54	1.78	126	2	63.2	8 9/GR8	
B NO811	-74.20	23	-68.76	-4.71	2.37	1.65	73	2	63.1	8 9/GR8	
B SU111	-81.20	23	-51.12	-25.63	2.76	1.05	50	1	63.2	8 9/GR6	
B SU112	-45.20	23	-50.75	-25.62	2.47	1.48	56	1	62.6	8 9/GR9	11
B SU211	-81.20	23	-44.51	-16.95	3.22	1.36	60	1	62.8	8 9/GR6	
B SU212	-45.20	23	-44.00	-16.87	3.20	1.96	58	1	61.6	8 9/GR9	12
BERBERMU	-96.20	23	-64.77	32.32	0.80	0.80	90	2	57.0		
BOLAND01	-115.20	23	-65.04	-16.76	2.49	1.27	76	1	68.1	9/GR5	
BOL00001	-87.20	23	-64.61	-16.71	2.52	2.19	85	1	64.2		
BRB00001 CAN01101	-92.70 -138.20	23 23	-59.85 -125.63	12.93 57.24	0.80 3.45	0.80 1.27	90 157	2	59.4 59.7	9/GR10	10
CAN01101 CAN01201	-138.20	23	-123.63 -112.04	55.95	3.45	0.97	151	1	59.7	9/GR10 9/GR10	10
CAN01201 CAN01202	-138.20 -72.70	23	-112.04	55.63	2.74	1.12	32	1	59.8	9/GK10	10
CAN01202	-129.20	23	-111.48	55.61	3.08	1.15	151	1	59.7	9/GR12	10
CAN01303	-129.20	23	-102.42	57.12	3.54	0.91	154	1	60.3	9/GR12	10
CAN01304	-91.20	23	-99.12	57.36	1.98	1.72	2	1	60.1	9/GR13	
CAN01403	-129.20	23	-89.75	52.02	4.68	0.80	148	1	62.1	9/GR12	10
CAN01404	-91.20	23	-84.82	52.42	3.10	2.05	152	1	60.6	9/GR13	
CAN01405	-82.20	23	-84.00	52.39	2.84	2.29	172	1	60.5	9/GR14	
CAN01504	-91.20	23	-72.66	53.77	3.57	1.67	156	1	60.4	9/GR13	
CAN01505	-82.20	23	-71.77	53.79	3.30	1.89	162	1	60.4	9/GR14	
CAN01605	-82.20	23	-61.50	49.55	2.65	1.40	143	1	60.5	9/GR14	
CAN01606 CHLCONT5	-70.70 -106.20	23 23	-61.30 -72.23	49.55 -35.57	2.40	1.65 0.80	148 55	1	60.5 59.6	0/CD17	
CHLPAC02	-106.20	23	-72.23 -80.06	-33.37 -30.06	2.60 1.36	0.80	69	1	59.6	9/GR17 9/GR17	
CLMAND01	-115.20	23	-74.72	5.93	3.85	1.63	114	1	65.4	9/GR5	10
CLM00001	-103.20	23	-74.50	5.87	3.98	1.96	118	1	63.9	10	10
CUB00001	-89.20	23	-79.81	21.62	2.24	0.80	168	1	61.3	10	
EQACAND1	-115.20	23	-78.40	-1.61	1.37	0.95	75	1	64.4	9/GR5	
EQAGAND1	-115.20	23	-90.34	-0.62	0.90	0.81	89	1	61.6	9/GR5	
GRD00059	-57.20	23	-61.58	12.29	0.80	0.80	90	1	58.7		
GRLDNK01	-53.20	23	-44.89	66.56	2.70	0.82	173	1	60.2	2	
GUY00201	-84.70	23	-59.19	4.78	1.44	0.85	95	1	63.8		
HWA00002	-166.20	23	-165.79	23.42	4.20	0.80	160	1	59.0	9/GR1	10
HWA00003 MEX01NTE	-175.20 -78.20	23 23	-166.10 -105.81	23.42 26.01	4.25 2.89	0.80 2.08	159 155	1	59.0 60.8	9/GR2 1	10
MEXUINTE MEX01SUR	-/8.20 -69.20	23	-105.81 -94.84	19.82	3.05	2.08	155	1	62.5	1	
MEX013UK MEX02NTE	-136.20	23	-107.21	26.31	3.84	1.55	148	1	61.5	1	10
MEX02SUR	-127.20	23	-96.39	19.88	3.18	1.87	157	1	62.8	1	10
MSR00001	-79.70	23	-61.73	16.75	0.80	0.80	90	1	58.9	4	
PAQPAC01	-106.20	23	-109.18	-27.53	0.80	0.80	90	1	56.4	9/GR17	
PRG00002	-99.20	23	-58.66	-23.32	1.45	1.04	76	1	60.5	1	
PRUAND02	-115.20	23	-74.69	-8.39	3.41	1.79	95	1	64.3	9/GR5	
PTRVIR01	-101.20	23	-65.85	18.12	0.80	0.80	90	1	60.8	1 6 9/GR20	
PTRVIR02	-110.20	23	-65.86	18.12	0.80	0.80	90	1	61.3	1 6 9/GR21	
URG00001	-71.70	23	-56.22	-32.52	1.02	0.89	11	1	60.2	156	
USAEH001 USAEH002	-61.70	23 23	-85.19 -89.24	36.21	5.63	3.33	22 170	1	62.1	156	10
USAEH002 USAEH003	-101.20 -110.20	23	-89.24 -90.14	36.16 36.11	5.67 5.55	3.76 3.55	170	1	62.0 62.4	1 6 9/GR20 1 6 9/GR21	10
USAEH003 USAEH004	-110.20	23	-90.14 -91.16	36.05	5.38	3.24	152	1	62.4	1 5 9/GR21 1 5 6	10
USAPSA02	-119.20	23	-117.80	40.58	4.03	0.82	135	1	63.6	9/GR1	10
USAPSA03	-175.20	23	-117.30	40.12	3.62	0.82	136	1	65.4	9/GR1 9/GR2	
USAWH101	-148.20	23	-109.65	38.13	5.53	1.95	142	1	62.4	10	
USAWH102	-157.20	23	-111.41	38.57	5.51	1.54	138	1	63.5	10	
VENAND03	-115.20	23	-67.04	6.91	2.37	1.43	111	1	67.7	9/GR5	10
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ALS00002	-165.80	24	-149.63	58.52	3.81	1.23	171	2	59.9	9/GR1	10
ALS00003	-174.80	24	-150.95	58.54	3.77	1.11	167	2	60.2	9/GR2	10
ARGNORT4	-93.80	24	-63.96	-30.01	3.86	1.99	48	2	66.1		
ARGNORT5	-54.80	24	-62.85	-29.80	3.24	2.89	47	2	63.9		
B CE311	-63.80	24	-40.60	-6.07	3.04	2.06	174	2	61.9	8 9/GR7	
B CE312	-44.80	24	-40.26	-6.06	3.44	2.09	174	2	61.3	8 9/GR9	1011
B CE411	-63.80	24	-50.97	-15.26	3.86	1.38	49	2	62.9	8 9/GR7	10.10
B CE412 B CE511	-44.80 -63.80	24 24	-50.71 -53.11	-15.30 -2.98	3.57 2.42	1.56 2.15	52 107	2 2	63.1 63.4	8 9/GR9 8 9/GR7	1012
B NO611	-03.80 -73.80	24	-59.60	-2.98 -11.62	2.42	1.69	165	1	63.4	8 9/GR8	
B NO711	-73.80	24	-60.70	-11.02	3.54	1.78	126	1	63.2	8 9/GR8	
B NO811	-73.80	24	-68.75	-4.71	2.37	1.65	73	1	63.2	8 9/GR8	
B SE911	-101.80	24	-45.99	-19.09	2.22	0.80	62	2	65.7	8	
B SU111	-80.80	24	-51.10	-25.64	2.76	1.06	50	2	63.2	8 9/GR6	
B SU112	-44.80	24	-50.76	-25.62	2.47	1.48	56	2	62.6	8 9/GR9	11
B SU211	-80.80	24	-44.51	-16.94	3.22	1.37	60	2	62.8	8 9/GR6	
B SU212	-44.80	24	-43.99	-16.97	3.27	1.92	59	2	61.6	8 9/GR9	12
CAN01101	-137.80	24	-125.60	57.24	3.45	1.27	157	2	59.7	9/GR10	10
CAN01201	-137.80 -72.30	24 24	-111.92	55.89	3.33 2.75	0.98	151	2 2	59.8 59.8	9/GR10	10
CAN01202 CAN01203	-72.30 -128.80	24	-107.64 -111.43	55.62 55.56	3.07	1.11 1.15	32 151	2	59.8 59.7	9/GR12	10
CAN01203 CAN01303	-128.80	24	-111.43	57.12	3.54	0.92	154	2	60.3	9/GR12 9/GR12	10
CAN01303	-90.80	24	-99.00	57.33	1.96	1.73	1 1	2	60.0	9/GR12	10
CAN01403	-128.80	24	-89.70	52.02	4.67	0.80	148	2	62.1	9/GR12	10
CAN01404	-90.80	24	-84.78	52.41	3.09	2.06	153	2	60.6	9/GR13	10
CAN01405	-81.80	24	-84.02	52.34	2.82	2.30	172	2	60.5	9/GR14	
CAN01504	-90.80	24	-72.68	53.78	3.57	1.67	157	2	60.4	9/GR13	
CAN01505	-81.80	24	-71.76	53.76	3.30	1.89	162	2	60.4	9/GR14	
CAN01605	-81.80	24	-61.54	49.50	2.66	1.39	144	2	60.5	9/GR14	
CAN01606	-70.30	24 24	-61.32 -69.59	49.51	2.41	1.65	148	2 2	60.5 59.3	0/CD16	
CHLCONT4 CHLCONT6	-105.80 -105.80	24	-69.59 -73.52	-23.20 -55.52	2.21 3.65	0.80	68 39	2	59.3 59.8	9/GR16 9/GR16	
CRBBAH01	-92.30	24	-75.32 -76.09	24.13	1.83	0.80	141	1	62.0	9/GR18	
CRBBER01	-92.30	24	-64.76	32.13	0.80	0.80	90	1	57.0	9/GR18	
CRBBLZ01	-92.30	24	-88.61	17.26	0.80	0.80	90	1	58.9	9/GR18	
CRBEC001	-92.30	24	-60.07	8.26	4.20	0.86	115	1	64.6	9/GR18	
CRBJMC01	-92.30	24	-79.45	17.97	0.99	0.80	151	1	61.4	9/GR18	
EQAC0001	-94.80	24	-78.31	-1.52	1.48	1.15	65	1	63.3	9/GR19	
EQAG0001	-94.80	24	-90.36	-0.57	0.94	0.89	99	1	61.3	9/GR19	
GRD00003	-79.30	24	-61.62	12.34	0.80	0.80	90	2	58.9		
GTMIFRB2	-107.30	24	-90.50	15.64	1.03	0.80	84	1	61.4	2.7	
GUFMGG02 HWA00002	-52.80 -165.80	24 24	-56.42 -165.79	8.47 23.32	4.16 4.20	0.81	123 160	2 2	63.0 59.0	2.7 9/GR1	10
HWA00002 HWA00003	-103.80	24	-165.79 -166.10	23.32	4.20	0.80	159	2	59.0	9/GR1 9/GR2	10
MEX01NTE	-77.80	24	-105.10	25.99	2.88	2.07	155	2	60.8	1	10
MEX02NTE	-135.80	24	-107.36	26.32	3.80	1.57	149	2	61.5	1	10
MEX02SUR	-126.80	24	-96.39	19.88	3.19	1.87	158	2	62.8	1	10
PNRIFRB2	-121.00	24	-80.15	8.46	1.01	0.80	170	1	65.1		
PRU00004	-85.80	24	-74.19	-8.39	3.74	2.45	112	2	63.2		
PTRVIR01	-100.80	24	-65.85	18.12	0.80	0.80	90	2	60.9	1 6 9/GR20	
PTRVIR02	-109.80	24	-65.85	18.12	0.80	0.80	90	2	61.4	1 6 9/GR21	
USAEH001	-61.30	24 24	-85.16	36.21	5.63	3.32	22	2 2	62.1	1 5 6	10
USAEH002 USAEH003	-100.80 -109.80	24	-89.28 -90.12	36.16 36.11	5.65 5.55	3.78 3.56	170 161	2	62.0 62.4	1 6 9/GR20 1 6 9/GR21	10 10
USAEH003 USAEH004	-109.80 -118.80	24	-90.12 -91.16	36.11	5.38	3.24	153	2	62.4	1 5 9/GR21 1 5 6	10
USAPSA02	-165.80	24	-91.10 -117.79	40.58	4.04	0.82	135	2	63.6	9/GR1	10
USAPSA02 USAPSA03	-103.80	24	-117.79	40.15	3.63	0.82	136	2	65.3	9/GR1 9/GR2	
USAWH101	-147.80	24	-1109.70	38.13	5.52	1.96	142	2	62.4	10	
USAWH102	-156.80	24	-111.40	38.57	5.51	1.55	138	2	63.5	10	
VEN02VEN	-103.80	24	-63.50	15.50	0.80	0.80	90	2	60.1	9/GR22	
VEN11VEN	-103.80	24	-66.79	6.90	2.50	1.77	122	2	65.6	9/GR22	10

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ALS00002	-166.20	25	-149.66	58.37	3,76	1.24	170	1	59.9	9/GR1	10
ALS00002 ALS00003	-175.20	25	-150.98	58.53	3.77	1.11	167	1	60.2	9/GR1	10
ARGINSU4	-94.20	25	-52.98	-59.81	3.40	0.80	19	1	60.1	9/GR3	
ARGINSU5	-55.20	25	-44.17	-59.91	3.77	0.80	13	1	59.5	9/GR4	
ARGSUR04	-94.20	25	-65.04	-43.33	3.32	1.50	40	1	60.9	9/GR3	
ARGSUR05	-55.20	25	-63.68	-43.01	2.54	2.38	152	1	60.2	9/GR4	
B CE311	-64.20	25	-40.60	-6.07	3.04	2.06	174	1	61.9	8 9/GR7	
B CE312	-45.20	25	-40.27	-6.06	3.44	2.09	174	1	61.2	8 9/GR9	10 11
B CE411 B CE412	-64.20 -45.20	25 25	-50.97 -50.71	-15.27 -15.30	3.86 3.57	1.38 1.56	49 52	1	62.9 63.0	8 9/GR7 8 9/GR9	1012
B CE511	-64.20	25	-53.10	-2.90	2.44	2.13	104	1	63.4	8 9/GR7	1012
B NO611	-74.20	25	-59.60	-11.62	2.85	1.69	165	2	63.1	8 9/GR8	
B NO711	-74.20	25	-60.70	-1.78	3.54	1.78	126	2	63.1	8 9/GR8	
B NO811	-74.20	25	-68.76	-4.71	2.37	1.65	73	2	63.1	8 9/GR8	
B SU111	-81.20	25	-51.12	-25.63	2.76	1.05	50	1	63.2	8 9/GR6	
B SU112	-45.20	25	-50.75	-25.62	2.47	1.48	56	1	62.5	8 9/GR9	11
B SU211	-81.20	25	-44.51	-16.95	3.22	1.36	60	1	62.8	8 9/GR6	
B SU212	-45.20 -96.20	25 25	-44.00 -64.77	-16.87 32.32	3.20	1.96	58 90	1 2	61.6 57.0	8 9/GR9	12
BERBERMU BOLAND01	-96.20 -115.20	25 25	-64.77 -65.04	-16.76	0.80 2.49	0.80 1.27	90 76	1	68.0	9/GR5	
CAN01101	-115.20 -138.20	25 25	-65.04 -125.63	-16.76 57.24	3.45	1.27	157	1	59.7	9/GR3 9/GR10	10
CAN01101 CAN01201	-138.20	25	-123.03	55.95	3.35	0.97	151	1	59.8	9/GR10 9/GR10	10
CAN01201	-72.70	25	-107.70	55.63	2.74	1.12	32	1	59.8		
CAN01203	-129.20	25	-111.48	55.61	3.08	1.15	151	1	59.7	9/GR12	10
CAN01303	-129.20	25	-102.42	57.12	3.54	0.91	154	1	60.2	9/GR12	10
CAN01304	-91.20	25	-99.12	57.36	1.98	1.72	2	1	60.0	9/GR13	
CAN01403	-129.20	25	-89.75	52.02	4.68	0.80	148	1	62.1	9/GR12	10
CAN01404	-91.20	25	-84.82	52.42	3.10	2.05	152	1	60.6	9/GR13	
CAN01405	-82.20	25	-84.00	52.39	2.84	2.29	172	1	60.5	9/GR14	
CAN01504 CAN01505	-91.20 -82.20	25 25	-72.66 -71.77	53.77 53.79	3.57 3.30	1.67 1.89	156 162	1	60.4 60.3	9/GR13 9/GR14	
CAN01605	-82.20	25	-61.50	49.55	2.65	1.40	143	1	60.5	9/GR14	
CAN01606	-70.70	25	-61.30	49.55	2.40	1.65	148	1	60.4	<i>y</i> , G101	
CHLCONT5	-106.20	25	-72.23	-35.57	2.60	0.80	55	1	59.6	9/GR17	
CHLPAC02	-106.20	25	-80.06	-30.06	1.36	0.80	69	1	59.4	9/GR17	
CLMAND01	-115.20	25	-74.72	5.93	3.85	1.63	114	1	65.3	9/GR5	10
CLM00001	-103.20	25	-74.50	5.87	3.98	1.96	118	1	63.9	10	
EQACAND1	-115.20	25	-78.40	-1.61	1.37	0.95	75	1	64.4	9/GR5	
EQAGAND1 HWA00002	-115.20 -166.20	25 25	-90.34 -165.79	-0.62 23.42	0.90 4.20	0.81	89 160	1	61.5 59.0	9/GR5 9/GR1	10
HWA00002 HWA00003	-175.20	25	-166.10	23.42	4.25	0.80	159	1	58.9	9/GR1 9/GR2	10
JMC00002	-92.70	25	-77.30	18.12	0.80	0.80	90	2	60.1)/GR2	10
KNA00001	- 79.70	25	- 62.46	17.44	0.80	0.80	90	1	58.6		
MEX01NTE	-78.20	25	-105.81	26.01	2.89	2.08	155	1	60.7	1	
MEX01SUR	-69.20	25	-94.84	19.82	3.05	2.09	4	1	62.5	1	
MEX02NTE	-136.20	25	-107.21	26.31	3.84	1.55	148	1	61.4	1	10
MEX02SUR	-127.20	25	-96.39	19.88	3.18	1.87	157	1	62.8	1	10
PAQPAC01	-106.20	25	-109.18	-27.53	0.80	0.80	90	1	56.4	9/GR17	
PRG00002 PRUAND02	-99.20 -115.20	25 25	-58.66 -74.69	-23.32 -8.39	1.45 3.41	1.04 1.79	76 95	1	60.4 64.3	9/GR5	
PRUAND02 PTRVIR01	-115.20 -101.20	25 25	-/4.69 -65.85	-8.39 18.12	0.80	0.80	95	1	60.8	1 6 9/GR20	
PTRVIR01 PTRVIR02	-101.20	25	-65.86	18.12	0.80	0.80	90	1	61.3	1 6 9/GR20 1 6 9/GR21	
SPMFRAN3	-53.20	25	-67.24	47.51	3.16	0.80	7	1	60.6	27	
SURINAM2	-84.70	25	-55.69	4.35	1.00	0.80	86	1	63.5		
URG00001	-71.70	25	-56.22	-32.52	1.02	0.89	11	1	60.2	I	
USAEH001	-61.70	25	-85.19	36.21	5.63	3.33	22	1	62.1	156	
USAEH002	-101.20	25	-89.24	36.16	5.67	3.76	170	1	62.0	1 6 9/GR20	10
USAEH003	-110.20	25	-90.14	36.11	5.55	3.55	161	1	62.3	1 6 9/GR21	10
USAEH004 USAPSA02	-119.20 -166.20	25 25	-91.16 -117.80	36.05	5.38	3.24	152	1	62.9	156	10
USAPSA02 USAPSA03	-166.20 -175.20	25 25	-117.80 -118.27	40.58 40.12	4.03 3.62	0.82 0.80	135 136	1	63.5 65.3	9/GR1 9/GR2	
USAWH101	-173.20	25	-118.27	38.13	5.53	1.95	142	1	62.3	10	
USAWH101 USAWH102	-148.20	25	-109.03	38.57	5.51	1.54	138	1	63.5	10	
VENAND03	-115.20	25	-67.04	6.91	2.37	1.43	111	1	67.6	9/GR5	10
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ALS00002	-165.80	26	-149.63	58.52	3.81	1.23	171	2	59.9	9/GR1	10
ALS00003	-174.80	26	-150.95	58.54	3.77	1.11	167	2	60.2	9/GR2	10
ARGNORT4	-93.80	26	-63.96	-30.01	3.86	1.99	48	2	66.0		
ARGNORT5	-54.80	26	-62.85	-29.80	3.24	2.89	47	2	63.8		
ATNBEAM1	-52.80	26	-66.44	14.87	1.83	0.80	39	2	61.3		
B CE311	-63.80	26	-40.60	-6.07	3.04	2.06	174	2	61.9	8 9/GR7	10.11
B CE312 B CE411	-44.80	26	-40.26	-6.06	3.44	2.09	174	2	61.2	8 9/GR9	10 11
B CE411 B CE412	-63.80 -44.80	26 26	-50.97 -50.71	-15.26 -15.30	3.86 3.57	1.38 1.56	49 52	2 2	62.9 63.0	8 9/GR7 8 9/GR9	10 12
B CE511	-63.80	26	-53.11	-2.98	2.42	2.15	107	2	63.4	8 9/GR7	10 12
B NO611	-73.80	26	-59.60	-11.62	2.86	1.69	165	1	63.1	8 9/GR8	
B NO711	-73.80	26	-60.70	-1.78	3.54	1.78	126	1	63.1	8 9/GR8	
B NO811	-73.80	26	-68.75	-4.71	2.37	1.65	73	1	63.1	8 9/GR8	
B SE911	-101.80	26	-45.99	-19.09	2.22	0.80	62	2	65.7	8	
B SU111	-80.80	26	-51.10	-25.64	2.76	1.06	50	2	63.1	8 9/GR6	
B SU112	-44.80	26	-50.76	-25.62	2.47	1.48	56	2	62.6	8 9/GR9	11
B SU211	-80.80	26	-44.51	-16.94	3.22	1.37	60	2	62.8	8 9/GR6	
B SU212	-44.80	26	-43.99	-16.97	3.27	1.92	59	2	61.6	8 9/GR9	12
BLZ00001	-115.80	26	-88.68	17.27	0.80	0.80	90	2	59.2		
CAN01101	-137.80	26	-125.60	57.24	3.45	1.27	157	2 2	59.7	9/GR10	10
CAN01201 CAN01202	-137.80 -72.30	26 26	-111.92 -107.64	55.89 55.62	3.33 2.75	0.98 1.11	151 32	2	59.8 59.8	9/GR10	10
CAN01202 CAN01203	-128.80	26	-107.64	55.56	3.07	1.11	151	2	59.8 59.7	9/GR12	10
CAN01203 CAN01303	-128.80	26	-111.43	57.12	3.54	0.92	154	2	60.3	9/GR12 9/GR12	10
CAN01303 CAN01304	-90.80	26	-99.00	57.12	1.96	1.73	134	2	60.0	9/GR12 9/GR13	10
CAN01403	-128.80	26	-89.70	52.02	4.67	0.80	148	2	62.1	9/GR12	10
CAN01404	-90.80	26	-84.78	52.41	3.09	2.06	153	2	60.6	9/GR12	10
CAN01405	-81.80	26	-84.02	52.34	2.82	2.30	172	2	60.5	9/GR14	
CAN01504	-90.80	26	-72.68	53.78	3.57	1.67	157	2	60.4	9/GR13	
CAN01505	-81.80	26	-71.76	53.76	3.30	1.89	162	2	60.3	9/GR14	
CAN01605	-81.80	26	-61.54	49.50	2.66	1.39	144	2	60.5	9/GR14	
CAN01606	-70.30	26	-61.32	49.51	2.41	1.65	148	2	60.4		
CHLCONT4	-105.80	26	-69.59	-23.20	2.21	0.80	68	2	59.3	9/GR16	
CHLCONT6	-105.80	26	-73.52	-55.52	3.65	1.31	39	2	59.7	9/GR16	
CRBBAH01	-92.30	26	-76.09	24.13	1.83	0.80	141	1	61.9	9/GR18	
CRBBER01 CRBBLZ01	-92.30 -92.30	26 26	-64.76 -88.61	32.13 17.26	0.80	0.80	90 90	1 1	56.9 58.9	9/GR18 9/GR18	
CRBEC001	-92.30 -92.30	26	-88.01 -60.07	8.26	4.20	0.86	115	1	64.6	9/GR18	
CRBJMC01	-92.30 -92.30	26	-79.45	17.97	0.99	0.80	151	1	61.3	9/GR18	
CTR00201	-130.80	26	-84.33	9.67	0.82	0.80	119	2	66.0	3/GK16	
DMAIFRB1	-79.30	26	-61.30	15.35	0.80	0.80	90	2	58.7		
EQAC0001	-94.80	26	-78.31	-1.52	1.48	1.15	65	1	63.3	9/GR19	
EQAG0001	-94.80	26	-90.36	-0.57	0.94	0.89	99	1	61.2	9/GR19	
HWA00002	-165.80	26	-165.79	23.32	4.20	0.80	160	2	59.0	9/GR1	10
HWA00003	-174.80	26	-166.10	23.42	4.25	0.80	159	2	59.0	9/GR2	10
MEX01NTE	-77.80	26	-105.80	25.99	2.88	2.07	155	2	60.7	1	
MEX02NTE	-135.80	26	-107.36	26.32	3.80	1.57	149	2	61.4	1	10
MEX02SUR	-126.80	26	-96.39	19.88	3.19	1.87	158	2	62.8	1	10
NCG00003	-107.30	26	-84.99	12.90	1.05	1.01	176	1	63.6		
PRU00004	-85.80	26	-74.19	-8.39	3.74	2.45	112	2	63.1	1.6.0/CB20	
PTRVIR01 PTRVIR02	-100.80 -109.80	26 26	-65.85 -65.85	18.12 18.12	0.80	0.80	90 90	2 2	60.8 61.4	1 6 9/GR20 1 6 9/GR21	
USAEH001	-61.30	26	-85.16	36.21	5.63	3.32	22	2	62.1	1 5 9/GR21 1 5 6	
USAEH001 USAEH002	-100.80	26	-89.28	36.16	5.65	3.78	170	2	62.0	1 6 9/GR20	10
USAEH002	-100.80	26	-90.12	36.11	5.55	3.56	161	2	62.3	1 6 9/GR20 1 6 9/GR21	10
USAEH004	-118.80	26	-91.16	36.05	5.38	3.24	153	2	62.9	156	10
USAPSA02	-165.80	26	-117.79	40.58	4.04	0.82	135	2	63.5	9/GR1	
USAPSA03	-174.80	26	-118.20	40.15	3.63	0.80	136	2	65.3	9/GR2	
USAWH101	-147.80	26	-109.70	38.13	5.52	1.96	142	2	62.3	10	
USAWH102	-156.80	26	-111.40	38.57	5.51	1.55	138	2	63.5	10	
VEN11VEN	-103.80	26	-66.79	6.90	2.50	1.77	122	2	65.5	10	

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ALS00002	-166.20	27	-149.66	58.37	3.76	1.24	170	1	60.0	9/GR1	10
ALS00003	-175.20	27	-150.98	58.53	3.77	1.11	167	1	60.2	9/GR2	10
ARGINSU4	-94.20	27	-52.98	-59.81	3.40	0.80	19	1	60.1	9/GR3	
ARGINSU5	-55.20	27	-44.17	-59.91	3.77	0.80	13	1	59.5	9/GR4	
ARGSUR04	-94.20	27	-65.04	-43.33	3.32	1.50	40	1	60.9	9/GR3	
ARGSUR05 B CE311	-55.20 -64.20	27 27	-63.68 -40.60	-43.01 -6.07	2.54 3.04	2.38 2.06	152 174	1 1	60.3 61.9	9/GR4 8 9/GR7	
B CE312	-45.20	27	-40.27	-6.06	3.44	2.09	174	1	61.3	8 9/GR9	10 11
B CE411	-64.20	27	-50.97	-15.27	3.86	1.38	49	1	62.9	8 9/GR7	
B CE412	-45.20	27	-50.71	-15.30	3.57	1.56	52	1	63.1	8 9/GR9	1012
B CE511	-64.20	27	-53.10	-2.90	2.44	2.13	104	1	63.4	8 9/GR7	
B NO611	-74.20	27 27	-59.60	-11.62	2.85	1.69	165	2 2	63.2	8 9/GR8	
B NO711 B NO811	-74.20 -74.20	27	-60.70 -68.76	-1.78 -4.71	3.54 2.37	1.78 1.65	126 73	2	63.2 63.1	8 9/GR8 8 9/GR8	
B SU111	-81.20	27	-51.12	-25.63	2.76	1.05	50	1	63.2	8 9/GR6	
B SU112	-45.20	27	-50.75	-25.62	2.47	1.48	56	1	62.6	8 9/GR9	11
B SU211	-81.20	27	-44.51	-16.95	3.22	1.36	60	1	62.8	8 9/GR6	
B SU212	-45.20	27	-44.00	-16.87	3.20	1.96	58	1	61.6	8 9/GR9	12
BERBERMU	-96.20	27	-64.77	32.32	0.80	0.80	90	2	57.0	0/075	
BOLAND01 BOL00001	-115.20 -87.20	27 27	-65.04 -64.61	-16.76 -16.71	2.49 2.52	1.27 2.19	76 85	1 1	68.1 64.2	9/GR5	
BRB00001	-87.20 -92.70	27	-64.61 -59.85	12.93	0.80	0.80	90	2	59.4		
CAN01101	-138.20	27	-125.63	57.24	3.45	1.27	157	1	59.7	9/GR10	10
CAN01201	-138.20	27	-112.04	55.95	3.35	0.97	151	1	59.8	9/GR10	10
CAN01202	-72.70	27	-107.70	55.63	2.74	1.12	32	1	59.8		
CAN01203	-129.20	27	-111.48	55.61	3.08	1.15	151	1	59.7	9/GR12	10
CAN01303	-129.20	27	-102.42	57.12	3.54	0.91	154 2	1	60.3	9/GR12	10
CAN01304 CAN01403	-91.20 -129.20	27 27	-99.12 -89.75	57.36 52.02	1.98 4.68	1.72 0.80	148	1	60.1 62.1	9/GR13 9/GR12	10
CAN01403 CAN01404	-91.20	27	-84.82	52.02	3.10	2.05	152	1	60.6	9/GR13	10
CAN01405	-82.20	27	-84.00	52.39	2.84	2.29	172	1	60.5	9/GR14	
CAN01504	-91.20	27	-72.66	53.77	3.57	1.67	156	1	60.4	9/GR13	
CAN01505	-82.20	27	-71.77	53.79	3.30	1.89	162	1	60.4	9/GR14	
CAN01605	-82.20 -70.70	27 27	-61.50 -61.30	49.55 49.55	2.65	1.40	143	1	60.5 60.5	9/GR14	
CAN01606 CHLCONT5	-70.70 -106.20	27	-61.30 -72.23	49.55 -35.57	2.40 2.60	1.65 0.80	148 55	1	59.6	9/GR17	
CHLPAC02	-106.20	27	-80.06	-30.06	1.36	0.80	69	1	59.4	9/GR17	
CLMAND01	-115.20	27	-74.72	5.93	3.85	1.63	114	1	65.4	9/GR5	10
CLM00001	-103.20	27	-74.50	5.87	3.98	1.96	118	1	63.9	10	
CUB00001	-89.20	27	-79.81	21.62	2.24	0.80	168	1	61.3		
EQACAND1	-115.20	27 27	-78.40 -90.34	-1.61 -0.62	1.37 0.90	0.95 0.81	75 89	1 1	64.4 61.6	9/GR5	
EQAGAND1 GRD00059	-115.20 -57.20	27	-90.34 -61.58	-0.62 12.29	0.90	0.81	89 90	1	58.7	9/GR5	
GRLDNK01	-53.20	27	-44.89	66.56	2.70	0.82	173	1	60.2	2	
GUY00201	-84.70	27	-59.19	4.78	1.44	0.85	95	1	63.8	_	
HWA00002	-166.20	27	-165.79	23.42	4.20	0.80	160	1	59.0	9/GR1	10
HWA00003	-175.20	27	-166.10	23.42	4.25	0.80	159	1	59.0	9/GR2	10
MEX01NTE MEX01SUR	-78.20 -69.20	27 27	-105.81 -94.84	26.01 19.82	2.89 3.05	2.08 2.09	155 4	1	60.8 62.5	1	
MEX02NTE	-136.20	27	-94.84 -107.21	26.31	3.84	1.55	148	1	61.5	1	10
MEX02SUR	-127.20	27	-96.39	19.88	3.18	1.87	157	i	62.8	l i	10
MSR00001	-79.70	27	-61.73	16.75	0.80	0.80	90	1	58.9	4	
PAQPAC01	-106.20	27	-109.18	-27.53	0.80	0.80	90	1	56.4	9/GR17	
PRG00002	-99.20	27	-58.66	-23.32	1.45	1.04	76	1	60.5	0/075	
PRUAND02	-115.20	27 27	-74.69	-8.39	3.41	1.79	95 90	1 1	64.3 60.8	9/GR5	
PTRVIR01 PTRVIR02	-101.20 -110.20	27	-65.85 -65.86	18.12 18.12	0.80	0.80	90	1	60.8	1 6 9/GR20 1 6 9/GR21	
URG00001	-71.70	27	-56.22	-32.52	1.02	0.80	11	1	60.2	1 0 2/UK21	
USAEH001	-61.70	27	-85.19	36.21	5.63	3.33	22	1	62.1	156	
USAEH002	-101.20	27	-89.24	36.16	5.67	3.76	170	1	62.0	1 6 9/GR20	10
USAEH003	-110.20	27	-90.14	36.11	5.55	3.55	161	1	62.4	1 6 9/GR21	10
USAEH004	-119.20	27	-91.16	36.05	5.38	3.24	152	1	62.9	156	10
USAPSA02 USAPSA03	-166.20 -175.20	27 27	-117.80 -118.27	40.58 40.12	4.03 3.62	0.82 0.80	135 136	1	63.6 65.4	9/GR1 9/GR2	
USAWH101	-173.20 -148.20	27	-118.27	38.13	5.53	1.95	142	1	62.4	9/GR2 10	
USAWH101	-157.20	27	-109.03	38.57	5.51	1.54	138	1	63.5	10	
VENAND03	-115.20	27	-67.04	6.91	2.37	1.43	111	1	67.7	9/GR5	10
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ALS00002	-165.80	28	-149.63	58.52	3.81	1.23	171	2	59.9	9/GR1	10
ALS00002 ALS00003	-174.80	28	-150.95	58.54	3.77	1.11	167	2	60.2	9/GR1	10
ARGNORT4	-93.80	28	-63.96	-30.01	3.86	1.99	48	2	66.1	37 GRE	
ARGNORT5	-54.80	28	-62.85	-29.80	3.24	2.89	47	2	63.9		
B CE311	-63.80	28	-40.60	-6.07	3.04	2.06	174	2	61.9	8 9/GR7	
B CE312	-44.80	28	-40.26	-6.06	3.44	2.09	174	2	61.3	8 9/GR9	10 11
B CE411	-63.80	28	-50.97	-15.26	3.86	1.38	49	2	62.9	8 9/GR7	
B CE412	-44.80	28	-50.71	-15.30	3.57	1.56	52	2	63.1	8 9/GR9	10 12
B CE511	-63.80	28	-53.11	-2.98	2.42	2.15	107	2	63.4	8 9/GR7	
B NO611	-73.80	28	-59.60	-11.62	2.86	1.69	165	1	63.2	8 9/GR8	
B NO711	-73.80	28	-60.70	-1.78	3.54	1.78	126	1	63.2	8 9/GR8	
B NO811	-73.80	28	-68.75	-4.71	2.37	1.65	73	1	63.2	8 9/GR8	
B SE911 B SU111	-101.80 -80.80	28 28	-45.99 -51.10	-19.09 -25.64	2.22 2.76	0.80 1.06	62 50	2 2	65.7 63.2	8 8 9/GR6	
B SU112	-80.80 -44.80	28	-51.10 -50.76	-25.62	2.76	1.48	56	2	62.6	8 9/GR9	11
B SU211	-80.80	28	-30.76 -44.51	-25.02 -16.94	3.22	1.37	60	2	62.8	8 9/GR6	11
B SU212	-44.80	28	-43.99	-16.97	3.27	1.92	59	2	61.6	8 9/GR9	12
CAN01101	-137.80	28	-125.60	57.24	3.45	1.27	157	2	59.7	9/GR10	10
CAN01201	-137.80	28	-111.92	55.89	3.33	0.98	151	2	59.8	9/GR10	10
CAN01202	-72.30	28	-107.64	55.62	2.75	1.11	32	2	59.8		
CAN01203	-128.80	28	-111.43	55.56	3.07	1.15	151	2	59.7	9/GR12	10
CAN01303	-128.80	28	-102.39	57.12	3.54	0.92	154	2	60.3	9/GR12	10
CAN01304	-90.80	28	-99.00	57.33	1.96	1.73	1	2	60.0	9/GR13	
CAN01403	-128.80	28	-89.70	52.02	4.67	0.80	148	2	62.1	9/GR12	10
CAN01404	-90.80	28	-84.78	52.41	3.09	2.06	153	2	60.6	9/GR13	
CAN01405	-81.80	28	-84.02	52.34	2.82	2.30	172	2	60.5	9/GR14	
CAN01504	-90.80	28	-72.68	53.78	3.57	1.67	157	2	60.4	9/GR13	
CAN01505	-81.80	28	-71.76	53.76	3.30	1.89	162	2	60.4	9/GR14	
CAN01605 CAN01606	-81.80 -70.30	28 28	-61.54 -61.32	49.50 49.51	2.66 2.41	1.39	144 148	2 2	60.5 60.5	9/GR14	
CHLCONT4	-105.80	28	-61.52 -69.59	-23.20	2.41	1.65 0.80	68	2	59.3	9/GR16	
CHLCONT6	-105.80	28	-73.52	-55.52	3.65	1.31	39	2	59.8	9/GR16	
CRBBAH01	-92.30	28	-76.09	24.13	1.83	0.80	141	1	62.0	9/GR18	
CRBBER01	-92.30	28	-64.76	32.13	0.80	0.80	90	1	57.0	9/GR18	
CRBBLZ01	-92.30	28	-88.61	17.26	0.80	0.80	90	1	58.9	9/GR18	
CRBEC001	-92.30	28	-60.07	8.26	4.20	0.86	115	1	64.6	9/GR18	
CRBJMC01	-92.30	28	-79.45	17.97	0.99	0.80	151	1	61.4	9/GR18	
EQAC0001	-94.80	28	-78.31	-1.52	1.48	1.15	65	1	63.3	9/GR19	
EQAG0001	-94.80	28	-90.36	-0.57	0.94	0.89	99	1	61.3	9/GR19	
GRD00003	-79.30	28	-61.62	12.34	0.80	0.80	90	2	58.9		
GTMIFRB2	-107.30	28 28	-90.50	15.64	1.03 4.16	0.80	84	1 2	61.4	2 7	
GUFMGG02 HWA00002	-52.80 -165.80	28	-56.42 -165.79	8.47 23.32	4.10	0.81	123 160	2	63.0 59.0	9/GR1	10
HWA00002	-174.80	28	-166.10	23.42	4.25	0.80	159	2	59.0	9/GR1	10
MEX01NTE	-77.80	28	-105.80	25.99	2.88	2.07	155	2	60.8	1	10
MEX02NTE	-135.80	28	-107.36	26.32	3.80	1.57	149	2	61.5	i	10
MEX02SUR	-126.80	28	-96.39	19.88	3.19	1.87	158	2	62.8	1	10
PNRIFRB2	-121.00	28	-80.15	8.46	1.01	0.80	170	1	65.1		
PRU00004	-85.80	28	-74.19	-8.39	3.74	2.45	112	2	63.2	1	
PTRVIR01	-100.80	28	-65.85	18.12	0.80	0.80	90	2	60.9	1 6 9/GR20	
PTRVIR02	-109.80	28	-65.85	18.12	0.80	0.80	90	2	61.4	1 6 9/GR21	
USAEH001	-61.30	28	-85.16	36.21	5.63	3.32	22	2	62.1	156	
USAEH002	-100.80	28	-89.28	36.16	5.65	3.78	170	2	62.0	1 6 9/GR20	10
USAEH003	-109.80	28	-90.12	36.11	5.55	3.56	161	2 2	62.4	1 6 9/GR21	10
USAEH004	-118.80 -165.80	28 28	-91.16	36.05	5.38 4.04	3.24 0.82	153 135	2	62.9	1 5 6 9/GR1	10
USAPSA02 USAPSA03	-165.80 -174.80	28	-117.79 -118.20	40.58 40.15	3.63	0.82	135	2	63.6 65.3	9/GR1 9/GR2	
USAPSA03 USAWH101	-174.80	28	-118.20	38.13	5.52	1.96	142	2	62.4	10	
USAWH101	-156.80	28	-105.70	38.57	5.51	1.55	138	2	63.5	10	
VEN02VEN	-103.80	28	-63.50	15.50	0.80	0.80	90	2	60.1	9/GR22	
VEN11VEN	-103.80	28	-66.79	6.90	2.50	1.77	122	2	65.6	9/GR22	10
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ALS00002	-166.20	29	-149.66	58.37	3.76	1.24	170	1	59.9	9/GR1	10
ALS00003	-175.20	29	-150.98	58.53	3.77	1.11	167	1	60.2	9/GR2	10
ARGINSU4	-94.20	29	-52.98	-59.81	3.40	0.80	19	1	60.1	9/GR3	
ARGINSU5	-55.20	29	-44.17	-59.91	3.77	0.80	13	1	59.5	9/GR4	
ARGSUR04	-94.20	29	-65.04	-43.33	3.32	1.50	40	1	60.9	9/GR3	
ARGSUR05	-55.20	29	-63.68	-43.01	2.54	2.38	152	1	60.2	9/GR4	
B CE311 B CE312	-64.20	29 29	-40.60 -40.27	-6.07	3.04	2.06	174 174	1 1	61.9 61.2	8 9/GR7	10 11
B CE312 B CE411	-45.20 -64.20	29	-40.27 -50.97	-6.06 -15.27	3.44 3.86	2.09 1.38	49	1	62.9	8 9/GR9 8 9/GR7	10 11
B CE411	-04.20 -45.20	29	-50.71	-15.27	3.57	1.56	52	1	63.0	8 9/GR9	10 12
B CE511	-64.20	29	-53.10	-2.90	2.44	2.13	104	1	63.4	8 9/GR7	1012
B NO611	-74.20	29	-59.60	-11.62	2.85	1.69	165	2	63.1	8 9/GR8	
B NO711	-74.20	29	-60.70	-1.78	3.54	1.78	126	2	63.1	8 9/GR8	
B NO811	-74.20	29	-68.76	-4.71	2.37	1.65	73	2	63.1	8 9/GR8	
B SU111	-81.20	29	-51.12	-25.63	2.76	1.05	50	1	63.2	8 9/GR6	
B SU112	-45.20	29	-50.75	-25.62	2.47	1.48	56	1	62.5	8 9/GR9	11
B SU211	-81.20	29	-44.51	-16.95	3.22	1.36	60	1	62.8	8 9/GR6	10
B SU212 BERBERMU	-45.20 -96.20	29 29	-44.00 -64.77	-16.87 32.32	3.20 0.80	1.96 0.80	58 90	1 2	61.6 57.0	8 9/GR9	12
BOLAND01	-96.20 -115.20	29	-64.77 -65.04	-16.76	2.49	1.27	76	1	68.0	9/GR5	
CAN01101	-113.20	29	-125.63	57.24	3,45	1.27	157	1	59.7	9/GR3	10
CAN01101 CAN01201	-138.20	29	-112.04	55.95	3.35	0.97	151	1	59.8	9/GR10	10
CAN01202	-72.70	29	-107.70	55.63	2.74	1.12	32	1	59.8	7,01110	10
CAN01203	-129.20	29	-111.48	55.61	3.08	1.15	151	1	59.7	9/GR12	10
CAN01303	-129.20	29	-102.42	57.12	3.54	0.91	154	1	60.2	9/GR12	10
CAN01304	-91.20	29	-99.12	57.36	1.98	1.72	2	1	60.0	9/GR13	
CAN01403	-129.20	29	-89.75	52.02	4.68	0.80	148	1	62.1	9/GR12	10
CAN01404	-91.20	29	-84.82	52.42	3.10	2.05	152	1	60.6	9/GR13	
CAN01405	-82.20	29	-84.00	52.39	2.84	2.29	172	1	60.5	9/GR14	
CAN01504 CAN01505	-91.20 -82.20	29 29	-72.66 -71.77	53.77 53.79	3.57 3.30	1.67 1.89	156 162	1	60.4 60.3	9/GR13 9/GR14	
CAN01505 CAN01605	-82.20 -82.20	29	-61.50	49.55	2.65	1.40	143	1	60.5	9/GR14 9/GR14	
CAN01606	-70.70	29	-61.30	49.55	2.40	1.65	148	1	60.4)/GK14	
CHLCONT5	-106.20	29	-72.23	-35.57	2.60	0.80	55	1	59.6	9/GR17	
CHLPAC02	-106.20	29	-80.06	-30.06	1.36	0.80	69	1	59.4	9/GR17	
CLMAND01	-115.20	29	-74.72	5.93	3.85	1.63	114	1	65.3	9/GR5	10
CLM00001	-103.20	29	-74.50	5.87	3.98	1.96	118	1	63.9	10	
EQACAND1	-115.20	29	-78.40	-1.61	1.37	0.95	75	1	64.4	9/GR5	
EQAGAND1	-115.20	29	-90.34	-0.62	0.90	0.81	89	1	61.5	9/GR5	10
HWA00002 HWA00003	-166.20 -175.20	29 29	-165.79 -166.10	23.42 23.42	4.20 4.25	0.80 0.80	160 159	1	59.0 58.9	9/GR1 9/GR2	10 10
JMC00003	-173.20 -92.70	29	-77.30	18.12	0.80	0.80	90	2	60.1	9/GK2	10
KNA00001	- 79.70	29	- 62.46	17.44	0.80	0.80	90	1	58.6		
MEX01NTE	-78.20	29	-105.81	26.01	2.89	2.08	155	1	60.7	1	
MEX01SUR	-69.20	29	-94.84	19.82	3.05	2.09	4	1	62.5	1	
MEX02NTE	-136.20	29	-107.21	26.31	3.84	1.55	148	1	61.4	1	10
MEX02SUR	-127.20	29	-96.39	19.88	3.18	1.87	157	1	62.8	1	10
PAQPAC01	-106.20	29	-109.18	-27.53	0.80	0.80	90	1	56.4	9/GR17	
PRG00002	-99.20	29	-58.66	-23.32	1.45	1.04	76	1	60.4	0/075	
PRUAND02 PTRVIR01	-115.20 -101.20	29 29	-74.69	-8.39 18.12	3.41 0.80	1.79 0.80	95 90	1	64.3 60.8	9/GR5 1 6 9/GR20	
PTRVIR01 PTRVIR02	-101.20	29	-65.85 -65.86	18.12	0.80	0.80	90	1	61.3	1 6 9/GR20 1 6 9/GR21	
SPMFRAN3	-53.20	29	-67.24	47.51	3.16	0.80	7	1	60.6	27	
SURINAM2	-84.70	29	-55.69	4.35	1.00	0.80	86	l i	63.5	2 /	
URG00001	-71.70	29	-56.22	-32.52	1.02	0.89	11	1	60.2		
USAEH001	-61.70	29	-85.19	36.21	5.63	3.33	22	1	62.1	156	
USAEH002	-101.20	29	-89.24	36.16	5.67	3.76	170	1	62.0	1 6 9/GR20	10
USAEH003	-110.20	29	-90.14	36.11	5.55	3.55	161	1	62.3	1 6 9/GR21	10
USAEH004	-119.20	29	-91.16	36.05	5.38	3.24	152	1	62.9	156	10
USAPSA02	-166.20	29	-117.80	40.58	4.03	0.82	135	1	63.5	9/GR1	
USAPSA03	-175.20	29	-118.27	40.12	3.62	0.80	136	1	65.3	9/GR2	
USAWH101 USAWH102	-148.20 -157.20	29 29	-109.65 -111.41	38.13 38.57	5.53 5.51	1.95 1.54	142 138	1	62.3 63.5	10 10	
VENAND03	-157.20 -115.20	29	-111.41 -67.04	6.91	2.37	1.54	111	1	67.6	9/GR5	10
. 24411003	115.20	27	07.04	0.71	2.57	1.43	111	*	07.0	<i>2,</i> GIC3	10

12 646.82 MHz (30)

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ALS00002	-165.80	30	-149.63	58.52	3.81	1.23	171	2	59.9	9/GR1	10
ALS00003 ARGNORT4	-174.80 -93.80	30 30	-150.95 -63.96	58.54 -30.01	3.77 3.86	1.11 1.99	167 48	2 2	60.2 66.0	9/GR2	10
ARGNORT5	-93.80 -54.80	30	-63.96 -62.85	-30.01 -29.80	3.86	2.89	48 47	2	63.8		
ATNBEAM1	-52.80	30	-66.44	14.87	1.83	0.80	39	2	61.3		
B CE311	-63.80	30	-40.60	-6.07	3.04	2.06	174	2	61.9	8 9/GR7	
B CE312	-44.80	30	-40.26	-6.06	3.44	2.09	174	2	61.2	8 9/GR9	10 11
B CE411	-63.80	30	-50.97	-15.26	3.86	1.38	49	2	62.9	8 9/GR7	
B CE412	-44.80	30	-50.71	-15.30	3.57	1.56	52	2	63.0	8 9/GR9	10 12
B CE511	-63.80	30	-53.11	-2.98	2.42	2.15	107	2	63.4	8 9/GR7	
B NO611	-73.80	30	-59.60	-11.62	2.86	1.69	165	1	63.1	8 9/GR8	
B NO711	-73.80	30	-60.70	-1.78	3.54	1.78	126	1	63.1	8 9/GR8	
B NO811	-73.80	30	-68.75	-4.71	2.37	1.65	73	1 2	63.1	8 9/GR8	
B SE911 B SU111	-101.80 -80.80	30 30	-45.99 -51.10	-19.09 -25.64	2.22 2.76	0.80 1.06	62 50	2	65.7 63.1	8 8 9/GR6	
B SU112	-80.80 -44.80	30	-51.10 -50.76	-25.62	2.76	1.48	56	2	62.6	8 9/GR9	11
B SU211	-80.80	30	-44.51	-16.94	3.22	1.37	60	2	62.8	8 9/GR6	11
B SU212	-44.80	30	-43.99	-16.97	3.27	1.92	59	2	61.6	8 9/GR9	12
BLZ00001	-115.80	30	-88.68	17.27	0.80	0.80	90	2	59.2	27,010	
CAN01101	-137.80	30	-125.60	57.24	3.45	1.27	157	2	59.7	9/GR10	10
CAN01201	-137.80	30	-111.92	55.89	3.33	0.98	151	2	59.8	9/GR10	10
CAN01202	-72.30	30	-107.64	55.62	2.75	1.11	32	2	59.8		
CAN01203	-128.80	30	-111.43	55.56	3.07	1.15	151	2	59.7	9/GR12	10
CAN01303	-128.80	30	-102.39	57.12	3.54	0.92	154	2	60.3	9/GR12	10
CAN01304	-90.80	30	-99.00	57.33	1.96	1.73	1	2	60.0	9/GR13	
CAN01403	-128.80	30	-89.70	52.02	4.67	0.80	148	2	62.1	9/GR12	10
CAN01404	-90.80	30	-84.78 -84.02	52.41 52.34	3.09	2.06	153	2 2	60.6	9/GR13	
CAN01405 CAN01504	-81.80 -90.80	30 30	-84.02 -72.68	52.34	2.82 3.57	2.30 1.67	172 157	2 2	60.5 60.4	9/GR14 9/GR13	
CAN01504 CAN01505	-90.80 -81.80	30	-72.08 -71.76	53.76	3.30	1.89	162	2	60.4	9/GR13 9/GR14	
CAN01505 CAN01605	-81.80 -81.80	30	-61.54	49.50	2.66	1.39	144	2	60.5	9/GR14 9/GR14	
CAN01606	-70.30	30	-61.32	49.51	2.41	1.65	148	2	60.4	<i>y</i> , G101 .	
CHLCONT4	-105.80	30	-69.59	-23.20	2.21	0.80	68	2	59.3	9/GR16	
CHLCONT6	-105.80	30	-73.52	-55.52	3.65	1.31	39	2	59.7	9/GR16	
CRBBAH01	-92.30	30	-76.09	24.13	1.83	0.80	141	1	61.9	9/GR18	
CRBBER01	-92.30	30	-64.76	32.13	0.80	0.80	90	1	56.9	9/GR18	
CRBBLZ01	-92.30	30	-88.61	17.26	0.80	0.80	90	1	58.9	9/GR18	
CRBEC001	-92.30	30	-60.07	8.26	4.20	0.86	115	1	64.6	9/GR18	
CRBJMC01	-92.30	30	-79.45	17.97	0.99	0.80	151	1	61.3	9/GR18	
CTR00201	-130.80	30 30	-84.33	9.67	0.82	0.80	119 90	2 2	66.0		
DMAIFRB1 EQAC0001	-79.30 -94.80	30	-61.30 -78.31	15.35 -1.52	0.80 1.48	0.80 1.15	65	1	58.7 63.3	9/GR19	
EQAC0001 EQAG0001	-94.80 -94.80	30	-78.31 -90.36	-0.57	0.94	0.89	99	1	61.2	9/GR19 9/GR19	
HWA00002	-165.80	30	-165.79	23.32	4.20	0.80	160	2	59.0	9/GR1	10
HWA00003	-174.80	30	-166.10	23.42	4.25	0.80	159	2	59.0	9/GR2	10
MEX01NTE	-77.80	30	-105.80	25.99	2.88	2.07	155	2	60.7	1	
MEX02NTE	-135.80	30	-107.36	26.32	3.80	1.57	149	2	61.4	1	10
MEX02SUR	-126.80	30	-96.39	19.88	3.19	1.87	158	2	62.8	1	10
NCG00003	-107.30	30	-84.99	12.90	1.05	1.01	176	1	63.6		
PRU00004	-85.80	30	-74.19	-8.39	3.74	2.45	112	2	63.1		
PTRVIR01	-100.80	30	-65.85	18.12	0.80	0.80	90	2	60.8	1 6 9/GR20	
PTRVIR02	-109.80	30	-65.85	18.12	0.80	0.80	90	2	61.4	1 6 9/GR21	
USAEH001 USAEH002	-61.30 -100.80	30 30	-85.16 -89.28	36.21 36.16	5.63 5.65	3.32 3.78	22 170	2 2	62.1 62.0	1 5 6 1 6 9/GR20	10
USAEH002 USAEH003	-100.80 -109.80	30	-89.28 -90.12	36.16	5.65	3.78	170	2 2	62.0	1 6 9/GR20 1 6 9/GR21	10 10
USAEH003 USAEH004	-109.80	30	-90.12 -91.16	36.05	5.38	3.24	153	2	62.9	1 5 9/GR21 1 5 6	10
USAPSA02	-118.80	30	-91.16 -117.79	40.58	4.04	0.82	135	2	63.5	9/GR1	10
USAPSA02 USAPSA03	-174.80	30	-117.79	40.38	3.63	0.82	136	2	65.3	9/GR1 9/GR2	
USAWH101	-147.80	30	-109.70	38.13	5.52	1.96	142	2	62.3	10	
USAWH102	-156.80	30	-111.40	38.57	5.51	1.55	138	2	63.5	10	
VEN11VEN	-103.80	30	-66.79	6.90	2.50	1.77	122	2	65.5	10	

12 661.40 MHz (31)

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ALS00002 -	-166.20	31	-149.66	58.37	3.76	1.24	170	1	60.0	9/GR1	10
	-175.20	31	-150.98	58.53	3.77	1.11	167	1	60.2	9/GR2	10
ARGINSU4	-94.20	31	-52.98	-59.81	3.40	0.80	19	1	60.1	9/GR3	
ARGINSU5	-55.20	31	-44.17	-59.91	3.77	0.80	13	1	59.5	9/GR4	
ARGSUR04 ARGSUR05	-94.20	31 31	-65.04 -63.68	-43.33 -43.01	3.32 2.54	1.50	40 152	1	60.9 60.3	9/GR3	
B CE311	-55.20 -64.20	31	-63.68 -40.60	-43.01 -6.07	3.04	2.38 2.06	174	1	61.9	9/GR4 8 9/GR7	
B CE312	-45.20	31	-40.27	-6.06	3.44	2.09	174	1	61.3	8 9/GR9	10 11
B CE411	-64.20	31	-50.97	-15.27	3.86	1.38	49	1	62.9	8 9/GR7	
B CE412	-45.20	31	-50.71	-15.30	3.57	1.56	52	1	63.1	8 9/GR9	10 12
B CE511	-64.20	31	-53.10	-2.90	2.44	2.13	104	1	63.4	8 9/GR7	
B NO611 B NO711	-74.20 -74.20	31 31	-59.60	-11.62 -1.78	2.85	1.69	165	2 2	63.2	8 9/GR8	
B NO711 B NO811	-74.20 -74.20	31	-60.70 -68.76	-1.78 -4.71	3.54 2.37	1.78 1.65	126 73	2	63.2 63.1	8 9/GR8 8 9/GR8	
B SU111	-81.20	31	-51.12	-25.63	2.76	1.05	50	1	63.2	8 9/GR6	
B SU112	-45.20	31	-50.75	-25.62	2.47	1.48	56	1	62.6	8 9/GR9	11
B SU211	-81.20	31	-44.51	-16.95	3.22	1.36	60	1	62.8	8 9/GR6	
B SU212	-45.20	31	-44.00	-16.87	3.20	1.96	58	1	61.6	8 9/GR9	12
BERBERMU	-96.20	31	-64.77	32.32	0.80	0.80	90	2	57.0	o/CD5	
BOLAND01 - BOL00001	-115.20 -87.20	31 31	-65.04 -64.61	-16.76 -16.71	2.49 2.52	1.27 2.19	76 85	1 1	68.1 64.2	9/GR5	
BOL00001 BRB00001	-87.20 -92.70	31	-64.61 -59.85	-16.71 12.93	0.80	0.80	85 90	2	59.4		
	-138.20	31	-125.63	57.24	3.45	1.27	157	1	59.7	9/GR10	10
	-138.20	31	-112.04	55.95	3.35	0.97	151	1	59.8	9/GR10	10
	-72.70	31	-107.70	55.63	2.74	1.12	32	1	59.8		
	-129.20	31	-111.48	55.61	3.08	1.15	151	1	59.7	9/GR12	10
	-129.20	31	-102.42	57.12	3.54	0.91	154	1	60.3	9/GR12	10
CAN01304 CAN01403 -	-91.20 -129.20	31 31	-99.12 -89.75	57.36 52.02	1.98 4.68	1.72 0.80	2 148	1	60.1 62.1	9/GR13 9/GR12	10
CAN01403 -	-129.20 -91.20	31	-89.73 -84.82	52.42	3.10	2.05	152	1	60.6	9/GR12 9/GR13	10
CAN01405	-82.20	31	-84.00	52.39	2.84	2.29	172	1	60.5	9/GR14	
CAN01504	-91.20	31	-72.66	53.77	3.57	1.67	156	1	60.4	9/GR13	
CAN01505	-82.20	31	-71.77	53.79	3.30	1.89	162	1	60.4	9/GR14	
CAN01605	-82.20	31	-61.50	49.55	2.65	1.40	143	1	60.5	9/GR14	
CAN01606 CHLCONT5 -	-70.70 -106.20	31 31	-61.30 -72.23	49.55 -35.57	2.40 2.60	1.65 0.80	148 55	1	60.5 59.6	9/GR17	
	-106.20	31	-72.23 -80.06	-33.37 -30.06	1.36	0.80	69	1	59.6	9/GR17 9/GR17	
	-115.20	31	-74.72	5.93	3.85	1.63	114	1	65.4	9/GR5	10
	-103.20	31	-74.50	5.87	3.98	1.96	118	1	63.9	10	
CUB00001	-89.20	31	-79.81	21.62	2.24	0.80	168	1	61.3		
	-115.20	31	-78.40	-1.61	1.37	0.95	75	1	64.4	9/GR5	
EQAGAND1 - GRD00059	-115.20 -57.20	31 31	-90.34 -61.58	-0.62 12.29	0.90	0.81	89 90	1	61.6	9/GR5	
GRLDNK01	-57.20 -53.20	31	-61.38 -44.89	66.56	0.80 2.70	0.80 0.82	173	1	58.7 60.2	2	
GUY00201	-84.70	31	-59.19	4.78	1.44	0.82	95	1	63.8	_	
	-166.20	31	-165.79	23.42	4.20	0.80	160	1	59.0	9/GR1	10
	-175.20	31	-166.10	23.42	4.25	0.80	159	1	59.0	9/GR2	10
	-78.20	31	-105.81	26.01	2.89	2.08	155	1	60.8	1	
	-69.20	31	-94.84	19.82	3.05	2.09	4	1	62.5	1	10
	-136.20 -127.20	31 31	-107.21 -96.39	26.31 19.88	3.84 3.18	1.55 1.87	148 157	1	61.5 62.8	1	10 10
MSR00001	-79.70	31	-61.73	16.75	0.80	0.80	90	1	58.9	4	10
	-106.20	31	-109.18	-27.53	0.80	0.80	90	1	56.4	9/GR17	
	-99.20	31	-58.66	-23.32	1.45	1.04	76	1	60.5		
PRUAND02 -	-115.20	31	-74.69	-8.39	3.41	1.79	95	1	64.3	9/GR5	
	-101.20	31	-65.85	18.12	0.80	0.80	90	1	60.8	1 6 9/GR20	
PTRVIR02 - URG00001	-110.20 -71.70	31 31	-65.86 -56.22	18.12 -32.52	0.80 1.02	0.80 0.89	90 11	1	61.3 60.2	1 6 9/GR21	
	-/1./0 -61.70	31	-56.22 -85.19	-32.52 36.21	5.63	3.33	22	1	62.1	156	
	-101.20	31	-89.24	36.16	5.67	3.76	170	1	62.0	1 6 9/GR20	10
	-110.20	31	-90.14	36.11	5.55	3.55	161	1	62.4	1 6 9/GR21	10
USAEH004 -	-119.20	31	-91.16	36.05	5.38	3.24	152	1	62.9	156	10
	-166.20	31	-117.80	40.58	4.03	0.82	135	1	63.6	9/GR1	
	-175.20	31	-118.27	40.12	3.62	0.80	136	1	65.4	9/GR2	
	-148.20 -157.20	31 31	-109.65 -111.41	38.13 38.57	5.53 5.51	1.95 1.54	142 138	1	62.4 63.5	10	
	-137.20 -115.20	31	-111.41 -67.04	6.91	2.37	1.43	111	1	67.7	9/GR5	10

12 675.98 MHz (32)

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	4	3	4			5	6	7	8	9	
ALS00002	-165.80	32	-149.63	58.52	3.81	1.23	171	2	59.9	9/GR1	10
	-174.80	32	-149.05	58.54	3.77	1.11	167	2	60.2	9/GR2	10
ARGNORT4	-93.80	32	-63.96	-30.01	3.86	1.99	48	2	66.1), G112	10
ARGNORT5	-54.80	32	-62.85	-29.80	3.24	2.89	47	2	63.9		
B CE311	-63.80	32	-40.60	-6.07	3.04	2.06	174	2	61.9	8 9/GR7	
B CE312	-44.80	32	-40.26	-6.06	3.44	2.09	174	2	61.3	8 9/GR9	10 11
B CE411	-63.80	32	-50.97	-15.26	3.86	1.38	49	2	62.9	8 9/GR7	
B CE412	-44.80	32	-50.71	-15.30	3.57	1.56	52	2	63.1	8 9/GR9	10 12
B CE511	-63.80	32	-53.11	-2.98	2.42	2.15	107	2	63.4	8 9/GR7	
B NO611	-73.80	32	-59.60	-11.62	2.86	1.69	165	1	63.2	8 9/GR8	
B NO711 B NO811	-73.80	32	-60.70	-1.78	3.54	1.78	126	1	63.2	8 9/GR8	
B SE911	-73.80 -101.80	32 32	-68.75 -45.99	-4.71 -19.09	2.37 2.22	1.65 0.80	73 62	1 2	63.2 65.7	8 9/GR8 8	
B SU111	-80.80	32	-43.99 -51.10	-25.64	2.76	1.06	50	2	63.2	8 9/GR6	
B SU112	-44.80	32	-50.76	-25.62	2.47	1.48	56	2	62.6	8 9/GR9	11
B SU211	-80.80	32	-44.51	-16.94	3.22	1.37	60	2	62.8	8 9/GR6	
B SU212	-44.80	32	-43.99	-16.97	3.27	1.92	59	2	61.6	8 9/GR9	12
CAN01101	-137.80	32	-125.60	57.24	3.45	1.27	157	2	59.7	9/GR10	10
CAN01201	-137.80	32	-111.92	55.89	3.33	0.98	151	2	59.8	9/GR10	10
CAN01202	-72.30	32	-107.64	55.62	2.75	1.11	32	2	59.8		
	-128.80	32	-111.43	55.56	3.07	1.15	151	2	59.7	9/GR12	10
	-128.80	32	-102.39	57.12	3.54	0.92	154	2	60.3	9/GR12	10
CAN01304	-90.80	32	-99.00	57.33	1.96	1.73	1	2	60.0	9/GR13	
CAN01403	-128.80	32	-89.70	52.02	4.67	0.80	148	2 2	62.1	9/GR12	10
CAN01404 CAN01405	-90.80 -81.80	32 32	-84.78 -84.02	52.41 52.34	3.09 2.82	2.06 2.30	153 172	2	60.6 60.5	9/GR13 9/GR14	
CAN01403 CAN01504	-81.80 -90.80	32	-84.02 -72.68	53.78	3.57	1.67	157	2	60.3	9/GR14 9/GR13	
CAN01504 CAN01505	-90.80 -81.80	32	-72.08 -71.76	53.76	3.30	1.89	162	2	60.4	9/GR13	
CAN01605	-81.80	32	-61.54	49.50	2.66	1.39	144	2	60.5	9/GR14	
CAN01606	-70.30	32	-61.32	49.51	2.41	1.65	148	2	60.5	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
CHLCONT4	-105.80	32	-69.59	-23.20	2.21	0.80	68	2	59.3	9/GR16	
CHLCONT6	-105.80	32	-73.52	-55.52	3.65	1.31	39	2	59.8	9/GR16	
CRBBAH01	-92.30	32	-76.09	24.13	1.83	0.80	141	1	62.0	9/GR18	
CRBBER01	-92.30	32	-64.76	32.13	0.80	0.80	90	1	57.0	9/GR18	
CRBBLZ01	-92.30	32	-88.61	17.26	0.80	0.80	90	1	58.9	9/GR18	
CRBEC001	-92.30	32	-60.07	8.26	4.20	0.86	115	1	64.6	9/GR18	
CRBJMC01 EQAC0001	-92.30 -94.80	32 32	-79.45 -78.31	17.97 -1.52	0.99 1.48	0.80 1.15	151 65	1	61.4 63.3	9/GR18 9/GR19	
EQAC0001 EQAG0001	-94.80 -94.80	32	-78.31 -90.36	-0.57	0.94	0.89	99	1	61.3	9/GR19	
GRD00003	-79.30	32	-61.62	12.34	0.80	0.80	90	2	58.9	9/GK19	
GTMIFRB2	-107.30	32	-90.50	15.64	1.03	0.80	84	1	61.4		
GUFMGG02	-52.80	32	-56.42	8.47	4.16	0.81	123	2	63.0	2.7	
HWA00002	-165.80	32	-165.79	23.32	4.20	0.80	160	2	59.0	9/GR1	10
	-174.80	32	-166.10	23.42	4.25	0.80	159	2	59.0	9/GR2	10
MEX01NTE	-77.80	32	-105.80	25.99	2.88	2.07	155	2	60.8	1	
	-135.80	32	-107.36	26.32	3.80	1.57	149	2	61.5	1	10
	-126.80	32	-96.39	19.88	3.19	1.87	158	2	62.8	1	10
PNRIFRB2 PRU00004	-121.00 -85.80	32 32	-80.15 -74.19	8.46 -8.39	1.01 3.74	0.80 2.45	170 112	1 2	65.1 63.2		
	-100.80	32	-65.85	18.12	0.80	0.80	90	2	60.9	1 6 9/GR20	
	-100.80	32	-65.85	18.12	0.80	0.80	90	2	61.4	1 6 9/GR20 1 6 9/GR21	
USAEH001	-61.30	32	-85.16	36.21	5.63	3.32	22	2	62.1	156	
	-100.80	32	-89.28	36.16	5.65	3.78	170	2	62.0	1 6 9/GR20	10
	-109.80	32	-90.12	36.11	5.55	3.56	161	2	62.4	1 6 9/GR21	10
	-118.80	32	-91.16	36.05	5.38	3.24	153	2	62.9	156	10
	-165.80	32	-117.79	40.58	4.04	0.82	135	2	63.6	9/GR1	
	-174.80	32	-118.20	40.15	3.63	0.80	136	2	65.3	9/GR2	
	-147.80	32	-109.70	38.13	5.52	1.96	142	2	62.4	10	
	-156.80	32	-111.40	38.57	5.51	1.55	138	2 2	63.5	10 0/CB22	
	-103.80 -103.80	32 32	-63.50 -66.79	15.50 6.90	0.80 2.50	0.80 1.77	90 122	2	60.1 65.6	9/GR22 9/GR22	10
. 2.1111 7 2.11	103.00	32	00.77	0.70	2.50	1.//	122	2	05.0	J, GR22	10

ARTICLE 11 (REV.WRC-12)

Plan for the broadcasting-satellite service in the frequency bands 11.7-12.2 GHz in Region 3 and 11.7-12.5 GHz in Region 1

11.1 COLUMN HEADINGS OF THE PLAN

- Col. 1 Notifying administration symbol.
- Col. 2 Beam identification (Column 2, normally, contains the symbol designating the administration or the geographical area taken from Table B1 of the Preface to the International Frequency List, followed by the symbol designating the service area).
- Col. 3 *Nominal orbital position*, in degrees and hundredths of a degree from the Greenwich meridian (negative values indicate longitudes which are west of the Greenwich meridian; positive values indicate longitudes which are east of the Greenwich meridian).
- Col. 4 Nominal intersection of the beam axis with the Earth (boresight or aim point in the case of a non-elliptical beam), longitude and latitude, in degrees and hundredths of a degree.
- Col. 5 Space station transmitting antenna characteristics (elliptical beams). This column contains three numerical values corresponding to the major axis, the minor axis and the major axis orientation respectively of the elliptical cross-section half-power beamwidth, in degrees and hundredths of a degree. Orientation of the ellipse is determined as follows: in a plane normal to the beam axis, the direction of a major axis of the ellipse is specified as the angle measured anticlockwise from a line parallel to the equatorial plane to the major axis of the ellipse, to the nearest degree.
- Col. 6 Space station transmitting antenna pattern code.

The codes used for the antenna pattern of the transmitting space station (downlink) antenna are defined as follows:

MOD13FRTSS	Figure 13 in Annex 5 (Recommendation ITU-R BO.1445)
R13TSS	Figure 9 and § 3.13.3 in Annex 5
R123FR	Figure 11 and § 3.13.3 in Annex 5

In cases where the "Space station transmitting antenna pattern code" field is blank, the necessary antenna pattern data are provided by shaped beam data submitted by the administration. These data are stored in Column 7. A particular shaped beam is identified by the combination of Column 1, Column 7 and Column 13. In such cases the maximum cross-polar gain is given under Column 8 in the "Cross-polar gain" field.

In cases where the "Space station transmitting antenna pattern code" field contains a code which starts with "CB_" characters, it is a composite beam. Any composite beam consists of two or more elliptical beams. Each composite beam is described in the special composite beam file as having the same name plus a GXT extension (e.g. the description of the CB_COMP_BM1 composite beam is stored in the CB_COMP_BM1.GXT file).

- Col. 7 Space station transmitting antenna shaped (non-elliptical and non-composite) beam identification.
- Col. 8 Maximum space station transmitting antenna co-polar and cross-polar (in the case of shaped beam) isotropic gain (dBi).
- Col. 9 Earth station receiving antenna pattern code and maximum antenna co-polar gain (dBi).

The codes used for receiving earth station (downlink) antenna patterns are defined as follows:

R13RES	Figure 7 and § 3.7.2 in Annex 5
MODRES	Figure 7bis and § 3.7.2 in Annex 5 (Recommendation ITU-R BO.1213)

- Col. 10 Polarization (CL circular left, CR circular right, LE linear referenced to the equatorial plane) and polarization angle in degrees and hundredths of a degree (in the case of linear polarization only).
- Col. 11 *e.i.r.p.* in the direction of maximum radiation (dBW).
- Col. 12 Designation of emission.
- Col. 13 *Identity of the space station.*
- Col. 14 *Group code* (an identification code which indicates that all assignments with the same group identification code will be treated as a group).

Group code: if an assignment is part of the group:

- a) The equivalent protection margin to be used for the application of Article 4 shall be calculated on the following basis:
 - for the calculation of interference to assignments that are part of a group, only the interference contributions from assignments that are not part of the same group are to be included; and
 - for the calculation of interference from assignments belonging to a group to assignments that are not part of that same group, only the worst interference contribution from that group shall be used on a test point to test point basis.

b) If an administration notifies the same frequency in more than one beam of a group for use at the same time, the aggregate carrier-to-interference ratio (C/I) produced by all emissions from that group shall not exceed the C/I ratio calculated on the basis of § a) above.

Col. 15 Assignment status.

The assignment status codes used for beams are defined as follows:

P	Assignment in the Plan which has not been brought into use and/or the date of bringing into use has not been confirmed to the Bureau. For this category of assignments, WRC-2000 protection ratios are applied (21 dB co-channel and 16 dB adjacent channel).
PE	Assignment in the Plan which is in conformity with Appendix 30, has been notified, brought into use and the date of bringing into use has been confirmed to the Bureau before 12 May 2000. For this category of assignments, WRC-97 protection ratios are applied (24 dB co-channel and 16 dB adjacent channel).

Col. 16 Remarks.

11.2 TEXT FOR NOTES IN THE REMARKS COLUMN OF THE PLAN (WRC-03)

- 1 To be dedicated to the Islamic programme envisaged in WARC SAT-77 documents.
- Not used.
- Provisional beam. These assignments have been included in the Plan by WRC-97. These assignments are for exclusive use by Palestine, subject to the Israeli-Palestinian Interim Agreement of 28 September 1995, Resolution 741 of the Council notwithstanding and Resolution 99 (Minneapolis, 1998) of the Plenipotentiary Conference.
- 4 Assignment intended to ensure coverage of Algeria, Libya, Morocco, Mauritania and Tunisia, with the agreement of the countries concerned. If required, it may be used with the characteristics of the beam TUN15000.

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- 5 This assignment shall be brought into use only when the limits referred to in Table 1 are not exceeded or with the agreement of the administrations identified in Table 2, whose networks/beams listed in this Table may be affected, with respect to (see also the Note to § 11.2):
- a) assignments in the Region 2 Plan on 12 May 2000; or
- b) assignments in the terrestrial services which are recorded in the Master Register with a favourable finding or received by the Bureau prior to 12 May 2000 for recording in the Master Register and which subsequently receive a favourable finding based on the Plan as it existed on 12 May 2000; or
- c) assignments in the fixed-satellite service which:
 - are recorded in the Master Register prior to 12 May 2000 with a favourable finding; or
 - have been coordinated under the provisions of No. 9.7 (or No. 1060) or § 7.2.1 of Article 7 prior to 12 May 2000; or
 - are in process of coordination under the provisions of No. **9.7** (or No. **1060**) or § 7.2.1 of Article 7 prior to 31 July 2000 for which complete Appendix **4** data (or Appendix **3** data, as appropriate) have been received by the Bureau under the relevant provisions of Article **9** (or Article **11**, as appropriate):
 - filings received by the Bureau prior to 12 May 2000 at 1700 h (Istanbul time) shall be taken into account in the pertinent compatibility analysis by applying the pfd criteria referred to in Table 1; or
 - filings received by the Bureau after 12 May 2000 at 1700 h (Istanbul time), but before 31 July 2000, shall be taken into account by applying the sharing criteria of -138 dB(W/(m² · 27 MHz)) or the pfd criteria referred to in Table 1, whichever is higher.
- This assignment shall not claim protection from interference caused by the assignments which pertain to networks/beams identified in Table 3 which are in conformity with the Region 2 Plan on 12 May 2000 (see also the Note to § 11.2).
- This assignment shall not claim protection from interference caused by assignments in the fixed-satellite service which pertain to networks/beams identified in Table 3 (see also the Note to § 11.2) and:
- a) either are recorded in the Master Register with a favourable finding prior to 12 May 2000;
- b) or for which complete Appendix 4 data (or Appendix 3 data, as appropriate) under the relevant provisions of Article 9 (or No. 1060, or § 7.2.1 of Article 7, as appropriate) have been received prior to 12 May 2000, which have been brought into use prior to 12 May 2000 and for which the complete due diligence information, in accordance with Annex 2 to Resolution 49 (WRC-97)*, has been received prior to 12 May 2000.

^{*} Note by the Secretariat: This Resolution was revised by WRC-2000, WRC-03, WRC-07 and WRC-12.

This assignment shall not claim protection from the assignments of the administrations for terrestrial services identified in Table 4 which are recorded in the Master Register with a favourable finding, or received by the Bureau prior to 12 May 2000 for recording in the Master Register and which subsequently receive a favourable finding based on the Plan as it existed on 12 May 2000 (see also the Note to § 11.2).

9 (SUP – WRC-12)

TABLE 1

Symbol	Criteria
a	§ 3 of Annex 1 ¹
b	§ 4 of Annex 1 ¹
С	§ 6 of Annex 1 ¹

¹ These paragraphs and this Annex are contained in this Appendix as adopted by WRC-03.

NOTE – In cases where assignments from the WRC-97 Plan without remarks were included in the WRC-2000 Regions 1 and 3 Plan without change, or with conversion of modulation from analogue to digital, or a change from normal roll-off to fast roll-off antenna characteristics, the coordination status afforded by the WRC-97 Plan shall be preserved.

In cases where assignments from the WRC-97 Plan with remarks were included in the WRC-2000 Regions 1 and 3 Plan without change, or with conversion of modulation from analogue to digital, or a change from normal roll-off to fast roll-off antenna pattern, the compatibility will be reassessed using the revised criteria and methodology of WRC-2000 and the remarks of the WRC-97 Plan assignment will either be maintained or reduced on the basis of the results of this analysis.

In other cases the methodology described in Notes 5 to 8 shall be applied.

TABLE 2 (WRC-12)

Affected administrations and corresponding networks/beams identified based on Note 5 in § 11.2 of Article 11

			В Т	0
Beam name	Channels	Ref. Table 1	Affected administrations*	Affected networks/beams/terrestrial stations*
ARS34000	40	0	CHN, G, HOL, J, KOR, MLA, PAK, THA, UAE, USA	AM-SAT A4, APSTAR-4, ASIASAT-AKX, ASIASAT-CKX, ASIASAT-EK1, ASIASAT-EKX, ABMSRAT-IF, EMARSAT-IF, EMARSAT-IF, EMARSAT-IF, EMARSAT-II, MEASAT-91.5E, N-SAT-110, N-SAT-110, N-SAT-128, N-SS-9, PAKSAT-I, SIC-I, THAICOM-A2B, THAICOM-CI, THAICOM-GIK
BEL01800	26, 28, 30, 32, 34, 36, 38, 40	2	PAK	PAKSAT-1
BFA10700	22, 24	3	Е	HISPASAT-1, HISPASAT-2C3 KU
BHR25500	25	3	PAK	PAKSAT-1
CPV30100	2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12	0	USA	INTELSAT7 325.5E
CVA08300	1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11	3	USA	INTELSAT7 359E, INTELSAT8 359E, INTELSAT10 359E
CYP08600	1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13	0	USA	INTELSAT7 359E, INTELSAT8 359E
FSM00000	1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13	c	USA	INTELSAT7 157E
GMB30200	1, 5, 9, 13, 17	3	USA	USASAT-26A
GNB30400	22, 24	0	В	HISPASAT-1, HISPASAT-2C3 KU
GRC10500	2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12	2	USA	INTELSAT7 359E, INTELSAT8 359E, INTELSAT10 359E
GUI19200	2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20	2	USA	USASAT-26A
IRL21100	1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13, 15, 17, 19	2	USA	USASAT-26A
ISL04900	27	а	GUY	GUY00302
ISL04900	29, 39	а	JMC	JMC00005
ISL04900	31, 33, 35, 37	а	GUY, JMC	GUY00302, JMC00005
ISL04900	23	c	B, HOL, USA	B-SAT I, INTELSAT8 304.5E, NSS-18, USASAT-14L, USASAT-26G
ISL05000	22, 24, 26	c	НОГ	NSS-18
KIR100	1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13	2	USA	INTELSAT7 174E, INTELSAT7 177E, INTELSAT7 178E, INTELSAT8 174E, INTELSAT8 178E, USASAT-14K
KIR_100	17, 21	0	USA	USASAT-14K
LBR24400	1, 5, 9, 13	c	USA	INTELSAT7 325.5E
MDA06300	28, 30, 32, 34, 36, 38, 40	၁	ТНА	THAICOM-C1
MLI_100	1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13	၁	USA	INTELSAT7 342E, INTELSAT7 340E, INTELSAT8 342E, INTELSAT8 340E

Ream name	Channels	Ref.	Affected administrations*	Affected networks/heans/terrestrial stations*
		Table 1		
MNG24800	31, 35	С	CHN, THA	APSTAR-4, THAICOM-A2B, THAICOM-G1K
MOZ30700	2, 6, 10	С	USA	INTELSAT7 359E, INTELSAT8 359E, INTELSAT10 359E
NGR11500	2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20	၁	USA	USASAT-26A
NOR12000	1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13	o	USA	INTELSAT7 359E, INTELSAT8 359E, INTELSAT10 359E
POL13200	28, 30, 32, 34, 36, 38, 40	၁	ТНА	THAICOM-C1
POR_100	1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13, 15, 17, 19	2	USA	USASAT-26A
RUS-4	28, 29, 33, 37	0	G, KOR	AM-SAT A4, KOREASAT-1, KOREASAT-2
RUS-4	31, 35, 39	0	D	AM-SAT A4
SEN22200	23	С	USA	USASAT-26A
SEY00000	26, 28, 30, 32, 34, 36, 38, 40	c	UAE	EMARSAT- IF
SOM31200	26, 28, 30, 32, 34, 36, 38, 40	c	PAK	PAKSAT-1
TGO22600	1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11	С	USA	INTELSAT8 330.5E
TGO22600	13	С	E, USA	HISPASAT-1, HISPASAT-2C3 KU, INTELSAT8 330.5E
TGO22600	15, 17, 19	С	В	HISPASAT-1, HISPASAT-2C3 KU
TJK06900	26, 28, 30, 32, 34, 36, 38, 40	c	PAK, UAE	EMARSAT-1F, PAKSAT-1
TKM06800	26	3	HOL, PAK, UAE	EMARSAT-1F, EMARSAT-1G, NSS-8, PAKSAT-1
TKM06800	28	С	HOL, J, PAK, THA, UAE	EMARSAT-1F, EMARSAT-1G, JCSAT-3B, NSS-8, PAKSAT-1, THAICOM-C1
TKM06800	30, 32, 34, 36, 38, 40	၁	HOL, J, KOR, PAK, THA, UAE	EMARSAT-1F, EMARSAT-1G, JCSAT-3B, KOREASAT-1, NSS-8, PAKSAT-1, SJC-1, THAICOM-C1
TON21500	2, 6, 10, 14, 18, 20, 22, 24	၁	USA	USASAT-14K
UAE27400	27	c	НОГ	8-SSN
UAE27400	31, 35, 39	С	HOL, THA	NSS-8, THAICOM-CI
ZWE13500	1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13	c	USA	INTELSAT7 359E, INTELSAT8 359E

* Administrations and corresponding networks/beams/lerrestrial stations whose assignment(s) may receive interference from the beam shown in the left-hand column.

TABLE 3 (WRC-12)

Affecting administrations and corresponding networks/beams identified based on Notes 6 and 7 in \$ 11.2 of Article 11

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Beam name	Channels	Note	Affecting administrations*	Affecting networks/beams*
AGL29500	1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13	7	HOL, USA	INTELSAT7 338.5E, INTELSAT7 342E, INTELSAT8 338.5E
AND34100	2, 6, 10, 12		HOL, USA	INTELSAT7 319.5E, INTELSAT8 319.5E, USASAT-26A, INTELSAT8 328.5E
AND34100	14, 16, 18, 20		USA	USASAT-26A
ARM06400	26, 28, 30, 32, 34, 36, 38, 40		ſ	JCSAT-3B
ARS34000	40		ſ	JCSAT-3A, JCSAT-3B
ARS_100	26, 28, 30, 32, 34, 36, 38, 40		ſ	JCSAT-3A, JCSAT-3B
AUSB_100	4, 8, 12	7	USA	INTELSAT7 174E
AZE06400	25, 27, 29, 31, 33, 35, 37, 39	7	J	JCSAT-3A, JCSAT-3B
BEN23300	1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13	7	HOL, USA	INTELSAT7 338.5E, INTELSAT7 342E, INTELSAT8 338.5E
BFA10700	22, 24	7	E	HISPASAT-1, HISPASAT-2C3 KU
BHR25500	25, 27, 29, 31, 33, 35, 37, 39	7	J	JCSAT-3A, JCSAT-3B
COD_100	2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12	7	HOL, USA	INTELSAT7 338.5E, INTELSAT7 342E, INTELSAT8 338.5E
COG23500	1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13		NSA	INTELSAT7 342E
COM20700	25, 27, 29, 31, 33, 35, 37, 39		ſ	JCSAT-3B
CPV30100	2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12		USA	INTELSAT8 328.5E
CTI23700	1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13	7	HOL, USA	INTELSAT7 338.5E, INTELSAT7 342E, INTELSAT8 338.5E
CVA08300	1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11		NSA	INTELSAT7 359E
CYP08600	1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13		NSA	INTELSAT7 359E
CZE14401	1,9		USA	INTELSAT7 342E
CZE14403	2		NSA	INTELSAT7 342E
D 08700	1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13		HOL, USA	INTELSAT7 338.5E, INTELSAT7 342E, INTELSAT8 338.5E
DNK090XR	29	9	JMC	JMC00005
DNK090XR	33	9	GUY, JMC	GUY00302, JMC00005
DNK091XR	31, 35	9	GUY, JMC	GUY00302, JMC00005
DNK_100	1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13	<i>L</i>	HOL, USA	INTELSAT7 338.5E, INTELSAT7 342E, INTELSAT8 338.5E
EGY02600	2, 6, 8, 10, 12	7	USA	INTELSAT7 359E
ERI09200	25, 27, 29, 31, 33, 35, 37, 39		ſ	JCSAT-3B
FJI19300	1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13	7	HOL, USA	INTELSAT7 174E, INTELSAT7 177E, INTELSAT7 183E, INTELSAT IBS 183E
F100	25, 27, 29, 31, 33, 35, 37, 39	7	J	JCSAT-3A, JCSAT-3B
G 02700	2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12	7	USA	INTELSAT8 328.5E
GAB26000	1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13	7	USA	INTELSAT7 342E
GMB30200	1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13	7	HOL, USA	INTELSAT7 319.5E, INTELSAT8 319.5E, USASAT-26A, INTELSAT8 328.5E
GMB30200	15, 17, 19		NSA	USASAT-26A
GNB30400	22, 24		Ξ	HISPASAT-1, HISPASAT-2C3 KU
GRC10500	2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12		NSA	INTELSAT7 359E
GUI19200	2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12	7	HOL, USA	INTELSAT7 319.5E, INTELSAT8 319.5E, USASAT-26A, INTELSAT8 328.5E

Beam name	Channels	Note	administrations*	Affecting networks/beams*
GUI19200	14, 16, 18, 20	7	USA	USASAT-26A
HNG10601	3,11	7	USA	INTELSAT7 342E
HNG10602	9	7	USA	INTELSAT7 342E
HNG10603	2	7	USA	INTELSAT7 342E
HRV14801	5, 13	7	USA	INTELSAT7 342E
HRV14802	10	7	USA	INTELSAT7 342E
HRV14803	2	7	USA	INTELSAT7 342E
IRL21100	1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13	7	HOL, USA	INTELSAT7 319.5E, INTELSAT8 319.5E, USASAT-26A
IRL21100	15, 17, 19	7	USA	USASAT-26A
ISL04900	27	9	GUY	GUY00302
ISL04900	29, 39	9	JMC	JMC00005
ISL04900	31, 33, 35, 37	9	GUY, JMC	GUY00302, JMC00005
KIR_100	1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13	7	USA	INTELSAT7 174E, INTELSAT7 177E, INTELSAT8 174E
KWT11300	26, 28, 30, 32, 34, 36, 38, 40	7	J	JCSAT-3A, JCSAT-3B
LBR24400	1, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13	7	USA	INTELSAT8 328.5E
LBY_100	2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12	7	HOL, USA	INTELSAT7 338.5E, INTELSAT7 342E, INTELSAT8 338.5E
LSO30500	1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13	7	USA	INTELSAT7 359E
MAU100	26, 28, 30, 32, 34, 36, 38, 40	7	J	JCSAT-3A, JCSAT-3B
MLI_100	1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13	7	HOL, USA	INTELSAT7 338.5E, INTELSAT7 342E, INTELSAT8 338.5E
MNG24800	27	7	J	JCSAT-3A, JCSAT-1R, SUPERBIRD-C
MNG24800	29, 31, 33, 35, 37, 39	7	CHN, J, THA	JCSAT-3A, JCSAT-3B, APSTAR-4, JCSAT-1R, THAICOM-A2B, SUPERBIRD-C
MOZ30700	2, 6, 10, 12	7	USA	INTELSAT7 359E
MRC20900	1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13	7	HOL, USA	INTELSAT7 338.5E, INTELSAT7 342E, INTELSAT8 338.5E
MTN100	22, 24, 26	7	USA	USASAT-26A
MWI30800	2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12	7	USA	INTELSAT7 359E
NGR11500	2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12	7	HOL, USA	INTELSAT7 319.5E, INTELSAT8 319.5E, USASAT-26A, INTELSAT8 328.5E
NGR11500	14, 16, 18, 20	7	USA	USASAT-26A
NOR12000	1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13	7	USA	INTELSAT7 359E
OMA12300	26, 28, 30, 32, 34, 36, 38, 40	7	J	JCSAT-3A, JCSAT-3B
POR_100	1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13	7	HOL, USA	INTELSAT7 319.5E, INTELSAT8 319.5E, USASAT-26A, INTELSAT8 328.5E
POR100	15, 17, 19	7	USA	USASAT-26A
RUS-4	25	7	ſ	JCSAT-3A, JCSAT-1R, SUPERBIRD-C
RUS-4	26, 27	7	ſ	JCSAT-3A, JCSAT-1B, JCSAT-1R, SUPERBIRD-C
RUS-4	28, 29	7	J, KOR	JCSAT-3A, JCSAT-3B, JCSAT-1R, SUPERBIRD-C, KOREASAT-1, KOREASAT-2
RUS-4	31, 33, 35, 37, 39	7	J, KOR	JCSAT-3A, JCSAT-3B, JCSAT-1R, SUPERBIRD-C, KOREASAT-1, KOREASAT-2
SEN22200	23, 25	7	USA	USASAT-26A
SEY00000	26, 28, 30, 32, 34, 36, 38, 40	7	ſ	JCSAT-3A, JCSAT-3B
SMO05700	1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13	7	HOL, USA	INTELSAT7 174E, INTELSAT7 177E, INTELSAT7 183E, INTELSAT IBS 183E

			Afforting	
Beam name	Channels	Note	Anecung administrations*	Affecting networks/beams*
SMR31100	1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13	7	HOL, USA	INTELSAT7 319.5E, INTELSAT8 319.5E, USASAT-26A, INTELSAT8 328.5E
SMR31100	15, 17, 19	7	USA	USASAT-26A
SOM31200	26, 28, 30, 32, 34, 36, 38, 40	7	J	JCSAT-3A, JCSAT-3B
SRL25900	27	9	GUY	GUY00302
SRL25900	29, 39	9	JMC	JMC00005
SRL25900	31, 33, 35, 37	9	GUY, JMC	GUY00302, JMC00005
STP24100	2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12	7	USA	INTELSAT7 3S9E
SUI14000	2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12	7	HOL, USA	INTELSAT7 338.5E, INTELSAT7 342E, INTELSAT8 338.5E
SVK14401	7	7	USA	INTELSAT7 342E
SVK14403	2	7	USA	INTELSAT7 342E
SWZ31300	1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13	7	USA	INTELSAT7 359E
TG022600	1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11	7	USA	INTELSAT8 328.5E
TG022600	13	7	E, USA	INTELSAT8 328.5E, HISPASAT-2C3 KU
TG022600	15, 17, 19	7	В	HISPASAT-1, HISPASAT-2C3 KU
TJK06900	26, 28, 30, 32, 34, 36, 38, 40	7	J	JCSAT-3A, JCSAT-1B, JCSAT-1R
TKM06800	26, 28, 30, 32, 34, 36, 38, 40	7	J	JCSAT-3A, JCSAT-3B
TON21500	2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12	7	USA	INTELSAT7 174E, INTELSAT7 177E, INTELSAT8 174E
TUV00000	2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12	7	USA	INTELSAT7 174E, INTELSAT7 177E, INTELSAT8 174E
UAE27400	25, 27, 29, 31, 33, 35, 37, 39	7	J	JCSAT-3A, JCSAT-3B
ZWE13500	1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13	7	USA	INTELSAT7 359E

Administrations and corresponding networks/beams whose assignment(s) may cause interference to the beam shown in the left-hand column.

Affecting administrations and corresponding terrestrial stations identified based on Note 8 in § 11.2 of Article 11 TABLE 4 (WRC-07)

Beam name	Channels	Affecting administrations*	Affecting terrestrial stations*
EGY02600	2	ISR	HERZILIYA
F 09300	24, 26	SUI	GENEVE STUDIO C VOGT
I 08200	38,40	AUT	EHRWALD
JOR22400	2	ISR	HERZILIYA, JERUSALEM
RUS-4	25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 31, 33, 35, 37, 39	\mathbf{J}^1	

^{*} Administrations and corresponding terrestrial stations whose assignment(s) may cause interference to the beam shown in the left-hand column.

The identification of this administration is based on its region terracial station assignments as accorded in the Maries Position.

The identification of this administration is based on its typical terrestrial station assignments as recorded in the Master Register.

TABLE 5

Table showing correspondence between channel numbers and assigned frequencies

Channel No.	Assigned frequency (MHz)	Channel No.	Assigned frequency (MHz)
1	11727.48	21	12 111.08
2	11746.66	22	12 130.26
3	11765.84	23	12 149.44
4	11785.02	24	12 168.62
5	11 804.20	25	12 187.80
6	11 823.38	26	12 206.98
7	11 842.56	27	12 226.16
8	11861.74	28	12 245.34
9	11 880.92	29	12 264.52
10	11 900.10	30	12 283.70
11	11919.28	31	12 302.88
12	11 938.46	32	12 322.06
13	11957.64	33	12 341.24
14	11 976.82	34	12 360.42
15	11996.00	35	12 379.60
16	12015.18	36	12 398.78
17	12 034.36	37	12417.96
18	12 053.54	38	12 437.14
19	12 072.72	39	12 456.32
20	12 091.90	40	12 475.50

Note – Assigned frequency = 11708.30 + 19.18 n, where n is the channel number.

TABLE 6A (WRC-12)

	16		Remarks			7			7	, _	5,7													7		7		2	7	5, 7		5,7							T	Ī	
	15		Status	<u>م</u>	Ь	Ь	Д.	_	<u>م</u> م		Ь	Ь	Ь	Ь	_	Д	Д	Ь	_	۵	a .	a (1	L A	Ь	<u>م</u>	Ь	۵.	۵.	_	۵.	_	Д	۵.	۵.	_	۵.	_	، ۵		_
	14		code							54	54	30	30	30	30			31	31		32	32	32																	I	
	13		space station																																						
	12	Designation	of emission	27M0G7W	27M0G7W	27M0G7W	27M0G7W	27M0G7W	27M0G7W	27M0G7W		27M0G7W			27M0G7W	2/M0G/W	Z/MOG/W	27M0G7W	27M0G7W	27M0G7W	27M0G7W		27M0G7W	27M0G7W	27M0G7W	2/M0G/W	27M0G7W	27M0G7W	27M0G7W												
tion)	11		e.i.r.p.	58.4	59.1	59.1	58.9	54.5	56.5	57.7	59.2	58.2	58.9	58.9	58.9	59.4	58.4	58.5	58.9	58.8	59.3	58.9	28.9	58.9	59.1	58.9	58.4	55.5	58.3	57.0	58.7	54.5	58.9	58.9	58.7	58.9	57.5	58.9	58.6	59.3	59.3
inistra	10	Polarization	Angle																																				\prod		
y adm			Gain Type Angle	70 CF	70 CF	70 CF	05 CL	CL 20	J 0		70 CF	50 CR	50 CR	50 CR	50 CR	CL 90	CL 90	50 CR	50 CR				20 CK		50 CR	70 CF	70 CF	CL 20	CL 20	7 00		SO CR	CL 20	C C C	C C C		30 CR	30 CR	CL 200	CL 00	SO CR
rted by	6	Earth station antenna		ES 35.50	ES 35.50	S 35.50	+	-	35.50	+	+	ES 35.50	S 35.50	S 35.50	ES 35.50	\dashv	\dashv	\dashv	_	+	+	+	25.50	+	┰	ES 35.50	S 35.50	\dashv	-	╛	+	.5 35.50	\dashv	+	+	\dashv	\dashv	-	$^+$	+	ES 35.50
10S) UE		Eart	Code	MODRES	MODRES	MODRE	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES
d 3 Pl		tation a gain	Cross-																																						
ions 1 an	8	Space station antenna gain	Co-polar	42.71	37.24	37.87	48.88	39.59	48.88	37.81	41.71	36.22	48.88	48.88	48.88	37.53	38.80	41.09	48.88	36.73	39.25	48.88	48.88	48.88	42.19	46.98	48.15	44.45	44.54	42.26	43.56	48.88	48.88	45.83	39.40	37.04	48.88	48.11	46.50	38.67	44.91
the Regi	7	Grand	beam																																						
Basic characteristics of the Regions 1 and 3 Plan (sorted by administration)	9	Secondados	antenna code	CB_TSS_AFGA	R13TSS	R13TSS	R13TSS	CB_TSS_ALGA	R13TSS D13TSS	CB TSS ARSA	R13TSS	R13TSS	R13TSS	R13TSS	R13TSS	R13TSS	R13TSS	R13TSS	R13TSS	R13TSS	R13TSS	R131SS	KISISS	CB_TSS_AUSB		R13TSS	R13TSS	MOD13FRTSS	R13TSS	R13TSS	R13TSS	MOD13FR1SS	R13TSS	R13TSS	R13TSS	R13TSS	R13TSS	R13TSS	R13TSS	R13TSS	R13TSS
charae		ntenna tics	Orien- tation		27.00	77.88	61.32		0.00	P	143.00	102.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	105.00	161.00	147.00		136.00		0.00	0.00		151.78	158.14	80.00	24.53			135.00	0.00	90.00	11.47	36.00		_	175.47	165.00	31.00	9.45
Basic	s	Space station antenna characteristics	Minor		1.68	1.88	09:0		09:0	8	0.70	2.17	09:0	09:0	09:0	1.74	1.52	1.02	09:0	1.63	1.43	0.00	090		0.92	09'0	09:0	1.00	0.68	1.14	0.84	09:0	09:0	09:0	1.50	1.66	09:0	09:0	0.60	1.68	0.86
		Space	Ma- jor axis		3.13	2.42	09:0		0.60	_	2.68	3.06	09:0	09:0	09:0	2.82	2.41	2.12	09:0	3.62	-	-	0.00		1.82	0.93	0.71	1:00			_	09:0	09:0	1.21	2.13	_	09:0	_		- 1	1.04
	4	sight	Lat.	33.86	-28.00	-12.45	- 1		42.50	1	24.80	-24.20	-12.19	-10.45	-66.28	-18.40	-30.90	-38.10						-38.37		40.14	-3.10	51.96				26.10			1	18.67	4.40		1	- 1	12.34
	4	Boresight	Long	65.88	24.50	16.06	20.04	1.86	1.60	44.72	52.30	123.00	96.83	105.69	110.52	133.90	136.60	145.20	158.94	145.90	147.50	159.06	122.20	132.38	10.31	47.47	29.90	5.12	2.20	-1.50	90.30	50.50	18.22	27.91	23.30	76.97	114.70	90.44	25.00	21.00	104.82
	3	Cathifac	position	50.00	4.80	-24.80	62.00	-24.80	-37.00	17.00	17.00	152.00	152.00	152.00	152.00	152.00	152.00	164.00	164.00	164.00	164.00	164.00	152.00	164.00	-18.80	23.20	11.00	38.20	-19.20	-30.00	74.00	34.00	26.00	37.80	0.80	104.00	74.00	86.00	-1.20	-13.20	86.00
	2	Doors	identification	AFG100	AFS02100	AGL29500	ALB29600	ALG_100	AND34100	ARS 100	ARS34000	AUS00400	AUS0040A	AUS0040B	AUS0040C	AUS00500	AUS00600	AUS00700	AUS0070A	AUS00800	AUS00900	AUS0090A	AUSU090B	AUSB 100	AUT01600	AZE06400	BDI27000	BEL01800	BEN23300	BFA10700	BGD22000	BHR25500	BIH14800	BLR06200	BOT29700	BRM29800	BRU33000	BTN03100	BUL02000	CAF 25800	CBG29900
	1	Admin	symbol	AFG	AFS	AGL	ALB	ALG	ADM	ARS	ARS	AUS	AUT	AZE	BDI	BEL	BEN	BFA	BGD	BHR	BIH	BLR	BOT	BRM	BRU	BTN	BUL	CAF	CBG												

			_	_	_	_	_	_		_	_	_		_	_	_	_	_	_	_			_	_		_		_	,			_		_	_	_	,	_	_			_	_
16		Remarks										7	7	7	2' 1	7	5,7		5,7	7		7	7	1	- 4	9					7, 8	7			00	7					7	ı	, ,
15		Status	Ь	Ы	Ь	Д	Ь	Ь	الم	اے	۵ ۵			_ _	۵	Ь	Ь	Ь	Ь	Ь	Д.	۵	ا ہے		۵	_	۵	PE	PE	<u>با</u> ايد	_	Д	۵	ام	ام	ام			_		Ь	<u>d</u>	ے اے
14		Group																				37					01	01	01	10 10	12				21				52	52			
13		space station																										HISPASAT-1	HISPASAT-1	HISPASA I-1													
12		Designation of emission	27M0G7W	27M0G7W	27M0G7W	27M0G7W		27M0G7W	. 4	7	Z/MOG/W						27M0G7W	27M0G7W		27M0G7W	27M0G7W				27MOG7W	7		3	33M0G7W	27M0G7W	27M0G7W	27M0G7W	2			27M0G7W		4 6			27M0G7W		27M0G7W
11		e.i.r.p.	57.9	57.0	58.9	57.0	58.5	57.1	59.4	60.4	50.7	59.7	58.8	58.1	57.2	58.8	60.2	56.5	56.1	58.8	58.8	58.8	59.1	5/.5	545	58.6	58.9	57.6	57.6	57.6	58.1	58.9	58.7	58.7	58.8	58.9	58.5	50.4	545	54.5	58.7	58.9	58.3
10	Polarization	Type Angle																							I																		
		n Type	TO O	0 CR	0 CR	O CL	0 CR	O CL		O CR	35.50 CL	O. C.	0	O CR	10 O	TO 0	0 CR	35.50 CR	0 CR	O CL	0 CR			300	200		70 O	O CL	O CL	J 5	70	0 CR	35.50 CR	J 0	7 C	0 CR		000	50	7 0 0	0 CR		0 CR
6	Earth station antenna	Gain	S 35.50	S 35.50	S 35.50	S 35.50	S 35.50	S 35.50	\dashv	+	+	+	╫	╁	+	S 35.50	S 35.50	Н	Н	S 35.50	\dashv	-	+	35.50	+	+	-	Н	+	S 38.43 S 38.43	+	S 35.50	\dashv	-	+	S 35.50	+	Ŧ	+	+	S 35.50	+	S 35.50
	Earth ant	Code	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	-		MODRES		MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODBES	MODBES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES
	ation gain	Cross- polar																										5.50	5.50	5.50													
8	Space station antenna gain	Co-polar	38.69	38.07	47.08	48.88	40.01	39.51	44.74	43.71	45.95	38.36	40.67	47.86	47.56	41.67	47.50	40.92	48.88	42.64	42.64	42.64	42.19	48.88	40.00	44.73	44.79	39.80	39.80	39.80	38.42	42.44	47.81	36.52	40.39	48.88	32.50	70.77	44.74	41.37	44.16	35.38	43.23
7	15	Shaped																										COP	COP	00 P													
9	,	Space station antenna code	R13TSS	R13TSS	MOD13FRTSS	MOD13FRTSS	CB_TSS_CHNA	CB_TSS_CHNC	CB_TSS_CHNE	CB_TSS_CHNF	RISISS	CR TSS CODA		R13TSS	R13TSS	R13TSS	R13TSS	MOD13FRTSS	MOD13FRTSS	MOD13FRTSS	MOD13FRTSS	MOD13FRTSS	MOD13FRTSS	KISISS	MODI 35 DINNA	MOD13FRTSS	CB_TSS_E_A				R13TSS	R13TSS	R13TSS	R13TSS	RT31SS	CB_TSS_F_A	D13TCC	D13TSS	MOD13FRTSS	MOD13FRTSS	R13TSS	R13TSS	R13TSS
	ntenna tics	Orien- tation	163.23	35.44	2.88	0.00				8	00.00	00:70	59.00		94.46	111.74	20.53	144.13	0.00	149.15	149.15	149.15	151.78	90.00	15.1 39	170.63					136.00	145.48			159.34		40.00	20.00	171 00	16.70	155.22		64.00
s	Space station antenna characteristics	Minor	1.24	1.55	09:0	09:0				0	0.00	8	1.18	09'0	0.63	1.26	99'0	1.31	09.0	0.89	0.89	0.89	0.92	09:0	0.63	090					1.72	0.95	0.60	2.16	1.15	07.0	2.64	0.04	0.00	0.91	0.92	1.57	1.12
	Space	Ma- jor axis	3.03	08.7	16:0	09:0				,	254	+	202	_		1.50	0.75	1.72	09:0	1.71	1.71	1.71		09:0	1 00	_					2.33	1.67	0.77		2.77	_	4 34	1.34			1.16		1.43
4	Boresight	Lat.	31.20	39.70	7 23.32	5 22.20	39.22	7 27.56	_	4 45.78	0/./			ı.	-	8 7.19	2 42.09	9 41.09	5 35.12	7 46.78	7 46.78			99'	┸			39.00		39.00		14.98					7 - 14 30	-	-	_	2 -17.87	щ	0 -0.60
		Long	88.18	113.29	114.17		90.56	105.77	-1		12 70		L		Ľ	-5.78	13.02	12.59		16.77	16.77			4	13.37	-15.16		-4.00		-4.00		39.41		1		20.00	'				179.62	`	11.80
3		Orbital	62.00	134.00	122.00	122.00	62.00	134.00	92.20	92.20	50.00	-19.00	-13.20	29.00	-33.50	-24.80	-1.20	-1.20	-1.20	-12.80	-12.80	-12.80	-18.80	16.80	-23.20	-33.50	-30.00	-30.00	-30.00	-30.00	-7.00	22.80	44.50	36.00	-7.00	-7.00	-140.00	140.00	22.80	22.80	-178.00	158.00	-33.50
2	£	beam identification	CHN15500	CHN15800	CHN19000	CHN20000	CHNA_100	CHNC_100	CHNE_100	CHNF_100	CLNZ1900	COD 100	COG23500	COM20700	CPV30100	CTI23700	CVA08300	CVA08500	CYP08600	CZE14401	CZE14402	CZE14403	D 08700	DJ109900	DNKOOOXD	DNK091XR	E100	HISP33D1	HISP33D2	HISPA27D HISPASA4	EGY02600	ERI09200	EST06100	ETH09200	F 09300	F 100	OCE10100	WAI 10200	FIN10300	FIN10400	FJI19300	FSM00000	GAB26000
1		Admin. symbol	CHN	CHN	CHN	CHN	CHN	CHN	CHN	OHN SH	CEN	COD	500	COM	CPV	CTI	CVA	CVA	CYP	CZE	CZE	CZE	ا م	IN IN	DAK	DNK	Ш	E	E L	L L	EGY	ERI	EST	HI.					NIE.	NE	FJI	FSM	GAB

			_	_	_	_	_	_		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		_			_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	—	_
16		Remarks			5,7	2' 1		2'.1	2'.5	7	7	7		7	7	7	8								5,7			2' 9	2					4	8				5,7			
15		Status	Ь	Ь	Ь	d	Ь	Ь	Ь	Д	_	_	Ь	Ь	Ь	Ь	Ь	Ь	Ь	Ь	Ь	Д	Ь	Ь	Д	Д.	۵.	۵.	<u></u>	4	PE	_	۵	DE.	_	Ь	Ь	Ь	Ь	ЬE	ط ا	YE.
14		Group										37				37															02	0.5	02	02						03	03	03
13	;	Identity of the space station																													BS-3N			BS-3M						KOREASAT-1	i i i	KUREASAI-I
12		Designation of emission	27M0G7W	27M0G7W	27M0G7W	27M0G7W	27M0G7W	27M0G7W	27M0G7W	27M0G7W	27M0G7W	27M0G7W	27M0G7W	27M0G7W	27M0G7W	27M0G7W	27M0G7W	27M0G7W	27M0G7W	27M0G7W	27M0G7W	27M0G7W	27M0G7W	27M0G7W	27M0G7W	27M0G7W	27M0G7W	27M0G7W	27M0G7W	2/M0G/W	2/M0F8W	34M5G7W	34M5G7W	27M0F8W	27M0G7W	27M0G7W	27M0G7W	27M0G7W	27M0G7W	27M0G7W	27M0G7W	Z/MUF8W
11		e.ir.p.	58.9	58.6	58.3	58.1	58.8	56.3	58.4	59.3	59.3	59.3	58.5	58.8	58.8	58.8	54.5	58.9	58.4	58.8	58.9	59.3	59.2	58.8	59.2	57.8	58.3	8.09	57.3	28.8	*	W-	×	* :	55.5	58.9	58.7	59.0	58.9	*		÷
10	Polarization	Gain Type Angle																																								
	Polar	Туре	CR	CR	J	70	70	70	CR	J	S	CR	ರ	J	CR	CR	CR	JO	CR	CR	ರ	S	CR	ರ	J	ಠ	J	5	3	3	3	CR	S	S.	J	S	ರ	CR	J	J	J 5	3
	tation	Gain	35.50	35.50	35.50	35.50	35.50	35.50	35.50	35.50	35.50 CR	35.50 CR	35.50	35.50	35.50 CR	35.50 CR	35.50	35.50	35.50	35.50 CR	35.50	35.50 CR	35.50	35.50	35.50	35.50	35.50	35.50	35.50	35.50 CR	35.50	35.50	35.50	35.50	35.50	35.50	35.50	35.50	35.50	38.43	35.50	38.43
6	Earth station antenna	Code	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES
	rtion gain	Cross-																																								
8	Space station antenna gain	Co-polar	46.23	42.49	47.69	47.12	48.34	42.40	42.29	42.64	42.64	42.64	44.45	42.64	42.64	42.64	40.14	42.27	43.83	45.66	43.15	41.80	38.88	37.53	48.08	36.03	41.14	46.67	44.67	48.01	33.80	33.80	33.80	33.80	43.19	35.38	39.90	44.75	42.58	43.40	43.80	43.40
7		Shaped																																								
9		Space station antenna code	R13TSS	R13TSS	R13TSS	R13TSS	R13TSS	MOD13FRTSS	R13TSS	MOD13FRTSS	MOD13FRTSS	MOD13FRTSS	MOD13FRTSS	MOD13FRTSS	MOD13FRTSS	MOD13FRTSS	R13TSS	R13TSS		CB_TSS_INDA	CB_TSS_INDB	CB_TSS_INDD	CB_TSS_INSA		R13TSS	R13TSS	R13TSS		R13TSS	RISISS	R131SS	R131SS	R13TSS	R13TSS	MOD13FRTSS	R13TSS	R13TSS	R13TSS		R13TSS	R13TSS	KISISS
	antenna stics	Orien- tation	161.21	102.00	4.00	172.00	10.00	152.97	147.00	149.15	149.15	149.15	24.53	149.15	149.15	149.15	144.20	40.00	96.00						157.56	149.00	156.76	177.00	169.00	110.02	00.89	68.00	98.00	00.89	73.16	177.45	98.35	5.05		168.00	168.00	08.00
æ	Space station antenna characteristics	Minor	09:0	1.06	09:0	09'0	0.60	0.95	1.04	0.89	0.89	0.89	1.00	0.89	0.89	0.89	1.35	1.13	0.60						0.60	1.82	1.23	0.60	0.60	0.60	3.30	3.30	3.30	3.30	0.91	1.76	1.34	0.64		1.02	1.02	1.02
	Spac	Ma- jor axis	1.11	1.48	0.79	06'0	0.68	1.70		1.71		1.71	1.00	1.71	1.71	1.71	1.99	1.46	1.92							- 1					_	_	_	_	1.47	4.58	2.13	1.47	П		_	1.24
4	Boresight	Lat.	42.27	7.90	13.40	12.00	1.50	38.08	Ц	46.78	_	46.78	51.96	46.78	46.78	46.78	40.74	25.50	11.10	14.72	24.22		-0.73				4	4	4						34.02	46.40	0.92	41.32	ш			36.00
	Воге	Long	43.35	-1.20	-15.10	-15.00	10.30	24.51	'	16.77	16.77	16.77	5.12	16.77	16.77	16.77	12.67	00'86	93.30	76.16	83.43			129.75			┚	┚				134.50	134.50	134.50			37.95	73.91	-170.31	127.50	127.50	127.50
3		Orbital	23.20	-25.00	-37.20	-30.00	-18.80	-1.20	-37.00	-12.80	-12.80	-12.80	38.20	-12.80	-12.80	-12.80	00'6	98.00	68.00	55.80	55.80	68.00	80.20	104.00	-37.20	34.00	20.00	-33.50	-33.50	-4.00	109.85	109.85	110.00	110.00	11.00	56.40	-0.80	50.00	176.00	116.00	116.00	16.00
2	ı	Beam identification	GE006400	GHA10800	GMB30200	GNB30400	GNE30300	GRC10500	GUI19200	HNG10601	HNG10602	HNG10603	HOL21300	HRV14801	HRV14802	HRV14803	08200	IND03700	IND04700	INDA_100	INDB_100	INDD_100	INSA_100	INSB_100	IRL21100	IRN10900	IRQ25600	ISL04900	ISL05000	SKI 1000	000BS-3N	J 10985	J 11100	J 1110E	JOR22400	KAZ06600	KEN24900	KGZ07000	KIR100	KO11201D	KOR11200	KUKI IZUI
1		Admin. symbol	GE0	GHA	GMB	GNB	GNE	GRC	eni	HNG	HNG	HNG	HOL	HRV	HRV	HRV		IND	IND	IND	IND	IND	INS	INS	IRL	IRN	IRO	Z.	Z.	SK.	_[ſ		JOR	KAZ	KEN	KGZ	KIR	KOR	KOR	KUK

Channel 1: 58.2 dBW, channels 3, 5, 7: 59.2 dBW, channels 9, 11, 13: 59.3 dBW, other channels: 59.4 dBW.

^{**} Channels 2, 4, 6: 63.6 dBW, channels 8, 10, 12: 63.7 dBW.

^{***} Channels 2, 4, 6: 59.0 dBW, other channels: 59.1 dBW.

				_,	_,	_	_	_	_	_	_		_	_	_	_,	_				_	_	,	_					_	_			_			_	_	_	_	_		_	_	_
16		Remarks		7			5,7	_	٢				7		2						5,7	2 7	7 2	7	7	7	5,7		7 7	Š				7				2	5.7	3				
15		Status	Д	۵.	_	۵	ام	_	_		_	_	Ь	Д	_	۵	۵	_	ام	ا ۵			۵	_	_	Ь	Ь	_		_	Д	Д	Ь	Д	ا						_	۵	ا ہے	PE
14		code									60																		90	90													Ī	C)
13		space station																																									1 100	KSI-I
12		Designation of emission	27M0G7W				2		27M0G7W		10	27M0G7W	27M0G7W		2	27M0G7W		. ~			27M0G7W		٠.			27M0G7W	2		2/MOG/W		27M0G7W		. 4			2/M0G/W	2 (7			27M0G7W	Z/MUF8W
11		e.i.r.p.	59.0	58.2	58.8	55.5	58.2	58.0	59.1	27.6	57.9	56.9	29.0	58.6	58.9	58.3	59.0	58.9	58.4	58.7	58.7	20.0	50.7	54.9	55.5	59.2	59.5	58.9	59.7	57.8	59.6	57.5	59.6	58.3	58.9	58.7	54.5	59.2	58.4	58.9	54.5	58.9	59.8	53.0
10	Polarization	Angle																																										
	Polari	Gain Type Angle	CL	CR	CR		CR	7	35.50 CL	5 0	50	35.50 CR	CL	CL	CR		CR	3	CR	CR	CR	3 5		CR	CR	CR		CR	J =	3 0	CR	CF	CL	CR	CR.	3 8	3	í	CR	, 5	CF	CR	J .	3
6	Earth station antenna		35.50	\dashv	\dashv	\dashv	\dashv	+	+	+	-	┺	35.50	35.50	┥	-	+	+	+	+	_	35.50	+	+	┰	35.50	Н	\dashv	35.50	+	35.50	Н	Н	Н	+	35.50	+	╫	╁	+	-	Н	$^{+}$	35.50 CL
6	Earth stati antenna	Code	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES
	ation gain	Cross- polar																																									T	
8	Space station antenna gain	Co-polar	44.00	48.88	41.60	43.19	45.13	40.30	42.19	46.47	48.88	48.21	41.42	45.58	48.88	39.53	41.75	48.88	43.00	44.09	41.21	48.88	30.33	38.02	41.91	44.10	38.48	38.05	37.41	43.02	44.31	48.88	48.88	41.62	37.49	36.60	35.87	45.26	47.17	48.88	48.88	45.15	48.47	37.70
7	7	beam																																										
9	,	Space station antenna code	R13TSS	R13TSS	MOD13FRTSS	MOD13FRTSS	- 1:	CB_ISS_LBYA	MOD13FR1SS	CB TSS ITUA	1	CB_TSS_LVAA	CB_TSS_MAUA	MOD13FRTSS	R13TSS	R13TSS	R13TSS	RT3155	CB_TSS_MLAA	R13TSS	CB_TSS_MLIB	KISISS	D12TCC	R13TSS	CB_TSS_MTNA	R13TSS	R13TSS	R13TSS	K13155 MOD13EDTCC	R13TSS	R13TSS	R13TSS	CB_TSS_NZLA	R13TSS	R13TSS	R13155 p13TSS	MODISERTSS	R13TSS	CB TSS PORA		R13TSS	R13TSS	R13TSS	0.00 KI31SS
	ntenna tics	Orien- tation	18.89	90.00	123.99		133.00	474 10	151.78	30.00	90.00			21.73				90.00		104.53	000	0.00				92.69	102.40		10 61		163.00	0.00		100.00		99.00	168.32	17.76		00.06			42.00	U.Ub
S	Space station antenna characteristics	Minor	89:0	09:0	1.03	0.91	0.70	000	0.92	0.00	09:0			09:0	09:0	1.14	0.90	09:0	100	0.91	0,0	0.60	1 30	1.23		0.70	1.80	2.02	06.1	0.83	09:0	09:0		1.02	2.16	9/:1	2.30	690	0.0	09'0	09:0	0.73	09:0	7.70
	Space	Ma- jor axis		_	1.87	1.47	1.22	_	1.82		09.0			1.28	09:0	2.72		09:0	_	1.19	_	0.60	_	3.56		1.56	2.20		7.00	1.67	1.72	09:0		1.88		3.46	3 13	1 20		09'0		\perp		7.70
4	Boresight	Lat.	ш	_	_	``'	4	_	49.47		_	26.09	-15.88	43.59		`	_	`	Ш	5.78		35.90				-13.25		_	09.12- 0		28.30	${} \rightarrow$	3 -19.72			5.51	7 -6.65	┸	+	31.86	1	45.75	- 1	53.00
	Bore	Long	128.45		Ì			17.62	10.31		5.21	ľ	19.83	7.93			`	- 1	-1			102.20			L.	33.79			12.42		83.70	ш	7		ď	127.08	1		Ι'	34.99		Ш		38.00
3	11110	Position	140.00	11.00	122.20	11:00	-33.50	-24.80	-18.80	23.20	28.20	23.20	29.00	34.20	20.00	29.00	146.00	77.80	91.50	20.00	-19.20	08.27	1.00	-25.20	-36.80	4.80	-37.20	-19.20	-18.80	08'0-	20.00	134.00	158.00	17.20	38.20	140.00	134 00	20 00	-37.00	-13.20	20.00	20.00	11.00	36.00
2	f	beam identification	KRE28600	KWT11300	LAO28400	LBN27900	LBR24400	LBY_100	LIE25300	LSU30300	LUX11400	LVA06100	MAU100	MCO11600	MDA06300	MDG23600	MHL00000	MK D1 4800	MLA_100	MLD30600	MLI_100	ML114/00	MO730700	MRC20900	MTN_100	MWI30800	NGR11500	NIG11900	NMB02500	NOR12100	NPL12200	NRU30900	NZL100	OMA12300	PAK12700	PHLZ8500	PNG13100	POI 13200	POR 100	VYY00000	QAT24700	ROU13600	RRW31000	KSIKEAII
1		symbol	KRE	KWT	LAO	LBN	LBR	LBY	LIE	25	XNI	LVA	MAU	MCO	MDA	MDG	MHL	MKD	MLA	MLD	MLI	MLI	MOZ	MRC	MTN	MWI	NGR	NIG	NMB	NOR	NPL	NRU	NZL	OMA	PAK	PHL DIW	PNG	DO .	POR	PSE	OAT	ROU	RRW	KUS

_			_	_	_		_	_		_	,					_	_	_	_				-	_	_	_	_		_	_		_		-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
16		Remarks														5, 7, 8	2, 7, 8				5,7	5, 7	r	_	_		2' /	4	0 /	, _	7		7		7			2 2	0.0	5.7	5.7	5	5,7		4	
15		Status	PE	PE	Зd	Ь	۵	۵	Ь	Ь	Ь	Δ.	<u>م</u>	_	_	اے	ا ا	_	<u>_</u>	۵	_	_	_	_	ا ا	2 0			۵	۵	۵	Ь	Δ.	۵		_			ا		۵	_	Ь	Ь	۵	۵
14	ļ	Group	90	02	02	90	90	90	05	14	14	33	33	35	35	34	34	04	04														37			53	22							22	55	36
13		space station	RST-1	RST-2	RST-2	RST-3	RST-3	RST-5	RST-5	RUS-4	RUS-4																																			
12		Designation of emission	27M0F8W	27M0G7W	2	27M0G7W	27M0G7W	27M0G7W	27M0G7W	27M0G7W								27M0G7W						7				27M0G7W			27M0G7W	27M0G7W	14			27M0G7W	4 6			27M0G7W		27M0G7W	27M0G7W	27M0G7W		27M0G7W
11		e.i.r.p.	53.0	53.0	53.0	53.0	53.0	53.0	53.0	55.0	55.0	55.0	55.0	55.0	55.0	58.9	58.9	55.6	61.1	59.4	58.6	58.9	58.9	58.6	57.4	58.5	57.4	58.9	56.4	59.1	59.3	59.3	59.3	58.9	57.9	55.5	50.0	200.7	7000	58.8	58.0	58.9	58.3	57.3	55.5	58.8
10	Polarization	Type Angle																																												
		n Type	0 CR	O CL	0 CR	O CL	0 CR	2 CL	2 CR	O CL	0 CR	0 CF	0 CR	O CF	35.50 CR	J 0	O.C.	70 0	O CF	0 CR		0 CR	0 CL	O CK	0 CK	0 CL	2 5	2 CK			70 0	0 CR		0 CR	70 0	700	200	200	200	3 0	200	O CR	0 CR	0 CR	35.50 CR	O CL
6	Earth station antenna	Gain	S 35.5	S 35.50	S 35.50	S 35.50	S 35.50	⊢	S 39.02	S 35.50	\dashv	-	┪	\dashv	\dashv	\dashv	+	┥	┪	-	\dashv	┥	+	+	+	+	+	35.50	+	+	+	S 35.50	┪	\dashv	_	S 35.50	+	+	+	35.50	+	┿	Н	S 35.50	\dashv	S 35.50
	Earth	Code	MODRES MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MOUKES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRE	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES																
	ation gain	Cross-																																												
æ	Space station antenna gain	Co-polar	37.70	37.70	37.70	37.70	37.70	37.70	37.70	37.70	37.70	37.70	37.70	37.70	37.70	35.11	35.11	44.36	41.44	40.26	42.63	40.44	42.81	48.88	48.88	46.25	37.46	47.07	47.20	42.19	42.64	42.64	42.64	48.88	48.88	43.19	45.00	30.23	40.19	45.00	40.81	48.50	44.64	43.13	36.54	39.47
7	5	Shaped																																												
9	Supplied	Space station antenna code	R13TSS	R13TSS	R13TSS	R13TSS	R13TSS	R13TSS	R13TSS	R123FR	R123FR	R13TSS	R13TSS	R13TSS	R13TSS	R13TSS	R131SS	R13TSS	R13TSS	CB_TSS_SDNA	R13TSS	R13TSS	R13TSS	RISISS	R131SS	R131SS	RISISS	KISISS	RI3133	MOD13FRTSS	MOD13FRTSS	MOD13FRTSS	MOD13FRTSS	R13TSS	R13TSS	MOD13FRTSS	MUDISTRIBS	KISISS	NISTEE	R13133	R13TSS	R13TSS	R13TSS	MOD13FRTSS	MOD13FRTSS	R13TSS
	antenna stics	Orien- tation	00'0	0.00	00.00	0.00	00:00	00:00	0.00	00'0			0.00	00:00				14.00	10.00		139.00					1/5.12		114.00	153.51	-	149.15	149.15			90.00	73.16	00.60			155.77		13.92	71.33	135.00	179.18	0.79
5	Space station antenna characteristics	Minor	2.20	2.20	2.20	2.20	2.20	2.20	2.20	2.20	2.20	2.20	2.20	2.20	2.20	2.02	2.02	0.98	1.00		1.04	1.04	1.08	09:0	09:0	0.72	1.51	0.60	0.00	0.92	0.89	0.89	0.89	09:0	09:0	0.91	0.00	C0.7	0.00	0.73	102	09'0	09:0	0.72	1.81	0.99
	Space	Ma- jor axis	2.20	2.20	2.20	2.20	2.20	2.20	2.20	2.20	2.20	2.20	2.20	2.20	2.20	4.25		1.04	2:00		1.46	2.43	_	_	_	0.92		0.9	0.70			1.71	1.71		09:0	1.47	20.1	3.23	- 1	1 21	2.04	_	_	1.88		3.18
4	Boresight	Lat.	53.00	53.00	53.00	53.00	53.00	53.00	53.00	63.00			62.00								13.80	_		4	4	7.42		9 43.98	┸	4	ㅗ	7 46.78	7 46.78		'		34.20	┸	-	38.41	┸		Ι'.	33.50	- 1	39.09
	Bore	Long	38.00	38.00	38.00	38.00	38.00		38.00	92.00		- 1			`								_	ī		1		11 90	1			16.77					10.26		Т	71.14		ľ	1	6.50		34.95
3	Contribution	Orbital	36.00	36.00	36.00	36.00	36.00	36.00	36.00	56.00	56.00	86.00	86.00	140.00	140.00	110.00	110.00	5.00	5.00	-7.00	-37.00	42.50	128.00	-178.00	-36.80	88.00	37.80	22.50	-33.30	-18.80	-12.80	-12.80	-12.80	33.80	4.80	11.00	17.00	20.00	00.00	38.00	50.00	128.00	170.75	-25.20	-25.20	42.00
2	e e	beam identification	RSTREA12	RSTRED11	RSTRED12	RSTRSD11	RSTRSD12	RSTRSD13	RSTRSD14	RSTRSD21	RSTRSD22	RSTRSD31	RSTRSD32	RSTRSD51	RSTRSD52	RUS00401	RUS00402	S 13800	S 13900	SDN_100	SEN22200	SEY00000	SLM00000	SMO05/00	SMR31100	SNG15100	SOM31200	SKB 14800	STD24100	SUI1 4000	SVK14401	SVK14402	SVK14403	SVN14800	SWZ31300	SYR22900	STR33900	TCO22400	THA14200	T IK 0.6900	TKM06800	TLS00000	TON21500	TUN15000	TUN27200	TUR14500
1	, interest	Admin. symbol	RUS	S	S	NDS	SEN	SEY	SLM	OWS	SMR	SNG	MOS	SKB	STP	IIIS	SVK	SVK	SVK	SVN	SWZ	SYR	STR	100	001	TIK	TKM	TLS	TON	NUT	NUT	TUR														

			_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
16		Remarks	7		5, 7													5,7
15		Status	Д	Ь	Ь	Ь	Ь	Ь	Ь	Ь	Ы	Ь	Ь	Ь	Ь	Ь	Ь	Ь
14		code																
13		space station																
12	.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	Designation of emission	58.9 27M0G7W	58.7 27M0G7W	58.2 27M0G7W	58.2 27M0G7W	58.9 27M0G7W	58.3 27M0G7W	58.5 27M0G7W	57.4 27M0G7W	56.1 27M0G7W	58.6 27M0G7W	58.8 27M0G7W	58.4 27M0G7W	57.8 27M0G7W	54.9 27M0G7W	58.7 27M0G7W	59.2 27M0G7W
11		e.i.r.p.	58.9	58.7	58.2	58.2	58.9	58.3	58.5	57.4	56.1	58.6	58.8	58.4	57.8	54.9	58.7	59.2
10	Polarization	Angle																
_	Polar	Туре	SR	SR	SR	75	SR	70	SR	7.	70	SR	SR	SR	75	70	SR	SR
	ation	Gain Type Angle	35.50 CR	35.50 CR	35.50 CR	35.50 CL	35.50 CR	35.50 C	35.50 CR	35.50 CL	35.50 C	35.50 CR	35.50 CR	35.50 CR	35.50 C	35.50 CL	35.50 CR	35.50
6	Earth station antenna	Code	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES	MODRES 35.50 CR
	ation gain	Cross-																
8	Space station antenna gain	Co-polar	46.93	38.27	44.39	42.62	41.01	48.88	45.87	48.88	48.88	48.88	40.84	36.65	44.30	47.63	38.98	41.47
7	Glossel	beam																
9		space stanon antenna code	137.58 R13TSS	129.00 R13TSS	3.72 R13TSS	68.73 R13TSS	177.78 R13TSS	0.00 R13TSS	76.00 R13TSS	0.00 R13TSS	CB_TSS_USAA	0.00 R13TSS	159.91 R13TSS	109.43 R13TSS	87.00 R13TSS	CB_TSS_YEMA	39.00 R13TSS	37.00 R13TSS
	intenna	Orien- tation	137.58	129.00	3.72	68.73	177.78	00:00	76.00	0.00		00:00			87.00		39.00	ll
s	Space station antenna characteristics	Minor	09:0	1.72	0.85	1.02	96.0	09'0	09'0	09:0		09:0	0.89	1.76	89.0		1.48	1.36
	Space	Ma- jor axis	0.94	2.41	1.19	1.50	2.29	09.0	1.20	09'0 00''		09:0	2.56	3.43	1.52		2.38	1.46
	ight	Lat.	-7.11	-6.20 2.41	24.34	1.04 1.50	48.22 2.29	13.10 0.60	16.90	ı	-12.72	19.20 0.60	41.21 2.56	14.21 3.43	168.00 -16.40	14.64	27.50 -13.10 2.38	29.60 -18.80 1.46
4	Boresight	Long	177.61	34.60	53.85	32.20	31.74	144.50	145.90	170.00 -161.40	170.00 -170.51 -12.72	166.50	63.80	106.84		48.05		ll
3	Calific		176.00	11.00	52.50	17.00	38.20	122.00	121.80	170.00	170.00	140.00	33.80	107.00	140.00	11.00	-0.80	-0.80
2	q	Deam identification	TUV00000	TZA22500	UAE27400	UGA05100	UKR06300	GUM33100	MRA33200	PLM33200	USAA_100	WAK33400	UZB07100	VTN32500	VUT12800	YEM_100	ZMB31400	ZWE13500
1	**************************************	symbol	VUT.	TZA	UAE	UGA	UKR	USA	USA	USA	USA	USA	NZB	VTN	VUT	YEM	ZMB	ZWE

COLUMN HEADINGS IN TABLE 6B

- Col. 1 Nominal orbital position, in degrees and hundredths of a degree from the Greenwich meridian (negative values indicate longitudes which are west of the Greenwich meridian; positive values indicate longitudes which are east of the Greenwich meridian).
- Col. 2 Notifying administration symbol.
- Col. 3 Beam identification (Column 2, normally, contains the symbol designating the administration or the geographical area taken from Table B1 of the Preface to the International Frequency List, followed by the symbol designating the service area).
- Col. 4 Polarization (CL circular left, CR circular right).
- Col. 5 Channel number/Indication of minimum equivalent protection margin (EPM) for a given assignment derived from the set of values for all test points belonging to the given beam (dB).

TABLE 6B

position)
orbital
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Minimum

	I	9				I			I					3.9								П		2.4						0.7							Γ
		33				Г			Г				1.7	Ï			П	П		21.7		Ħ	1.0		5.9	-0.4	-1.0	1.3	.3	Ť				9.0-		5.2	r
		88		_		H			H				4	1.1			Н	П		2		H	-	-2	2	Т	1	1	1	0.0				Т		2	H
		37			H	t			t				4.7	Ė			Н			21.7		Н	1.0	_	5.6	П				0			Т	8.0-	6:0-	4.7	t
		36				T			T				7	1.1			П			.,		H	_	1.5	υ,	П				0.0				Ė	Ė	7	r
		35											4.7					6.0-		3.6		П	6.0		5.9	4.0-	-1.0	1.3	1.3	Ē				9.0		5.2	r
		34											Ė	1.1								П		1.5		Ė				0.0				Ė		Ī	Г
		33											4.7				6.0			14.8			1.0		5.6									-0.8	6.0-	4.7	
		32												1.1										1.5						0.0							Г
		33											4.7					-0.9		3.6			6.0		5.9	-0.4	-1.0	1.3	1.3					-0.8		5.2	
		೫												1.1										1.5						0.0							L
		23											4.7				6.0			14.8		Ш	1.0	Ш	5.9									-0.8		5.2	L
		88												1.1			Ш					Ц		1.5		Ļ				0.0			L	_			L
		27		_		L			L				4.7	L	L	L				10.1		Ш	1.0	Ш	5.9	-0.4	-1.0	1.3	1.3		L	L		9.0		5.2	L
		78		_		L			L					1.1	L	L	Ш				0.1	Н		1.5		Н			L	0.0	L	L	L	00		_	Ļ
		52			L	_	L	L	┢	L	L		4.7				Н			7.2		Н	1.0	Н	5.9	Н				L			L	9.0-	L	5.2	Ł
1		74		L	_	6.66	L	L	L	L	L		L	1.1	L	L	Ц	Ц		Ц	0.1	Ц		1.5	Ц	Ļ	0		L	0.0	L	L	L	ec	L	L	Ļ
	H	83	Ţ.	6.1	1.6	_	L	L	L	L	L	_	4.7	L	L	L	Н	Ц		7.2		Н	1.0	Н	5.9	-0.4	-1.0	1.3	1.3	L	L	L	L	-0.8	L	5.2	Ł
	Channel number	Z	Minimum EPM			6.66								1.1			Ш				0.1	Ц		1.5		Ш				0.0			L				L
w	nel nı	71	mnu	6.1	1.6	L			L				-0.3				Ц			8.8		Ш	-0.4	Ш	8.3									-1.0		7.1	L
	hanr	70	Vfinir	_		6'66			6.9	8.0	1.5			L	L	8.8			0.3			Ш		Ш					L		L	L				L	L
	0	19	_	6.1	1.6	L	1.9	9.0				1.1			3.2		Ш					0.4		Ц		Ш				L	7.5	-1.5	4.0-				è
		18		_		6'66			8.9	0.3	6.0			L	L	9.5			0.1			Ш		Ш					L		L	-0	Ļ			L	L
		11		6.1	1.6	6	1.9	9:0	L			11		L	3.2	L	Н		-			0.4		Н					L		7.5	-1.5	4.0-			L	, ,
		91		_	L	6'66	_	L	8.9	0.3	6.0			L	_	9.5	H		-0.1			Н		Н		Н			L	L	L	2	3			L	Ł
		14 15		6.1	1.6	6.66	1.9	9.0	_		_	1.1	H	-	3.2		H		-			0.4		Н		H			-	H	7.5	-1.5	-0.3	H	H	H	7 6
		13 1		_	1.6	8	6	9	8.9	0.3	6.0	1.1	H	-	2	9.5	H		0.2			Ţ		Н		Н			-	-	7.5	-1.5	-0.3	H	H	H	,
		12 1		6.1		6.66	1.9	9.0	8.9	0.3	6:0	1	H		3.2	6.5	H		-0.1			0.4		H		H				-	7.	-	٩		H		7 6
		=		1.9	1.6	8-	1.9	9.0	9	0	0	1.1	H	-	3.1	6	H		Ť			0.4		H		H			-	H	7.5	-1.5	-0.4		H	H	7 6
		-		9	-	6.66	-	0	8.9	0.3	6:0	-	H		3	9.5	Н		-0.1			0		Н		Н				H	7	+	ī		H	H	c
		6		6.1	1.6	6	1.9	9.0	9	0	0	1.1	Г	Т	3.1	6	Н		_			0.4		П		П			Т	Т	7.5	-1.5	4.0-		Г	Т	, ,
		8		ę	-	6.66	_	0	8.9	0.3	6.0				(*)	9.5	Н		-0.1			0		П		П				Т		Ė	Ė				
		7		6.1	1.6	Ŭ.	1.9	9.0	Ť	Ü		1.1			3.1	-	П		Ė			0.4		H		П					7.5	-1.5	4.0-			Г	, ,
		9		Ť		6.66		Ť	8.9	0.3	6.0					9.5			-0.1			Ħ		П								Ė	Ė				r
		ю		6.1	1.6		1.9	9.0				1.1			3.2							0.4									7.5	-1.5	4.0-				10
1		4				6'66			8.9	0.3	6.0					9.5			0.1																		ſ
		3		6.1	1.6		1.9	9.0				1.1			3.2							0.4									7.5	-1.5	-0.4				7 0
		2				6'66			8'9	0.3	6:0					6.5			-0.1																		L
		-		6.1	1.6		4.6	2.6				2.4			4.4							3.3		Ш							4.9	-0.9	0.1				7 1
4		Polar- ization	iv be	CR	CR	٦	1	1	٦	1	CR	CR	1	CR	CR	70	CR	CR	CR	7	CR	CR	CR	٦	CL	7	CL	٦	1	7	CR	70	CR	CR	CR	CR	10
3		Beam Identifica-	II 05			100 CL	0200 CL	TO 001	1200 CT	1100 CL										10 CT				700 CL		3D1 CL		27D CL	SA4 CL	1400 CL							Ī
2	_	Admin. Ide		FJ119300	SMO05700	OCE10100	GMB30200	IRL21100	NGR11500	AND34100	GUI19200	POR_100	SEN22200	MTN_100	SMR31100	CPV30100	DNK090XR	DNK091XR	G 02700	ISL04900	IST05000	LBR24400	SRL25900	BFA10700	E100	HISP3	HISP33D2	HISPA27D	HISPASA4	GNB30400	TG022600	DNK_100	MRC20900	TUN15000	TUN27200	GHA10800	00100100
(4				-178.00 FJI	-178.00 SMO	30 F	-37.20 GMB	-37.20 IRL	-37.20 NGR	-37.00 AND	-37.00 GUI	-37.00 POR	-37.00 SEN	-36.80 MTN	-36.80 SMR	-33.50 CPV	-33.50 DNK	-33.50 DNK	-33.50 G	-33.50 ISL	-33.50 ISL	-33.50 LBR	-33.50 SRL	-30.00 BFA	D0 E	00 E	D0 E	30 E	30 E	-30.00 GNB	-30.00 TGO	-25.20 DNK	-25.20 MRC	-25.20 TUN	-25.20 TUN	-25.00 GHA	101
1		Orbital Position		-178.0	-178.0	-160.00 F	-37.2	-37.2	-37.2	-37.0	-37.0	-37.0	-37.0	-36.8	-36.8	-33.5	-33.5	-33.5	-33 £	-33.5	-33 £	-33 £	-33 £	-30.(-30.00	-30.00	-30.00	-30.00	-30.00	700.	-30.0	-25.2	-25.2	-25.2	-25.2	-25.0	0.10

		39 40		2.2						4.1	0.0		1.4	2.8	9.6		1.5			4.9	0.5								-0.2		-0.3	2			5.5	5.1	5.5	1,
		38		9.0			Ħ	Ħ	T	3.5	Ť		Ė	0.4	Ť	П	1.4	Т	Т	Ť	0.4			П	П	-0.4	П		П		Ť	T	T	T	9.6		9.6	
		37		Ė	Г	Г	T	T	T	Ħ	0.0	Г	1.4	Ť	9.6	П	Ė	Т	Т	5.1	Ť	T	Г	П	П	Ħ	H	9.0-	П	Г	t	T	T	T	Ť	5.1	Ť	5.1
		36		-0.8	T	T	T	T	T	3.5	Ť	T	Ė	0.4	Ŭ.	П	1.4	Т			0.5	T	6.0-	П	П	П	H		П	T	t	t	t	T	4.8	20	89.	-4.7
		38		Ė	T	T	T	T	T		0.0	T	1.4	Ť	9.6	П	Ė	Т	T	4.9	Ť	Т	Ė	П	-0.3	П	H		П	T	t	T	t	t	Ť	5.1	Ť	2.1
		34		-0.8	T	T	T	T	T	3.5	Ť	T	Ė	0.4	Ŭ.	Н	1.4	Т		Ť	0.4	T	T	Н	H	Н	H		Н	T	t	4.0	t	T	9.6	1	9.6	-4.7
		33		Ė	T	T	T	T	T	,	1.0	T	1.4	Ť	9.6	П	Ė	Т		5.1	Ĭ	9.0	T	П	П	П	H		П	T	t	t	t	T	1,00	5		-
		32		-0.8	Г	Г	t	t	t	3.5	0	Г	-	9.0	6	Н	1.4	Т	Т	2	0.5	Ė	Г	Н	П	Н	Н		-0.9	Г	t	t	t	t	4.8	2	œ.	Ľ
		31		i i			Ħ	Ħ	T	(*)	0.0		1.4	0	9.6	Н	Ė			4.9	0			Н	П	Н	H		H		-0.3	2	t	t	4	-	4	-
		93		-0.7	Н	Н	t	t	t	3.5	0	Н	Ė	0.4	5	Н	1.4	H	H	4	0.4		H	H	H	-0.4	H		H	H	ť	t	t	t	5.6	ŭ	9.	u
		53		Ė			Ħ	Ħ	t	,	0.1		1.4		9.6	П	Ė	Т	Т	5.1		Г		Н	П	H	Н	-0.8	П		t	t	t	t		-	_	-
		88		-0.7	H	H	t	t	t	3.5	0	H	Ė	0.4	5	Н	1.4	H	H	LES.	0.5		6:0-	H	H	Н	H	_	H	H	t	t	t	t	4.3	ŭ	6	u
		27		Ė	T	T	T	T	t	.07	0.0	T	1.4	Ť	9.6	П	ŕ		Г	4.9	٦	T	Ė	Н	-0.3	П	H		Н	T	t	t	t	T	4	5.1	7	-
		92		-0.7	T	T	T	T	t	3.5	٦	T	ŕ	0.4	Ť	П	1.4		Г	_	0.4	T	Т	Н	H	П	H		Н	Т	t	4.0-	t	T	9.6	,	9.6	ď
		72		Ė	Т	Т	T	T	t	.0	0.0	Т	1.4	Ť	9.6	П	ŕ		Г	5.1	٦	6.0-	Т	Н	П	П	H		П	Т	t	Ť	t	T	43	5.1		
		74		-0.7	T	T	T	T	T	3.5	Ť	T	Ė	0.4	Ŭ.	Н	1.4	Т			0.4	Ė	T	-0.9*	П	Н	-0.4*		П	-0.9*	t	t	-0.4*	T	4.3	1	e.	-4.7
		23		7	H	H	H	H	\vdash	3.	1.0	H	1.4	0	9.6	H	Ë	H	H	4.8	0	\vdash	H	T	Н	H	1		Н	7	4.0	5	۲	H	4	5.1	4	_
)er	2 2	M	-0.7	H	H	H	H	H	2	Ť	H	-	4	6	H	4	Н	H	4	4	H	H	-6:0-	H	H	-0.4*		H	-6.0-		t	-0.4*	H	4	2	7	LC.
	III.	21 2	n EP	٩	\vdash	\vdash	H	H	┝	3.5	6	\vdash	2.0	0.4	9	Н	1.4	H	H	3	0.4	\vdash	\vdash	٢	Н	Н	۲	3	Н	٩	+	+	٩	╁	5.4	c	\rightarrow	_
S	Channel number	20 2	Minimum EPM	\vdash	\vdash	_	H	-	\vdash	Н	6.0	\vdash	2.	H	9.8	_	H	\vdash	H	5.3	Н	\vdash	\vdash	Н	Н	Н	Н	0.3	Н	\vdash	+	+	+	_	╁	5.0	\dashv	ú
	Chan	19 20	Min	\vdash	-	2.7	H	5.9	H	Н	\vdash	.2	\vdash	\vdash	\vdash	0.8	\vdash	-	H	\vdash	Н	\vdash	\vdash	Н	Н	Н	Н	-	Н	\vdash	+	+	╀	5.9	╁	H	\dashv	
	-	18 19		\vdash	2.9	L	2.6	+	4.6	Н	┡	-0.2	┡	\vdash	┡	Н	\vdash	1.0	0.0	┡	Н	\vdash	\vdash	Н	1.1	Н	Н	_	Н	\vdash	+	+	╀	6:	╁	H	\dashv	
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		14 1		H	2.9	-	2.6	7	4.6	Н	┝	٩	┝	H	┝	3	H	0.7	0.0	┝	Н	┝	-	Н	Н	Н	Н	-	Н	H	-	+	+	10.9	╁	H	+	
		13 1		H	5.9	2.4	2.6	4	4.6	Н	┝	1.0	┝	H	┝	0.3	H		0	┝	Н	┝	0.1	Н	Н	Н	Н	8.0	Н	H	+	╁	+	10	╁	H	+	
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* This assignment shall only be used by the Administrations of Croatia, Czech Republic, Hungary and Slovakia on the basis of equal access subject to mutual agreement between them.

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** See Note 1 of § 11.2.

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		9		8.0		4.4	2.3			4.1	0.2							9.6	-0.8	9.6			1.4	0.9	-1.8		9.3	-1.0			6.4	4.2	7.8		11.2			Ц	Ц
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Н		-		L	4.4			1.8	2.1			6.3	6.2	5.5	5.4						5.3	2.9			H	13.3	4		2.1	9.8		L		15.5				16.0	7.1
4	-	rotar- ization tyne	3	CR	70	CR	CL	70	70	10	CR	CR	CR	CR	CR	CL	CR	70	CT	70	CR	CR	70	CL	CR	CL	CR	CR	CL	CL	CR	CR	CR	CL	CR	70	CR	CR	CL
3		beam Identifica-		MLA_100	CHNE_100	CHNF_100			BRM29800		VTN32500	000BS-3N		11100	1110E	RUS00401	RUS00402	K011201D			MRA33200								CHNC_100		PNG13100	NCL10000				RSTRSD51			VUT12800
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1		Orbital Position		91.5	92.2	92.2	0.86	0.86	104.0	104.0	0.701	109.85	109.85	110.00	110.00	110.0	110.0	116.0	116.0	116.0	121.8	122.0	122.6	122.0	122.2	128.C	128.C	134.0	134.C	134.C	134.6	140.00	140.00	140.0	140.0	140.0	140.0	140.6	140.C

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ARTICLE 12

Relationship to Resolution 507 (REV.WRC-03)*

12.1 The provisions and associated Plans for the broadcasting-satellite service in Regions 1 and 3 and in Region 2, of this Appendix, shall be regarded as including a world agreement and associated Plans for Regions 1, 2 and 3 in accordance with *resolves* 1 of Resolution **507** (**Rev. WRC-03**), which requires the stations in the broadcasting-satellite service to be established and operated in accordance with such agreements and associated Plans.

ARTICLE 13

Interference

13.1 The Member States of the Union shall endeavour to agree on the action required to reduce harmful interference which might be caused by the application of these provisions and the associated Plans.

ARTICLE 14

Period of validity of the provisions and associated Plans

- 14.1 For Regions 1 and 3, the provisions and associated Plan have been prepared in order to meet the requirements of the broadcasting-satellite service in the bands concerned for a period of at least fifteen years from 1 January 1979.
- 14.2 For Region 2, the provisions and associated Plan have been prepared in order to meet the requirements of the broadcasting-satellite service in the bands concerned for a period extending until at least 1 January 1994.
- 14.3 In any event, the provisions and associated Plans shall remain in force until their revision by a competent radiocommunication conference convened in accordance with the relevant provisions of the Constitution and Convention in force.

^{*} Note by the Secretariat: This Resolution was revised by WRC-12.

ANNEX 1 (REV.WRC-03)

Limits for determining whether a service of an administration is affected by a proposed modification to the Region 2 Plan or by a proposed new or modified assignment in the Regions 1 and 3 List or when it is necessary under this Appendix to seek the agreement of any other administration²⁵

(See Article 4)

1 Limits for the interference into frequency assignments in conformity with the Regions 1 and 3 Plan or with the Regions 1 and 3 List or into new or modified assignments in the Regions 1 and 3 List

Under assumed free-space propagation conditions, the power flux-density of a proposed new or modified assignment in the List shall not exceed the value of $-103.6 \text{ dB}(\text{W}/(\text{m}^2 \cdot 27 \text{ MHz}))$.

With respect to § $4.1.1 \ a$) or b) of Article 4, an administration in Region 1 or 3 is considered by the Bureau as being affected if the minimum orbital spacing between the wanted and interfering space stations, under worst-case station-keeping conditions, is less than 9° .

However, an administration in Region 1 or 3 is considered as not being affected if either of the following two conditions is met:

a) under assumed free-space propagation conditions, the power flux-density at any test point within the service area associated with any of its frequency assignments in the Plan or in the List or for which the procedure of Article 4 has been initiated, does not exceed the following values²⁶:

-147 dB(W/(m ² · 27 MHz))	for 0° ≤	≤ θ < 0.23°
$-135.7 + 17.74 \ log \ \theta dB(W/(m^2 \cdot 27 \ MHz))$	for 0.23° ≤	$\leq \theta < 2.0^{\circ}$
$-136.7 + 1.66 \ \theta^2 dB(W/(m^2 \cdot 27 \ MHz))$	for 2.0° ≤	≤ θ < 3.59°
$-129.2 + 25 \log \theta$ dB(W/(m ² · 27 MHz))	for 3.59° ≤	≤ θ < 9°

where θ is the minimum geocentric orbital separation in degrees between the wanted and interfering space stations, taking into account the respective East-West station-keeping accuracies;

²⁵ With respect to this Annex, except for Section 2, the limits relate to the power flux-density which would be obtained assuming free-space propagation conditions.

With respect to Section 2 of this Annex, the limit specified relates to the overall equivalent protection margin calculated in accordance with § 2.2.4 of Annex 5.

²⁶ For the protection of analogue assignments brought in service before 17 October 1997, the following values shall be used until 1 January 2015:

 $^{-147 \}text{ dB(W/(m}^2 \cdot 27 \text{ MHz))}$ for $0^{\circ} \le \theta < 0.44^{\circ}$ $-138 + 25 \log \theta \text{ dB(W/(m}^2 \cdot 27 \text{ MHz))}$ for $0.44^{\circ} \le \theta < 9^{\circ}$.

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- b) the effect of the proposed new or modified assignments in the List is that the equivalent downlink protection margin²⁷ corresponding to a test point of its assignment in the Regions 1 and 3 Plan or List, or for which the procedure of Article 4 has been initiated, including cumulative effect of any previous modification to the List or any previous agreement, does not fall more than 0.45 dB below 0 dB or, if already negative, more than 0.45 dB below the value resulting from:
- the Regions 1 and 3 Plan and List as established by WRC-2000; or
- a proposed new or modified assignment to the List in accordance with this Appendix; or
- a new entry in the Regions 1 and 3 List as a result of successful application of Article 4 procedures.

NOTE – In performing the calculation, the effect at the receiver input of all the co-channel and adjacent-channel signals is expressed in terms of one equivalent co-channel interfering signal. This value is usually expressed in decibels. (WRC-03)

2 Limits to the change in the overall equivalent protection margin for frequency assignments in conformity with the Region 2 Plan

With respect to § 4.2.3 *c*) of Article 4, an administration in Region 2 is considered as being affected if the overall equivalent protection margin²⁸ corresponding to a test point of its entry in the Region 2 Plan, including the cumulative effect of any previous modification to that Plan or any previous agreement, falls more than 0.25 dB below 0 dB, or, if already negative, more than 0.25 dB below the value resulting from:

- the Region 2 Plan as established by the 1983 Conference; or
- a modification of the assignment in accordance with this Appendix; or
- a new entry in the Region 2 Plan under Article 4; or
- any agreement reached in accordance with this Appendix. (WRC-03)

3 Limits to the change in the power flux-density to protect the broadcasting-satellite service in Regions 1 and 2 in the band 12.2-12.5 GHz and in Region 3 in the band 12.5-12.7 GHz

With respect to § 4.1.1 c) of Article 4, an administration in Region 2 is considered as being affected if the proposed new or modified assignment in the Regions 1 and 3 List would result in exceeding

²⁷ For the definition of the equivalent protection margin, see § 3.4 of Annex 5.

²⁸ For the definition of the overall equivalent protection margin, see § 1.11 of Annex 5.

the following power flux-density values, at any test point in the service area of its overlapping frequency assignments:

$-147 dB(W/(m^2 \cdot 27 MHz))$	for 0°	$\leq \theta < 0.23^{\circ}$
$-135.7 + 17.74 \log \theta$ dB(W/(m ² · 27 MHz))	for 0.23°	$\leq \theta < 1.8^{\circ}$
$-134.0 + 0.89 \; \theta^2 dB(W/(m^2 \cdot 27 \; MHz))$	for 1.8°	$\leq \theta < 5.0^{\circ}$
$-129.2 + 25 \log \theta dB(W/(m^2 \cdot 27 \text{ MHz}))$	for 5.0°	$\leq \theta < 10.57^{\circ}$
-103.6 dB(W/(m ² · 27 MHz))	for 10.57°	$\theta \leq \theta$

where θ is the minimum geocentric orbital separation in degrees between the wanted and interfering space stations, taking into account the respective East-West station-keeping accuracies.

With respect to \S 4.2.3 a), 4.2.3 b) or 4.2.3 f) of Article 4, as appropriate, an administration in Region 1 or 3 is considered as being affected if the proposed modification to the Region 2 Plan would result in exceeding the following power flux-density values, at any test point in the service area of its overlapping frequency assignments:

where θ is the minimum geocentric orbital separation in degrees between the wanted and interfering space stations, taking into account the respective East-West station-keeping accuracies. (WRC-03)

4 Limits to the power flux-density to protect the terrestrial services of other administrations^{29, 30, 31}

With respect to § 4.1.1 *d*) of Article 4, an administration in Region 1, 2 or 3 is considered as being affected if the consequence of the proposed modified assignment in the Regions 1 and 3 List is to increase the power flux-density arriving on any part of the territory of that administration by more than 0.25 dB over that resulting from that frequency assignment in the Plan or List for Regions 1 and 3 as established by WRC-2000. The same administration is considered as not being affected if the value of the power flux-density anywhere in its territory does not exceed the limits expressed below

²⁹ See § 3.18 of Annex 5.

³⁰ In the band 12.5-12.7 GHz in Region 1, these limits are applicable only to the territory of administrations mentioned in Nos. **5.494** and **5.496**.

³¹ See Resolution 34 *

^{*} Note by the Secretariat: This Resolution was revised by WRC-03.

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With respect to § 4.2.3 *d*) of Article 4, an administration in Region 1, 2 or 3 is considered as being affected if the consequence of the proposed modification to an existing assignment in the Region 2 Plan is to increase the power flux-density arriving on any part of the territory of that administration by more than 0.25 dB over that resulting from that frequency assignment in the Region 2 Plan at the time of entry into force of the Final Acts of the 1985 Conference. The same administration is considered as not being affected if the value of the power flux-density anywhere in its territory does not exceed the limits expressed below.

With respect to $\S 4.1.1 d$) or $\S 4.2.3 d$) of Article 4, an administration in Region 1, 2 or 3 is considered as being affected if the proposed new assignment in the Regions 1 and 3 List, or if the proposed new frequency assignment in the Region 2 Plan, would result in exceeding a power flux-density, for any angle of arrival, at any point on its territory, of:

where θ represents the angle of arrival. (WRC-03)

- 5 (Not used.)
- 6 Limits to the change in the power flux-density of assignments in the Regions 1 and 3 Plan or List to protect the fixed-satellite service (space-to-Earth) in the band 11.7-12.2 GHz³² in Region 2 or in the band 12.2-12.5 GHz in Region 3, and of assignments in the Region 2 Plan to protect the fixed-satellite service (space-to-Earth) in the band 12.5-12.7 GHz in Region 1 and in the band 12.2-12.7 GHz in Region 3

With respect to § 4.1.1 *e*) of Article 4, an administration is considered as being affected if the proposed new or modified assignment in the Regions 1 and 3 List would result in an increase in the power flux-density over any portion of the service area of its overlapping frequency assignments in the fixed-satellite service in Region 2 or Region 3 of 0.25 dB or more above that resulting from the frequency assignments in the Plan or List for Regions 1 and 3 as established by WRC-2000.

With respect to § 4.2.3 e), an administration is considered as being affected if the proposed modification to the Region 2 Plan would result in an increase in the power flux-density over any portion of the service area of its overlapping frequency assignments in the fixed-satellite service in

³² Including assignments operating under No. **5.485**.

Region 1 or 3 of 0.25 dB or more above that resulting from the frequency assignments in the Region 2 Plan at the time of entry into force of the Final Acts of the 1985 Conference.

With respect to § 4.1.1 *e*) or 4.2.3 *e*) of Article 4, with the exception of cases covered by Note 1 below, an administration is considered as not being affected if the proposed new or modified assignment in the Regions 1 and 3 List, or if a proposed modification to the Region 2 Plan, gives a power flux-density anywhere over any portion of the service area of its overlapping frequency assignments in the fixed-satellite service in Region 1, 2 or 3 of less than:

$$\begin{array}{lll} -186.5 & dB(W/(m^2 \cdot 40 \text{ kHz})) & \text{for } 0^\circ & \leq \theta < 0.054^\circ \\ \\ -164.0 + 17.74 \log \theta & dB(W/(m^2 \cdot 40 \text{ kHz})) & \text{for } 0.054^\circ \leq \theta < 2.0^\circ \\ \\ -165.0 + 1.66 \theta^2 & dB(W/(m^2 \cdot 40 \text{ kHz})) & \text{for } 2.0^\circ & \leq \theta < 3.59^\circ \\ \\ -157.5 + 25 \log \theta & dB(W/(m^2 \cdot 40 \text{ kHz})) & \text{for } 3.59^\circ \leq \theta < 10.57^\circ \\ \\ -131.9 & dB(W/(m^2 \cdot 40 \text{ kHz})) & \text{for } 10.57^\circ \leq \theta \end{array}$$

where θ is the minimum geocentric orbital separation in degrees between the wanted and interfering space stations, taking into account the respective East-West station-keeping accuracies.

NOTE 1 – With respect to § 4.1.1 *e*) of Article 4, an administration in Region 3 is considered as not being affected if the proposed new or modified assignment in the Regions 1 and 3 List in the orbital arc 105° E-129° E gives a power flux-density anywhere over any portion of the territory of the notifying administration within the service area of its overlapping frequency assignments in the fixed-satellite service in the orbital arc 110° E-124° E of less than:

where θ is the minimum geocentric orbital separation in degrees between the wanted and interfering space stations, taking into account the respective East-West station-keeping accuracies.

The above set of formulas is only applied to networks:

- for which Appendix 4 information for coordination had been received by the Bureau prior to 30 March 2002; and
- which had been brought into use prior to 30 March 2002 and for which the date of bringing into use had been confirmed to the Bureau; and
- for which the complete due diligence information, in accordance with Annex 2 to Resolution 49 (Rev.WRC-2000)*, had been received by the Bureau prior to 30 March 2002. (WRC-03)

^{*} Note by the Secretariat: This Resolution was revised by WRC-03, WRC-07 and WRC-12.

7 Limits to the change in equivalent noise temperature to protect the fixed-satellite service (Earth-to-space) in Region 1 from modifications to the Region 2 Plan in the band 12.5-12.7 GHz

With respect to $\S 4.2.3 e$) of Article 4, an administration is considered as being affected if the proposed modification to the Region 2 Plan would result in:

- the value of $\Delta T/T$ of its overlapping frequency assignments in the fixed-satellite service in Region 1 resulting from the proposed modification is greater than the value of $\Delta T/T$ resulting from the assignment in the Region 2 Plan as of the date of entry into force of the Final Acts of the 1985 Conference; *and*
- the value of $\Delta T/T$ of its overlapping frequency assignments in the fixed-satellite service in Region 1 resulting from the proposed modification exceeds 6%,

using the method of Appendix 8 (Case II). (WRC-07)

ANNEX 2 (REV.WRC-03)

Basic characteristics to be furnished in notices relating to space stations in the broadcasting-satellite service

These data items are listed in Appendix 4.

ANNEX 3 (WRC-03)

Method for determining the limiting interfering power flux-density at the edge of a broadcasting-satellite service area in the frequency bands 11.7-12.2 GHz (in Region 3), 11.7-12.5 GHz (in Region 1) and 12.2-12.7 GHz (in Region 2), and for calculating the power flux-density produced in these bands by a terrestrial station, or by a transmitting earth station in the fixed-satellite service in the band 12.5-12.7 GHz

1 General

1.1 This Annex describes a method of calculating the interference potential from terrestrial transmitters or transmitting earth stations in the fixed-satellite service (FSS) to receiving earth stations in the broadcasting-satellite service (BSS).

- 1.2 The method is in two parts:
- a) the calculation of the maximum permissible interfering power flux-density at the edge of the BSS area concerned:
- b) the calculation of the likely power flux-density produced at any point on the edge of the service area by the terrestrial transmitter or transmitting earth stations in the FSS of another administration.
- 1.3 The interference potential of the terrestrial transmitters or the transmitting earth stations in the FSS must be considered case by case; the power flux-density produced by each terrestrial transmitter or each transmitting earth station F_p is compared to the limiting power flux-density F at any point on the edge of the service area of a broadcasting-satellite station of another administration. If, for a given transmitter, the value of the power flux-density produced F_p is lower than the value of the limiting power flux-density F at any point on the edge of the service area, the interference caused to the BSS by this transmitter is considered to be lower than the permissible value and no coordination is required between administrations before the terrestrial service station or the transmitting earth station is brought into use. Where this is not the case, coordination and more precise calculations derived from a mutually agreed basis are necessary.

Section 2 calculates the limit of power flux-density *F* at the edge of the service area.

Section 3 calculates the power flux-density produced by a terrestrial station or a transmitting earth station, F_p .

- 1.4 It is emphasized that, should the calculation described in this Annex indicate that the maximum permissible power flux-density is exceeded, it does not necessarily preclude the introduction of the terrestrial or the FSS since the calculations are necessarily based on worst-case assumptions for:
- a) the nature of the terrain of the interference path;
- b) the off-beam discrimination on the broadcasting-satellite receiving installations;
- c) the necessary protection ratios for the BSS;
- the type of reception in the BSS, i.e., assuming individual reception, this being more critical than community reception for the angles of elevation concerned;
- e) the value of power flux-density to be protected in the BSS;
- f) the propagation conditions between the terrestrial station or the transmitting earth station in the FSS operating in the opposite direction of transmission, and the BSS area.

2 Limit of power flux-density

2.1 General

The limiting power flux-density not to be exceeded at the edge of the service area in order to protect the BSS of an administration is given by the formula:

$$F = F_0 - R + D + P \tag{1}$$

where:

F: the maximum permissible interfering power flux-density (dB(W/m 2)) within the necessary bandwidth of the broadcasting-satellite;

 F_0 : the wanted power flux-density (dB(W/m²)) at the edge of the service area;

R: the protection ratio (dB) between the wanted and interfering signals;

D: angular antenna discrimination (dB) provided by the radiation pattern of the broadcasting-satellite receiver antenna;

P: polarization discrimination (dB) between the wanted and interfering signals.

2.2 Wanted power flux-density (F_0)

The value of F_0 is equal to:

For the Regions 1 and 3 Plan and List, Region 2 Plan and Article 4 submissions under § 4.1.3 and 4.2.6:

- a) $-108 \text{ dB(W/(m}^2 \cdot 27 \text{ MHz))}$ for service areas in Regions 1 and 3, and
- b) -115 dB(W/(m² · 24 MHz)), as well as in dB(W/(m² · 27 MHz)) with respect to the cases mentioned in the footnote to § 3.8 of Annex 5 concerning necessary bandwidths in Region 2.

For the analogue BSS assignments in the Region 2 Plan:

 $-107~dB(W/(m^2\cdot 24~MHz)),$ as well as in $dB(W/(m^2\cdot 27~MHz))$ with respect to the cases mentioned in the footnote to § 3.8 of Annex 5 concerning necessary bandwidths in Region 2.

2.3 Protection ratio (R)

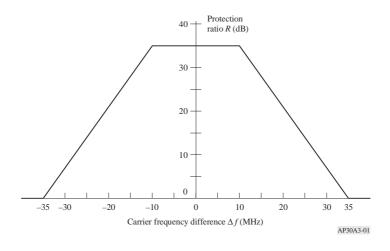
- 2.3.1 For digital BSS assignments, the single entry protection ratio is equal to 30 dB.
- 2.3.2 For the analogue BSS assignments in the Region 2 Plan and for notified BSS assignments in Regions 1 and 3 Plan and List which are in conformity with the Plans and List of Appendix 30 and which have been brought into use and for which the date of bringing into use has been confirmed to the Bureau before 9 June 2003, the single entry protection ratio against all types

of terrestrial transmissions, with the exception of amplitude-modulation multichannel television systems, is 35 dB for carrier frequency differences between the wanted and interfering signals of up to ± 10 MHz, decreasing linearly from 35 dB to 0 dB for carrier frequency differences between 10 MHz and 35 MHz, and is 0 dB for frequency differences in excess of 35 MHz (see Fig. 1). For amplitude-modulation multichannel television systems which produce high peaks of power flux-density spread over a wide range of their necessary bandwidth, the protection ratio R is 35 dB and is independent of the carrier frequency difference.

- 2.3.3 The carrier frequency difference should be determined by reference to the frequency assignments in the broadcasting-satellite Plan or, in the case of assignments not contained within a plan, by reference to the characteristics of the proposed or operational system.
- 2.3.4 A signal from a terrestrial station or a transmitting earth station in the FSS should be considered only if its necessary bandwidth overlaps the necessary bandwidth of the BSS assignment.

FIGURE 1

Protection ratio (R) (dB) for a broadcasting-satellite signal against a single entry of interference from a terrestrial service (except for AM multichannel TV system)



2.4 Angular antenna discrimination (D)

2.4.1 For all Regions (digital)

The value of *D* to be assumed in equation (1) is derived from the following equations, which are based on Recommendation ITU-R BO.1213 (also found in Annex 5):

$$D = 0.0025((d/\lambda) \varphi)^{2} \qquad dB \qquad \qquad \text{for } 0^{\circ} \leq \varphi < \varphi_{m}$$

$$D = G_{max} - (29 - 25 \log(\varphi_{r})) \quad dB \qquad \qquad \text{for } \varphi_{m} \leq \varphi < \varphi_{r} \qquad (2)$$

$$D = G_{max} - (29 - 25 \log(\varphi)) \quad dB \qquad \qquad \text{for } \varphi_{r} \leq \varphi \leq 14.45^{\circ}$$

$$D = G_{max} \qquad \qquad dB \qquad \qquad \text{for } \varphi > 14.45^{\circ}$$

where:

 elevation angle (degrees) for the proposed or operational broadcasting-satellite system for the BSS area concerned

$$\varphi_m$$
: $(\lambda/d)((G_{max}-G_1)/(0.0025))^{0.5}$ (degrees)

$$G_1$$
: 29 – 25 log(φ_r) (dB)

$$\varphi_r$$
: 95(λ/d) (degrees)

 G_{max} : maximum gain of the antenna (dBi)

d: diameter of the antenna (m)

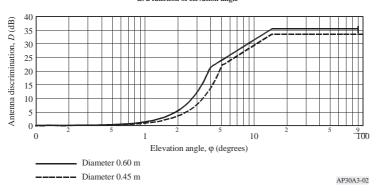
 λ : the wavelength (m).

NOTE 1 – If more than one value of ϕ is specified for a particular service area, the appropriate value of ϕ should be used for each section of the edge of the service area under consideration.

For Regions 1 and 3, $G_{max} = 35.5$ dBi corresponding to a 0.6 m diameter antenna at 11.7 GHz and 65% efficiency. For Region 2, $G_{max} = 33.3$ dBi corresponding to a 0.45 m diameter antenna at 12.2 GHz and 65% efficiency. For a graphical depiction of this antenna discrimination see Fig. 2.

FIGURE 2

Discrimination D of a broadcasting-satellite receiving antenna as a function of elevation angle



2.4.2 For the analogue BSS assignments in the Region 2 Plan

The discrimination D should be derived from the expression (3) below where φ is the elevation angle for the proposed or operational broadcasting-satellite system for the BSS area concerned.

NOTE 1 – If more than one value of ϕ is specified for a particular service area, the appropriate value of ϕ should be used for each section of the edge of the service area under consideration.

$$D = 0$$
 dB for $0^{\circ} \le \phi \le 0.43^{\circ}$
 $D = 4.15 \phi^{2}$ dB for $0.43^{\circ} < \phi \le 1.92^{\circ}$ (3)
 $D = 8.24 + 25 \log \phi$ dB for $1.92^{\circ} < \phi \le 25^{\circ}$
 $D = 43.2$ dB for $\phi > 25^{\circ}$

NOTE 2 – For the graphical determination of D see Fig. 3. The unit for φ is degrees.

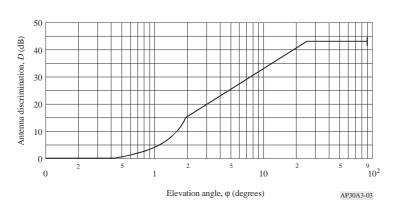
2.5 Polarization discrimination (P)

The value of *P* is equal to:

- a) 3 dB when the interfering service uses linear polarization and the BSS uses circular polarization or vice versa;
- b) 0 dB when the interfering service and the BSS both use circular or both use linear polarization.

FIGURE 3

Discrimination D of broadcasting-satellite receiving antenna as a function of elevation angle



Power flux-density produced by a terrestrial station or a transmitting earth station (F_p)

The power flux-density F_p (dB(W/m²)) produced at any point on the edge of the service area by the terrestrial station or the transmitting earth station is determined from the following formula:

$$F_p = E - A + 10 \log (4\pi/\lambda^2) \tag{4}$$

where:

E: equivalent isotropically radiated power (dBW) of the terrestrial station or the transmitting earth station in the direction of the point concerned on the edge of the service area

A: total path loss (dB)

 λ : wavelength (m).

3.1 Evaluation of path loss A for a terrestrial station or a transmitting earth station at the edge of the service area of the broadcasting satellite

The following propagation model is to be used for determining the minimum path loss between the interfering terrestrial transmitter or transmitting earth station and the edge of the BSS service area.

3.2 Propagation model

3.2.1 Distance limits

3.2.1.1 Minimum distance limit

The minimum coordination distance is given as:

$$d_{min}(f) = 100 + \frac{(\beta_p - f)}{2} \tag{5}$$

where:

f: frequency (GHz)

 β_p : radiometeorological parameter, which reflects the relative incidence of clearsky anomalous propagation conditions.

The value of β_p is latitude dependent. The latitude to be used in determining the correct value for β_p is given by:

$$\zeta_r = \begin{cases}
|\zeta| - 1.8 & \text{for } |\zeta| > 1.8^{\circ} \\
0 & \text{for } |\zeta| \le 1.8^{\circ}
\end{cases}$$
(6)

where ζ is the earth station latitude (degrees).

 β_D is then determined using:

$$\beta_p = \begin{cases} 10^{(1.67 - 0.015\zeta_r)} & \text{for } \zeta_r \le 70^{\circ} \\ 4.17 & \text{for } \zeta_r > 70^{\circ} \end{cases}$$
 (7)

3.2.1.2 Maximum distance limit

The maximum distance, d_{max} , for paths comprising a single climatic zone must not exceed the value for that climatic zone given in the Table below. For mixed paths comprising multiple zones the overall maximum distance must not exceed the value in the Table below corresponding to the climatic zone in the mixed path having the largest value (e.g. for a mixed path comprising Zones A1 and A2, d_{max} is 500 km).

Climatic Zone ¹	Maximum distance, d_{max}^{2}
A1	500
A2	375
В	900
C	1 200

For the definition see Appendix 7, § 1.5.1 and 1.5.3.2.

3.2.2 Ducting model

3.2.2.1 Distance-independent part of the loss (dB) for ducting

For BSS earth stations, no additional protection due to the earth station horizon elevation angle can be assumed, i.e. A_h , the total terrain shielding attenuation, is 0 dB. However, if the detailed information for the transmitting station is known, including any site-shielding-based mitigation techniques that are used, all these factors need to be included in the determination of the coordination distance.

Reduction in attenuation arising from direct coupling into over-sea ducts (dB):

$$A_c = \frac{-6}{1+dc} \tag{8}$$

where d_c (km) is the distance from a land-based transmitting station to the coast in the direction being considered. d_c is zero in other circumstances.

Distance-independent part of the loss (dB) for ducting:

$$A_1 = 122.43 + 16.5 \log f + A_c \tag{9}$$

² As computed in § 2 of Appendix 7.

- 3.2.2.2 Distance-dependent part of the loss (dB) for ducting
- a) The specific attenuation (dB/km) due to dry air is given as:

$$\gamma_0 = \left(7.19 \times 10^{-3} + \frac{6.09}{f^2 + 0.227} + \frac{4.81}{(f - 57)^2 + 1.50}\right) f^2 \times 10^{-3}$$
 (10)

b) The specific attenuation due to water vapour is given as a function of ρ , the water vapour density in units of g/m^3 , by the following equation:

$$\gamma_w(\rho) = \left(0.050 + 0.0021\rho + \frac{3.6}{(f - 22.2)^2 + 8.5}\right) f^2 \rho \times 10^{-4}$$
 (11)

c) The specific attenuation (dB/km) due to water vapour for the ducting propagation model using a water vapour density of 7.5 g/m³ for paths over land in Zones A1 and A2 is given as:

$$\gamma_{wdl} = \gamma_w (7.5) \tag{12}$$

d) The specific attenuation (dB/km) due to water vapour for the ducting propagation model using a water vapour density of 10.0 g/m^3 for paths over sea in Zones B and C is given as:

$$\gamma_{wds} = \gamma_w (10.0) \tag{13}$$

Note that the value of 10.0 g/m³ is used for both Zones B and C in view of the lack of data on the variability of water vapour density on a global basis, particularly the minimum values.

e) Specific attenuation due to gaseous absorption (dB/km):

$$\gamma_g = \gamma_0 + \gamma_{wdl} \left(\frac{d_t}{d_i} \right) + \gamma_{wds} \left(1 - \frac{d_t}{d_i} \right)$$
 (14)

where:

 d_t (km): aggregate land distance (Zone A1 + Zone A2) along the path;

d_i (km): path length considered, which lies within the range between a minimum calculation distance and a maximum calculation distance.

f) Values for zone-dependent parameters:

$$\tau = 1 - \exp\left(-\left(4.12 \times 10^{-4} (d_{lm})^{2.41}\right)\right) \tag{15}$$

where:

 d_{lm} (km): longest continuous inland distance (Zone A2) along the path considered.

$$\mu_1 = \left(\frac{-d_{tm}}{10^{-6.6\tau} + \left(10^{-(0.496 + 0.354\tau)}\right)^5}\right)^{0.2}$$
 (16)

where:

 d_m (km): longest continuous land (i.e. inland + coastal) distance (Zone A1 + Zone A2) along the path considered.

 μ_1 is limited to $\mu_1 \leq 1$.

$$\sigma = -0.6 - 8.5 \times 10^{-9} d_i^{3.1} \tau \tag{17}$$

 σ is limited to $\sigma \ge -3.4$.

$$\mu_2 = \left(2.48 \times 10^{-4} d_i^2\right)^{\sigma} \tag{18}$$

 μ_2 is limited to $\mu_2 \le 1$.

$$\mu_{4} = \begin{cases} 10^{(-0.935 + 0.0176\zeta_{r})\log\mu_{1}} & \text{for } \zeta \leq 70^{\circ} \\ 10^{0.3\log\mu_{1}} & \text{for } \zeta > 70^{\circ} \end{cases}$$

$$(19)$$

g) Path-dependent incidence of ducting, β, and the related parameter, Γ₁, that are used to calculate time dependency of the path loss are given as:

$$\beta = \beta_e \cdot \mu_1 \cdot \mu_2 \cdot \mu_4 \tag{20}$$

$$\Gamma_1 = \frac{1.076}{\left(2.0058 - \log \beta\right)^{1.012}} \exp \left(-\left(9.51 - 4.8 \log \beta + 0.198 (\log \beta)^2\right) \times 10^{-6} d_i^{1.13} \right) \tag{21}$$

h) Distance-dependent part of the loss (dB) for ducting:

$$L_5(p) = (\gamma_d + \gamma_g)d_i + (1.2 + 3.7 \times 10^{-3}d_i)\log\left(\frac{p}{\beta}\right) + 12\left(\frac{p}{\beta}\right)^{1/2} + C_{2i}$$
 (22)

where:

p: the maximum percentage of time for which the permissible interference power may be exceeded; p = 0.3%

 γ_d : the frequency-dependent ducting specific attenuation (dB/km).

$$\gamma_d = 0.05 f^{1/3} \tag{23}$$

NOTE 1 – For coordination of terrestrial mobile transmitting stations, fixed stations and transmitting earth stations, the mitigation factor C_{2i} was set equal to zero.

i) Attenuation due to ducting:

$$A_{duct} = A_1 + L_5(p) \tag{24}$$

3.2.3 For the tropospheric scatter model

3.2.3.1 Distance-independent part of the loss (dB) for tropospheric scatter

$$A_2 = 187.36 + 10\varepsilon_h + L_f - 0.15N_0 - 10.1 \left(-\log\left(\frac{p}{50}\right) \right)^{0.7}$$
 (25)

where:

 ε_h : earth station horizon elevation angle (degrees)

 N_0 : path centre sea level surface refractivity given as:

$$N_0 = 330 + 62.6 \,\mathrm{e}^{-\left(\frac{\zeta - 2}{32.7}\right)^2} \tag{26}$$

 L_f : the frequency-dependent part of the loss (dB), given as:

$$L_f = 25\log(f) - 2.5\left(\log\left(\frac{f}{2}\right)\right)^2 \tag{27}$$

3.2.3.2 Distance-dependent part of the loss (dB) for tropospheric scatter

$$L_6(p) = 20 \log(d_i) + 5.73 \times 10^{-4} (112 - 15\cos(2\zeta)) d_i + (\gamma_0 + \gamma_{wt}) d_i + C_{2i}$$
(28)

Total attenuation due to tropospheric scatter:

$$A_{trop} = A_2 + L_6(p) \tag{29}$$

3.2.3.3 *Minimum path loss*

The minimum path loss, A_{min} , between the site of the interfering transmitter and the edge of the BSS service area is given by:

$$A_{min} = \min \left(A_{duct}, A_{trop} \right) \tag{30}$$

ANNEX 4 (REV WRC-03)

Need for coordination of a transmitting space station in the fixed-satellite service or in the broadcasting-satellite service where this service is not subject to a Plan: in Region 2 (11.7-12.2 GHz) with respect to the Plan, the List or proposed new or modified assignments in the List for Regions 1 and 3; in Region 1 (12.5-12.7 GHz) and in Region 3 (12.2-12.7 GHz) with respect to the Plan or proposed modifications to the Plan in Region 2; in Region 3 (12.2-12.5 GHz) with respect to the Plan, List or proposed new or modified assignments in the List for Region 1

(See Article 7)

With respect to § 7.1 and 7.2 of Article 7, coordination of a transmitting space station in the fixed-satellite service (FSS) (space-to-Earth) of Region 2 or Region 3 is required when, under assumed free-space propagation conditions, the power flux-density over any portion of the service area of the overlapping frequency assignments in the BSS of an administration in Region 1 or Region 3 exceeds the following values: (WRC-07)

$-147 ext{ dB(W/(m}^2 \cdot 27 \text{ MHz))}$	for 0°	≤ θ < 0.23°
$-135.7 + 17.74 \log \theta dB(W/(m^2 \cdot 27 \text{ MHz}))$	for 0.23°	≤ θ < 2.0°
$-136.7 + 1.66 \theta^2 dB(W/(m^2 \cdot 27 MHz))$	for 2.0°	≤ θ < 3.59°
$-129.2 + 25 \log \theta dB(W/(m^2 \cdot 27 \text{ MHz}))$	for 3.59°	≤ θ < 10.57°
-103.6 dB(W/(m ² · 27 MHz))	for 10.57°	$0 \le \theta$

where θ is the minimum geocentric orbital separation in degrees between the wanted and interfering space stations, taking into account the respective East-West station-keeping accuracies.

In the case of an administration in Region 3 that has notified and brought into use its BSS Plan assignments before 9 June 2003, and whose notified assignments have been recorded in the Master Register with a favourable finding and for which the date of bringing into use has been confirmed to

the Bureau, with respect to $\S 7.2.1 \ a$) of Article 7, the conditions contained above are replaced by the following conditions:

under assumed free-space propagation conditions, the power flux-density at any test point
within the service area of the overlapping frequency assignments in the Plan does not exceed
the following values³³:

where θ is the minimum geocentric orbital separation in degrees between the wanted and interfering space stations, taking into account the respective East-West station-keeping accuracies.

With respect to § 7.1 and 7.2 of Article 7, coordination of a transmitting space station in the FSS (space-to-Earth) in Region 1 or 3 or BSS not subject to a Plan in Region 3 is required when, under assumed free-space propagation conditions, the power flux-density over any portion of the service area of the overlapping frequency assignments in the BSS of an administration in Region 2 exceeds the following values:

where θ is the minimum geocentric orbital separation in degrees between the wanted and interfering space stations, taking into account the respective East-West station-keeping accuracies.

³³ For the protection of analogue assignments brought into service before 17 October 1997, the following values shall be used until 1 January 2015:

 $[\]begin{split} -147 & dB(W/(m^2 \cdot 27 \text{ MHz})) & \text{for } 0^\circ & \leq \theta < 0.44^\circ \\ -138 + 25 \log \theta & dB(W/(m^2 \cdot 27 \text{ MHz})) & \text{for } 0.44^\circ \leq \theta < 9^\circ. \end{split}$

ANNEX 5

Technical data used in establishing the provisions and associated Plans and the Regions 1 and 3 List, which should be used for their application³⁴ (Rev.WRC-03)

1 Definitions

1.1 Downlink service area

The area on the surface of the Earth in which the administration responsible for the service has the right to demand that the agreed protection conditions be provided.

NOTE – In the definition of service area, it is made clear that within the service area the agreed protection conditions can be demanded. This is the area where there should be at least the wanted power flux-density and protection against interference based on the agreed protection ratio for the agreed percentage of time.

1.2 Downlink coverage area

The area on the surface of the Earth delineated by a contour of a constant given value of power flux-density which would permit the wanted quality of reception in the absence of interference.

NOTE 1 - In accordance with the provisions of No. 23.13, the coverage area must be the smallest area which encompasses the service area.

NOTE 2 – The coverage area, which will normally encompass the entire service area, will result from the intersection of the antenna beam (elliptical, circular, or shaped) with the surface of the Earth, and will be defined by a given value of power flux-density. For example, it would be the area delineated by the contour corresponding to the level specified in § 3.16 of this Annex. There will usually be an area outside the service area but within the coverage area in which the power flux-density will be at least equivalent to the minimum specified value; however, protection against interference will not be provided in this area.

NOTE 3 – If coverage is provided by a steerable beam, the contour delineating the coverage area will depend on the pointing capability of the beam and will not necessarily cover the entire service area.

1.3 Downlink beam area

The area delineated by the intersection of the half-power beam of the satellite transmitting antenna with the surface of the Earth. The downlink beam area concept was generally used for planning purposes in conjunction with elliptical beams.

NOTE – The beam area is simply that area on the Earth's surface corresponding to the –3 dB points on the satellite antenna radiation pattern. In many cases the beam area would almost coincide with the coverage area, the discrepancy being accounted for by the permanent difference in path lengths from the satellite throughout the beam area, and also by the permanent variations, if any, in propagation factors across the area. However, for a service area where the maximum

³⁴ In revising this Annex at WRC-97 and at WRC-2000, no changes have been made to the technical data applicable to the Region 2 Plan. However, for all three Regions, it should be noted that some of the parameters of networks proposed as modifications to the Region 2 Plan and the Regions 1 and 3 List may differ from the technical data presented herein. (WRC-2000)

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dimension as seen from the satellite position is less than 0.6° in Regions 1 and 3, and less than 0.8° in Region 2 (the agreed minimum practicable satellite antenna half-power beamwidths), there could be a significant difference between the beam area and the coverage area.

1.4 Nominal orbital position

The longitude of a position in the geostationary-satellite orbit associated with a frequency assignment to a space station in a space radiocommunication service. The position is given in degrees from the Greenwich meridian.

NOTE – Definitions in § 1.6 to 1.11 are applicable to Region 2. (WRC-2000)

1.5 Adjacent channel

The RF channel in the broadcasting-satellite service frequency Plan, or in the associated feeder-link frequency Plan, which is situated immediately higher or lower in frequency with respect to the reference channel.

1.6 Second adjacent channel

The RF channel in the broadcasting-satellite service frequency Plan, or in the associated feeder-link frequency Plan, which is situated immediately beyond either of the adjacent channels, with respect to the reference channel.

1.7 Overall carrier-to-interference ratio

The overall carrier-to-interference ratio is the ratio of the wanted carrier power to the sum of all interfering RF powers in a given channel including both feeder links and downlinks. The overall carrier-to-interference ratio due to interference from the given channel is calculated as the reciprocal of the sum of the reciprocals of the feeder-link carrier-to-interference ratio and the downlink carrier-to-interference ratio referred to the satellite receiver input and earth station receiver input, respectively³⁵.

1.8 Overall co-channel protection margin

The overall co-channel protection margin in a given channel is the difference in decibels between the overall co-channel carrier-to-interference ratio and the co-channel protection ratio.

1.9 Overall adjacent channel protection margin

The overall adjacent channel protection margin is the difference in decibels between the overall adjacent channel carrier-to-interference ratio and the adjacent channel protection ratio.

³⁵ There are a total of five overall carrier-to-interference ratios used in the analysis of the Plan for the broadcasting-satellite service in Region 2, namely, co-channel, upper and lower adjacent channels, and upper and lower second adjacent channels. In Regions 1 and 3, three ratios are normally used, namely, co-channel and upper and lower adjacent channels. However, see the footnote to the definition of M4 and M5 in § 1.11 of this Annex.

1.10 Overall second adjacent channel protection margin

The overall second adjacent channel protection margin is the difference in decibels between the overall second adjacent channel carrier-to-interference ratio and the second adjacent channel protection ratio.

1.11 Overall equivalent protection margin³⁶

The overall equivalent protection margin, M, is given in decibels by the expression:

$$M = -10 \log \left(\sum_{i=1}^{5} 10^{\left(-M_{i} / 10 \right)} \right)$$

where:

 M_1 : overall co-channel protection margin (dB) (as defined in § 1.8);

M₂, M₃: overall adjacent channel protection margins for the upper and lower adjacent channels, respectively (dB) (as defined in § 1.9);

 M_4 , M_5 : overall second adjacent channel protection margins for the upper and lower second adjacent channels, respectively (dB) (as defined in § 1.10)³⁷.

The adjective "equivalent" indicates that the protection margins for all interference sources from the adjacent and second adjacent channels as well as co-channel interference sources have been included. (WRC-2000)

2 Radio propagation factors

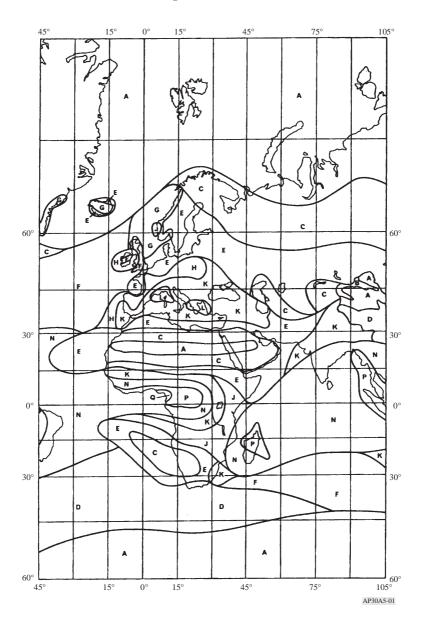
In Regions 1 and 3:

2.1 The propagation loss on the space-to-Earth path (used for computing downlink e.i.r.p. and as a guide in choosing orbital locations during the development of the Plan) is equal to the free-space path loss plus the atmospheric absorption and the rain attenuation exceeded for 1% of the worst month. Values of this attenuation can be calculated as a function of angle of elevation for the rain-climatic zones shown in Figs. 1 and 2 from Recommendation ITU-R P.837-1 by applying the method described in Recommendation ITU-R P.618-5.

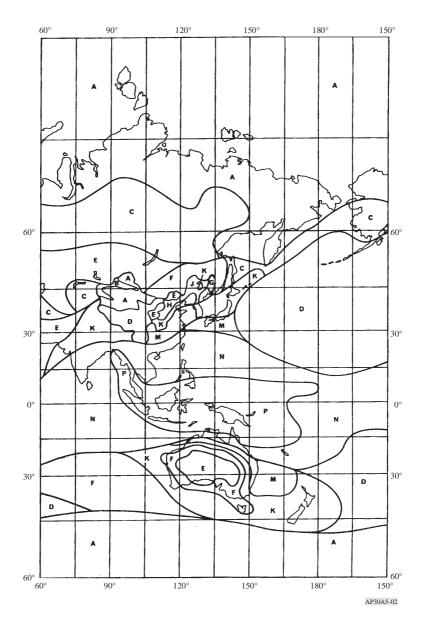
³⁶ For calculation of overall equivalent protection margin for Regions 1 and 3, as defined at WARC Orb-88, see alternative formula in § 1.12 to Annex 3 of Appendix **30A**.

³⁷ M4 and M5 are applicable only for Region 2. (WRC-2000)

 $FIGURE\ 1$ Rain-climatic zones for Regions 1 and 3 between longitudes 45° W and 105° E



FIGURE~2 Rain-climatic zones for Regions 1 and 3 between longitudes 60 $^{\circ}$ E and 150 $^{\circ}$ W



In Region 2:

2.2 The propagation loss on a space-Earth path is equal to the free-space path loss plus the atmospheric absorption loss plus the rain attenuation exceeded for 1% of the worst month.

2.2.1 Atmospheric absorption

The loss due to atmospheric absorption (i.e. clear-sky attenuation) is given by:

$$A_a = \frac{92.20}{\cos \theta} \left[0.017 F_o + 0.002 \, \rho F_w \right]$$
 dB for $\theta < 5^\circ$

where:

$$F_o = \left[24.88 \tan \theta + 0.339 \sqrt{1416.77 \tan^2 \theta + 5.51} \right]^{-1}$$

$$F_W = \left[40.81 \tan \theta + 0.339 \sqrt{3811.66 \tan^2 \theta + 5.51} \right]^{-1}$$

and:

$$A_a = \frac{0.042 + 0.003 \,\rho}{\sin \theta} \qquad \text{dB} \qquad \text{for } \theta \ge 5^\circ$$

where:

 θ : elevation angle (degrees),

 $\rho\!:\;$ surface water vapour concentration (g/m³), being

 $\rho = 10 \text{ g/m}^3$ for rain climatic zones A to K and

 $\rho\,=\,20~\text{g/m}^3$ for rain climatic zones M to P (see Fig. 3).

2.2.2 Rain attenuation

The rain attenuation A_p of circularly polarized signals exceeded for 1% of the worst month at 12.5 GHz is given by:

$$A_p = 0.21 \ \gamma \ L r \qquad \text{dB} \tag{31}$$

where:

L: slant path length through rain

$$= \frac{2(h_R - h_0)}{\left\{\sin^2\theta + 2\frac{h_R - h_0}{8\,500}\right\}^{1/2} + \sin\theta}$$
 km

r: rain path length reduction factor

$$=\frac{90}{90+4L\cos\theta}$$

 h_R : rain height (km)

$$= c \left\{ 5.1 - 2.15 \log \left(1 + 10^{(\zeta - 27)/25} \right) \right\}$$
 km

where:

$$c = 0.6$$
 for $|\zeta| \le 20^{\circ}$
 $c = 0.6 + 0.02 (|\zeta| - 20)$ for $20^{\circ} < |\zeta| \le 40^{\circ}$
 $c = 1.0$ for $|\zeta| > 40^{\circ}$

 h_0 : height (km) above mean sea level of the earth station;

- ζ : earth station latitude (degrees);
- θ : elevation angle (degrees);
- γ : specific rain attenuation = 0.0202 $R^{1.198}$ dB/km;
- R: rain intensity (mm/h) obtained from the table below for the rain climatic zones identified in Fig. 3.

(NOTE – The method is based on R exceeded for 0.01% of an average year.)

Rainfall intensity (*R*) for the rain climatic zones (exceeded for 0.01% of an average year) (see Fig. 3)

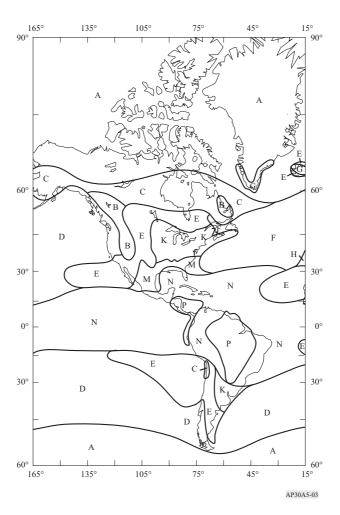
Rain climatic zone	A	В	С	D	E	F	G	K	M	N	P
Rainfall intensity (mm/h)	8	12	15	19	22	28	30	42	63	95	145

Figure 4 presents plots of rain attenuation, as calculated using equation (31), of circularly polarized signals exceeded for 1% of the worst month at 12.5 GHz, as a function of earth station latitude and elevation angle for each of the rain climatic zones shown in Fig. 3.

2.2.3 Rain attenuation limit

In the analysis of the Plan for the broadcasting-satellite service in Region 2, a maximum downlink attenuation of 9 dB was agreed in order to limit the inhomogeneity of broadcasting-satellite power flux-density and to facilitate sharing during clear-sky conditions.

FIGURE 3
Rain-climatic zones (Region 2)



2.2.4 Procedure for calculating the carrier-to-interference ratio at a test point

The calculation of the down-link carrier-to-interference ratio (exceeded for 99% of the worst month) used to obtain the overall equivalent protection margin at a test point is the minimum value of the carrier-to-interference ratio obtained assuming:

- i) clear-sky conditions (i.e. including atmospheric absorption); or
- rain-faded conditions corresponding to an attenuation value exceeded for 1% of the worst month.

2.3 Depolarization

Rain and ice can cause depolarization of radio frequency signals. The level of the co-polar component relative to the depolarized component is given by the cross-polarization discrimination (XPD) ratio. For circularly polarized emissions, the XPD ratio (dB) exceeded for 99% of the worst month is obtained from:

$$XPD = 30 \log f - 40 \log (\cos \theta) - 20 \log A_p \qquad \text{for } 5^{\circ} \le \theta \le 60^{\circ}$$
 (32)

where A_p (dB) is the co-polar rain attenuation exceeded for 1% of the worst month (calculated in § 2.2), f is the frequency in GHz and θ is the elevation angle. For angles of θ greater than 60° , use $\theta = 60^{\circ}$ in equation (32).

FIGURE 4

Rain attenuation values exceeded for 1% of the worst month
(sea level) for Region 2 rain-climatic zones

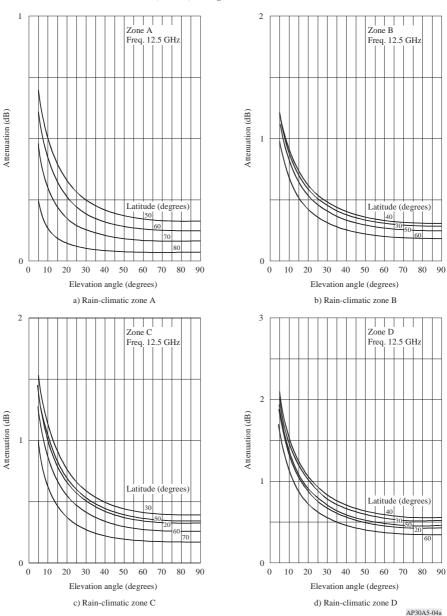


FIGURE 4 (continued)

Rain attenuation values exceeded for 1% of the worst month (sea level) for Region 2 rain-climatic zones

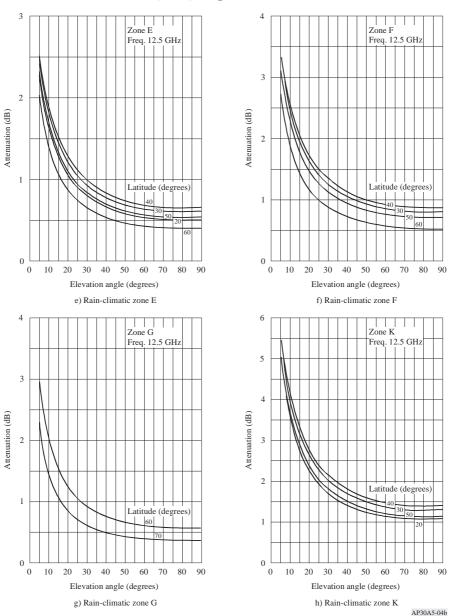
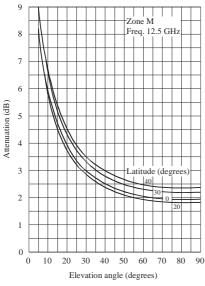
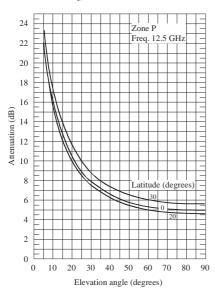


FIGURE 4 (continued)

Rain attenuation values exceeded for 1% of the worst month (sea level) for Region 2 rain-climatic zones

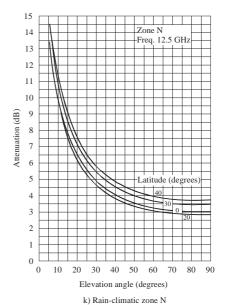


j) Rain-climatic zone M



1) Rain-climatic zone P

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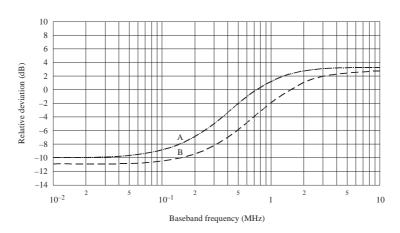


3 Basic technical characteristics

3.1 Type of modulation

3.1.1 At WARC-77 and during revision of the Regions 1 and 3 Plan at WRC-97, planning of the broadcasting-satellite service was based on the use of a signal consisting of a video signal with an associated carrier, frequency-modulated by a sound signal, both frequency-modulating a carrier in the 12 GHz band, with a pre-emphasis characteristic in accordance with Fig. 5 (from Recommendation ITU-R F.405-1*). The WRC-2000 Regions 1 and 3 Plan and the List are generally based on digital modulation of sound and television signals. (WRC-2000)

FIGURE 5
Pre-emphasis characteristic for television on 525- and 625-line systems



Curves A: 525-line system
B: 625-line system
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3.1.2 In Region 2, planning is based on the use of a frequency-modulated composite-coded colour television signal with two sound sub-carriers. However, in recognition of the need to provide for the use of new, enhanced television coding and modulation formats (e.g. time-compressed, multiplexed analogue video component signals and digitally-coded sound and data signals), values of the important technical characteristics have been chosen to take into consideration the implementation of these new formats within the provisions of the Plan.

3.1.3 Nevertheless, other modulating signals having different characteristics (e.g. modulation with sound channels frequency-multiplexed within the bandwidth of a television channel, digital modulation of sound and television signals, or other pre-emphasis characteristics) are not precluded,

^{*} Note by the Secretariat: This Recommendation was suppressed by the Radiocommunication Assembly (Geneva, 2003).

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provided that appropriate protection masks and calculation methods³⁸ are applied or if the use of such characteristics complies with the provisions of § 3.2 of Article 3.

3.2 Polarization

- 3.2.1 For the planning of the broadcasting-satellite service, circular polarization is generally used. However, for implementation of assignments in the Plan, linear polarization may also be used, subject to the successful application of the modification procedure of Article 4.
- 3.2.2 In Regions 1 and 3, the polarization of different beams intended to serve the same area should, if possible, be the same.
- 3.2.3 The terms "direct" and "indirect" used in the Plans to indicate the direction of rotation of circularly-polarized waves correspond to right-hand (clockwise) and left-hand (anti-clockwise) polarization respectively according to the following definitions:

Direct polarization (right-hand or clockwise polarization):

An elliptically or circularly-polarized electromagnetic wave, in which the electric field-intensity vector, observed in any *fixed plane*, normal to the direction of propagation, whilst looking in (i.e., not against) the direction of propagation, rotates *with time* in a *right-hand* or clockwise direction.

NOTE – For right-hand circularly-polarized plane waves, the ends of the electric vectors drawn from any points along a straight line normal to the plane of the wave front form, at any instant, a left-hand helix.

Indirect polarization (left-hand or anti-clockwise polarization):

An elliptically or circularly-polarized electromagnetic wave, in which the electric field-intensity vector, observed in any *fixed plane*, normal to the direction of propagation, whilst looking in (i.e., not against) the direction of propagation, rotates *with time* in a *left-hand* or anti-clockwise direction.

NOTE – For left-hand circularly-polarized plane waves, the ends of the electric vectors drawn from any points along a straight line normal to the plane of the wave front form, at any instant, a right-hand helix.

3.2.4 Linear polarization is defined in Recommendation ITU-R BO.1212. This Recommendation should be used when analysing linearly polarized signals.

3.3 Carrier-to-noise ratio

For the purpose of planning the broadcasting-satellite service, the carrier-to-noise ratio is equal to or exceeds 14 dB for 99% of the worst month.

³⁸ Protection masks for verifying that this provision is met are not yet fully defined in existing ITU-R Recommendations. Recommendations for interference between analogue and digital signals are still under development. In absence of criteria to evaluate interference, the Bureau will use the worst-case approach as adopted by the Radio Regulations Board.

In Regions 1 and 3, the reduction in quality in the down-link due to thermal noise in the feeder-link is taken as equivalent to a degradation in the down-link carrier-to-noise ratio not exceeding 0.5 dB for 99% of the worst month. In Region 2, as a guide for planning, the reduction in quality in the down-link due to thermal noise in the feeder link is taken as equivalent to a degradation in the down-link carrier-to-noise ratio of approximately 0.5 dB not exceeded for 99% of the worst month, but the feeder-link and down-link Plans are evaluated on the basis of the overall carrier-to-noise ratio of 14 dB for the combined down-link and feeder-link contributions.

3.4 Protection ratio between television signals

For developing the original 1977 broadcasting-satellite service Plan for Regions 1 and 3, the following protection ratios were used^{39, 40}:

- 31 dB for co-channel signals;
- 15 dB for adjacent channel signals.

For revising this Plan at WRC-97, the following aggregate downlink protection ratios were specified in Recommendation ITU-R BO.1297 for the purpose of calculating downlink equivalent protection margins^{40, 41, 42}:

- 24 dB for co-channel signals;
- 16 dB for adjacent channel signals.

In revising the Regions 1 and 3 Plan at WRC-97, the following aggregate overall protection ratio values were used for calculating the overall co-channel and adjacent-channel protection margins as defined in § 1.8 and 1.9:

- 23 dB for co-channel signals;
- 15 dB for adjacent channel signals.

$$M = -10 \log (10^{-M_1/10} + 10^{-M_2/10} + 10^{-M_3/10})$$

where M_1 is the value (dB) of the protection margin for the same channel. This is defined in the following expression where the powers are evaluated at the receiver input:

wanted power sum of the co-channel interfering powers (dB) – co-channel protection ration (dB)

 M_2 and M_3 are the values (dB) of the upper and lower adjacent-channel protection margins respectively.

The definition of the adjacent-channel protection margin is similar to that for the co-channel case except that the adjacent-channel protection ratio and the sum of the interfering powers due to emissions in the adjacent channel are considered.

³⁹ These protection ratio values were used for the assignments notified, which are in conformity with this Appendix, brought into use, and for which the date of bringing into use has been confirmed to the Bureau before 27 October 1997.

⁴⁰ The equivalent protection margin M is given in dB by the formula:

⁴¹ These protection ratio values were used for the assignments notified, which are in conformity with this Appendix, brought into use, and for which the date of bringing into use has been confirmed to the Bureau between 27 October 1997 and 12 May 2000. (WRC-2000)

⁴² These protection ratio values were used for protection of digital and analogue assignments from analogue emissions. (WRC-2000)

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It was also specified that for the revision of the Regions 1 and 3 Plan, no overall co-channel single entry *C/I* should be lower than 28 dB.

However, for the assignments notified, which are in conformity with this Appendix, brought into use, and for which the date of bringing into use has been confirmed to the Bureau before 27 October 1997, the overall equivalent protection margins were calculated using a co-channel overall protection ratio of 30 dB and lower and upper overall adjacent channel protection ratios of $14~\mathrm{dB^{43}}$.

WRC-2000 adopted, for the protection of digital assignments from digital emissions, the following protection ratio values to be applied for calculation of downlink equivalent protection margins of the WRC-2000 Regions 1 and 3 Plan:

- 21 dB for co-channel signals;
- 16 dB for adjacent channel signals.

During planning at WRC-2000, these values were used for all assignments of the Regions 1 and 3 Plan and List except those for which WRC-2000 adopted different values used in the planning process⁴⁴.

Revision of the Regions 1 and 3 Plan at WRC-97 and planning at WRC-2000 were generally based on a set of reference parameters such as the average e.i.r.p., the reference earth station receiving antenna, all test points placed within the -3 dB contour, a bandwidth of 27 MHz and the predetermined value of C/N. The Regions 1 and 3 Plan as established by WRC-2000 is generally based on the use of digital modulation.

Protection masks and associated calculation methods for interference into broadcasting satellite systems involving digital emissions shall be in accordance with Recommendation ITU-R BO.1293-2 (Annexes 1 and 2⁴⁵).

In Region 2, the following protection ratios have been adopted for the purpose of calculating the overall equivalent protection margin⁴⁶:

- 28 dB for co-channel signals;
- 13.6 dB for adjacent-channel signals;
- 9.9 dB for second adjacent-channel signals.

In Region 2, as a guide for planning, the reduction in the overall C/I ratio due to co-channel interference in the feeder link is taken as equivalent to a degradation in the downlink co-channel C/I ratio of approximately 0.5 dB not exceeded for 99% of the worst month; however, the feeder-link

 $^{^{43}}$ The overall protection margin calculation method used is based on the first formula in § 1.12 of Annex 3 to Appendix 30A.

 $^{^{44}}$ For analogue assignments, the protection ratios adopted by WRC-97 were used (24 dB co-channel and 16 dB adjacent channel). (WRC-2000)

⁴⁵ Annex 3 of this Recommendation may be applied only in compatibility analysis for bilateral coordination between administrations. (WRC-03)

⁴⁶ The definitions in § 1.7, 1.8, 1.9, 1.10 and 1.11 of this Annex apply to these calculations. (WRC-03)

and downlink Plans are evaluated on the basis of the overall equivalent protection margin, which includes the combined downlink and feeder-link contributions.

In Region 2, an overall equivalent protection margin of 0 dB, or greater, indicates that the individual protection ratios have been met for the co-channel, the adjacent channels and the second adjacent channels. (WRC-03)

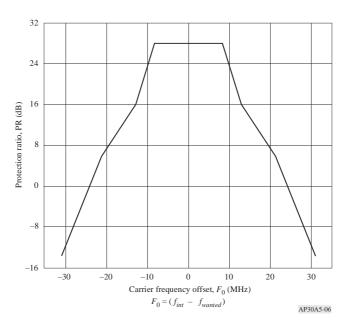
3.4.1 Adjacent channel protection ratio template for Region 2⁴⁷ (FMTV into FMTV)

The protection ratios for adjacent channels are derived from the template given in Fig. 6. The template is symmetrical and is given in terms of absolute levels for the *C/I* ratios.

The template is obtained by joining the segment for adjacent channels to the horizontal extension of the co-channel protection ratio value. The adjacent channel protection ratio cannot be adjusted relative to the co-channel value.

FIGURE 6

Protection ratio template (FMTV/FMTV), for planning of broadcasting-satellite systems in Region 2



⁴⁷ See Annex 6 for the protection ratio template for interference between TV/FM signals in Regions 1 and 3.

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The template is given by the following expressions:

$$PR = \begin{cases} 28 & \text{dB} & \text{for} & |F_0| \le 8.36 \text{ MHz} \\ -2.762 & |F_0| + 51.09 & \text{dB} & \text{for} & 8.36 < |F_0| \le 12.87 \text{ MHz} \\ -1.154 & |F_0| + 30.4 & \text{dB} & \text{for} & 12.87 < |F_0| \le 21.25 \text{ MHz} \\ -2.00 & |F_0| + 48.38 & \text{dB} & \text{for} & |F_0| > 21.25 \text{ MHz} \end{cases}$$

where PR is the protection ratio (dB) and $|F_0|$ is the carrier spacing between the interfering and wanted signals (MHz).

3.5 Channel spacing

3.5.1 Channel spacing in the Plans

In Regions 1 and 3, the spacing between the assigned frequencies of two adjacent channels is 19.18 MHz.

In Region 2, the spacing between the assigned frequencies of two adjacent channels is 14.58 MHz, which corresponds to 32 channels in the 500 MHz bandwidth allocated to the broadcasting-satellite service.

The Plans give the assigned frequencies for each channel.

However, in the Regions 1 and 3 Plan, for the implementation of assignments different frequency spacing may be used subject to the successful application of the modification procedure of Article 4, ITU-R Recommendations for protection masks should be used if available. In the absence of such Recommendations, the Bureau should apply the worst-case approach as adopted by the Radio Regulations Board.

3.5.2 Arrangement of channels in the same beam

Planning in Region 1 at the 1977 Conference was carried out by trying to restrict all the channels radiated within a single antenna beam within a frequency range of 400 MHz, in order to simplify receiver construction. Such a restriction was considered unnecessary for the revision of the Regions 1 and 3 Plan at WRC-97.

3.5.3 Spacing between assigned channel frequencies feeding a common antenna

In the 1977 Plan for Regions 1 and 3, owing to technical difficulties in the output circuit of a satellite transmitter, spacing between the assigned frequencies of two channels feeding a common antenna was required to be greater than 40 MHz. This restriction was not imposed in the revision of the Plan.

3.6 Figure of merit (G/T) of a receiving station in the broadcasting-satellite service

In planning the broadcasting-satellite service, the value of the figure of merit G/T for clear-sky conditions is:

for Regions 1 and 3:

The original 1977 broadcasting-satellite service Plan used values⁴⁸ of:

6 dB(K-1) for individual reception

14 dB(K⁻¹) for community reception, and

for Region 2:

10 dB(K⁻¹) for individual reception.

The 1997 revision of the Regions 1 and 3 Plan is based on a uniform value of the figure of merit G/T equal to 11 dB(K⁻¹).

These values were calculated from a formula which allows for pointing error, polarization effects and equipment ageing.

See also Report ITU-R BO.473-3 (Annex 1).

3.7 Receiving antennas

3.7.1 Half-power beamwidth of receiving antennas

In the development of the original 1977 broadcasting-satellite service Plan for Regions 1 and 3, the minimum receiving antenna diameter was such that the half-power beamwidth was 2° for individual reception and 1° for community reception.

In revising this Plan at WRC-97, the minimum receiving antenna diameter was such that the half-power beamwidth was 2.86°. (WRC-07)

For planning the broadcasting-satellite service in Region 2, the minimum receiving antenna diameter must be such that the half-power beamwidth φ_0 is 1.7°.

⁴⁸ These values are still used for assignments notified, which are in conformity with this Appendix, brought into use, and for which the date of bringing into use has been confirmed to the Bureau before 27 October 1997.

3.7.2 Receiving antenna reference patterns

The co-polar and cross-polar receiving antenna reference patterns are given in Figs. 7, 7bis and 8.

- a) For Regions 1 and 3, the original 1977 Conference Plan was based on the antenna pattern⁴⁹ shown in Fig. 7 where the relative antenna gain (dB) is given by the curves for:
 - individual reception, for which use should be made of:
 - Curve A for the co-polar component;
 - Curve B for the cross-polar component;
 - community reception, for which use should be made of:
 - Curve A' up to the intersection with Curve C, then Curve C, for the co-polar component;
 - Curve B for the cross-polar component.

The WRC-97 revision of the Regions 1 and 3 broadcasting-satellite service Plan was based on the absolute gain (dBi) patterns for a 60 cm antenna given in Recommendation ITU-R BO.1213 as shown in Fig. 7bis.

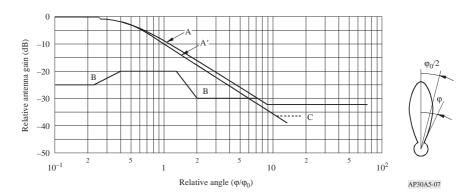
- b) For Region 2, the relative antenna gain (dB) is given by the curves in Fig. 8 for individual reception, for which use should be made of:
 - Curve A for the co-polar component;
 - Curve B for the cross-polar component.

^{) -- .}

⁴⁹ This antenna pattern is used in the broadcasting-satellite service Plan for Regions 1 and 3 for assignments notified, which are in conformity with this Appendix, brought into use, and for which the date of bringing into use has been confirmed to the Bureau before 27 October 1997.

FIGURE 7

Co-polar and cross-polar receiving antenna reference patterns in Regions 1 and 3



Curve A: Co-polar component for individual reception without side-lobe suppression (dB relative to main beam gain)

for

0

Curve A': Co-polar component for community reception without side-lobe suppression (dB relative to main beam gain)

 $\varphi \leq 0.25 \, \varphi_0$

$$-12 \left(\frac{\phi}{\phi_0}\right)^2 \qquad \qquad \text{for} \quad 0.25 \ \phi_0 \ < \ \phi \le 0.86 \ \phi_0$$

$$- \left[10.5 + 25 \log \left(\frac{\phi}{\phi_0}\right)\right] \qquad \qquad \text{for} \qquad \qquad \phi > 0.86 \ \phi_0 \ \text{up to intersection with}$$

$$\quad \text{Curve C (then Curve C)}$$

Curve B: Cross-polar component for both types of reception (dB relative to main beam gain)

$$-25 \qquad \qquad \text{for} \quad 0 \qquad \leq \quad \phi \leq 0.25 \, \phi_0$$

$$-\left(30 \,+\, 40 \log \left|\frac{\phi}{\phi_0} - 1\right|\right) \qquad \qquad \text{for} \quad 0.25 \, \phi_0 \quad < \quad \phi \leq 0.44 \, \phi_0$$

$$-20$$
 for $-0.44 \; \phi_0 \quad < \quad \phi \leq 1.4 \; \phi_0$

$$-\left(30 + 25 \log \left| \frac{\phi}{\phi_0} - 1 \right| \right) \qquad \qquad \text{for} \quad 1.4 \, \phi_0 \qquad < \quad \phi \leq 2 \, \phi_0$$

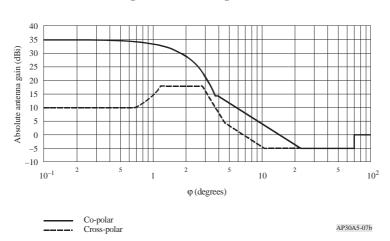
-30 until intersection with co-polar component curve; then co-polar component curve.

Curve C: Minus the on-axis gain (Curve C in this figure illustrates the particular case of an antenna with an on-axis gain of 37 dBi).

NOTE – For values of φ_0 see § 3.7.1.

FIGURE 7bis (WRC-03)

Reference receiving earth station antenna patterns used at WRC-97 for revising the Regions 1 and 3 broadcasting-satellite service Plan



Co-polar pattern:

$$G_{co}\left(\varphi\right) \; = \; G_{max} \; - \; 2.5 \; \times \; 10^{\; -3} \; \left(\frac{D}{\lambda} \; \varphi\right)^2 \qquad \qquad \text{for } \; 0 \leq \varphi < \varphi_m$$

where

$$\phi_m = \frac{\lambda}{D} \sqrt{\frac{G_{max} - G_1}{0.0025}}$$

$$G_{co}(\varphi) = G_1 = 29 - 25 \log \varphi_r$$
 for $\varphi_m \le \varphi < \varphi_r$

where:

$$\varphi_r = 95 \frac{\lambda}{D}$$

$$G_{co}(\varphi) = 29 - 25 \log \varphi$$

for $\varphi_r \le \varphi < \varphi_b$

where:

$$\varphi_b = 10^{(34/25)}$$

$$G_{co}(\varphi) = -5 \text{ dBi}$$

for
$$\varphi_b \le \varphi < 70^\circ$$

$$G_{co}(\varphi) = 0 \, dBi$$

for
$$70^{\circ} \le \varphi < 180^{\circ}$$

Cross-polar pattern:

$$G_{cross}(\varphi) = G_{max} - 25$$

for
$$0 \le \phi < 0.25 \phi_0$$

where:

$$\varphi_0 = 2\frac{\lambda}{D}\sqrt{\frac{3}{0.0025}} = 3 \text{ dB beamwidth}$$

$$G_{cross}(\varphi) = G_{max} - 25 + 8\left(\frac{\varphi - 0.25 \, \varphi_0}{0.19 \, \varphi_0}\right)$$

for
$$0.25 \ \phi_0 \le \phi < 0.44 \ \phi_0$$

$$G_{cross}(\varphi) = G_{max} - 17$$

for
$$0.44 \, \varphi_0 \leq \varphi < \varphi_0$$

$$G_{cross}(\varphi) = G_{max} - 17 + C \left| \frac{\varphi - \varphi_0}{\varphi_1 - \varphi_0} \right|$$

for
$$\varphi_0 \le \varphi < \varphi_1$$
 (WRC-07)

where:

λ: wavelength corresponding to 12.1 GHz (m)

$$C = 21 - 25 \log \varphi_1 - (G_{max} - 17)$$

$$\varphi_1 = \frac{\varphi_0}{2} \sqrt{10.1875}$$

$$G_{cross}(\varphi) = 21 - 25 \log \varphi$$

for
$$\phi_1 \le \phi < \phi_2$$

where:

$$\varphi_2 = 10^{(26/25)}$$

$$G_{cross}(\varphi) = -5 \text{ dBi}$$

for
$$\phi_2 \leq \phi < 70^\circ$$

$$G_{cross}(\varphi) = 0 \text{ dBi}$$

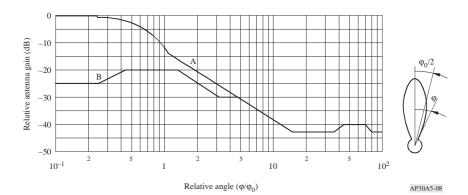
for
$$70^{\circ} \le \varphi < 180^{\circ}$$

The reference frequency used in calculations for this antenna pattern = 12.1 GHz.

For the 0.60 m antenna pattern, which was used as a reference receiving antenna in replanning the absolute gain of 35.5 dBi was applied. (WRC-03)

FIGURE 8

Reference patterns for co-polar and cross-polar components for receiving earth station antennas in Region 2



Curve A: Co-polar component without side-lobe suppression (dB relative to main beam gain)

0	for	0	≤	φ	≤	0.25 φ ₀
$-12 (\phi/\phi_0)^2$	for	$0.25 \ \phi_0$	<	φ	≤	1.13 φ ₀
$-\{14 \ + \ 25 \ log \ (\phi/\phi_0)\}$	for	1.13 φ ₀	<	φ	≤	14.7 φ ₀
-43.2	for	14.7 φ ₀	<	φ	≤	$35 \phi_0$
$-\{85.2\ -\ 27.2\ log\ (\phi/\phi_0)\}$	for	$35 \; \phi_0$	<	φ	≤	45.1 φ ₀
-40.2	for	45.1 φ ₀	<	φ	≤	$70 \phi_0$
$-\{-55.2 \ + \ 51.7 \ log \ (\phi/\phi_0)\}$	for	$70 \; \phi_0$	<	φ	≤	$80 \phi_0$
-43.2	for	$80 \; \phi_0$	<	φ	≤	180°

Curve B: Cross-polar component	(dB rela	tive to main beam gain)
-25	for	$0 \qquad \leq \phi \leq 0.25 \phi_0$
$-\left(30 \ + \ 40 \log \left \frac{\phi}{\phi_0} - 1 \right \right)$	for	$0.25 \; \phi_0 \; < \; \phi \; \leq \; 0.44 \; \phi_0$
-20	for	$0.44 \; \phi_0 \; < \; \phi \; \leq \; 1.28 \; \phi_0$
$-\left(17.3 + 25 \log \left \frac{\varphi}{\varphi_0} \right \right)$	for	$1.28 \phi_0 < \phi \leq 3.22 \phi_0$

-30 until intersection with co-polar component curve; then co-polar component curve.

NOTE 1 – For values of φ_0 see § 3.7.1.

NOTE 2 – In the angular range between 0.1 ϕ_0 and 1.13 ϕ_0 the co-polar and cross-polar gains must not exceed the reference patterns.

NOTE 3 – At off-axis angles larger than 1.13 ϕ_0 and for 90% of all sidelobe peaks in each of the reference angular windows, the gain must not exceed the reference patterns. The reference angular windows are 1.13 ϕ_0 to 3 ϕ_0 , 3 ϕ_0 to 6 ϕ_0 , 6 ϕ_0 to 10 ϕ_0 , 10 ϕ_0 to 20 ϕ_0 , 20 ϕ_0 to 40 ϕ_0 , 40 ϕ_0 to 75 ϕ_0 and 75 ϕ_0 to 180°.

3.8 Necessary bandwidth

WARC-77 Regions 1 and 3 Plan and the WRC-97 revision of the Regions 1 and 3 Plan used the following:

- 625-line systems in Regions 1 and 3: 27 MHz;
- 525-line systems in Region 3: 27 MHz. (WRC-2000)

The planning at WRC-2000 was generally based on a necessary bandwidth of 27 MHz. (WRC-2000)

In Region 2, the Plan is based on a channel bandwidth of 24 MHz⁵⁰, but different bandwidths may be implemented in accordance with the provisions of this Appendix, provided that applicable ITU-R Recommendations are available. In the absence of such Recommendations, the Bureau will use the worst-case approach. (WRC-2000)

If different bandwidths and/or channel spacing are submitted, they will be treated in accordance with applicable ITU-R Recommendations for protection masks when available. In the absence of such Recommendations, the Bureau will use the worst-case approach. (WRC-2000)

3.9 Guardbands

3.9.1 A guardband is defined as the portion of the frequency spectrum between the edge of the allocated band and the edge of the necessary bandwidth of the emission in the nearest channel.

3.9.2 For the planning of the broadcasting-satellite service, the guardbands chosen at the 1977 Conference to protect the services in adjacent frequency bands are shown in the Table below.

Regions	Guardband at the lower edge of the band (MHz)	Guardband at the upper edge of the band (MHz)
1	14	11
2	12	12
3	14	11

⁵⁰ For France, Denmark and some of the United Kingdom requirements which use 625-line standards with greater video bandwidth, the channels shown in the Plan have a necessary bandwidth of 27 MHz. This is indicated by an appropriate symbol in the Plan.

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For Regions 1 and 3 at WARC-77, the guardbands were derived on the assumption of analogue emissions and a maximum beam centre e.i.r.p. of 67 dBW (value relating to individual reception), and a filter roll-off of 2 dB/MHz. If smaller e.i.r.p. values are assumed, the guardbands can be reduced in width by 0.5 MHz for each decibel decrease in e.i.r.p. The degree of possible reduction also depends on improvements in technology and on the type of modulation. (WRC-2000)

3.9.3 (SUP - WRC-97)

3.9.4 The guardbands at both the lower and upper edges may be used to provide space operation functions in accordance with No. **1.23** in support of the operation of geostationary-satellite networks in the broadcasting-satellite service. (WRC-03)

3.10 Orbital spacing

The Plan for Regions 1 and 3 has been based generally on nominal orbital positions spaced uniformly at intervals of 6° . The Plan for Region 2 has been based on a non-uniform spacing.

3.11 Satellite station-keeping

Space stations in the broadcasting-satellite service must be maintained in position with an accuracy equal to or better than $\pm 0.1^{\circ}$ in the E-W directions. For such space stations, the maintenance of the tolerance $\pm 0.1^{\circ}$ in the N-S direction is recommended but is not a requirement.

3.12 Elevation angle of receiving antennas

The Plans have been based on the desirability of a minimum angle of elevation of 20° to minimize the required e.i.r.p. of the satellite and to reduce the effects of shadowing and the possibility of interference from terrestrial services. However, for areas situated in latitudes above about 60° , the angle of elevation is of necessity less than 20° . Attention is also drawn to § 2.1 for the Regions 1 and 3 Plan and to § 2.2.3 for the Region 2 Plan.

For mountainous areas where an elevation angle of 20° may not suffice, an angle of at least 30° has been provided, where possible, to provide an acceptable service. An angle of elevation of at least 40° has been considered for service areas subject to high precipitation, but exceptions were made in some cases in Region 2.

Some dry, non-mountainous areas may be given an acceptable service at angles of elevation less than 20° .

In areas with small elevation angles, the shadowing effect of tall buildings may have to be taken into account.

In choosing a satellite position designed to give the maximum angle of elevation at the ground, the influence of such a position on the eclipse period was taken into account at the 1977 Conference. In the revision of the Regions 1 and 3 Plan at WRC-97, this influence was not considered to be a significant constraint on the choice of orbital position.

3.13 Transmitting antennas

3.13.1 Cross-section of transmitted beam

Planning in Regions 1, 2 and 3 has been generally based on the use of satellite transmitting antennas with beams of elliptical cross-section.

If the cross-section of the emitted beam is elliptical, the effective beamwidth ϕ_0 is a function of the angle of rotation between the plane containing the satellite and the major axis of the beam cross-section and the plane in which the beamwidth is required.

The relationship between the maximum gain of an antenna and the half-power beamwidth can be derived from the expression:

$$G_m = \frac{27 \, 843}{ab}$$

where:

a and b are the angles (degrees) subtended at the satellite by the major and minor axes of the elliptical cross-section of the beam; an antenna efficiency of 55% was assumed.

However, in implementing their assignments, administrations can choose beams other than elliptical, as described in Annex 2 to this Appendix, subject to successful application of the modification procedure of this Appendix.

3.13.2 Minimum beamwidth of transmitting antenna

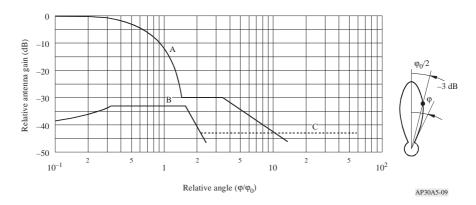
A minimum value of 0.6° for the half-power beamwidth of a transmitting antenna has been adopted for planning for Regions 1 and 3, and 0.8° for Region 2.

3.13.3 Transmitting antenna reference patterns

The reference patterns for the co-polar and cross-polar components of satellite transmitting antennas used in preparing the Plans are given in Fig. 9 for Regions 1 and 3, and in Fig. 10 for Region 2.

FIGURE 9

Reference patterns for co-polar and cross-polar components for satellite transmitting antennas in Regions 1 and 3



Curve A: Co-polar component (dB relative to main beam gain)

$$-12 \left(\frac{\varphi}{\varphi_0}\right)^2$$
 for $0 \leq \varphi \leq 1.58 \varphi_0$

$$-30$$
 for $1.58 \, \varphi_0 < \varphi \le 3.16 \, \varphi_0$

$$-\bigg[17.5\ +\ 25\log\bigg(\frac{\phi}{\phi_0}\bigg)\bigg] \hspace{1cm} for \hspace{1cm} \phi>3.16\,\phi_0$$

after intersection with Curve C: as Curve C

Curve B: Cross-polar component (dB relative to main beam gain)

$$-\left(40+40\log\left|\frac{\phi}{\phi_0}-1\right|\right) \qquad \qquad \text{for} \quad 0 \qquad \leq \quad \phi \leq 0.33 \; \phi_0$$

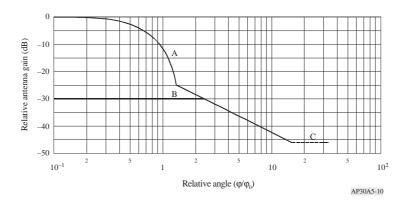
$$-33 \qquad \qquad \text{for} \quad 0.33 \; \phi_0 \qquad < \quad \phi \leq 1.67 \; \phi_0$$

 $-\left(40 + 40 \log \left| \frac{\phi}{\phi_0} - 1 \right| \right) \qquad \qquad \text{for} \qquad \qquad \phi > 1.67 \; \phi_0$

after intersection with Curve C: as Curve C

Curve C: Minus the on-axis gain (Curve C in this figure illustrates the particular case of an antenna with an on-axis gain of 43 dBi).

FIGURE 10 Reference patterns for co-polar and cross-polar components for satellite transmitting antennas in Region 2



Curve A: Co-polar component (dB relative to main beam gain)

$$-12 (\phi/\phi_0)^2$$
 for $0 \le (\phi/\phi_0) \le 1.45$

$$-(22 + 20 \log (\phi/\phi_0))$$
 for $(\phi/\phi_0) > 1.45$

after intersection with Curve C: Curve C

Curve B: Cross-polar component (dB relative to main beam gain)

$$-30$$
 for $0 \le (\varphi/\varphi_0) \le 2.51$

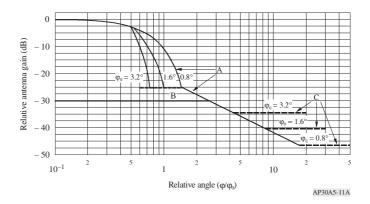
after intersection with co-polar pattern: co-polar pattern

Curve C: Minus the on-axis gain (Curve C in this figure illustrates the particular case of an antenna with an on-axis gain of 46 dBi).

In Region 2, when it was necessary to reduce interference, the pattern shown in Fig. 11A was used; this use is indicated in the Plan by an appropriate symbol. This pattern is derived from an antenna producing an elliptical beam with fast roll-off in the main lobe assuming a "beamlet" half-power beamwidth of 0.8°. For Regions 1 and 3, the pattern shown in Fig. 11B, based on a "beamlet" beamwidth of 0.6° was used. Curves for three different values of ϕ_0 are shown as examples in Fig. 11A and in Fig. 11B.

FIGURE 11A

Reference patterns for co-polar and cross-polar components for satellite transmitting antennas with roll-off in the main beam for Region 2



Curve A: Co-polar component (dB relative to main beam gain)

$$-12 (\varphi/\varphi_0)^2$$
 for $0 \le (\varphi/\varphi_0) \le 0.5$

$$-12\left(\frac{\frac{\varphi}{\varphi_0} - x}{\frac{B_{min}}{\varphi_0}}\right)^2 \qquad \text{for } 0.5 < (\varphi/\varphi_0) \le \left(\frac{1.45}{\varphi_0}B_{min} + x\right)$$

$$-25.23 \qquad \qquad \text{for } \left(\frac{1.45}{\varphi_0} B_{min} + x \right) \, < \, (\phi/\phi_0) \, \leq \, 1.45$$

$$-(22 + 20 \log (\varphi/\varphi_0))$$
 for $(\varphi/\varphi_0) > 1.45$

after intersection with Curve C: Curve C

Curve B: Cross-polar component (dB relative to main beam gain)

$$-30$$
 for $0 \le (\phi/\phi_0) < 2.51$

after intersection with co-polar pattern: co-polar pattern

Curve C: Minus the on-axis gain (Curves A and C represent examples of three antennas having different values of ϕ_0 as labelled in Fig. 11A. The on-axis gains of these antennas are approximately 34, 40 and 46 dBi, respectively).

where:

φ: off-axis angle (degrees)

φ₀: dimension of the minimum ellipse fitted around the downlink service area in the direction of interest (degrees)

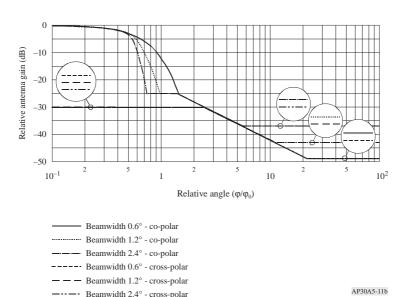
 $B_{min} = 0.8^{\circ}$ for Region 2 and $B_{min} = 0.6^{\circ}$ for Regions 1 and 3

$$x = 0.5 \left(1 - \frac{0.8}{\varphi_0} \right) \qquad \text{in Region 2}$$

$$x = 0.5 \left(1 - \frac{0.6}{\varphi_0} \right) \qquad \text{in Regions 1 and 3}$$

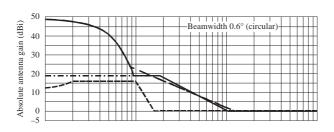
FIGURE 11B

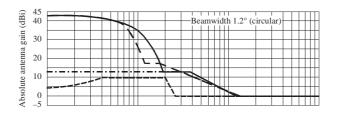
Fast roll-off antenna for Regions 1 and 3 Plan revision
(beamlet beamwidth of 0.6°)

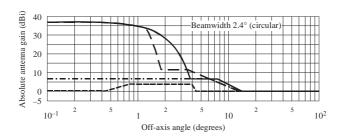


The difference in performance between the fast roll-off satellite transmitting antenna and the reference satellite transmitting antenna for Regions 1 and 3 is shown in Fig. 12.

FIGURE 12 Comparison between fast roll-off and Regions 1 and 3 reference satellite transmitting antennas







Fast roll-off co-polar

Regions 1 and 3 transmitting co-polar

---- Fast roll-off cross-polar

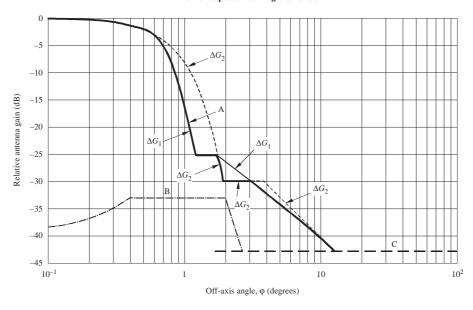
Regions 1 and 3 transmitting cross-polar

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The improved fast roll-off satellite transmitting antenna pattern described in Recommendation ITU-R BO.1445 (see Fig. 13) has been used in the planning at WRC-2000. (WRC-2000)

FIGURE 13 (Rev.WRC-03)

Improved fast roll-off satellite transmitting antenna pattern for Regions 1 and 3



Note 1 – The diagram gives the example curves in the case of a satellite antenna beamwidth of $\phi_0=1.2^\circ$ (circular).

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Curve A: co-polar relative gain (dB relative to main beam gain):

$$\Delta G = \min(\Delta G_1, \Delta G_2)$$

where:

$$\Delta G_1 = -12(\varphi/\varphi_0)^2 \qquad \qquad \text{for } 0 \le (\varphi/\varphi_0) \le 0.5$$

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$$\Delta G_1 = -12 \left(\frac{\varphi}{\varphi_0} - x \right)^2$$
 for $0.5 < (\varphi/\varphi_0) \le \left(\frac{1.45}{\varphi_0} B_{min} + x \right)$ (WRC-2000)
$$\Delta G_1 = -25.23$$
 for $\left(\frac{1.45}{\varphi_0} B_{min} + x \right) < (\varphi/\varphi_0) \le 1.45$ (WRC-03)

$$\Delta G_1 = -(22 + 20 \log(\varphi/\varphi_0))$$
 for $(\varphi/\varphi_0) > 1.45$

$$\Delta G_1 = -(G_{on-axis})$$
 after intersection with Curve C

$$\Delta G_2 = -12(\varphi/\varphi_0)^2 \qquad \text{for } 0 \qquad \leq \varphi \leq 1.58 \varphi_0$$

$$\Delta G_2 = -30$$
 for 1.58 $\phi_0 < \phi \le 3.16 \phi_0$

$$\Delta G_2 = -(17.5 + 25 \log (\phi/\phi_0))$$
 for $\phi > 3.16 \phi_0$

$$\Delta G_2 = -(G_{on-axis})$$
 after intersection with Curve C

Curve B: cross-polar relative gain (dB):

$$-\left(40+40\log\left|\frac{\varphi}{\varphi_0}-1\right|\right) \qquad \qquad \text{for } 0 \qquad \leq \varphi \leq 0.33 \; \varphi_0$$

$$-33 \qquad \qquad \text{for } 0.33 \; \varphi_0 < \varphi \leq 1.67 \; \varphi_0$$

$$-\left(40+40\log\left|\frac{\varphi}{\varphi_0}-1\right|\right) \qquad \qquad \text{for} \qquad \varphi > 1.67 \; \varphi_0$$

$$-\left(G_{OB-QVS}\right) \qquad \qquad \text{after intersection with Curve C}$$

Curve C: minus the on-axis gain (Curve C in this Figure illustrates the particular case of an antenna with an on-axis gain of 42.8 dBi)

where:

 ϕ : off-axis angle (degrees)

φ₀: cross-sectional half-power beamwidth in the direction of interest (degrees)

 B_{min} : 0.6° for Regions 1 and 3

$$x = 0.5 \left(1 - \frac{B_{min}}{\varphi_0} \right) \tag{WRC-2000}$$

3.13.4 Composite beam

A composite beam represents a single beam (i.e. "simulated shaped beam") and is formed by combining two or more elliptical beams at a given orbital position. In general, composite beams were used at WRC-2000 for administrations which had more than one beam at a given orbital position in the WRC-97 Regions 1 and 3 Plan. (WRC-2000)

3.14 Satellite antenna pointing accuracy

- 3.14.1 The deviation of the antenna beam from its nominal pointing direction must not exceed a limit of 0.1° in any direction. Moreover, the angular rotation of a transmitting beam about its axis must not exceed a limit of $\pm 1^{\circ}$; the limit on rotation is not necessary for beams of circular cross-section using circular polarization⁵¹.
- 3.14.2 The following factors contribute to the total variation in the area on the surface of the Earth illuminated by the satellite beam:
- variations in satellite station-keeping;
- the variations caused by the pointing tolerances, which become more significant for coverage areas with low angles of elevation;
- the effect of the yaw error, which increases as the beam ellipse lengthens.
- 3.14.3 The effect of these possible variations should be assessed on a case-by-case basis, since their total effect on the area covered will vary with the geometry of the satellite beam, and it would not be reasonable to indicate a single value of shift in the area covered for all situations.
- 3.14.4 If linear polarization is used for an emission, yaw error makes a significant contribution to increasing the transmitted cross-polarized component; this increases the interference with other carriers which were originally cross-polarized with the emission in question.

3.15 Limitation of output power in the satellite transmitter

The output power of a space station transmitter in the broadcasting-satellite service must not rise by more than 0.25 dB relative to its nominal value throughout the life of the satellite.

 $^{^{51}}$ In the original 1977 broadcasting-satellite service Plan for Regions 1 and 3, the angular rotation of a transmitting beam about its axis must not exceed a limit of $\pm 2^{\circ}$. This limit is still applied for assignments notified, which are in conformity with this Appendix, brought into use, and for which the date of bringing into use has been confirmed to the Bureau before 27 October 1997.

3.16 Power flux-density at edge of coverage area

The original 1977 broadcasting-satellite service Plan used the following values⁵² of the power flux-density at the edge of the coverage area exceeded for 99% of the worst month:

- −103 dB(W/m²) for individual reception in Regions 1 and 3;
- -107 dB(W/m²) for individual reception in Region 2 for 24 MHz, as well as for 27 MHz with respect to the cases mentioned in the footnote to § 3.8.
- $-111 \text{ dB}(\text{W/m}^2)$ for community reception in Regions 1 and 3.

The 1997 revision of the Regions 1 and 3 Plan was generally based on a uniform value of the power flux-density at the edge of coverage area equal to $-108 \text{ dB}(\text{W/m}^2)$. This corresponds to the general reduction in e.i.r.p. of 5 dB referenced to the average e.i.r.p. of 63.9 dBW in the 1977 broadcasting-satellite service Plan.

3.17 Difference between the e.i.r.p. directed towards the edge of the coverage area and that on the axis of the beam

For planning, the absolute value of the difference between the e.i.r.p. directed towards the edge of the coverage area and that on the axis of the beam should preferably be 3 dB.

If the beam area is larger than the coverage area, the value will be less than 3 dB.

3.18 Use of energy dispersal

For planning, an energy dispersal value has been adopted which reduces by 22 dB the spectral power flux-density measured in a 4 kHz bandwidth in relation to that measured in the entire bandwidth: For frequency-modulated television signals, this reduction corresponds to a peak-to-peak deviation of 600 kHz. Digital modulation can achieve appropriate energy dispersal by proper implementation of digital modulation (e.g. by applying spectrum scrambling and/or interleaving).

3.19 Orbital separation limit for interference calculation

WRC-2000 has adopted the use of an orbital separation limit for interference calculation in Regions 1 and 3. Beyond this limit no interference was taken into account.

Initially, the values used for the orbital separation limit were 15° for co-polar and 9° for cross-polar emissions. At a later stage, the unique value of the orbital separation limit of 9° was adopted by WRC-2000. (WRC-2000)

⁵² These values are still used for assignments notified, which are in conformity with this Appendix, brought into use, and for which the date of bringing into use has been confirmed to the Bureau before 27 October 1997.

ANNEX 653 (WRC-03)

Criteria for sharing between services

Part A – Technical bases for the criteria for interregional sharing between space services in Annexes 1 and 4

The revised interregional sharing criteria in the bands governed by Appendix 30 are based nominally on the following assumptions.

1 Reference assumptions regarding earth station antenna patterns

1.1 For earth station antennas with diameters between $0.45 \, \mathrm{m}$ and $2.40 \, \mathrm{m}$, the gain of the side lobes given by Recommendation ITU-R BO.1213 were used.

For the patterns of earth station antennas with diameters greater than 2.40 m, the gain of the side lobes given by Recommendation ITU-R S.580-5, with a $(29-25\log\theta)$ side-lobe envelope, complemented by the main-lobe given in Annex 3 to Appendix 8, were used. θ is the off-axis angle in degrees.

1.2 For the broadcasting-satellite service and fixed-satellite service earth stations, an antenna efficiency of 65% was used at a frequency of 11.7 GHz.

2 Antenna diameters and noise temperatures

The range of antenna diameters and associated noise temperatures considered for the protection of the fixed-satellite service and the broadcasting-satellite service on an interregional basis are given in the following table:

Receive earth station antenna diameter (m)	0.45 1	0.60	0.80	1.20	2.40	5 ²	8 ²	11 ²
Receive earth station noise temperature (K)	110	110	125	150	150	200	250	250
Total link noise temperature (K)	174	174	198	238	238	317	396	396

This antenna diameter applies in certain cases (see Annexes 1, 3 and 4).

This antenna diameter does not apply for broadcasting-satellite service.

⁵³ Sections 1 and 2 are applicable when the services of Regions 1 or 3 are involved. Section 3 is applicable to all Regions.

The total link noise temperature was calculated from the receive earth station noise temperature (which includes the antenna temperature, the receive amplifier temperature and the noise increase resulting from feeder losses), and adding 2 dB to take account of all other sources of noise (uplink noise, geostationary-satellite orbit interference, cross polarization isolation and frequency reuse interference).

3 Protection criteria

The power flux-density masks developed in sections 1, 3 and 6 of Annex 1 and in Annex 4 have been determined by setting at 6% the allowable relative noise increase ($\Delta T/T$), for the earth station antenna characteristics given in the above Table.

The allowable interfering power flux-density was calculated by the following expression:

$$PFD_{all}(\theta) = 10 \log(\Delta T/T) + 10 \log(kT b_{rf}) + G_m - G_a(\varphi)$$

where:

 $PFD_{all}(\theta)$: allowable level of interfering power flux-density for an orbital separation of θ°

 $\Delta T/T$: allowable relative increase in receive link noise = 6%

k: Boltzmann's constant $(1.38 \times 10^{-23} \text{ J/K})$

T: receive link noise temperature (K) (see Table in section 2 above)

 b_{rf} : reference bandwidth (27 MHz in Regions 1 and 3; 24 MHz in Region 2)

 G_m : gain for a 1 m² effective aperture (dBi/m²)

 $G_a(\varphi)$: receive antenna gain for topocentric angle of φ (dBi)

φ: topocentric angle (degrees) between the interfering and the wanted satellite, as defined in Annex 1 of Appendix 8.

4 Power flux-density levels for fixed-satellite service and broadcastingsatellite service with specific antenna diameters

The table below contains power flux-density levels derived for fixed-satellite service and broadcasting-satellite service earth stations with specific antenna diameters for the characteristics defined in sections 1, 2 and 3 above. These levels were used to develop the power flux-density masks in sections 1, 3 and 6 of Annex 1 and in Annex 4 by taking the envelope of the individual pfd masks for the relevant antenna diameters.

Orbital separation between wanted and	Power flux-density level in dB(W/(m² · 27 MHz)) corresponding to different antenna diameters										
interfering space stations (degrees)	0.45 m ⁻¹	0.60 m	0.80 m	1.20 m	2.40 cm	5 m ²	8 m ²	11 m ²			
0°	-134.2	-136.7	-138.7	-141.4	-147.4	-152.5	-155.7	-158.4			
θ > 0°	the applica	For any value of the orbital separation θ between the wanted and interfering space stations, he applicable power flux-density should be relaxed from the value corresponding to 0° orbital separation by adding the off-axis antenna discrimination, as calculated under the issumptions in section 1 above									

¹ This antenna diameter applies to certain cases (see Annexes 1, 3 and 4).

Part B - Sharing criteria used in establishing the WARC SAT-77 Plan

1 Protection requirements for sharing between services in the 12 GHz band

- 1.1 The establishment of sharing criteria for the different services using the 12 GHz band should be based on the protection requirements listed in the table below.
- 1.2 The values given as "total acceptable" are those necessary to protect the wanted signal. The "single entry" values are those which should be used as a guide for determining sharing criteria. The total interference from all sources must be calculated, since satisfying the "single entry" criteria for each source may not guarantee that the total interference meets the above protection requirements. A "single entry" is defined as the aggregate of emissions from any one station entering any receiver in the wanted service within the channel to be protected.
- 1.3 The carrier-to-interference ratio (C/I) refers to the ratio of the wanted-to-interfering power at the affected ground station. The value given shall be exceeded for 80% of the worst month for the fixed-satellite service, and for 99% of the worst month for the broadcasting service and the broadcasting-satellite service.
- 1.4 The term *N* refers to the post-demodulation noise power at a point of 0 dBm0 relative test tone level in any voice channel of an FDM/FM telephony system. The value given shall not be exceeded for 80% of the worst month.

² This antenna diameter does not apply for broadcasting satellite service.

1.5 The specified values of protection ratio (i.e. the carrier-to-interference power ratio corresponding to a specified picture quality) are applicable, for planning purposes, to television signals of any of the several television standards.

				Protection requirements ²				
Wanted service ¹	Wanted signal ¹	Interfering service ¹	Interfering signal ¹	Total acceptable ³ Single entry				
BSS	TV/FM	BSS, FSS, FS, BS	TV/FM	$C/I = 30 \text{ dB}^{-4, 7}$	$C/I = 35 \text{ dB}^{-4}$			
FSS	FDM/FM	BSS	TV/FM	$N = 500 \text{ pW0p}^{-8}$	N = 300 pW0p			
FSS	TV/FM	BSS, FSS	TV/FM	$C/I = 32 \text{ dB}^{-5}$	$C/I = 37 \text{ dB}^{-5}$			
FSS	4φ-PSK	BSS, FSS	TV/FM	C/I = 30 dB	C/I = 35 dB			
FSS	FDM/FM	FSS	FDM/FM	N = 1000 pW0p	N = 400 pW0p			
FS	FDM/FM	BSS	TV/FM	N = 1000 pW0p	$-125 \text{ dB}(\text{W/(m}^2 \cdot 4 \text{ kHz}))^{-6}$			
BS	TV/VSB	BSS	TV/FM	C/I = 50 dB	Not applicable			

 1
 BSS: broadcasting-satellite service
 FM: frequency modulation

 FSS: fixed-satellite service
 FDM: frequency division multiplex

 BS: broadcasting service
 4φ-PSK: quadraphase shift keying

 FS: fixed service
 VSB: vestigial sideband.

TV: television

- ³ Values (dB) are protection ratios for the sum of interfering signals. Values (pW0p) represent interference noise in the worst telephone channels caused by the sum of interfering signals.
- ⁴ For BSS satellites located at the interfaces of the Regions 1 and 3 Plan and the Region 2 Plan, the C/I ratios should be 1 dB higher.
- ⁵ See Recommendation ITU-R S.483-3.
- 6 This value may be suitably modified for tropical regions to take account of rain attenuation. Allowance may also be made for polarization discrimination.
- ⁷ *C/I*: ratio of carrier-to-interfering signal.
- 8 N: noise power.
- 1.6 For broadcasting-satellite service systems with FM/TV as the wanted signal, the protection ratios are given for particular reference conditions, the most important of which are:
- a) frequency deviation of the wanted signal (12 MHz peak-to-peak);
- b) quality of the wanted service (grade 4.5)⁵⁴;
- c) co-channel carriers (no carrier-frequency offset).

These limits include both up-link and down-link contributions.

⁵⁴ Impairment grade on a 5-point scale as defined in Recommendation ITU-R BT.500-7.

1.7 If system design is based on conditions other than those of $\S (a)$ and b) above, the FM/TV protection ratio is given by:

$$R = 12.5 - 20 \log (D_v/12) - Q + 1.1 Q^2$$
 dB

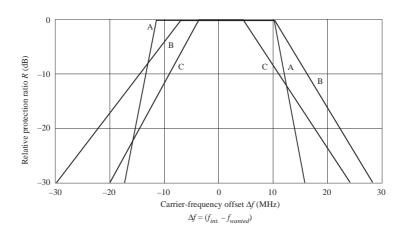
where:

 D_{ν} : nominal peak-to-peak frequency deviation (MHz);

Q: the impairment grade, concerning the interference only.

1.8 When carriers are offset in frequency, condition of $\S c$) does not apply and the adjacent channel protection ratios should be adjusted according to the frequency offset as shown in Fig. 1. For example, at a frequency offset of 20 MHz, the total acceptable ratio of protection against interference to an FM/TV signal from another FM/TV signal is 13 dB. The corresponding "single entry" value is 18 dB.

FIGURE 1
Reference case protection ratios relative to co-channel values



Curves A: TV/VSB-wanted, TV/FM interfering

B: TV/FM-wanted, TV/FM interfering C: TV/FM-wanted, TV/VSB interfering

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- 2 Reference antenna diameter for a fixed-satellite earth station to be used in calculating interference from space stations in the broadcasting-satellite service
- 2.1 For antennas larger than 100λ (2.5 m) in the fixed-satellite service, the gain of the side-lobes is given by the expression $32-25 \log \theta$, where θ is the angle from the boresight (Recommendation ITU-R S.465-5). The side-lobe gain is independent of antenna diameter.
- 2.2 However, in the case of transmitting earth stations, the level of interference radiated into the up-link of other satellite systems would be inversely proportional to the square of the antenna diameter. In this case, the interference decreases with increasing antenna diameter. Since the 11.7-12.2 GHz band is only assigned in the space-to-Earth direction in the fixed-satellite service, this point is not of direct concern to the broadcasting-satellite service.
- 2.3 Hence it does not appear appropriate, for antenna diameters greater than 100λ , to specify a minimum antenna diameter for receiving earth stations in the fixed-satellite service sharing the band 11.7-12.2 GHz. It may be useful to consider a 4.5 m antenna having an efficiency of 60% and an on-axis gain of 53 dB as typical for the purpose of planning the sharing of this band.

3 Use of energy dispersal in the broadcasting-satellite service

- 3.1 Artificial energy dispersal is useful in promoting sharing between the broadcasting-satellite service and the other services to which the band is also allocated.
- 3.2 Such energy dispersal is achieved by the addition at baseband of a triangular waveform to the video signal to form a composite baseband which, in turn, is used to frequency-modulate the up-link carrier. The frequency of the triangular waveform is usually synchronized at a sub-multiple of the television frame frequency. Typical frequencies range from 12.5 Hz to 30 Hz.
- 3.3 The Table below gives the relative reduction in spectral power flux-density in a 4 kHz bandwidth as a function of the peak-to-peak deviation due to the energy dispersal signal. This Table is based on the following equation:

Relative reduction (dB) in a 4 kHz band =
$$10 \log \frac{\Delta F_{pp} + \delta f_{rms}}{4}$$

where:

 ΔF_{pp} : peak-to-peak deviation due to the energy dispersal signal (kHz);

 δf_{rms} : rms deviation due to "natural" energy dispersal (kHz).

In compiling the table below, a value of 40 kHz has been assumed for δf_{rms} , on the basis of the value of 10 dB for "natural" dispersion given in Table IV of ex-CCIR Report 631* (Rev. 76).

Reduction of spectral power flux-density relative								
to a 4 kHz bandwidth								

Peak-to-peak deviation (kHz)	Relative reduction (dB)
0	10
100	15.44
200	17.78
300	19.29
400	20.41
500	21.30
600	22.04
700	22.67
800	23.22
900	23.71
1 000	24.15

3.4 The value of energy dispersal for the broadcasting-satellite service has been determined such that the spectral power flux-density measured in a 4 kHz bandwidth is reduced by 22 dB relative to that measured in the entire bandwidth; this reduction corresponds to a peak-to-peak deviation of 600 kHz

ANNEX 7 (REV.WRC-03)

Orbital position limitations

- A In applying the procedure of Article 4 for proposed modifications to the Region 2 Plan or for proposed new or modified assignments in the Regions 1 and 3 List, administrations should observe the following criteria:
- No broadcasting satellite serving an area in Region 1 and using a frequency in the band 11.7-12.2 GHz shall occupy a nominal orbital position further west than 37.2° W or further east than 146° E.
- 2) No broadcasting satellite serving an area in Region 2 that involves an orbital position different from that contained in the Region 2 Plan shall occupy a nominal orbital position:
 - a) further east than 54° W in the band 12.5-12.7 GHz; or
 - b) further east than 44° W in the band 12.2-12.5 GHz; or
 - c) further west than 175.2° W in the band 12.2-12.7 GHz.

^{*} Note by the Secretariat: See Report ITU-R BO.631.

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However, modifications necessary to resolve possible incompatibilities during the incorporation of the Regions 1 and 3 feeder-link Plan into the Radio Regulations shall be permitted.

3) The purpose of the following orbital position and e.i.r.p. limitations is to preserve access to the geostationary-satellite orbit by the Region 2 fixed-satellite service in the band 11.7-12.2 GHz. Within the orbital arc of the geostationary-satellite orbit between 37.2° W and 10° E, the orbital position associated with any proposed new or modified assignment in the Regions 1 and 3 List of additional uses shall lie within one of the portions of the orbital arc listed in Table 1. The e.i.r.p. of such assignments shall not exceed 56 dBW, except at the positions listed in Table 2.

TABLE 1 Allowable portions of the orbital arc between 37.2° W and 10° E for new or modified assignments in the Regions 1 and 3 Plan and List

Orbital	37.2° W	33.5°W	30° W	26° W	20° W	14° W	8° W		2° W	4° E	
position	to	to	to	to	to	to	to	4° W 1	to	to	9° E 1
position	36° W	32.5°W	29° W	24° W	18° W	12° W	6° W		0°	6° E	

Proposed new or modified assignments in the List which involve this orbital position shall not exceed the power flux-density limit -138 dB(W/(m² · 27 MHz)) at any point in Region 2.

TABLE 2

Nominal positions in the orbital arc between 37.2° W and 10° E at which the e.i.r.p. may exceed the limit of 56 dBW

Orbital position	37° W ±0.2°	33.5° W	30° W	25° W ±0.2°	19° W ±0.2°	13° W ±0.2°	7° W ±0.2°	4° W ¹	1° W ±0.2°	5° E ±0.2°	9° E ¹	Ī
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Proposed new or modified assignments in the List which involve this orbital position shall not exceed the power flux-density limit –138 dB(W/(m² · 27 MHz)) at any point in Region 2.

B The Region 2 Plan is based on the grouping of the space stations in nominal orbital positions of $\pm 0.2^{\circ}$ from the centre of the cluster of satellites. Administrations may locate those satellites within a cluster at any orbital position within that cluster, provided they obtain the agreement of administrations having assignments to space stations in the same cluster. (See § 4.13.1 of Annex 3 to Appendix 30A.)

APPENDIX 30A (REV.WRC-12)*

Provisions and associated Plans and List¹ for feeder links for the broadcastingsatellite service (11.7-12.5 GHz in Region 1, 12.2-12.7 GHz in Region 2 and 11.7-12.2 GHz in Region 3) in the frequency bands 14.5-14.8 GHz² and 17.3-18.1 GHz in Regions 1 and 3, and 17.3-17.8 GHz in Region 2 (WRC-03)

(See Articles 9 and 11) (WRC-03)

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	the Region 2 reder-link ran are involved	∠+

Note by the Secretariat: Reference to an Article with the number in roman is referring to an Article in this Appendix.

^{*} The expression "frequency assignment to a space station", wherever it appears in this Appendix, shall be understood to refer to a frequency assignment associated with a given orbital position. (WRC-03)

¹ The Regions 1 and 3 feeder-link List of additional uses is annexed to the Master International Frequency Register (see Resolution **542** (WRC-2000)**). (WRC-03)

² This use of the band 14.5-14.8 GHz is reserved for countries outside Europe.

^{**} Note by the Secretariat: This Resolution was abrogated by WRC-03.

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ARTICLE 1 (REV.WRC-03)

General definitions

- 1 For the purposes of this Appendix, the following terms shall have the meanings defined below:
- 1.1 Regions 1 and 3 feeder-link Plan: The Plan for feeder links in the frequency bands 14.5-14.8 GHz³ and 17.3-18.1 GHz for the broadcasting-satellite service in Regions 1 and 3 contained in this Appendix.
- 1.2 Region 2 feeder-link Plan: The Plan for feeder links in the frequency band 17.3-17.8 GHz for the broadcasting-satellite service in Region 2 contained in this Appendix, together with any modifications resulting from the successful application of the procedure of Article 4.
- 1.3 Frequency assignment in conformity with the Plan:
- any frequency assignment for a receiving space station or transmitting earth station which appears in the Regions 1 and 3 feeder-link Plan; or
- any frequency assignment for a receiving space station or transmitting earth station which appears in the Region 2 feeder-link Plan or for which the procedure of Article 4 has been successfully applied.
- 1.4 1983 Conference: Regional Administrative Radio Conference for the Planning in Region 2 of the Broadcasting-Satellite Service in the Frequency Band 12.2-12.7 GHz and Associated Feeder-links in the Frequency Band 17.3-17.8 GHz, called in short Regional Administrative Conference for the Planning of the Broadcasting-Satellite Service in Region 2 (Geneva, 1983) (RARC Sat-R2).
- 1.5 1985 Conference: First Session of the World Administrative Radio Conference on the Use of the Geostationary-Satellite Orbit and the Planning of Space Services Utilizing It (Geneva, 1985), called in short WARC Orb-85.
- 1.6 1988 Conference: Second Session of the World Administrative Radio Conference on the Use of the Geostationary-Satellite Orbit and the Planning of Space Services Utilizing It (Geneva, 1988), called in short WARC Orb-88.
- 1.7 1997 Conference: World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 1997), called in short WRC-97.
- 1.8 2000 Conference: World Radiocommunication Conference (Istanbul, 2000), called in short WRC-2000.
- 1.9 Additional use in Regions 1 and 3: For the application of the provisions of this Appendix, additional uses in Regions 1 and 3 are:
- a) use of assignments with characteristics different from those appearing in the Regions 1 and 3 feeder-link Plan and which are capable of causing more interference than the corresponding entries in that Plan:

³ This use of the band 14.5-14.8 GHz is reserved for countries outside Europe.

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- b) use of assignments in addition to those appearing in the Regions 1 and 3 feeder-link Plan.
- 1.10 Regions 1 and 3 feeder-link List of additional uses (hereafter called in short the "feeder-link List"): The list of assignments for additional uses in Regions 1 and 3 as established by WRC-2000 (see Resolution **542** (WRC-2000)*), as updated following the successful application of the procedure of § 4.1 of Article 4. (WRC-03)
- 1.11 Frequency assignment in conformity with the feeder-link List: Any frequency assignment which appears in the feeder-link List as updated following successful application of § 4.1 of Article 4. (WRC-03)
- 1.12 Broadcasting-satellite service (BSS) feeder link subject to one of the Plans: The BSS feeder-link subject to one of the Plans referred to in this Appendix is the BSS feeder link in the frequency bands 14.5-14.8 GHz and 17.3-18.1 GHz in Regions 1 and 3 and 17.3-17.8 GHz in Region 2. (WRC-03)

ARTICLE 2 (WRC-03)

Frequency bands

- 2.1 The provisions of this Appendix apply to the feeder-links in the fixed-satellite service (Earth-to-space) in the frequency bands 14.5-14.8 GHz and 17.3-18.1 GHz for the broadcasting-satellite service in Regions 1 and 3, and 17.3-17.8 GHz for the broadcasting-satellite service in Region 2 and to other services to which these bands are allocated in Regions 1, 2 and 3 so far as their relationship to the fixed-satellite service (Earth-to-space) in these bands is concerned.
- 2.2 (SUP WRC-2003)

ARTICLE 2A (REV.WRC-07)

Use of the guardbands

- 2A.1 The use of the guardbands defined in § 3.1 and 4.1 of Annex 3 to provide space operation functions in accordance with No. **1.23** in support of the operation of geostationary-satellite networks for the broadcasting-satellite service (BSS) feeder link is not subject to the application of Section I of Article **9**.
- 2A.1.1 Coordination between assignments intended to provide the space operation functions and assignments of the BSS feeder link subject to a Plan shall be effected using the provisions of Article 7.

^{*} Note by the Secretariat: This Resolution was abrogated by WRC-03.

- 2A.1.2 Coordination among assignments intended to provide the space operation functions and services not subject to a Plan shall be effected using the provisions of Nos. **9.7**, **9.17**, **9.17A**, **9.18**, and the associated provisions of Section II of Article **9**, as appropriate.
- 2A.1.3 Coordination of modifications to the Region 2 feeder-link Plan or assignments to be included in the Regions 1 and 3 feeder-link List, with assignments intended to provide these functions shall be effected using $\S 4.1.1 d$) of Article 4.
- 2A.1.4 Requests for the coordination referred to in § 2A.1.1, 2A.1.2 and 2A.1.3 shall be sent by the requesting administration to the Bureau, together with the appropriate information listed in Appendix 4.
- 2A.2 Any assignment intended to provide these functions in support of a geostationary-satellite network for the BSS feeder link shall be notified under Article 11 and brought into use within the following time-limits:
- 2A.2.1 *a)* for the case where the associated BSS feeder-link assignments are contained in one of the initial Plans (Region 2 Plans incorporated in the Radio Regulations at WARC Orb-85 and Regions 1 and 3 Plan adopted at WRC-2000), within the regulatory time-limit referred to in § 4.1.3 or 4.2.6 of Article 4 from the date of receipt by the Bureau of the complete Appendix 4 data for those assignments intended to provide the space operation functions;
- 2A.2.2 b) for the case where the associated BSS feeder-link assignments have been submitted under § 4.1.3 or § 4.2.6 of Article 4 for entry in the Regions 1 and 3 List or a modification to the Region 2 Plan, within the regulatory time-limit referred to in § 4.1.3 or § 4.2.6 of Article 4 for those associated BSS feeder-link assignments;
- 2A.2.3 c) for the case where the associated BSS feeder-link assignments have already been brought into use in accordance with the Radio Regulations, within the regulatory time-limit referred to in § 4.1.3 and § 4.2.6 of Article 4 from the date of receipt by the Bureau of the complete Appendix 4 data for those assignments intended to provide these space operation functions.

ARTICLE 3 (REV.WRC-03)

Execution of the provisions and associated Plans

- 3.1 The Member States in Regions 1, 2 and 3 shall adopt, for their feeder-link space and earth stations in the fixed-satellite service (Earth-to-space) in the frequency bands referred to in this Appendix, the characteristics specified in the appropriate Regional Plan and the associated provisions.
- 3.2 The Member States shall not change the characteristics specified in the Region 1 and 3 feeder-link Plan or in the Region 2 feeder-link Plan, or bring into use assignments to receiving space stations or transmitting earth stations in the fixed-satellite service or to stations of the other services to which these frequency bands are allocated, except as provided for in the Radio Regulations and the appropriate Articles and Annexes of this Appendix.

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- 3.3 The procedures for the use of interim systems in Region 2 for feeder links in the fixed-satellite service for the bands covered by this Appendix are given in Resolution 42 (Rev.WRC-03)*. (WRC-03)
- 3.4 The Regions 1 and 3 feeder-link Plan is based on national coverage from the geostationary-satellite orbit. The associated procedures contained in this Appendix are intended to promote long-term flexibility of the Plan and to avoid monopolization of the planned bands and orbit by a country or a group of countries.

ARTICLE 4 (REV.WRC-03)

Procedures for modifications to the Region 2 feeder-link Plan or for additional uses in Regions 1 and 3

4.1 Provisions applicable to Regions 1 and 3

- 4.1.1 An administration proposing to include a new or modified assignment in the feeder-link List shall seek the agreement of those administrations whose services are considered to be affected, i.e. administrations^{4, 5}:
- a) of Regions 1 and 3 having a feeder-link frequency assignment in the fixed-satellite service (Earth-to-space) to a space station in the broadcasting-satellite service which is included in the Regions 1 and 3 feeder-link Plan with a necessary bandwidth, any portion of which falls within the necessary bandwidth of the proposed assignment; or
- b) of Regions 1 and 3 having a feeder-link frequency assignment included in the feeder-link List or for which complete Appendix 4 information has been received by the Radiocommunication Bureau in accordance with the provisions of § 4.1.3, and any portion of which falls within the necessary bandwidth of the proposed assignment; or
- c) of Region 2 having a feeder-link frequency assignment in the fixed-satellite service (Earth-to-space) to a space station in the broadcasting-satellite service which is in conformity with the Region 2 feeder-link Plan, or in respect of which proposed modifications to that Plan have already been received by the Bureau in accordance with the provisions of § 4.2.6 with a necessary bandwidth, any portion of which falls within the necessary bandwidth of the proposed assignment; or

^{*} Note by the Secretariat: This Resolution was revised by WRC-12.

⁴ Agreement with administrations having a frequency assignment in the bands 14.5-14.8 GHz or 17.7-18.1 GHz to a terrestrial station, or having a frequency assignment in the band 17.7-18.1 GHz to an earth station in the fixed-satellite service (space-to-Earth), or having a frequency assignment in the band 17.3-17.8 GHz in the broadcasting-satellite service shall be sought under No. 9.17, No. 9.17A or No. 9.19, respectively.

⁵ Coordination under Nos. **9.17** or **9.17A** is not required for an earth station of an administration on the territory of which this earth station is located and for which the procedures of former § 4.2.1.2 and 4.2.1.3 of Appendix **30A** (**WRC-97**) have been successfully applied by that administration before 3 June 2000 in respect of terrestrial stations or earth stations operating in the opposite direction of transmission. (WRC-03)

- d) having a feeder-link frequency assignment in the band 17.8-18.1 GHz in Region 2 in the fixed-satellite service (Earth-to-space) to a space station in the broadcasting-satellite service which is recorded in the Master Register or which has been coordinated or is being coordinated under the provisions of No. 9.7, or under § 7.1 of Article 7, with a necessary bandwidth, any portion of which falls within the necessary bandwidth of the proposed assignment. (WRC-03)
- 4.1.2 The services of an administration are considered to be affected when the limits shown in Annex 1 are exceeded.
- 4.1.3 An administration, or one⁶ acting on behalf of a group of named administrations, intending to include a new or modified assignment in the feeder-link List shall send to the Bureau, not earlier than eight years but preferably not later than two years before the date on which the assignment is to be brought into use, the relevant information listed in Appendix 4. An assignment in the feeder-link List shall lapse if it is not brought into use within eight years after the date of receipt by the Bureau of the relevant complete information. A proposed new or modified assignment not included in the List within eight years after the date of receipt by the Bureau of the relevant complete information⁷ shall also lapse. (WRC-07)
- 4.1.3bis The regulatory time-limit for bringing into use an assignment in the List may be extended once by not more than three years due to launch failure in the following cases:
- the destruction of the satellite intended to bring the assignment into use; or
- the destruction of the satellite launched to replace an already operating satellite which is intended to be relocated to bring another assignment into use; or
- the satellite is launched, but fails to reach its assigned orbital location.

For this extension to be granted, the launch failure must have occurred at least five years after the date of receipt of the complete Appendix 4 data. In no case shall the period of the extension of the regulatory time-limit exceed the difference in time between the three-year period and the period remaining from the date of the launch failure to the end of the regulatory time-limit. In order to take advantage of this extension, the administration shall have, within one month of the launch failure or one month after 5 July 2003, whichever comes later, notified the Bureau in writing of such failure, and shall also provide the following information to the Bureau before the end of the regulatory time-limit of § 4.1.3:

- date of launch failure:
- due diligence information as required in Resolution 49 (Rev.WRC-03)* for the assignment with respect to the satellite that suffered the launch failure, if that information has not already been provided.

⁶ Whenever, under this provision, an administration acts on behalf of a group of named administrations, all members of that group retain the right to respond in respect of their own networds or systems. (WRC-03)

⁷ The provisions of Resolution **533 (Rev.WRC-2000)**** apply. (WRC-03)

 $^{^8}$ For a launch failure which occurred before 5 July 2003, the maximum extension of three years shall apply as from 5 July 2003. (WRC-03)

^{*} Note by the Secretariat: This Resolution was revised by WRC-07 and WRC-12.

^{**} Note by the Secretariat: This Resolution was abrogated by WRC-12.

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If, within one year of the request for extension, the administration has not provided to the Bureau updated Resolution **49** (**Rev.WRC-03**)* information for the new satellite under procurement, the related frequency assignments shall lapse. (WRC-03)

- 4.1.4 If the information received by the Bureau under § 4.1.3 is found to be incomplete, the Bureau shall immediately seek from the administration concerned any clarification required and information not provided.
- 4.1.5 The Bureau shall determine, on the basis of Annex 1, the administrations whose frequency assignments are considered to be affected. The Bureau shall publish⁹, in a Special Section of its International Frequency Information Circular (BR IFIC), the complete information received under § 4.1.3, together with the names of the affected administrations, the corresponding fixed-satellite service networks, and the corresponding feeder-links to broadcasting-satellite service assignments, as appropriate. The Bureau shall immediately send a telegram/fax to the administration proposing the assignment, drawing its attention to the information contained in the relevant BR IFIC. (WRC-07)
- 4.1.6 The Bureau shall send a telegram/fax to the administrations listed in the Special Section of the BR IFIC, drawing their attention to the information it contains. (WRC-07)
- 4.1.7 An administration which considers that it should have been identified in the publication referred to under § 4.1.5 above shall, within four months of the date of publication of its relevant BR IFIC, and giving the technical reasons for so doing, request the Bureau to include its name in the publication. The Bureau shall study this information on the basis of Annex 1 and shall inform both administrations of its conclusions. Should the Bureau agree to the administration's request, it shall publish an addendum to the publication under § 4.1.5.
- 4.1.7bis Except as provided under § 4.1.18 to 4.1.20, any inclusion of a new or modified frequency assignment in the Regions 1 and 3 List which would have the effect of exceeding the limits specified in Annex 1 shall be subject to the agreement of all administrations whose services are considered to be affected. (WRC-03)
- 4.1.8 The administration seeking agreement or the administration with which agreement is sought may request any additional technical information it considers necessary. The administrations shall inform the Bureau of such requests.
- 4.1.9 Comments from administrations on the information published pursuant to § 4.1.5 should be sent either directly to the administration proposing the modification or through the Bureau. In any event, the Bureau shall be informed that comments have been made.

⁹ If the payments are not received in accordance with the provisions of Council Decision 482, as amended, on the implementation of cost recovery for satellite network filings, the Bureau shall cancel the publication, after informing the administration concerned. The Bureau shall inform all administrations of such action and that the network specified in the publication in question no longer has to be taken into consideration by the Bureau and other administrations. The Bureau shall send a reminder to the notifying administration not later than two months prior to the deadline for the payment in accordance with the above-mentioned Council Decision 482 unless the payment has already been received. (WRC-07)

^{*} Note by the Secretariat: This Resolution was revised by WRC-07 and WRC-12.

- 4.1.10 An administration that has not notified its comments either to the administration seeking agreement or to the Bureau within a period of four months following the date of its BR IFIC referred to in § 4.1.5 shall be deemed to have agreed to the proposed assignment. This time-limit may be extended:
- for an administration that has requested additional information under § 4.1.8, by up to three months. or
- for an administration that has requested the assistance of the Bureau under § 4.1.21, by up to three months following the date at which the Bureau communicated the result of its action.
- 4.1.10*bis* Thirty days prior to the expiry of the same four-month period, the Bureau shall dispatch a reminder telegram or fax to an administration which has not made its comments under § 4.1.10, bringing the matter to its attention. (WRC-03)
- 4.1.10ter After expiry of the deadline for comments in respect of the proposed assignment, the Bureau shall, according to its records, publish a Special Section, indicating the list of administrations whose agreements are required for completion of the procedure of Article 4. (WRC-03)
- 4.1.11 If, in seeking agreement, an administration modifies its initial proposal, it shall again apply the provisions of § 4.1 and the subsequent procedure in cases where:
- the assignments of any other administration received by the Bureau in accordance with § 4.1.3 or § 4.2.6, or § 7.1 of Article 7, or No. 9.7 before this modified proposal is received under § 4.1.12; or
- the assignments of any other administration contained in the Plans or the Lists,

are considered as being affected and receive more interference as a result of the modifications than that produced by the initial proposal. (WRC-07)

- 4.1.12 If no comments have been received on the expiry of the periods specified in § 4.1.10, or if agreement has been reached with the administrations which have made comments and with which agreement is necessary, the administration proposing the new or modified assignment may continue with the appropriate procedure in Article 5 and shall inform the Bureau, indicating the final characteristics of the frequency assignment together with the names of the administrations with which agreement has been reached.
- 4.1.12*bis* In application of § 4.1.12, an administration may indicate the changes to the information communicated to the Bureau under § 4.1.3 and published under § 4.1.5. (WRC-03)
- 4.1.13 The agreement of the administrations affected may also be obtained in accordance with this Article, for a specified period. When this specific period of agreement expires for an assignment in the List, the assignment in question shall be maintained in the List until the end of the period referred to in § 4.1.3 above. After that date this assignment shall lapse unless the agreement of the administrations affected is renewed. (WRC-03)

- 4.1.14 Where the proposed assignment involves developing countries, administrations shall seek all practicable solutions conducive to the economical development of the broadcasting-satellite systems of these countries.
- 4.1.15 The Bureau shall publish 10 in a Special Section of its BR IFIC the information received under \S 4.1.12, together with the names of any administrations with which the provisions of this Article have been successfully applied. The frequency assignment concerned shall be included in the feeder-link List. (WRC-03)
- 4.1.16 In case of disagreement on the part of an administration whose agreement has been sought, the requesting administration should first endeavour to solve the problem by exploring all possible means of meeting its requirement. If the problem still cannot be solved by such means, the administration whose agreement has been sought should endeavour to overcome the difficulties as far as possible, and shall state the technical reasons for any disagreement if the administration seeking the agreement requests it to do so.
- 4.1.17 If no agreement is reached between the administrations concerned, the Bureau shall carry out any study that may be requested by either one of these administrations; the Bureau shall inform them of the result of the study and shall make such recommendations as it may be able to offer for the solution of the problem.
- 4.1.18 If, in spite of the application of § 4.1.16 and 4.1.17, there is still continuing disagreement and the assignment which was the basis of the disagreement is not an assignment in the Regions 1 and 3 Plan, or in the Region 2 Plan or for which the procedure of § 4.2 has been initiated, and if the notifying administration insists that the proposed assignment be included in the Regions 1 and 3 feeder-link List, the Bureau shall provisionally enter the assignment in the Regions 1 and 3 feeder-link List with an indication of those administrations whose assignments were the basis of the disagreement; however, the entry shall be changed from provisional to definitive recording in the feeder-link List only if the Bureau is informed that the new assignment in the Regions 1 and 3 feeder-link List has been in use, together with the assignment which was the basis for the disagreement, for at least four months without any complaint of harmful interference being made. (WRC-03)
- 4.1.18*bis* When requesting the application of § 4.1.18, the notifying administration shall undertake to meet the requirements of § 4.1.20 and provide to the administration in respect of which § 4.1.18 is applied, with a copy to the Bureau, a description of the steps by which it undertakes to meet these requirements. Once an assignment is entered in the feeder-link List provisionally under the provisions of § 4.1.18, the calculation of the equivalent protection margin (EPM)¹¹ of an assignment in the Regions 1 and 3 feeder-link List or for which the procedure of Article 4 has been initiated and which was the basis for the disagreement shall not take into account interference produced by the assignment for which the provisions of § 4.1.18 have been applied. (WRC-03)

¹⁰ If the payments are not received in accordance with the provisions of Council Decision 482, as amended, on the implementation of cost recovery for satellite network filings, the Bureau shall cancel the publication, after informing the administration concerned. The Bureau shall inform all administrations of such action and that the network specified in the publication in question no longer has to be taken into consideration by the Bureau and other administrations. The Bureau shall send a reminder to the notifying administration not later than two months prior to the deadline for the payment in accordance with the above-mentioned Council Decision 482 unless the payment has already been received. (WRC-07)

¹¹ For the definition of the EPM, see § 1.7 of Annex 3. (WRC-03)

- 4.1.19 Should the assignments that were the basis of the disagreement not be brought into use within the period specified in No. **11.44** (for non-planned services), or in § 4.1 (for assignments in the feeder-link List or having initiated the procedure under § 4.1), as appropriate, then the status of the assignment in the feeder-link List shall be reviewed accordingly. (WRC-03)
- 4.1.20 Should harmful interference be caused by an assignment included in the feeder-link List under § 4.1.18 to any recorded assignment in the Master Register which was the basis of the disagreement, the administration using the frequency assignment included in the feeder-link List under § 4.1.18 shall, upon receipt of advice thereof, immediately eliminate this harmful interference. (WRC-03)
- 4.1.21 An administration may, at any stage in the procedure described, or before applying it, request the assistance of the Bureau.
- 4.1.22 The relevant provisions of Article 5 shall be applied when frequency assignments are notified to the Bureau.
- 4.1.23 When a frequency assignment included in the feeder-link List is no longer required, the administration concerned shall immediately so inform the Bureau. The Bureau shall publish this information in a Special Section of its BR IFIC and delete the assignment from the feeder-link List. (WRC-03)
- 4.1.24 No assignment in the feeder-link List shall have a period of operation exceeding 15 years, counted from the date of bringing into use, or 2 June 2000, whichever is later. Upon request by the responsible administration received by the Bureau at the latest three years before the expiry of this period, this period may be extended by up to 15 years, on condition that all the characteristics of the assignment remain unchanged. (WRC-03)
- 4.1.25 Where an administration already having included in the feeder-link List two assignments (not including those systems notified on behalf of a group of named administrations and included in the feeder-link List by WRC-2000) in the same channel and covering the same service area, proposes to include in the feeder-link List a new assignment in the same channel over this same service area, it shall apply the following in respect of another administration which has no assignment in the feeder-link List in the same channel and which proposes to include in the feeder-link List a new assignment:
- a) if the agreement of the former administration is required following the application of § 4.1 by the latter administration, in order to protect the new assignment proposed by the former administration from interference caused by the assignment proposed by the latter administration, both administrations shall make every possible effort to resolve the difficulties by means of mutually acceptable adjustments to their networks;
- b) in case of continuing disagreement, and if the former administration has not communicated to the Bureau the information specified in Annex 2 to Resolution 49 (Rev.WRC-03)*, this administration shall be deemed to have given its agreement to inclusion in the feeder-link List of the assignment of the latter administration. (WRC-03)

^{*} Note by the Secretariat: This Resolution was revised by WRC-07 and WRC-12.

- 4.1.26 The procedure of this Article may be applied by the administration of a new ITU Member State in order to include new assignments in the feeder-link List. Upon completion of the procedure, the next world radiocommunication conference may be requested to consider, among the assignments included in the feeder-link List after the successful completion of this procedure, the inclusion in the Regions 1 and 3 feeder-link Plan of up to 10 channels (for Region 1) and up to 12 channels (for Region 3), over the national territory of the new Member State. (WRC-03)
- 4.1.27 When an administration has successfully applied this procedure and received all the agreements 12 required to include in the feeder-link List assignments over its national territory, at an orbital location and/or in channels different from those appearing in the Regions 1 and 3 feeder-link Plan for its country, it may request the next world radiocommunication conference to consider the inclusion in this Plan of up to 10 (for Region 1) and up to 12 (for Region 3) of these assignments, in replacement of its assignments appearing in this Plan. (WRC-03)
- 4.1.27bis Should the assignments mentioned in § 4.1.26 and 4.1.27 over the national territory of the administration not be brought into use within the regulatory time-limit mentioned in § 4.1.3, they would be retained in the List until the end of the World Radiocommunication Conference following immediately after the successful completion of procedure referred to in § 4.1.26 and 4.1.27, respectively and thereafter they shall be removed from the List. (WRC-03)
- 4.1.28 The feeder-link List, as updated, shall be published periodically by the Bureau. (WRC-03)
- 4.1.29 New or modified assignments in the feeder-link List shall be limited to digital modulation. (WRC-03)

4.2 Provisions applicable to Region 2

- 4.2.1 When an administration intends to make a modification to the Region 2 feeder-link Plan, i.e.:
- a) to modify the characteristics of any of its frequency assignments in the fixed-satellite service which are shown in the Region 2 feeder-link Plan, or for which the procedure in this Article has been successfully applied, whether or not the station has been brought into use; or
- to include in the Region 2 feeder-link Plan a new frequency assignment in the fixed-satellite service; or
- c) to cancel a frequency assignment in the fixed-satellite service,

the following procedure shall be applied before any notification of the frequency assignment is made to the Bureau (see Article 5 and Resolution 42 (Rev.WRC-03))*. (WRC-03)

¹² In such a case, § 4.1.18 does not apply.

^{*} Note by the Secretariat: This Resolution was revised by WRC-12.

- 4.2.2 An administration proposing a modification to the characteristics of a frequency assignment in conformity with the Region 2 feeder-link Plan, or the inclusion of a new frequency assignment in that Plan, shall seek the agreement of those administrations^{13, 14, 15}:
- a) having an assignment for feeder-links in the fixed-satellite service (Earth-to-space) which is in conformity with the Regions 1 and 3 feeder-link Plan with the necessary bandwidth, any portion of which falls within the necessary bandwidth of the proposed assignment; or
- b) of Regions 1 and 3 having a feeder-link frequency assignment included in the feeder-link List or for which complete Appendix 4 information has been received by the Bureau in accordance with the provisions of § 4.1.3, and any portion of which falls within the necessary bandwidth of the proposed assignment; or
- c) of Region 2 having a feeder-link frequency assignment in the fixed-satellite service (Earth-to-space) in the same channel or an adjacent channel, which appears in the Region 2 feeder-link Plan or in respect of which proposed modifications to this Plan have been received by the Bureau in accordance with the provisions of § 4.2.6;
- d) which are considered affected. (WRC-03)
- 4.2.3 (Not used.)
- 4.2.4 The services of an administration are considered to be affected when the limits shown in Annex 1 are exceeded.
- 4.2.5 The agreement referred to in § 4.2.2 is not required when an administration proposes to bring into use, with characteristics appearing in the Region 2 feeder-link Plan, a fixed feeder-link earth station in the band 17.3-17.8 GHz or a transportable feeder-link earth station in the band 17.3-17.7 GHz. Administrations may communicate to the Bureau the characteristics of such earth stations for inclusion in this Plan.
- 4.2.6 An administration, or one¹⁶ acting on behalf of a group of named administrations, intending to make a modification to the Region 2 feeder-link Plan shall send to the Bureau, not earlier than eight years but preferably not later than two years before the date on which the assignment is to be brought into use, the relevant information listed in Appendix 4. Modifications to that Plan shall lapse if the assignment is not brought into use within eight years after the date of receipt by the Bureau of the relevant complete information¹⁷. A request for a modification that has not been included in that Plan within eight years after the date of receipt by the Bureau of the relevant complete information¹⁷ shall also lapse. (WRC-07)

¹³ Agreement with administrations having a frequency assignment in the bands 17.7-17.8 GHz to a terrestrial station or to an earth station in the fixed-satellite service (space-to-Earth) shall be sought under No. **9.17** or No. **9.17A**, respectively.

¹⁴ Coordination under No. **9.17** or **9.17A** is not required for an earth station of an administration on the territory of which this earth station is located and for which the procedures of former § 4.2.3.2 and 4.2.3.3 of Appendix **30A** (WRC-97) have been successfully applied by that administration before 3 June 2000 in respect of terrestrial stations or earth stations operating in the opposite direction of transmission. (WRC-03)

¹⁵ Agreement with administrations having a frequency assignment in the band 17.3-17.8 GHz to an earth station in the broadcasting-satellite service shall be sought under No. 9.19.

¹⁶ Whenever, under this provision, an administration acts on behalf of a group of named administrations, all members of that group retain the right to respond in respect of their own networks or systems. (WRC-03)

¹⁷ The provisions of Resolution 533 (Rev.WRC-2000) apply. (WRC-03)

- 4.2.6bis The regulatory time-limit for bringing into use of an assignment in the Region 2 Plan obtained through application of § 4.2 may be extended once by no more than three years due to launch failure in the following cases:
- the destruction of the satellite intended to bring the assignment into use; or
- the destruction of the satellite launched to replace an already operating satellite which is intended to be relocated to bring another assignment into use; or
- the satellite is launched, but fails to reach its assigned orbital location.

For this extension to be granted, the launch failure must have occurred at least five years after the date of receipt of the complete Appendix 4 data. In no case shall the period of the extension of the regulatory time-limit exceed the difference in time between the three-year period and the period remaining from the date of the launch failure to the end of the regulatory time-limit ¹⁸. In order to take advantage of this extension, the administration shall have, within one month of the launch failure or one month after 5 July 2003, whichever comes later, notified the Bureau in writing of such failure, and shall also provide the following information to the Bureau before the end of the regulatory time-limit of § 4.2.6:

- date of launch failure:
- due diligence information as required in Resolution 49 (Rev.WRC-03)* for the assignment with respect to the satellite that suffered the launch failure, if that information has not already been provided.

If, within one year of the request for extension, the administration has not provided to the Bureau updated Resolution **49** (**Rev.WRC-03**)* information for the new satellite under procurement, the related frequency assignments shall lapse. (WRC-03)

- 4.2.7 If the information received by the Bureau under § 4.2.6 is found to be incomplete, the Bureau shall immediately seek from the administration concerned any clarification required and information not provided.
- 4.2.8 The Bureau shall determine, on the basis of Annex 1, the administrations whose frequency assignments are considered to be affected within the meaning of § 4.2.2. The Bureau shall publish¹⁹, in a Special Section of its BR IFIC, the complete information received under § 4.2.6, together with the names of the affected administrations, the corresponding fixed-satellite service networks, and the corresponding feeder links to broadcasting-satellite service assignments, as appropriate. The Bureau shall immediately send a telegram/fax to the administration proposing the modification to the Region 2 feeder-link Plan, drawing its attention to the information contained in the relevant BR IFIC. (WRC-07)

 $^{^{18}}$ For a launch failure which occurred before 5 July 2003, the maximum extension of three years shall apply as from 5 July 2003. (WRC-03)

¹⁹ If the payments are not received in accordance with the provisions of Council Decision 482, as amended, on the implementation of cost recovery for satellite network filings, the Bureau shall cancel the publication, after informing the administration concerned. The Bureau shall inform all administrations of such action and that the network specified in the publication in question no longer has to be taken into consideration by the Bureau and other administrations. The Bureau shall send a reminder to the notifying administration not later than two months prior to the deadline for the payment in accordance with the above-mentioned Council Decision 482 unless the payment has already been received. (WRC-07)

Note by the Secretariat: This Resolution was revised by WRC-07 and WRC-12.

- 4.2.9 The Bureau shall send a telegram/fax to the administrations listed in the Special Section of its BR IFIC, drawing their attention to the information it contains. (WRC-07)
- 4.2.10 An administration which considers that it should have been included in the publication referred to under § 4.2.8 above shall, within four months of the date of publication in the relevant BR IFIC, and giving the technical reasons for so doing, request the Bureau to include its name in the publication. The Bureau shall study this information on the basis of Annex 1 and shall inform both administrations of its conclusions. Should the Bureau agree to the administration's request, it shall publish an addendum to the publication under § 4.2.8. (WRC-07)
- 4.2.11 Except as provided under § 4.2.21A to 4.2.21D, any modification to a frequency assignment which is in conformity with the Region 2 feeder-link Plan or any inclusion in that Plan of a new frequency assignment which would have the effect of exceeding the limits specified in Annex 1 shall be subject to the agreement of all affected administrations. (WRC-03)
- 4.2.12 The administration seeking agreement or the administration with which agreement is sought may request any additional technical information it considers necessary. The administrations shall inform the Bureau of such requests.
- 4.2.13 Comments from administrations on the information published pursuant to § 4.2.8 should be sent either directly to the administration proposing the modification or through the Bureau. In any event, the Bureau shall be informed that comments have been made.
- 4.2.14 An administration which has not notified its comments either to the administration seeking agreement or to the Bureau within a period of four months following the date of the BR IFIC referred to in § 4.2.8 shall be deemed to have agreed to the proposed modification. This time-limit may be extended by up to three months for an administration which has requested additional information under § 4.2.12 or for an administration which has requested the assistance of the Bureau under § 4.2.22. In the latter case, the Bureau shall inform the administrations concerned of this request.
- 4.2.14*bis* Thirty days prior to the expiry of the same four-month period the Bureau shall dispatch a reminder telegram or fax to an administration which has not made its comments under § 4.2.14, bringing the matter to its attention. (WRC-03)
- 4.2.14ter After expiry of the deadline for comments in respect of the proposed assignment, the Bureau shall, according to its records, publish a Special Section, indicating the list of administrations whose agreements are required for completion of the procedure of Article 4. (WRC-03)
- 4.2.15 If, in seeking agreement, an administration modifies its initial proposal, it shall again apply the provisions of § 4.2 and the consequent procedure with respect to any other administration whose services might be affected as a result of modifications to the initial proposal.
- 4.2.16 If no comments have been received on the expiry of the periods specified in § 4.2.14, or if agreement has been reached with the administrations which have made comments and with which agreement is necessary, the administration proposing the modification may continue with the appropriate procedure in Article 5, and shall so inform the Bureau, indicating the final characteristics of the frequency assignment together with the names of the administrations with which agreement has been reached.

- 4.2.16bis In application of § 4.2.16, an administration may indicate the changes to the information communicated to the Bureau under § 4.2.6 and published under § 4.2.8. (WRC-03)
- 4.2.17 The agreement of the administrations affected may also be obtained in accordance with this Article, for a specified period. When this specific period of agreement expires for an assignment in the Plan, the assignment in question shall be maintained in the Plan until the end of the period referred to in § 4.2.6 above. After that date this assignment in the Plan shall lapse unless the agreement of the administrations affected is renewed. (WRC-03)
- 4.2.18 When the proposed modification to the Region 2 feeder-link Plan involves developing countries, administrations shall seek all practicable solutions conducive to the economical development of the broadcasting-satellite systems of these countries.
- 4.2.19 The Bureau shall publish²⁰ in a Special Section of its BR IFIC the information received under § 4.2.16 together with the names of any administrations with which the provisions of this Article have been successfully applied. The frequency assignment concerned shall enjoy the same status as those appearing in the Region 2 feeder-link Plan and will be considered as a frequency assignment in conformity with that Plan. (WRC-03)
- 4.2.20 When an administration proposing to modify the characteristics of a frequency assignment or to make a new frequency assignment receives notice of disagreement on the part of an administration whose agreement it has sought, it should first endeavour to solve the problem by exploring all possible means of meeting its requirement. If the problem still cannot be solved by such means, the administration whose agreement has been sought should endeavour to overcome the difficulties as far as possible, and shall state the technical reasons for any disagreement if the administration seeking the agreement requests it to do so.
- 4.2.21 If no agreement is reached between the administrations concerned, the Bureau shall carry out any study that may be requested by these administrations; the Bureau shall inform them of the result of the study and shall make such recommendations as it may be able to offer for the solution of the problem.
- 4.2.21A If, in spite of the application of § 4.2.20 and 4.2.21, there is still continuing disagreement and the assignment which was the basis of the disagreement is not an assignment in the Region 2 feeder-link Plan, or in the Regions 1 and 3 feeder-link Plan or List, or for which the procedure of § 4.1 or 4.2 has been initiated, and if the notifying administration insists that the proposed assignment be included in the Region 2 feeder-link Plan, the Bureau shall provisionally enter the assignment in the Region 2 feeder-link Plan with an indication of those administrations whose assignments were the basis of the disagreement; however, the entry shall be changed from provisional to definitive recording in the Region 2 feeder-link Plan only if the Bureau is informed that the new or modified assignment in the Region 2 feeder-link Plan has been in use, together with the assignment which was the basis for the disagreement, for at least four months without any complaint of harmful interference being made. (WRC-03)

²⁰ If the payments are not received in accordance with the provisions of Council Decision 482, as amended, on the implementation of cost recovery for satellite network filings, the Bureau shall cancel the publication, after informing the administration concerned. The Bureau shall inform all administrations of such action and that the network specified in the publication in question no longer has to be taken into consideration by the Bureau and other administrations. The Bureau shall send a reminder to the notifying administration not later than two months prior to the deadline for the payment in accordance with the above-mentioned Council Decision 482 unless the payment has already been received. (WRC-07)

- 4.2.21B When requesting the application of § 4.2.21A, the notifying administration shall undertake to meet the requirements of § 4.2.21D and provide to the administration in respect of which § 4.2.21A has been applied, with a copy to the Bureau, a description of the steps by which it undertakes to meet these requirements. (WRC-03)
- 4.2.21C Should the assignments that were the basis of the disagreement not be brought into use within the period specified in No. **11.44**, the status of the assignment in the Region 2 feeder-link Plan shall be reviewed accordingly. (WRC-03)
- 4.2.21D Should harmful interference be caused by an assignment included in the Region 2 feeder-link Plan under § 4.2.21A to any recorded assignment in the Master Register which was the basis of the disagreement, the administration using the frequency assignment included in the Region 2 feeder-link Plan under § 4.2.21A shall, upon receipt of advice thereof, immediately eliminate this harmful interference. (WRC-03)
- 4.2.22 An administration may at any stage in the procedure described, or before applying it, request the assistance of the Bureau.
- 4.2.23 The relevant provisions of Article 5 shall be applied when frequency assignments are notified to the Bureau.

4.2.24 Cancellation of frequency assignments

When a frequency assignment in conformity with the Region 2 feeder-link Plan is no longer required, whether or not as a result of a modification, the administration concerned shall immediately so inform the Bureau. The Bureau shall publish this information in a Special Section of its BR IFIC and delete the assignment from the Region 2 feeder-link Plan.

4.2.25 Master copy of the Region 2 feeder-link Plan

- 4.2.25.1 The Bureau shall maintain an up-to-date master copy of the Region 2 feeder-link Plan, including the overall equivalent protection margins of each assignment, taking account of the application of the procedure set out in this Article. This master copy shall contain the overall equivalent protection margins derived from that Plan as established by the 1983 Conference and those derived from all modifications to that Plan as a result of the successful completion of the modification procedure set out in this Article.
- 4.2.25.2 An up-to-date version of the Region 2 feeder-link Plan shall be published by the Secretary-General when justified by the circumstances.

ARTICLE 5 (REV.WRC-12)

Coordination, notification, examination and recording in the Master International Frequency Register of frequency assignments to feeder-link transmitting earth stations and receiving space stations in the fixed-satellite service^{21, 22} (WRC-07)

5.1 Coordination and notification

- 5.1.1 When an administration wishes to determine whether it is possible to use, at a given location, an amount of power control which is in excess of that contained in column 12 of the Regions 1 and 3 feeder-link Plan, it shall request the Bureau to determine the amount of permissible power control (not to exceed 10 dB) from that given location using the procedure contained in § 3.11 of Annex 3.
- 5.1.2 Whenever an administration²³ intends to bring into use a frequency assignment to a transmitting earth station or receiving space station in the fixed-satellite service in the bands between 14.5 GHz and 14.8 GHz and between 17.3 GHz and 18.1 GHz in Regions 1 and 3, and between 17.3 GHz and 17.8 GHz in Region 2, it shall notify this frequency assignment to the Bureau. For this purpose, the notifying administration shall apply the following provisions. (WRC-03)
- 5.1.2bis Frequency assignments relating to a number of earth stations may be notified in the form of the characteristics of a typical earth station and the intended geographical area of operation. Individual notices of frequency assignments are however necessary in the case of earth stations whose coordination area includes all or part of the territory of another administration. (WRC-03)
- 5.1.3 Before an administration in Region 1 or 3 notifies to the Bureau or brings into use any frequency assignment to a specific transmitting feeder-link earth station in the bands 14.5-14.8 GHz and 17.7-18.1 GHz with an e.i.r.p. greater than the sum of the values specified in columns 11 and 12 of the Regions 1 and 3 feeder-link Plan, it shall effect coordination of this assignment with each administration whose territory lies wholly or partly within the coordination area of the planned earth station using the method detailed in Appendix 7. (WRC-03)

²¹ Notification of assignments to transmitting feeder-link earth stations included in the Region 2 feeder-link Plan after 2 June 2000, or included in the feeder-link List, following successful application of Article 4, shall be effected applying the provisions of Article 11 following completion of the procedure of Article 9. (WRC-03)

²² If the payments are not received in accordance with the provisions of Council Decision 482, as amended, on the implementation of cost recovery for satellite network filings, the Bureau shall cancel the publication specified in § 5.1.10 and the corresponding entries in the Master Register under § 5.2.2, 5.2.2.1 or 5.2.2.2, as appropriate, and the corresponding entries included in the Plan on and after 3 June 2000 or in the List, as appropriate, after informing the administration concerned. The Bureau shall inform all administrations of such action. The Bureau shall send a reminder to the notifying administration not later than two months prior to the deadline for the payment in accordance with the above-mentioned Council Decision 482 unless the payment has already been received. See also Resolution 905 (WRC-07)*. (WRC-07)*

^{*} Note by the Secretariat: This Resolution was abrogated by WRC-12.

²³ A frequency assignment to a space station or typical earth station in the satellite network may be notified by one administration acting on behalf of a group of named administrations. Any further notice (modification or deletion) relating to that assignment shall, in the absence of information to the contrary, be regarded as having been submitted on behalf of the entire group. (WRC-03)

- Before an administration in Region 1 or 3 notifies to the Bureau or brings into use any frequency assignment to a specific transmitting feeder-link earth station in the bands 14.5-14.8 GHz and 17.7-18.1 GHz, it shall effect coordination of this assignment with each administration whose territory lies wholly or partly within the coordination area of the planned earth station, using the method detailed in Appendix 7, in respect of notices concerning stations of the mobile and fixed services in the bands 14.5-14.8 GHz and 17.7-18.1 GHz and of the fixed-satellite service (space-to-Earth) in the band 17.7-18.1 GHz received by the Bureau prior to 3 June 2000 for recording in the International Master Frequency Register (Master Register) and subsequently recorded with a favourable finding²⁴. (WRC-03)
- 5.1.5 If an administration with which coordination is sought under § 5.1.4 does not respond within three months, the administration intending to bring into use a frequency assignment to a feeder-link earth station shall notify this frequency assignment in accordance with § 5.1.2 above.
- 5.1.6 For any notification under § 5.1.2, an individual notice for each frequency assignment shall be drawn up as prescribed in Appendix 4, the various sections of which specify the basic characteristics to be provided as appropriate. It is recommended that the notifying administration should also supply any other data it may consider useful.
- 5.1.6bis In application of § 5.1.2, an administration may identify the characteristics of assignments in the Plans or the List as notification and send to the Bureau the changes thereto. (WRC-03)
- 5.1.7 Each notice must reach the Bureau not earlier than three years before the date on which the frequency assignment is to be brought into use. In any case, the notice must reach the Bureau not later than three months before that date.
- 5.1.8 Any frequency assignment the notice of which reaches the Bureau after the applicable period specified in § 5.1.7 shall, where it is to be recorded, bear a remark in the Master Register to indicate that it is not in conformity with § 5.1.7.
- 5.1.9 Any notice made under § 5.1.2 which does not contain the characteristics specified in Appendix 4 shall be returned by the Bureau immediately by airmail to the notifying administration with the relevant reasons.
- 5.1.10 Upon receipt of a complete notice, the Bureau shall include its particulars, with the date of receipt, in its BR IFIC which shall contain the particulars of all such notices received since the publication of the previous Circular.

²⁴ In cases where assignments from the WRC-97 Plans without Remarks were included in the WRC-2000 Regions 1 and 3 feeder-link Plan without change, or with conversion of modulation from analogue to digital, or a change from normal roll-off to fast roll-off antenna pattern, the coordination status afforded by the WRC-97 Plans shall be preserved.

In cases where assignments from the WRC-97 Plans with Remarks were included in the WRC-2000 Regions 1 and 3 feeder-link Plan without change, or with conversion of modulation from analogue to digital, or a change from normal roll-off to fast roll-off antenna pattern, the compatibility shall be reassessed using the revised criteria and methodology in force and the Remarks of the WRC-97 Plans assignment shall either be maintained or reduced on the basis of the results of this analysis. (WRC-03)

- 5.1.11 The Circular shall constitute the acknowledgements to the notifying administration of the receipt of a complete notice.
- 5.1.12 Complete notices shall be considered by the Bureau in order of receipt. The Bureau shall not postpone its finding unless it lacks sufficient data to reach a decision; moreover, the Bureau shall not act upon any notice which has a technical bearing on an earlier notice still under consideration by the Bureau until it has reached a finding with respect to such earlier notice.

5.2 Examination and recording

5.2.1 The Bureau shall examine each notice:

- a) with respect to its conformity with the Convention and the relevant provisions of the Radio Regulations (with the exception of those relating to § b), c), d), e) and f) below); and
- with respect to its conformity with the appropriate Regional feeder-link Plan or the Regions 1 and 3 feeder-link List, as appropriate; or (WRC-03)
- with respect to the coordination requirements specified in the Remarks column of Article 9 or Article 9A; or
- d) with respect to its conformity with the appropriate Regional feeder-link Plan or the Regions 1 and 3 feeder-link List, however, having characteristics differing from those in this Plan or in the Regions 1 and 3 feeder-link List in one or more of the following aspects:
 - use of a reduced e.i.r.p.,
 - use of a reduced coverage area entirely situated within the coverage area appearing in the Plan or in the Regions 1 and 3 feeder-link List,
 - use of other modulating signals in accordance with the provisions of § 3.1.3 to Annex 5 of Appendix 30,
 - in the case of Region 2, use of an orbital position under the conditions specified in § B of Annex 7 to Appendix 30,
 - in the case of Regions 1 and 3, use of the assignment for transmissions in the fixed-satellite service (Earth-to-space) other than for feeder links to the broadcasting-satellite service provided that such transmissions do not cause more interference, or require more protection from interference, than the feeder-link transmissions operating in conformity with the Plan or the List, as appropriate; (WRC-03)
- e) for Region 2, with respect to its conformity with the provisions of Resolution 42 (Rev.WRC-03)*; (WRC-03)
- f) for Regions 1 and 3, with respect to its conformity with the provisions of § 5.1.3 and also its conformity with § 5.1.4 or 5.1.5 relating to coordination.

^{*} Note by the Secretariat: This Resolution was revised by WRC-12.

- 5.2.2 When the Bureau reaches a favourable finding with respect to $\S 5.2.1~a$), 5.2.1 b), 5.2.1 c) and 5.2.1 f), the frequency assignment of an administration shall be recorded in the Master Register. The date of receipt of the notice by the Bureau shall be entered in the Master Register. In relations between administrations all frequency assignments brought into use in conformity with the feeder-link Plan and recorded in the Master Register shall be considered to have the same status irrespective of the dates of receipt entered in the Master Register for such frequency assignments. (WRC-07)
- 5.2.2.1 When the Bureau reaches a favourable finding with respect to § 5.2.1 *a*), 5.2.1 *c*), 5.2.1 *d*) and 5.2.1 *f*), the frequency assignment shall be recorded in the Master Register. The date of receipt of the notice by the Bureau shall be entered in the Master Register. In relations between administrations, all frequency assignments brought into use in conformity with the feeder-link Plan and recorded in the Master Register shall be considered to have the same status irrespective of the dates of receipt entered in the Master Register for such frequency assignments. When recording these assignments, the Bureau shall indicate by an appropriate symbol the characteristics having a value different from that appearing in that Plan. (WRC-07)
- 5.2.2.2 In the case of Region 2, when the Bureau reaches a favourable finding with respect to § 5.2.1 a) and 5.2.1 c) but an unfavourable finding with respect to § 5.2.1 b) and 5.2.1 d), it shall examine the notice with respect to the successful application of the provisions of Resolution 42 (Rev.WRC-03)*. A frequency assignment for which the provisions of Resolution 42 (Rev.WRC-03)* have been successfully applied shall be recorded in the Master Register with an appropriate symbol to indicate its interim status. The date of receipt of the notice by the Bureau shall be entered in the Master Register. In relations between administrations all frequency assignments brought into use following the successful application of the provisions of Resolution 42 (Rev.WRC-03)* and recorded in the Master Register shall be considered to have the same status irrespective of the dates of receipt entered in the Master Register for such frequency assignments. If the finding with respect to § 5.2.1 e), where applicable, is unfavourable, the notice shall be returned immediately by airmail to the notifying administration. (WRC-07)
- 5.2.2.3 In the case of Regions 1 and 3, when the Bureau reaches a favourable finding with respect to $\S 5.2.1 \ a$) and $5.2.1 \ c$) but an unfavourable finding with respect to $\S 5.2.1 \ b$) and $5.2.1 \ d$), the notice shall be returned immediately by airmail to the notifying administration with the Bureau's reasons for this finding and with such suggestions as the Bureau may be able to offer with a view to a satisfactory solution of the problem.
- 5.2.2.4 In the case of Regions 1 and 3, when the Bureau reaches a favourable finding with respect to § 5.2.1 *a*), 5.2.1 *b*), 5.2.1 *c*) and 5.2.1 *d*) but an unfavourable finding with respect to § 5.2.1 *f*), the notice shall be returned immediately by airmail to the notifying administration with the Bureau's reasons for this finding and with such suggestions as the Bureau may be able to offer with a view to a satisfactory solution of the problem. If the unfavourable finding under § 5.2.1 *f*) is due to the coordination under § 5.1.3 only not being effected, the administration shall undertake only to bring this assignment into use with an e.i.r.p. level not greater than the sum of the values specified in columns 11 and 12 of the Regions 1 and 3 feeder-link Plan.
- 5.2.2.5 When an assignment is recorded as a result of a favourable finding with respect to § 5.2.1 f), a remark shall be included indicating that coordination has been effected.
- 5.2.3 Whenever a frequency assignment is recorded in the Master Register, the finding reached by the Bureau shall be indicated. (WRC-07)

Note by the Secretariat: This Resolution was revised by WRC-12.

- 5.2.4 When the Bureau reaches an unfavourable finding with respect to:
- § 5.2.1 a), or
- § 5.2.1 c), or
- § 5.2.1 b) and 5.2.1 d) and, where appropriate, § 5.2.1 e),

the notice shall be returned immediately by airmail to the notifying administration with the Bureau's reasons for this finding and with such suggestions as the Bureau may be able to offer with a view to a satisfactory solution of the problem.

- 5.2.5 When the notifying administration resubmits the notice and the finding of the Bureau becomes favourable with respect to the appropriate parts of § 5.2.1, the notice shall be treated as in § 5.2.2, 5.2.2.1 or 5.2.2.2 as appropriate.
- 5.2.6 If the notifying administration resubmits the notice without modification and insists on its reconsideration, and if the Bureau's finding with respect to § 5.2.1 remains unfavourable, the notice is returned to the notifying administration in accordance with § 5.2.4. In this case, the notifying administration undertakes not to bring into use the frequency assignment until the condition specified in § 5.2.5 is fulfilled.
- 5.2.7 If a frequency assignment notified in advance of bringing into use in conformity with § 5.1.3 has received a favourable finding by the Bureau with respect to the provisions of § 5.2.1, it shall be entered provisionally in the Master Register with a special symbol in the Remarks Column indicating the provisional nature of that entry.
- 5.2.8 When the Bureau has received confirmation that the frequency assignment has been brought into use, the Bureau shall remove the symbol in the Master Register.
- 5.2.9 The date of bringing into use notified by the administration concerned shall be recorded in the Master Register. (WRC-07)
- 5.2.10 Wherever the use of a frequency assignment to a space station recorded in the Master Register and emanating from the Regions 1 and 3 List is suspended for a period exceeding six months, the notifying administration shall, as soon as possible, but no later than six months from the date on which the use was suspended, inform the Bureau of the date on which such use was suspended. When the recorded assignment is brought back into use, the notifying administration shall so inform the Bureau, as soon as possible. The date on which the recorded assignment is brought back into use^{24bis} shall be no later than three years from the date of suspension. (WRC-12)

^{24bis} The date of bringing back into use of a frequency assignment to a space station in the geostationary-satellite orbit shall be the commencement of the ninety-day period defined below. A frequency assignment to a space station in the geostationary-satellite orbit shall be considered as having been brought back into use when a space station in the geostationary-satellite orbit with the capability of transmitting or receiving that frequency assignment has been deployed and maintained at the notified orbital position for a continuous period of ninety days. The notifying administration shall inform the Bureau within thirty days from the end of the ninety-day period. (WRC-12)

5.2.11 If a recorded frequency assignment stemming from the Regions 1 and 3 List is not brought back into use within three years from the date of suspension, the Bureau shall cancel the assignment from the Master Register and the assignment in the List, unless the assignment is one to which § 4.1.26 or § 4.1.27 is being applied. (WRC-12)

5.3 Cancellation of entries in the Master Register

- 5.3.1 Any notified frequency assignment to which the Article 4 procedures have been applied and which has been provisionally recorded under § 5.2.7 shall be brought into use no later than the end of the period provided under § 4.1.3 or 4.2.6 of Article 4. Any other frequency assignment provisionally recorded under § 5.2.7 shall be brought into use by the date specified in the notice. Unless the Bureau has been informed by the notifying administration of the bringing into use of the assignment under § 5.2.8, it shall, no later than fifteen days before the notified date of bringing into use or the end of the regulatory period established under § 4.1.3 or 4.2.6 of Article 4, as appropriate, send a reminder requesting confirmation that the assignment has been brought into use within the regulatory period. If the Bureau does not receive that confirmation within thirty days following the notified date of bringing into use or the period provided under § 4.1.3 or 4.2.6 of Article 4, as the case may be, it shall cancel the entry in the Master Register. (WRC-07)
- 5.3.2 If the use of any recorded frequency assignment is permanently discontinued, the notifying administration shall so inform the Bureau within three months, whereupon the entry shall be removed from the Master Register.

ARTICLE 6 (REV.WRC-12)

Coordination, notification and recording in the Master International Frequency Register of frequency assignments to receiving terrestrial stations in Regions 1 and 3 in the bands 14.5-14.8 GHz and 17.7-18.1 GHz, and in Region 2 in the band 17.7-17.8 GHz, when frequency assignments to feeder-link transmitting earth stations for the broadcasting-satellite service in conformity with the Regions 1 and 3 feeder-link Plan or the Region 2 feeder-link Plan²⁵ are involved²⁶

- Administrations planning to implement assignments for terrestrial stations in Regions 1 and 3 in the bands 14.5-14.8 GHz and 17.7-18.1 GHz, and in Region 2 in the band 17.7-17.8 GHz should evaluate the level of interference assessed on the basis of coordination contours calculated in accordance with Appendix 7^{27} , which might be caused by a feeder-link earth station located on the territory of another administration and included in the service area of an assignment to a broadcasting-satellite service feeder-link space station which is in conformity with the appropriate regional feeder-link Plan. Should the administration planning terrestrial stations find that interference may be caused by such a feeder-link earth station, it may request the administration responsible for the feeder-link earth station to indicate the geographical coordinates, the antenna characteristics and the horizon elevation angle around its existing and planned feeder-link earth stations.
- 6.2 In the case of Region 2, when the entry in the feeder-link Plan contains information on specific earth stations, this shall be used in the interference calculations referred to in § 6.1 above. Where such information is not contained in the Region 2 feeder-link Plan, an administration which receives a request under § 6.1 shall, within a period of four months, communicate the details of the feeder-link earth stations to the administration planning the terrestrial station, and to the Bureau in order to update this Plan.
- 6.3 In the case of Regions 1 and 3, an administration which receives a request under § 6.1 shall, within a period of four months, communicate the details of the feeder-link stations to the administration planning the terrestrial station, and to the Bureau for information.
- If, at the end of the period of four months, the administration responsible for the terrestrial station does not receive a reply, it may request the assistance of the Bureau.

²⁵ Only assignments included in the Region 2 feeder-link Plan before 3 June 2000 shall be taken into account. (WRC-03)

²⁶ These procedures do not replace the procedures prescribed for terrestrial stations in Articles 9 and 11. (WRC-03)

²⁷ In the case of Regions 1 and 3, the feeder-link earth-station power to be taken into account is obtained by adding the values specified in Columns 11 and 12 of the feeder-link Plan.

- 6.5 If the administration responsible for the feeder-link earth station does not communicate to the Bureau, within a period of four months, the information requested under § 6.1, this administration shall only implement its feeder-link earth station provided it does not cause harmful interference to the terrestrial station under consideration.
- 6.6 If, as a result of the application of this Article, an agreement is reached with the administration responsible for the feeder-link earth station or no comments have been received, the administration responsible for the terrestrial station may notify this station under Article 11 for recording in the Master Register. A remark shall be included indicating either that an agreement has been reached or that no comments have been received.

ARTICLE 7 (REV.WRC-12)

Coordination, notification and recording in the Master International Frequency Register of frequency assignments to stations in the fixed-satellite service (space-to-Earth) in Region 1 in the band 17.3-18.1 GHz and in Regions 2 and 3 in the band 17.7-18.1 GHz, to stations in the fixed-satellite service (Earth-to-space) in Region 2 in the band 17.8-18.1 GHz and to stations in the broadcasting-satellite service in Region 2 in the band 17.3-17.8 GHz when frequency assignments to feeder links for broadcasting-satellite stations in the 17.3-18.1 GHz band in Regions 1 and 3 or in the band 17.3-17.8 GHz in Region 2 are involved²⁸

Section I – Coordination of transmitting space or earth stations in the fixed-satellite service or transmitting space stations in the broadcasting-satellite service with assignments to broadcasting-satellite service feeder links

7.1 The provisions of No. **9.7**²⁹ and the associated provisions under Articles **9** and **11** are applicable to transmitting space stations in the fixed-satellite service in Region 1 in the band 17.3-18.1 GHz, to transmitting space stations in the fixed-satellite service in Regions 2 and 3 in the band 17.7-18.1 GHz, to transmitting earth stations in the fixed-satellite service in Region 2 in the band 17.8-18.1 GHz and to transmitting space stations in the broadcasting-satellite service in Region 2 in the band 17.3-17.8 GHz. (WRC-03)

 $^{^{28}}$ These provisions do not replace the procedures prescribed in Articles 9 and 11 when stations other than those for feeder links in the broadcasting-satellite service subject to a Plan are involved. (WRC-03)

²⁹ The provisions of Resolution **33** (Rev.WRC-97)* are applicable to space stations in the broadcasting-satellite service for which the advance publication information or the request for coordination has been received by the Bureau prior to 1 January 1999.

^{*} Note by the Secretariat: This Resolution was revised by WRC-03.

- 7.2 In applying the procedures referred to in § 7.1, the provisions of Appendix 5 are replaced by the following:
- 7.2.1 The frequency assignments to be taken into account are:
- a) the assignments in conformity with the appropriate Regional feeder-link Plan in Appendix 30A;
- b) the assignments included in the Regions 1 and 3 feeder-link List;
- c) the assignments for which the procedure of Article 4 has been initiated as from the date of receipt of the complete Appendix 4 information under § 4.1.3 or 4.2.6. (WRC-03)
- 7.2.2 The criteria to be applied are those given in Annex 4.

Section II – Coordination with assignments in conformity with the appropriate Regional feeder-link Plan in Appendix 30A

- Administrations planning to implement assignments for receiving earth stations in all Regions in the band 17.7-18.1 GHz in the fixed-satellite service (space-to-Earth) or in the band 17.3-17.8 GHz in the broadcasting-satellite service should evaluate the level of interference, assessed on the basis of coordination contours calculated in accordance with Appendix 7, which might be caused by a feeder-link earth station located on the territory of another administration and included in the service area of an assignment to a broadcasting-satellite service feeder-link space station which is in conformity with the appropriate Regional feeder-link Plan. Should the administration planning receiving earth stations find that interference may be caused by such a feeder-link earth station, it may request the administration responsible for the feeder-link earth station to indicate the geographical coordinates, the antenna characteristics and the elevation angle of the horizon around its existing and planned feeder-link earth stations.
- 7.4 In the case of Region 2, when the entry in the feeder-link Plan contains information on specific earth stations this shall be used in the interference calculations mentioned in § 7.3 above. Where such information is not contained in this Plan an administration which receives a request under § 7.3 shall, within a period of four months, communicate the details of the feeder-link earth stations to the administration planning the receiving earth station, and to the Bureau in order to update this Plan.
- 7.5 In the case of Regions 1 and 3, an administration which receives a request under § 7.3 shall, within a period of four months, communicate the details of the feeder-link earth stations to the administration planning the receiving earth station, and to the Bureau for information.
- 7.6 If, at the end of the period of four months, the administration responsible for the fixed-satellite or broadcasting-satellite receiving earth station(s) does not receive a reply, it may request the assistance of the Bureau.

- 7.7 If the administration responsible for the feeder-link earth stations does not communicate to the Bureau, within a period of four months, the information requested under § 7.3, this administration shall only implement its feeder-link earth station provided it does not cause harmful interference to the fixed-satellite or broadcasting-satellite earth station(s) under consideration.
- 7.8 If, as a result of the application of this Article, an agreement is reached with the administration responsible for the feeder-link earth station or no comments have been received, and where the station is recorded in the Master Register in accordance with Article 11, the Bureau shall enter a remark indicating either that an agreement has been reached or that no comments have been received.

Section III - Coordination with assignments in the Regions 1 and 3 feeder-link List, or for which the procedure of Article 4 has been initiated

7.9 The provisions of No. **9.17A** and the associated provisions under Articles **9** and **11** and Appendix **5** are applicable to fixed-satellite service and broadcasting-satellite service receiving earth stations, in respect of frequency assignments to transmitting broadcasting-satellite service feeder-link earth stations, in the fixed-satellite service in the bands 17.3-18.1 GHz in Regions 1 and 3 and 17.3-17.8 GHz in Region 2 which correspond to assignments to receiving broadcasting-satellite service feeder-link space stations already included in the Regions 1 and 3 feeder-link List, or for which the procedure of Article 4 has been initiated, as from the date of receipt of the complete Appendix **4** information. (WRC-03)

ARTICLE 8

Miscellaneous provisions relating to the procedures*

Section I - Studies and Recommendations

- 8.1.1 If it is requested by any administration, the Board, using such means at its disposal as are appropriate in the circumstances, shall conduct a study of cases of alleged contravention or non-observance of these provisions, or of harmful interference.
- 8.1.2 The Board shall thereupon prepare and forward to the administrations concerned a report containing its findings and recommendations for the solution of the problem.

^{*} Note by the Secretariat: WRC-97 did not review this Article. The subject matter is also dealt with in Articles 13 and 14, which were reviewed by WRC-97.

- 8.1.3 On receiving the Board's recommendations for the solution of the problem, an administration shall promptly acknowledge the receipt by telegram and shall subsequently indicate the action it intends to take. In cases when the Board's suggestions or recommendations are unacceptable to the administrations concerned, further efforts should be made by the Board to find an acceptable solution to the problem.
- 8.1.4 In a case where, as a result of a study, the Board submits to one or more administrations suggestions or recommendations for the solution of a problem, and where no answer has been received from one or more of these administrations within a period of four months, the Board shall consider that the suggestions or recommendations concerned are unacceptable to the administrations which did not answer. If it was the requesting administration which failed to answer within this period, the Board shall close the study.

Section II – Miscellaneous provisions

- 8.2.1 If it is requested by any administration, particularly by an administration of a country in need of special assistance, the Board, using such means at its disposal as are appropriate in the circumstances, shall render the following assistance:
- a) computation necessary in the application of Annexes 1, 3 and 4;
- b) any other assistance of a technical nature for completion of the procedures in this Appendix.
- 8.2.2 In making a request to the Board under § 8.2.1, the administration shall furnish the Board with the necessary information.

ARTICLE 9 (REV.WRC-12)

Plan for feeder links for the broadcasting-satellite service in the fixed-satellite service in the frequency band 17.3-17.8 GHz in Region 2

9.1 COLUMN HEADINGS OF THE PLAN

- Col. 1 Beam identification (column 1 contains the symbol designating the country or the geographical area taken from Table B1 of the Preface to the International Frequency List followed by the symbol designating the service area).
- Col. 2 Nominal orbital position, in degrees and hundredths of a degree.

- Col. 3 *Channel number* (see Table 2 showing channel numbers and corresponding assigned frequencies).
- Col. 4 Boresight geographical coordinates, in degrees and hundredths of a degree.
- Col. 5 Antenna beamwidth. This column contains two figures corresponding to the major axis and the minor axis respectively of the elliptical cross section half-power beam, in degrees and hundredths of a degree.
- Col. 6 *Orientation of the ellipse* determined as follows: in a plane normal to the beam axis, the direction of a major axis of the ellipse is specified as the angle measured anticlockwise from a line parallel to the equatorial plane to the major axis of the ellipse to the nearest degree.
- Col. 7 Polarization $(1 = direct, 2 = indirect)^{30}$.
- Col. 8 Earth station *e.i.r.p.* in the direction of maximum radiation, in dBW.
- Col. 9 Remarks³¹.

9.2 TEXT FOR NOTES IN REMARKS COLUMN OF THE PLAN

- Fast roll-off space station receiving antenna as defined in Annex 3 (§ 4.6.3).
- 2 Television standard with 625 lines using greater video bandwidth and necessary bandwidth of 27 MHz.
- This assignment may cause interference to feeder-link assignments* of Spain, Guinea-Bissau and Portugal in the Regions 1 and 3 feeder-link Plan adopted at the 1988 Conference and shall only be brought into use if:
- a) the administrations of Spain, Guinea-Bissau and Portugal agree: or
- b) their feeder-link equivalent protection margins, as defined in § 1.7 of Annex 3, are positive.

The affected administrations shall be informed by the notifying administration of the required changes in characteristics before this assignment is brought into use.

³⁰ See Annex 3 (§ 4.8) to this Appendix.

³¹ The location of earth stations, together with the antenna characteristics and elevation angle of the horizon, are given as an annex to this Plan, and will be published when the Plan is republished in accordance with § 4.2.25.2 of Article 4.

^{*} Note by the Secretariat: Since the orbital positions of these countries were changed by WRC-97, this paragraph might need to be revised.

- 4 This assignment may be utilized in the geographical area of Anguilla (AIA) (which is in the beam area).
- 5 Feeder-link earth stations for this assignment may also be located in the territories of Puerto Rico and the United States Virgin Islands. Such operation shall not cause more interference nor require more protection than the assignment under the Plan.
- Feeder-link earth stations for this assignment may also be located in the States of Alaska and Hawaii. Such operation shall not cause more interference nor require more protection than the assignment under the Plan.
- The feeder-link earth station for this assignment may also be located at the point with geographical coordinates 3°31′ West, 48°46′ North. Such operation shall not cause more interference nor require more protection than the assignment under the Plan.
- 8 Feeder-link earth stations for this assignment may also be located at the points with the following geographical coordinates:

47° 55′ West	15° 47′ South	34° 53′ West	08° 04′ South
43° 13′ West	22° 55′ South	60° 02′ West	03° 06' South
46° 38′ West	23° 33′ South	38° 31′ West	12° 56′ South
51° 13′ West	30° 02' South	49° 15′ West	16° 40′ South

Such operation shall not cause more interference nor require more protection than the assignment under the Plan.

- 9/GR.. This assignment is part of a group, the number of which follows the symbol.

 The group consists of the beams and has the number of channels assigned to it as indicated in Table 1.
- a) The overall equivalent protection margin to be used for the application of Article 4 and Resolution 42 (Rev.WRC-03)* shall be calculated on the following basis:
 - for the calculation of interference to assignments that are part of a group, only the interference contributions from assignments that are not part of the same group are to be included; and
 - for the calculation of interference from assignments belonging to a group, to assignments that are not part of that same group, only the worst interference contribution from that group shall be used on a test point to test point basis. (WRC-03).
- b) If an administration notifies the same frequency in more than one beam of a group for use at the same time, the overall *C/I* produced by all emissions from that group shall not exceed the *C/I* calculated on the basis of § *a*) above.

^{*} Note by the Secretariat: This Resolution was revised by WRC-12.

TABLE 1

Group	Beams in the group	Number of channels assigned to the group		
GR1	ALS00002 HWA00002 USAPSA02	32 channels		
GR2	ALS00003 HWA00003 USAPSA03	32 channels		
GR3	ARGINSU4 ARGSUR04	16 channels		
GR4	ARGINSU5 ARGSUR05	12 channels		
GR5	BOLAND01 CLMAND01 EQACAND1 EQAGAND1 PRUAND02 VENAND03	16 channels		
GR6	B SU111 B SU211	32 channels		
GR7	B CE311 B CE411 B CE511	32 channels		
GR8	B NO611 B NO711 B NO811	32 channels		
GR9	B SU112 B SU212 B CE312 B CE412	32 channels		
GR10	CAN01101 CAN01201	32 channels		
GR11	Not used			
GR12	CAN01203 CAN01303 CAN01403	32 channels		
GR13	CAN01304 CAN01404 CAN01504	32 channels		
GR14	CAN01405 CAN01505 CAN01605	32 channels		
GR15	Not used			
GR16	CHLCONT4 CHLCONT6	16 channels		
GR17	CHLCONT5 PAQPAC01 CHLPAC02	16 channels		
GR18	CRBBER01 CRBBLZ01 CRBJMC01 CRBBAH01 CRBEC001	16 channels		
GR19	EQACO001 EQAGO001	16 channels		
GR20	PTRVIR01 USAEHO02	32 channels		
GR21	PTRVIR02 USAEHO03	32 channels		
GR22	VEN02VEN VEN11VEN	4 channels		

Country symbols

- 1 For the explanation of symbols designating countries or geographical areas in Region 2, see the Preface to the International Frequency List.
- 2 One additional symbol, CRB, has been created for the purposes of the 1983 Conference only, to designate to geographical area in the Caribbean Area. The five Caribbean beams are identified as follows:

CRBBAH01, CRBBER01, CRBBLZ01, CRBEC001 and CRBJMC01

and are intended collectively to provide coverage for the following countries or geographical areas: AIA, ATG, BAH, BER, BLZ, BRB, CYM, DMA, GRD, GUY, JMC, LCA, MSR, KNA, SUR, TCA, TRD, VCT and VRG to be so used if approved by them.

 ${\it TABLE~2}$ Table showing correspondence between channel numbers and assigned frequencies

Channel No.	Assigned frequency (MHz)	Channel No.	Assigned frequency (MHz)
1	17 324.00	17	17 557.28
2	17 338.58	18	17 571.86
3	17 353.16	19	17 586.44
4	17 367.74	20	17 601.02
5	17 382.32	21	17 615.60
6	17 396.90	22	17 630.18
7	17 411.48	23	17 644.76
8	17 426.06	24	17 659.34
9	17 440.64	25	17 673.92
10	17 455.22	26	17 688.50
11	17 469.80	27	17 703.08
12	17 484.38	28	17 717.66
13	17 498.96	29	17 732.24
14	17 513.54	30	17 746.82
15	17 528.12	31	17 761.40
16	17 542.70	32	17 775.98

17 324.00 MHz (1)

1	2	3	4			5	6	7	8	9
ALS00002	-166.20	1	-109.94	36.86	6.04	1.11	137	1	87.4	9/GR1
ALS000/03	-175.20	1	-116.23	37.50	5.60	0.75	132	1	87.4	9/GR2
ARGINSU4	-94.20	1	-52.98	-59.81	3.40	0.68	19	1	87.4	9/GR3
ARGSUR04	-94.20	1	-65.04	-43.33	3.32	1.50	40	1	87.4	9/GR3
B CE311	-64.20	1	-40.60	-6.07	3.04	2.06	174	1	87.4	8 9/GR7
B CE312	-45.20	1	-40.27	-6.06	3.44	2.09	174	1	87.4	8 9/GR9
B CE411 B CE412	-64.20 -45.20	1	-50.97 -50.71	-15.27 -15.30	3.86	1.38 1.56	49 52	1 1	87.4 87.4	8 9/GR7 8 9/GR9
B CE412 B CE511	-45.20 -64.20	1	-50.71 -53.10	-15.30 -2.90	3.57 2.44	2.13	104	1	87.4 87.4	8 9/GR9 8 9/GR7
B NO611	-74.20	1	-59.60	-11.62	2.85	1.69	165	2	87.4	8 9/GR8
B NO711	-74.20	1	-60.70	-1.78	3.54	1.78	126	2	87.4	8 9/GR8
B NO811	-74.20	1	-68.76	-4.71	2.37	1.65	73	2	87.4	8 9/GR8
B SU111	-81.20	1	-51.12	-25.63	2.76	1.05	50	1	87.4	8 9/GR6
B SU112	-45.20	1	-50.75	-25.62	2.47	1.48	56	1	87.4	8 9/GR9
B SU211	-81.20	1	-44.51	-16.95	3.22	1.36	60	1	87.4	8 9/GR6
B SU212	-45.20	1	-44.00	-16.87	3.20	1.96	58	1	87.4	8 9/GR9
BAHIFRB1 BERBERMU	-87.20 -96.20	1	-76.06 -64.77	24.16 32.32	1.81 0.60	0.70 0.60	142 90	1 2	87.4 87.4	
BERBER02	-96.20 -31.00	1	-64.77 -64.77	32.32	0.60	0.60	90	1	87.4	2.3
BOLAND01	-115.20	1	-71.37	-4.69	6.49	2.57	87	1	87.4	9/GR5
CAN01101	-138.20	1	-114.60	51.08	7.28	1.10	160	1	87.4	9/GR10
CAN01201	-138.20	1	-114.60	51.08	7.28	1.10	160	1	87.4	9/GR10
CAN01202	-72.70	1	-81.34	50.02	7.96	2.55	5	1	87.4	
CAN01203	-129.20	1	-113.02	51.08	7.47	1.26	162	1	87.4	9/GR12
CAN01303	-129.20	1	-113.02	51.08	7.47	1.26	162	1	87.4	9/GR12
CAN01304	-91.20	1	-86.71	50.48	8.58	2.54	178	1	87.4	9/GR13
CAN01403 CAN01404	-129.20 -91.20	1	-113.02 -86.71	51.08 50.48	7.47 8.58	1.26 2.54	162 178	1 1	87.4 87.4	9/GR12 9/GR13
CAN01404 CAN01405	-91.20 -82.20	1	-84.11	50.48	8.31	2.58	1/6	1	87.4	9/GR13
CAN01504	-91.20	1	-86.71	50.48	8.58	2.54	178	1	87.4	9/GR13
CAN01505	-82.20	1	-84.11	50.20	8.31	2.58	1	1	87.4	9/GR14
CAN01605	-82.20	1	-84.11	50.20	8.31	2.58	1	1	87.4	9/GR14
CAN01606	-70.70	1	-80.77	50.03	7.88	2.53	6	1	87.4	
CHLCONT5	-106.20	1	-72.23	-35.57	2.60	0.68	55	1	87.4	9/GR17
CHLPAC02	-106.20	1	-80.06	-30.06	1.36	0.68	69	1	87.4	9/GR17
CLMAND01 CLM00001	-115.20 -103.20	1	-71.37 -74.50	-4.69 5.87	6.49 3.98	2.57 1.96	87 118	1 1	87.4 87.4	9/GR5
EQACAND1	-105.20 -115.20	1	-74.30 -71.37	-4.69	6.49	2.57	87	1	87.4	9/GR5
EQAGAND1	-115.20	1	-71.37	-4.69	6.49	2.57	87	1	87.4	9/GR5
FLKANT01	-57.20	1	-44.54	-60.13	3.54	0.68	12	1	87.4	2
FLKFALKS	-31.00	1	-59.90	-51.64	0.60	0.60	90	1	87.4	2 3
GRD00002	-42.20	1	-61.58	12.29	0.60	0.60	90	1	87.4	
HWA00002	-166.20	1	-109.94	36.86	6.04	1.11	137	1	87.4	9/GR1
HWA00003	-175.20	1	-116.23	37.50	5.60	0.75	132	1	87.4	9/GR2
MEX01NTE	-78.20	1	-105.81	26.01	2.89	2.08	155 4	1	87.4	1
MEX01SUR MEX02NTE	-69.20 -136.20	1	-94.84 -107.21	19.82 26.31	3.05 3.84	2.09 1.55	148	1	87.4 87.4	1
MEX02SUR	-130.20	1	-96.39	19.88	3.18	1.87	157	1	87.4	1
PAQPAC01	-106.20	1	-109.18	-27.53	0.60	0.60	90	1	87.4	9/GR17
PRG00002	-99.20	1	-58.66	-23.32	1.45	1.04	76	1	87.4	
PRUAND02	-115.20	1	-71.37	-4.69	6.49	2.57	87	1	87.4	9/GR5
PTRVIR01	-101.20	1	-93.94	36.32	8.24	3.56	171	1	87.4	1 6 9/GR20
PTRVIR02	-110.20	1	-95.23	36.29	8.27	3.37	168	1	87.4	1 6 9/GR21
SPMFRAN3	-53.20	1	-67.24	47.51	3.16	0.79	7	1	87.4	2 7
TRD00001 URG00001	-84.70 -71.70	1	-61.23 -56.22	10.70 -32.52	0.60 1.02	0.60 0.89	90 11	1	87.4 87.4	
USAEH001	-/1.70 -61.70	1	-56.22 -87.57	-32.52 36.17	6.42	3.49	11	1	87.4 87.4	156
USAEH002	-101.20	1	-93.94	36.32	8.24	3.56	171	1	87.4	1 6 9/GR20
USAEH003	-110.20	1	-95.23	36.29	8.27	3.37	168	1	87.4	1 6 9/GR21
USAEH004	-119.20	1	-96.45	36.21	8.20	3.12	165	1	87.4	156
USAPSA02	-166.20	1	-109.94	36.86	6.04	1.11	137	1	87.4	9/GR1
USAPSA03	-175.20	1	-116.23	37.50	5.60	0.75	132	1	87.4	9/GR2
USAWH101	-148.20	1	-111.02	40.68	4.36	2.15	162	1	87.4	
USAWH102	-157.20	1	-113.07	40.74	3.72	1.78	149	1	87.4	0/CD5
VENAND03 VRG00001	-115.20 -79.70	1	-71.37 -64.37	-4.69 18.48	6.49 0.60	2.57 0.60	87 90	1	87.4 87.4	9/GR5 4
V ICG00001	-19.70	1	-04.57	10.40	0.00	0.00	90	1	07.4	7

17 338.58 MHz (2)

1	2	3	4			5	6	7	8	9
ALS00002	-165.80	2	-109.83	36.82	6.03	1.12	137	2	87.4	9/GR1
ALS00002 ALS00003	-165.80 -174.80	2	-109.83 -116.10	37.47	5.60	0.76	137	2	87.4 87.4	9/GR1 9/GR2
ARGNORT4	-93.80	2	-63.96	-30.01	3.86	1.99	48	2	87.4	3/GK2
ARGNORT5	-54.80	2	-62.85	-29.80	3.24	2.89	47	2	87.4	
ATNBEAM1	-52.80	2	-66.44	14.87	1.83	0.68	39	2	87.4	
B CE311	-63.80	2	-40.60	-6.07	3.04	2.06	174	2	87.4	8 9/GR7
B CE312	-44.80	2	-40.26	-6.06	3.44	2.09	174	2	87.4	8 9/GR9
B CE411	-63.80	2	-50.97	-15.26	3.86	1.38	49	2	87.4	8 9/GR7
B CE412	-44.80	2	-50.71	-15.30	3.57	1.56	52	2	87.4	8 9/GR9
B CE511	-63.80	2	-53.11	-2.98	2.42	2.15	107	2	87.4	8 9/GR7
B NO611	-73.80	2	-59.60	-11.62	2.86	1.69	165	1	87.4	8 9/GR8
B NO711	-73.80	2	-60.70	-1.78	3.54	1.78	126	1	87.4	8 9/GR8
B NO811	-73.80	2	-68.75	-4.71	2.37	1.65	73	1	87.4	8 9/GR8
B SE911	-101.80	2	-45.99	-19.09	2.22	0.79	62	2	87.4	8
B SU111	-80.80	2	-51.10	-25.64	2.76	1.06	50	2	87.4	8 9/GR6
B SU112	-44.80	2	-50.76	-25.62	2.47	1.48	56	2	87.4	8 9/GR9
B SU211	-80.80	2	-44.51	-16.94	3.22	1.37	60	2	87.4	8 9/GR6
B SU212 CAN01101	-44.80 -137.80	2 2	-43.99 -114.10	-16.97 50.92	3.27 7.22	1.92 1.11	59 160	2 2	87.4 87.4	8 9/GR9 9/GR10
CAN01101 CAN01201	-137.80 -137.80	2	-114.10 -114.10	50.92	7.22	1.11	160	2	87.4 87.4	9/GR10 9/GR10
CAN01201 CAN01202	-72.30	2	-81.23	50.92	7.22	2.53	5	2	87.4 87.4	9/GK10
CAN01202 CAN01203	-128.80	2	-81.23 -113.04	51.04	7.53	1.26	162	2	87.4 87.4	9/GR12
CAN01203	-128.80	2	-113.04	51.04	7.53	1.26	162	2	87.4	9/GR12
CAN01303	-90.80	2	-86.57	50.48	8.59	2.54	178	2	87.4	9/GR12
CAN01403	-128.80	2	-113.04	51.04	7.53	1.26	162	2	87.4	9/GR12
CAN01404	-90.80	2	-86.57	50.48	8.59	2.54	178	2	87.4	9/GR13
CAN01405	-81.80	2	-83.80	50.22	8.35	2.57	2	2	87.4	9/GR14
CAN01504	-90.80	2	-86.57	50.48	8.59	2.54	178	2	87.4	9/GR13
CAN01505	-81.80	2	-83.80	50.22	8.35	2.57	2	2	87.4	9/GR14
CAN01605	-81.80	2	-83.80	50.22	8.35	2.57	2	2	87.4	9/GR14
CAN01606	-70.30	2	-80.64	50.02	7.88	2.52	6	2	87.4	
CHLCONT4	-105.80	2	-69.59	-23.20	2.21	0.69	68	2	87.4	9/GR16
CHLCONT6	-105.80	2	-73.52	-55.52	3.65	1.31	39	2	87.4	9/GR16
CRBBAH01	-92.30	2	-76.09	24.13	1.83	0.68	141	1	87.4	9/GR18
CRBBER01	-92.30	2	-64.76	32.13	0.60	0.60	90	1	87.4	9/GR18
CRBBLZ01	-92.30	2	-88.61	17.26	0.64	0.64	90	1	87.4	9/GR18
CRBEC001	-92.30	2	-60.07	8.26	4.20	0.86	115	1	87.4	9/GR18
CRBJMC01	-92.30	2	-79.45	17.97	0.99	0.68	151	1	87.4	9/GR18
CTR00201	-130.80	2	-84.33	9.67	0.82	0.68	119	2	87.4	0/CD10
EQAC0001 EQAG0001	-94.80 -94.80	2 2	-78.31 -90.36	-1.52 -0.57	1.48 0.94	1.15 0.89	65 99	1	87.4 87.4	9/GR19 9/GR19
GUY00302	-94.80 -33.80	2	-90.36 -59.07	4.77	1.43	0.85	99	2	87.4 87.4	9/GK19
HNDIFRB2	-107.30	2	-86.23	15.16	1.14	0.85	8	1	87.4	
HTI00002	-83.30	2	-73.28	18.96	0.82	0.68	11	2	87.4	
HWA00002	-165.80	2	-109.83	36.82	6.03	1.12	137	2	87.4	9/GR1
HWA00003	-174.80	2	-116.10	37.47	5.60	0.76	132	2	87.4	9/GR2
MEX01NTE	-77.80	2	-105.80	25.99	2.88	2.07	155	2	87.4	1
MEX02NTE	-135.80	2	-107.36	26.32	3.80	1.57	149	2	87.4	1
MEX02SUR	-126.80	2	-96.39	19.88	3.19	1.87	158	2	87.4	1
PRU00004	-85.80	2	-74.19	-8.39	3.74	2.45	112	2	87.4	
PTRVIR01	-100.80	2	-93.85	36.31	8.26	3.55	171	2	87.4	1 6 9/GR20
PTRVIR02	-109.80	2	-95.47	36.38	8.10	3.45	168	2	87.4	1 6 9/GR21
TCA00001	-115.80	2	-71.79	21.53	0.60	0.60	90	2	87.4	
USAEH001	-61.30	2	-87.53	36.18	6.41	3.49	12	2	87.4	156
USAEH002	-100.80	2	-93.85	36.31	8.26	3.55	171	2	87.4	1 6 9/GR20
USAEH003	-109.80	2	-95.47	36.38	8.10	3.45	168	2	87.4	1 6 9/GR21
USAEH004	-118.80	2	-96.42	36.21	8.20	3.12	165	2	87.4	156
USAPSA02	-165.80	2	-109.83	36.82	6.03	1.12	137	2	87.4	9/GR1
USAPSA03	-174.80	2 2	-116.10	37.47	5.60	0.76	132	2 2	87.4	9/GR2
USAWH101 USAWH102	-147.80 -156.80	2	-111.01 -113.01	40.67 40.71	4.38 3.74	2.15 1.79	162 149	2	87.4 87.4	
VCT00001	-156.80 -79.30	2	-113.01 -61.18	13.23	0.60	0.60	90	2	87.4 87.4	
VEN11VEN	-/9.30 -103.80	2	-61.18 -66.79	6.90	2.50	1.77	122	2	87.4 87.4	
	-105.80	-	-00.79	0.70	2.50	1.//	122	-	07.4	

17 353.16 MHz (3)

1	2	3	4			5	6	7	8	9
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ALS00002	-166.20	3	-109.94	36.86	6.04	1.11	137	1	87.4	9/GR1
ALS00003	-175.20	3	-116.23	37.50	5.60	0.75	132	1	87.4	9/GR2
ARGINSU4	-94.20	3	-52.98	-59.81	3.40	0.68	19	1	87.4	9/GR3
ARGINSU5 ARGSUR04	-55.20 -94.20	3	-44.17 -65.04	-59.91 -43.33	3.77 3.32	0.70 1.50	13 40	1	87.4 87.4	9/GR4 9/GR3
ARGSUR05	-94.20 -55.20	3	-63.68	-43.33 -43.01	2.54	2.38	152	1	87.4 87.4	9/GR3 9/GR4
ATGSJN01	-79.70	3	-61.79	17.07	0.60	0.60	90	1	87.4	9/GK4
B CE311	-64.20	3	-40.60	-6.07	3.04	2.06	174	1	87.4	8 9/GR7
B CE312	-45.20	3	-40.27	-6.06	3.44	2.09	174	1	87.4	8 9/GR9
B CE411	-64.20	3	-50.97	-15.27	3.86	1.38	49	1	87.4	8 9/GR7
B CE412	-45.20	3	-50.71	-15.30	3.57	1.56	52	1	87.4	8 9/GR9
B CE511	-64.20	3	-53.10	-2.90	2.44	2.13	104	1	87.4	8 9/GR7
B NO611	-74.20	3	-59.60	-11.62	2.85	1.69	165	2	87.4	8 9/GR8
B NO711	-74.20	3	-60.70	-1.78	3.54	1.78	126	2	87.4	8 9/GR8
B NO811 B SU111	-74.20	3	-68.76	-4.71	2.37	1.65	73	2	87.4	8 9/GR8
B SU111 B SU112	-81.20 -45.20	3	-51.12 -50.75	-25.63 -25.62	2.76 2.47	1.05 1.48	50 56	1	87.4 87.4	8 9/GR6 8 9/GR9
B SU211	-43.20 -81.20	3	-30.73 -44.51	-23.62 -16.95	3.22	1.46	60	1	87.4 87.4	8 9/GR9 8 9/GR6
B SU212	-45.20	3	-44.00	-16.87	3.20	1.96	58	1	87.4	8 9/GR9
BERBERMU	-96.20	3	-64.77	32.32	0.60	0.60	90	2	87.4	0)/ 010
BOLAND01	-115.20	3	-71.37	-4.69	6.49	2.57	87	1	87.4	9/GR5
BOL00001	-87.20	3	-64.61	-16.71	2.52	2.19	85	1	87.4	
BRB00001	-92.70	3	-59.85	12.93	0.60	0.60	90	2	87.4	
CAN01101	-138.20	3	-114.60	51.08	7.28	1.10	160	1	87.4	9/GR10
CAN01201	-138.20	3	-114.60	51.08	7.28	1.10	160	1	87.4	9/GR10
CAN01202	-72.70	3	-81.34	50.02	7.96	2.55	5	1	87.4	
CAN01203	-129.20	3	-113.02	51.08	7.47	1.26	162	1	87.4	9/GR12
CAN01303	-129.20	3	-113.02	51.08	7.47	1.26	162	1	87.4	9/GR12
CAN01304	-91.20	3	-86.71	50.48	8.58	2.54	178	1	87.4	9/GR13
CAN01403	-129.20	3	-113.02 -86.71	51.08	7.47	1.26 2.54	162	1	87.4 87.4	9/GR12
CAN01404 CAN01405	-91.20 -82.20	3	-80.71 -84.11	50.48 50.20	8.58 8.31	2.54	178 1	1	87.4 87.4	9/GR13 9/GR14
CAN01403 CAN01504	-82.20 -91.20	3	-84.11 -86.71	50.48	8.58	2.54	178	1	87.4	9/GR13
CAN01505	-82.20	3	-84.11	50.20	8.31	2.58	1 1	1	87.4	9/GR14
CAN01605	-82.20	3	-84.11	50.20	8.31	2.58	1	1	87.4	9/GR14
CAN01606	-70.70	3	-80.77	50.03	7.88	2.53	6	1	87.4	
CHLCONT5	-106.20	3	-72.23	-35.57	2.60	0.68	55	1	87.4	9/GR17
CHLPAC02	-106.20	3	-80.06	-30.06	1.36	0.68	69	1	87.4	9/GR17
CLMAND01	-115.20	3	-71.37	-4.69	6.49	2.57	87	1	87.4	9/GR5
CLM00001	-103.20	3	-74.50	5.87	3.98	1.96	118	1	87.4	
CUB00001 EQACAND1	-89.20 -115.20	3	-79.81 -71.37	21.62 -4.69	2.24 6.49	0.68 2.57	168 87	1	87.4 87.4	9/GR5
EQAGAND1 EQAGAND1	-115.20 -115.20	3	-71.37 -71.37	-4.69 -4.69	6.49	2.57	87	1	87.4 87.4	9/GR5
GRD00002	-42.20	3	-61.58	12.29	0.60	0.60	90	1	87.4	J/GKJ
GRD00059	-57.20	3	-61.58	12.29	0.60	0.60	90	1	87.4	
GRLDNK01	-53.20	3	-44.89	66.56	2.70	0.82	173	1	87.4	2
HWA00002	-166.20	3	-109.94	36.86	6.04	1.11	137	1	87.4	9/GR1
HWA00003	-175.20	3	-116.23	37.50	5.60	0.75	132	1	87.4	9/GR2
MEX01NTE	-78.20	3	-105.81	26.01	2.89	2.08	155	1	87.4	1
MEX01SUR	-69.20	3	-94.84	19.82	3.05	2.09	4	1	87.4	1
MEX02NTE	-136.20	3	-107.21	26.31	3.84	1.55	148	1	87.4	1
MEX02SUR	-127.20	3	-96.39	19.88	3.18	1.87	157	1	87.4	1 0/CB17
PAQPAC01 PRG00002	-106.20 -99.20	3	-109.18 -58.66	-27.53 -23.32	0.60 1.45	0.60 1.04	90 76	1	87.4 87.4	9/GR17
PRG00002 PRUAND02	-99.20 -115.20	3	-58.66 -71.37	-23.32 -4.69	6.49	2.57	76 87	1	87.4 87.4	9/GR5
PTRVIR01	-113.20	3	-71.37 -93.94	36.32	8.24	3.56	171	1	87.4 87.4	1 6 9/GR20
PTRVIR01 PTRVIR02	-101.20	3	-95.23	36.29	8.27	3.37	168	1	87.4	1 6 9/GR20 1 6 9/GR21
SURINAM2	-84.70	3	-55.69	4.35	1.00	0.69	86	1	87.4	
URG00001	-71.70	3	-56.22	-32.52	1.02	0.89	11	1	87.4	
USAEH001	-61.70	3	-87.57	36.17	6.42	3.49	12	1	87.4	1 5 6
USAEH002	-101.20	3	-93.94	36.32	8.24	3.56	171	1	87.4	1 6 9/GR20
USAEH003	-110.20	3	-95.23	36.29	8.27	3.37	168	1	87.4	1 6 9/GR21
USAEH004	-119.20	3	-96.45	36.21	8.20	3.12	165	1	87.4	156
USAPSA02	-166.20	3	-109.94	36.86	6.04	1.11	137	1	87.4	9/GR1
USAPSA03 USAWH101	-175.20 -148.20	3	-116.23 -111.02	37.50 40.68	5.60 4.36	0.75 2.15	132 162	1	87.4 87.4	9/GR2
USAWH101 USAWH102	-148.20 -157.20	3	-111.02 -113.07	40.68	4.36 3.72	1.78	162	1	87.4 87.4	
VENAND03	-157.20 -115.20	3	-113.07 -71.37	-4.69	6.49	2.57	87	1	87.4 87.4	9/GR5
.2.1111003	115.20	,	/1.5/	4.07	0.77	2.51	0,	1	07.4), GRO

17 367.74 MHz (4)

1	2	3	4			5	6	7	8	9
ALS00002	-165.80	4	-109.83	36.82	6.03	1.12	137	2	87.4	9/GR1
ALS00002	-174.80	4	-116.10	37.47	5.60	0.76	132	2	87.4	9/GR2
ARGNORT4	-93.80	4	-63.96	-30.01	3.86	1.99	48	2	87.4	
ARGNORT5	-54.80	4	-62.85	-29.80	3.24	2.89	47	2	87.4	
B CE311	-63.80	4	-40.60	-6.07	3.04	2.06	174	2	87.4	8 9/GR7
B CE312	-44.80	4	-40.26	-6.06	3.44	2.09	174	2	87.4	8 9/GR9
B CE411	-63.80	4	-50.97	-15.26	3.86	1.38	49	2	87.4	8 9/GR7
B CE412	-44.80	4	-50.71	-15.30	3.57	1.56	52	2	87.4	8 9/GR9
B CE511	-63.80	4	-53.11	-2.98	2.42	2.15	107	2	87.4	8 9/GR7
B NO611	-73.80	4	-59.60	-11.62	2.86	1.69	165	1	87.4	8 9/GR8
B NO711	-73.80	4	-60.70	-1.78	3.54	1.78	126	1	87.4	8 9/GR8
B NO811	-73.80	4	-68.75	-4.71	2.37	1.65	73	1	87.4	8 9/GR8
B SE911	-101.80	4	-45.99	-19.09	2.22	0.79	62	2	87.4	8
B SU111	-80.80	4	-51.10	-25.64	2.76	1.06	50	2	87.4	8 9/GR6
B SU112	-44.80	4	-50.76	-25.62	2.47	1.48	56	2 2	87.4	8 9/GR9
B SU211	-80.80	4	-44.51	-16.94	3.22	1.37	60		87.4	8 9/GR6
B SU212	-44.80	4	-43.99	-16.97	3.27	1.92	59	2	87.4	8 9/GR9
CAN01101 CAN01201	-137.80 -137.80	4	-114.10 -114.10	50.92 50.92	7.22 7.22	1.11 1.11	160 160	2 2	87.4 87.4	9/GR10 9/GR10
CAN01201 CAN01202	-137.80 -72.30	4	-114.10 -81.23	50.92	7.22	2.53	160	2	87.4 87.4	9/GK10
CAN01202 CAN01203	-128.80	4	-81.23 -113.04	51.04	7.53	1.26	162	2	87.4 87.4	9/GR12
CAN01203 CAN01303	-128.80	4	-113.04	51.04	7.53	1.26	162	2	87.4 87.4	9/GR12 9/GR12
CAN01303	-90.80	4	-86.57	50.48	8.59	2.54	178	2	87.4	9/GR12 9/GR13
CAN01304 CAN01403	-128.80	4	-113.04	51.04	7.53	1.26	162	2	87.4	9/GR13
CAN01403	-90.80	4	-86.57	50.48	8.59	2.54	178	2	87.4	9/GR12
CAN01405	-81.80	4	-83.80	50.40	8.35	2.57	2	2	87.4	9/GR14
CAN01504	-90.80	4	-86.57	50.48	8.59	2.54	178	2	87.4	9/GR13
CAN01505	-81.80	4	-83.80	50.22	8.35	2.57	2	2	87.4	9/GR14
CAN01605	-81.80	4	-83.80	50.22	8.35	2.57	2	2	87.4	9/GR14
CAN01606	-70.30	4	-80.64	50.02	7.88	2.52	6	2	87.4	
CHLCONT4	-105.80	4	-69.59	-23.20	2.21	0.69	68	2	87.4	9/GR16
CHLCONT6	-105.80	4	-73.52	-55.52	3.65	1.31	39	2	87.4	9/GR16
CRBBAH01	-92.30	4	-76.09	24.13	1.83	0.68	141	1	87.4	9/GR18
CRBBER01	-92.30	4	-64.76	32.13	0.60	0.60	90	1	87.4	9/GR18
CRBBLZ01	-92.30	4	-88.61	17.26	0.64	0.64	90	1	87.4	9/GR18
CRBEC001	-92.30	4	-60.07	8.26	4.20	0.86	115	1	87.4	9/GR18
CRBJMC01	-92.30	4	-79.45	17.97	0.99	0.68	151	1	87.4	9/GR18
CYM00001	-115.80	4	-80.58	19.57	0.60	0.60	90	2	87.4	
DOMIFRB2	-83.30	4	-70.51	18.79	0.98	0.69	167	2	87.4	
EQAC0001	-94.80	4	-78.31	-1.52	1.48	1.15	65	1	87.4	9/GR19
EQAG0001	-94.80	4	-90.36	-0.57	0.94	0.89	99	1	87.4	9/GR19
GUFMGG02	-52.80	4	-56.42	8.47	4.16	0.81	123	2 2	87.4	2.7 0/CP1
HWA00002 HWA00003	-165.80 -174.80	4	-109.83 -116.10	36.82 37.47	6.03 5.60	1.12 0.76	137 132	2	87.4 87.4	9/GR1 9/GR2
JMC00005	-33.80	4	-116.10 -77.27	18.12	0.60	0.76	90	2	87.4 87.4	2/ GR2
LCAIFRB1	-33.80 -79.30	4	-77.27 -61.15	13.90	0.60	0.60	90	2	87.4 87.4	
MEX01NTE	-77.80	4	-105.80	25.99	2.88	2.07	155	2	87.4	1
MEX02NTE	-135.80	4	-107.36	26.32	3.80	1.57	149	2	87.4	1
MEX02SUR	-126.80	4	-96.39	19.88	3.19	1.87	158	2	87.4	1
PRU00004	-85.80	4	-74.19	-8.39	3.74	2.45	112	2	87.4	
PTRVIR01	-100.80	4	-93.85	36.31	8.26	3.55	171	2	87.4	1 6 9/GR20
PTRVIR02	-109.80	4	-95.47	36.38	8.10	3.45	168	2	87.4	1 6 9/GR21
SLVIFRB2	-107.30	4	-88.91	13.59	0.60	0.60	90	1	87.4	
USAEH001	-61.30	4	-87.53	36.18	6.41	3.49	12	2	87.4	1 5 6
USAEH002	-100.80	4	-93.85	36.31	8.26	3.55	171	2	87.4	1 6 9/GR20
USAEH003	-109.80	4	-95.47	36.38	8.10	3.45	168	2	87.4	1 6 9/GR21
USAEH004	-118.80	4	-96.42	36.21	8.20	3.12	165	2	87.4	1 5 6
USAPSA02	-165.80	4	-109.83	36.82	6.03	1.12	137	2	87.4	9/GR1
USAPSA03	-174.80	4	-116.10	37.47	5.60	0.76	132	2	87.4	9/GR2
USAWH101	-147.80	4	-111.01	40.67	4.38	2.15	162	2	87.4	
USAWH102	-156.80	4	-113.01	40.71	3.74	1.79	149	2	87.4	
VEN11VEN	-103.80	4	-66.79	6.90	2.50	1.77	122	2	87.4	1

17 382.32 MHz (5)

1	2	3	4			5	6	7	8	9
ALS00002	-166.20	5	-109.94	36.86	6.04	1.11	137	1	87.4	9/GR1
ALS00003	-175.20	5	-116.23	37.50	5.60	0.75	132	1	87.4	9/GR2
ARGINSU4	-94.20	5	-52.98	-59.81	3.40	0.68	19	1	87.4	9/GR3
ARGSUR04	-94.20	5	-65.04	-43.33	3.32	1.50	40	1	87.4	9/GR3
B CE311	-64.20	5	-40.60	-6.07	3.04	2.06	174	1	87.4	89/GR7
B CE312	-45.20	5	-40.27	-6.06	3.44	2.09	174	1	87.4	89/GR9
B CE411	-64.20	5 5	-50.97	-15.27	3.86	1.38	49	1	87.4	89/GR7
B CE412 B CE511	-45.20 -64.20	5	-50.71 -53.10	-15.30 -2.90	3.57 2.44	1.56 2.13	52 104	1 1	87.4 87.4	89/GR9 89/GR7
B NO611	-74.20	5	-59.60	-11.62	2.85	1.69	165	2	87.4	89/GR8
B NO711	-74.20	5	-60.70	-1.78	3.54	1.78	126	2	87.4	89/GR8
B NO811	-74.20	5	-68.76	-4.71	2.37	1.65	73	2	87.4	89/GR8
B SU111	-81.20	5	-51.12	-25.63	2.76	1.05	50	1	87.4	89/GR6
B SU112	-45.20	5	-50.75	-25.62	2.47	1.48	56	1	87.4	89/GR9
B SU211	-81.20	5	-44.51	-16.95	3.22	1.36	60	1	87.4	89/GR6
B SU212	-45.20	5	-44.00	-16.87	3.20	1.96	58	1	87.4	89/GR9
BAHIFRB1 BERBERMU	-87.20 -96.20	5 5	-76.06 -64.77	24.16 32.32	1.81 0.60	0.70 0.60	142 90	1 2	87.4 87.4	
BERBER02	-96.20 -31.00	5	-64.77 -64.77	32.32	0.60	0.60	90	1	87.4	23
BOLAND01	-115.20	5	-04.77 -71.37	-4.69	6.49	2.57	87	1	87.4	9/GR5
CAN01101	-113.20	5	-114.60	51.08	7.28	1.10	160	1	87.4	9/GR10
CAN01201	-138.20	5	-114.60	51.08	7.28	1.10	160	1	87.4	9/GR10
CAN01202	-72.70	5	-81.34	50.02	7.96	2.55	5	1	87.4	
CAN01203	-129.20	5	-113.02	51.08	7.47	1.26	162	1	87.4	9/GR12
CAN01303	-129.20	5	-113.02	51.08	7.47	1.26	162	1	87.4	9/GR12
CAN01304	-91.20	5	-86.71	50.48	8.58	2.54	178	1	87.4	9/GR13
CAN01403 CAN01404	-129.20 -91.20	5 5	-113.02 -86.71	51.08 50.48	7.47 8.58	1.26 2.54	162 178	1	87.4 87.4	9/GR12 9/GR13
CAN01404 CAN01405	-91.20 -82.20	5	-84.11	50.48	8.31	2.58	1/6	1	87.4	9/GR13
CAN01504	-91.20	5	-86.71	50.48	8.58	2.54	178	i	87.4	9/GR13
CAN01505	-82.20	5	-84.11	50.20	8.31	2.58	1	1	87.4	9/GR14
CAN01605	-82.20	5	-84.11	50.20	8.31	2.58	1	1	87.4	9/GR14
CAN01606	-70.70	5	-80.77	50.03	7.88	2.53	6	1	87.4	
CHLCONT5	-106.20	5	-72.23	-35.57	2.60	0.68	55	1	87.4	9/GR17
CHLPAC02	-106.20	5	-80.06	-30.06	1.36	0.68	69	1	87.4	9/GR17
CLMAND01 CLM00001	-115.20 -103.20	5 5	-71.37 -74.50	-4.69 5.87	6.49 3.98	2.57 1.96	87 118	1	87.4 87.4	9/GR5
EQACAND1	-105.20 -115.20	5	-74.30 -71.37	-4.69	6.49	2.57	87	1	87.4	9/GR5
EQAGAND1	-115.20	5	-71.37 -71.37	-4.69	6.49	2.57	87	1	87.4	9/GR5
FLKANT01	-57.20	5	-44.54	-60.13	3.54	0.68	12	1	87.4	2
FLKFALKS	-31.00	5	-59.90	-51.64	0.60	0.60	90	1	87.4	2 3
GRD00002	-42.20	5	-61.58	12.29	0.60	0.60	90	1	87.4	
HWA00002	-166.20	5	-109.94	36.86	6.04	1.11	137	1	87.4	9/GR1
HWA00003	-175.20	5	-116.23	37.50	5.60	0.75	132	1	87.4	9/GR2
MEX01NTE	-78.20	5	-105.81	26.01	2.89	2.08	155 4	1	87.4	1
MEX01SUR MEX02NTE	-69.20 -136.20	5 5	-94.84 -107.21	19.82 26.31	3.05 3.84	2.09 1.55	148	1	87.4 87.4	1
MEX02SUR	-130.20	5	-96.39	19.88	3.18	1.87	157	1	87.4	1
PAQPAC01	-106.20	5	-109.18	-27.53	0.60	0.60	90	1	87.4	9/GR17
PRG00002	-99.20	5	-58.66	-23.32	1.45	1.04	76	1	87.4	
PRUAND02	-115.20	5	-71.37	-4.69	6.49	2.57	87	1	87.4	9/GR5
PTRVIR01	-101.20	5	-93.94	36.32	8.24	3.56	171	1	87.4	169/GR20
PTRVIR02	-110.20	5	-95.23	36.29	8.27	3.37	168	1	87.4	169/GR21
SPMFRAN3	-53.20	5	-67.24	47.51	3.16	0.79	7	1	87.4	2 7
TRD00001 URG00001	-84.70 -71.70	5 5	-61.23 -56.22	10.70 -32.52	0.60 1.02	0.60 0.89	90 11	1	87.4 87.4	
USAEH001	-/1.70 -61.70	5	-56.22 -87.57	-32.52 36.17	6.42	3.49	11	1	87.4 87.4	156
USAEH002	-101.20	5	-93.94	36.32	8.24	3.56	171	1	87.4	169/GR20
USAEH003	-110.20	5	-95.23	36.29	8.27	3.37	168	1	87.4	169/GR21
USAEH004	-119.20	5	-96.45	36.21	8.20	3.12	165	1	87.4	156
USAPSA02	-166.20	5	-109.94	36.86	6.04	1.11	137	1	87.4	9/GR1
USAPSA03	-175.20	5	-116.23	37.50	5.60	0.75	132	1	87.4	9/GR2
USAWH101	-148.20	5	-111.02	40.68	4.36	2.15	162	1	87.4	
USAWH102	-157.20	5	-113.07	40.74	3.72	1.78	149	1	87.4	0/CD5
VENAND03 VRG00001	-115.20 -79.70	5 5	-71.37 -64.37	-4.69 18.48	6.49 0.60	2.57 0.60	87 90	1	87.4 87.4	9/GR5 4
4 KG00001	- 79.70	3	-04.37	10.40	0.00	0.00	90	1	07.4	7

17 396.90 MHz (6)

1	2	3	4			5	6	7	8	9
ALS00002	-165.80	6	-109.83	26.92	6.03	1.12	137	2	87.4	9/GR1
ALS00002 ALS00003	-165.80 -174.80	6 6	-109.83 -116.10	36.82 37.47	5.60	0.76	137	2	87.4 87.4	9/GR1 9/GR2
ARGNORT4	-93.80	6	-63.96	-30.01	3.86	1.99	48	2	87.4	9/GK2
ARGNORT5	-54.80	6	-62.85	-29.80	3.24	2.89	47	2	87.4	
ATNBEAM1	-52.80	6	-66.44	14.87	1.83	0.68	39	2	87.4	
B CE311	-63.80	6	-40.60	-6.07	3.04	2.06	174	2	87.4	8 9/GR7
B CE312	-44.80	6	-40.26	-6.06	3.44	2.09	174	2	87.4	8 9/GR9
B CE411	-63.80	6	-50.97	-15.26	3.86	1.38	49	2	87.4	8 9/GR7
B CE412	-44.80	6	-50.71	-15.30	3.57	1.56	52	2	87.4	8 9/GR9
B CE511	-63.80	6	-53.11	-2.98	2.42	2.15	107	2	87.4	8 9/GR7
B NO611	-73.80	6	-59.60	-11.62	2.86	1.69	165	1	87.4	8 9/GR8
B NO711	-73.80	6	-60.70	-1.78	3.54	1.78	126	1	87.4	8 9/GR8
B NO811	-73.80	6	-68.75	-4.71	2.37	1.65	73	1	87.4	8 9/GR8
B SE911 B SU111	-101.80	6	-45.99	-19.09	2.22	0.79	62 50	2 2	87.4	8 0.0/CDC
B SU111 B SU112	-80.80 -44.80	6 6	-51.10 -50.76	-25.64 -25.62	2.76 2.47	1.06 1.48	56	2	87.4 87.4	8 9/GR6 8 9/GR9
B SU211	-44.80 -80.80	6	-30.76 -44.51	-23.62 -16.94	3.22	1.46	60	2	87.4	8 9/GR9 8 9/GR6
B SU212	-80.80 -44.80	6	-43.99	-16.94	3.27	1.92	59	2	87.4	8 9/GR9
CAN01101	-137.80	6	-43.99 -114.10	50.92	7.22	1.92	160	2	87.4	9/GR10
CAN01101 CAN01201	-137.80	6	-114.10	50.92	7.22	1.11	160	2	87.4	9/GR10
CAN01201	-72.30	6	-81.23	50.12	7.99	2.53	5	2	87.4	
CAN01202	-128.80	6	-113.04	51.04	7.53	1.26	162	2	87.4	9/GR12
CAN01303	-128.80	6	-113.04	51.04	7.53	1.26	162	2	87.4	9/GR12
CAN01304	-90.80	6	-86.57	50.48	8.59	2.54	178	2	87.4	9/GR13
CAN01403	-128.80	6	-113.04	51.04	7.53	1.26	162	2	87.4	9/GR12
CAN01404	-90.80	6	-86.57	50.48	8.59	2.54	178	2	87.4	9/GR13
CAN01405	-81.80	6	-83.80	50.22	8.35	2.57	2	2	87.4	9/GR14
CAN01504	-90.80	6	-86.57	50.48	8.59	2.54	178	2	87.4	9/GR13
CAN01505	-81.80	6	-83.80	50.22	8.35	2.57	2	2	87.4	9/GR14
CAN01605	-81.80	6	-83.80	50.22	8.35	2.57	2	2	87.4	9/GR14
CAN01606	-70.30 -105.80	6	-80.64	50.02 -23.20	7.88	2.52	6	2 2	87.4	0/CD16
CHLCONT4 CHLCONT6	-105.80 -105.80	6	-69.59 -73.52	-23.20 -55.52	2.21 3.65	0.69 1.31	68 39	2	87.4 87.4	9/GR16 9/GR16
CRBBAH01	-103.80 -92.30	6 6	-75.32 -76.09	24.13	1.83	0.68	141	1	87.4	9/GR18
CRBBER01	-92.30	6	-64.76	32.13	0.60	0.60	90	1	87.4	9/GR18
CRBBLZ01	-92.30	6	-88.61	17.26	0.64	0.64	90	1	87.4	9/GR18
CRBEC001	-92.30	6	-60.07	8.26	4.20	0.86	115	1	87.4	9/GR18
CRBJMC01	-92.30	6	-79.45	17.97	0.99	0.68	151	1	87.4	9/GR18
CTR00201	-130.80	6	-84.33	9.67	0.82	0.68	119	2	87.4	
EQAC0001	-94.80	6	-78.31	-1.52	1.48	1.15	65	1	87.4	9/GR19
EQAG0001	-94.80	6	-90.36	-0.57	0.94	0.89	99	1	87.4	9/GR19
GUY00302	-33.80	6	-59.07	4.77	1.43	0.85	91	2	87.4	
HNDIFRB2	-107.30	6	-86.23	15.16	1.14	0.85	8	1	87.4	
HTI00002	-83.30	6	-73.28	18.96	0.82	0.68	11	2	87.4	
HWA00002	-165.80	6	-109.83	36.82	6.03	1.12	137	2	87.4	9/GR1
HWA00003	-174.80	6	-116.10	37.47	5.60	0.76	132	2 2	87.4	9/GR2
MEX01NTE MEX02NTE	-77.80 -135.80	6	-105.80 -107.36	25.99	2.88 3.80	2.07	155 149	2	87.4 87.4	1 1
MEX02NTE MEX02SUR	-135.80 -126.80	6	-107.36 -96.39	26.32 19.88	3.19	1.57 1.87	158	2	87.4 87.4	1
PRU00004	-126.80 -85.80	6	-96.39 -74.19	-8.39	3.74	2.45	112	2	87.4 87.4	1
PTRVIR01	-100.80	6	-93.85	36.31	8.26	3.55	171	2	87.4	1 6 9/GR20
PTRVIR02	-100.80	6	-95.47	36.38	8.10	3.45	168	2	87.4	1 6 9/GR20 1 6 9/GR21
TCA00001	-115.80	6	-71.79	21.53	0.60	0.60	90	2	87.4	
USAEH001	-61.30	6	-87.53	36.18	6.41	3.49	12	2	87.4	1 5 6
USAEH002	-100.80	6	-93.85	36.31	8.26	3.55	171	2	87.4	1 6 9/GR20
USAEH003	-109.80	6	-95.47	36.38	8.10	3.45	168	2	87.4	1 6 9/GR21
USAEH004	-118.80	6	-96.42	36.21	8.20	3.12	165	2	87.4	1 5 6
USAPSA02	-165.80	6	-109.83	36.82	6.03	1.12	137	2	87.4	9/GR1
USAPSA03	-174.80	6	-116.10	37.47	5.60	0.76	132	2	87.4	9/GR2
USAWH101	-147.80	6	-111.01	40.67	4.38	2.15	162	2	87.4	
USAWH102	-156.80	6	-113.01	40.71	3.74	1.79	149	2	87.4	
VCT00001 VEN11VEN	-79.30	6	-61.18	13.23	0.60	0.60	90	2 2	87.4	
	-103.80	6	-66.79	6.90	2.50	1.77	122	2	87.4	l

17 411.48 MHz (7)

1	2	3	4			5	6	7	8	9
ALS00002	-166.20	7	-109.94	36.86	6.04	1.11	137	1	87.4	9/GR1
ALS00003	-175.20	7	-116.23	37.50	5.60	0.75	132	1	87.4	9/GR2
ARGINSU4	-94.20	7	-52.98	-59.81	3.40	0.68	19	1	87.4	9/GR3
ARGINSU5	-55.20	7	-44.17	-59.91	3.77	0.70	13	1	87.4	9/GR4
ARGSUR04	-94.20	7	-65.04	-43.33	3.32	1.50	40	1	87.4	9/GR3
ARGSUR05	-55.20	7	-63.68	-43.01	2.54	2.38	152	1	87.4	9/GR4
ATGSJN01	-79.70	7	-61.79	17.07	0.60	0.60	90	1	87.4	
B CE311	-64.20	7	-40.60	-6.07	3.04	2.06	174	1	87.4	8 9/GR7
B CE312	-45.20	7	-40.27	-6.06	3.44	2.09	174	1	87.4	8 9/GR9
B CE411	-64.20	7	-50.97	-15.27	3.86	1.38	49	1	87.4	8 9/GR7
B CE412	-45.20	7	-50.71	-15.30	3.57	1.56	52	1	87.4	8 9/GR9
B CE511	-64.20	7	-53.10	-2.90	2.44	2.13	104	1	87.4	8 9/GR7
B NO611	-74.20	7	-59.60	-11.62	2.85	1.69	165	2	87.4	8 9/GR8
B NO711	-74.20	7	-60.70	-1.78	3.54	1.78	126	2	87.4	8 9/GR8
B NO811 B SU111	-74.20 -81.20	7	-68.76	-4.71 -25.63	2.37	1.65 1.05	73 50	2	87.4 87.4	8 9/GR8
B SU111 B SU112	-81.20 -45.20	7	-51.12 -50.75	-25.63 -25.62	2.76 2.47	1.03	56	1	87.4 87.4	8 9/GR6 8 9/GR9
B SU211	-43.20 -81.20	7	-30.73 -44.51	-23.62 -16.95	3.22	1.48	60	1	87.4 87.4	8 9/GR9 8 9/GR6
B SU212	-81.20 -45.20	7	-44.00	-16.93	3.20	1.96	58	1	87.4	8 9/GR9
BERBERMU	-45.20 -96.20	7	-44.00 -64.77	32.32	0.60	0.60	90	2	87.4	5 JIGIC
BOLAND01	-115.20	7	-71.37	-4.69	6.49	2.57	87	1	87.4	9/GR5
BOL00001	-87.20	7	-64.61	-16.71	2.52	2.19	85	1	87.4	
BRB00001	-92.70	7	-59.85	12.93	0.60	0.60	90	2	87.4	
CAN01101	-138.20	7	-114.60	51.08	7.28	1.10	160	1	87.4	9/GR10
CAN01201	-138.20	7	-114.60	51.08	7.28	1.10	160	1	87.4	9/GR10
CAN01202	-72.70	7	-81.34	50.02	7.96	2.55	5	1	87.4	
CAN01203	-129.20	7	-113.02	51.08	7.47	1.26	162	1	87.4	9/GR12
CAN01303	-129.20	7	-113.02	51.08	7.47	1.26	162	1	87.4	9/GR12
CAN01304	-91.20	7	-86.71	50.48	8.58	2.54	178	1	87.4	9/GR13
CAN01403 CAN01404	-129.20 -91.20	7 7	-113.02 -86.71	51.08 50.48	7.47 8.58	1.26 2.54	162 178	1	87.4 87.4	9/GR12 9/GR13
CAN01404 CAN01405	-82.20	7	-84.11	50.48	8.31	2.58	176	1	87.4	9/GR13
CAN01504	-91.20	7	-86.71	50.48	8.58	2.54	178	1	87.4	9/GR14 9/GR13
CAN01505	-82.20	7	-84.11	50.40	8.31	2.58	1	1	87.4	9/GR14
CAN01605	-82.20	7	-84.11	50.20	8.31	2.58	1	1	87.4	9/GR14
CAN01606	-70.70	7	-80.77	50.03	7.88	2.53	6	1	87.4	
CHLCONT5	-106.20	7	-72.23	-35.57	2.60	0.68	55	1	87.4	9/GR17
CHLPAC02	-106.20	7	-80.06	-30.06	1.36	0.68	69	1	87.4	9/GR17
CLMAND01	-115.20	7	-71.37	-4.69	6.49	2.57	87	1	87.4	9/GR5
CLM00001	-103.20	7	-74.50	5.87	3.98	1.96	118	1	87.4	
CUB00001 EOACAND1	-89.20 -115.20	7 7	-79.81 -71.37	21.62 -4.69	2.24 6.49	0.68 2.57	168 87	1	87.4 87.4	9/GR5
EQACAND1 EQAGAND1	-115.20	7	-71.37 -71.37	-4.69	6.49	2.57	87	1	87.4	9/GR5
GRD00002	-42.20	7	-61.58	12.29	0.60	0.60	90	1	87.4)/GIG
GRD00059	-57.20	7	-61.58	12.29	0.60	0.60	90	1	87.4	
GRLDNK01	-53.20	7	-44.89	66.56	2.70	0.82	173	1	87.4	2
HWA00002	-166.20	7	-109.94	36.86	6.04	1.11	137	1	87.4	9/GR1
HWA00003	-175.20	7	-116.23	37.50	5.60	0.75	132	1	87.4	9/GR2
MEX01NTE	-78.20	7	-105.81	26.01	2.89	2.08	155	1	87.4	1
MEX01SUR	-69.20	7	-94.84	19.82	3.05	2.09	4	1	87.4	1
MEX02NTE	-136.20	7	-107.21	26.31	3.84	1.55	148	1	87.4	1
MEX02SUR PAQPAC01	-127.20 -106.20	7 7	-96.39 -109.18	19.88 -27.53	3.18 0.60	1.87 0.60	157 90	1	87.4 87.4	9/GR17
PRG00002	-106.20 -99.20	7	-109.18 -58.66	-27.33 -23.32	1.45	1.04	76	1	87.4 87.4	2/ GK1 /
PRUAND02	-115.20	7	-71.37	-4.69	6.49	2.57	87	1	87.4	9/GR5
PTRVIR01	-101.20	7	-93.94	36.32	8.24	3.56	171	1	87.4	1 6 9/GR20
PTRVIR02	-110.20	7	-95.23	36.29	8.27	3.37	168	1	87.4	1 6 9/GR21
SURINAM2	-84.70	7	-55.69	4.35	1.00	0.69	86	1	87.4	
URG00001	-71.70	7	-56.22	-32.52	1.02	0.89	11	1	87.4	
USAEH001	-61.70	7	-87.57	36.17	6.42	3.49	12	1	87.4	156
USAEH002	-101.20	7	-93.94	36.32	8.24	3.56	171	1	87.4	1 6 9/GR20
USAEH003 USAEH004	-110.20 -119.20	7	-95.23 -96.45	36.29 36.21	8.27 8.20	3.37 3.12	168 165	1	87.4 87.4	1 6 9/GR21 1 5 6
USAEH004 USAPSA02	-119.20 -166.20	7	-96.45 -109.94	36.21	6.04	3.12 1.11	165	1	87.4 87.4	9/GR1
USAPSA02 USAPSA03	-100.20 -175.20	7	-109.94	37.50	5.60	0.75	137	1	87.4 87.4	9/GR1 9/GR2
USAWH101	-148.20	7	-110.23 -111.02	40.68	4.36	2.15	162	1	87.4	,, GR2
USAWH102	-157.20	7	-113.07	40.74	3.72	1.78	149	1	87.4	
VENAND03	-115.20	7	-71.37	-4.69	6.49	2.57	87	1	87.4	9/GR5

17 426.06 MHz (8)

1	2	3	4			5	6	7	8	9
AT 500002	165.00	0	100.02	26.02	6.02	1.10	127	2	97.4	0/CD1
ALS00002	-165.80 -174.80	8	-109.83 -116.10	36.82 37.47	6.03 5.60	1.12 0.76	137 132	2 2	87.4 87.4	9/GR1 9/GR2
ALS00003 ARGNORT4	-174.80 -93.80	8	-116.10 -63.96	-30.01	3.86	1.99	48	2	87.4 87.4	9/GK2
ARGNORT5	-93.80 -54.80	8	-63.96 -62.85	-29.80	3.24	2.89	48	2	87.4 87.4	
B CE311	-63.80	8	-40.60	-29.80 -6.07	3.04	2.06	174	2	87.4	8 9/GR7
B CE312	-03.80 -44.80	8	-40.26	-6.06	3.44	2.00	174	2	87.4	8 9/GR9
B CE411	-63.80	8	-50.97	-15.26	3.86	1.38	49	2	87.4	8 9/GR7
B CE412	-44.80	8	-50.71	-15.30	3.57	1.56	52	2	87.4	8 9/GR9
B CE511	-63.80	8	-53.11	-2.98	2.42	2.15	107	2	87.4	8 9/GR7
B NO611	-73.80	8	-59.60	-11.62	2.86	1.69	165	1	87.4	8 9/GR8
B NO711	-73.80	8	-60.70	-1.78	3.54	1.78	126	1	87.4	8 9/GR8
B NO811	-73.80	8	-68.75	-4.71	2.37	1.65	73	1	87.4	8 9/GR8
B SE911	-101.80	8	-45.99	-19.09	2.22	0.79	62	2	87.4	8
B SU111	-80.80	8	-51.10	-25.64	2.76	1.06	50	2	87.4	8 9/GR6
B SU112	-44.80	8	-50.76	-25.62	2.47	1.48	56	2	87.4	8 9/GR9
B SU211	-80.80	8	-44.51	-16.94	3.22	1.37	60	2	87.4	8 9/GR6
B SU212	-44.80	8	-43.99	-16.97	3.27	1.92	59	2	87.4	8 9/GR9
CAN01101	-137.80	8	-114.10	50.92	7.22	1.11	160	2	87.4	9/GR10
CAN01201	-137.80	8	-114.10	50.92	7.22	1.11	160	2	87.4	9/GR10
CAN01202	-72.30	8	-81.23	50.12	7.99	2.53	5	2	87.4	
CAN01203	-128.80	8	-113.04	51.04	7.53	1.26	162	2	87.4	9/GR12
CAN01303	-128.80	8	-113.04	51.04	7.53	1.26	162	2	87.4	9/GR12
CAN01304	-90.80	8	-86.57	50.48	8.59	2.54	178	2	87.4	9/GR13
CAN01403	-128.80	8	-113.04	51.04	7.53	1.26	162	2	87.4	9/GR12
CAN01404	-90.80	8	-86.57	50.48	8.59	2.54	178	2	87.4	9/GR13
CAN01405	-81.80	8	-83.80	50.22	8.35	2.57	2	2	87.4	9/GR14
CAN01504	-90.80	8	-86.57	50.48	8.59	2.54	178	2	87.4	9/GR13
CAN01505	-81.80	8	-83.80	50.22	8.35	2.57	2	2	87.4	9/GR14
CAN01605	-81.80	8	-83.80	50.22	8.35	2.57	2	2	87.4	9/GR14
CAN01606	-70.30	8	-80.64	50.02	7.88	2.52	6	2	87.4	
CHLCONT4	-105.80	8	-69.59	-23.20	2.21	0.69	68	2	87.4	9/GR16
CHLCONT6	-105.80	8	-73.52	-55.52	3.65	1.31	39	2	87.4	9/GR16
CRBBAH01	-92.30	8	-76.09	24.13	1.83	0.68	141	1	87.4	9/GR18
CRBBER01	-92.30 -92.30	8	-64.76	32.13 17.26	0.60	0.60	90 90	1	87.4 87.4	9/GR18
CRBBLZ01 CRBEC001	-92.30 -92.30	8	-88.61 -60.07	8.26	0.64 4.20	0.64 0.86	115	1	87.4 87.4	9/GR18 9/GR18
CRBJMC01	-92.30 -92.30	8	-79.45	17.97	0.99	0.86	151	1	87.4	9/GR18
CYM00001	-115.80	8	-79.43 -80.58	19.57	0.60	0.60	90	2	87.4	9/UK16
DOMIFRB2	-83.30	8	-70.51	18.79	0.00	0.69	167	2	87.4	
EQAC0001	-94.80	8	-78.31	-1.52	1.48	1.15	65	1	87.4	9/GR19
EQAG0001	-94.80	8	-90.36	-0.57	0.94	0.89	99	1	87.4	9/GR19
GUFMGG02	-52.80	8	-56.42	8.47	4.16	0.81	123	2	87.4	2 7
HWA00002	-165.80	8	-109.83	36.82	6.03	1.12	137	2	87.4	9/GR1
HWA00003	-174.80	8	-116.10	37.47	5.60	0.76	132	2	87.4	9/GR2
JMC00005	-33.80	8	-77.27	18.12	0.60	0.60	90	2	87.4	-
LCAIFRB1	-79.30	8	-61.15	13.90	0.60	0.60	90	2	87.4	
MEX01NTE	-77.80	8	-105.80	25.99	2.88	2.07	155	2	87.4	1
MEX02NTE	-135.80	8	-107.36	26.32	3.80	1.57	149	2	87.4	1
MEX02SUR	-126.80	8	-96.39	19.88	3.19	1.87	158	2	87.4	1
PRU00004	-85.80	8	-74.19	-8.39	3.74	2.45	112	2	87.4	
PTRVIR01	-100.80	8	-93.85	36.31	8.26	3.55	171	2	87.4	1 6 9/GR20
PTRVIR02	-109.80	8	-95.47	36.38	8.10	3.45	168	2	87.4	1 6 9/GR21
SLVIFRB2	-107.30	8	-88.91	13.59	0.60	0.60	90	1	87.4	
USAEH001	-61.30	8	-87.53	36.18	6.41	3.49	12	2	87.4	156
USAEH002	-100.80	8	-93.85	36.31	8.26	3.55	71	2	87.4	1 6 9/GR20
USAEH003	-109.80	8	-95.47	36.38	8.10	3.45	168	2	87.4	1 6 9/GR21
USAEH004	-118.80	8	-96.42	36.21	8.20	3.12	165	2	87.4	156
USAPSA02	-165.80	8	-109.83	36.82	6.03	1.12	137	2	87.4	9/GR1
USAPSA03	-174.80	8	-116.10	37.47	5.60	0.76	132	2	87.4	9/GR2
USAWH101	-147.80	8	-111.01	40.67	4.38	2.15	162	2	87.4	
USAWH102	-156.80	8	-113.01	40.71	3.74	1.79	149	2	87.4	
VEN11VEN	-103.80	8	-66.79	6.90	2.50	1.77	122	2	87.4	
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ALS00002	-166.20	9	-109.94	36.86	6.04	1.11	137	1	87.4	9/GR1
ALS00003	-175.20	9	-116.23	37.50	5.60	0.75	132	1	87.4	9/GR2
ARGINSU4	-94.20	9	-52.98	-59.81	3.40	0.68	19	1	87.4	9/GR3
ARGSUR04	-94.20	9	-65.04	-43.33	3.32	1.50	40	1	87.4	9/GR3
B CE311	-64.20	9	-40.60	-6.07	3.04	2.06	174	1	87.4	8 9/GR7
B CE312	-45.20	9	-40.27	-6.06	3.44	2.09	174	1	87.4	8 9/GR9
B CE411 B CE412	-64.20 -45.20	9	-50.97 -50.71	-15.27 -15.30	3.86 3.57	1.38 1.56	49 52	1	87.4 87.4	8 9/GR7 8 9/GR9
B CE511	-43.20 -64.20	9	-50.71 -53.10	-13.30	2.44	2.13	104	1	87.4 87.4	8 9/GR7
B NO611	-74.20	9	-59.60	-11.62	2.85	1.69	165	2	87.4	8 9/GR8
B NO711	-74.20	9	-60.70	-1.78	3.54	1.78	126	2	87.4	8 9/GR8
B NO811	-74.20	9	-68.76	-4.71	2.37	1.65	73	2	87.4	8 9/GR8
B SU111	-81.20	9	-51.12	-25.63	2.76	1.05	50	1	87.4	8 9/GR6
B SU112	-45.20	9	-50.75	-25.62	2.47	1.48	56	1	87.4	8 9/GR9
B SU211 B SU212	-81.20	9	-44.51	-16.95	3.22	1.36	60	1	87.4	8 9/GR6
B SU212 BAHIFRB1	-45.20 -87.20	9	-44.00 -76.06	-16.87 24.16	3.20 1.81	1.96 0.70	58 142	1	87.4 87.4	8 9/GR9
BERBERMU	-96.20	9	-64.77	32.32	0.60	0.70	90	2	87.4	
BERBER02	-31.00	9	-64.77	32.32	0.60	0.60	90	1	87.4	2 3
BOLAND01	-115.20	9	-71.37	-4.69	6.49	2.57	87	1	87.4	9/GR5
CAN01101	-138.20	9	-114.60	51.08	7.28	1.10	160	1	87.4	9/GR10
CAN01201	-138.20	9	-114.60	51.08	7.28	1.10	160	1	87.4	9/GR10
CAN01202	-72.70	9	-81.34	50.02	7.96	2.55	5	1	87.4	
CAN01203	-129.20	9	-113.02	51.08	7.47	1.26	162	1	87.4	9/GR12
CAN01303	-129.20	9	-113.02	51.08	7.47	1.26	162	1	87.4	9/GR12
CAN01304 CAN01403	-91.20 -129.20	9	-86.71 -113.02	50.48 51.08	8.58 7.47	2.54 1.26	178 162	1	87.4 87.4	9/GR13 9/GR12
CAN01403 CAN01404	-129.20 -91.20	9	-86.71	50.48	8.58	2.54	178	1	87.4	9/GR12 9/GR13
CAN01405	-82.20	9	-84.11	50.20	8.31	2.58	1	i	87.4	9/GR14
CAN01504	-91.20	9	-86.71	50.48	8.58	2.54	178	1	87.4	9/GR13
CAN01505	-82.20	9	-84.11	50.20	8.31	2.58	1	1	87.4	9/GR14
CAN01605	-82.20	9	-84.11	50.20	8.31	2.58	1	1	87.4	9/GR14
CAN01606	-70.70	9	-80.77	50.03	7.88	2.53	6	1	87.4	
CHLCONT5	-106.20	9	-72.23	-35.57	2.60	0.68	55	1	87.4	9/GR17
CHLPAC02 CLMAND01	-106.20 -115.20	9	-80.06 -71.37	-30.06 -4.69	1.36 6.49	0.68 2.57	69 87	1	87.4 87.4	9/GR17 9/GR5
CLMAND01 CLM00001	-113.20	9	-74.50	5.87	3.98	1.96	118	1	87.4	9/GK3
EQACAND1	-115.20	9	-71.37	-4.69	6.49	2.57	87	1	87.4	9/GR5
EQAGAND1	-115.20	9	-71.37	-4.69	6.49	2.57	87	1	87.4	9/GR5
FLKANT01	-57.20	9	-44.54	-60.13	3.54	0.68	12	1	87.4	2
FLKFALKS	-31.00	9	-59.90	-51.64	0.60	0.60	90	1	87.4	2 3
GRD00002	-42.20	9	-61.58	12.29	0.60	0.60	90	1	87.4	0.0701
HWA00002	-166.20 -175.20	9	-109.94	36.86	6.04	1.11	137	1	87.4 87.4	9/GR1 9/GR2
HWA00003 MEX01NTE	-173.20 -78.20	9	-116.23 -105.81	37.50 26.01	5.60 2.89	0.75 2.08	132 155	1	87.4	9/GR2
MEX01SUR	-69.20	9	-94.84	19.82	3.05	2.09	4	1	87.4	1
MEX02NTE	-136.20	9	-107.21	26.31	3.84	1.55	148	1	87.4	1
MEX02SUR	-127.20	9	-96.39	19.88	3.18	1.87	157	1	87.4	1
PAQPAC01	-106.20	9	-109.18	-27.53	0.60	0.60	90	1	87.4	9/GR17
PRG00002	-99.20	9	-58.66	-23.32	1.45	1.04	76	1	87.4	
PRUAND02	-115.20	9	-71.37 -93.94	-4.69	6.49	2.57	87 171	1	87.4 87.4	9/GR5
PTRVIR01 PTRVIR02	-101.20 -110.20	9	-93.94 -95.23	36.32 36.29	8.24 8.27	3.56 3.37	168	1	87.4 87.4	1 6 9/GR20 1 6 9/GR21
SPMFRAN3	-53.20	9	-93.23 -67.24	47.51	3.16	0.79	7	1	87.4	2.7
TRD00001	-84.70	9	-61.23	10.70	0.60	0.60	90	1	87.4	2 /
URG00001	-71.70	9	-56.22	-32.52	1.02	0.89	11	1	87.4	
USAEH001	-61.70	9	-87.57	36.17	6.42	3.49	12	1	87.4	156
USAEH002	-101.20	9	-93.94	36.32	8.24	3.56	171	1	87.4	1 6 9/GR20
USAEH003	-110.20	9	-95.23	36.29	8.27	3.37	168	1	87.4	1 6 9/GR21
USAEH004	-119.20	9	-96.45	36.21	8.20	3.12	165	1	87.4	156
USAPSA02	-166.20	9	-109.94	36.86	6.04	1.11	137	1	87.4	9/GR1
USAPSA03 USAWH101	-175.20 -148.20	9	-116.23 -111.02	37.50 40.68	5.60 4.36	0.75 2.15	132 162	1 1	87.4 87.4	9/GR2
USAWH101 USAWH102	-148.20 -157.20	9	-111.02 -113.07	40.68	3.72	1.78	149	1	87.4 87.4	
VENAND03	-115.20	9	-71.37	-4.69	6.49	2.57	87	1	87.4	9/GR5
VRG00001	-79.70	9	-64.37	18.48	0.60	0.60	90	1	87.4	4

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ALS00002	-165.80	10	-109.83	36.82	6.03	1.12	137	2	87.4	9/GR1
ALS00002 ALS00003	-174.80	10	-116.10	37.47	5.60	0.76	132	2	87.4	9/GR2
ARGNORT4	-93.80	10	-63.96	-30.01	3.86	1.99	48	2	87.4	7/ GR2
ARGNORT5	-54.80	10	-62.85	-29.80	3.24	2.89	47	2	87.4	
ATNBEAM1	-52.80	10	-66,44	14.87	1.83	0.68	39	2	87.4	
B CE311	-63.80	10	-40.60	-6.07	3.04	2.06	174	2	87.4	8 9/GR7
B CE312	-44.80	10	-40.26	-6.06	3.44	2.09	174	2	87.4	8 9/GR9
B CE411	-63.80	10	-50.97	-15.26	3.86	1.38	49	2	87.4	8 9/GR7
B CE412	-44.80	10	-50.71	-15.30	3.57	1.56	52	2	87.4	8 9/GR9
B CE511	-63.80	10	-53.11	-2.98	2.42	2.15	107	2	87.4	8 9/GR7
B NO611	-73.80	10	-59.60	-11.62	2.86	1.69	165	1	87.4	8 9/GR8
B NO711	-73.80	10	-60.70	-1.78	3.54	1.78	126	1	87.4	8 9/GR8
B NO811	-73.80	10	-68.75	-4.71	2.37	1.65	73	1	87.4	8 9/GR8
B SE911	-101.80	10	-45.99	-19.09	2.22	0.79	62	2	87.4	8
B SU111	-80.80	10	-51.10	-25.64	2.76	1.06	50	2	87.4	8 9/GR6
B SU112	-44.80	10	-50.76	-25.62	2.47	1.48	56	2 2	87.4	8 9/GR9
B SU211	-80.80	10	-44.51	-16.94	3.22	1.37	60		87.4	8 9/GR6
B SU212 CAN01101	-44.80 -137.80	10 10	-43.99 -114.10	-16.97 50.92	3.27 7.22	1.92 1.11	59 160	2 2	87.4 87.4	8 9/GR9 9/GR10
CAN01101 CAN01201	-137.80 -137.80	10	-114.10 -114.10	50.92	7.22	1.11	160	2	87.4 87.4	9/GR10 9/GR10
CAN01201 CAN01202	-72.30	10	-81.23	50.92	7.99	2.53	5	2	87.4	J/GKIU
CAN01202 CAN01203	-128.80	10	-113.04	51.04	7.53	1.26	162	2	87.4	9/GR12
CAN01303	-128.80	10	-113.04	51.04	7.53	1.26	162	2	87.4	9/GR12
CAN01304	-90.80	10	-86.57	50.48	8.59	2.54	178	2	87.4	9/GR13
CAN01403	-128.80	10	-113.04	51.04	7.53	1.26	162	2	87.4	9/GR12
CAN01404	-90.80	10	-86.57	50.48	8.59	2.54	178	2	87.4	9/GR13
CAN01405	-81.80	10	-83.80	50.22	8.35	2.57	2	2	87.4	9/GR14
CAN01504	-90.80	10	-86.57	50.48	8.59	2.54	178	2	87.4	9/GR13
CAN01505	-81.80	10	-83.80	50.22	8.35	2.57	2	2	87.4	9/GR14
CAN01605	-81.80	10	-83.80	50.22	8.35	2.57	2	2	87.4	9/GR14
CAN01606	-70.30	10	-80.64	50.02	7.88	2.52	6	2	87.4	
CHLCONT4	-105.80	10	-69.59	-23.20	2.21	0.69	68	2	87.4	9/GR16
CHLCONT6	-105.80	10	-73.52	-55.52	3.65	1.31	39	2	87.4	9/GR16
CRBBAH01 CRBBER01	-92.30 -92.30	10 10	-76.09 -64.76	24.13 32.13	1.83 0.60	0.68 0.60	141 90	1	87.4 87.4	9/GR18 9/GR18
CRBBLZ01	-92.30 -92.30	10	-88.61	17.26	0.64	0.60	90	1	87.4	9/GR18
CRBEC001	-92.30 -92.30	10	-60.07	8.26	4.20	0.86	115	1	87.4	9/GR18
CRBJMC01	-92.30	10	-79.45	17.97	0.99	0.68	151	1	87.4	9/GR18
CTR00201	-130.80	10	-84.33	9.67	0.82	0.68	119	2	87.4	7/01110
EQAC0001	-94.80	10	-78.31	-1.52	1.48	1.15	65	1	87.4	9/GR19
EQAG0001	-94.80	10	-90.36	-0.57	0.94	0.89	99	1	87.4	9/GR19
GUY00302	-33.80	10	-59.07	4.77	1.43	0.85	91	2	87.4	
HNDIFRB2	-107.30	10	-86.23	15.16	1.14	0.85	8	1	87.4	
HTI00002	-83.30	10	-73.28	18.96	0.82	0.68	11	2	87.4	
HWA00002	-165.80	10	-109.83	36.82	6.03	1.12	137	2	87.4	9/GR1
HWA00003	-174.80	10	-116.10	37.47	5.60	0.76	132	2	87.4	9/GR2
MEX01NTE	-77.80	10	-105.80	25.99	2.88	2.07	155	2	87.4	1
MEX02NTE	-135.80	10 10	-107.36	26.32	3.80 3.19	1.57	149 158	2 2	87.4 87.4	1
MEX02SUR PRU00004	-126.80 -85.80	10	-96.39 -74.19	19.88 -8.39	3.19	1.87 2.45	112	2	87.4 87.4	1
PTRVIR01	-85.80 -100.80	10	-74.19 -93.85	-8.39 36.31	8.26	3.55	171	2	87.4 87.4	1 6 9/GR20
PTRVIR01 PTRVIR02	-100.80	10	-95.83 -95.47	36.38	8.10	3.45	168	2	87.4	1 6 9/GR20 1 6 9/GR21
TCA00001	-105.80	10	-93.47 -71.79	21.53	0.60	0.60	90	2	87.4	107/01/21
USAEH001	-61.30	10	-87.53	36.18	6.41	3.49	12	2	87.4	156
USAEH002	-100.80	10	-93.85	36.31	8.26	3.55	171	2	87.4	1 6 9/GR20
USAEH003	-109.80	10	-95.47	36.38	8.10	3.45	168	2	87.4	1 6 9/GR21
USAEH004	-118.80	10	-96.42	36.21	8.20	3.12	165	2	87.4	156
USAPSA02	-165.80	10	-109.83	36.82	6.03	1.12	137	2	87.4	9/GR1
USAPSA03	-174.80	10	-116.10	37.47	5.60	0.76	132	2	87.4	9/GR2
USAWH101	-147.80	10	-111.01	40.67	4.38	2.15	162	2	87.4	
USAWH102	-156.80	10	-113.01	40.71	3.74	1.79	149	2	87.4	
VCT00001 VEN11VEN	-79.30	10	-61.18	13.23	0.60	0.60	90	2	87.4	
	-103.80	10	-66.79	6.90	2.50	1.77	122	2	87.4	ı

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ALS00002	-166.20	11	-109.94	36.86	6.04	1.11	137	1	87.4	9/GR1
ALS00003	-175.20	11	-116.23	37.50	5.60	0.75	132	1	87.4	9/GR2
ARGINSU4 ARGINSU5	-94.20 -55.20	11 11	-52.98 -44.17	-59.81 -59.91	3.40 3.77	0.68 0.70	19 13	1	87.4 87.4	9/GR3 9/GR4
ARGSUR04	-94.20	11	-44.17 -65.04	-39.91 -43.33	3.77	1.50	40	1	87.4 87.4	9/GR4 9/GR3
ARGSUR05	-55.20	11	-63.68	-43.33 -43.01	2.54	2.38	152	1	87.4	9/GR3
ATGSJN01	-79.70	11	-61.79	17.07	0.60	0.60	90	1	87.4	<i>)</i> / GR4
B CE311	-64.20	11	-40.60	-6.07	3.04	2.06	174	1	87.4	8 9/GR7
B CE312	-45.20	11	-40.27	-6.06	3.44	2.09	174	1	87.4	8 9/GR9
B CE411	-64.20	11	-50.97	-15.27	3.86	1.38	49	1	87.4	8 9/GR7
B CE412	-45.20	11	-50.71	-15.30	3.57	1.56	52	1	87.4	8 9/GR9
B CE511	-64.20	11	-53.10	-2.90	2.44	2.13	104	1	87.4	8 9/GR7
B NO611	-74.20	11	-59.60	-11.62	2.85	1.69	165	2	87.4	8 9/GR8
B NO711 B NO811	-74.20 -74.20	11 11	-60.70 -68.76	-1.78 -4.71	3.54 2.37	1.78 1.65	126 73	2 2	87.4 87.4	8 9/GR8 8 9/GR8
B SU111	-74.20 -81.20	11	-51.12	-4.71 -25.63	2.76	1.05	50	1	87.4 87.4	8 9/GR6
B SU112	-45.20	11	-50.75	-25.62	2.47	1.48	56	1	87.4	8 9/GR9
B SU211	-81.20	11	-44.51	-16.95	3.22	1.36	60	1	87.4	8 9/GR6
B SU212	-45.20	11	-44.00	-16.87	3.20	1.96	58	1	87.4	8 9/GR9
BERBERMU	-96.20	11	-64.77	32.32	0.60	0.60	90	2	87.4	
BOLAND01	-115.20	11	-71.37	-4.69	6.49	2.57	87	1	87.4	9/GR5
BOL00001	-87.20	11	-64.61	-16.71	2.52	2.19	85	1	87.4	
BRB00001	-92.70	11	-59.85	12.93	0.60	0.60	90	2	87.4	
CAN01101	-138.20	11	-114.60	51.08	7.28	1.10	160	1	87.4	9/GR10
CAN01201	-138.20	11	-114.60	51.08 50.02	7.28	1.10	160	1	87.4	9/GR10
CAN01202 CAN01203	-72.70 -129.20	11 11	-81.34 -113.02	51.08	7.96 7.47	2.55	5 162	1	87.4 87.4	9/GR12
CAN01203 CAN01303	-129.20	11	-113.02 -113.02	51.08	7.47	1.26	162	1	87.4	9/GR12 9/GR12
CAN01304	-91.20	11	-86.71	50.48	8.58	2.54	178	1	87.4	9/GR13
CAN01403	-129.20	11	-113.02	51.08	7.47	1.26	162	1	87.4	9/GR12
CAN01404	-91.20	11	-86.71	50.48	8.58	2.54	178	1	87.4	9/GR13
CAN01405	-82.20	11	-84.11	50.20	8.31	2.58	1	1	87.4	9/GR14
CAN01504	-91.20	11	-86.71	50.48	8.58	2.54	178	1	87.4	9/GR13
CAN01505	-82.20	11	-84.11	50.20	8.31	2.58	1	1	87.4	9/GR14
CAN01605	-82.20	11	-84.11	50.20	8.31	2.58	1	1	87.4	9/GR14
CAN01606 CHLCONT5	-70.70 -106.20	11 11	-80.77 -72.23	50.03 -35.57	7.88 2.60	2.53 0.68	6 55	1	87.4 87.4	9/GR17
CHLPAC02	-106.20	11	-72.23 -80.06	-33.37 -30.06	1.36	0.68	69	1	87.4 87.4	9/GR17 9/GR17
CLMAND01	-115.20	11	-71.37	-4.69	6.49	2.57	87	1	87.4	9/GR17
CLM00001	-103.20	11	-74.50	5.87	3.98	1.96	118	1	87.4)/GRS
CUB00001	-89.20	11	-79.81	21.62	2.24	0.68	168	1	87.4	
EQACAND1	-115.20	11	-71.37	-4.69	6.49	2.57	87	1	87.4	9/GR5
EQAGAND1	-115.20	11	-71.37	-4.69	6.49	2.57	87	1	87.4	9/GR5
GRD00002	-42.20	11	-61.58	12.29	0.60	0.60	90	1	87.4	
GRD00059	-57.20	11	-61.58	12.29	0.60	0.60	90	1	87.4	2
GRLDNK01	-53.20	11	-44.89	66.56	2.70	0.82	173	1	87.4	2
GUY00201 HWA00002	-84.70 -166.20	11 11	-59.19 -109.94	4.78 36.86	1.44 6.04	0.85 1.11	95 137	1	87.4 87.4	9/GR1
HWA00002 HWA00003	-100.20 -175.20	11	-109.94	37.50	5.60	0.75	137	1	87.4 87.4	9/GR1 9/GR2
MEX01NTE	-78.20	11	-105.81	26.01	2.89	2.08	155	1	87.4	1
MEX01SUR	-69.20	11	-94.84	19.82	3.05	2.09	4	1	87.4	1
MEX02NTE	-136.20	11	-107.21	26.31	3.84	1.55	148	1	87.4	1
MEX02SUR	-127.20	11	-96.39	19.88	3.18	1.87	157	1	87.4	1
PAQPAC01	-106.20	11	-109.18	-27.53	0.60	0.60	90	1	87.4	9/GR17
PRG00002	-99.20	11	-58.66	-23.32	1.45	1.04	76	1	87.4	o/CD 5
PRUAND02	-115.20	11	-71.37	-4.69	6.49	2.57	87	1	87.4	9/GR5
PTRVIR01 PTRVIR02	-101.20 -110.20	11 11	-93.94 -95.23	36.32 36.29	8.24 8.27	3.56 3.37	171 168	1	87.4 87.4	1 6 9/GR20 1 6 9/GR21
URG00001	-110.20 -71.70	11	-95.23 -56.22	-32.52	1.02	0.89	108	1	87.4 87.4	1 U 7/UKZ1
USAEH001	-71.70 -61.70	11	-87.57	36.17	6.42	3.49	12	1	87.4	156
USAEH002	-101.20	11	-93.94	36.32	8.24	3.56	171	1	87.4	1 6 9/GR20
USAEH003	-110.20	11	-95.23	36.29	8.27	3.37	168	1	87.4	1 6 9/GR21
USAEH004	-119.20	11	-96.45	36.21	8.20	3.12	165	1	87.4	156
USAPSA02	-166.20	11	-109.94	36.86	6.04	1.11	137	1	87.4	9/GR1
USAPSA03	-175.20	11	-116.23	37.50	5.60	0.75	132	1	87.4	9/GR2
USAWH101	-148.20	11	-111.02	40.68	4.36	2.15	162	1	87.4	
USAWH102	-157.20	11	-113.07	40.74	3.72	1.78	149	1	87.4	0/CD5
VENAND03	-115.20	11	-71.37	-4.69	6.49	2.57	87	1	87.4	9/GR5
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17 484.38 MHz (12)

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ALS00002	-165.80	12	-109.83	36.82	6.03	1.12	137	2	87.4	9/GR1
ALS00003	-174.80	12	-116.10	37.47	5.60	0.76	132	2	87.4	9/GR2
ARGNORT4	-93.80	12	-63.96	-30.01	3.86	1.99	48	2	87.4	
ARGNORT5 B CE311	-54.80	12 12	-62.85	-29.80	3.24	2.89	47 174	2 2	87.4	0.0/CD7
B CE311 B CE312	-63.80 -44.80	12	-40.60 -40.26	-6.07	3.04 3.44	2.06 2.09	174 174	2	87.4 87.4	8 9/GR7
B CE312 B CE411	-44.80 -63.80	12	-40.26 -50.97	-6.06 -15.26	3.44	1.38	49	2	87.4 87.4	8 9/GR9 8 9/GR7
B CE411	-44.80	12	-50.71	-15.20	3.57	1.56	52	2	87.4	8 9/GR9
B CE511	-63.80	12	-53.11	-2.98	2.42	2.15	107	2	87.4	8 9/GR7
B NO611	-73.80	12	-59.60	-11.62	2.86	1.69	165	1	87.4	8 9/GR8
B NO711	-73.80	12	-60,70	-1.78	3.54	1.78	126	1	87.4	8 9/GR8
B NO811	-73.80	12	-68.75	-4.71	2.37	1.65	73	1	87.4	8 9/GR8
B SE911	-101.80	12	-45.99	-19.09	2.22	0.79	62	2	87.4	8
B SU111	-80.80	12	-51.10	-25.64	2.76	1.06	50	2	87.4	8 9/GR6
B SU112	-44.80	12	-50.76	-25.62	2.47	1.48	56	2	87.4	8 9/GR9
B SU211	-80.80	12	-44.51	-16.94	3.22	1.37	60	2	87.4	8 9/GR6
B SU212	-44.80	12	-43.99	-16.97	3.27	1.92	59	2	87.4	8 9/GR9
CAN01101	-137.80	12	-114.10	50.92	7.22	1.11	160	2	87.4	9/GR10
CAN01201	-137.80	12	-114.10	50.92	7.22	1.11	160	2	87.4	9/GR10
CAN01202	-72.30	12	-81.23	50.12	7.99	2.53	5	2	87.4	0.00010
CAN01203	-128.80	12	-113.04	51.04	7.53	1.26	162	2 2	87.4	9/GR12
CAN01303 CAN01304	-128.80 -90.80	12 12	-113.04 -86.57	51.04 50.48	7.53	1.26 2.54	162 178	2	87.4 87.4	9/GR12 9/GR13
CAN01304 CAN01403	-90.80 -128.80	12	-86.37 -113.04	51.04	8.58 7.53	1.26	162	2	87.4	9/GR13 9/GR12
CAN01403 CAN01404	-128.80 -90.80	12	-113.04 -86.57	50.48	8.59	2.54	178	2	87.4	9/GR12 9/GR13
CAN01404 CAN01405	-81.80	12	-83.80	50.48	8.35	2.57	2	2	87.4	9/GR13
CAN01504	-90.80	12	-86.57	50.48	8.59	2.54	178	2	87.4	9/GR13
CAN01505	-81.80	12	-83.80	50.22	8.35	2.57	2	2	87.4	9/GR14
CAN01605	-81.80	12	-83.80	50.22	8.35	2.57	2	2	87.4	9/GR14
CAN01606	-70.30	12	-80.64	50.02	7.88	2.52	6	2	87.4	
CHLCONT4	-105.80	12	-69.59	-23.20	2.21	0.69	68	2	87.4	9/GR16
CHLCONT6	-105.80	12	-73.52	-55.52	3.65	1.31	39	2	87.4	9/GR16
CRBBAH01	-92.30	12	-76.09	24.13	1.83	0.68	141	1	87.4	9/GR18
CRBBER01	-92.30	12	-64.76	32.13	0.60	0.60	90	1	87.4	9/GR18
CRBBLZ01	-92.30	12	-88.61	17.26	0.64	0.64	90	1	87.4	9/GR18
CRBEC001	-92.30	12	-60.07	8.26	4.20	0.86	115	1	87.4	9/GR18
CRBJMC01	-92.30	12	-79.45	17.97	0.99	0.68	151	1	87.4	9/GR18
CYM00001	-115.80	12	-80.58	19.57	0.60	0.60	90	2	87.4	
DOMIFRB2	-83.30 -94.80	12 12	-70.51 -78.31	18.79 -1.52	0.98 1.48	0.69 1.15	167 65	2	87.4 87.4	9/GR19
EQAC0001 EQAG0001	-94.80 -94.80	12	-78.31 -90.36	-1.52 -0.57	0.94	0.89	99	1	87.4	9/GR19 9/GR19
GUFMGG02	-52.80	12	-56.42	8.47	4.16	0.81	123	2	87.4	27
HWA00002	-165.80	12	-109.83	36.82	6.03	1.12	137	2	87.4	9/GR1
HWA00003	-174.80	12	-116.10	37.47	5.60	0.76	132	2	87.4	9/GR2
JMC00005	-33.80	12	-77.27	18.12	0.60	0.60	90	2	87.4	
LCAIFRB1	-79.30	12	-61.15	13.90	0.60	0.60	90	2	87.4	
MEX01NTE	-77.80	12	-105.80	25.99	2.88	2.07	155	2	87.4	1
MEX02NTE	-135.80	12	-107.36	26.32	3.80	1.57	149	2	87.4	1
MEX02SUR	-126.80	12	-96.39	19.88	3.19	1.87	158	2	87.4	1
PRU00004	-85.80	12	-74.19	-8.39	3.74	2.45	112	2	87.4	
PTRVIR01	-100.80	12	-93.85	36.31	8.26	3.55	171	2	87.4	1 6 9/GR20
PTRVIR02	-109.80	12	-95.47	36.38	8.10	3.45	168	2	87.4	1 6 9/GR21
SLVIFRB2	-107.30	12 12	-88.91	13.59	0.60	0.60	90 12	1 2	87.4	156
USAEH001 USAEH002	-61.30 -100.80	12	-87.53 -93.85	36.18 36.31	6.41 8.26	3.49 3.55	171	2	87.4 87.4	1 5 6 1 6 9/GR20
USAEH002 USAEH003	-100.80 -109.80	12	-93.83 -95.47	36.38	8.26	3.35	168	2	87.4 87.4	1 6 9/GR20 1 6 9/GR21
USAEH003 USAEH004	-109.80	12	-95.47 -96.42	36.21	8.20	3.43	165	2	87.4	1 5 9/GR21 1 5 6
USAPSA02	-165.80	12	-109.83	36.82	6.03	1.12	137	2	87.4	9/GR1
USAPSA03	-174.80	12	-116.10	37.47	5.60	0.76	132	2	87.4	9/GR1 9/GR2
USAWH101	-147.80	12	-111.01	40.67	4.38	2.15	162	2	87.4	
USAWH102	-156.80	12	-113.01	40.71	3.74	1.79	149	2	87.4	
VEN11VEN	-103.80	12	-66.79	6.90	2.50	1.77	122	2	87.4	

17 498.96 MHz (13)

1	2	3	4			5	6	7	8	9
ALS00002	-166.20	13	-109.94	36.86	6.04	1.11	137	1	87.4	9/GR1
ALS00002	-175.20	13	-116.23	37.50	5.60	0.75	132	1	87.4	9/GR2
ARGINSU4	-94.20	13	-52.98	-59.81	3.40	0.68	19	1	87.4	9/GR3
ARGSUR04	-94.20	13	-65.04	-43.33	3.32	1.50	40	1	87.4	9/GR3
B CE311	-64.20	13	-40.60	-6.07	3.04	2.06	174	1	87.4	8 9/GR7
B CE312	-45.20	13	-40.27	-6.06	3.44	2.09	174	1	87.4	8 9/GR9
B CE411 B CE412	-64.20 -45.20	13 13	-50.97 -50.71	-15.27 -15.30	3.86 3.57	1.38 1.56	49 52	1	87.4 87.4	8 9/GR7 8 9/GR9
B CE511	-43.20 -64.20	13	-50.71 -53.10	-13.30 -2.90	2.44	2.13	104	1	87.4 87.4	8 9/GR7
B NO611	-74.20	13	-59.60	-11.62	2.85	1.69	165	2	87.4	8 9/GR8
B NO711	-74.20	13	-60.70	-1.78	3.54	1.78	126	2	87.4	8 9/GR8
B NO811	-74.20	13	-68.76	-4.71	2.37	1.65	73	2	87.4	8 9/GR8
B SU111	-81.20	13	-51.12	-25.63	2.76	1.05	50	1	87.4	8 9/GR6
B SU112	-45.20	13	-50.75	-25.62	2.47	1.48	56	1	87.4	8 9/GR9
B SU211 B SU212	-81.20 -45.20	13 13	-44.51 -44.00	-16.95 -16.87	3.22 3.20	1.36 1.96	60 58	1	87.4 87.4	8 9/GR6 8 9/GR9
BAHIFRB1	-43.20 -87.20	13	-76.06	24.16	1.81	0.70	142	1	87.4	6 9/GK9
BERBERMU	-96.20	13	-64.77	32.32	0.60	0.60	90	2	87.4	
BERBER02	-31.00	13	-64.77	32.32	0.60	0.60	90	1	87.4	2 3
BOLAND01	-115.20	13	-71.37	-4.69	6.49	2.57	87	1	87.4	9/GR5
CAN01101	-138.20	13	-114.60	51.08	7.28	1.10	160	1	87.4	9/GR10
CAN01201	-138.20	13	-114.60	51.08	7.28	1.10	160	1	87.4	9/GR10
CAN01202	-72.70 -129.20	13 13	-81.34 -113.02	50.02	7.96	2.55	5	1	87.4	0/CD12
CAN01203 CAN01303	-129.20 -129.20	13	-113.02 -113.02	51.08 51.08	7.47 7.47	1.26 1.26	162 162	1	87.4 87.4	9/GR12 9/GR12
CAN01304	-91.20	13	-86.71	50.48	8.58	2.54	178	1	87.4	9/GR12 9/GR13
CAN01403	-129.20	13	-113.02	51.08	7.47	1.26	162	1	87.4	9/GR12
CAN01404	-91.20	13	-86.71	50.48	8.58	2.54	178	1	87.4	9/GR13
CAN01405	-82.20	13	-84.11	50.20	8.31	2.58	1	1	87.4	9/GR14
CAN01504	-91.20	13	-86.71	50.48	8.58	2.54	178	1	87.4	9/GR13
CAN01505	-82.20	13	-84.11	50.20	8.31	2.58	1	1	87.4	9/GR14
CAN01605 CAN01606	-82.20 -70.70	13 13	-84.11 -80.77	50.20 50.03	8.31 7.88	2.58 2.53	1 6	1	87.4 87.4	9/GR14
CHLCONT5	-106.20	13	-80.77 -72.23	-35.57	2.60	0.68	55	1	87.4 87.4	9/GR17
CHLPAC02	-106.20	13	-80.06	-30.06	1.36	0.68	69	1	87.4	9/GR17
CLMAND01	-115.20	13	-71.37	-4.69	6.49	2.57	87	1	87.4	9/GR5
CLM00001	-103.20	13	-74.50	5.87	3.98	1.96	118	1	87.4	
EQACAND1	-115.20	13	-71.37	-4.69	6.49	2.57	87	1	87.4	9/GR5
EQAGAND1	-115.20	13	-71.37	-4.69	6.49	2.57	87	1	87.4	9/GR5
FLKANT01 FLKFALKS	-57.20 -31.00	13 13	-44.54 -59.90	-60.13 -51.64	3.54 0.60	0.68	12 90	1	87.4 87.4	2 2 3
GRD00002	-42.20	13	-61.58	12.29	0.60	0.60	90	1	87.4	23
HWA00002	-166.20	13	-109.94	36.86	6.04	1.11	137	1	87.4	9/GR1
HWA00003	-175.20	13	-116.23	37.50	5.60	0.75	132	1	87.4	9/GR2
MEX01NTE	-78.20	13	-105.81	26.01	2.89	2.08	155	1	87.4	1
MEX01SUR	-69.20	13	-94.84	19.82	3.05	2.09	4	1	87.4	1
MEX02NTE	-136.20	13	-107.21	26.31	3.84	1.55	148	1	87.4	1
MEX02SUR PAQPAC01	-127.20 -106.20	13 13	-96.39 -109.18	19.88 -27.53	3.18 0.60	1.87 0.60	157 90	1	87.4 87.4	9/GR17
PRG00002	-99.20	13	-58.66	-23.32	1.45	1.04	76	1	87.4), GR17
PRUAND02	-115.20	13	-71.37	-4.69	6.49	2.57	87	1	87.4	9/GR5
PTRVIR01	-101.20	13	-93.94	36.32	8.24	3.56	171	1	87.4	1 6 9/GR20
PTRVIR02	-110.20	13	-95.23	36.29	8.27	3.37	168	1	87.4	1 6 9/GR21
SPMFRAN3	-53.20	13	-67.24	47.51	3.16	0.79	7	1	87.4	2 7
TRD00001 URG00001	-84.70 -71.70	13 13	-61.23 -56.22	10.70 -32.52	0.60 1.02	0.60 0.89	90 11	1	87.4 87.4	
USAEH001	-/1.70 -61.70	13	-56.22 -87.57	-32.52 36.17	6.42	3.49	11	1	87.4 87.4	156
USAEH001 USAEH002	-101.20	13	-93.94	36.32	8.24	3.49	171	1	87.4	1 6 9/GR20
USAEH003	-110.20	13	-95.23	36.29	8.27	3.37	168	1	87.4	1 6 9/GR21
USAEH004	-119.20	13	-96.45	36.21	8.20	3.12	165	1	87.4	156
USAPSA02	-166.20	13	-109.94	36.86	6.04	1.11	137	1	87.4	9/GR1
USAPSA03	-175.20	13	-116.23	37.50	5.60	0.75	132	1	87.4	9/GR2
USAWH101	-148.20	13	-111.02	40.68	4.36	2.15	162	1	87.4	
USAWH102 VENAND03	-157.20 -115.20	13 13	-113.07 -71.37	40.74 -4.69	3.72 6.49	1.78 2.57	149 87	1	87.4 87.4	9/GR5
VENANDOS VRG00001	-115.20 -79.70	13	-/1.37 -64.37	-4.69 18.48	0.60	0.60	90	1	87.4 87.4	9/GR5 4
					0.00	0.00				

17 513.54 MHz (14)

1	2	3	4			5	6	7	8	9
ALS00002	-165.80	14	-109.83	36.82	6.03	1.12	137	2	87.4	9/GR1
ALS00002 ALS00003	-174.80	14	-116.10	37.47	5.60	0.76	132	2	87.4	9/GR2
ARGNORT4	-93.80	14	-63.96	-30.01	3.86	1.99	48	2	87.4	3/GK2
ARGNORT5	-54.80	14	-62.85	-29.80	3.24	2.89	47	2	87.4	
ATNBEAM1	-52.80	14	-66.44	14.87	1.83	0.68	39	2	87.4	
B CE311	-63.80	14	-40.60	-6.07	3.04	2.06	174	2	87.4	8 9/GR7
B CE312	-44.80	14	-40.26	-6.06	3.44	2.09	174	2	87.4	8 9/GR9
B CE411	-63.80	14	-50.97	-15.26	3.86	1.38	49	2	87.4	8 9/GR7
B CE412	-44.80	14	-50.71	-15.30	3.57	1.56	52	2	87.4	8 9/GR9
B CE511	-63.80	14	-53.11	-2.98	2.42	2.15	107	2	87.4	8 9/GR7
B NO611	-73.80	14	-59.60	-11.62	2.86	1.69	165	1	87.4	8 9/GR8
B NO711	-73.80	14	-60,70	-1.78	3.54	1.78	126	1	87.4	8 9/GR8
B NO811	-73.80	14	-68.75	-4.71	2.37	1.65	73	1	87.4	8 9/GR8
B SE911	-101.80	14	-45.99	-19.09	2.22	0.79	62	2	87.4	8
B SU111	-80,80	14	-51.10	-25.64	2.76	1.06	50	2	87.4	8 9/GR6
B SU112	-44.80	14	-50.76	-25.62	2.47	1.48	56	2	87.4	8 9/GR9
B SU211	-80,80	14	-44.51	-16.94	3.22	1.37	60	2	87.4	8 9/GR6
B SU212	-44.80	14	-43.99	-16.97	3.27	1.92	59	2	87.4	8 9/GR9
CAN01101	-137.80	14	-114.10	50.92	7.22	1.11	160	2	87.4	9/GR10
CAN01201	-137.80	14	-114.10	50.92	7.22	1.11	160	2	87.4	9/GR10
CAN01202	-72.30	14	-81.23	50.12	7.99	2.53	5	2	87.4	
CAN01203	-128.80	14	-113.04	51.04	7.53	1.26	162	2	87.4	9/GR12
CAN01303	-128.80	14	-113.04	51.04	7.53	1.26	162	2	87.4	9/GR12
CAN01304	-90.80	14	-86.57	50.48	8.59	2.54	178	2	87.4	9/GR13
CAN01403	-128.80	14	-113.04	51.04	7.53	1.26	162	2	87.4	9/GR12
CAN01404	-90.80	14	-86.57	50.48	8.59	2.54	178	2	87.4	9/GR13
CAN01405	-81.80	14	-83.80	50.22	8.35	2.57	2	2	87.4	9/GR14
CAN01504	-90.80	14	-86.57	50.48	8.59	2.54	178	2	87.4	9/GR13
CAN01505	-81.80	14	-83.80	50.22	8.35	2.57	2	2	87.4	9/GR14
CAN01605	-81.80	14	-83.80	50.22	8.35	2.57	2	2	87.4	9/GR14
CAN01606	-70.30	14	-80.64	50.02	7.88	2.52	6	2	87.4	
CHLCONT4	-105.80	14	-69.59	-23.20	2.21	0.69	68	2	87.4	9/GR16
CHLCONT6	-105.80	14	-73.52	-55.52	3.65	1.31	39	2	87.4	9/GR16
CRBBAH01	-92.30	14	-76.09	24.13	1.83	0.68	141	1	87.4	9/GR18
CRBBER01	-92.30	14	-64.76	32.13	0.60	0.60	90	1	87.4	9/GR18
CRBBLZ01	-92.30	14	-88.61	17.26	0.64	0.64	90	1	87.4	9/GR18
CRBEC001	-92.30	14	-60.07	8.26	4.20	0.86	115	1	87.4	9/GR18
CRBJMC01	-92.30	14	-79.45	17.97	0.99	0.68	151	1	87.4	9/GR18
CTR00201	-130.80	14	-84.33	9.67	0.82	0.68	119	2	87.4	
EQAC0001	-94.80	14	-78.31	-1.52	1.48	1.15	65	1	87.4	9/GR19
EQAG0001	-94.80	14	-90.36	-0.57	0.94	0.89	99	1	87.4	9/GR19
GUY00302	-33.80	14	-59.07	4.77	1.43	0.85	91	2	87.4	
HNDIFRB2	-107.30	14	-86.23	15.16	1.14	0.85	8	1	87.4	
HTI00002	-83.30	14	-73.28	18.96	0.82	0.68	11	2	87.4	
HWA00002	-165.80	14	-109.83	36.82	6.03	1.12	137	2	87.4	9/GR1
HWA00003	-174.80	14	-116.10	37.47	5.60	0.76	132	2	87.4	9/GR2
MEX01NTE	-77.80	14	-105.80	25.99	2.88	2.07	155	2	87.4	1
MEX02NTE	-135.80	14	-107.36	26.32	3.80	1.57	149	2	87.4	1
MEX02SUR	-126.80	14	-96.39	19.88	3.19	1.87	158	2	87.4	1
PRU00004	-85.80	14	-74.19	-8.39	3.74	2.45	112	2 2	87.4	1.60/CD20
PTRVIR01	-100.80	14	-93.85 05.47	36.31	8.26	3.55	171	2	87.4	1 6 9/GR20
PTRVIR02	-109.80	14	-95.47	36.38	8.10	3.45	168		87.4	1 6 9/GR21
TCA00001 USAEH001	-115.80 -61.30	14 14	-71.79 -87.53	21.53 36.18	0.60 6.41	0.60 3.49	90 12	2 2	87.4 87.4	156
		14					171	2		
USAEH002 USAEH003	-100.80 -109.80	14	-93.85 -95.47	36.31 36.38	8.26 8.10	3.55 3.45	171	2	87.4 87.4	1 6 9/GR20 1 6 9/GR21
USAEH003 USAEH004	-109.80 -118.80	14	-95.47 -96.42	36.38 36.21	8.10	3.45	168	2	87.4 87.4	1 6 9/GR21 1 5 6
		14	-96.42 -109.83			1.12	165	2	87.4 87.4	9/GR1
USAPSA02 USAPSA03	-165.80 -174.80	14	-109.83 -116.10	36.82 37.47	6.03	0.76	137	2	87.4 87.4	9/GR1 9/GR2
USAPSA03 USAWH101	-1/4.80 -147.80	14	-116.10 -111.01	40.67	5.60 4.38	2.15	162	2	87.4 87.4	7/UK2
USAWH101 USAWH102	-147.80 -156.80	14	-111.01 -113.01	40.67	3.74	1.79	162	2	87.4 87.4	
VCT00001	-156.80 -79.30	14	-113.01 -61.18	13.23	0.60	0.60	90	2	87.4 87.4	
VEN11VEN	-/9.30 -103.80	14	-61.18 -66.79	6.90	2.50	1.77	122	2	87.4 87.4	
	-105.60	14	-00.79	0.50	2.30	1.//	122		07.4	l

17 528.12 MHz (15)

ALSON002	1	2	3	4			5	6	7	8	9
ALSON003				_							
ARGINSU4											
ARGISRUS									-		
ARGSUR04											
ARCSINIOS											
ATCSINOI									-		
B CE311											<i>)</i> / GR4
B CE411									1		8 9/GR7
B CES11	B CE312	-45.20	15	-40.27	-6.06	3.44	2.09	174	1	87.4	8 9/GR9
B NOSI				-50.97		3.86	1.38		1	87.4	8 9/GR7
B NOG11											
B NOR11											
B NOSI1											
B SUI11											
B SU112											
B SU211											
B SU212											
BOLLONDOI	B SU212		15	-44.00		3.20			1	87.4	
BOLO0001	BERBERMU	-96.20	15	-64.77	32.32	0.60	0.60	90	2	87.4	
BRB00001				-71.37					1		9/GR5
CANDIOI											
CANDI201											
CAND1202											
CAN01203											9/GR10
CAN01303											0/CP12
CAN01404							1.20				
CAN01403											
CAN01505									1		
CAN01504						8.58	2.54	178	1		
CANOISOS	CAN01405	-82.20	15	-84.11	50.20	8.31	2.58	1	1	87.4	9/GR14
CAN01605								178	1		
CANDIGOS								-	-		
CHLCONT5											9/GR14
CHLPAC02											0/CD17
CLMAND01									-		
CLM00001											
CUB00001)/GRS
EÓAGANDI									1		
GRD00002	EQACAND1	-115.20	15	-71.37	-4.69	6.49	2.57	87	1	87.4	9/GR5
GRD00059	EQAGAND1			-71.37	-4.69		2.57		1		9/GR5
GRLDNK01											
GUY00201											2
HWA00002											2
HWA00003											0/GP1
MEXOINTE											
MEXOISUR									-		
MEXO2NTE									-		-
PAQPAC01	MEX02NTE	-136.20	15			3.84	1.55		1	87.4	1
PRG00002											
PRUAND02									-		9/GR17
PTRVIR01											o/CD 5
PTRVIR02 -110.20 15 -95.23 36.29 8.27 3.37 168 1 87.4 1 6 9/GR21 URG00001 -61.70 15 -56.22 -32.52 1.02 0.89 11 1 87.4 1 5 6 USAEH001 -61.70 15 -87.57 36.17 6.42 3.49 12 1 87.4 1 5 6 USAEH002 -101.20 15 -93.94 36.32 8.24 3.56 171 1 87.4 1 6 9/GR20 USAEH003 -110.20 15 -95.23 36.29 8.27 3.37 168 1 87.4 1 6 9/GR20 USAEH003 -110.20 15 -96.45 36.21 8.20 3.12 165 1 87.4 1 6 9/GR21 USAPSA02 -166.20 15 -109.94 36.86 6.04 1.11 137 1 87.4 9/GR1 USAWH01 -148.20 15 -116.23 37.50 5.60 0.7											
URG00001 -71.70 15 -56.22 -32.52 1.02 0.89 11 1 87.4 1 5 6 USAEH001 -61.70 15 -87.57 36.17 6.42 3.49 12 1 87.4 1 5 6 USAEH002 -101.20 15 -93.94 36.32 8.24 3.56 171 1 87.4 1 6 9/GR20 USAEH003 -110.20 15 -95.23 36.29 8.27 3.37 168 1 87.4 1 6 9/GR21 USAEH004 -119.20 15 -96.45 36.21 8.20 3.12 165 1 87.4 1 5 6 USAPSA02 -166.20 15 -109.94 36.86 6.04 1.11 137 1 87.4 9/GR1 USAWBAG -175.20 15 -116.23 37.50 5.60 0.75 132 1 87.4 9/GR2 USAWH101 -148.20 15 -111.02 40.68 4.36 2.15											
USAEH001 -61.70 15 -87.57 36.17 6.42 3.49 12 1 87.4 1 5 6 USAEH002 -101.20 15 -93.94 36.32 8.24 3.56 171 1 87.4 1 6 9/GR20 USAEH003 -110.20 15 -95.23 36.29 8.27 3.37 168 1 87.4 1 6 9/GR21 USAEH004 -119.20 15 -96.45 36.21 8.20 3.12 165 1 87.4 1 5 6 USAPSA02 -166.20 15 -109.94 36.86 6.04 1.11 137 1 87.4 9/GR1 USAWSA03 -175.20 15 -116.23 37.50 5.60 0.75 132 1 87.4 9/GR2 USAWH101 -148.20 15 -111.02 40.68 4.36 2.15 162 1 87.4 USAWH102 -157.20 15 -113.07 40.74 3.72 1.78 149											1 U 7/UKZ1
USAEH002 -101.20 15 -93.94 36.32 8.24 3.56 171 1 87.4 1 6 9/GR20 USAEH003 -110.20 15 -95.23 36.29 8.27 3.37 168 1 87.4 1 6 9/GR21 USAPSA02 -166.20 15 -96.45 36.21 8.20 3.12 165 1 87.4 1 5 6 USAPSA02 -166.20 15 -109.94 36.86 6.04 1.11 137 1 87.4 9/GR1 USAPSA03 -175.20 15 -116.23 37.50 5.60 0.75 132 1 87.4 9/GR2 USAWH101 -148.20 15 -111.02 40.68 4.36 2.15 162 1 87.4 9/GR2 USAWH102 -157.20 15 -113.07 40.74 3.72 1.78 149 1 87.4									-		156
USAEH003 -110.20 15 -95.23 36.29 8.27 3.37 168 1 87.4 1 6 9/GR21 USAEH004 -119.20 15 -96.45 36.21 8.20 3.12 165 1 87.4 1 5 6 USAPSA02 -166.20 15 -109.94 36.86 6.04 1.11 137 1 87.4 9/GR1 USAPSA03 -175.20 15 -116.23 37.50 5.60 0.75 132 1 87.4 9/GR2 USAWH101 -148.20 15 -111.02 40.68 4.36 2.15 162 1 87.4 1 USAWH102 -157.20 15 -113.07 40.74 3.72 1.78 149 1 87.4									-		
USAEH004 -119.20 15 -96.45 36.21 8.20 3.12 165 1 87.4 1 5 6 USAPSA02 -166.20 15 -109.94 36.86 6.04 1.11 137 1 87.4 9/GR1 USAPSA03 -175.20 15 -116.23 37.50 5.60 0.75 132 1 87.4 9/GR2 USAWH101 -148.20 15 -111.02 40.68 4.36 2.15 162 1 87.4 9/GR2 USAWH102 -157.20 15 -113.07 40.74 3.72 1.78 149 1 87.4											
USAPSA03 -175.20 15 -116.23 37.50 5.60 0.75 132 1 87.4 9/GR2 USAWH101 -148.20 15 -111.02 40.68 4.36 2.15 162 1 87.4 87.4 USAWH102 -157.20 15 -113.07 40.74 3.72 1.78 149 1 87.4											
USAWH101											
USAWH102 -157.20 15 -113.07 40.74 3.72 1.78 149 1 87.4											9/GR2
VENANDUS -115.20 15 -71.37 -4.69 6.49 2.57 87 1 87.4 9/GR5			10								o/CD 5
	VENAND03	-115.20	15	-/1.37	-4.69	6.49	2.57	87	1	87.4	9/GR5

17 542.70 MHz (16)

1	2	3	4			5	6	7	8	9
ALS00002	-165.80	16	-109.83	36.82	6.03	1.12	137	2	87.4	9/GR1
ALS00002 ALS00003	-174.80	16	-116.10	37.47	5.60	0.76	132	2	87.4	9/GR2
ARGNORT4	-93.80	16	-63.96	-30.01	3.86	1.99	48	2	87.4)/ GR2
ARGNORT5	-54.80	16	-62.85	-29.80	3.24	2.89	47	2	87.4	
B CE311	-63.80	16	-40.60	-6.07	3.04	2.06	174	2	87.4	8 9/GR7
B CE312	-44.80	16	-40.26	-6.06	3.44	2.09	174	2	87.4	8 9/GR9
B CE411	-63.80	16	-50.97	-15.26	3.86	1.38	49	2	87.4	8 9/GR7
B CE412	-44.80	16	-50.71	-15.30	3.57	1.56	52	2	87.4	8 9/GR9
B CE511	-63.80	16	-53.11	-2.98	2.42	2.15	107	2	87.4	8 9/GR7
B NO611	-73.80	16	-59.60	-11.62	2.86	1.69	165	1	87.4	8 9/GR8
B NO711	-73.80	16	-60.70	-1.78	3.54	1.78	126	1	87.4	8 9/GR8
B NO811	-73.80	16	-68.75	-4.71	2.37	1.65	73	1	87.4	8 9/GR8
B SE911	-101.80	16	-45.99	-19.09	2.22	0.79	62	2	87.4	8
B SU111	-80.80	16	-51.10	-25.64	2.76	1.06	50	2	87.4	8 9/GR6
B SU112	-44.80	16	-50.76	-25.62	2.47	1.48	56	2	87.4	8 9/GR9
B SU211	-80.80	16	-44.51	-16.94	3.22	1.37	60	2	87.4	8 9/GR6
B SU212	-44.80	16	-43.99	-16.97	3.27	1.92	59	2	87.4	8 9/GR9
CAN01101	-137.80	16	-114.10	50.92	7.22	1.11	160	2	87.4	9/GR10
CAN01201	-137.80	16	-114.10	50.92	7.22	1.11	160	2	87.4	9/GR10
CAN01202	-72.30	16	-81.23	50.12	7.99	2.53	5	2	87.4	
CAN01203	-128.80	16	-113.04	51.04	7.53	1.26	162	2	87.4	9/GR12
CAN01303	-128.80	16	-113.04	51.04	7.53	1.26	162	2	87.4	9/GR12
CAN01304	-90.80	16	-86.57	50.48	8.59	2.54	178	2	87.4	9/GR13
CAN01403	-128.80	16	-113.04	51.04	7.53	1.26	162	2 2	87.4	9/GR12
CAN01404	-90.80	16	-86.57	50.48	8.59	2.54	178	2	87.4	9/GR13
CAN01405	-81.80	16	-83.80	50.22	8.35	2.57	2		87.4	9/GR14
CAN01504 CAN01505	-90.80 -81.80	16 16	-86.57 -83.80	50.48 50.22	8.59 8.35	2.54 2.57	178 2	2 2	87.4 87.4	9/GR13 9/GR14
CAN01505 CAN01605	-81.80 -81.80	16	-83.80 -83.80	50.22	8.35	2.57	2	2	87.4 87.4	9/GR14 9/GR14
CAN01605 CAN01606	-81.80 -70.30	16	-83.80 -80.64	50.22	7.88	2.52	6	2	87.4 87.4	9/GK14
CHLCONT4	-105.80	16	-80.64 -69.59	-23.20	2.21	0.69	68	2	87.4 87.4	9/GR16
CHLCONT6	-105.80	16	-73.52	-55.52	3.65	1.31	39	2	87.4	9/GR16
CRBBAH01	-92.30	16	-76.09	24.13	1.83	0.68	141	1	87.4	9/GR18
CRBBER01	-92.30	16	-64.76	32.13	0.60	0.60	90	1	87.4	9/GR18
CRBBLZ01	-92.30	16	-88.61	17.26	0.64	0.64	90	1	87.4	9/GR18
CRBEC001	-92.30	16	-60.07	8.26	4.20	0.86	115	1	87.4	9/GR18
CRBJMC01	-92.30	16	-79.45	17.97	0.99	0.68	151	1	87.4	9/GR18
CYM00001	-115.80	16	-80.58	19.57	0.60	0.60	90	2	87.4	
DOMIFRB2	-83.30	16	-70.51	18.79	0.98	0.69	167	2	87.4	
EQAC0001	-94.80	16	-78.31	-1.52	1.48	1.15	65	1	87.4	9/GR19
EQAG0001	-94.80	16	-90.36	-0.57	0.94	0.89	99	1	87.4	9/GR19
GUFMGG02	-52.80	16	-56.42	8.47	4.16	0.81	123	2	87.4	27
HWA00002	-165.80	16	-109.83	36.82	6.03	1.12	137	2	87.4	9/GR1
HWA00003	-174.80	16	-116.10	37.47	5.60	0.76	132	2	87.4	9/GR2
JMC00005	-33.80	16	-77.27	18.12	0.60	0.60	90	2	87.4	
LCAIFRB1	-79.30	16	-61.15	13.90	0.60	0.60	90	2	87.4	
MEX01NTE	-77.80	16	-105.80	25.99	2.88	2.07	155	2	87.4	1
MEX02NTE	-135.80	16	-107.36	26.32	3.80	1.57	149	2	87.4	1
MEX02SUR	-126.80	16	-96.39	19.88	3.19	1.87	158	2	87.4	1
PRU00004 PTRVIR01	-85.80 -100.80	16 16	-74.19 -93.85	-8.39 36.31	3.74 8.26	2.45 3.55	112 171	2 2	87.4 87.4	1 6 9/GR20
PTRVIR01 PTRVIR02	-100.80 -109.80	16 16	-93.85 -95.47	36.31	8.26 8.10	3.55	171	2	87.4 87.4	1 6 9/GR20 1 6 9/GR21
SLVIFRB2	-109.80 -107.30	16	-95.47 -88.91	13.59	0.60	0.60	90	1	87.4 87.4	1 0 9/GK21
USAEH001	-107.30 -61.30	16	-88.91 -87.53	36.18	6.41	3.49	12	2	87.4 87.4	156
USAEH001 USAEH002	-01.30	16	-87.33 -93.85	36.31	8.26	3.49	171	2	87.4 87.4	1 6 9/GR20
USAEH002 USAEH003	-100.80	16	-95.83 -95.47	36.38	8.10	3.45	168	2	87.4 87.4	1 6 9/GR20 1 6 9/GR21
USAEH003 USAEH004	-109.80	16	-95.47 -96.42	36.21	8.20	3.43	165	2	87.4 87.4	1 5 9/GK21 1 5 6
USAPSA02	-1165.80	16	-109.83	36.82	6.03	1.12	137	2	87.4	9/GR1
USAPSA03	-174.80	16	-116.10	37.47	5.60	0.76	132	2	87.4	9/GR2
USAWH101	-147.80	16	-111.01	40.67	4.38	2.15	162	2	87.4	,, OKL
USAWH102	-156.80	16	-113.01	40.71	3.74	1.79	149	2	87.4	
VEN11VEN	-103.80	16	-66.79	6.90	2.50	1.77	122	2	87.4	
	105.50		00.77	0.70	2.50	,		ı~	· · · · · ·	l

17 557.28 MHz (17)

1	2	3	4			5	6	7	8	9
ALS00002	-166.20	17	-109.94	36.86	6.04	1.11	137	1	87.4	9/GR1
ALS00003	-175.20	17	-116.23	37.50	5.60	0.75	132	1	87.4	9/GR2
ARGINSU4	-94.20	17	-52.98	-59.81	3.40	0.68	19	1	87.4	9/GR3
ARGINSU5	-55.20	17	-44.17	-59.91	3.77	0.70	13	1	87.4	9/GR4
ARGSUR04	-94.20	17	-65.04	-43.33	3.32	1.50	40	1	87.4	9/GR3
ARGSUR05	-55.20	17	-63.68	-43.01	2.54	2.38	152	1	87.4	9/GR4
B CE311	-64.20	17	-40.60	-6.07	3.04	2.06	174	1	87.4	9/GR3
B CE312 B CE411	-45.20 -64.20	17 17	-40.27 -50.97	-6.06 -15.27	3.44 3.86	2.09 1.38	174 49	1	87.4 87.4	9/GR4 8 9/GR7
B CE411 B CE412	-64.20 -45.20	17	-50.97 -50.71	-15.27 -15.30	3.57	1.56	52	1	87.4 87.4	8 9/GR7 8 9/GR9
B CE511	-64.20	17	-53.10	-2.90	2.44	2.13	104	1	87.4	8 9/GR7
B NO611	-74.20	17	-59.60	-11.62	2.85	1.69	165	2	87.4	8 9/GR8
B NO711	-74.20	17	-60.70	-1.78	3.54	1.78	126	2	87.4	8 9/GR8
B NO811	-74.20	17	-68.76	-4.71	2.37	1.65	73	2	87.4	8 9/GR8
B SU111	-81.20	17	-51.12	-25.63	2.76	1.05	50	1	87.4	8 9/GR6
B SU112 B SU211	-45.20	17	-50.75	-25.62	2.47	1.48	56	1	87.4	8 9/GR9
B SU211 B SU212	-81.20 -45.20	17 17	-44.51 -44.00	-16.95 -16.87	3.22 3.20	1.36 1.96	60 58	1	87.4 87.4	8 9/GR6 8 9/GR9
BERBERMU	-45.20 -96.20	17	-44.00 -64.77	32.32	0.60	0.60	90	2	87.4	8 9/GK9
BERBER02	-31.00	17	-64.77 -64.77	32.32	0.60	0.60	90	1	87.4	23
BOLAND01	-115.20	17	-71.37	-4.69	6.49	2.57	87	1	87.4	9/GR5
CAN01101	-138.20	17	-125.63	57.24	3.45	1.27	157	1	87.4	9/GR10
CAN01201	-138.20	17	-112.04	55.95	3.35	0.97	151	1	87.4	9/GR10
CAN01202	-72.70	17	-107.70	55.63	2.74	1.12	32	1	87.4	
CAN01203	-129.20	17	-111.48	55.61	3.08	1.15	151	1	87.4	9/GR12
CAN01303	-129.20	17	-102.42	57.12	3.54	0.91	154	1	87.4	9/GR12
CAN01304 CAN01403	-91.20 -129.20	17 17	-99.12 -89.75	57.36 52.02	1.98 4.68	1.72 0.78	2 148	1	87.4 87.4	9/GR13 9/GR12
CAN01403 CAN01404	-91.20	17	-84.82	52.42	3.10	2.05	152	1	87.4	9/GR12 9/GR13
CAN01405	-82.20	17	-84.00	52.39	2.84	2.29	172	1	87.4	9/GR14
CAN01504	-91.20	17	-72.66	53.77	3.57	1.67	156	1	87.4	9/GR13
CAN01505	-82.20	17	-71.77	53.79	3.30	1.89	162	1	87.4	9/GR14
CAN01605	-82.20	17	-61.50	49.55	2.65	1.40	143	1	87.4	9/GR14
CAN01606	-70.70	17	-61.30	49.55	2.40	1.65	148	1	87.4	
CHLCONT5	-106.20	17	-72.23	-35.57	2.60	0.68	55	1	87.4	9/GR17
CHLPAC02 CLMAND01	-106.20 -115.20	17 17	-80.06 -71.37	-30.06 -4.69	1.36 6.49	0.68 2.57	69 87	1	87.4 87.4	9/GR17 9/GR5
CLMAND01 CLM00001	-113.20	17	-71.57 -74.50	5.87	3.98	1.96	118	1	87.4	9/GK3
EQACAND1	-105.20	17	-71.37	-4.69	6.49	2.57	87	1	87.4	9/GR5
EQAGAND1	-115.20	17	-71.37	-4.69	6.49	2.57	87	1	87.4	9/GR5
FLKFALKS	-31.00	17	-59.90	-51.64	0.60	0.60	90	1	87.4	2 3
HWA00002	-166.20	17	-165.79	23.42	4.20	0.68	160	1	87.4	9/GR1
HWA00003	-175.20	17	-166.10	23.42	4.25	0.68	159	1	87.4	9/GR2
JMC00002	-92.70	17	-77.30	18.12	0.62	0.62	90	2	87.4	
KNA00001 MEX01NTE	-79.70 -78.20	17 17	-62.46 -105.81	17.44 26.01	0.60 2.89	0.60 2.08	90 155	1	87.4 87.4	1
MEX01NTE MEX01SUR	-69.20	17	-105.81 -94.84	19.82	3.05	2.08	4	1	87.4	1
MEX02NTE	-136.20	17	-107.21	26.31	3.84	1.55	148	1	87.4	1
MEX02SUR	-127.20	17	-96.39	19.88	3.18	1.87	157	1	87.4	1
PAQPAC01	-106.20	17	-109.18	-27.53	0.60	0.60	90	1	87.4	9/GR17
PRG00002	-99.20	17	-58.66	-23.32	1.45	1.04	76	1	87.4	
PRUAND02	-115.20	17	-71.37	-4.69	6.49	2.57	87	1	87.4	9/GR5
PTRVIR01	-101.20	17	-93.94	36.32	8.24	3.56	171	1	87.4	1 6 9/GR20
PTRVIR02 SPMFRAN3	-110.20 -53.20	17 17	-95.23 -67.24	36.29 47.51	8.27 3.16	3.37 0.79	168 7	1	87.4 87.4	1 6 9/GR21 2 7
SURINAM2	-33.20 -84.70	17	-67.24 -55.69	47.31	1.00	0.79	86	1	87.4 87.4	2 /
URG00001	-84.70 -71.70	17	-56.22	-32.52	1.00	0.89	11	1	87.4 87.4	
USAEH001	-61.70	17	-87.57	36.17	6.42	3.49	12	1	87.4	156
USAEH002	-101.20	17	-93.94	36.32	8.24	3.56	171	1	87.4	1 6 9/GR20
USAEH003	-110.20	17	-95.23	36.29	8.27	3.37	168	1	87.4	1 6 9/GR21
USAEH004	-119.20	17	-96.45	36.21	8.20	3.12	165	1	87.4	1 5 6
USAPSA02	-166.20	17	-109.94	36.86	6.04	1.11	137	1	87.4	9/GR1
USAPSA03	-175.20	17	-116.23	37.50	5.60	0.75	132	1	87.4	9/GR2
USAWH101	-148.20	17	-111.02	40.68	4.36	2.15	162 149	1	87.4	
USAWH102 VENAND03	-157.20 -115.20	17 17	-113.07 -71.37	40.74 -4.69	3.72 6.49	1.78 2.57	149 87	1	87.4 87.4	9/GR5
711111111111111111111111111111111111111	113.20	1/	11.51	4.07	0.49	2.31	07	1	07.4	, GR.

17 571.86 MHz (18)

	7	8	9
	<u> </u>		
ALS00002 -165.80 18 -109.83 36.82 6.03 1.12 137	2	87.4	9/GR1
ALS00003 -174.80 18 -116.10 37.47 5.60 0.76 132	2	87.4	9/GR2
ARGNORT4	2 2	87.4 87.4	
ARGNOR13 -54.80 18 -62.83 -29.80 3.24 2.89 47 47 47 47 487 4	2	87.4	
B CE311	2	87.4	8 9/GR7
B CE312	2	87.4	8 9/GR9
B CE411	2	87.4	8 9/GR7
B CE412	2	87.4	8 9/GR9
B CE511 -63.80 18 -53.11 -2.98 2.42 2.15 107	2	87.4	8 9/GR7
B NO611 -73.80 18 -59.60 -11.62 2.86 1.69 165	1	87.4	8 9/GR8
B NO711	1	87.4	8 9/GR8
B NO811	1	87.4	8 9/GR8
B SE911 -101.80 18 -45.99 -19.09 2.22 0.79 62	2	87.4	8
B SU111 -80.80 18 -51.10 -25.64 2.76 1.06 50	2	87.4	8 9/GR6
B SU112 -44.80 18 -50.76 -25.62 2.47 1.48 56	2	87.4	8 9/GR9
B SU211 -80.80 18 -44.51 -16.94 3.22 1.37 60	2	87.4	8 9/GR6
B SU212	2 2	87.4	8 9/GR9
BLZ00001	2	87.4 87.4	9/GR10
CAN01101 -137.80 18 -123.00 37.24 3.43 1.27 137 CAN01201 -137.80 18 -111.92 55.89 3.33 0.98 151	2	87.4	9/GR10 9/GR10
CAN01201 -137.80 18 -111.52 33.85 3.33 0.58 131 CAN01202 -72.30 18 -107.64 55.62 2.75 1.11 32	2	87.4	9/GK10
CAN01203	2	87.4	9/GR12
CAN01303	2	87.4	9/GR12
CAN01304	2	87.4	9/GR13
CAN01403 -128.80 18 -89.70 52.02 4.67 0.79 148	2	87.4	9/GR12
CAN01404 -90.80 18 -84.78 52.41 3.09 2.06 153	2	87.4	9/GR13
CAN01405 -81.80 18 -84.02 52.34 2.82 2.30 172	2	87.4	9/GR14
CAN01504 -90.80 18 -72.68 53.78 3.57 1.67 157	2	87.4	9/GR13
CAN01505 -81.80 18 -71.76 53.76 3.30 1.89 162	2	87.4	9/GR14
CAN01605 -81.80 18 -61.54 49.50 2.66 1.39 144	2	87.4	9/GR14
CAN01606 -70.30 18 -61.32 49.51 2.41 1.65 148	2	87.4	
CHLCONT4	2 2	87.4 87.4	9/GR16 9/GR16
CRBBAH01	1	87.4	9/GR18
CRBBER01 -92.30 18 -64.76 32.13 0.60 0.60 90	1	87.4	9/GR18
CRBBLZ01 -92.30 18 -88.61 17.26 0.64 0.64 90	1	87.4	9/GR18
CRBC001 -92.30 18 -60.07 8.26 4.20 0.86 115	i	87.4	9/GR18
CRBJMC01 -92.30 18 -79.45 17.97 0.99 0.68 151	1	87.4	9/GR18
CTR00201 -130.80 18 -84.33 9.67 0.82 0.68 119	2	87.4	
DMAIFRB1 -79.30 18 -61.30 15.35 0.60 0.60 90	2	87.4	
EQAC0001 -94.80 18 -78.31 -1.52 1.48 1.15 65	1	87.4	9/GR19
EQAG0001 -94.80 18 -90.36 -0.57 0.94 0.89 99	1	87.4	9/GR19
HWA00002 -165.80 18 -165.79 23.32 4.20 0.68 160	2	87.4	9/GR1
HWA00003	2	87.4	9/GR2
MEXO1NTE	2 2	87.4	1
MEX02NTE	2 2	87.4 87.4	1 1
NCG00003 -107.30 18 -84.99 12.90 1.05 1.01 176	1	87.4 87.4	1
PRU00004 -85.80 18 -74.19 -8.39 3.74 2.45 112	2	87.4	
PTRVIR01 -100.80 18 -93.85 36.31 8.26 3.55 171	2	87.4	1 6 9/GR20
PTRVIR02 -109.80 18 -95.47 36.38 8.10 3.45 168	2	87.4	1 6 9/GR21
USAEH001 -61.30 18 -87.53 36.18 6.41 3.49 12	2	87.4	156
USAEH002 -100.80 18 -93.85 36.31 8.26 3.55 171	2	87.4	1 6 9/GR20
USAEH003 -109.80 18 -95.47 36.38 8.10 3.45 168	2	87.4	1 6 9/GR21
USAEH004 -118.80 18 -96.42 36.21 8.20 3.12 165	2	87.4	156
USAPSA02 -165.80 18 -109.83 36.82 6.03 1.12 137	2	87.4	9/GR1
USAPSA03 -174.80 18 -116.10 37.47 5.60 0.76 132	2	87.4	9/GR2
USAWH101	2	87.4	
USAWH102	2 2	87.4	
VEN11VEN -103.80 18 -66.79 6.90 2.50 1.77 122		87.4	

17 586.44 MHz (19)

1	2	3	4			5	6	7	8	9
ALS00002	-166.20	19	-109.94	36.86	6.04	1.11	137	1	87.4	9/GR1
ALS00002 ALS00003	-175.20	19	-116.23	37.50	5.60	0.75	137	1	87.4	9/GR2
ARGINSU4	-94.20	19	-52.98	-59.81	3.40	0.68	19	1	87.4	9/GR3
ARGINSU5	-55.20	19	-44.17	-59.91	3.77	0.70	13	1	87.4	9/GR4
ARGSUR04	-94.20	19	-65.04	-43.33	3.32	1.50	40	1	87.4	9/GR3
ARGSUR05	-55.20	19	-63.68	-43.01	2.54	2.38	152	1	87.4	9/GR4
B CE311	-64.20	19	-40.60	-6.07	3.04	2.06	174	1	87.4	8 9/GR7
B CE312 B CE411	-45.20	19	-40.27	-6.06	3.44	2.09	174 49	1	87.4	8 9/GR9
B CE411 B CE412	-64.20 -45.20	19 19	-50.97 -50.71	-15.27 -15.30	3.86 3.57	1.38 1.56	52	1	87.4 87.4	8 9/GR7 8 9/GR9
B CE511	-64.20	19	-53.10	-2.90	2.44	2.13	104	1	87.4	8 9/GR7
B NO611	-74.20	19	-59.60	-11.62	2.85	1.69	165	2	87.4	8 9/GR8
B NO711	-74.20	19	-60.70	-1.78	3.54	1.78	126	2	87.4	8 9/GR8
B NO811	-74.20	19	-68.76	-4.71	2.37	1.65	73	2	87.4	8 9/GR8
B SU111	-81.20	19	-51.12	-25.63	2.76	1.05	50	1	87.4	8 9/GR6
B SU112	-45.20	19	-50.75	-25.62	2.47	1.48	56	1	87.4	8 9/GR9
B SU211	-81.20	19	-44.51	-16.95	3.22	1.36	60	1	87.4	8 9/GR6
B SU212 BERBERMU	-45.20 -96.20	19 19	-44.00 -64.77	-16.87 32.32	3.20 0.60	1.96	58 90	1 2	87.4 87.4	8 9/GR9
BOLAND01	-96.20 -115.20	19	-04.77 -71.37	-4.69	6.49	0.60 2.57	90 87	1	87.4 87.4	9/GR5
BOLO0001	-113.20 -87.20	19	-/1.57 -64.61	-4.69 -16.71	2.52	2.37	85	1	87.4 87.4	//OKJ
BRB00001	-92.70	19	-59.85	12.93	0.60	0.60	90	2	87.4	
CAN01101	-138.20	19	-125.63	57.24	3.45	1.27	157	1	87.4	9/GR10
CAN01201	-138.20	19	-112.04	55.95	3.35	0.97	151	1	87.4	9/GR10
CAN01202	-72.70	19	-107.70	55.63	2.74	1.12	32	1	87.4	
CAN01203	-129.20	19	-111.48	55.61	3.08	1.15	151	1	87.4	9/GR12
CAN01303	-129.20	19	-102.42	57.12	3.54	0.91	154	1	87.4	9/GR12
CAN01304	-91.20	19	-99.12	57.36	1.98	1.72	2	1	87.4	9/GR13
CAN01403 CAN01404	-129.20 -91.20	19 19	-89.75 -84.82	52.02 52.42	4.68 3.10	0.78 2.05	148 152	1	87.4 87.4	9/GR12 9/GR13
CAN01404 CAN01405	-82.20	19	-84.00	52.42	2.84	2.03	172	1	87.4	9/GR14
CAN01504	-91.20	19	-72.66	53.77	3.57	1.67	156	1	87.4	9/GR13
CAN01505	-82.20	19	-71.77	53.79	3.30	1.89	162	1	87.4	9/GR14
CAN01605	-82.20	19	-61.50	49.55	2.65	1.40	143	1	87.4	9/GR14
CAN01606	-70.70	19	-61.30	49.55	2.40	1.65	148	1	87.4	
CHLCONT5	-106.20	19	-72.23	-35.57	2.60	0.68	55	1	87.4	9/GR17
CHLPAC02	-106.20	19	-80.06	-30.06	1.36	0.68	69	1	87.4	9/GR17
CLMAND01	-115.20	19 19	-71.37	-4.69	6.49	2.57	87	1	87.4	9/GR5
CLM00001 CUB00001	-103.20 -89.20	19	-74.50 -79.81	5.87 21.62	3.98 2.24	1.96 0.68	118 168	1	87.4 87.4	
EQACAND1	-115.20	19	-71.37	-4.69	6.49	2.57	87	1	87.4	9/GR5
EQAGAND1	-115.20	19	-71.37	-4.69	6.49	2.57	87	1	87.4	9/GR5
GRD00059	-57.20	19	-61.58	12.29	0.60	0.60	90	1	87.4	
GRLDNK01	-53.20	19	-44.89	66.56	2.70	0.82	173	1	87.4	2
GUY00201	-84.70	19	-59.19	4.78	1.44	0.85	95	1	87.4	
HWA00002	-166.20	19	-165.79	23.42	4.20	0.68	160	1	87.4	9/GR1
HWA00003	-175.20	19 19	-166.10	23.42	4.25 2.89	0.68	159	1	87.4	9/GR2
MEX01NTE MEX01SUR	-78.20 -69.20	19	-105.81 -94.84	26.01 19.82	3.05	2.08 2.09	155 4	1	87.4 87.4	1
MEX02NTE	-136.20	19	-107.21	26.31	3.84	1.55	148	1	87.4	1
MEX02SUR	-127.20	19	-96.39	19.88	3.18	1.87	157	1	87.4	1
MSR00001	-79.70	19	-61.73	16.75	0.60	0.60	90	1	87.4	4
PAQPAC01	-106.20	19	-109.18	-27.53	0.60	0.60	90	1	87.4	9/GR17
PRG00002	-99.20	19	-58.66	-23.32	1.45	1.04	76	1	87.4	
PRUAND02	-115.20	19	-71.37	-4.69	6.49	2.57	87	1	87.4	9/GR5
PTRVIR01	-101.20	19 19	-93.94 05.22	36.32	8.24	3.56	171	1	87.4	1 6 9/GR20
PTRVIR02 URG00001	-110.20 -71.70	19	-95.23 -56.22	36.29 -32.52	8.27 1.02	3.37 0.89	168 11	1	87.4 87.4	1 6 9/GR21
USAEH001	-71.70 -61.70	19	-30.22 -87.57	36.17	6.42	3.49	12	1	87.4	156
USAEH002	-101.20	19	-93.94	36.32	8.24	3.56	171	1	87.4	1 6 9/GR20
USAEH003	-110.20	19	-95.23	36.29	8.27	3.37	168	1	87.4	1 6 9/GR21
USAEH004	-119.20	19	-96.45	36.31	8.20	3.12	165	1	87.4	156
USAPSA02	-166.20	19	-109.94	36.86	6.04	1.11	137	1	87.4	9/GR1
USAPSA03	-175.20	19	-116.23	37.50	5.60	0.75	132	1	87.4	9/GR2
USAWH101	-148.20	19	-111.02	40.68	4.36	2.15	162	1	87.4	
USAWH102 VENAND03	-157.20	19 19	-113.07 -71.37	40.74 -4.69	3.72 6.49	1.78 2.57	149 87	1	87.4 87.4	9/GR5
	-115.20	19	-/1.5/	-4.09	0.49	2.37	0/	1	07.4	7/UKJ

17 601.02 MHz (20)

1	2	3	4			5	6	7	8	9
ALS00002	-165.80	20	-109.83	36.82	6.03	1.12	137	2	87.4	9/GR1
ALS00003	-174.80	20	-116.10	37.47	5.60	0.76	132	2	87.4	9/GR2
ARGNORT4	-93.80	20	-63.96	-30.01	3.86	1.99	48	2	87.4	
ARGNORT5	-54.80	20	-62.85	-29.80	3.24	2.89	47	2	87.4	
B CE311	-63.80	20	-40.60	-6.07	3.04	2.06	174	2	87.4	8 9/GR7
B CE312	-44.80	20	-40.26	-6.06	3.44	2.09	174	2	87.4	8 9/GR9
B CE411	-63.80	20	-50.97	-15.26	3.86	1.38	49	2	87.4	8 9/GR7
B CE412	-44.80	20	-50.71	-15.30	3.57	1.56	52	2	87.4	8 9/GR9
B CE511	-63.80	20	-53.11	-2.98	2.42	2.15	107	2	87.4	8 9/GR7
B NO611	-73.80	20	-59.60	-11.62	2.86	1.69	165	1	87.4	8 9/GR8
B NO711	-73.80	20	-60.70	-1.78	3.54	1.78	126	1	87.4	8 9/GR8
B NO811	-73.80	20	-68.75	-4.71	2.37	1.65	73	1	87.4	8 9/GR8
B SE911	-101.80	20	-45.99	-19.09	2.22	0.79	62	2	87.4	8
B SU111	-80.80	20	-51.10	-25.64	2.76	1.06	50	2	87.4	8 9/GR6
B SU112	-44.80	20	-50.76	-25.62	2.47	1.48	56	2	87.4	8 9/GR9
B SU211	-80.80	20	-44.51	-16.94	3.22	1.37	60	2	87.4	8 9/GR6
B SU212	-44.80	20	-43.99	-16.97	3.27	1.92	59	2	87.4	8 9/GR9
CAN01101	-137.80	20	-125.60	57.24	3.45	1.27	157	2	87.4	9/GR10
CAN01201	-137.80	20	-111.92	55.89	3.33	0.98	151	2	87.4	9/GR10
CAN01202	-72.30	20	-107.64	55.62	2.75	1.11	32	2	87.4	
CAN01203	-128.80	20	-111.43	55.56	3.07	1.15	151	2	87.4	9/GR12
CAN01303	-128.80	20	-102.39	57.12	3.54	0.92	154	2	87.4	9/GR12
CAN01304	-90.80	20	-99.00	57.33	1.96	1.73	1	2	87.4	9/GR13
CAN01403	-128.80	20	-89.70	52.02	4.67	0.79	148	2	87.4	9/GR12
CAN01404	-90.80	20	-84.78	52.41	3.09	2.06	153	2	87.4	9/GR13
CAN01405	-81.80	20	-84.02	52.34	2.82	2.30	172	2	87.4	9/GR14
CAN01504	-90.80	20	-72.68	53.78	3.57	1.67	157	2	87.4	9/GR13
CAN01505	-81.80	20	-71.76	53.76	3.30	1.89	162	2	87.4	9/GR14
CAN01605	-81.80	20	-61.54	49.50	2.66	1.39	144	2	87.4	9/GR14
CAN01606	-70.30	20	-61.32	49.51	2.41	1.65	148	2	87.4	
CHLCONT4	-105.80	20	-69.59	-23.20	2.21	0.69	68	2	87.4	9/GR16
CHLCONT6	-105.80	20	-73.52	-55.52	3.65	1.31	39	2	87.4	9/GR16
CRBBAH01	-92.30	20	-76.09	24.13	1.83	0.68	141	1	87.4	9/GR18
CRBBER01	-92.30	20	-64.76	32.13	0.60	0.60	90	1	87.4	9/GR18
CRBBLZ01	-92.30	20	-88.61	17.26	0.64	0.64	90	1	87.4	9/GR18
CRBEC001	-92.30	20	-60.07	8.26	4.20	0.86	115	1	87.4	9/GR18
CRBJMC01	-92.30	20	-79.45	17.97	0.99	0.68	151	1	87.4	9/GR18
EQAC0001	-94.80	20	-78.31	-1.52	1.48	1.15	65	1	87.4	9/GR19
EQAG0001	-94.80	20	-90.36	-0.57	0.94	0.89	99	1	87.4	9/GR19
GRD00003	-79.30	20	-61.62	12.34	0.60	0.60	90	2	87.4	
GTMIFRB2	-107.30	20	-90.50	15.64	1.03	0.74	84	1	87.4	
GUFMGG02	-52.80	20	-56.42	8.47	4.16	0.81	123	2	87.4	2 7
HWA00002	-165.80	20	-165.79	23.32	4.20	0.68	160	2	87.4	9/GR1
HWA00003	-174.80	20	-166.10	23.42	4.25	0.68	159	2	87.4	9/GR2
MEX01NTE	-77.80	20	-105.80	25.99	2.88	2.07	155	2	87.4	1
MEX02NTE	-135.80	20	-107.36	26.32	3.80	1.57	149	2	87.4	1
MEX02SUR	-126.80	20	-96.39	19.88	3.19	1.87	158	2	87.4	1
PNRIFRB2	-121.00	20	-80.15	8.46	1.01	0.73	170	1	87.4	
PRU00004	-85.80	20	-74.19	-8.39	3.74	2.45	112	2	87.4	
PTRVIR01	-100.80	20	-93.85	36.31	8.26	3.55	171	2	87.4	1 6 9/GR20
PTRVIR02	-109.80	20	-95.47	36.38	8.10	3.45	168	2	87.4	1 6 9/GR21
USAEH001	-61.30	20	-87.53	36.18	6.41	3.49	12	2	87.4	1 5 6
USAEH002	-100.80	20	-93.85	36.31	8.26	3.55	171	2	87.4	1 6 9/GR20
USAEH003	-109.80	20	-95.47	36.38	8.10	3.45	168	2	87.4	1 6 9/GR21
USAEH004	-118.80	20	-96.42	36.21	8.20	3.12	165	2	87.4	1 5 6
USAPSA02	-165.80	20	-109.83	36.82	6.03	1.12	137	2	87.4	9/GR1
USAPSA03	-174.80	20	-116.10	37.47	5.60	0.76	132	2	87.4	9/GR2
USAWH101	-147.80	20	-111.01	40.67	4.38	2.15	162	2	87.4	
USAWH102	-156.80	20	-113.01	40.71	3.74	1.79	149	2	87.4	
VEN02VEN	-103.80	20	-66.79	6.90	2.50	1.77	122	2	87.4	9/GR22
VEN11VEN	-103.80	20	-66.79	6.90	2.50	1.77	122	2	87.4	9/GR22

17 615.60 MHz (21)

1	2	3	4			5	6	7	8	9
1	L	3	4			3	0	1	8	9
ALS00002	-166.20	21	-109.94	36.86	6.04	1.11	137	1	87.4	9/GR1
ALS00003	-175.20	21	-116.23	37.50	5.60	0.75	132	1	87.4	9/GR2
ARGINSU4	-94.20	21	-52.98	-59.81	3.40	0.68	19	1	87.4	9/GR3
ARGINSU5	-55.20	21	-44.17	-59.91	3.77	0.70	13	1	87.4	9/GR4
ARGSUR04	-94.20	21	-65.04	-43.33	3.32	1.50	40	1	87.4	9/GR3
ARGSUR05	-55.20	21	-63.68	-43.01	2.54	2.38	152	1	87.4	9/GR4
B CE311	-64.20	21	-40.60	-6.07	3.04	2.06	174	1	87.4	8 9/GR7
B CE312	-45.20	21	-40.27	-6.06	3.44	2.09	174	1	87.4	8 9/GR9
B CE411 B CE412	-64.20 -45.20	21 21	-50.97 -50.71	-15.27 -15.30	3.86 3.57	1.38	49 52	1 1	87.4 87.4	8 9/GR7 8 9/GR9
B CE511	-43.20 -64.20	21	-50.71 -53.10	-2.90	2.44	1.56 2.13	104	1	87.4 87.4	8 9/GR9 8 9/GR7
B NO611	-74.20	21	-59.60	-11.62	2.85	1.69	165	2	87.4	8 9/GR8
B NO711	-74.20	21	-60.70	-1.78	3.54	1.78	126	2	87.4	8 9/GR8
B NO811	-74.20	21	-68.76	-4.71	2.37	1.65	73	2	87.4	8 9/GR8
B SU111	-81.20	21	-51.12	-25.63	2.76	1.05	50	1	87.4	8 9/GR6
B SU112	-45.20	21	-50.75	-25.62	2.47	1.48	56	1	87.4	8 9/GR9
B SU211	-81.20	21	-44.51	-16.95	3.22	1.36	60	1	87.4	8 9/GR6
B SU212	-45.20	21	-44.00	-16.87	3.20	1.96	58	1	87.4	8 9/GR9
BERBERMU	-96.20	21	-64.77	32.32	0.60	0.60	90	2	87.4	
BOLAND01	-115.20	21	-71.37	-4.69	6.49	2.57	87	1	87.4	9/GR5
CAN01101	-138.20	21	-125.63	57.24	3.45	1.27	157	1	87.4	9/GR10
CAN01201	-138.20	21	-112.04	55.95	3.35	0.97	151	1	87.4	9/GR10
CAN01202 CAN01203	-72.70 -129.20	21 21	-107.70 -111.48	55.63	2.74 3.08	1.12 1.15	32 151	1 1	87.4	9/GR12
CAN01203 CAN01303	-129.20 -129.20	21	-111.48	55.61 57.12	3.54	0.91	151	1	87.4 87.4	9/GR12 9/GR12
CAN01304	-91.20	21	-99.12	57.36	1.98	1.72	2	1	87.4	9/GR13
CAN01403	-129.20	21	-89.75	52.02	4.68	0.78	148	1	87.4	9/GR13
CAN01404	-91.20	21	-84.82	52.42	3.10	2.05	152	1	87.4	9/GR13
CAN01405	-82.20	21	-84.00	52.39	2.84	2.29	172	1	87.4	9/GR14
CAN01504	-91.20	21	-72.66	53.77	3.57	1.67	156	1	87.4	9/GR13
CAN01505	-82.20	21	-71.77	53.79	3.30	1.89	162	1	87.4	9/GR14
CAN01605	-82.20	21	-61.50	49.55	2.65	1.40	143	1	87.4	9/GR14
CAN01606	-70.70	21	-61.30	49.55	2.40	1.65	148	1	87.4	
CHLCONT5	-106.20	21	-72.23	-35.57	2.60	0.68	55	1	87.4	9/GR17
CHLPAC02	-106.20	21	-80.06	-30.06	1.36	0.68	69	1	87.4	9/GR17
CLMAND01 CLM00001	-115.20 -103.20	21 21	-71.37 -74.50	-4.69 5.87	6.49 3.98	2.57 1.96	87 118	1 1	87.4 87.4	9/GR5
EQACAND1	-105.20	21	-74.30 -71.37	-4.69	6.49	2.57	87	1	87.4	9/GR5
EQAGAND1	-115.20	21	-71.37 -71.37	-4.69	6.49	2.57	87	1	87.4	9/GR5
HWA00002	-166.20	21	-165.79	23.42	4.20	0.68	160	1	87.4	9/GR1
HWA00003	-175.20	21	-166.10	23.42	4.25	0.68	159	1	87.4	9/GR2
JMC00002	-92.70	21	-77.30	18.12	0.62	0.62	90	2	87.4	
KNA00001	-79.70	21	-62.46	17.44	0.60	0.60	90	1	87.4	
MEX01NTE	-78.20	21	-105.81	26.01	2.89	2.08	155	1	87.4	1
MEX01SUR	-69.20	21	-94.84	19.82	3.05	2.09	4	1	87.4	1
MEX02NTE	-136.20	21	-107.21	26.31	3.84	1.55	148	1	87.4	1
MEX02SUR	-127.20	21	-96.39	19.88	3.18	1.87	157	1	87.4	1
PAQPAC01	-106.20 -99.20	21 21	-109.18 -58.66	-27.53 -23.32	0.60 1.45	0.60	90 76	1 1	87.4 87.4	9/GR17
PRG00002 PRUAND02	-99.20 -115.20	21	-58.66 -71.37	-23.32 -4.69	6.49	1.04 2.57	76 87	1	87.4 87.4	9/GR5
PTRVIR01	-113.20	21	-71.37 -93.94	36.32	8.24	3.56	171	1	87.4 87.4	1 6 9/GR20
PTRVIR02	-101.20	21	-95.23	36.29	8.27	3.37	168	1	87.4	1 6 9/GR20 1 6 9/GR21
SPMFRAN3	-53.20	21	-67.24	47.51	3.16	0.79	7	1	87.4	27
SURINAM2	-84.70	21	-55.69	4.35	1.00	0.69	86	1	87.4	
URG00001	-71.70	21	-56.22	-32.52	1.02	0.89	11	1	87.4	
USAEH001	-61.70	21	-87.57	36.17	6.42	3.49	12	1	87.4	156
USAEH002	-101.20	21	-93.94	36.32	8.24	3.56	171	1	87.4	1 6 9/GR20
USAEH003	-110.20	21	-95.23	36.29	8.27	3.37	168	1	87.4	1 6 9/GR21
USAEH004	-119.20	21	-96.45	36.21	8.20	3.12	165	1	87.4	156
USAPSA02	-166.20	21	-109.94	36.86	6.04	1.11	137	1	87.4	9/GR1
USAPSA03	-175.20	21	-116.23	37.50	5.60	0.75	132	1	87.4	9/GR2
USAWH101	-148.20	21 21	-111.02	40.68	4.36	2.15	162	1	87.4	
USAWH102 VENAND03	-157.20 -115.20	21	-113.07 -71.37	40.74 -4.69	3.72 6.49	1.78 2.57	149 87	1	87.4 87.4	9/GR5
TENANDO3	-115.20	- 41	-/1.5/	-4.09	0.47	2.31	67	1	07.4	<i>7</i> /GIG

17 630.18 MHz (22)

1	2	3	4			5	6	7	8	9
ALS00002	-165.80	22	-109.83	36.82	6.03	1.12	137	2	87.4	9/GR1
ALS00003	-174.80	22	-116.10	37.47	5.60	0.76	132	2	87.4	9/GR2
ARGNORT4	-93.80	22	-63.96	-30.01	3.86	1.99	48	2	87.4), G162
ARGNORT5	-54.80	22	-62.85	-29.80	3.24	2.89	47	2	87.4	
ATNBEAM1	-52.80	22	-66.44	14.87	1.83	0.68	39	2	87.4	
B CE311	-63.80	22	-40.60	-6.07	3.04	2.06	174	2	87.4	8 9/GR7
B CE312	-44.80	22	-40.26	-6.06	3.44	2.09	174	2	87.4	8 9/GR9
B CE411	-63.80	22	-50.97	-15.26	3.86	1.38	49	2	87.4	8 9/GR7
B CE412	-44.80	22	-50.71	-15.30	3.57	1.56	52	2	87.4	8 9/GR9
B CE511	-63.80	22	-53.11	-2.98	2.42	2.15	107	2	87.4	8 9/GR7
B NO611	-73.80	22	-59.60	-11.62	2.86	1.69	165	1	87.4	8 9/GR8
B NO711	-73.80	22	-60.70	-1.78	3.54	1.78	126	1	87.4	8 9/GR8
B NO811	-73.80	22	-68.75	-4.71	2.37	1.65	73	1	87.4	8 9/GR8
B SE911	-101.80	22	-45.99	-19.09	2.22	0.79	62	2	87.4	8
B SU111 B SU112	-80.80 -44.80	22 22	-51.10 -50.76	-25.64	2.76 2.47	1.06	50 56	2 2	87.4 87.4	8 9/GR6 8 9/GR9
B SU112 B SU211	-44.80 -80.80	22	-50.76 -44.51	-25.62 -16.94	3.22	1.48	60	2	87.4 87.4	8 9/GR9 8 9/GR6
B SU211	-80.80 -44.80	22	-44.31 -43.99	-16.94 -16.97	3.22	1.37 1.92	59	2	87.4 87.4	8 9/GR9
BLZ00001	-44.80	22	-43.99 -88.68	17.27	0.62	0.62	90	2	87.4 87.4	8 9/GK9
CAN01101	-113.80	22	-125.60	57.24	3.45	1.27	157	2	87.4	9/GR10
CAN01101 CAN01201	-137.80	22	-111.92	55.89	3.33	0.98	151	2	87.4	9/GR10 9/GR10
CAN01201 CAN01202	-72.30	22	-107.64	55.62	2.75	1.11	32	2	87.4	3/GK10
CAN01202	-128.80	22	-111.43	55.56	3.07	1.15	151	2	87.4	9/GR12
CAN01303	-128.80	22	-102.39	57.12	3.54	0.92	154	2	87.4	9/GR12
CAN01304	-90.80	22	-99.00	57.33	1.96	1.73	1	2	87.4	9/GR13
CAN01403	-128.80	22	-89.70	52.02	4.67	0.79	148	2	87.4	9/GR12
CAN01404	-90.80	22	-84.78	52.41	3.09	2.06	153	2	87.4	9/GR13
CAN01405	-81.80	22	-84.02	52.34	2.82	2.30	172	2	87.4	9/GR14
CAN01504	-90.80	22	-72.68	53.78	3.57	1.67	157	2	87.4	9/GR13
CAN01505	-81.80	22	-71.76	53.76	3.30	1.89	162	2	87.4	9/GR14
CAN01605	-81.80	22	-61.54	49.50	2.66	1.39	144	2	87.4	9/GR14
CAN01606	-70.30	22	-61.32	49.51	2.41	1.65	148	2	87.4	
CHLCONT4	-105.80	22	-69.59	-23.20	2.21	0.69	68	2	87.4	9/GR16
CHLCONT6	-105.80	22	-73.52	-55.52	3.65	1.31	39	2	87.4	9/GR16
CRBBAH01	-92.30	22	-76.09	24.13	1.83	0.68	141	1	87.4	9/GR18
CRBBER01 CRBBLZ01	-92.30 -92.30	22 22	-64.76	32.13 17.26	0.60	0.60 0.64	90 90	1	87.4 87.4	9/GR18 9/GR18
CRBEC001	-92.30 -92.30	22	-88.61 -60.07	8.26	0.64 4.20	0.86	115	1	87.4 87.4	9/GR18
CRBJMC01	-92.30 -92.30	22	-79.45	17.97	0.99	0.68	151	1	87.4	9/GR18
CTR00201	-130.80	22	-84.33	9.67	0.82	0.68	119	2	87.4	3/GK16
DMAIFRB1	-79.30	22	-61.30	15.35	0.60	0.60	90	2	87.4	
EQAC0001	-94.80	22	-78.31	-1.52	1.48	1.15	65	1	87.4	9/GR19
EQAG0001	-94.80	22	-90.36	-0.57	0.94	0.89	99	1	87.4	9/GR19
HWA00002	-165.80	22	-165.79	23.32	4.20	0.68	160	2	87.4	9/GR1
HWA00003	-174.80	22	-166.10	23.42	4.25	0.68	159	2	87.4	9/GR2
MEX01NTE	-77.80	22	-105.80	25.99	2.88	2.07	155	2	87.4	1
MEX02NTE	-135.80	22	-107.36	26.32	3.80	1.57	149	2	87.4	1
MEX02SUR	-126.80	22	-96.39	19.88	3.19	1.87	158	2	87.4	1
NCG00003	-107.30	22	-84.99	12.90	1.05	1.01	176	1	87.4	
PRU00004	-85.80	22	-74.19	-8.39	3.74	2.45	112	2	87.4	
PTRVIR01	-100.80	22	-93.85	36.31	8.26	3.55	171	2	87.4	1 6 9/GR20
PTRVIR02	-109.80	22	-95.47	36.38	8.10	3.45	168	2	87.4	1 6 9/GR21
USAEH001	-61.30	22	-87.53	36.18	6.41	3.49	12	2	87.4	156
USAEH002	-100.80	22	-93.85	36.31	8.26	3.55	171	2	87.4	1 6 9/GR20
USAEH003 USAEH004	-109.80	22 22	-95.47 -96.42	36.38	8.10 8.20	3.45	168 165	2 2	87.4 87.4	1 6 9/GR21 1 5 6
USAEH004 USAPSA02	-118.80 -165.80	22	-96.42 -109.83	36.21 36.82	6.03	3.12 1.12	165	2	87.4 87.4	9/GR1
USAPSA02 USAPSA03	-163.80 -174.80	22	-109.83 -116.10	37.47	5.60	0.76	137	2	87.4 87.4	9/GR1 9/GR2
USAWH101	-147.80	22	-110.10	40.67	4.38	2.15	162	2	87.4 87.4	J/GK2
USAWH101 USAWH102	-156.80	22	-111.01	40.07	3.74	1.79	149	2	87.4	
VEN11VEN	-103.80	22	-66.79	6.90	2.50	1.77	122	2	87.4	
	233.00]	3.70				1		

17 644.76 MHz (23)

1	2	3	4			5	6	7	8	9
ALS00002	-166.20	23	-109.94	26.06	6.04	1 11	137	1	87.4	9/GR1
ALS00002 ALS00003	-166.20 -175.20	23	-109.94 -116.23	36.86 37.50	5.60	1.11 0.75	137	1	87.4 87.4	9/GR1 9/GR2
ARGINSU4	-94.20	23	-52.98	-59.81	3.40	0.73	19	1	87.4	9/GR2 9/GR3
ARGINSU5	-55.20	23	-44.17	-59.91	3.77	0.70	13	1	87.4	9/GR4
ARGSUR04	-94.20	23	-65.04	-43.33	3.32	1.50	40	1	87.4	9/GR3
ARGSUR05	-55.20	23	-63.68	-43.01	2.54	2.38	152	1	87.4	9/GR4
B CE311	-64.20	23	-40.60	-6.07	3.04	2.06	174	1	87.4	8 9/GR7
B CE312	-45.20	23	-40.27	-6.06	3.44	2.09	174	1	87.4	8 9/GR9
B CE411	-64.20	23	-50.97	-15.27	3.86	1.38	49	1	87.4	8 9/GR7
B CE412	-45.20	23	-50.71	-15.30	3.57	1.56	52	1	87.4	8 9/GR9
B CE511	-64.20	23	-53.10	-2.90	2.44	2.13	104	1	87.4	8 9/GR7
B NO611	-74.20	23	-59.60	-11.62	2.85	1.69	165	2	87.4	8 9/GR8
B NO711	-74.20	23	-60.70	-1.78	3.54	1.78	126	2	87.4	8 9/GR8
B NO811 B SU111	-74.20	23	-68.76	-4.71	2.37	1.65	73 50	2	87.4	8 9/GR8
B SU111	-81.20 -45.20	23 23	-51.12 -50.75	-25.63 -25.62	2.76 2.47	1.05 1.48	50 56	1	87.4 87.4	8 9/GR6 8 9/GR9
B SU211	-43.20 -81.20	23	-30.73 -44.51	-25.02 -16.95	3.22	1.46	60	1	87.4	8 9/GR6
B SU212	-45.20	23	-44.00	-16.87	3.20	1.96	58	1	87.4	8 9/GR9
BERBERMU	-96.20	23	-64.77	32.32	0.60	0.60	90	2	87.4	0 7/ GIC
BOLAND01	-115.20	23	-71.37	-4.69	6.49	2.57	87	1	87.4	9/GR5
BOL00001	-87.20	23	-64.61	-16.71	2.52	2.19	85	1	87.4	
BRB00001	-92.70	23	-59.85	12.93	0.60	0.60	90	2	87.4	
CAN01101	-138.20	23	-125.63	57.24	3.45	1.27	157	1	87.4	9/GR10
CAN01201	-138.20	23	-112.04	55.95	3.35	0.97	151	1	87.4	9/GR10
CAN01202	-72.70	23	-107.70	55.63	2.74	1.12	32	1	87.4	
CAN01203	-129.20	23	-111.48	55.61	3.08	1.15	151	1	87.4	9/GR12
CAN01303	-129.20	23	-102.42	57.12	3.54	0.91	154	1	87.4	9/GR12
CAN01304	-91.20	23	-99.12	57.36	1.98	1.72	2	1	87.4	9/GR13
CAN01403	-129.20	23	-89.75	52.02	4.68	0.78	148	1	87.4	9/GR12
CAN01404 CAN01405	-91.20 -82.20	23 23	-84.82 -84.00	52.42 52.39	3.10	2.05 2.29	152 172	1	87.4	9/GR13 9/GR14
CAN01403 CAN01504	-82.20 -91.20	23	-84.00 -72.66	53.77	2.84 3.57	1.67	156	1	87.4 87.4	9/GR13
CAN01504 CAN01505	-82.20	23	-72.00 -71.77	53.77	3.30	1.89	162	1	87.4	9/GR13 9/GR14
CAN01605	-82.20	23	-61.50	49.55	2.65	1.40	143	1	87.4	9/GR14
CAN01606	-70.70	23	-61.30	49.55	2.40	1.65	148	1	87.4	7,01111
CHLCONT5	-106.20	23	-72.23	-35.57	2.60	0.68	55	1	87.4	9/GR17
CHLPAC02	-106.20	23	-80.06	-30.06	1.36	0.68	69	1	87.4	9/GR17
CLMAND01	-115.20	23	-71.37	-4.69	6.49	2.57	87	1	87.4	9/GR5
CLM00001	-103.20	23	-74.50	5.87	3.98	1.96	118	1	87.4	
CUB00001	-89.20	23	-79.81	21.62	2.24	0.68	168	1	87.4	
EQACAND1	-115.20	23	-71.37	-4.69	6.49	2.57	87	1	87.4	9/GR5
EQAGAND1	-115.20	23	-71.37	-4.69	6.49	2.57	87	1	87.4	9/GR5
GRD00059	-57.20	23	-61.58	12.29	0.60	0.60	90	1	87.4	2
GRLDNK01 GUY00201	-53.20 -84.70	23 23	-44.89 -59.19	66.56 4.78	2.70 1.44	0.82 0.85	173 95	1	87.4 87.4	2
HWA00002	-84.70 -166.20	23	-59.19 -165.79	23.42	4.20	0.85	160	1	87.4 87.4	9/GR1
HWA00002 HWA00003	-175.20	23	-166.10	23.42	4.25	0.68	159	1	87.4	9/GR1 9/GR2
MEX01NTE	-78.20	23	-105.81	26.01	2.89	2.08	155	1	87.4	1
MEX01SUR	-69.20	23	-94.84	19.82	3.05	2.09	4	1	87.4	1
MEX02NTE	-136.20	23	-107.21	26.31	3.84	1.55	148	1	87.4	1
MEX02SUR	-127.20	23	-96.39	19.88	3.18	1.87	157	1	87.4	1
MSR00001	-79.70	23	-61.73	16.75	0.60	0.60	90	1	87.4	4
PAQPAC01	-106.20	23	-109.18	-27.53	0.60	0.60	90	1	87.4	9/GR17
PRG00002	-99.20	23	-58.66	-23.32	1.45	1.04	76	1	87.4	
PRUAND02	-115.20	23	-71.37	-4.69	6.49	2.57	87	1	87.4	9/GR5
PTRVIR01	-101.20	23	-93.94 05.22	36.32	8.24	3.56	171	1	87.4	1 6 9/GR20
PTRVIR02	-110.20	23	-95.23 56.22	36.29 -32.52	8.27	3.37	168	1	87.4	1 6 9/GR21
URG00001 USAEH001	-71.70 -61.70	23 23	-56.22 -87.57	-32.52 36.17	1.02 6.42	0.89 3.49	11 12	1	87.4 87.4	156
USAEH001 USAEH002	-61.70 -101.20	23	-87.57 -93.94	36.17	8.24	3.49	171	1	87.4 87.4	1 6 9/GR20
USAEH002 USAEH003	-101.20	23	-95.94 -95.23	36.32	8.27	3.30	168	1	87.4	1 6 9/GR20 1 6 9/GR21
USAEH003	-110.20	23	-95.25 -96.45	36.21	8.20	3.12	165	1	87.4	1 5 6
USAPSA02	-119.20	23	-109.94	36.86	6.04	1.11	137	1	87.4	9/GR1
USAPSA03	-175.20	23	-116.23	37.50	5.60	0.75	132	1	87.4	9/GR2
USAWH101	-148.20	23	-111.02	40.68	4.36	2.15	162	1	87.4	· · · · · ·
USAWH102	-157.20	23	-113.07	40.74	3.72	1.78	149	1	87.4	
VENAND03	-115.20	23	-71.37	-4.69	6.49	2.57	87	1	87.4	9/GR5

17 659.34 MHz (24)

1	2	3	4		:	5	6	7	8	9
ALS00002	-165.80	24	-109.83	36.82	6.03	1.12	137	2	87.4	9/GR1
ALS00003	-174.80	24	-116.10	37.47	5.60	0.76	132	2	87.4	9/GR2
ARGNORT4	-93.80	24	-63.96	-30.01	3.86	1.99	48	2	87.4	,,
ARGNORT5	-54.80	24	-62.85	-29.80	3.24	2.89	47	2	87.4	
B CE311	-63.80	24	-40.60	-6.07	3.04	2.06	174	2	87.4	8 9/GR7
B CE312	-44.80	24	-40.26	-6.06	3.44	2.09	174	2	87.4	8 9/GR9
B CE411	-63.80	24	-50.97	-15.26	3.86	1.38	49	2	87.4	8 9/GR7
B CE412	-44.80	24	-50.71	-15.30	3.57	1.56	52	2	87.4	8 9/GR9
B CE511	-63.80	24	-53.11	-2.98	2.42	2.15	107	2	87.4	8 9/GR7
B NO611	-73.80	24	-59.60	-11.62	2.86	1.69	165	1	87.4	8 9/GR8
B NO711	-73.80	24	-60.70	-1.78	3.54	1.78	126	1	87.4	8 9/GR8
B NO811	-73.80	24	-68.75	-4.71	2.37	1.65	73	1	87.4	8 9/GR8
B SE911	-101.80	24	-45.99	-19.09	2.22	0.79	62	2	87.4	8
B SU111	-80.80	24	-51.10	-25.64	2.76	1.06	50	2	87.4	8 9/GR6
B SU112	-44.80 -80.80	24 24	-50.76	-25.62	2.47 3.22	1.48	56 60	2 2	87.4 87.4	8 9/GR9
B SU211 B SU212	-80.80 -44.80	24	-44.51 -43.99	-16.94 -16.97	3.22	1.37 1.92	59	2	87.4 87.4	8 9/GR6
CAN01101	-44.80 -137.80	24	-43.99 -125.60	-16.97 57.24	3.45	1.92	157	2	87.4 87.4	8 9/GR9 9/GR10
CAN01101 CAN01201	-137.80	24	-123.60	55.89	3.33	0.98	151	2	87.4 87.4	9/GR10 9/GR10
CAN01201 CAN01202	-72.30	24	-111.92	55.62	2.75	1.11	32	2	87.4	9/GK10
CAN01202 CAN01203	-128.80	24	-111.43	55.56	3.07	1.15	151	2	87.4	9/GR12
CAN01203 CAN01303	-128.80	24	-102.39	57.12	3.54	0.92	154	2	87.4	9/GR12
CAN01304	-90.80	24	-99.00	57.33	1.96	1.73	1	2	87.4	9/GR13
CAN01403	-128.80	24	-89.70	52.02	4.67	0.79	148	2	87.4	9/GR12
CAN01404	-90.80	24	-84.78	52.41	3.09	2.06	153	2	87.4	9/GR13
CAN01405	-81.80	24	-84.02	52.34	2.82	2.30	172	2	87.4	9/GR14
CAN01504	-90.80	24	-72.68	53.78	3.57	1.67	157	2	87.4	9/GR13
CAN01505	-81.80	24	-71.76	53.76	3.30	1.89	162	2	87.4	9/GR14
CAN01605	-81.80	24	-61.54	49.50	2.66	1.39	144	2	87.4	9/GR14
CAN01606	-70.30	24	-61.32	49.51	2.41	1.65	148	2	87.4	
CHLCONT4	-105.80	24	-69.59	-23.20	2.21	0.69	68	2	87.4	9/GR16
CHLCONT6	-105.80	24	-73.52	-55.52	3.65	1.31	39	2	87.4	9/GR16
CRBBAH01	-92.30	24	-76.09	24.13	1.83	0.68	141	1	87.4	9/GR18
CRBBER01	-92.30	24	-64.76	32.13	0.60	0.60	90	1	87.4	9/GR18
CRBBLZ01	-92.30	24	-88.61	17.26	0.64	0.64	90	1	87.4	9/GR18
CRBEC001	-92.30 -92.30	24 24	-60.07 -79.45	8.26 17.97	4.20 0.99	0.86	115 151	1 1	87.4 87.4	9/GR18 9/GR18
CRBJMC01 EQAC0001	-92.30 -94.80	24	-79.43 -78.31	-1.52	1.48	0.68 1.15	65	1	87.4 87.4	9/GR18 9/GR19
EQAC0001 EOAG0001	-94.80 -94.80	24	-90.36	-0.57	0.94	0.89	99	1	87.4	9/GR19
GRD00003	-79.30	24	-61.62	12.34	0.60	0.60	90	2	87.4)/GK1)
GTMIFRB2	-107.30	24	-90.50	15.64	1.03	0.74	84	1	87.4	
GUFMGG02	-52.80	24	-56.42	8.47	4.16	0.81	123	2	87.4	27
HWA00002	-165.80	24	-165.79	23.32	4.20	0.68	160	2	87.4	9/GR1
HWA00003	-174.80	24	-166.10	23.42	4.25	0.68	159	2	87.4	9/GR2
MEX01NTE	-77.80	24	-105.80	25.99	2.88	2.07	155	2	87.4	1
MEX02NTE	-135.80	24	-107.36	26.32	3.80	1.57	149	2	87.4	1
MEX02SUR	-126.80	24	-96.39	19.88	3.19	1.87	158	2	87.4	1
PNRIFRB2	-121.00	24	-80.15	8.46	1.01	0.73	170	1	87.4	
PRU00004	-85.80	24	-74.19	-8.39	3.74	2.45	112	2	87.4	
PTRVIR01	-100.80	24	-93.85	36.31	8.26	3.55	171	2	87.4	1 6 9/GR20
PTRVIR02	-109.80	24	-95.47	36.38	8.10	3.45	168	2	87.4	1 6 9/GR21
USAEH001	-61.30	24	-87.53	36.18	6.41	3.49	12	2	87.4	156
USAEH002	-100.80	24	-93.85	36.31	8.26	3.55	171	2 2	87.4	1 6 9/GR20
USAEH003	-109.80	24	-95.47	36.38	8.10	3.45	168	2	87.4	1 6 9/GR21
USAEH004 USAPSA02	-118.80 -165.80	24 24	-96.42 -109.83	36.21 36.82	8.20 6.03	3.12 1.12	165 137	2	87.4 87.4	1 5 6 9/GR1
USAPSA02 USAPSA03	-165.80 -174.80	24	-109.83 -116.10	36.82 37.47	5.60	0.76	137	2	87.4 87.4	9/GR1 9/GR2
USAWH101	-174.80 -147.80	24	-110.10	40.67	4.38	2.15	162	2	87.4 87.4	2/ GRZ
USAWH101 USAWH102	-156.80	24	-111.01	40.07	3.74	1.79	149	2	87.4	
VEN02VEN	-103.80	24	-66.79	6.90	2.50	1.77	122	2	87.4	9/GR22
VENUZVEN VENUVEN	-103.80	24	-66.79	6.90	2.50	1.77	122	2	87.4	9/GR22
	233.00	l -·	1	3.70				l -		

17 673.92 MHz (25)

1	2	3	4			5	6	7	8	9
AT 000002	166.20	25	100.04	26.05	6.04		127	,	97.4	o/CD1
ALS00002	-166.20	25 25	-109.94	36.86	6.04	1.11	137	1	87.4	9/GR1
ALS00003 ARGINSU4	-175.20 -94.20	25 25	-116.23 -52.98	37.50 -59.81	5.60 3.40	0.75 0.68	132 19	1	87.4 87.4	9/GR2 9/GR3
ARGINSU4 ARGINSU5	-94.20 -55.20	25 25	-52.98 -44.17	-59.81 -59.91	3.40	0.68	13	1	87.4 87.4	9/GR3 9/GR4
ARGINSUS ARGSUR04	-94.20	25	-44.17 -65.04	-39.91 -43.33	3.32	1.50	40	1	87.4 87.4	9/GR4 9/GR3
ARGSUR04 ARGSUR05	-94.20 -55.20	25	-63.68	-43.33 -43.01	2.54	2.38	152	1	87.4 87.4	9/GR3 9/GR4
B CE311	-53.20 -64.20	25	-40.60	-43.01 -6.07	3.04	2.36	174	1	87.4 87.4	8 9/GR7
B CE311	-45.20	25	-40.27	-6.06	3.44	2.09	174	1	87.4	8 9/GR9
B CE312	-64.20	25	-50.97	-15.27	3.86	1.38	49	1	87.4	8 9/GR7
B CE412	-45.20	25	-50.71	-15.30	3.57	1.56	52	1	87.4	8 9/GR9
B CE511	-64.20	25	-53.10	-2.90	2.44	2.13	104	1	87.4	8 9/GR7
B NO611	-74.20	25	-59.60	-11.62	2.85	1.69	165	2	87.4	8 9/GR8
B NO711	-74.20	25	-60.70	-1.78	3.54	1.78	126	2	87.4	8 9/GR8
B NO811	-74.20	25	-68.76	-4.71	2.37	1.65	73	2	87.4	8 9/GR8
B SU111	-81.20	25	-51.12	-25.63	2.76	1.05	50	1	87.4	8 9/GR6
B SU112	-45.20	25	-50.75	-25.62	2.47	1.48	56	1	87.4	8 9/GR9
B SU211	-81.20	25	-44.51	-16.95	3.22	1.36	60	1	87.4	8 9/GR6
B SU212	-45.20	25	-44.00	-16.87	3.20	1.96	58	1	87.4	8 9/GR9
BERBERMU	-96.20	25	-64.77	32.32	0.60	0.60	90	2	87.4	
BOLAND01	-115.20	25	-71.37	-4.69	6.49	2.57	87	1	87.4	9/GR5
CAN01101	-138.20	25	-125.63	57.24	3.45	1.27	157	1	87.4	9/GR10
CAN01201	-138.20	25	-112.04	55.95	3.35	0.97	151	1	87.4	9/GR10
CAN01202	-72.70	25	-107.70	55.63	2.74	1.12	32	1	87.4	
CAN01203	-129.20	25	-111.48	55.61	3.08	1.15	151	1	87.4	9/GR12
CAN01303	-129.20	25	-102.42	57.12	3.54	0.91	154	1	87.4	9/GR12
CAN01304	-91.20	25	-99.12	57.36	1.98	1.72	2	1	87.4	9/GR13
CAN01403	-129.20	25	-89.75	52.02	4.68	0.78	148	1	87.4	9/GR12
CAN01404	-91.20	25	-84.82	52.42	3.10	2.05	152	1	87.4	9/GR13
CAN01405	-82.20	25	-84.00	52.39	2.84	2.29	172	1	87.4	9/GR14
CAN01504	-91.20	25	-72.66	53.77	3.57	1.67	156	1	87.4	9/GR13
CAN01505	-82.20	25	-71.77	53.79	3.30	1.89	162	1	87.4	9/GR14
CAN01605	-82.20	25	-61.50	49.55	2.65	1.40	143	1	87.4	9/GR14
CAN01606	-70.70	25	-61.30	49.55	2.40	1.65	148	1	87.4	
CHLCONT5	-106.20	25	-72.23	-35.57	2.60	0.68	55	1	87.4	9/GR17
CHLPAC02	-106.20	25	-80.06	-30.06	1.36	0.68	69	1	87.4	9/GR17
CLMAND01	-115.20	25	-71.37	-4.69	6.49	2.57	87	1	87.4	9/GR5
CLM00001	-103.20	25	-74.50	5.87	3.98	1.96	118	1	87.4	
EQACAND1	-115.20	25	-71.37	-4.69	6.49	2.57	87	1	87.4	9/GR5
EQAGAND1	-115.20	25	-71.37	-4.69	6.49	2.57	87	1	87.4	9/GR5
HWA00002	-166.20	25	-165.79	23.42	4.20	0.68	160	1	87.4	9/GR1
HWA00003	-175.20	25	-166.10	23.42	4.25	0.68	159	1	87.4	9/GR2
JMC00002	-92.70	25	-77.30	18.12	0.62	0.62	90 90	2	87.4	
KNA00001	-79.70	25	-62.46	17.44	0.60	0.60		1	87.4	
MEX01NTE	-78.20	25	-105.81	26.01	2.89	2.08	155	1	87.4	1
MEXO1SUR	-69.20 -136.20	25 25	-94.84 -107.21	19.82 26.31	3.05 3.84	2.09 1.55	4 148	1	87.4 87.4	1
MEX02NTE MEX02SUR	-136.20 -127.20	25	-107.21 -96.39	19.88	3.18	1.55	148	1	87.4 87.4	1
PAOPAC01	-127.20 -106.20	25 25	-96.39 -109.18	-27.53	0.60	0.60	90	1	87.4 87.4	9/GR17
PRG00002	-106.20 -99.20	25 25	-109.18 -58.66	-27.53 -23.32	1.45	1.04	76	1	87.4 87.4	2/ GK1 /
PRUAND02	-115.20	25	-71.37	-23.32 -4.69	6.49	2.57	87	1	87.4	9/GR5
PTRVIR01	-101.20	25	-93.94	36.32	8.24	3.56	171	1	87.4	1 6 9/GR20
PTRVIR02	-110.20	25	-95.23	36.29	8.27	3.37	168	1	87.4	1 6 9/GR21
SPMFRAN3	-53.20	25	-67.24	47.51	3.16	0.79	7	1	87.4	27
SURINAM2	-84.70	25	-55.69	4.35	1.00	0.79	86	1	87.4	[- ·
URG00001	-71.70	25	-56.22	-32.52	1.02	0.89	11	1	87.4	
USAEH001	-61.70	25	-87.57	36.17	6.42	3.49	12	1	87.4	156
USAEH002	-101.20	25	-93.94	36.32	8.24	3.56	171	1	87.4	1 6 9/GR20
USAEH003	-110.20	25	-95.23	36.29	8.27	3.37	168	1	87.4	1 6 9/GR21
USAEH004	-119.20	25	-96.45	36.21	8.20	3.12	165	1	87.4	156
USAPSA02	-166.20	25	-109.94	36.86	6.04	1.11	137	1	87.4	9/GR1
USAPSA03	-175.20	25	-116.23	37.50	5.60	0.75	132	1	87.4	9/GR2
USAWH101	-148.20	25	-111.02	40.68	4.36	2.15	162	1	87.4	
USAWH102	-157.20	25	-113.07	40.74	3.72	1.78	149	1	87.4	
VENAND03	-115.20	25	-71.37	-4.69	6.49	2.57	87	1	87.4	9/GR5

17 688.50 MHz (26)

1	2	3	4			5	6	7	8	9
ALS00002	-165.80	26	-109.83	36.82	6.03	1.12	137	2	87.4	9/GR1
ALS00003	-174.80	26	-116.10	37.47	5.60	0.76	132	2	87.4	9/GR2
ARGNORT4	-93.80	26	-63.96	-30.01	3.86	1.99	48	2	87.4	
ARGNORT5	-54.80	26	-62.85	-29.80	3.24	2.89	47	2	87.4	
ATNBEAM1	-52.80	26	-66.44	14.87	1.83	0.68	39	2	87.4	
B CE311	-63.80	26	-40.60	-6.07	3.04	2.06	174	2	87.4	8 9/GR7
B CE312	-44.80	26	-40.26	-6.06	3.44	2.09	174	2	87.4	8 9/GR9
B CE411	-63.80	26	-50.97	-15.26	3.86	1.38	49	2	87.4	8 9/GR7
B CE412	-44.80	26	-50.71	-15.30	3.57	1.56	52	2	87.4	8 9/GR9
B CE511	-63.80	26	-53.11	-2.98	2.42	2.15	107	2	87.4	8 9/GR7
B NO611	-73.80	26	-59.60	-11.62	2.86	1.69	165	1	87.4	8 9/GR8
B NO711	-73.80	26	-60.70	-1.78	3.54	1.78	126	1	87.4	8 9/GR8
B NO811	-73.80	26	-68.75	-4.71	2.37	1.65	73	1	87.4	8 9/GR8
B SE911	-101.80	26	-45.99	-19.09	2.22	0.79	62	2 2	87.4	8 0.0/CDc
B SU111 B SU112	-80.80 -44.80	26 26	-51.10 -50.76	-25.64 -25.62	2.76 2.47	1.06 1.48	50 56	2	87.4 87.4	8 9/GR6 8 9/GR9
B SU211	-44.80 -80.80	26	-30.76 -44.51	-23.62 -16.94	3.22		60	2	87.4 87.4	8 9/GR9
B SU211	-80.80 -44.80	26	-44.31 -43.99	-16.94 -16.97	3.22	1.37 1.92	59	2	87.4 87.4	8 9/GR9
BLZ00001	-44.80	26	-43.99 -88.68	17.27	0.62	0.62	90	2	87.4 87.4	8 9/GK9
CAN01101	-113.80	26	-125.60	57.24	3.45	1.27	157	2	87.4	9/GR10
CAN01101 CAN01201	-137.80	26	-123.00 -111.92	55.89	3.43	0.98	151	2	87.4	9/GR10 9/GR10
CAN01201 CAN01202	-72.30	26	-111.92 -107.64	55.62	2.75	1.11	32	2	87.4	9/GK10
CAN01202 CAN01203	-128.80	26	-111.43	55.56	3.07	1.15	151	2	87.4	9/GR12
CAN01303	-128.80	26	-102.39	57.12	3.54	0.92	154	2	87.4	9/GR12
CAN01303	-90.80	26	-99.00	57.33	1.96	1.73	1	2	87.4	9/GR13
CAN01403	-128.80	26	-89.70	52.02	4.67	0.79	148	2	87.4	9/GR12
CAN01404	-90.80	26	-84.78	52.41	3.09	2.06	153	2	87.4	9/GR13
CAN01405	-81.80	26	-84.02	52.34	2.82	2.30	172	2	87.4	9/GR14
CAN01504	-90.80	26	-72.68	53.78	3.57	1.67	157	2	87.4	9/GR13
CAN01505	-81.80	26	-71.76	53.76	3.30	1.89	162	2	87.4	9/GR14
CAN01605	-81.80	26	-61.54	49.50	2.66	1.39	144	2	87.4	9/GR14
CAN01606	-70.30	26	-61.32	49.51	2.41	1.65	148	2	87.4	
CHLCONT4	-105.80	26	-69.59	-23.20	2.21	0.69	68	2	87.4	9/GR16
CHLCONT6	-105.80	26	-73.52	-55.52	3.65	1.31	39	2	87.4	9/GR16
CRBBAH01	-92.30	26	-76.09	24.13	1.83	0.68	141	1	87.4	9/GR18
CRBBER01	-92.30	26	-64.76	32.13	0.60	0.60	90	1	87.4	9/GR18
CRBBLZ01	-92.30	26	-88.61	17.26	0.64	0.64	90	1	87.4	9/GR18
CRBEC001	-92.30	26	-60.07	8.26	4.20	0.86	115	1	87.4	9/GR18
CRBJMC01	-92.30	26	-79.45	17.97	0.99	0.68	151	1	87.4	9/GR18
CTR00201	-130.80	26	-84.33	9.67	0.82	0.68	119	2	87.4	
DMAIFRB1	-79.30	26	-61.30	15.35	0.60	0.60	90	2	87.4	0/07/10
EQAC0001 EQAG0001	-94.80 -94.80	26 26	-78.31 -90.36	-1.52 -0.57	1.48 0.94	1.15 0.89	65 99	1	87.4 87.4	9/GR19 9/GR19
HWA00002	-94.80 -165.80	26	-90.36 -165.79	23.32	4.20	0.89	160	2	87.4 87.4	9/GR19 9/GR1
HWA00002 HWA00003	-165.80 -174.80	26	-165.79 -166.10	23.32	4.20	0.68	159	2	87.4 87.4	9/GR1 9/GR2
MEX01NTE	-174.80 -77.80	26	-105.80	25.42	2.88	2.07	155	2	87.4 87.4	9/GR2
MEX01NTE MEX02NTE	-135.80	26	-107.36	26.32	3.80	1.57	149	2	87.4	1
MEX02SUR	-126.80	26	-96.39	19.88	3.19	1.87	158	2	87.4	1
NCG00003	-107.30	26	-84.99	12.90	1.05	1.01	176	1	87.4	1
PRU00004	-85.80	26	-74.19	-8.39	3.74	2.45	112	2	87.4	
PTRVIR01	-100.80	26	-93.85	36.31	8.26	3.55	171	2	87.4	1 6 9/GR20
PTRVIR02	-109.80	26	-95.47	36.38	8.10	3.45	168	2	87.4	1 6 9/GR21
USAEH001	-61.30	26	-87.53	36.18	6.41	3.49	12	2	87.4	156
USAEH002	-100.80	26	-93.85	36.31	8.26	3.55	171	2	87.4	1 6 9/GR20
USAEH003	-109.80	26	-95.47	36.38	8.10	3.45	168	2	87.4	1 6 9/GR21
USAEH004	-118.80	26	-96.42	36.21	8.20	3.12	165	2	87.4	156
USAPSA02	-165.80	26	-109.83	36.82	6.03	1.12	137	2	87.4	9/GR1
USAPSA03	-174.80	26	-116.10	37.47	5.60	0.76	132	2	87.4	9/GR2
USAWH101	-147.80	26	-111.01	40.67	4.38	2.15	162	2	87.4	
USAWH102	-156.80	26	-113.01	40.71	3.74	1.79	149	2	87.4	
VEN11VEN	-103.80	26	-66.79	6.90	2.50	1.77	122	2	87.4	ı

17 703.08 MHz (27)

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ALS00002	-166.20	27	-109.94	36.86	6.04	1.11	137	1	87.4	9/GR1
ALS00003	-175.20	27	-116.23	37.50	5.60	0.75	132	1	87.4	9/GR2
ARGINSU4	-94.20	27	-52.98	-59.81	3.40	0.68	19	1	87.4	9/GR3
ARGINSU5	-55.20	27	-44.17	-59.91	3.77	0.70	13	1	87.4	9/GR4
ARGSUR04	-94.20	27	-65.04	-43.33	3.32	1.50	40	1	87.4	9/GR3
ARGSUR05	-55.20	27	-63.68	-43.01	2.54	2.38	152	1	87.4	9/GR4
B CE311	-64.20	27	-40.60	-6.07	3.04	2.06	174	1	87.4	8 9/GR7
B CE312	-45.20	27	-40.27	-6.06	3.44	2.09	174	1	87.4	8 9/GR9
B CE411	-64.20	27	-50.97	-15.27	3.86	1.38	49	1	87.4	8 9/GR7
B CE412 B CE511	-45.20 -64.20	27	-50.71	-15.30 -2.90	3.57	1.56	52	1	87.4	8 9/GR9
B CE511 B NO611	-64.20 -74.20	27 27	-53.10 -59.60	-2.90 -11.62	2.44 2.85	2.13 1.69	104 165	1 2	87.4 87.4	8 9/GR7 8 9/GR8
B NO711	-74.20 -74.20	27	-59.60 -60.70	-11.62	3.54	1.78	126	2	87.4 87.4	8 9/GR8
B NO811	-74.20 -74.20	27	-60.70 -68.76	-1.78 -4.71	2.37	1.78	73	2	87.4 87.4	8 9/GR8
B SU111	-74.20 -81.20	27	-51.12	-25.63	2.76	1.05	50	1	87.4	8 9/GR6
B SU112	-81.20 -45.20	27	-51.12 -50.75	-25.63 -25.62	2.76	1.03	56	1	87.4 87.4	8 9/GR9
B SU211	-43.20 -81.20	27	-30.73 -44.51	-25.02 -16.95	3.22	1.46	60	1	87.4	8 9/GR6
B SU212	-45.20	27	-44.00	-16.93	3.20	1.96	58	1	87.4	8 9/GR9
BERBERMU	-45.20 -96.20	27	-64.77	32.32	0.60	0.60	90	2	87.4	0 3/UK3
BOLAND01	-115.20	27	-71.37	-4.69	6.49	2.57	87	1	87.4	9/GR5
BOL00001	-87.20	27	-64.61	-16.71	2.52	2.19	85	1	87.4	7,010
BRB00001	-92.70	27	-59.85	12.93	0.60	0.60	90	2	87.4	
CAN01101	-138.20	27	-125.63	57.24	3.45	1.27	157	1	87.4	9/GR10
CAN01101 CAN01201	-138.20	27	-112.04	5595	3.35	0.97	151	1	87.4	9/GR10
CAN01201 CAN01202	-72.70	27	-107.70	55.63	2.74	1.12	32	1	87.4	3/GK10
CAN01202	-129.20	27	-111.48	55.61	3.08	1.15	151	1	87.4	9/GR12
CAN01303	-129.20	27	-102.42	57.12	3.54	0.91	154	1	87.4	9/GR12
CAN01304	-91.20	27	-99.12	57.36	1.98	1.72	2	1	87.4	9/GR13
CAN01403	-129.20	27	-89.75	52.02	4.68	0.78	148	1	87.4	9/GR12
CAN01404	-91.20	27	-84.82	52.42	3.10	2.05	152	1	87.4	9/GR13
CAN01405	-82.20	27	-84.00	52.39	2.84	2.29	172	1	87.4	9/GR14
CAN01504	-91.20	27	-72.66	53.77	3.57	1.67	156	1	87.4	9/GR13
CAN01505	-82.20	27	-71.77	53.79	3.30	1.89	162	1	87.4	9/GR14
CAN01605	-82.20	27	-61.50	49.55	2.65	1.40	143	1	87.4	9/GR14
CAN01606	-70.70	27	-61.30	49.55	2.40	1.65	148	1	87.4	
CHLCONT5	-106.20	27	-72.23	-35.57	2.60	0.68	55	1	87.4	9/GR17
CHLPAC02	-106.20	27	-80.06	-30.06	1.36	0.68	69	1	87.4	9/GR17
CLMAND01	-115.20	27	-71.37	-4.69	6.49	2.57	87	1	87.4	9/GR5
CLM00001	-103.20	27	-74.50	5.87	3.98	1.96	118	1	87.4	
CUB00001	-89.20	27	-79.81	21.62	2.24	0.68	168	1	87.4	
EQACAND1	-115.20	27	-71.37	-4.69	6.49	2.57	87	1	87.4	9/GR5
EQAGAND1	-115.20	27	-71.37	-4.69	6.49	2.57	87	1	87.4	9/GR5
GRD00059	-57.20	27	-61.58	12.29	0.60	0.60	90	1	87.4	
GRLDNK01	-53.20	27	-44.89	66.56	2.70	0.82	173	1	87.4	2
GUY00201	-84.70	27	-59.19	4.78	1.44	0.85	95	1	87.4	
HWA00002	-166.20	27	-165.79	23.42	4.20	0.68	160	1	87.4	9/GR1
HWA00003	-175.20	27	-166.10	23.42	4.25	0.68	159	1	87.4	9/GR2
MEXOINTE	-78.20	27	-105.81	26.01	2.89	2.08	155	1	87.4	1
MEX01SUR	-69.20	27	-94.84	19.82	3.05	2.09	4	1	87.4	1
MEX02NTE	-136.20	27	-107.21	26.31	3.84	1.55	148	1	87.4	1
MEX02SUR MSR00001	-127.20 -79.70	27 27	-96.39 -61.73	19.88 16.75	3.18 0.60	1.87 0.60	157 90	1	87.4 87.4	4
PAOPAC01	-/9.70 -106.20	27	-61./3 -109.18	-27.53	0.60	0.60	90	1	87.4 87.4	9/GR17
PAQPAC01 PRG00002	-106.20 -99.20	27	-109.18 -58.66	-27.55 -23.32	1.45	1.04	90 76	1	87.4 87.4	7/UK1 /
PRUAND02	-99.20 -115.20	27	-38.00 -71.37	-23.32 -4.69	6.49	2.57	87	1	87.4 87.4	9/GR5
PTRVIR01	-113.20	27	-71.37 -93.94	36.32	8.24	3.56	171	1	87.4 87.4	1 6 9/GR20
PTRVIR02	-101.20	27	-95.23	36.29	8.27	3.37	168	1	87.4	1 6 9/GR20 1 6 9/GR21
URG00001	-71.70	27	-56.22	-32.52	1.02	0.89	11	1	87.4	1 0 7/01(21
USAEH001	-61.70	27	-87.57	36.17	6.42	3.49	12	1	87.4	156
USAEH002	-101.20	27	-93.94	36.32	8.24	3.56	171	1	87.4	1 6 9/GR20
USAEH003	-110.20	27	-95.23	36.29	8.27	3.37	168	1	87.4	1 6 9/GR21
USAEH004	-110.20	27	-96.45	36.21	8.20	3.12	165	1	87.4	1 5 6
USAPSA02	-166.20	27	-109.94	36.86	6.04	1.11	137	1	87.4	9/GR1
USAPSA03	-175.20	27	-116.23	37.50	5.60	0.75	132	1	87.4	9/GR2
USAWH101	-148.20	27	-111.02	40.68	4.36	2.15	162	1	87.4	
USAWH102	-157.20	27	-113.07	40.74	3.72	1.78	149	1	87.4	
VENAND03	-115.20	27	-71.37	-4.69	6.49	2.57	87	1	87.4	9/GR5

17 717.66 MHz (28)

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ALS00002	-165.80	28	-109.83	36.82	6.03	1.12	137	2	87.4	9/GR1
ALS00003	-174.80	28	-116.10	37.47	5.60	0.76	132	2	87.4	9/GR2
ARGNORT4	-93.80	28	-63.96	-30.01	3.86	1.99	48	2	87.4	7,0112
ARGNORT5	-54.80	28	-62.85	-29.80	3.24	2.89	47	2	87.4	
B CE311	-63.80	28	-40.60	-6.07	3.04	2.06	174	2	87.4	8 9/GR7
B CE312	-44.80	28	-40.26	-6.06	3.44	2.09	174	2	87.4	8 9/GR9
B CE411	-63.80	28	-50.97	-15.26	3.86	1.38	49	2	87.4	8 9/GR7
B CE412	-44.80	28	-50.71	-15.30	3.57	1.56	52	2	87.4	8 9/GR9
B CE511	-63.80	28	-53.11	-2.98	2.42	2.15	107	2	87.4	8 9/GR7
B NO611	-73.80	28	-59.60	-11.62	2.86	1.69	165	1	87.4	8 9/GR8
B NO711	-73.80	28	-60.70	-1.78	3.54	1.78	126	1	87.4	8 9/GR8
B NO811	-73.80	28	-68.75	-4.71	2.37	1.65	73	1	87.4	8 9/GR8
B SE911	-101.80	28	-45.99	-19.09	2.22	0.79	62	2	87.4	8
B SU111	-80.80	28	-51.10	-25.64	2.76	1.06	50	2	87.4	8 9/GR6
B SU112 B SU211	-44.80	28 28	-50.76	-25.62	2.47 3.22	1.48	56 60	2 2	87.4 87.4	8 9/GR9
B SU211 B SU212	-80.80 -44.80	28	-44.51 -43.99	-16.94 -16.97	3.22	1.37 1.92	59	2	87.4 87.4	8 9/GR6 8 9/GR9
CAN01101	-44.80 -137.80	28	-43.99 -125.60	-16.97 57.24	3.45	1.92	157	2	87.4 87.4	9/GR9 9/GR10
CAN01101 CAN01201	-137.80	28	-123.60 -111.92	55.89	3.33	0.98	151	2	87.4 87.4	9/GR10 9/GR10
CAN01201 CAN01202	-72.30	28	-111.92	55.62	2.75	1.11	32	2	87.4	9/GK10
CAN01202 CAN01203	-128.80	28	-111.43	55.56	3.07	1.11	151	2	87.4	9/GR12
CAN01303	-128.80	28	-102.39	57.12	3.54	0.92	154	2	87.4	9/GR12
CAN01304	-90.80	28	-99.00	57.33	1.96	1.73	1	2	87.4	9/GR13
CAN01403	-128.80	28	-89.70	52.02	4.67	0.79	148	2	87.4	9/GR12
CAN01404	-90.80	28	-84.78	52.41	3.09	2.06	153	2	87.4	9/GR13
CAN01405	-81.80	28	-84.02	52.34	2.82	2.30	172	2	87.4	9/GR14
CAN01504	-90.80	28	-72.68	53.78	3.57	1.67	157	2	87.4	9/GR13
CAN01505	-81.80	28	-71.76	53.76	3.30	1.89	162	2	87.4	9/GR14
CAN01605	-81.80	28	-61.54	49.50	2.66	1.39	144	2	87.4	9/GR14
CAN01606	-70.30	28	-61.32	49.51	2.41	1.65	148	2	87.4	
CHLCONT4	-105.80	28	-69.59	-23.20	2.21	0.69	68	2	87.4	9/GR16
CHLCONT6	-105.80	28	-73.52	-55.52	3.65	1.31	39	2	87.4	9/GR16
CRBBAH01	-92.30	28	-76.09	24.13	1.83	0.68	141	1	87.4	9/GR18
CRBBER01	-92.30	28	-64.76	32.13	0.60	0.60	90	1	87.4	9/GR18
CRBBLZ01	-92.30	28	-88.61	17.26	0.64	0.64	90	1	87.4	9/GR18
CRBEC001	-92.30 -92.30	28 28	-60.07 -79.45	8.26 17.97	4.20 0.99	0.86 0.68	115 151	1	87.4 87.4	9/GR18 9/GR18
CRBJMC01 EQAC0001	-92.30 -94.80	28	-79.43 -78.31	-1.52	1.48	1.15	65	1	87.4 87.4	9/GR19
EQAC0001 EOAG0001	-94.80 -94.80	28	-78.31 -90.36	-0.57	0.94	0.89	99	1	87.4	9/GR19 9/GR19
GRD00003	-79.30	28	-61.62	12.34	0.60	0.60	90	2	87.4)/GKI)
GTMIFRB2	-107.30	28	-90.50	15.64	1.03	0.74	84	1	87.4	
GUFMGG02	-52.80	28	-56.42	8.47	4.16	0.81	123	2	87.4	27
HWA00002	-165.80	28	-165.79	23.32	4.20	0.68	160	2	87.4	9/GR1
HWA00003	-174.80	28	-166.10	23.42	4.25	0.68	159	2	87.4	9/GR2
MEX01NTE	-77.80	28	-105.80	25.99	2.88	2.07	155	2	87.4	1
MEX02NTE	-135.80	28	-107.36	26.32	3.80	1.57	149	2	87.4	1
MEX02SUR	-126.80	28	-96.39	19.88	3.19	1.87	158	2	87.4	1
PNRIFRB2	-121.00	28	-80.15	8.46	1.01	0.73	170	1	87.4	
PRU00004	-85.80	28	-74.19	-8.39	3.74	2.45	112	2	87.4	
PTRVIR01	-100.80	28	-93.85	36.31	8.26	3.55	171	2	87.4	1 6 9/GR20
PTRVIR02	-109.80	28	-95.47	36.38	8.10	3.45	168	2	87.4	1 6 9/GR21
USAEH001	-61.30	28	-87.53	36.18	6.41	3.49	12	2	87.4	156
USAEH002	-100.80	28	-93.85	36.31	8.26	3.55	171	2	87.4	1 6 9/GR20
USAEH003	-109.80	28	-95.47	36.38	8.10	3.45	168	2	87.4	1 6 9/GR21
USAEH004	-118.80	28	-96.42	36.21	8.20	3.12	165	2	87.4	156
USAPSA02 USAPSA03	-165.80 -174.80	28 28	-109.83 -116.10	36.82	6.03	1.12 0.76	137 132	2 2	87.4 87.4	9/GR1 9/GR2
USAWH101	-174.80 -147.80	28	-116.10 -111.01	37.47 40.67	5.60 4.38	2.15	162	2	87.4 87.4	7/UKZ
USAWH101 USAWH102	-147.80 -156.80	28	-111.01 -113.01	40.67	3.74	1.79	149	2	87.4 87.4	
VEN02VEN	-103.80	28	-113.01 -66.79	6.90	2.50	1.79	122	2	87.4 87.4	9/GR22
VEN02VEN VEN11VEN	-103.80	28	-66.79	6.90	2.50	1.77	122	2	87.4	9/GR22 9/GR22
, ,	100.00	20	30.77	3.70	2.50	1.//		_	U/T	

17 732.24 MHz (29)

1	2	3	4			5	6	7	8	9
A X G00000	166.00	20	100.07	250-			107		07.4	o/GP/
ALS00002	-166.20	29	-109.94	36.86	6.04	1.11	137	1	87.4	9/GR1
ALS00003 ARGINSU4	-175.20 -94.20	29 29	-116.23 -52.98	37.50 -59.81	5.60 3.40	0.75 0.68	132 19	1	87.4 87.4	9/GR2 9/GR3
ARGINSU4 ARGINSU5	-94.20 -55.20	29	-52.98 -44.17	-59.81 -59.91	3.40	0.68	19	1	87.4 87.4	9/GR3 9/GR4
ARGSUR04	-94.20	29	-44.17 -65.04	-39.91 -43.33	3.32	1.50	40	1	87.4 87.4	9/GR4 9/GR3
ARGSUR05	-55.20	29	-63.68	-43.33 -43.01	2.54	2.38	152	1	87.4	9/GR3 9/GR4
B CE311	-64.20	29	-40.60	-6.07	3.04	2.06	174	1	87.4	8 9/GR7
B CE312	-45.20	29	-40.27	-6.06	3.44	2.09	174	1	87.4	8 9/GR9
B CE411	-64.20	29	-50.97	-15.27	3.86	1.38	49	1	87.4	8 9/GR7
B CE412	-45.20	29	-50.71	-15.30	3.57	1.56	52	1	87.4	8 9/GR9
B CE511	-64.20	29	-53.10	-2.90	2.44	2.13	104	1	87.4	8 9/GR7
B NO611	-74.20	29	-59.60	-11.62	2.85	1.69	165	2	87.4	8 9/GR8
B NO711	-74.20	29	-60.70	-1.78	3.54	1.78	126	2	87.4	8 9/GR8
B NO811	-74.20	29	-68.76	-4.71	2.37	1.65	73	2	87.4	8 9/GR8
B SU111	-81.20	29	-51.12	-25.63	2.76	1.05	50	1	87.4	8 9/GR6
B SU112	-45.20	29	-50.75	-25.62	2.47	1.48	56	1	87.4	8 9/GR9
B SU211	-81.20	29	-44.51	-16.95	3.22	1.36	60	1	87.4	8 9/GR6
B SU212	-45.20	29	-44.00	-16.87	3.20	1.96	58	1	87.4	8 9/GR9
BERBERMU	-96.20	29	-64.77	32.32	0.60	0.60	90	2	87.4	
BOLAND01	-115.20	29	-71.37	-4.69	6.49	2.57	87	1	87.4	9/GR5
CAN01101	-138.20	29	-125.63	57.24	3.45	1.27	157	1	87.4	9/GR10
CAN01201	-138.20	29	-112.04	55.95	3.35	0.97	151	1	87.4	9/GR10
CAN01202	-72.70	29	-107.70	55.63	2.74	1.12	32	1	87.4	
CAN01203	-129.20	29	-111.48	55.61	3.08	1.15	151	1	87.4	9/GR12
CAN01303	-129.20	29	-102.42	57.12	3.54	0.91	154	1	87.4	9/GR12
CAN01304	-91.20	29	-99.12	57.36	1.98	1.72	2	1	87.4	9/GR13
CAN01403 CAN01404	-129.20 -91.20	29 29	-89.75 -84.82	52.02 52.42	4.68 3.10	0.78 2.05	148 152	1	87.4 87.4	9/GR12 9/GR13
CAN01404 CAN01405	-91.20 -82.20	29	-84.82 -84.00	52.42	2.84	2.03	172	1	87.4 87.4	9/GR13 9/GR14
CAN01403 CAN01504	-82.20 -91.20	29	-84.00 -72.66	53.77	3.57	1.67	156	1	87.4 87.4	9/GR14 9/GR13
CAN01504 CAN01505	-82.20	29	-71.77	53.79	3.30	1.89	162	1	87.4	9/GR13
CAN01605	-82.20	29	-61.50	49.55	2.65	1.40	143	1	87.4	9/GR14
CAN01606	-70.70	29	-61.30	49.55	2.40	1.65	148	1	87.4), GR1 1
CHLCONT5	-106.20	29	-72.23	-35.57	2.60	0.68	55	1	87.4	9/GR17
CHLPAC02	-106.20	29	-80.06	-30.06	1.36	0.68	69	1	87.4	9/GR17
CLMAND01	-115.20	29	-71.37	-4.69	6.49	2.57	87	1	87.4	9/GR5
CLM00001	-103.20	29	-74.50	5.87	3.98	1.96	118	1	87.4	
EQACAND1	-115.20	29	-71.37	-4.69	6.49	2.57	87	1	87.4	9/GR5
EQAGAND1	-115.20	29	-71.37	-4.69	6.49	2.57	87	1	87.4	9/GR5
HWA00002	-166.20	29	-165.79	23.42	4.20	0.68	160	1	87.4	9/GR1
HWA00003	-175.20	29	-166.10	23.42	4.25	0.68	159	1	87.4	9/GR2
JMC00002	-92.70	29	-77.30	18.12	0.62	0.62	90	2	87.4	
KNA00001	-79.70	29	-62.46	17.44	0.60	0.60	90	1	87.4	
MEX01NTE	-78.20	29	-105.81	26.01	2.89	2.08	155	1	87.4	1
MEXO1SUR	-69.20	29	-94.84	19.82	3.05	2.09	4	1	87.4	1
MEX02NTE	-136.20	29	-107.21	26.31	3.84	1.55	148	1	87.4	1
MEX02SUR PAQPAC01	-127.20 -106.20	29 29	-96.39 -109.18	19.88 -27.53	3.18 0.60	1.87 0.60	157 90	1	87.4 87.4	1 9/GR17
PAQPAC01 PRG00002	-106.20 -99.20	29	-109.18 -58.66	-27.53 -23.32	1.45	1.04	90 76	1	87.4 87.4	7/GK1 /
PRUAND02	-115.20	29	-38.00 -71.37	-23.32 -4.69	6.49	2.57	87	1	87.4	9/GR5
PTRVIR01	-101.20	29	-93.94	36.32	8.24	3.56	171	1	87.4	1 6 9/GR20
PTRVIR02	-110.20	29	-95.23	36.29	8.27	3.37	168	1	87.4	1 6 9/GR20 1 6 9/GR21
SPMFRAN3	-53.20	29	-67.24	47.51	3.16	0.79	7	1	87.4	27
SURINAM2	-84.70	29	-55.69	4.35	1.00	0.69	86	1	87.4	I '
URG00001	-71.70	29	-56.22	-32.52	1.02	0.89	11	1	87.4	1
USAEH001	-61.70	29	-87.57	36.17	6.42	3.49	12	1	87.4	156
USAEH002	-101.20	29	-93.94	36.32	8.24	3.56	171	1	87.4	1 6 9/GR20
USAEH003	-110.20	29	-95.23	36.29	8.27	3.37	168	1	87.4	1 6 9/GR21
USAEH004	-119.20	29	-96.45	36.21	8.20	3.12	165	1	87.4	156
USAPSA02	-166.20	29	-109.94	36.86	6.04	1.11	137	1	87.4	9/GR1
USAPSA03	-175.20	29	-116.23	37.50	5.60	0.75	132	1	87.4	9/GR2
USAWH101	-148.20	29	-111.02	40.68	4.36	2.15	162	1	87.4	1
USAWH102	-157.20	29	-113.07	40.74	3.72	1.78	149	1	87.4	1
VENAND03	-115.20	29	-71.37	-4.69	6.49	2.57	87	1	87.4	9/GR5

17 746.82 MHz (30)

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A T 000000	165.00	20	100.02	26.02	6.02	1.10	127	2	07.4	o/CD1
ALS00002	-165.80 -174.80	30	-109.83	36.82	6.03	1.12	137	2 2	87.4	9/GR1
ALS00003		30 30	-116.10	37.47	5.60	0.76	132	2	87.4	9/GR2
ARGNORT4 ARGNORT5	-93.80 -54.80	30	-63.96 -62.85	-30.01 -29.80	3.86 3.24	1.99 2.89	48 47	2	87.4 87.4	
ATNBEAM1	-52.80	30	-66.44	14.87	1.83	0.68	39	2	87.4	
B CE311	-63.80	30	-40.60	-6.07	3.04	2.06	174	2	87.4	8 9/GR7
B CE312	-44.80	30	-40.26	-6.06	3.44	2.09	174	2	87.4	8 9/GR9
B CE411	-63.80	30	-50.97	-15.26	3.86	1.38	49	2	87.4	8 9/GR7
B CE412	-44.80	30	-50.71	-15.30	3.57	1.56	52	2	87.4	8 9/GR9
B CE511	-63.80	30	-53.11	-2.98	2.42	2.15	107	2	87.4	8 9/GR7
B NO611	-73.80	30	-59.60	-11.62	2.86	1.69	165	1	87.4	8 9/GR8
B NO711	-73.80	30	-60.70	-1.78	3.54	1.78	126	1	87.4	8 9/GR8
B NO811	-73.80	30	-68.75	-4.71	2.37	1.65	73	1	87.4	8 9/GR8
B SE911	-101.80	30	-45.99	-19.09	2.22	0.79	62	2	87.4	8
B SU111	-80.80	30	-51.10	-25.64	2.76	1.06	50	2	87.4	8 9/GR6
B SU112	-44.80	30	-50.76	-25.62	2.47	1.48	56	2	87.4	8 9/GR9
B SU211	-80.80	30	-44.51	-16.94	3.22	1.37	60	2	87.4	8 9/GR6
B SU212	-44.80	30	-43.99	-16.97	3.27	1.92	59	2	87.4	8 9/GR9
BLZ00001	-115.80	30	-88.68	17.27	0.62	0.62	90	2	87.4	
CAN01101	-137.80	30	-125.60	57.24	3.45	1.27	157	2	87.4	9/GR10
CAN01201	-137.80	30	-111.92	55.89	3.33	0.98	151	2 2	87.4	9/GR10
CAN01202 CAN01203	-72.30 -128.80	30 30	-107.64 -111.43	55.62 55.56	2.75 3.07	1.11 1.15	32 151	2	87.4 87.4	9/GR12
CAN01203 CAN01303	-128.80 -128.80	30	-111.43 -102.39	57.12	3.07	0.92	151	2	87.4 87.4	9/GR12 9/GR12
CAN01303 CAN01304	-128.80	30	-102.39 -99.00	57.12	1.96	1.73	134	2	87.4 87.4	9/GR12 9/GR13
CAN01304 CAN01403	-128.80	30	-89.70	52.02	4.67	0.79	148	2	87.4	9/GR13
CAN01403	-90.80	30	-84.78	52.41	3.09	2.06	153	2	87.4	9/GR12
CAN01404	-81.80	30	-84.02	52.34	2.82	2.30	172	2	87.4	9/GR13
CAN01504	-90.80	30	-72.68	53.78	3.57	1.67	157	2	87.4	9/GR13
CAN01505	-81.80	30	-71.76	53.76	3.30	1.89	162	2	87.4	9/GR14
CAN01605	-81.80	30	-61.54	49.50	2.66	1.39	144	2	87.4	9/GR14
CAN01606	-70.30	30	-61.32	49.51	2.41	1.65	148	2	87.4	
CHLCONT4	-105.80	30	-69.59	-23.20	2.21	0.69	68	2	87.4	9/GR16
CHLCONT6	-105.80	30	-73.52	-55.52	3.65	1.31	39	2	87.4	9/GR16
CRBBAH01	-92.30	30	-76.09	24.13	1.83	0.68	141	1	87.4	9/GR18
CRBBER01	-92.30	30	-64.76	32.13	0.60	0.60	90	1	87.4	9/GR18
CRBBLZ01	-92.30	30	-88.61	17.26	0.64	0.64	90	1	87.4	9/GR18
CRBEC001	-92.30	30	-60.07	8.26	4.20	0.86	115	1	87.4	9/GR18
CRBJMC01	-92.30	30	-79.45	17.97	0.99	0.68	151	1 2	87.4	9/GR18
CTR00201	-130.80	30 30	-84.33	9.67	0.82	0.68	119	2	87.4	
DMAIFRB1	-79.30 -94.80	30	-61.30 -78.31	15.35 -1.52	0.60 1.48	0.60	90	1	87.4 87.4	9/GR19
EQAC0001 EQAG0001	-94.80 -94.80	30	-/8.31 -90.36	-1.52 -0.57	0.94	1.15 0.89	65 99	1	87.4 87.4	9/GR19 9/GR19
HWA00002	-165.80	30	-165.79	23.32	4.20	0.68	160	2	87.4	9/GR19
HWA00002 HWA00003	-174.80	30	-166.10	23.42	4.25	0.68	159	2	87.4	9/GR1 9/GR2
MEX01NTE	-77.80	30	-105.80	25.99	2.88	2.07	155	2	87.4	1
MEX02NTE	-135.80	30	-107.36	26.32	3.80	1.57	149	2	87.4	1
MEX02SUR	-126.80	30	-96.39	19.88	3.19	1.87	158	2	87.4	1
NCG00003	-107.30	30	-84.99	12.90	1.05	1.01	176	1	87.4	1
PRU00004	-85.80	30	-74.19	-8.39	3.74	2.45	112	2	87.4	1
PTRVIR01	-100.80	30	-93.85	36.31	8.26	3.55	171	2	87.4	1 6 9/GR20
PTRVIR02	-109.80	30	-95.47	36.38	8.10	3.45	168	2	87.4	1 6 9/GR21
USAEH001	-61.30	30	-87.53	36.18	6.41	3.49	12	2	87.4	156
USAEH002	-100.80	30	-93.85	36.31	8.26	3.55	171	2	87.4	1 6 9/GR20
USAEH003	-109.80	30	-95.47	36.38	8.10	3.45	168	2	87.4	1 6 9/GR21
USAEH004	-118.80	30	-96.42	36.21	8.20	3.12	165	2	87.4	156
USAPSA02	-165.80	30	-109.83	36.82	6.03	1.12	137	2	87.4	9/GR1
USAPSA03	-174.80	30	-116.10	37.47	5.60	0.76	132	2	87.4	9/GR2
USAWH101	-147.80	30	-111.01	40.67	4.38	2.15	162	2	87.4	1
USAWH102	-156.80	30	-113.01	40.71	3.74	1.79	149	2 2	87.4	1
VEN11VEN	-103.80	30	-66.79	6.90	2.50	1.77	122	2	87.4	İ

17 761.40 MHz (31)

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ALS00002	-166.20	31	-109.94	36.86	6.04	1.11	137	1	87.4	9/GR1
ALS00002 ALS00003	-175.20	31	-116.23	37.50	5.60	0.75	137	1	87.4	9/GR1 9/GR2
ARGINSU4	-94.20	31	-52.98	-59.81	3.40	0.73	19	1	87.4	9/GR3
ARGINSU5	-55.20	31	-44.17	-59.91	3.77	0.70	13	1	87.4	9/GR4
ARGSUR04	-94.20	31	-65.04	-43.33	3.32	1.50	40	1	87.4	9/GR3
ARGSUR05	-55.20	31	-63.68	-43.01	2.54	2.38	152	1	87.4	9/GR4
B CE311	-64.20	31	-40.60	-6.07	3.04	2.06	174	1	87.4	8 9/GR7
B CE312	-45.20	31	-40.27	-6.06	3.44	2.09	174	1	87.4	8 9/GR9
B CE411	-64.20	31	-50.97	-15.27	3.86	1.38	49	1	87.4	8 9/GR7
B CE412	-45.20	31	-50.71	-15.30	3.57	1.56	52	1	87.4	8 9/GR9
B CE511	-64.20	31	-53.10	-2.90	2.44	2.13	104	1	87.4	8 9/GR7
B NO611	-74.20	31	-59.60	-11.62	2.85	1.69	165	2	87.4	8 9/GR8
B NO711	-74.20	31	-60.70	-1.78	3.54	1.78	126	2 2	87.4	8 9/GR8
B NO811 B SU111	-74.20 -81.20	31 31	-68.76 -51.12	-4.71 -25.63	2.37 2.76	1.65 1.05	73 50	1	87.4 87.4	8 9/GR8 8 9/GR6
B SU112	-81.20 -45.20	31	-51.12 -50.75	-25.63 -25.62	2.76	1.03	56	1	87.4	8 9/GR9
B SU211	-81.20	31	-44.51	-16.95	3.22	1.36	60	1	87.4	8 9/GR6
B SU212	-45.20	31	-44.00	-16.87	3.20	1.96	58	1	87.4	8 9/GR9
BERBERMU	-96.20	31	-64.77	32.32	0.60	0.60	90	2	87.4	0)/ 010
BOLAND01	-115.20	31	-71.37	-4.69	6.49	2.57	87	1	87.4	9/GR5
BOL00001	-87.20	31	-64.61	-16.71	2.52	2.19	85	1	87.4	
BRB00001	-92.70	31	-59.85	12.93	0.60	0.60	90	2	87.4	
CAN01101	-138.20	31	-125.63	57.24	3.45	1.27	157	1	87.4	9/GR10
CAN01201	-138.20	31	-112.04	55.95	3.35	0.97	151	1	87.4	9/GR10
CAN01202	-72.70	31	-107.70	55.63	2.74	1.12	32	1	87.4	
CAN01203	-129.20	31	-111.48	55.61	3.08	1.15	151	1	87.4	9/GR12
CAN01303	-129.20	31	-102.42	57.12	3.54	0.91	154	1	87.4	9/GR12
CAN01304	-91.20	31	-99.12	57.36	1.98	1.72	2	1	87.4	9/GR13
CAN01403	-129.20 -91.20	31	-89.75	52.02	4.68	0.78	148	1	87.4	9/GR12
CAN01404 CAN01405	-91.20 -82.20	31 31	-84.82 -84.00	52.42 52.39	3.10 2.84	2.05 2.29	152 172	1	87.4 87.4	9/GR13 9/GR14
CAN01403 CAN01504	-82.20 -91.20	31	-72.66	53.77	3.57	1.67	156	1	87.4	9/GR13
CAN01505	-82.20	31	-71.77	53.79	3.30	1.89	162	1	87.4	9/GR14
CAN01605	-82.20	31	-61.50	49.55	2.65	1.40	143	1	87.4	9/GR14
CAN01606	-70.70	31	-61.30	49.55	2.40	1.65	148	1	87.4	
CHLCONT5	-106.20	31	-72.23	-35.57	2.60	0.68	55	1	87.4	9/GR17
CHLPAC02	-106.20	31	-80.06	-30.06	1.36	0.68	69	1	87.4	9/GR17
CLMAND01	-115.20	31	-71.37	-4.69	6.49	2.57	87	1	87.4	9/GR5
CLM00001	-103.20	31	-74.50	5.87	3.98	1.96	118	1	87.4	
CUB00001	-89.20	31	-79.81	21.62	2.24	0.68	168	1	87.4	
EQACAND1	-115.20	31	-71.37	-4.69	6.49	2.57	87	1	87.4	9/GR5
EQAGAND1	-115.20	31	-71.37	-4.69	6.49	2.57	87 90	1	87.4	9/GR5
GRD00059 GRLDNK01	-57.20 -53.20	31 31	-61.58 -44.89	12.29 66.56	0.60 2.70	0.60 0.82	173	1	87.4 87.4	2
GUY00201	-33.20 -84.70	31	-44.89 -59.19	4.78	1.44	0.82	95	1	87.4	2
HWA00002	-166.20	31	-165.79	23.42	4.20	0.68	160	1	87.4	9/GR1
HWA00002	-175.20	31	-166.10	23.42	4.25	0.68	159	1	87.4	9/GR1 9/GR2
MEX01NTE	-78.20	31	-105.81	26.01	2.89	2.08	155	1	87.4	1
MEX01SUR	-69.20	31	-94.84	19.82	3.05	2.09	4	1	87.4	î
MEX02NTE	-136.20	31	-107.21	26.31	3.84	1.55	148	1	87.4	1
MEX02SUR	-127.20	31	-96.39	19.88	3.18	1.87	157	1	87.4	1
MSR00001	-79.70	31	-61.73	16.75	0.60	0.60	90	1	87.4	4
PAQPAC01	-106.20	31	-109.18	-27.53	0.60	0.60	90	1	87.4	9/GR17
PRG00002	-99.20	31	-58.66	-23.32	1.45	1.04	76	1	87.4	o/GD5
PRUAND02	-115.20	31	-71.37	-4.69	6.49	2.57	87	1	87.4	9/GR5
PTRVIR01 PTRVIR02	-101.20 -110.20	31 31	-93.94 -95.23	36.32 36.29	8.24 8.27	3.56 3.37	171 168	1	87.4 87.4	1 6 9/GR20 1 6 9/GR21
URG00001	-110.20 -71.70	31	-95.23 -56.22	-32.52	1.02	0.89	108	1	87.4 87.4	1 U 7/UK41
USAEH001	-/1.70 -61.70	31	-36.22 -87.57	-32.32 36.17	6.42	3.49	12	1	87.4	156
USAEH001 USAEH002	-101.20	31	-93.94	36.32	8.24	3.49	171	1	87.4	1 6 9/GR20
USAEH003	-110.20	31	-95.23	36.29	8.27	3.37	168	1	87.4	1 6 9/GR21
USAEH004	-119.20	31	-96.45	36.21	8.20	3.12	165	1	87.4	156
USAPSA02	-166.20	31	-109.94	36.86	6.04	1.11	137	1	87.4	9/GR1
USAPSA03	-175.20	31	-116.23	37.50	5.60	0.75	132	1	87.4	9/GR2
USAWH101	-148.20	31	-111.02	40.68	4.36	2.15	162	1	87.4	
USAWH102	-157.20	31	-113.07	40.74	3.72	1.78	149	1	87.4	
VENAND03	-115.20	31	-71.37	-4.69	6.49	2.57	87	1	87.4	9/GR5
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17 775.98 MHz (32)

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ALS00002	-165.80	32	-109.83	36.82	6.03	1.12	137	2	87.4	9/GR1
ALS00003	-174.80	32	-116.10	37.47	5.60	0.76	132	2	87.4	9/GR2
ARGNORT4	-93.80	32	-63.96	-30.01	3.86	1.99	48	2	87.4	
ARGNORT5	-54.80	32	-62.85	-29.80	3.24	2.89	47	2	87.4	
B CE311	-63.80	32	-40.60	-6.07	3.04	2.06	174	2	87.4	8 9/GR7
B CE312	-44.80	32	-40.26	-6.06	3.44	2.09	174	2	87.4	8 9/GR9
B CE411	-63.80	32	-50.97	-15.26	3.86	1.38	49	2 2	87.4	8 9/GR7
B CE412 B CE511	-44.80 -63.80	32 32	-50.71 -53.11	-15.30 -2.98	3.57 2.42	1.56 2.15	52 107	2	87.4 87.4	8 9/GR9 8 9/GR7
B NO611	-03.80 -73.80	32	-59.60	-2.98 -11.62	2.42	1.69	165	1	87.4	8 9/GR/ 8 9/GR8
B NO711	-73.80 -73.80	32	-60.70	-1.78	3.54	1.78	126	1	87.4	8 9/GR8
B NO811	-73.80 -73.80	32	-68.75	-4.71	2.37	1.65	73	1	87.4	8 9/GR8
B SE911	-101.80	32	-45.99	-19.09	2.22	0.79	62	2	87.4	8
B SU111	-80.80	32	-51.10	-25.64	2.76	1.06	50	2	87.4	8 9/GR6
B SU112	-44.80	32	-50.76	-25.62	2.47	1.48	56	2	87.4	8 9/GR9
B SU211	-80.80	32	-44.51	-16.94	3.22	1.37	60	2	87.4	8 9/GR6
B SU212	-44.80	32	-43.99	-16.97	3.27	1.92	59	2	87.4	8 9/GR9
CAN01101	-137.80	32	-125.60	57.24	3.45	1.27	157	2	87.4	9/GR10
CAN01201	-137.80	32	-111.92	55.89	3.33	0.98	151	2	87.4	9/GR10
CAN01202	-72.30	32	-107.64	55.62	2.75	1.11	32	2	87.4	
CAN01203	-128.80	32	-111.43	55.56	3.07	1.15	151	2	87.4	9/GR12
CAN01303	-128.80	32	-102.39	57.12	3.54	0.92	154	2	87.4	9/GR12
CAN01304	-90.80	32	-99.00	57.33	1.96	1.73	1	2	87.4	9/GR13
CAN01403	-128.80	32	-89.70	52.02	4.67	0.79	148	2	87.4	9/GR12
CAN01404	-90.80	32	-84.78	52.41	3.09	2.06	153	2	87.4	9/GR13
CAN01405	-81.80	32	-84.02	52.34	2.82	2.30	172	2	87.4	9/GR14
CAN01504	-90.80	32 32	-72.68 71.76	53.78	3.57	1.67	157	2 2	87.4	9/GR13
CAN01505 CAN01605	-81.80 -81.80	32	-71.76 -61.54	53.76 49.50	3.30 2.66	1.89 1.39	162 144	2	87.4 87.4	9/GR14 9/GR14
CAN01605	-70.30	32	-61.32	49.51	2.41	1.65	148	2	87.4	3/GK14
CHLCONT4	-105.80	32	-69.59	-23.20	2.41	0.69	68	2	87.4	9/GR16
CHLCONT6	-105.80	32	-73.52	-55.52	3.65	1.31	39	2	87.4	9/GR16
CRBBAH01	-92.30	32	-76.09	24.13	1.83	0.68	141	1	87.4	9/GR18
CRBBER01	-92.30	32	-64.76	32.13	0.60	0.60	90	1	87.4	9/GR18
CRBBLZ01	-92.30	32	-88.61	17.26	0.64	0.64	90	1	87.4	9/GR18
CRBEC001	-92.30	32	-60.07	8.26	4.20	0.86	115	1	87.4	9/GR18
CRBJMC01	-92.30	32	-79.45	17.97	0.99	0.68	151	1	87.4	9/GR18
EQAC0001	-94.80	32	-78.31	-1.52	1.48	1.15	65	1	87.4	9/GR19
EQAG0001	-94.80	32	-90.36	-0.57	0.94	0.89	99	1	87.4	9/GR19
GRD00003	-79.30	32	-61.62	12.34	0.60	0.60	90	2	87.4	
GTMIFRB2	-107.30	32	-90.50	15.64	1.03	0.74	84	1	87.4	
GUFMGG02	-52.80	32 32	-56.42	8.47	4.16	0.81	123	2 2	87.4	27
HWA00002	-165.80 -174.80	32	-165.79 -166.10	23.32	4.20 4.25	0.68	160 159	2	87.4 87.4	9/GR1 9/GR2
HWA00003 MEX01NTE	-174.80 -77.80	32	-105.10	23.42 25.99	2.88	0.68 2.07	155	2	87.4	9/GR2
MEX01NTE MEX02NTE	-77.80 -135.80	32	-105.80 -107.36	25.99	3.80	1.57	149	2	87.4 87.4	1
MEX02NTE MEX02SUR	-135.80	32	-96.39	19.88	3.19	1.87	158	2	87.4	1
PNRIFRB2	-121.00	32	-80.15	8.46	1.01	0.73	170	1	87.4	1
PRU00004	-85.80	32	-74.19	-8.39	3.74	2.45	112	2	87.4	
PTRVIR01	-100.80	32	-93.85	36.31	8.26	3.55	171	2	87.4	1 6 9/GR20
PTRVIR02	-109.80	32	-95.47	36.38	8.10	3.45	168	2	87.4	1 6 9/GR21
USAEH001	-61.30	32	-87.53	36.18	6.41	3.49	12	2	87.4	1 5 6
USAEH002	-100.80	32	-93.85	36.31	8.26	3.55	171	2	87.4	1 6 9/GR20
USAEH003	-109.80	32	-95.47	36.38	8.10	3.45	168	2	87.4	1 6 9/GR21
USAEH004	-118.80	32	-96.42	36.21	8.20	3.12	165	2	87.4	1 5 6
USAPSA02	-165.80	32	-109.83	36.82	6.03	1.12	137	2	87.4	9/GR1
USAPSA03	-174.80	32	-116.10	37.47	5.60	0.76	132	2	87.4	9/GR2
USAWH101	-147.80	32	-111.01	40.67	4.38	2.15	162	2	87.4	
USAWH102	-156.80	32	-113.01	40.71	3.74	1.79	149	2	87.4	0/CD22
VENULVEN	-103.80	32 32	-66.79	6.90	2.50 2.50	1.77	122 122	2 2	87.4 87.4	9/GR22
VEN11VEN	-103.80	32	-66.79	6.90	2.30	1.77	122		07.4	9/GR22

ARTICLE 9A (REV.WRC-12)

Plan for feeder links for the broadcasting-satellite service in the fixed-satellite service in the frequency bands 14.5-14.8 GHz and 17.3-18.1 GHz in Regions 1 and 3

9A.1 COLUMN HEADINGS OF THE PLAN

- Col. 1 Notifying administration symbol.
- Col. 2 Beam identification (Column 2, normally, contains the symbol designating the administration or the geographical area taken from Table B1 of the Preface to the International Frequency List, followed by the symbol designating the service area).
- Col. 3 Nominal orbital position, in degrees and hundredths of a degree from the Greenwich meridian (negative values indicate longitudes which are west of the Greenwich meridian; positive values indicate longitudes which are east of the Greenwich meridian).
- Col. 4 Nominal intersection of the beam axis with the Earth (boresight or aim point in the case of a non-elliptical beam), longitude and latitude, in degrees and hundredths of a degree.
- Col. 5 Space station receiving antenna characteristics (elliptical beams). This Column contains three numerical values corresponding to the major axis, the minor axis and the major axis orientation respectively of the elliptical cross-section half-power beam, in degrees and hundredths of a degree. Orientation of the ellipse determined as follows: in a plane normal to the beam axis, the direction of a major axis of the ellipse is specified as the angle measured anticlockwise from a line parallel to the equatorial plane to the major axis of the ellipse, to the nearest degree.
- Col. 6 Space station receiving antenna pattern code.

The codes used for the antenna pattern of the receiving space station (feeder link) antenna are defined as follows:

R13RSS	Figure B (Curves A, B and C) and § 3.7.3 in Annex 3
R123FR	Figure C and § 3.7.3 in Annex 3
MODRSS	Figure B (Curves A', B' and C) and § 3.7.3 in Annex 3 (Recommendation ITU-R BO.1296)

In cases where the "Space station receiving antenna pattern code" field is blank, the necessary antenna pattern data are provided by shaped beam data submitted by the administration. These data are stored in Column 7. A particular shaped beam is identified by the combination of Column 1, Column 7 and Column 14. In such cases the maximum cross-polar gain is given in Column 8, Cross-polar gain field.

In cases where the "Space station receiving antenna pattern code" field contains a code which starts with "CB_" characters, it is a composite beam. Any composite beam consists of two or more elliptical beams. Each composite beam is described in the special composite beam file having the same name plus a GXT extension (e.g. the description of the CB_COMP_BM1 composite beam is stored in the CB_COMP_BM1.GXT file).

- Col. 7 Space station receiving antenna shaped (non-elliptical, non-composite) beam identification.
- Col. 8 Maximum space station receiving antenna co-polar and cross-polar (in the case of shaped beam) isotropic gain (dBi).
- Col. 9 Earth station transmitting antenna pattern code and maximum gain (dBi).

The codes used for transmitting earth station (feeder-link) antenna patterns are defined as follows:

R13TES	Figure A (Curves A and B) and § 3.5.3 in Annex 3
MODTES	Figure A (Curves A' and B') and § 3.5.3 in Annex 3 (Recommendation ITU-R BO.1295)

- Col. 10 *Polarization* (CL circular left, CR circular right, LE linear referenced to the equatorial plane) and polarization angle in degrees and hundredths of a degree (in the case of linear polarization only).
- Col. 11 *e.i.r.p.* in the direction of maximum radiation (dBW).
- Col. 12 *Permitted increase in earth station e.i.r.p.* (dB) for the purpose of power control (see § 3.11 of Annex 3)³².
- Col. 13 Designation of emission.
- Col. 14 *Identity of the space station.*
- Col. 15 *Group code* (an identification code which indicates that all assignments with the same group identification code will be treated as a group).

Group code: if an assignment is part of the group:

- the equivalent protection margin to be used for the application of Article 4 shall be calculated on the following basis:
 - for the calculation of interference to assignments that are part of a group, only the interference contributions from assignments that are not part of the same group are to be included, and

³² The power control values will be calculated after WRC-2000.

- for the calculation of interference from assignments belonging to a group to assignments that are not part of that same group, only the worst interference contribution from that group shall be used on a test point to test point basis.
- b) If an administration notifies the same frequency in more than one beam of a group for use at the same time, the aggregate C/I ratio produced by all emissions from that group shall not exceed the C/I ratio calculated on the basis of § a) above.

Col. 16 Assignment status.

The assignment status codes used for beams are defined as follows:

P	Assignment in the Regions 1 and 3 feeder-link Plan which has not been brought into use and/or the date of bringing into use has not been confirmed to the Bureau. For this category of assignments, WRC-2000 protection ratios are applied (27 dB co-channel and 22 dB adjacent channel).
PE	Assignment in the Regions 1 and 3 feeder-link Plan, which is in conformity with Appendix 30A , has been notified, brought into use and the date of bringing into use has been confirmed to the Bureau before 12 May 2000.
	For this category of assignments, WRC-97 protection ratios are applied (30 dB co-channel and 22 dB adjacent channel).

Col. 17 Remarks.

9A.2 TEXT FOR NOTES IN THE REMARKS COLUMN OF THE REGIONS 1 AND 3 FEEDER-LINK PLAN (WRC-03)

- 1 (Not used.)
- 2 (Not used.)
- 3 (Not used.)
- 4 (Not used.)
- This assignment shall be brought into use only when the limits given in § 5 of Annex 1 are not exceeded, or with the agreement of the administrations identified in Table 1A, whose networks or beams listed in this Table may be affected with respect to assignments which are in conformity with the Region 2 feeder-link Plan on 12 May 2000 (see also Note to § 9A.2).
- This assignment shall not claim protection from interference caused by the assignments which pertain to networks or beams identified in Table 1B which are in conformity with the Region 2 feeder-link Plan on 12 May 2000 (see also Note to § 9A.2).

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This assignment shall not claim protection from interference caused by the assignments which pertain to networks or beams identified in Table 1B which are recorded in the Master Register with a favourable finding prior to 12 May 2000 (see also Note to § 9A.2).

The methodology and criteria for this analysis shall be those contained in § 1 of Annex 4, modified to take into consideration the system noise temperature of the received space station to be 600 K and to apply a $\Delta T/T$ criterion of 6%.

8 Provisional beam. These assignments have been included in the Regions 1 and 3 feederlink Plan by WRC-97. These assignments are for exclusive use by Palestine, subject to the Israeli-Palestinian Interim Agreement of 28 September 1995, Resolution 741 of the Council notwithstanding and Resolution 99 (Minneapolis, 1998) of the Plenipotentiary Conference.

9 (Not used.)

10 (SUP - WRC-12)

NOTE – In cases where assignments from the WRC-97 Plans without Remarks were included in the WRC-2000 Regions 1 and 3 feeder-link Plan without change, or with conversion of modulation from analogue to digital, or a change from normal roll-off to fast roll-off antenna characteristics, the coordination status afforded by the WRC-97 Plans shall be preserved.

In cases where assignments from the WRC-97 Plans with Remarks were included in the WRC-2000 Regions 1 and 3 feeder-link Plan without change, or with conversion of modulation from analogue to digital, or a change from normal roll-off to fast roll-off antenna pattern, the compatibility will be reassessed using the revised criteria and methodology of WRC-2000 and the Remarks of the WRC-97 Plans assignment will either be maintained or reduced on the basis of the results of this analysis.

In other cases, the methodology described in Notes 5 to 7 shall be applied.

TABLE 1A (WRC-07)

Affected administrations and corresponding networks/beams identified based on Note 5 in § 9A.2 of Article 9A

Beam name	Channels	Affected administrations	Affected networks/beams
CPV30100	2, 4, 8, 10, 12	GUY JMC	GUY00302, JMC00005
CPV30100	9	JMC	JMC00005
G 02700	2, 4, 8, 10, 12	GUY JMC	GUY00302, JMC00005
G 02700	9	JMC	JMC00005
LBR24400	1	GUY	GUY00302
LBR24400	3, 9, 13	JMC	JMC00005
LBR24400	5, 7, 11	GUY JMC	GUY00302, JMC00005

Administrations and corresponding networks or beams whose assignment(s) may receive interference from the beam shown in the left-hand column.

TABLE 1B (WRC-07)

Affecting administrations and corresponding networks/beams identified based on Notes 6 and 7 in § 9A.2 of Article 9A

Beam name	Channels	Note	Affecting administrations	Affecting networks/beams
CPV30100	2, 4, 8, 10, 12	9	GUY JMC	GUY 00302, JMC00005
CPV30100	9	9	JMC	JMC00005
E100	1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13	9	9	BERBER02
G 02700	2, 4, 8, 10, 12	9	GUY JMC	GUY00302, JMC00005
G 02700	9	9	JMC	JMC00005
LBR24400	1	9	RUY	GUY00302
LBR24400	3, 9, 13	9	JMC	JMC00005
LBR24400	5, 7, 11	9	GUY JMC	GUY00302, JMC00005
NZL_100	24	7	ſ	SUPERBIRD-A

^{*} Administrations and corresponding networks or beams whose assignment(s) may cause interference to the beam shown in the left-hand column.

 $TABLE\ 2A$ Table showing correspondence between channel numbers and assigned frequencies $^{\rm l}$ for the feeder links in the frequency band 14.5-14.8 GHz

Channel No.	Assigned feeder-link frequency (MHz)
1	14525.30
2	14 544.48
3	14 563.66
4	14 582.84
5	14602.02
6	14 621.20
7	14 640.38
8	14 659.56
9	14 678.74
10	14 697.92
11	14717.10
12	14736.28
13	14755.46
14	14774.64

Assigned frequency = 14506.12 + 19.18 n, where n is the channel number.

TABLE 2B

Table showing correspondence between channel numbers and assigned frequencies for the feeder links in the frequency band 17.3-18.1 GHz

Channel No.	Assigned feeder-link frequency (MHz)	Channel No.	Assigned feeder-link frequency (MHz)
1	17 327.48	21	17711.08
2	17 346.66	22	17 730.26
3	17 365.84	23	17 749.44
4	17 385.02	24	17 768.62
5	17 404.20	25	17 787.80
6	17 423.38	26	17 806.98
7	17 442.56	27	17 826.16
8	17 461.74	28	17 845.34
9	17 480.92	29	17 864.52
10	17 500.10	30	17 883.70
11	17 519.28	31	17 902.88
12	17 538.46	32	17 922.06
13	17 557.64	33	17 941.24
14	17 576.82	34	17 960.42
15	17 596.00	35	17 979.60
16	17 615.18	36	17 998.78
17	17 634.36	37	18 017.96
18	17 653.54	38	18 037.14
19	17 672.72	39	18 056.32
20	17 691.90	40	18 075.50

Assigned frequency = 17308.3 + 19.18 n, where n is the channel number.

TABLE 3A1

Basic characteristics of the Regions 1 and 3 feeder-link Plan in the frequency band 14.5-14.8 GHz (sorted by administration)

5	5		\vdash	9	7	8		6		10	11	12	13	14	15	16
Space station antenna characteristics Space station Shaped	Space station	Space station		ped	l	Space station antenna gain		Earth station antenna		Polarization	e.i.r.p.	Power	Designation	Identity of the space	Group	Status
Major Minor Orien- axis axis tation	Orien- tation	antenna code		m.		Co-polar Cross-	ss- ar Code	Gain	Туре	Angle	•	control	of emission	station	code	
3.13 1.68 27.00 MODRSS	27.00		DRSS			37.24	MODTES	S 57.00	70 0		82.0		27M0G7W		4L	Ь
3.13 1.68 27.00 MODRSS	27.00	27.00 MODRSS	DRSS			37.24	MODTES	S 57.00	0 CR		82.0		27M0G7W		4L	Ь
0.60 2.88 MODRSS	2.88	2.88 MODRSS	ORSS		-	47.08	MODTES	S 57.00	TO 0		84.0		27M0G7W		4C	Ь
0.60 2.88 MODRSS	2.88	2.88 MODRSS	DRSS		\vdash	47.08	MODTES	.S 57.00	0 CR		84.0		27M0G7W		4C	Ь
2.54 1.68 87.00 MODRSS	00''.28	87.00 MODRSS	DRSS		\vdash	38.15	MODTES	S 57.00	TO 0		84.0		27M0G7W		41	Ь
2.54 1.68 87.00 MODRSS	87.00	87.00 MODRSS	DRSS		Н	38.15	MODTES	S 57.00	0 CR		84.0		27M0G7W		41	Ь
2.83 2.26 174.44 MODRSS	174.44	74.44 MODRSS	DRSS		-	36.40	MODTES	S 57.00	TO 0		82.0		27M0G7W		4P	Р
2.83 2.26 174.44 MODRSS	174.44	74.44 MODRSS	DRSS		-	36.40	MODTES	S 57.00	0 CR		82.0		27M0G7W		4P	Ь
1.48 1.06 102.00 MODRSS	102.00	02.00 MODRSS	DRSS			42.49	MODTES	S 57.00	CR		83.0		27M0G7W		4F	Р
1.48 1.06 102.00 MODRSS	102.00	02.00 MODRSS	DRSS			42.49	MODTES	S 57.00	CL		83.0		27M0G7W		4F	Ь
CB_RSS_INDA	CB_RSS_INDA	CB_RSS_INDA	_RSS_INDA			45.66	MODTES	S 57.00	0 CR		82.0		27M0G7W		4U	Р
CB_RSS_INDA	CB_RSS_INDA	CB_RSS_INDA	_RSS_INDA			45.66	MODTES	S 57.00	JO C		82.0		27M0G7W		4U	Ь
3.82 1.82 149.00 MODRSS	149.00		DRSS			36.03	MODTES	S 57.00	0 CR		82.0		27M0G7W		4S	Р
3.82 1.82 149.00 MODRSS	149.00	49.00 MODRSS	DRSS		_	36.03	MODTES	S 57.00	J 0		82.0		27M0G7W		4S	Р
1.82 1.34 162.65 MODRSS		62.65 MODRSS	DRSS			40.58	MODTES	S 57.00	TO 0		82.0		27M0G7W		4M	Р
1.82 1.34 162.65 MODRSS		62.65 MODRSS	DRSS		_	40.58	MODTES	S 57.00	0 CR		82.0		27M0G7W		4M	Р
1.24 1.02 168.00 R13RSS	168.00	68.00 R13RSS	BRSS			43.40	R13TES	5 57.30	O CL		82.0		27M0G7W	KOREASAT-1	03	PE
1.24 1.02 168.00 R13RSS	168.00	68.00 R13RSS	BRSS		-	43.40	R13TES	5 57.30	TO 0		82.0		27M0F8W	KOREASAT-1	03	PE
3.57 1.38 55.00 MODRSS	55.00		DRSS			37.52	MODTES	S 57.00	TO (82.0		27M0G7W		4K	Р
3.57 1.38 55.00 MODRSS	55.00	55.00 MODRSS	DRSS			37.52	MODTES	S 57.00	CR C		82.0		27M0G7W		4K	Р
2.16 2.02 45.00 MODRSS	45.00	45.00 MODRSS	DRSS			38.05	MODTES	S 57.00	0 CR		82.0		27M0G7W		4G	Р
2.16 2.02 45.00 MODRSS	45.00	45.00 MODRSS	DRSS			38.05	MODTES	S 57.00	TO 0		82.0		27M0G7W		4G	Р
2.66 1.90 48.00 MODRSS	48.00	48.00 MODRSS	DRSS		_	37.41	MODTES	S 57.00	TO 0		82.0		27M0G7W		4H	Р
2.66 1.90 48.00 MODRSS		48.00 MODRSS	DRSS			37.41	MODTES	S 57.00	0 CR		82.0		27M0G7W		4H	Р
1.72 0.60 163.00 MODRSS																

_																					
17	Remarks																				
16	Status		Ь	Ь	Ь	Ь	Ь	Ь	Ь	Ь	Ь	Ь	Ь	Ь	Ь	Ь	Ь	Ь	Ь	Ь	۵
15	Group	ano	4N	4R	4R	4B	4B	4.1	4.1	4D	4D	4T	4T	40	40	4E	4E	4A	4A	40	40
14	Identity of the space	station																			
13	Designation	or emission	27M0G7W	27M0G7W	27M0G7W	27M0G7W	27M0G7W	27M0G7W	27M0G7W	27M0G7W	27M0G7W	27M0G7W	27M0G7W	27M0G7W	27M0G7W	27M0G7W	27M0G7W	27M0G7W	27M0G7W	27M0G7W	27M0G7W
12	Power	COULTO	2		.,	2	2	2	2	2	2	.,		2	2	2	2	.,	.,		
11	e.i.r.p.		82.0	82.0	82.0	89.0	0.68	86.0	86.0	82.0	82.0	84.0	84.0	83.0	83.0	82.0	82.0	87.0	87.0	82.0	82.0
10	Polarization	Angle																			
1	Polari	Type	CL	CR	CL	CR	TO	CL	CR	CL	CR	CL	CR	CL	CR	CL	CR	CL	CR	CR	디
	tation nna	Gain	57.00	57.00	57.00	57.00	57.00	57.00	57.00	57.00	57.00	57.00	57.00	57.00	57.00	57.00	57.00	57.00	57.00	57.00	57.00
6	Earth station antenna	Code	MODTES	MODTES	MODTES	MODTES	MODTES	MODTES	MODTES	MODTES	MODTES	MODTES	MODTES	MODTES	MODTES	MODTES	MODTES	MODTES	MODTES	MODTES	MODTES
	ation gain	Cross- polar																			
8	Space station antenna gain	Co-polar	44.31	37.49	37.49	38.87	38.87	37.20	37.20	42.63	42.63	40.44	40.44	36.92	36.92	46.14	46.14	44.06	44.06	47.78	47.78
7	Shaped	Deall																			
9	Space station	antenna coue	MODRSS	14.00 MODRSS	MODRSS	MODRSS	MODRSS	CB_RSS_SDNA	CB_RSS_SDNA	MODRSS	MODRSS	MODRSS	MODRSS	62.04 MODRSS	MODRSS	108.43 MODRSS	MODRSS	CB_RSS_USAC	CB_RSS_USAC	CB_RSS_YEMA	CB_RSS_YEMA
	n cs	Orien- tation	163.00	14.00	14.00	168.32	168.32		0	139.00	139.00	27.51	27.51	62.04	62.04	108.43	108.43	0)	
2	Space station antenna characteristics		09'0	2.16	2.16	2.30	2.30			1.04	1.04	1.04	1.04	1.68	1.68	09:0	09.0				
	Spa a char	Major Minor axis axis	1.72	2.30	2.30	3.13	3.13			1.46	1.46	2.43	2.43	3.37	3.37	1.13	1.13				
	resight	Lat.	28.30	29.50	29.50	-6.65	-6.65	13.52	13.52	13.80	13.80	-7.23	-7.23	19.9	19.9	8.57	8.57	16.35	16.35	14.53	14.53
4	Boresi	Long.	83.70	09'69	09'69	148.07	148.07	30.13	30.13	-14.40	-14.40	51.86	51.86	45.17	45.17	0.68	0.68	177.50	177.50	48.29	48.29
3	Orbital	position	50.00	38.20	38.20	134.00	134.00	-7.00	-7.00	-37.00	-37.00	42.50	42.50	37.80	37.80	-30.00	-30.00	140.00	140.00	11.00	11.00
2	Beam	поправи	NPL12202	PAK12701	PAK12702	PNG13101	PNG13102	SDN_101	SDN102	SEN22201	SEN22202	SEY00001	SEY00002	SOM31201	SOM31202	TG022601	TG022602	USAC_101	USAC_102	YEM101	YEM102
1	Admin.	sympol	NPL	PAK	PAK	PNG	PNG	NOS	NDS	SEN	SEN	SEY	SEY	SOM	SOM	160	TG0	USA	USA	YEM	YEM

TABLE 3A2 (WRC-12)

Basic characteristics of the Regions 1 and 3 feeder-link Plan in the frequency hand 17.3-18.1 GHz (sorted by administration)

1	2	3	4			9		9	1	90		6		10		11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Admin.	Beam	Orbital	Boresight	ght	Space	Space station antenna characteristics	ics	Space station	Shaped	Space station antenna gain	tation gain	Earth station antenna	ition ta	Polarization				Designation of	Identity of	Group	Ofestine	D.
symbol	identification	position	Long.	Lat.	Major axis	Minor	Orien- tation	antenna code	beam	Co- polar	Cross- polar	Code	Gain	Type A	Angle	err.b.	control	emission	tation	code	Status	Status Kemarks
AFG	AFG24501	20.00	67.00	34.30	1.89	1.19	18.00 N	MODRSS		40.93	V	MODTES	57.00 CI	1		84.0		27M0G7W		1/	Ь	
AFG	AFG24502	50.00	67.00	34.30	1.89	1.19	18.00 N	MODRSS		40.93	٧	MODTES	57.00 CI	CR		84.0		27M0G7W		1/	Ь	
AGL	AGL29500	-24.80	16.43	-12.37	2.66	1.75	77.43 N	MODRSS		37.77	V	MODTES	57.00 CI	CR		84.0		27M0G7W			Ь	
ALB	ALB29600	62.00	19.50	41.37	09:0	09:0	69.35 N	MODRSS		48.88	٧	MODTES	57.00 CL	7		82.6		27M0G7W			Ь	
ALG	ALG25152	-24.80	1.50	27.60	3.65	2.94	135.00 N	MODRSS		34.14	N	MODTES	57.00 CL	1		84.0		27M0G7W			Ь	
AND	AND34100	-37.00	1.60	42.50	09:0	09:0	0.00 N	MODRSS		48.88	٧	MODTES	57.00 CL	7		83.0		27M0G7W			Ь	
ARM	ARM06400	22.80	44.99	39.95	0.73	09:0	148.17 N	MODRSS		48.02	V	MODTES	57.00 CI	CR		84.0		27M0G7W			Ь	
ARS	ARS00375	17.00	44.60	23.40	4.21	2.48	145.00 N	MODRSS		34.26	V	MODTES	57.00 CL	7		84.0		27M0G7W		54	Ь	
ARS	ARS34000	17.00	44.60	23.40	4.21	2.48	145.00 N	MODRSS		34.28	V	MODTES	57.00 CL	7		84.0		27M0G7W		54	Ь	
AUS	AUS00400	152.00	135.00	-24.20	7.19	5.20	140.00 N	MODRSS		28.71	V	MODTES	57.00 CI	7		87.0		27M0G7W		30	Ь	
AUS	AUS00401	152.00	96.83	-12.19	09:0	09:0	0.00 N	MODRSS		48.88	V	MODTES	57.00 CL	7		87.0		27M0G7W		30	Ь	
AUS	AUS00402	152.00	105.69	-10.45	0.60	09:0	0.00 N	MODRSS		48.88	V	MODTES	57.00 CI	1		87.0		27M0G7W		30	Ь	
AUS	AUS00403	152.00	110.52	-66.28	09:0	09:0	0.00 N	MODRSS		48.88	V	MODTES	57.00 CL	7		87.0		27M0G7W		30	Ь	
AUS	AUS00404	152.00	158.94	-54.50	0.60	09:0	0.00 N	MODRSS		48.88	V	MODTES	57.00 CL	1		87.0		27M0G7W		30	Ь	
AUS	AUS00405	152.00	159.06	-31.52	09:0	09:0	0.00 N	MODRSS		48.88	4	MODTES	57.00 CL	_		87.0		27M0G7W		30	۵	
AUS	AUS00406	152.00	167.93	-29.02	09'0	09.0	0.00 N	MODRSS		48.88	٧	MODTES	57.00 CL			87.0		27M0G7W		30	Ь	
AUS	AUS0040A	152.00	135.36	-23.95	6.89	4.83	141.15 R123FR	123FR		29.23	٧	MODTES	57.00 CL	1		87.0		27M0G7W		30	Ь	
AUS	AUS00500	152.00	135.00	-24.20	7.19	5.20	140.00 MODRSS	10DRSS		28.71	٧	MODTES	57.00 CR	W.		87.0		27M0G7W		41	Ь	
AUS	AUS00501	152.00	96.83	-12.19	09:0	09.0	0.00 A	0.00 MODRSS		48.88	~	MODTES	57.00 CR	~		87.0		27M0G7W		41	Д	
AUS	AUS00502	152.00	105.69	105.69 -10.45	09'0	09:0	0.00	0.00 MODRSS		48.88	٧	MODTES	57.00 CR	~		87.0		27M0G7W		41	۵	
AUS	AUS00503	152.00	110.52 -66.28	-66.28	09:0	09:0	0.00	0.00 MODRSS		48.88	٧	MODTES	57.00 CR	~		87.0		27M0G7W		41	۵	
AUS	AUS00504	152.00	158.94	158.94 -54.50	09:0	09:0	0.00 A	0.00 MODRSS		48.88	٧	MODTES	57.00 CR	~		87.0		27M0G7W		41	Д	
AUS	AUS00505	152.00	159.06 -31.52	-31.52	0.60	09:0	0.00 A	0.00 MODRSS		48.88	~	MODTES	57.00 CR	~		87.0		27M0G7W		41	Ь	
AUS	AUS00506	152.00	167.93	167.93 -29.02	09:0	09:0	0.00 A	0.00 MODRSS		48.88	4	MODTES	57.00 CR	~		87.0		27M0G7W		41	۵	
AUS	AUS00600	152.00	135.50	135.50 -24.20	7.19	5.20	140.00 MODRSS	10DRSS		28.71	٧	MODTES	57.00 CR	~		87.0		27M0G7W		42	Ь	
AUS	AUS00601	152.00	96.83	96.83 -12.19	09:0	09:0	0.00 A	0.00 MODRSS		48.88	4	MODTES	57.00 CR	~		87.0		27M0G7W		42	۵	
AUS	AUS00602	152.00	105.69	105.69 -10.45	0.60	09:0	0.00 A	0.00 MODRSS		48.88	~	MODTES	57.00 CR	~		87.0		27M0G7W		42	Ь	
AUS	AUS00603	152.00	110.52 -66.28	-66.28	09:0	09:0	0.00 A	0.00 MODRSS		48.88	4	MODTES	57.00 CR	~		87.0		27M0G7W		42	۵	
AUS	AUS00604	152.00	158.94	158.94 -54.50	09'0	09:0	0.00	0.00 MODRSS		48.88	٧	MODTES	57.00 CR	~		87.0		27M0G7W		42	Ь	
AUS	AUS00605	152.00	159.06	159.06 -31.52	09:0	09:0	0.00 A	0.00 MODRSS		48.88	V	MODTES	57.00 CR	~		87.0		27M0G7W		42	Ь	
AUS	AUS00606	152.00	167.93 -29.02	-29.02	09'0	09:0	0.00 A	0.00 MODRSS		48.88	~	MODTES	57.00 CR	~	\dashv	87.0		27M0G7W		42	Ь	

Ppe Angle station 87.0 27A0G57W 87.0 27A0G57W	27M0G7W 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	27MGC7W 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Station (1) (2) (3) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	E E E E E E E E E A A A A A A E E E E E	E E E E E E E E E E A A A A A A E E E E	E E E E E E E E E A A A A A A E E E E E	8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
0.18 0.18 0.18 0.18 0.18 0.18 0.18		27M0G7W 27M0	27M0G7W 27M0G7	65W 65W 65W 65W 65W 65W 65W 65W								
				27M01 27M0	27MG57W 27MG67W 27MG	27M0G7W 27M0	ZPAGGTW ZPAG	ZAMOGSW ZAMO	27M0G7W	27M0G7W	27M0G7W	27M0G7W 27M0
	77.8. 77	0.18 0.18 0.18 0.18 0.18 0.18 0.18 0.18	87.0 87.0 87.0 87.0 87.0 87.0 87.0 87.0	87.0 87.0 87.0 87.0 87.0 87.0 87.0 87.0	87.0 87.0 87.0 87.0 87.0 87.0 87.0 87.0	87.0 87.0 87.0 87.0 87.0 87.0 87.0 87.0	87.0 87.0 87.0 87.0 87.0 87.0 87.0 87.0	87.0 87.0 87.0 87.0 87.0 87.0 87.0 87.0	87.0 87.0 87.0 87.0 87.0 87.0 87.0 87.0	87.0 87.0 87.0 87.0 87.0 87.0 87.0 87.0	87.0 87.0 87.0 87.0 87.0 87.0 87.0 87.0	87.0 87.0
57.00 57.00 57.00 57.00 57.00 57.00			67.00 67.00									
48.88 48.88 29.87 29.32 48.88	46.88 46.88 29.32 29.32 46.88 48.88 48.88	46.88 46.88 20.92 46.88 46.88 46.88 46.88	46.88 48.88 48.88 48.88 48.88 48.88 48.88 48.88 48.88 48.88	46.88 48.88 46.88	46.88 48 48.88 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 4	46.88 46.88	46.88 46	46.88 48	46.88 27.937 27.937 46.88 48.88	4888 4888 4888 4888 4888 4888 4888 488	46.88 46	46.88 46
134.19	0.00 134.19 132.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 134.19 132.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	134.19 134.19 132.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	134.19 132.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	134.19 12.00 000 000 000 000 000 132.00 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000	0.00 132.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 134.19 132.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 132.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 134.19 141.15 141.15	0.00 134.19 132.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	000 134.19 132.00 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000	134.19 132.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	000 134.19 132.00 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000	000 134.19 132.00 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000
-12.19	-12.19 -10.45 -66.28 -54.50	-12.19 -10.45 -66.28 -54.50 -31.52 -29.02	-12.19 -10.45 -66.28 -54.50 -31.52 -29.02 -23.90	-12.19 -10.45 -66.28 -54.50 -29.02 -23.90 -12.19 -10.45	2.1.70 -12.19 -10.45 -66.28 -54.50 -23.02 -12.19 -10.45 -66.28 -66.28 -66.28 -9.02	2.7.7 2.7 2	-12.79 -10.45 -66.28 -24.50 -29.02 -29.02 -12.19 -10.45 -29.02 -23.90 -24.16 -23.95 -23.95 -23.95 -23.95 -23.95	-12.19 -10.45 -10.45 -10.45 -23.52 -23.90 -12.19 -1	-12.19 -10.45 -66.28 -15.50 -17.19 -1	-12.19 -10.45 -66.28 -25.50 -23.00 -12.19 -12.19 -10.45 -23.00 -23.00 -10.45 -24.16 -12.19 -10.45 -25.00 -23.00 -10.45 -23.00 -10.45 -23.00 -10.45 -23.00 -10.45 -23.00 -10.45 -23.00 -10.45 -23.00 -2	-12.19 -10.45 -1	-12.19 -10.45 -66.28 -66.28 -27.02 -23.90 -14.19 -14.19 -14.19 -14.19 -14.19 -14.10 -23.95 -2
L	164.00	164.00 164.00 164.00 164.00	164.00 164.00 164.00 164.00 164.00 164.00	164.00 164.00 164.00 164.00 164.00 164.00 164.00	164.00 164.00 164.00 164.00 164.00 164.00 164.00 164.00 164.00 164.00 164.00	164.00 164.00	164.00 16	164.00 16	164.00 16	164.00 16	164.00 164.00 164.00 164.00 164.00 164.00 164.00 164.00 164.00 164.00 164.00 164.00 164.00 164.00 164.00 162.00 182.00 182.00 182.00 182.00 182.00 182.00 182.00 182.00 182.00 182.00 182.00 182.00 182.00 182.00 182.00 182.00 164.00 164.00 164.00 164.00 164.00 164.00 164.00 164.00	164.00 164.00 164.00 164.00 164.00 164.00 164.00 164.00 164.00 164.00 165.00 152.00 152.00 152.00 152.00 152.00 152.00 164.00 164.00 164.00 165.00 165.00 166.00
1	00804	AUS00804 AUS00805 AUS00806	4US00805 AUS00806 AUS00806 AUS00900 AUS00901	4US00804 4US00806 4US00806 AUS00806 AUS00901 AUS00902 AUS00903 AUS00903	WISCORDA WIS	ULSOBORDA ULSOBORDA	USOBBOAS USOBBOAS USOBBOAS USOBBOAS USOBBOAS USOBBOAS USOBBOAS USOBBOAS USOBBOAS USOBBOAS USOBBOAS USOBBOAS UUSOBBOAS U	AUSO0003 AUSO0003 AUSO0000 AUSO0000 AUSO0000 AUSO0000 AUSO00000 AUSO00000 AUSO00000 AUSO00000 AUSO00000 AUSO00000 AUSO00000 AUSO00000 AUSO000000000000000000000000000000000000	ALISO0003 ALISO0003 ALISO00005 ALISO0000 ALISO0000 ALISO00003 ALISO00003 ALISO00004 ALISO00004 ALISO00004 ALISO00006 ALISO000004 ALISO000006 ALISO000006 ALISO000006 ALISO000000000000000000000000000000000000	ALISO0003 ALISO0004 ALISO0006 ALISO0000 ALISO0000 ALISO0000 ALISO0000 ALISO0000 ALISO0000 ALISO0000 ALISO0000 ALISO00000 ALISO00000 ALISO00000 ALISO00000 ALISO00000 ALISO00000 ALISO000000000000000000000000000000000000	MISSOROS MIS	4US00803 4US00806 4US00806 4US00806 4US00801 4US00802 4US00803 4US00803 4US00804 4US00806 4US00806 4USA0000 4USA0000 4USA0000 4USA0000 4USA0000 4USA0000 4USA0000 4USA0000 4USA0000 4USA0000 4USB00003 4USB00003

-	2	3	4	1		ю		9	7	∞		6		10		11	12	13	14	15	16	17
		Orbital	Boresight	ight	Spa	Space station antenna characteristics	antenna istics	Space station	Shaped	Space station antenna gain	ntion gain	Earth station antenna	ntion 1a	Polarization			Power	Designation of	Identity of	Group	Stofus	Romorke
symbol	identification	position	Long.	Lat.	Major axis	Minor axis	Orien- tation	antenna code	beam	Co-	Cross-	Code	Gain	Type Aı	Angle	÷		emission		code		called by
Ė	AUT01600	-18.80	10.31	49.47	7 1.82	0.92	2 151.78	3 MODRSS		42.19	M	MODTES	57.00 C	CR		84.0		27M0G7W			Ь	
H	AZE06400	23.20	47.47	40.14	\$ 0.93	09'0	158.14	# MODRSS		46.98	M	MODTES	57.00 CL	Τ.		84.0		27M0G7W			Ь	
Ē	BDI27000	11.00	29.90	-3.10	0.71	09:0	00:08 0) MODRSS		48.15	W	MODTES	57.00 CL	٠,		81.0		27M0G7W			Ь	
Ē	BEL01800	38.20	5.12	51.96	1.00	1.00	00:00) MODRSS		44.44	M	MODTES	57.00 CR	e.		85.5		27M0G7W			Ь	
Ē	BEN23300	-19.20	2.20	9.50	1.44	99'0	97.00) MODRSS		44.54	W	MODTES	57.00 CL	Ţ.		84.0		27M0G7W			Ь	
П	BFA10700	-30.00	-1.50	12.20	1.45	1.14	4 29.00) MODRSS		42.26	M	MODTES	57.00 CL	Τ.		84.0		27M0G7W			Ь	
Ė	BGD22000	74.00	90.30	23.60	1.46	0.84	1	35.00 MODRSS		43.56	M	MODTES	57.00 C	CR		84.0		27M0G7W			Ь	
П	BHR25500	34.00	50.50	26.10	09:0	09:0	00:00	MODRSS		48.88	M	MODITES	57.00 CR	'n.		83.0		27M0G7W			Ь	
Ħ	BIH14800	26.00	18.22	43.97	09:0	09:0	00:06	MODRSS		48.88	M	MODTES	57.00 C	CR		84.0		27M0G7W			Ь	
П	BLR06200	37.80	28.04	53.18	3 1.17	09:0	89'6 0	B MODRSS		45.96	M	MODTES	57.00 CL	Τ.		84.0		27M0G7W			Ь	
Ē	BOT29700	-0.80	23.30	-22.20	0 2.13	1.50		36.00 MODRSS		39.40	M	MODTES	57.00 CL	Ţ		84.0		27M0G 7W			Ь	
П	BRM29800	104.00	76.97	18.68	3.33	1.66		91.63 MODRSS		37.02	M	MODITES	57.00 CR	7.		84.0		27M0G7W			Ь	
Ħ	BRU3300A	74.00	114.70	4.40	0.60	09:0	0.00	MODRSS		48.88	M	MODTES	57.00 CR	Ä		84.0		27M0G 7W			Ь	
П	BTN03100	86.00	90.44	27.05	5 0.72	0.60		175.47 MODRSS		48.11	M	MODTES	57.00 C	CR		84.0		27M0G7W			Ь	
Ħ	BUL02000	-1.20	25.00	43.00	1.04	09'0		165.00 MODRSS		46.50	M	MODTES	57.00 CL	Ţ		83.0		27M0G7W			Ь	
	CAF 25800	-13.20	21.00	6.30) 2.25	1.68		31.00 MODRSS		38.67	W.	MODTES	57.00 CR	ę.		84.0		27M0G7W			Ь	
_	CBG29900	86.00	104.89	12.79	9 1.12	0.94	4 32.89	9 MODRSS		44.22	M	MODTES	57.00 CR	ŭ		84.0		27M0G7W			Ь	
H	CHN15400	62.00	101.90	33.50	5.10	2.80		143.00 MODRSS		32.90	M	MODTES	57.00 C	CR		84.0		27M0G7W		45	Ь	
	CHN15500	62.00	101.90	33.50	5.10	2.80		143.00 MODRSS		32.90	M	MODTES	57.00 CL	بر		84.0		27M0G7W		45	Ь	
\dashv	CHN15800	134.00	113.21		7 6.40	3.16		# MODRSS		31.39	M	MODTES	57.00 CL	Į.		84.0		27M0G7W		46	Ь	
H	CHN15900	134.00	113.21	34.27	7 6.40	3.16	5 10.74	# MODRSS		31.39	W.	MODTES	57.00 CR	ġ.		84.0		27M0G7W		46	Ь	
	CHN16000	92.20	108.10	- 1				148.00 MODRSS		31.44	M	MODTES	57.00 CR	č.		84.0		27M0G7W		47	Ь	
\dashv	CHN16100	92.20	108.10	33.70	0 2:00	4.00	0 148.00	MODRSS		31.44	≥	MODTES	57.00 CL	بر		84.0		27M0G7W		47	Ь	
	CHN20000	122.00	113.55	22.20				MODRSS		48.88	M	MODTES	57.00 CL	بر		84.0		27M0G7W			Ь	
	CLN21900	50.00	80.60	7.70	1.18	0.60	0 106.00	MODRSS		45.95	W.	MODTES	57.00 CL	ب.		84.0		27M0G 7W			Ь	
\dashv	COD100	-19.20	21.85	-3.40	0			CB_RSS_CODA		38.36	W.	MODTES	57.00 CL	بر		84.0		27M0G 7W			Ь	
_	COG23500	-13.20	14.60		0 2.02	1.18	8 59.00	MODRSS		40.67	W.	MODTES	57.00 C	CR		84.0		27M0G7W			Д	
\dashv	COM20700	29.00	44.10	-12.10	0.76	09'0	0 149.00	MODRSS		47.86	W.	MODTES	57.00 CR	č.		84.0		27M0G7W			Ь	
Ť	CPV30100	-33.50	-24.12	16.09	7.70 6	0.63	3 94.46	5 MODRSS		47.56	W.	MODTES	57.00 CL	ب		84.0		27M0G 7W			Ь	5,6
\dashv	CTI23700	-24.80	-5.66	7.39	9 1.45	1.29		126.59 MODRSS		41.73	W.	MODTES	57.00 CR	č.		84.0		27M0G 7W			Ь	
	CVA08300	-1.20	13.02	42.09	9 0.75	99:0	5 20.53	3 MODRSS		47.48	W.	MODTES	57.00 C	CR		84.0		27M0G7W			Ь	
	CVA08500	-1.20	13.02	42.09	9 0.75	0.66	6 20.53	3 MODRSS		47.48	W	MODTES	57.00 C	CR		84.0		27M0G7W			Ь	
Ť	CYP08600	-1.20	33.45	35.12	2 0.60	0.60	00:00	MODRSS		48.88	W.	MODTES	57.00 CL	ب		84.0		27M0G 7W			Ь	
Ť	CZE14401	-12.80	16.77	46.78	1.71	0.89	9 149.15	5 MODRSS		42.64	W.	MODTES	57.00 C	CR		84.0		27M0G7W			Д	
Ť	CZE14402	-12.80	16.77		1.71	0.89	9 149.15	5 MODRSS		42.64	W.	MODTES	57.00 CL	ب		84.0		27M0G 7W			Ь	
Ė	CZE14403	-12.80	16.77	46.78	1.71	0.89	9 149.15	5 MODRSS		42.64	Ň	MODTES	57.00 CL	بہ		84.0		27M0G 7W		37	Ь	
П	D 08700	-18.80	10.31	49.47	7 1.82	0.92		151.78 MODRSS		42.19	W.	MODTES	57.00 CR	ų.		84.0		27M0G7W			Ь	

7	3	4				20	9	7	*		6		10		11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Beam	Orbital	Boresight	ight	ds	ace stati	Space station antenna characteristics	Space station	Shaped	Space station antenna gain	ation gain	Earth station antenna	ation na	Polarization	h		Power	Designation of	Identity of	Group	Status	Domorbe
identification		Long.	Lat.	Major axis	r Minor axis	r Orien-		beam	Co- polar	Cross- polar	Code	Gain	Type	Angle	d y		emission		code		Celliarres
l	23.20	0 24.52	56.11	_			CB_RSS_LTUA		47.92	N	MODTES	57.00 C	CR		84.0		27M0G7W			Ь	
	28.20	0 5.21	49.20	0.60		0.60 90.00	00 MODRSS		48.88	N	MODTES	57.00 C	CL		84.0		27M0G7W		60	Ь	
	23.20	0 24.52	56.11	1			CB_RSS_LVAA		47.92	N	MODTES	57.00 C	CR		84.0		27M0G7W			Ь	
	29:00	0 58.61	-15.88	89			CB_RSS_MAUA		41.42	N	MODTES	57.00 CL	7.		84.0		27M0G7W			Ь	
	34.20	0 7.40	43.70	09'0 0.		00'0 09'0	00 MODRSS		48.88	N	MODTES	57.00 C	CR		81.0		27M0G7W			Ь	
l	50.00	0 28.45	46.99	09:0 6		0.00 90.00	00 MODRSS		48.88	N	MODTES	57.00 C	CR		84.0		27M0G7W			Ь	
	29:00	0 46.20	-18.60	10 2.57		0.80 67.00	00 MODRSS		41.32	N	MODTES	57.00 C	70		84.0		27M0G7W			Ь	
	146.00	167.64	9.83	13 2.07		0.90 157.42	42 MODRSS		41.75	N	MODTES	57.00 CR	CR.		84.0		27M0G7W			Ь	
MKD14800	22.80	0 21.53	41.50	09'0 0'		00.06 09.00	00 MODRSS		48.88	N	MODTES	57.00 C	70		84.0		27M0G7W			Ь	
MLA100	91.50	0 108.07	3.92	.5			CB_RSS_MLAA		41.75	N	MODTES	57.00 C	CR		84.0		27M0G7W			Ь	
MLD 30600	90:00	0 73.10	9009	09'0 0		00:0 09:0	00 MODRSS		48.88	N	MODTES	57.00 C	CR		84.0		27M0G7W			Ь	
MLI_100	-19.20	0 -4.80	16.10	0			CB_RSS_MLIA		41.11	N	MODTES	57.00 C	CR		0.78		27M0G7W			Ь	
MLT14700	22.80	0 14.40	35.90	09'0 0		0.00 09.0	00 MODRSS		48.88	N	MODTES	57.00 CR	CR.		84.0		27M0G7W			Ь	
MNG24800	74.00	0 101.95	46.79	9 3.32		1.04 169.27	27 MODRSS		39.07	N	MODTES	59.92 C	CL	H	6.98		27M0G7W			Ь	
MRC20900	-25.20	0 -8.90	28.90	3.96		1.55 50.0	50.00 MODRSS		36.57	N	MODTES	57.00 CR	CR.		80.0		27M0G7W			Ь	
MTN_100	-36.80	0 -11.24	20.91	_			CB_RSS_MTNA		37.55	V	MODTES	57.00 CR	8		86.0		27M0G7W			Ь	
MWI30800	4.80	33.79	-13.25	5 1.56		0.70 92.69	59 MODRSS		44.10	V	MODTES	57.00 CR	8		84.0		27M0G7W			Ь	
NGR11500	-37.20	0 7.63	16.97	7 2.20		1.80 100.58	58 MODRSS		38.47	N	MODTES	57.00 C	CL	H	84.0		27M0G7W			Ь	
NOR12000	-0.80	0 16.70	61.58	1.84		0.95 177.31	31 MODRSS		42.02	V	MODTES	57.00 CR	SR		84.0		27M0G7W		90	۵	
NOR12100	-0.80		61.58	1.84		0.95 177.31	31 MODRSS		42.02	V	MODTES	57.00 C	CL		84.0		27M0G7W		90	Ь	
NRU30900	134.00	0 167.00	-0.50	09:0		0.60 0.00	DO MODRSS		48.88	V	MODTES	57.00 CL	7		84.0		27M0G7W			Ь	
NZL100	158.00	0 -174.35	-24.30	0.			CB_RSS_NZLA		48.88	N	MODTES	57.00 C	CL	H	84.0		27M0G7W			Ь	7
OMA12300	17.20	0 55.60	21.00	1.88		1.02 100.00	DO MODRSS		41.62	V	MODTES	57.00 CL	7		85.0		27M0G7W			Ь	
PHL28500	98:00					1.76 99.00	00 MODRSS		36.60	V	MODTES	57.00 C	CL		84.0		27M0G7W			Ь	
PLW00000	140.00	0 132.98	5.51	1.30		0.60 55.41	11 MODRSS		45.53	V	MODTES	57.00 C	CR		84.0		27M0G7W			Ь	
POL13200	50.00			8 1.22		0.63 16.12			45.59	V	MODTES	57.00 C	CR		84.0		27M0G7W			Ь	
POR100	-37.00	0 -15.92	37.65	ς,			CB_RSS_PORA		47.17	V	MODTES	57.00 C	CR		84.0		27M0G7W			Ь	
YYY00001	-13.20	0 34.99	31.86	09'0 91		00.00 90.00	00 MODRSS		48.88	V	MODTES	57.00 CL	7		80.5		27M0G7W			Ь	8
OAT24700	20:00	0 51.59	25.35	15 0.60		0.60 90.00	00 MODRSS		48.88	V	MODTES	57.00 C	CL		84.0		27M0G7W			Ь	
ROU13600	50.00	0 25.12	45.75	5 1.17		0.73 9.5	9.52 MODRSS		45.15	V	MODTES	57.00 CL	7		84.0		27M0G7W			Ь	
RRW31000	11.00		- 1	0 0.66		0.60 42.00	00 MODRSS		48.47	V	MODTES	57.00 CR	SR		81.0		27M0G7W			Ь	
RSTREA11	36.00		- 1	0				COP	38.40	8.40 N	MODTES	57.00 C	CR		84.0		27M0F8W	RST-1	90	PE	
RSTREA12	36.00		53.00	0				COP	38.40	8.40 N	8.40 MODTES	57.00 C	CL		84.0		27M0F8W	RST-1	90	PE	
RSTRED11	36.00	0 38.00	53.00	0				COP	38.40	8.40 N	8.40 MODTES	57.00 C	CR		84.0		27M0G7W	RST-1	02	PE	
RSTRED12	36.00		- 1	9				COP	38.40	8.40 N	MODTES	57.00 C	CL		84.0		27M0G7W	RST-1	90	PE	
RSTRSD11	36.00		53.00	0				COP	38.40	8.40 N	8.40 MODTES	57.00 CR	8		84.0		27M0G7W	RST-1	90	Ь	
RSTRSD12	36.00	0 38.00	53.00	0				COP	38.40	8.40 N	8.40 MODTES	57.00 CL	7		84.0		27M0G7W	RST-1	05	Д.	

						_		_	_	_			_		_					_				_	_		_		_	_	_	_	_		_	_			_,
17	Stotus Domorbo	Nelliarks																																					
16	Chafme	Status	Ь	Ь	Ь	Ь	Ь	Ь	Ь	Ь	Ь	Ь	Ь	Ь	Ь	Ь	Ь	Ь	Ь	Ь	Ь	Ь	Ь	Ь	Ь	Ь	Ь	Ь	Ь	Ь	Ь	Ь	Ь	Ь	Ь	Д	Ь	Ь	Д
15	Group	code	14	14	33	33	32	35	34	34	04	04												37			53	53							22	22	3%		
14	Identity of		RST-2	RST-2	RST-3	RST-3	RST-5	RST-5	RUS-4	RUS-4																													
13	Designation of	emission	27M0G7W	27M0G7W	27M0G7W	27M0G7W	27M0G7W	27M0G7W	27M0G7W	27M0G7W	27M0G7W	27M0G7W	27M0G7W	27M0G7W	27M0G7W	27M0G7W	27M0G7W	27M0G7W	27M0G7W	27M0G7W	27M0G7W	27M0G7W	27M0G7W	27M0G7W	27M0G 7W	27M0G7W	27M0G7W	27M0G7W	27M0G7W	27M0G7W	27M0G7W	27M0G7W	27M0G7W	27M0G7W	27M0G7W	27M0G7W	27M0G7W	27M0G7W	27M0G7W
12	Power		,			,		,	.,	.,	.,	.,	.,	.,	,,	.,	.,	.,	.,	,	.,	.,	.,	.,	.,	.,	.,	.,	.,	.,	,	.,	.,	.,	.,	.,			
11		err.p.	84.0	84.0	84.0	84.0	84.0	84.0	84.0	84.0	84.0	84.0	84.0	84.0	84.0	83.0	84.0	84.0	84.0	84.0	84.0	84.0	84.0	84.0	82.0	82.0	84.0	84.0	84.0	84.0	82.0	85.7	84.0	84.0	84.0	84.0	84.0	84.0	84.0
10	Polarization	Angle																																					
	Pola	Туре	CR	ರ	CR	70	CR	CL	CR	CL	CL	CL	CR	CL	CL	CL	CL	CL	CR	CL	CL	CR	CL	70	CR	CR	CL	CL	CR	CR	70	CL	CR	CR	CR	CR	딩	8	CR
	ntion 1a	Gain	57.00	27.00	57.00	57.00	27.00	57.00	57.00	57.00	57.00	57.00	57.00	57.00	57.00	57.00	57.00 CL	57.00 CL	57.00 CR	57.00 CL	57.00 CL	57.00	57.00	57.00	57.00	57.00	57.00	57.00	57.00	57.00	57.00	57.00	57.00	57.00	57.00	57.00	57.00	57.00 CR	57.00 CR
6	Earth station antenna	Code	MODTES	MODTES	8.40 MODTES	8.40 MODTES	8.40 MODTES	MODTES	8.40 MODTES	8.40 MODTES	MODTES	MODTES	MODTES	MODTES	MODTES	MODTES	MODTES	MODTES	MODTES	MODTES	MODTES	MODTES	MODTES	MODTES	MODTES	MODTES	MODTES	MODTES	MODTES	MODTES	MODTES	MODTES	MODTES	MODTES	MODTES	MODTES	MODTES	MODTES	MODTES
	tion	Cross- polar	8.40 N	8.40 N	8.40 N	8.40 N	8.40 N	8.40 N	8.40 N	8.40 N	٧	~	V	٧	V	٧	V	٧	V	٧	V	٧	٧	V	~	٧	~	N	~	V	٧	V	٧	٧	٧	~	~	~	~
8	Space station antenna gain	Co- Co-	38.40	38.40	38.40	38.40	38.40	38.40	38.40	38.40	41.44	41.44	40.44	42.81	48.88	48.88	46.25	47.07	47.20	48.88	42.19	42.64	42.64	42.64	48.88	48.88	43.19	43.80	36.26	37.38	45.00	40.81	48.50	44.64	43.13	36.47	39.00	46.93	38.27
7	Shaped	beam	d00	d00	d00	d00	d00	d00	COP	COP																													
9	Space station	antenna code									MODRSS	MODRSS	MODRSS	118.59 MODRSS	90.00 MODRSS	MODRSS	175.12 MODRSS	145.16 MODRSS	114.00 MODRSS	MODRSS	151.78 MODRSS	MODRSS	149.15 MODRSS	149.15 MODRSS	MODRSS	MODRSS	73.16 MODRSS	74.00 MODRSS	83.26 MODRSS	93.77 MODRSS	55.31 MODRSS	166.64 MODRSS	13.92 MODRSS	MODRSS	MODRSS	175.00 MODRSS	MODRSS	137.58 MODRSS	129.00 MODRSS
	tenna	Orien- tation									10.00	10.00	27.51	118.59	90.00	0.00	175.12	145.16	114.00	0.00	151.78	149.15	149.15	149.15	90.00	90.00	73.16	74.00	83.26	93.77	155.31	166.64	13.92	71.33	135.00	175.00	0.03	137.58	129.00
2	Space station antenna characteristics	Minor									1.00	1.00	1.04	1.08	09:0	09:0	0.72	09:0	0.68	09:0	0.92	0.89	0.89	0.89	09:0	09:0	0.91	0.88	2.05	1.82	0.73	1.02	09:0	09:0	0.72	1.75	1.10	09:0	1.72
	Space	Major axis									2.00	2:00	2.43	1.35	09'0	09'0	0.92	0.91	0.78	09'0	1.82	1.71	1.71	1.71	09:0	09:0	1.47	1.32	3.21	2.80	1.21	2.26	99'0	1.59	1.88	3.59	3.19	0.94	2.41
	;ht	Lat.	63.00	63.00	62.00	62.00	26.00	56.00	51.52	51.52	61.50	61.50	-7.23	-8.40	-13.87	43.90	1.42	43.98	8.60	0.80	49.47	46.78	46.78	46.78	46.18	-26.44	34.02	34.20	15.52	12.88	38.41	38.83	-8.72	-18.19	33.50	32.00	38.99	-7.11	-6.20
4	Boresight	Long.	65.00	92:00	97.00	97.00	158.00	158.00	118.22	118.22	17.00	17.00	51.86	159.27	-171.70	12.50	103.86	20.50	-11.80	7.00	10.31	16.77	16.77	16.77	15.01		37.55	37.60	18.39	100.75	71.14	59.24	126.03	-175.23	9.50	2.50	35.14	177.61	34.60 -6.20
3	Orbital	position	26.00	26.00	00'98	00:98	140.00	140.00	110.00	110.00	5.00	5.00	42.50	128.00	-178.00	-36.80	88.00	-7.00	-33.50	-7.00	-18.80	-12.80	-12.80	-12.80	33.80	4.80	11.00	11.00	17.00	00.86	38.00	50.00	128.00	170.75	-25.20	-25.20	42.00	176.00	11.00
2		identification	RSTRSD21	RSTRSD22	RSTRSD31	RSTRSD32	RSTRSD51	RSTRSD52	RUS00401	RUS00402	S 13800	S 13900	SEY00000	SLM00000	SMO05700	SMR31100	SNG15100	SRB14800	SRL25900	STP24100	SUI14000	SVK14401	SVK14402	SVK14403	SVN14800	SWZ31300	SYR22900	SYR33900	TCD14300	THA14200	TJK06900	TKM06800	TLS00000	TON21500	TUN15000	TUN27200	TUR14500	TUV00000	TZA22500
1	Admin.	symbol	RUS	RUS	RUS	RUS	RUS	RUS	RUS	RUS	S	S	SEY	SLM	SMO	SMR	SNG	SRB	SRL	STP	SUI	SVK	SVK	SVK	SVN	SWZ	SYR	SYR	TCD	THA	TJK	TKM	TLS	TON	TUN	TUN	TUR	TUV	TZA

1	2	9	4		L	ю		9	7	œ		6		10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Admin.	Beam	Orbital	Boresight	ght	Spac	Space station antenna characteristics	itenna	Space station	Shaped	Space station antenna gain	tation 1 gain	Earth station antenna	ation	Polarization	_	Power	. Designation of		-	_	
symbol	identification	position	Long.	Lat.	Major axis	Minor	Orien- tation	antenna code	peam	Co- polar	Cross- polar	Code	Gain	Type An	Angle e.i.r.p.	p. control	lemission	the space station			Status Kemarks
UAE	UAE27400	52.50	53.98	24.37	1.23	0.84	6.62	6.62 MODRSS		44.31		MODTES	27.00	CR	_	84.0	27M0G7W			۵	
UGA	UGA05100	17.00	32.20	1.04	1.50	1.02	68.73	68.73 MODRSS		42.62		MODTES	57.00	CR	_	84.0	27M0G7W			۵	
UKR	UKR06300	38.20	31.82	48.19	2.32	0.95	177.32	177.32 MODRSS		41.01		MODTES	27.00	CR	~	84.0	27M0G 7W			Ь	
USA	GUM33101	122.00	155.56	13.21				CB_RSS_GUMA		43.61		MODTES	57.00	CR	~	0.78	27M0G 7W		JC	Ь	
USA	GUM33102	122.00	155.56	13.21				CB_RSS_GUMA		43.61		MODTES	27.00	70	_	0.78	27M0G7W		JC	Ь	
USA	MRA33200	121.80	155.56	13.21				CB_RSS_MRAA		43.61		MODTES	27.00	CR	,	91.0	27M0G 7W			Ь	
USA	PLM33200	170.00	-145.55	19.50				CB_RSS_PLMA		39.35		MODTES	57.00	70	~	0.78	27M0G7W			Д	
USA	USAA_101	170.00	-145.55	19.50				CB_RSS_USAA		39.35		MODTES	57.00	CR	~	87.0	27M0G7W		7A	Ь	
USA	USAA_102	170.00	-145.55	19.50				CB_RSS_USAA		39.35		MODTES	57.00 CL	CL	~	87.0	27M0G7W		7A	Ь	
UZB	UZB07100	33.80	63.80	41.21	2.56	0.89	159.91	159.91 MODRSS		40.84		MODTES	57.00 CR	CR	2	82.0	27M0G 7W			Ь	
VTN	VTN32500	107.00	106.84	14.21	3.43	1.76	109.43	109.43 MODRSS		36.64		MODTES	57.00	CR	~	84.0	27M0G7W			Ь	
VUT	VUT12801	140.00	168.00	-16.40	1.52	0.68	87.00	87.00 MODRSS		44.30		MODTES	57.00	CL	~	84.0	27M0G 7W		7.8	Ь	
VUT	VUT12802	140.00	168.00	168.00 -16.40	1.52	0.68	87.00	87.00 MODRSS		44.30		MODTES	57.00	CR	~	84.0	27M0G7W		7.8	Ь	
ZMB	ZMB31400	-0.80	27.50	-13.10	2.38	1.48	39.00	39.00 MODRSS		38.98		MODTES	57.00	CR	~	84.0	27M0G7W			Ь	
ZWE	ZWE13500	-0.80	29.60	29.60 -18.80	1.46	1.36	37.00	37.00 MODRSS		41.47		MODTES	57.00	CL	3	85.0	27M0G7W			Ь	

COLUMN HEADINGS OF TABLES 3B1 AND 3B2

- Col. 1 Nominal orbital position, in degrees and hundredths of a degree from the Greenwich meridian (negative values indicate longitudes which are west of the Greenwich meridian; positive values indicate longitudes which are east of the Greenwich meridian).
- Col. 2 Notifying administration symbol.
- Col. 3 Beam identification (Column 2, normally, contains the symbol designating the administration or the geographical area taken from Table B1 of the Preface to the International Frequency List, followed by the symbol designating the service area).
- Col. 4 Polarization (CL circular left, CR circular right).
- Col. 5 Channel number/indication of minimum equivalent protection margin (EPM) for a given assignment derived from the set of values for all test points belonging to the given beam.

TABLE 3B1

Minimum equivalent protection margin in the Regions 1 and 3 feeder-link Plan in the frequency band 14.5-14.8 GHz (sorted by orbital position)

1	2	3	4							5						
Orbital	Admin.	Beam	Polarization							annel n	_					
position	symbol	Identification	type	2	3	4	5	6 Minim	7 um equ	8 ivolont	9 protect	10	11	12	13	14
-37.00	SEN	SEN22201	CL				40.8		39.6	vaient	39.6	ion ma	39.6		39.6	
-37.00	SEN	SEN22202	CR					39.6		39.6		39.6		39.6		40.7
-30.00	TGO	TGO22601	CL				15.0		14.1		14.1		14.1		14.1	
-30.00	TGO	TGO22602	CR					14.1		14.1		14.1		14.1		15.0
-25.00	GHA	GHA10801	CR				14.9		14.1		14.1		14.1		14.1	13.0
-25.00	GHA	GHA10802	CL					14.1		14.1		14.1		14.1		14.9
-19.20	NIG	NIG11901	CR				6.4		4.2		4.2		4.2		4.2	- · · ·
-19.20	NIG	NIG11902	CL				0.4	4.2	7.2	4.2	7.2	4.2	7.2	4.2	7.2	6.4
-18.80	NMB	NMB02501	CL				6.9	7.2	4.5	7.2	4.5	7.2	4.5	7.2	4.5	0.4
-18.80	NMB	NMB02502	CR				0.7	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	6.9
-13.00	CME	CME30001	CL				17.2	7.3	16.3	4.5	16.3	4.5	16.3	4.5	16.3	0.7
-13.00	CME	CME30001	CR				17.2	16.3	10.5	16.3	10.5	16.3	10.5	16.3	10.5	17.2
-7.00	SDN	SDN_101	CL				27.1	10.5	26.1	10.5	26.1	10.5	26.1	10.5	26.1	17.2
-7.00	SDN	SDN_101	CR				27.1	26.1	20.1	26.1	20.1	26.1	20.1	26.1	20.1	27.1
							166	20.1	15.7	20.1	15.7	20.1	15.7	20.1	15.7	27.1
-1.00 -1.00	MOZ	MOZ30701 MOZ30702	CL CR				16.6	15.7	15./	15.7	15./	15.7	15./	15.7	15.7	16.6
-			CL				11.9	15.7	11.0	15./	11.0	15./	11.0	15./	11.0	10.0
4.80	AFS AFS	AFS02101	CR				11.9	11.0	11.0	11.0	11.0	11.0	11.0	11.0	11.0	11.9
		AFS02102					47.0	11.0	47.0	11.0	45.0	11.0	45.0	11.0	45.0	11.9
11.00	YEM	YEM_101	CR				47.8	45.0	47.3	47.0	47.3	45.0	47.3	45.0	47.3	45.0
11.00	YEM IRN	YEM102 IRN10901	CL CR		15.2		13.9	47.3	13.9	47.3	13.9	47.3	13.9	47.3	13.9	47.8
34.00					15.2		15.9	120	13.9	12.0	13.9	12.0	13.9	12.0	13.9	
34.00	IRN	IRN10902	CL			14.3	2.2	13.9		13.9		13.9		13.9		14.8
36.00	ETH	ETH09201	CL				2.3		1.4		1.4		1.4		1.4	
36.00	SOM	ETH09202 SOM31201	CR CL				0.0	1.4	-0.3	1.4	-0.3	1.4	-0.3	1.4	-0.3	2.3
37.80							0.0		-0.3	0.2	-0.5	0.2	-0.3	0.2	-0.3	.
37.80	SOM	SOM31202	CR		112		2.2	-0.3	0.0	-0.3		-0.3		-0.3		1.6
38.20	PAK	PAK12701	CR		14.2		3.2	0.0	0.9		0.9		0.9		0.9	
38.20	PAK	PAK12702	CL			4.2	262	0.9	25.2	0.9	25.2	0.9	25.2	0.9	25.2	3.3
42.50	SEY	SEY00001	CL				36.3		35.3		35.3		35.3		35.3	
42.50	SEY	SEY00002	CR					35.3		35.3		35.3		35.3		36.4
50.00	IRQ	IRQ25601	CL	_			-0.1		-0.1		-0.1		-0.1		-0.1	-
50.00	IRQ	IRQ25602	CR	_			<u> </u>	-0.1		-0.1		-0.1		-0.1		2.4
50.00	NPL	NPL12201	CR		38.2		3.9		1.2		1.2		1.2		1.2	-
50.00	NPL	NPL12202	CL			4.6		1.2		1.2		1.2		1.2		3.9
55.80	IND	INDA_101	CR		25.7		24.7		24.7		24.7		24.7		24.7	
55.80	IND	INDA_102	CL			24.7		24.7		24.7		24.7		24.7		25.6

1	2	3	4							5						
									Ch	annel n	umber					
Orbital position	Admin. symbol	Beam Identification	Polarization type	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
								Minim	um equ	ivalent	protect	ion ma	rgin			
116.00	KOR	KO11201D	CL	7.5		7.5		7.5		7.5		7.5		7.5		
116.00	KOR	KOR11201	CL	7.5		7.5		7.5		7.5		7.5		7.5		
122.00	CHN	CHN19001	CL		47.7		47.7		47.7		47.7		47.7		50.7	
122.00	CHN	CHN19002	CR			42.0		42.0		42.0		42.0		42.0		999.9
134.00	PNG	PNG13101	CR		26.1		25.2		25.2		25.2		25.2		25.2	
134.00	PNG	PNG13102	CL			25.2		25.2		25.2		25.2		25.2		26.1
140.00	USA	USAC_101	CL		19.4		18.6		18.6		18.6		18.6		18.6	
140.00	USA	USAC_102	CR			18.6		18.6		18.6		18.6		18.6		19.4

TABLE 3B2

Minimum equivalent protection margin in the Regions 1 and 3 feeder-link Plan in the frequency band 17.3-18.1 GHz (sorted by orbital position)

			40								13.3			2.0										14.9						
			39					3.2	10.3											14.1			17.1							
			38								9.01			0.3										12.0						
			37					3.2	10.3		Ė									2.8			13.7	Ť						
			36					.,	_		9.01			0.3				1.1		Ė			_	12.0						
			35					3.2	10.2		1									1.8			11.4	1						
١			34 3					(%)	=		9.01			0.3			5.1			Ė			1	12.0						
			Н					2	2		10			0			5.			8			11.4	12						
			33					3.2	10.2		9			_				L		1.8			11	0						
1			32					_			10.6			0.3				1.1		_			7	12.0						
			31					3.2	10.3											2.8			13.7	_						
			30								10.6			0.3										12.0						
			29					3.2	10.2											7.5			13.1							
			28								10.6			0.3			5.1							12.0						
			27					3.2	10.2											1.8			11.4							
			26								9'01			0.3							1.1			12.0						
			25	rgin				3.2	10.2											-0.1			11.8							
			24	n ma			6'666				10.6			0.3							1.1			12.0						
			23	ectio	3.3	12.2		3.2	10.2											-0.1			11.8							
		Channel number	22	Minimum equivalent protection margin			6'666				10.6			0.3							1.1			12.0						
	S	nnel	21	alent	3.3	12.2	_	1.3	9.2						L	L				1.5			6.7							
		Cha	20	equiv			6:666					1.5			12.0	11.6			4.2											
			19	unu	3.3	12.2	6			4.0-			0.0		_	_						7.7			7.6					
			18	Minir		2	6'666			L		0.8	_		10.6	14.3			6.4						_	1	_	_	_	L
			17	_	3.3	12.2	6.			-0.4		_	6.1		9	3			L			7.7			7.6	10.1	11.1	10.1	11.1	10.1
			5 16		~	2	6'666			4		0.8	_		10.6	14.3			6.4			7			25					
			1 15		3.3	12.2	67			-0.4			0.0		9:	.3			4			7.7			7.6					
			13 14		3	12.2	6666			-0.4		0.8	-0.1		10.6	14.3			6.4			7			7.6	10.1	11.1	-	-	10.1
			12 1.		3.3	12	6.666			9		8.0	9		9.01	14.3			6.4			7.7			7.	10	11	10.1	11.1	10
			11		3.3	122	66	-	-	-0.4		0	0:0		1(1/			9	H		7.7	_	_	7.6	H				H
			10		(4)	-	6'666			ī		8.0	0		10.6	14.3			6.4			7			7					
			9 1		3.3	12.2	8			4.0-		_	1.0		-	-			9			7.7			7.6	10.1	11.1	10.1	11.1	10.1
			œ		,	_	6'666			Ė		8.0	i i		10.6	14.3			6.4			- 1			,-	1	1	_	-	1
			7		3.3	12.2	8.			4.0-		Ť	0.0		-	-			Ť			7.7			9.7					
			9		Ħ	Ė	6.666	T		Ė		8.0	Ė		9.01	14.3			6.4	П		Ħ	Ħ	Ħ		П				П
			ĸ		3.3	12.2	5			4.0-			1.0							П		7.7			7.6	10.1	11.1	10.1	11.1	10.1
			4				6.666					8.0			10.6	14.3			6.4											
			3		3.3	12.2	0.			4.0-			0.0									7.7			7.6					
			2				6'666					8.0			10.6	14.3			6.4											
Į			1		3.3	12.2				1.8			2.4									9.01			7.9	10.2	11.2	1.01	11.1	10.2
ĺ			Polarization type																											
	4		larizati type		CR	C	CL	C	CR	C	C	CR	CR	CR	C	J	CR	CR	CR	CL	CR	CR	CR	CL	CR	CR	CR	CR	CR	CR
ļ																														
			catio		300	5700	0100	0200	100	1500	4100	3200	100	100	1100	0010	0006	9100	700	006	000	1400	20069	00/0	100	7D4	3D6	3D4	3D6	SA4
	3		Beam entificati		FJI19300	SMO05700	OCE10100	GMB30200	IRL21100	NGR11500	AND34100	GUI19200	POR_100	MTN_100	SMR31100	CPV30100	DNK 09000	DNK09100	G 02700	ISL04900	IST05000	LBR24400	SRL25900	BFA10700	E100	HISP27D4	HISP27D6	HISP33D4	HISP33D6	HISPASA4
ļ			ı. Zğ		Н		\vdash		\vdash		\vdash	\vdash	\vdash			\vdash		\vdash	\vdash	Н	\vdash					Н		\vdash		Н
	2		Admin. Beam symbol Identification		EJI	SMO	ш	GMB	RL	NGR	AND	CUI	POR	MTN	SMR	CPV	DNK	DNK	9	ISL	ISI	LBR	SRL	BFA	В	Е	В	ш	В	Е
Ì	1		Orbital Position		-178.00	-178.00	-160.00	-37.20	-37.20	-37.20	-37.00	-37.00	-37.00	-36.80	-36.80	-33.50	-33.50	-33.50	-33.50	-33.50	-33.50	-33.50	-33.50	-30.00	-30.00	-30.00	-30.00	-30.00	-30.00	-30.00
Į			O. Pos		1	1	Ť	Ÿ	Ÿ	Ŷ	n	Ÿ	Ŷ	Ÿ	n	Ÿ	Ŷ	Ÿ	n	Ÿ	Ŷ	ep.	ep.	Ÿ	T	ñ	n	e,	T	6

Patient Pati	_							_	_				_	_	_	_		_															
Column C			40		Ĺ	L	Ĺ	Ĺ	-0.2	Ĺ	Ĺ	0.0	Ĺ	Ĺ	Ĺ	Ĺ	L	Ĺ	L	14.7	2.5	Ĺ	Ĺ	11.7		L	L	L	Ĺ	L	L		
Parising Parising			39										5.2		9.4			-0.2								10.1							
A A A A A A A A A A			38						4.0	-12		-1.1								13.0	0.0			9.8							7.0-		
A A A A A A A A A A			37										5.3		9.4			-0.2								10.1							0.0
Physical column Physical c			36						-0.4			-1.0								13.0	0.0			8.6				-0.7					
Pairt Pair		ŀ	-						Ė			Ė	5.2		9.4			0.2		Ė						0.1		Ė		0.0			
Paleriganida Pale			-						9.4	1.2		1.1						Ė		3.0	0.0			8.0		_				Ė			
A Parameter			-						H	Ė		_	.3		4			0.2		_				Ŭ.		1.0	0:						
A Palarization Palazization			-						4.0			0.1	LC)		5			ī		0.8	0.			8:		-	_						
Phantication by Participation Channel arms Chan			-						۲			T	55		4			.2		13	0			6		-							
Polyatization Polyatizatio			-						4			0:	2		6			۲		0:	0			8		1(7		
Politocoming Poli			-						9			7	20		-			2		13	0			6		1					9		_
Chartely state Char			-						4			0	5.		6			9		0				_		10.		7					0.0
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Palarization I 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 13 14 15 15 15 18 19 10 12 13 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 2	1		-	_	L				9	L	L	-1.0			L			-5		13.0	0:0			9.8		_	Ļ					Щ	Щ
Polarization Variation CR 112 CR 113 CR 115 CR 116 CR 117 CR 117 CR 118 CR 119 CR 11	1			argin	\vdash	H			4	H	\vdash	0	5.5	L	9.4		H	9	H	0	_			_		10.	0.0	H	ř-	H	H	*-	Н
Polarization Variation CR 112 CR 113 CR 115 CR 116 CR 117 CR 117 CR 118 CR 119 CR 11	1			on m	L	L			-0	L	L	-1,	20	L	Ļ		L	.2	L	13,	0.0			3.6		-	L	L	.0-	L	L	-0.	Щ
Polarization Variation CR 112 CR 113 CR 115 CR 116 CR 117 CR 117 CR 118 CR 119 CR 11		per		otecti					4			0:	5.6		6			0-		0:	0			8		10			1			7*	
Polarization Variation CR 112 CR 113 CR 115 CR 116 CR 117 CR 117 CR 118 CR 119 CR 11	w	E .		ot pr					9			-1	2		4			ε.		13	Ö			9.		9			9			9	8.0
Polarization Variation CR 112 CR 113 CR 115 CR 116 CR 117 CR 117 CR 118 CR 119 CR 11		anne		ivale				-					9	9	4		4	9				23	0.			80							0
Polarization Variation CR 112 CR 113 CR 115 CR 116 CR 117 CR 117 CR 118 CR 119 CR 11		5	_	n edn		6.0	6.0	7		H	80			0			2		4.0			0	-		7.					Ø.			
Polarization Variation CR 112 CR 113 CR 115 CR 116 CR 117 CR 117 CR 118 CR 119 CR 11				imun		16	۲	-			9			6:0		2	.2		۲			.3	-		1					0			
A Polarization 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 15 15 15 15 15 15				Min	1.1	5.2	9.0	F			8.0			۲		1.2	4		0.4			0	F		1.7		8.0						
A Polarization 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15			-		-	-	Ė	1.1			_			6:0			4.2		Ė			0.3	0.4										
A Polarization 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14		ŀ	_			6.91	9.0-				8.9			Ė		2.1	Ė		-0.4			Ē	Ė		1.7								
A Polarization 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13			-			Ė	Ė	1.1						6.0			4.2		Ė			0.3	1.1					0.1					
4 Polarization 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12			13		11.1	15.2	9.0-				8.9			Ė		2.1			4.0						1.7								8.0
A Polarization 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10			12					1.1						6:0-			4.2					0.3	4.0										
A Polarization 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9			11			16.9	9.0-				8.9					2.1			-0.4						1.7					8.0			
A Polarization 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8			10					1.1						-0.9			4.2					0.3	1.1										
4 Polarization 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 CR 112 111 111 111 112 13 4 5 6 7 CR 112 112 113 114 115			6		11.1	15.2	9.0-				8.9					2.1			-0.4						1.7		8.0						
4 Polarization 1 2 3 4 5 6			œ					17						-0.9			4.2					0.3	-0.4										
4 Polarization 1 2 3 4 5	1		7			16.9	9.0-			L	8.9					2.1			9.0					Ш	1.7							Ш	
4 Polarization 1 2 3 4	1		_		L	_	L	1.1		L				6.0			4.2		L.			0.3	1.1	Ш							0.1	Ш	
4 Polarization 1 2 3	1		-		11.1	15.2	9:0-	_	_		6.8		_	_	_	2.1		_	9.9		_	_	_	L	1.7				_			L	0.8
4 Polarization 1 2	1		-		_	6	9	1.1	_		_		_	9	_	Ļ	4.2	_	4		_	0.3	Ÿ	Щ	-				_	_		Щ	Ц
Polarization 1	1		-		\vdash	16.3	Ÿ	_		H	8.9	L		6	L	2.1	<u>~:</u>		Ÿ	H		~	_	Н	1.7	H	H	H		9.0	H		Н
Polarization Polarization Polarization Polarization Polarization Polarization Polarization Polarization Polarization CR	1		2		2	9:	2	=	-	H	2		-	Ÿ	┡	22	4.2	-	22		-	0.5	=	Н	6		95		0.1			0.1	Ц
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Admin. Beam	4		Polarizatio type	!	CR	TO	TO	CR	CR	CR	CR	CL	CR	CL	CI	TO	CR	CR	CR	CR	TO	TO	CR	CR	TO	TO	CR	TO	TO	CR	TO	CL	CR
2	3		Beam dentification		HISPASA6	GNB30400	DNK_100	MRC20900	TUN15000	TUN27200	AGL29500	ALG25152	CTI23700	LBY 28021	BEN23300	COD100	MLI_100	AUT01600	D 08700	GNE30300	LIE25300	SUI14000	CAF25800	COG23500	CAB26000	YYY00001	CZE14401	CZE14402	CZE14403	HNG10601	HNG10602	HNG10603	HRV14801
1 < ×	7		dmin.		ы	GNB	DNK	MRC	NUL	NUT	AGL	ALG	E	LBY	BEN	COD	MLI	AUT	D	GNE	끸	SUI	CAF	500	GAB	PSE	CZE	CZE	CZE	HNG	HNG	HNG	HRV
1 1 1 2 1 2 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	1		rbital A		-30.00	L	_		_	-	-24.80	-24.80	-24.80			_	-19.20	-18.80	-18.80	_	-18.80	-18.80	-13.20	Н		-13.20		_	-12.80	_	-	-12.80	-12.80

This assignment shall only be used by the administrations of Croatia, Hungary, Slovakia and the Czech Rep. on the basis of equal access subject to mutual agreement between them.

		0		-	Г	1	1	1	Г	4.	I	0	-	20.9	Г	Г		Г	9			Г		7	Г		Г	1	Ι	П
		9 40		2.1		0.0				-0.4		2.0	14.1	90				4.6	9'0	4				0.7			4		7.2	Н
		39				ö				4		2	0	2				4.	~	-0.4				~			5.4		7.:	Н
		38								4.0-		1.5	14.0	18.2				_	0.2	_				0.2			_		_	Н
		37								_				-				4.7		0.8				_			6.9		8.2	Н
		36								9.4		1.5	14.0	18.2					9.0-					-1.0						Ш
		35																4.6		-0.4							6.9		7.2	Ш
		34					7.0-			-0.4		1.5	14.0	18.2					0.2					0.2						
		33																4.7		0.8							6.9		8.2	
		32		-0.7						-0.4		1.5	14.0	18.2					9.0-					-1.0						
		31				0.0												4.6		-0.4							6.9		7.2	
		30								4.0-		1.5	14.0	18.2					0.2					0.2						8.6
		29																4.7		8.0							6.9		8.2	
		28								4.0		1.5	14.0	18.2					9.0-				4.4	-1.0						Н
		27								Ė			Ė	Ė				4.6	Ė	-0.4				Ė			11.1		7.2	H
		56					7:0-			4.0-		1.5	14.0	18.2				Ė	0.2	H				0.2			-			H
		25 2	.я	_			Т			7		Ė	-	-				4.7	0	8.0	_		_	0		_	11.1		8.2	Н
		24 2	marg		-0.7*			-0.7*		-0.4		1.5	14.0	18.2				4	9.0-				4.4	-1.0			1		~	H
		23	Minimum equivalent protection margin		ī	0.0		ī		Ė		Ė	-	-				4.6	H	-0.4			_	_			11.1		7.2	Н
	Channel number	22	rotec		-0.7*			-0.7*		4.0		1.5	14.0	18.2				Ť	0.2	Ė				0.2			-			Н
S	el nu	21	ent p		Ė			i i		Ė		Ė	Ė	Ė				7.7	Ė	3.2				Ť			9:01		7.5	H
	hann	20	uival						9.2												5.3					8.0	Ė			П
	С	19	m eq								17.9				5.5							4.6			7.9			3.4		Н
		18	nim				0.1		27.8												1.9					5.8				
		17	Mi								17.9				5.6							4.2			7.9			3.8		П
		16							28.7												3.3					6.1				
		15				0.8					17.1				3.2							6.0			7.8			3.8		
		14							27.4								1.7				1.4					6.1				
		13									16.4				1.6							6.0-			9.7			3.8		
		12							28.1							2.3					2.5					6.2				
		11									16.4				1.6							-0.7			7.6			3.9		
		10		0.1					27.4							1.7					1.4					6.3				
		6									16.4				1.6							-0.7			7.6			3.9		Ш
		æ							28.1							2.3					2.5					6.2				Ш
		7				0.8			L		16.4				1.6							-0.7			7.6			3.9		Щ
		9							27.4							1.7					1.4					6.3				Ш
		æ							_		16.4				1.6							7.0-			7.6			3.9		Н
		4							28.1		4					2.3					2.4	7				6.2		-		Н
		3							4		16.4				1.6	_					_	7.0-			7.6	~		3.9		Н
		2			0.1*			0.1*	27.4						2	1.7					1.4	7			9	6.3		6		H
H		1									17.3				3.5							1.7			9.8			6.9		Н
4		Polarization type		CI	70	CR	J	70	CR	CR	70	70	70	CR	70	CR	CR	70	CR	70	CR	SS	CI	CR	70	CI	CR	CR	70	CL
3		Orbital Admin. Beam Position symbol Identification		HRV14802	HRV14803	SVK14401	SVK14402	SVK14403	EGY02600	F 09300	F100	SRB14800	STP24100	ISR11000	BUL02000	CVA08300	CVA08500	CYP08600	GRC10500	BOT29700	KEN24900	NOR12000	NOR12100	ZMB31400	ZWE13500	LS030500	MWI30800	SWZ31300	S 13800	S 13900
2		Admin. symbol 1		HRV	HRV	SVK	SVK	SVK	EGY	ш	ь	SRB	STP	ISR	BUL	CVA	CVA	CYP	GRC	BOT	KEN	NOR	NOR	ZMB	ZWE	TS0	MWI	SWZ	S	S
1		Orbital Admin. Position symbol		-12.80	-12.80	-12.80	-12.80	-12.80	-7.00	-7.00	-7.00	-7.00	-7.00	-4.00	-1.20	-1.20	-1.20	-1.20	-1.20	-0.80	-0.80	-0.80	-0.80	-0.80	-0.80	4.80	4.80	4.80	5.00	5.00

This assignment shall only be used by the administrations of Croatia, Hungary, Slovakia and the Czech Rep. on the basis of equal access subject to mutual agreement between them.

		40		11.4		7.6			1			2.0		8.9	8.9					5.1	1.7	1.7	1.7									5.6	П
		39 4		Ξ		7.	7.1	H	\vdash	-	H	2	H	9	9	H	10.7	\vdash	H	5.	-	1	-		H	2.5	H	3.0		H	6.6	2	Н
		Н		11.2		8	7.					-		4.3			10			4	1.3	2				2.		3.			6	2.6	H
		7 38		11		5.8	1					0.1		4			.7			2.4	1	0.2			-	2		0			6	2.	Н
		37		2			7.1					_		~			10.7			_		~	~			2.5		3.0			6.6	H	H
		36		11.2		5.8						0.1		4.3			7			2.4	1.3	0.2	0.2		-						_	2.6	H
		35		~			7.1										10.7									2.5		3.0			6.6	Ш	Ы
		34		11.2		5.8						0.1		4.3			Ļ			2.4	1.3	0.2										2.6	Ш
		33					7.1										10.7									2.5		3.0			6.6	Ш	Ц
		32		11.2		5.8						0.1		4.3						2.4	1.3	0.2										2.6	Ц
		31					7.1										10.7									2.5		3.0			6.6	Ш	Ц
		30		11.1		5.8						0.1		4.3						2.4	1.3	0.2										2.6	Ц
		29					7.1										10.7									2.5		3.0			6.6		Ш
		28		11.6		5.8						0.1		4.3						2.4	1.3	0.2										2.6	
		27		LÌ			7.1			L							10.7									2.5		3.0			6.6		Ll
		26		12.2		5.8						0.1		4.3						2.4	1.3	0.2										2.6	
		25	rgin				7.1										10.7									2.5		3.0			6.6		
		24	n ma	12.0		5.8						0.1		4.3						2.4	1.3	0.2										2.6	
	er	23	Minimum equivalent protection margin	L			7.1				Ш		Ш			Ц	10.7		Ш			Ш			Ш	2.5		3.0			6.6	\square	Ш
	Channel number	22	t prof	12.2		5.8						0.1		4.3						2.4	1.3	0.2										2.6	Ш
s	nnel	21	ralen				8.0										11.5									4.7		5.6			12.9	\vdash	Ш
	Cha	20	equiv						2.6	1.4								4.4	15.5					10.6			L			~		Ш	
		19	mnu		0.4			9:0-	-	7			0.9			4.1		_	7					_	7.8		0.9		6.4	18.3		Н	27.9
		7 18	Mini		4			80	0.2	7:0-			0			0		2.0	13.7					8.7	7		0		2	2		\vdash	.5
		16 17			0.4	_	_	-0.8	2				0.9			4.0		2.0	13.7				_	8.7	7.7		0.9		6.2	182		Н	27.5
		15 1			0.4			8.0-	0.2	-0.7			0.9			4.0		2.	13					89	7.7		0.9		6.2	18.2		H	27.5
		14 1			0			Υ	0.2	7.0-			9			4		2.0	13.7					8.7	7		9		9	18		H	27
		13 1			0.4			8.0-	0	۲			0.9			4.0		2	1					80	7.7		0.9		6.2	17.7		H	27.5
		12)			Ė	0.2	7.0-			_			7		2.0	13.7					8.7	-		Ť		~	1			2
		11			0.4			8.0		Ė			0.9			4.0			_						7.7		0.9		6.2	18.2		П	27.5
		10						Ė	0.2	-0.7								2.0	13.7					8.7						Ť			Ä
		6			0.4			9.0-					0.9			4.0									7.7		0.9		6.2	17.7		П	27.5
		s							0.2	-0.7								2.0	13.7					8.7									
		7			0.4			8:0-					0.9			4.0									7.7		0.9		6.2	18.2			27.5
		9							0.2	7.0-								2.0	13.7					8.7									
		3			0.4			-0.8			Ш		0.9			4.0	Ш		Ш			Ш			7.7		0.6	Ш	6.2	17.7	Ш	oxdot	27.5
		4						L	0.2	-0.7	Ш		Ш			Ш	Ш	2.0	13.7			Ш		8.7	Ш			Ш		Щ	Ш	Ш	Ш
		3			0.4			9.0	L	-	-		0.9			4.0	Щ		-			Щ			7.7		0.9	Щ	6.3	18.2	\vdash	\vdash	27.5
		2				Щ	Щ	L	0.2	7:0-	7.0-		L			L	Щ	2.0	13.7			Щ	Щ	8.7	Щ		L	Щ		2	Щ	Ш	
\vdash		1		H	3.2			2.0			Н		8.7			4.3	Н	L	Н		L	Н			9.1		8.1	Н	6.4	18.5	Н	\vdash	28.0
4		Polarization type	:	CR	CL	CL	CR	CR	CR	TO	CL	CR	CL	CL	CL	CR	CR	70	CL	CR	70	CL	CL	CI	CR	CL	70	CR	CR	CL	CR	CL	CL
3		Orbital Admin. Beam Position symbol Identification		1 08200	BDI27000	JOR22400	KWT11300	LBN27900	RRW31000	SYR22900	SYR33900	TZA22500	00660IFG	ARS00375	ARS34000	TCD14300	UGA05100	OMA12300	OAT24700	ARM06400	ER109200	FIN10300	FIN10400	MKD14800	MLT14700	AZE06400	GE006400	LTU06100	LVA06100	LUX11400	COM20700	MAU100	MDG23600
2		Admin. symbol 1		_	BDI	JOR	KWT	LBN	RRW	SYR	SYR	TZA	Iſſ	ARS	ARS	TCD	UGA	OMA	OAT	ARM	ERI	HIN	HIN	MKD	MLT	AZE	GEO	LTU	LVA	TUX	COM	MAU	MDG
1		Orbital Position		00'6	11.00	11.00	11.00	11.00	11.00	11.00	11.00	11.00	16.80	17.00	17.00	17.00	17.00	17.20	20.00	22.80	22.80	22.80	22.80	22.80	22.80	23.20	23.20	23.20	23.20	28.20	29.00	29.00	29.00

		40			5.0			17.7		4.0		4.0-		0.2			4.2				21.0			4.0						2.0			
		39 4			2	-	-	-	-0.8	۲	8.0-	۲	-0.5	0			4	1.3	_		2.	\dashv	1.5	4	\dashv		0.5		_	2		26.2	\dashv
		38 3			5.8			17.2	Ÿ		Ÿ		Ÿ	7:0-			1.3	1	_		20.2	\dashv	1	1.5	\dashv		0		_	6:0-		26	\dashv
		37 3			2			12					-0.5	۲			1	1.3			X	Н	1.5	1	Н		0.5			Υ		26.2	
					7			17.2		-12		-12	٩	7.			1.3	1			2	-	1	1.5	-		0			-0.9		26	
		36			4.7			17	æ	7	8.0-	-	ī,	-0.7			1.	3			202	-	1.5	1.	-		2			0-		26.2	
		35						2	9.0-		٩		-0.5	7			~	1.3			2	-	1.	- 0	-		0.5			6		26	
		34			5.8			17.2					2	-0.7			1.3	~			20.2		10	1.5			10			6:0-		2	
		33			_			2		2		2	-0.5	7			-	1.3			2	-	1.5	_	-		0.5			6		26.2	
		32			4.7			17.2	89	-12	8	-1.2	2	7.0-			1.3	-			20.2	-		1.5	-					6:0-		2	
		31						2	9:0-		9:0-		-0.5	7			-	1.3			2		1.5				0.5			6		26.2	
		30			5.8			17.2					10	-0.7			1.3				202			1.5						-0.9			
		29								-		-	-0.5	_				1.3					1.5				0.7			_		26.8	
		28			4.7			17.2		-1.2		-1.2		-0.7			1.3				20.2									-0.1			
		27		Щ					-0.8		-0.8		-0.5	L	Щ	Ш		1.3									1.0					35.0	
		56	_	Щ	5.8			17.2					2	7.0-	Щ	Щ	1.3				20.2	Щ			Щ		_			0.7		,	Щ
		1 25	Minimum equivalent protection margin	H	2			_			-	-	-0.5	-	H	H	,	1.3			-	H			H		1.0	-		2		34.6	
		3 24	ion m	Н	2.5		1.9	8.7			L	L		L	Н	Н	9.0	-0.8			20.1	\vdash			4.9		80	88		0.5		28.6	15.0
	nber	22 23	otecti		0.3		-	2.3									-1.2	0-	_		6.61	\dashv			4.		0.8	5.8	_	0.4		28	15
S	Channel number	21 2	nt pr		0		9.0	2.									-1	-0.1			16	-			4.9		3.2	5.6		0		28.1	15.0
	nanne	20 2	ivale	6.1		6.7	0									4.4		۲	0.3	7.9					4	0.4	3	2				28	#
	D	19	m equ	_		_	-0.2								0.4	7				- 1		13.8			8.0	_		5.2	4.5		-1.0		4.7
		18	nimu	0.9		9.9	Ė								Ť	1.9			9.0	7.9		Ĺ			Ť	-1.0							_
		17	Mi				-0.2								0.4							13.8			8.0			5.2	4.5		-1.0		4.7
		16		0.9		9.9										1.9			9.0	7.9						-1.0							
		15					-0.2								0.4							13.8			8.0			5.2	4.5		-1.0		4.7
		14		5.9		9.9										1.9			0.5	7.9						-1.0							
		13					-0.3								0.2							13.8			0.8			5.2	4.5		-1.0		0.5
		12		5.9		9.9										1.9			0.5	7.9						-1.0							
		11					-0.2								0.4							13.8			6.0	_		5.3	4.5		-1.0		
		10		5.9		9.9	m									1.9			0.5	7.9		00				-1.0		_			0		
		6		_			-0.3								0.2	_			-0			13.8			6:0	0		5.3	4.5		-1.0		
		7 8		5.9		9.9	-0.2								4	1.9			0.5	7.9		13.8			6	-1.0		3	5		-1.0		-
		9		5.9		9.9	٩		-		H	H		H	0.4	1.9	H	H	0.5	7.9	H	13			6:0	-1.0		5.3	4.5	H	7	H	\vdash
		2		5		9	-0.2		-		H	H		H	0.2	F	H	H	0	7	H	13.8			6:0	17		5.3	4.5	H	-1.0	H	H
		4		5.9		9.9	T								J	1.9			0.5	7.9	H				_	-1.0		-23	4			H	\vdash
		3				Ť	-0.2								0.4	Ė					H	13.8			6.0			5.3	4.5		-1.0	H	
		2		5.9		9.9	Ė								Ħ	1.9			0.5	7.9	П	Ĥ			П	-1.0						П	
		1					2.4								2.1							14.4			1.0			5.5	5.9		-0.2		
		ation																															
4		Polarization type		CR	CR	CR	CL	CR	CR	CL	CR	J	S	CL	CL	CL	CR	CL	CR	CL	CR	CR	CL	CR	CL	CR	CR	CR	CR	CL	CL	CR	CR
H				H		\vdash	\vdash	 	\vdash	l-	\vdash	 	 	-	H	H	H	H	H		H	H			H			\vdash	H	H		H	\vdash
3		eam ificati		SVN14800	UZB07100	BHR25500	IRN10900	MCO11600	RSTREA11	RSTREA12	RSTRED11	RSTRED12	RSTRSD11	RSTRSD12	BLR06200	TJK06900	BEL01800	HOL21300	UKR06300	TUR14500	SEY00000	EST06100	AFG24501	AFG24502	CLN21900	KGZ07000	MDA06300	MLD30600	POL13200	ROU13600	TKM06800	UAE 27400	INDA_101
		Identi		SVP	NZE	BH	RN	MCC	RST	RS1	RST	RST	RST	RST	BLF	Ţ	BEI	10Н	UKF	TUF	SEN	EST	AFC	AFC	CLt	KG.	MD,	MLE	10 d	ROI	TKA	UAE	INC
2		lmin.		SVN	UZB	BHR	IRN	MCO	RUS	RUS	RUS	RUS	RUS	RUS	BLR	TJK	BEL	HOL	UKR	TUR	SEY	EST	AFG	AFG	CLN	KGZ	MDA	MLD	POL	ROU	TKM	UAE	IND
\vdash		al Ad						-	\vdash	┝	-	-	H		Н	\vdash									-	_		-		_		Н	-
1		Orbital Admin. Beam Position symbol Identification		33.80	33.80	34.00	34.00	34.20	36.00	36.00	36.00	36.00	36.00	36.00	37.80	38.00	38.20	38.20	38.20	42.00	42.50	44.50	50.00	50.00	50.00	20.00	20.00	00'09	50.00	50.00	50.00	52.50	55.80

_		0	ı -				Г	Г	.2		4.		Г			-					Г				6:			Г					
		40						-	18.2		47.4				8	47.1				1				6:	6666						-		0
		39						17.1	0.1		_				40.8					48.1				6.666	6						Ц		37.0
		38							17.2		46.3					44.2								~	666						Ш		
		37						17.1							40.8					48.1				6666	Ш								37.0
		36							172		46.3					44.2									6'666								
		35						17.1							40.8					48.1				6666									37.0
		34							17.2		46.3					44.2									6'666								
		33						17.1							40.8					18.1				6'666									37.0
		32							17.2		46.3				Ė	44.2				Ė				0.	6.666						П		
		31						17.1	_		7				40.8	7				48.1				6.666	6						H		37.0
		30		Н				-	17.2		46.3				4	44.2	Н			4		H	Н	56	6'666	_				H	Н		3
		Н						2	1,		46				89	47				9.				6.0	66						=		4
		29						17.2	9		2				40.8					48.6				6'666	6.						Н		36.4
		28							17.6		46.5									6				ć	6'666						Ц		
		27		Ш				17.6			Ш					Ш	Ш			6'666			Ш	6'666							Ш		
		26		Ш					17.7		46.6						Ш						Ш		999.9								
		25	ırgin	Ш				11.0			Ш					Ш	Ш		L	15.8			Ш	1.9	Ц						Ш		
		24	Minimum equivalent protection margin	14.2							14.1	2.6	L	8.2			Ш		13.6				4.0		Ш		13.7		11.2	7.9			
	er	23	ectio										-0.5				3.0	6:0		8.1	14.5	5.6			Ш	13.0		4.9			5.3	13.8	
	Channel number	22	pro	17.4							12.8	2.6		5.2					11.3				2.1		Ш		11.4		11.1	5.1			
w	nnel	21	alent										2.5				3.0	6.0		8.1	14.5	5.6				13.0		4.9			5.3	13.8	
	Cha	20	viup	11.7								15.5		5.2					11.7				2.1				11.4		11.1	5.1			
		19	um (12.3			9.0			15.4				3.0	1.7			14.6	5.6			Ш	13.0		4.9			5.3	13.8	
		18	finin	9.3								15.1		5.2					12.1				2.1				11.4		11.1	5.1			
		17	2				12.3			9.0			15.4				3.0	1.7			14.6	5.6			Ш	13.0		4.9			5.3	13.8	
		16		9.3								15.1		5.2					12.1				2.1				11.4		11.1	5.1			
		15					12.3			0.9			15.4				3.0	1.7			14.6	5.6			Ш	13.0		4.9			5.3	13.8	
		14		9.3								15.1		5.2					12.1				2.1				11.4		11.1	5.1			
		13					12.3			3.1			15.0				3.0	1.7			14.6	5.6			Ш	13.0		4.9			5.3	13.8	
		12				-0.2						13.7		5.2					12.1				2.1				11.4		11.1	5.1			
		11			5.3		12.6			1.2			13.6				3.0	1.7			14.6	5.6			Ш	13.0	L	4.9			5.3	13.8	
		10				7.3	L					13.5	L	5.2					12.1		L		2.1		Ш		11.4		11.1	5.1			
		6			5.3		12.6			1.2			13.6				3.0	1.7			14.6	5.6			Ш	13.0	L	4.9			5.3	13.8	
		œ				7.3	L					13.5		5.2					12.1		L		2.1		Ш		11.4		11.1	5.1			
		7			5.3		12.6			1.2			13.6				3.0	1.7			14.6	5.6			Ш	13.0	L	4.9			5.3	13.8	
		9		Ц		7.3					Ц	13.5	٠.	5.2		Ц	L		12.1		~		2.1		Ш	_	11.4	L	11.1	5.1	Ш	~	
		w		Щ	5.3	_	12.6		_	12	Щ		13.6	_	_	Щ	3.0	1.7	L	_	14.6	5.6	Щ		Ц	13.0	L	4.9	L		5.3	13.8	
		4				7.3	L					13.5		5.2					12.1		L		2.1		Ш		11.4		11.1	5.1			
		3			5.3		12.6			12			13.6				3.0	1.7			14.6	5.6			Ш	13.0	L	4.9			5.3	13.8	
		2				7.3						13.5		5.2					12.1				2.1		Ш		11.4		11.1	5.1		Ļ	
<u> </u>					5.3		13.0			3.2			14.5				0.9	4.7			16.0	8.6			Ш	15.4		7.7			8.1	15.4	
4		Polarization type	:	CL	CR	70	CR	8	CL	70	CL	CR	70	70	CR	CL	CR	CR	CR CR	70	CR	CR	CR	CR	CL	CL	CR	CR	70	CL	CR	CR	CL
L		Pola.																															
3		Beam Identification		INDA_102	INDB_101	INDB_102	BIH14800	RSTRSD21	RSTRSD22	KAZ06600	ALB29600	CHN15400	CHN15500	IND03700	IND04701	IND04702	INDD_100	BGD22000	BRU3300A	MNG24800	INS02800	BTN03100	CBG29900	1SD31	RSTRSD32	SNG15100	MLA100	CHN16000	CHN16100	PHL28500	THA14200	BRM29800	INS03501
		Be Identif		INDA	INDB	INDE	BIH1	RSTR	RSTR	KAZC	ALB2	CHN	CHN	INDC	OUN	INDC	INDC	BCD?	BRUS	MNG.	INSC	BTNC	CBG2	RSTRSD31	RSTR	:SNC:	MLA	CHN	CHN	PHĽ	THA	BRM2	INSC
2		dmin.		IND	IND	IND	ВН	RUS	RUS	KAZ	ALB	CHN	CHN	IND	IND	IND	IND	BGD	BRU	MNG	INS	BTN	CBG	RUS	RUS	SNG	MLA	CHN	CHN	PHL	THA	BRM	INS
1		Orbital Admin. Position symbol		55.80	55.80	55.80	26.00	26.00	99.00	56.40	62.00	62.00	97.00	00'89	00.89	00.89	00.89	74.00	74.00	74.00	80.20	86.00	00.98	00.98	86.00	88.00	91.50	92.20	92.20	98.00	98.00	104.00	104.00
		Or Pos		55	55	55	56	25	38	35	79	79	79	39	99	39	39	74	74	74	88	86	88	86	86	88	16	7,6	7,6	36	36	10	10

_									_		_																				. 1		
		40		45.1									34.7				29.3												3.0		10.4		Ш
		39								13.2		29.2				28.6												1.6		8.9			
		38		42.1									31.8				28.6												1.6		8.9		
		37								13.2		29.2				28.6												1.6		8.9			
		36		42.1									31.8				28.6												1.6		8.9		
		35								13.2		29.2				28.6												1.6		8.9			
		34		42.1						Ė			31.8				28.6												1.6		6:8		П
		33		7						13.2		29.2	,			28.6	.,											1.6		8.9			Н
		32		42.1						-		2	31.8		Н	2	28.6	_	_		Н	Н	_		_	_		Ė	1.6	*	8.9	_	Н
		-		47						13.2		.2	31			28.6	28											1.6	1	8.9	∞		Н
		31		1						13		29.2	8			28	9	_	_				_	_	_	_		1.	2	8	0	_	Н
		30		42.1						_		- 2	31.8				28.6											L	1.6		8.9		Н
		29								14.1		28.2				29.3												3.0		8.9	_		Ц
		28								~	20.8																	_	7.3		_		Ш
		27		Ш						6'666	Ļ				Ш		Ш	Ш	Ш		Ш	Ш	Ш		Ш	Ш		6'666		Ш		Ш	Ш
		26									6'666																		6'666				Ш
		25	rrgin	Ц						29.2					Ц						Ц	Ц						0.1			_		Ш
		24	Minimum equivalent protection margin	Ш	17.1										15.9			1.6		22.6	3.6	Ш		11.2		Ш	7.9	Ш				41.8	Ш
	.ec	23	ectio				21.4	21.3						0.2					13.4			2.0	17.6		6.7	12.2					_		-0.3
	Channel number	22	prof		14.4										13.8			0.4		19.6	9.0			10.2			9.7					41.6	
ĸ	nnel	21	alen				21.4	21.3						0.2					13.4	_		2.0	17.6	_	6.7	12.2							Ш
	Cha	20	equiv		14.3										13.8			0.4		19.6	9.0			10.2			6.7					41.1	
		19	unu		-		21.4	21.2						0.2	_				13.4			2.0	17.6	-	6.7	12.2							-0.3
		18	/finir		14.2										13.8			0.3	_	19.6	9:0		.0	10.2		2	9.7				_	41.6	Ш
		17	Ľ		2		21.7	21.6						0.2	6			_	13.4	9	L	2.0	17.6	2	6.7	12.2	_				4	_	Н
		16			14.2	0	_	0	00					_	13.9			0.3	4	19.6	9.0	L	9	10.2	_	2	9.7				_	41.1	3
		15			2	21.0	23.1	23.0	20.8					0.2	6				13.4	9	_	2.0	17.6	2	6.7	12.2	_					9	-0.3
		3 14			14.2	6	-	0	00					~	13.9			0.3	4	19.6	9.0	0	9	10.2	7	2	6.7				_	41.6	Н
		13			2	19.9	22.1	22.0	19.8					0.2	8			3	13.4	9:	9	2.0	17.6	2	6.7	12.2						-	Н
		1 12			14.2	2	4	2	19.0					2	13.8			0.3	4	19.6	9:0	0	17.6	10.2	7	12.2	9.7				_	41.1	.3
		10 11			14.2	19.2	21.4	21.2	19					0.2	13.8			0.3	13.4	19.6	9.0	2.0	17	10.2	6.7	12	7.6				\dashv	33	-0.3
		-			14	19.2	4.	.2	19.0					2	13			0.	13.4	19	0.	0	17.6	10	7	12.2	6					41.3	Н
		6 8			14.2	15	21.4	21.2	16					0.2	13.8			3	13	19.6	9.0	2.0	17	10.2	6.7	12	7					40.8	Н
		7 8			14	19.2	4.	21.2	19.0					0.2	13	_	_	0.3	13.4	19	0.	2.0	17.6	10	7	12.2	9.7		_	_	\dashv	40	-0.3
		9		H	14.2	15	21.4	21	15		H	H		0	13.8		H	0.3	13	9.61	9'0	2	1,	10.2	6.7	12	1.6	H	H	H	\dashv	41.3	۲
		2		H	14	19.2	21.4	21.2	19.0	\vdash	\vdash	\vdash	\vdash	0.2	15		H	0	13.4	15	0	2.0	17.6	10	6.7	12.2	6	H	H	H	\dashv	41	Н
		4		H	14.2	ž.	2.	2.	Ξ.					0	13.8			0.3	1	9.61	9.0	2	1;	10.2	9	17	1.6	H			\dashv	40.8	H
		3		Н	1	19.4	21.6	21.4	19.2		H	H		0.2	1		H	0	13.4	1	0	2.0	17.6	1	6.7	12.2	6	Н	H	H	\dashv	#	-0.3
		2		H	14.2	ž.	2.	2.	Ξ.					9	13.8			0.3	1	9.61	9.0	2	1;	10.2	9	17	6.7	H			\dashv	41.3	ĭ
		1		H	7	21.6	23.9	23.7	21.4	\vdash	\vdash	\vdash	\vdash	3.2	1		H	J	16.4	Υ.	0	2.0	18.8	1	8.5	13.6	5	H	H	H	\dashv	4.	H
H				H		2	2	2	2					Ë	H				-		H	H	1		~	1		H			\exists		H
4		Polarization type		CR	CR	CR	CR	CR	CR	CR	C	C	CR	CR	CL	CL	CR	CL	CR	CR	CL	CL	CR	CR	CL								
		Po.		H		_	_	_	L	_	_	_	_	_	H						H	H						H			4		Н
3		eam ificatio		INS 03502	VTN32500	000BS-3N	J 10985	J 11100	J 1110E	RUS00401	RUS00402	KOR11201	KOR11202	MRA33200	CHN20000	GUM33101	GUM33102	LA028400	SLM00000	TLS00000	CHN15800	CHN15900	NRU30900	F200	F300	KRE28600	PLW00000	RSTRSD51	RSTRSD52	VUT12801	VUT12802	MHL00000	AUS00400
		B Ident		IN	VT	000	_	_	_	R	RU	ΥO	8	MR	Э	'CD'	GU.	LA	SL	TL	Э	Э	NR	F	F	KR	ΝI	RS.	RS.	۸n	^	Mh	AU
2		Admin. Beam symbol Identification		INS	VTN	ſ	_	_	_	RUS	RUS	KOR	KOR	NSA	CHN	USA	USA	LAO	SLM	TLS	CHN	CHN	NRU	F	F	KRE	PLW	RUS	RUS	VUT	VUT	MHL	AUS
1		Orbital A		104.00	107.00	109.85	109.85	110.00	110.00	110.00	110.00	116.00	116.00	121.80	122.00	122.00	122.00	122.20	128.00	128.00	134.00	134.00	134.00	140.00	140.00	140.00	140.00	140.00	140.00	140.00	140.00	146.00	152.00
$ldsymbol{ld}}}}}}$		Q N		1(1(ĭ	1	₽	Ξ	Ε	Ε	Ε	Ξ	1,	1,	1,	12	12	12	1,	7	1	15	1,	1,	1,	1,	7	1,	1,	7	1,	1

		٦																6.6	6.6	6.0	6.6	6.6	6.6	6.0				Г					П
		40		H	H			H		H						H		6666	6666	6'666	6'666	6666	6666	6'666	Н						Н		Н
		39		H	H					H											H				Н			_			Н	_	Н
		38																							Н						Н		\vdash
		37																6	6	6	6	6	6	6	Н						Н		Ы
		36																6'666	6'666	6.666	6'666	6'666	999.9	6.666							Ш		Ш
		35																							Ш						Ш		Ш
		34																															Ш
		33																															Ш
		32																999.9	999.9	6'666	6'666	6'666	6'666	6'666									Ш
		31																															Ш
		30																999.9	999.9	6'666	6'666	999.9	999.9	6'666									
		29																															
		28																999.9	999.9	6'666	6'666	999.9	6666	6'666									
		27																															
		26																6.666	999.9	6'666	6'666	999.9	999.9	6'666									П
		25	gin																														
		24	n mai								-0.3	0.9	0.9	0'9	0.9	0.9	0'9																11.2
	.er	23	ectio	9.0	6.0	9.0	9.0	0.9	9.0	-0.4																						5.7	
	num	22	prot																												Ш		8.6
s	Channel number	21	ralen																												Щ	5.7	Н
	Cha	20	equiv	L			L			_	-0.3	0.9	0.9	0'9	0.9	0.9	0'9														Ш		8.6
		19	mnu	0.9	0.9	9.9	9.9	0.9	9.9	4.0-															Н						Н	5.7	Н
		7 18	Minimum equivalent protection margin																						Н						Н	7	8.6
		16 17									-0.3	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	_	_			_	_		Н	_					Н	5.7	9.8
		15 1		0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	-0.4	٩	9	9	9	9	9	9	_	_			_	_		Н	_					Н	5.7	89
		14 1		9	9	9	9	9	9	۲															Н			-			Н	5	9.8
		13																							H						H	5.7	
		12									-0.3	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9																8.4
		11		0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	-0.4	Ė														П						П	5.7	П
		10																															8.5
		6																							-0.4	0.9	9.0	0.9	9.0	9.0	0.9	5.7	
		œ									-3.3	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0																8.4
		7		6.0	6.0	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	-0.4																						5.7	
		9			Ш																Ш				Ц						Ц		8.5
		ĸ		H	Н	L	L	L	L	H	3	L	L	L	L	Ļ	L			L	Н			L	-0.4	6.0	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	5.7	Н
		4						_		4	-3.3	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0			L	Н			L	Н		L	L	L	L	Н	7	8.4
		3		9.9	9.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	-0.4	-	-		-	-	-	-			-	H			-	Н		-	-	-	-	Н	5.7	8.5
		1 2		H	Н			H		H			-			H				H	H			H	39.7	61.2	90.5	61.5	53.4	55.9	48.3	8.8	89
\vdash		-		H	H					H											H				35	19	99	19	55	55	46	00	Н
4		Polarization type		CL	TO	70	TO	70	70	TO	CR	CL	CL	TO	70	70	TO	CL	CR	CI													
3		Orbital Admin. Beam Position symbol Identification		AUS00401	AUS00402	AUS00403	AUS00404	AUS00405	AUS00406	AUS0040A	AUS00500	AUS00501	AUS00502	AUS00503	AUS00504	AUS00505	AUS00506	AUS00600	AUS00601	AUS00602	AUS00603	AUS00604	AUS00605	AUS00606	AUSA0000	AUSA0001	AUSA0002	AUSA0003	AUSA0004	AUSA0005	AUSA0006	FSM00000	NZL100
2		Admin.		AUS	FSM	NZL																											
1		Orbital Position		152.00	152.00	152.00	152.00	152.00	152.00	152.00	152.00	152.00	152.00	152.00	152.00	152.00	152.00	152.00	152.00	152.00	152.00	152.00	152.00	152.00	152.00	152.00	152.00	152.00	152.00	152.00	152.00	158.00	158.00

_																																	
		40																															
		39																	36.8	61.7	619	8.09	59.5	58.1	55.8	38.9							
		38																															
		37																															
		36																															
		35																	36.8	61.7	61.9	8.09	59.5	58.1	55.8	38.9							
		34																	Ť	Ť	-	Ť	-	-	-	Ť							
		33																													Н		
		32 3																															
					_														80	7	6	8	5	1	8	6					H	_	
		31																	36.8	61.7	61.9	8.09	59.5	. 92	55.8	38.9							
		30																						_	L								
		29																	38.1	63.1	63.3	62.1	8'09	59.4	57.0	40.3							
		28																															
		27																	6'666	6'666	6'666	999.9	999.9	6'666	6'666	6'666							
1		26																															
1		25	gin																31.9	65.2	65.4	9.09	50.2	56.4	48.1	42.0							
1		24	Minimum equivalent protection margin						_																								
	a	23	ction	0.1	6.0	0.9	6.0	0.9	6.0	0.9	-0.1																						
	qun	22	prote									0.2	6.0	0.9	6.0	6.0	0.9	0.9															
w	nel n	21	lent																														
	Channel number	20	quiva																														
		19	ım e	0.1	6.0	0.9	6.0	0.9	6.0	0.9	1.0-																						
		18	inim									0.2	6.0	0.9	6.0	6.0	0.9	0.9															
		17	M																														
		16																															
		15		0.1	6.0	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	1.0																						
		14										0.2	6.0	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9															
		13																															
		12																									6.1	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9
		11		-2.9	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	-3.1																						
		10										0.2	6.0	0.9	6.0	6.0	0.9	0.9															
		6																															
		œ																									-0.1	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9
		7		-2.9	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	-3.1																						
1		9										0.2	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9															
		ĸ																															
1		4		LĪ		L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	LĪ	LĪ		L	L	1.0-	0.9	0'9	0.9	0.9	0'9	0.9
1		3		-2.9	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	-3.1																						
1		2										0.2	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9															
L		1																															
		zation	_	0	۵	or	o-	or	~	or	o-	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	0~	o	or	0	0	٥	or	0~	7	7	7	T	Г	7	7
4		Polarization type		CR	C	CL	10	CL	C	10	CI	CR	10	CL	70	CL	CL	70	CL														
		n ation		002	101	702	703	704	705	902	70A	900	901	302	303	904	305	906	300	901	302	903	904	305	906	40v	000	100	200	203	204	2002	900
3		Bear entific		AUS00700	AUS00701	AUS00702	AUS00703	AUS00704	AUS00705	AUS00706	AUS0070A	AUS00800	AUS00801	AUS00802	AUS00803	AUS00804	AUS00805	AUS00806	AUS00900	AUS00901	AUS00902	AUS00903	AUS00904	AUS00905	AUS00906	AUS0090A	AUSB0000	AUSB0001	AUSB0002	AUSB0003	AUSB0004	AUSB0005	AUSB0006
		Admin. Beam symbol Identification		S		S	S	S	S	S		S	S	S	S	S			S			S	S	S	S	S	S			S	S	S	
2		J Adm		AUS																													
-		Orbital Position		164.00	164.00	164.00	164.00	164.00	164.00	164.00	164.00	164.00	164.00	164.00	164.00	164.00	164.00	164.00	164.00	164.00	164.00	164.00	164.00	164.00	164.00	164.00	164.00	164.00	164.00	164.00	164.00	164.00	164.00
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		4		10.2			11.6		4.7
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		n 1				_		4.2	L
4		Polarization type	!	70	CR	70	CR	70	CR
3		Orbital Admin. Beam		PLM33200	USAA_101	USAA_102	TON21500	KIR_100	TUV00000
2		Orbital Admin. Position symbol I		USA	NSA	NSA	NOT	KIR	TUV
1		Orbital Position		170.00	170.00	170.00	170.75	176.00	176.00

ARTICLE 10

Interference

10.1 The Member States shall endeavour to agree on the action required to reduce harmful interference which might be caused by the application of these provisions and the associated Plans.

ARTICLE 11

Period of validity of the provisions and associated Plans

- 11.1 The provisions and associated Plans have been prepared in order to meet the requirements for feeder-links for the broadcasting-satellite service in the bands concerned for a period extending until at least 1 January 1994.
- 11.2 In any event, the provisions and associated Plans shall remain in force until their revision by a competent administrative radio conference convened in accordance with the relevant provisions of the Convention in force.

ANNEX 1

Limits for determining whether a service of an administration is considered to be affected by a proposed modification to the Region 2 feeder-link Plan or by a proposed new or modified assignment in the Regions 1 and 3 feeder-link List or when it is necessary under this Appendix to seek the agreement of any other administration (Rev.WRC-03)

- 1 (SUP WRC-2000)
- 2 (SUP WRC-2000)
- 3 Limits to the change in the overall equivalent protection margin with respect to frequency assignments in conformity with the Region 2 feeder-link Plan³³ (WRC-2000)

With respect to the modification to the Region 2 feeder-link Plan and when it is necessary under this Appendix to seek the agreement of any other administration of Region 2, except in cases covered by Resolution 42 (Rev.WRC-03)*, an administration is considered as being affected if the

³³ With respect to § 3 the limit specified relates to the overall equivalent protection margin calculated in accordance with § 1.12 of Annex 3.

^{*} Note by the Secretariat: This Resolution was revised by WRC-12.

overall equivalent protection margin³⁴ corresponding to a test point of its entry in that Plan, including the cumulative effect of any previous modification to that Plan or any previous agreement, falls more than 0.25 dB below 0 dB, or, if already negative, more than 0.25 dB below the value resulting from:

- the feeder-link Plan as established by the 1983 Conference; or
- a modification of the assignment in accordance with this Appendix; or
- a new entry in the feeder-link Plan under Article 4; or
- any agreement reached in accordance with this Appendix except for Resolution 42 (Rev.WRC-03)*. (WRC-03)

4 Limits to the interference into frequency assignments in conformity with the Regions 1 and 3 feeder-link Plan or with the Regions 1 and 3 feeder-link List or proposed new or modified assignments in the Regions 1 and 3 feeder-link List (WRC-03)

Under assumed free-space propagation conditions, the power flux-density of a proposed new or modified assignment in the feeder-link List shall not exceed the value of $-76~\text{dB}(\text{W}/(\text{m}^2 \cdot 27~\text{MHz}))$ at any point in the geostationary-satellite orbit, and the relative off-axis e.i.r.p. of the associated feeder-link antenna shall be in compliance with Fig. A (WRC-97 curves) of Annex 3. (WRC-03)

With respect to $\S 4.1.1 \ a)$ or b) of Article 4, an administration in Region 1 or 3 is considered by the Bureau as being affected if the minimum orbital spacing between the wanted and interfering space stations, under worst-case station-keeping conditions, is less than 9° . (WRC-03)

However, an administration is not considered as being affected if, under assumed free-space propagation conditions, the effect of the proposed new or modified assignments in the feeder-link List is that the feeder-link equivalent protection margin³⁵ corresponding to a test point of its assignment in the feeder-link Plan or the feeder-link List or for which the procedure of Article 4 has been initiated, including the cumulative effect of any previous modification to the feeder-link List or any previous agreement, does not fall more than 0.45 dB below 0 dB, or, if already negative, more than 0.45 dB below the value resulting from:

- the Regions 1 and 3 feeder-link Plan and List as established by WRC-2000; or
- a proposed new or modified assignment to the feeder-link List in accordance with this Appendix; or
- a new entry in the Regions 1 and 3 feeder-link List as a result of the successful application of Article 4 procedures. (WRC-03)

³⁴ For the definition of the overall equivalent protection margin, see § 1.11 of Annex 5 to Appendix 30.

³⁵ For the definition of the equivalent protection margin, see § 1.7 of Annex 3.

^{*} Note by the Secretariat: This Resolution was revised by WRC-12.

AP30A-96

For a proposed new or modified assignment to the feeder-link List, in the interference analysis, for each test point, the antenna characteristics described in § 3.5 of Annex 3 shall apply. (WRC-03)

5 Limits applicable to protect a frequency assignment in the bands 17.3-18.1 GHz (Regions 1 and 3) and 17.3-17.8 GHz (Region 2) to a receiving space station in the fixed-satellite service (Earth-to-space)

An administration in Region 1 or 3 is considered as being affected by a proposed modification in Region 2, with respect to § 4.2.2~a) or 4.2.2~b) of Article 4, or an administration in Region 2 is considered as being affected by a proposed new or modified assignment in the Regions 1 and 3 feeder-link List, with respect to § 4.1.1~c) of Article 4, when the power flux-density arriving at the receiving space station of a broadcasting-satellite feeder-link would cause an increase in the noise temperature of the feeder-link space station which exceeds the threshold value of $\Delta T/T$ corresponding to 6%, where $\Delta T/T$ is calculated in accordance with the method given in Appendix 8, except that the maximum power densities per hertz averaged over the worst 1 MHz are replaced by power densities per hertz averaged over the necessary bandwidth of the feeder-link carriers. (WRC-03)

Interim systems of Region 2 in accordance with Resolution 42 (Rev.WRC-03)* shall not be taken into consideration when applying the above paragraph to proposed new or modified assignments in the Regions 1 and 3 feeder-link List. However, the above paragraph shall be applied to Region 2 interim systems with respect to Regions 1 and 3 administrations, referred to in $\S 5.2 b$) of Resolution 42 (Rev.WRC-03)*. (WRC-03)

6 Limits applicable to protect a frequency assignment in the band 17.8-18.1 GHz (Region 2) to a receiving feeder-link space station in the fixed-satellite service (Earth-to-space) (WRC-03)

With respect to § 4.1.1 d) of Article 4, an administration is considered affected by a proposed new or modified assignment in the Regions 1 and 3 feeder-link List when the power flux-density arriving at the receiving space station of a broadcasting-satellite feeder-link in Region 2 of that administration would cause an increase in the noise temperature of the receiving feeder-link space station which exceeds the threshold value of $\Delta T/T$ corresponding to 6%, where $\Delta T/T$ is calculated in accordance with the method given in Appendix 8, except that the maximum power densities per hertz averaged over the worst 1 MHz are replaced by power densities per hertz averaged over the necessary bandwidth of the feeder-link carriers. (WRC-03)

^{*} Note by the Secretariat: This Resolution was revised by WRC-12.

ANNEX 2 (REV.WRC-03)

Basic characteristics to be furnished in notices relating to feeder-link stations in the fixed-satellite service operating in the frequency bands 14.5-14.8 GHz and 17.3-18.1 GHz

These data are listed in Appendix 4.

ANNEX 3

Technical data used in establishing the provisions and associated Plans and Regions 1 and 3 feeder-link List, which should be used for their application³⁶ (Rev. WRC-03)

1 Definitions

1.1 Feeder link

The term feeder link, as defined in No. **1.115**, is further qualified to indicate a fixed-satellite service link in the frequency band 17.3-17.8 GHz in the Region 2 broadcasting-satellite service Plan and in the frequency bands 14.5-14.8 GHz for countries outside Europe, and 17.3-18.1 GHz in the Regions 1 and 3 Plan, from any earth station within the feeder-link service area to the associated space station in the broadcasting-satellite service.

1.2 Feeder-link beam area

The area delineated by the intersection of the half-power beam of the satellite receiving antenna with the surface of the Earth.

1.3 Feeder-link service area

The area on the surface of the Earth within the feeder-link beam area within which the administration responsible for the service has the right to locate transmitting earth stations for the purpose of providing feeder-links to broadcasting-satellite space stations.

³⁶ In revising this Annex at WRC-97 and at WRC-2000, no changes were made to the technical data applicable to the Region 2 feeder-link Plan. However, for all three Regions it should be noted that some of the parameters of networks proposed as modifications to the Region 2 feeder-link Plan and the Regions 1 and 3 feeder-link Lists may differ from the technical data presented herein. (WRC-2000)

1.4 Nominal orbital position

The longitude of a position in the geostationary-satellite orbit associated with a frequency assignment to a space station in a space radiocommunication service. The position is given in degrees from the Greenwich meridian.

1.5 Adjacent channel

The RF channel in the broadcasting-satellite service frequency Plan, or in the associated feeder-link frequency Plan, which is situated immediately higher or lower in frequency with respect to the reference channel.

1.6 Second adjacent channel

The RF channel in the broadcasting-satellite service frequency Plan, or in the associated feeder-link frequency Plan, which is situated immediately beyond either of the adjacent channels, with respect to the reference channel.

1.7 Feeder-link equivalent protection margin for Regions 1 and 3³⁷ (WRC-2000)

The feeder-link equivalent protection margin (M_u) is given by the formula:

$$M_u = -10 \log (10^{-M_1/10} + 10^{-M_2/10} + 10^{-M_3/10})$$
 dB

where:

 M_1 is the value in dB of the protection margin for the same channel, i.e.:

$$M_1 = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\text{wanted power}}{\text{sum of the co-channel}} \\ \text{interfering powers} \end{bmatrix}$$
 – co-channel protection ratio

³⁷ This quantity is used in the alternative formula for the overall equivalent protection margin given in § 1.12. However, in certain cases (e.g. when the channel spacing and/or bandwidth are different from the values given in § 3.5 and 3.8 of Annex 5 to Appendix 30) the Bureau will use the worst-case approach until a relevant ITU-R Recommendation is incorporated in this Annex by reference. (WRC-2000)

 M_2 and M_3 are the values in dB of the protection margin for the upper and lower adjacent channels, respectively, i.e.:

$$M_2 = \left[\frac{\text{wanted power}}{\text{sum of the upper adjacent}} \right] - \text{adjacent channel protection ratio}$$

$$M_3 = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\text{wanted power}}{\text{sum of the lower adjacent}} - \text{ adjacent channel protection ratio} \\ \text{channel interfering powers} \end{bmatrix}$$

All powers are evaluated at the receiver input. All protection ratios are given in § 3.3.

1.8 Overall carrier-to-interference (C/I) ratio

The overall C/I ratio is the ratio of the wanted carrier power to the sum of all interfering RF powers in a given channel including both feeder-links and downlinks. The overall C/I ratio due to interference from the given channel is calculated as the reciprocal of the sum of the reciprocals of the feeder-link C/I ratio and the downlink C/I ratio referred to the satellite receiver input and earth station receiver input, respectively³⁸.

1.9 Overall co-channel protection margin

The overall co-channel protection margin in a given channel is the difference (dB) between the overall co-channel C/I ratio and the co-channel protection ratio.

1.10 Overall adjacent channel protection margin

The overall adjacent channel protection margin is the difference (dB) between the overall adjacent channel *C/I* ratio and the adjacent channel protection ratio.

1.11 Overall second adjacent channel protection margin

The overall second adjacent channel protection margin is the difference (dB) between the overall second adjacent channel *C/I* ratio and the second adjacent channel protection ratio.

³⁸ In Region 2, there are a total of five overall *C/I* ratios used in the analysis of the Plan, namely, co-channel, upper and lower adjacent channels and upper and lower second adjacent channels. In Regions 1 and 3, three ratios are used, namely, co-channel and upper and lower adjacent channels.

1.12 Overall equivalent protection margin

The overall equivalent protection margin M is given in dB by the expression³⁹:

$$M = -10 \log \left(\sum_{i=1}^{n} 10^{(-M_i/10)} \right)$$

where:

n: is generally equal to 3 for Regions 1 and 3, n is equal to 5 for Region 2

 M_1 : overall co-channel protection margin (dB) (as defined in § 1.9)

 M_2 , M_3 : overall adjacent channel protection margins for the upper and lower adjacent channels, respectively (dB) (as defined in § 1.10)

 M_4 , M_5 : overall second adjacent channel protection margins for the upper and lower second adjacent channels, respectively (dB) as defined in § 1.11).⁴⁰

The adjective "equivalent" indicates that the protection margins for all interference sources from the adjacent and second adjacent as well as co-channel interference sources have been included.

The following alternative formula for overall equivalent protection margin was used at the 1988 Conference (WARC Orb-88) in developing the original feeder-link Plan for Regions 1 and 3. It may be used as a tool to assess the relative contributions of the feeder link and downlink to the overall equivalent protection margin defined above.

$$M = -10 \log \left(10^{-(M_u + R_{cu})/10} + 10^{-(M_d + R_{cd})/10} \right) - R_{co}$$

where:

 M_u : equivalent protection margin for the feeder link (as defined in § 1.7)

 $\it M_d$: equivalent protection margin for the downlink (as defined in § 3.4, Annex 5 to Appendix $\it 30$

 R_{cu} : co-channel feeder-link protection ratio

 R_{cd} : co-channel downlink protection ratio

 R_{co} : co-channel overall protection ratio.

The values of the protection ratios used for the 1988 feeder-link Plan were as follows:

 $R_{cu} = 40 \text{ dB}$

 $R_{cd} = 31 \text{ dB}$

 $R_{co} = 30 \text{ dB}$

³⁹ This formula is also used to calculate the overall equivalent protection margin of the assignments notified, which are in conformity with this Appendix, brought into use, and for which the date of bringing into use has been confirmed to the Bureau before 27 October 1997.

 $^{^{40}}$ M_4 and M_5 are applicable only for Region 2. (WRC-2000)

The adjective "equivalent" indicates that the protection margins for all interference sources from the adjacent channels as well as co-channel interference sources have been included.

The corresponding values for analysing the 1997 feeder-link Plan are:

 $R_{cu} = 30 \text{ dB}$

 $R_{cd} = 24 \text{ dB}$

 $R_{co} = 23 \text{ dB}$

However, the latter values are restricted to the case of channels having the standard channel spacing and necessary bandwidth given in § 3.5 and 3.8, respectively, of Annex 5 to Appendix 30.

WRC-2000 generally applied the following protection ratio values for development of the WRC-2000 Regions 1 and 3 feeder-link Plan:

$$R_{cu} = 27 \text{ dB}$$

$$R_{cd} = 21 \text{ dB} \tag{WRC-2000}$$

These values were used for all assignments in WRC-2000 planning except those for which WRC-2000 adopted different values (see § 3.3). The planning at WRC-2000 was based on use of the equivalent protection margin criterion. (WRC-2000)

2 Radio propagation factors

The propagation loss on an Earth-to-space path is equal to the free-space path loss plus the atmospheric absorption loss plus the rain attenuation exceeded for 1% of the worst month in Region 2. In Regions 1 and 3, the atmospheric absorption loss is not included.

2.1 Atmospheric absorption

For Region 2 (see Fig. 2)

The loss due to atmospheric absorption (i.e. clear-sky attenuation) is given by:

$$A_a = \frac{92.20}{\cos \theta} \left(0.020 F_o + 0.008 \, \rho F_w \right)$$
 dB for $\theta < 5^{\circ}$

where:

$$F_o = \left\{ 24.88 \tan \theta + 0.339 \sqrt{1416.77 \tan^2 \theta + 5.51} \right\}^{-1}$$

$$F_w = \left\{ 40.01 \tan \theta + 0.339 \sqrt{3663.79 \tan^2 \theta + 5.51} \right\}^{-1}$$

and:

$$A_a = \frac{0.0478 + 0.0118 \,\rho}{\sin \theta} \qquad \text{dB} \qquad \text{for } \theta \ge 5^\circ$$

where:

 θ : elevation angle (degrees)

ρ: surface water vapour concentration, g/m³, with

 $\rho = 10 \text{ g/m}^3$ for rain climatic zones A to K and

 $\rho = 20 \text{ g/m}^3$ for rain climatic zones M to P.

For Regions 1 and 3 (see Figs. 1 and 3 taken from Recommendation ITU-R P.837-1)

In the Regions 1 and 3 feeder-link Plan, the atmospheric absorption loss is not included for the calculation of margins.

2.2 Rain attenuation

The propagation model for feeder links using circularly polarized signals is based on the value of rain attenuation for 1% of the worst month.

Figures 1, 2 and 3 give the rain climatic zones for Regions 1, 2 and 3.

Figure 4 presents a plot of rain attenuation of circularly polarized signals exceeded for 1% of the worst month at 17.5 GHz as a function of earth station latitude and elevation angle for each of the rain climatic zones in Region 2.

For calculation, the following data are needed:

 $R_{0.01}$: point rainfall rate for the location exceeded for 0.01% of an average year (mm/h)

 h_0 : height above mean sea level of the earth station (km)

 θ : elevation angle (degrees)

f: frequency (GHz)

 ζ : latitude of earth station (degrees).

Mean frequencies will be used for calculations for the frequency bands, i.e. 17.7 GHz and 14.65 GHz for Regions 1 and 3, 17.5 GHz for Region 2.

The calculation procedure used for the Region 2 feeder-link Plan and for the original 1988 Regions 1 and 3 feeder-link Plan consists of the following seven steps:

Step 1: the mean zero-degree isotherm height h_F is:

$$h_F = 5.1 - 2.15 \log \left[1 + 10^{\frac{(|\zeta| - 27)}{25}} \right]$$
 km

Step 2: the rain height h_R is:

$$h_R = C \cdot h_F$$
 km

where:

$$\begin{array}{lllll} C = 0.6 & & \text{for} & 0^{\circ} \leq & |\zeta| < 20^{\circ} \\ \\ C = 0.6 + 0.02 \, (\,|\,\zeta\,|\, - \,20) & & \text{for} & 20^{\circ} \leq & |\,\zeta\,| < \,40^{\circ} \\ \\ C = 1 & & \text{for} & & |\,\zeta\,| \geq \,40^{\circ} \end{array}$$

Step 3: the slant-path length, L_s , below the rain height is:

$$L_{s} = \frac{2(h_{R} - h_{0})}{\left[\sin^{2}\theta + 2\frac{(h_{R} - h_{0})}{R_{e}}\right]^{1/2} + \sin\theta}$$
km

where R_e is the effective radius of the Earth (8 500 km).

Step 4: the horizontal projection, L_G , of the slant-path is:

$$L_G = L_s \cos \theta$$
 km

Step 5: the rain path reduction factor $r_{0.01}$, for 0.01% of the time is:

$$r_{0.01} = \frac{90}{90 + 4L_G}$$

Step 6: the specific attenuation γ_R is determined from:

$$\gamma_R = k (R_{0.01})^{\alpha}$$
 dB/km

where $R_{0.01}$ is given in Table 1 for each rain climatic zone. The frequency dependent coefficients k and α are given in Table 2 and the rain climatic zones are given in Figs. 1, 2 and 3 for Regions 1, 2 and 3.

TABLE 1

Rainfall intensity (R) for the rain climatic zones (exceeded for 0.01% of an average year)

Rain climatic zone	A	В	C	D	E	F	G	Н	J	K	L	M	N	P	Q
Rainfall intensity (mm/h)	8	12	15	19	22	28	30	32	35	42	60	63	95	145	115

TABLE 2 Frequency dependent coefficients

Frequency (GHz)	k	α	
14.65	0.0327	1.149	For Regions 1 and 3
17.5	0.0521	1.114	For Region 2
17.7	0.0531	1.110	For Regions 1 and 3

Step 7: the attenuation exceeded for 1% of the worst month is:

$$A_{1\%}$$
 = 0.223 $\gamma_R L_s r_{0.01}$ dB for Regions 1 and 3
 $A_{1\%}$ = 0.21 $\gamma_R L_s r_{0.01}$ dB for Region 2.

For calculation of the permissible increase in e.i.r.p. to overcome rain fading (power control, see § 3.11.1) in the Regions 1 and 3 Plan revised by WRC-97, the same calculation procedure is used with the following changes to conform to Recommendation ITU-R P.618-5.

To calculate the rain height h_R . Steps 1 and 2 are replaced by:

$$h_R = \begin{cases} 5 - 0.075(\zeta - 23) & \text{for} & \zeta > 23^{\circ} & \text{Northern Hemisphere} \\ 5 & \text{for} & 0^{\circ} \leq \zeta \leq 23^{\circ} & \text{Northern Hemisphere} \\ 5 & \text{for} & 0^{\circ} \geq \zeta \geq -21^{\circ} & \text{Southern Hemisphere} \\ 5 + 0.1(\zeta + 21) & \text{for} & -71^{\circ} \leq \zeta < -21^{\circ} & \text{Southern Hemisphere} \\ 0 & \text{for} & \zeta < -71^{\circ} & \text{Southern Hemisphere} \end{cases}$$

Steps 3 and 4 remain the same. However, to calculate the rain path reduction factor $r_{0.01}$, for 0.01% of the time, the equation of Step 5 is replaced by:

$$r_{0.01} = \frac{1}{1 + L_G / L_0}$$

where:

$$L_0 = 35 \exp(-0.015 R_{0.01})$$

and $R_{0.01}$ is given in Table 1 for each rain climatic zone.

Step 6 remains the same except the frequency dependent coefficients k and α shall be obtained from Recommendation ITU-R P.838-3. (WRC-07)

Step 7 should be replaced as follows:

$$\frac{A_p}{A_{0.01}} = 0.12 \, p^{-(0.546 + 0.043 \log p)}$$

where:

$$p(\%) = 0.30 p_w(\%)^{1.15}$$
 (Recommendation ITU-R P.841)

p is the average annual time percentage of excess corresponding to desired worst-month time percentage of excess p_w .

2.3 Rain attenuation limit

In the analysis of the Plan for Region 2, a maximum rain attenuation on the feeder link of 13 dB was considered assuming that other means would be used at the implementation stage to compensate for larger rain attenuation on the feeder link.

In the analysis of the Regions 1 and 3 Plan, no rain attenuation is included in the margins.

2.4 Depolarization

Rain and ice can cause depolarization of radio frequency signals. The level of the co-polar component relative to the depolarized component is given by the cross-polarization discrimination (XPD) ratio. For the feeder link, the XPD ratio (dB) not exceeded for 1% of the worst month, is given by:

$$XPD = 30 \log f - 40 \log (\cos \theta) - V \log A_p$$
 for $5^{\circ} \le \theta \le 60^{\circ}$

where:

$$V = 20$$
 for 14.5-14.8 GHz

and

$$V = 23$$
 for 17.3-18.1 GHz

where:

 A_n : co-polar rain attenuation exceeded for 1% of the worst month

f: frequency (GHz)

 θ : elevation angle (degrees).

To calculate the depolarization value to be used for power control in the Regions 1 and 3 Plan, the following algorithm (Steps 1 to 8), which was obtained from Recommendation ITU-R P.618-5, shall be used.

To calculate long-term statistics of depolarization from rain attenuation statistics the following parameters are needed:

 A_p : rain attenuation (dB) exceeded for the required percentage of time, p, for the path in question, commonly called co-polar attenuation (CPA)

 τ : tilt angle of the linearly-polarized electric field vector with respect to the horizontal (for circular polarization use $\tau = 45^{\circ}$)

f: frequency (GHz)

 θ : path elevation angle (degrees).

The method described below to calculate XPD statistics from rain attenuation statistics for the same path is valid for $8 \text{ GHz} \le f \le 35 \text{ GHz}$ and $\theta \le 60^{\circ}$.

Step 1: calculate the frequency-dependent term:

$$C_f = 30 \log f$$
 for $8 \text{ GHz} \le f \le 35 \text{ GHz}$

Step 2: calculate the rain attenuation dependent term:

$$C_A = V(f) \log A_D$$

where:

$$V(f) = 12.8 f^{0.19}$$
 for $8 \text{ GHz} \le f \le 20 \text{ GHz}$
 $V(f) = 22.6$ for $20 \text{ GHz} < f \le 35 \text{ GHz}$

Step 3: calculate the polarization improvement factor:

$$C_{\tau} = -10 \log [1 - 0.484 (1 + \cos 4\tau)]$$

The improvement factor $C_{\tau} = 0$ for $\tau = 45^{\circ}$ and reaches a maximum value of 15 dB for $\tau = 0^{\circ}$ or 90°.

Step 4: calculate the elevation angle dependent term:

$$C_{\theta} = -40 \log (\cos \theta)$$
 for $\theta \le 60^{\circ}$

Step 5: calculate the canting angle dependent term:

$$C_{\sigma} = 0.0052 \, \sigma^2$$

 σ is the effective standard deviation of the raindrop canting angle distribution, expressed in degrees; σ takes the value 0°, 5°, 10° and 15° for 1%, 0.1%, 0.01% and 0.001% of the time, respectively.

Step 6: calculate rain XPD not exceeded for p% of the time:

$$XPD_{rain} = C_f - C_A + C_{\tau} + C_{\theta} + C_{\sigma}$$
 dB

Step 7: calculate the ice crystal dependent term:

$$C_{ice} = XPD_{rain} (0.3 + 0.1 \log p)/2$$
 dB

Step 8: calculate the XPD not exceeded for p% of the time, including the effects of ice:

$$XPD_p = XPD_{rain} - C_{ice}$$
 dB

For values of θ greater than 60° , use $\theta = 60^{\circ}$ in the above equations.

 $FIGURE\ 1$ Rain-climatic zones for Regions 1 and 3 between longitudes 45° W and 105° E

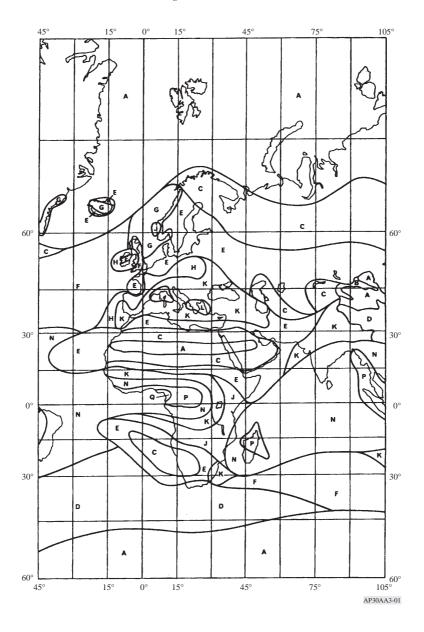
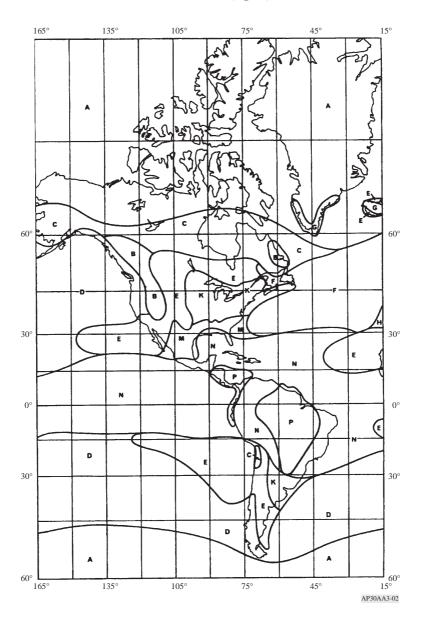


FIGURE 2
Rain-climatic zones (Region 2)



FIGURE~3 Rain-climatic zones for Regions 1 and 3 between longitudes $60^{\circ}~E$ and $150^{\circ}~W$

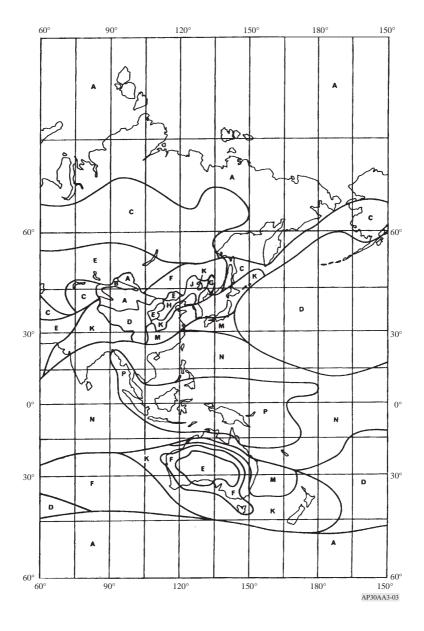


FIGURE 4

Rain attenuation values exceeded for 1% of the worst month (sea level) for Region 2 rain-climatic zones

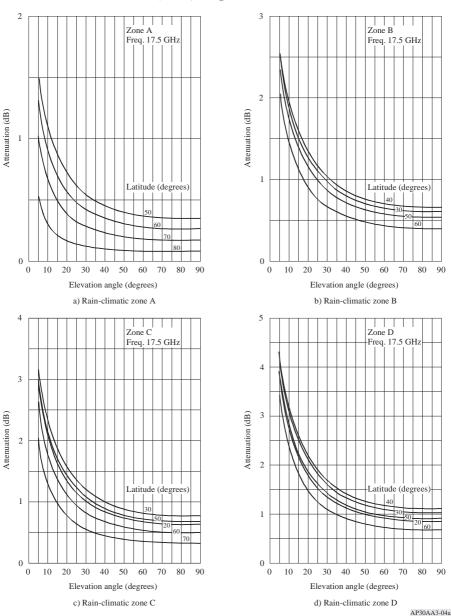


FIGURE 4 (continued)

Rain attenuation values exceeded for 1% of the worst month (sea level) for Region 2 rain-climatic zones

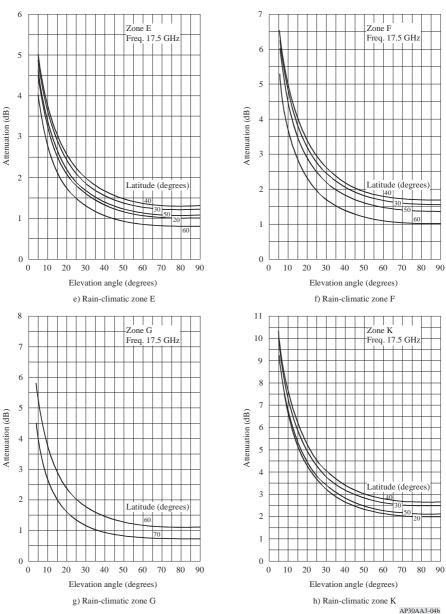
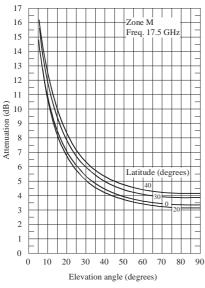
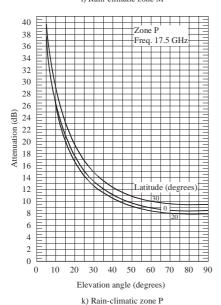


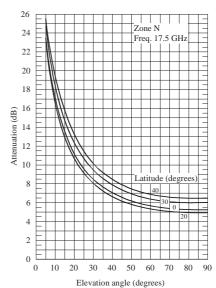
FIGURE 4 (continued)

Rain attenuation values exceeded for 1% of the worst month (sea level) for Region 2 rain-climatic zones









j) Rain-climatic zone N

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2.5 Procedure for calculating the *C/I* ratio at a space station receiver input

In Region 2, the calculation of the feeder-link *C/I* ratio (exceeded for 99% of the worst month) at a space station receiver input used to obtain the overall equivalent protection margin at a test point assumes a rain attenuation value not exceeded for 99% of the worst month on the wanted feeder-link path. For the interfering feeder-link signal path, clear sky propagation (i.e., including atmospheric absorption only) is assumed.

In Regions 1 and 3, the calculation of the feeder-link *C/I* ratio at a space station receiver input used to obtain the feeder-link equivalent protection margin at a test point assumes free space conditions on the wanted feeder-link path and on the interfering feeder-link path.

3 Basic technical characteristics for Regions 1 and 3

3.1 Translation frequency and guardbands

a) 17 GHz feeder-links

The feeder-link Plan generally uses a frequency translation of 5.6 GHz between the 17 GHz feeder-link channels and the 12 GHz downlink channels. Other values of the translation frequency may be used, provided that the corresponding channels have been assigned to the space station of the administration concerned.

With the value of frequency translation between the feeder-link frequency band (17.3-18.1 GHz in Regions 1 and 3) and the downlink frequency band (11.7-12.5 GHz in Region 1 and 11.7-12.2 GHz in Region 3), the guardbands specified in § 3.9 of Annex 5 to Appendix 30 for the downlink Plan result in corresponding guardband bandwidths of 11 MHz at the upper and 14 MHz at the lower feeder-link band edges. These feeder-link guardbands may be used to provide space operation functions in accordance with No. 1.23 in support of the operation of geostationary-satellite networks in the broadcasting-satellite service. (WRC-03)

b) 14 GHz, feeder-links

As the maximum available bandwidth for the feeder-link band 14.5-14.8 GHz is only 300 MHz divided into fourteen 27 MHz channels, against 800 MHz (40 channels) and 500 MHz (24 channels) in the downlink Plan for Regions 1 and 3, respectively, several translation frequencies must be considered to allow any channel in the Plan to be used. Consequently, a particular feeder-link channel has been assigned to several broadcasting-satellite service Plan channels simultaneously.

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Generally, the translation frequencies from the feeder-link channels are:

2 797.82 MHz to downlink broadcasting-satellite service channels 1 to 14;

2 529.30 MHz to downlink broadcasting-satellite service channels 15 to 28;

2 260.78 MHz to downlink broadcasting-satellite service channels 29 to 40.

The guardband bandwidths are 11.80 MHz at the lower band edge and 11.86 MHz at the upper band edge.

c) Frequency translation rules

Specific rules for selecting appropriate frequency translations are given in § 6.2.1.2.2 and 6.2.1.3.3 of the 1985 Conference (WARC Orb-85) Report to the 1988 Conference (WARC Orb-88). These rules permit the derivation of simple-to-use tables that define the channel translations that were avoided in revising the Regions 1 and 3 feeder-link Plan for both the 14 GHz and 17 GHz bands (see Tables 3 and 4).

TABLE 3

14.5-14.8 GHz/11.7-12.5 GHz channel translations that should be avoided (as far as possible) according to the 1985 Conference frequency translation rules

14 GHz feeder-link channel number			annel numbers as far as possibl		
1	7	8	9	19	20
2	8	9	10	20	21
3	9	10	11	21	22
4	10	11	12	22	23
5	11	12	13	23	24
6	12	13	14	24	25
7	13	14	15	25	26
8	14	15	16	26	27
9	15	16	17	27	28
10	16	17	18	28	29
11	17	18	19	29	30
12	18	19	20	30	31
13	19	20	21	31	32
14	20	21	22	32	33

17.3-18.1 GHz/11.7-12.5 GHz channel translations that should be avoided (as far as possible) according to the 1985 Conference frequency translation rules

17 GHz feeder-link channel											Dov	Downlink channel numbers to be avoided (as far as possible)	c chan (as	mel n far as	hannel numbers to (as far as possible)	rs to l	эе аус	ided										
		10	-	1 12	2 13	H	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	F	H	F		F	-	F	F	L					
2		11	1.	12 13	3 14	-	-	H	18	H	20	21	22	23	T	H	H		H	H	H	L						
3		12	H	13 14	1 15	H	16 17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24			H		H	H	H	L						
4		13		14 15	5 16		17 18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	F	H	H	H	L	\vdash		L	L		L			
5		14		15 16	5 17	H	18 19	20	21	22	23	24	25	56			H		L	H	L		L					
9		15	┝	16 17	7 18	H	19 20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27		l	H	H	L	H	L		L		L			
7		16	H	17 18	3 19	9 20	0 21	22	⊢	┢	25	26	27	28		l	H	H	L	H	L		L		L			
∞		17	H	18 19	9 20	21	1 22	H	+	25	26	27	28	29		l	H	H	L	H	L		L		L			
6		18	┝	19 20) 21	1 22	2 23	24	25	26	27	28	50	30			H		H	H	L	H						
10	1		=	19 20) 21	Н	2 23	H	25	26	27	28	59	30	31	H	H	H	L	┝		L	L		L			
11	1 2	H	H	20) 21	H	H	H	⊢	⊢	27	28	59	30	31	32	H		H	H	L	H						
12	1 2	3	L	_	21	72	2 23	24	25	26	27	28	59	30	31	32	33	H	L	┝		L	L		L			
13	1 2	3	4	_	L	22	2 23	24	25	26	27	28	59	30	31	32 3	33 3	34	L	┝		L	L		L			
14	1 2	3	4	5		L	23	24	25	26	27	28	59	30	31	Н	33	34 3	35	H	L		L					
15	1 2	3	4	5	9	-	-	24	25	26	27	28	59	30	31	32	33	34 3	35 30	36	L	L						
16	1 2	3	4	5	9	7			25	26	27	28	59	30	31	32	33	34 3	35 30	36 37	7	L						
17	1 2	3	4	5	9	7	8		Ц	26	27	28	59	30	31	32	33	34 3	35 30	36 37	7 38	L	L		Ш			
18	1 2	3	4	5	9	7	8	6	Ц		27	28	29	30	31	32 3	33	34 3	35 30	36 3.	37 38	39						
19	1 2	3	4	5	9	7	8	6	10			28	29	30	31	32	33	34 3	35 30	36 37	7 38	39	40					
20	1 2	3	4	5	9	7	8	6	10	11			29	30	31	32 3	33 3	34 3	35 30	36 37	7 38	39	40					
21	1 2	3	4	5	9	7	∞	6	10	11	12			30	31	32	33	34 3	35 30	36 37	7 38	39	40					
22	1 2	3	4	5	9	7	8	6	10	11	12	13		П	31	32	33	34 3	35 30	36 37	7 38	39	40		Ш			
23	1 2	3	4	5	9	7	8	6	10	11	12	13	14			32 3	33	34 3	35 36	6 37	7 38	39	40					
24	2	3	4	5	9	7	8	6	10	11	12	13	14	15	H	H	33	34 3	35 30	36 37	7 38	39	40		Ш			
25		3	4	5	9	7	8	6	10	11	12	13	14	15	16		-	34 3	35 30	36 3.	37 38	39	40					
26			4	5	9	7	∞	6	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	H	(1)	35 30	36 3.	37 38	39	40					
27			H	5	9	7	∞	6	10	Ξ	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	H	3.	36 37	7 38	39	40		Ш			
28			H	H	9	7	8	6	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19		37	7 38	39	40					
29			H	H	Н	7	8	6	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19 2	20	Н	38	39	40					
30			H				8	6	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19 2	20 21	1		39	40					
31			H	H	Н	H		6	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19 2	20 21	Н	22		40					
32			H		L	L			10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19 2	20 21	Η.	22 23	_						
33			H		L	L				11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19 2	20 21	H	22 23	24						
34											12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19 2	20 21	1 22	2 23	24	25					
35			H	H	Н	H			Ц			13	14	15	16	17	18	19 2	20 21	1 22	2 23	24	25	26				
36			H	H	H	H	H		Ц	Ц			14	15	16	17	18	19 2	20 21	1 22	2 23	24	25	26	27			
37			H	H	Н	H			Ц					15	16	17	18	19 2	20 21	1 22	2 23	24	25	26	27	28		
38			Н	H	H	Н	\vdash		Ц	Ц	Ц				16	17	18	19 2	20 21	1 22	2 23	24	25	26	27	28	29	
39			H	H	Н	H	\vdash	\sqcup	Ц	Ц	Ц				H	17	18	19 2	20 21	1 22	2 23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
40	_	4	-	-	_	-	+	4	_							_	18	19 2	20 21	1 22	2 23	24	25	26	27	28	29	303

3.2 Carrier-to-noise ratio

§ 3.3 of Annex 5 to Appendix 30 provides guidance for planning and the basis for the evaluation of the carrier-to-noise (C/N) ratios of the feeder-link and downlink Plans.

As guidance for planning, the reduction in quality in the downlink due to thermal noise in the feeder-link is taken as equivalent to a degradation in the downlink C/N ratio of approximately 0.5 dB not exceeded for 99% of the worst month.

For downlinks, as indicated in Appendix 30, the 1977 Conference (WARC SAT-77) adopted a *C/N* value of 14.5 dB for 99% of the worst month at the edge of the service area. The required feederlink *C/N* is 24 dB for 99% of the worst month, at the edge of the service area, to produce an overall *C/N* performance of 14 dB.

3.3 Protection ratios

For planning in Regions 1 and 3 at the 1988 Conference (WARC Orb-88), the following protection ratios were applied for the purpose of calculating the feeder-link equivalent protection margins⁴¹:

- co-channel protection ratio = 40 dB;
- adjacent channel protection ratio = 21 dB.

The method for the calculation of the feeder-link equivalent protection margin is given in § 1.7.

For revising the Regions 1 and 3 feeder-link Plan at WRC-97, the corresponding values of aggregate protection ratio that were used to calculate the feeder-link equivalent protection margins which appear in the alternative formula for overall equivalent protection margin given in § 1.12 are specified in Recommendation ITU-R BO.1297, as follows^{42, 43}:

- co-channel protection ratio = 30 dB;
- adjacent channel protection ratio = 22 dB. (WRC-2000)

⁴¹ These protection ratio values were used for assignments notified, which are in conformity with this Appendix, brought into use, and for which the date of bringing into use has been confirmed to the Bureau before 27 October 1997.

⁴² These protection ratio values were used for assignments notified, which are in conformity with this Appendix, brought into use, and for which the date of bringing into use has been confirmed to the Bureau between 27 October 1997 and 12 May 2000. (WRC-2000)

⁴³ These protection ratio values were used for protection of digital and analogue assignments from analogue emissions. (WRC-2000)

However, it should be noted that the revision of the Regions 1 and 3 feeder-link Plan by WRC-97 was based on "simultaneous planning of feeder links and downlinks with calculation of overall equivalent protection margins" (as defined in § 1.11 of Annex 5 to Appendix 30 and in § 1.12) using the following values of aggregate protection ratio:

- co-channel = 23 dB:
- adjacent channel = 15 dB. (WRC-03)

It was also specified that, for the revision of the Regions 1 and 3 feeder-link Plan, no overall cochannel single entry *C/I* ratio should be lower than 28 dB. (WRC-03)

Nevertheless, for assignments notified, which are in conformity with this Appendix, brought into use, and for which the date of bringing into use has been confirmed to the Bureau before 27 October 1997, the overall equivalent protection margins were calculated using a co-channel overall protection ratio of 30 dB and lower and upper overall adjacent channel protection ratios of 14 dB.

Revision of the Regions 1 and 3 feeder-link Plan at WRC-97 and planning at WRC-2000 were generally based on a set of reference parameters such as the average e.i.r.p., the reference earth station transmitting antenna, all test points placed within the -3 dB contour, a bandwidth of 27 MHz and the predetermined value of C/N. The Regions 1 and 3 feeder-link Plan as established by WRC-2000 is generally based on the use of digital modulation. (WRC-2000)

WRC-2000 adopted for the protection of digital assignments from digital emissions the following protection ratio values to be applied for calculation of feeder-link equivalent protection margins of the WRC-2000 Regions 1 and 3 feeder-link Plan:

- 27 dB for co-channel signals;
- 22 dB for adjacent channel signals. (WRC-2000)

During planning at WRC-2000, these values were used for all assignments of the Regions 1 and 3 feeder-link Plan and List, except those for which WRC-2000 adopted different values to be used in the planning process⁴⁴. (WRC-03)

Protection masks and associated calculation methods for interference into broadcasting-satellite systems involving digital emissions shall be in accordance with Recommendation ITU-R BO.1293-2 (Annexes 1 and 2⁴⁵). (WRC-03)

⁴⁴ For analogue assignments, the protection ratios of WRC-97 (30 dB co-channel, 22 dB adjacent channel) were used. (WRC-2000)

⁴⁵ Annex 3 of this Recommendation may be applied only in compatibility analysis for bilateral coordination between administrations. (WRC-03)

3.4 Feeder-link e.i.r.p.

The level of e.i.r.p. of each feeder link is specified in Article 9A.

The level of e.i.r.p. specified in the Plan can only be exceeded under certain conditions explained in § 3.11 of this Annex (see also Article 5, § 5.1.1).

3.5 Transmitting antenna

3.5.1 Antenna diameter

The feeder-link Plan is based on an antenna diameter of 5 m for the band 17.3-18.1 GHz and 6 m for the band 14.5-14.8 GHz.

For all antenna diameters including antennas smaller than 5 m for the 17.3-18.1 GHz band and 6 m for the 14.5-14.8 GHz band, the off-axis e.i.r.p. shall not exceed the limits indicated by Curve A in Fig. A of § 3.5.3 of this Annex for assignments notified, which are in conformity with this Appendix, brought into use, and for which the date of bringing into use has been confirmed to the Bureau before 27 October 1997 and by the Curve A' of Fig. A for other assignments.

3.5.2 On-axis gain

The on-axis gain for the 5 m antenna at 17.3-18.1 GHz and for the 6 m antenna at 14.5-14.8 GHz is taken as 57 dBi.

3.5.3 Off-axis e.i.r.p. of transmitting antennas

The co-polar and cross-polar off-axis e.i.r.p. values used for the original 1988 feeder-link Plan in Regions 1 and 3 are shown by Curves A and B respectively in Fig. A⁴⁶.

The corresponding off-axis e.i.r.p. values used for planning at WRC-97 are shown by Curves A' and B' in Fig. A as specified in Recommendation ITU-R BO.1295.

3.5.4 Pointing accuracy

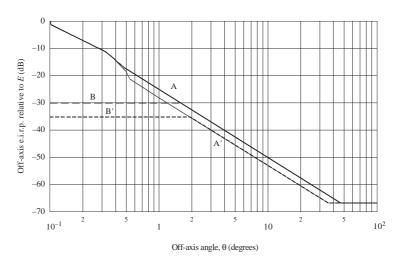
The Plan has been developed to accommodate a loss in gain of 1 dB due to earth station antenna mispointing.

The deviation of the antenna beam from its nominal pointing direction must not exceed a limit of 0.1° in any direction. Moreover, the angular rotation of the receiving beam about its axis must not exceed a limit of $\pm 1^{\circ}$; the limit on rotation is not necessary for beams of circular cross section using circular polarization.

⁴⁶ This antenna pattern is used in the revision of the Regions 1 and 3 Plan for assignments notified, which are in conformity with this Appendix, brought into use, and for which the date of bringing into use has been confirmed to the Bureau before 27 October 1997.

FIGURE A

Earth station e.i.r.p. at off-axis antenna angles



Curves A: WARC Orb-88 Regions 1 and 3 co-polar

A': WRC-97 co-polar

B: WARC Orb-88 Regions 1 and 3 cross-polar

B': WRC-97 cross-polar

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Co-polar component (dBW):

Curve A (WARC Orb	-88)					Curve A' (WRC-97)						
E	for	0°	≤ θ	≤	0.1°	E	for	0°	≤	θ	≤	0.1°
$E - 21 - 20 \log \theta$	for	0.1°	< θ	<u>≤</u>	0.32°	$E-21-20\log\theta$	for	0.1°	<	θ	≤	0.32°
$E - 5.7 - 53.2 \theta^2$	for	0.32°	< θ	≤	0.44°	$E - 5.7 - 53.2 \theta^2$	for	0.32°	<	θ	≤	0.54°
$E - 25 - 25 \log \theta$	for	0.44°	< θ	≤	48°	$E-28-25\log\theta$	for	0.54°	<	θ	≤	36.31°
E - 67	for	48°	< θ			E - 67	for	36.31°	<	θ		

Cross-polar component (dBW): (WRC-03)

Curve B (WARC Orb-	-88)		Curve B' (WRC-97))				
E - 30	for	$0^{\circ} \le \theta \le 1.6^{\circ}$	E - 35	for	0°	≤ θ	≤	1.91°
$E-25-25\log\theta$	for	$1.6^{\circ} < \theta \le 48^{\circ}$	$E - 28 - 25 \log \theta$	for	1.91°	< θ	≤	36.31°
E - 67	for	48° < θ	E - 67	for	36.31°	< θ		

where:

E: earth station e.i.r.p. on the antenna axis (dBW);

 θ : off-axis angle referred to the main lobe axis (degrees).

3.6 Transmitter power

The maximum transmitter power delivered to the input of the antenna of the feeder-link earth station per 27 MHz television channel shall be such as to ensure that the e.i.r.p. envelope in § 3.5.3 is not exceeded except under certain conditions specified in § 3.11.

3.7 Satellite receiving antenna

3.7.1 Cross-section of receiving antenna beam

Planning has generally been based on beams of elliptical or circular cross-section. When the assignments are implemented, or when the Plan is modified, administrations may use non-elliptical (shaped) beams as described in Annex 2.

For planning purposes at WRC-97, an antenna diameter of 5 m for the band 17.3-18.1 GHz and 6 m for the band 14.5-14.8 GHz were assumed.

The on-axis gain for the 5 m antenna at 17.3-18.1 GHz and for the 6 m antenna at 14.5-14.8 GHz is taken as 57 dBi.

If the cross-section of the receiving antenna beam is elliptical, the effective beamwidth φ_0 is a function of the angle of rotation q between the plane containing the satellite and the major axis of the beam cross-section and the plane in which the beamwidth is required.

The relationship between the maximum gain of an antenna and the half-power beamwidth can be derived from the expression:

$$G_m = 27.843/ab$$

where:

a and b are the angles (degrees) subtended at the satellite by the major and minor axes of the elliptical cross-section of the beam. An antenna efficiency of 55% is assumed.

3.7.2 Minimum beamwidth

A minimum value of 0.6° for the half-power beamwidth of the receiving antenna has been used for planning.

3.7.3 Reference patterns

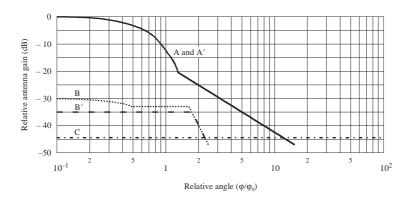
The reference patterns for the co-polar and cross-polar components of the satellite receiving antenna used for planning at the 1988 Conference (WARC Orb-88) are given by Curves A and B respectively in Fig. B⁴⁷.

⁴⁷ See footnote 46.

The corresponding curves used for replanning at WRC-97 are given by Curves A' and B' in Fig. B, as specified in Recommendation ITU-R BO.1296.

FIGURE B

Receiving space station circularly polarized antenna co-polar and cross-polar reference patterns for elliptical beams for planning in Regions 1 and 3



Curves A and A': WARC Orb-88 and WRC-97 co-polar

B: WARC Orb-88 cross-polar

B': WRC-97 cross-polar

C: Curve C (minus the on-axis gain)

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Co-polar relative gain (dB):

Curve A (WARC Orb-88) and Curve A' (WRC-97):

$$G = -12 (\varphi/\varphi_0)^2$$

for
$$0 \le \phi/\phi_0 < 1.3$$

$$G = -17.5 - 25 \log (\varphi/\varphi_0)$$

for
$$1.3 \le \varphi/\varphi_0$$

After intersection with Curve C, as Curve C

Cross-polar relative gain (dB):

Curve B (WARC Orb-88)
$$G = -30 - 12 (\phi/\phi_0)^2 \quad \text{for} \quad 0 \leq \phi/\phi_0 \leq 0.5$$

$$G = -33 \quad \text{for} \quad 0.5 < \phi/\phi_0 \leq 1.67$$

$$G = -40 - 40 \log \left(\frac{\phi}{\phi_0} - 1\right) \quad \text{for} \quad 1.67 \leq \phi/\phi_0$$
After intersection with Curve C, as Curve C

Curve C: minus the on-axis gain (Curve C in the above Figure illustrates the particular case of an antenna with an on-axis gain of 44.44 dBi)

where:

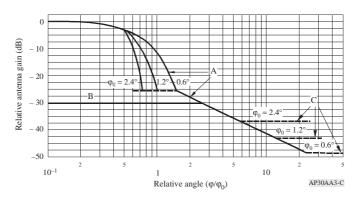
φ: off-axis angle (degrees)

φ₀: cross-sectional half-power beamwidth in the direction of interest (degrees).

The relationship between the maximum gain of an antenna and the half-power beamwidth can be derived from the expression in § 3.7.1.

In some cases, to reduce co-polar interference, the pattern shown in Fig. C is used; this use is indicated in the Plan by note 1. This pattern is derived from an antenna producing an elliptical beam with fast roll-off in the main lobe assuming a "beamlet" beamwidth of 0.6° . Three curves for different values of φ_0 are shown as examples.

FIGURE C Reference patterns for co-polar and cross-polar components for satellite receiving antennas with fast roll-off in the main beam for Regions 1 and 3



Curve A: co-polar component (dB relative to main beam gain)

$$-12 (\phi/\phi_0)^2 \qquad \text{for} \qquad 0 \le \phi/\phi_0 \le 0.5$$

$$-33.33 \phi_0^2 \left(\frac{\phi}{\phi_0} - x\right)^2 \qquad \text{for} \qquad 0.5 < \phi/\phi_0 \le \frac{0.87}{\phi_0} + x$$

$$-25.23 \qquad \text{for} \qquad \frac{0.87}{\phi_0} + x < \phi/\phi_0 \le 1.45$$

$$-(22 + 20 \log (\phi/\phi_0)) \qquad \text{for} \qquad \phi/\phi_0 > 1.45$$

After intersection with Curve C, as Curve C.

Curve B: cross-polar component (dB relative to main beam gain)

$$-30$$
 for $0 \le \omega/\omega_0 < 2.51$

After intersection with Curve A, as Curve A.

Curve C: minus the on-axis gain (curves A and C represent examples for three antennas having different values of φ_0 as labelled in Fig. C. The on-axis gains of these antennas are 37, 43 and 49 dBi, respectively),

where:

φ: off-axis angle (degrees);

 ϕ_0 : dimension of the minimum ellipse fitted around the feeder-link service area in the direction of interest (degrees);

$$x = 0.5 \left(1 - \frac{0.6}{\varphi_0} \right)$$

3.7.4 Pointing accuracy

The deviation of the receiving antenna beam from its nominal pointing direction must not exceed 0.1° in any direction. Moreover, the angular rotation of the receiving beam about its axis must not exceed $\pm\,1^{\circ}$; this limit is not necessary for beams of circular cross-section using circular polarization.

3.7.5 Composite beam (WRC-2000)

A composite beam represents a single beam (i.e. "simulated shaped beam") and is formed by combining two or more elliptical beams at a given orbital position. In general, composite beams were used at WRC-2000 for administrations which had more than one beam at a given orbital position in the WRC-97 Regions 1 and 3 feeder-link Plan. (WRC-2000)

3.8 System noise temperature

The satellite system noise temperature values generally used in the Plan at the 1988 Conference (WARC Orb-88) are 1800 K for 17 GHz and 1500 K for 14 GHz⁴⁸. For revising the Regions 1 and 3 Plan at WRC-97 these values are 900 K for 17 GHz and 750 K for 14 GHz. A value of 600 K was used for the 17 GHz band in the revision of the Regions 1 and 3 Plan at WRC-2000. WRC-2000 did not change the value for the 14 GHz band. (WRC-03)

3.9 Polarization

In Regions 1 and 3, circular polarization was normally used for the purpose of planning the feederlinks.

For the definitions of the terms "direct and indirect polarization", see § 3.2.3 of Annex 5 to Appendix 30.

For the planning of the broadcasting-satellite service, circular polarization is generally used. However, for implementation of assignments in the Regions 1 and 3 Plan, linear polarization may also be used subject to successful application of the modification procedure of Article 4. Linear polarization is defined in Recommendation ITU-R BO.1212. This Recommendation should be used when analysing linearly polarized signals.

⁴⁸ These system temperature values are still used for assignments notified, which are in conformity with this Appendix, brought into use, and for which the date of bringing into use has been confirmed to the Bureau before 27 October 1997.

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3.10 Automatic gain control

The downlink Plan was based on constant satellite output power. However, the feeder-link Plan does not take account of the effect of automatic gain control on board satellites. Up to 15 dB of automatic gain control is permitted, subject to no increase in interference to other satellite systems.

3.11 Power control

In Regions 1 and 3, a permitted increase which may be used to overcome rain fading for each assignment is included in the Plan.

In the calculation, in cases where satellites do not use common or adjacent channels cross-polarized to each other, the maximum permissible e.i.r.p. increase, which must not exceed 10 dB, corresponds to the amount of rain attenuation which occurs on the interfering feeder link.

3.11.1 Method for determination of the increase in e.i.r.p. during rain attenuation for an assignment over the Plan value

Condition to be observed

The increase in e.i.r.p. of the assignment studied must not entail an impairment of more than 0.5 dB of the feeder-link equivalent protection margin of any other assignment of any other administration.

Calculation method

- Step 1: compile a list of all assignments of other administrations (A, B, C, . . .) in the same orbital position and positions within \pm 6° (or further if no station is found within 6° arc) liable to suffer interference from the assignment studied.
- Step 2: calculate the feeder-link equivalent protection margin of assignment A in free-space conditions, taking account of all interference sources affecting A at the worst test points, namely:
- for assignment A: the point corresponding to the minimum C/N ratio;
- for each interference source affecting A: the point corresponding to the maximum interference power affecting A.

- Step 3: introduce for the assignment studied the rain attenuation for 0.1% of the worst month and the corresponding rain depolarization value.
- Step 4: recalculate the feeder-link equivalent protection margin of assignment A at the worst test points, namely:
- for assignment A: the test point used in Step 2 above;
- for the assignment studied: the test point corresponding to the maximum interference power affecting A.

At this stage, the e.i.r.p. of the assignment studied is that contained in the Plan.

- Step 5: increase the e.i.r.p. of the assignment studied by 0.1 dB and recalculate the equivalent uplink margin of A as in Step 4 above.
- Step 6: repeat the operation of Step 5 above until the equivalent uplink margin of assignment A is impaired by more than 0.5 dB in relation to the value found under Step 2 above, or until the e.i.r.p. increase exceeds 10 dB or the rain attenuation (see Step 3). Adopt the e.i.r.p. increase in the preceding iteration step.
- Step 7: repeat the operations in Step 2 to Step 6 above, considering the assignments B, C, . . .
- Step 8: adopt the smallest of the increases in e.i.r.p. found under Step 6 above for the various assignments A, B, C, . . .

3.11.2 Propagation model

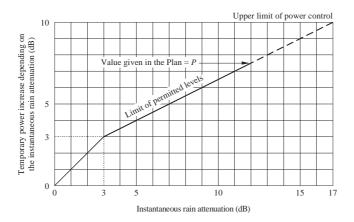
For the calculation of rain attenuation for 0.1% of the worst month, the model described in § 2.2 should be used. It shall be assumed that the 0.1% value is 3.3 times the 1% value (dB).

Rain depolarization shall be calculated on the basis of attenuation, using the method described in § 2.4.

3.11.3 Variation of power with rain attenuation

The instantaneous increase in power to overcome rain attenuation must not exceed the bounds given by the characteristics shown in Fig. 5.

FIGURE 5
Characteristic for up-link power control



P: value of permitted increase given in the Plan, or calculated by the BR, which varies for each assignment. The upper limit of this value is 10 dB.
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3.11.4 Procedures

An administration wishing to introduce power control may use a value not exceeding that given in Article 9A or it may request, where this is possible, the use of a higher value for a given earth station location. In this latter case, it shall request the Bureau to calculate the maximum permissible value for that site. The administration shall provide the Bureau with the coordinates of the station, the proposed antenna characteristics, including the off-axis co-polar and cross-polar characteristics, and the rain climatic zone.

The Bureau shall calculate the permissible increase in power using the method described in § 3.11.1.

The Bureau shall communicate the results of the calculations to the requesting administrations as well as to those administrations whose feeder-link equivalent protection margin is reduced.

In any case, the permitted increase in e.i.r.p. above that given in the Plan shall not exceed 10 dB.

In the event of modifications to the Plan, the Bureau shall recalculate the value of power control for the assignment subject to the modification and insert the appropriate value for that assignment in the Plan. A modification to the Plan shall not require the adjustment of the values of permissible power increase of other assignments in the Plan.

3.12 (SUP - WRC-97)

3.13 Depolarization compensation

The Plan is developed without the use of depolarization compensation. Depolarization compensation is permitted only to the extent that interference to other satellites does not increase by more than 0.5 dB⁴⁹ relative to that calculated in the feeder-link Plan.

3.14 Amplitude-modulation to phase-modulation conversion

The degradation caused by AM to PM conversion was taken into account when calculating the carrier-to-noise ratio of the feeder link. A value of 2.0 dB was allowed.

3.15 Orbit positions

The Plan is generally based on the use of a regular spacing of 6° . The orbital positions are those given in the Plan. (WRC-03)

3.16 Satellite station-keeping

Space stations in the broadcasting-satellite service must be maintained in position with an accuracy equal to or better than $\pm 0.1^{\circ}$ in the E-W direction. For such space stations, the maintenance of the tolerance $\pm 0.1^{\circ}$ in the N-S direction is recommended but is not a requirement.

3.17 Orbital separation limit for interference calculation (WRC-2000)

WRC-2000 has adopted the use of an orbital separation limit for interference calculation in Regions 1 and 3. Beyond this limit no interference was taken into account. (WRC-2000)

Initially, the values used for the orbital separation limit were 15° for co-polar and 9° for cross-polar emissions. At a later stage, the unique value of the orbital separation limit of 9° was adopted by WRC-2000. (WRC-2000)

⁴⁹ This margin has to be shared between power control effects and depolarization compensation effects when both are involved (see § 3.11).

4 Basic technical characteristics for Region 2

4.1 Translation frequency and guard bands

The feeder-link Plan is based on the use of a single frequency translation of 5.1 GHz between the 17 GHz feeder-link channels and the 12 GHz downlink channels. Other values of the translation frequency may be used, provided that the corresponding channels have been assigned to the space station of the administration concerned.

With a single value frequency translation between the feeder-link frequency band (17.3-17.8 GHz) and the downlink frequency band (12.2-12.7 GHz), the guard bands present in the downlink Plan result in corresponding bandwidths of 12 MHz at the upper and lower feeder-link band edges. These feeder-link guard bands may be used to provide space operation functions in accordance with No. **1.23** in support of the operation of geostationary-satellite networks in the broadcasting-satellite service. (WRC-03)

4.2 Carrier-to-noise ratio

Section 3.3 of Annex 5 to Appendix 30 provides guidance for planning and the basis for the evaluation of the carrier-to-noise ratios of the feeder-link and downlink Plans.

As a guidance for planning, the reduction in quality in the downlink due to thermal noise in the feeder link is taken as equivalent to a degradation in the downlink carrier-to-noise ratio of approximately 0.5 dB not exceeded for 99% of the worst month.

4.3 Carrier-to-noise ratio

Section 3.4 of Annex 5 to Appendix **30** provides guidance for planning for the contribution of the feeder-link co-channel interference to the overall co-channel carrier-to-interference ratio. However, the feeder-link and downlink Plans are evaluated on the overall equivalent protection margin which includes the combined downlink and feeder-link contributions. Definitions given in § 1.7, 1.8, 1.9, 1.10 and 1.11 of this Annex and the protection ratios given in Section 3.4 of Annex 5 to Appendix **30** are used in the analysis of the Plans.

For the adjacent channels, the Plan is based on an orbital separation of 0.4° between nominally colocated satellites having cross-polarized adjacent channel assignments.

For the second adjacent channels, the Plan is based on a 10 dB improvement on the feeder-link carrier-to-interference ratio due to the satellite receive filtering.

4.4 Transmitting antenna

4.4.1 Antenna diameter

The feeder-link Plan is based on an antenna diameter of 5 m.

The minimum antenna diameter permitted in the Plan is 2.5 m. However, the feeder-link carrier-to-noise ratio and carrier-to-interference ratio resulting from the use of antennas with diameters smaller than 5 m would generally be less than those calculated in the Plan.

The use of antennas larger than 5 m, with corresponding values of on-axis e.i.r.p. higher than the planned value (indicated in § 4.4.3) but without augmented off-axis e.i.r.p., is permitted if the orbital separation between the assigned orbital location of the administration and the assigned orbital location of any other administration is greater than 0.5°.

Antennas with diameters larger than 5 m can also be implemented if the above orbital separation is less than 0.5° and if the e.i.r.p. of the desired feeder-link earth station does not exceed the planned value of e.i.r.p.

If the above orbital separation is less than 0.5° and if the e.i.r.p. of the desired feeder-link earth station exceeds the planned value, agreement between administrations is required.

4.4.2 Transmitting antenna reference patterns (WRC-03)

The co-polar and cross-polar reference patterns of transmitting antennas used for planning in Region 2 are given in Fig. 6.

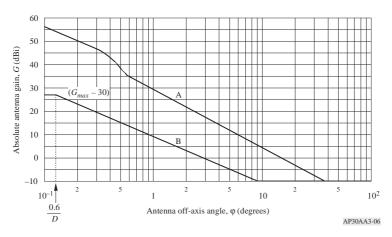
4.4.3 Antenna efficiency

The Plan is based on an antenna efficiency of 65%. The corresponding on-axis gain for an antenna having a 5 m diameter is 57.4 dBi at 17.55 GHz, and the corresponding value of e.i.r.p. used for planning purposes is 87.4 dBW.

4.4.4 Pointing accuracy

The Plan has been developed to accommodate a loss in gain due to earth station antenna mispointing of 1 dB. Under no circumstances shall the Plan allow for a mis-pointing angle greater than 0.1°.

FIGURE 6
Reference patterns for co-polar and cross-polar components for transmitting antennas for Region 2



Curve A: co-polar component (dBi)

$$G_{co} = G_{max}$$
 for $0^{\circ} \leq \varphi < 0.1^{\circ}$
 $G_{co} = 36 - 20 \log \varphi$ for $0.1^{\circ} \leq \varphi < 0.32^{\circ}$
 $G_{co} = 51.3 - 53.2 \varphi^2$ for $0.32^{\circ} \leq \varphi < 0.54^{\circ}$
 $G_{co} = \max (29 - 25 \log \varphi, -10)$ for $0.54^{\circ} \leq \varphi \leq 180^{\circ}$
If $G_{co} > G_{max}$; $G_{co} = G_{max}$ (WRC-03)

Curve B: cross-polar component (dBi)

$$G_{cross} = G_{max} - 30$$
 for $0^{\circ} \le \varphi < (0.6/D)^{\circ}$
 $G_{cross} = \max (9 - 20 \log \varphi, -10)$ for $(0.6/D)^{\circ} \le \varphi \le 180^{\circ}$
If $G_{cross} > G_{max} - 30$: $G_{cross} = G_{max} - 30$ (WRC-03)

where:

φ: off-axis angle referred to the main-lobe axis (degrees)

 G_{max} : on-axis co-polar gain of the antenna (dBi)

D: diameter of the antenna (m) ($D \ge 2.5$).

NOTE 1-In the angular range between 0.1° and 0.54° , the co-polar gain must not exceed the reference pattern.

NOTE 2 – In the angular range between 0° and $(0.6/D)^{\circ}$, the cross polar gain must not exceed the reference pattern.

NOTE 3 – At the larger off–axis angles and for 90% of all side-lobe peaks in each of the reference angular windows, the gain must not exceed the reference pattern. The reference angular windows are 0.54° to 1° , 1° to 2° , 2° to 4° , 4° to 7° , 7° to 10° , 10° to 20° , 20° to 40° , 40° to 70° , 70° to 100° and 100° to 180° . The first reference angular window for evaluating the cross-polar component should be $(0.6/D)^{\circ}$ to 1° .

4.5 Transmit power

The maximum transmit power delivered to the input of the antenna of the feeder-link earth station is 1000 W per 24 MHz television channel. This level of power can only be exceeded under certain conditions specified in § 4.10.

4.6 Receiving antenna

4.6.1 Cross-section of receiving antenna beam

Planning has been based on beams of elliptical or circular cross-section. When the assignments are implemented, or when the Plan is modified, administrations may use non-elliptical or shaped beams.

If the cross-section of the receiving antenna beam is elliptical, the effective beamwidth φ_0 is a function of the angle of rotation q between the plane containing the satellite and the major axis of the beam cross-section and the plane in which the beamwidth is required.

The relationship between the maximum gain of an antenna and the half-power beamwidth can be derived from the expression:

$$G_m = 27\,843/ab$$

or

$$G_m$$
 (dB) = 44.44 - $10 \log a - 10 \log b$

where:

a and b are the angles (degrees) subtended at the satellite by the major and minor axes of the elliptical cross-section of the beam.

An antenna efficiency of 55% is assumed.

4.6.2 Minimum beamwidth

A minimum value of 0.6° for the half-power beamwidth of the receiving antenna has been agreed on for planning.

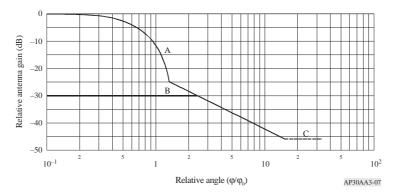
4.6.3 Receiving antenna reference patterns (WRC-03)

The reference patterns for the co-polar and cross-polar components of the satellite receiving antenna used in preparing the Plan are given in Fig. 7.

Where it was necessary to reduce interference, the pattern shown in Fig. 8 was used; this use will be indicated in the Plan by an appropriate symbol. This pattern is derived from an antenna producing an elliptical beam with fast roll-off in the main lobe. Three curves for different values of φ_0 are shown as examples.

FIGURE 7

Reference patterns for co-polar and cross-polar components for satellite receiving antenna in Region 2



Curve A: co-polar component (dB relative to main beam gain)

$$-12 (\phi/\phi_0)^2$$

for
$$0 \le (\phi/\phi_0) \le 1.45$$

$$-(22 + 20 \log (\varphi/\varphi_0))$$

$$(\phi/\phi_0) > 1.45$$

after intersection with Curve C, as Curve C.

Curve B: cross-polar component (dB relative to main beam gain)

$$-30$$

for
$$0 \le (\phi/\phi_0) \le 2.51$$

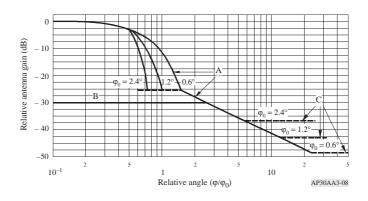
after intersection with Curve A, as Curve A.

Curve C: minus the on-axis gain (Curve C in this Figure illustrates the particular case of an antenna with an on-axis gain of 46 dBi)

for

FIGURE 8

Reference patterns for co-polar and cross-polar components for satellite receiving antennas with fast roll-off in the main beam for Region 2



Curve A: co-polar component (dB relative to main beam gain)

$$-12 (\phi/\phi_0)^2 \qquad \text{for} \qquad 0 \qquad \leq \phi/\phi_0 \leq 0.5$$

$$-33.33 \phi_0^2 (\phi/\phi_0 - x)^2 \qquad \text{for} \qquad 0.5 \qquad < \phi/\phi_0 \leq \frac{0.87}{\phi_0} + x$$

$$-25.23 \qquad \text{for} \qquad \frac{0.87}{\phi_0} + x < \phi/\phi_0 \leq 1.45$$

$$-(22 + 20 \log (\phi/\phi_0)) \qquad \text{for} \qquad \phi/\phi_0 \qquad > 1.45$$

after intersection with Curve C, as Curve C.

(WRC-03)

Curve B: cross-polar component (dB relative to main beam gain)

$$-30$$
 for $0 \le (\phi/\phi_0) \le 2.51$

after intersection with Curve A, as Curve A.

Curve C: minus the on-axis gain (Curves A and C represent examples for three antennas having different values of φ_0 as labelled in Fig. 8. The on-axis gains of these antennas are 37, 43 and 49 dBi, respectively).

where:

φ: off-axis angle (degrees)

 ϕ_0 : dimension of the minimum ellipse fitted around the feeder-link service area in the direction of interest (degrees)

$$x = 0.5 \left(1 - \frac{0.6}{\varphi_0}\right)$$

4.6.4 Pointing accuracy

The deviation of the receiving antenna beam from its nominal pointing direction must not exceed 0.1° in any direction. Moreover, the angular rotation of the receiving beam about its axis must not exceed $\pm 1^{\circ}$; this latter limit is not necessary for beams of circular cross-section using circular polarization.

4.7 System noise temperature

The Plan is based on a value of 1500 K for the satellite system noise temperature. WRC-03 decided that for feeder-link assignments in the Plan which have not been subsequently modified through successful application of Article 4, a value of 600 K (instead of 1500 K) is used in application of § 5 of Annex 1 and § 1 of Annex 4. For those assignments which have been subsequently modified, the noise temperature value provided in that modification is used. (WRC-03)

4.8 Polarization

- 4.8.1 In Region 2, for the purpose of planning the feeder links, circular polarization is used.
- 4.8.2 In the cases where there are polarization constraints, use of polarization other than circular is permitted only upon agreement of administrations that may be affected.

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4.9 Automatic gain control

- 4.9.1 The Plan is based on the use of automatic gain control on board satellites to maintain a constant signal level at the satellite transponder output.
- 4.9.2 The dynamic range of automatic gain control is limited to 15 dB when satellites are located within 0.4° of each other and operate on cross-polarized adjacent channels serving common or adjacent feeder-link service areas.
- 4.9.3 The 15 dB limit of automatic gain control does not apply to satellites other than those specified in § 4.9.2 above.

4.10 Power control

The Plan has been developed without the use of power control.

The use of transmit power levels higher than those given in § 4.5 is permitted only when rain attenuation exceeds 5 dB at 17 GHz. In such cases, the transmit power may be increased by the amount that the instantaneous rain attenuation exceeds 5 dB at 17 GHz up to the limit given in Table 5

TABLE 5

Transmit radio frequency power (delivered to the input of the feeder-link earth station antenna) permitted in excess of 1 000 W as a function of elevation angle

Elevation angle of feeder-link earth station antenna (degrees)	Transmit power permitted in excess of 1000 W (dB)
0 to 40	0
40 to 50	2
50 to 60	3
60 to 90	5

4.11 Site diversity

Site diversity refers to the alternate use during rain of two or more transmitting earth stations which may be separated by sufficient distance to ensure uncorrelated rainfall conditions.

The use of site diversity is permitted and is considered to be an effective technique for maintaining high carrier-to-noise ratio and carrier-to-interference ratio during periods of moderate to severe rain attenuation. However, the Plan is not based on the use of site diversity.

4.12 Depolarization compensation

The Plan is developed without the use of depolarization compensation. Depolarization compensation is permitted only to the extent that interference to other satellites does not increase by more than 0.5 dB relative to that calculated in the feeder-link Plan.

4.13 Minimum separation between satellites

Figure 9 illustrates two adjacent clusters of satellites separated by 0.9° between the centres of the clusters. An identifies a satellite of administration η . A cluster is formed by two or more satellites separated by 0.4° and located at two nominal orbital positions as specified in the Plan; one position for right-hand polarized channels and the other position for left-hand polarized channels.

4.13.1 Satellites of the same cluster

The Plan is based on an orbital separation of 0.4° between satellites having cross-polarized adjacent channels (i.e. satellites located at $+0.2^{\circ}$ and -0.2° from the centre of the cluster). However, satellites within a cluster may be located at any orbital position within the cluster, requiring only the agreement of the other administrations having satellites sharing the same cluster. Such orbital positioning of satellites within a cluster is illustrated in Fig. 9 by some of the satellites A5, A6 and A7

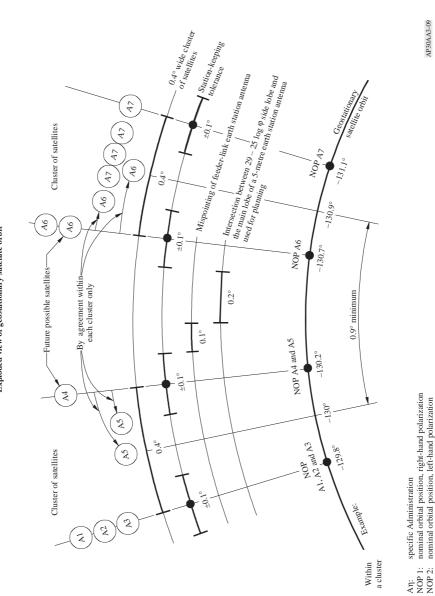
The station-keeping tolerance of $\pm 0.1^{\circ}$ indicated in § 3.11 of Annex 5 to Appendix 30 must be applied to satellites located at any position within the 0.4° wide cluster.

4.13.2 Satellites of different clusters

In the Plan, the orbital separation between the centres of adjacent clusters of satellites is at least 0.9° . The value of 0.9° is also the minimum orbital separation to provide flexibility in the implementation of feeder links indicated in § 4.4.1 without the need for an agreement (see § 4.13.1).

nominal orbital position, right-hand polarization nominal orbital position, left-hand polarization

Exploded view of geostationary satellite orbit FIGURE 9



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ANNEX 4 (REV.WRC-03)

Criteria for sharing between services

Threshold values for determining when coordination is required between, on one hand, transmitting space stations in the fixed-satellite service or the broadcasting-satellite service and, on the other hand, a receiving space station in the feeder-link Plan or List or a proposed new or modified receiving space station in the List, in the frequency bands 17.3-18.1 GHz (Regions 1 and 3) and in the feeder-link Plan or a proposed modification to the Plan in the frequency band 17.3-17.8 GHz (Region 2) (WRC-03)

With respect to § 7.1, Article 7, coordination of a transmitting space station in the fixed-satellite service or in the broadcasting-satellite service with a receiving space station in a broadcasting-satellite service feeder link in the Regions 1 and 3 feeder-link Plan or List, or a proposed new or modified receiving space station in the List, or in the Region 2 feeder-link Plan or proposed modification to the Plan is required when the power flux-density arriving at the receiving space station of a broadcasting-satellite service feeder link of another administration would cause an increase in the noise temperature of the feeder-link space station which exceeds a threshold value of $\Delta T_s/T_s$ corresponding to 6%. $\Delta T_s/T_s$ is calculated in accordance with Case II of the method given in Appendix 8. (WRC-03)

Threshold values for determining when coordination is required between transmitting feeder-link earth stations in the fixed-satellite service in Region 2 and a receiving space station in the Regions 1 and 3 feeder-link Plan or List or a proposed new or modified receiving space station in the List, in the frequency band 17.8-18.1 GHz (WRC-03)

With respect to § 7.1, Article 7, coordination of a transmitting feeder-link earth station in the fixed-satellite service with a receiving space station in a broadcasting-satellite feeder link in the Regions 1 and 3 feeder-link Plan or List, or a proposed new or modified receiving space station in the List, is required when the power flux density arriving at the receiving space station of a broadcasting-satellite service feeder link of another administration would cause an increase in the noise temperature of the feeder-link space station which exceeds a threshold value of $\Delta T/T$ corresponding to 6%, where $\Delta T/T$ is calculated in accordance with the method given in Appendix 8, except that the maximum power densities per hertz averaged over the worst 1 MHz are replaced by power densities per hertz averaged over the necessary bandwidth of the feeder-link carriers. (WRC-03)

APPENDIX 30B (REV.WRC-12)

Provisions and associated Plan for the fixed-satellite service in the frequency bands 4 500-4 800 MHz, 6 725-7 025 MHz, 10.70-10.95 GHz, 11.2-11.45 GHz and 12.75-13.25 GHz

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Note by the Secretariat: Reference to an Article with the number in roman is referring to an Article in this Appendix.

ARTICLE 1 (REV.WRC-07)

Objective of the provisions and associated Plan

- 1.1 The objective of the procedures prescribed in this Appendix is to guarantee in practice, for all countries, equitable access to the geostationary-satellite orbit in the frequency bands of the fixed-satellite service covered by this Appendix.
- 1.2 The procedures prescribed in this Appendix shall in no way prevent the implementation of assignments in conformity with the national allotments of the Plan. (WRC-07)

ARTICLE 2 (REV.WRC-07)

Definitions

- 2.1 Conference: World Administrative Radio Conference on the Use of the Geostationary-Satellite Orbit and the Planning of Space Services Utilizing It, First Session, Geneva, 1985; Second Session, Geneva, 1988.
- 2.2 *Plan:* The Plan for the fixed-satellite service in the frequency bands contained in this Appendix, consisting of national allotments. (WRC-07)
- 2.2bis List of assignments (hereinafter, called the "List"): The List associated with the Plan containing assignments resulting from the successful application of the provisions of Article 6 of Appendix 30B or the application of Resolution 148 (WRC-07). (WRC-07)
- 2.3 *Allotment:* For the purpose of this Appendix, an allotment comprises:
- a nominal orbital position;
- a bandwidth of 800 MHz (up-link and down-link) in the frequency bands listed in Article 3 of this Appendix;
- a service area for national coverage. (WRC-07)
- 2.4 Existing systems: Those satellite systems in the frequency bands covered by this Appendix which are identified in Resolution 148 (WRC-07). (WRC-07)
- 2.5 (SUP WRC-07)
- 2.6 Additional system: For the application of the provisions of this Appendix, an additional system is a system for which the assignments submitted by an administration are not the result of conversion of an allotment into assignments. When submitting an additional system, the national allotment in the Plan of the submitting administration shall be retained. An additional system may also be submitted on behalf of a group of named administrations, with one administration designated to act as the notifying administration in respect of that additional system. (WRC-07)

- 2.6bis When submitting additional system(s), administrations shall fully comply with the requirements stipulated in Article 44 of the ITU Constitution. In particular, these administrations shall limit the number of orbital positions and associated spectrum so that:
- a) the orbital/spectrum natural resources are used rationally, efficiently and economically; and
- b) the use of multiple orbital locations to cover the same service area is avoided. (WRC-07)

ARTICLE 3

Frequency bands

- 3.1 The provisions of this Appendix shall apply to the fixed-satellite service in the frequency bands between:
- 4 500 and 4 800 MHz (space-to-Earth);
- 6 725 and 7 025 MHz (Earth-to-space);
- 10.70 and 10.95 GHz (space-to-Earth);
- 11.20 and 11.45 GHz (space-to-Earth);
- 12.75 and 13.25 GHz (Earth-to-space).

ARTICLE 4

Execution of the provisions and associated Plan

- 4.1 The Member States of the Union shall adopt, for their fixed-satellite service stations operating in the frequency bands referred to in this Appendix, the characteristics consistent with those specified in the Plan and its associated provisions.
- 4.2 The Member States of the Union shall not change the characteristics, or bring into use assignments to fixed-satellite service stations, or stations in the other services to which these frequency bands are allocated, except as provided for in the Radio Regulations and the appropriate Articles and Annexes of this Appendix.

ARTICLE 6 (REV.WRC-12)

Procedures for the conversion of an allotment into an assignment, for the introduction of an additional system or for the modification of an assignment in the List^{1, 2} (WRC-07)

- 6.1 When an administration intends to convert an allotment into an assignment or when an administration, or one acting on behalf of a group of named administrations³, intends to introduce an additional system or modify the characteristics of assignments in the List that have been brought into use, it shall, not earlier than eight years and not later than two years before the planned date of bringing the assignment into use, send to the Bureau the information specified in Appendix 4^{4,5}.
- 6.2 If the information received by the Bureau under § 6.1 is found to be incomplete, the Bureau shall immediately seek any clarification required and information not provided from the administration concerned.
- 6.3 Upon receipt of a complete notice under § 6.1, the Bureau shall examine it with respect to its conformity with:
- a) the Table of Frequency Allocations and the other provisions⁶ of the Radio Regulations, except those provisions relating to conformity with the fixed-satellite service Plan; and
- b) Annex 3 to this Appendix.
- 6.4 When the examination with respect to § 6.3 leads to an unfavourable finding, the relevant part of the notice shall be returned to the notifying administration with an indication of the appropriate action.

If the payments are not received in accordance with the provisions of Council Decision 482, as amended, on the implementation of cost recovery for satellite network filings, the Bureau shall cancel the publication specified in § 6.7 and/or 6.23 and the corresponding entries in the List under § 6.23 and/or 6.25, as appropriate, and reinstate any allotments back into the Plan after informing the administration concerned. The Bureau shall inform all administrations of such action and that the network specified in the publication in question no longer has to be taken into consideration by the Bureau and other administrations. The Bureau shall send a reminder to the notifying administration not later than two months prior to the deadline for the payment in accordance with the above-mentioned Council Decision 482, unless the payment has already been received. See also Resolution 905 (WRC-07)*.

^{*} Note by the Secretariat: This Resolution was abrogated by WRC-12.

Resolution 49 (Rev.WRC-07) applies.

³ Whenever, under § 6.1, an administration acts on behalf of a group of named administrations, all members of that group retain the right to respond in respect of their own allotments or assignments.

⁴ Submissions may include conversion of the 6/4 GHz or the 13/10-11 GHz portion (both uplink and downlink) of an allotment into an assignment provided that the orbital location of the assignment is the same as the unconverted portion of the allotment.

⁵ Submissions for additional systems may include use of only space-to-Earth or only Earth-to-space links.

⁶ The "other provisions" shall be identified and included in the Rules of Procedure.

- 6.5 When the examination of each assignment in a notice received under § 6.1 with respect to § 6.3 leads to a favourable finding, the Bureau shall use the method of Annex 4 to determine administrations whose:
- a) allotments in the Plan; or
- b) assignments which appear in the List; or
- assignments which the Bureau has previously examined under this paragraph after receiving complete information in accordance with § 6.1 of this Article,

are considered as being affected by any assignment in that notice.

- 6.6 The Bureau shall then identify those administrations whose territories have been included in the service area of the assignment under examination. The notifying administration shall seek the agreement of any administration whose territory is partially or wholly included in the intended service area of the assignment.
- 6.7 The Bureau shall publish, in a Special Section of its International Frequency Information Circular (BR IFIC), the complete information received under § 6.1 and examined under § 6.5, together with:
- a) the names of the administrations identified under § 6.5 and the corresponding allotments in the Plan, assignments in the List and assignments for which the Bureau has previously received complete information in accordance with § 6.1 and which it has examined under § 6.5 of this Article;
- b) the names of the administrations identified under § 6.6.
- 6.8 Following the examination under § 6.5 and 6.6, the Bureau shall immediately send a telegram or fax to the administration that has submitted the notice under § 6.1, drawing attention to the requirement to seek and obtain the agreement of those administrations identified in the Special Section of the BR IFIC published under § 6.7.
- 6.9 The Bureau shall also send a telegram or fax to each administration listed in the Special Section of the BR IFIC published under § 6.7, drawing its attention to the information it contains.
- 6.10 Comments from administrations identified as affected under § 6.5 in the Special Section of the BR IFIC published under § 6.7 shall be sent to the Bureau and to the administration that has submitted the notice under § 6.1, either directly or through the Bureau, within a period of four months following the date of the publication in the BR IFIC. When an administration has not replied within this four-month period, it is deemed that this administration has not agreed to the proposed assignment, unless the provisions of § 6.13 to 6.15 are applied.

The above-mentioned four-month period shall be extended for an administration that has requested the assistance of the Bureau by up to thirty days following the date on which the Bureau communicated the result of its action.

Thirty days prior to the expiry of the same four month period, the Bureau shall dispatch a reminder telegram or fax to each administration listed in the Special Section published under § 6.7 which has not made its comments under § 6.10, bringing the matter to its attention.

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- An administration which considers that it should have been identified as affected in the publication referred to under § 6.7 above shall, within four months of the date of publication of the relevant BR IFIC, request the Bureau to include its name in the publication while providing the reasons therefor. The Bureau shall study this information on the basis of Annex 4 and shall inform both the affected administration and the administration that submitted the notice of its conclusions. Should the Bureau agree to the administration's request, it shall publish an addendum to the publication under § 6.7.
- After the same time period as specified in § 6.10, the notifying administration may request the Bureau to assist in respect of an administration which has not replied within this time period.
- The Bureau, acting on a request for assistance under § 6.13, shall send a reminder to the administration which has not replied, requesting a decision.
- 6.14*bis* Fifteen days before the expiry of the 30-day period referred to in § 6.15, the Bureau shall send a reminder to the above-mentioned administration drawing its attention to the consequence of no reply.
- 6.15 If no decision is communicated to the Bureau within thirty days after the date of dispatch of the reminder under § 6.14, it shall be deemed that the administration which has not given a decision has agreed to the proposed assignment.
- An administration may at any time during or after the above-mentioned four-month period inform the Bureau about its objection to being included in the service area of any assignment, even if this assignment has been entered in the List. The Bureau shall then inform the administration responsible for the assignment and exclude the territory and test points that are within the territory of the objecting administration from the service area. The Bureau shall update the reference situation without reviewing the previous examinations.
- 6.17 If agreements have been reached with administrations published in accordance with § 6.7, the administration proposing the new or modified assignment may request the Bureau to have the assignment entered into the List, indicating the final characteristics of the assignment together with the names of the administrations with which agreement has been reached. For this purpose, it shall send to the Bureau the information specified in Appendix 4. In submitting the notice, the administration may request the Bureau to examine the notice under § 6.19, 6.21 and 6.22 (entry into the List) and Article 8 of this Appendix (notification).
- 6.18 If the information received by the Bureau under § 6.17 is found to be incomplete, the Bureau shall immediately seek any clarification required and information not provided from the administration concerned.
- 6.19 Upon receipt of a complete notice under § 6.17, the Bureau shall examine each assignment in the notice:
- with respect to the requirement for the notifying administration to seek the agreement of those administrations identified in § 6.6;

- b) with respect to its conformity with respect to the Table of Frequency Allocations and the other provisions⁷ of the Radio Regulations, except those provisions relating to conformity with the fixed-satellite service Plan: and
- c) with respect to its conformity with Annex 3 to this Appendix.
- 6.20 When the examination with respect to § 6.19 of an assignment received under § 6.17 leads to an unfavourable finding, the notice shall be returned to the notifying administration with an indication that subsequent resubmission under § 6.17 will be considered with a new date of receipt.
- 6.21 When the examination with respect to § 6.19 of an assignment received under § 6.17 leads to a favourable finding, the Bureau shall use the method of Annex 4 to examine if the affected administrations and the corresponding:
- a) allotments in the Plan;
- assignments which appear in the List at the date of receipt of the examined notice submitted under § 6.1;
- c) assignments for which the Bureau has previously received complete information in accordance with § 6.1 and has conducted the examination under § 6.5 of this Article at the date of receipt of the examined notice submitted under § 6.1;

indicated in the Special Section published under § 6.7 and whose agreement has not been provided under § 6.17 are still considered as being affected by that assignment.

- 6.22 The Bureau shall determine if the final characteristics of an assignment received under § 6.17 cause more interference by checking if they decrease the uplink and/or downlink single-entry *C/I* value of an allotment in the Plan or an assignment in the List or an assignment for which the Bureau has received complete information in accordance with this Article before the date of receipt of the complete notice under § 6.17. If the final characteristics cause more interference than was produced by the characteristics previously submitted under § 6.1 to an allotment in the Plan or assignment in the List or assignment for which the Bureau has received complete information in accordance with this Article, the Bureau shall use the method of Annex 4 to determine whether that allotment or assignment is considered as being affected by the proposed assignment without the explicit agreement of the identified administrations.
- 6.23 In the event of a favourable finding under § 6.21 and 6.22, the Bureau shall enter the proposed assignment in the List⁸ and publish in a Special Section of its BR IFIC the characteristics of the assignment received under § 6.17, together with the names of administrations with which the provisions of this Article have been successfully applied. The administration may then notify the assignment in accordance with Article 8 of this Appendix.

⁷ The "other provisions" shall be identified and included in the Rules of Procedure.

⁸ In the case of a conversion of an allotment into an assignment, the part of the allotment that has been converted shall be removed from the Plan and the reference situation shall be updated.

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- When the examination under § 6.21 or 6.22 leads to an unfavourable finding, the Bureau shall return the notice received under § 6.17 to the notifying administration together with the names of the administrations with which necessary agreements under § 6.21 or 6.22 have not been provided and with an indication that subsequent resubmission under § 6.17 will be considered with a new date of receipt.
- After a notice is returned under § 6.24, should the notifying administration resubmit the notice and insist upon its reconsideration, the Bureau, on the condition of a favourable finding under § 6.21 and 6.22 with respect to allotments in the Plan, shall enter the assignment provisionally in the List, with an indication of those administrations whose assignments were the basis of the unfavourable finding. The entry in the List shall be changed from provisional to definitive only if the Bureau is informed that all required agreements have been obtained.
- 6.26 Notices submitted under § 6.25 shall also include a signed commitment by the notifying administration, indicating that use of an assignment recorded in the List under § 6.25 shall not cause unacceptable interference to, nor claim protection from, those assignments for which agreement still needs to be obtained.
- 6.27 When an assignment is entered provisionally in the List under the provisions of § 6.25, that assignment shall not be taken into account in updating the reference situation of those assignments which were the basis for the unfavourable finding. If the Bureau is informed that an agreement has been reached with respect to a given assignment, the reference situation of this assignment shall be updated.
- 6.28 Should the assignments that were the basis of the unfavourable finding not be brought into use within the period specified in § 6.1 or within the extension period under § 6.31*bis*, then the status of the assignment in the List shall be reviewed accordingly. (WRC-12)
- 6.29 Should unacceptable interference be caused by an assignment entered in the List under § 6.25 to any assignment in the List which was the basis of the disagreement, the notifying administration of the assignment entered in the List under § 6.25 shall, upon receipt of advice thereof, immediately eliminate this unacceptable interference.
- 6.30 When an assignment included in the List is no longer required, the notifying administration shall so inform the Bureau.
- 6.31 The date of bringing into use may be extended by the notifying administration up to no more than eight years from the date of receipt by the Bureau of the complete notice under § 6.1.
- 6.31*bis* The regulatory time-limit in § 6.31 for bringing into use of an assignment to a space station of a satellite network may be extended once by not more than three years due to launch failure in the following cases:
- the destruction of the satellite intended to bring the assignment into use;
- the destruction of the satellite launched to replace an already operating satellite which is intended to be relocated to bring another assignment into use; or
- the satellite is launched, but fails to reach its assigned orbital location.

For this extension to be granted, the launch failure must have occurred at least five years after the date of receipt of the complete Appendix 4 data. In no case shall the period of the extension of the regulatory time-limit exceed the difference in time between the three-year period and the period remaining from the date of the launch failure to the end of the regulatory time-limit. In order to take advantage of this extension, the administration shall have, within one month of the launch failure or one month after 17 February 2012, whichever comes later, notified the Bureau in writing of such failure, and shall also provide the following information to the Bureau before the end of the regulatory time-limit of § 6.31:

- date of launch failure;
- due diligence information as required in Resolution 49 (Rev.WRC-12), if this resolution
 applies to the satellite network in which the space station is to operate, for the assignments
 with respect to the satellite that suffered the launch failure, if that information has not already
 been provided.

If, for a satellite network or satellite system to which Resolution **49** (**Rev.WRC-12**) applies, the administration has not provided to the Bureau updated Resolution **49** (**Rev.WRC-12**) information for the new satellite under procurement within one year of the request for extension, the related frequency assignments shall lapse. (WRC-12)

6.32 Thirty days prior to the date of bringing into use under § 6.31 or § 6.31bis, the Bureau shall dispatch a reminder telegram or fax to the notifying administration which has not brought its assignment into use, bringing the matter to its attention. (WRC-12)

6.33

When:

- i) an assignment is no longer required; or
- ii) an assignment recorded in the List and brought into use has been suspended for a period exceeding two years and ending after the expiry date specified in § 6.31; or
- iii) an assignment recorded in the List has not been brought into use within the eight-year period following the receipt by the Bureau of the relevant complete information under § 6.1 (or within the extended period in the event of an extension under § 6.31*bis*), with the exception of assignments submitted by new Member States where § 6.35 and 7.7 apply,

the Bureau shall:

- a) publish in a Special Section of its BR IFIC the cancellation of the related Special Sections and the assignments recorded in the Appendix 30B List;
- if the cancelled assignment is the result of a conversion of an allotment without modification, reinstate the allotment in the Appendix 30B Plan;

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- c) if the cancelled assignment is the result of the conversion of an allotment with modifications, reinstate the allotment with the same orbital location and technical parameters of the cancelled assignment except for its service area, which shall be the national territory of the administration whose allotment is being reinstated; and
- update the reference situation for the allotments of the Plan and the assignments of the List. (WRC-12)
- 6.34 When a proposed new or modified frequency assignment has not fulfilled all the requirements for entering the List, in accordance with § 6.23 or 6.25, by the expiry date specified in § 6.31 or § 6.31*bis* in the event of an extension under that provision, the Bureau shall publish in a Special Section of the BR IFIC the cancellation of the related Special Sections. (WRC-12)
- The procedure of this Article may be applied by the administration of a country* which has joined the Union as an ITU Member State and does not have a national allotment in the Plan or an assignment in the List stemming from the conversion of an allotment in order to include new assignments in the List. Upon completion of the procedure, the next world radiocommunication conference may be requested to consider, among the assignments included in the List after the successful completion of this procedure, the inclusion in the Plan of a new allotment over the national territory of the new Member State.
- 6.36 Should the assignments mentioned in § 6.35 over the national territory of the administration not be brought into use within the eight years following the receipt by the Bureau of the relevant complete information under § 6.1 or within the extension period under § 6.31bis, they would be retained in the List until the end of the World Radiocommunication Conference immediately following the successful completion of the procedure referred to in § 6.35. (WRC-12)

⁻

^{*} This procedure may be applied by Palestine to obtain assignments in the Appendix **30B** Plan. Such assignments are for exclusive use by Palestine, in accordance with the Israeli-Palestinian Interim Agreement of 28 September 1995, Resolution 741 of the Council notwithstanding, and Resolution 99 (Rev. Antalya, 2006) of the Plenipotentiary Conference. This is without prejudice of future agreements between the State of Israel and Palestine.

ARTICLE 7 (REV.WRC-07)

Procedure for the addition of a new allotment to the Plan for a new Member State of the Union

- 7.1 The administration of a country** which has joined the Union as a Member State and does not have a national allotment in the Plan⁹ or an assignment stemming from the conversion of an allotment shall obtain a national allotment by the following procedure.
- 7.2 The administration shall submit its request for an allotment to the Bureau, with the following information:
- a) the geographical coordinates of not more than 20 test points for determining the minimal ellipse to cover its national territory;
- b) the height above sea level of each of its test points;
- c) any special requirement which is to be taken into account to the extent practicable.
- 7.3 Upon receipt of the complete information (mentioned in § 7.2 above), the Bureau shall expeditiously and ahead of submissions for which the examination under § 6.5 has not yet started, identify appropriate technical characteristics and associated orbital locations for a prospective national allotment. The Bureau shall send this information to the requesting administration.
- 7.4 Upon receipt of the Bureau's response under § 7.3, the requesting administration shall, within thirty days, indicate which of the proposed orbital locations with the associated technical parameters as identified by the Bureau it has selected. During this period, the requesting administration may at any time seek the assistance of the Bureau.
- 7.4bis If a selection for an allotment under § 7.4 has not been received by the Bureau within the specified time-limit, the Bureau will resume examination of submissions under § 6.5, or subsequent submission under Article 7, as appropriate, and inform the requesting administration that its request will be processed under § 7.5 when the Bureau is informed about the selected orbit location.
- 7.5 Upon receipt of a request under § 7.4, the Bureau shall process the request ahead of submissions for which the examination under § 6.5 has not yet started and, using Annexes 3 and 4, examine it with respect to its conformity with:
- a) the Table of Frequency Allocations and the other provisions¹⁰ of the Radio Regulations, except those provisions relating to conformity with the fixed-satellite service Plan which are the subject of the following subparagraph;
- b) allotments in the Plan;

^{**} This procedure may be applied by Palestine to obtain an allotment in the Appendix 30B Plan. Such allotment is for exclusive use by Palestine, in accordance with the Israeli-Palestinian Interim Agreement of 28 September 1995, Resolution 741 of the Council notwithstanding, and Resolution 99 (Rev. Antalya, 2006) of the Plenipotentiary Conference. This is without prejudice of future agreements between the State of Israel and Palestine.

⁹ Following WRC-07, the Administration of Ukraine may, on an exceptional basis, submit a request for an allotment in replacement of its existing allotment.

¹⁰ The "other provisions" shall be identified and included in the Rules of Procedure.

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- c) assignments which appear in the List;
- d) assignments for which the Bureau has previously received complete information and which have been examined, or are at the stage of examination under § 6.5.
- 7.6 When the examination under § 7.5 leads to a favorable finding, the Bureau shall enter the national allotment of the new Member State of the Union in the Plan and publish the characteristics of the allotment concerned and the result of its examination in a Special Section of the BR IFIC with the updated reference situation.
- 7.7 In the event that the Bureau's findings under § 7.5 are unfavourable, the proposed allotment of the Member State shall be treated as a submission under § 6.1 and shall be treated by the Bureau ahead of any other submissions received under Article 6, except for submissions which were already under examination under § 6.5 by the Bureau at the time of completion of the examination of the request of the new Member State under § 7.5.

ARTICLE 8 (REV.WRC-12)

Procedure for notification and recording in the Master Register of assignments in the planned bands for the fixed-satellite service^{11, 12} (WRC-07)

- 8.1 Any assignment for which the relevant procedure of Article 6 has been successfully applied shall be notified to the Bureau using the relevant characteristics listed in Appendix 4, not earlier than three years before the assignments are brought into use. (WRC-03)
- 8.2 If the first notice referred to in § 8.1 has not been received by the Bureau within the eight-year period mentioned in § 6.1 of Article 6, the assignments in the List shall no longer be taken into account by the Bureau and administrations. The Bureau shall then act as if the assignment in the List has not been brought into use in conformity with § 6.1 of Article 6. The Bureau shall inform the notifying administration, three months in advance of the end of the eight-year period, of the actions it intends to take. (WRC-07)
- 8.3 Notices not containing those characteristics specified in Appendix 4 as mandatory or required shall be returned with comments to help the notifying administration to complete and resubmit them, unless the information not provided is immediately forthcoming in response to an inquiry by the Bureau. (WRC-03)

¹¹ If the payments are not received in accordance with the provisions of Council Decision 482, as amended, on the implementation of cost recovery for satellite network filings, the Bureau shall cancel the publication specified in § 8.5 and 8.12 and the corresponding entries in the Master Register under § 8.11, after informing the administration concerned. The Bureau shall inform all administrations of such action and that any resubmitted notice shall be considered to be a new notice. The Bureau shall send a reminder to the notifying administration not later than two months prior to the deadline for the payment in accordance with the above-mentioned Council Decision 482, unless the payment has already been received. See also Resolution 905 (WRC-07)*. (WRC-07)

^{*} Note by the Secretariat: This Resolution was abrogated by WRC-12.

¹² Resolution 49 (Rev.WRC-07) applies. (WRC-07)

- 8.4 (SUP WRC-07)
- 8.5 Complete notices shall be marked by the Bureau with their date of receipt and shall be examined in the date order of their receipt. Following receipt of a complete notice the Bureau shall, within not more than two months, publish its contents, with any diagrams and maps and the date of receipt, in the BR IFIC, which shall constitute the acknowledgement to the notifying administration of receipt of its notice. When the Bureau is not in a position to comply with the time-limit referred to above, it shall periodically so inform the administrations, giving the reasons thereof. (WRC-07)
- 8.6 The Bureau shall not postpone the formulation of a finding on a complete notice unless it lacks sufficient data to reach a conclusion thereon. (WRC-03)
- 8.7 Each notice shall be examined: (WRC-03)
- 8.8 *a)* with respect to its conformity with the Table of Frequency Allocations and the other provisions ¹³ of these Regulations, except those provisions relating to conformity with the fixed-satellite service Plan which are the subject of the following subparagraph; (WRC-03)
- 8.9 b) with respect to its conformity with the fixed-satellite service Plan and the associated provisions 14. (WRC-07)
- 8.10 When the examination with respect to § 8.8 leads to a favourable finding, the assignment shall be examined further with respect to § 8.9; otherwise the notice shall be returned with an indication of the appropriate action. (WRC-03)
- 8.11 When the examination with respect to § 8.9 leads to a favourable finding, the assignment shall be recorded in the Master Register. When the finding is unfavourable, the notice shall be returned to the notifying administration, with an indication of the appropriate action. (WRC-03)
- 8.12 In every case when a new assignment is recorded in the Master Register it shall, in accordance with the provisions of Article 8, include an indication of the finding reflecting the status of the assignment. This information shall also be published in the BR IFIC. (WRC-03)
- 8.13 A notice of a change in the characteristics of an assignment already recorded, as specified in Appendix 4, shall be examined by the Bureau under § 8.8 and § 8.9, as appropriate. Any changes to the characteristics of an assignment that has been notified and confirmed as having been brought into use shall be brought into use within eight years from the date of the notification of the modification. Any changes to the characteristics of an assignment that has been notified but not yet brought into use shall be brought into use within the period provided for in §§ 6.1, 6.31 or 6.31bis of Article 6. (WRC-12)
- 8.14 (SUP WRC-07)

¹³ The "other provisions" shall be identified and included in the Rules of Procedure. (WRC-03)

¹⁴ When an administration notifies any assignment with characteristics different from those entered in the List through successful application of Article 6 of Appendix **30B**, the Bureau shall undertake calculation to determine if the proposed new characteristics increase the interference level caused to other allotments and assignments in the Plan and List. The increase of the interference due to characteristics different from those entered in the List will be checked by comparing the *C/I* ratios of these other allotments and assignments, which result from the use of the proposed new characteristics of the subject assignment on the one hand, and those obtained with the characteristics of the subject assignment in the List, on the other hand. This *C/I* calculation is performed under the same technical assumptions and conditions. (WRC-07)

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- 8.15 In applying the provisions of this Article, any resubmitted notice which is received by the Bureau more than six months after the date on which the original notice was returned by the Bureau shall be considered to be a new notice. (WRC-03)
- All frequency assignments notified in advance of their being brought into use shall be entered provisionally in the Master Register. Any frequency assignment provisionally recorded under this provision shall be brought into use no later than the end of the period provided for in § 6.1 or § 6.31bis in the event of an extension under that provision. Unless the Bureau has been informed by the notifying administration of the bringing into use of the assignment, it shall, no later than 15 days before the end of the regulatory period established under § 6.1 or § 6.31bis, send a reminder requesting confirmation that the assignment has been brought into use within the regulatory period. If the Bureau does not receive that confirmation within 30 days following the period provided under § 6.1 or §6.31bis in the event of an extension under that provision, it shall cancel the entry in the Master Register. In the event that an extension was requested under § 6.31bis but the Bureau determines that the conditions for an extension under § 6.31bis are not met, the Bureau shall inform the administration of its findings and cancel the entry in the Master Register. (WRC-12)
- Where the use of a recorded assignment to a space station is suspended for a period not exceeding eighteen months, the notifying administration shall, as soon as possible, inform the Bureau of the date on which such use was suspended and the date on which the assignment is to be brought back into regular use. This latter date shall not exceed two years from the date of suspension. If the assignment is not brought back into use within two years from the date of suspension, the Bureau shall cancel the assignment from the Master Register and apply the provisions of § 6.33. (WRC-07)
- 8.18 No provision of this Appendix shall be considered as modifying the requirements of Article **9** relating to coordination between earth stations in the fixed-satellite service and stations of terrestrial services sharing the planned bands on an equal primary basis. (WRC-03)
- 8.19 Notification of assignments to a specific earth station using assignments included in the List shall be effected applying the provisions of Article 11. (WRC-03)

ARTICLE 9 (REV.WRC-07)

General provisions

9.1 The Plan is limited to national systems providing a domestic service. Administrations may, however, in accordance with the provisions of Article 6, convert their allotments or propose additional systems to provide national or multinational services.

9.2 (SUP – WRC-07)

ARTICLE 10 (REV.WRC-07)

Plan for the fixed-satellite service in the frequency bands 4 500-4 800 MHz, 6 725-7 025 MHz, 10.70-10.95 GHz, 11.20-11.45 GHz and 12.75-13.25 GHz

A.1	COLUMN HEADINGS OF THE PLAN
Col. 2	Nominal orbital position, in degrees
Col. 3	Longitude of the boresight, in degrees
Col. 4	Latitude of the boresight, in degrees
Col. 5	Major axis of the elliptical cross-section half-power beam, in degrees
Col. 6	Minor axis of the elliptical cross-section half-power beam, in degrees
Col. 7	Orientation of the ellipse determined as follows: in a plane normal to the beam axis, the direction of the major axis of the ellipse is defined by the angle measured anticlockwise from a line parallel to the equatorial plane to the major axis of the ellipse, to the nearest degree
Col. 8	Earth station e.i.r.p. density (dB(W/Hz))
Col. 9	Satellite e.i.r.p. density (dB(W/Hz))
Col. 10	Remarks

1 Assignment converted from allotment.

- The Administration of Luxembourg (LUX) agreed to operate the LUX-30B-6 satellite network within the characteristics included in the Appendix **30B** List, as modified during WRC-07, and to immediately eliminate interference that could be caused by LUX-30B-6 to the national allotment of the Islamic Republic of Iran (IRN00000) (IRN).
- 3 Allotment converted into assignment with a shaped beam and then reinstated back into the Plan.

4-5 (SUP – WRC-07)

Note by the Secretariat (applicable when an asterisk (*) appears in column 10): It is to be noted that this beam is intended to be implemented as part of a multi-beam network, operating from a single orbital location. Within any multi-beam network, the beams are the responsibility of a single administration, hence interference between them has not been taken into account during the Conference. The number which appears in the alphanumeric code that follows the asterisk serves to identify the multi-beam network concerned.

4 500-4 800 MHz, 6 725-7 025 MHz

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
ABW00000	-98.20	-69.10	12.40	1.60	1.60	90.00	-9.6	-41.4	
ADL00000	113.00	140.00	-66.70	1.60	1.60	90.00	-9.6	-41.3	*/MB1
AFG00000	50.00	66.40	33.90	2.20	1.60	15.00	-9.6	-39.4	
AFS00000	71.00	27.20	-30.10	5.30	1.60	128.00	-7.8	-38.6	
AGL00000	-36.10	15.90	-12.40	2.40	1.60	78.00	-9.6	-39.1	
ALB00000	4.13	20.00	41.10	1.60	1.60	90.00	-9.6	-41.4	
ALG00000	-33.50	1.60	27.80	3.30	2.20	133.00	-8.6	-38.9	
ALS00000	-159.00	-158.60	57.50	6.30	1.60	1.00	-7.9	-38.8	*/MB2
AND00000	-41.00	1.50	42.50	1.60	1.60	90.00	-9.6	-41.4	
ARG00000	-51.00	-62.00	-33.60	4.80	2.90	93.00	-2.5	-38.1	*/MB3
ARGINSUL	-51.00	-60.00	-57.50	3.60	1.60	154.00	-9.6	-38.5	*/MB3
ARM00000	71.40	45.13	40.12	1.60	1.60	90.00	-9.6	-40.4	
ARS00000	51.90	45.70	23.10	3.70	2.60	153.00	-8.7	-39.3	
ASCSTHTC	-37.10	-11.80	-19.60	5.60	1.80	77.00	-8.0	-39.0	*/MB4
ATG00000	-77.70	-61.80	17.00	1.60	1.60	90.00	-9.6	-41.8	
ATN00000	-5.00	-65.60	15.10	1.60	1.60	90.00	-9.6	-38.9	*/MB5
AUS00001	144.10	134.30	-24.50	6.60	5.30	146.00	1.9	-38.2	*/MB6
AUS00002	144.10	163.60	-30.50	1.60	1.60	90.00	-9.6	-39.5	*/MB6
AUS00003	144.10	101.50	-11.10	1.60	1.60	90.00	-9.6	-40.5	*/MB6
AUS00004	144.10	159.00	-54.50	1.60	1.60	90.00	-9.6	-41.6	*/MB6
AUS00005	144.10	110.40	-66.30	1.60	1.60	90.00	-9.6	-41.3	*/MB6
AUT00000	-11.40	13.20	47.50	1.60	1.60	90.00	-9.6	-40.8	
AZR00000	-10.60	-28.00	38.70	1.60	1.60	90.00	-9.6	-41.1	*/MB7
B 00001	-66.25	-62.60	-6.00	4.10	4.00	43.00	-2.5	-38.7	
В 00002	-63.60	-45.40	-6.30	4.60	4.10	152.00	-1.9	-38.6	
В 00003	-69.45	-50.00	-20.90	4.30	3.00	60.00	-3.4	-38.5	
BAH00000	-74.30	-75.80	24.00	1.60	1.60	133.00	-9.6	-39.4	
BDI00000	-3.50	29.90	-3.40	1.60	1.60	90.00	-9.6	-41.6	
BEL00000	54.55	5.20	50.60	1.60	1.60	90.00	-9.6	-41.2	
BEN00000	-30.60	2.30	9.30	1.60	1.60	90.00	-9.6	-39.9	
BERCAYS	-37.10	-68.60	22.50	3.70	2.30	41.00	-5.6	-38.2	*/MB4
BFA00000	10.79	-1.40	12.20	1.70	1.60	24.00	-9.6	-39.5	
BGD00000	133.00	90.20	24.00	1.60	1.60	90.00	-9.6	-40.3	
BHR00000	13.60	50.60	26.10	1.60	1.60	90.00	-9.6	-41.9	
BLZ00000	-90.80	-88.60	17.20	1.60	1.60	90.00	-9.6	-41.6	
BOL00000	-34.80	-64.40	-17.10	2.70	1.70	129.00	-7.5	-38.6	
BOT00000	21.20	24.00	-21.80	1.60	1.60	90.00	-9.6	-40.0	
BRB00000	-29.60	-59.60	13.20	1.60	1.60	90.00	-9.6	-41.6	
BRM00000	111.50	97.00	18.90	3.20	1.60	88.00	-7.2	-38.8	
BRU00000	157.30	114.60	4.50	1.60	1.60	90.00	-9.6	-40.9	
BTN00000	59.10	90.40	27.00	1.60	1.60	90.00	-9.6	-41.5	
BUL00000	56.02	25.60	42.80	1.60	1.60	90.00	-9.6	-40.8	
CAF00000	14.40	21.50	6.50	2.70	1.70	14.00	-8.4	-39.1	
CAN0CENT	-111.10	-96.10	51.40	4.30	2.00	155.00	-7.6	-38.4	
CAN0EAST	-107.30	-76.60	50.10	5.00	1.70	154.00	-7.0	-38.3	

4 500-4 800 MHz, 6 725-7 025 MHz

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
CAN0WEST	-114.90	-120.10	57.40	3.10	1.90	173.00	-9.6	-38.7	
CBG00000	96.10	105.10	12.90	1.60	1.60	90.00	-9.6	-40.4	
CHL00000	-74.90	-82.60	-32.80	8.10	6.10	155.00	-0.7	-38.4	
CHN00001	101.40	103.70	35.00	8.10	4.30	2.00	-0.1	-38.3	
CHN00002	135.50	114.80	16.40	4.90	2.40	65.00	-3.6	-38.7	
CLM00000	-70.90	-74.00	5.70	4.00	2.30	121.00	-5.1	-38.9	
CLN00000	121.50	80.10	7.70	1.60	1.60	90.00	-9.6	-41.2	
CME00000	7.98	12.90	6.30	2.50	1.90	84.00	-8.4	-39.5	
CNR00000	-30.00	-15.90	28.50	1.60	1.60	90.00	-9.6	-41.3	*/MB8
COD00000	50.95	24.40	-4.60	3.90	3.50	92.00	-7.4	-38.5	
COG00000	-16.35	14.80	-0.60	2.00	1.60	63.00	-9.1	-38.8	
COM00000	94.50	44.10	-12.20	1.60	1.60	90.00	-9.6	-41.0	
CPV00000	-85.70	-24.10	16.00	1.60	1.60	90.00	-9.6	-41.3	
CTI00000	-15.76	-5.90	7.80	1.60	1.60	90.00	-9.6	-40.0	
CTR00000	-96.00	-85.30	8.20	1.60	1.60	90.00	-9.6	-40.2	
CUB00000	-80.60	-79.50	21.00	2.00	1.60	172.00	-9.6	-39.3	
CVA00000	59.00	12.50	41.90	1.60	1.60	90.00	-9.6	-41.3	
CYP00000	0.50	33.20	35.10	1.60	1.60	90.00	-9.6	-41.6	
CYPSBA00	57.50	32.90	34.60	1.60	1.60	90.00	-9.6	-41.7	*/MB9
D 00001	26.40	9.70	50.70	1.60	1.60	90.00	-9.6	-40.5	
D 00002	37.20	12.60	51.40	1.60	1.60	90.00	-9.6	-40.8	
DJI00000	-17.46	42.60	11.70	1.60	1.60	90.00	-9.6	-41.3	
DMA00000	-70.00	-61.30	15.30	1.60	1.60	90.00	-9.6	-41.8	
DNK00001	32.28	11.60	56.00	1.60	1.60	90.00	-9.6	-40.9	
DNK00002	-49.00	12.50	56.30	1.60	1.60	90.00	-9.6	-40.6	*/MB10
DNK00FAR	-49.00	-7.20	61.70	1.60	1.60	90.00	-9.6	-41.1	*/MB10
DOM00000	-85.40	-70.40	18.70	1.60	1.60	90.00	-9.6	-41.7	
E 00002	-30.00	-3.00	39.90	2.10	1.60	8.00	-9.6	-39.5	*/MB8
EGY00000	67.11	30.30	26.20	2.30	1.60	54.00	-9.6	-39.2	
EQA00000	-104.00	-83.10	-1.40	3.10	1.60	174.00	-7.8	-38.9	
ETH00000	58.30	40.60	10.30	2.80	2.80	64.00	-9.4	-39.4	
F 00000	-8.00								1
FIN00000	46.80	23.80	64.30	1.60	1.60	90.00	-9.6	-39.3	
FJI00000	148.80	178.50	-17.20	1.60	1.60	90.00	-9.6	-41.5	
FLKSTGGL	-37.10	-46.80	-59.60	3.70	1.60	170.00	-9.6	-38.8	*/MB4
G 00000	-37.10	-4.10	53.90	1.60	1.60	151.00	-9.6	-39.0	*/MB4
GAB00000	39.00	11.70	-0.70	1.60	1.60	90.00	-9.6	-39.8	
GDL00000	-8.00								1
GDL00002	-115.90	-61.80	16.40	1.60	1.60	90.00	-9.6	-40.3	*/MB13
GHA00000	15.90	-1.30	7.70	1.60	1.60	90.00	-9.6	-39.7	
GIB00000	57.50	-5.40	36.10	1.60	1.60	90.00	-9.6	-40.9	*/MB9
GMB00000	-34.00	-16.40	13.40	1.60	1.60	90.00	-9.6	-42.1	
GNB00000	40.00	-15.40	12.00	1.60	1.60	90.00	-9.6	-41.3	
GNE00000	-32.30	10.50	1.70	1.60	1.60	90.00	-9.6	-40.9	
GRC00000	22.05	24.70	38.30	1.70	1.60	160.00	-9.6	-39.3	

4 500-4 800 MHz, 6 725-7 025 MHz

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
GRD00000	-32.80	-61.60	12.00	1.60	1.60	90.00	-9.6	-41.6	
GRL00000	-49.00	-42.90	68.60	2.30	1.60	174.00	-9.6	-38.6	*/MB10
GTM00000	-135.70	-90.50	15.50	1.60	1.60	90.00	-9.6	-40.5	
GUF00000	-8.00								1
GUF00002	-115.90	-53.30	4.30	1.60	1.60	90.00	-8.6	-39.4	*/MB13
GUI00000	27.50	-10.90	10.20	1.60	1.60	90.00	-9.6	-39.2	
GUMMRA0	-159.00	145.40	16.70	1.70	1.60	79.00	-9.4	-38.3	*/MB2
GUY00000	-23.80	-59.20	4.70	1.60	1.60	90.00	-9.6	-39.4	
HKG00000	57.50	114.50	22.40	1.60	1.60	90.00	-9.6	-40.6	
HND00000	-76.20	-86.10	15.40	1.60	1.60	90.00	-9.6	-40.0	
HNG00000	-7.50	19.40	47.40	1.60	1.60	90.00	-9.6	-41.0	
HOL00000	-5.00	5.40	52.40	1.60	1.60	90.00	-9.6	-41.4	*/MB5
HTI00000	-92.00	-73.00	18.80	1.60	1.60	90.00	-9.6	-41.7	
HWA00000	-159.00	-157.60	20.70	1.60	1.60	90.00	-9.6	-40.2	*/MB2
HWL00000	-159.00	-176.60	0.10	1.60	1.60	90.00	-9.6	-41.8	*/MB2
I 00000	-23.40	11.30	40.90	2.10	1.60	141.00	-9.6	-38.9	
IND00000	74.00	82.70	18.90	6.20	4.90	120.00	0.3	-38.5	
INS00000	115.40	117.60	-1.80	9.40	4.30	170.00	1.8	-38.6	
IRL00000	-21.80	-8.20	53.20	1.60	1.60	90.00	-9.6	-41.1	
IRN00000	24.19	54.30	33.00	3.70	1.60	143.00	-9.6	-39.0	
IRQ00000	65.45	44.30	33.10	1.60	1.60	90.00	-9.6	-39.4	
ISL00000	-35.20	-18.20	64.90	1.60	1.60	90.00	-9.6	-40.5	
ISR00000	-4.00								1
J 00000	152.50	140.40	30.40	5.70	3.70	15.00	-2.3	-38.5	
JAR00000	-159.00	-160.00	-0.40	1.60	1.60	90.00	-9.6	-41.9	*/MB2
JMC00000	-108.60	-77.60	18.20	1.60	1.60	90.00	-9.6	-41.5	
JON00000	-159.00	-168.50	17.00	1.60	1.60	90.00	-9.6	-42.2	*/MB2
JOR00000	81.76	36.70	31.30	1.60	1.60	90.00	-9.6	-40.9	
KEN00000	78.20	38.40	0.80	2.10	1.60	95.00	-9.6	-39.3	
KER00000	113.00	69.30	-43.90	1.90	1.60	169.00	-9.6	-38.7	*/MB1
KGZ00000	64.60	74.54	41.15	1.60	1.60	90.00	-9.6	-38.8	
KIR00000	150.00	173.00	1.00	1.60	1.60	90.00	-9.6	-41.8	
KNA00000	-88.80	-62.90	17.30	1.60	1.60	90.00	-9.6	-41.6	
KOR00000	116.20	127.70	36.20	1.60	1.60	90.00	-9.6	-40.5	
KRE00000	145.00	127.80	39.80	1.60	1.60	90.00	-9.6	-39.6	
KWT00000	30.90	47.70	29.10	1.60	1.60	90.00	-9.6	-41.9	
LAO00000	142.00	104.10	18.10	1.60	1.60	90.00	-9.6	-39.1	
LBN00000	97.50	35.80	33.80	1.60	1.60	90.00	-9.6	-41.3	
LBR00000	-41.80	-8.90	6.50	1.60	1.60	90.00	-9.6	-40.4	
LBY00000	28.90								1
LIE00000	-17.10	9.50	47.20	1.60	1.60	90.00	-9.6	-41.7	
LSO00000	-19.30	28.40	-29.50	1.60	1.60	90.00	-9.6	-41.5	
LUX00000	19.20	6.20	49.70	1.60	1.60	90.00	-9.6	-41.6	
MAC00000	117.00	113.60	22.20	1.60	1.60	90.00	-9.6	-41.8	
MAU00000	92.20	57.50	-20.20	1.60	1.60	90.00	-9.6	-41.4	

4 500-4 800 MHz, 6 725-7 025 MHz

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
MCO00000	41.00	7.40	43.70	1.60	1.60	90.00	-9.6	-41.3	
MDG00000	16.90	46.60	-18.70	2.60	1.60	66.00	-7.5	-38.6	
MDR00000	-10.60	-16.20	31.60	1.60	1.60	90.00	-9.6	-41.7	*/MB7
MDW00000	-159.00	-177.40	28.20	1.60	1.60	90.00	-9.6	-42.0	*/MB2
MEX00000	-113.00	-103.60	23.30	5.80	2.40	161.00	-4.7	-38.8	
MHL00000	-159.00	175.30	8.70	2.30	1.60	94.00	-8.6	-38.8	*/MB2
MLA00000	78.50	108.20	4.70	3.20	1.60	0.00	-6.3	-38.5	
MLD00000	117.60	73.40	2.50	2.20	1.60	88.00	-9.6	-38.7	
MLI00000	-6.00	-3.90	17.60	3.30	2.50	21.00	-7.6	-39.2	
MLT00000	-3.00	14.40	35.90	1.60	1.60	90.00	-9.6	-41.8	
MNG00000	113.60	103.80	46.80	3.60	1.60	3.00	-9.6	-38.9	
MOZ00000	90.60	35.60	-17.20	3.10	1.60	98.00	-7.7	-38.3	
MRC00000	32.86	-8.90	27.90	3.40	1.60	45.00	-9.6	-38.8	
MTN00000	-21.10	-10.30	19.80	2.50	2.40	76.00	-9.6	-39.4	
MWI00000	28.00	34.10	-13.30	1.60	1.60	90.00	-9.6	-40.0	
MYT00000	-8.00								1
NCG00000	-84.40	-84.90	12.90	1.60	1.60	90.00	-9.6	-40.6	
NCL00000	113.00	165.80	-21.40	1.60	1.60	90.00	-9.6	-40.6	*/MB1
NGR00000	-38.50	7.50	17.20	2.10	1.70	100.00	-9.6	-38.9	
NIG00000	41.82	8.00	9.90	2.50	1.60	47.00	-7.7	-38.5	
NMB00000	12.20	18.50	-21.00	2.70	2.60	155.00	-9.6	-39.5	
NOR00000	-0.80	11.70	64.60	2.00	1.60	17.00	-9.6	-38.7	
NPL00000	123.30	84.40	28.00	1.60	1.60	90.00	-9.6	-40.8	
NRU00000	146.00	166.90	-0.50	1.60	1.60	90.00	-9.6	-41.8	
NZL00001	152.00	170.90	-44.80	5.40	1.60	49.00	-7.4	-38.1	*/MB14
NZL00002	152.00	-165.40	-13.20	2.70	2.00	82.00	-7.3	-38.3	*/MB14
OCE00000	-115.90	-141.90	-16.10	3.50	2.40	139.00	-7.1	-38.9	*/MB13
OMA00000	104.00	55.10	21.60	1.90	1.60	61.00	-9.6	-39.2	
PAK00000	56.50	69.90	29.80	3.00	2.00	22.00	-9.3	-39.0	
PHL00000	161.00	122.23	11.37	3.33	1.60	79.65	-6.3	-38.4	
PLM00000	-159.00	-161.40	7.00	1.60	1.60	90.00	-9.6	-41.9	*/MB2
PNG00000	154.10	148.40	-6.60	3.30	2.30	167.00	-6.2	-39.0	
PNR00000	-79.20	-80.20	8.50	1.60	1.60	90.00	-9.6	-40.4	
POL00000	15.20	19.30	52.00	1.60	1.60	90.00	-9.6	-40.0	
POR00000	-10.60	-8.00	39.70	1.60	1.60	90.00	-9.6	-41.2	*/MB7
PRG00000	-81.50	-58.70	-23.10	1.60	1.60	90.00	-9.6	-39.1	
PRU00000	-89.90	-74.20	-8.40	3.60	2.40	111.00	-5.4	-38.7	
PTC00000	-62.30	-130.10	-25.10	1.60	1.60	90.00	-9.6	-41.2	
QAT00000	0.90	51.60	25.40	1.60	1.60	90.00	-9.6	-41.6	
REU00000	-8.00								1
REU00002	113.00	55.60	-21.10	1.60	1.60	90.00	-9.6	-40.6	*/MB1
ROU00000	30.45	25.00	46.30	1.60	1.60	90.00	-9.6	-39.6	
RRW00000	17.60	29.70	-1.90	1.60	1.60	90.00	-9.6	-41.9	
RUS00001	61.00	51.50	52.99	5.56	2.01	10.74	-7.2	-38.3	
RUS00003	138.50	138.14	53.83	5.86	2.09	8.41	-6.7	-38.2	

4 500-4 800 MHz, 6 725-7 025 MHz

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
RUSLA201	88.10	94.80	48.60	7.50	3.50	175.00	-1.4	-38.3	
S 00000	5.00	16.70	60.90	1.60	1.60	90.00	-9.6	-40.2	
SDN00001	23.55	29.30	10.30	3.00	1.90	131.00	-9.3	-39.0	*/MB15
SDN00002	23.55	29.40	16.70	2.60	2.40	171.00	-9.6	-39.3	*/MB15
SEN00000	-48.40	-14.00	14.10	1.60	1.60	90.00	-9.6	-40.3	
SEY00000	42.25								1
SLM00000	147.50	159.00	-9.10	1.60	1.60	90.00	-9.6	-39.5	
SLV00000	-130.50	-89.00	13.70	1.60	1.60	90.00	-9.6	-40.9	
SMA00000	-159.00	-170.70	-14.20	1.60	1.60	90.00	-9.6	-42.2	*/MB2
SMO00000	-125.50	-172.10	-13.70	1.60	1.60	90.00	-9.6	-41.1	
SMR00000	16.50	12.50	43.90	1.60	1.60	90.00	-9.6	-42.0	
SNG00000	98.10	103.90	1.30	1.60	1.60	90.00	-9.6	-41.6	
SOM00000	98.40	46.00	6.30	3.10	1.60	72.00	-9.6	-38.8	
SPM00000	-8.00								1
SRL00000	-51.80	-11.90	8.50	1.60	1.60	90.00	-9.6	-41.4	
STP00000	30.25	7.00	1.00	1.60	1.60	90.00	-9.6	-41.7	
SUI00000	9.45	8.20	46.50	1.60	1.60	90.00	-9.6	-41.3	
SUR00000	-77.00	-55.60	3.90	1.60	1.60	90.00	-9.6	-40.7	
SWZ00000	30.10	31.30	-26.40	1.60	1.60	90.00	-9.6	-42.0	
SYR00000	18.00	38.60	35.30	1.60	1.60	90.00	-9.6	-40.8	
TCD00000	-9.90	18.40	15.60	3.50	1.60	97.00	-8.9	-39.0	
TGO00000	-23.15	0.80	8.60	1.60	1.60	90.00	-9.6	-40.4	
THA00000	120.60	100.90	12.80	2.80	1.60	83.00	-7.7	-38.8	
TON00000	-128.00	-175.20	-21.20	1.60	1.60	90.00	-9.6	-41.0	
TRD00000	-73.40	-61.10	10.80	1.60	1.60	90.00	-9.6	-41.8	
TUN00000	5.74	9.40	33.50	1.60	1.60	90.00	-9.6	-40.3	
TUR00000	8.50	34.10	38.90	2.80	1.60	171.00	-6.4	-38.6	
TUV00000	158.00	179.20	-8.50	1.60	1.60	90.00	-9.6	-41.8	
TZA00000	67.50	35.40	-5.90	2.40	1.60	117.00	-9.6	-39.3	
UAE00000	63.50	53.80	24.90	1.60	1.60	90.00	-9.6	-41.1	
UGA00000	31.50	32.20	0.90	1.60	1.60	90.00	-9.6	-40.3	
UKR00000	50.50	34.42	49.50	1.60	1.60	0.00	-8.4	-38.2	
URG00000	-86.10	-56.30	-33.70	1.60	1.60	90.00	-9.6	-40.7	
USA00000	-101.00	-93.90	36.80	8.20	3.60	172.00	-0.9	-38.3	*/MB16
USAVIPRT	-101.00	-64.50	17.80	1.60	1.60	90.00	-9.6	-41.4	*/MB16
VCT00000	-93.10	-61.10	13.20	1.60	1.60	90.00	-9.6	-41.5	
VEN00001	-82.70	-66.40	6.80	2.80	2.10	142.00	-7.0	-38.9	*/MB17
VEN00002	-82.70	-63.60	15.70	1.60	1.60	90.00	-9.6	-41.7	*/MB17
VTN00000	107.00								1
VUT00000	150.70	168.40	-17.20	1.60	1.60	90.00	-9.6	-40.3	
WAK00000	-159.00	166.50	19.20	1.60	1.60	90.00	-9.6	-41.9	*/MB2
WAL00000	113.00	-177.10	-13.80	1.60	1.60	90.00	-9.0	-39.8	*/MB1
XCQ00000	-159.00	173.40	4.60	10.20	2.40	175.00	4.5	-35.6	*/MB2
XCS00000	-19.82	17.30	49.60	1.60	1.60	90.00	-9.6	-40.0	
XYU00000	43.04	18.70	44.40	1.60	1.60	90.00	-9.6	-40.5	

4 500-4 800 MHz, 6 725-7 025 MHz

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
YEM00001	27.00	44.20	15.10	1.60	1.60	90.00	-9.6	-41.4	
YEM00002	108.00	49.90	14.80	1.60	1.60	90.00	-9.6	-39.7	
ZMB00000	39.55	27.90	-12.80	2.40	1.60	26.00	-9.6	-39.6	
ZWE00000	65.60	30.00	-18.90	1.60	1.60	90.00	-9.6	-39.9	

10.70-10.95 GHz, 11.20-11.45 GHz, 12.75-13.25 GHz

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
ABW00000	-98.20	-69.10	12.40	0.80	0.80	90.00	-6.4	-25.8	
ADL00000	113.00	140.00	-66.70	0.80	0.80	90.00	-10.2	-31.9	*/MB1
AFG00000	50.00	66.40	33.90	2.20	1.30	15.00	-4.1	-29.2	
AFS00000	71.00	27.20	-30.10	5.30	1.40	128.00	3.3	-26.7	
AGL00000	-36.10	15.90	-12.40	2.40	1.40	78.00	1.1	-25.8	
ALB00000	4.13	20.00	41.10	0.80	0.80	90.00	-8.6	-28.2	
ALG00000	-33.50	1.60	27.80	3.30	2.20	133.00	3.4	-26.6	
ALS00000	-159.00	-158.60	57.50	6.30	1.50	1.00	1.6	-28.7	*/MB2
AND00000	-41.00	1.50	42.50	0.80	0.80	90.00	-10.2	-30.0	
ARG00000	-51.00	-62.00	-33.60	4.80	2.90	93.00	9.4	-21.9	*/MB3
ARGINSUL	-51.00	-60.00	-57.50	3.60	1.30	154.00	-1.4	-28.6	*/MB3
ARM00000	71.40	45.13	40.12	0.80	0.80	90.00	-10.2	-30.1	
ARS00000	51.90	45.70	23.10	3.70	2.60	153.00	0.8	-29.4	
ASCSTHTC	-37.10	-11.80	-19.60	5.60	1.80	77.00	2.1	-28.6	*/MB4
ATG00000	-77.70	-61.80	17.00	0.80	0.80	90.00	-7.2	-27.1	
ATN00000	-5.00	-65.60	15.10	1.30	1.00	58.00	-1.1	-22.3	*/MB5
AUS00001	144.10	134.30	-24.50	6.60	5.30	146.00	13.4	-22.1	*/MB6
AUS00002	144.10	163.60	-30.50	1.60	1.00	15.00	-2.9	-26.5	*/MB6
AUS00003	144.10	101.50	-11.10	1.10	1.00	15.00	-6.9	-28.5	*/MB6
AUS00004	144.10	159.00	-54.50	0.80	0.80	90.00	-10.2	-32.3	*/MB6
AUS00005	144.10	110.40	-66.30	0.80	0.80	90.00	-10.2	-31.8	*/MB6
AUT00000	-11.40	13.20	47.50	0.80	0.80	90.00	-8.1	-27.2	
AZR00000	-10.60	-28.00	38.70	0.80	0.80	90.00	-8.7	-27.9	*/MB7
B 00001	-66.25	-62.60	-6.00	4.10	4.00	43.00	9.8	-22.4	
В 00002	-63.60	-45.40	-6.30	4.60	4.10	152.00	10.4	-22.4	
В 00003	-69.45	-50.00	-20.90	4.30	3.00	60.00	8.9	-22.2	
BAH00000	-74.30	-75.80	24.00	1.60	1.00	133.00	-0.8	-24.5	
BDI00000	-3.50	29.90	-3.40	0.80	0.80	90.00	-10.2	-29.9	
BEL00000	54.55	5.20	50.60	0.80	0.80	90.00	-10.2	-30.2	
BEN00000	-30.60	2.30	9.30	1.20	1.00	89.00	-2.1	-23.0	
BERCAYS	-37.10	-68.60	22.50	3.70	2.30	41.00	7.4	-21.8	*/MB4
BFA00000	10.79	-1.40	12.20	1.70	1.00	24.00	-0.6	-25.0	
BGD00000	133.00	90.20	24.00	0.80	0.80	90.00	-3.9	-21.9	
BHR00000	13.60	50.60	26.10	0.80	0.80	90.00	-10.2	-32.2	
BLZ00000	-90.80	-88.60	17.20	0.80	0.80	90.00	-6.5	-26.6	
BOL00000	-34.80	-64.40	-17.10	2.70	1.70	129.00	4.3	-22.5	

10.70-10.95 GHz, 11.20-11.45 GHz, 12.75-13.25 GHz

					10.70-10	.95 GHz, 11.	20-11.43 G	112, 12.75-	13.23 GHZ
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
BOT00000	21.20	24.00	-21.80	1.50	1.50	94.00	-6.0	-30.0	
BRB00000	-29.60	-59.60	13.20	0.80	0.80	90.00	-7.0	-26.4	
BRM00000	111.50	97.00	18.90	3.20	1.60	88.00	4.6	-22.6	
BRU00000	157.30	114.60	4.50	0.80	0.80	90.00	-6.9	-24.9	
BTN00000	59.10	90.40	27.00	0.80	0.80	90.00	-10.2	-29.3	
BUL00000	56.02	25.60	42.80	0.80	0.80	90.00	-7.8	-27.0	
CAF00000	14.40	21.50	6.50	2.70	1.70	14.00	3.8	-22.8	
CAN0CENT	-111.10	-96.10	51.40	4.30	2.00	155.00	3.9	-26.7	
CAN0EAST	-107.30	-76.60	50.10	5.00	1.70	154.00	6.2	-25.0	
CAN0WEST	-114.90	-120.10	57.40	3.10	1.90	173.00	-0.6	-28.7	
CBG00000	96.10	105.10	12.90	1.20	1.00	35.00	-2.5	-23.2	
CHL00000	-74.90	-82.60	-32.80	8.10	6.10	155.00	9.0	-28.4	
CHN00001	101.40	103.70	35.00	8.10	4.30	2.00	13.6	-23.2	
CHN00002	135.50	114.80	16.40	4.90	2.40	65.00	8.2	-22.5	
CLM00000	-70.90	-74.00	5.70	4.00	2.30	121.00	7.1	-22.6	
CLN00000	121.50	80.10	7.70	0.80	0.80	90.00	-6.5	-24.8	
CME00000	7.98	12.90	6.30	2.50	1.90	84.00	3.9	-22.7	
CNR00000	-30.00								1
COD00000	50.95	24.40	-4.60	3.90	3.50	92.00	6.5	-24.4	
COG00000	-16.35	14.80	-0.60	2.00	1.10	63.00	0.7	-22.7	
COM00000	94.50	44.10	-12.20	0.80	0.80	90.00	-6.7	-24.7	
CPV00000	-85.70	-24.10	16.00	0.80	0.80	90.00	-10.2	-30.4	
CTI00000	-15.76	-5.90	7.80	1.40	1.20	66.00	-0.9	-23.1	
CTR00000	-96.00	-85.30	8.20	1.30	1.00	64.00	-2.1	-23.2	
CUB00000	-80.60	-79.50	21.00	2.00	1.00	172.00	0.1	-24.6	
CVA00000 CYP00000	59.00	12.50	41.90	0.80	0.80	90.00	-9.3	-28.8	
	0.50 57.50	33.20	35.10	0.80	0.80	90.00	-10.2 -10.2	-29.8	*/MB9
CYPSBA00 D 00001	26.40	32.90 9.70	34.60 50.70	0.80	0.80	90.00	-10.2 -7.7	-30.2	**/MB9
D 00001 D 00002	37.20	12.60	51.40	0.80	0.80	90.00	-7.7 -9.3	-28.7 -28.2	
D 00002 DЛ00000	-17.46	42.60	11.70	0.80	0.80	90.00	-10.2	-30.1	
DMA00000	-70.00	-61.30	15.30	0.80	0.80	90.00	-7.3	-27.3	
DNK00001	32.28	11.60	56.00	0.80	0.80	90.00	-10.2	-29.0	
DNK00002	-49.00	12.50	56.30	0.80	0.80	90.00	-8.2	-27.7	*/MB10
DNK00FAR	-49.00	-7.20	61.70	0.80	0.80	90.00	-10.2	-29.5	*/MB10
DOM00000	-85.40	-70.40	18.70	0.80	0.80	90.00	-7.2	-27.1	7111110
E 00002	-30.00								1
EGY00000	67.11	30.30	26.20	2.30	1.50	54.00	-2.7	-28.8	
EQA00000	-104.00	-83.10	-1.40	3.10	1.40	174.00	3.8	-22.7	
ETH00000	58.30	40.60	10.30	2.80	2.80	64.00	1.1	-28.6	
F 00000	-8.00								1
FIN00000	46.80	23.80	64.30	1.50	1.00	23.00	-6.2	-28.6	
FJI00000	148.80	178.50	-17.20	0.80	0.80	90.00	-7.0	-26.2	
FLKSTGGL	-37.10	-46.80	-59.60	3.70	1.40	170.00	-0.9	-28.7	*/MB4
G 00000	-37.10	-4.10	53.90	1.60	1.00	151.00	-4.7	-27.8	*/MB4

10.70-10.95 GHz, 11.20-11.45 GHz, 12.75-13.25 GHz

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
GAB00000	39.00	11.70	-0.70	1.40	1.10	79.00	-1.5	-23.0	
GDL00000	-8.00								1
GDL00002	-115.90	-61.80	16.40	0.80	0.80	90.00	-4.6	-22.7	*/MB13
GHA00000	15.90	-1.30	7.70	1.50	1.10	90.00	-1.0	-23.0	
GIB00000	57.50	-5.40	36.10	0.80	0.80	90.00	-6.8	-27.0	*/MB9
GMB00000	-34.00	-16.40	13.40	0.80	0.80	90.00	-10.2	-31.0	
GNB00000	40.00	-15.40	12.00	0.80	0.80	90.00	-9.2	-28.8	
GNE00000	-32.30	10.50	1.70	0.80	0.80	90.00	-6.8	-24.9	
GRC00000	22.05	24.70	38.30	1.70	1.00	160.00	-2.7	-26.6	
GRD00000	-32.80	-61.60	12.00	0.80	0.80	90.00	-7.1	-26.5	
GRL00000	-49.00	-42.90	68.60	2.30	1.00	174.00	-3.3	-27.8	*/MB10
GTM00000	-135.70	-90.50	15.50	0.80	0.80	90.00	-4.2	-22.2	
GUF00000	-8.00								1
GUF00002	-115.90	-53.30	4.30	0.80	0.80	90.00	-5.3	-23.4	*/MB13
GUI00000	27.50	-10.90	10.20	1.30	1.10	104.00	-1.5	-22.9	
GUMMRA0	-159.00	145.40	16.70	1.70	1.00	79.00	0.0	-22.2	*/MB2
GUY00000	-23.80	-59.20	4.70	1.40	1.00	94.00	-1.4	-22.8	
HKG00000	57.50	114.50	22.40	0.80	0.80	90.00	-6.5	-24.5	
HND00000	-76.20	-86.10	15.40	1.40	1.00	26.00	-1.8	-23.1	
HNG00000	-7.50	19.40	47.40	0.80	0.80	90.00	-8.8	-28.1	
HOL00000	-5.00	5.40	52.40	0.80	0.80	90.00	-10.2	-30.8	*/MB5
HTI00000	-92.00	-73.00	18.80	0.80	0.80	90.00	-7.1	-26.9	
HWA00000	-159.00	-157.60	20.70	1.20	1.00	157.00	-2.2	-23.1	*/MB2
HWL00000	-159.00	-176.60	0.10	0.80	0.80	90.00	-7.3	-27.4	*/MB2
I 00000	-23.40	11.30	40.90	2.10	1.00	141.00	-1.6	-26.4	
IND00000	74.00	82.70	18.90	6.20	4.90	120.00	12.6	-22.2	
INS00000	115.40	117.60	-1.80	9.40	4.30	170.00	13.7	-22.4	
IRL00000	-21.80	-8.20	53.20	0.80	0.80	90.00	-10.2	-29.3	
IRN00000	24.19	54.30	33.00	3.70	1.50	143.00	1.1	-27.5	2
IRQ00000	65.45	44.30	33.10	1.60	1.30	178.00	-4.0	-28.0	
ISL00000	-35.20	-18.20	64.90	0.80	0.80	90.00	-8.5	-27.4	
ISR00000	-4.00								1
J 00000	152.50	140.40	30.40	5.70	3.70	15.00	11.1	-22.8	
JAR00000	-159.00	-160.00	-0.40	0.80	0.80	90.00	-7.5	-27.5	*/MB2
JMC00000	-108.60	-77.60	18.20	0.80	0.80	90.00	-6.9	-25.9	
JON00000	-159.00	-168.50	17.00	0.80	0.80	90.00	-10.2	-32.5	*/MB2
JOR00000	81.76	36.70	31.30	0.80	0.80	90.00	-9.7	-28.5	
KEN00000	78.20	38.40	0.80	2.10	1.30	95.00	-2.1	-27.6	
KER00000	113.00	69.30	-43.90	1.90	1.60	169.00	-2.2	-27.8	*/MB1
KGZ00000	64.60	74.54	41.15	1.56	0.80	10.12	-8.3	-29.7	
KIR00000	150.00	173.00	1.00	0.80	0.80	90.00	-7.2	-27.1	
KNA00000	-88.80	-62.90	17.30	0.80	0.80	90.00	-7.1	-26.5	
KOR00000	116.20	127.70	36.20	1.30	1.00	4.00	-4.3	-26.7	
KRE00000	145.00	127.80	39.80	1.40	1.00	14.00	-1.2	-23.3	
KWT00000	30.90	47.70	29.10	0.80	0.80	90.00	-10.2	-31.6	

10.70-10.95 GHz, 11.20-11.45 GHz, 12.75-13.25 GHz

		1			10.70-10	.95 GHz, 11.	20-11.43 G	112, 12.73-	13.23 G11Z
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
LAO00000	142.00	104.10	18.10	1.50	1.00	101.00	-0.7	-22.6	
LBN00000	97.50	35.80	33.80	0.80	0.80	90.00	-10.2	-30.5	
LBR00000	-41.80	-8.90	6.50	0.80	0.80	90.00	-4.0	-22.1	
LBY00000	28.90								1
LIE00000	-17.10	9.50	47.20	0.80	0.80	90.00	-10.2	-31.2	
LSO00000	-19.30	28.40	-29.50	0.80	0.80	90.00	-10.2	-31.1	
LUX00000	19.20	6.20	49.70	0.80	0.80	90.00	-10.2	-31.6	
MAC00000	117.00	113.60	22.20	0.80	0.80	90.00	-7.2	-27.1	
MAU00000	92.20	57.50	-20.20	0.80	0.80	90.00	-6.9	-25.6	
MCO00000	41.00	7.40	43.70	0.80	0.80	90.00	-8.0	-27.8	
MDG00000	16.90	46.60	-18.70	2.60	1.00	66.00	1.6	-22.5	
MDR00000	-10.60	-16.20	31.60	0.80	0.80	90.00	-10.2	-30.5	*/MB7
MDW00000	-159.00	-177.40	28.20	0.80	0.80	90.00	-10.2	-32.2	*/MB2
MEX00000	-113.00	-103.60	23.30	5.80	2.40	161.00	9.1	-23.7	
MHL00000	-159.00	175.30	8.70	2.30	1.40	94.00	2.7	-22.6	*/MB2
MLA00000	78.50	108.20	4.70	3.20	1.40	0.00	4.1	-22.3	
MLD00000	117.60	73.40	2.50	2.20	0.80	88.00	0.1	-22.4	
MLI00000	-6.00	-3.90	17.60	3.30	2.50	21.00	6.3	-24.8	
MLT00000	-3.00	14.40	35.90	0.80	0.80	90.00	-10.2	-30.4	
MNG00000	113.60	103.80	46.80	3.60	1.10	3.00	-0.3	-27.6	
MOZ00000	90.60	35.60	-17.20	3.10	1.10	98.00	3.2	-22.0	
MRC00000	32.86	-8.90	27.90	3.40	1.00	45.00	-0.5	-27.0	
MTN00000	-21.10	-10.30	19.80	2.50	2.40	76.00	0.1	-28.4	
MWI00000	28.00	34.10	-13.30	1.60	1.00	101.00	-6.7	-29.3	
MYT00000	-8.00								1
NCG00000	-84.40	-84.90	12.90	1.10	1.00	16.00	-2.8	-23.1	
NCL00000	113.00	165.80	-21.40	0.80	0.80	90.00	-5.9	-23.9	*/MB1
NGR00000	-38.50	7.50	17.20	2.10	1.70	100.00	-0.6	-27.3	
NIG00000	41.82	8.00	9.90	2.50	1.60	47.00	3.4	-22.4	
NMB00000	12.20	18.50	-21.00	2.70	2.60	155.00	-0.7	-29.6	
NOR00000	-0.80	0.4.40	***	0.00	0.00	00.00			1
NPL00000	123.30	84.40	28.00	0.80	0.80	90.00	-7.2	-26.6	
NRU00000	146.00	166.90	-0.50	0.80	0.80	90.00	-7.2	-27.2	* 2 FD 1 4
NZL00001	152.00	170.90	-44.80	5.40	1.00	49.00	2.0	-26.5	*/MB14
NZL00002	152.00	-165.40	-13.20	2.70	2.00	82.00	5.4	-22.0	*/MB14
OCE00000	-115.90	-141.90	-16.10	3.50	2.40	139.00	6.8	-24.2	*/MB13
OMA00000	104.00	55.10	21.60	1.90	1.00	61.00	-6.0	-29.3	
PAK00000 PHL00000	56.50 161.00	69.90 122.23	29.80	3.00	2.00	22.00 79.65	3.7 4.8	-25.7 -22.3	
PLM00000	-159.00	-161.40	7.00	0.80	0.80	90.00	-7.6	-22.3 -27.6	*/MB2
PLW00000 PNG00000	154.10	148.40	-6.60	3.30	2.30	167.00	6.0	-27.6	·/IVID2
PNR00000	-79.20	-80.20	8.50	1.20	1.00	177.00	-2.4	-23.2	
POL00000	15.20	19.30	52.00	1.30	1.00	166.00	-2.4 -7.0	-23.2 -28.7	
POR00000	-10.60	-8.00	39.70	0.80	0.80	90.00	-7.0 -9.0	-28.7 -28.1	*/MB7
PRG00000	-81.50	-58.70	-23.10	1.50	1.30	116.00	0.1	-28.1	/141D/
LVGOOOO	-81.30	-58.70	-25.10	1.50	1.50	110.00	0.1	-22.8	

10.70-10.95 GHz, 11.20-11.45 GHz, 12.75-13.25 GHz

	10./0-10.95 GHZ, 11.20-11.45 GHZ, 12./5-15.25 GHZ									
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	
PRU00000	-89.90	-74.20	-8.40	3.60	2.40	111.00	6.9	-22.5		
PTC00000	-62.30	-130.10	-25.10	0.80	0.80	90.00	-10.2	-27.3		
QAT00000	0.90	51.60	25.40	0.80	0.80	90.00	-10.2	-31.5		
REU00000	-8.00								1	
REU00002	113.00	55.60	-21.10	0.80	0.80	90.00	-6.4	-24.5	*/MB1	
ROU00000	30.45	25.00	46.30	1.50	1.00	178.00	-5.2	-28.0		
RRW00000	17.60	29.70	-1.90	0.80	0.80	90.00	-10.2	-30.8		
RUS00001	61.00	51.50	52.99	5.56	2.01	10.74	3.1	-28.2		
RUS00003	138.50	138.14	53.83	5.86	2.09	8.41	3.3	-28.4		
RUS0BF1A	87.70	38.50	52.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	-8.0	-29.6	*/MB18	
RUS0BF1B	87.70	38.50	52.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	-4.0	-29.6	*/MB18	
RUS0BF2A	87.70	46.00	55.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	-8.0	-29.6	*/MB18	
RUS0BF2B	87.70	46.00	55.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	-4.0	-29.6	*/MB18	
RUS0BF3A	87.70	57.00	57.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	-8.0	-29.6	*/MB18	
RUS0BF3B	87.70	57.00	57.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	-4.0	-29.6	*/MB18	
RUS0BF4A	87.70	71.00	57.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	-8.0	-29.6	*/MB18	
RUS0BF4B	87.70	71.00	57.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	-4.0	-29.6	*/MB18	
RUS0BF5A	87.70	87.50	58.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	-8.0	-29.6	*/MB18	
RUS0BF5B	87.70	87.50	58.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	-4.0	-29.6	*/MB18	
RUS0BF6A	87.70	106.50	56.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	-8.0	-29.6	*/MB18	
RUS0BF6B	87.70	106.50	56.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	-4.0	-29.6	*/MB18	
RUS0BF7A	87.70	120.00	55.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	-8.0	-29.6	*/MB18	
RUS0BF7B	87.70	120.00	55.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	-4.0	-29.6	*/MB18	
RUS0BF8A	87.70	135.00	47.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	-8.0	-29.6	*/MB18	
RUS0BF8B	87.70	135.00	47.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	-4.0	-29.6	*/MB18	
RUS0BF9A	87.70	42.00	44.50	1.00	1.00	0.00	-8.0	-29.6	*/MB18	
RUS0BF9B	87.70	42.00	44.50	1.00	1.00	0.00	-4.0	-29.6	*/MB18	
RUS0BR1A	87.70	38.50	52.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	-8.0	-28.1	*/MB18	
RUS0BR1B	87.70	38.50	52.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	-4.0	-28.1	*/MB18	
RUS0BR2A	87.70	135.00	47.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	-8.0	-28.1	*/MB18	
RUS0BR2B	87.70	135.00	47.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	-4.0	-28.1	*/MB18	
S 00000	-5.00								1	
SDN00001	23.55	29.30	10.30	3.00	1.90	131.00	5.3	-24.0	*/MB15	
SDN00002	23.55	29.40	16.70	2.60	2.40	171.00	1.1	-27.4	*/MB15	
SEN00000	-48.40	-14.00	14.10	1.10	1.00	148.00	-2.3	-23.8		
SEY00000	42.25	150.00	0.10	1.50	1.00	1.47.00	1.0	22.0	1	
SLM00000	147.50	159.00	-9.10	1.50	1.00	147.00	-1.2	-23.0		
SLV00000	-130.50	-89.00	13.70	0.80	0.80	90.00	-6.8	-24.9	# A FD 2	
SMA00000	-159.00 -125.50	-170.70	-14.20	0.80	0.80	90.00	-10.2	-31.1	*/MB2	
SMO00000	-125.50	-172.10	-13.70	0.80	0.80	90.00	-6.6 -10.2	-24.6		
SMR00000	16.50	12.50	43.90	0.80	0.80	90.00	-10.2	-30.3 -25.4		
SNG00000	98.10	103.90	1.30	0.80	0.80	90.00	-7.3	-25.4		
SOM00000	98.40	46.00	6.30	3.10	1.00	72.00	-0.8	-25.5	1	
SPM00000	-8.00	11.00	0.50	0.00	0.00	00.00		25.4	1	
SRL00000	-51.80	-11.90	8.50	0.80	0.80	90.00	-6.9	-25.4		

 $10.70\text{-}10.95~\mathrm{GHz}, 11.20\text{-}11.45~\mathrm{GHz}, 12.75\text{-}13.25~\mathrm{GHz}$

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
STP00000	30.25	7.00	1.00	0.80	0.80	90.00	-7.1	-27.0	
SUI00000	9.45	8.20	46.50	0.80	0.80	90.00	-10.2	-29.4	
SUR00000	-77.00	-55.60	3.90	1.00	0.90	37.00	-3.6	-23.2	
SWZ00000	30.10	31.30	-26.40	0.80	0.80	90.00	-10.2	-30.9	
SYR00000	18.00	38.60	35.30	1.10	1.00	32.00	-7.1	-28.3	
TCD00000	-9.90	18.40	15.60	3.50	1.60	97.00	5.0	-24.1	
TGO00000	-23.15	0.80	8.60	1.10	1.00	116.00	-2.7	-23.2	
THA00000	120.60	100.90	12.80	2.80	1.60	83.00	4.0	-22.6	
TON00000	-128.00	-175.20	-21.20	0.80	0.80	90.00	-6.7	-24.7	
TRD00000	-73.40	-61.10	10.80	0.80	0.80	90.00	-7.2	-27.3	
TUN00000	5.74	9.40	33.50	1.30	1.00	104.00	-5.9	-28.2	
TUR00000	8.50	34.10	38.90	2.80	1.00	171.00	0.0	-26.0	
TUV00000	158.00	179.20	-8.50	0.80	0.80	90.00	-7.1	-27.1	
TZA00000	67.50	35.40	-5.90	2.40	1.40	117.00	-1.3	-27.8	
UAE00000	63.50	53.80	24.90	1.10	1.00	12.00	-9.7	-30.4	
UGA00000	31.50	32.20	0.90	1.50	1.00	70.00	-6.3	-28.9	
UKR00000	50.50	35.43	49.71	1.14	0.80	174.61	-7.0	-28.1	
URG00000	-86.10	-56.30	-33.70	1.10	1.00	58.00	-6.5	-27.7	
USA00000	-101.00						11.2	-23.9	3,*/MB16
USAVIPRT	-101.00	-64.50	17.80	0.80	0.80	90.00	-6.9	-25.5	*/MB16
VCT00000	-93.10	-61.10	13.20	0.80	0.80	90.00	-7.0	-26.2	
VEN00001	-82.70	-66.40	6.80	2.80	2.10	142.00	4.9	-22.8	*/MB17
VEN00002	-82.70	-63.60	15.70	0.80	0.80	90.00	-7.1	-27.0	*/MB17
VTN00000	107.00								1
VUT00000	150.70	168.40	-17.20	1.20	1.00	122.00	-2.4	-23.1	
WAK00000	-159.00	166.50	19.20	0.80	0.80	90.00	-10.2	-31.9	*/MB2
WAL00000	113.00	-177.10	-13.80	0.80	0.80	90.00	-6.0	-24.1	*/MB1
XCQ00000	-159.00	173.40	4.60	10.20	2.40	175.00	16.0	-16.0	*/MB2
XCS00000	-19.82	17.30	49.60	1.30	1.00	166.00	-5.1	-27.4	
XYU00000	43.04	18.70	44.40	1.10	1.00	161.00	-5.6	-27.3	
YEM00001	27.00	44.20	15.10	1.00	1.00	103.00	-9.8	-30.1	
YEM00002	108.00	49.90	14.80	1.40	1.00	53.00	-5.7	-26.9	
ZMB00000	39.55	27.90	-12.80	2.40	1.60	26.00	-3.0	-29.2	
ZWE00000	65.60	30.00	-18.90	1.50	1.10	140.00	-6.0	-28.9	

ARTICLE 11

Period of validity of the provisions and associated Plan

- 11.1 These provisions and associated Plan have been prepared in order to guarantee in practice for all countries equitable access to the GSO and the frequency bands contained in Article 3, to meet the requirements of the fixed-satellite service for a period of at least 20 years from the date of entry into force of this Appendix.
- 11.2 These provisions and associated Plan shall, in any event, remain in force until their revision by a competent world radiocommunication conference, convened in accordance with the relevant provisions of the ITU Constitution and Convention in force. (WRC-07)

ANNEX 1 (WRC-03)

Parameters used in characterizing the fixed-satellite service allotment Plan (WRC-07)

Section A (SUP - WRC-07)

1 Rasic technical characteristics

The allotments in the Plan are based on a reference satellite network with the following assumptions:

1.1 Type of modulation

The Plan is independent of modulation characteristics and accessing techniques.

1.2 Parameters used for calculating the earth station and space station power densities

The carrier-to-noise ratio (C/N) is as follows:

- a) the uplink C/N ratio exceeds 21 dB under rain-faded conditions with a minimum earth station transmitter power density of -60 dB(W/Hz) averaged over the necessary bandwidth of the modulated carrier:
- b) the downlink C/N ratio exceeds 15 dB under rain-faded conditions:
- c) for the 6/4 GHz bands, the above C/Ns are exceeded for 99.95% of the year

(NOTE – The rain attenuation margin is limited to a maximum of 8 dB);

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d) for the 13/10-11 GHz bands, the above C/Ns are exceeded for 99.9% of the year

(NOTE - The rain attenuation margin is limited to a maximum of 8 dB);

 e) the gaseous atmospheric attenuation and rain attenuation models used are those described in Recommendations ITU-R P.676-7 and ITU-R P.618-9. (WRC-07)

1.3 Earth station antenna elevation angle

The minimum elevation angle for each test point included in the service area is based on the following:

```
10° for Rp \le 40 mm/h;

20° for 40 < Rp \le 70 mm/h;

30° for 70 < Rp \le 100 mm/h;

40° for Rp > 100 mm/h.
```

Where Rp is the rainfall rate exceeded for any given percentage p of the average year, calculated in accordance with Recommendation ITU-R P.837-5. Administrations may select lower elevation angles for their service areas. For countries at high latitudes or with dispersed territories, in the absence of such a request, if the above values for minimum elevation angle are unobtainable, then the highest elevation angle leading to a non-zero range of possible orbital positions applies. In mountainous areas, the elevation angles are specified by the administrations concerned. (WRC-07)

1.4 Interference criteria

The Plan has been prepared with a view to assuring for each allotment an overall aggregate carrier-to-interference value under free-space conditions of 21 dB or higher, and an overall single entry carrier-to-interference value under free-space conditions of 25 dB. (WRC-07)

1.5 Polarization

Polarization isolation between satellite networks was not used in the development of the Allotment Plan.

1.6 Earth station characteristics

1.6.1 The diameters of the earth station antennas are:

5.5 m for the 6/4 GHz band;

2.7 m for the 13/10-11 GHz band. (WRC-07)

1.6.2 The earth station receiving system noise temperature referred to the output of the receiving antenna is:

95 K for the 4 GHz band;

125 K for the 10-11 GHz band. (WRC-07)

- 1.6.3 The earth station antenna efficiency is 70%.
- 1.6.3bis The gains of the earth station antennas for the diameters and the efficiency specified above at the indicated evaluation frequencies are as follows:

50.4 dBi at 6 875 MHz:

47.0 dBi at 4 650 MHz;

49.8 dBi at 13.0 GHz:

48.4 dBi at 11.075 GHz. (WRC-07)

1.6.4 The applicable earth station reference antenna pattern is shown in Table 1 below. (WRC-07)

TABLE 1 (WRC-07)

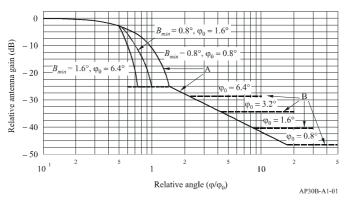
$G_{max} = 10 \log (\eta (\pi D/\lambda)^2)$			dBi	
$G(\varphi) = G_{max} - 2.5 \times 10^{-3} \left(\frac{D}{\lambda} \varphi\right)^2$ for $0 < \varphi < \varphi_m$			dBi	
$G(\varphi) = \min (G_1, 29 - 25 \log \varphi)$	for	$\varphi_m \le \varphi \le 19.95^\circ$	dBi	
$G(\varphi) = \max(\min(-3.5, 32 - 25 \log \varphi), -10)$	for	$\phi > 19.95^\circ$	dBi	
$ \begin{array}{c} D: \text{ antenna diameter} \\ \lambda: \text{ wavelength} \end{array} \right\} \text{ expressed in the same unit} $ $ \phi\colon \text{ off-axis angle of the antenna (degrees)} $				
G_1 : gain of the first side lobe = $-1 + 15 \log \frac{D}{\lambda}$ dBi				
$\varphi_m = \frac{20\lambda}{D} \times \sqrt{G_{max} - G_1} \qquad \text{degrees}$				
η: antenna efficiency				

1.7 Space station characteristics (WRC-07)

- 1.7.1 The allotment Plan is based on the use of space station antennas with beams of elliptical cross-section.
- 1.7.2 The antenna radiation characteristics are as shown in Fig. 1.

FIGURE 1* (WRC-07)

Reference patterns for satellite antennas with fast roll-off in the main beam



 $G_{max} = 44.45 - 10 \log (\varphi_{01} \cdot \varphi_{02})$ dBi (WRC-07)

Curve A: dB relative to main beam gain

$$-12 (\varphi/\varphi_0)^2$$

for
$$0 \le (\phi/\phi_0) \le 0.5$$

$$-12\left[\frac{(\varphi/\varphi_0)-x}{B_{min}/\varphi_0}\right]^2$$

for
$$0.5 < (\varphi/\varphi_0) \le \left(\frac{1.45B_{min}}{\varphi_0} + x\right)$$

for
$$\left(\frac{1.45B_{min}}{\varphi_0} + x\right) < (\varphi/\varphi_0) \le 1.45$$

$$-(22 + 20 \log (\varphi/\varphi_0))$$

for
$$(\phi/\phi_0) > 1.45$$

after intersection with Curve B: Curve B.

Curve B: Minus the on-axis gain (Curve B represents examples of four antennas having different values of ϕ_0 as labelled in Fig. 1. The on-axis gains of these antennas are approximately 28.3, 34.3, 40.4 and 46.4 dBi, respectively) (WRC-07)

where:

φ: off-axis angle (degrees)

 φ_0 : cross-sectional half-power beamwidth in the direction of interest (degrees)

 ϕ_{01} , ϕ_{02} : major and minor axis half-power beamwidth, respectively, of elliptical beam (degrees) (WRC-07)

$$x = 0.5 \left(1 - \frac{B_{min}}{\Phi_0} \right)$$

where:

$$B_{min} = \begin{cases} 0.8^{\circ} \text{ for } 13/10 - 11 \text{ GHz} \\ \\ 1.6^{\circ} \text{ for } 6/4 \text{ GHz} \end{cases}$$

^{*} Figure 1 represents patterns for some combinations of B_{min} and φ_0 . (WRC-07)

1.7.3 The space station receiving system noise temperature referred to the output of the receiving antenna is:

500 K for the 6 GHz band;

550 K for the 13 GHz band.

- 1.7.4 The minimum beamwidth size, in terms of the half-power beamwidth, is 1.6° for the 6/4 GHz band and 0.8° for the 13/10-11 GHz band.
- 1.7.5 The space station antenna efficiency is 55%.
- 1.7.6 The deviation of the space station antenna beam from its nominal pointing direction is limited to 0.1° in any direction. The rotation accuracy of elliptical beams is $\pm 1.0^{\circ}$.

1.8 Bandwidth

The allotment Plan is based on the carrier power averaged over the necessary bandwidth of the modulated carrier and referred to a 1 MHz bandwidth.

Section B (SUP = WRC-07)

ANNEX 2 (SUP - WRC-07)

ANNEX 3 (WRC-07)

Limits applicable to submissions received under Article 6 or Article 7¹⁵

Under assumed free-space propagation conditions, the power flux-density (space-to-Earth) of a proposed new allotment or assignment produced on any portion of the surface of the Earth shall not exceed:

- $-127.5 \text{ dB}(\text{W/(m}^2 \cdot \text{MHz}))$ in the 4 500-4 800 MHz band; and
- 114.0 dB(W/(m² · MHz)) in the 10.70-10.95 GHz and 11.20-11.45 GHz bands.

Under assumed free-space propagation conditions, the power flux-density (Earth-to-space) of a proposed new allotment or assignment shall not exceed:

- $-140.0~dB(W/(m^2\cdot MHz))$ towards any location in the geostationary-satellite orbit located more than 10° from the proposed orbital position in the 6 725-7 025 MHz band, and
- 133.0 dB(W/(m² · MHz)) towards any location in the geostationary-satellite orbit located more than 9° from the proposed orbital position in the 12.75-13.25 GHz band.

¹⁵ These limits shall not apply to assignments recorded in the List before 17 November 2007.

ANNEX 4 (REV.WRC-07)

Criteria for determining whether an allotment or an assignment is considered to be affected

An allotment or an assignment is considered as being affected by a proposed new allotment or assignment:

- 1 if the orbital spacing between its orbital position and the orbital position of the proposed new allotment or assignment is equal to or less than:
- $1.1\,$ 10° in the 4 500-4 800 MHz (space-to-Earth) and 6 725-7 025 MHz (Earth-to-space) bands;
- $1.2~9^\circ$ in the $10.70\text{-}10.95\,\mathrm{GHz}$ (space-to-Earth), $11.20\text{-}11.45\,\mathrm{GHz}$ (space-to-Earth) and $12.75\text{-}13.25\,\mathrm{GHz}$ (Earth-to-space) bands;

and

- 2 if at least one of the following three conditions is not satisfied:
- 2.1 the calculated ¹⁶ Earth-to-space single-entry carrier-to-interference $(C/I)_u$ value at each test point associated with the allotment or assignment under consideration is greater than or equal to a reference value that is 30 dB, or $(C/N)_u + 9$ dB¹⁷, or any already accepted Earth-to-space single-entry $(C/I)_u$ whichever is the lowest;
- 2.2 the calculated 16 space-to-Earth single-entry $(C/I)_d$ value everywhere within the service area of the allotment or assignment under consideration is greater than or equal to a reference value 19 that is 26.65 dB, or $(C/N)_d + 11.65$ dB 20 , or any already accepted space-to-Earth single-entry $(C/I)_d$ value, whichever is the lowest;
- 2.3 the calculated 16 overall aggregate $(C/I)_{agg}$ value at each test point associated with the allotment or assignment under consideration, is greater than or equal to a reference value that is 21 dB, or $(C/N)_t + 7$ dB 21 , or any already accepted overall aggregate $(C/I)_{agg}$ value, whichever is the lowest, with a tolerance of 0.25 dB 22 in the case of assignments not stemming from the conversion of an allotment into an assignment without modification, or when the modification is within the envelope characteristics of the initial allotment.

¹⁶ Including a computational precision of 0.05 dB.

¹⁷ C/N_u is calculated as in Appendix 2 to this Annex.

¹⁸ Excluding values accepted in accordance with § 6.15 of Article 6.

¹⁹ The reference values within the service area are interpolated from the reference values on the test points.

 $^{^{20}}$ C/N_d is calculated as in Appendix 2 to this Annex.

 $^{^{21}}$ (*C*/*N*)_t is calculated as in Appendix 2 of this Annex.

²² Inclusive of the 0.05 dB computational precision.

APPENDIX 1 TO ANNEX 4 (REV. WRC-07)

Method for determination of the overall single-entry and aggregate carrier-to-interference value averaged over the necessary bandwidth of the modulated carrier

1 Single-entry *C/I*

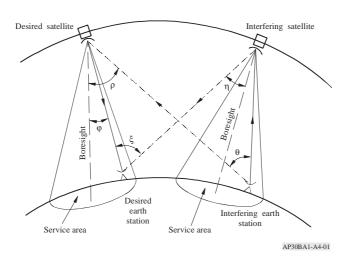
This section describes the method for calculating the single-entry interference potential.

The method is based on the single-entry carrier-to-interference ratio (C/I) which a given allotment or assignment made in accordance with the provisions of Appendix **30B** might experience due to an emission from the proposed new assignment or modification. The single-entry uplink $(C/I)_u$ and downlink $(C/I)_d$ values due to a single interfering satellite network are given by:

$$(C/I)_{u} = 10 \log_{10} \left(\frac{p_{1}g_{1}g_{2}(\varphi) l_{su'}}{p_{1}'g_{1}'(\theta)g_{2}(\varphi)l_{su}} \right)$$
 dB

$$(C/I)_d = 10 \log_{10} \left(\frac{p_3 g_3(\varphi) g_4 l_{sd'}}{p_3' g_3'(\eta) g_4(\xi) l_{sd}} \right)$$
 dB

FIGURE 1



where:

 θ , φ , ρ , η , ξ are angles as defined in Fig. 1 above.

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In the following, all ratios are numerical power ratios:

 p_1 : power density, averaged over the necessary bandwidth of the modulated carrier, fed into the desired earth station transmitting antenna (W/Hz)

g₁: maximum gain of the desired transmitting earth station antenna

 l_{su} : free-space path loss of the desired up-path signal

 $l_{su'}$: free-space path loss of the interfering up-path signal

 $g_2(\varphi)$: gain of the desired space station receiving antenna in the direction of the desired earth station

g₂: maximum gain of the desired space station receiving antenna

 p_1 ': power density, averaged over the necessary bandwidth of the modulated carrier, fed into the interfering earth station transmitting antenna (W/Hz)

 $g_1'(\theta)$: interfering earth station antenna gain in the direction of the desired satellite

 l_{sd} : free-space path loss of the desired down-path signal

 $l_{sd'}$: free-space path loss of the interfering down-path signal

 $g_2(\rho)$: gain of the desired space station receiving antenna in the direction of the interfering earth station

 p_3 : power density, averaged over the necessary bandwidth of the modulated carrier, fed into the desired space station transmitting antenna (W/Hz)

 $g_3(\varphi)$: desired space station transmitting antenna gain in the direction of the desired earth station

g₃: maximum gain of the desired space station transmitting antenna

g₄: maximum gain of the desired receiving earth station antenna

 p_3 ': power density, averaged over the necessary bandwidth of the modulated carrier, fed into the interfering space station transmitting antenna (W/Hz)

 g_3' (η): interfering space station transmitting antenna gain in the direction of the desired earth station

 $g_4(\xi)$: desired earth station receiving antenna gain in the direction of the interfering satellite.

The overall single-entry $(C/I)_t$ at a given downlink test point due to a single interfering allotment or assignment is given by:

$$(C/I)_{t} = -10 \log_{10} \left[10^{-\frac{(C/I)_{umin}}{10}} + 10^{-\frac{(C/I)_{d}}{10}} \right]$$
 dB

where:

 $(C/I)_{U_{min}}$: lowest uplink C/I value among all uplink test points

 $(C/I)_d$: downlink C/I value at the test point under consideration.

NOTE – When only one of the uplink or the downlink is implemented in the bands subject to Appendix 30B, only the contribution from the link that is implemented in the bands subject to Appendix 30B shall be considered in calculating $(C/I)_{t}$.

2 Aggregate *C/I*

The aggregate $(C/I)_{agg}$ at a given downlink test point is given by:

$$(C/I)_{agg} = -10 \log_{10} \left(\sum_{j=1}^{n} 10^{-\frac{(C/I)_{t_j}}{10}} \right)$$
 dB

$$i = 1, 2, 3 \dots n$$

where:

 $(C/I)_{ij}$: overall carrier-to-interference ratio due to interference from the *j*-th allotment or assignment calculated using the method for overall single-entry $(C/I)_t$ as provided in § 1 of Appendix 1 to this Annex; and

n: total number of interfering allotments or assignments for which the orbital separation with the desired satellite is less than or equal to 10° in the case of the 6/4 GHz band and less than or equal to 9° in the case of the 13/10-11 GHz band.

APPENDIX 2 TO ANNEX 4 (WRC-07)

Method for determination of the carrier-to-noise (C/N) values

The uplink carrier-to noise value $(C/N)_u$ and the downlink carrier-to-noise value $(C/N)_d$ are calculated as follows:

$$(C/N)_{u} = 10 \log_{10} \left(\frac{p_{1} \cdot g_{1} \cdot g_{2} (\varphi)}{k Ts. l_{su}} \right)$$
 dB

$$(C/N)_d = 10 \log_{10} \left(\frac{p_3 \cdot g_4 \cdot g_3(\varphi)}{k \, Te. l_{sd}} \right)$$
 dB

where:

In the following, all ratios are numerical power ratios.

 p_1 : power density, averaged over the necessary bandwidth of the modulated carrier, fed into the earth station transmitting antenna (W/Hz)

g₁: maximum gain of the transmitting earth station antenna

 l_{su} : free-space path loss of the up-path signal

 $g_2(\phi)$: gain of the space station receiving antenna in the direction of the earth station

Ts: space station receiving system noise temperature referred to the output of the receiving antenna

 p_3 : power density, averaged over the necessary bandwidth of the modulated carrier, fed into the space station transmitting antenna (W/Hz)

 $g_3(\varphi)$: space station transmitting antenna gain in the direction of the earth station

 l_{sd} : free-space path loss of the down-path signal

g₄: maximum gain of the receiving earth station antenna

Te: earth station receiving system noise temperature, referred to the output of the receiving antenna

k: Boltzmann's constant.

The overall carrier-to-noise value $(C/N)_t$ is then calculated as follows:

$$(C/N)_t = -10\log_{10}\left[10^{-\frac{(C/N)_{u_{min}}}{10}} + 10^{-\frac{(C/N)_d}{10}}\right]$$
 dB

where:

 $(C/N)_{u_{min}}$: lowest uplink C/N value among all test points

 $(C/N)_d$: downlink C/N value at the test point under consideration.

NOTE – When only one of the uplink or the downlink is implemented in the bands subject to Appendix 30B, only the contribution from the link that is implemented in the bands subject to Appendix 30B shall be considered in calculating $(C/N)_t$.

ANNEX 5 (SUP - WRC-07)

ANNEX 6 (SUP - WRC-07)

APPENDIX 42 (REV.WRC-12)

Table of allocation of international call sign series

(See Article 19)

Call sign series	Allocated to
AAA-ALZ	United States of America
AMA-AOZ	Spain
APA-ASZ	Pakistan (Islamic Republic of)
ATA-AWZ	India (Republic of)
AXA-AXZ	Australia
AYA-AZZ	Argentine Republic
A2A-A2Z	Botswana (Republic of)
A3A-A3Z	Tonga (Kingdom of)
A4A-A4Z	Oman (Sultanate of)
A5A-A5Z	Bhutan (Kingdom of)
A6A-A6Z	United Arab Emirates
A7A-A7Z	Qatar (State of)
A8A-A8Z	Liberia (Republic of)
A9A-A9Z	Bahrain (Kingdom of)
BAA-BZZ	China (People's Republic of)
CAA-CEZ	Chile
CFA-CKZ	Canada
CLA-CMZ	Cuba
CNA-CNZ	Morocco (Kingdom of)
COA-COZ	Cuba
CPA-CPZ	Bolivia (Republic of)
CQA-CUZ	Portugal
CVA-CXZ	Uruguay (Eastern Republic of)
CYA-CZZ	Canada
C2A-C2Z	Nauru (Republic of)
C3A-C3Z	Andorra (Principality of)
C4A-C4Z	Cyprus (Republic of)
C5A-C5Z	Gambia (Republic of the)
C6A-C6Z	Bahamas (Commonwealth of the)
*C7A-C7Z	World Meteorological Organization
C8A-C9Z	Mozambique (Republic of)
DAA-DRZ	Germany (Federal Republic of)
DSA-DTZ	Korea (Republic of)
DUA-DZZ	Philippines (Republic of the)
D2A-D3Z	Angola (Republic of)
D4A-D4Z	Cape Verde (Republic of)
D5A-D5Z	Liberia (Republic of)
D6A-D6Z	Comoros (Union of)
D7A-D9Z	Korea (Republic of)

Call sign series	Allocated to	
EAA-EHZ	Spain	
EIA-EJZ	Ireland	
EKA-EKZ	Armenia (Republic of)	
ELA-ELZ	Liberia (Republic of)	
EMA-EOZ	Ukraine	
EPA-EQZ	Iran (Islamic Republic of)	
ERA-ERZ	Moldova (Republic of)	
ESA-ESZ	Estonia (Republic of)	
ETA-ETZ	Ethiopia (Federal Democratic Republic of)	
EUA-EWZ	Belarus (Republic of)	
EXA-EXZ	Kyrgyz Republic	
EYA-EYZ	Tajikistan (Republic of)	
EZA-EZZ	Turkmenistan	
E2A-E2Z	Thailand	
E3A-E3Z	Eritrea	
E4A-E4Z	Palestinian Authority ¹	
E5A-E5Z	New Zealand – Cook Islands	(WRC-07)
E7A-E7Z	Bosnia and Herzegovina	(WRC-07)
FAA-FZZ	France	
GAA-GZZ	United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland	
HAA-HAZ	Hungary (Republic of)	
HBA-HBZ	Switzerland (Confederation of)	
HCA-HDZ	Ecuador	
HEA-HEZ	Switzerland (Confederation of)	
HFA-HFZ	Poland (Republic of)	
HGA-HGZ	Hungary (Republic of)	
HHA-HHZ	Haiti (Republic of)	
HIA-HIZ	Dominican Republic	
HJA-HKZ	Colombia (Republic of)	
HLA-HLZ	Korea (Republic of)	
HMA-HMZ	Democratic People's Republic of Korea	
HNA-HNZ	Iraq (Republic of)	
HOA-HPZ	Panama (Republic of) Honduras (Republic of)	
HQA-HRZ	Thailand	
HSA-HSZ		
HTA-HTZ	Nicaragua El Salvador (Republic of)	
HUA-HUZ HVA-HVZ	Vatican City State	
HWA-HYZ	France	
HZA-HZZ	Saudi Arabia (Kingdom of)	
H2A-H2Z	Cyprus (Republic of)	
H3A-H3Z	Panama (Republic of)	
H4A-H4Z	Solomon Islands	
H6A-H7Z	Nicaragua Nicaragua	
H8A-H9Z	Panama (Republic of)	
IAA-IZZ	Italy	

 $^{^{\}rm 1}$. In response to Resolution 99 (Rev. Guadalajara 2010) of the Plenipotentiary Conference. (WRC-12)

Call sign series	Allocated to
JAA-JSZ	Japan
JTA-JVZ	Mongolia
JWA-JXZ	Norway
JYA-JYZ	Jordan (Hashemite Kingdom of)
JZA-JZZ	Indonesia (Republic of)
J2A-J2Z	Djibouti (Republic of)
J3A-J3Z	Grenada
J4A-J4Z	Greece
J5A-J5Z	Guinea-Bissau (Republic of)
J6A-J6Z	Saint Lucia
J7A-J7Z	Dominica (Commonwealth of)
J8A-J8Z	Saint Vincent and the Grenadines
KAA-KZZ	United States of America
LAA-LNZ	Norway
LOA-LWZ	Argentine Republic
LXA-LXZ	Luxembourg
LYA-LYZ	Lithuania (Republic of)
LZA-LZZ	Bulgaria (Republic of)
L2A-L9Z	Argentine Republic
MAA-MZZ	United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland
NAA-NZZ	United States of America
OAA-OCZ	Peru
ODA-ODZ	Lebanon
OEA-OEZ	Austria
OFA-OJZ	Finland
OKA-OLZ	Czech Republic
OMA-OMZ	Slovak Republic
ONA-OTZ	Belgium
OUA-OZZ	Denmark
PAA-PIZ	Netherlands (Kingdom of the)
PJA-PJZ	Netherlands (Kingdom of the) – Netherlands Antilles
PKA-POZ	Indonesia (Republic of)
PPA-PYZ	Brazil (Federative Republic of)
PZA-PZZ	Suriname (Republic of)
P2A-P2Z	Papua New Guinea
P3A-P3Z	Cyprus (Republic of)
P4A-P4Z	Netherlands (Kingdom of the) – Aruba
P5A-P9Z	Democratic People's Republic of Korea
RAA-RZZ	Russian Federation

Call sign series	Allocated to
SAA-SMZ	Sweden
SNA-SRZ	Poland (Republic of)
SSA-SSM	Egypt (Arab Republic of)
SSN-STZ	Sudan (Republic of the)
SUA-SUZ	Egypt (Arab Republic of)
SVA-SZZ	Greece
S2A-S3Z	Bangladesh (People's Republic of)
S5A-S5Z	Slovenia (Republic of)
S6A-S6Z	Singapore (Republic of)
S7A-S7Z	Seychelles (Republic of)
S8A-S8Z	South Africa (Republic of)
S9A-S9Z	Sao Tome and Principe (Democratic Republic of)
TAA-TCZ	Turkey
TDA-TDZ	Guatemala (Republic of)
TEA-TEZ	Costa Rica
TFA-TFZ	Iceland
TGA-TGZ	Guatemala (Republic of)
THA-THZ	France
TIA-TIZ	Costa Rica
TJA-TJZ	Cameroon (Republic of)
TKA-TKZ	France
TLA-TLZ	Central African Republic
TMA-TMZ	France
TNA-TNZ	Congo (Republic of the)
TOA-TQZ	France
TRA-TRZ	Gabonese Republic
TSA-TSZ	Tunisia
TTA-TTZ	Chad (Republic of)
TUA-TUZ	Côte d'Ivoire (Republic of)
TVA-TXZ	France
TYA-TYZ	Benin (Republic of)
TZA-TZZ	Mali (Republic of)
T2A-T2Z	Tuvalu
T3A-T3Z	Kiribati (Republic of)
T4A-T4Z	Cuba Samali Damagnatia Banuklia
T5A-T5Z	Somali Democratic Republic
T6A-T6Z T7A-T7Z	Afghanistan
T8A-T8Z	San Marino (Republic of) Palau (Republic of)
10A-10L	r atau (Nepublic OI)
UAA-UIZ	Russian Federation
UJA-UMZ	Uzbekistan (Republic of)
UNA-UQZ	Kazakhstan (Republic of)
URA-UZZ	Ukraine

Call sign series	Allocated to	
VAA-VGZ	Canada	
VHA-VNZ	Australia	
VOA-VOZ	Canada	
VPA-VQZ	United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland	
VRA-VRZ	China (People's Republic of) – Hong Kong	
VSA-VSZ	United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland	
VTA-VWZ	India (Republic of)	
VXA-VYZ	Canada	
VZA-VZZ	Australia	
V2A-V2Z	Antigua and Barbuda	
V3A-V3Z	Belize	
V4A-V4Z	Saint Kitts and Nevis (Federation of)	
V5A-V5Z	Namibia (Republic of)	
V6A-V6Z	Micronesia (Federated States of)	
V7A-V7Z	Marshall Islands (Republic of the)	
V8A-V8Z	Brunei Darussalam	
WAA-WZZ	United States of America	
XAA-XIZ	Mexico	
XJA-XOZ	Canada	
XPA-XPZ	Denmark	
XQA-XRZ	Chile	
XSA-XSZ	China (People's Republic of)	
XTA-XTZ	Burkina Faso	
XUA-XUZ	Cambodia (Kingdom of)	
XVA-XVZ	Viet Nam (Socialist Republic of)	
XWA-XWZ	Lao People's Democratic Republic	
XXA-XXZ	China (People's Republic of) – Macao	(WRC-07)
XYA-XZZ	Myanmar (Union of)	
YAA-YAZ	Afghanistan	
YBA-YHZ	Indonesia (Republic of)	
YIA-YIZ	Iraq (Republic of)	
YJA-YJZ	Vanuatu (Republic of)	
YKA-YKZ	Syrian Arab Republic	
YLA-YLZ	Latvia (Republic of)	
YMA-YMZ	Turkey	
YNA-YNZ	Nicaragua	
YOA-YRZ	Romania	
YSA-YSZ	El Salvador (Republic of)	(WRC-07)
YTA-YUZ	Serbia (Republic of)	(WKC-07)
YVA-YYZ Y2A-Y9Z	Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of)	
1 2A-19L	Germany (Federal Republic of)	
ZAA-ZAZ	Albania (Republic of)	
ZBA-ZJZ	United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland	
ZKA-ZMZ	New Zealand	
ZNA-ZOZ	United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland	
ZPA-ZPZ	Paraguay (Republic of)]

Call sign series	Allocated to	
ZQA-ZQZ	United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland	1
ZRA-ZUZ	South Africa (Republic of)	
ZVA-ZZZ	Brazil (Federative Republic of)	
Z2A-Z2Z	Zimbabwe (Republic of)	
Z3A-Z3Z	The Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia	
2AA-2ZZ	United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland	
3AA-3AZ	Monaco (Principality of)	
3BA-3BZ	Mauritius (Republic of)	
3CA-3CZ	Equatorial Guinea (Republic of)	
3DA-3DM	Swaziland (Kingdom of)	
3DN-3DZ	Fiji (Republic of)	
3EA-3FZ	Panama (Republic of)	
3GA-3GZ	Chile	
3HA-3UZ	China (People's Republic of)	
3VA-3VZ	Tunisia	
3WA-3WZ	Viet Nam (Socialist Republic of)	
3XA-3XZ	Guinea (Republic of)	
3YA-3YZ	Norway	
3ZA-3ZZ	Poland (Republic of)	
4AA-4CZ	Mexico	
4DA-4IZ	Philippines (Republic of the)	
4JA-4KZ	Azerbaijani Republic	
4LA-4LZ	Georgia	
4MA-4MZ	Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of)	
4OA-4OZ	Montenegro	(WRC-07)
4PA-4SZ	Sri Lanka (Democratic Socialist Republic of)	
4TA-4TZ	Peru	
*4UA-4UZ	United Nations	
4VA-4VZ	Haiti (Republic of)	avm c oo
4WA-4WZ	Timor-Leste (Democratic Republic of)	(WRC-03)
4XA-4XZ	Israel (State of)	
*4YA-4YZ	International Civil Aviation Organization	
4ZA-4ZZ	Israel (State of)	
5AA-5AZ	Libya	
5BA-5BZ	Cyprus (Republic of)	
5CA-5GZ	Morocco (Kingdom of)	
5HA-5IZ	Tanzania (United Republic of)	
5JA-5KZ	Colombia (Republic of)	
5LA-5MZ	Liberia (Republic of)	
5NA-5OZ	Nigeria (Federal Republic of)	
5PA-5QZ	Denmark	
5RA-5SZ	Madagascar (Republic of)	
5TA-5TZ	Mauritania (Islamic Republic of)	
5UA-5UZ	Niger (Republic of the)	
5VA-5VZ	Togolese Republic	
5WA-5WZ	Samoa (Independent State of)	
5XA-5XZ	Uganda (Republic of)	
5YA-5ZZ	Kenya (Republic of)	

Call sign series	Allocated to
6AA-6BZ	Egypt (Arab Republic of)
6CA-6CZ	Syrian Arab Republic
6DA-6JZ	Mexico
6KA-6NZ	Korea (Republic of)
60A-60Z	Somali Democratic Republic
6PA-6SZ	Pakistan (Islamic Republic of)
6TA-6UZ	Sudan (Republic of the)
6VA-6WZ	Senegal (Republic of)
6XA-6XZ	Madagascar (Republic of)
6YA-6YZ	Jamaica
6ZA-6ZZ	Liberia (Republic of)
7AA-7IZ	Indonesia (Republic of)
7JA-7NZ	Japan
70A-70Z	Yemen (Republic of)
7PA-7PZ	Lesotho (Kingdom of)
7QA-7QZ	Malawi
7RA-7RZ	Algeria (People's Democratic Republic of)
7SA-7SZ	Sweden
7TA-7YZ	Algeria (People's Democratic Republic of)
7ZA-7ZZ	Saudi Arabia (Kingdom of)
8AA-8IZ	Indonesia (Republic of)
8JA-8NZ	Japan
8OA-8OZ	Botswana (Republic of)
8PA-8PZ	Barbados
80A-80Z	Maldives (Republic of)
8RA-8RZ	Guyana
8SA-8SZ	Sweden
8TA-8YZ	India (Republic of)
8ZA-8ZZ	Saudi Arabia (Kingdom of)
9AA-9AZ	Croatia (Republic of)
9BA-9DZ	Iran (Islamic Republic of)
9EA-9FZ	Ethiopia (Federal Democratic Republic of)
9GA-9GZ	Ghana
9HA-9HZ	Malta
9IA-9JZ	Zambia (Republic of)
9KA-9KZ	Kuwait (State of)
9LA-9LZ	Sierra Leone
9MA-9MZ	Malaysia
9NA-9NZ	Nepal (Federal Democratic Republic of)
9OA-9TZ	Democratic Republic of the Congo
9UA-9UZ	Burundi (Republic of)
9VA-9VZ	Singapore (Republic of)
9WA-9WZ	Malaysia
9XA-9XZ	Rwanda (Republic of)
9YA-9ZZ	Trinidad and Tobago

^{*} Series allocated to an international organization.



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