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FINAL ACTS WRC-03

WORLD RADIOCOMMUNICATION CONFERENCE (GENEVA, 2003)



International Telecommunication Union



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International Telecommunication Union

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of the World Radiocommunication Conference

(WRC-2003)

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Preamble

The World Radiocommunication Conference (Istanbul, 2000) resolved, by Resolution **800** (WRC-2000), to recommend to the ITU Council that a World Radiocommunication Conference be held in 2003 for a period of four weeks.

At its 2000 session, the Council resolved, by its Resolution 1156, that the Conference be convened in Geneva from 9 June to 4 July 2003, and established its agenda. The agenda, dates and place were approved by the required majority of the Member States of the Union.

The World Radiocommunication Conference (WRC-03) met in Geneva for the stipulated period and worked on the basis of the agenda approved by the Council. It adopted a revision of the Radio Regulations and Appendices thereto, as contained in these Final Acts.

In accordance with its agenda, the Conference also took other decisions that it considered necessary or appropriate, including the review and revision of existing Resolutions and Recommendations and the adoption of various new Resolutions and Recommendations as contained in these Final Acts.

The majority of the provisions revised by the World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003), as contained in the revision of the Radio Regulations referred to in this Preamble, shall enter into force as from 1 January 2005; the remaining provisions shall apply as from the dates indicated in the Resolutions listed in Article **59** of the revised Radio Regulations.

The delegates signing the revision of the Radio Regulations contained in these Final Acts, which is subject to approval by their competent authorities, declare that, should a Member State of the Union make reservations concerning the application of one or more of the provisions of the revised Radio Regulations, no other Member State shall be obliged to observe that provision or those provisions in its relations with that particular Member State.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the delegates of the Member States of the International Telecommunication Union named below have, on behalf of their respective competent authorities, signed one copy of these Final Acts. In case of dispute, the French text shall prevail. This copy shall remain deposited in the archives of the Union. The Secretary-General shall forward one certified true copy to each Member State of the International Telecommunication Union.

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For Ireland:

John A.C. BREEN Eamon ROSSITER James R. CONNOLLY Samuel E. RITCHIE

For Iceland:

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For Italy:

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For Jamaica:

Roy R. HUMES

For Japan:

Shotaro OSHIMA

For the Hashemite Kingdom of Jordan:

Muna NIJEM Mamoun BALQAR

For the Republic of Kazakhstan:

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For the Republic of Kenya:

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For the Lao People's Democratic Republic:

Somlith PHOUTHONESY

For the Kingdom of Lesotho:

Tennyson SAOANA

For the Republic of Latvia:

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For the Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia:

Kosta TRPKOVSKI

For the Socialist People's Libyan Arab Jamahiriya:

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For the Principality of Liechtenstein:

Frédéric ROTH

For the Republic of Lithuania:

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For Luxembourg:

Anne BLAU

For the Republic of Madagascar:

Aimé MARCEL

For the Republic of Mali:

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For Malta:

Martin SPITERI

For the Kingdom of Morocco:

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For the Islamic Republic of Mauritania:

Oumar Mamadou BA

For Mexico:

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For Mongolia:

Khasbazaryn BEKHBAT Melscho MEND-OCHIR

For the Federal Republic of Nigeria:

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For the Republic of Uganda:

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For the Islamic Republic of Pakistan:

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For the Republic of Panama:

Horacio A. ROBLES DÍAZ

For Papua New Guinea:

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For the Kingdom of the Netherlands:

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For the Republic of the Philippines:

Armi Jane R. BORJE Pricilla F. DEMITION

For the Republic of Poland:

Krzysztof JAKUBOWSKI Jerzy CZAJKOWSKI

For Portugal:

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For the Syrian Arab Republic:

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For the Kyrgyz Republic:

Baiych NURMATOV

For the Slovak Republic:

Milan LUKNAR

For the Czech Republic:

Petr ZEMAN

For Romania:

Mara-Augusta BONTA

For the Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland:

Michael GODDARD Malcolm JOHNSON

For the Republic of San Marino:

Ivo GRANDONI

For the Republic of Senegal:

Makhtar FALL Ahmadou Lamine BA

For Serbia and Montenegro:

Andrija BEDNARIK

For the Republic of Seychelles:

Errol DIAS

For the Republic of Singapore:

Yuk Min LIM Siow Meng SOH

For the Republic of Slovenia:

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For the Republic of the Sudan:

Abdalla ELNOUR M. ELNUR

For the Democratic Socialist Republic of Sri Lanka:

R. G. H. K. RANATUNGA Tharalika LIVERA

For the Republic of South Africa:

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For Sweden:

Marianne TRESCHOW Anders FREDERICH Jan-Erik LEJERKRANS

For the Confederation of Switzerland:

Philippe HORISBERGER

For the United Republic of Tanzania:

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For the Republic of Chad:

Ali Idriss AHMED Mogalbaye GUIRDONA

For Thailand:

Kraisorn PORNSUTEE Wiwat SUTTIPAK Totsaporn GETU-ADISORN Chaturon CHOKSAWAT Nattawat ARD-PARU Pranot PAJONGSILVIVAT Ngamwilai SOMKID Manit SAIKAEW Nopadol LHAOSANGDHAM

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Palouki MASSINA

For the Kingdom of Tonga:

Semisi PANUVE Vigyan TEUMOHENGA Mark POSEN

For Trinidad and Tobago:

Bernard A. WESTON

For Tunisia:

Habib MANSOUR Khediya GHARIANI Kamel ABDELKADER Khaled BEN BRAHAM Fathi DABBABI

For Turkey:

Hüseyin EDIS Abdullah KARAKAS Osman ATES Yusuf Korhan SELEK Yunus Suayip CETIN Kiymet ERDAL Hasan ADIGÜZEL Canan GÖKYILDIZ

For Ukraine:

Mykhailo SKURATOVSKYI

For the Eastern Republic of Uruguay:

Juan Eduardo PIAGGIO MAZZARA

For the Bolivarian Republic of Venezuela:

Layla MACC ADAN

For the Socialist Republic of Viet Nam:

Hoan DOAN QUANG

For the Republic of Yemen:

Abdul Hameed SALLAM HAIDARAH

For the Republic of Zambia:

Kephas MASIYE Patrick MUTIMUSHI Lawson R. LUPUNGA

For the Republic of Zimbabwe:

Gideon MAGODO Obert MUGANYURA Charles Manzi SIBANDA Cleopas ZVIRAWA

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Declarations and reservations*

At the time of signing the Final Acts of the World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003), the undersigned delegates take note of the following declarations and reservations made by signatory delegations:

1

Original: Spanish

For the Dominican Republic:

In signing the Final Acts of the World Radiocommunication Conference of the International Telecommunication Union (Geneva, 2003), the delegation of the Dominican Republic reserves the right to express further reservations to these Acts at any time it deems appropriate, between the date of signature and the date of ratification, in accordance with the procedures established in Dominican legislation.

The delegation of the Dominican Republic does not accept the establishment and application of any financial burden additional to that approved by the World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003).

The delegation of the Dominican Republic reserves the right to take any action it considers necessary to protect and safeguard the sovereignty of the Dominican Republic should any Member State fail to observe or violate the provisions contained in the Constitution and Convention of the International Telecommunication Union, or those set out in the Resolutions, Decisions, Recommendations, Annexes and Protocols constituting the Final Acts of the World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003).

2

Original: Spanish

For the Eastern Republic of Uruguay:

In signing the Final Acts of the World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003), the delegation of the Eastern Republic of Uruguay declares that it reserves for its Government the right:

- to take any action it considers necessary to safeguard its interests, should other Members fail in any way to observe the Final Acts, the Annexes thereto and the Radio Regulations, or should reservations by other Members jeopardize its full sovereign rights or the proper functioning of its telecommunication services;
- to make additional declarations or reservations, under the Vienna Convention on the Law of Treaties of 1969, to the Final Acts of the World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003) at any time it sees fit between the date of the signature and the date of the possible ratification of the international instruments constituting these Final Acts.

^{*} Note by the Secretary-General: The texts of the Final Protocol are shown in the chronological order of their deposit.

Original: French

For the Republic of Guinea:

In signing the Final Acts of the World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003), the delegation of the Republic of Guinea reserves for its Government the right to take any measures it might deem necessary to safeguard its interests if another Member State of the Union should in any way fail to respect the conditions specified in the Final Acts or if the reservations made by any Member State should be prejudicial to the operation of radiocommunication services in the Republic of Guinea.

4

Original: Spanish

For the Argentine Republic:

In signing the Final Acts of the World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003), the delegation of the Argentine Republic declares that it reserves for its Government the right:

- to take any measures that it may deem necessary to safeguard its interests, should other Members of the International Telecommunication Union fail in any way to comply with the provisions of the Final Acts, the Annexes thereto or the Radio Regulations; and
- to express declarations or reservations with respect to the Final Acts of the World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003) at the time of deposit of the corresponding instrument of ratification with the International Telecommunication Union.

5

Original: Spanish

For the Bolivarian Republic of Venezuela:

The delegation of the Bolivarian Republic of Venezuela reserves for its Government the right to take such action as it may consider necessary to safeguard its interests should another country fail in any way to comply with the provisions of these Final Acts or should reservations by any country be prejudicial to the radiocommunication services of Venezuela.

6

Original: French/ English/ Spanish

For the Federal Republic of Germany, Austria, Belgium, the Republic of Cyprus, Denmark, Spain, the Republic of Estonia, Finland, France, Greece, the Republic of Hungary, Ireland, Italy, the Republic of Latvia, the Republic of Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, the Kingdom of the Netherlands, the Republic of Poland, Portugal, the Slovak Republic, the Czech Republic, the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, the Republic of Slovenia and Sweden:

The delegations of the Member States and future Member States of the European Union declare that the Member States and future Member States of the European Union will apply the revision of the Radio Regulations adopted at this Conference in accordance with their obligations under the EC Treaty.

For the Republic of Singapore:

The delegation of the Republic of Singapore reserves for its Government the right to take any action it considers necessary to safeguard its interests should any Member of the Union fail in any way to comply with the requirements of the Final Acts of the World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003), or should reservations by any Member of the Union jeopardize the Republic of Singapore's telecommunication services, affect its sovereignty or lead to an increase in its contributory share towards defraying the expenses of the Union.

8

For Iceland, the Principality of Liechtenstein and Norway:

The delegations of the above-mentioned Member States of the European Economic Area declare that the above-mentioned Member States of the European Economic Area will apply the revision of the Radio Regulations adopted at this Conference in accordance with their obligations under the Treaty establishing the European Economic Area.

9

For Burkina Faso:

In signing the Final Acts of the World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003), the delegation of Burkina Faso declares:

- 1 that it reserves for its Government the right to take any action it considers appropriate to safeguard the interests of Burkina Faso and to protect the operation of telecommunication services in Burkina Faso should any Member State of the Union fail to comply in any way whatsoever with the provisions of these Final Acts;
- that its Government will not accept responsibility for the consequences of reservations expressed by 2 Members of the Union.

10

For the Republic of Indonesia:

In signing the Final Acts of the World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003), the delegation of the Republic of Indonesia:

- 1 reserves the right for its Government to take any action and preservation measures it deems necessary to safeguard its national interests should any provision, recommendation and resolution of the World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003), directly or indirectly affect its sovereignty or be in contravention to the Constitution, Laws and Regulations of the Republic of Indonesia as a party to other treaties and conventions and any principles of international law;
- 2 further reserves the right for its Government to take any action and preservation measures it deems necessary to safeguard its national interests should any Member in any way fail to comply with the provisions of the Radio Regulations, the Constitution and Convention of the International Telecommunication Union, or should the consequences of reservations by any Member jeopardize its telecommunication services or result in an increase of its contributory share towards defraying expenses of the Union.

Original:

Original: French

Original: English

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English

Original: English

Original: French

For the Republic of Cameroon:

In signing the Final Acts of the World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003), the delegation of the Republic of Cameroon declares:

- 1 that it reserves for its Government the right to take any measures that it may deem necessary and appropriate to safeguard its interests should any Member State of the International Telecommunication Union fail to comply with the provisions of these Final Acts;
- 2 that its Government will not accept responsibility for the consequences of reservations expressed by Member States of the International Telecommunication Union;
- 3 that its Government reserves the right to express any additional reservations that it may deem necessary up to the time of deposit of the instruments of ratification.

12

Original: English

For Brunei Darussalam:

The delegation of Brunei Darussalam reserves for its Government the right to take any action which it deems necessary to safeguard its interests should any Member of the Union fail in any way to comply with the Radio Regulations as amended by the Final Acts of the World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003), or should any reservations by any Member of the Union jeopardize Brunei Darussalam's radiocommunication or telecommunication services, affect its sovereignty or lead to an increase in its contributory share towards defraying the expenses of the Union.

The delegation of Brunei Darussalam further reserves for its Government the right to make any additional reservations which it deems necessary up to and including the time of its ratification of the Final Acts of the World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003).

13

Original: French

For the Gabonese Republic:

In signing the Final Acts of the World Radiocommunication Conference of the International Telecommunication Union, held in Geneva (Switzerland) from 9 June to 4 July 2003, the delegation of the Gabonese Republic reserves for its Government the right:

- 1 to take any necessary action to safeguard its interests should certain Member States fail, in any way, to comply with the provisions of the Radio Regulations of the International Telecommunication Union, and the instruments of amendment adopted by the World Radiocommunication Conference (Istanbul, 2000), or should the reservations made by other Member States during this Conference be such as to jeopardize the proper functioning of its telecommunication services;
- 2 to accept or not any financial consequences that may arise from such reservations;
- 3 to enter any additional reservations it may deem necessary until such time as the instruments of ratification are deposited.

English

Original: English

In signing the Final Acts of the World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003), the delegation of Malta reserves for its Government the right to take such action as it may consider necessary to safeguard its interests should any Member of the Union fail in any way to observe or comply with the provisions of the Final Acts adopted by the Conference or should reservations by other countries jeopardize the proper operation of its telecommunication services.

15

For the Kingdom of Lesotho:

The Kingdom of Lesotho declares that it reserves its sovereign right to protect its rights and to act accordingly in response to any attempt at tampering with rights by another administration.

16

Spanish Original:

Original:

For the Republic of El Salvador:

In signing the Final Acts of the World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003), the delegation of the Republic of El Salvador reserves the sovereign right to apply such measures as it may deem appropriate to protect its interests should another country fail, in any way, to observe the conditions set out in these Final Acts, or should reservations by any other country be prejudicial to the radiocommunication services of El Salvador. Furthermore, it will make allocations additional to those laid down in the Radio Regulations for the future use of radiocommunication services within the national territory, and in particular will allocate on an additional basis to the fixed and mobile services in the following frequency bands: 1 690-1 700 MHz; 8 500-8 750 MHz; 10.68-10.70 GHz and 14.0-14.3 GHz.

17

Original: Spanish

For the Republic of Panama:

In signing the Final Acts of the World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003), the delegation of Panama reserves for its Government the right to take any action it deems necessary to safeguard its legitimate interests should those interests be affected by any failure, on the part of a Member State of the International Telecommunication Union (ITU), to comply with the provisions of these Final Acts.

The delegation of Panama further reserves the right, under the Vienna Convention on the Law of Treaties of 1969, to enter reservations to the Final Acts of the World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003), at any time it sees fit between the date of the signature and the date of the ratification, if any, of the international instruments constituting these Final Acts, provided that the latter are considered to be incompatible with the National Constitution, its laws and regulations.

For Malta:

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18

Original: English

For the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia:

In signing the Final Acts of the World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003), the delegation of the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia reserves for its Government the right to take any actions and measures it deems necessary to protect its interests should any Member State of the International Telecommunication Union (ITU) fail to respect fully the provisions and Resolutions of the Final Acts or to comply with them or should reservations by any Member State jeopardize in any way the telecommunication services of the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia.

19

Original: French

For the Republic of Senegal:

In signing the Final Acts of the World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003), the delegation of the Republic of Senegal reserves for its Government the right:

- 1 to take all measures necessary to safeguard its interests, should any Members fail in any way whatsoever to comply with decisions taken by the World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003), or should reservations expressed by other Members be such as to jeopardize the operation of its radiocommunication services;
- 2 to accept, or not accept, the consequences of certain decisions that might have a direct adverse effect upon its sovereignty.

20

Original: English

For the Republic of Estonia, the Republic of Latvia and the Republic of Lithuania:

At the time of signing the Final Acts of the World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003) the delegations of the above-mentioned countries reserve for their Governments the right to take any action they consider necessary to safeguard their interests should any Member of the Union fail in any way to comply with the requirements of these Final Acts.

21

Original: Spanish

For the Republic of Guatemala:

In signing the Final Acts of the World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003), the Government of the Republic of Guatemala lets it be known that it reserves the sovereign right:

- to take any measure that may be thought fit in order to regulate its domestic telecommunications in accordance with the applicable national laws and regulations;
- to take any measures it may deem necessary and appropriate in the event that domestic radiocommunication systems are affected, directly or indirectly, as a result of failure on the part of any other member administration of the International Telecommunication Union to comply with the provisions of the Final Acts of the World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003), with the Radio Regulations or with any other associated instrument;
- to take any measures it may deem necessary and appropriate to protect and safeguard its national interests and rights with respect to radiocommunications, should they be affected or prejudiced, directly or indirectly, by reservations expressed by other administrations or by actions not in accordance with international law;

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- to make allocations in addition to or different from those specified in the Radio Regulations of the International Telecommunication Union for any radio frequency range, in accordance with domestic laws and regulations, whenever such may be deemed fit, without this signifying failure to comply with the Final Acts of the World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003);
- to make reservations and declarations prior to the ratification and deposit of the Final Acts of the World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003);
- to accept, or not to accept, any consequences deriving from the application by other administrations, or telecommunication operating agencies in their territories, of the Final Acts of the World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003), the Radio Regulations and associated instruments, should these be deemed prejudicial to Guatemala's national interests or detrimental to its domestic telecommunications;
- to apply provisions deriving from the Final Acts of the World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003) and the Radio Regulations when deemed necessary and when such provisions are in accordance with domestic regulations, or not to apply such provisions when the application thereof is deemed, directly or indirectly, to be prejudicial to the proper functioning and development of Guatemala's national telecommunications.

22

For the Republic of Zambia:

The delegation of the Republic of Zambia in signing these Final Acts on behalf of its Government, which is a sovereign State, reserves its rights, in the event of any of the administrations who are party to these Final Acts and the ITU Convention not abiding to these regulations, to take all necessary steps to protect and regulate the orderly developments of all its national and international telecommunication services in its territory.

23

For the Federative Republic of Brazil:

In signing the Final Acts of the World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003), the Brazilian delegation reserves for its Administration the right to take such measures as it might deem necessary to safeguard its interests if any Member State of the Union should in any way fail to respect the conditions specified in the Final Acts, or if the reservation made by any Member States should be prejudicial to the operation of radiocommunication services in Brazil.

Furthermore, Brazil reserves the right to make additional specific declarations or reservations at the time of deposit of its notification to the International Telecommunication Union of its consent to be bound by the revisions to the Radio Regulations adopted by the World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003).

24

Original: French

For the Republic of Burundi:

In signing the Final Acts of the World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003), the delegation of the Republic of Burundi reserves for its Government the right to take all necessary measures to protect and safeguard its interests, should certain Members of the Union fail to observe the provisions contained in the Final Acts of WRC-03 or should reservations expressed by other Members jeopardize the proper functioning of its radiocommunication services.

Original: English

Original: English

Original: English

For the Republic of Zimbabwe:

In signing the Final Acts of the World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003), the delegation of the Republic of Zimbabwe formally declares that it reserves the right of the Government of Zimbabwe to take all subsequent measures it may deem necessary to protect its sovereignty and national interests should any of the regulations be used by other countries, particularly against the sovereign right of the Republic of Zimbabwe to regulate the orderly development of its national as well as international telecommunications.

26

Original: English

For the Republic of Botswana:

In signing the Final Acts of the World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003), the delegation of the Republic of Botswana declares that its administration will comply with the provisions of the Final Acts without prejudice to the Republic of Botswana's sovereign right to take any measures that the Government of Botswana deems necessary to safeguard its telecommunication services in the event of harmful interference caused to the said services by any Member of the Union failing to comply with the provisions of the Radio Regulations as revised and adopted by this Conference.

The delegation of Botswana further declares that it reserves for its Government the right to make any statements or reservations when depositing its instruments of ratification of the Final Acts of the World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003).

27

Original: Spanish

For Ecuador:

In signing the Final Acts of the World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003), the delegation of Ecuador:

- 1 Declares that it reserves for its Government the right:
 - a) to take any measures it considers necessary, in conformity with its domestic legislation and international law, to safeguard its national interests should any other Members fail to comply with the provisions of the Final Acts of the World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003), or should reservations by representatives of other States jeopardize the radiocommunication services of Ecuador or its full sovereign rights;
 - b) to express reservations, under the Vienna Convention on the Law of Treaties of 1969, with regard to the Final Acts of the World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003), at any time it sees fit between the date of the signature and the date of the possible ratification of the international instruments constituting those Final Acts.
- 2 Declares that Ecuador is bound by the instrument contained in the Final Acts insofar as it expressly and duly consents to be bound by that international instrument, and subject to the completion of the appropriate constitutional procedures.
- 3 Declares that its Government cannot give provisional effect to the international instruments which constitute the Final Acts of the World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003).

Original: English

For Ghana:

- 1 The delegation of Ghana in signing the Final Acts of the World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003) held in Geneva, Switzerland from 9 June to 4 July 2003, reserves for its Government the right to take any such action it may consider necessary to safeguard its interests, should any Member of the Union fail to comply with the provisions of the Constitution and Convention of the International Telecommunication Union, the Radio Regulations of ITU and the Final Acts of the World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003).
- 2 The Government of Ghana further reserves the right to express reservations on any provisions of the Final Acts deemed to be incompatible with the constitution, laws and regulations of the country.

9

Original: English

For the People's Democratic Republic of Algeria, the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia, the Kingdom of Bahrain, the United Arab Emirates, the Islamic Republic of Iran, the State of Kuwait, the Socialist People's Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, the Syrian Arab Republic and the Republic of Yemen:

The delegations of the above-mentioned countries to the World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003), declare that the signature and possible ratifications by their respective Governments of the Final Acts of this Conference shall not be valid for the ITU Member under the name of "Israel", and in no way whatsoever imply its recognition by these Governments.

30

Original: English

For the Kingdom of Tonga:

In signing the Final Acts of the World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003), the delegation of the Kingdom of Tonga:

- 1 Declares that it reserves for its Government the right:
 - a) to take any measures it may deem necessary, in conformity with its domestic law and with international law, to safeguard its national interests should any other Member fail to comply with the provisions of the Radio Regulations or any other documents contained in the Final Acts of the Conference, or should the Acts or reservations by representatives of other States affect its national sovereignty or its national telecommunications;
 - b) not to be bound by any provisions in the Final Acts of the World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003), which are, or which are potentially, retroactive in character and which could prejudice the legal situation established under the Radio Regulations in force on the date of signature of the present Final Acts unless it expressly and duly consents to be bound, and subject to the completion of the appropriate procedures established in its domestic law;
 - c) to make, under the Vienna Convention on the Law of Treaties of 1969, reservations to the above-mentioned Final Acts at any time it considers proper between the date of signature and the date of their ratification or approval and not to be bound by any provision of these Final Acts or of the Constitution and the Convention of the International Telecommunication Union restricting its sovereign right to make reservations.

XLII

- 2 Declares that the eventual ratification by the Kingdom of Tonga of any provisions of the Final Acts of the World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003) which are, or which are potentially, retroactive in their application is done so only on the basis that any such ratification of retroactive provisions is made on an exceptional basis. The Kingdom of Tonga does not accept that the inclusion of the Final Acts of the World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003) of any provisions which have, or which potentially have, a retroactive application sets a precedent for a similar approval of retroactive provisions by future conferences.
- 3 Declares that the Kingdom of Tonga considers itself bound by the revision of the Radio Regulations by the World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003), only insofar as it expressly and duly consents to be bound, and subject to the completion of the appropriate procedures established in its domestic law.

31

Original: English

For Jamaica:

In signing the Final Acts of the World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003), the delegation of Jamaica reserves for its Government the right to take such measures deemed necessary to safeguard its interests should any Member of the Union fail to comply with the provisions of the Final Acts adopted by the Conference, or should reservations by other countries jeopardize the legitimate operations of its telecommunication services or prejudice its ability to provide future telecommunication services in Jamaica.

32

Original: French

Original:

English

For the Republic of the Congo:

In signing the Final Acts of the World Radiocommunication Conference (WRC-03), the delegation of the Republic of the Congo reserves for its Government the right:

- 1 to take any measures it may deem necessary to protect its interests, should other Members of the International Telecommunication Union fail in any way whatsoever to comply with the provisions of the Final Acts, of the Annexes thereto or of the Radio Regulations, or should reservations entered by other Members jeopardize the proper functioning of its telecommunication services;
- 2 to enter further reservations prior to the ratification of the Final Acts of WRC-03.

For Turkey:

In signing the Final Acts of the World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003), the delegation of Turkey reserves the rights of its Government to take any measures which it deems necessary to protect its interests on the decision taken by the Conference in modifying, amending, deleting and adding provisions, footnotes, tables, Resolutions and Recommendations in the Radio Regulations, should any Member of the Union fail, in any way, to comply with the provisions of the Final Acts, Annexes and the Radio Regulations thereto, in using its existing services and introducing new services for space, terrestrial and other applications or should any reservation made by other Members jeopardize the proper operation of its telecommunication services.

FA

English

English

French

Original:

Original:

Original:

The delegation of Turkey formally declares that reservations previously made with regard to the modifying, amending, deleting and adding provisions, footnotes, tables, Resolutions and Recommendations in the Radio Regulations, Final Acts, Annexes and Radio Regulations of the Union shall prevail unless otherwise declared.

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The delegation of Turkey further reserves the rights of its Government to make additional declarations or reservations as may be necessary when depositing its instruments of ratification of the Final Acts of the World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003).

For the People's Democratic Republic of Algeria:

For the Republic of Mali:

For the Republic of India:

For Thailand:

In signing the Final Acts of the World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003), the delegation of the Republic of India reserves for its Government the right to take such actions, as may be considered necessary, to safeguard its interests, should any administration make reservations and/or not accept the provisions of the Final Acts or fail to comply with one or more provisions of the Final Acts, including those which form a part of the Radio Regulations.

35

The delegation of Thailand to the World Radiocommunication Conference (WRC-03), reserves the right of its Government to take any action that it deems necessary to safeguard its interests should any Member or Members of the International Telecommunication Union fail, in any way, to comply with the Final Acts of this Conference and the Annexes attached thereto, or should any of the reservations made by

other Members jeopardize its telecommunication services or infringe its national sovereignty.

In signing these Final Acts of WRC-03, the delegation of the People's Democratic Republic of Algeria reserves for its country the right to take any measures it deems necessary to safeguard its rights with respect to the utilization of the radio-frequency spectrum and the geostationary-satellite orbit against any infringement of provisions of the Radio Regulations.

37

Original: French

The Administration of Mali reserves the right to express reservations with respect to any application of WRC-03 decisions that is improper or not in accord with the regulations, and which might jeopardize the interests of Mali.

36

For the Syrian Arab Republic:

In signing the Final Acts of the World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003), the delegation of the Syrian Arab Republic reserves for its Government the right:

- 1 to confirm and make use of all written and oral declarations and reservations made by its delegation during this Conference jointly with the Arab States and/or individually;
- 2 to make additional declarations and reservations at the time of its notification to the International Telecommunication Union of its ratification of these Final Acts;
- 3 to take any measures it might deem necessary to protect its interests, should any Member State of the Union fail to abide by the provisions of these Final Acts or comply with them or should reservations, made by other countries, jeopardize the efficient operation of its telecommunication services.

In addition, the Syrian delegation to this Conference states the following reservations:

- 1 the Syrian Arab Republic is not in a position to authorize the use of an earth station on board airplane, landing in Syria or crossing its national air space, unless such request is accompanied by the detailed technical specifications confirming its compliance as an earth station with the typical earth station working in the relevant fixed-satellite service (FSS) network already coordinated;
- 2 the Syrian Arab Republic would like to stress its understanding of WRC-07 agenda item No. 1.12 "possible changes in response to Resolution 86 (PP-Marrakesh, 2002)" to be strictly limited to the main purpose of this Resolution and not to be used to enlarge and/or modify, in any way, the next WRC agenda items.

39

Original: Russian

For the Republic of Armenia, the Republic of Belarus, the Russian Federation, the Republic of Kazakhstan, the Republic of Moldova, the Republic of Uzbekistan, the Kyrgyz Republic, and Ukraine:

The delegations of the above-mentioned countries reserve for their respective Governments the right to take any action they may consider necessary to protect their interests should any Member of the Union fail to comply with the provisions of the Final Acts of this Conference, or should reservations made upon signing the Final Acts, or other measures taken by any Member of the Union, jeopardize the proper operation of those countries' telecommunication services.

40

Original: English

For the Republic of Cyprus:

The Republic of Cyprus refers to Article 32, Section 16, of the International Telecommunication Convention (Geneva, 1992) and notes that in considering the Final Acts of the World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003), the Republic of Cyprus may find it necessary to make additional declarations or reservations. Accordingly, the Republic of Cyprus reserves the right to make additional declarations or reservations at the time of deposit of its instruments of ratification of these revisions to the Radio Regulations. The Republic of Cyprus shall not be deemed to have consented to be bound by revisions to the Radio Regulations adopted at this Conference without specific notification to the International Telecommunication Union by the Republic of Cyprus of its consent to be bound.

Original: Spanish

In signing the Final Acts of the World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003), the delegation of the Republic of Colombia:

- 1 Declares that it reserves for its Government the right:
 - a) to take any measures it considers necessary, in conformity with its domestic legislation and international law, to safeguard its national interests should any other Members fail to comply with the provisions of the Final Acts of the World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003), or should reservations by representatives of other States jeopardize the telecommunication services of the Republic of Colombia or its full sovereign rights;
 - b) to express reservations, under the Vienna Convention on the Law of Treaties of 1969, with regard to the Final Acts of the World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003), at any time it sees fit between the date of the signature and the date of the possible ratification of the international instruments constituting those Final Acts.
- 2 Reaffirms, in their essence, reservations Nos. 40 and 79 made at the World Administrative Radio Conference (Geneva, 1979), especially with regard to the new provisions included in the documents of the Final Acts.
- 3 Declares that the Republic of Colombia shall only be bound by the instrument contained in the Final Acts insofar as it expressly and duly consents to be bound by that international instrument, and subject to the completion of the appropriate constitutional procedures.
- 4 Declares that, pursuant to its constitutional requirements, its Government cannot give provisional effect to the international instruments which constitute the Final Acts of the World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003).

42

Original: Spanish

For Costa Rica:

In signing the Final Acts of the World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003), the delegation of the Republic of Costa Rica:

- 1 declares that it reserves for its Government the right to take any measures it considers necessary, in conformity with its domestic legislation and international law, to safeguard its national interests should any other Members fail to comply with the provisions of the Final Acts of the World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003), or should reservations by representatives of other States jeopardize the telecommunication services of the Republic of Costa Rica or its full sovereign rights;
- 2 declares that the Republic of Costa Rica shall only be bound by the provisions contained in the Final Acts of the World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003) insofar as it expressly and duly consents to be bound, and subject to the completion of the appropriate constitutional procedures.

Original: English

For the Federal Republic of Nigeria:

In signing the Final Acts of the World Radiocommunication Conference held in Geneva, the delegation of the Federal Republic of Nigeria declares:

- a) that it acknowledges the need for the development of radiocommunications worldwide as a means of enhancing sustainable development in the interest of humanity and the environment;
- b) that, however, it reserves the right to take any action it considers necessary to safeguard its interests and in particular to protect its existing or planned telecommunication networks, systems and services, should a Member of the Union not comply with the provision of these Acts in such a way that affects the proper functioning of the telecommunication network, systems and services;
- c) further, it reserves the right to make an additional declaration and reservation at the time of its notification to the ITU of its ratification of these Final Acts.

44

For the Islamic Republic of Mauritania:

In signing the Final Acts of the World Radiocommunication Conference (WRC-03), the delegation of the Islamic Republic of Mauritania reserves for its Government the right to take any measures it deems necessary to safeguard its telecommunication services in the event of their being affected.

45

For the Republic of Honduras:

In signing the Final Acts of the World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003), the delegation of the Republic of Honduras:

- 1 declares that it reserves for its Government the right to take any measures it considers necessary, in conformity with its domestic legislation and international law, to safeguard its national interests should any other Members fail to comply with the provisions of the Final Acts of the World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003), or should reservations by representatives of other States jeopardize the telecommunication services of the Republic of Honduras or its full sovereign rights;
- 2 declares that the Republic of Honduras shall only be bound by the provisions contained in the Final Acts of the World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003) insofar as it expressly and duly consents to be bound, and subject to the completion of the appropriate constitutional procedures.

46

For the Republic of Côte d'Ivoire:

In signing the Final Acts of the World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003), the delegation of the Republic of Côte d'Ivoire declares that it reserves for its Government the right:

 a) to take any action it considers necessary to safeguard its interests should any Member State of the Union fail, in any way, to comply with the provisions of the Radio Regulations (2001 edition) as amended by this Conference; or should reservations by any Member of the Union jeopardize the proper functioning of its radiocommunication networks and/or impair its sovereignty;

Original: French

Original: Spanish

Original: French

b) to enter declarations or reservations at the time of the approval of the Final Acts of this Conference.

47

Original: English

For the Republic of Bulgaria:

In signing the Final Acts of the World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003), the delegation of the Republic of Bulgaria reserves for its Government the right to take such action as it may consider necessary to safeguard its interests should any Member of the Union fail to comply with the provisions of the Final Acts adopted by the Conference or should reservations by other countries jeopardize the proper operation of its telecommunication services.

48

Original: English

For the Islamic Republic of Iran:

IN THE NAME OF GOD

In signing the Final Acts of the World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003), the delegation of the Islamic Republic of Iran formally declares that:

- 1 The delegation of the Islamic Republic of Iran reserves for its Government the right to take any action as it may consider necessary to safeguard its interests should they be affected by decisions taken at this Conference, or by failure on the part of any other country or administration in any way to comply with the provisions of the instruments amending the Constitution and Convention of the International Telecommunication Union, or the Annexes or Protocols and Regulations attached thereto, or the Final Acts of this Conference, or should the reservations, declarations or additional reservations and declarations by other countries or administrations jeopardize the proper and efficient operation of its telecommunication services, or infringe the full exercise of the sovereign rights of the Islamic Republic of Iran.
- 2 The delegation of the Islamic Republic of Iran reserves for its Government the right to make additional reservations when ratifying the Final Acts of this Conference.

49

Original: English

For the Commonwealth of the Bahamas:

In signing the Final Acts of the World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003), the delegation of the Commonwealth of the Bahamas reserves for its Government the right to take any measure it may deem necessary to safeguard its interest if another country should in any way fail to respect the conditions specified in the Final Acts or if the reservations made by any country should be prejudicial to the operation of the radiocommunication services of the Commonwealth of the Bahamas.

The delegation of the Commonwealth of the Bahamas further reserves for its Government the right to make any statement or declaration when depositing its instruments of its consent to be bound by the revision of the Radio Regulations by the World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003).

FA

FA

50

Original: English

Original:

English

For the Republic of Korea:

In signing the Final Acts of the World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003), the delegation of the Republic of Korea reserves for its Government the right to take any measures as it might deem necessary to safeguard its interests if any other Member State of the Union should in any way fail to respect the conditions specified in the Final Acts or if the reservations made by other countries should be prejudicial to the efficient operation of its telecommunication services.

51

For Barbados

In signing the Final Acts of the World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003), the delegation of Barbados reserves for its Government the right to take such measures deemed necessary to safeguard its interest should any Member of the Union fail to comply with the provisions of the Final Acts adopted by the Conference or should reservations by other countries jeopardize the legitimate operations of its telecommunication services or prejudices its ability to provide future telecommunication services in Barbados.

52

English

For Eritrea:

In signing the Final Acts of the World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003), the delegation of the State of Eritrea declares that it reserves for its Government the right:

- to take any action it considers necessary to safeguard its interests should other Members of the International Telecommunication Union fail in any way to observe the Final Acts, the Annexes thereto and the Radio Regulations, or should reservations by other Members jeopardize the proper functioning of its telecommunication services or its full sovereign rights;
- to take action, if necessary, to protect all its domestic and international broadcast (sound and TV) services as covered by GE75, HFBC, GE84 and GE89, under any circumstances whatsoever, in safeguarding its interests and for its satisfactory operations of all its above services as may be stipulated under its national regulations.

53

For Mexico:

In signing the Final Acts of the World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003), the delegation of the United Mexican States reserves for its Government the right:

to take any measures it considers necessary to protect and safeguard its sovereignty and interests, 1 and, in particular, to protect its telecommunication networks, systems and services, both existing and planned, should any Member State of the Union in any way fail or neglect to apply the provisions contained in these Acts, including the Decisions, Recommendations, Resolutions and Annexes that form an integral part of the same, or those provisions contained in the Constitution and Convention of the International Telecommunication Union, or should the proper functioning of its telecommunication networks, systems or services be jeopardized by reason of any declarations or reservations expressed by any Member State of the Union;

Original:

Original: Spanish 2 to take whatever measures it considers necessary to safeguard its interests with respect to the occupation and use of geostationary orbital positions and the associated radio frequencies, as well as with respect to the use of the radio spectrum to provide telecommunication services, should procedures relating to coordination, notification or associated frequency assignments meet with delays or be hindered, causing prejudice to the country, whether *per se* or by acts of other Member States;

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3 to express further reservations, pursuant to the Vienna Convention on the Law of Treaties, with regard to these Acts at any time it sees fit between the date of signature and the date of ratification of the same, in accordance with the procedures established in its domestic legislation; and not to consider itself bound by any provision in these Acts that might limit its right to express any reservations it may think fit.

Lastly, the reservations entered by the Government of the United Mexican States upon signing and ratifying the Final Acts of past World Radiocommunication Conferences and World Administrative Radio Conferences, as well as those entered at the time of the signature and ratification of the Final Acts of the Additional Plenipotentiary Conference (Geneva, 1992), the Plenipotentiary Conference (Kyoto, 1994), the Plenipotentiary Conference (Minneapolis, 1998) and the Plenipotentiary Conference (Marrakesh, 2002), are reaffirmed and considered to be reproduced herein as if they had been repeated in full.

54

Original: English

For New Zealand:

In signing the Final Acts of the World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003), the New Zealand delegation reserves for its Government the right to take such measures as it might deem necessary to safeguard its interests if any other country should in any way fail to respect the conditions specified in the Final Acts or if the reservations made by any other country should be prejudicial or detrimental to New Zealand's interests. In addition, New Zealand reserves the right to make appropriate specific reservations and statements prior to ratification of the Final Acts.

55

Original: English

For the Republic of the Philippines:

In signing the Final Acts of the World Radiocommunication Conference 2003 held in Geneva from 9 June to 4 July 2003, the delegation of the Republic of the Philippines:

- 1 reserves for its Government, the right to take any and all actions it deems necessary, appropriate and sufficient, consistent and in harmony with its national law, to safeguard and protect, in the event that delegations of other States should make reservations that may or could jeopardize its telecommunication services and/or prejudice its rights as a sovereign country;
- 2 reserves for its Government, the right to make any and all declarations or reservations prior to the deposit of the instrument for ratification of the Final Acts of this World Radiocommunication Conference 2003.

Original: English

For the United States of America:

- 1 The United States of America refers to Article 32, Section 16, of the International Telecommunication Convention (Geneva, 1992), as amended by the Plenipotentiary Conference (Kyoto, 1994), and notes that in considering the Final Acts of the World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003), the United States of America may find it necessary to make additional declarations or reservations. Accordingly, the United States of America reserves the right to make additional declarations or reservations at the time of deposit of its instruments of ratification of these revisions to the Radio Regulations.
- 2 The United States of America shall not be deemed to have consented to be bound by revisions to the Radio Regulations adopted at this Conference without specific notification to the International Telecommunication Union by the United States of America of its consent to be bound.
- 3 The United States of America reiterates and incorporates by reference all declarations and reservations made at prior world administrative radiocommunication conferences and world radiocommunication conferences.

57

Original: English

For the People's Republic of China:

In signing the Final Acts of the World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003), the delegation of the People's Republic of China declares:

The Chinese delegation reserves the right of its Government to take any measures and actions it may deem necessary to safeguard its interests should other Member States of the International Telecommunication Union in any way fail to comply with or to execute the provisions of the Final Acts or the Radio Regulations, or should reservations or declarations made by other Member States jeopardize the proper operation of the telecommunication services of China or affect the full exercise of its sovereign rights. In addition, it also reserves the right of its Government to make any additional reservation it may consider necessary up to and at the time of its ratification of these Final Acts.

58

Original: English

For Canada:

In signing the Final Acts of the World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003), the delegation of Canada reserves for its Government the right to take any measures it might deem necessary to safeguard its interests if another Member State of the Union should in any way fail to respect the conditions specified in the Final Acts or if the reservations made by any Member State should be prejudicial to the operation of radiocommunication services in Canada.

The delegation of Canada further declares that it reserves for its Government the right to make any statements or reservations when depositing its instruments of ratification for the Final Acts of the World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003).

Original: English

For Papua New Guinea:

In signing the Final Acts of the World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003), the delegation of Papua New Guinea, on behalf of the Government of Papua New Guinea, in light of declarations and reservations deposited by other Member States of ITU, is obliged to reserve for its Government the right to take such actions as it may consider necessary to safeguard and preserve its national interests should any Member State of ITU fail to observe the provisions of the Final Acts adopted by this Conference and in so doing cause harmful interference to, or, should reservations or actions by such Member States yields and the proper operation of radiocommunication and/or telecommunication systems and services which are under the jurisdiction of the Government of Papua New Guinea.

60

Original: French

For the Togolese Republic:

In signing the Final Acts of the World Radiocommunication Conference 2003 (WRC-03), the delegation of the Togolese Republic reserves for its Government the right:

- not to be bound by any provisions of the said Final Acts which may impair its sovereignty or offend against the laws of the Togolese Republic;
- to take all necessary action to safeguard its interests should certain Members fail to comply with the
 provisions of these Acts or should any reservations by other countries be contrary to its interests;
- to enter further reservations upon ratification of the instruments adopted by WRC-03.

61

Original: English

For Greece:

In signing the Final Acts of the World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003), the delegation of Greece declares:

- 1 that it reserves for its Government the right:
 - a) to take any action consistent with its national and international law that it may consider or deem necessary or useful to protect and safeguard its sovereign and inalienable rights and legitimate interests, should any Member of the International Telecommunication Union fail in any way to comply with or apply the provisions of these Final Acts, which include the Radio Regulations, Resolutions and Recommendations of the Conference, or should the acts of other entities or third parties affect its national sovereignty or the proper operation of its telecommunication services;
 - b) to make, under the Vienna Convention on the Law of Treaties, 1969, reservations to the abovementioned Final Acts at any time it considers proper between the date of signature and the date of their ratification or approval and not to be bound by any provision of these Final Acts or of the Constitution and the Convention of the International Telecommunication Union restricting its sovereign right to make reservations;
- 2 that it is fully established that the term "country", used in the provisions of these Final Acts and in any other instrument or act of the International Telecommunication Union with regard to its Members and their rights and obligations, is regarded as being synonymous in all respects with the term "sovereign State" as legally constituted and internationally recognized.

Original: French

For France:

In signing the Final Acts of the World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003), the French delegation expresses reservations against the possibility that the number and complexity of the texts adopted within a very limited time and the risks due to the speeding up of the process for the approval of documents might give rise to interpretations which were not in conformity with the final consensus of the Conference.

The delegation of France reserves for its Government the right to enter further declarations or reservations upon depositing its instruments of ratification of these revisions of the Radio Regulations.

More generally, the delegation of France reserves for its Government the right to take any measures it might deem necessary to protect its interests should any Member State of the Union fail to respect the provisions of these Final Acts or to comply with them or should reservations made by other countries jeopardize the efficient operation of its telecommunication services.

63

Original: Spanish

For Spain:

- 1 The delegation of Spain declares on behalf of its Government that it reserves for the Kingdom of Spain the right, in accordance with the Vienna Convention on the Law of Treaties of 23 May 1969, to express reservations to the Final Acts adopted by this Conference until such time as, in accordance with the provisions of Article 54 of the Constitution of the International Telecommunication Union, it consents to be bound by the revision to the Radio Regulations contained in those Final Acts.
- 2 The delegation of Spain declares on behalf of its Government that any reference to a country in the Radio Regulations and in the Resolutions and Recommendations adopted by this Conference, as subject to rights and obligations, will be understood only as constituting a Sovereign State.

64

Original: Spanish

For Cuba:

In signing the Final Acts of the World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003), the delegation of Cuba reserves for its Government the right to take such measures as it may deem necessary to safeguard its interests should other Member States fail to comply with the provisions of these Final Acts or use their radiocommunication services for purposes contrary to those established in the Preamble to the Constitution of the International Telecommunication Union, or in violation of the Preamble thereto.

The delegation of Cuba reserves for its Government the right to make any additional declaration or reservation that it may deem necessary until the time of its ratification of the present Final Acts.

Original: English

For the Republic of South Africa:

- 1 The delegation of the Republic of South Africa, in signing the Final Acts, reserves its Government's right to take any such action as it may consider necessary to safeguard its interests should any Member of the Union, in any way, fail to comply with the provisions of the Constitution and Convention of the International Telecommunication Union, the Radio Regulations of the ITU and the Final Acts of the World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003).
- 2 Should any reservation by a Member of the Union, directly or indirectly, affect the operation of its telecommunication services, the Republic of South Africa reserves its right to take any action that it may deem necessary.
- 3 The Republic of South Africa reiterates and incorporates by reference, all declarations made at all prior world radiocommunication conferences.
- 4 The delegation of the Republic of South Africa reserves the right of its Government to make any such additional declarations and reservations as may be necessary up to, and including, the time of ratification of the Final Acts of the World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003).

The delegation of the Republic of South Africa further reserves its Government's right:

- to take any such action as it may consider necessary to safeguard its interests, should any Member of the Union fail in any way to comply with the provisions of the Constitution and the Convention of the International Telecommunication Union (Marrakesh, 2002), or should reservations by such Members, directly or indirectly, affect the operations of its telecommunication services or its sovereignty.

66

Original: English

For the Republic of Hungary:

In signing the Final Acts of the World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003), the delegation of the Republic of Hungary reserves for its Government the right to take such action as it may consider necessary to safeguard its interests should any Member State of the Union fail in any way to observe or comply with the provisions of these Final Acts or should reservations by other countries jeopardize the proper operation of its radiocommunication services.

The delegation of the Republic of Hungary further declares that it reserves for its Government the right to make any additional statements or reservations when depositing its instruments of ratification for the Final Acts of the World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003).

67

Original: English

For the Lao People's Democratic Republic:

In signing the Final Acts of WRC-03, the delegation of Lao P.D.R. reserves for its Government the right to take any measures which it deems necessary to protect its rights and interests in any decision taken by the Conference related to modifying, amending, deleting and adding provisions, footnotes, tables, Appendices, Resolutions, Recommendations, etc. in the Radio Regulations. Moreover, the delay in processing, by the Bureau, of the backlog of filings must not prejudice the rights and interests of Lao P.D.R. in any of its filings.

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In addition, should any Member of the Union fail, in any way, to comply with the provisions of the Final Acts, Plans, Lists, Annexes and Radio Regulations and all related decisions of the Conference, including any agreements entered into during the course of the Conference, in using its existing services and introducing new services for space, terrestrial and other applications or should any reservation made by other Members jeopardize the proper operation of its telecommunication services, the delegation of Lao P.D.R. reserves for its Government the right to take any measures which it deems necessary to protect its rights and interests.

Except as specified in agreements between Lao P.D.R. and other administrations entered into prior to 4 July 2003, the delegation of Lao P.D.R. reserves for its Government the position it has taken in ratifying the Final Acts of WRC-2000 on the matter of the adoption and application of RR 23.13 including any related regulatory and procedural provisions.

68

Original: English

For the State of Israel:

- 1 The Government of the State of Israel hereby declares its right:
 - a) to take any action it deems necessary to protect its interests and to safeguard the operation of its telecommunication services, should they be affected by the decisions or resolutions of this Conference or by the reservations made by other Member States;
 - b) to take any action to safeguard its interests should any Member State fail to comply with the Constitution and Convention of the International Telecommunication Union or the Annexes and Protocols attached thereto, the Radio Regulations and the Final Acts of the World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003); or should reservations made by other Member States appear to be detrimental to the operation of its telecommunication services.
- 2 The Government of the State of Israel reserves the right to amend the foregoing reservations and declarations and to make any further reservations and declarations it may consider necessary up to the time of depositing its instrument of ratification of the Final Acts of the World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003).

69

Original: English

For the Federal Republic of Germany, the Republic of Cyprus, Denmark, Spain, the Republic of Estonia, France, the Republic of Hungary, Ireland, Iceland, Italy, the Republic of Latvia, the Principality of Liechtenstein, Luxembourg, Malta, the Kingdom of the Netherlands, Portugal, the Slovak Republic, the Czech Republic, the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, Sweden and the Confederation of Switzerland:

At the time of signing the Final Acts of the World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003), the delegations of the above-mentioned countries formally declare that they maintain the declarations and reservations made by their countries when signing the Final Acts of previous treaty-making conferences of the Union as if they were made in full at this World Radiocommunication Conference.

Original: English

Original:

English

For the Czech Republic:

In signing the Final Acts of the World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003), the delegation of the Czech Republic declares that it reserves for its Government the right to take any action which it may deem necessary to safeguard its interests should any Member State fail to comply with the provisions of the Constitution and Convention of the International Telecommunication Union, its Annexes and the Protocols attached thereto and the Radio Regulations.

The same reservation is made for the Government with regard to the Final Acts of the World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003) and with regard to any reservations or actions by other Member States, which could affect adversely its telecommunication and radiocommunication services.

71

For the Slovak Republic:

In signing the Final Acts of the World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003), the delegation of the Slovak Republic reserves for its Government the right to take any action as it may consider necessary, to safeguard its interests should any Member of the ITU fail in any way to observe or comply with the provisions of the Final Acts and Annexes adopted by the Conference or should the reservations made by the representatives of other States jeopardize the proper operation of its telecommunication services.

LV

FA

Additional declarations and reservations

72

Original: English

For the State of Israel:

- 1 Declaration No. 29, made by certain Member States in respect of the Final Acts, contravenes the principles and purposes of the International Telecommunication Union, and is therefore devoid of legal validity.
- 2 The Government of the State of Israel wishes to put on record that it rejects the aforesaid declaration, which politicizes and undermines the work of ITU.
- 3 Should any Member State that has made the foregoing declaration act towards Israel in a manner which violates Israel's rights as a Member State of ITU, or breaches such Member State's obligations towards Israel as such, the State of Israel reserves its right to act towards such Member State in a reciprocal fashion.

73

Original: English

For the Arab Republic of Egypt:

Taking note of declarations in Document 399 and in signing the Final Acts of the World Radiocommunication Conference (WRC-03) (Geneva, 2003), the delegation of Egypt (Arab Republic of) reserves for its Government the right to take any action and preservation measures it deems necessary to safeguard its national interests should any Member of the Union in any way fail to comply with the provisions of the Final Acts of this Conference, or should reservations made upon signing the Final Acts, or other measures taken by any Member of the Union, jeopardize the proper operation of its country's telecommunication services.

74

Original: English

For the Republic of Croatia:

In reviewing the declarations and reservations made by Member States and contained in Document 399, the delegation of Croatia on behalf of its Government declares the additional declaration as follows:

In signing the Final Acts of the World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003), the delegation of Croatia expresses reservations against the possibility that the number and complexity of documents adopted within a very limited time and the risks due to the speeding up of the process for the approval of documents might give rise to interpretations which were not in conformity with the final consensus of the Conference.

Additionally, the delegation of Croatia reserves for its Government the right to take any measures it might deem necessary to safeguard its interests if another Member State of the Union should in any way fail to respect the conditions specified in the Final Acts of the World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003) or if the reservations made by any Member State should be prejudicial to the operation of radiocommunication and telecommunication services in Croatia.

Original: English

For Bosnia and Herzegovina:

For reviewing the declarations and reservations made by Member States and contained in Document 399, the delegation of Bosnia and Herzegovina on behalf of its Government declares the additional declarations as follows:

In signing the Final Acts of the World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003), the delegation of Bosnia and Herzegovina reserves for its Government the right to take any measures it might deem necessary to safeguard its interests if another Member State of the Union should in any way fail to respect the conditions specified in the Final Acts or if the reservations made by any Member State should be prejudicial to the operation of radiocommunication services in Bosnia and Herzegovina.

The delegation of Bosnia and Herzegovina further declares that it reserves for its Government the right to make any statements or reservations when depositing its instruments of ratification of the Final Acts for the World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003).

76

Original: English

For the Republic of Kenya:

Having taken note of some of the declarations of the Member States, the delegation of the Republic of Kenya to the World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003), reserves, for its Government, the right to take such actions as it may consider necessary to safeguard and protect its interests should any Member fail in any way to comply with the provisions of the Constitution and Convention of the International Telecommunication Union (Geneva, 1992), the Radio Regulations of the ITU and the Final Acts of the World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003) and/or any other instruments associated therewith.

The declaration further affirms that the Government of the Republic of Kenya does not accept responsibility for the consequences arising out of any reservations made by other Members of the Union.

77

Original: English

For the Republic of Uganda:

Having noted some of the declarations of the Member States, the delegation of the Republic of Uganda to the World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003), reserves for its Government the right to take such measures it considers appropriate to safeguard its legitimate interests on the decisions taken by the Conference.

The Government of Uganda, within the provisions of the International Telecommunication Union and the Radio Regulations as revised and contained in the Final Acts of the World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003), further reserves the right to take any action it deems necessary to safeguard its national interests should the reservations by any administration or administrations affect its national sovereignty.

FA

Original: English

For the United States of America:

The United States of America, noting Declaration 64 entered by the delegation of Cuba, and the statement by the delegate of Cuba contained in Document 139 of the World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003), recalls its right to broadcast to Cuba on appropriate frequencies free of jamming and other wrongful interference and reserves its right with respect to existing interference and any future interference by Cuba with US broadcasting.

79

Original: English

For the Federated States of Micronesia:

After having considered the declarations and reservations contained in Document 399, the delegation of the United States of America, acting on behalf of the Government of the Federated States of Micronesia pursuant to Article 31 of the International Telecommunication Union Convention (Geneva, 1992), as amended by the Plenipotentiary Conference (Kyoto, 1994), declares that it reserves for the Government of the Federated States of Micronesia the right to make any declarations or reservations necessary to Micronesian interests should declarations or reservations made by other Member States jeopardize the proper operation of the telecommunication services of the Federated States of Micronesia.

80

Original: English

For the Federal Republic of Germany, Australia, Belgium, the Republic of Cyprus, Denmark, the United States of America, France, Greece, the Republic of Hungary, Ireland, Japan, the Principality of Liechtenstein, Luxembourg, Malta, the Federated States of Micronesia, Norway, New Zealand, the Kingdom of the Netherlands, Portugal, the Slovak Republic, the Czech Republic, the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, Sweden and the Confederation of Switzerland:

The delegations of the above-mentioned countries referring to the declaration made by the Republic of Colombia (No. 41), inasmuch as this statement refers to the Bogota Declaration of 3 December 1976 by equatorial countries and to the claims of those countries to exercise sovereign rights over segments of the geostationary-satellite orbit, and similar statements, consider the claims in question cannot be recognized by this Conference. Further, the above-mentioned delegations wish to affirm or reaffirm the declarations made on behalf of a number of the above-mentioned administrations in this regard when signing the Final Acts of previous conferences of the International Telecommunication Union as of these declarations were here repeated in full.

The above-mentioned delegations also wish to state that reference in Article 44 of the Constitution to the "geographical situation of particular countries" does not imply a recognition of claim to any preferential rights to the geostationary-satellite orbit.

Original: English

For the United Republic of Tanzania:

Having considered the declarations included in Document 399, the delegation of the United Republic of Tanzania:

- 1 declares that it reserves for its Government the right to take any action it may consider necessary to safeguard its interests should any Member of the Union, in anyway, fail to comply with the provisions of the Constitution and Convention of the International Telecommunication Union, the Radio Regulations of the ITU and the Final Acts of the World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003);
- 2 should any reservation by a Member of the Union, directly or indirectly, affect operation of its telecommunication services, the United Republic of Tanzania reserves its right to take any action that it may deem necessary;
- 3 further, the delegation of the United Republic of Tanzania reserves the right of its Government to make such additional declarations and reservations as may be necessary up to, and including, the time of ratification of the Final Acts of the World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003).

82

Original: English

For Papua New Guinea:

After having considered the declarations and reservations contained in Document 399, the delegation of Papua New Guinea further declares that it reserves for its Government the right to make any additional statements or reservations it may consider necessary up to and including the time when it deposits its instruments of ratification for the Final Acts of the World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003).

ARTICLES

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ARTICLE 1

Terms and definitions

MOD

1.14 *Coordinated Universal Time (UTC):* Time scale, based on the second (SI), as defined in Recommendation ITU-R TF.460-6. (WRC-03)

ADD

1.146A *out-of-band domain* (of an emission): The frequency range, immediately outside the necessary bandwidth but excluding the *spurious domain*, in which *out-of-band emissions* generally predominate. *Out-of-band emissions*, defined based on their source, occur in the out-of-band domain and, to a lesser extent, in the *spurious domain. Spurious emissions* likewise may occur in the out-of-band domain as well as in the *spurious domain*. (WRC-03)

ADD

1.146B *spurious domain* (of an emission): The frequency range beyond the *out-ofband domain* in which *spurious emissions* generally predominate. (WRC-03)

MOD

1.189 geostationary satellite: A geosynchronous satellite whose circular and direct orbit lies in the plane of the Earth's equator and which thus remains fixed relative to the Earth; by extension, a geosynchronous satellite which remains approximately fixed relative to the Earth. (WRC-03)

ARTICLE 3

Technical characteristics of stations

MOD

3.6 Transmitting stations shall conform to the maximum permitted power levels for spurious emissions or for unwanted emissions in the spurious domain specified in Appendix **3.** (WRC-03)

MOD

3.7 Transmitting stations shall conform to the maximum permitted power levels for out-of-band emissions, or unwanted emissions in the out-of-band domain, specified for certain services and classes of emission in the present Regulations. In the absence of such specified maximum permitted power levels transmitting stations should, to the maximum extent possible, satisfy the requirements relating to the limitation of the out-of-band emissions, or unwanted emissions in the out-of-band domain, specified in the most recent ITU-R Recommendations (see Resolution **27 (Rev.WRC-03)**). (WRC-03)

ARTICLE 4

Assignment and use of frequencies

Section I – General rules

MOD

4.8 Where, in adjacent Regions or sub-Regions, a band of frequencies is allocated to different services of the same category (see Sections I and II of Article **5**), the basic principle is the equality of right to operate. Accordingly, the stations of each service in one Region or sub-Region must operate so as not to cause harmful interference to any service of the same or higher category in the other Regions or sub-Regions. (WRC-03)

ARTICLE 5

Frequency allocations

Section IV – Table of Frequency Allocations (See No. 2.1)

MOD

5.56 The stations of services to which the bands 14-19.95 kHz and 20.05-70 kHz and in Region 1 also the bands 72-84 kHz and 86-90 kHz are allocated may transmit standard frequency and time signals. Such stations shall be afforded protection from harmful interference. In Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Bulgaria, the Russian Federation, Georgia, Kazakhstan, Mongolia, Kyrgyzstan, Slovakia, the Czech Rep., Tajikistan and Turkmenistan, the frequencies 25 kHz and 50 kHz will be used for this purpose under the same conditions. (WRC-03)

MOD

5.68 Alternative allocation: in Angola, Burundi, Congo (Rep. of the), Malawi, Dem. Rep. of the Congo, Rwanda and South Africa, the band 160-200 kHz is allocated to the fixed service on a primary basis. (WRC-03)

MOD

5.70 *Alternative allocation:* in Angola, Botswana, Burundi, Cameroon, the Central African Rep., Congo (Rep. of the), Ethiopia, Lesotho, Madagascar, Malawi, Mozambique, Namibia, Nigeria, Oman, Dem. Rep. of the Congo, Rwanda, South Africa, Swaziland, Tanzania, Chad, Zambia and Zimbabwe, the band 200-283.5 kHz is allocated to the aeronautical radionavigation service on a primary basis. (WRC-03)

MOD

5.87 *Additional allocation:* in Angola, Botswana, Lesotho, Malawi, Mozambique, Namibia, South Africa, Swaziland and Zimbabwe, the band 526.5-535 kHz is also allocated to the mobile service on a secondary basis. (WRC-03)

MOD

5.96 In Germany, Armenia, Austria, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Denmark, Estonia, the Russian Federation, Finland, Georgia, Hungary, Ireland, Iceland, Israel, Kazakhstan, Latvia, Liechtenstein, Lithuania, Malta, Moldova, Norway, Uzbekistan, Poland, Kyrgyzstan, Slovakia, the Czech Rep., the United Kingdom, Sweden, Switzerland, Tajikistan, Turkmenistan and Ukraine, administrations may allocate up to 200 kHz to their amateur service in the bands 1715-1800 kHz and 1850-2000 kHz. However, when allocating the bands within this range to their amateur service, administrations shall, after prior consultation with administrations of neighbouring countries, take such steps as may be necessary to prevent harmful interference from their amateur service to the fixed and mobile services of other countries. The mean power of any amateur station shall not exceed 10 W. (WRC-03)

MOD

5.98 *Alternative allocation:* in Angola, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Belgium, Bulgaria, Cameroon, Congo (Rep. of the), Denmark, Egypt, Eritrea, Spain, Ethiopia, the Russian Federation, Georgia, Greece, Italy, Kazakhstan, Lebanon, Lithuania, Moldova, Syrian Arab Republic, Kyrgyzstan, Somalia, Tajikistan, Turisia, Turkmenistan, Turkey and Ukraine, the band 1810-1830 kHz is allocated to the fixed and mobile, except aeronautical mobile, services on a primary basis. (WRC-03)

MOD

5.99 Additional allocation: in Saudi Arabia, Austria, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Iraq, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Uzbekistan, Slovakia, Romania, Serbia and Montenegro. Slovenia, Chad, and Togo, the band 1810-1830 kHz is also allocated to the fixed and mobile, except aeronautical mobile, services on a primary basis. (WRC-03)

MOD

5.107 Additional allocation: in Saudi Arabia, Eritrea, Ethiopia, Iraq, Lesotho, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Somalia and Swaziland, the band 2 160-2 170 kHz is also allocated to the fixed and mobile, except aeronautical mobile (R), services on a primary basis. The mean power of stations in these services shall not exceed 50 W. (WRC-03)

MOD

5.112 Alternative allocation: in Bosnia and Herzegovina, Denmark, Malta, Serbia and Montenegro. and Sri Lanka, the band 2 194-2 300 kHz is allocated to the fixed and mobile, except aeronautical mobile, services on a primary basis. (WRC-03)

MOD

5.114 Alternative allocation: in Bosnia and Herzegovina, Denmark, Iraq, Malta, and Serbia and Montenegro, the band 2 502-2 625 kHz is allocated to the fixed and mobile, except aeronautical mobile, services on a primary basis. (WRC-03)

MOD

5.117 Alternative allocation: in Bosnia and Herzegovina, Côte d'Ivoire, Denmark, Egypt, Liberia, Malta, Serbia and Montenegro, Sri Lanka and Togo, the band 3 155-3 200 kHz is allocated to the fixed and mobile, except aeronautical mobile, services on a primary basis. (WRC-03)

MOD

5.118 *Additional allocation:* in the United States, Mexico, Peru and Uruguay, the band 3 230-3 400 kHz is also allocated to the radiolocation service on a secondary basis. (WRC-03)

6765-8100 kHz

| Allocation to services | | | |
|------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------|--|
| Region 1 | Region 2 | Region 3 | |
| 6 765-7 000 | FIXED | | |
| | MOBILE except aeronautical mobil | le (R) | |
| | 5.138 5.138A 5.139 | | |
| 7 000-7 100 | AMATEUR | | |
| | AMATEUR-SATELLITE | | |
| | 5.140 5.141 5.141A | | |
| 7 100-7 200 | AMATEUR | AMATEUR | |
| | 5.141A 5.141B 5.141C | | |
| | 5.142 | | |
| 7 200-7 300 | 7 200-7 300 | 7 200-7 300 | |
| BROADCASTING | AMATEUR | BROADCASTING | |
| | 5.142 | | |
| 7 300-7 400 | BROADCASTING 5.134 | | |
| | 5.143 | | |
| | 5.143A 5.143B 5.143C 5.143D | | |
| 7 400-7 450 | 7 400-7 450 | 7 400-7 450 | |
| BROADCASTING | FIXED | BROADCASTING | |
| 5.143B 5.143C | MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R) | 5.143A 5.143C | |
| 7 450-8 100 | FIXED | • | |
| | MOBILE except aeronautical mobil | le (R) | |
| | 5.143E 5.144 | | |

MOD

5.134 The use of the bands 5900-5950 kHz, 7300-7350 kHz, 9400-9500 kHz, 11600-11650 kHz, 12050-12100 kHz, 13570-13600 kHz, 13800-13870 kHz, 15600-15800 kHz, 17480-17550 kHz and 18900-19020 kHz by the broadcasting service as from 1 April 2007 is subject to the application of the procedure of Article 12. Administrations are urged to use these bands to facilitate the introduction of digitally modulated emissions in accordance with the provisions of Resolution **517** (Rev.WRC-03). (WRC-03)

ADD

5.138A Until 29 March 2009, the band 6765-7000 kHz is allocated to the fixed service on a primary basis and to the land mobile service on a secondary basis. After this date, this band is allocated to the fixed and the mobile except aeronautical mobile (R) services on a primary basis. (WRC-03)

MOD

5.139 *Different category of service:* until 29 March 2009, in Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, the Russian Federation, Georgia, Kazakhstan, Latvia, Lithuania, Moldova, Mongolia, Uzbekistan, Kyrgyzstan, Tajikistan, Turkmenistan and Ukraine, the allocation of the band 6765-7000 kHz to the land mobile service is on a primary basis (see No. **5.33**). (WRC-03)

MOD

5.140 Additional allocation: in Angola, Iraq, Kenya, Rwanda, Somalia and Togo, the band 7 000-7 050 kHz is also allocated to the fixed service on a primary basis. (WRC-03)

ADD

5.141A Additional allocation: in Uzbekistan and Kyrgyzstan, the bands 7000-7100 kHz and 7100-7200 kHz are also allocated to the fixed and land mobile services on a secondary basis. (WRC-03)

ADD

5.141B Additional allocation: after 29 March 2009, in Algeria, Saudi Arabia, Australia, Bahrain, Botswana, Brunei Darussalam, China, Comoros, Korea (Rep. of), Diego Garcia, Djibouti, Egypt, United Arab Emirates, Eritrea, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Japan, Jordan, Kuwait, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Morocco, Mauritania, New Zealand, Oman, Papua New Guinea, Qatar, Syrian Arab Republic, Singapore, Sudan, Tunisia, Viet Nam and Yemen, the band 7100-7200 kHz is also allocated to the fixed and the mobile, except aeronautical mobile (R), services on a primary basis. (WRC-03)

ADD

5.141C In Regions 1 and 3, the band 7 100-7 200 kHz is allocated to the broadcasting service until 29 March 2009 on a primary basis. (WRC-03)

MOD

5.142 Until 29 March 2009, the use of the band 7 100-7 300 kHz in Region 2 by the amateur service shall not impose constraints on the broadcasting service intended for use within Region 1 and Region 3. After 29 March 2009 the use of the band 7 200-7 300 kHz in Region 2 by the amateur service shall not impose constraints on the broadcasting service intended for use within Region 1 and Region 3. (WRC-03)

ADD

5.143A In Region 3, the band 7350-7450 kHz is allocated, until 29 March 2009, to the fixed service on a primary basis and to the land mobile service on a secondary basis. After 29 March 2009, frequencies in this band may be used by stations in the above-mentioned services, communicating only within the boundary of the country in which they are located, on condition that harmful interference is not caused to the broadcasting service. When using frequencies for these services, administrations are urged to use the minimum power required and to take account of the seasonal use of frequencies by the broadcasting service published in accordance with the Radio Regulations. (WRC-03)

ADD

5.143B In Region 1, the band 7350-7450 kHz is allocated, until 29 March 2009, to the fixed service on a primary basis and to the land mobile service on a secondary basis. After 29 March 2009, on condition that harmful interference is not caused to the broadcasting service, frequencies in the band 7350-7450 kHz may be used by stations in the fixed and land mobile services communicating only within the boundary of the country in which they are located, each station using a total radiated power that shall not exceed 24 dBW. (WRC-03)

ADD

5.143C Additional allocation: after 29 March 2009 in Algeria, Saudi Arabia, Bahrain, Comoros, Djibouti, Egypt, United Arab Emirates, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Jordan, Kuwait, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Morocco, Mauritania, Oman, Qatar, Syrian Arab Republic, Sudan, Tunisia and Yemen, the bands 7350-7400 kHz and 7400-7450 kHz are also allocated to the fixed service on a primary basis. (WRC-03)

10

ADD

5.143D In Region 2, the band 7350-7400 kHz is allocated, until 29 March 2009, to the fixed service on a primary basis and to the land mobile service on a secondary basis. After 29 March 2009, frequencies in this band may be used by stations in the above-mentioned services, communicating only within the boundary of the country in which they are located, on condition that harmful interference is not caused to the broadcasting service. When using frequencies for these services, administrations are urged to use the minimum power required and to take account of the seasonal use of frequencies by the broadcasting service published in accordance with the Radio Regulations. (WRC-03)

ADD

5.143E Until 29 March 2009, the band 7450-8100 kHz is allocated to the fixed service on a primary basis and to the land mobile service on a secondary basis. (WRC-03)

MOD

5.152 Additional allocation: in Armenia, Azerbaijan, China, Côte d'Ivoire, the Russian Federation, Georgia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Kazakhstan, Uzbekistan, Kyrgyzstan, Tajikistan, Turkmenistan and Ukraine, the band 14 250-14 350 kHz is also allocated to the fixed service on a primary basis. Stations of the fixed service shall not use a radiated power exceeding 24 dBW. (WRC-03)

MOD

5.154 *Additional allocation:* in Armenia, Azerbaijan, the Russian Federation, Georgia, Kazakhstan, Kyrgyzstan, Tajikistan, Turkmenistan and Ukraine, the band 18068-18168 kHz is also allocated to the fixed service on a primary basis for use within their boundaries, with a peak envelope power not exceeding 1 kW. (WRC-03)

MOD

5.155 *Additional allocation:* in Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Bulgaria, the Russian Federation, Georgia, Kazakhstan, Moldova, Mongolia, Uzbekistan, Kyrgyzstan, Slovakia, the Czech Rep., Tajikistan, Turkmenistan and Ukraine, the band 21 850-21 870 kHz is also allocated to the aeronautical mobile (R) services on a primary basis. (WRC-03)

MOD

5.163 *Additional allocation:* in Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, the Russian Federation, Georgia, Hungary, Kazakhstan, Latvia, Lithuania, Moldova, Mongolia, Uzbekistan, Kyrgyzstan, Slovakia, the Czech Rep., Tajikistan, Turkmenistan and Ukraine, the bands 47-48.5 MHz and 56.5-58 MHz are also allocated to the fixed and land mobile services on a secondary basis. (WRC-03)

MOD

5.164 *Additional allocation:* in Albania, Germany, Austria, Belgium, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Botswana, Bulgaria, Côte d'Ivoire, Denmark, Spain, Estonia, Finland, France, Gabon, Greece, Ireland, Israel, Italy, Jordan, Lebanon, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Liechtenstein, Luxembourg, Madagascar, Mali, Malta, Morocco, Mauritania, Monaco, Nigeria, Norway, the Netherlands, Poland, Syrian Arab Republic, the United Kingdom, Serbia and Montenegro, Slovenia, Sweden, Switzerland, Swaziland, Chad, Togo, Tunisia and Turkey, the band 47-68 MHz, in Romania the band 47-58 MHz, in South Africa the band 47-50 MHz, and in the Czech Rep. the band 66-68 MHz, are also allocated to the land mobile service on a primary basis. However, stations of the land mobile service in the countries mentioned in connection with each band referred to in this footnote shall not cause harmful interference to, or claim protection from, existing or planned broadcasting stations of countries other than those mentioned in connection with the band. (WRC-03)

MOD

5.174 *Alternative allocation:* in Bulgaria, Hungary and Romania, the band 68-73 MHz is allocated to the broadcasting service on a primary basis and used in accordance with the decisions in the Final Acts of the Special Regional Conference (Geneva, 1960). (WRC-03)

MOD

5.177 *Additional allocation:* in Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Bulgaria, the Russian Federation, Georgia, Kazakhstan, Latvia, Moldova, Uzbekistan, Kyrgyzstan, Tajikistan, Turkmenistan and Ukraine, the band 73-74 MHz is also allocated to the broadcasting service on a primary basis, subject to agreement obtained under No. **9.21**. (WRC-03)

MOD

5.179 Additional allocation: in Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Bulgaria, China, the Russian Federation, Georgia, Kazakhstan, Lithuania, Moldova, Mongolia, Kyrgyzstan, Slovakia, Tajikistan, Turkmenistan and Ukraine, the bands 74.6-74.8 MHz and 75.2-75.4 MHz are also allocated to the aeronautical radionavigation service, on a primary basis, for ground-based transmitters only. (WRC-03)

MOD

5.181 *Additional allocation:* in Egypt, Israel and Syrian Arab Republic, the band 74.8-75.2 MHz is also allocated to the mobile service on a secondary basis, subject to agreement obtained under No. **9.21**. In order to ensure that harmful interference is not caused to stations of the aeronautical radionavigation service, stations of the mobile service shall not be introduced in the band until it is no longer required for the aeronautical radionavigation service by any administration which may be identified in the application of the procedure invoked under No. **9.21**. (WRC-03)

MOD

75.2-137.175 MHz

| | Allocation to services | |
|----------------------------|------------------------------|----------|
| Region 1 Region 2 Region 3 | | Region 3 |
| 108-117.975 | AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION | |
| | 5.197 5.197A | |

ADD

5.197A The band 108-117.975 MHz may also be used by the aeronautical mobile (R) service on a primary basis, limited to systems that transmit navigational information in support of air navigation and surveillance functions in accordance with recognized international aviation standards. Such use shall be in accordance with Resolution **413** (WRC-03) and shall not cause harmful interference to nor claim protection from stations operating in the aeronautical radionavigation service which operate in accordance with international aeronautical standards. (WRC-03)

MOD

5.203B Additional allocation: in Saudi Arabia, United Arab Emirates, Oman and Syrian Arab Republic, the band 136-137 MHz is also allocated to the fixed and mobile, except aeronautical mobile, services on a secondary basis until 1 January 2005. (WRC-03)

MOD

5.204 Different category of service: in Afghanistan, Saudi Arabia, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Brunei Darussalam, China, Cuba, the United Arab Emirates, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Malaysia, Oman, Pakistan, the Philippines, Qatar, Serbia and Montenegro, Singapore, Thailand and Yemen, the band 137-138 MHz is allocated to the fixed and mobile, except aeronautical mobile (R), services on a primary basis (see No. **5.33**). (WRC-03)

5.210 Additional allocation: in France, Italy, the Czech Rep. and the United Kingdom, the bands 138-143.6 MHz and 143.65-144 MHz are also allocated to the space research service (space-to-Earth) on a secondary basis. (WRC-03)

MOD

5.212 Alternative allocation: in Angola, Botswana, Burundi, Cameroon, the Central African Rep., Congo (Rep. of the), Gabon, Gambia, Ghana, Guinea, Iraq, Jordan, Lesotho, Liberia, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Malawi, Mozambique, Namibia, Oman, Uganda, Dem. Rep. of the Congo, Rwanda, Sierra Leone, South Africa, Swaziland, Chad, Togo, Zambia and Zimbabwe, the band 138-144 MHz is allocated to the fixed and mobile services on a primary basis. (WRC-03)

MOD

5 2 2 1 Stations of the mobile-satellite service in the band 148-149.9 MHz shall not cause harmful interference to, or claim protection from, stations of the fixed or mobile services operating in accordance with the Table of Frequency Allocations in the following countries: Albania, Algeria, Germany, Saudi Arabia, Australia, Austria, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Barbados, Belarus, Belgium, Benin, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Botswana, Brunei Darussalam, Bulgaria, Cameroon, China, Cyprus, Congo (Rep. of the), Korea (Rep. of), Côte d'Ivoire, Croatia, Cuba, Denmark, Egypt, the United Arab Emirates, Eritrea, Spain, Estonia, Ethiopia, the Russian Federation, Finland, France, Gabon, Ghana, Greece, Guinea, Guinea Bissau, Hungary, India, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Ireland, Iceland, Israel, Italy, Jamaica, Japan, Jordan, Kazakhstan, Kenya, Kuwait, The Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, Lesotho, Latvia, Lebanon, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Liechtenstein, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malaysia, Mali, Malta, Mauritania, Moldova, Mongolia, Mozambique, Namibia, Norway, New Zealand, Oman, Uganda, Uzbekistan, Pakistan, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Paraguay, the Netherlands, the Philippines, Poland, Portugal, Qatar, Syrian Arab Republic, Kyrgyzstan, Slovakia, Romania, the United Kingdom, Senegal, Serbia and Montenegro, Sierra Leone, Singapore, Slovenia, Sri Lanka, South Africa, Sweden, Switzerland, Swaziland, Tanzania, Chad, Thailand, Togo, Tonga, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Turkey, Ukraine, Viet Nam, Yemen, Zambia, and Zimbabwe. (WRC-03)

MOD

5.237 *Additional allocation:* in Congo (Rep. of the), Eritrea, Ethiopia, Gambia, Guinea, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Malawi, Mali, Sierra Leone, Somali, Chad and Zimbabwe, the band 174-223 MHz is also allocated to the fixed and mobile services on a secondary basis. (WRC-03)

MOD

220-335.4 MHz

| | Allocation to services | |
|--------------------------------|-------------------------------------|----|
| Region 1 Region 2 Region 3 | | |
| 235-267 FIXED | | |
| | MOBILE | |
| | 5.111 5.199 5.252 5.254 5.256 5.256 | 5A |

MOD

5.254 The bands 235-322 MHz and 335.4-399.9 MHz may be used by the mobile-satellite service, subject to agreement obtained under No. **9.21**, on condition that stations in this service do not cause harmful interference to those of other services operating or planned to be operated in accordance with the Table of Frequency Allocations except for the additional allocation made in footnote No. **5.256A**. (WRC-03)

ADD

5.256A Additional allocation: in China, the Russian Federation, Kazakhstan and Ukraine, the band 258-261 MHz is also allocated to the space research service (Earth-to-space) and space operation service (Earth-to-space) on a primary basis. Stations in the space research service (Earth-to-space) and space operation service (Earth-to-space) shall not cause harmful interference to, nor claim protection from, nor constrain the use and development of the mobile service systems and mobile-satellite service systems operating in the band. Stations in space research service (Earth-to-space) shall not constrain the future development of fixed service systems of other countries. (WRC-03)

MOD

5.262 Additional allocation: in Saudi Arabia, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Bahrain, Belarus, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Botswana, Bulgaria, Colombia, Costa Rica, Cuba, Egypt, the United Arab Emirates, Ecuador, the Russian Federation, Georgia, Hungary, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Israel, Jordan, Kazakhstan, Kuwait, Liberia, Malaysia, Moldova, Uzbekistan, Pakistan, the Philippines, Qatar, Syrian Arab Republic, Kyrgyzstan, Romania, Serbia and Montenegro, Singapore, Somalia, Tajikistan, Turkmenistan and Ukraine, the band 400.05-401 MHz is also allocated to the fixed and mobile services on a primary basis. (WRC-03)

MOD

Allocation to services Region 1 Region 2 Region 3 430-432 430-432 AMATEUR RADIOLOCATION RADIOLOCATION Amateur 5.271 5.272 5.273 5.274 5.275 5.276 5.277 5.271 5.276 5.277 5.278 5.279 432-438 432-438 AMATEUR RADIOLOCATION RADIOLOCATION Amateur Earth exploration-satellite Earth exploration-satellite (active) 5.279A (active) 5.279A 5.138 5.271 5.272 5.276 5.277 5.280 5.281 5.282 5.271 5.276 5.277 5.278 5.279 5.281 5.282 438-440 438-440 AMATEUR RADIOLOCATION RADIOLOCATION Amateur 5.271 5.273 5.274 5.275 5.276 5.277 5.283 5.271 5.276 5.277 5.278 5.279

410-470 MHz

MOD

5.271 Additional allocation: in Azerbaijan, Belarus, China, India, Latvia, Lithuania, Kyrgyzstan and Turkmenistan, the band 420-460 MHz is also allocated to the aeronautical radionavigation service (radio altimeters) on a secondary basis. (WRC-03)

MOD

5.273 *Different category of service:* in Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, the allocation of the bands 430-432 MHz and 438-440 MHz to the radiolocation service is on a secondary basis (see No. **5.32**). (WRC-03)

5.277 *Additional allocation:* in Angola, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Cameroon, Congo (Rep. of the), Djibouti, the Russian Federation, Georgia, Hungary, Israel, Kazakhstan, Mali, Moldova, Mongolia, Uzbekistan, Poland, Kyrgyzstan, Slovakia, the Czech Rep., Romania, Rwanda, Tajikistan, Chad, Turkmenistan and Ukraine, the band 430-440 MHz is also allocated to the fixed service on a primary basis. (WRC-03)

ADD

5.279A The use of this band by sensors in the Earth exploration-satellite service (active) shall be in accordance with Recommendation ITU-R SA.1260-1. Additionally, the Earth exploration-satellite service (active) in the band 432-438 MHz shall not cause harmful interference to the aeronautical radionavigation service in China.

The provisions of this footnote in no way diminish the obligation of the Earth exploration-satellite service (active) to operate as a secondary service in accordance with Nos. **5.29** and **5.30**. (WRC-03)

MOD

5.288 In the territorial waters of the United States and the Philippines, the preferred frequencies for use by on-board communication stations shall be 457.525 MHz, 457.550 MHz, 457.575 MHz and 457.600 MHz paired, respectively, with 467.750 MHz, 467.775 MHz, 467.800 MHz and 467.825 MHz. The characteristics of the equipment used shall conform to those specified in Recommendation ITU-R M.1174-1. (WRC-03)

MOD

5.294 *Additional allocation:* in Burundi, Cameroon, Congo (Rep. of the), Côte d'Ivoire, Ethiopia, Israel, Kenya, Lebanon, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Malawi, Syrian Arab Republic, Sudan, Chad and Yemen, the band 470-582 MHz is also allocated to the fixed service on a secondary basis. (WRC-03)

MOD

5.296 Additional allocation: in Germany, Austria, Belgium, Côte d'Ivoire, Denmark, Spain, Finland, France, Ireland, Israel, Italy, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Lithuania, Malta, Morocco, Monaco, Norway, the Netherlands, Portugal, Syrian Arab Republic, the United Kingdom, Sweden, Switzerland, Swaziland and Tunisia, the band 470-790 MHz is also allocated on a secondary basis to the land mobile service, intended for applications ancillary to broadcasting. Stations of the land mobile service in the countries listed in this footnote shall not cause harmful interference to existing or planned stations operating in accordance with the Table in countries other than those listed in this footnote. (WRC-03)

MOD

5.311 Within the frequency band 620-790 MHz, assignments may be made to television stations using frequency modulation in the broadcasting-satellite service subject to agreement between the administrations concerned and those having services, operating in accordance with the Table, which may be affected (see Resolutions 33 (Rev.WRC-03) and 507 (Rev.WRC-03)). Such stations shall not produce a power flux-density in excess of the value -129 dB(W/m²) for angles of arrival less than 20° (see Recommendation 705) within the territories of other countries without the consent of the administrations of those countries. Resolution 545 (WRC-03) applies. (WRC-03)

MOD

5.312 *Additional allocation:* in Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Bulgaria, the Russian Federation, Georgia, Hungary, Kazakhstan, Moldova, Mongolia, Uzbekistan, Poland, Kyrgyzstan, Slovakia, the Czech Rep., Romania, Tajikistan, Turkmenistan and Ukraine, the band 645-862 MHz is also allocated to the aeronautical radionavigation service on a primary basis. (WRC-03)

5.316 Additional allocation: in Germany, Saudi Arabia, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Burkina Faso, Cameroon, Côte d'Ivoire, Croatia, Denmark, Egypt, Finland, Greece, Israel, Jordan, Kenya, The Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Liechtenstein, Mali, Monaco, Norway, the Netherlands, Portugal, the United Kingdom, Syrian Arab Republic, Serbia and Montenegro, Sweden and Switzerland, the band 790-830 MHz, and in these same countries and in Spain, France, Gabon and Malta, the band 830-862 MHz, are also allocated to the mobile, except aeronautical mobile, service on a primary basis. However, stations of the mobile service in the countries mentioned in connection with each band referred to in this footnote shall not cause harmful interference to, or claim protection from, stations of services operating in accordance with the Table in countries other than those mentioned in connection with the band. (WRC-03)

MOD

5.323 Additional allocation: in Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Bulgaria, the Russian Federation, Hungary, Kazakhstan, Moldova, Mongolia, Uzbekistan, Poland, Kyrgyzstan, Slovakia, the Czech Rep., Romania, Tajikistan, Turkmenistan and Ukraine, the band 862-960 MHz is also allocated to the aeronautical radionavigation service on a primary basis. Such use is subject to agreement obtained under No. **9.21** with administrations concerned and limited to ground-based radiobeacons in operation on 27 October 1997 until the end of their lifetime. (WRC-03)

MOD

| | Allocation to services | |
|-------------|---|--------------------------------------|
| Region 1 | Region 2 | Region 3 |
| 960-1164 | AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIO | GATION 5.328 |
| 1 164-1 215 | AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIO | GATION 5.328 |
| | RADIONAVIGATION-SATELLI 5.328B 5.328A | TE (space-to-Earth) (space-to-space) |
| 1 215-1 240 | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELI | LITE (active) |
| | RADIOLOCATION | |
| | RADIONAVIGATION-SATELLIT 5.328B 5.329 5.329A | TE (space-to-Earth) (space-to-space) |
| | SPACE RESEARCH (active) | |
| | 5.330 5.331 5.332 | |
| 1 240-1 300 | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELI | LITE (active) |
| | RADIOLOCATION | |
| | RADIONAVIGATION-SATELLIT 5.328B 5.329 5.329A | TE (space-to-Earth) (space-to-space) |
| | SPACE RESEARCH (active) | |
| | Amateur | |
| | 5.282 5.330 5.331 5.332 5.335 5 | .335A |

890-1 300 MHz

ADD

No. 21.18 shall apply. (WRC-03)

5.328B The use of the bands 1164-1300 MHz, 1559-1610 MHz and 5010-5030 MHz by systems and networks in the radionavigation-satellite service for which complete coordination or notification information, as appropriate, is received by the Radiocommunication Bureau after 1 January 2005 is subject to the application of the provisions of Nos. **9.12, 9.12A** and **9.13**. Resolution **610 (WRC-03)** shall also apply. (WRC-03)

MOD

5.329 Use of the radionavigation-satellite service in the band 1215-1300 MHz shall be subject to the condition that no harmful interference is caused to, and no protection is claimed from, the radionavigation service authorized under No. **5.331**. Furthermore, the use of the radionavigation-satellite service in the band 1215-1300 MHz shall be subject to the condition that no harmful interference is caused to the radiolocation service. No. **5.43** shall not apply in respect of the radiolocation service.

MOD

5.330 Additional allocation: in Angola, Saudi Arabia, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Cameroon, China, the United Arab Emirates, Eritrea, Ethiopia, Guyana, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Israel, Japan, Jordan, Kuwait, Lebanon, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Mozambique, Nepal, Pakistan, the Philippines, Qatar, Syrian Arab Republic, Somalia, Sudan, Chad, Togo and Yemen, the band 1215-1300 MHz is also allocated to the fixed and mobile services on a primary basis. (WRC-03)

MOD

5.331 Additional allocation: in Algeria, Germany, Saudi Arabia, Australia, Austria, Bahrain, Belarus, Belgium, Benin, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Brazil, Burkina Faso, Burundi, Cameroon, China, Korea (Rep. of), Croatia, Denmark, Egypt, the United Arab Emirates, Estonia, the Russian Federation, Finland, France, Ghana, Greece, Guinea, Equatorial Guinea, Hungary, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Ireland, Israel, Jordan, Kenya, Kuwait, The Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, Lesotho, Latvia, Liechtenstein, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Madagascar, Mali, Mauritania, Nigeria, Norway, Oman, the Netherlands, Poland, Portugal, Qatar, Syrian Arab Republic, Slovakia, the United Kingdom, Serbia and Montenegro, Slovenia, Somalia, Sudan, Sri Lanka, South Africa, Sweden, Switzerland, Thailand, Togo, Turkey, Venezuela and Viet Nam, the band 1215-1300 MHz is also allocated to the radionavigation service on a primary basis. In Canada and the United States, the band 1 240-1300 MHz is also allocated to the radionavigation service. (WRC-03)

MOD

5.334 *Additional allocation:* in Canada and the United States, the band 1 350-1 370 MHz is also allocated to the aeronautical radionavigation service on a primary basis. (WRC-03)

1 350-1 525 MHz

| | Allocation to services | |
|--|--|--|
| Region 1 | Region 2 | Region 3 |
| 1 350-1 400 | 1 350-1 400 | |
| FIXED | RADIOLOCATION | |
| MOBILE | | |
| RADIOLOCATION | | |
| 5.149 5.338 5.339 5.339A | 5.149 5.334 5.339 5.339A | |
| | | |
| 1 429-1 452 | 1 429-1 452 | |
| FIXED | FIXED | |
| MOBILE except aeronautical mobile | MOBILE 5.343 | |
| 5.339A 5.341 5.342 | 5.339A 5.341 | |
| 1 452-1 492 | 1 452-1 492 | |
| FIXED | FIXED | |
| MOBILE except aeronautical mobile | MOBILE 5.343 | |
| BROADCASTING 5.345 5.347 | BROADCASTING 5.345 5.3 | , |
| BROADCASTING-SATELLITE 5.345 5.347 5.347A | BROADCASTING-SATELL | 11E 5.345 5.347 5.34/A |
| 5.341 5.342 | 5.341 5.344 | |
| 1 492-1 518 | 1 492-1 518 | 1 492-1 518 |
| FIXED | FIXED | FIXED |
| MOBILE except aeronautical mobile | MOBILE 5.343 | MOBILE |
| 5.341 5.342 | 5.341 5.344 | 5.341 |
| 1 518-1 525 | 1 518-1 525 | 1 518-1 525 |
| FIXED | FIXED | FIXED |
| MOBILE except aeronautical | MOBILE 5.343 | MOBILE |
| mobile MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.348 5.348A 5.348B 5.348C | MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.348 5.348A 5.348B 5.348C | MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.348 5.348A 5.348B 5.348C |
| 5.341 5.342 | 5.341 5.344 | 5.341 |

MOD

5.338 In Azerbaijan, Mongolia, Kyrgyzstan, Slovakia, the Czech Rep., Romania and Turkmenistan, existing installations of the radionavigation service may continue to operate in the band 1 350-1 400 MHz. (WRC-03)

ADD

5.339A Additional allocation: the band 1 390-1 392 MHz is also allocated to the fixed-satellite service (Earth-to-space) on a secondary basis and the band 1 430-1 432 MHz is also allocated to the fixed-satellite service (space-to-Earth) on a secondary basis. These allocations are limited to use for feeder links for non-geostationary-satellite networks in the mobile-satellite service with service links below 1 GHz, and Resolution **745** (WRC-03) applies. (WRC-03)

5.340 All emissions are prohibited in the following bands:

| 1 400-1 427 MHz, | |
|------------------------------|---|
| 2690-2700 MHz, | except those provided for by No. 5.422, |
| 10.68-10.7 GHz, | except those provided for by No. 5.483, |
| 15.35-15.4 GHz, | except those provided for by No. 5.511, |
| 23.6-24 GHz, | |
| 31.3-31.5 GHz, | |
| 31.5-31.8 GHz, | in Region 2, |
| 48.94-49.04 GHz, | from airborne stations |
| 50.2-50.4 GHz ² , | |
| 52.6-54.25 GHz, | |
| 86-92 GHz, | |
| 100-102 GHz, | |
| 109.5-111.8 GHz, | |
| 114.25-116 GHz, | |
| 148.5-151.5 GHz, | |
| 164-167 GHz, | |
| 182-185 GHz, | |
| 190-191.8 GHz, | |
| 200-209 GHz, | |
| 226-231.5 GHz, | |
| 250-252 GHz. (WRC-0 | 3) |
| | |

MOD

5.347 Different category of service: in Bangladesh, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Botswana, Bulgaria, Burkina Faso, Cuba, Denmark, Egypt, Greece, Ireland, Italy, Mozambique, Portugal, Serbia and Montenegro, Sri Lanka, Swaziland, Yemen and Zimbabwe, the allocation of the band 1452-1492 MHz to the broadcasting-satellite service and the broadcasting service is on a secondary basis until 1 April 2007. (WRC-03)

ADD

5.347A In the bands:

1 452-1 492 MHz, 1 525-1 559 MHz, 1 613,8-1 626,5 MHz, 2 655-2 670 MHz, 2 670-2 690 MHz, 21.4-22 GHz,

Resolution 739 (WRC-03) applies. (WRC-03)

MOD

5.348 The use of the band 1 518-1 525 MHz by the mobile-satellite service is subject to coordination under No. **9.11A**. In the band 1 518-1 525 MHz stations in the mobile-satellite service shall not claim protection from the stations in the fixed service. No. **5.43A** does not apply. (WRC-03)

MOD

5.348A In the band 1 518-1 525 MHz, the coordination threshold in terms of the power flux-density levels at the surface of the Earth in application of No. **9.11A** for space stations in the mobile-satellite (space-to-Earth) service, with respect to the land mobile service use for specialized mobile radios or used in conjunction with public switched telecommunication networks (PSTN) operating within the territory of Japan, shall be $-150 \text{ dB}(W/m^2)$ in any 4 kHz band for all angles of arrival, instead of those given in Table 5-2 of Appendix **5**. In the band 1518-1525 MHz stations in the mobile-satellite service shall not claim protection from stations in the mobile service in the territory of Japan. No. **5.43A** does not apply. (WRC-03)

ADD

5.348B In the band 1 518-1 525 MHz, stations in the mobile-satellite service shall not claim protection from aeronautical mobile telemetry stations in the mobile service in the territory of the United States (see Nos. **5.343** and **5.344**) and in the countries listed in No. **5.342**. No. **5.43A** does not apply. (WRC-03)

ADD

5.348C For the use of the bands 1518-1525 MHz and 1668-1675 MHz by the mobile-satellite service, see Resolution 225 (Rev.WRC-03). (WRC-03)

MOD

1 525-1 610 MHz

| Allocation to services | | |
|---|---|---|
| Region 1 | Region 2 | Region 3 |
| 1 525-1 530 | 1 525-1 530 | 1 525-1 530 |
| SPACE OPERATION (space-to-Earth) | SPACE OPERATION (space-to-Earth) | SPACE OPERATION (space-to-Earth) |
| FIXED MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.347A 5.351A | MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.347A 5.351A Earth exploration-satellite | FIXED MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.347A 5.351A |
| Earth exploration-satellite Mobile except aeronautical mobile 5.349 | Fixed Mobile 5.343 | Earth exploration-satellite Mobile 5.349 |
| 5.341 5.342 5.350 5.351 5.352A 5.354 | 5.341 5.351 5.354 | 5.341 5.351 5.352A 5.354 |
| 1 530-1 535 | 1 530-1 535 | |
| SPACE OPERATION (space-to-Earth) MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.347A 5.351A 5.353A Earth exploration-satellite Fixed Mobile except aeronautical mobile 5.341 5.342 5.351 5.354 | SPACE OPERATION (space MOBILE-SATELLITE (space Earth exploration-satellite Fixed Mobile 5.343 | -to-Earth) 5-to-Earth) 5.347A 5.351A 5.353A |
| | | |
| | MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth 5.341 5.351 5.353A 5.354 5.355 5.3 | , |
| | AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGAT RADIONAVIGATION-SATELLITE (5.328B 5.329A 5.341 5.362B 5.362C 5.363 | |

MOD

5.355 *Additional allocation:* in Bahrain, Bangladesh, Congo (Rep. of the), Egypt, Eritrea, Iraq, Israel, Kuwait, Lebanon, Malta, Qatar, Syrian Arab Republic, Somalia, Sudan, Chad, Togo and Yemen, the bands 1540-1559 MHz, 1610-1645.5 MHz and 1646.5-1660 MHz are also allocated to the fixed service on a secondary basis. (WRC-03)

MOD

5.359 Additional allocation: in Germany, Saudi Arabia, Armenia, Austria, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Benin, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Bulgaria, Cameroon, Spain, the Russian Federation, France, Gabon, Georgia, Greece, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Hungary, Jordan, Kazakhstan, Kuwait, Lebanon, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Lithuania, Mauritania, Moldova, Mongolia, Uganda, Uzbekistan, Pakistan, Poland, Syrian Arab Republic, Kyrgyzstan, the Dem. People's Rep. of Korea, Romania, Swaziland, Tajikistan, Tanzania, Tunisia, Turkmenistan and Ukraine, the bands 1550-1559 MHz, 1610-1645.5 MHz and 1646.5-1660 MHz are also allocated to the fixed service on a primary basis. Administrations are urged to make all practicable efforts to avoid the implementation of new fixed-service stations in these bands. (WRC-03)

MOD

5.362B Additional allocation: The band 1559-1610 MHz is also allocated to the fixed service on a primary basis until 1 January 2005 in Germany, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Benin, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Bulgaria, Spain, the Russian Federation, France, Gabon, Georgia, Greece, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Hungary, Kazakhstan, Lithuania, Moldova, Mongolia, Nigeria, Uganda, Uzbekistan, Pakistan, Poland, Kyrgyzstan, the Dem. People's Rep. of Korea, Romania, Senegal, Swaziland, Tajikistan, Tanzania, Turkmenistan and Ukraine, and until 1 January 2010 in Saudi Arabia, Cameroon, Jordan, Kuwait, Lebanon, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Mali, Mauritania, Syrian Arab Republic and Tunisia. After these dates, the fixed service may continue to operate on a secondary basis until 1 January 2015, at which time this allocation shall no longer be valid. Administrations are urged to take all practicable steps to protect the radionavigation-satellite service and the aeronautical radionavigation service and not authorize new frequency assignments to fixed-service systems in this band. (WRC-03)

| Allocation to services | | |
|--|--|--|
| Region 1 | Region 2 | Region 3 |
| 1 613.8-1 626.5 | 1 613.8-1 626.5 | 1 613.8-1 626.5 |
| MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.351A | MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.351A | MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.351A |
| AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION | AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION | AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION |
| Mobile-satellite (space-to-Earth) 5.347A | RADIODETERMINATION- SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) | Mobile-satellite (space-to-Earth) 5.347A |
| | Mobile-satellite (space-to-Earth) 5.347A | Radiodetermination-satellite (Earth-to-space) |
| 5.341 5.355 5.359 5.363 5.364 | | |
| 5.365 5.366 5.367 5.368 5.369 5.371 5.372 | 5.341 5.364 5.365 5.366 5.367 5.368 5.370 5.372 | 5.341 5.355 5.359 5.364 5.365 5.366 5.367 5.368 5.369 5.372 |

1 610-1 660 MHz

MOD

MOD

5.369 Different category of service: in Angola, Australia, Burundi, China, Eritrea, Ethiopia, India, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Israel, Lebanon, Liberia, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Madagascar, Mali, Pakistan, Papua New Guinea, Syrian Arab Republic, Dem. Rep. of the Congo, Sudan, Swaziland, Togo and Zambia, the allocation of the band 1610-1626.5 MHz to the radiodetermination-satellite service (Earth-to-space) is on a primary basis (see No. **5.33**), subject to agreement obtained under No. **9.21** from countries not listed in this provision. (WRC-03)

1660-1710 MHz

| | Allocation to services | |
|---|---|----------------------------|
| Region 1 | Region 2 | Region 3 |
| 1 660.5-1 668 | RADIO ASTRONOMY | • |
| | SPACE RESEARCH (passive) | |
| | Fixed | |
| | Mobile except aeronautical mobile | |
| | 5.149 5.341 5.379 5.379A | |
| 1 668-1 668.4 | MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-spac | e) 5.348C 5.379B 5.379C |
| | RADIO ASTRONOMY | |
| | SPACE RESEARCH (passive) | |
| | Fixed | |
| | Mobile except aeronautical mobile | |
| | 5.149 5.341 5.379 5.379A 5.379D | |
| 1 668.4-1 670 | METEOROLOGICAL AIDS | |
| | FIXED | |
| | MOBILE except aeronautical mobile | |
| | MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-spac | e) 5 348C 5 379B 5 379C |
| | RADIO ASTRONOMY | |
| | 5.149 5.341 5.379D 5.379E | |
| 1 670-1 675 | METEOROLOGICAL AIDS | |
| 10/0-10/5 | FIXED | |
| | METEOROLOGICAL-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) | |
| | MOBILE 5.380 | |
| | MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-spac | e) 5 348C 5 379B |
| | 5.341 5.379D 5.379E 5.380A | C) 5.548C 5.579B |
| 1 675-1 690 | METEOROLOGICAL AIDS | |
| 10/5-10/0 | FIXED | |
| | METEOROLOGICAL-SATELLITE (| space_to_Farth) |
| | MOBILE except aeronautical mobile | space-to-Lartin) |
| | 5.341 | |
| 1 690-1 700 | 1690-1700 | |
| METEOROLOGICAL AIDS | METEOROLOGICAL AIDS | |
| METEOROLOGICAL- | METEOROLOGICAL-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) | |
| SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) | | |
| Fixed | | |
| Mobile except aeronautical mobile | 5 202 5 241 5 201 | |
| 5.289 5.341 5.382 | 5.289 5.341 5.381 | |
| 1700-1710 EIVED | | 1 700-1 710 FIXED |
| FIXED METEOROLOGICAL-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) MOBILE except aeronautical mobile | | METEOROLOGICAL- |
| | | SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) |
| ······ | | MOBILE except aeronautical |
| | | mobile |
| 5.289 5.341 | | 5.289 5.341 5.384 |

SUP

5.377

ADD

5.379B The use of the band 1668-1675 MHz by the mobile-satellite service is subject to coordination under No. 9.11A. (WRC-03)

ADD

5.379C In order to protect the radio astronomy service in the band 1 668-1 670 MHz, the aggregate power flux-density values produced by mobile earth stations in a network of the mobile-satellite service operating in this band shall not exceed $-181 \text{ dB}(W/m^2)$ in 10 MHz and $-194 \text{ dB}(W/m^2)$ in any 20 kHz at any radio astronomy station recorded in the Master International Frequency Register, for more than 2% of integration periods of 2000 s. (WRC-03)

ADD

5.379D For sharing of the band 1 668-1 675 MHz between the mobile-satellite service and the fixed, mobile and space research (passive) services, Resolution **744 (WRC-03)** shall apply. (WRC-03)

ADD

5.379E In the band 1668.4-1675 MHz, stations in the mobile-satellite service shall not cause harmful interference to stations in the meteorological aids service in China, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Japan and Uzbekistan. In the band 1668.4-1675 MHz, administrations are urged not to implement new systems in the meteorological aids service and are encouraged to migrate existing meteorological aids service operations to other bands as soon as practicable. (WRC-03)

ADD

5.380A In the band 1670-1675 MHz, stations in the mobile-satellite service shall not cause harmful interference to, nor constrain the development of, existing earth stations in the meteorological-satellite service notified in accordance with Resolution **670 (WRC-03)**. (WRC-03)

MOD

5.381 Additional allocation: in Afghanistan, Costa Rica, Cuba, India, Iran (Islamic Republic of) and Pakistan, the band 1 690-1 700 MHz is also allocated to the fixed and mobile, except aeronautical mobile, services on a primary basis. (WRC-03)

MOD

5.382 Different category of service: in Saudi Arabia, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Bahrain, Belarus, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Bulgaria, Congo (Rep. of the), Egypt, the United Arab Emirates, Eritrea, Ethiopia, the Russian Federation, Guinea, Hungary, Iraq, Israel, Jordan, Kazakhstan, Kuwait, the Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, Lebanon, Mauritania, Moldova, Mongolia, Oman, Uzbekistan, Poland, Qatar, Syrian Arab Republic, Kyrgyzstan, Romania, Serbia and Montenegro, Somalia, Tajikistan, Tanzania, Turkmenistan, Ukraine and Yemen, the allocation of the band 1 690-1 700 MHz to the fixed and mobile, except aeronautical mobile, services is on a primary basis (see No. **5.33**) and to the mobile, except aeronautical mobile, service on a secondary basis. (WRC-03)

| | Allocation to services | |
|---------------|--------------------------------------|---------------|
| Region 1 | Region 2 | Region 3 |
| 1 710-1 930 | FIXED | |
| | MOBILE 5.380 5.384A 5.388A | |
| | 5.149 5.341 5.385 5.386 5.387 5.3 | 388 |
| 1 930-1 970 | 1 930-1 970 | 1 930-1 970 |
| FIXED | FIXED | FIXED |
| MOBILE 5.388A | MOBILE 5.388A | MOBILE 5.388A |
| | Mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space) | |
| 5.388 | 5.388 | 5.388 |
| 1 970-1 980 | FIXED | |
| | MOBILE 5.388A | |
| | 5.388 | |
| 1 980-2 010 | FIXED | |
| | MOBILE | |
| | MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-spa | ace) 5.351A |
| | 5.388 5.389A 5.389B 5.389F | |
| 2 010-2 025 | 2 010-2 025 | 2010-2025 |
| FIXED | FIXED | FIXED |
| MOBILE 5.388A | MOBILE | MOBILE 5.388A |
| | MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) | |
| 5.388 | 5.388 5.389C 5.389E 5.390 | 5.388 |
| | | |
| 2 160-2 170 | 2 160-2 170 | 2 160-2 170 |
| FIXED | FIXED | FIXED |
| MOBILE 5.388A | MOBILE | MOBILE 5.388A |
| | MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) | |
| 5.388 5.392A | 5.388 5.389C 5.389E 5.390 | 5.388 |

5.386 Additional allocation: the band 1750-1850 MHz is also allocated to the space operation (Earth-to-space) and space research (Earth-to-space) services in Region 2, in Australia, Guam, India, Indonesia and Japan on a primary basis, subject to agreement obtained under No. **9.21**, having particular regard to troposcatter systems. (WRC-03)

MOD

5.387 *Additional allocation:* in Azerbaijan, Belarus, Georgia, Kazakhstan, Mongolia, Kyrgyzstan, Slovakia, Romania, Tajikistan and Turkmenistan, the band 1770-1790 MHz is also allocated to the meteorological-satellite service on a primary basis, subject to agreement obtained under No. **9.21**. (WRC-03)

24

5.388A In Regions 1 and 3, the bands 1885-1980 MHz, 2010-2025 MHz and 2110-2170 MHz and, in Region 2, the bands 1885-1980 MHz and 2110-2160 MHz may be used by high altitude platform stations as base stations to provide International Mobile Telecommunications-2000 (IMT-2000), in accordance with Resolution 221 (Rev.WRC-03). Their use by IMT-2000 applications using high altitude platform stations as base stations does not preclude the use of these bands by any station in the services to which they are allocated and does not establish priority in the Radio Regulations. (WRC-03)

ADD

5.388B In Algeria, Saudi Arabia, Bahrain, Benin, Burkina Faso, Cameroon, Comoros, Côte d'Ivoire, China, Cuba, Djibouti, Egypt, United Arab Emirates, Eritrea, Ethiopia, Gabon, Ghana, India, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Israel, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Jordan, Kenya, Kuwait, Mali, Morocco, Mauritania, Nigeria, Oman, Uganda, Qatar, Syrian Arab Republic, Senegal, Singapore, Sudan, Tanzania, Chad, Togo, Tunisia, Yemen, Zambia and Zimbabwe, for the purpose of protecting fixed and mobile services, including IMT-2000 mobile stations, in their territories from co-channel interference, a HAPS operating as an IMT-2000 base station in neighbouring countries, in the bands referred to in No. **5.388A**, shall not exceed a co-channel power flux-density of $-127 \text{ dB}(W/(\text{m}^2 \cdot \text{MHz}))$ at the Earth's surface outside a country's borders unless explicit agreement of the affected administration is provided at the time of the notification of HAPS. (WRC-03)

SUP

5.389D

MOD

5.395 In France and Turkey, the use of the band 2310-2360 MHz by the aeronautical mobile service for telemetry has priority over other uses by the mobile service. (WRC-03)

MOD

5.400 Different category of service: in Angola, Australia, Bangladesh, Burundi, China, Eritrea, Ethiopia, India, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Lebanon, Liberia, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Madagascar, Mali, Pakistan, Papua New Guinea, Dem. Rep. of the Congo, Syrian Arab Republic, Sudan, Swaziland, Togo and Zambia, the allocation of the band 2483.5-2 500 MHz to the radiodetermination-satellite service (space-to-Earth) is on a primary basis (see No. 5.33), subject to agreement obtained under No. 9.21 from countries not listed in this provision. (WRC-03)

| 2 520-2 700 MHz |
|-----------------|
|-----------------|

| Allocation to services | | |
|--|---|--|
| Region 1 | Region 2 | Region 3 |
| 2 520-2 655 | 2 520-2 655 | 2 520-2 535 |
| FIXED 5.409 5.410 5.411 | FIXED 5.409 5.411 | FIXED 5.409 5.411 |
| MOBILE except aeronautical | FIXED-SATELLITE | FIXED-SATELLITE |
| mobile 5.384A | (space-to-Earth) 5.415 | (space-to-Earth) 5.415 |
| BROADCASTING-SATELLITE 5.413 5.416 | MOBILE except aeronautical mobile 5.384A | MOBILE except aeronautical mobile 5.384A |
| | BROADCASTING-SATELLITE 5.413 5.416 | BROADCASTING-SATELLITE 5.413 5.416 |
| | | 5.403 5.415A |
| | | 2 535-2 655 |
| | | FIXED 5.409 5.411 |
| | | MOBILE except aeronautical mobile 5.384A |
| | | BROADCASTING-SATELLITE 5.413 5.416 |
| 5.339 5.403 5.405 5.412 5.417C 5.417D 5.418B 5.418C | 5.339 5.403 5.417C 5.417D 5.418B 5.418C | 5.339 5.418 5.417A 5.417B 5.417C 5.417D 5.418A 5.418B 5.418C |
| 2 655-2 670 | 2 655-2 670 | 2 655-2 670 |
| FIXED 5.409 5.410 5.411 | FIXED 5.409 5.411 | FIXED 5.409 5.411 |
| MOBILE except aeronautical | FIXED-SATELLITE | FIXED-SATELLITE |
| mobile 5.384A | (Earth-to-space) | (Earth-to-space) 5.415 |
| BROADCASTING-SATELLITE | (space-to-Earth) 5.347A 5.415 | MOBILE except aeronautical |
| 5.347A 5.413 5.416 | MOBILE except aeronautical | mobile 5.384A |
| Earth exploration-satellite (passive) | mobile 5.384A BROADCASTING-SATELLITE | BROADCASTING-SATELLITE 5.347A 5.413 5.416 |
| Radio astronomy | 5.347A 5.413 5.416 | Earth exploration-satellite |
| Space research (passive) | Earth exploration-satellite | (passive) |
| | (passive) | Radio astronomy |
| | Radio astronomy | Space research (passive) |
| | Space research (passive) | |
| 5.149 5.420 | 5.149 5.420 | 5.149 5.420 |
| 2 670-2 690 | 2 670-2 690 | 2 670-2 690 |
| FIXED 5.409 5.410 5.411 | FIXED 5.409 5.411 | FIXED 5.409 5.411 |
| MOBILE except aeronautical | FIXED-SATELLITE | FIXED-SATELLITE |
| mobile 5.384A | (Earth-to-space) (space-to-Earth) 5.347A 5.415 | (Earth-to-space) 5.415 |
| MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.351A | MOBILE except aeronautical | MOBILE except aeronautical mobile 5.384A |
| Earth exploration-satellite | mobile 5.384A | MOBILE-SATELLITE |
| (passive) | MOBILE-SATELLITE | (Earth-to-space) 5.351A |
| Radio astronomy | (Earth-to-space) 5.351A | Earth exploration-satellite |
| Space research (passive) | Earth exploration-satellite | (passive) |
| | (passive) | Radio astronomy |
| | Radio astronomy | Space research (passive) |
| | Space research (passive) | |
| 5.149 5.412 5.419 5.420 | 5.149 5.419 5.420 | 5.149 5.419 5.420 5.420A |
| 2 690-2 700 | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLI | TE (passive) |
| | RADIO ASTRONOMY | |
| | SPACE RESEARCH (passive) | |
| | 5.340 5.422 | |

5.416 The use of the band 2 520-2 670 MHz by the broadcasting-satellite service is limited to national and regional systems for community reception, subject to agreement obtained under No. **9.21**. (WRC-03)

MOD

5.418 Additional allocation: in Korea (Rep. of), India, Japan, Pakistan and Thailand, the band 2535-2655 MHz is also allocated to the broadcasting-satellite service (sound) and complementary terrestrial broadcasting service on a primary basis. Such use is limited to digital audio broadcasting and is subject to the provisions of Resolution **528** (Rev.WRC-03). The provisions of No. **5.416** and Table **21-4** of Article **21**, do not apply to this additional allocation. Use of non-geostationary-satellite systems in the broadcasting-satellite service (sound) is subject to Resolution **539** (Rev.WRC-03). Geostationary broadcasting-satellite service (sound) systems for which complete Appendix **4** coordination information has been received after 1 June 2005 are limited to systems intended for national coverage. The power flux-density at the Earth's surface produced by emissions from a geostationary broadcasting-satellite service (sound) space station operating in the band 2630-2655 MHz, and for which complete Appendix **4** coordination information has been received after 1 June 2005, shall not exceed the following limits, for all conditions and for all methods of modulation:

| -130 dB(W/(m ² · MHz)) | for $0^\circ \leq \theta \leq 5^\circ$ |
|--|---|
| $-130 + 0.4 \ (\theta - 5) \ \ dB(W/(m^2 \cdot MHz))$ | for 5° < $\theta \leq 25^\circ$ |
| -122 dB(W/(m ² · MHz)) | for $25^{\circ} < \theta \leq 90^{\circ}$ |

where θ is the angle of arrival of the incident wave above the horizontal plane, in degrees. These limits may be exceeded on the territory of any country whose administration has so agreed. As an exception to the limits above, the pfd value of $-122 \text{ dB}(W/(m^2 \cdot \text{MHz}))$ shall be used as a threshold for coordination under No. **9.11** in an area of 1500 km around the territory of the administration notifying the broadcasting-satellite service (sound) system. In addition, the pfd value shall not exceed $-100 \text{ dB}(W/(m^2 \cdot \text{MHz}))$ anywhere on the territory of the Russian Federation.

In addition, an administration listed in this provision shall not have simultaneously two overlapping frequency assignments, one under this provision and the other under No. **5.416** for systems for which complete Appendix **4** coordination information has been received after 1 June 2005. (WRC-03)

ADD

5.417A In applying provision No. **5.418**, in Korea (Rep. of) and Japan, *resolves* 3 of Resolution **528** (**Rev.WRC-03**) is relaxed to allow the broadcasting-satellite service (sound) and the complementary terrestrial broadcasting service to additionally operate on a primary basis in the band 2605-2630 MHz. This use is limited to systems intended for national coverage. An administration listed in this provision shall not have simultaneously two overlapping frequency assignments, one under this provision and the other under No. **5.416**. The provisions of No. **5.416** and Table **21-4** of Article **21** do not apply. Use of non-geostationary-satellite systems in the broadcasting-satellite service (sound) in the band 2605-2630 MHz is subject to the provisions of Resolution **539** (**Rev.WRC-03**). The power flux-density at the Earth's surface produced by emissions from a geostationary broadcasting-satellite service (sound) space station operating in the band 2605-2630 MHz for which complete Appendix 4 coordination information, has been received after 4 July 2003, for all conditions and for all methods of modulation, shall not exceed the following limits:

 $\begin{array}{ll} -130 & dB(W/(m^2 \cdot MHz)) & \text{for } 0^\circ \leq \theta \leq 5^\circ \\ \\ -130 + 0.4 (\theta - 5) & dB(W/(m^2 \cdot MHz)) & \text{for } 5^\circ < \theta \leq 25^\circ \\ \\ -122 & dB(W/(m^2 \cdot MHz)) & \text{for } 25^\circ < \theta \leq 90^\circ \end{array}$

where θ is the angle of arrival of the incident wave above the horizontal plane, in degrees. These limits may be exceeded on the territory of any country whose administration has so agreed. In the case of the broadcasting-satellite service (sound) networks of Korea (Rep. of), as an exception to the limits above, the pfd value of $-122 \text{ dB}(W/(\text{m}^2 \cdot \text{MHz}))$ shall be used as a threshold for coordination under No. **9.11** in an area of 1 000 km around the territory of the administration notifying the BSS (sound) system, for angles of arrival greater than 35°. (WRC-03)

ADD

5.417B In Korea (Rep. of) and Japan, use of the band 2 605-2 630 MHz by non-geostationary-satellite systems in the broadcasting-satellite service (sound), pursuant to No. **5.417A**, for which complete Appendix **4** coordination information, or notification information, has been received after 4 July 2003, is subject to the application of the provisions of No. **9.12A**, in respect of geostationary-satellite networks for which complete Appendix **4** coordination information, or notification information, is considered to have been received after 4 July 2003, and No. **22.2** does not apply. No. **22.2** shall continue to apply with respect to geostationary-satellite networks for which complete Appendix **4** coordination information, or notification information, is considered to have been received before 5 July 2003. (WRC-03)

ADD

5.417C Use of the band 2 605-2 630 MHz by non-geostationary-satellite systems in the broadcasting-satellite service (sound), pursuant to No. **5.417A**, for which complete Appendix **4** coordination information, or notification information, has been received after 4 July 2003, is subject to the application of the provisions of No. **9.12**. (WRC-03)

ADD

5.417D Use of the band 2 605-2 630 MHz by geostationary-satellite networks for which complete Appendix 4 coordination information, or notification information, has been received after 4 July 2003 is subject to the application of the provisions of No. **9.13** with respect to non-geostationary-satellite systems in the broadcasting-satellite service (sound), pursuant to No. **5.417A**, and No. **22.2** does not apply. (WRC-03)

MOD

5.418A In certain Region 3 countries listed in No. **5.418**, use of the band 2630-2655 MHz by non-geostationary-satellite systems in the broadcasting-satellite service (sound) for which complete Appendix **4** coordination information, or notification information, has been received after 2 June 2000, is subject to the application of the provisions of No. **9.12A**, in respect of geostationary-satellite networks for which complete Appendix **4** coordination information, or notification information, is considered to have been received after 2 June 2000, and No. **22.2** does not apply. No. **22.2** shall continue to apply with respect to geostationary-satellite networks for which complete Appendix **4** coordination information, or notification information, is considered to have been received before 3 June 2000. (WRC-03)

MOD

5.418B Use of the band 2 630-2 655 MHz by non-geostationary-satellite systems in the broadcasting-satellite service (sound), pursuant to No. **5.418**, for which complete Appendix **4** coordination information, or notification information, has been received after 2 June 2000, is subject to the application of the provisions of No. **9.12**. (WRC-03)

MOD

5.418C Use of the band 2 630-2 655 MHz by geostationary-satellite networks for which complete Appendix 4 coordination information, or notification information, has been received after 2 June 2000 is subject to the application of the provisions of No. **9.13** with respect to non-geostationary-satellite systems in the broadcasting-satellite service (sound), pursuant to No. **5.418** and No. **22.2** does not apply. (WRC-03)

| 1 | 0 |
|---|---|
| 2 | ð |

SUP

5.421

MOD

5.422 Additional allocation: in Saudi Arabia, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Bahrain, Belarus, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Brunei Darussalam, Congo (Rep. of the), Côte d'Ivoire, Cuba, Egypt, the United Arab Emirates, Eritrea, Ethiopia, the Russian Federation, Gabon, Georgia, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Israel, Jordan, Lebanon, Mauritania, Moldova, Mongolia, Nigeria, Oman, Uzbekistan, Pakistan, the Philippines, Qatar, Syrian Arab Republic, Kyrgyzstan, the Dem. Rep. of the Congo, Romania, Serbia and Montenegro, Somalia, Tajikistan, Tunisia, Turkmenistan, Ukraine and Yemen, the band 2 690-2 700 MHz is also allocated to the fixed and mobile, except aeronautical mobile, services on a primary basis. Such use is limited to equipment in operation by 1 January 1985. (WRC-03)

MOD

2 700-4 800 MHz

| Allocation to services | | |
|------------------------|-----------------------|----------|
| Region 1 | Region 2 | Region 3 |
| 2 900-3 100 | RADIOLOCATION 5.424A | |
| | RADIONAVIGATION 5.426 | |
| | 5.425 5.427 | |

ADD

5.424A In the band 2 900-3 100 MHz, stations in the radiolocation service shall not cause harmful interference to, nor claim protection from, radar systems in the radionavigation service. (WRC-03)

MOD

5.428 *Additional allocation:* in Azerbaijan, Cuba, Mongolia, Kyrgyzstan, Romania and Turkmenistan, the band 3 100-3 300 MHz is also allocated to the radionavigation service on a primary basis. (WRC-03)

MOD

5.429 Additional allocation: in Saudi Arabia, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Brunei Darussalam, China, Congo (Rep. of the), Korea (Rep. of), the United Arab Emirates, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Israel, Japan, Jordan, Kenya, Kuwait, Lebanon, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Malaysia, Oman, Pakistan, Qatar, Syrian Arab Republic, Dem. People's Rep. of Korea and Yemen, the band 3 300-3 400 MHz is also allocated to the fixed and mobile services on a primary basis. The countries bordering the Mediterranean shall not claim protection for their fixed and mobile services from the radiolocation service. (WRC-03)

MOD

5.430 *Additional allocation:* in Azerbaijan, Cuba, Mongolia, Kyrgyzstan, Romania and Turkmenistan, the band 3 300-3 400 MHz is also allocated to the radionavigation service on a primary basis. (WRC-03)

MOD

5.431 Additional allocation: in Germany, Israel and the United Kingdom, the band 3 400-3 475 MHz is also allocated to the amateur service on a secondary basis. (WRC-03)

4800-5830 MHz

| Allocation to services | | |
|------------------------|---|--------------------------------|
| Region 1 | Region 2 | Region 3 |
| 5000-5010 | AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGA | TION |
| | RADIONAVIGATION-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) | |
| | 5.367 | |
| 5010-5030 | AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION | |
| | RADIONAVIGATION-SATELLITE (5.328B 5.443B | (Earth-to-space) (space-space) |
| | 5.367 | |
| 5 030-5 150 | AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGA | TION |
| | 5.367 5.444 5.444A | |
| 5 1 5 0 - 5 2 5 0 | AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGA | |
| | FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) | |
| | MOBILE except aeronautical mobile 5 | 5.446A 5.446B |
| | 5.446 5.447 5.447B 5.447C | |
| 5 250-5 255 | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLIT | E (active) |
| | RADIOLOCATION | |
| | SPACE RESEARCH 5.447D | |
| | MOBILE except aeronautical mobile 5 | 5.440A 5.44/F |
| | 5.447E 5.448 5.448A | |
| 5 2 5 5 - 5 3 5 0 | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLIT | E (active) |
| | RADIOLOCATION | |
| | SPACE RESEARCH (active) | |
| | MOBILE except aeronautical mobile 5 | 5.446A 5.447F |
| | 5.447E 5.448 5.448A | |
| 5 3 5 0 - 5 4 6 0 | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active) 5.448B SPACE RESEARCH (active) 5.448C AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION 5.449 | |
| | | |
| | | 110N 5.449 |
| 5 4(0 5 470 | RADIOLOCATION 5.448D RADIONAVIGATION 5.449 | |
| 5 460-5 470 | 0 RADIONAVIGATION 5.449 EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active) | |
| | SPACE RESEARCH (active) | E (active) |
| | RADIOLOCATION 5.448D | |
| | 5.448B | |
| 5470-5570 | MARITIME RADIONAVIGATION | |
| 5470-5570 | MOBILE except aeronautical mobile 5 | 5 446 |
| | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLIT | |
| | SPACE RESEARCH (active) | L (active) |
| | RADIOLOCATION 5.450B | |
| | 5.448B 5.450 5.451 5.452 | |
| 5 570-5 650 | MARITIME RADIONAVIGATION | |
| | MOBILE except aeronautical mobile 5 | 5.446A 5.450A |
| | RADIOLOCATION 5.450B | |
| | 5.450 5.451 5.452 | |
| 5 6 5 0 - 5 7 2 5 | RADIOLOCATION | |
| | MOBILE except aeronautical mobile 5 | 5.446A 5.450A |
| | Amateur | |
| | Space research (deep space) | |
| | 5.282 5.451 5.453 5.454 5.455 | |

SUP

5.443A

MOD

5.443B In order not to cause harmful interference to the microwave landing system operating above 5 030 MHz, the aggregate power flux-density produced at the Earth's surface in the band 5 030-5 150 MHz by all the space stations within any radionavigation-satellite service system (space-to-Earth) operating in the band 5 010-5 030 MHz shall not exceed $-124.5 \text{ dB}(W/m^2)$ in a 150 kHz band. In order not to cause harmful interference to the radio astronomy service in the band 4 990-5 000 MHz, radionavigation-satellite service systems operating in the band 5 010-5 030 MHz shall comply with the limits in the band 4 990-5 000 MHz defined in Resolution **741** (WRC-03). (WRC-03)

MOD

5.444 The band 5030-5150 MHz is to be used for the operation of the international standard system (microwave landing system) for precision approach and landing. The requirements of this system shall take precedence over other uses of this band. For the use of this band, No. **5.444A** and Resolution **114** (**Rev.WRC-03**) apply. (WRC-03)

MOD

5.444A Additional allocation: the band 5 091-5 150 MHz is also allocated to the fixed-satellite service (Earth-to-space) on a primary basis. This allocation is limited to feeder links of non-geostationary mobile-satellite systems in the mobile-satellite service and is subject to coordination under No. **9.11A**.

In the band 5 091-5 150 MHz, the following conditions also apply:

- prior to 1 January 2018, the use of the band 5 091-5 150 MHz by feeder links of non-geostationarysatellite systems in the mobile-satellite service shall be made in accordance with Resolution 114 (Rev.WRC-03);
- prior to 1 January 2018, the requirements of existing and planned international standard systems for the aeronautical radionavigation service which cannot be met in the 5 000-5 091 MHz band, shall take precedence over other uses of this band;
- after 1 January 2012, no new assignments shall be made to earth stations providing feeder links of non-geostationary mobile-satellite systems;
- after 1 January 2018, the fixed-satellite service will become secondary to the aeronautical radionavigation service. (WRC-03)

ADD

5.446A The use of the bands 5150-5350 MHz and 5470-5725 MHz by the stations in the mobile service shall be in accordance with Resolution 229 (WRC-03). (WRC-03)

ADD

5.446B In the band 5150-5250 MHz, stations in the mobile service shall not claim protection from earth stations in the fixed-satellite service. No. **5.43A** does not apply to the mobile service with respect to fixed-satellite service earth stations. (WRC-03)

MOD

5.447 *Additional allocation:* in Israel, Lebanon, Pakistan, the Syrian Arab Republic and Tunisia, the band 5150-5250 MHz is also allocated to the mobile service, on a primary basis, subject to agreement obtained under No. **9.21**. In this case, the provisions of Resolution **229 (WRC-03)** do not apply. (WRC-03)

ADD

5.447E Additional allocation: The band 5250-5350 MHz is also allocated to the fixed service on a primary basis in the following countries in Region 3: Australia, Korea (Rep. of), India, India, Indiae, Indiae, Indiae, Paulae, Philippines, Sri Lanka, Thailand and Viet Nam. The use of this band by the fixed service is intended for the implementation of fixed wireless access systems and shall comply with Recommendation, Earth exploration-satellite (active) and space research (active) services, but the provisions of No. **5.43A** do not apply to the fixed service with respect to the Earth exploration-satellite (active) and space research (active) services. After implementation of fixed wireless access systems in the fixed service with protection for the existing radiodetermination systems, no more stringent constraints should be imposed on the fixed wireless access systems by future radiodetermination implementations. (WRC-03)

ADD

5.447F In the band 5250-5350 MHz, stations in the mobile service shall not claim protection from the radiolocation service, the Earth exploration-satellite service (active) and the space research service (active). These services shall not impose on the mobile service more stringent protection criteria, based on system characteristics and interference criteria, than those stated in Recommendations ITU-R M.1638 and ITU-R SA.1632. (WRC-03)

MOD

5.448 Additional allocation: in Azerbaijan, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Mongolia, Kyrgyzstan, Slovakia, Romania and Turkmenistan, the band 5 250-5 350 MHz is also allocated to the radionavigation service on a primary basis. (WRC-03)

MOD

5.448A The Earth exploration-satellite (active) and space research (active) services in the frequency band 5250-5350 MHz shall not claim protection from the radiolocation service. No. 5.43A does not apply. (WRC-03)

MOD

5.448B The Earth exploration-satellite service (active) operating in the band 5350-5570 MHz and space research service (active) operating in the band 5460-5570 MHz shall not cause harmful interference to the aeronautical radionavigation service in the band 5350-5460 MHz, the radionavigation service in the band 5460-5570 MHz. (WRC-03)

ADD

5.448C The space research service (active) operating in the band 5 350-5 460 MHz shall not cause harmful interference to nor claim protection from other services to which this band is allocated. (WRC-03)

ADD

5.448D In the frequency band 5350-5470 MHz, stations in the radiolocation service shall not cause harmful interference to, nor claim protection from, radar systems in the aeronautical radionavigation service operating in accordance with No. **5.449**. (WRC-03)

MOD

5.450 Additional allocation: in Austria, Azerbaijan, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Mongolia, Kyrgyzstan, Romania, Turkmenistan and Ukraine, the band 5 470-5 650 MHz is also allocated to the aeronautical radionavigation service on a primary basis. (WRC-03)

ADD

5.450A In the band 5470-5725 MHz, stations in the mobile service shall not claim protection from radiodetermination services. Radiodetermination services shall not impose on the mobile service more stringent protection criteria, based on system characteristics and interference criteria, than those stated in Recommendation ITU-R M.1638. (WRC-03)

ADD

5.450B In the frequency band 5470-5650 MHz, stations in the radiolocation service, except ground-based radars used for meteorological purposes in the band 5600-5650 MHz, shall not cause harmful interference to, nor claim protection from, radar systems in the maritime radionavigation service. (WRC-03)

MOD

5.453 Additional allocation: in Saudi Arabia, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Brunei Darussalam, Cameroon, China, Congo (Rep. of the), Korea (Rep. of), Côte d'Ivoire, Egypt, the United Arab Emirates, Gabon, Guinea, Equatorial Guinea, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Israel, Japan, Jordan, Kenya, Kuwait, Lebanon, the Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Madagascar, Malaysia, Nigeria, Oman, Pakistan, the Philippines, Qatar, the Syrian Arab Republic, the Dem. People's Rep. of Korea, Singapore, Sri Lanka, Swaziland, Tanzania, Chad, Thailand, Togo, Viet Nam and Yemen, the band 5 650-5 850 MHz is also allocated to the fixed and mobile services on a primary basis. In this case, the provisions of Resolution **229 (WRC-03)** do not apply. (WRC-03)

MOD

5.454 *Different category of service:* in Azerbaijan, the Russian Federation, Georgia, Mongolia, Uzbekistan, Kyrgyzstan, Tajikistan and Turkmenistan, the allocation of the band 5670-5725 MHz to the space research service is on a primary basis (see No. **5.33**). (WRC-03)

MOD

5.455 *Additional allocation:* in Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Cuba, the Russian Federation, Georgia, Hungary, Kazakhstan, Latvia, Moldova, Mongolia, Uzbekistan, Kyrgyzstan, Tajikistan, Turkmenistan and Ukraine, the band 5 670-5 850 MHz is also allocated to the fixed service on a primary basis. (WRC-03)

MOD

5.456 Additional allocation: in Cameroon, the band 5755-5850 MHz is also allocated to the fixed service on a primary basis. (WRC-03)

MOD

| Allocation to services | | |
|------------------------|---------------------------------------|------------------|
| Region 1 | Region 2 | Region 3 |
| 5925-6700 | FIXED | · |
| | FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space | e) 5.457A 5.457B |
| MOBILE | | |
| | 5.149 5.440 5.458 | |
| | | |
| 7 075-7 145 | FIXED | |
| MOBILE | | |
| | 5.458 5.459 | |
| 7 145-7 235 | FIXED | |
| | MOBILE | |
| | SPACE RESEARCH (Earth-to-space) 5.460 | |
| | 5.458 5.459 | |
| 7 235-7 250 | FIXED | |
| | MOBILE | |
| | 5.458 | |

5830-7550 MHz

ADD

5.457A In the bands 5925-6425 MHz and 14-14.5 GHz, earth stations located on board vessels may communicate with space stations of the fixed-satellite service. Such use shall be in accordance with Resolution 902 (WRC-03). (WRC-03)

ADD

5.457B In the bands 5 925-6 425 MHz and 14-14.5 GHz, earth stations located on board vessels may operate with the characteristics and under the conditions contained in Resolution 902 (WRC-03) in Algeria, Saudi Arabia, Bahrain, Comoros, Djibouti, Egypt, United Arab Emirates, Jordan, Kuwait, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Morocco, Mauritania, Oman, Qatar, Syrian Arab Republic, Sudan, Tunisia and Yemen, in the maritime mobile-satellite service on a secondary basis. Such use shall be in accordance with Resolution 902 (WRC-03). (WRC-03)

MOD

5.460 The use of the band 7145-7190 MHz by the space research service (Earth-to-space) is restricted to deep space; no emissions to deep space shall be effected in the band 7190-7235 MHz. Geostationary satellites in the space research service operating in the band 7190-7235 MHz shall not claim protection from existing and future stations of the fixed and mobile services and No. **5.43A** does not apply. (WRC-03)

MOD

7 550-8 750 GHz

| Allocation to services | | |
|---|--|----------|
| Region 1 Region 2 Region 3 | | Region 3 |
| 8400-8500 FIXED 5.486 | | |
| MOBILE except aeronautical mobile | | |
| SPACE RESEARCH (space-to-Earth) 5.465 5.466 | | |

MOD

5.466 *Different category of service:* in Israel, Singapore and Sri Lanka, the allocation of the band 8400-8500 MHz to the space research service is on a secondary basis (see No. **5.32**). (WRC-03)

SUP

5.467

MOD

5.468 Additional allocation: in Saudi Arabia, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Brunei Darussalam, Burundi, Cameroon, China, Congo (Rep. of the), Costa Rica, Egypt, the United Arab Emirates, Gabon, Guyana, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Jamaica, Jordan, Kenya, Kuwait, Lebanon, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Malaysia, Mali, Morocco, Mauritania, Nepal, Nigeria, Oman, Pakistan, Qatar, Syrian Arab Republic, Dem. People's Rep. of Korea, Senegal, Singapore, Somalia, Swaziland, Tanzania, Chad, Togo, Tunisia and Yemen, the band 8 500-8 750 MHz is also allocated to the fixed and mobile services on a primary basis. (WRC-03)

MOD

5.469 *Additional allocation:* in Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, the Russian Federation, Georgia, Hungary, Lithuania, Moldova, Mongolia, Uzbekistan, Poland, Kyrgyzstan, the Czech Rep., Romania, Tajikistan, Turkmenistan and Ukraine, the band 8 500-8 750 MHz is also allocated to the land mobile and radionavigation services on a primary basis. (WRC-03)

MOD

5.473 Additional allocation: in Armenia, Austria, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Bulgaria, Cuba, the Russian Federation, Georgia, Hungary, Moldova, Mongolia, Uzbekistan, Poland, Kyrgyzstan, Romania, Tajikistan, Turkmenistan and Ukraine, the bands 8850-9000 MHz and 9200-9300 MHz are also allocated to the radionavigation service on a primary basis. (WRC-03)

MOD

5.477 Different category of service: in Algeria, Saudi Arabia, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Brunei Darussalam, Cameroon, Egypt, the United Arab Emirates, Eritrea, Ethiopia, Guyana, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Jamaica, Japan, Jordan, Kuwait, Lebanon, Liberia, Malaysia, Nigeria, Oman, Pakistan, Qatar, the Dem. People's Rep. of Korea, Singapore, Somalia, Sudan, Trinidad and Tobago, and Yemen, the allocation of the band 9800-10000 MHz to the fixed service is on a primary basis (see No. **5.33**). (WRC-03)

MOD

5.478 *Additional allocation:* in Azerbaijan, Bulgaria, Mongolia, Kyrgyzstan, Romania, Turkmenistan and Ukraine, the band 9 800-10 000 MHz is also allocated to the radionavigation service on a primary basis. (WRC-03)

MOD

5.481 *Additional allocation:* in Germany, Angola, Brazil, China, Costa Rica, Côte d'Ivoire, El Salvador, Ecuador, Spain, Guatemala, Hungary, Japan, Kenya, Morocco, Nigeria, Oman, Uzbekistan, Paraguay, Peru, the Dem. People's Rep. of Korea, Tanzania, Thailand and Uruguay, the band 10.45-10.5 GHz is also allocated to the fixed and mobile services on a primary basis. (WRC-03)

MOD

5.482 In the band 10.6-10.68 GHz, stations of the fixed and mobile, except aeronautical mobile, services shall be limited to a maximum equivalent isotropically radiated power of 40 dBW and the power delivered to the antenna shall not exceed –3 dBW. These limits may be exceeded subject to agreement obtained under No. **9.21**. However, in Saudi Arabia, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Belarus, China, the United Arab Emirates, Georgia, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Japan, Kazakhstan, Kuwait, Latvia, Lebanon, Moldova, Nigeria, Pakistan, the Philippines, Qatar, Syrian Arab Republic, Tajikistan and Turkmenistan, the restrictions on the fixed and mobile, except aeronautical mobile, services are not applicable. (WRC-03)

MOD

5.483 Additional allocation: in Saudi Arabia, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Bahrain, Belarus, Bosnia and Herzegovina, China, Colombia, Korea (Rep. of), Costa Rica, Egypt, the United Arab Emirates, Georgia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Israel, Jordan, Kazakhstan, Kuwait, Lebanon, Mongolia, Uzbekistan, Qatar, Kyrgyzstan, the Dem. People's Rep. of Korea, Romania, Serbia and Montenegro, Tajikistan, Turkmenistan and Yemen, the band 10.68-10.7 GHz is also allocated to the fixed and mobile, except aeronautical mobile, services on a primary basis. Such use is limited to equipment in operation by 1 January 1985. (WRC-03)

11.7-14.25 GHz

| Allocation to services | | |
|---|---|---|
| Region 1 | Region 2 | Region 3 |
| 11.7-12.5 FIXED BROADCASTING BROADCASTING-SATELLITE MOBILE except aeronautical mobile | 11.7-12.1 FIXED 5.486 FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.484A Mobile except aeronautical mobile 5.485 5.488 12.1-12.2 FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.484A 5.485 5.488 | 11.7-12.2 FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile BROADCASTING BROADCASTING-SATELLITE 5.487 5.487A 5.492 |
| 5.487 5.487A 5.492 | 12.2-12.7 FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile BROADCASTING BROADCASTING-SATELLITE | 12.2-12.5 FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) MOBILE except aeronautical mobile BROADCASTING 5.484A 5.487 |
| 12.5-12.75 FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.484A (Earth-to-space) 5.494 5.495 5.496 | 5.487A 5.488 5.490 5.492 12.7-12.75 FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) MOBILE except aeronautical mobile | 12.5-12.75 FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.484A MOBILE except aeronautical mobile BROADCASTING- SATELLITE 5.493 |
| 13.75-14 FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.484A RADIOLOCATION Earth exploration-satellite Standard frequency and time signal-satellite (Earth-to-space) Space research 5.499 5.500 5.502 5.503 | | |
| 14-14.25 | FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.506 5.506B RADIONAVIGATION 5.504 Mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space) 5.504 Space research 5.504A 5.505 | |

MOD

5.487 In the band 11.7-12.5 GHz in Regions 1 and 3, the fixed, fixed-satellite, mobile, except aeronautical mobile, and broadcasting services, in accordance with their respective allocations, shall not cause harmful interference to, or claim protection from, broadcasting-satellite stations operating in accordance with the Regions 1 and 3 Plan in Appendix **30**. (WRC-03)

MOD

5.487A Additional allocation: in Region 1, the band 11.7-12.5 GHz, in Region 2, the band 12.2-12.7 GHz and, in Region 3, the band 11.7-12.2 GHz, are also allocated to the fixed-satellite service (space-to-Earth) on a primary basis, limited to non-geostationary systems and subject to application of the provisions of No. **9.12** for coordination with other non-geostationary-satellite systems in the fixed-satellite service shall not claim protection from geostationary-satellite networks in the broadcasting-satellite service operating in accordance with the Radio Regulations, irrespective of the dates of receipt by the Bureau of the complete coordination or notification information, as appropriate, for the geostationary-satellite service and of the complete coordination information, as appropriate, for the geostationary-satellite networks, and No. **5.43A** does not apply. Non-geostationary-satellite interference that may occur during their operation shall be rapidly eliminated. (WRC-03)

MOD

5.488 The use of the band 11.7-12.2 GHz by geostationary-satellite networks in the fixed-satellite service in Region 2 is subject to application of the provisions of No. **9.14** for coordination with stations of terrestrial services in Regions 1, 2 and 3. For the use of the band 12.2-12.7 GHz by the broadcasting-satellite service in Region 2, see Appendix **30**. (WRC-03)

SUP

5.491

MOD

5.494 Additional allocation: in Algeria, Angola, Saudi Arabia, Bahrain, Cameroon, the Central African Rep., Congo (Rep. of the), Côte d'Ivoire, Egypt, the United Arab Emirates, Eritrea, Ethiopia, Gabon, Ghana, Guinea, Iraq, Israel, Jordan, Kuwait, Lebanon, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Madagascar, Mali, Morocco, Mongolia, Nigeria, Qatar, Syrian Arab Republic, Dem. Rep. of the Congo, Somalia, Sudan, Chad, Togo and Yemen, the band 12.5-12.75 GHz is also allocated to the fixed and mobile, except aeronautical mobile, services on a primary basis. (WRC-03)

MOD

5.495 Additional allocation: in Bosnia and Herzegovina, Croatia, France, Greece, Liechtenstein, Monaco, Uganda, Portugal, Romania, Serbia and Montenegro, Slovenia, Switzerland, Tanzania and Tunisia, the band 12.5-12.75 GHz is also allocated to the fixed and mobile, except aeronautical mobile, services on a secondary basis. (WRC-03)

MOD

5.500 Additional allocation: in Algeria, Angola, Saudi Arabia, Bahrain, Brunei Darussalam, Cameroon, Egypt, the United Arab Emirates, Gabon, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Israel, Jordan, Kuwait, Lebanon, Madagascar, Malaysia, Mali, Malta, Morocco, Mauritania, Nigeria, Pakistan, Qatar, Syrian Arab Republic, Singapore, Sudan, Chad and Tunisia, the band 13.4-14 GHz is also allocated to the fixed and mobile services on a primary basis. (WRC-03)

MOD

5.501 Additional allocation: in Azerbaijan, Hungary, Japan, Mongolia, Kyrgyzstan, Romania, the United Kingdom and Turkmenistan, the band 13.4-14 GHz is also allocated to the radionavigation service on a primary basis. (WRC-03)

5.502 In the band 13.75-14 GHz, an earth station of a geostationary fixed-satellite service network shall have a minimum antenna diameter of 1.2 m and an earth station of a non-geostationary fixed-satellite service system shall have a minimum antenna diameter of 4.5 m. In addition, the e.i.r.p., averaged over one second, radiated by a station in the radiolocation or radionavigation services shall not exceed 59 dBW for elevation angles above 2° and 65 dBW at lower angles. Before an administration brings into use an earth station in a geostationary-satellite network in the fixed-satellite service in this band with an antenna size smaller than 4.5 m, it shall ensure that the power flux-density produced by this earth station does not exceed:

- -115 dB(W/(m² · 10 MHz)) for more than 1% of the time produced at 36 m above sea level at the low water mark, as officially recognized by the coastal state;
- -115 dB(W/(m² · 10 MHz)) for more than 1% of the time produced 3 m above ground at the border of the territory of an administration deploying or planning to deploy land mobile radars in this band, unless prior agreement has been obtained.

For earth stations within the fixed-satellite service having an antenna diameter greater than or equal to 4.5 m, the e.i.r.p. of any emission should be at least 68 dBW and should not exceed 85 dBW. (WRC-03)

MOD

5.503 In the band 13.75-14 GHz, geostationary space stations in the space research service for which information for advance publication has been received by the Bureau prior to 31 January 1992 shall operate on an equal basis with stations in the fixed-satellite service; after that date, new geostationary space stations in the space research service for which information for advance publication has been received by the Bureau prior to 31 January 1992 shall operate on an equal basis with stations in the fixed-satellite service; after that date, new geostationary space stations in the space research service for which information for advance publication has been received by the Bureau prior to 31 January 1992 cease to operate in this band:

- in the band 13.77-13.78 GHz, the e.i.r.p. density of emissions from any earth station in the fixed-satellite service operating with a space station in geostationary-satellite orbit shall not exceed:
 - i) 4.7D + 28 dB(W/40 kHz), where D is the fixed-satellite service earth station antenna diameter (m) for antenna diameters equal to or greater than 1.2 m and less than 4.5 m;
 - 49.2 + 20 log(D/4.5) dB(W/40 kHz), where D is the fixed-satellite service earth station antenna diameter (m) for antenna diameters equal to or greater than 4.5 m and less than 31.9 m;
 - 66.2 dB(W/40 kHz) for any fixed-satellite service earth station for antenna diameters (m) equal to or greater than 31.9 m;
 - iv) 56.2 dB(W/4 kHz) for narrow-band (less than 40 kHz of necessary bandwidth) fixedsatellite service earth station emissions from any fixed-satellite service earth station having an antenna diameter of 4.5 m or greater;
- the e.i.r.p. density of emissions from any earth station in the fixed-satellite service operating with a space station in non-geostationary-satellite orbit shall not exceed 51 dBW in the 6 MHz band from 13.772 to 13.778 GHz.

Automatic power control may be used to increase the e.i.r.p. density in these frequency ranges to compensate for rain attenuation, to the extent that the power flux-density at the fixed-satellite service space station does not exceed the value resulting from use by an earth station of an e.i.r.p. meeting the above limits in clear-sky conditions. (WRC-03)

SUP

5.503A

ADD

38

5.504A In the band 14-14.5 GHz, aircraft earth stations in the secondary aeronautical mobile-satellite service may also communicate with space stations in the fixed-satellite service. The provisions of Nos. **5.29**, **5.30** and **5.31** apply. (WRC-03)

ADD

5.504B Aircraft earth stations operating in the aeronautical mobile-satellite service in the band 14-14.5 GHz shall comply with the provisions of Annex 1, Part C of Recommendation ITU-R M.1643, with respect to any radio astronomy station performing observations in the 14.47-14.5 GHz band located on the territory of Spain, France, India, Italy, the United Kingdom and South Africa. (WRC-03)

ADD

5.504C In the band 14-14.25 GHz, the power flux-density produced on the territory of the countries of Saudi Arabia, Botswana, Côte d'Ivoire, Egypt, Guinea, India, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Kuwait, Lesotho, Nigeria, Oman, Syrian Arab Republic and Tunisia by any aircraft earth station in the aeronautical mobile-satellite service shall not exceed the limits given in Annex 1, Part B of Recommendation ITU-R M.1643, unless otherwise specifically agreed by the affected administration(s). The provisions of this footnote in no way derogate the obligations of the aeronautical mobile-satellite service to operate as a secondary service in accordance with No. **5.29**. (WRC-03)

MOD

5.505 Additional allocation: in Algeria, Angola, Saudi Arabia, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Botswana, Brunei Darussalam, Cameroon, China, Congo (Rep. of the), Korea (Rep. of), Egypt, the United Arab Emirates, Gabon, Guatemala, Guinea, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Israel, Japan, Jordan, Kuwait, Lesotho, Lebanon, Malaysia, Mali, Morocco, Mauritania, Oman, Pakistan, the Philippines, Qatar, Syrian Arab Republic, the Dem. People's Rep. of Korea, Singapore, Somalia, Sudan, Swaziland, Tanzania, Chad and Yemen, the band 14-14.3 GHz is also allocated to the fixed service on a primary basis. (WRC-03)

ADD

5.506A In the band 14-14.5 GHz, ship earth stations with an e.i.r.p. greater than 21 dBW shall operate under the same conditions as earth stations located on board vessels, as provided in Resolution **902 (WRC-03)**. This footnote shall not apply to ship earth stations for which the complete Appendix **4** information has been received by the Bureau prior to 5 July 2003. (WRC-03)

ADD

5.506B Earth stations located on board vessels communicating with space stations in the fixed-satellite service may operate in the frequency band 14-14.5 GHz without the need for prior agreement from Cyprus, Greece and Malta, within the minimum distance given in Resolution **902 (WRC-03)** from these countries. (WRC-03)

14.25-15.63 GHz

| Allocation to services | | |
|------------------------|--|-----------|
| Region 1 | Region 2 | Region 3 |
| | FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.506 5.506B RADIONAVIGATION 5.504 Mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space) 5.50 Space research 5.504A 5.505 5.508 5.509 | |
| 14.3-14.4 | 14.3-14.4 | 14.3-14.4 |
| | FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.457A 5.484A 5.506 5.506B Mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space) 5.506A Radionavigation-satellite 5.504A FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.506 5.506B MOBILE except aeronautical mobile Mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space) 5.50 Space research (space-to-Earth) 5.504A | |
| | FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.506 5.506B MOBILE except aeronautical mobile Mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space) 5.50 Radio astronomy 5.149 5.504A | |

MOD

5.508 Additional allocation: in Germany, Bosnia and Herzegovina, France, Italy, The Former Yugoslav Rep. of Macedonia, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, the United Kingdom, Serbia and Montenegro and Slovenia, the band 14.25-14.3 GHz is also allocated to the fixed service on a primary basis. (WRC-03)

ADD

5.508A In the band 14.25-14.3 GHz, the power flux-density produced on the territory of the countries of Saudi Arabia, Botswana, China, Côte d'Ivoire, Egypt, France, Guinea, India, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Italy, Kuwait, Lesotho, Nigeria, Oman, Syrian Arab Republic, the United Kingdom and Tunisia by any aircraft earth station in the aeronautical mobile-satellite service shall not exceed the limits given in Annex 1, Part B of Recommendation ITU-R M.1643, unless otherwise specifically agreed by the affected administration(s). The provisions of this footnote in no way derogate the obligations of the aeronautical mobile-satellite service to operate as a secondary service in accordance with No. **5.29**. (WRC-03)

ADD

5.509A In the band 14.3-14.5 GHz, the power flux-density produced on the territory of the countries of Saudi Arabia, Botswana, Cameroon, China, Côte d'Ivoire, Egypt, France, Gabon, Guinea, India, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Italy, Kuwait, Lesotho, Morocco, Nigeria, Oman, Syrian Arab Republic, the United Kingdom, Sri Lanka, Tunisia and Viet Nam by any aircraft earth station in the aeronautical mobile-satellite service shall not exceed the limits given in Annex 1, Part B of Recommendation ITU-R M.1643, unless otherwise specifically agreed by the affected administration(s). The provisions of this footnote in no way derogate the obligations of the aeronautical mobile-satellite service to operate as a secondary service in accordance with No. **5.29**. (WRC-03)

MOD

| Allocation to services | | |
|---|---|--|
| Region 1 | Region 2 | Region 3 |
| 17.3-17.7 | 17.3-17.7 | 17.3-17.7 |
| FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.516 (space-to-Earth) 5.516A 5.516B Radiolocation | FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.516 BROADCASTING-SATELLITE Radiolocation | FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.516 Radiolocation |
| 5.514 | 5.514 5.515 5.517 | 5.514 |
| | · · · · | |
| 18.1-18.4 | FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth (Earth-to-space) 5.520 MOBILE 5.519 5.521 |) 5.484A 5.516B |
| 18.4-18.6 | FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth MOBILE |) 5.484A 5.516B |

15.63-18.6 GHz

MOD

5.512 Additional allocation: in Algeria, Angola, Saudi Arabia, Austria, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Brunei Darussalam, Cameroon, Congo (Rep. of the), Costa Rica, Egypt, El Salvador, the United Arab Emirates, Eritrea, Finland, Guatemala, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Jordan, Kenya, Kuwait, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Malaysia, Mali, Morocco, Mauritania, Mozambique, Nepal, Nicaragua, Oman, Pakistan, Qatar, Serbia and Montenegro, Singapore, Slovenia, Somalia, Sudan, Swaziland, Tanzania, Chad, Togo and Yemen, the band 15.7-17.3 GHz is also allocated to the fixed and mobile services on a primary basis. (WRC-03)

MOD

5.514 Additional allocation: in Algeria, Angola, Saudi Arabia, Austria, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Cameroon, Costa Rica, El Salvador, the United Arab Emirates, Finland, Guatemala, India, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Israel, Italy, Japan, Jordan, Kuwait, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Lithuania, Nepal, Nicaragua, Nigeria, Oman, Uzbekistan, Pakistan, Qatar, Kyrgyzstan, Serbia and Montenegro, Slovenia and Sudan, the band 17.3-17.7 GHz is also allocated to the fixed and mobile services on a secondary basis. The power limits given in Nos. **21.3** and **21.5** shall apply. (WRC-03)

5.516A In the band 17.3-17.7 GHz, earth stations of the fixed-satellite service (space-to-Earth) in Region 1 shall not claim protection from the broadcasting-satellite service feeder-link earth stations operating under Appendix **30A**, nor put any limitations or restrictions on the locations of the broadcasting-satellite service feeder-link earth stations anywhere within the service area of the feeder link. (WRC-03)

ADD

5.516B The following bands are identified for use by high-density applications in the fixed-satellite service:

| 17.3-17.7 GHz | (space-to-Earth) in Region 1, |
|-----------------|-------------------------------------|
| 18.3-19.3 GHz | (space-to-Earth) in Region 2, |
| 19.7-20.2 GHz | (space-to-Earth) in all Regions, |
| 39.5-40 GHz | (space-to-Earth) in Region 1, |
| 40-40.5 GHz | (space-to-Earth) in all Regions, |
| 40.5-42 GHz | (space-to-Earth) in Region 2, |
| 47.5-47.9 GHz | (space-to-Earth) in Region 1, |
| 48.2-48.54 GHz | (space-to-Earth) in Region 1, |
| 49.44-50.2 GHz | (space-to-Earth) in Region 1, |
| and | |
| 27.5-27.82 GHz | (Earth-to-space) in Region 1, |
| 28.35-28.45 GHz | (Earth-to-space) in Region 2, |
| 28.45-28.94 GHz | (Earth-to-space) in all Regions, |
| 28.94-29.1 GHz | (Earth-to-space) in Region 2 and 3, |
| 29.25-29.46 GHz | (Earth-to-space) in Region 2, |
| 29.46-30 GHz | (Earth-to-space) in all Regions, |
| 48.2-50.2 GHz | (Earth-to-space) in Region 2. |
| | |

This identification does not preclude the use of these bands by other fixed-satellite service applications or by other services to which these bands are allocated on a co-primary basis and does not establish priority in these Regulations among users of the bands. Administrations should take this into account when considering regulatory provisions in relation to these bands. See Resolution **143 (WRC-03)**. (WRC-03)

MOD

5.521 *Alternative allocation:* in Germany, Denmark, the United Arab Emirates and Greece, the band 18.1-18.4 GHz is allocated to the fixed, fixed-satellite (space-to-Earth) and mobile services on a primary basis (see No. **5.33**). The provisions of No. **5.519** also apply. (WRC-03)

18.6-22.21 GHz

| Allocation to services | | | | |
|--|--|---|--|--|
| Region 1 | Region 2 | Region 3 | | |
| 18.6-18.8 | 18.6-18.8 | 18.6-18.8 | | |
| EARTH EXPLORATION- SATELLITE (passive) | EARTH EXPLORATION- SATELLITE (passive) | EARTH EXPLORATION- SATELLITE (passive) | | |
| FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.522B MOBILE except aeronautical mobile Space research (passive) | FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.516B 5.522B MOBILE except aeronautical mobile SPACE RESEARCH (passive) | FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.522B MOBILE except aeronautical mobile Space research (passive) | | |
| 5.522A 5.522C | 5.522A | 5.522A | | |
| 18.8-19.3 FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.516B 5.523A MOBILE | | | | |
| 19.7-20.1 | 19.7-20.1 | 19.7-20.1 | | |
| FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.484A 5.516B Mobile-satellite (space-to-Earth) | FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.484A 5.516B MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.524 5.525 5.526 5.527 5.528 | FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.484A 5.516B Mobile-satellite (space-to-Earth) | | |
| 5.524 | 5.529 | 5.524 | | |
| 20.1-20.2 FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.484A 5.516B MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.524 5.525 5.526 5.527 5.528 | | | | |
| | | | | |
| 21.4-22 | 21.4-22 | 21.4-22 | | |
| FIXED MOBILE BROADCASTING-SATELLITE 5.347A 5.530 | FIXED MOBILE | FIXED MOBILE BROADCASTING-SATELLITE 5.347A 5.530 5.531 | | |

SUP

5.534

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22.21-24.75 GHz

| Allocation to services | | | | |
|------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------|--|--|
| Region 1 | Region 2 | Region 3 | | |
| 24.65-24.75 | 24.65-24.75 | 24.65-24.75 | | |
| FIXED | INTER-SATELLITE | FIXED | | |
| INTER-SATELLITE | RADIOLOCATION-SATELLITE | INTER-SATELLITE | | |
| | (Earth-to-space) | MOBILE | | |
| | | 5.533 | | |

MOD

24.75-29.9 GHz

| | 24.75-29.9 GHz | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|---|--------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Allocation to services | | | | | |
| Region 1 | Region 2 | Region 3 | | | |
| 24.75-25.25 | 24.75-25.25 | 24.75-25.25 | | | |
| FIXED | FIXED-SATELLITE | FIXED | | | |
| | (Earth-to-space) 5.535 | FIXED-SATELLITE | | | |
| | | (Earth-to-space) 5.535 | | | |
| | | MOBILE | | | |
| | | | | | |
| 25.5-27 | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (space-to Earth) 5.536A 5.536B | | | | |
| | FIXED | | | | |
| | INTER-SATELLITE 5.536 | | | | |
| | MOBILE | | | | |
| | SPACE RESEARCH (space-to-Earth) 5.536A 5.536C | | | | |
| | Standard frequency and time signal-satellite (Earth-to-space) | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| 27.5-28.5 | FIXED 5.537A | | | | |
| | FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.484A 5.516B 5.539 | | | | |
| | MOBILE | | | | |
| | 5.538 5.540 | | | | |
| 28.5-29.1 | FIXED | | | | |
| | FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.484A 5.516B 5.523A 5.539 | | | | |
| | MOBILE | | | | |
| | Earth exploration-satellite (Earth-to-space) 5.541 | | | | |
| | 5.540 | | | | |
| 29.1-29.5 | FIXED | | | | |
| | FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) | 5.516B 5.523C 5.523E 5.535A | | | |
| | 5.539 5.541A | | | | |
| | MOBILE | | | | |
| | Earth exploration-satellite (Earth-to-space) 5.541 | | | | |
| | 5.540 | I | | | |
| 29.5-29.9 | 29.5-29.9 | 29.5-29.9 | | | |
| FIXED-SATELLITE | FIXED-SATELLITE | FIXED-SATELLITE | | | |
| (Earth-to-space) 5.484A 5.516B 5.539 | (Earth-to-space) 5.484A 5.516B 5.539 | (Earth-to-space) 5.484A 5.516E 5.539 | | | |
| Earth exploration-satellite | MOBILE-SATELLITE | Earth exploration-satellite | | | |
| (Earth-to-space) 5.541 | (Earth-to-space) | (Earth-to-space) 5.541 | | | |
| Mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space) | Earth exploration-satellite | Mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space) | | | |
| moone-satemic (Earth-to-space) | (Earth-to-space) 5.541 | (Earth-to-space) | | | |
| | 5.525 5.526 5.527 5.529 5.540 | | | | |
| 5.540 5.542 | 5.542 | 5.540 5.542 | | | |

-

5.536A Administrations operating earth stations in the Earth exploration-satellite service or the space research service shall not claim protection from stations in the fixed and mobile services operated by other administrations. In addition, earth stations in the Earth exploration-satellite service or in the space research service should be operated taking into account Recommendations ITU-R SA.1278 and ITU-R SA.1625, respectively. (WRC-03)

ADD

5.536C In Algeria, Saudi Arabia, Bahrain, Botswana, Brazil, Cameroon, Comoros, Cuba, Djibouti, Egypt, United Arab Emirates, Estonia, Finland, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Israel, Jordan, Kenya, Kuwait, Lithuania, Malaysia, Morocco, Nigeria, Oman, Qatar, Syrian Arab Republic, Somalia, Sudan, Tanzania, Tunisia, Uruguay, Zambia and Zimbabwe, earth stations operating in the space research service in the band 25.5-27 GHz shall not claim protection from, or constrain the use and deployment of, stations of the fixed and mobile services. (WRC-03)

MOD

5.537A In Bhutan, Korea (Rep. of), the Russian Federation, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Japan, Kazakhstan, Lesotho, Malaysia, Maldives, Mongolia, Myanmar, Uzbekistan, Pakistan, Philippines, Kyrgyzstan, the Dem. People's Rep. of Korea, Sri Lanka, Thailand and Viet Nam, the allocation to the fixed service in the band 27.5-28.35 GHz as lusted by high altitude platform stations (HAPS). The use of HAPS within the band 27.5-28.35 GHz is limited, within the territory of the countries listed above, to a single 300 MHz sub-band. Such use of 300 MHz of the fixed-service allocation by HAPS in the above countries is further limited to operation in the HAPS-to-ground direction and shall not cause harmful interference to, nor claim protection from, other types of fixed-service systems or other co-primary services. Furthermore, the development of these other services shall not be constrained by HAPS. See Resolution **145 (WRC-03**).

MOD

| Allocation to services | | | | |
|------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Region 1 | Region 2 | Region 3 | | |
| 29.9-30 | FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-spac | FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.484A 5.516B 5.539 | | |
| | MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) Earth exploration-satellite (Earth-to-space) 5.541 5.543 5.525 5.526 5.527 5.538 5.540 5.542 | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| 31.8-32 | FIXED 5.547A | | | |
| | RADIONAVIGATION | | | |
| | SPACE RESEARCH (deep space) (space-to-Earth) 5.547 5.547B 5.548 | | | |
| | | | | |
| 32-32.3 FIXED 5.547A | | | | |
| | RADIONAVIGATION | | | |
| | SPACE RESEARCH (deep space) (s | space-to-Earth) | | |
| | | | | |

29.9-34.2 GHz

5.543A In Bhutan, Korea (Rep. of), the Russian Federation, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Japan, Kazakhstan, Lesotho, Malaysia, Maldives, Mongolia, Myanmar, Uzbekistan, Pakistan, Philippines, Kyrgyzstan, the Dem. People's Rep. of Korea, Sri Lanka, Thailand and Viet Nam, the allocation to the fixed service in the band 31-31.3 GHz may also be used by systems using high altitude platform stations (HAPS) in the ground-to-HAPS direction. The use of the band 31-31.3 GHz by systems using HAPS is limited to the territory of the countries listed above and shall not cause harmful interference to, nor claim protection from, other types of fixed-service systems, systems in the mobile service and systems operated under No. 5.545. Furthermore, the development of these services shall not be constrained by HAPS. Systems using HAPS in the band 31-31.3 GHz shall not cause harmful interference to the radio astronomy service having a primary allocation in the band 31.3-31.8 GHz, taking into account the protection criterion as given in Recommendation ITU-R RA.769. In order to ensure the protection of satellite passive services, the level of unwanted power density into a HAPS ground station antenna in the band 31.3-31.8 GHz shall be limited to -106 dB(W/MHz) under clear-sky conditions, and may be increased up to -100 dB(W/MHz) under rainy conditions to take account of rain attenuation, provided the effective impact on the passive satellite does not exceed the impact under clear-sky conditions as given above. See Resolution 145 (WRC-03). (WRC-03)

MOD

5.545 *Different category of service:* in Armenia, Azerbaijan, Georgia, Mongolia, Kyrgyzstan, Tajikistan and Turkmenistan, the allocation of the band 31-31.3 GHz to the space research service is on a primary basis (see No. **5.33**). (WRC-03)

MOD

5.546 Different category of service: in Saudi Arabia, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Egypt, the United Arab Emirates, Spain, Estonia, the Russian Federation, Finland, Georgia, Hungary, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Israel, Jordan, Latvia, Lebanon, Moldova, Mongolia, Uzbekistan, Poland, Syrian Arab Republic, Kyrgyzstan, Romania, the United Kingdom, South Africa, Tajikistan, Turkmenistan and Turkey, the allocation of the band 31.5-31.8 GHz to the fixed and mobile, except aeronautical mobile, services is on a primary basis (see No. **5.33**). (WRC-03)

MOD

5.547 The bands 31.8-33.4 GHz, 37-40 GHz, 40.5-43.5 GHz, 51.4-52.6 GHz, 55.78-59 GHz and 64-66 GHz are available for high-density applications in the fixed service (see Resolutions 75 (WRC-2000) and 79 (WRC-2000)). Administrations should take this into account when considering regulatory provisions in relation to these bands. Because of the potential deployment of high-density applications in the fixed service in the bands 39.5-40 GHz and 40.5-42 GHz (see No. 5.516B), administrations should further take into account potential constraints to high-density applications in the fixed service, as appropriate. (WRC-03)

MOD

5.547C Alternative allocation: in the United States, the band 32-32.3 GHz is allocated to the radionavigation and space research (deep space) (space-to-Earth) services on a primary basis. (WRC-03)

MOD

5.548 In designing systems for the inter-satellite service in the band 32.3-33 GHz, for the radionavigation service in the band 32-33 GHz, and for the space research service (deep space) in the band 31.8-32.3 GHz, administrations shall take all necessary measures to prevent harmful interference between these services, bearing in mind the safety aspects of the radionavigation service (see Recommendation **707**). (WRC-03)

5.549 Additional allocation: in Saudi Arabia, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Egypt, the United Arab Emirates, Gabon, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Israel, Jordan, Kuwait, Lebanon, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Malaysia, Mali, Malta, Morocco, Mauritania, Nepal, Nigeria, Oman, Pakistan, the Philippines, Qatar, Syrian Arab Republic, Dem. Rep. of the Congo, Singapore, Somalia, Sudan, Sri Lanka, Togo, Tunisia and Yemen, the band 33.4-36 GHz is also allocated to the fixed and mobile services on a primary basis. (WRC-03)

MOD

34.2-40 GHz

| Allocation to services | | | | | |
|--|---|----|--|--|--|
| Region 1 | Region 1 Region 2 Region 3 | | | | |
| 35.5-36 | METEOROLOGICAL AIDS | | | | |
| | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active) | | | | |
| | RADIOLOCATION | | | | |
| | SPACE RESEARCH (active) | | | | |
| | 5.549 5.549A | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| 37.5-38 | FIXED | | | | |
| | FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) | | | | |
| | MOBILE SPACE RESEARCH (space-to-Earth) Earth exploration-satellite (space-to-Earth) | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | 5.547 | | | | |
| 38-39.5 | FIXED | | | | |
| | FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) | | | | |
| | MOBILE | | | | |
| Earth exploration-satellite (space-to-Earth) | | | | | |
| | 5.547 | | | | |
| 39.5-40 | FIXED | | | | |
| | FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.516B | | | | |
| | MOBILE | | | | |
| | MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) | | | | |
| | Earth exploration-satellite (space-to-Eart | h) | | | |
| | 5.547 | | | | |

ADD

5.549A In the band 35.5-36.0 GHz, the mean power flux-density at the Earth's surface, generated by any spaceborne sensor in the Earth exploration-satellite service (active) or space research service (active), for any angle greater than 0.8° from the beam centre shall not exceed $-73.3 \text{ dB}(\text{W/m}^2)$ in this band. (WRC-03)

40-40.5 GHz

| Allocation to services | | | | |
|------------------------|--|-------|--|--|
| Region 1 | Region 2 Region 3 | | | |
| 40-40.5 | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) | | | |
| | FIXED | | | |
| | FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.516B | | | |
| | MOBILE | | | |
| | MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) | | | |
| | SPACE RESEARCH (Earth-to-space) | | | |
| | Earth exploration-satellite (space-to-Ea | arth) | | |

MOD

5.550 *Different category of service:* in Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, the Russian Federation, Georgia, Mongolia, Uzbekistan, Kyrgyzstan, Tajikistan and Turkmenistan, the allocation of the band 34.7-35.2 GHz to the space research service is on a primary basis (see No. **5.33**). (WRC-03)

SUP

5.551A

SUP

5.551AA

40.5-51.4 GHz

| Allocation to services | | | | |
|--|---|-------------------------|--|--|
| Region 1 | Region 2 | Region 3 | | |
| 40.5-41 | 40.5-41 | 40.5-41 | | |
| FIXED | FIXED | FIXED | | |
| FIXED-SATELLITE | FIXED-SATELLITE | FIXED-SATELLITE | | |
| (space-to-Earth) | (space-to-Earth) 5.516B | (space-to-Earth) | | |
| BROADCASTING | BROADCASTING | BROADCASTING | | |
| BROADCASTING-SATELLITE | BROADCASTING-SATELLITE | BROADCASTING-SATELLITE | | |
| Mobile | Mobile | Mobile | | |
| | Mobile-satellite (space-to-Earth) | | | |
| 5.547 | 5.547 | 5.547 | | |
| 41-42.5 | FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) | 5.516B | | |
| | BROADCASTING | | | |
| | BROADCASTING-SATELLITE | | | |
| | Mobile | | | |
| | 5.547 5.551F 5.551H 5.551I | | | |
| | | | | |
| 47.2-47.5 | FIXED | 5 552 | | |
| | FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) | 5.552 | | |
| | MOBILE | | | |
| 47.5.47.0 | 5.552A 47.5-47.9 | | | |
| 47.5-47.9 FIXED | | | | |
| FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE | FIXED | 5 5 5 2 | | |
| (Earth-to-space) 5.552 | FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space MOBILE | ;) 5.552 | | |
| (space-to-Earth) 5.516B 5.554A | | | | |
| MOBILE | | | | |
| 47.9-48.2 | FIXED | | | |
| FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.552 | | | | |
| MOBILE | | | | |
| | 5.552A | | | |
| 48.2-48.54 | 48.2-50.2 | | | |
| FIXED | FIXED | | | |
| FIXED-SATELLITE | FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth | -to-space) 5.516B 5.552 | | |
| (Earth-to-space) 5.552 | MOBILE | • / | | |
| (space-to-Earth) 5.516B 5.554A | | | | |
| 5.555A | | | | |
| MOBILE | 4 | | | |
| 48.54-49.44 | | | | |
| FIXED | | | | |
| FIXED-SATELLITE | | | | |
| (Earth-to-space) 5.552 | | | | |
| MOBILE | | | | |
| 5.149 5.340 5.555 | 4 | | | |
| 49.44-50.2 FIXED | | | | |
| | | | | |
| FIXED-SATELLITE | | | | |
| (space-to-Earth) 5.516B 5.554A | (Earth-to-space) 5.552 (space-to-Farth) 5.516B 5.554 | | | |
| (space-to-Earth) 5.516B 5.534A 5.555A | | | | |
| MOBILE | 5.149 5.340 5.555 | | | |
| 50.2-50.4 | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLI | ΓE (passive) | | |
| | SPACE RESEARCH (passive) | · · · · | | |
| | 5.340 | | | |
| | | | | |

SUP

5.551G

ADD

5.551H The equivalent power flux-density (epfd) produced in the band 42.5-43.5 GHz by all space stations in any non-geostationary-satellite system in the fixed-satellite service (space-to-Earth), or in the broadcasting-satellite service (space-to-Earth) operating in the 42-42.5 GHz band, shall not exceed the following values at the site of any radio astronomy station for more than 2% of the time:

 $-230 \text{ dB}(W/m^2)$ in 1 GHz and $-246 \text{ dB}(W/m^2)$ in any 500 kHz of the 42.5-43.5 GHz band at the site of any radio astronomy station registered as a single-dish telescope; and

 $-209 \text{ dB}(\text{W/m}^2)$ in any 500 kHz of the 42.5-43.5 GHz band at the site of any radio astronomy station registered as a very long baseline interferometry station.

These epfd values shall be evaluated using the methodology given in Recommendation ITU-R S.1586 and the reference antenna pattern and the maximum gain of an antenna in the radio astronomy service given in Recommendation ITU-R RA.1631 and shall apply over the whole sky and for elevation angles higher than the minimum operating angle θ_{min} of the radiotelescope (for which a default value of 5° should be adopted in the absence of notified information).

These values shall apply at any radio astronomy station that either:

- was in operation prior to 5 July 2003 and has been notified to the Bureau before 4 January 2004; or
- was notified before the date of receipt of the complete Appendix 4 information for coordination or notification, as appropriate, for the space station to which the limits apply.

Other radio astronomy stations notified after these dates may seek an agreement with administrations that have authorized the space stations. In Region 2, Resolution **743 (WRC-03)** shall apply. The limits in this footnote may be exceeded at the site of a radio astronomy station of any country whose administration so agreed. (WRC-03)

ADD

5.5511 The power flux-density in the band 42.5-43.5 GHz produced by any geostationary space station in the fixed-satellite service (space-to-Earth), or the broadcasting-satellite service (space-to-Earth) operating in the 42-42.5 GHz band, shall not exceed the following values at the site of any radio astronomy station:

 $-137 \text{ dB}(W/m^2)$ in 1 GHz and $-153 \text{ dB}(W/m^2)$ in any 500 kHz of the 42.5-43.5 GHz band at the site of any radio astronomy station registered as a single-dish telescope; and

 $-116 \text{ dB}(\text{W/m}^2)$ in any 500 kHz of the 42.5-43.5 GHz band at the site of any radio astronomy station registered as a very long baseline interferometry station.

These values shall apply at the site of any radio astronomy station that either:

- was in operation prior to 5 July 2003 and has been notified to the Bureau before 4 January 2004; or
- was notified before the date of receipt of the complete Appendix 4 information for coordination or notification, as appropriate, for the space station to which the limits apply.

Other radio astronomy stations notified after these dates may seek an agreement with administrations that have authorized the space stations. In Region 2, Resolution **743** (WRC-03) shall apply. The limits in this footnote may be exceeded at the site of a radio astronomy station of any country whose administration so agreed. (WRC-03)

49

ADD

5.554A The use of the bands 47.5-47.9 GHz, 48.2-48.54 GHz and 49.44-50.2 GHz by the fixed-satellite service (space-to-Earth) is limited to geostationary satellites. (WRC-03)

SUP

5.555A

ADD

MOD

158.5-202 GHz

| Allocation to services | | | | |
|--------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Region 1 Region 2 Region 3 | | | | |
| 182-185 | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) | | | |
| | RADIO ASTRONOMY | | | |
| | SPACE RESEARCH (passive) | | | |
| | 5.340 | | | |

SUP

5.563

ARTICLE 7

Application of the procedures

ADD

7.4A Unless otherwise stated in an applicable regulatory provision of these Regulations or in a Resolution relating to the application of the provisions of Articles **9** or **11**, the following shall be applied by the Bureau:

- when applying the provisions of No. 9.35 or 9.36, as appropriate, the Bureau shall apply the provisions in force at the date of receipt of the information submitted under No. 9.34;
- when applying the provisions of No. 11.31, the Bureau shall apply the provisions in force at the date of receipt of the complete notice submitted under No. 11.15;
- when applying the provisions of No. 11.32, the Bureau shall apply the provisions in force at the date of receipt of complete information submitted under No. 9.34. In the case where a new form of coordination exists on the date of receipt of notification under Article 11, where no such form existed at the coordination stage, the Bureau shall apply the forms of coordination in force on the date of receipt of complete Appendix 4 data under Article 11;
- in the case where a form of coordination or coordination requirements existed on the date of receipt of complete coordination data under Article 9 where no such form or coordination requirements exist on the date of receipt of complete notification data under Article 11, the Bureau shall not take into account these forms of coordination or coordination requirements. (WRC-03)

ARTICLE 9

Procedure for effecting coordination with or obtaining agreement of other administrations^{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 6A, 6B} (WRC-03)

ADD

 6A **A.9.6A** For the purpose of this Article, a geostationary satellite is a geosynchronous satellite with an orbit the inclination of which is less than or equal to 15° . (WRC-03)

ADD

^{6B} A.9.7 See also Resolution 33 (Rev.WRC-03). (WRC-03)

Section I – Advance publication of information on satellite networks or satellite systems

General

MOD

9.1 Before initiating any action under this Article or under Article **11** in respect of frequency assignments for a satellite network or a satellite system, an administration, or one⁷ acting on behalf of a group of named administrations, shall, prior to the coordination procedure described in Section II of Article **9** below, where applicable, send to the Bureau a general description of the network or system for advance publication in the International Frequency Information Circular (BR IFIC) not earlier than seven years and preferably not later than two years before the planned date of bringing into use of the network or system (see also No. **11.44**). The characteristics to be provided for this purpose are listed in Appendix **4**. The coordination or notification information for advance publication where coordination is required by Section II of Article **9**. Where coordination is not required by Section II, notification shall be considered as having been received by the Bureau not earlier than six months after the date of publication of the advance publication information. (WRC-03)

MOD

9.2 Amendments to the information sent in accordance with the provisions of No. **9.1** shall also be sent to the Bureau as soon as they become available. The use of an additional frequency band or modification of the orbital location by more than $\pm 6^{\circ}$ for a space station using the geostationary-satellite orbit will require the application of the advance publication procedure for this band or orbital location, as appropriate. (WRC-03)

⁸ 9.2B.1 If the payments are not received in accordance with the provisions of Council Decision 482, as amended, on the implementation of cost recovery for satellite network filings, the Bureau shall cancel the publication, after informing the administration concerned. The Bureau shall inform all administrations of such action, and that the network specified in the publication in question no longer has to be taken into consideration by the Bureau and other administrations. The Bureau shall send a reminder to the notifying administration not later than two months prior to the deadline for the payment in accordance with Council Decision 482 unless the payment has already been received. See also Resolution 87 (WRC-03). (WRC-03)

MOD

9.5D If the information under No. **9.30** has not been received by the Bureau within a period of 24 months after the date of receipt by the Bureau of the relevant complete information under No. **9.1** or **9.2**, as appropriate, the information published under No. **9.2B** and not covered by a coordination request under No. **9.30** shall be cancelled, after the administration concerned has been informed at least three months before the end of the 24-month period. The Bureau shall also publish the cancellation in its BR IFIC. (WRC-03)

Section II – Procedure for effecting coordination^{10, 11}

MOD

9.6 Before an administration^{12, 13, 13A} notifies to the Bureau or brings into use a frequency assignment in any of the cases listed below, it shall effect coordination, as required, with other administrations identified under No. **9.27**: (WRC-03)

ADD

MOD

9.14 *i)* for a space station of a satellite network for which the requirement to coordinate is included in a footnote to the Table of Frequency Allocations referring to this provision or to No. **9.11A** in respect of stations of terrestrial services where the threshold value is exceeded; (WRC-03)

^{13A} 9.6.3 Unless otherwise specified, coordination under any of the particular sharing situations defined in Nos. 9.7 to 9.21 is not applicable when limits for that sharing situation are specified elsewhere in these Regulations. (WRC-03)

9.17A *m*) for any specific earth station, in respect of other earth stations operating in the opposite direction of transmission or for any typical mobile earth station in respect of specific earth stations operating in the opposite direction of transmission, in frequency bands allocated with equal rights to space radiocommunication services in both directions of transmission and where the coordination area of the earth station includes the territory of another country or the earth station is located within the coordination area of another earth station, with the exception of the coordination under No. **9.19**; (WRC-03)

MOD

¹⁹ **9.38.1** If the payments are not received in accordance with the provisions of Council Decision 482, as amended, on the implementation of cost recovery for satellite network filings, the Bureau shall cancel the publication, after informing the administration concerned. The Bureau shall inform all administrations of such action and that the network specified in the publication in question no longer has to be taken into consideration by the Bureau and other administrations. The Bureau shall send a reminder to the notifying administration not later than two months prior to the deadline for the payment in accordance with Council Decision 482 unless the payment has already been received. See also Resolution **87 (WRC-03)**.

ARTICLE 11

Notification and recording of frequency assignments^{1, 2, 3, 4, 4A, 5A} (WRC-03)

ADD

 4A **A.11.4A** For the purpose of this Article, a geostationary satellite is a geosynchronous satellite with an orbit the inclination of which is less than or equal to 15° . (WRC-03)

ADD

^{5A} A.11.5 See also Resolution 33 (Rev.WRC-03). (WRC-03)

Section I - Notification

ADD

11.3A *aa*) if that assignment is subject to Resolution **221 (Rev.WRC-03)**; or (WRC-03)

ADD

11.21B *f*) any terrestrial station in bands referred to in a footnote which includes a reference to No. **9.21**, if it pertains to a service which is subject to the application of the procedure for seeking agreement under No. **9.21**; (WRC-03)

(MOD)

11.22 g) earth stations whose coordination area includes the territory of another administration, or where the earth station is located within the coordination area of an earth station operating in the opposite direction of transmission;^{6,7} (WRC-03)

(MOD)

11.23 *h*) earth stations whose interference potential is greater than that of a coordinated typical earth station.⁶ (WRC-03)

MOD

11.24 Notices relating to assignments to stations of terrestrial services, except for those referred to in Nos. **11.25**, **11.26** or **11.26A**, shall reach the Bureau not earlier than three months before the assignments are brought into use. (WRC-03)

ADD

11.26A Notices relating to assignments for high altitude platform stations operating as base stations to provide IMT-2000 in the bands identified in **5.388A** shall reach the Bureau not earlier than three years before the assignments are brought into use. (WRC-03)

Section II – Examination of notices and recording of frequency assignments in the Master Register

MOD

⁸ **11.31.1** Conformity with the Table of Frequency Allocations implies the successful application of No. **9.21**, when necessary. However, the recording of the assignment with respect to those objecting administration(s) whose agreement(s) have not been obtained will be with a favourable finding, subject to the condition that the assignment in question shall not cause harmful interference to nor claim protection from the service(s) of the objecting administration(s) from which the agreement was sought. With respect to the administration(s) which have not objected under No. **9.21**, the recording of the assignment shall also be made with a favourable finding. (WRC-03)

MOD

11.39 When the examination with respect to No. **11.34** leads to a favourable finding, the assignment shall be recorded in the Master Register. When the finding is unfavourable, the notice shall be returned to the notifying administration, with an indication of the appropriate action. However, notices under Appendices **25**, **26** or **27** which are in accordance with the technical principles of the relevant appendix but not with the associated allotment plan shall be treated as follows: (WRC-03)

ADD

11.39F A notice which is not in conformity with the technical principles of Appendices **25**, **26** or **27**, as applicable, shall be returned to the notifying administration, unless the administration undertakes that it will be operated in accordance with No. **4.4**; in such a case the assignment shall be recorded in the Master Register for information purposes and subject to application of No. **8.5**. (WRC-03)

MOD

11.44 The notified date¹⁷ of bringing into use of any assignment to a space station of a satellite network shall be not later than seven years following the date of receipt by the Bureau of the relevant complete information under No. **9.1** or **9.2**, as appropriate. Any frequency assignment not brought into use within the required period shall be cancelled by the Bureau after having informed the administration at least three months before the expiry of this period. (WRC-03)

SUP

11.44B

SUP

11.44C

SUP

11.44D

SUP

11.44E

SUP 11.44F SUP 11.44G SUP 11.44H SUP 11.44I

MOD

11.48 If, after the expiry of the period of seven years from the date of receipt of the relevant complete information referred to in No. **9.1** or **9.2**, as appropriate, the administration responsible for the satellite network has not brought the frequency assignments to stations of the network into use, the corresponding information published under Nos. **9.2B** and **9.38**, as appropriate, shall be cancelled, but only after the administration concerned has been informed at least three months before the expiry date referred to in No. **11.44**. (WRC-03)

ADD

11.50 The Bureau shall review periodically the Master Register with the aim of maintaining or improving its accuracy, with particular emphasis on the review of the findings so as to adjust them to the changing allocation situation after each conference. (WRC-03)

ARTICLE 12

Seasonal planning of the HF bands allocated to the broadcasting service between 5900 kHz and 26100 kHz

Section III - The Procedure

MOD

12.33 Upon receipt of the schedules, the Bureau shall, in accordance with the Rules of Procedure, validate the data where necessary, perform a compatibility analysis and prepare the tentative high frequency broadcasting schedules (the Tentative Schedules). These Schedules shall include all assignments where administrations gave no alternatives, the selections made by the Bureau from any alternatives given, and the frequencies selected by the Bureau in cases where the need for its assistance was indicated by their intentional omission from the individual schedules. (WRC-03)

MOD

12.34 The Tentative Schedules shall be published two months and one month before the start of each of the two schedule periods in Nos. **12.17** and **12.18**. (WRC-03)

MOD

12.38 Administrations shall notify the Bureau of changes to their schedules as quickly as possible and the Bureau shall update and make available the Schedule on a monthly basis. The Bureau shall perform new compatibility analyses and publish the updated Schedule and the results of these analyses at regular intervals during the season. (WRC-03)

ARTICLE 13

Instructions to the Bureau

ADD

Section 0 – Development of the Rules of Procedure and proposals to resolve inconsistencies encountered in the application of the Radio Regulations (WRC-03)

ADD

13.0.1 The Board shall develop a new Rule of Procedure only when there is a clear need with proper justification for such a Rule. For all such Rules, the Board shall submit to the coming world radiocommunication conference the necessary modifications to the Radio Regulations, to alleviate such difficulties or inconsistencies and include its suggestions in the Report of the Director to the next world radiocommunication conference. (WRC-03)

ADD

13.0.2 If such a need is not identified under No. **13.0.1**, the Board shall submit also to the coming world radiocommunication conference the necessary modifications to the Radio Regulations to alleviate such difficulties or inconsistencies. (WRC-03)

Section III – Maintenance of the Rules of Procedure by the Bureau

ADD

13.12A In the preparation and development of the Rules of Procedure, the Board, the Bureau and administrations shall apply the following steps:

a) the Bureau shall also publish under No. **13.17**, on the ITU website, a list of future proposed Rules and the time-frame for their consideration by the Board and for comments by administrations on the list of future proposed Rules;

b) any practice used by the Bureau in the application of the provisions of the Radio Regulations shall be identified and proposed for inclusion in the Rules of Procedure in accordance with the procedures of this section;

c) all draft Rules prepared by the Bureau shall be available to administrations on the ITU website and by Circular Letter at least ten weeks prior to the start of the Board meeting;

d) any comments on these draft Rules of Procedure from administrations shall be submitted to the Bureau at least four weeks before the start of the Board meeting;

e) in submitting comments administrations should, if possible, suggest the actual text of their proposed Rules;

f) all comments from administrations shall be posted on the ITU website. However, those comments that do not meet the above time-limits shall not be considered by the Board;

g) any Rules of Procedure are to be in conformity with the spirit and principle of the Constitution, Convention and the Radio Regulations and shall avoid any relaxation to the application of the corresponding provisions of the Radio Regulation to which the Rules make reference. (WRC-03)

Section IV - Board documents

MOD

13.18 Within one week after a meeting of the Board, a summary of all decisions, including the reasons for each decision, taken in that meeting shall be made available on the ITU website. After each Board meeting the approved minutes of that meeting shall normally be circulated at least one month before the start of the following meeting to administrations by means of a circular letter and these approved minutes shall also be made available on the ITU website. (WRC-03)

ARTICLE 19

Identification of stations

Section II - Allocation of international series and assignment of call signs

ADD

19.31A 4) Means shall be provided for uniquely identifying mobile stations operating in automated terrestrial or satellite communication systems for the purposes of answering distress calls, for avoiding interference and for billing. Identification of the mobile station by accessing a registration database is satisfactory, provided that the system can associate the mobile station calling number with the particular mobile station user. (WRC-03)

MOD

19.35 § 16 The Secretary-General shall be responsible for allocating additional maritime identification digits (MIDs) to administrations within the limits specified, provided that it is ascertained that the possibilities offered by the MIDs allocated to an administration will soon be exhausted despite judicious ship station identity assignment as outlined in Section VI. (WRC-03)

SUP

² 19.35.1

MOD

19.36 § 17 Each administration has been allocated one or more maritime identification digit (MID) for its use. A second or subsequent MID should not be requested² unless the previously allocated MID is more than 80% exhausted in the basic category of three trailing zeros and the rate of assignments is such that 90% exhaustion is foreseen. (WRC-03)

ADD

² **19.36.1** In no circumstances may an administration claim more MIDs than the total number of its ship stations notified to ITU divided by 1 000, plus one. Administrations shall make every attempt to reuse the Maritime Mobile Service Identities (MMSI) assigned from earlier MID resources, which become redundant after ships leave their national ship registry. Such numbers should be considered for reassignment after being absent from at least two successive editions of List VIIA of the ITU service publications. Administrations seeking additional MID resources must meet the criteria of having notified all previous assignments, in accordance with No. **20.16**. This criteria applies only to MMSIs in the basic category and to all MIDs assigned to the administration. (WRC-03)

Section III - Formation of call signs

| MOD | |
|-------|--|
| 19.48 | b) combinations in Recommendation ITU-R M.1172 that are reserved for the abbreviations to be used in the radiocommunication services. $(WRC-03)$ |
| SUP | |
| 19.49 | <i>c)</i> |
| MOD | |

⁴ **19.50.1** For call sign series beginning with B, F, G, I, K, M, N, R, W and 2, only the first character is required for nationality identification. In the cases of half series (i.e. when the first two characters are allocated to more than one Member State), the first three characters are required for nationality identification. (WRC-03)

MOD

19.68 § 30 1)

- one character (provided that it is the letter B, F, G, I, K, M, N, R or W) and a single digit (other than 0 or 1), followed by a group of not more than four characters, the last of which shall be a letter, *or*
- two characters and a single digit (other than 0 or 1), followed by a group of not more than four characters, the last of which shall be a letter. (WRC-03)

ADD

19.68A 1A)On special occasions, for temporary use, administrations may authorize use of call signs with more than the four characters referred to in No. **19.68**. (WRC-03)

Section IV - Identification of stations using radiotelephony

MOD

19.72 § 32 Stations using radiotelephony shall be identified as indicated in Nos. **19.73** to **19.82A**. (WRC-03)

ADD

19.82A § 35A Amateur stations and experimental stations

- a call sign (see No. **19.68**). (WRC-03)

Section V - Selective call numbers in the maritime mobile Service

MOD

19.96A 3) Five-digit ship station selective call numbers shall be assigned to sequential single frequency selective calling (SSFC) equipment (as described in Recommendation ITU-R M.257-3) for calling in radiotelephony and for the phasing in of narrow-band direct printing (NBDP) equipment (as described in Recommendation ITU-R M.476-5). Within one administration the same five-digit number may be used:

- for identification of ship stations fitted with both SSFC and NBDP equipment;
- for identification of ship stations of two different ships fitted with either SSFC or NBDP equipment only. (WRC-03)

Section VI – Maritime mobile service identities in the maritime mobile service and the maritime mobile-satellite service

MOD

19.101 2) These identities are formed in such a way that the identity or part thereof can be used by telephone and telex subscribers connected to the public telecommunications network principally to call ships automatically in the shore-to-ship direction. Access to public networks may also be achieved by means of free-form numbering plans, so long as the ship can be uniquely identified using the system's registration database (see No. **19.31A**) to obtain the ship station identity, call sign or ship name and nationality. (WRC-03)

ADD

19.108A § 41 The maritime identification digits $M_1I_2D_3$ are an integral part of the maritime mobile service identity and denote the geographical area of the administration responsible for the station so identified (see Nos. **19.102** to **19.106**). (WRC-03)

SUP

19.109

MOD

19.112 *a)* follow the guidelines contained in the most recent version of Recommendation ITU-R M.585 concerning the assignment and use of ship station identities; (WRC-03)

19.114 *c)* take particular care in assigning ship station identities with six significant digits (i.e. having three-trailing-zero identities), which should be assigned only to ship stations which can reasonably be expected to require such an identity for automatic access on a worldwide basis to public switched networks, in particular for mobile-satellite systems accepted for use in the GMDSS on or before 1 February 2002, as long as those systems maintain the MMSI as part of their numbering scheme. (WRC-03)

SUP

19.115

SUP

19.116

ARTICLE 20

MOD

Service publications (WRC-03)

MOD

Section I – Titles and contents of service publications (WRC-03)

MOD

20.1 § 1 The following publications shall be issued by the Secretary-General. As circumstances warrant and in response to individual requests by administrations, the published information shall also be available in computer printed form, machine-readable form, film, microfiche or by other appropriate means. (WRC-03)

MOD

Section II – Preparation and amendment of service publications (WRC-03)

MOD

20.15 § 11 The form, the content and the periodicity of each publication shall be decided by the Bureau in consultation with administrations and the international organizations concerned. (WRC-03)

MOD

20.16 § 12 Administrations shall take all appropriate measures to notify the Bureau immediately of any changes in the operational information contained in Lists IV, V and VI, in view of the importance of this information, particularly with regard to safety. In the case of other publications, administrations shall communicate the changes in the information contained in them as soon as possible. (WRC-03)

MOD

20.17 § 13 For the purpose of the service publications, a "country" shall be understood to mean the territory within the limits of which the station is located; a territory which does not have full responsibility for its international relations shall also be considered as a country for this purpose. (WRC-03)

ARTICLE 21

Terrestrial and space services sharing frequency bands above 1 GHz

Section II – Power limits for terrestrial stations

MOD

TABLE 21-2 (WRC-03)

| Frequency band | Service | Limit as specified in Nos. | |
|---|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|--|
| 1 610-1 645.5 MHz (No. 5.359) | Fixed-satellite | 21.2, 21.3, | |
| 1 646.5-1 660 MHz (No. 5.359) | Meteorological-satellite | 21.4 and 21.5 | |
| 1 980-2 010 MHz | Space research | | |
| 2010-2025 MHz (Region 2) | Space operation | | |
| 2 025-2 110 MHz | Earth exploration-satellite | | |
| 2 200-2 290 MHz | Mobile-satellite | | |
| 2 655-2 670 MHz ⁵ (Regions 2 and 3) | | | |
| 2 670-2 690 MHz | | | |
| 5 670-5 725 MHz (Nos. 5.453 and 5.455) | | | |
| 5 725-5 755 MHz ⁵ (Region 1 countries listed in Nos. 5.451 , 5.453 and 5.455) | | | |
| 5 755-5 850 MHz ⁵ (Region 1 countries listed in Nos. 5.451 , 5.453 , 5.455 and 5.456) | | | |
| 5 850-7 075 MHz | | | |
| 7 145-7 235 MHz* | | | |
| 7 900-8 400 MHz | | | |
| 8 400-8 500 MHz | | | |
| 10.7-11.7 GHz ⁵ (Region 1) | Fixed-satellite | 21.2, 21.3 and 21.5 | |
| 12.5-12.75 GHz ⁵ (Nos. 5.494 and 5.496) | | | |
| 12.7-12.75 GHz ⁵ (Region 2) | | | |
| 12.75-13.25 GHz | | | |
| 13.75-14 GHz (Nos. 5.499 and 5.500) | | | |
| 14.0-14.25 GHz (No. 5.505) | | | |
| 14.25-14.3 GHz (Nos. 5.505, 5.508 and 5.509) | | | |
| 14.3-14.4 GHz ⁵ (Regions 1 and 3) | | | |
| 14.4-14.5 GHz | | | |
| 14.5-14.8 GHz | | | |
| 17.7-18.4 GHz | Fixed-satellite | 21.2, 21.3, 21.5 | |
| 18.6-18.8 GHz | Earth exploration-satellite | and 21.5A | |
| 19.3-19.7 GHz | Space research | | |
| 22.55-23.55 GHz | Inter-satellite | | |
| 24.45-24.75 GHz (Regions 1 and 3) | | | |
| 24.75-25.25 GHz (Region 3) | | | |
| 25.25-29.5 GHz | | | |

* For this frequency band only the limits of Nos. 21.3 and 21.5 apply.

Section III - Power limits for earth stations

MOD

TABLE 21-3 (WRC-03)

| Frequency band | Services |
|-----------------|-----------------------------|
| | Fixed-satellite |
| 5 850-7 075 MHz | Earth-exploration-satellite |
| 7 190-7 235 MHz | Meteorological-satellite |
| 7 900-8 400 MHz | Mobile-satellite |
| | Space operation |
| | Space research |

ADD

21.13A 7) In the band 13.75-14 GHz, the level of off-axis e.i.r.p. emitted by an earth station of a geostationary fixed-satellite service network with an antenna diameter smaller than 4.5 m shall not exceed the following values:

| Angle off-axis (degrees) | Maximum e.i.r.p. in any 1 MHz band (dBW) | |
|-----------------------------|---|--|
| $2 \leq \phi \leq 7$ | $43-25\log\phi$ | |
| $7 < \phi \le 9.2$ | 22 | |
| $9.2 < \phi \le 48$ | $46-25\log \phi$ | |
| $\phi > 48$ | 4 (WRC-03) | |

Section V - Limits of power flux-density from space stations

MOD

TABLE 21-4 (WRC-03)

| Frequency band | Service* | Limit in dB(W/m ²) for angles of arrival (ð) above the horizontal plane | | | Reference | |
|---|---|---|----------------------|------------------------|-----------|-----------|
| | | 0°-5° | 5°- | 25° | 25°-90° | Dandwidtn |
| 1 670-1 700 MHz | Earth exploration-satellite Meteorological-satellite | -133 (value based on sharing with meteorological aids service) | | 1.5 MHz | | |
| | | $0^{\circ} \le \delta \le 4^{\circ} 4^{\circ} < \delta \le 20^{\circ} 20^{\circ} < \delta \le 60^{\circ} 60^{\circ} < \delta \le 90^{\circ}$ | | | | |
| 1 518-1 525 MHz (Applicable to the territory of the United States in Region 2 between the longitudes 71° W and 125° W) | Mobile-satellite (space-to-Earth) | -181.0 | -193.0 + 20 log δ | -213.3 + 35.6 log δ | -150.0 | 4 kHz |

| For success hand | Service* | Limit in $dB(W/m^2)$ for angles of arrival (δ) above the horizontal plane | | | Reference |
|---|---|--|---|--------------------|-----------|
| Frequency band | Service [~] | 0° ≤ δ ≤ 43.4° | 43.4° < δ ≤ 60° | 60° < δ ≤ 90° | bandwidth |
| 1 518-1 525 MHz (Applicable to all other territory of the United States in Region 2) | Mobile-satellite (space-to-Earth) | -155.0 | -213.3 + 35.6 log δ | -150.0 | 4 kHz |
| | | 0°-5° | 5°-25° | 25°-90° | |
| 1 525-1 530 MHz ⁷ (Region 1, Region 3) | Meteorological-satellite (space-to-Earth) | -154 9 | $-154 + 0.5(\delta - 5)^9$ | -144 9 | 4 kHz |
| 1 670-1 690 MHz ¹¹ 1 690-1 700 MHz (Nos. 5.381 and 5.382) 1 700-1 710 MHz 2 025-2 110 MHz | Space research (space-to-Earth) (space-to-space) Space operation (space-to-Earth) (space-to-space) | | | | |
| 2 200-2 300 MHz | Earth exploration-satellite (space-to-Earth) (space-to-space) | | | | |
| 3 400-4 200 MHz | Fixed-satellite (space-to-Earth) (geostationary-satellite orbit) | -152 | $-152 + 0.5(\delta - 5)$ | -142 | 4 kHz |
| 3 400-4 200 MHz | Fixed-satellite (space-to-Earth) (non-geostationary- satellite orbit) | -138 - Y aa, bb | -138 - Y + $(12 + Y)(\delta - 5)/20$ aa, bb | -126 ^{bb} | 1 MHz |
| 4 500-4 800 MHz 5 670-5 725 MHz (Nos. 5.453 and 5.455) 7 250-7 850 MHz | Fixed-satellite (space-to-Earth) Meteorological-satellite (space-to-Earth) Mobile-satellite Space research | -152 | $-152 + 0.5(\delta - 5)$ | -142 | 4 kHz |
| 10.7-11.7 GHz | Fixed-satellite (space-to-Earth) (geostationary-satellite | -150 | $-150 + 0.5(\delta - 5)$ | -140 | 4 kHz |
| 10.7-11.7 GHz | orbit) Fixed-satellite (space-to-Earth) (non-geostationary- satellite orbit) ^{dd} | -126 | -126 + 0.5(δ - 5) | -116 | 1 MHz |

| TABLE 21- | 4 (continued) |) (WRC-03) |
|-----------|---------------|------------|
|-----------|---------------|------------|

| 02 |
|----|
|----|

| TABLE | 21-4 | (continued) | (WRC-03) |
|-------|------|-------------|----------|
|-------|------|-------------|----------|

| Frequency band | Service* | Limit in dB(W/m ²) for angles of arrival (δ) above the horizontal plane | | | Reference bandwidth |
|--|---|--|------------------------------------|-------------|------------------------|
| | | 0°-5° | 5°-25° | 25°-90° | Dandwidth |
| 11.7-12.5 GHz (Region 1) 12.5-12.75 GHz (Region 1 countries listed in Nos. 5.494 and 5.496) 11.7-12.7 GHz | Fixed-satellite (space-to-Earth) (non-geostationary- satellite orbit) ^{dd} | -124 | $-124 + 0.5(\delta - 5)$ | -114 | 1 MHz |
| (Region 2) 11.7-12.75 GHz (Region 3) | | | | | |
| 12.2-12.75 GHz ⁷ (Region 3) 12.5-12.75 GHz ⁷ (Region 1 countries listed in Nos. 5.494 and 5.496) | Fixed-satellite (space-to-Earth) (geostationary-satellite orbit) | -148 | $-148 + 0.5(\delta - 5)$ | -138 | 4 kHz |
| 10.7-11.7 GHz 11.7-12.5 GHz (Region 1) 12.5-12.75 GHz (Region 1 countries listed in Nos. 5.494 and 5.496) 11.7-12.7 GHz (Region 2) 11.7-12.75 GHz (Region 3) | Fixed-satellite (space-to-Earth) (non-geostationary- satellite orbit) ^{cc} | -129 bb | $-129 + 0.75(\delta - 5)^{bb}$ | -114 bb | 1 MHz |
| 19.3-19.7 GHz 22.55-23.55 GHz 24.45-24.75 GHz 25.25-27.5 GHz | Fixed-satellite (space-to-Earth) Earth exploration-satellite (space-to-Earth) Inter-satellite Space research (space-to-Earth) | -115 | $-115 + 0.5(\delta - 5)$ | -105 | 1 MHz |
| 32.3-33 GHz | Inter-satellite | -135 | $-135 + (\delta - 5)$ | -115 | 1 MHz |
| | | | · · · · · | | T WHILE |
| 37.5-40 GHz | Fixed-satellite (non-geostationary- satellite orbit) Mobile-satellite (non-geostationary- satellite orbit) | -120 10, 19 | $-120 + 0.75(\delta - 5)^{10, 19}$ | -105 10, 19 | 1 MHz |

| Frequency | Service* | | | W/m ²) for angles e the horizontal plane | | Reference |
|---|---|-------------|------------------------------------|---|-------------|-----------|
| band | | 0°-5° | 5°-20° | 20°-25° | 25°-90° | bandwidth |
| 37.5-40 GHz | Fixed-satellite (non-geostationary- satellite orbit) | -127 19 | $-127 + (4/3)(\delta - 5)^{-19}$ | $-107 \pm 0.4 (\delta - 20)^{-19}$ | -105 19 | 1 MHz |
| | Mobile-satellite (non-geostationary- satellite orbit) | | | | | |
| 40-40.5 GHz | Fixed-satellite | -115 | -115+0 | $0.5(\delta - 5)$ | -105 | 1 MHz |
| 40.5-42 GHz | Fixed-satellite (non-geostationary- satellite orbit) | -115 10, 19 | -115 + 0.5 | $(\delta - 5)^{10, 19}$ | -105 10, 19 | 1 MHz |
| | Broadcasting-satellite (non-geostationary- satellite orbit) | | | | | |
| | Fixed-satellite | -120 19 | 5°-15° | 15°-25° | -105 19 | 1 MHz |
| | (geostationary- satellite orbit) | | $-120 + (\delta - 5)^{19}$ | $-110 + 0.5(\delta - 15)^{19}$ | 1 | |
| 40.5-42 GHz | Broadcasting-satellite (geostationary-satellite orbit) | | | | | |
| 42-42.5 GHz | Fixed-satellite | -120 10, 19 | 5°- | 25° | -105 10, 19 | 1 MHz |
| | (non-geostationary- satellite orbit) | | -120 + 0.75 | $\delta(\delta-5)^{10,19}$ | | |
| | Broadcasting-satellite (non-geostationary- satellite orbit) | | | | | |
| 42-42.5 GHz | Fixed-satellite | -127 19 | 5°-20° | 20°-25° | -105 19 | 1 MHz |
| | (geostationary-satellite orbit) | | $-127 + (4/3)(\delta - 5)^{19}$ | $-107 + 0.4(\delta - 20)^{19}$ | | |
| | Broadcasting-satellite (geostationary-satellite orbit) | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| In Region 1: 47.5-47.9 GHz 48.2-48.54 GHz 49.44-50.2 GHz | Fixed-satellite (geostationary-satellite orbit) | -115 | 5°-25° -115 + 0.5(δ – 5) | | -105 | 1 MHz |

| TABLE | 21-4 | (end) |) (| (WRC-03) |
|-------|------|-------|-----|----------|

SUP

¹⁶ **21.16.11**

SUP

¹⁷ **21.16.12**

SUP

¹⁸ **21.16.13**

ADD

¹⁹ **21.16.14** When addressing the sharing conditions between the fixed service and the fixed-satellite service in the bands 37.5-40 GHz and 40.5-42.5 GHz, the power flux-density at the Earth's surface from any FSS satellite should be no greater than the level(s) required to meet the FSS link availability and performance objectives of the subject applications, taking into account the technical and operational requirements of the overall design of the satellite network. In any case, the levels shall not exceed the applicable power flux-density limits in Table **21-4**. (WRC-03)

ADD

^{aa} **21.16.15** The value of *Y* is defined as Y = 0 for $\max(N_N, N_S) \le 2$; $Y = 5 \log(\max(N_N, N_S))$ for $\max(N_N, N_S) > 2$, where N_N is the maximum number of space stations in a system simultaneously transmitting on a co-frequency basis in the fixed-satellite service in the Northern Hemisphere, and N_S is the maximum number of space stations in the same system simultaneously transmitting on a co-frequency basis in the fixed-satellite service in the Southern Hemisphere. In determining N_N and N_S , two space stations simultaneously transmitting during periods of short-duration handover shall be considered as one satellite. (WRC-03)

ADD

^{bb} **21.16.16** The applicability of these limits may need to be reviewed by a future competent conference if the number of co-frequency non-geostationary systems brought into use and simultaneously operating in the same hemisphere is greater than five. (WRC-03)

ADD

^{cc} 21.16.17 These limits apply to non-geostationary fixed-satellite service space stations employing an orbit with an inclination angle between 35° and 145° and apogee altitude greater than 18 000 km. (WRC-03)

ADD

^{dd} 21.16.18 These limits apply to non-geostationary fixed-satellite service space stations that are not covered by No. 21.16.17. (WRC-03)

ADD

Section VI – Protection of aeronautical radionavigation service systems from aggregate emissions of space stations of radionavigation-satellite service systems in the 1 164-1215 MHz band

21.18 § 7 Administrations operating or planning to operate radionavigation-satellite service systems or networks in the 1164-1215 MHz frequency band, for which complete coordination or notification information, as appropriate, was received by the Bureau after 2 June 2000, shall, in accordance with *resolves* 2 of Resolution **609** (WRC-03), take all necessary steps to ensure that the actual aggregate interference into aeronautical radionavigation service systems caused by such radionavigation-satellite service systems or networks operating co-frequency in these frequency bands does not exceed the equivalent power flux-density level shown in *resolves* 1 of Resolution **609** (WRC-03). (WRC-03)

ARTICLE 22

Space services¹

Section II - Control of interference to geostationary-satellite systems

MOD

22.5C § 6 1) The equivalent power flux-density², $epfd_{\downarrow}$, at any point on the Earth's surface visible from the geostationary-satellite orbit, produced by emissions from all the space stations of a non-geostationary-satellite system in the fixed-satellite service in the frequency bands listed in Tables **22-1A** to **22-1E**, including emissions from a reflecting satellite, for all conditions and for all methods of modulation, shall not exceed the limits given in Tables **22-1A** to **22-1E** for the given percentages of time. These limits relate to the equivalent power flux-density which would be obtained under free-space propagation conditions, into a reference antenna and in the reference bandwidth specified in Tables **22-1A** to **22-1E**, for all pointing directions towards the geostationary-satellite orbit. (WRC-03)

MOD

22.5CA 2) The limits given in Tables **22-1A** to **22-1E** may be exceeded on the territory of any country whose administration has so agreed (see also Resolution **140** (WRC-03)). (WRC-03)

MOD

TABLE 22-1A (WRC-03)

Limits to the epfd \downarrow radiated by non-geostationary-satellite systems in the fixed-satellite service systems in certain frequency bands $^{3,\,4,\,5,\,6}$

| Frequency band (GHz) | epfd↓ (dB(W/m²)) | Percentage of time during which epfd↓ may not be exceeded | Reference bandwidth (kHz) | Reference antenna diameter and reference radiation pattern ⁷ |
|----------------------------|---------------------|---|---------------------------------|--|
| 10.7-11.7 in all | -175.4 | 0 | 40 | 60 cm |
| Regions; | -174 | 90 | | Recommendation |
| 11.7-12.2 | -170.8 | 99 | | ITU-R S.1428-1 |
| in Region 2; | -165.3 | 99.73 | | |
| 12.2-12.5 | -160.4 | 99.991 | | |
| in Region 3 and | -160 | 99.997 | | |
| 12.5-12.75 | -160 | 100 | | |
| in Regions 1 | -181.9 | 0 | 40 | 1.2 m |
| and 3 | -178.4 | 99.5 | | Recommendation |
| and 5 | -173.4 | 99.74 | | ITU-R S.1428-1 |
| | -173 | 99.857 | | |
| | -164 | 99.954 | | |
| | -161.6 | 99.984 | | |
| | -161.4 | 99.991 | | |
| | -160.8 | 99.997 | | |
| | -160.5 | 99.997 | | |
| | -160 | 99.9993 | | |
| | -160 | 100 | | |
| | -190.45 | 0 | 40 | 3 m |
| | -189.45 | 90 | | Recommendation |
| | -187.45 | 99.5 | | ITU-R S.1428-1 |
| | -182.4 | 99.7 | | |
| | -182 | 99.855 | | |
| | -168 | 99.971 | | |
| | -164 | 99.988 | | |
| | -162 | 99.995 | | |
| | -160 | 99.999 | | |
| | -160 | 100 | | |
| | -195.45 | 0 | 40 | 10 m |
| | -195.45 | 99 | | Recommendation |
| | -190 | 99.65 | | ITU-R S.1428-1 |
| | -190 | 99.71 | | |
| | -172.5 | 99.99 | | |
| | -160 | 99.998 | | |
| | -160 | 100 | | |

MOD

⁷ **22.5C.6** For this Table, reference patterns of Recommendation ITU-R S.1428-1 shall be used only for the calculation of interference from non-geostationary-satellite systems in the fixed-satellite service systems into geostationary-satellite service. (WRC-03)

TABLE 22-1B (WRC-03)

Limits to the epfd $_{\downarrow}$ radiated by non-geostationary-satellite systems in the fixed-satellite service in certain frequency bands 3,6,8

| Frequency band (GHz) | epfd↓ (dB(W/m²)) | Percentage of time during which epfd↓ may not be exceeded | Reference bandwidth (kHz) | Reference antenna diameter and reference radiation pattern ⁷ |
|----------------------------|---|---|---------------------------------|--|
| 17.8-18.6 | -175.4 -175.4 -172.5 -167 -164 -164 | 0 90 99 99.714 99.971 100 | 40 | l m Recommendation ITU-R S.1428-1 |
| | $\begin{array}{r} -161.4 \\ -161.4 \\ -158.5 \\ -153 \\ -150 \\ -150 \end{array}$ | 0 90 99 99.714 99.971 100 | 1 000 | |
| | -178.4 -178.4 -171.4 -170.5 -166 -164 -164 | 0 99.4 99.9 99.913 99.971 99.977 100 | 40 | 2 m Recommendation ITU-R S.1428-1 |
| | -164.4 -164.4 -157.4 -156.5 -152 -150 -150 | 0 99.4 99.9 99.913 99.971 99.977 100 | 1 000 | |
| | -185.4 -185.4 -180 -180 -172 -164 -164 | 0 99.8 99.943 99.943 99.943 99.998 100 | 40 | 5 m Recommendation ITU-R S.1428-1 |
| | -171.4 -171.4 -166 -166 -158 -150 -150 | 0 99.8 99.943 99.943 99.943 99.998 100 | 1 000 | |

MOD

TABLE 22-1C (WRC-03)

Limits to the epfd_ radiated by non geostationary-satellite systems in the fixed-satellite service in certain frequency bands 3,6,8

| Frequency band | epfd↓ (dB(W/m²)) | Percentage of time during which epfd↓ may not | Reference bandwidth | Reference antenna diameter and reference |
|-------------------|---------------------|--|------------------------|--|
| (GHz) | -187.4 | be exceeded | (kHz) 40 | radiation pattern ⁷ 70 cm |
| 19.7-20.2 | -187.4 | 71.429 | 40 | Recommendation |
| | -182 -172 | 97.143 | | ITU-R S.1428-1 |
| | -154 | 99.983 | | 110-K 5.1428-1 |
| | -154 | 100 | | |
| | -173.4 | 0 | 1 000 | - |
| | -168 | 71.429 | 1000 | |
| | -158 | 97.143 | | |
| | -140 | 99.983 | | |
| | -140 | 100 | | |
| | -190.4 | 0 | 40 | 90 cm |
| | -190.4 | 91 | 40 | Recommendation |
| | -170.4 | 99.8 | | ITU-R S.1428-1 |
| | -168.6 | 99.8 | | 110-K 3.1428-1 |
| | -165 | 99.8 99.943 | | |
| | -160 | 99.943 | | |
| | -154 | 99.997 | | |
| | -154 | 100 | | |
| | -176.4 | 0 | 1 000 | - |
| | -167.4 | 91 | 1000 | |
| | -156.4 | 91 | | |
| | -156.4 -154.6 | 99.8 99.8 | | |
| | -154.0 | 99.8 99.943 | | |
| | -146 | 99.943 | | |
| | -140 | 99.945 | | |
| | -140 | 100 | | |
| | -196.4 | 0 | 40 | 2.5 m |
| | -196.4 | 99.98 | 40 | 2.5 m Recommendation |
| | -154 | 99.99943 | | ITU-R S.1428-1 |
| | -154 | 100 | | 110-K 3.1428-1 |
| | -134 | 0 | 1 000 | - |
| | -148 | 99.98 | 1000 | |
| | -148 | 99.98 | | |
| | -140 | 100 | | |
| | -200.4 | 0 | 40 | 5 m |
| | -189.4 | 90 | 40 | Recommendation |
| | -189.4 | 90 | | ITU-R S.1428-1 |
| | -187.8 | 94 97.143 | | 110-K 5.1420-1 |
| | -175 | 97.145 | | |
| | -164.2 | 99.880 | | |
| | -154.6 | 99.99 | | |
| | -154 | 99.999 | | |
| | -154 | 100 | | |
| | -186.4 | 0 | 1 000 | |
| | -175.4 | 90 | 1000 | |
| | -173.8 | 90 | | |
| | -173.8 | 94 97.143 | | |
| | -161 | 97.143 | | |
| | -150.2 | 99.880 | | |
| | -140.6 | 99.99 | | |
| | -140.6 | 99.999 | | |
| | -140 | 99.9992 100 | | |
| | -140 | 100 | | 1 |

TABLE 22-1D (WRC-03)

Limits to the epfd↓ radiated by non-geostationary-satellite systems in the fixed-satellite service in certain frequency bands into 30 cm, 45 cm, 60 cm, 90 cm, 120 cm, 180 cm, 240 cm and 300 cm broadcasting-satellite service antennas^{6,9,10,11}

| Frequency band (GHz) | epfd↓ (dB(W/m²)) | Percentage of time during which epfd↓ may not be exceeded | Reference bandwidth (kHz) | Reference antenna diameter and reference radiation pattern ¹² |
|----------------------------|---------------------|---|---------------------------------|---|
| 11.7-12.5 | -165.841 | 0 | 40 | 30 cm |
| in Region 1; | -165.541 | 25 | | Recommendation |
| 11.7-12.2 and | -164.041 | 96 | | ITU-R BO.1443-1, |
| 12.5-12.75 | -158.6 | 98.857 | | Annex 1 |
| in Region 3; | -158.6 | 99.429 | | |
| 12.2-12.7 | -158.33 | 99.429 | | |
| in Region 2 | -158.33 | 100 | | |
| | -175.441 | 0 | 40 | 45 cm |
| | -172.441 | 66 | | Recommendation |
| | -169.441 | 97.75 | | ITU-R BO.1443-1, |
| | -164 | 99.357 | | Annex 1 |
| | -160.75 | 99.809 | | |
| | -160 | 99.986 | | |
| | -160 | 100 | | |
| | -176.441 | 0 | 40 | 60 cm |
| | -173.191 | 97.8 | | Recommendation |
| | -167.75 | 99.371 | | ITU-R BO.1443-1, |
| | -162 | 99.886 | | Annex 1 |
| | -161 | 99.943 | | |
| | -160.2 | 99.971 | | |
| | -160 | 99.997 | | |
| | -160 | 100 | | |
| | -178.94 | 0 | 40 | 90 cm |
| | -178.44 | 33 | | Recommendation |
| | -176.44 | 98 | | ITU-R BO.1443-1, |
| | -171 | 99.429 | | Annex 1 |
| | -165.5 | 99.714 | | |
| | -163 | 99.857 | | |
| | -161 | 99.943 | | |
| | -160 | 99.991 | | |
| | -160 | 100 | | |
| | -182.44 | 0 | 40 | 120 cm |
| | -180.69 | 90 | | Recommendation |
| | -179.19 | 98.9 | | ITU-R BO.1443-1, |
| | -178.44 | 98.9 | | Annex 1 |
| | -174.94 | 99.5 | | |
| | -173.75 | 99.68 | | |
| | -173 | 99.68 | | |
| | -169.5 | 99.85 | | |
| | -167.8 | 99.915 | | |
| | -164 | 99.94 | | |
| | -161.9 | 99.97 | | |
| | -161 | 99.99 | | |
| | -160.4 | 99,998 | | |
| | -160 | 100 | | |

| Frequency band (GHz) | epfd↓ (dB(W/m²)) | Percentage of time during which epfd _↓ may not be exceeded | Reference bandwidth (kHz) | Reference antenna diameter and reference radiation pattern ¹² |
|--|---|---|---------------------------------|--|
| 11.7-12.5 in Region 1; 11.7-12.2 and 12.5-12.75 in Region 3; 12.2-12.7 in Region 2 | -184.941 -184.101 -181.691 -176.25 -163.25 -161.5 -160.35 -160 -160 | 0 33 98.5 99.571 99.946 99.974 99.993 99.999 100 | 40 | 180 cm Recommendation ITU-R BO.1443-1, Annex 1 |
| | -187.441 -186.341 -183.441 -178 -164.4 -161.9 -160.5 -160 -160 | 0 33 99.25 99.786 99.957 99.983 99.994 99.999 100 | 40 | 240 cm Recommendation ITU-R BO.1443-1, Annex 1 |
| | -191.941 -189.441 -185.941 -180.5 -173 -167 -162 -160 -160 | 0 33 99.5 99.857 99.914 99.951 99.983 99.991 100 | 40 | 300 cm Recommendation ITU-R BO.1443-1, Annex 1 |

TABLE 22-1D (end) (WRC-03)

MOD

¹² **22.5C.11** For this Table, reference patterns of Annex 1 to Recommendation ITU-R BO.1443-1 shall be used only for the calculation of interference from non-geostationary-satellite systems in the fixed-satellite service into geostationary-satellite systems in the broadcasting-satellite service. (WRC-03)

ADD

TABLE 22-1E (WRC-03)

Limits to the $epfd_{\downarrow}$ radiated by non-geostationary-satellite systems in the fixed-satellite service in certain frequency bands

| Frequency band (MHz) | epfd↓ (dB(W/m²)) | Percentage of time during which epfd↓ may not be exceeded | Reference bandwidth (kHz) | Reference antenna diameter and reference radiation pattern (m) |
|----------------------------|---------------------|---|---------------------------------|---|
| 3 700-4 200 | -195.4 | 100 | 4 | 1.8 ^{13A} |
| | -197.9 | 100 | 4 | 2.4 ^{13A} |
| | -201.6 | 100 | 4 | 3.7 ^{13A} |
| | -203.3 | 100 | 4 | 4.5 ^{13A} |
| | -204.5 | 100 | 4 | 5.5 ^{13A} |
| | -207.5 | 100 | 4 | 8 ^{13A} |
| | -208.5 | 100 | 4 | 10 ^{13A} |
| | -212.0 | 100 | 4 | 15 ^{13A} |

ADD

^{13A} **22.5C.12** The associated reference radiation pattern is defined as follows:

a) for values of
$$\left(\frac{D}{\lambda}\right) \ge 100$$
:

$$G(\varphi) = G_{max} - 2.5 \times 10^{-3} \left(\frac{D}{\lambda}\varphi\right)^2$$
for $0 \le \varphi < \varphi_m$

$$G(\varphi) = G_1$$
for $\varphi_m \le \varphi < \varphi_r$

$$G(\varphi) = 29 - 25 \log \varphi$$
for $\varphi_r \le \varphi < 20^\circ$

$$G(\varphi) = -3.5$$
for $20^\circ \le \varphi < 26.3^\circ$

$$G(\varphi) = -10$$
for $48^\circ \le \varphi < 48^\circ$

$$G(\varphi) = -10$$
for $48^\circ \le \varphi \le 180^\circ$
b) for values of $42 \le \left(\frac{D}{\lambda}\right) < 100$:

$$G(\varphi) = G_{max} - 2.5 \times 10^{-3} \left(\frac{D}{\lambda}\varphi\right)^2$$
for $0 \le \varphi < \varphi_m$

$$G(\varphi) = G_1$$
for $\varphi_m \le \varphi < 100 \left(\frac{\lambda}{D}\right)$

$$G(\varphi) = 29 - 25 \log \varphi$$
for $100 \left(\frac{\lambda}{D}\right) \le \varphi < 20^\circ$

$$G(\varphi) = -3.5$$
for $20^\circ \le \varphi < 26.3^\circ$

$$G(\varphi) = -3.5$$
for $20^\circ \le \varphi < 26.3^\circ$

$$G(\varphi) = -3.5$$
for $20^\circ \le \varphi < 26.3^\circ$

$$G(\varphi) = -3.5$$
for $20^\circ \le \varphi < 26.3^\circ$

$$G(\varphi) = -3.5$$
for $20^\circ \le \varphi < 26.3^\circ$

$$G(\varphi) = -3.5$$
for $20^\circ \le \varphi < 26.3^\circ$

$$G(\varphi) = -10$$
for $48^\circ \le \varphi < 180^\circ$

 $c) \quad \text{for values of } \left(\frac{D}{\lambda}\right) < 42:$ $G(\varphi) = G_{max} - 2.5 \times 10^{-3} \left(\frac{D}{\lambda}\varphi\right)^2 \qquad \text{for} \quad 0 \leq \varphi < \varphi_m$ $G(\varphi) = G_1 \qquad \text{for} \quad \varphi_m \leq \varphi < 100 \left(\frac{\lambda}{D}\right)$ $G(\varphi) = 32 - 25 \log \varphi \qquad \text{for} \quad 100 \left(\frac{\lambda}{D}\right) \leq \varphi < 48^\circ$ $G(\varphi) = -10 \qquad \text{for} \quad 48^\circ \leq \varphi \leq 180^\circ$

where:

D: antenna diameter

expressed in the same units

- λ : wavelength
- φ: off-axis angle of the antenna (degrees)

$$G_{1}: \text{gain of the first side lobe} = 2 + 15 \log \left(\frac{D}{\lambda}\right) \qquad \text{dBi}$$

$$\phi_{m} = \frac{20\lambda}{D} \sqrt{G_{max} - G_{1}} \qquad \text{degrees}$$

$$\phi_{r} = 15.85 \left(\frac{D}{\lambda}\right)^{-0.6} \qquad \text{degrees}$$

$$G_{max} = 7.7 + 20 \log\left(\frac{D}{\lambda}\right)$$
 dBi

MOD

TABLE 22-2 (WRC-03)

(WRC-03)

Limits to the epfd↑ radiated by non-geostationary-satellite systems in the fixed-satellite service in certain frequency bands¹⁴

| Frequency band | epfd↑ (dB(W/m²)) | Percentage of time epfd↑ level may not be exceeded | Reference bandwidth (kHz) | Reference antenna beamwidth and reference radiation pattern ¹⁵ |
|---|---------------------|--|---------------------------------|---|
| 5 925-6 725 MHz | -183.0 | 100 | 4 | 1.5° Recommendation ITU-R S.672-4, <i>Ls</i> = -20 |
| 12.50-12.75 GHz 12.75-13.25 GHz 13.75-14.5 GHz | -160 | 100 | 40 | 4° Recommendation ITU-R S.672-4, <i>Ls</i> = -20 |
| 17.3-18.1 GHz (Regions 1 and 3) 17.8-18.1 GHz (Region 2) ¹⁶ | -160 | 100 | 40 | 4° Recommendation ITU-R S.672-4, <i>Ls</i> = -20 |
| 27.5-28.6 GHz | -162 | 100 | 40 | 1.55° Recommendation ITU-R S.672-4, <i>Ls</i> = -10 |
| 29.5-30 GHz | -162 | 100 | 40 | 1.55° Recommendation ITU-R S.672-4, <i>Ls</i> = -10 |

22.5H 5) The limits specified in Nos. **22.5C** (except for Table **22-1E**) to **22.5D** (except for Table **22-2** for the frequency band 5925-6725 MHz) and **22.5F** apply to non-geostationary-satellite systems in the fixed-satellite service for which complete coordination or notification information, as appropriate, has been received by the Bureau after 22 November 1997. The limits specified in Table **22-1E** and those specified in Table **22-2** for the frequency band 5925-6725 MHz apply to non-geostationary-satellite systems in the fixed-satellite service for which complete notification information has been received by the Bureau after 5 July 2003. The limits in Tables **22-4A**, **22-4A1**, **22-4B** and **22-4C** do not apply to non-geostationary-satellite systems in the fixed-satellite service for which complete coordination or notification information, as appropriate, has been received by the Bureau before 22 November 1997. (WRC-03)

MOD

22.5I 6) An administration operating a non-geostationary-satellite system in the fixed-satellite service which is in compliance with the limits in Nos. 22.5C, 22.5D and 22.5F shall be considered as having fulfilled its obligations under No. 22.2 with respect to any geostationary-satellite network, irrespective of the dates of receipt by the Bureau of the complete coordination or notification information, as appropriate, for the non-geostationary-satellite system and the geostationary-satellite network, provided that the epfd, radiated by the non-geostationary-satellite system in the fixed-satellite service into any operating geostationary fixed-satellite service earth station does not exceed the operational and additional operational limits given in Tables 22-4A, 22-4A1, 22-4B and 22-4C, when the diameter of the earth station antenna is equal to the values given in Table 22-4A, 22-4A1 or 22-4C, or the gain of the earth station is equal to or greater than the values given in Table 22-4B for the corresponding orbital inclination of the geostationary fixed-satellite service satellite. Except as otherwise agreed between concerned administrations, an administration operating a non-geostationary-satellite system in the fixed-satellite service that is subject to the limits in Nos. 22.5C, 22.5D and 22.5F and which radiates epfd₁ into any operating geostationary fixed-satellite service earth station at levels in excess of the operational or additional operational limits given in Tables 22-4A, 22-4A1, 22-4B and 22-4C, when the diameter of the earth station antenna is equal to the values given in Table 22-4A, 22-4A1 or 22-4C, or the gain of the earth station is equal to or greater than the values given in Table 22-4B for the corresponding orbital inclination of the geostationary fixed-satellite service satellite, shall be considered to be in violation of its obligations under No. 22.2, and the provisions of Article 15 (Section V) apply. In addition, administrations are encouraged to use the relevant ITU-R Recommendations to determine whether such a violation has occurred. (WRC-03)

ARTICLE 23

Broadcasting services

Section I - Broadcasting service

MOD

23.11 *C* – *HF* bands allocated to the broadcasting service except the bands as referred to in No. 23.6 (WRC-03)

MOD

23.12 § 3 Transmitting stations of the broadcasting service operating in the HF bands allocated to the broadcasting service, except the bands as referred to in No. **23.6**, shall meet the system specifications contained in Appendix **11**. (WRC-03)

Fixed service

| SUP | | |
|------|--|--|
| 24.3 | | |
| SUP | | |
| 24.4 | | |
| SUP | | |
| 24.5 | | |
| SUP | | |
| 24.6 | | |

RR25

ARTICLE 25

Amateur services

Section I - Amateur service

MOD

25.1 § 1 Radiocommunication between amateur stations of different countries shall be permitted unless the administration of one of the countries concerned has notified that it objects to such radiocommunications. (WRC-03)

MOD

25.2 § 2 1) Transmissions between amateur stations of different countries shall be limited to communications incidental to the purposes of the amateur service, as defined in No. **1.56** and to remarks of a personal character. (WRC-03)

ADD

25.2A 1A)Transmissions between amateur stations of different countries shall not be encoded for the purpose of obscuring their meaning, except for control signals exchanged between earth command stations and space stations in the amateur-satellite service. (WRC-03)

MOD

25.3 2) Amateur stations may be used for transmitting international communications on behalf of third parties only in case of emergencies or disaster relief. An administration may determine the applicability of this provision to amateur stations under its jurisdiction. (WRC-03)

SUP

25.4

MOD

25.5 § 3 1) Administrations shall determine whether or not a person seeking a licence to operate an amateur station shall demonstrate the ability to send and receive texts in Morse code signals. (WRC-03)

MOD

25.6 2) Administrations shall verify the operational and technical qualifications of any person wishing to operate an amateur station. Guidance for standards of competence may be found in the most recent version of Recommendation ITU-R M.1544. (WRC-03)

MOD

25.7 § 4 The maximum power of a mateur stations shall be fixed by the administrations concerned. $_{\rm (WRC-03)}$

MOD

25.8 § 5 1) All pertinent Articles and provisions of the Constitution, the Convention and of these Regulations shall apply to amateur stations. (WRC-03)

ADD

25.9A § 5A Administrations are encouraged to take the necessary steps to allow amateur stations to prepare for and meet communication needs in support of disaster relief. (WRC-03)

ADD

25.9B § 5B An administration may determine whether or not to permit a person who has been granted a licence to operate an amateur station by another administration to operate an amateur station while that person is temporarily in its territory, subject to such conditions or restrictions it may impose. (WRC-03)

Section II - Amateur-satellite service

MOD

25.11 § 7 Administrations authorizing space stations in the amateur-satellite service shall ensure that sufficient earth command stations are established before launch to ensure that any harmful interference caused by emissions from a station in the amateur-satellite service can be terminated immediately (see No. **22.1**). (WRC-03)

RR28

ARTICLE 28

Radiodetermination services

Section III - Radio direction-finding stations

MOD

28.13 2) Where a radio direction-finding service is provided in the authorized bands between 1 606.5 kHz and 2 850 kHz, the radio direction-finding stations should be able to take bearings on the radiotelephone distress and calling frequency 2 182 kHz. (WRC-03)

Radio astronomy service

Section III - Protection of the radio astronomy service

MOD

29.12 § 9 In applying the measures outlined in this Section, administrations should bear in mind that the radio astronomy service is extremely susceptible to interference from space and airborne transmitters (for further information, see the most recent version of Recommendation ITU-R RA.769). (WRC-03)

Frequencies for the global maritime distress and safety system (GMDSS)

Section II – Survival craft stations

MOD

31.9 a) in the bands between 1606.5 kHz and 2850 kHz, be able to transmit on 2187.5 kHz; (WRC-03)

Operational procedures for distress and safety communications in the global maritime distress and safety system (GMDSS)

Section I – General

MOD

32.7 § 6 The phonetic alphabet and figure code in Appendix 14 and the abbreviations and signals in accordance with the most recent version of Recommendation ITU-R M.1172 should be used where applicable¹. (WRC-03)

Operational procedures for urgency and safety communications in the global maritime distress and safety system (GMDSS)

Section IV - Safety communications

ADD

33.31A Safety messages transmitted by coast stations in accordance with a predefined timetable should not be announced by digital selective calling techniques. (WRC-03)

Section V – Transmission of maritime safety information¹

MOD

33.45 § 24 1) The frequency 490 kHz may be used for the transmission of maritime safety information by means of narrow-band direct-printing telegraphy with forward error correction (see Appendix **15**). (WRC-03)

RR47

ARTICLE 47

Operator's certificates

Section I - General provisions

| | Section IV – Qualifying service ¹ | (WRC-03) |
|------|--|----------|
| MOD | | |
| 47.3 | | |
| SUP | | |
| 47.1 | | |
| SUP | | |

ADD

¹ 47.IV.1 The categories of certificates referred to in this Section are described in Appendix 13, Part B, Section I. (CMR-03)

MOD

47.26 § 8 1) The holder of a radiocommunication general operator's certificate or a first- or second-class radiotelegraph operator's certificate shall be authorized to embark as chief operator of a ship station of the fourth category (which is described in Recommendation ITU-R M.1169). (WRC-03)

MOD

47.27 2) However, before becoming chief or sole operator of a ship station of the fourth category (in accordance with Recommendation ITU-R M.1169) which is required by international agreements to carry a radiotelegraph operator, the holder of a radiocommunication general operator's certificate or a first- or second-class radiotelegraph operator's certificate shall have had adequate experience as operator on board ship at sea. (WRC-03)

MOD

47.28 3) Before becoming chief operator of a ship station of the second or third category (in accordance with Recommendation ITU-R M.1169), the holder of a radiocommunication general operator's certificate or a first- or second-class radiotelegraph operator's certificate shall have had, as operator on board ship or in a coast station, at least six months' experience of which at least three months shall have been on board ship. (WRC-03)

MOD

47.29 4) Before becoming chief operator of a ship station of the first category (in accordance with Recommendation ITU-R M.1169), the holder of a radiocommunication general operator's certificate or a first-class radiotelegraph operator's certificate shall have had, as operator on board ship or in a coast station, at least one year's experience of which at least six months shall have been on board ship. (WRC-03)

RR51

ARTICLE 51

Conditions to be observed in the maritime services

Section I - Maritime mobile service

MOD

| 51.17 B2 – Bands between 1 606.5 kHz and 2 850 kHz (W | WRC-03) |
|---|---------|
|---|---------|

MOD

51.18 § 10 In Region 2, any Morse radiotelegraph station installed on board a ship which uses frequencies in the band 2089.5-2092.5 kHz for call and reply shall be provided with at least one other frequency in the authorized bands between 1 606.5 kHz and 2 850 kHz. (WRC-03)

MOD

51.28 C2 – Bands between 1 606.5 kHz and 4 000 kHz (WRC-03)

MOD

51.29 § 14 All ship stations equipped with digital selective calling apparatus to work in the authorized bands between 1 606.5 kHz and 4 000 kHz shall be able to: (WRC-03)

MOD

51.35 b) send and receive class F1B or J2B emissions on an international calling channel (identified in Recommendation ITU-R M.541-8) in each of the HF maritime mobile bands necessary for their service; (WRC-03)

MOD

51.46 CA2 – Bands between 1 606.5 kHz and 4 000 kHz (WRC-03)

MOD

51.47 § 19 All ship stations equipped with narrow-band direct-printing telegraphy apparatus to work in the authorized bands between 1 606.5 kHz and 4000 kHz shall be able to send and receive class F1B or J2B emissions on working frequencies necessary to carry out their service. (WRC-03)

MOD

51.51 D1 - Bands between 1606.5 kHz and 4000 kHz (WRC-03)

MOD

51.52 § 21 All ship stations equipped with radiotelephony apparatus to work in the authorized bands between 1 606.5 kHz and 2 850 kHz shall be able to: (WRC-03)

Section III – Stations on board aircraft communicating with stations of the maritime mobile service and the maritime mobile-satellite service

MOD

51.71 § 28 In the case of communication between stations on board aircraft and stations of the maritime mobile service, radiotelephone calling may be renewed as specified in Recommendation ITU-R M.1171 and radiotelegraph calling may be renewed after an interval of five minutes, notwithstanding the procedure contained in the most recent version of Recommendation ITU-R M.1170. (WRC-03)

RR52

ARTICLE 52

Special rules relating to the use of frequencies

Section I - General provisions

MOD

52.7 2) In the maritime mobile service, the frequency 490 kHz is used exclusively for the transmission by coast stations of meteorological and navigational warnings and urgent information to ships by means of narrow-band direct-printing telegraphy. (WRC-03)

MOD

52.8 $C - Bands between 1\,606.5 \, kHz and 4\,000 \, kHz$ (WRC-03)

Section II - Use of frequencies for Morse radiotelegraphy

MOD

52.23 b) by coast stations to announce by means of Morse telegraphy the transmission of their traffic lists under the conditions provided for in the most recent version of Recommendation ITU-R M.1170. (WRC-03)

MOD

52.25 4) Before transmitting on 500 kHz, stations must listen on this frequency for a reasonable period to make sure that no distress traffic is being sent (see the most recent version of Recommendation ITU-R M.1170). (WRC-03)

MOD

52.31 § 13 1) The frequency for replying to a call sent on the general calling frequency (see No. **52.27**) shall be as follows:

- either 500 kHz,
- or the frequency specified by the calling station (see No. 52.29 and the most recent version of Recommendation ITU-R M.1170). (WRC-03)

MOD

52.32 2) In regions of heavy traffic, coast stations may answer calls made by ship stations of their own nationality in accordance with special arrangements made by the administration concerned (see the most recent version of Recommendation ITU-R M.1170). (WRC-03)

MOD

52.46 $C - Bands between 1\,606.5 \, kHz and 4\,000 \, kHz$ (WRC-03)

MOD

52.47 § 18 1) The band 2089.5-2092.5 kHz is the calling and safety band for Morse radiotelegraphy in those parts of the band between 1606.5 kHz and 2850 kHz in which Morse radiotelegraphy is authorized. (WRC-03)

MOD

52.50 4) Coast stations which use frequencies in the band 2089.5-2092.5 kHz for calling shall be able to use at least one other frequency in those parts of the band between 1606.5 kHz and 2850 kHz in which Morse radiotelegraphy is authorized. (WRC-03)

MOD

52.63 2) So far as is practicable, a coast station shall transmit its calls at specified times in the form of traffic lists on the frequency or frequencies indicated in the List of Coast Stations (see the most recent version of Recommendation ITU-R M.1170). (WRC-03)

MOD

52.69 § 28 In order to reduce interference on Morse radiotelegraphy calling frequencies, a coast station shall take adequate steps to ensure, under normal conditions, the prompt receipt of Morse radiotelegraphy calls (see the most recent version of Recommendation ITU-R M.1170). (WRC-03)

| | Section III – Use of frequencies for narrow-band direct-printing telegraphy |
|-------|---|
| | |
| SUP | |
| 52.98 | |
| MOD | |
| 52.99 | C - Bands between 1 606.5 kHz and 4000 kHz (WRC-03) |
| MOD | |

52.100 § 46 1) All ship stations equipped with narrow-band direct-printing telegraph apparatus to work in the authorized bands between 1 606.5 kHz and 4000 kHz shall be able to send and receive class F1B or J2B emissions on at least two working frequencies. (WRC-03)

SUP

52.106

RR52

Section IV - Use of frequencies for digital selective-calling

MOD

52.124 C = Bands between 1 606.5 kHz and 4 000 kHz (WRC-03)

MOD

52.125 § 60 1) The class of emission to be used for digital selective-calling and acknowledgement in the bands between 1 606.5 kHz and 4 000 kHz shall be F1B. (WRC-03)

MOD

52.126 2) Coast stations should, when transmitting digital selective calls and acknowledgements in the bands between 1606.5 kHz and 4000 kHz, use the minimum power necessary to cover their service area. (WRC-03)

MOD

52.136 2) The international digital selective-calling frequency 2177 kHz may be assigned to any coast station. In order to reduce interference on this frequency, it may be used as a general rule by coast stations to call ships of another nationality, or in cases where it is not known on which digital selective-calling frequencies within the bands between 1606.5 kHz and 4000 kHz the ship station is maintaining watch. (WRC-03)

MOD

52.139 2) A coast station providing international public correspondence service using digital selective-calling techniques within the bands between 1606.5 kHz and 4000 kHz should, during its hours of service, maintain automatic digital selective-calling watch on appropriate national or international calling frequencies. The hours and frequencies shall be indicated in the List of Coast Stations. (WRC-03)

MOD

52.140 3) Ship stations equipped with apparatus for digital selective-calling to work in the authorized bands between 1 606.5 kHz and 4000 kHz should, when within the coverage area of coast stations providing services using digital selective-calling techniques in these bands, maintain an automatic digital selective-calling watch on one or more appropriate digital selective-calling frequencies within these bands, taking into account the digital selective-calling frequencies operated by the coast stations. (WRC-03)

Section V – Use of frequencies for wide-band telegraphy, facsimile, special transmission systems and oceanographic data transmissions

MOD

52.164 A1 – Bands between 1 606.5 kHz and 4 000 kHz (WRC-03)

Section VI - Use of frequencies for radiotelephony

MOD

52.181 § 85 Single-sideband apparatus in radiotelephone stations of the maritime mobile service operating in the bands allocated to this service between 1 606.5 kHz and 4000 kHz and in the bands allocated exclusively to this service between 4000 kHz and 27 500 kHz shall satisfy the technical and operational conditions specified in Recommendation ITU-R M.1173. (WRC-03)

MOD

52.182 $B - Bands between 1\,606.5 \, kHz and 4\,000 \, kHz$ (WRC-03)

MOD

52.183 § 86 1) Unless otherwise specified in the present Regulations (see Nos. **51.53**, **52.188**, **52.189**, **52.199** and Appendix **13**), the class of emission to be used in the bands between 1 606.5 kHz and 4 000 kHz shall be J3E. (WRC-03)

MOD

52.184 2) The peak envelope power of coast radiotelephone stations operating in the authorized bands allocated between 1 606.5 kHz and 4 000 kHz shall not exceed: (WRC-03)

MOD

52.192 b) by coast stations to announce the transmission, on another frequency, of traffic lists as specified in Recommendation ITU-R M.1171. (WRC-03)

MOD

52.195 § 89 1) Before transmitting on the carrier frequency 2182 kHz, a station shall, in accordance with Recommendation ITU-R M.1171, listen on this frequency for a reasonable period to make sure that no distress traffic is being sent. (WRC-03)

MOD

52.197 § 90 1) Coast stations which use 2182 kHz for calling shall be able to use at least one other frequency in the authorized bands between 1606.5 kHz and 2850 kHz. (WRC-03)

MOD

52.198 2) Coast stations authorized to use radiotelephony on one or more frequencies other than 2182 kHz in the authorized bands between 1606.5 kHz and 2850 kHz shall use class J3E emissions on those frequencies (see also No. **52.188**). (WRC-03)

MOD

52.199 3) Coast stations open to the public correspondence service on one or more frequencies between 1 606.5 kHz and 2850 kHz shall also be capable of transmitting class H3E and J3E emissions with a carrier frequency of 2182 kHz, and of receiving class A3E, H3E and J3E emissions with a carrier frequency of 2182 kHz. (WRC-03)

MOD

52.202 § 91 The peak envelope power of ship radiotelephone stations operating in the authorized bands between 1 606.5 kHz and 2 850 kHz shall not exceed 400 W. (WRC-03)

MOD

52.213 2) In exceptional circumstances, if frequency usage according to Nos. **52.203** to **52.208** or No. **52.210** is not possible, a ship station may use one of its own assigned national ship-to-shore frequencies for communication with a coast station of another nationality, under the express condition that the coast station as well as the ship station shall take precautions, in accordance with Recommendation ITU-R M.1171, to ensure that the use of such a frequency will not cause harmful interference to the service for which the frequency in question is authorized. (WRC-03)

MOD

52.217 § 96 1) The class of emission to be used for analogue radiotelephony in the bands between 4000 kHz and 26175 kHz shall be J3E; for digital telecommunications in those bands, the class of emission shall be J2D. (WRC-03)

MOD

52.221A 2) Calling on the carrier frequencies 12 290 kHz and 16 420 kHz shall be permitted only to and from rescue coordination centres (see No. **30.6.1**), subject to the safeguards of Resolution **352 (WRC-03)**. The alternative carrier frequencies 12 359 kHz and 16 537 kHz may be used by ship stations and coast stations for calling on a simplex basis, provided that the peak envelope power does not exceed 1 kW. (WRC-03)

MOD

52.224 § 99 1) Before transmitting on the carrier frequencies 4125 kHz, 6215 kHz, 8291 kHz, 12290 kHz or 16420 kHz a station shall, in accordance with Recommendation ITU-R M.1171, listen on the frequency for a reasonable period to make sure that no distress traffic is being sent (see No. **52.221A**). (WRC-03)

MOD

52.229 4) Transmitters used for radiotelephony in the bands between 4000 kHz and 27 500 kHz shall comply with technical characteristics specified in Recommendation ITU-R M.1173. (WRC-03)

MOD

52.231 § 101 1) The frequency 156.8 MHz is the international frequency for distress traffic and for calling by radiotelephony when using frequencies in the authorized bands between 156 MHz and 174 MHz (see Appendix **13** for details of use). The class of emission to be used for radiotelephony on the frequency 156.8 MHz shall be G3E (as specified in Recommendation ITU-R M.489-2). (WRC-03)

MOD

52.234 b) by coast stations to announce the transmission on another frequency of traffic lists, in accordance with Recommendation ITU-R M.1171, and important maritime information. (WRC-03)

MOD

52.235 3) The frequency 156.8 MHz may be used by ship stations and coast stations for selective calling in accordance with Recommendation ITU-R M.257-3. (WRC-03)

MOD

52.240 8) Before transmitting on the frequency 156.8 MHz, a station shall, in accordance with Recommendation ITU-R M.1171, listen on this frequency for a reasonable period to make sure that no distress traffic is being sent. (WRC-03)

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52.255

RR55

ARTICLE 55

Morse radiotelegraphy

MOD

55.1 The recommended procedure for conducting radiotelegraph communications is detailed in the most recent version of Recommendation ITU-R M.1170. (WRC-03)

Radiotelephony

MOD

57.1 § 1 The procedure detailed in Recommendation ITU-R M.1171 shall be applicable to radiotelephone stations, except in cases of distress, urgency or safety, to which the provisions of Appendix **13** are applicable. (WRC-03)

Entry into force and provisional application of the Radio Regulations (WRC-2000)

MOD

59.1 These Regulations, which complement the provisions of the Constitution and Convention of the International Telecommunication Union, and as revised and contained in the Final Acts of WRC-95, WRC-97, WRC-2000 and WRC-03, shall be applied, pursuant to Article 54 of the Constitution, on the following basis. (WRC-03)

59.2 The provisions of these Regulations, as revised by WRC-95, concerning new or modified frequency allocations (including any new or modified conditions applying to existing allocations) and the related provisions of Articles **S21**^{*} and **S22**^{*}, and Appendix **S4**^{*}, apply provisionally as of 1 January 1997.

59.3 The other provisions of these Regulations, as revised by WRC-95 and WRC-97, apply provisionally as of 1 January 1999, with the following exceptions: (WRC-2000)

59.4 – the revised provisions for which other effective dates of application are stipulated in Resolutions:
49 (WRC-97), 51 (WRC-97), 52 (WRC-97), 54 (WRC-97), 130 (WRC-97), 533 (WRC-97), 534 (WRC-97) and 538 (WRC-97).

59.5 The other provisions of these Regulations, as revised by WRC-2000, shall enter into force on 1 January 2002, with the following exceptions: (WRC-2000)

59.6 – the revised provisions for which other effective dates of application are stipulated in Resolutions:

49 (Rev.WRC-2000), 51 (Rev.WRC-2000), 53 (Rev.WRC-2000), 55 (WRC-2000), 56 (WRC-2000), 58 (WRC-2000), 59 (WRC-2000), 77 (WRC-2000), 84 (WRC-2000), 122 (Rev.WRC-2000), 128 (Rev.WRC-2000), 533 (Rev.WRC-2000), 539 (WRC-2000), 540 (WRC-2000), 541 (WRC-2000), 542 (WRC-2000), 604 (WRC-2000) and 605 (WRC-2000). (WRC-2000)

^{*} *Note by the Secretariat:* In view of the changes in the numbering scheme used in this edition of the Radio Regulations, these references correspond now to Articles **21** and **22**, and to Appendix **4**, as appropriate.

ADD

59.7 The other provisions of these Regulations, as revised by WRC-03, shall enter into force on 1 January 2005, with the following exceptions: (WRC-03)

ADD

59.8 – the revised provisions for which other effective dates of application are stipulated in Resolutions:

56 (Rev.WRC-03), 85 (WRC-03), 87 (WRC-03), 96 (WRC-03), 122 (Rev.WRC-03), 142 (WRC-03), 145 (WRC-03), 146 (WRC-03), 221 (Rev.WRC-03), 413 (WRC-03), 539 (Rev.WRC-03), 546 (WRC-03), 743 (WRC-03) and 902 (WRC-03). (WRC-03)

APPENDICES

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APPENDIX 2 (Rev.WRC-03)

Table of transmitter frequency tolerances

MOD

| Frequency bands (lower limit exclusive, upper limit inclusive) and categories of stations | Tolerances applicable to transmitters | | |
|---|---|--|--|
| Band: 9 kHz to 535 kHz | | | |
| 1 Fixed stations: - 9 kHz to 50 kHz - 50 kHz to 535 kHz | 100 50 | | |
| Land stations: a) Coast stations b) Aeronautical stations Mobile stations: a) Ship stations b) Ship's emergency transmitters c) Survival craft stations d) Aircraft stations 4 Radiodetermination stations 5 Broadcasting stations | 100 ^{1,2} 100 200 ^{3,4} 500 ⁵ 500 100 100 10 Hz | | |
| Band: 535 kHz to 1 606.5 kHz (1 605 kHz in Region 2) Broadcasting stations | 10 Hz (WRC-03) | | |
| Band: 1 606.5 kHz (1 605 kHz in Region 2) to 4 000 kHz 1 Fixed stations: - power 200 W or less - power above 200 W 2 Land stations: - power 200 W or less - power above 200 W | 100 7.8 50 7.8 100 1,2,7,9,10 50 1,2,7,9,10 | | |

Notes in the table of transmitter frequency tolerances

MOD

² For coast station transmitters used for digital selective calling, the tolerance is 10 Hz. (WRC-03)

MOD

⁴ For ship station transmitters used for digital selective calling, the tolerance is 10 Hz. (WRC-03)

6 (SUP - WRC-03).

MOD

¹⁹ For ship station transmitters in the band 26175-27500 kHz, on board small craft, with a carrier power not exceeding 5 W in or near coastal waters and utilizing F3E and G3E emissions, the frequency tolerance is 40×10^{-6} . (WRC-03)

APPENDIX 3 (Rev.WRC-03)

Tables of maximum permitted power levels for spurious or spurious domain emissions¹

(See Article 3)

MOD

1 The following sections indicate the maximum permitted levels of certain unwanted emissions, in terms of power as indicated in the tables, of components supplied by a transmitter to the antenna transmission line. Section I, which provides spurious emission limits, is applicable until 1 January 2012 to transmitters installed on or before 1 January 2003; Section II, which limits emissions in the spurious domain, is applicable to transmitters installed after 1 January 2003 and to all transmitters after 1 January 2012. The provisions of No. **4.5** apply to unwanted emissions not covered in Sections I and II.

2 Spurious and spurious domain emissions (covered by Sections I and II) from any part of the installation, other than the antenna and its transmission line, shall not have an effect greater than would occur if this antenna system were supplied with the maximum permitted power at the frequency of that emission.

3 These levels shall not, however, apply to emergency position-indicating radiobeacon (EPIRB) stations, emergency locator transmitters, ships' emergency transmitters, lifeboat transmitters, survival craft stations or maritime transmitters when used in emergency situations.

4 For technical or operational reasons, more stringent levels than those specified may be applied to protect specific services in certain frequency bands. The levels applied to protect these services, such as safety and passive services, shall be those agreed upon by the appropriate world radiocommunication conference. More stringent levels may also be fixed by specific agreement between the administrations concerned. Additionally, special consideration of transmitter spurious or spurious domain emissions may be required for the protection of safety services, radio astronomy and space services using passive sensors. Information on the levels of interference detrimental to radio astronomy, Earth exploration satellites and meteorological passive sensing is given in the most recent version of Recommendation ITU-R SM.329.

¹ Spurious domain emissions are unwanted emissions at frequencies within the spurious domain.

5 Spurious and spurious domain emission limits (covered by Sections I and II) for combined radiocommunication and information technology equipment are those for the radiocommunication transmitters. (WRC-03)

MOD

Section II – Spurious domain emission limits for transmitters installed after 1 January 2003 and for all transmitters after 1 January 2012 (WRC-03)

Application of these limits

7 The frequency range of the measurement of spurious domain emissions is from 9 kHz to 110 GHz or the second harmonic if higher. (WRC-03)

8 Except as provided in § 9 and 10 of this Appendix, the spurious domain emission levels are specified in the following reference bandwidths:

- 1 kHz between 9 kHz and 150 kHz
- 10 kHz between 150 kHz and 30 MHz
- 100 kHz between 30 MHz and 1 GHz
- 1 MHz above 1 GHz. (WRC-03)

9 The reference bandwidth of all space service spurious domain emissions should be 4 kHz. $_{(WRC-03)}$

10 For radar systems, the reference bandwidths for specifying spurious domain emission levels should be calculated for each particular system. Thus, for the four general types of radar pulse modulation utilized for radionavigation, radiolocation, acquisition, tracking and other radiodetermination functions, the reference bandwidth values are determined using the following:

- for a fixed-frequency, non-pulse-coded radar, the reciprocal of the radar pulse length, in seconds (e.g. if the radar pulse length is $1 \mu s$, then the reference bandwidth is $1/(1 \mu s) = 1$ MHz);
- for a fixed-frequency, phase-coded pulsed radar, the reciprocal of the phase chip length, in seconds (e.g. if the phase-coded chip is $2 \,\mu s$ long, then the reference bandwidth is $1/(2 \,\mu s) = 500 \,\text{kHz}$);
- for a frequency modulated (FM) or chirped radar, the square root of the quantity obtained by dividing the chirp bandwidth in MHz by the pulse length, in μ s (e.g. if the FM is from 1250 MHz to 1280 MHz, i.e. 30 MHz, during the pulse length of 10 μ s, then the reference bandwidth is (30 MHz/10 μ s)^{1/2} = 1.73 MHz);
- for radars operating with multiple waveforms, the reference bandwidth for specifying spurious domain emission levels is determined empirically from observations of the radar emission and is obtained following the guidance given in the most recent version of Recommendation ITU-R M.1177.

In the case of radars, for which the bandwidth, as determined using the method above, is greater than 1 MHz, a reference bandwidth of 1 MHz should be used. (WRC-03)

10*bis* Guidance regarding the methods of measuring spurious domain emissions is given in the most recent version of Recommendation ITU-R SM.329. The e.i.r.p. method specified in this Recommendation should be used when it is not possible to accurately measure the power supplied to the antenna transmission line, or for specific applications where the antenna is designed to provide significant attenuation in the spurious domain. Additionally, the e.i.r.p. method may need some modification for special cases. Specific guidance regarding the methods of measuring spurious domain emissions from radar systems is given in the most recent version of Recommendation ITU-R M.1177.

To improve measurement accuracy, sensitivity and efficiency, the resolution bandwidth in which spurious domain emissions are measured can be different from the reference bandwidth used for specifying spurious domain emission levels. (WRC-03)

11 The emission limits of this Section apply to all emissions, including harmonic emissions, intermodulation products, frequency conversion products and parasitic emissions, at frequencies in the spurious domain (see Fig. 1). The upper and lower parts of the spurious domain extend outward from a boundary determined using Annex 1. (WRC-03)

ADD

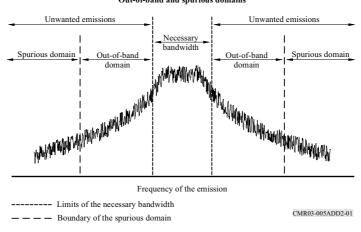


FIGURE 1 Out-of-band and spurious domains

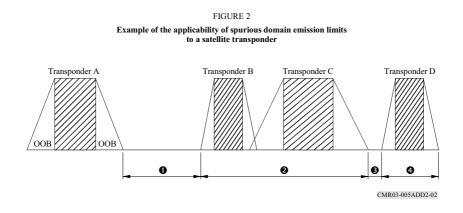
SUP

11bis

MOD

11*ter* For the case of a single satellite operating with more than one transponder in the same service area, and when considering the limits for spurious domain emissions as indicated in § 11 of this Appendix, spurious domain emissions from one transponder may fall on a frequency at which a second, companion transponder is transmitting. In these situations, the level of spurious domain emissions from the first transponder is well exceeded by the fundamental or out-of-band domain emissions of the second transponder. Therefore, the limits of this Appendix should not apply to those emissions of a satellite that fall within either the necessary bandwidth or the out-of-band domain of another transponder on the same satellite, in the same service area (see Fig. 2). (WRC-03)

MOD



Transponders A, B, C and D are operating on the same satellite in the same service area. Transponder A is not required to meet spurious domain emission limits in frequency ranges ② and ③, but is required to meet them in frequency ranges ① and ③. (WRC-03)

12 Examples of applying $43 + 10 \log (P)$ to calculate attenuation requirements

Where specified in relation to mean power, spurious domain emissions are to be at least x dB below the total mean power P, i.e. -x dBc. The power P (W) is to be measured in a bandwidth wide enough to include the total mean power. The spurious domain emissions are to be measured in the reference bandwidths given in the relevant ITU-R Recommendations. The measurement of the spurious domain emission power is independent of the value of necessary bandwidth. Because the absolute emission power limit, derived from 43 + 10 log (P), can become too stringent for high-power transmitters, alternative relative powers are also provided in Table II.

Example 1

A land mobile transmitter, with any value of necessary bandwidth, must meet a spurious domain emission attenuation of $43 + 10 \log (P)$, or 70 dBc, whichever is less stringent. The reference bandwidths used for specifying spurious domain emission levels are provided in § 8 to 10 of this Appendix. Applying this in the frequency range between 30 MHz and 1 GHz gives a reference bandwidth of 100 kHz.

With a measured total mean power of 10 W:

- Attenuation relative to total mean power = $43 + 10 \log (10) = 53 \text{ dBc}$.
- The 53 dBc value is less stringent than the 70 dBc, so the 53 dBc value is used.
- Therefore: Spurious domain emissions must not exceed 53 dBc in a 100 kHz bandwidth, or converting to an absolute level, they must not exceed 10 dBW 53 dBc = -43 dBW in a 100 kHz reference bandwidth.

With a measured total mean power of 1000 W:

- Attenuation relative to total mean power = $43 + 10 \log (1000) = 73 \text{ dBc}$.
- The 73 dBc value is more stringent than the 70 dBc limit, so the 70 dBc value is used.
- Therefore: Spurious domain emissions must not exceed 70 dBc in a 100 kHz bandwidth, or converting to an absolute level, they must not exceed 30 dBW - 70 dBc = -40 dBW in a 100 kHz reference bandwidth. (WRC-03)

Example 2

A space service transmitter with any value of necessary bandwidth must meet a spurious domain emission attenuation of $43 + 10 \log (P)$, or 60 dBc, whichever is less stringent. To measure spurious domain emissions at any frequency, Note 10 to Table II indicates using a reference bandwidth of 4 kHz.

With a measured total mean power of 20 W:

- Attenuation relative to total mean power = $43 + 10 \log (20) = 56 \text{ dBc}$.
- The 56 dBc value is less stringent than the 60 dBc limit, so the 56 dBc value is used.
- Therefore: Spurious domain emissions must not exceed 56 dBc in a 4 kHz reference bandwidth, or converting to an absolute level, they must not exceed 13 dBW 56 dBc = -43 dBW in a 4 kHz reference bandwidth. (WRC-03)

112

TABLE II (WRC-03)

Attenuation values used to calculate maximum permitted spurious domain emission power levels for use with radio equipment

| Service category in accordance with Article 1, or equipment type ¹⁵ | Attenuation (dB) below the power supplied to the antenna transmission line |
|---|---|
| All services except those services quoted below: | $43 + 10 \log (P)$, or 70 dBc, whichever is less stringent |
| Space services (earth stations) ^{10, 16} | $43 + 10 \log (P)$, or 60 dBc, whichever is less stringent |
| Space services (space stations) ^{10, 17} | $43 + 10 \log (P)$, or 60 dBc, whichever is less stringent |
| Radiodetermination ¹⁴ | 43 + 10 log (PEP), or 60 dB, whichever is less stringent |
| Broadcast television ¹¹ | 46 + 10 log (<i>P</i>), or 60 dBc, whichever is less stringent, without exceeding the absolute mean power level of 1 mW for VHF stations or 12 mW for UHF stations. However, greater attenuation may be necessary on a case by case basis |
| Broadcast FM | 46 + 10 log (<i>P</i>), or 70 dBc, whichever is less stringent; the absolute mean power level of 1 mW should not be exceeded |
| Broadcasting at MF/HF | 50 dBc; the absolute mean power level of 50 mW should not be exceeded |
| SSB from mobile stations ¹² | 43 dB below PEP |
| Amateur services operating below 30 MHz (including those using SSB) ¹⁶ | 43 + 10 log (PEP), or 50 dB, whichever is less stringent |
| Services operating below 30 MHz, except space, radiodetermination, broadcast, those using SSB from mobile stations, and amateur ¹² | $43 + 10 \log (X)$, or 60 dBc, whichever is less stringent, where $X = PEP$ for SSB modulation, and $X = P$ for other modulation |
| Low-power device radio equipment ¹³ | 56 + 10 log (P), or 40 dBc, whichever is less stringent |
| Emergency transmitters ¹⁸ | No limit |

P: mean power in watts supplied to the antenna transmission line, in accordance with No. **1.158**. When burst transmission is used, the mean power *P* and the mean power of any spurious domain emissions are measured using power averaging over the burst duration.

PEP: peak envelope power in watts supplied to the antenna transmission line, in accordance with No. 1.157.

dBc: decibels relative to the unmodulated carrier power of the emission. In the cases which do not have a carrier, for example in some digital modulation schemes where the carrier is not accessible for measurement, the reference level equivalent to dBc is decibels relative to the mean power *P*.

TABLE II (end)

- ¹⁰ Spurious domain emission limits for all space services are stated in a 4 kHz reference bandwidth.
- 11 For analogue television transmissions, the mean power level is defined with a specified video signal modulation. This video signal has to be chosen in such a way that the maximum mean power level (e.g. at the video signal blanking level for negatively modulated television systems) is supplied to the antenna transmission line.
- 12 All classes of emission using SSB are included in the category "SSB".
- ¹³ Low-power radio devices having a maximum output power of less than 100 mW and intended for short-range communication or control purposes; such equipment is in general exempt from individual licensing.
- ¹⁴ For radiodetermination systems (radar as defined by No. 1.100), spurious domain emission attenuation (dB) shall be determined for radiated emission levels, and not at the antenna transmission line. The measurement methods for determining the radiated spurious domain emission levels from radar systems should be guided by the most recent version of Recommendation ITU-R M.1177. (WRC-03)
- ¹⁵ In some cases of digital modulation (including digital broadcasting), broadband systems, pulsed modulation and narrow-band high-power transmitters for all categories of services, there may be difficulties in meeting limits close to $\pm 250\%$ of the necessary bandwidth.
- ¹⁶ Earth stations in the amateur-satellite service operating below 30 MHz are in the service category "Amateur services operating below 30 MHz (including those using SSB)". (WRC-2000)
- ¹⁷ Space stations in the space research service intended for operation in deep space as defined by No. 1.177 are exempt from spurious domain emission limits. (WRC-03)
- Emergency position-indicating radio beacon, emergency locator transmitters, personal location beacons, search and rescue transponders, ship emergency, lifeboat and survival craft transmitters and emergency land, aeronautical or maritime transmitters. (WRC-2000)

ADD

ANNEX 1

Determination of the boundary between the out-of-band and spurious domains (WRC-03)

1 Except as provided below, the boundary between the out-of-band and spurious domains occurs at frequencies that are separated from the centre frequency of the emission by the values shown in Table 1. In general, the boundary, on either side of the centre frequency, occurs at a separation of 250% of the necessary bandwidth, or at $2.5 B_N$, as shown in Table 1. For most systems, the centre frequency of the emission is the centre of the necessary bandwidth. For multichannel or multicarrier transmitters/transponders, where several carriers may be transmitted simultaneously from a final output amplifier or an active antenna, the centre frequency of the emission is taken to be the centre of the -3 dB bandwidth of the transmitter or transponder, and the transmitter or transponder bandwidth is used in place of the necessary bandwidth for determining the boundary. For multicarrier satellite systems, guidance on the boundary between

the out-of-band and spurious domains is provided in the most recent version of Recommendation ITU-R SM.1541. Some systems specify unwanted emissions relative to channel bandwidth, or channel spacing. These may be used as a substitute for the necessary bandwidth in Table 1, provided they are found in ITU-R Recommendations.

TABLE 1

| Frequency | Narrow | Narrow-band case | | Wideband case | |
|---|-------------|------------------|------------|---------------|-----------------------------|
| range | for $B_N <$ | Separation | separation | for $B_N >$ | Separation |
| 9 kHz $< f_c \le 150$ kHz | 250 Hz | 625 Hz | $2.5 B_N$ | 10 kHz | $1.5 B_N + 10 \text{ kHz}$ |
| 150 kHz $< f_c \le$ 30 MHz | 4 kHz | 10 kHz | $2.5 B_N$ | 100 kHz | $1.5 B_N + 100 \text{ kHz}$ |
| $30 \text{ MHz} < f_c \le 1 \text{ GHz}$ | 25 kHz | 62.5 kHz | $2.5 B_N$ | 10 MHz | $1.5 B_N + 10 \text{ MHz}$ |
| $1 \text{ GHz} < f_c \le 3 \text{ GHz}$ | 100 kHz | 250 kHz | $2.5 B_N$ | 50 MHz | $1.5 B_N + 50 \text{ MHz}$ |
| $3 \text{ GHz} < f_c \le 10 \text{ GHz}$ | 100 kHz | 250 kHz | $2.5 B_N$ | 100 MHz | $1.5 B_N + 100 \text{ MHz}$ |
| $10 \text{ GHz} < f_c \le 15 \text{ GHz}$ | 300 kHz | 750 kHz | $2.5 B_N$ | 250 MHz | $1.5 B_N + 250 \text{ MHz}$ |
| $15 \text{ GHz} < f_c \le 26 \text{ GHz}$ | 500 kHz | 1.25 MHz | $2.5 B_N$ | 500 MHz | $1.5 B_N + 500 \text{ MHz}$ |
| $f_c > 26 \text{ GHz}$ | 1 MHz | 2.5 MHz | $2.5 B_N$ | 500 MHz | $1.5 B_N + 500 \text{ MHz}$ |

Values for frequency separation between the centre frequency and the boundary of the spurious domain

NOTE – In Table 1, f_c is the centre frequency of the emission and B_N is the necessary bandwidth. If the assigned frequency band of the emissions extends across two frequency ranges, then the values corresponding to the higher frequency range shall be used for determining the boundary.

Example 1: The necessary bandwidth of an emission at 26 MHz is 1.8 kHz. Since B_N is less than 4 kHz, the minimum separation of 10 kHz applies. The spurious domain begins 10 kHz each side of the centre of the necessary bandwidth.

Example 2: The necessary bandwidth of an emission at 8 GHz is 200 MHz. Since the wideband case applies for $B_N > 100$ MHz at that frequency, the spurious domain begins 1.5×200 MHz + 100 MHz = 400 MHz each side of the centre of the necessary bandwidth. Using the general separation formula, the out-of-band domain would have extended to 2.5×200 MHz = 500 MHz either side of the centre frequency.

2 Tables 2 and 3 show exceptions to Table 1 for narrow-band and wideband cases, respectively, applicable to particular systems or services and frequency bands.

TABLE 2

| | | | Narrow-band case | |
|-------------------|----------------|------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------|
| System or service | Frequen | cy range | for <i>B_N</i> < (kHz) | |
| | 14 kHz-1.5 MHz | | 20 | 50 ⁽¹⁾ |
| Fixed service | 1.5-30 MHz | $P_T \le 50 \text{ W}$ | 30 | 75 ⁽²⁾ |
| | 1.3-30 MHZ | $P_T > 50 \text{ W}$ | 80 | 200 ⁽²⁾ |

Narrow-band variations for particular systems or services and frequency bands

(1)The separation value is based on an assumption that the maximum value of the necessary bandwidth is about 3 kHz for the frequency range 14 kHz-1.5 MHz. The separation value of 50 kHz is extremely large as compared with the necessary bandwidth. This is because unwanted emissions of high power transmitters under modulated conditions have to be below the spurious limit (70 dBc) at the boundary between the out-of-band and spurious domains.

 $^{(2)}$ P_T is the transmitter power. The separation values are based on an assumption that the maximum value of the necessary bandwidth is about 12 kHz for the frequency range 1.5-30 MHz. The separation value of 200 kHz for $P_T > 50$ W is extremely large as compared with the necessary bandwidth. This is because unwanted emissions of high power transmitters under modulated conditions have to be below the spurious limit, 70 dBc, at the boundary between the out-of-band and spurious domains. Also, if future systems in the fixed service operating in this frequency range require a necessary bandwidth larger than 12 kHz, it may become necessary to review the 200 kHz separation.

| Wideband variations for particular systems or services and frequency bands | | | | |
|--|-------------------------------|---------------|-----------------------------|--|
| S | F | Wideband case | | |
| System or service | Frequency range | For $B_N >$ | Separation | |
| Fixed service | 14-150 kHz | 20 kHz | $1.5 B_N + 20 \text{ kHz}$ | |
| Fixed-satellite service (FSS) | 3.4-4.2 GHz | 250 MHz | $1.5 B_N + 250 \text{ MHz}$ | |
| FSS | 5.725-6.725 GHz | 500 MHz | $1.5 B_N + 500 \text{ MHz}$ | |
| FSS | 7.25-7.75 GHz and 7.9-8.4 GHz | 250 MHz | $1.5 B_N + 250 \text{ MHz}$ | |
| FSS | 10.7-12.75 GHz | 500 MHz | $1.5 B_N + 500 \text{ MHz}$ | |
| Broadcasting-satellite service | 11.7-12.75 GHz | 500 MHz | $1.5 B_N + 500 \text{ MHz}$ | |
| FSS | 12.75-13.25 GHz | 500 MHz | $1.5 B_N + 500 \text{ MHz}$ | |
| FSS | 13.75-14.8 GHz | 500 MHz | $1.5 B_N + 500 \text{ MHz}$ | |

TABLE 3

3 For primary radar, the boundary between the out-of-band and spurious domains is the frequency at which the out-of-band domain limits specified in the applicable ITU-R Recommendations are equal to the spurious domain limit defined in Table II of this Appendix. Further guidance on the boundary between the out-of-band and spurious domains for primary radar is provided in the most recent version of Recommendation ITU-R SM.1541.

APPENDIX 4 (Rev.WRC-03)

Consolidated list and tables of characteristics for use in the application of the procedures of Chapter III

SUP

ANNEX 2A

Characteristics of satellite networks' earth stations or radio astronomy stations² (WRC-2000)

MOD

ANNEX 2

Characteristics of satellite networks, earth stations or radio astronomy stations² (WRC-03)

Information relating to the data listed in the following Tables

In many cases the data requirements involve the use of standard symbols in submissions to the Radiocommunication Bureau. These standard symbols may be found in the "Preface to the BR International Frequency Information Circular", (BR IFIC) (Space Services) and the Space Radiocommunication Stations on CD-ROM. (In the Table, this is referred to simply as "the Preface".) Information relating to the provision of data may also be found in ITU-R Recommendations, for example, information on the mask data can be found in Recommendation ITU-R SM.1413 provides general information related to submission of data.

Key to the symbols used in Tables A, B, C and D

| X | Mandatory information |
|---|---|
| + | Mandatory under the conditions specified in column 2 |
| 0 | Optional information |
| C | Mandatory if used as a basis to effect coordination with another administration |

Reading the Appendix 4 Tables

The rules used to link the sign with the text are based on the Table column headings covering specific procedures and specific services.

1 If any data item has a condition attached to it, then it has a "+".

| A.6.c if agreement has been reached, the related provision code (see the Preface) | + |
|---|---|
|---|---|

2 Data items grouped under a common subheading that limits the range of procedures, services or frequency bands have a "X" as the conditional nature is shown in the subheading title.

| A.4.b.5 | For space stations operating in a frequency band subject to the provisions of Nos. 9.11A, 9.12 or 9.12A, the data elements to characterize properly the orbital statistics of non-geostationary-satellite systems: | |
|-----------|---|---|
| A.4.b.5.a | the right ascension of the ascending node (Ω_j) for the j-th orbital plane, measured counter-clockwise in the equatorial plane from the direction of the vernal equinox to the point where the satellite makes its South-to-North crossing of the equatorial plane $(0^{\circ} \le \Omega_j < 360^{\circ})$ | х |

Footnotes to Tables A, B, C and D

1 Not required for coordination under No. 9.7A.

2 The most recent version of Recommendation ITU-R SF.675 should be used to the extent applicable in calculating the maximum power density per Hz. For carriers below 15 GHz, the power density is averaged over the worst 4 kHz band. For carriers at or above 15 GHz, the power density is averaged over the worst 1 MHz band. In the case of assignments with a bandwidth less than the stated averaging bandwidth, the maximum density is calculated as if the assignment occupied the averaging bandwidth.

| Items in Appendix | A - GENERAL CHARACTERISTICS OF THE SATELLITE NETWORK, EARTH STATION OR RADIO ASTRONOMY STATION |
|-------------------|---|
| A.1 | IDENTITY OF THE SATELLITE NETWORK, EARTH STATION OR RADIOASTRONOMY STATION |
| A.1.a | the identity of the satellite network |
| A.1.b | the beam identification In the case of Appendix 30 or 30A , for modification, suppression or notification of Plan assignments |
| | In the case of Appendix 30B , for a network derived from the Allotment Plan |
| A.1.e | Identity of the earth station or radio astronomy station: |
| A.1.e.1 | the type of earth station (specific or typical) |
| A.1.e.2 | the name of the station |
| A.1.e.3 | For a specific earth station or radio astronomy station: |
| A.1.e.3.a | the country or geographical area in which the station is located, using the symbols from the Preface |
| A.1.e.3.b | the geographical coordinates of each transmitting or receiving antenna site constituting the station (longitude and latitude in degrees and minutes) For a specific earth station, seconds are to be provided if the coordination area of the earth |
| | station overlaps the territory of another administration |
| A.1.f | Administration and intergovernmental organization symbol: |
| A.1.f.1 | the symbol of the notifying administration (see the Preface) |
| A.1.f.2 | if the notice is submitted on behalf of a group of administrations, the symbols of each of the administrations in the group, submitting the information on the satellite network (see the Preface) |
| A.1.f.3 | if the notice is submitted on behalf of an intergovernmental satellite organization, the symbol of that organization (see the Preface) |
| A.1.g | Subregional systems: |
| A.1.g.1 | an indicator showing whether the network is part of a subregional system |
| A.1.g.2 | for each participating administration, if applicable, the part of its national allotment proposed to be used to form the subregional system |

| Advance publication of a geostationary- satellite network | Advance publication of a non- geostationary-satellite network subject to coordination under Section II of Article 9 | Advance publication of a non- geostationary-satellite network not subject to coordination under Section II of Article 9 | Notification or coordination of a geostationary-satellite network (including space operation functions under Article 2A of Appendices 30 or 30A) | Notification or coordination of a non- geostationary-satellite network | Notification or coordination of an earth station (including notification under Appendices 30A or 30B) | Notice for a satellite network in the broadcasting-satellite service under Appendix 30 (Articles 4 and 5) | Notice for a satellite network (feeder- link) under Appendix 30A (Articles 4 and 5) | Notice for a satellite network in the fixed-satellite service under Appendix 30B (Articles 6 and 8) | P Items in Appendix | Radio astronomy |
|--|--|--|--|---|---|---|---|---|------------------------|-----------------|
| | | | | | | | | | ~ .' | |
| Х | X | X | X | Х | | X | X | X | A.1.a | |
| | | | | | | + | + | + | A.1.b | |
| | | | | | | | | | A.1.e | |
| | | | | | Х | | | | A.1.e.1 | |
| | | | | | X X | | | | A.1.e.2 | X |
| | | | | | | | | | A.1.e.3 | |
| | | | | | x | | | | A.1.e.3.a | х |
| | | | | | x | | | | A.1.e.3.b | x |
| | | | | | | | | | A.1.f | |
| X | X | X | X | Х | Х | Х | X | X | A.1.f.1 | X |
| + | + | + | + | + | | + | + | + | A.1.f.2 | |
| + | + | + | + | + | | + | + | + | A.1.f.3 | |
| | | | | | | | | | A.1.g | |
| | | | | | | | | Х | A.1.g.1 | |
| | | | | | | | | + | A.1.g.2 | |

| Items in Appendix | A - GENERAL CHARACTERISTICS OF THE SATELLITE NETWORK, EARTH STATION OR RADIO ASTRONOMY STATION |
|-------------------|---|
| A.2 | DATE OF BRINGING INTO USE |
| A.2.a | the date (actual or foreseen, as appropriate) of bringing the frequency assignment (new or modified) into use The date of bringing into use denotes the date at which the frequency assignment is brought into regular operation* to provide the published radiocommunication service with the technical parameters within the technical characteristics notified to the Bureau |
| | Whenever the assignment is changed in any of its basic characteristics (except in the case of a change under A.1.a, the date to be given shall be that of the latest change (actual or foreseen, as appropriate) * Pending further studies by ITU-R on the applicability of the term "regular operation" to non-geostationary satellite networks, the condition of regular operation shall be limited to geostationary satellite networks. |
| A.2.b | for a space station, the period of validity of the frequency assignments (see Resolution |
| | 4 (Rev. WRC-03)) |
| A.2.c | the date (actual or foreseen, as appropriate) on which reception of the frequency band begins or on which any of the basic characteristics are modified |
| A.3 | OPERATING ADMINISTRATION OR AGENCY |
| A.3.a | the symbol for the operating administration or agency (see the Preface) that is in operational control of the space station, earth station or radio astronomy station |
| | In the case of Appendix 30B , required only for notification under Article 8 |
| A.3.b | the symbol for the address of the administration (see the Preface) to which communication should be sent on urgent matters regarding interference, quality of emissions and questions referring to the technical operation of the network or station (see Article 15) |
| | In the case of Appendix 30B , required only for notification under Article 8 |
| A.4 | ORBITAL INFORMATION |
| A.4.a | For a space station onboard a geostationary-satellite: |
| A.4.a.1 | the nominal geographical longitude on the geostationary-satellite orbit (GSO) |
| A.4.a.2.a | the planned longitudinal tolerance easterly limit |
| A.4.a.2.b | the planned longitudinal tolerance westerly limit |
| A.4.a.2.c | the planned inclination excursion |

| Advance publication of a geostationary- satellite network | Advance publication of a non- geostationary-satellite network subject to coordination under Section II of Article 9 | Advance publication of a non- geostationary-satellite network not subject to coordination under Section II of Article 9 | Notification or coordination of a geostationary-satellite network (including space operation functions under Article 2A of Appendices 30 or 30A) | Notification or coordination of a non- geostationary-satellite network | Notification or coordination of an earth station (including notification under Appendices 30A or 30B) | Notice for a satellite network in the broadcasting-satellite service under Appendix 30 (Articles 4 and 5) | Notice for a satellite network (feeder- link) under Appendix 30A (Articles 4 and 5) | Notice for a satellite network in the fixed-satellite service under Appendix 30B (Articles 6 and 8) | Items in Appendix | Radio astronomy |
|--|--|--|--|---|---|---|---|---|------------------------|-----------------|
| | | | | _ | | | | | A.2 | |
| x | x | x | x | X | x | x | x | x | A.2.a | |
| x | х | х | Х | х | | | | | A.2.b | |
| | ~ | | | | | | | | A.2.c | |
| | | | | | | | | | | X |
| | | | | | | | | | A.3 | |
| | | x | x | х | x | X | x | + | A.3.a | x |
| | | x | x | X | x | x | x | + | A.3.b | x |
| | | | | - | | | | | A.4 | |
| | | | | | | | | | A.4.a | |
| X | | | X X X X | | | X X X | X X X | X | A.4.a.1 | |
| | | | X | | | X | X | X | A.4.a.2.a A.4.a.2.b | |
| <u> </u> | | | X | | | X | X | X X | A.4.a.2.D A.4.a.2.c | |
| | | | . | | | | | X | , | |

| ltems in Appendix | A - GENERAL CHARACTERISTICS OF THE SATELLITE NETWORK, EARTH STATION OR RADIO ASTRONOMY STATION |
|-------------------|---|
| A.4.a.4 | For a space station on board a geostationary-satellite, not derived from the Appendix 30B allotment plan: |
| A.4.a.4.a | the service arc easterly limit (the arc of the geostationary-satellite orbit within which the space station could provide the required service to its associated earth stations or service areas) |
| A.4.a.4.b | the service arc westerly limit (the arc of the geostationary-satellite orbit within which the space station could provide the required service to its associated earth stations or service areas) |
| A.4.b | For space station(s) onboard non-geostationary satellite(s): |
| A.4.b.1 | the number of orbital planes |
| A.4.b.2 | the reference body code |
| A.4.b.3 | For space stations of a non-geostationary fixed-satellite service system operating in the band 3 400-4 200 MHz: |
| A.4.b.3.a | the maximum number of space stations (N_N) in a non-geostationary-satellite system simultaneously transmitting on a co-frequency basis in the fixed-satellite service in the Northern Hemisphere |
| A.4.b.3.b | the maximum number of space stations (N_s) in a non-geostationary-satellite system simultaneously transmitting on a co-frequency basis in the fixed-satellite service in the Southern Hemisphere |
| A.4.b.4 | For each orbital plane, where the Earth is the reference body: |
| A.4.b.4.a | the angle of inclination (i_j) of the orbital plane with respect to the Earth's equatorial plane (0° m i_j < 180°) |
| A.4.b.4.b | the number of satellites in the orbital plane |
| A.4.b.4.c | the period |
| A.4.b.4.d | the altitude, in kilometres, of the apogee of the space station |
| A.4.b.4.e | the altitude, in kilometres, of the perigee of the space station |
| A.4.b.5 | For space stations operating in a frequency band subject to the provisions of Nos. 9.11A, 9.12 or 9.12A, the data elements to characterize properly the orbital statistics of the non-geostationary-satellite system: |
| A.4.b.5.a | the right ascension of the ascending node (Ω_j) for the <i>j</i> -th orbital plane, measured counter- clockwise in the equatorial plane from the direction of the vernal equinox to the point where the satellite makes its South-to-North crossing of the equatorial plane (0° m Ω_j < 360°) |
| A.4.b.5.b | the initial phase angle (ω_i) of the <i>i</i> -th satellite in its orbital plane at reference time $t = 0$, measured from the point of the ascending node $(0^{\circ} m\omega_i < 360^{\circ})$ |
| A.4.b.5.c | the argument of perigee (ω_{ρ}), measured in the orbital plane, in the direction of motion, from the ascending node to the perigee (0° m ω_{ρ} < 360°) |

| Advance publication of a geostationary- satellite network | Advance publication of a non- geostationary-satellite network subject to coordination under Section II of Article 9 | Advance publication of a non- geostationary-satellite network not subject to coordination under Section II of Article 9 | Notification or coordination of a geostationary-satellite network (including space operation functions under Article 2A of Appendices 30 or 30A) | Notification or coordination of a non- geostationary-satellite network | Notification or coordination of an earth station (including notification under Appendices 30A or 30B) | Notice for a satellite network in the broadcasting-satellite service under Appendix 30 (Articles 4 and 5) | Notice for a satellite network (feeder- link) under Appendix 30A (Articles 4 and 5) | Notice for a satellite network in the fixed-satellite service under Appendix 30B (Articles 6 and 8) | tems in Appendix | Radio astronomy |
|--|--|--|--|---|---|---|---|---|----------------------|-----------------|
| | | | | | | | | x | A.4.a.4 A.4.a.4.a | |
| | | | | | | | | X | A.4.a.4.b | |
| | | | | | | | | | A.4.b | |
| | | X X | | Х | | | | | A.4.b.1 | |
| | X | X | | Х | | | | | A.4.b.2 | |
| | | | | | | | | | A.4.b.3 | |
| | | x | | х | | | | | A.4.b.3.a | |
| | | x | | x | | | | | A.4.b.3.b | |
| | | | | | | | | | A.4.b.4 | |
| | | x | | Х | | | | | A.4.b.4.a | |
| | | x | | Х | | | | | A.4.b.4.b | |
| | | X | | X | | <u></u> | | L | A.4.b.4.c | |
| | | X X X X | | X X X | | <u> </u> | | | A.4.b.4.d | |
| | | X | | X | | | | | A.4.b.4.e | |
| | | | | | | | | | A.4.b.5 | |
| | | | | x | | | | | A.4.b.5.a | |
| | | | | x | | <u></u> | | | A.4.b.5.b | |
| | | | | х | | | | | A.4.b.5.c | |

| Items in Appendix | A - GENERAL CHARACTERISTICS OF THE SATELLITE NETWORK, EARTH STATION OR RADIO ASTRONOMY STATION |
|-------------------|--|
| A.4.b.6 | For space stations operating in a frequency band subject to Nos. 22.5C, 22.5D or 22.5F, the data elements to characterize properly the orbital operation of the non-geostationary-satellite system: |
| A.4.b.6.a | For each range of latitudes: |
| A.4.b.6.a.1 | the maximum number of non-geostationary satellites transmitting with overlapping frequencies to a given location |
| A.4.b.6.a.2 | the associated start of the latitude range |
| A.4.b.6.a.3 | the associated end of the latitude range |
| A.4.b.6.b | the minimum altitude of the space station above the surface of the Earth at which any satellite transmits |
| A.4.b.6.c | an indicator showing whether the space station uses station-keeping to maintain a repeating ground track |
| A.4.b.6.d | if the space station uses station-keeping to maintain a repeating ground track, the time in seconds that it takes for the constellation to return to its starting position, i.e. such that all satellites are in the same location with respect to the Earth and each other |
| A.4.b.6.e | an indicator showing whether the space station should be modelled with a specific precession rate of the ascending node of the orbit instead of the J_2 term |
| A.4.b.6.f | if the space station is to be modelled with a specific precession rate of the ascending node of the orbit instead of the J_2 term, the precession rate in degrees/day, measured counter-clockwise in the equatorial plane |
| A.4.b.6.g | the longitude of the ascending node (θ_j) for the <i>j</i> -th orbital plane, measured counter-clockwise in the equatorial plane from the Greenwich meridian to the point where the satellite orbit makes its South-to-North crossing of the equatorial plane ($0^{\circ} m\theta_j < 360^{\circ}$) |
| | Note – For the evaluation of epfd a reference to a point on the Earth is used and hence the "longitude of the ascending node" is required. All satellites in the constellation must use the same reference time |
| A.4.b.6.h | the date (day:month:year) at which the satellite is at the location defined by the longitude of the ascending node (θ_j), (see Note under A.4.b.6.g) |
| A.4.b.6.i | the time (hours:minutes) at which the satellite is at the location defined by the longitude of the ascending node (θ_j), (see Note under A.4.b.6.g) |
| A.4.b.6.j | the longitudinal tolerance of the longitude of the ascending node |

| Advance publication of a geostationary- satellite network | Advance publication of a non- geostationary-satellite network subject to coordination under Section II of Article 9 | Advance publication of a non- geostationary-satellite network not subject to coordination under Section II of Article 9 | Notification or coordination of a geostationary-satellite network (including space operation functions under Article 2A of Appendices 30 or 30A) | Notification or coordination of a non- geostationary-satellite network | Notification or coordination of an earth station (including notification under Appendices 30A or 30B) | Notice for a satellite network in the broadcasting-satellite service under Appendix 30 (Articles 4 and 5) | Notice for a satellite network (feeder- link) under Appendix 30A (Articles 4 and 5) | Notice for a satellite network in the fixed-satellite service under Appendix 30B (Articles 6 and 8) | Items in Appendix | Radio astronomy |
|--|--|--|--|---|---|---|---|---|-------------------|-----------------|
| | | | | | | | | | A.4.b.6 | |
| | | | | | | | | | A.4.b.6.a | |
| | | | | х | | | | | A.4.b.6.a.1 | |
| | | | | Х | | | | | A.4.b.6.a.2 | |
| | | | | Х | | | | | A.4.b.6.a.3 | |
| | | | | х | | | | | A.4.b.6.b | |
| | | | | х | | | | | A.4.b.6.c | |
| | | | | + | | | | | A.4.b.6.d | |
| | | | | Х | | | | | A.4.b.6.e | |
| | | | | + | | | | | A.4.b.6.f | |
| | | | | x | | | | | A.4.b.6.g | |
| | | | | х | | | | | A.4.b.6.h | |
| | | | | х | | | | | A.4.b.6.i | |
| | | | | Х | | | | | A.4.b.6.j | |

| Items in Appendix | A - GENERAL CHARACTERISTICS OF THE SATELLITE NETWORK, EARTH STATION OR RADIO ASTRONOMY STATION |
|-------------------|---|
| A.4.b.7 | For space stations operating in a frequency band subject to Nos. 22.5C, 22.5D or 22.5F, the data elements to characterize properly the performance of the non-geostationary-satellite system: |
| A.4.b.7.a | the maximum number of non-geostationary satellites receiving simultaneously with overlapping frequencies from the associated earth stations within a given cell |
| A.4.b.7.b | the average number of associated earth stations with overlapping frequencies per square kilometre within a cell |
| A.4.b.7.c | the average distance, in kilometres, between co-frequency cells |
| A.4.b.7.d | For the exclusion zone about the geostationary-satellite orbit: |
| A.4.b.7.d.1 | the type of zone (based on topocentric angle, satellite-based angle or other method for establishing the exclusion zone) |
| A.4.b.7.d.2 | if the zone is based on a topocentric angle or a satellite-based angle, the width of the zone, in degrees |
| A.4.b.7.d.3 | if an alternative method is used for establishing the exclusion zone, a detailed description of the avoidance mechanism |
| A.4.c | For an earth station: |
| A.4.c.1 | the identity of the associated space station(s) with which communication is to be established |
| A.4.c.2 | if communication is to be established with a geostationary space station, its orbital position |
| A.5 | COORDINATIONS |
| A.5.a.1 | the symbol of any administration (see the Preface) with which coordination has been successfully effected Required only in the case of notification |
| A.5.a.2 | the symbol of any intergovernmental organization (see the Preface) with which coordination has been successfully effected Required only in the case of notification |
| A.5.b.1 | the symbol of any administration (see the Preface) with which coordination has been sought but not completed |
| A.5.b.2 | the symbol of any intergovernmental organization (see the Preface) with which coordination has been sought but not completed |
| A.5.c | the related provision code (see the Preface) under which coordination has been sought or completed if either A.5.a.1 (and A.5.a.2) or A.5.b.1 (and A.5.b.2) has been supplied |

| Advance publication of a geostationary- satellite network | Advance publication of a non- geostationary-satellite network subject to coordination under Section II of Article 9 | Advance publication of a non- geostationary-satellite network not subject to coordination under Section II of Article 9 | Notification or coordination of a geostationary-satellite network (including space operation functions under Article 2A of Appendices 30 or 30A) | Notification or coordination of a non- geostationary-satellite network | Notification or coordination of an earth station (including notification under Appendices 30A or 30B) | Notice for a satellite network in the broadcasting-satellite service under Appendix 30 (Articles 4 and 5) | Notice for a satellite network (feeder- link) under Appendix 30A (Articles 4 and 5) | Notice for a satellite network in the fixed-satellite service under Appendix 30B (Articles 6 and 8) | Items in Appendix | Radio astronomy |
|--|--|--|--|---|---|---|---|---|-------------------|-----------------|
| | | | | | | | | | A.4.b.7 | |
| | | | | х | | | | | A.4.b.7.a | |
| | | | | х | | | | | A.4.b.7.b | |
| | | | | Х | | | | | A.4.b.7.c | |
| | | | | | | | | | A.4.b.7.d | |
| | | | | Х | | | | | A.4.b.7.d.1 | |
| | | | | + | | | | | A.4.b.7.d.2 | |
| | | | | + | | | | | A.4.b.7.d.3 | |
| | | | | | | | | | A.4.c | |
| _ | | | | | X | | | | A.4.c.1 | |
| | | | | | + | | | | A.4.c.2 | |
| | | | | | | | | | A.5 | |
| | | | + | + | + ¹ | | | | A.5.a.1 | |
| | | | + | + | + ¹ | | | | A.5.a.2 | |
| | | | 0 | ο | 0 | | | | A.5.b.1 | |
| | | | 0 | 0 | | | | | A.5.b.2 | |
| | | | + | + | + ¹ | | | | A.5.c | |

| ltems in Appendix | A - GENERAL CHARACTERISTICS OF THE SATELLITE NETWORK, EARTH STATION OR RADIO ASTRONOMY STATION |
|-------------------|---|
| A.6 | AGREEMENTS |
| A.6.a | if appropriate, the symbol of any administration or administration representing a group of administrations (see the Preface) with which agreement has been reached, including where the agreement is to exceed the limits prescribed in these Regulations |
| A.6.b | if appropriate, the symbol of any intergovernmental organization (see the Preface) with which agreement has been reached, including where the agreement is to exceed the limits prescribed in these Regulations |
| A.6.c | if agreement has been reached, the related provision code (see the Preface) |
| A.7 | SPECIFIC EARTH STATION OR RADIO ASTRONOMY STATION SITE CHARACTERISTICS |
| A.7.a.1 | the horizon elevation angle, in degrees, for each azimuth around the earth station |
| A.7.a.2 | the distance, in kilometres, from the earth station to the horizon for each azimuth around the earth station |
| A.7.b.1 | the planned minimum angle of elevation of the antenna's main beam axis, in degrees, from the horizontal plane For an earth station the minimum elevation angle is only required for operation to geostationary satellites and should have due regard to possible inclined-orbit operation of the associated geostationary space station |
| A.7.b.2 | the planned maximum angle of elevation of the antenna's main beam axis, in degrees, from the horizontal plane |
| A.7.c.1 | the start azimuth for the planned range of operating azimuthal angles for the antenna's main beam axis, in degrees, clockwise from True North For an earth station the start azimuth is only required for operation to geostationary satellites and should have due regard to possible inclined-orbit operation of the associated geostationary space station |
| A.7.c.2 | the end azimuth for the planned range of operating azimuthal angles for the antenna's main beam axis, in degrees, clockwise from True North For an earth station the end azimuth is only required for operation to geostationary satellites and should have due regard to possible inclined-orbit operation of the associated geostationary space station |
| A.7.d | the altitude, in metres, of the antenna above mean sea level |
| A.7.e | the minimum angle of elevation of the antenna's main beam axis, in degrees, from the horizontal plane for each azimuth around the earth station that is operating to associated non-geostationary space stations |
| A.7.f | the antenna diameter, in metres Required only for fixed-satellite service earth stations operating in the frequency band 13.75-14 GHz |

| Advance publication of a geostationary- satellite network | Advance publication of a non- geostationary-satellite network subject to coordination under Section II of Article 9 | Advance publication of a non- geostationary-satellite network not subject to coordination under Section II of Article 9 | Notification or coordination of a geostationary-satellite network (including space operation functions under Article 2A of Appendices 30 or 30A) | Notification or coordination of a non- geostationary-satellite network | Notification or coordination of an earth station (including notification under Appendices 30A or 30B) | Notice for a satellite network in the broadcasting-satellite service under Appendix 30 (Articles 4 and 5) | Notice for a satellite network (feeder- link) under Appendix 30A (Articles 4 and 5) | Notice for a satellite network in the fixed-satellite service under Appendix 30B (Articles 6 and 8) | 9 9 Items in Appendix | Radio astronomy |
|--|--|--|--|---|---|---|---|---|--------------------------|-----------------|
| | | | | [| | [| [| | A.6.a | |
| | | | + | + | + ¹ | + | + | + | | |
| | | | + | + | + ¹ | + | + | + | A.6.b | |
| | | | + | + | + ¹ | + | + | + | A.6.c | |
| | | | | | | | | | A.7 | |
| | | | | | +1 | | | | A.7.a.1 | |
| | | | | | 0 | | | | A.7.a.2 | |
| | | | | | + ¹ | | | | A.7.b.1 | x |
| | | | | | | | | | A.7.b.2 | X |
| | | | | | + ¹ | | | | A.7.c.1 | x |
| | | | | | + ¹ | | | | A.7.c.2 | x |
| | | | | | +1 | | | | A.7.d | |
| | | | | | + | | | | A.7.e | |
| | | | | | + ¹ | | | | A.7.f | |

| Items in Appendix | A - GENERAL CHARACTERISTICS OF THE SATELLITE NETWORK, EARTH STATION OR RADIO ASTRONOMY STATION |
|-------------------|--|
| A.8 | Not used |
| A.9 | Not used |
| A.10 | EARTH STATION COORDINATION AREA DIAGRAMS |
| A.10.a | the diagrams shall be drawn to an appropriate scale, indicating, for both transmission and reception, the location of the earth station and its associated coordination areas, or the coordination area related to the service area in which it is intended to operate the mobile earth station Earth station coordination area diagrams are required only for notification |
| A.11 | REGULAR HOURS OF OPERATION |
| A.11.a | the start time UTC |
| A.11.b | the stop time UTC |
| A.12 | RANGE OF AUTOMATIC GAIN CONTROL, in dB |
| A.13 | REFERENCES TO THE PUBLISHED SPECIAL SECTIONS OF THE BUREAU'S INTERNATIONAL FREQUENCY INFORMATION CIRCULAR (see the Preface) |
| A.13.a | the reference and number of the advance publication information in accordance with No. 9.1 |
| A.13.b | the reference and number of the coordination request in accordance with No. 9.6 In the case of notification of an earth station, the reference to the Special Section of the associated satellite network has to be provided In the case of notification of an earth station coordinated under No. 9.7A , the coordination Special Section number of this earth station has to be provided |
| A.13.c | the reference and number of the information in accordance with Article 4 of Appendix 30 |
| A.13.d | the reference and number of the information in accordance with Article 4 of Appendix 30A |
| A.13.e | the reference and number of the information in accordance with Article 6 of Appendix 30B |

| Advance publication of a geostationary- satellite network | Advance publication of a non- geostationary-satellite network subject to coordination under Section II of Article 9 | Advance publication of a non- geostationary-satellite network not subject to coordination under Section II of Article 9 | Notification or coordination of a geostationary-satellite network (including space operation functions under Article 2A of Appendices 30 or 30A) | Notification or coordination of a non- geostationary-satellite network | Notification or coordination of an earth station (including notification under Appendices 30A or 30B) | Notice for a satellite network in the broadcasting-satellite service under Appendix 30 (Articles 4 and 5) | Notice for a satellite network (feeder- link) under Appendix 30A (Articles 4 and 5) | Notice for a satellite network in the fixed-satellite service under Appendix 30B (Articles 6 and 8) | Items in Appendix | Radio astronomy |
|--|--|--|--|---|---|---|---|---|-------------------|-----------------|
| | | | | | | | | | A.8 | |
| | | | | | | | | | A.9 | |
| | | | | | | | | | A.10 | |
| | | | | | + | | | | A.10.a | |
| | | | | | | | | | A.11 | |
| | | | | | | Х | X | | A.11.a | |
| | | | | | | Х | X X | | A.11.b | |
| | | | | | | | Х | | A.12 | |
| | | | | | | | | | A.13 | |
| | | | Х | X | X | | | | A.13.a | |
| | | | x | x | x | | | | A.13.b | |
| | | | | | | Х | | | A.13.c | |
| | | | | | | | х | | A.13.d | |
| | | | | | X | | | X | A.13.e | |

| Items in Appendix | A - GENERAL CHARACTERISTICS OF THE SATELLITE NETWORK, EARTH STATION OR RADIO ASTRONOMY STATION |
|-------------------|---|
| A.14 | FOR STATIONS OPERATING IN A FREQUENCY BAND SUBJECT TO Nos. 22.5C, 22.5D OR 22.5F: SPECTRUM MASKS |
| A.14.a | For each e.i.r.p. mask used by the non-geostationary space station: |
| A.14.a.1 | the mask identification code |
| A.14.a.2 | the lowest frequency for which the mask is valid |
| A.14.a.3 | the highest frequency for which the mask is valid |
| A.14.a.4 | the mask pattern defined in terms of the power in the reference bandwidth for a series of off-axis angles with respect to a specified reference point |
| A.14.b | For each associated earth station e.i.r.p. mask: |
| A.14.b.1 | the mask identification code |
| A.14.b.2 | the lowest frequency for which the mask is valid |
| A.14.b.3 | the highest frequency for which the mask is valid |
| A.14.b.4 | the minimum elevation angle at which any associated earth station can transmit to a non- geostationary satellite |
| A.14.b.5 | the minimum separation angle between the geostationary-satellite orbit arc and the associated earth station main beam-axis at which the associated earth station can transmit towards a non- geostationary satellite |
| A.14.b.6 | the mask pattern defined in terms of the power in the reference bandwidth for a series of off-axis angles with respect to a specified reference point |
| A.14.c | For each pfd mask used by the non-geostationary space station: Note – The space station pfd mask is defined by the maximum power flux-density generated by any space station in the interfering non-geostationary-satellite system as seen from any point on the surface of the Earth |
| A.14.c.1 | the mask identification code |
| A.14.c.2 | the lowest frequency for which the mask is valid |
| A.14.c.3 | the highest frequency for which the mask is valid |
| A.14.c.4 | the type of mask |
| A.14.c.5 | the mask pattern of the power flux-density defined in three dimensions |
| A.15 | COMMITMENT REGARDING COMPLIANCE WITH ADDITIONAL OPERATIONAL |
| | EQUIVALENT POWER FLUX DENSITY, epfd↓, LIMITS |
| A.15.a | a commitment that the filed for system will meet the additional operational epfd ↓ limits that are specified in Table 22-4A1 under No. 22.51 Required only for non-geostationary-satellite systems operating in the fixed-satellite service in the bands 10.7-11.7 GHz (in all Regions), 11.7-12.2 GHz (Region 2), 12.2-12.5 GHz (Region 3), and 12.5-12.75 GHz (Regions 1 and 3) |

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|--|--|--|--|---|---|---|---|---|-------------------|-----------------|
| | | | | | | | | | A.14 | |
| | 1 | | | [| | | | | A.14.a | |
| | | | | X | | | | | A.14.a.1 | |
| | | | | X | | | | | A.14.a.2 | |
| | | | | X X | | | | | A.14.a.3 | |
| | | | | х | | | | | A.14.a.4 | |
| | | | | | | | | | A.14.b | |
| | | | | х | | | | | A.14.b.1 | |
| | | | | X | | | | | A.14.b.2 | |
| | | | | Х | | | | | A.14.b.3 | |
| | | | | х | | | | | A.14.b.4 | |
| | | | | x | | | | | A.14.b.5 | |
| | | | | х | | | | | A.14.b.6 | |
| | | | | | | | | | A.14.c | |
| | | | | x | | | | | A.14.c.1 | |
| | | | | X X | | | | | A.14.c.2 | |
| | | | | X | | | | | A.14.c.3 | |
| | | | | X X | | | | | A.14.c.4 | |
| | | | | Х | | | | | A.14.c.5 | |
| | | | | | | | · | | A.15 | |
| | | | | + | | | | | A.15.a | |

| Items in Appendix | A - GENERAL CHARACTERISTICS OF THE SATELLITE NETWORK, EARTH STATION OR RADIO ASTRONOMY STATION |
|-------------------|---|
| A.16 | COMMITMENT REGARDING COMPLIANCE WITH OFF-AXIS POWER LIMITATIONS OR |
| | POWER FLUX-DENSITY, pfd, LIMITS |
| A.16.a | a commitment that the associated earth stations operating with a geostationary-satellite network in the fixed-satellite service meet the off-axis power limitations given in Nos. 22.26 to 22.28 or 22.32 (as appropriate) under the conditions specified in Nos. 22.30, 22.31 and 22.34 to 22.39 |
| | Required only where the earth stations are subject to those power limitations |
| A.16.b | a commitment by administrations that the filed system will meet the single entry power flux-density limits that are specified in No. 5.502 Required only for specific earth station antennas less than 4.5 m in diameter operating with geostationary space stations in the fixed-satellite service in the band 13.75-14 GHz |
| A.17 | COMPLIANCE WITH POWER FLUX-DENSITY, pfd, LIMITS |
| A.17.a | a commitment of compliance with per-satellite power-flux density level produced at the Earth's |
| Λ. Π.α | surface of $-129 \text{ dB}(W/(m^2 \cdot \text{MHz}))$ in any 1 MHz band under free space propagation conditions |
| | Required only for satellite systems operating in the radionavigation-satellite service in the band 1 164-1 215 MHz |
| A.17.b.1 | the calculated aggregate power flux-density produced at the Earth's surface by any geostationary radionavigation-satellite system in the band 4 990-5 000 MHz in a 10 MHz bandwidth, as defined in <i>resolves</i> 1 of Resolution 741 (WRC-03) |
| | Required only for geostationary satellite systems operating in the radionavigation-satellite service in the band 5 010-5 030 MHz |
| A.17.b.2 | the calculated aggregate power flux-density produced at the Earth's surface by all space stations within any radionavigation-satellite service system in the band 5 030-5 150 MHz in a 150 kHz bandwidth, as defined in No. 5.443B Required only for satellite systems operating in the radionavigation-satellite service in the band |
| | 5 010-5 030 MHz |
| A.17.b.3 | the equivalent power flux-density produced at the Earth's surface by all space stations within any non-geostationary radionavigation-satellite service system in the band 4 990-5 000 MHz in a 10 MHz bandwidth, as defined in <i>resolves</i> 2 of Resolution 741 (WRC-03) Required only for non-geostationary satellite systems operating in the radionavigation-satellite service in the band 5 010-5 030 MHz |

| Advance publication of a geostationary- satellite network | Advance publication of a non- geostationary-satellite network subject to coordination under Section II of Article 9 | Advance publication of a non- geostationary-satellite network not subject to coordination under Section II of Article 9 | Notification or coordination of a geostationary-satellite network (including space operation functions under Article 2A of Appendices 30 or 30A) | Notification or coordination of a non- geostationary-satellite network | Notification or coordination of an earth station (including notification under Appendices 30A or 30B) | Notice for a satellite network in the broadcasting-satellite service under Appendix 30 (Articles 4 and 5) | Notice for a satellite network (feeder- link) under Appendix 30A (Articles 4 and 5) | Notice for a satellite network in the fixed-satellite service under Appendix 30B (Articles 6 and 8) | Items in Appendix | Radio astronomy |
|--|--|--|--|---|---|---|---|---|-------------------|-----------------|
| | | | | | | | | | A.16 | |
| | | | + | | | | | | A.16.a | |
| | | | | | + | | | | A.16.b | |
| | | | | | | | | | A.17 | |
| | | | + | + | | | | | A.17.a | |
| | | | + | | | | | | A.17.b.1 | |
| | | | + | + | | | | | A.17.b.2 | |
| | | | | + | | | | | A.17.b.3 | |

| Items in Appendix | A - GENERAL CHARACTERISTICS OF THE SATELLITE NETWORK, EARTH STATION OR RADIO ASTRONOMY STATION |
|-------------------|--|
| A.17.c | the aggregate power flux-density produced at the Earth's surface in the band 15.35-15.4 GHz, as defined in No. 5.511A Required only for non-geostationary-satellite systems operating in the fixed-satellite service (feeder links) in the band 15.43-15.63 GHz (space-to-Earth) |
| A.17.d | the mean power flux-density produced at the Earth's surface by any spaceborne sensor, as defined in No. 5.549A Required only for satellite systems operating in the Earth exploration-satellite service (active) or space research service (active) in the band 35.5-36 GHz |
| A.17.e.1 | the calculated equivalent power flux-density produced at the site of a radio astronomy station in the band 42.5-43.5 GHz, as defined in No. 5.551H Required only for non-geostationary-satellite systems operating in the fixed-satellite service and broadcasting-satellite service in the band 42-42.5 GHz |
| A.17.e.2 | the calculated power flux-density produced at the site of a radio astronomy station in the band 42.5-43.5 GHz, as defined in No. 5.5511 Required only for geostationary-satellite systems operating in the fixed-satellite service and broadcasting-satellite service in the band 42-42.5 GHz |
| A.18 | COMPLIANCE WITH NOTIFICATION OF AIRCRAFT EARTH STATION(S) |
| A.18.a | a commitment that the characteristics of the aircraft earth station (AES) in the aeronautical mobile- satellite service are within the characteristics of the specific and/or typical earth station published by the Bureau for the space station to which the AES is associated |
| | Required only for the band 14-14.5 GHz, when an aircraft earth station in the aeronautical mobile-satellite service communicates with a space station in the fixed-satellite service |

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|--|--|--|---|---|---|---|---|---|------------------------|-----------------|
| | | | | + | | | | | A.17.c | |
| | | | + | + | | | | | A.17.d | |
| | | | | + | | | | | A.17.e.1 | |
| | | | + | | | | | | A.17.e.2 | |
| | | | | | | | | | A.18 | |
| | | | + | + | | | | | A.18.a | |

| Items in Appendix | IDENTIFICATION AND DIRECTION OF THE SATELLITE ANTENNA BEAM 1.a Ite designation of the satelilite antenna beam For an earth station, the designation of the satelilite antenna beam of the associated space station 1.b an indicator showing whether the antenna beam, under B.1.a, is fixed or whether it is steerable a / or reconfigurable 2 TRANSMISSION / RECEPTION INDICATOR FOR THE BEAM OF THE SPACE STATION OR THE ASSOCIATED SPACE STATION 3 SPACE STATION ANTENNA CHARACTERISTICS 3.a For each space station antenna: 3.a.1 Ite maximum co-polar isotropic gain, in dBi Where a steerable beam (see No. 1.191) is used, if the effective boresight area (see No. 1.1 is identical with the global service area, the maximum antenna gain, in dBi, is applicable to a points on the Earth's visible surface 3.a.2 if a non-elliptical beam, the maximum cross-polar isotropic antenna gain, in dBi 3.b.1 Antenna gain contours: 3.b.1 The space station antenna gain contours shall be drawn as isolines of the isotropic gain, at least for -2, -4, -6, -10 and -20 dB and at 10 dB intervals threafter, as necessary, relat to the maximum antenna gain contours of the space station antenna should also be provided i numerical format (e.g. equation or table) Whene we possible, the gain contours of the space station antenna should also be provided i numerical format (e.g. equation or table) Whene a steerable beam (see No. 1.191) is used, if the effective boresight area (see No. 1.1 is less than the g | | |
|-------------------|--|--|--|
| B.1 | IDENTIFICATION AND DIRECTION OF THE SATELLITE ANTENNA BEAM | | |
| B.1.a | For an earth station, the designation of the satellite antenna beam of the associated space | | |
| B.1.b | an indicator showing whether the antenna beam, under B.1.a, is fixed or whether it is steerable and / or reconfigurable | | |
| B.2 | TRANSMISSION / RECEPTION INDICATOR FOR THE BEAM OF THE SPACE STATION OR THE ASSOCIATED SPACE STATION | | |
| B.3 | SPACE STATION ANTENNA CHARACTERISTICS | | |
| B.3.a | For each space station antenna: | | |
| B.3.a.1 | Where a steerable beam (see No. 1.191) is used, if the effective boresight area (see No. 1.175) is identical with the global service area, the maximum antenna gain, in dBi, is applicable to all | | |
| B.3.a.2 | if a non-elliptical beam, the maximum cross-polar isotropic antenna gain, in dBi | | |
| B.3.b | Antenna gain contours: | | |
| B.3.b.1 | The space station antenna gain contours shall be drawn as isolines of the isotropic gain, at least for $-2, -4, -6, -10$ and -20 dB and at 10 dB intervals thereafter, as necessary, relative to the maximum antenna gain, when any of these contours is located either totally or partially | | |
| | Where a steerable beam (see No. 1.191) is used, if the effective boresight area (see No. 1.175) is less than the global service area, the contours are the result of moving the boresight of the steerable beam around the limit defined by the effective boresight area and are to be provided as described above but shall also include the 0 dB relative gain isoline The antenna gain contours shall include the effects of the planned inclination excursion, | | |
| B.3.b.2 | if a non-elliptical beam, the cross-polar gain contours shall be provided as defined under B.3.b.1 | | |
| | | | |

| Advance publication of a monulation under Section and Section of a monulation | | | | | X | | | | Advance publication of a geostationary- satellite network |
|---|---|---|---------|-------|-----------------------|---|---|----------|--|
| X X X X X X X X X X X | | | | | x | | | r | Advance publication of a non- geostationary-satellite network subject to coordination under Section II of Article 9 |
| X X X X X X X S1.a B.1.a D.1.a B.1.a D.1.a | | | x | | X | X | | | Advance publication of a non- geostationary-satellite network not subject to coordination under Section II of Article 9 |
| X X X X X X X X X X X X X X </td <td>x</td> <td></td> <td>x</td> <td></td> <td>X</td> <td>X</td> <td></td> <td>r</td> <td>Notification or coordination of a geostationary-satellite network (including space operation functions under Article 2A of Appendices 30 or 30A)</td> | x | | x | | X | X | | r | Notification or coordination of a geostationary-satellite network (including space operation functions under Article 2A of Appendices 30 or 30A) |
| X X X X X X X X X X X B.1.a X X X B.1.a X X X B.1.b +1 X B.2 | | | x | | X | X | x | | Notification or coordination of a non- geostationary-satellite network |
| B.1 X X X B.1 B.1 B.1 B.1 B.1 B.1 B.1 B.1 B.1 B.1 B.1 B.1 B.2 B.1 B.3 B.3 X X X B.3 B.3.a.1 Y Y B.3.a.2 B.3.b B.3.b | | | | | + ¹ | | X | | Notification or coordination of an earth station (including notification under Appendices 30A or 30B) |
| B.1 B.1 X X B.1.a X X B.1.b X X B.1.b X X B.1.b X X B.1.b B.3 B.3.a B.3.a B.3.a.1 X X + B.3.a.2 B.3.b Interval | + | + | x | | | X | | F | Notice for a satellite network in the broadcasting-satellite service under Appendix 30 (Articles 4 and 5) |
| B.1 Image: marked state st | + | + | x | | | X | | | Notice for a satellite network (feeder- link) under Appendix 30A (Articles 4 and 5) |
| B.1.a B.1.a B.1.b B.2 B.3.a B.3.a B.3.a.1 B.3.a.2 B.3.a.2 B.3.b | + | | x | | X | X | | | Notice for a satellite network in the fixed-satellite service under Appendix 30B (Articles 6 and 8) |
| Radio astronomy | | | B.3.a.1 | B.3.a | | | | | Items in Appendix |
| | | | | | | | | | Radio astronomy |

| Items in Appendix | B - CHARACTERISTICS TO BE PROVIDED FOR EACH SATELLITE ANTENNA BEAM OR EACH EARTH STATION OR RADIO ASTRONOMY ANTENNA |
|-------------------|--|
| B.3.c | Antenna radiation patterns: |
| B.3.c.1 | the co-polar antenna radiation pattern, in the case of: |
| | non-geostationary space stations |
| | geostationary or non-geostationary space stations where the antenna radiation beam is directed towards another satellite |
| | – elliptical antenna beams for Appendix 30, 30A or 30B |
| B.3.c.2 | if an elliptical beam, the cross-polar antenna radiation pattern |
| B.3.d | the pointing accuracy of the antenna |
| | In the case of Appendix 30, 30A or 30B, required only for elliptical beams |
| B.3.e | if the space station is operating in a band allocated in the Earth-to-space direction and in the space-to- Earth direction, the gain of the antenna in the direction of those parts of the geostationary-satellite orbit which are not obstructed by the Earth |
| B.3.f | For a space station submitted in accordance with Appendix 30, 30A or 30B: |
| B.3.f.1 | the boresight or aim point of the antenna beam (longitude and latitude) |
| B.3.f.2 | For each elliptical beam: |
| B.3.f.2.a | the rotational accuracy, in degrees |
| B.3.f.2.b | the major axis orientation, in degrees, anticlockwise from the Equator |
| B.3.f.2.c | the major axis, in degrees, at the half-power beamwidth |
| B.3.f.2.d | the minor axis, in degrees, at the half-power beamwidth |
| B.4 | ADDITIONAL CHARACTERISTICS FOR NON-GEOSTATIONARY SPACE STATION ANTENNA |
| B.4.a.1 | the reference number of each orbital plane in which the space station antenna characteristics are used |
| B.4.a.2 | if the antenna characteristics of a space station are not common to every satellite in the specified orbital plane, the reference number of each satellite in the specified orbital plane, on which the space station antenna characteristics are used |
| B.4.b | For a space station submitted in accordance with Nos. 9.11A, 9.12 or 9.12A: |
| B.4.b.1 | For the orientation angles of the satellite transmitting and receiving antenna beams: |
| B.4.b.1.a | the orientation angle alpha, in degrees, (see most recent version of Recommendation ITU-R SM.1413) |
| B.4.b.1.b | the orientation angle beta, in degrees, (see most recent version of Recommendation ITU-R SM.1413) |
| B.4.b.2 | the satellite antenna gain $G(\theta_e)$ as a function of elevation angle (θ_e) at a fixed point on the Earth |
| B.4.b.3 | the spreading loss as a function of elevation angle (to be determined by equations or provided in graphical format) |

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|--|--|--|--|---|---|---|---|---|-------------------|-----------------|
| | | | | | | | | | B.3.c | |
| | | x | + | x | | + | + | + | B.3.c.1 | |
| | | | | | | + | + | | B.3.c.2 | |
| | | | X | | | + | + | + | B.3.d | |
| | | | + | | | | + | | B.3.e | |
| | | | | | | | | | B.3.f | |
| | | | | | | Х | Х | X | B.3.f.1 | |
| | | | | | | | | | B.3.f.2 | |
| | | | | | | Х | Х | X | B.3.f.2.a | |
| | | | | | | Х | X X X | X | B.3.f.2.b | |
| | | | | | | X X | X | X X | B.3.f.2.c | |
| | | | | | | X | X | X | B.3.f.2.d | |
| | | | 1 | r | | | r | | B.4 | |
| | | x | | х | | | | | B.4.a.1 | |
| | | + | | + | | | | | B.4.a.2 | |
| | | | | | | | | | B.4.b | |
| | | | | | | | | | B.4.b.1 | |
| | | | | х | | | | | B.4.b.1.a | |
| | | | | х | | | | | B.4.b.1.b | |
| | | | | X | | | | | B.4.b.2 | |
| | | | | х | | | | | B.4.b.3 | |

| Items in Appendix | B - CHARACTERISTICS TO BE PROVIDED FOR EACH SATELLITE ANTENNA BEAM OR EACH EARTH STATION OR RADIO ASTRONOMY ANTENNA |
|-------------------|---|
| B.4.b.4 | For each beam: |
| B.4.b.4.a | the maximum beam peak e.i.r.p./4 kHz |
| B.4.b.4.b | the average beam peak e.i.r.p./4 kHz |
| B.4.b.4.c | the maximum beam peak e.i.r.p./1 MHz |
| B.4.b.4.d | the average beam peak e.i.r.p./1 MHz |
| B.4.b.5 | the calculated peak value of power flux-density produced within ± 5° inclination of the geostationary- satellite orbit Required only for the fixed-satellite service (space-to-Earth) in the band 6 700-7 075 MHz |
| B.5 | EARTH STATION ANTENNA CHARACTERISTICS |
| B.5.a | the isotropic gain, in dBi, of the antenna in the direction of maximum radiation (see No. 1.160) |
| B.5.b | the half-power beamwidth, in degrees |
| B.5.c | either the measured radiation pattern of the antenna or the reference radiation pattern to be used for coordination For coordination under No. 9.7A , the reference radiation pattern is to be provided |
| B.6 | RADIO ASTRONOMY STATION ANTENNA CHARACTERISTICS |
| B.6.a | the antenna type (see the Preface) |
| B.6.b | the antenna dimensions (see the Preface) |
| B.6.c | the effective area of the antenna (see the Preface) |

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| | | | | | | | | | B.4.b.4 | |
| | | | | Х | | | | | B.4.b.4.a | |
| | | | | Х | | | | | B.4.b.4.b | |
| | | | | Х | | | | | B.4.b.4.c | |
| | | | | Х | | | | | B.4.b.4.d | |
| | | | | + | | | | | B.4.b.5 | |
| | | | | | | | | | B.5 | |
| | | | | | X | | | | B.5.a | |
| | | | | | + ¹ | | | | B.5.b | |
| | | | | | x | | | | B.5.c | |
| | | | | | | | | | B.6 | |
| | | | | | | | | | B.6.a | X |
| | | | | | | | | | B.6.b | X |
| | | | | | | | | | B.6.c | X |

| Items in Appendix | C - CHARACTERISTICS TO BE PROVIDED FOR EACH GROUP OF FREQUENCY ASSIGNMENTS FOR A SATELLITE ANTENNA BEAM OR AN EARTH STATION OR RADIO ASTRONOMY ANTENNA |
|-------------------|--|
| C.1 | FREQUENCY RANGE |
| C.1.a | the lower limit of the frequency range within which the carriers and the bandwidth of the emission will be located for each Earth-to-space or space-to-Earth service area, or for each space-to-space relay |
| C.1.b | the upper limit of the frequency range within which the carriers and the bandwidth of the emission will be located for each Earth-to-space or space-to-Earth service area, or for each space-to-space relay |
| C.2 | ASSIGNED FREQUENCY (FREQUENCIES) |
| C.2.a.1 | the assigned frequency (frequencies), as defined in No. 1.148 - in kHz up to 28 000 kHz inclusive |
| | in MHz above 28 000 kHz to 10 500 MHz inclusive in GHz above 10 500 MHz If the basic characteristics are identical, with the exception of the assigned frequency, a list of frequency assignments may be provided |
| 0.0.0 | In the case of Appendix 30B , required only for notification under Article 8 |
| C.2.a.2 | the channel number |
| C.2.b | the centre of the frequency band observed - in kHz up to 28 000 kHz inclusive - in MHz above 28 000 kHz to 10 500 MHz inclusive - in GHz above 10 500 MHz |
| C.2.c | if the frequency assignment is to be filed under No. 4.4, an indication to that effect |
| C.3 | ASSIGNED FREQUENCY BAND |
| С.3.а | the bandwidth of the assigned frequency band, in kHz (see No. 1.147) In the case of Appendix 30B , required only for notification under Article 8 |
| C.3.b | the bandwidth of the frequency band, in kHz, observed by the station |
| C.4 | CLASS OF STATION AND NATURE OF SERVICE |
| C.4.a | the class of station, using the symbols from the Preface |
| C.4.b | the nature of service performed, using the symbols from the Preface |
| C.5 | RECEIVING SYSTEM NOISE TEMPERATURE |
| C.5.a | the lowest total receiving system noise temperature, in kelvins, referred to the output of the receiving antenna of the space station |
| C.5.b | the lowest total receiving system noise temperature, in kelvins, referred to the output of the receiving antenna of the earth station under clear-sky conditions This value shall be indicated for the nominal value of the angle of elevation when the associated transmitting station is onboard a geostationary satellite and, in other cases, for the minimum value of the angle of elevation |
| C.5.c | the overall receiving system noise temperature, in kelvins, referred to the output of the receiving antenna |

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| x | x | x | | | [| | | x | C.1.a | |
| ^ | ^ | ^ | | | | | | ^ | | |
| x | x | x | | | | | | x | C.1.b | |
| | 1 | 1 | J | L | | | I | I | C.2 | |
| | | | x | x | x | x | x | + | C.2.a.1 | |
| | | | | | | Х | X | | C.2.a.2 | |
| | | | | | | | | | C.2.b C.2.c | x |
| | | + | + | + | + | | | | C.2.0 | + |
| | | | x | x | X | x | X | + | с.з С.3.а | |
| | | | | | | | | | C.3.b | X |
| | | | | | | | | | C.4 | |
| X X | X X | X X | X X | X X | X X | X | X | | C.4.a C.4.b | X X |
| × | X | <u> </u> | <u> </u> | | X | | L | L | C.5 | × |
| | | x | x | X | | | X | X | C.5.a | |
| | | | | | x | | | | C.5.b | |
| | | | | | | | | | C.5.c | х |

| Items in Appendix | C - CHARACTERISTICS TO BE PROVIDED FOR EACH GROUP OF FREQUENCY ASSIGNMENTS FOR A SATELLITE ANTENNA BEAM OR AN EARTH STATION OR RADIO ASTRONOMY ANTENNA |
|-------------------|---|
| C.6 | POLARIZATION |
| C.6.a | the type of polarization (see the Preface) In the case of circular polarization, this includes the sense of polarization (see Nos. 1.154 and 1.155) |
| | In the case of a space station submitted in accordance with Appendix 30 or 30A , see § 3.2 of Annex 5 to Appendix 30 |
| C.6.b | if linear polarization is used, the angle, in degrees, measured counter-clockwise in a plane normal to the beam axis from the equatorial plane to the electric vector of the waves as seen from the satellite |
| | In the case of a space station submitted in accordance with Appendix 30 or 30A , see § 3.2 of Annex 5 to Appendix 30 |
| C.7 | NECESSARY BANDWIDTH AND CLASS OF EMISSION |
| | (in accordance with Article 2 and Appendix 1) |
| C.7.a | the necessary bandwidth and the class of emission: for each carrier |
| 0.71 | In the case of Appendix 30B, required only for notification under Article 8 |
| C.7.b | the carrier frequency or frequencies of the emission(s) |
| C.8 | POWER CHARACTERISTICS OF THE TRANSMISSION |
| C.8.a | For the case where individual carriers can be identified: |
| C.8.a.1 | the maximum value of the peak envelope power, in dBW, supplied to the input of the antenna for each carrier type Required if C.8.b.1 is not provided |
| C.8.a.2 | the maximum power density, in dB(W/Hz), supplied to the input of the antenna for each carrier type ² Required if C.8.b.2 is not provided |
| C.8.b | For the case where it is not appropriate to identify individual carriers: |
| C.8.b.1 | the total peak envelope power, in dBW, supplied to the input of the antenna |
| | For coordination or notification of an Appendix 30A earth station the values shall include the maximum range of power control Required if C.8.a.1 is not provided |
| C.8.b.2 | the maximum power density, in dB(W/Hz), supplied to the input of the antenna ² For coordination or notification of an Appendix 30A earth station the values shall include the maximum range of power control Required if C.8.a.2 is not provided |
| C.8.c.1 | the minimum value of the peak envelope power, in dBW, supplied to the input of the antenna for each carrier type If not provided, the reason for absence under C.8.c.2 |
| C.8.c.2 | if C.8.c.1 is not provided, the reason for absence of the minimum value of the peak envelope power |

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| | 1 | [| | | [| | r | r | C.6.a | |
| | | x | x | x | + ¹ | x | x | | | |
| | | + | + | + | + ¹ | + | + | | C.6.b | |
| | 1 | | | | | | | | C.7 | |
| | | 0 | X | Х | Х | Х | Х | + | C.7.a | |
| | | 0 | С | С | С | | | | C.7.b | |
| | | | | | | | | - | C.8 | |
| - | | | | | | | | | C.8.a | |
| | | о | + | + | С | | | | C.8.a.1 | |
| | | + | + | + | ο | | | | C.8.a.2 | |
| | | | | | | | | | C.8.b | |
| | | ο | + | + | + ¹ | x | x | | C.8.b.1 | |
| | | + | + | + | + ¹ | x | x | x | C.8.b.2 | |
| | | ο | + | + | + ¹ | | | | C.8.c.1 | |
| | | | + | + | + ¹ | | | | C.8.c.2 | |

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| Items in Appendix | C - CHARACTERISTICS TO BE PROVIDED FOR EACH GROUP OF FREQUENCY ASSIGNMENTS FOR A SATELLITE ANTENNA BEAM OR AN EARTH STATION OR RADIO ASTRONOMY ANTENNA |
|-------------------|---|
| C.8.c.3 | the minimum power density, in dB(W/Hz), supplied to the input of the antenna for each carrier type ² |
| | If not provided, the reason for absence under C.8.c.4 |
| C.8.c.4 | if C.8.c.3 is not provided, the reason for absence of the minimum power density |
| C.8.d.1 | the maximum total peak envelope power, in dBW, supplied to the input of the antenna for each contiguous satellite bandwidth For a satellite transponder, this corresponds to the maximum saturated peak envelope power Required only for a space-to-Earth or space-to-space link |
| C.8.d.2 | each contiguous satellite bandwidth For the maximum saturated peak envelope power of the satellite transponder, this corresponds to the bandwidth of each transponder Required only for a space-to-Earth or space-to-space link |
| C.8.e.1 | for space-to-Earth, Earth-to-space or space-to-space links. for each carrier type, the greater of either the carrier-to-noise ratio, in dB, required to meet the performance of the link under clear-sky conditions or the carrier-to-noise ratio, in dB, required to meet the short-time objectives of the link inclusive of necessary margins If not provided, the reason for absence under C.8.e.2 |
| C.8.e.2 | if C.8.e.1 is not provided, the reason for absence of the carrier-to-noise ratio |
| C.8.f.1 | the space station's nominal equivalent isotropically radiated power(s) (e.i.r.p.) on the beam axis Required only for a space-to-space link |
| C.8.f.2 | the associated space station's nominal equivalent isotropically radiated power(s) (e.i.r.p.) on the beam axis Required only for a space-to-space link |
| C.8.g.1 | the maximum aggregate power, in dBW, of all carriers (per transponder, if applicable) supplied to the input of the transmitting antenna of the earth station or the associated earth station |
| C.8.g.2 | Not required for coordination of a specific earth station under Nos. 9.15, 9.17 or 9.17A the aggregate bandwidth of all carriers (per transponder, if applicable) supplied to the input of the |
| 0.0.y.z | transmitting antenna of the earth station or the associated earth station |
| | Not required for coordination of a specific earth station under Nos. 9.15, 9.17 or 9.17A |
| C.8.g.3 | an indicator showing whether the bandwidth of the transponder corresponds to the aggregate bandwidth of all carriers (per transponder, if applicable) supplied to the input of the transmitting antenna of the earth station or the associated earth station |
| | Not required for coordination of a specific earth station under Nos. 9.15, 9.17 or 9.17A |

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| | | о | + | + | + ¹ | | | | C.8.c.3 | |
| - | | | + | + | + ¹ | | | | C.8.c.4 | |
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| | | ο | + | + | + ¹ | | | | C.8.e.1 | |
| | | | + | + | + ¹ | | | | C.8.e.2 | |
| | | + | | | | | | | C.8.f.1 | |
| | | + | | | | | | | C.8.f.2 | |
| | | | С | С | С | | | | C.8.g.1 | |
| | | | С | С | С | | | | C.8.g.2 | |
| | | | с | С | с | | | | C.8.g.3 | |

| Items in Appendix | C - CHARACTERISTICS TO BE PROVIDED FOR EACH GROUP OF FREQUENCY ASSIGNMENTS FOR A SATELLITE ANTENNA BEAM OR AN EARTH STATION OR RADIO ASTRONOMY ANTENNA |
|--------------------|---|
| C.8.h | the maximum power density per Hz supplied to the input of the antenna, in dB(W/Hz), averaged over the necessary bandwidth |
| | In the case of Appendix 30A , required only in the band 17.3-18.1 GHz |
| C.8.i | If power control is used, the range of power control, in dB, above the transmitting power indicated under C.8.b.1 |
| C.8.j | the frequency below which signals whose peak-to-average ratio is less than 5 dB will be located |
| C.9 | INFORMATION ON MODULATION CHARACTERISTICS |
| C.9.a | For each carrier, according to the nature of the signal modulating the carrier: |
| C.9.a.1 | the type of modulation In the case of a non-geostationary space station required only for Nos. 9.11A, 9.12 or 9.12A |
| C.9.a.2 | For a carrier frequency modulated by a frequency-division multichannel telephony baseband (FDM/FM) or by a signal that can be represented by a multichannel telephony baseband: |
| C.9.a.2.a | the lowest frequency of the baseband |
| C.9.a.2.b | the highest frequency of the baseband |
| C.9.a.2.c | the r.m.s. frequency deviation of the pre-emphasized signal for a test tone as a function of baseband frequency |
| C.9.a.3 | For a carrier frequency modulated by a television signal: |
| C.9.a.3.a | the peak-to-peak frequency deviation of the pre-emphasized signal |
| C.9.a.3.b | the pre-emphasis characteristic |
| C.9.a.3.c | if applicable, the characteristics of the multiplexing of the video signal with the sound signal(s) or other signals |
| C.9.a.4 | For a carrier phase-shift modulated by a digital signal: |
| C.9.a.4.a | the bit rate |
| C.9.a.4.b | the number of phases |
| C.9.a.5 | For an amplitude modulated carrier (including single sideband): |
| C.9.a.5.a | the nature of the modulating signal, as precisely as possible |
| C.9.a.5.b | the kind of amplitude modulation used |
| C.9.a.6 | For a frequency modulated carrier: |
| C.9.a.6.a | the peak-to-peak frequency deviation, in MHz, of the energy dispersal waveform |
| C.9.a.6.b | the sweep frequency, in kHz, of the energy dispersal waveform |
| C.9.a.6.c | the energy dispersal waveform |
| C.9.a.7 | if other forms of modulation than frequency modulation, are being used, the type of energy dispersal |
| | |
| C.9.a.8 C.9.a.9 | for all other types of modulation, such particulars as may be useful for an interference study |

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| Items in Appendix | C - CHARACTERISTICS TO BE PROVIDED FOR EACH GROUP OF FREQUENCY ASSIGNMENTS FOR A SATELLITE ANTENNA BEAM OR AN EARTH STATION OR RADIO ASTRONOMY ANTENNA |
|-------------------|--|
| C.9.b | For analogue carriers: |
| C.9.b.1 | the sound-broadcasting characteristics |
| C.9.b.2 | the composition of the baseband |
| C.9.c | For a non-geostationary space station submitted in accordance with Nos. 9.11A, 9.12 or 9.12A: |
| C.9.c.1 | the type of multiple access |
| C.9.c.2 | the spectrum mask |
| C.9.d | For stations operating in a frequency band subject to Nos. 22.5C, 22.5D or 22.5F: |
| C.9.d.1 | the type of mask |
| C.9.d.2 | the pfd mask identification code |
| C.9.d.3 | the space station's e.i.r.p. mask identification code |
| C.9.d.4 | the associated earth station's e.i.r.p. mask identification code |
| C.10 | TYPE AND IDENTITY OF THE ASSOCIATED STATION(S) (the associated station may be another space station, a typical earth station of the network or a specific earth station) |
| C.10.a | For an associated space station: |
| C.10.a.1 | the identity of the station |
| C.10.a.2 | if the associated space station is in the geostationary orbit, its nominal longitude |
| C.10.b | For an associated earth station: |
| C.10.b.1 | the name of the station |
| C.10.b.2 | the type of station (specific or typical) |
| C.10.c | For a specific associated earth station: |
| C.10.c.1 | the geographical coordinates of the antenna site |
| C.10.c.2 | the country or geographical area in which the earth station is located, using the symbols from the Preface |
| C.10.d | For an associated earth station (whether specific or typical): |
| C.10.d.1 | the class of station, using the symbols from the Preface |
| C.10.d.2 | the nature of service performed, using the symbols from the Preface |
| C.10.d.3 | the isotropic gain, in dBi, of the antenna in the direction of maximum radiation (see No. 1.160) |
| C.10.d.4 | the beamwidth, in degrees, between the half-power points (described in detail if not symmetrical) |
| C.10.d.5.a | either the measured co-polar radiation pattern of the antenna or the co-polar reference radiation pattern |
| C.10.d.5.b | either the measured cross-polar radiation pattern of the antenna or the cross-polar reference radiation pattern |

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| | | | | | | | | | C.9.b | |
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| | | | | | | Х | X | | C.9.b.2 | |
| | | | | | | | | | C.9.c | |
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| | | | | | | | | | C.9.d | |
| | | | | х | | | | | C.9.d.1 | |
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| | | Х | Х | Х | | | | | C.10.a.1 | |
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| | | | | | | | | | C.10.b | |
| | | Х | Х | Х | | | Х | | C.10.b.1 | |
| | | Х | X X | Х | | | | | C.10.b.2 | |
| | | | | | | | | | C.10.c | |
| | | Х | Х | Х | | | Х | | C.10.c.1 | |
| | | X | X | Х | | | х | | C.10.c.2 | |
| | | | | | | | | | C.10.d | |
| | | X X | X | X X | | | | | C.10.d.1 | |
| | | X | X X X | Х | | | | | C.10.d.2 | |
| | | Х | Х | Х | | Х | X | X | C.10.d.3 | |
| | | 0 | Х | Х | | Х | Х | Х | C.10.d.4 | |
| | | X | X | Х | | Х | X | x | C.10.d.5.a | |
| | | | | | | Х | Х | | C.10.d.5.b | |

| ltems in Appendix | C - CHARACTERISTICS TO BE PROVIDED FOR EACH GROUP OF FREQUENCY ASSIGNMENTS FOR A SATELLITE ANTENNA BEAM OR AN EARTH STATION OR RADIO ASTRONOMY ANTENNA |
|-------------------|--|
| C.10.d.6 | if the associated station is a receiving earth station, the lowest total receiving system noise temperature, in kelvins, referred to the output of the receiving antenna of the earth station under clear-sky conditions |
| C.10.d.7 | the antenna diameter, in metres |
| | In cases other than Appendix 30A , to be provided only for fixed-satellite service networks operating in the frequency band 13.75-14 GHz |
| C.10.d.8 | the equivalent antenna diameter (i.e. the diameter, in metres, of a parabolic antenna with the same off-axis performance as the receiving associated earth station antenna) |
| C.11 | SERVICE AREA(S) |
| C.11.a | the service area or areas of the satellite beam on the Earth, when the associated transmitting or receiving stations are earth stations For a space station submitted in accordance with Appendix 30 , 30A or 30B , the service area identified by a set of a maximum of twenty test points and by a service area contour on the surface of the Earth or defined by a minimum elevation angle For advance publication of satellite networks subject to coordination, only a list of countries and |
| | geographical areas, using the symbols from the Preface, or a narrative description of the service area shall be supplied |
| C.11.b | the appropriate information required to calculate the affected region (as defined in Recommendation ITU-R M.1187) Required only for a non-geostationary space station in the mobile-satellite service submitted in accordance with No. 9.11A |
| C.12 | REQUIRED PROTECTION RATIO |
| C.12.a | the minimum acceptable aggregate carrier-to-interference ratio, if less than 26 dB or 23 dB for submissions received by the Bureau as of 5 July 2003 The carrier-to-interference ratio is to be expressed in terms of the power averaged over the necessary bandwidth of the modulated wanted and interfering signals, assuming both the desired carrier and interfering signals have equivalent bandwidths and modulation types |
| C.13 | CHARACTERISTICS OF OBSERVATIONS FOR RADIO ASTRONOMY STATIONS |
| C.13.a | the class of observations to be taken on the frequency band shown under C.3.b - Class A observations are those in which the sensitivity of the equipment is not a primary factor |
| | Class B observations are those of such a nature that they can be made only with advanced low-noise receivers using the best techniques |

| Advance publication of a geostationary- satellite network | Advance publication of a non- geostationary-satellite network subject to coordination under Section II of Article 9 | Advance publication of a non- geostationary-satellite network not subject to coordination under Section II of Article 9 | Notification or coordination of a geostationary-satellite network (including space operation functions under Article 2A of Appendices 30 or 30A) | Notification or coordination of a non- geostationary-satellite network | Notification or coordination of an earth station (including notification under Appendices 30A or 30B) | Notice for a satellite network in the broadcasting-satellite service under Appendix 30 (Articles 4 and 5) | Notice for a satellite network (feeder- link) under Appendix 30A (Articles 4 and 5) | Notice for a satellite network in the fixed-satellite service under Appendix 30B (Articles 6 and 8) | Items in Appendix | Radio astronomy |
|--|--|--|--|---|---|---|---|---|-----------------------|-----------------|
| | | + | + | + | | | | + | C.10.d.6 | |
| | | | + | + | | | x | | C.10.d.7 | |
| | | | | | | Х | | | C.10.d.8 | |
| | 1 | I | L | | | | I | | C.11 | |
| x | x | x | x | x | | x | x | x | C.11.a | |
| | | | | + | | | | | C.11.b | |
| | | | | | | | | | C.12 | |
| | | | | | | | | + | C.12.a | |
| | 1 | | | | | | | | C.13 C.13.a | |
| | | | | | | | | | | x |

| Items in Appendix | C - CHARACTERISTICS TO BE PROVIDED FOR EACH GROUP OF FREQUENCY ASSIGNMENTS FOR A SATELLITE ANTENNA BEAM OR AN EARTH STATION OR RADIO ASTRONOMY ANTENNA |
|-------------------|--|
| C.13.b | the type of radio astronomy station in the frequency band shown under C.3.b |
| | Single-dish, "S", telescope used for spectral-line or continuum observations using single- dishes or closely connected arrays |
| | Very long baseline interferometry (VLBI), "V", station used only for VLBI observations |
| C.13.c | the minimum elevation angle _{min} at which the radio astronomy station conducts single-dish or VLBI observations in the frequency band |
| C.14 | Not used |
| C.15 | DESCRIPTION OF THE GROUP(S) REQUIRED IN THE CASE OF NON-SIMULTANEOUS EMISSIONS |
| C.15.a | if part of an exclusive operation group, the group identification code |

| Items in Appendix | D - OVERALL LINK CHARACTERISTICS |
|-------------------|---|
| | For non-plan services, this data may be provided by administrations that so desire but only when simple frequency-changing transponders are used on the space station onboard a geostationary satellite |
| D.1 | CONNECTION BETWEEN EARTH-TO-SPACE AND SPACE-TO-EARTH FREQUENCIES IN THE NETWORK |
| D.1.a | the connection between uplink and downlink frequency assignments in each transponder for each intended combination of receiving and transmitting beams In the case of Appendix 30 or 30A , required only in Region 2 |
| D.2 | TRANSMISSION GAINS AND ASSOCIATED EQUIVALENT SATELLITE LINK NOISE TEMPERATURES |
| D.2.a | For each entry under D.1.a: |
| D.2.a.1 | the lowest equivalent satellite link noise temperature |
| | These values shall be indicated for the nominal value of the angle of elevation |
| D.2.a.2 | the associated transmission gain of the lowest equivalent satellite link noise temperature |
| | These values shall be indicated for the nominal value of the angle of elevation |
| | The transmission gain is evaluated from the output of the receiving antenna of the space station to the output of the receiving antenna of the earth station |
| D.2.b.1 | the values of associated equivalent satellite link noise temperature that correspond to the highest ratio of transmission gain to equivalent satellite link noise temperature |
| D.2.b.2 | the values of transmission gain that correspond to the highest ratio of transmission gain to equivalent satellite link noise temperature |

| Advance publication of a geostationary- satellite network | Advance publication of a non- geostationary-satellite network subject to coordination under Section II of Article 9 | Advance publication of a non- geostationary-satellite network not subject to coordination under Section II of Article 9 | Notification or coordination of a geostationary-satellite network (including space operation functions under Article 2A of Appendices 30 or 30A) | Notification or coordination of a non- geostationary-satellite network | Notification or coordination of an earth station (including notification under Appendices 30A or 30B) | Notice for a satellite network in the broadcasting-satellite service under Appendix 30 (Articles 4 and 5) | Notice for a satellite network (feeder- link) under Appendix 30A (Articles 4 and 5) | Notice for a satellite network in the fixed-satellite service under Appendix 30B (Articles 6 and 8) | Items in Appendix | Radio astronomy |
|--|--|--|--|---|---|---|---|---|-------------------|-----------------|
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | - | | | | | D.1 | |
| | | | о | | | + | + | | D.1.a | |
| | | | | | | | | | D.2 | |
| | | | | | | | | | D.2.a | |
| | | | ο | | | | | | D.2.a.1 | |
| | | | ο | | | | | | D.2.a.2 | |
| | | | 0 | | | | | | D.2.b.1 | |
| | | | 0 | | | | | | D.2.b.2 | |

APPENDIX 5 (Rev.WRC-03)

Identification of administrations with which coordination is to be effected or agreement sought under the provisions of Article 9

ADD

1 *cbis*) recorded in the Master Register under No. **11.41**; or (WRC-03)

MOD

TABLE 5-1 (Rev.WRC-03)

Technical conditions for coordination

(see Article 9)

| Reference of Article 9 | Case | Frequency bands (and Region) of the service for which coordination is sought | Threshold/condition | Calculation method | Remarks |
|------------------------------|--|---|--|-----------------------|--|
| No. 9.7 GSO/GSO | A station in a satellite network using the geostationary-satellite orbit (GSO), in any space radiocommunication service, in a frequency band and in a Region where this service is not subject to a Plan, in respect of any other satellite network using that orbit, in any space radio- communication service in a frequency band and in a Region where this service is not subject to a Plan, with the exception of the coordination between earth stations operating in the opposite direction of transmission | 3 400-4 200 MHz 5 725-5 850 MHz (Region 1) and 5 850-6 725 MHz 7 025-7 075 MHz 10.95-11.2 GHz 11.45-11.7 GHz 11.7-12.2 GHz (Region 2) 12.2-12.5 GHz (Region 3) 12.5-12.75 GHz (Region 1 and 3) 12.7-12.75 GHz (Region 2) and 13.75-14.5 GHz | i) Bandwidth overlap, and ii) any network in the fixed-satellite service (FSS) and any associated space operation functions (see No. 1.23) with a space station within an orbital arc of ±10° of the nominal orbital position of a proposed network in the FSS i) Bandwidth overlap, and ii) any network in the FSS or broadcasting- satellite service (BSS), not subject to a Plan, and any associated space operation functions (see No. 1.23) with a space station within an orbital arc of ±9° of the nominal orbital position of a proposed network in the FSS or BSS, not subject to a Plan | | With respect to the space services listed in the threshold/condition column in the bands in 1), 2), 3), 4) and 5), an administration may request, pursuant to No. 9.41 , to be included in requests for coordination, indicating the networks for which the value of $\Delta T/T$ calculated by the method in § 2.2.1.2 and 3.2 of Appendix 8 exceeds 6%. When the Bureau, on request by an affected administration, studies this information pursuant to No. 9.42 , the calculation method given in § 2.2.1.2 and 3.2 of Appendix 8 shall be used |

AP5

TABLE 5-1 (continued)

| Reference of Article 9 | Case | Frequency bands (and Region) of the service for which coordination is sought | Threshold/condition | Calculation method | Remarks |
|-------------------------------|------------------------|---|--|-----------------------|---------|
| No. 9.7 GSO/GSO (cont.) | | 3) 17.7-20.2 GHz, (Regions 2 and 3), 17.3-20.2 GHz (Region 1) and 27.5-30 GHz | i) Bandwidth overlap, and ii) any network in the FSS and any associated space operation functions (see No. 1.23) with a space station within an orbital arc of ±8° of the nominal orbital position of a proposed network in the FSS | | |
| | | Bands above 17.3 GHz, except those defined in § 3) | i) Bandwidth overlap, and ii) any network in the FSS and any associated space operation functions (see No. 1.23) with a space station within an orbital arc of ±8° of the nominal orbital position of a proposed network in the FSS (see also Resolution 901 (WRC-03)) | | |
| | 5) Bands above 17.3 GH | 5) Bands above 17.3 GHz | i) Bandwidth overlap, and ii) any network in the FSS or BSS, not subject to a Plan, and any associated space operation functions (see No. 1.23) with a space station within an orbital arc of ±16° of the nominal orbital position of a proposed network in the FSS or BSS, not subject to a Plan, except in the case of a network in the FSS with respect to a network in the FSS (see also Resolution 901 (WRC-03)) | | |

| Reference of Article 9 | Case | Frequency bands (and Region) of the service for which coordination is sought | Threshold/condition | Calculation method | Remarks |
|---|------|---|---|-----------------------|--|
| No. 9.7 GSO/GSO (<i>cont.</i>) | | 6) All frequency bands, other than those in § 1), 2), 3), 4) and 5), allocated to a space service, and the bands in § 1), 2), 3), 4) and 5) where the radio service of the proposed network or affected networks is other than the space services listed in the threshold/condition column, or in the case of coordination of space stations operating in the opposite direction of transmission | i) Bandwidth overlap, and ii) Value of Δ<i>T</i>/<i>T</i> exceeds 6% | Appendix 8 | In application of Article 2A of Appendix 30 for the space operation functions using the guardbands defined in § 3.9 of Annex 5 of Appendix 30 , the threshold/condition specified for the FSS in band 2) applies. In application of Article 2A of Appendix 30A for the space operation functions using the guardbands defined in § 3.1 and 4.1 of Annex 3 of Appendix 30A , the threshold/condition specified for the FSS in band 4) applies |

TABLE 5-1 (continued)

| Reference of Article 9 | Case | Frequency bands (and Region) of the service for which coordination is sought | Threshold/condition | Calculation method | Remarks |
|--|--|--|---|--|---------|
| No. 9.11 GSO, non-GSO/ terrestrial | A space station in the BSS in any band shared on an equal primary basis with terrestrial services and where the BSS is not subject to a Plan, in respect of terrestrial services | 620-790 MHz 1 452-1 492 MHz 2 310-2 360 MHz 2 535-2 655 MHz (Nos. 5.418 and 5.417A) 12.5-12.75 GHz (Region 3) 17.3-17.8 GHz (Region 2) 21.4-22 GHz (Regions 1 and 3) 74-76 GHz | Bandwidths overlap: The detailed conditions for the application of No. 9.11 in the bands 2 630-2 655 MHz and 2 605-2 630 MHz are provided in Resolution 539 (Rev.WRC-03) for non-GSO BSS (sound) systems pursuant to Nos. 5.418 and 5.417A , and in Nos. 5.418 and 5.417A for GSO BSS (sound) networks pursuant to those provisions. Resolution 545 (WRC-03) applies in the 620-790 MHz band | Check by using the assigned frequencies and bandwidths | |
| No. 9.14 Non-GSO/ terrestrial, GSO/ terrestrial | A space station in a satellite network in the frequency bands for which a footnote refers to No. 9.11A or to No. 9.14, in respect of stations of terrestrial services where threshold(s) is (are) exceeded | Frequency bands for which a footnote refers to No. 9.11A; or 11.7-12.2 GHz (Region 2 GSO FSS) | See § 1 of Annex 1 to this Appendix; or In the band 11.7-12.2 GHz (Region 2 GSO FSS): -124 dB(W/(m² · MHz)) for 0° ≤ θ ≤ 5° -124 + 0.5 (θ − 5) dB(W/(m² · MHz)) for 5° < θ ≤ 25° -114 dB(W/(m² · MHz)) for θ > 25° where θ is the angle of arrival of the incident wave above the horizontal plane (degrees) | 1) See § 1 of Annex 1 to this Appendix | |

TABLE 5-1 (continued)

| Reference of Article 9 | Case | Frequency bands (and Region) of the service for which coordination is sought | Threshold/condition | Calculation method | Remarks |
|---|---|---|---|-----------------------|---------|
| No. 9.17A GSO, non-GSO/ GSO, non-GSO | A specific earth station in respect of other earth stations operating in the opposite direction of transmission or for any typical mobile earth station in respect of specific earth stations operating in the opposite direction of transmission in frequency bands allocated with equal rights to space radiocommunication services in both directions of transmission, where the coordination area of the earth station includes the territory of another country or the earth station is located within the coordinated earth station, with the exception of coordination under No. 9.19 | Any frequency band allocated to a space service | The coordination area of the earth station covers the territory of another administration or the earth station is located within the coordination area of an earth station | Appendix 7 | |
| | | | | | |

ANNEX 1

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TABLE 5-2 (WRC-03)

| Frequency band (MHz) | Terrestrial service to be protected | Coordination threshold values | | | | | |
|----------------------------|---|--|-------------------------|--|-------------------------|---------------------------------|--|
| | | GSO space sta | tions | Non-GSO | space sta | tions | |
| | | pfd (per space station) calculation factors (NOTE 2) | | pfd (per space station) calculation factors (NOTE 2) | | % FDP (in 1 MHz) (NOTE 1) | |
| | | Р | <i>r</i> dB/ degrees | Р | <i>r</i> dB/ degrees | | |
| 1 518-1 525 | Analogue FS telephony (NOTE 5) | -146 dB(W/m ²) in 4 kHz and -128 dB(W/m ²) in 1 MHz | 0.5 | -146 dB(W/m ²) in 4 kHz and -128 dB(W/m ²) in 1 MHz | 0.5 | | |
| | All other cases (NOTE 4 and NOTE 8) | -128 dB(W/m ²) in 1 MHz | 0.5 | -128 dB(W/m ²) in 1 MHz | 0.5 | 25 | |
| | | | | | | | |

MOD

NOTE 4 - Exceptions for the band 1 518-1 525 MHz are as follows:

4.1 For the land mobile service on the territory of Japan (No. **5.348A**): $-150 \text{ dB}(\text{W/m}^2)$ in 4 kHz at all angles of arrival is applicable to all satellite space-to-Earth emissions.

4.2 For the aeronautical mobile service for telemetry on the territory of the administrations listed in No. **5.342**: $-140 \text{ dB}(W/m^2)$ in 4 kHz at all angles of arrival.

4.3 For the point-to-multipoint systems operating in the fixed service in the territory of New Zealand: $-138 \text{ dB}(W/m^2)$ in 1 MHz for angles of arrival less than or equal to 5° above the horizon and increasing linearly to $-125 \text{ dB}(W/m^2)$ in 1 MHz for angles of arrival equal to 25° or greater above the horizon. (WRC-03)

ADD

NOTE 8 – In the band 1518-1520 MHz, for the point-to-multipoint systems operating in the fixed service on the territory of Australia: $-138 \text{ dB}(W/m^2)$ in 1 MHz for angles of arrival less than or equal to 5° above the horizon and increasing linearly to $-125 \text{ dB}(W/m^2)$ in 1 MHz for angles of arrival equal to 25° or greater above the horizon. (WRC-03)

APPENDIX 7 (Rev.WRC-03)

Methods for the determination of the coordination area around an earth station in frequency bands between 100 MHz and 105 GHz

MOD

1.4.4 Earth stations operating in bidirectionally allocated frequency bands

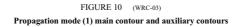
For earth stations operating in some frequency bands there may be allocations with equal rights to space services operating in both the Earth-to-space and space-to-Earth directions. In this case, where two earth stations are operating in opposite directions of transmission it is only necessary to establish the coordination area for the transmitting earth station, as receiving earth stations will automatically be taken into consideration. Hence, a receiving earth station operating in a bidirectionally allocated frequency band will only be involved in coordination with a transmitting earth station if it is located within the transmitting earth station's coordination area.

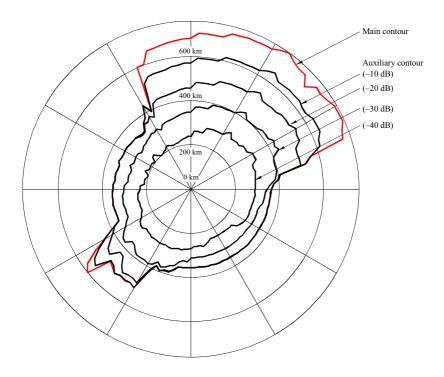
For a transmitting earth station operating with either geostationary or non-geostationary satellites in a bidirectionally allocated frequency band, the coordination area is determined using the procedures described in § 3. (WRC-03)

AP7

Supplementary and auxiliary contours

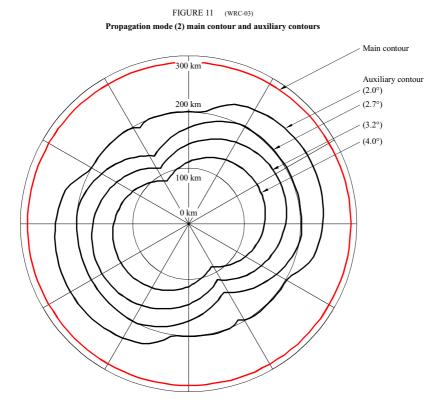
MOD





The propagation mode (1) auxiliary contours are shown for $-10,\,-20,\,-30$ and -40 dB adjustments in the minimum required loss.

CMR03-AP7A6-10



The propagation mode (2) auxiliary contours are shown for terrestrial station main beam avoidance angles of 2.0° , 2.7° , 3.2° and 4.0° , respectively

CMR03-AP7A6-11

ANNEX 7

System parameters and predetermined coordination distances for determination of the coordination area around an earth station

MOD

TABLE 7a (WRC-03)

| radiocom | tting space munication esignation | | bile- ellite | Mobile- satellite, space operation | explo sate meteor | arth ration- ellite, rological ellite | Space operation | Space research, space operation | Mobile- satellite | Sp: oper: | | Mobile- satellite, radio- determination- satellite | Mob sate | | Space oj sp: rese | ice | Mob satel | | Space research, space operation, Earth exploration- satellite |
|--------------------------------------|---|-----|-----------------------|---|-------------------------|---|---|---|---|-----------------|--------|--|-------------------|--------|-------------------------|--------|-------------------|--------|---|
| Frequency bar | nds (MHz) | | 1.45- 1.55 | 148.0-149.9 | 401 | -403 | 433.75-434.25 | 449.75-450.25 | 806-840 | 1 427- | 1 429 | 1 610-1 626.5 | 1 668.4 | -1 675 | 1 750- | 1 850 | 1 980-2 | 2 025 | 2 025-2 110 2 110-2 120 (Deep space) |
| Receiving terr service design | | ti | onau- cal obile | Fixed, mobile | meteor | mobile, ological ids | Amateur, radio- location fixed, mobile | Fixed, mobile, radio- location | Fixed, mobile broadcasting, aeronautical radionavigation | Fixed, | mobile | Aeronautical radionavigation | Fix mol | | Fixed, | mobile | Fixed, n | nobile | Fixed, mobile |
| Method to be | used | § 1 | .4.7 | § 2.1, § 2.2 | § 2.1 | , § 2.2 | § 2.1, § 2.2 | § 2.1, § 2.2 | § 1.4.6 | § 2.1, | § 2.2 | § 1.4.6 | § 1 | 4.6 | § 2.1, | § 2.2 | § 1.4 | 4.6 | § 2.1, § 2.2 |
| Modulation at station ¹ | terrestrial | A | N | A | А | N | | A and N | A and N | А | N | | A | N | A | N | A | N | A |
| Terrestrial | $p_0(\%)$ | | | 1.0 | | | | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | | 0.01 |
| station interference | n | | | 1 | | | | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | | 2 |
| parameters | p (%) | | | 1.0 | | | | 0.005 | 0.005 | 0.005 | 0.005 | | 0.005 | 0.005 | 0.005 | 0.005 | 0.005 | | 0.005 |
| and criteria | N_L (dB) | | | - | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 |
| | M_{s} (dB) | | | - | | | | 20 | 20 | 33 | 33 | | 33 | 33 | 33 | 33 | 26 2 | | 26 2 |
| | W(dB) | | | - | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 |
| Terrestrial | G_x (dBi) ³ | | | 8 | | | | 16 | 16 | 33 | 33 | | 35 | 35 | 35 | 35 | 49 2 | | 49 2 |
| station parameters | $T_e(\mathbf{K})$ | | | - | | | | 750 | 750 | 750 | 750 | | 750 | 750 | 750 | 750 | 500 ² | | 500 2 |
| Reference bandwidth | B (Hz) | | | 4×10^{3} | | | | 12.5×10^{3} | 12.5×10^{3} | 4×10^3 | 106 | | 4×10^{3} | 106 | 4×10^{3} | 106 | 4×10^{3} | | 4×10^{3} |
| Permissible interference power | $\frac{P_r(p) (\text{dBW})}{\ln B}$ | | | -153 | | | | -139 | -139 | -131 | -107 | | -131 | -107 | -131 | -107 | -140 | | -140 |

Parameters required for the determination of coordination distance for a transmitting earth station

A: analogue modulation; N: digital modulation.

² The parameters for the terrestrial station associated with transhorizon systems have been used. Line-of-sight radio-relay parameters associated with the frequency band 1 668.4-1 675 MHz may also be used to determine a supplementary contour. (WRC-03)

³ Feeder losses are not included.

TABLE 7b (WRC-03)

Parameters required for the determination of coordination distance for a transmitting earth station

| radiocon | itting space nmunication designation | Fixed- satellite, mobile- satellite | Fixed- satellite | Fixed- satellite | Fix sate | | | peration, research | Fixed-s mobile- meteoro sate | satellite, ological- | Fix sate | | Fix sate | | Fixed- satellite | Fixed- satellite ³ | Fixed- satellite | Fixed- satellite ³ |
|--------------------------------------|--|--|--------------------------------------|---------------------|-----------------|--------|-----------------|-----------------------|---------------------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|--------|---|----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|
| Frequency ba | nds (GHz) | 2.655- 2.690 | 5.091-5.150 | 5.725-5.850 | 5.725- | 7.075 | 7.100- | 7.235 5 | 7.900 | -8.400 | 10.7- | 11.7 | 12.5 | -14.8 | 13.75-14.3 | 15.43-15.65 | 17.7-18.4 | 19.3-19.7 |
| Receiving ter service design | | Fixed, mobile | Aeronautical radio- navigation | Radio- location | Fixed, | mobile | Fixed, | mobile | Fixed, | mobile | Fixed, | mobile | Fixed, | mobile | Radiolocation radionavigation (land only) | Aeronautical radionavigation | Fixed, mobile | Fixed, mobile |
| Method to be | used | § 2.1 | | § 2.1 | § 2 | 2.1 | § 2.1 | , § 2.2 | şa | 2.1 | § 2 | .1 | § 2.1, | § 2.2 | § 2.1 | | § 2.1, § 2.2 | § 2.2 |
| Modulation a station ¹ | t terrestrial | A | | | А | N | А | N | А | N | А | Ν | A | N | - | | N | N |
| Terrestrial | <i>p</i> ₀ (%) | 0.01 | | | 0.01 | 0.005 | 0.01 | 0.005 | 0.01 | 0.005 | 0.01 | 0.005 | 0.01 | 0.005 | 0.01 | | 0.005 | 0.005 |
| station interference | n | 2 | | | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 1 | | 2 | 2 |
| parameters and criteria | p (%) | 0.005 | | | 0.005 | 0.0025 | 0.005 | 0.0025 | 0.005 | 0.0025 | 0.005 | 0.0025 | 0.005 | 0.0025 | 0.01 | | 0.0025 | 0.0025 |
| | N_L (dB) | 0 | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 | 0 |
| | M_{s} (dB) | 26 2 | | | 33 | 37 | 33 | 37 | 33 | 37 | 33 | 40 | 33 | 40 | 1 | | 25 | 25 |
| | W (dB) | 0 | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 | 0 |
| Terrestrial | G_x (dBi) 4 | 49 ² | 6 | | 46 | 46 | 46 | 46 | 46 | 46 | 50 | 50 | 52 | 52 | 36 | | 48 | 48 |
| station parameters | $T_{e}(\mathbf{K})$ | 500 ² | | | 750 | 750 | 750 | 750 | 750 | 750 | 1 500 | 1 100 | 1 500 | 1 100 | 2 636 | | 1 100 | 1 100 |
| Reference bandwidth | B (Hz) | 4×10^3 | 150×10^3 | | 4×10^3 | 106 | 4×10^3 | 10 ⁶ | 4×10^3 | 10 ⁶ | 4×10^3 | 10 ⁶ | 4×10^3 | 106 | 107 | | 106 | 106 |
| Permissible interference power | $P_r(p)$ (dBW) in B | -140 | -160 | | -131 | -103 | -131 | -103 | -131 | -103 | -128 | -98 | -128 | -98 | -131 | | -113 | -113 |

¹ A: analogue modulation; N: digital modulation.

² The parameters for the terrestrial station associated with transhorizon systems have been used. Line-of-sight radio-relay parameters associated with the frequency band 5 725-7 075 MHz may also be used to determine a supplementary contour with the exception that $G_x = 37$ dBi.

³ Feeder links of non-geostationary-satellite systems in the mobile-satellite service.

⁴ Feeder losses are not included.

⁵ Actual frequency bands are 7 100-7 155 MHz and 7 190-7 235 MHz for space operation service and 7 145-7 235 MHz for the space research service.

TABLE 8a (WRC-03)

Parameters required for the determination of coordination distance for a receiving earth station

| Receivin radiocom service do | nunication | | Space operation, space research | Meteoro- logical- satellite, mobile- satellite | | Space research, space operation | Space operation | Mobile- satellite | Meteoro- logical- satellite | Mobile- satellite | Space research, space operation | Space operation | Meteoro- logical- satellite, Earth exploration- satellite | Space operation | Broad- casting- satellite | Mobile- satellite | Broadcasting- satellite (DAB) | Mobile- satellite, land-mobile satellite, maritime mobile- satellite |
|--|------------------------|---|--|--|---|--|----------------------|----------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------|--|---|--|--|--|--|-------------------------------------|--|
| Frequency bands (| MHz) | | 137-138 | 137-138 | 143.6- 143.65 | 174-184 | 163-167 272-273 5 | 335.4- 399.9 | 400.15-401 | 400.15-401 | 400.15-401 | 401-402 | 460-470 | 549.75- 550.25 | 620-790 | 856-890 | 1 452-1492 | 1 518-1 530 1 555-1 559 2 160-2 200 ¹ |
| Transmitting terres service designation | | | Fixed, mobile | Fixed, mobile | Fixed, mobile, radio- location | Fixed, mobile, broad- casting | Fixed, mobile | Fixed, mobile | Meteoro- logical aids | Meteoro- logical aids | Meteoro- logical aids | Meteoro- logical aids, fixed, mobile | Fixed, mobile | Fixed, mobile, broad- casting | Fixed, mobile, broad- casting | Fixed, mobile, broad- casting | Fixed, mobile, broadcasting | Fixed, mobile |
| Method to be used | | | § 2.1 | § 2.1 | § 2.1 | § 2.1 | § 2.1 | § 1.4.6 | § 1.4.6 | § 1.4.6 | - | § 2.1 | § 2.1 | § 2.1 | § 1.4.5 | § 1.4.6 | § 1.4.5 | § 1.4.6 |
| Modulation at eart | h station ² | | N | | N | | Ν | | | | N | N | | | | | N | N |
| Earth station | p_0 (%) | | 0.1 | | 0.1 | | 1.0 | | 0.012 | | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.012 | | | | | 10 |
| interference parameters | n | | 2 | | 2 | | 1 | | 1 | | 2 | 2 | 1 | | | | | 1 |
| and criteria | p (%) | | 0.05 | | 0.05 | | 1.0 | | 0.012 | | 0.05 | 0.05 | 0.012 | | | | | 10 |
| | N_L (dB) | | 0 | | 0 | | 0 | | 0 | | 0 | 0 | | | | | | 0 |
| | M_s (dB) | | 1 | | 1 | | 1 | | 4.3 | | 1 | 1 | | | | | | 1 |
| | W(dB) | | 0 | | 0 | | 0 | | 0 | | 0 | 0 | | | | | | 0 |
| Terrestrial station | E (dBW) | А | | | - | | 15 | | | | - | - | 5 | | | | 38 | 37 4 |
| parameters | in B ³ | Ν | - | | - | | 15 | | | | - | - | 5 | | | | 38 | 37 |
| | P_t (dBW) | А | - | | - | | -1 | | | | - | - | -11 | | | | 3 | 0 |
| | in B | Ν | - | | - | | -1 | | | | - | - | -11 | | | | 3 | 0 |
| | G_x (dBi) | | - | | - | | 16 | | | | - | - | 16 | | | | 35 | 37 |
| Reference bandwidth | B (Hz) | | 1 | | 1 | | 103 | | 177.5×10^{3} | | 1 | 1 | 85 | | | | 25×10 ³ | 4×10^{3} |
| Permissible interference power | $P_r(p)$ (dBW) in B | | -199 | | -199 | | -173 | | -148 | | -208 | -208 | -178 | | | | | -176 |

¹ In the band 2 160-2 200 MHz, the terrestrial station parameters of line-of-sight radio-relay systems have been used. If an administration believes that, in this band transhorizon systems need to be considered, the parameters associated with the frequency band 2 500-2 690 MHz may be used to determine the coordination area.

² A: analogue modulation; N: digital modulation.

 3 E is defined as the equivalent isotropically radiated power of the interfering terrestrial station in the reference bandwidth.

⁴ This value is reduced from the nominal value of 50 dBW for the purposes of determination of coordination area, recognizing the low probability of high power emissions falling fully within the relatively narrow bandwidth of the earth station.

⁵ The fixed-service parameters provided in the column for 163-167 MHz and 272-273 MHz are only applicable to the band 163-167 MHz.

TABLE 9a (WRC-03)

Parameters required for the determination of coordination distance for a transmitting earth station in bands shared bidirectionally with receiving earth stations

| which the | Space service designation in which the transmitting earth station operates | | Mobile- satellite | Land mobile- satellite | Earth exploration- satellite, meteorological- satellite | Mobile- | satellite | Fixed-satellite, mobile-satellite | Fi3 satel | ced- lite ³ | Fixed-satellite | Fixed-satellite, meteorological- satellite | Fixed-satellite |
|--------------------------------------|--|------------------------------------|----------------------|------------------------------------|---|-----------------|-------------------|--|---------------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------|--|------------------------------------|
| Frequency ba | ands (GHz) | 0.1499- 0.15005 | 0.272- 0.273 | 0.3999- 0.40005 | 0.401-0.402 | 1.670- | 1.675 | 2.655-2.690 | 5.150 | -5.216 | 6.700-7.075 | 8.025-8.400 | 8.025-8.400 |
| | ce designation receiving earth tes | Radio- navigation- satellite | Space operation | Radio- navigation- satellite | Space operation | Meteoro sate | | Fixed-satellite, broadcasting- satellite | Fixed- satellite | Radiodeter- mination- satellite | Fixed-satellite | Earth exploration- satellite | Earth exploration- satellite |
| Orbit ⁶ | | | Non-GSO | | Non-GSO | Non-GSO | GSO | | Non-GSO | | Non-GSO | Non-GSO | GSO |
| Modulation a earth station | | | N | | N | N | N | | | | N | Ν | N |
| Receiving | $p_0(\%)$ | | 1.0 | | 0.1 | 0.006 | 0.011 | | | | 0.005 | 0.011 | 0.083 |
| earth station | n | | 1 | | 2 | 3 | 2 | | | | 3 | 2 | 2 |
| interference parameters | p (%) | | 1.0 | | 0.05 | 0.002 | 0.0055 | | | | 0.0017 | 0.0055 | 0.0415 |
| and criteria | N_L (dB) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| | M_{s} (dB) | 2 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2.8 | 0.9 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 4.7 | 2 |
| | W (dB) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Receiving | G_m (dBi) ² | 0 | 20 | 0 | 20 | 30 | 45 | | 48.5 | | 50.7 | | |
| earth station | G _r (dBi) ⁴ | 0 | 19 | 0 | 19 | 19 ⁹ | 8 | | 10 | | 10 | 10 | 8 |
| parameters | ε _{min} ⁵ | 3° | 10° | 3° | 10° | 5° | 3° | 3° | 3° | 3° | 3° | 5° | 3° |
| | $T_{e}(K)^{-7}$ | 200 | 500 | 200 | 500 | 370 | 118 | 75 | 75 | 75 | 75 | | |
| Reference bandwidth | B (Hz) | 4×10^{3} | 103 | 4×10^{3} | 1 | 106 | 4×10^{3} | | | | 106 | 106 | 106 |
| Permissible interference power | $P_r(p)$ (dBW) in B | -172 | -177 | -172 | -208 | -145 | -178 | | | | -151 | -142 | -154 |

Notes to Table 9a:

- ¹ A: analogue modulation; N: digital modulation.
- ² On-axis gain of the receive earth station antenna.
- ³ Feeder links of non-geostationary-satellite systems in the mobile-satellite service.
- ⁴ Horizon antenna gain for the receive earth station (refer to § 3 of the main body of this Appendix).
- ⁵ Minimum elevation angle of operation in degrees (non-geostationary or geostationary).
- ⁶ Orbit of the space service in which the receiving earth station operates (non-geostationary or geostationary).
- ⁷ The thermal noise temperature of the receiving system at the terminal of the receiving antenna (under clear-sky conditions). Refer to § 2.1 of this Annex for missing values.
- ⁸ Horizon antenna gain is calculated using the procedure of Annex 5. Where no value of G_m is specified, a value of 42 dBi is to be used.
- ⁹ Non-geostationary horizon antenna gain, $G_e = G_{min} + 20$ dB (see § 2.2), with $G_{min} = 10 10 \log (D/\lambda)$, $D/\lambda = 13$ (refer to Annex 3 for definition of symbols).
- ¹⁰ Unmanned space research is not a separate radiocommunication service and the system parameters are only to be used for the generation of supplementary contours.

TABLE 10 (WRC-03)

Predetermined coordination distances

| Frequency sha | ring situation | Coordination distance (in sharing |
|--|---|---|
| Type of earth station | Type of terrestrial station | situations involving services allocated with equal rights) (km) |
| | | |
| Ground-based in the bands: 400.15-401 MHz 1 668.4-1 675 MHz | Station in the meteorological aids service (radiosonde) | 580 |
| Aircraft (mobile) in the bands: 400.15-401 MHz 1668.4-1675 MHz Station in the meteorological aids service (radiosonde) | | 1 080 |
| | | |

APPENDIX 8 (Rev.WRC-03)

Method of calculation for determining if coordination is required between geostationary-satellite networks sharing the same frequency bands

MOD

2.2.1.2 Cases requiring independent treatment of the uplink and the downlink

If there is a change of modulation in the satellite, if the transmission gain for the satellite network being considered has not been supplied, or if the transmission originates on board the satellite, then the apparent increase in the noise temperature must be related to the total receiving system noise temperature of the specific link being examined (the space station or the earth station, whichever is applicable). In this case, the equivalent noise temperature of the entire satellite link and the transmission gain are not used and equations (1) and (2) above are used separately as required (see § 3.2). (WRC-03)

MOD

3.2 Cases requiring independent treatment of the uplink and the downlink

- a) In the case of interference into only one link, the uplink or the downlink, the value $\Delta T_e/T_e$ or $\Delta T_s/T_s$, expressed as a percentage, shall be compared with the threshold value of 6%³.
- b) In the case of interference into both the uplink and the downlink, between which there is a change of modulation on board the satellite, or in cases where the optional values for transmission gain and equivalent link noise temperature have not been supplied, the values of $\Delta T_e/T_e$ and $\Delta T_s/T_s$, expressed as a percentage, shall each be compared with the threshold value of 6%³. (WRC-03)

APPENDIX 11 (Rev.WRC-03)

System specifications for double-sideband (DSB), single-sideband (SSB) and digitally modulated emissions in the HF broadcasting service

PART B - Single-sideband (SSB) system

MOD

1.1 Channel spacing

In a mixed DSB, SSB and digital environment (see Resolution **517** (Rev.WRC-03)), the channel spacing shall be 10 kHz. In the interest of spectrum conservation, it is also permissible to interleave SSB emissions midway between two adjacent DSB channels, i.e., with 5 kHz separation between carrier frequencies, provided that the interleaved emission is not to the same geographical area as either of the emissions between which it is interleaved.

In an all inclusive SSB environment, the channel spacing and carrier frequency separation shall be 5 kHz. (WRC-03)

MOD

2.6 Carrier reduction (relative to peak envelope power)

In a mixed DSB, SSB and digital environment, the carrier reduction shall be 6 dB to allow SSB emissions to be received by conventional DSB receivers with envelope detection without significant deterioration of the reception quality. (WRC-03)

MOD

3.2 Demodulator and carrier acquisition

The reference receiver is equipped with a synchronous demodulator, using for the carrier acquisition a device which regenerates a carrier by means of a suitable control loop which locks the receiver to the incoming carrier. The reference receiver should work as well with DSB emissions as with SSB emissions having a carrier reduced to 6 dB below peak envelope power. (WRC-03)

ADD

PART C - Digital system (WRC-03)

1 System parameters

1.1 Channel spacing

The initial spacing for digitally modulated emissions shall be 10 kHz. However, interleaved channels with a separation of 5 kHz may be used in accordance with the appropriate protection criteria appearing in Resolution **543 (WRC-03)**, provided that the interleaved emission is not to the same geographical area as either of the emissions between which it is interleaved.

1.2 Channel utilization

Channels using digitally modulated emissions may share the same spectrum or be interleaved with analogue emissions in the same high frequency broadcasting (HFBC) band, provided the protection afforded to the analogue emissions is at least as great as that which is currently in force for analogue-to-analogue protection. Accomplishing this may require that the digital spectral power density (and total power) be lower by several dB than is currently used for either DSB or SSB emissions.

2 Emission characteristics

2.1 Bandwidth and centre frequency

A full digitally modulated emission will have a 10 kHz bandwidth with its centre frequency at any of the 5 kHz centre frequency locations in the channel raster currently in use within the HFBC bands.

Among several possible "simulcast" modes are those having a combination of analogue and digital emissions of the same programme in the same channel, that may use a digital emission of 5 kHz or 10 kHz bandwidth, next to either a 5 kHz or 10 kHz analogue emission. In all cases of this type, the 5 kHz interleaved raster used in HFBC shall be adhered to in placing the emission within these bands.

2.2 Frequency tolerance

The frequency tolerance shall be 10 Hz¹.

2.3 Audio-frequency band

The quality of service, using digital source coding within a 10 kHz bandwidth, taking into account the need to adapt the emission coding for various levels of error avoidance, detection and correction, can range from the equivalent of monophonic FM (approximately 15 kHz) to the

¹ See Note 21 of Appendix **2**.

low-level performance of a speech codec (of the order of 3 kHz). The choice of audio quality is connected to the needs of the broadcaster and listener, and includes the consideration of such characteristics as the propagation conditions expected. There is no single specification, only the upper and lower bounds noted in this paragraph.

2.4 Modulation

Quadrature amplitude modulation (QAM) with orthogonal frequency division multiplexing (OFDM) shall be used. 64-QAM is feasible under many propagation conditions; others such as 32-, 16- and 8-QAM are specified for use when needed.

2.5 **RF protection ratio values**

The protection ratio values for analogue and digital emissions for co-channel and adjacent channel conditions shall be in accordance with Resolution **543 (WRC-03)** as provisional RF protection ratio values subject to revision or confirmation by a future competent conference.

AP13

APPENDIX 13 (Rev.WRC-03)*

Distress and safety communications (non-GMDSS)

Part A2 - Frequencies for distress and safety

Section I – Availability of frequencies

MOD

§ 8 1A) The aeronautical emergency frequency 121.5 MHz^5 is used for the purposes of distress and urgency for radiotelephony by stations of the aeronautical mobile service using frequencies in the band between 117.975 MHz and 137 MHz. This frequency may also be used for these purposes in survival craft stations and emergency position-indicating radiobeacons. (WRC-03)

MOD

§ 12

d) in the bands between 117.975 MHz and 137 MHz, be able to transmit on 121.5 MHz, using amplitude modulated emissions. If a receiver is provided for any of these bands, it shall be able to receive class A3E emissions on 121.5 MHz; (WRC-03)

Section II – Protection of Distress and Safety Frequencies

MOD

§ 15 1) Apart from the transmissions authorized on 500 kHz, and taking account of No. **52.28**, all transmissions on the frequencies included between 495 kHz and 505 kHz are forbidden. (WRC-03)

Section III – Watch on distress frequencies

MOD

- § 19 2)
- a) transmissions shall cease in the band between 495 kHz and 505 kHz; (WRC-03)

APPENDIX 15 (Rev.WRC-03)

Frequencies for distress and safety communications for the Global Maritime Distress and Safety System (GMDSS)

TABLE 15-1 (WRC-03)

Frequencies below 30 MHz

MOD

| Frequency (kHz) | Description of usage | Notes |
|--------------------|-------------------------|---|
| 490 | MSI | The frequency 490 kHz is used exclusively for maritime safety information (MSI) |
| | | |

APPENDIX 17 (Rev.WRC-03)

Frequencies and channelling arrangements in the high-frequency bands for the maritime mobile service

(See Article 52)

MOD

PART A - Table of subdivided bands (WRC-03)

In the Table, where appropriate¹, the assignable frequencies in a given band for each usage are:

- indicated by the lowest and highest frequency, in heavy type, assigned in that band;
- regularly spaced, the number of assignable frequencies (f.) and the spacing in kHz being indicated in italics.

| Band (MHz) | 4 | 6 | 8 | 12 | 16 | 18/19 | 22 | 25/26 |
|---|--|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Limits (kHz) | 4 063 | 6 200 | 8 195 | 12 230 | 16360 | 18 780 | 22 000 | 25 070 |
| Frequencies assignable to ship stations for oceanographic data transmission c) | 4 063.3 to 4 064.8 <i>6 f.</i> 0.3 kHz | | | | | | | |
| Limits (kHz) | 4 065 | 6 200 | 8 195 | 12 230 | 16 360 | 18 780 | 22 000 | 25 070 |
| Frequencies assignable to ship stations for telephony, duplex operation <i>a) i)</i> | 4 066.4 to 4 144.4 27 f. 3 kHz | 6 201.4 to 6 222.4 8 f. 3 kHz | 8 196.4 to 8 292.4 <i>33 f.</i> <i>3 kHz</i> | 12 231.4 to 12 351.4 <i>41 f.</i> <i>3 kHz</i> | 16 361.4 to 16 526.4 <i>56 f.</i> <i>3 kHz</i> | 18 781.4 to 18 823.4 <i>15 f.</i> <i>3 kHz</i> | 22 001.4 to 22 157.4 53 f. 3 kHz | 25 071.4 to 25 098.4 <i>10 f.</i> <i>3 kHz</i> |
| Limits (kHz) | 4 1 4 6 | 6 2 2 4 | 8 294 | 12 353 | 16 528 | 18 825 | 22 1 59 | 25 100 |

Table of frequencies (kHz) to be used in the band between 4 000 kHz and 27 500 kHz allocated exclusively to the maritime mobile service

¹ Within the non-shaded boxes.

| Band (MHz) | 4 | 6 | 8 | 12 | 16 | 18/19 | 22 | 25/26 |
|--|--|--|-------------------------------|---------------------------------|--|---|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Limits (kHz) | 4 146 | 6 2 2 4 | 8 294 | 12353 | 16 528 | 18 825 | 22 1 59 | 25 100 |
| Frequencies assignable to ship stations and coast stations for telephony, simplex operation | 4 147.4 to 4 150.4 | 6 225.4 to 6 231.4 | 8 295.4 to 8 298.4 | 12 354.4 to 12 366.4 | 16 529.4 to 16 547.4 | 18 826.4 to 18 844.4 | 22 160.4 to 22 178.4 | 25 101.4 to 25 119.4 |
| a) | 2 f. 3 kHz | 3 f. 3 kHz | 2 f. 3 kHz | 5 f. 3 kHz | 7 f. 3 kHz | 7 f. 3 kHz | 7 f. 3 kHz | 7 f. 3 kHz |
| Limits (kHz) | 4 1 5 2 | 6 2 3 3 | 8 300 | 12 368 | 16 549 | 18 846 | 22 180 | 25 121 |
| Frequencies assignable to ship stations for wide-band telegraphy, facsimile and special transmission systems | 4154 to 4170 5 f. | 6235 to 6259 7 f. | 8 302 to 8 338 10 f. | 12 370 to 12 418 13 f. | 16 551 to 16 615 <i>17 f.</i> | 18 848 to 18 868 <i>6 f.</i> | 22 182 to 22 238 15 f. | 25 123 to 25 159 10 f. |
| | 4 kHz | 4 kHz | 4 kHz | 4 kHz | 4 kHz | 4 kHz | 4 kHz | 4 kHz |
| Limits (kHz) | 4 172 | 6 2 6 1 | 8 340 | 12 420 | 16617 | 18 870 | 22 240 | 25 161.25 |
| Frequencies assignable to ship stations for oceanographic data transmission c) | | 6 261.3 to 6 262.5 | 8 340.3 to 8 341.5 | 12 420.3 to 12 421.5 | 16 617.3 to 16 618.5 | | 22 240.3 to 22 241.5 | |
| | | 5 f. 0.3 kHz | 5 f. 0.3 kHz | 5 f. 0.3 kHz | 5 f. 0.3 kHz | | 5 f. 0.3 kHz | |
| Limits (kHz) | 4 172 | 6 262.75 | 8 341.75 | 12 421.75 | 16618.75 | 18 870 | 22 241.75 | 25 161.25 |
| Frequencies (paired) assignable to ship stations for narrow-band direct- printing (NBDP) telegraphy and data transmission systems at speeds not exceeding 100 Bd for FSK and 200 Bd for PSK <i>d</i>) <i>j</i>) <i>m</i>) <i>p</i>) | 4172.5 to 4181.5 18 f. 0.5 kHz | 6 263 to 6 275.5 25 f. 0.5 kHz | | | | | | |
| Limits (kHz) | 4 181.75 | 6 275.75 | 8 341.75 | 12 421.75 | 16618.75 | 18 870 | 22 241.75 | 25 161.25 |
| Calling frequencies assignable to ship stations for A1A or A1B Morse telegraphy g) p) | | | | | | | | |
| Limits (kHz) | 4 186.75 | 6 280.75 | 8 341.75 | 12 421.75 | 16618.75 | 18 870 | 22 241.75 | 25 161.25 |
| Frequencies (paired) assignable to ship stations for NBDP telegraphy and data transmission systems at speeds not exceeding 100 Bd for FSK and 200 Bd for PSK <i>d</i>) <i>m</i>) <i>p</i>) | | 6 281 to 6 284.5 8 f. 0.5 kHz | | | | | | |
| Limits (kHz) | 4 186.75 | 6284.75 | 8 341.75 | 12 421.75 | 16618.75 | 18870 | 22 241.75 | 25 161.25 |

Table of frequencies (kHz) to be used in the band between 4 000 kHz and 27 500 kHz allocated exclusively to the maritime mobile service (*continued*)

| | anocateu e | | | | |) | 1 | |
|---|---|--|--|---|---|--|---|--|
| Band (MHz) | 4 | 6 | 8 | 12 | 16 | 18/19 | 22 | 25/26 |
| Limits (kHz) | 4 186.75 | 6284.75 | 8 341.75 | 12 421.75 | 16618.75 | 18870 | 22 241.75 | 25 161.25 |
| Working frequencies assignable to ship stations for A1A or A1B Morse telegraphy <i>e</i>) <i>f</i>) <i>h</i>) <i>p</i>) | 4 187 to 4 202 <i>31 f.</i> 0.5 kHz | 6285 to 6300 31 f. 0.5 kHz | 8 342 to 8 365.5 48 f. 0.5 kHz | 12 422 to 12 476.5 110 f. 0.5 kHz | 16 619 to 16 683 <i>129 f.</i> 0.5 kHz | | 22 242 to 22 279 75 f. 0.5 kHz | 25 161.5 to 25 171 <i>20 f.</i> <i>0.5 kHz</i> |
| Limits (kHz) | 4 202.25 | 6 300.25 | 8 365.75 | 12 476.75 | 16 683.25 | 18870 | 22 279.25 | 25 171.25 |
| Calling frequencies assignable to ship stations for A1A or A1B Morse telegraphy g) p) | | | | | | | | |
| Limits (kHz) | 4 202.25 | 6 300.25 | 8 370.75 | 12 476.75 | 16 683.25 | 18 870 | 22 284.25 | 25 172.75 |
| Working frequencies assignable to ship stations for A1A or A1B Morse telegraphy <i>e) f) p)</i> | | | 8371 to 8376 11 f. 0.5 kHz | | | | | |
| Limits (kHz) | 4 202.25 | 6 300.25 | 8 376.25 | 12 476.75 | 16 683.25 | 18 870 | 22 284.25 | 25 172.75 |
| Frequencies (paired) assignable to ship stations for NBDP telegraphy and data transmission systems at speeds not exceeding 100 bauds for FSK and 200 bauds for PSK <i>d</i>) <i>j</i>) <i>m</i>) <i>p</i>) | | | 8 376.5 to 8 396 40 f. 0.5 kHz | 12 477 to 12 549.5 146 f. 0.5 kHz | 16 683.5 to 16 733.5 <i>101 f.</i> <i>0.5 kHz</i> | 18 870.5 to 18 892.5 <i>45 f.</i> <i>0.5 kHz</i> | 22 284.5 to 22 351.5 135 f. 0.5 kHz | 25 173 to 25 192.5 <i>40 f.</i> <i>0.5 kHz</i> |
| Limits (kHz) | 4 202.25 | 6 300.25 | 8 396.25 | 12 549.75 | 16 733.75 | 18 892.75 | 22 351.75 | 25 192.75 |
| Calling frequencies assignable to ship stations for A1A or A1B Morse telegraphy g) p) | | | | | | | | |
| Limits (kHz) | 4 202.25 | 6 300.25 | 8 396.25 | 12 554.75 | 16 738.75 | 18 892.75 | 22 351.75 | 25 192.75 |
| Frequencies (paired) assignable to ship stations for NBDP telegraphy and data transmission systems at speeds not exceeding 100 bauds for FSK and 200 bauds for FSK d(m) p) | 1202.05 | (200.05 | 0.200 05 | 12 555 to 12 559.5 10 f. 0.5 kHz | 16739 to 16784.5 <i>92 f.</i> <i>0.5 kHz</i> | 10 000 75 | 20251.55 | 25 102 75 |
| Limits (kHz) | 4 202.25 | 6 300.25 | 8 396.25 | 12 559.75 | 16 784.75 | 18 892.75 | 22 351.75 | 25 192.75 |

Table of frequencies (kHz) to be used in the band between 4 000 kHz and 27 500 kHz allocated exclusively to the maritime mobile service (*continued*)

| Band (MHz) | 4 | 6 | 8 | 12 | 16 | 18/19 | 22 | 25/26 |
|--|---|------------------------------|---|---------------------------------------|---|---|---------------------------------------|---|
| Limits (kHz) | 4 202.25 | 6 300.25 | 8 396.25 | 12 559.75 | 16 784.75 | 18 892.75 | 22 351.75 | 25 192.75 |
| Frequencies (non paired) assignable to ship stations for NBDP telegraphy and | 4 202.5 to 4 207 | 6 300.5 to 6 311.5 | 8 396.5 to 8 414 | 12 560 to 12 576.5 | 16 785 to 16 804 | 18 893 to 18 898 | 22 352 to 22 374 | 25 192.75 25 193 to 25 208 |
| data transmission systems at speeds not exceeding 100 Bd for FSK and 200 Bd for PSK and for A1A or A1B Morse telegraphy (working) <i>b) p)</i> | 10 f. 0.5 kHz | 23 f. 0.5 kHz | 36 f. 0.5 kHz | 34 f. 0.5 kHz | 39 f. 0.5 kHz | 11 f. 0.5 kHz | 45 f. 0.5 kHz | 31 f. 0.5 kHz |
| Limits (kHz) | 4 207.25 | 6311.75 | 8 414.25 | 12 576.75 | 16 804.25 | 18 898.25 | 22 374.25 | 25 208.25 |
| Frequencies assignable to ship stations for digital selective calling k l | 4 207.5 to 4 209 | 6 312 to 6 313.5 | 8 414.5 to 8 416 | 12 577 to 12 578.5 | 16 804.5 to 16 806 | 18 898.5 to 18 899.5 | 22 374.5 to 22 375.5 | 25 208.5 to 25 209.5 |
| | 4 f. 0.5 kHz | 4 f. 0.5 kHz | 4 f. 0.5 kHz | 4 f. 0.5 kHz | 4 f. 0.5 kHz | 3 f. 0.5 kHz | 3 f. 0.5 kHz | 3 f. 0.5 kHz |
| Limits (kHz) | 4 209.25 | 6313.75 | 8 416.25 | 12 578.75 | 16 806.25 | 18 899.75 | 22 375.75 | 25 210 |
| Limits (kHz) | 4 209.25 | 6313.75 | 8416.25 | 12 578.75 | 16 806.25 | 19 680.25 | 22 375.75 | 26 100.25 |
| Frequencies (paired) assignable to coast stations for NBDP and data transmission systems, at | 4 209.5 to 4 219 | 6 314 to 6 330.5 | 8 416.5 to 8 436 | 12 579 to 12 656.5 | 16 806.5 to 16 902.5 | 19 680.5 to 19 703 | 22 376 to 22 443.5 | 26 100.5 to 26 120.5 |
| speeds not exceeding 100 Bd for FSK and 200 Bd for PSK <i>d</i>) <i>n</i>) <i>o</i>) <i>p</i>) | 20 f. 0.5 kHz | 34 f. 0.5 kHz | 40 f. 0.5 kHz | 156 f. 0.5 kHz | 193 f. 0.5 kHz | 46 f. 0.5 kHz | 136 f. 0.5 kHz | 41 f. 0.5 kHz |
| Limits (kHz) | 4219.25 | 6 3 3 0.75 | 8 436.25 | 12 656.75 | 16 902.75 | 19 703.25 | 22 443.75 | 26 120.75 |
| Frequencies assignable to coast stations for digital selective calling <i>l</i>) | 4219.5 to 4220.5 <i>3 f.</i> | 6 331 to 6 332 3 f. | 8 436.5 to 8 437.5 <i>3 f.</i> | 12 657 to 12 658 <i>3 f.</i> | 16 903 to 16 904 <i>3 f.</i> | 19 703.5 to 19 704.5 <i>3 f.</i> | 22 444 to 22 445 <i>3 f.</i> | 26 121 to 26 122 <i>3 f.</i> |
| | 0.5 kHz | 0.5 kHz | 0.5 kHz | 0.5 kHz | 0.5 kHz | 0.5 kHz | 0.5 kHz | 0.5 kHz |
| Limits (kHz) | 4 2 2 1 | 6 3 3 2 . 5 | 8 4 3 8 | 12 658.5 | 16 904.5 | 19 705 | 22 445.5 | 26 122.5 |
| Frequencies assignable to coast stations for wide-band and A1A or A1B Morse telegraphy, facsimile, special and data transmission systems and direct-printing telegraphy systems | | | | | | | | |
| Limits (kHz) | 4 3 5 1 | 6 501 | 8 707 | 13 077 | 17 242 | 19755 | 22 696 | 26 145 |

Table of frequencies (kHz) to be used in the band between 4 000 kHz and 27 500 kHz allocated exclusively to the maritime mobile service (*continued*)

| Band (MHz) | 4 | 6 | 8 | 12 | 16 | 18/19 | 22 | 25/26 |
|--|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|
| Limits (kHz) | 4 3 5 1 | 6 501 | 8 707 | 13 077 | 17 242 | 19755 | 22 696 | 26 145 |
| Frequencies assignable to coast stations for telephony, duplex operation <i>a</i>) | 4 352.4 to 4 436.4 | 6 502.4 to 6 523.4 | 8 708.4 to 8 813.4 | 13 078.4 to 13 198.4 | 17 243.4 to 17 408.4 | 19 756.4 to 19 798.4 | 22 697.4 to 22 853.4 | 26 146.4 to 26 173.4 |
| operation u/ | 29 f. 3 kHz | 8 f. 3 kHz | 36 f. 3 kHz | 41 f. 3 kHz | 56 f. 3 kHz | 15 f. 3 kHz | 53 f. 3 kHz | 10 f. 3 kHz |
| Limits (kHz) | 4 4 3 8 | 6 525 | 8 815 | 13 200 | 17410 | 19 800 | 22 855 | 26175 |

Table of frequencies (kHz) to be used in the band between 4 000 kHz and 27 500 kHz allocated exclusively to the maritime mobile service (end)

- a) See Part B, Section I.
- b) See Part B, Section III.
- c) The frequency bands may also be used by buoy stations for oceanographic data transmission and by stations interrogating these buoys.
- d) See Part B, Section II.
- e) In the frequency bands to be used by ship stations for A1A Morse telegraphy working at speeds not exceeding 40 Bd, administrations may assign additional frequencies interleaved between the assignable frequencies. Any frequencies so assigned shall be multiples of 100 Hz. Administrations shall ensure a uniform distribution of such assignments within the bands.
- f) See Part B, Section V.
- g) See Part B, Section IV.
- h) For the conditions of use of the frequency 8 364 kHz, see Appendix 13.
- For the use of the carrier frequencies 4125 kHz, 6215 kHz, 8291 kHz, 12290 kHz and 16420 kHz in these sub-bands by ship and coast stations for distress and safety purposes, by single-sideband radiotelephony, see Article 31 and Appendix 13.
- j) For the use of the frequencies 4 177.5 kHz, 6 268 kHz, 8 376.5 kHz, 12 520 kHz and 16 695 kHz in these subbands by ship and coast stations for distress and safety purposes, by NBDP telegraphy, see Article 31.
- k) For the use of the frequencies 4207.5 kHz, 6312 kHz, 8414.5 kHz, 12577 kHz and 16804.5 kHz in these sub-bands by ship and coast stations for distress and safety purposes, by digital selective calling, see Article 31.
- The following paired frequencies (for ship/coast stations) 4208/4219.5 kHz, 6312.5/6331 kHz, 8415/ 8436.5 kHz, 12577.5/12657 kHz, 16805/16903 kHz, 18898.5/19703.5 kHz, 22374.5/22444 kHz and 25208.5/26121 kHz are the first choice international frequencies for digital selective calling (see Article 54).
- *m*) Frequencies from these frequency bands may also be used for A1A or A1B Morse telegraphy (working) (see Part B, Section II).
- n) The frequencies 4210 kHz, 6314 kHz, 8416.5 kHz, 12579 kHz, 16806.5 kHz, 19680.5 kHz, 22376 kHz and 26100.5 kHz are the exclusive international frequencies for the transmission of maritime safety information (MSI) (see Articles 31 and 33).
- o) The frequency 4209.5 kHz is an exclusive international frequency for the transmission of NAVTEX type information (see Articles 31 and 33).
- p) These sub-bands, except the frequencies referred to in Notes *j*), *n*) and *o*), may be used for the initial testing and the possible future introduction within the maritime mobile service of new digital technologies. Stations using these sub-bands for this purpose shall not cause harmful interference to, and shall not claim protection from, other stations operating in accordance with Article 5.

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PART B - Channelling arrangements

Section I - Radiotelephony

MOD

- 5 The following frequencies in Sub-Section A are allocated for calling purposes:
- Channel No. 421 in the 4 MHz band;
- Channel No. 606 in the 6 MHz band;
- Channel No. 821 in the 8 MHz band;
- Channel No. 1221 in the 12 MHz band;
- Channel No. 1621 in the 16 MHz band;
- Channel No. 1806 in the 18 MHz band;
- Channel No. 2221 in the 22 MHz band;
- Channel No. 2510 in the 25 MHz band.

Calling on the carrier frequencies 12 290 kHz and 16 420 kHz shall be permitted only to and from rescue coordination centres (see No. **30.6.1**), subject to the safeguards of Resolution **352** (WRC-03) (see Nos. **52.221A** and **52.222A**).

The remaining frequencies in Sub-Sections A, B, C-1 and C-2 are working frequencies. (WRC-03)

MOD

6 *a)* Maritime radiotelephone stations using single-sideband emissions in the bands between 4000 kHz and 27500 kHz exclusively allocated to the maritime mobile service shall operate only on the carrier frequencies shown in the Sub-Sections A and B and, in the case of analogue radiotelephony, shall be in conformity with the technical characteristics specified in Recommendation ITU-R M.1173.

b) Ship stations, when using frequencies for single-sideband emissions in the bands 4000-4063 kHz and ship and coast stations, when using frequencies for single-sideband emissions in the band 8100-8195 kHz should operate on the carrier frequencies indicated in Sub-Sections C-1 and C-2 respectively. In the case of analogue radiotelephony technical characteristics of the equipment shall be those specified in Recommendation ITU-R M.1173.

c) Stations, when employing the single-sideband mode for analogue radiotelephony, shall use only class J3E emissions. For digital communications, class J2D emissions shall be used. (WRC-03)

SUP

8

APPENDIX 25 (Rev.WRC-03)

Provisions and associated frequency allotment Plan for coast radiotelephone stations operating in the exclusive maritime mobile bands between 4000 kHz and 27500 kHz

MOD

25/2.4 (WRC-03)

| Column 1 | Column 2 | Column 3 |
|---|-----------------------------|---------------------------|
| Assigned frequency (carrier frequency) (channel number) | Allotment area ² | Observations ³ |

SUP

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AP25

| 1 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 3 |
|---------|------------------|-----|---------|-----------------|-----|--------------------|------------------|-----|
| 4 358.4 | AFS | | 4 364.4 | AFS | | (405) | << << | |
| (4 357) | AUS CHL | ADD | (4 363) | ARG CAN CL | ADD | | HWA IRN | |
| (401) | CKH CUB | | (403) | CAN E CAN NO | | | LTU LVA | |
| | D1 | | | CAN NO CAN W | | | ROU | |
| | DNK | | | DNK | | | RUS AS | |
| | E GEO | | | E GRC | | | RUS EO RUS SW | |
| | GRC | | | HWA | | | SNG | |
| | HRV | | | IND E | | | URG | |
| | INS J | | | IRQ MAC | | | USA CL USA E | ADD |
| | KOR | | | MCO | | | USA SO | |
| | LVA | | | NOR | | | USA W | |
| | NIU PNR | ADD | | PNR PTR | ADD | 4 373.4 (4 372) | ALB ALS | |
| | PRG | ADD | | RUS EO | | (4 372) | ARG | |
| | RUS EO | | | S | | (406) | ARS | |
| | RUS NW S | | | UKR USA CL | | | CHN CLM | |
| | SCG* | | | USA E | | | COG | |
| | SMO | | | USA SO | | | СҮР | |
| | SOM TKM | | 4 367.4 | USA W ALS | | | E FJI | |
| | TUR | | (4 366) | AUS | | | FIN | |
| | UKR | | | В | | | G | |
| | URG USA CL | | (404) | CHL SO CHN | | | GUM HWA | |
| | USA E | | | COG | | | ISL | |
| | USA SO | | | F | | | MDG | |
| | USA W YEM | | | IRN ISR | | | PNR POL | |
| 4 361.4 | ALB | | | J | | | PTR | |
| (4 360) | ALS | | | MCO | ADD | | TUN | |
| (402) | ARG AZE | | | NCL OMA | | | USA CL USA E | |
| (402) | CHN | | | PAQ | | | USA SO | |
| | G | | | POL | | | USA W | |
| | GUM HWA | | | SEN THA | | 4 376.4 (4 375) | AFS ALS | |
| | I | | | USA CL | | (4 373) | ARG | |
| | IRN | | | USA E | | (407) | AUS | ADD |
| | J KAZ | | 4 370.4 | USA W AFS | | | BRB CAN CL | |
| | MDG | | (4 369) | ALS | | | CME | |
| | PNG | | (405) | AUS E | | | D2 | |
| | PNR POL | | (405) | AZE B | | | E GUM | |
| | PTR | | | CHL | | | HOL | |
| | RUS AS RUS NW | | | CHN | | | HWA | |
| | THA | | | CME CNR | | | I IND E | ADD |
| | TKM | | | D2 | | | IRN | |
| | TUN USA CL | | | F GMB | | | J NOR | |
| | USA CL USA E | | | GMB | | | PTR | |
| | USA SO | | | HOL | | | RUS AN | |
| | USA W | | | >> >> | | | >> >> | |

^{*} Note by the Secretariat: This designation replaces the former designation "YUG" which was used previously as a three-letter code for the Administration of Serbia and Montenegro.

| 1 | 2 | 3 | [| 1 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 3 |
|---------|--------|-----|---|---------|-----------|-----|---------|--------|---|
| (407) | << << | | Γ | (410) | << << | | (413) | << << | |
| | RUS NW | | | | IRN | | | GNB | |
| | SNG | | | | ISR | | | GRC | |
| | TUR | | | | MLT | | | GUM | |
| | USA E | | | | MTN | | | HWA | |
| | USA W | | | | NZL | | | J | |
| 4 379.4 | ALS | | | | ROU | | | MCO | |
| (4 378) | ARG | | | | SEY | | | MDR | |
| | ATN | | | | USA E | | | PNR | |
| (408) | В | ADD | Γ | 4 388.4 | AMS | ADD | | POR | |
| | BEL | | | (4 387) | ARG NO | | | PTR | |
| | CAN E | | | | BEL | | | RUS EO | |
| | CAN W | | | (411) | E | | | TMP | |
| | CHN | | | | EQA | ADD | | UKR | |
| | GUM | | | | FLK | | | USA CL | |
| | HRV | | | | HKG | | | USA E | |
| | HWA | | | | Ι | ADD | | USA SO | |
| | Ι | | | | INS | | | USA W | |
| | INS | | | | IRN | | 4 397.4 | ALS | |
| | IRN | | | | J | | (4 396) | СҮР | |
| | J | | | | KIR | ADD | 1 | D1 | |
| | MLD | ADD | | | RUS NW | | (414) | E | |
| | MOZ | | | | TUR | | | FIN | |
| | NZL | | | | UKR | | | INS | |
| | POL | | | | USA CL | | | ISL | |
| | SMA | ADD | | | USA E | | | J | |
| | SUI | | | | USA W | | | KEN | |
| | USA E | | Γ | 4 391.4 | AUS | | | PTR | |
| | USA W | | | (4 390) | D1 | | | RUS EO | |
| 4 382.4 | ARS | | | | EST | | | RUS SW | |
| (4 381) | В | | | (412) | GEO | | | RUS W | |
| | CHN | | | | Ι | | | SHN | |
| (409) | CUB | | | | IND W | | | USA E | |
| | DNK | | | | IRQ | | | USA SO | |
| | GHA | ADD | | | J | | 4 400.4 | ALS | |
| | Ι | | | | LTU | | (4 399) | ARG | |
| | IND W | | | | LVA | | | AUS | |
| | NOR | | | | RUS EO | | (415) | CHN | |
| | PNG | | | | RUS NW | | | DNK | |
| | QAT | ADD | | | RUS SW | | | EST | |
| | S | | | | RUS W | | | F | |
| | THA | | | | UKR | | | GRC | |
| | TUR | | | | USA E | | | GUM | |
| | USA CL | | | | USA SO | | | HWA | |
| | USA E | | | | USA W | | | IRN | |
| | USA SO | | | | YEM | | | LTU | |
| | USA W | | ļ | | 1 GT | | | LVA | |
| 4 385.4 | ALG | | | 4 394.4 | AGL | | | MDG | |
| (4 384) | ARG SO | | | (4 393) | ALG | | | MLA | |
| (110) | CAN W | | | | ALS | | | PNR | |
| (410) | CHN | | | (413) | ARG | | | PTR | |
| | CNR | | | | AZR | | | ROU | |
| | D2 | | | | BHR | | | RUS NW | |
| | G | | | | CAN E | | | RUS SW | |
| | GRC | | | | CAN W | | | RUS W | |
| | GUM | | | | CPV D1 | | | USA E | |
| | HNG | | | | D1 EDI | | | USA SO | |
| | HOL | | | | FIN | | | USA W | |
| I I | >> >> | | 1 | | >> >> | I | L | | |

| 1 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 3 |
|---------|-----------------|----------|---------|------------------|------|--------------------|-----------------|-----|
| 4 403.4 | ALS | | (418) | << << | | (422) | ~ ~ | |
| (4 402) | ARG CL B | | | J KAZ | | | CNR CUB | |
| (416) | EST | | | MTN | | | EST | |
| (| F | | | ROU | | | FIN | |
| | G | | | RUS AS | | | G | |
| | GRC | | | S | | | GRC | |
| | HNG INS | | | TKM USA CL | | | HNG INS | |
| | IRN | | 4 412.4 | AUS | | | IRQ | |
| | ISL | | (4 411) | В | | | J | |
| | J | | (410) | CHL | | | LBY | |
| | LTU LVA | | (419) | CHN CZE | | | LTU LVA | |
| | MAU | | | D2 | | | MRC | |
| | OCE | | | F | | | RUS NW | |
| | RUS SW | | | GUM | | | RUS SW | |
| | USA CL USA E | | | HOL HRV | | | RUS W SUI | ADD |
| | USA U | | | HWA | | | USA E | |
| 4 406.4 | ARG | | | ISL | | | USA W | |
| (4 405) | AUS | | | J | | 4 424 4 | 41.0 | |
| (417) | BEL CZE | | | KOR LBY | | 4 424.4 (4 423) | ALS B | ADD |
| (417) | FIN | | | PTR | | (4 423) | CHN | ADD |
| | G | | | RUS NW | | (423) | D1 | |
| | HKG | | | SVN | 1.00 | | I | |
| | HRV IND W | | | TZA USA SO | ADD | | INS ISR | |
| | J | | | USA W | | | J | |
| | MLA | | 4 415.4 | ALS | | | MLT | ADD |
| | MRC | | (4 414) | AZE | | | PNG | |
| | PNG RUS EO | | (420) | BUL CME | | | PNR POL | |
| | SCG | | (420) | DNK | | | QAT | ADD |
| | SVK | | | GUM | | | ÙSA CL | |
| | TUR | 100 | | HWA | | | USA E | |
| | TZA USA CL | ADD | | I IND E | | | USA SO USA W | |
| | USA E | | | IRN | | 4 427.4 | ALG | |
| | USA SO | | | J | | (4 426) | ALS | |
| | USA W | | | JOR | | (42.4) | ARG | |
| 4 409.4 | YEM ARG | | | KAZ MLA | | (424) | AUS E AUS W | ADD |
| (4 408) | AZE | | | MRC | | | CHN | |
| | В | ADD | | PNR | | | DNK | |
| (418) | BUL CAN E | | | PTR RUS AN | | | GRC GUM | |
| | CAN E CAN W | | | RUS AN RUS AS | | | HWA | |
| | CUB | | | S | | | MRC | |
| | DJI | | | TKM | | | PNR | ADD |
| | DNK E | | | TUR USA E | | | PTR S | |
| | E EGY | | | USA E USA W | | | S SUI | |
| | HWA | | 4 421.4 | ALS | | | THA | |
| | I | ADD | (4 420) | BEL | | | USA CL | |
| | INS ISR | | (400) | CAN W | | | USA E USA SO | |
| | >> >> | | (422) | CHN >> >> | | | USA SO USA W | |
| | >> | | | >> >> | | | USA W | |

| | 1 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 3 |
|--|---------|--------|-----|---------|-------|---|---------|-------|-----|
| | 4 430.4 | ALS | | (427) | << << | | (429) | << << | |
| (425) CHL PAQ USA E BNK F PAQ USA SO GC GUM RUS AN GSA O HNG RUS SW G600 ALS HWA USA CL USA CL ARG SO JOR ADD USA SO CON HWA USA CL USA SO CON MLA VTN CHN CCO NZL VTN CHN CCO PNR 4352.4 ARG CL ARG USA CL ARG CL CHN CCO USA CL ARG CL CHN CCO USA CL ARG CL GEO CCC USA CL ARG CL GEO CCC USA CL ARG CL GEO CCC USA SO CHN GEO GEO USA SO CHN GEO CZE USA SO CHN GEO GCC USA SO CHN RUS SN HNG (425) ARG ALS RUS SN GUM HXA ALS HNG GUN GUN RUS SN HNA J GUN GC HNA J GUN G | (4 429) | В | ADD | | J | | | TKM | |
| DNK POR USA N GRC RUS N RUS N -6502.4 ALG GRC RUS NW 6502.4 ALG ALG HNG RUS NW 6502.4 ALG ARG CL HOL UAE (661) ARG SO ARG J USA CL USA SO CAN W CAN W JOR ADD USA SO CAN W CHL CL WA VIR VIR CCR W CHL CL WIA VIR VIR CCR W CHL CL USA CL ARG SO ARG CCR W CHL CL USA SO GRC GRC CE CI USA SO CIN GRC GRC CE USA SO I ADD SCG I 4433.4 AGL RUS NN HNG HNG GI26 ARG RUS NN I I GUA RUS NN I I ADD <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<> | | | | | | | | | |
| E GRC GUM HNGRUS AN RUS NW SCGUSA W RUS NW SCGUSA W (650)USA W ALS ARG CL ALS ARG CLHNG HWA JJUSA CL USA CL(601)ARG SD ARG SD ARG ARS AZE CAN WARG CCN W CHN CHNH3A NZL PTR USA CL USA CL NZL WZL4352.4ARG CL CAN WCHN NO CHNH3A H3A (4433)AGL (4351)VTNCHN NO CHNH3A (4433)AGL AGG(4351)ARG SO CCNCOG COGH3A (4433)AGL ALGJCHN NO CHNEST GRC GCCOG CCNH433.4 (428)AGL ALGJGGN CHN NO CHNJGGN CHNH433.4 (428)AGL CHN NO CHNJGGN CHN NO CHN NORJADD HWA HNGGGALG CHN NORHING RUS SWHING HNGHING HNGGGHWA CHN NORGGN CHN NORASS NO CHN NORHING HING HINGGGN MDR MDR MDRA3554 GGNALS NO CLMIADD NSHWA MDR MDRGRC GRCHIA HIAHIA HIAADD HIAHWA HWA HWAGRC HWAHIA HIAHIA HIAHA364 HWAGRC HWAIHIA HIAHWA HWAHIA HIAHIA HIAHIA HIAHWA HWAHIA HIAHIA HIAHIA HIAHWA HWAHIA HIAHIA HIAHIA HIA< | (425) | - | | | | | | | |
| GRC GRC RUS EO RUS NW 6502.4 ALG HNG HNG USA UAE 6502.4 ALG HOL UAE UAE (6501) ARG CL ARG SO JOR ADD USA E USA E $CAPW$ CH JOR ADD USA SO USA E $CAPW$ CH USA CL USA CL VIN CHN CHN CHN USA CL AZE RUS AN CHN CZE DI USA CL AZE RUS AN CHN CGEO GUM USA CL AZE GRC GUM HRQ HRQ USA CL USA SO I GUM GUM HRQ HRQ (423) ALG NC RUS AN HRQ HRQ (426) ARG RUS SW IRQ HRQ HRQ GUM (4354) ARG SO IRQ IRQ IRQ GUNA G | | | | | | | | | |
| GUM HNG HNG ALS ARG CL (6 50) ALS ARG CL HWA J USA CL (601) ARG SO ARG CL (601) ARG SO JOR ADD USA CL USA CL (601) ARG SO ARG CL JOR ADD USA SO CHL CL CHL CL CHL CL CHL CL USA USA CL USA SO CHL CL CHL CL CHL CL USA CL 4352.4 ARG SO CHL CL CHL CL USA CL USA CL ARG SO CHL CL CHL CL USA CL USA CL ARG SO CHL CL CHL CL USA CL USA SO CHN CHL CL CHL CL USA SO I AGG J GUM HWA (426) ALS RUS AS I HWA GUM G RUS SW I MDR GUM G I RUS SW INS INS GUM G I <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> | | | | | | | | | |
| HNG HOL HOL HOL J ADD JOR JOR LBY MLA NZL ADD LBY HWA HZ SCG USA E USA E USA E SCG USA E USA CL USA E ATG CL ARG SO ARG SO ARS SO USA W ATG CL ARS CAN W 9 R JOR LBY HZ ADD LBY HZ - USA E USA SO USA W - CAN W - 9 R HT - USA CL USA E - CHI NO CHN CHI NO CHN - 4352.4 ARG CL USA E - ARG SO AZE - DI USA E - 4352.4 ARG CL ARG SO - CHI NO CHN USA ACL USA AS O - 4352.4 ARG SO ARG SO - DI 4433.4 AGL AGG - RUS AN - BI 4433.4 AGL AGG - RUS AN - HWA AZR - RUS AN - HWA - ADD 6 - RUS NW RUS NW - HWA - - 6 - RUS NW - INS INS - 6 - | | | | | | | | | |
| HOL HWA J ADD UAE USA CL USA CC USA V (601) ARG SO ARS AZE JOR MLA ADD USA CL USA V USA CL USA V (601) ARG SO AZS MLA VIR USA V CH. CL VIR AZE PNR 4352.4 ARG SC CH. CL VIR CH. CL VIR USA CL USA SC 4352.4 ARG SC AZE DI USA AE GRC GRC GRC GRC USA SC GRC J HNQ HNQ USA SC GRC J GRC GRC USA SC ALS J GRC HRV (425) ALG ALS HNQ HNQ ALS AZR NCH HNQ HNQ BUL G RUS SN HRV HNQ CPV G RUS SN I IRN GNB 4355.4 ALS I IRN GNB 4355.4 ALS J J GNB GRC GRC I IRN GNB GRC GRC I I HWA GRC ALS I I MDR G GRC I I MDR <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>(6 501)</td> <td></td> <td></td> | | | | | | | (6 501) | | |
| HWA JOR ADD USA CL ARS JOR ADD USA SO CAN ARS USA USA W USA W CAN CAN LBY USA W USA W CHL CL CHL CL HWA VIR VIR CHL CL CHL CL NZL VIR VIR CHL CL CHL CL USA CL VIR VIR CHN CHN USA SO GRC DI CBO GRC USA SO GRC GRC GRC GRC USA SO GRC I GRC GRC USA AG ARG RUS AN HRV HNV (433) ALG ALS RUS AN HRV (443) ALG ARG RUS AN HRV (443) ALG ALS RUS AN HRV (426) ARG RUS NW INS ISD BUL CNN RUS NW INS ISD CPV CYP INS ISA J J G GNB GNB GRC INS ISD MDR MOZ AZE MLA J MDR GRC <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>((01)</td><td></td><td></td></td<> | | | | | | | ((01) | | |
| J JOR JOR ADD LBY MLA NZL PNR USA CL USA CL USA CL USA CL USA CL USA SO USA SO USA SO USA SO USA SO USA SO USA SO C4433.4USA E 4352.4 AGG CL ACE AGG C GRC HWA ALS GRC GRC GRC GRC HWA GRC GRC GRC GRC HWA GRC GRC HWA GRC GRD GRC GRD GRC GRD GRC GRD GRC GRD GRC GRD GRC GRD GRC GRD GRC | | - | | | - | | (601) | | |
| $ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$ | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| MLA NZL PNR USA CL USA XC USA XC (4432)VIR VIR VIR ARG CL (428)CHN CCLN CCE GRC GRC GRC GRC GRC GRC GRC GRC GRC GRC GRC GRC GRC GRC GRC GRC GRC GRC GRC HVA ALS AZR BUL CHN <br< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>ADD</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></br<> | | | ADD | | | | | | |
| NZL PNR USA CL USA CL USA SO USA WVTNCHN COG ACECHN COG CZE43324 USA CL USA SO USA W4352.4 (4351)ARG SO AZECHN COG CZECZE D14433.4 (4432)AGL ALG ALS(428)CHN GRCGEO GC GRCGEO GC4433.4 (4432)ALG ALSJGUM HWA(426)ARG BUL CHN CPVRUS AN RUS AN RUS AN RUS SWHRV HWA(426)ARG AZR BUL GCHNRUS AN RUS SWIG G G GARG RUS AN RUS SWIRN IRN IRNG G MDK HWA4355.4 ALSALS RUS ASO RUS SWIG MDK GRCIADDHWA HWA4355.4 ALSALS RUS ASO RUS SWIRN IRN IRQ IRNG MDR MDR MDR USA E USA W(429) AZEAZE B B B CLM CLMMLD ADD MLDHA36.4 ALS (4135)ALS GG G G CHNIADD ADD4436.4 ALS (427)ALS G CHN DGA G CHNIIUSA SO CLM ADD4436.4 G G CHNALS G G G G GIVTNSCG G CGA GI4436.4 G G GALS G GGGGADD ADD4436.4 G G GALS GGGGADD ADD4436.4 G G GALS GGGGGG G <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> | | | | | | | | | |
| PNR PTR4352.4ARG CL (4351)COG ACEUSA CL USA E USA SO USA W(4351)ARG SO AZECZE4433.4AGL (428)(428)CHN GRCEST GEO4433.4AGL ALSJGRC4433.4AGL (426)JGRC4260ARG AZR BULNMAHRV RUS SAS6426)ARG CCPVRUS AN RUS SWHRV RNS6426)ARG AZR BULRUS SW UKRI6437ARG SO RUS SWIRN RNS7G GRB4355.46438ALS RUS SASKAZ RUS SW644355.4ALS RUS SWIRN RN7G GRBUSA SO7GRA RUS SWITU RUS SW7GRA RUS SWITU RUS SW7GRA RUS SWITU RUS SW7GRA RUS SWARG SO RUS AS7GRA RUS ASALS RUS AS7GRA RUS ASKAZ8MDR RUS W907 R POR USA SOGRA RUS AS4436.4ALS RUS AS4435.4ALS | | | | | | | | | |
| PTRPTR(4 351)ARG SOCZEDIUSA CLAZEDIDIDIUSA CL(428)CHNESTGEOUSA SOGRCGRCGRCGRC4433.4AGLJGUMHWA(442)ALGJGUMHWA(426)ARGNRUS ASHWAALSALSRUS ASIHWAAZRRUS SWIINSBULRUS SWINSIRNCHNUKRUSASUIRNCHNUSASUUSASUISLDNKUSASUISSISLGNB4355.4ALSISLHWA(439)AZEMLAJGUMGAISLMDRBISLISNMOZGRCRUS SWISNNORIGGCRUS SWPORGGGCRUS SWTHAGGCRUS SWADDNORIGGCRUS SWVIA SOIGGCRUS SWVIA SOIGGCRUS SWVIA SOIGGCRUS SWVIA SOIIISA SOIIIIISA SOIIIIISA SOIIIIISA SOIIIIISA SOIIIISA SOIIIISA SOIIIS | | | | 4 352.4 | | | | | |
| USA CL USA SO USA W AZE (428) DI CH DI EST GRC DI EST GRC 4433.4 AGL (432) AGL ALS - J GRC 4433.4 AGL ALS - J GUM HWA HNG HWA (426) ARG - RUS AN RUS AN RUS SN - HNG HWA (426) ARG - RUS SN - HNA (426) ARG - RUS SN - HWA BUL - RUS SW - IRN - CPV - RUS W IRQ - - GN - USA SO - - - GN - - RUS W - - GN - - - - - - GNN - - - - - - - GNN - - - - - - - MDR - | | PTR | | | | | | | |
| USA E USA W (428) CHN GRC EST GEO EST GEO 4433.4 AGL 1 GRC GEO 4433.4 AGL J GRC GEO (426) ARG NUSA N HNG (426) ARG RUS AN HWA (426) ARG RUS AN HWA GUN RUS AN I ADD BUL RUS AN INS HWA CHN RUS AN INS HWA CHN RUS NW INS INS CHN RUS NW INS IRQ CHN RUS NW INS IRQ CHN RUS NW IRQ IRQ CHN RUS NW IRQ IRQ GUM (4354) ARG SO INS GNB 4355.4 ALS LVA J (429) AZE MLA MDR BLR NCL ADD MOZ GG | | | | (, | | | | | |
| USA SO USA W GRC I GRC I GEO GRC GRC GRC 4 433.4 AGL I GRC GRC (4432) ALG J GRC GRC (426) ARG RUS AS HNG BUL RUS SW RUS SW HRV CHN RUS W ISL J CHN RUS W ISL J GR UKR J J GUM (4354) ARG SO LTU GWM (4354) ARG SO LTU HWA AZE MLD ADD MDR GRC RUS W LVA J (429) AZE MLA MDR GRC RUS AS PTR PNR DGA PTR NCL PNR GRC RUS AS SCG USA SO HKAG SCG SCG USA SO HWA SCG SCG USA SO HWA SVK | | | | (428) | | | | | |
| 4 433.4AGLJGUM (4432) ALGALSRUS ANRUS ANHRV (426) ARGRGRUS ANRUS ANHRV AZR BULRUS NWRUS SWIADD BUL CHNCPVRUS SWIRNISL G GUSA SOIRNISLJ G GUSA SOITUIDU G GUSA SOITUIDU HWA JAGS SOITUIDU HWA JACS SOITUIDU HWA JACS SOITUIDU HWA GALSALSIDU HWA GACEMILAADD MOR PORBMLAADD NOR POREROUNCL PNR PORGRUS SWRUS SW PNR PORGCRUS SWSVK TMP GGCRUS SWSVK (427) CHLMDGUSA SO (427) CHLMDGUSA SO (427) CHLMDGUSA SO (427) CHLMDGUSA SS (427) CHLMDGUSA SS G RUS SWRUS SWAZE HWA RUS SWAZE I RUS SWADD $AUS EO$ RUS SWAZE I RUS SWGSW I RUS SWADD I RUS SWAZE I | | USA SO | | | | | | GEO | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| ALS (426)ALS ARGRUS AN RUS AS RUS AS RUS SO RUS SW RUS SW RUS SW RUS SW RUS SW RUS SW RUS W RUS W | 4 433.4 | AGL | | | J | | | GUM | |
| (426) ARG I RUS AS I IWA ADD AZR BUL RUS EO I I ADD BUL CHN RUS SW INS INS INS CPV TKM RUS W IRQ INS IRQ OCPV TKM UKR ISL J ISL ISL G USA SO UKR ITU ISL ITU ISL ITU G USA SO AUS ITU ISL ITU | (4 432) | ALG | | | OMA | | | HNG | |
| AZR BUL CHN CPV CYP DNK GG GNBRUS EO RUS NW RUS SW RUS SW RUS W TKM UKR UKR UKR UKR UKR JIADDG GNB GUM HWA J4355.4 (4354)ALS ALS ALS ALS ALS BB BC BC AZE BC CPN UKAISL J KAZ LBY LVA AUS BC CPN UKR JMDR MOZ PNR POR PNR POR THA (4435)4355.4 (429)ALS ALS ALS ALS ALS GC CCMALS ALS ALS CCMLVA LBY LVA ALS CCM4436.4 (4435)ALS ALS ALS CCMALS ALS ALS ALS ALS CCMALS ALS ALS ALS ALS CCMALS | | | | | | | | | |
| BUL CHN CPVBUL CHN CPVRUS NW RUS SW RUS SWINS RIS RN RN RDS WINS RN RN RD RDS RDS RDS RDKG G G G MDK4355.4ALS ALSIBV LSA SOJGNB4355.4ALS ALSLBY LDSA SOLVA LTUHWA(4354)ARG SO AUSLVA MDRLVA MDRMDR MOZ(429)AZE BMLD ADDMOR NORBNCL ADDADD MCLPNR POR THA USA SOGG CLMRUS ASS RUS ASSTHA (4354)GRC ALSRUS SW RUS ASSTHA (4355)GG AUSI4436.4 (4355)ALS ALSJ4436.4 (4355)ALS ALSJ4436.4 (4355)ALS AUSJ4436.4 (GCAALS ALSJ4436.4 (GCAALS ALSG (427)CHL CHLADD ADSMDA ALSFR AUSGG (427)CHL CHNHWAGNG ALSGG ARUS ASGG ARUS ASGG ARUS ASGG ARUS ASGG ARUS ASGG CRUS ASGG CRUS ASGG CRUS ASGG CRUS ASGG CRUS ASGG CRUS ASGG CRUS ASGGA CRUS ASGGA CRUS ASGGA C <td< td=""><td>(426)</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<> | (426) | | | | | | | | |
| CHN CPV CYPRUS SW RUS W TKMIRN IRQ IRQDNK GUKRISLGNB4355.4ALSGUM(4354)ARG SOJ(4354)ARG SOJ(429)AZEMDRBMLDMOZBLRNORCLMPNRDGAPNRCLMPNRGUMPNRGUMVISA SOEVISA SOEWISA EGUMUSA SOIUSA SOIVISA EGUMUSA SOIUSA WIUSA SOIUSA SO <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>ADD</td></td<> | | | | | | | | | ADD |
| $ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $ | | | | | | | | | |
| CYP DNK GTKM UKRISL IGNB GUM HWA4355.4ALS (4354)KAZ AUSJ(4354)ARG SO AUSLTU IHWA MDR MOZ NOR(429)AZE BMLD MDZNOR PNR POR THA USA EBR CLMMLD MOZPNR POR THA USA ECLM GCCNCL RUS AS GRC HKG4436.4 (4354)ALS ALSRUS AS GRC4436.4 (4354)ALS ALSI4436.4 (4355)ALS AUS BULJ4436.4 (4355)ALS AUS BULJ4436.4 (427)ALS CHL CHNJ4436.4 (GCALS FJ4436.4 (GGALS FALS (427)IALS (427)IALS (427)IALS (427)IALS (427)IALS (427)IALS (427)IALS (427)ALS (427)ALS (427)ALS (427)ALS (427)ALS (427)ALS (ALS (ALS (ALS (ALS (ALS (ALS (ALS (ALS (ALS (GO2)ALS (ALS (602)ALS (602)ALS (602)ALS (602)ALS (602)ALS (602)ALS (602)ALS (602)ALS (602)ALS (602)ALS (602)ALS (602)ALS (ALSALS (ALS< | | | | | | | | | |
| DNK G GNBJJKR USA SOJJGNB4355.4ALSLBYGUM HWA(4354)ARG SO AUSLVAJ(429)AZEMLAMDR MOZBMLDMDR MOZCLMNCLPNR POR PTRCLMNZLPOR PTR USA SOGGCRUS SWTHA TMP USA EGRCRUS SWWA436.4ALSJ(427)CHL CHL CHNJGG CHN DGAJHWAGGUSA SOHWAJHWAAUSHWAJHWAAUSHWAJHWAAUSHWAJHWAAUSAUS SWJGGAUSAUS SWJAUS SWAUS SOAUS SWAUS SOAUS SWAUS SOAUS SWAUS SW | | | | | | | | | |
| G GNB GUMUSA SOKAZ LBY LBYGNB GUM4 355.4ALSLBY LTUHWAAUSARG SOLTUHWA(4 354)ARG SOLTUJ(429)AZEMLAMDRBMLDADDMOZBMLDADDNORCLMDGAPTRPORGCLMPTRPORGGRUS ASTHAGRCRUS SWUSA EGGCRUS ASUSA EJKAZUSA SOII4436.4ALSJ(427)CHLMDW(427)CHLMDW(427)CHNMDWGGRUS ASUSA EMDWGGRUS ASUSA WAUSHWARUS ASGRUS ASHWARUS ASFRUS ASGGRUS ASHWARUS ASFRUS ASGRUS ASHWARUS ASFRUS ASGRUS ASGAUSHWARUS ASGAUSHWARUS WGAUSHWAAUSHWAAUSHWABUIRUS WGADDHWAAUSHWAAUSHWAAUSHWAAUSHWAAUSHWAAUSHWA< | | | | | | | | | |
| GNB GUM HWA4355.4ALS (4354)LBY LTU LTU LVAHWA J(429)ARG SO AUSLUY AUSLVAJ(429)AZEMLDADDMDR MOZ NOR PNR POR PTR THA USA SO USA SO USA WB CLM CLM DGAMLDADD4355.4ALS (LS9)B BLR CLM DGAMLDADDPOR PTR USA SO USA WCLM CLM GGC HKGPTR RUS AS SCG USA SO USA WRUS WSNCL4436.4 (4435)ALS CHN CHN DGA CHN DGAJKAZ KAZ MDWUSA FS (6504)KRS AUS AUS AUS AS USA VSKAZ AUS AS AUS MDWUSA AS CHN AUS ASO CHN DGAAUS AUS ASO AUS ASOAUS ASO AUS AUS AUS ASOAUS ASO AUS AUS AUS AUS ASOAUS ASO AUS ASO AUS ASOAUS ASO AUS ASOAUS ASO AUS ASO4436.4 (427)ALS AUS AUS BUL AUS AUS AUS AUS AUS AUS AUS AUS AUS AUS AUS AUS AUS AUS AUS ASOAUS ASO AUS ASOADD4436.4 (427)ALS AUS AUS AUS AUS AUS AUS AUS AUS ASOADDADD4436.4 (4350)ALS AUS AUS AUS AUS ASOADDADD4436.4 (4350)ALS AUS AUS ASOADDADD4436.4 (4350)ALS AUS AUS ASOADDADD4436.4 (4350)ALS AUS AUS ASOADDADD4436.4 (6504)ALS AUS E ADD <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<> | | | | | | | | | |
| GUM HWA J(4 354)ARG SO AUSIILTU LVAHWA J(429)AZEIIVANUAMDR MOZ(429)AZEMLAMLAADDMOR MOZBBLRNCLADDNOR PNRCLMDGANZLPTRPOR PTR THAGGRUS ASTHA USA EGRCRUS ASRUS ASUSA SO USA WIISVK4436.4 BULALSJUKR(427)CHL CHNIMDWUSA EGGIMDWIUSA SOCHN CHNIRUS ASISA SOGGRUS ASASSAUSAUSHWAIAUSAUSISA SOHWAIAUSAUSAUSHWAIAUSAUSAUSHWAIAUSAUSAUSHWAIAUSAUSAUSHWAIAUSAUSAUSHWAIAUSAUSAUSIIAUSAUSAUSAUS EAUSAUS EADDAUS EAUS EAUSAUSAUS EAUSAUSAUSAUS EAUSAUSAUSAUS EAUSAUSAUSHIRUS WAUS EAUS EAUSAUSAUSAUS ERUS WAUS EHRUS W | | | | 1 355 4 | | | | | |
| HWAAUSLVAJ(429)AZEMLAMDRBHWAMLDMOZBNCLMORBLRNCLPNRCLMNZLPNRDGAPTRPORERUS ASTHAGRCRUS ASUSA EGRCRUS WUSA SOHWASVKUSA WI4436.4ALSJ(427)CHLMDG(427)CHLMDGGGRUS ASCHNPTRDGAFGRUS ASUSA WAUSAUSKAZGUSA CLBULMDGCHNPTRDGARUS ASERUS ASGRUS ASGRUS ASALSAUS EAUS EAUS EAUS ERUS SWHWARUS SWIRUS SWIRUS SWIRUS SWAUS EAUS E | | | | | | | | | |
| JJ(429)AZEMLAMDRMDRBMLDADDMOZBLRNCLADDNORCLMDGAPTRPORERUS ASTHAGRCRUS ASTHAGRCRUS SWUSA EUSA SOHWAUSA WISVK4436.4ALSJ(427)CHLMDGCHNDGAVSA EBULMDGWISA SOCHNPTRGGRUS ASGGRUS ASGUASVKAUSAUSBULMDGCHNPTRGGRUS ASGRUS ASGRUS ASGRUS ASAUS ASALSAUS ASALSAUS ASALSAUS ASAUSAUS ASAUSAUS ASAUSAUS ASAUS ASCHNPTRDGARUS ASFRUS ASGAUS EAUS EADDAUS EADDAUS EADDAUS EADDAZEIRUS WIRUS WIAZE | | | | (4 334) | | | | | |
| MDRMDRBMLDADDMOZBLRCLMNCLADDNORCLMDGAPTRADDPORERUS ASPTRPTRGRUS ASRUS ASTHAGRCRUS SWSCGUSA EHKGASCGSCGUSA VITKMSVKBULJUSA SOUSA CBULMDWPTRUSA SOCHNPTRMDWSVKBULMDWMDWCHNPTRRUS ASGGRUS ASAFSGGRUS ASADDMUXRUS SWADSBULMDWUSA SOCHNPTRUSA SOGGRUS AS6 505.4GRUS SWAUS EAUS ASRUS SWAUS EADDRUS SWAUS EADDRUS SWAUS EADDRUS SWAUS EADDRUS SWAZE | | | | (429) | | | | | |
| MOZMOZBLRNCLADDNORPNRDGANZLNZLPORDGAEROUPTRPORGRUS ASRUS ASTHAGRCRUS SWRUS SWUSA EHKGSCGSVKUSA WISVKSVKUSA WJUSA CUSA CBULMDWUSA EUSA CUSA CGULMDWFTRUSA CUSA CGGAFULMDWUSA CUSA CGGARUS ASSFTRUSA CUSA CHULMDWFTRUSA SOUSA CGGARUS ASSFTRUSA SOHWARUS ASSAUSAUSAUSRUS WAUSAUSAUSRUS WAUSAUSAUSRUS WAUSAUS | | MDR | | () | | | | | ADD |
| NORNORCLMNZLPNRDGAPTRPOREROUPTRGRUS ASTHAGRCRUS SWUSA EHKGSCGUSA SOHKGSVKUSA WITKM4436.4ALSJBULMDWUSA CLBULMDWUSA SOCHNPTRUSA SOCHNPTRGGRUS ASGGARUS ASGULMDWCHNPTRGGRUS ASGGRUS ASGGARUS ASGGRUS ASGGRUS ASGGRUS ASGGRUS ASGGRUS ASHWARUS SWIAUS EAUS ERUS ASAUS EAUS EAUS AAUS EAUS EA | | MOZ | | | | | | NCL | ADD |
| POR PTR THA TMP USA E USA SO USA WPOR FTR TMP USA E USA SO USA WPOR GROU G4 436.4 (4 435) (427)ALS CHN DGA E GAUS FAUS FKAZ T MDWSCG TKM USA E USA CL USA CL USA CL USA CL USA CL MDW4 436.4 (4 435) (427)ALS CHN CHN DGA E GAUS FKAZ T TKMUSA CL USA CL USA CL USA CL USA CL USA SO USA SO USA SO T AUS SO CHN DGA E FAUS F AUS T TKMAUS S T TKM TKM4436.4 (427)ALS CHN CHN T TR | | NOR | | | | | | NZL | |
| PTR THA TMPGGRUS AS RUS SWTMP USA E USA SO USA WGRC GUMRUS WRUS WUSA E USA SO USA WHKGSVGSCGUSA WISVKSVKIJUKR4436.4 BUL CHNAUSKAZUSA CLBUL OGA EMDWUSA SOUSA SOOGA GRUS AS6 505.4AFSGRUS AS6 505.4ALSJRUS AS6 505.4ALSAUS CHNRUS ASAUSAUSDGA FRUS SWAUS EADDHWARUS SWAZEADD | | PNR | | | DGA | | | PTR | |
| THA TMP USA E USA SO USA WGRC GUM HKGRUS SW RUS W SCG4 436.4 (4 435)ALS BUL CHNITKM4 436.4 (4 435)ALS BUL CHNJUSA CL USA SO(427)CHL CHNMDW CHNUSA AS CHNUSA AS CHN6 505.4 G G G HWARUS AS CHSADD ALS6 505.4 ALSAFS ALS ALS ALS CHNAUS ALS ADD1IRUS W(602)BADD | | POR | | | E | | | ROU | |
| TMP USA E USA SO USA WGUM HKG HWARUS W SCG SVK4 436.4 (4 435)ALSISVK K4 436.4 (4 435)ALSJUKR(4 435)AUS BUL CHN DGA EMDGUSA CL USA CUSA CL USA E(427)CHL CHN DGA GMDW FTR RUS AS6 505.4 (6 504)AFS ALSGG HWARUS SW RUS SWAUS EADD AZEIIRUS WADD | | | | | - | | | | |
| USA E USA SO USA WHKG HWASCG SVK4 436.4 (4 435) (4 435) (4 435) (4 435) (4 27)ALS SUL CHL CHN DGA E G G HWAJSVK TKM USA CL USA CL USA CL USA CL USA CL USA SO USA W(427)CHL CHN DGA E G HWAMDG PTR RUS AS RUS AS RUS SW6 505.4 ALS ALS ALS ALS G 505.4HWA HWARUS SW I RUS SWAUS E AZE | | | | | | | | | |
| USA SO USA WHWASVK4 436.4 (4 435)ALSJKAZ6 405BULKAZUSA CLBULMDGUSA E(427)CHLMDWCHNPTRUSA SODGARUS AS6 505.4ERUS EO(6 504)GHWARUS SWIRUS SWAZEIRUS W6602)IBADD | | | | | | | | | |
| USA WIITKM4 436.4ALSJUKRUKR(4 435)AUSKAZUSA CLUSA CLBULMDGUSA SOUSA SOUSA SO(427)CHLPTRUSA WUSA WDGARUS AS6 505.4AFSALSGRUS NWAUS EADDAUS EHWARUS WRUS WAZEADD | | | | | | | | | |
| 4 436.4ALSJUKR(4 435)AUSKAZUSA CLBULMDWUSA SO(427)CHLMDWDGARUS AS6 505.4ERUS AS(6 504)GRUS NWAUS EHWARUS SWAZEIRUS W(602)BADD | | | | | | | | | |
| (4 435)AUS BULKAZ MDGUSA CL USA E(427)CHL CHNMDWUSA SO0GA E G HWARUS AS RUS SW6 505.4AFSAUS E AUS ERUS NWAUS EADDHWA IRUS SWAZEADD | 4.426.4 | | | | | | | | |
| BULMDGUSA E(427)CHLMDWUSA SOCHNPTRUSA WDGARUS AS6 505.4ERUS EO(6 504)GRUS NWAUS EHWARUS SWAZEIRUS W(602)BADD | | | | | | | | | |
| (427) CHL CHN MDW PTR USA SO USA W DGA RUS AS 6 505.4 AFS E RUS EO (6 504) ALS G RUS NW AUS E ADD HWA RUS SW AZE I RUS W 6602) B | (4 435) | | | | | | | | |
| CHN DGA EPTR RUS ASUSA WG HWARUS AS RUS EO6 505.4AFS (6 504)G HWARUS NW RUS SWAUS EADD AZEIRUS W(602)BADD | (427) | | | | | | | | |
| DGA ERUS AS RUS EO6 505.4AFS (6 504)GRUS NW HWARUS NW RUS SWAUS EADDIRUS W(602)BADD | (727) | | | | | | | | |
| ERUS EO(6 504)ALSGRUS NWAUS EADDHWARUS SWAZEIRUS W(602)B | | | | | | | 6 505 4 | | |
| G HWA IRUS NW RUS SW RUS WAUS E AZE (602)ADD | | | | | | | | | |
| HWARUS SWAZEIRUS W(602)B | | | | | | | (0.504) | | ADD |
| I RUS W (602) B ADD | | - | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | (602) | | ADD |
| | | >> >> | | | >> >> | | | >> >> | |

| 1 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 3 |
|-----------------------------|--|-------------------|-----------------------------|--|------------|-----------------------------|--|-----|
| (602) | Second Se | ADD ADD ADD | (603) | Control Contro | ADD | (605) | Contraction of the second seco | ADD |
| | HOL HRV HWA I INS IRN KAZ KOR LTU | | 6 511.4 | RUS NW S SMO UKR USA CL USA E USA SO USA W ALS | | | IRN IRQ J KOR LBY MDG NZL PTR RUS EO | ADD |
| | LTU LVA MCO MDG POL POR PTR RUS AN RUS AS RUS EO | | (6511.4 (6510) (604) | ALS ATN AUS B BUL CAN W CHL CHN CME E | ADD ADD | (520 4 | S SVN UKR URG USA CL USA E USA SO USA W | |
| | RUS NW RUS SW RUS W SNG TKM TUN TUR USA CL USA E USA SO | | | GUM HKG HRV HWA I INS IRN ISR MDG MTN | | 6 520.4 (6 519) (607) | ARG AUS CHN CLM CUB DGA F GRC HKG J MDG | |
| 6 508.4 (6 507) (603) | USA W ALB ALG ALS ARG ARS AUS CAN NO CAN W CYP | ADD | | PNG POL PTR RUS NW TUN TUR TUV USA CL USA E USA SO | ADD | 6 523.4 (6 522) | OMA RUS AN RUS EO RUS NW UAE USA SO VTN ALS ARG CL | |
| | CTP DNK E GRC GUM HNG HWA IND E INS IRN >> >> | | 6 514.4 (6 513) (605) | USA SO USA W ALG ALS B BUL CAN E CAN E CAN W CNR COG >> >> | ADD | (608) | ARG SO AUS B BLR CHN DGA E EST G GRC >> >> >> | |

| 1 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 3 |
|---------|------------|-----|---------|------------------|-----|-----------------|--------------|-----|
| (608) | < << | | (802) | < << | | 8 735.4 | ALS | |
| (000) | GUM | | (**=) | MOZ | | (8 734) | ARG | |
| | HWA | | | POR | | (, , , , | AUS | ADD |
| | J | | | USA E | | (806) | BEL | |
| | KOR | | | USA SO | | l ` ´ | BHR | |
| | LVA | | 8 726.4 | AFS | | | Е | |
| | MDW | | (8 725) | ATN | | | GRC | |
| | MOZ | | | BEL | | | GUM | |
| | PTR | | (803) | CAN E | | | HOL | |
| | RUS AS | | | CUB | | | HWA | |
| | RUS AN | | | E | | | I | |
| | RUS EO | | | KOR | | | J | |
| | RUS NW | | | LTU | | | PNR | |
| | RUS SW | | | LVA | | | POL | |
| | RUS W | | | PNG | | | PTR | |
| | UKR | | | RUS EO | | | SMA | ADD |
| | USA E | | | RUS NW | | | UKR | |
| | USA SO | | | RUS SW | | | USA E | |
| | USA W | | | S | | | USA W | |
| 8 720.4 | AFS | | | SEN | | 8 738.4 | AZE | |
| (8 719) | ALS | | | SUI | ADD | (8 737) | CAN W | |
| (004) | BHR | | | TUR | | (0.0 - | CHL | |
| (801) | CHL | | | USA CL | | (807) | COG | |
| | DNK | | 8 729.4 | ARG | | | CUB | |
| | E | | (8 728) | E | | | CYP | |
| | GUM | | (0.0.1) | FIN | | | CZE | |
| | HWA ISR | | (804) | GRC | | | I ISL | ADD |
| | J | | | IRQ J | | | J | |
| | MLA | | | JOR | ADD | | MDG | |
| | PNR | | | MCO | ADD | | MTN | |
| | PTR | | | POL | | | NZL | |
| | ROU | | | QAT | ADD | | RUS AN | |
| | RUS AN | | | RUS AS | ADD | | RUS AS | |
| | S | | | RUS EO | | | RUS SW | |
| | USA E | | | SNG | | | RUS W | |
| | USA SO | | | USA E | | | SHN | |
| | USA W | | | USA SO | | | TKM | |
| | | | | USA W | | | USA CL | |
| 8 723.4 | AGL | | 8 732.4 | AFS | | 8 741.4 | AFS | |
| (8 722) | ALG | | (8 731) | ALB | | (8 740) | ALS | |
| | ALS | | | BEL | | | ARG | |
| (802) | ARG | | (805) | Е | | (808) | ARS | |
| | AUS | | | EQA | ADD | | DNK | |
| | AZR | | | FIN | | | E | |
| | CHN | | | HOL | | | GRC | |
| | CLN | | | IRN | | | GUM | |
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| | D2 | | | ISR | | | I | ADD |
| | FIN | | | J | | | J | |
| | G | | | LVA | | | ROU | |
| | GNB | | | NCL | | | S | |
| | GRC HOL | | | PNG BUS EO | | | USA E | |
| | HOL HWA | | | RUS EO RUS SW | | 8 744.4 | USA W ALG | |
| | IND E | | | USA E | | 8 /44.4 (8 743) | ALG AUS W | |
| | IRQ | | | USA E USA SO | | (0 /43) | CHL | |
| | MDR | | | USA W | | (809) | CNR | |
| | >> >> | | | 0.0.1 17 | | | >> >> | |
| 1 | 1 | I I | L | 1 | | 1 | 1 | I I |

| 1 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 3 |
|--------------------|-----------------|-----|---------------------|-----------------|-----|---------|-----------------|-----|
| (809) | << << | | (812) | << << | | (814) | << << | |
| | CUB | | | J | | | USA E | |
| | CZE | | | LTU | | | USA SO | |
| | D2 | | | LVA | | | USA W | |
| | FIN | | | NZL | | 8 762.4 | AUS W | |
| | GRC ISL | | | POL RUS NW | | (8 761) | BEL | |
| | J | | | USA CL | | (815) | CHL CHN | |
| | MCO | | | USA E | | (815) | D1 | |
| | NOR | | | USA SO | | | EST | |
| | SVK | | | USA W | | | GRC | |
| | THA | | 8 756.4 | AGL | | | IRQ | |
| | USA E | | (8 755) | ALG | | | J | |
| | USA W | | | ALS | | | JOR | ADD |
| 8 747.4 | ARG | | (813) | AUS | | | MRC | |
| (8 746) | BUL | | | AZR | | | RUS NW | |
| (810) | CAN E CHN | | | BEL CHL NO | | | RUS SW SNG | |
| (810) | E | | | CHL NO CHN | | | USA E | |
| | Е FJI | | | CPV | | | USA E USA SO | |
| | HRV | | | DNK | | | USA W | |
| | INS | | | GNB | | 8 765.4 | ALS | |
| | IRN | | | GRC | | (8 764) | ARG | |
| | J | | | GUM | | | BRB | |
| | MOZ | | | HNG | | (816) | CHN | |
| | NOR | | | HWA | | | COG | |
| | POL | | | IND W | | | E | |
| | TUR USA E | | | MDR MOZ | | | G GRC | |
| | USA E USA SO | | | NOR | | | GUM | |
| | USA W | | | PNR | | | HWA | |
| 8 750.4 | ARG | | | POR | | | INS | |
| (8 749) | ARS | | | PTR | | | LTU | |
| | AUS | | | USA CL | | | LVA | |
| (811) | DNK | | | USA E | | | PTR | |
| | F | | | USA SO | | | RUS NW | |
| | HKG HNG | | 8 759.4 | USA W | | | RUS SW RUS W | |
| | HNG HRV | | 8 / 59.4 (8 758) | ALS ARG | | | TUN | |
| | J | | (8738) | AZE | | | USA E | |
| | NOR | | (814) | CAN W | | | USA SO | |
| | S | | | CUB | | | USA W | |
| | SCG | | | EST | | 8 768.4 | ALS | |
| | TUR | | | GEO | | (8 767) | AUS | |
| | USA E | | | GRC | | (01.5) | CAN E | |
| | USA SO | | | HWA | | (817) | CHL | |
| 8 753.4 | USA W ALS | | | I INS | | | D1 EGY | |
| 8 753.4 (8 752) | ALS ARG SO | | | J | | | F | |
| (0 752) | BEL | | | , KIR | ADD | | GUM | |
| (812) | CAN NO | | | LTU | | | HWA | |
| Ì | CHN | | | LVA | | | IRN | |
| | Е | | | RUS AN | | | PNR | ADD |
| | GEO | | | RUS AS | | | PTR | |
| | HWA | | | RUS EO | | | ROU | |
| | I | ADD | | RUS SW | | | RUS EO | |
| | INS | | | RUS W USA CL | | | RUS SW | |
| | ISR >> >> | | | >> >> | | | THA >> >> | |
| I. | > | | I | | i 1 | I. | > | I |

| 1 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 3 |
|---------|------------------|-----|--------------------|-------------|-----|--------------------|------------|-----|
| (817) | << << | | (820) | << << | | 8 792.4 | ALG | |
| | USA CL | | | GUM | | (8 791) | ALS | |
| | USA E | | | HWA | | | AMS | ADD |
| | USA SO | | | Ι | | (825) | ARG | |
| | USA W | | | IND E | | | BRB | |
| | YEM | | | IRN | | | CAN CL | |
| 8 771.4 | ALS | | | J | | | CKH | |
| (8 770) | ARG | | | PNR | | | DNK | |
| | BUL | | | PTR | | | F | |
| (818) | CHN | | | RUS NW | | | GHA | ADD |
| | CME | | | SMO | | | HNG | |
| | CYP | | | TZA | ADD | | IND E | |
| | DNK | | | USA E | | | IRN | |
| | GUM | | | USA W | | | KAZ | |
| | HWA | | 8 783.4 | AUS | ADD | | KGZ | |
| | LBY | | (8 782) | В | | | RUS EO | |
| | MLA | | | CHN | | | S | ADD |
| | PNR | | (822) | G | | | TKM | |
| | PTR | | | HNG | | | UKR | |
| | S | | | HRV | | | USA E | |
| | SEY | | | IRN | | | USA SO | |
| | UKR | | | KEN | | | USA W | |
| | USA E | | | MRC | | 8 795.4 | CAN W | |
| | USA W | | | SUI | | (8 794) | CHN | |
| 8 774.4 | ALS | | | UKR | | | CLM | |
| (8 773) | AZE | | | USA E | | (826) | CME | |
| | В | | | USA SO | | | D2 | |
| (819) | CAN W | | | USA W | | | G | |
| | EST | | 8 786.4 | ARG | | | GUM | |
| | G | | (8 785) | CAN E | | | HOL | |
| | GEO | | | DNK | | | I | |
| | GRC | | (823) | GRC | | | INS | |
| | GUM | | | I | | | J | 100 |
| | HWA | | | IND W | | | QAT | ADD |
| | I | | | IRQ | | | UKR | |
| | INS | | | J | | | USA CL | |
| | J | | | ROU | | | USA E | |
| | KAZ | | | RUS EO | | 0.700.4 | 110 | |
| | LVA | | | RUS NW S | | 8 798.4 (8 707) | ALS | |
| | PAQ | | | | | (8 797) | ARG | |
| | PNR RUS AN | ADD | | TMP TZA | ADD | (827) | DJI DNK | |
| | RUS AN | | | USA W | ADD | (027) | E | |
| | RUS AS RUS NW | | 8 789.4 | B | ADD | | E GUM | |
| | RUS NW RUS SW | | 8 /89.4 (8 788) | в CHN | | | HRV | |
| | THA | | (0 /00) | D1 | | | HWA | |
| | TKM | | (824) | GRC | | | IRN | |
| | USA CL | | (024) | IRN | | | ISR | |
| | USA E | | | MRC | | | KOR | |
| | USA SO | | | OMA | | | MAC | |
| | USA W | | | POL | | | NIU | |
| | YEM | | | RUS NW | | | PNR | |
| 8 777.4 | ALS | | | SNG | | | PTR | |
| (8 776) | ARG | | | SUI | | | S | |
| () | CYP | | | TUN | | | SCG | |
| (820) | D1 | | | USA E | | | SVN | |
| | D2 | ADD | | USA SO | | | USA E | |
| | GRC | | | USA W | | | USA W | |
| | >> >> | | | | | | | |
| | • | | | | | • | | |

| 8 801.4 (8 800) ALS DI 8 810.4 (8 807) CHN COG DD 8 711.4 (8 807) ALS (8 710) ARG CL ARG CL ARG SO (828) D1 (831) FLK (835) AZE GUM I IRN ISL (835) AZE GUM IRN ISL GCM HWA INS J MDG HWA MAU MLA MLA HWA NOR PTR SUI GCM HWA USR USR SUI TUR PTR USR USA W USA W RUS AN RUS AN (8 803) BEL GGM GUM TUR SUI (8 804) ADD (8 13.4 ALS BUL SUI SO (8 804) BRM ADD GUM TKM SUI SO SUI SO (8 804) BR ADD GMB RUS AN RUS AN RUS AN USA E URA URA URA RUS AN RUS AS | 1 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 3 |
|--|---------|-------|-----|---------|--------|--------------|----------|--------|---|
| B B C D2 AR2 (828) DI F (831) FLK (835) AZE GUM I I F G G G G HNG IRN I IRN F G GC GUM HWA ISL G GC GUM F GUM F J MUG MLA MDG HWA J GUM HWA MAU MRC MRC MDW MDW MDW MDW NOR PTR USA SO USA SO RUS AN RUS AN USA E USA W USA SO RUS AN RUS AN RUS AN USA E USA E 813.4 ALS RUS AN RUS AN RUS AS USA E GUM TKM GUM TKM RUS AS RUS AS (820) CHN GUM TKM TKM UKR USA SO USA E | 8 801.4 | ALB | | 8 810.4 | CHN | | 8 711.4 | ALS | |
| $ \left(\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | (8 800) | ALS | | (8 809) | COG | | (8 710) | ARG CL | |
| F CO G CO G CO DCA GUM HNG I IRN F F HWA ISL G G F F HWA ISL G GCG F F HWA ISL G GCG GUM F HWA J MDG HWA J GUM F J MAU MLA MLA J GUM HWA MAU MRC MRC KOR HWA J VISA USA SO USA SO RUS AN RUS AN USA E USA SO USA SO RUS AN RUS ASO USA E GUM HWA SUI SUI RUS ASO USA E GUM GUM TKM RUS ASO SUI (829) CHN GUM TKM SUI SUI GMB ADD GUA RUS AN USA SO USA SO </th <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> | | | | | | | | | |
| GUM HNG HNG HNG INS JIIIEEHNG HNG HNG MAUJJGRC GRC GUMINS JJMDGHWA JMAU MAC MTN NOR PTRMDGHWA JMRC MTN NOR PTRMDGHWA MDGMRC MTN VOR PTRMDGHWA MDWNOR PTR USA ESUI | (828) | | | (831) | | | (835) | | |
| ING HWA HWA JNS JING HWA HWA JSIRN SIRN SF GRC GUMNS JMAU MRC MRCMDG MLA MRC MRC USAMDG MRC MRC MRC USA USAJHWA GUMNOR PNR PTR USA E USA E USA E USA E CHN GRB GMB RN BRM ADD8813.4 (822)ALS B BL GUMMRC MDW MRC USA SO USA WRUS AN RUS AN RUS AN RUS AN RUS AN RUS AN RUS AN RUS AN RUS | | | | | | | | | |
| HWA INS INS INS MAUINS INS INS MAUINS INS INS MAUISL JGRC GC GC MDG PTR USAGRC MDG MRC PTR USAGRC MDW8 804.4 (8 803)AUS BEL BC BRM GCH8 813.4 (8 812)ALS BUL BUL GUMNOR PTR USA WNOR PTR USA WPTR TUR BUL GUMNOR PTR USA W8 804.4 (8 803)AUS BEL BRM GMB GMB IRN LBY NOR CYP CYP CYP DNK HND MDD8 813.4 (832)ALS CHN CLN GUMRUS AN RUS AN SCG CLN CLN GUMRUS AN RUS AN< | | | | | - | | | | |
| INS JJJJMUAMUAMUAMAUMRCMLAJJMRCMRCMRCJMRCMRCMRCJMRCMRCMRCMDWNORPTRSUIMDWNORVIRUSA EWIRUSA EUSA EUSA WWIRUSA EUSA EBULRUS ANUSA EUSA EBULSCGUSA EGUMCLMTHABRMADDGUMTHA(829)CHNHKGUSA ECYPDNKFINGUMUSA SOGMBADDNORRUS SNUSA EIRNFINRUS ANUSA EUSA SOGMBADDRUS AN(813)AZEUSA EUSA EUSA SOUSA SOOCEPRGTUR(836)PRGUSA SOUSA SOUSA EUSA SOUSA SOUSA EUSA SOUSA SOUSA EUSA SOUSA SO< | | | | | | | | | |
| J J MAU MAU MAU MAU MAU MAC MAC J J MRC MRC MRC MRC MRC KOR J J MTN NOR PTR PTR MDW OMA MDW PNR USA USA SO USA W RUS AN RUS AN USA W USA W BB BUL RUS NW SCG (8 803) BEL BUL BUL SCG SUI (8 804) BEL GUM HTA KMC WUK USA W ADD (832) CHN CHN SCG (8 804) BEL GUM HUG THA SUI (8 806) BRM ADD GUM HUG UKR USA E IRN ADD ADD RUS AN UKR USA E UKR IBN ADD ADD RUS AN UKR USA W UKR USA E GMB RUS AN UKR UKA UKA UKR USA E GMB RUS AN UKR UKA UKA UKA USA E GMB RUS AN UKR UKA UKA U | | | | | | | | | |
| MAU MRC MTN NOR PR PTR UKR USA E USA E USA WMLA MRC PTR USA SO USA SOJ8804.4 (8803) BEL BEL BRM (829)AUS CHN CHN FIN GMB HNN USA SOALS BBL BUL CHN GMB HRN USA SOAUS CHN CHN CHN CHN BRM GMBADD (832)BS13.4 ALS BBL BUL CHN CHN CHN CHN CHN BRM GMB HRN USA SOALS BUL BUL CHN CHN CHN CHN CHN CHN CHN CHN CHN CHN CHN CHN CHN CCE PRG SS USA SOADD CHN CHN CHL CHN CHL CHN CHL CHN< | | | | | | | | | |
| MRC MTN MR PNR USA USA E USA E USA E USA WMRC PTR TUR USA SO USA WMRC PTR TUR USA SO USA WMADW MDW MDW MDA MDW8 804.4 USA E USA WAUS (8 802)8 813.4 (8 812)ALS B BRUS AN RUS AN BUL BUL CLMRUS NW SCG SCG8 804.4 (8 802)BR BEL BCL BCH CYP DNK FIN GMB IRN LBY MLD ADDADDB8(3.4 (8 32)ALS CLM CLMRUS NW SCG SCG8 807.4 (8 800)ADD CCE PRG USA SO USA VADDRUS AN GCHTKM TKM8 807.4 (8 30)AZE USA SO USA SOMLT TUR RUS AN USA E USA SOTUR RUS AN RUS AN <br< th=""><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th></br<> | | | | | | | | | |
| MTN NOR PR PTR UKR USA E USA E USA WPTR SUL TUR USA SOMDW OMA OMA8804.4 (8803)AUS BEL CHN CYP CHN BRM ADD8813.4 (8812)ALS B BU CLMRUS AN RUS AN RUS AN CLM8804.4 (829)AUS CHN CYP DNK FIN LBY NOR OCE6832)CHN CLMSUI TTR BUL GCH8807.4 (830)AZE CHN CCHGRC TUR RUS ANTRN RUS AN RUS ANST14.4 RTR CLMAUS CLM8807.4 (830)AZE CHN CCHFTR RUS AN RUS AN RUS ANST14.4 RTR CHLAUS RUS AN CHL8807.4 (830)AZE CHN CCHRUS AN RUS AN <th></th> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> | | | | | | | | | |
| NOR PNR PNR UKR | | | | | | | | | |
| PNR PTR UKR USA E USA E USA E USA E USA EPTR USA E USA E USA EPTR RUS AN RUS AN <th></th> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> | | | | | | | | | |
| PTR UKR USA E USA WPTR | | | | | | | | | |
| USA E USA W8 813.4 (8 812)ALS B BUL (812)RUS EO RUS NW SCG8 804.4 (8 803)AUS BEL BRM CYP(832)CHN CUMSUI SUI(829)CHN CYP DNK GMB IRN LBY NOR OCE PRG USA SO | | | | | | | | | |
| USA W(8 812)BRUS NW8 804.4AUS(8 812)BBUL8 804.4AUS(8 20)CLMSUI(8 803)BEL(8 20)CLMTKMBRMADDGUMHKGTKM(8 29)CHNKORUSA SOCYPHWAKORUSA SODNKMDGMLTUSA SOFINMDGRUS ANCHLRNMLDADDRUS ANNORRUS ANRUS ANCHLNORUKRUAEIVKRUSA EUSA SOUSA SOUSA SORUS ANUSA EUSA EUSA SOUSA SOUSA SORUS ANUSA EUSA SORUS ASOUSA SOCHNCHN(8 300)FGRCHRVIND WIINSJCHNIRNKAZMDGINSJCUBIRNKAZMDGPOILRUS ASMDGPORPTRKAZPORPTRPORPTRPNGPTRPORPTRRUS ASRUS AS <t< th=""><th></th><th>UKR</th><th></th><th></th><th>USA W</th><th></th><th></th><th>RUS AS</th><th></th></t<> | | UKR | | | USA W | | | RUS AS | |
| 8 804.4 (8 803)AUS BEL BRM BRM (829)KOUS CHN CHN CYP DNK FIN GMB BRN ADDBUL (832)BUL CHN GUM HKGSCG SUI SUI HUN GUM HKG HKG MDG(829)CHN CYP DNK FIN LBY NOR OCE PRGHKG HWA MDG-THA TKM USA E USA SO8 807.4 (830)AZE CHN CHN USA SOBUL CHN HWA PTR RUS AN RUS AN RUS AS USA E USA SO8 807.4 (830)AZE CHN CHN BUL ISA SO8 807.4 (830)AZE CHN CHN HRV IND W IND W IND W8 807.4 RXZ POL PNG PNG PNG PNG PNG PNG PDL8 806.5 RUS AS USA SO8 807.4 RXZ RXZ RXS AS8 807.4 RXZ RXS AS8 704.4 RXZ RXS AS | | USA E | | 8 813.4 | ALS | | | RUS EO | |
| 8 804.4 (8 803) AUS BEL BRM ADD (832) CHN CHN GUM HKG SUI THA (829) CHN CYP DNK FIN GMB RN LBY MLD ADD (832) CHN CLM GUM HKG JUR UKR USA E 0 MB RN LBY MLD MDT WAC USA E 0 MR RN CYP MLT 8 714.4 AUS 0 CE MLT 8 714.4 AUS 0 CE MLT 8 714.4 AUS 0 CE TUR 8 708.4 RUS AN USA SO USA SO USA SO CHN 0 Sta SO USA SO RUS AS RUS AS 0 Sta SO BUL (834) CLM 8 717.4 1 ST1.4 ARG CL GRC AZE 1 RN GUM HWA GRC AZE 1 RN KOR G GRC <th></th> <th>USA W</th> <th></th> <th>(8 812)</th> <th>В</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th>RUS NW</th> <th></th> | | USA W | | (8 812) | В | | | RUS NW | |
| (8 803) BEL BRM ADD ADD CLM GUM THA TKM 8807.4 ACM GUM TKM (829) CHN HWA UKR DNK HWA UKR UKR DNK MDG USA SO USA SO GMB MLT USA N USA NOR USA NOR NOR ADD RUS AN RUS AN CHN NOR ADD RUS AN RUS AN CHN NOR USA UKR USA SO E VKR USA E USA E RUS AN RUS AN VUKR USA E USA E RUS AN RUS AN USA SO USA E USA E RUS AN RUS AN USA SO USA E USA E USA E I USA SO USA SO USA E USA E USA E USA SO ISA SO USA E USA E UKR ISA SO ISA SO USA SO USA SO UKR | | | | | | | | | |
| $\left(\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | | | | (832) | | | | | |
| (829) CHN HKG HWA UKR CYP DNK HWA UKR UKR DNK FIN KDG USA E USA SO GMB ML PTR 8 714.4 AUS CHL IRN QAT RUS AN RUS AN CHL CHL NOR QAT RUS EO (8 713) AZE CHL OCE TUR RUS AN RUS AN E CHL NOR OCE TUR E E CHL CHL S UKR URG USA E USA SO E I RUS AN USA V VKR USA E USA SO RUS AN RUS AS RUS AN USA W VTN USA W VTN UKR URG URG IR (830) CHN (834) CLM GRC AZE URG URG IS IS (830) CHN GRC GRC AZE URG IS IS IS IS IS (830) | (8 803) | | | | | | | | |
| CUCYCYP DNKHWA KORUKRDNKFIN GMBMLDKORUSA SOFIN GMBIRN IRNMLDMLTUSA SOIRN LBY MLDADDRUS AN RUS AN8714.4AUS (8713)AZEMLD OCEADDRUS AN RUS AN(8713)AZEPRG USA SOURG(836)CHNOCE USA SOURGIIUKRUSA EURGRUS ANUSA EUSA SOUSA SORUS ANUSA EUSA SOUSA SORUS ANUSA EUSA SOUSA SORUS ANUSA SOUSA SOUSA SORUS SOBUL (830)(8707)CHLUSA SOBUL (830)(834)CLM8717.4AZE HRV IND WGRC GRCAZEIRN KAZ MCOJJCHNIRN RAZ POL PTRJCHNRUS ASOJJCHNRUS ASOJJCHNRUS ASOJJCHNRUS ASOJJCHNRUS ASOJJCHNRUS ASOJPORJPNG PTRPTRRUS ASMDGRUS ASORUS ASORUS ASMDGPTRRUS ASORUS SWRUS ASRUS ASORUS WWRUS ASRUS ASRUS ASORUS WWRUS ASRUS ASRUS ASORUS SWRUS SWRUS AS< | (0.0.0) | | ADD | | | | | | |
| DNK FIN GMB IRN LBY MLDADDKOR MDG MLT PTRUSA E USA SO USA WIRN LBY MLDADDMLT PTR8714.4AUS USA WNOR OCE | (829) | - | | | - | | | | |
| FIN GMB IRN IRN LBY MLDADDMDG MLT PTR QATUSA SO USA WIBY MLDADDMDGMLT PTR QAT8 714.4AUS (8 713)NOR OCEQATRUS AN RUS EO(8 713)AZE CHLPRG UKRUAEIIUKR USA SO USA SOUAEIIUKR USA SO USA SOUSA EIIB 807.4 (8 806)AZE USA SORUS AN USA WRUS AN USA SORUS AN RUS ASB 807.4 (8 806)AZE USA SOIS 707)CHL USARUS NW USAB 807.4 (8 300)AZE USA SORUS AS USA SORUS AS USA SORUS AS USA SOB 807.4 (8 300)AZE USA SOIS 717.4ARG SO AZEB 807.4 (830)ADD F HRV(834)CLM GGRC8 717.4ARG CL USA SOIND W INS I | | | | | | | | | |
| GMB IRN LBY MLDADDMLT PTR QATMLT PTR (8713)USA WMLD NOR OCEADDRUS AN RUS ANRUS AN RUS EO8714.4 (8713)AUS AZEOCE PRG USA ETUR UAERUS AN UKRRUS AN RUS ASCHNUKR USA EUSA EIRN RUS ANRUS ANUSA SO USA SOUSA SORUS AN RUS ANRUS AN8807.4 (8806)AZE BRUS AN RUS ANRUS AN RUS ANRUS AN RUS AN8807.4 (8806)AZE F(8707)CHL CHNUKRUKR8807.4 (830)CHN F(834)CLM GGRRUS AN CHNUSA SOF HRV IND WISA FGRC GRCAZE CHNUSA SOIRN KAZ POL PTR RUS ASOJGUM F(837)BLR GRC GRCIRN RUS AS RUS EOIND FKOR RUS ASIND GRCGRC GRCJPNG PTR RUS ASOIND FKAZ RUS ASAMDG RUS ASJPTR RUS ASOIND FRUS ASARUS ASARUS ASAPTR RUS ASOIND FRUS ASARUS ASARUS ASAPTR RUS ASOIND FIND RUS ASAIND RUS ASARUS ASAPTR RUS ASOIND FIND RUS ASARUS ASARUS ASAPTR RUS ASOIND RUS ASAIND RUS ASAIND RUS ASAIND RUS ASAPTR RUS ASOIND RUS ASOIND | | | | | | | | | |
| IRN LBY MLDADDPTR QAT RUS AN8 714.4AUS (8 713)MLDADDRUS AN RUS AN(8 713)AZE (8 713)CHLNOR OCETUR PRGRUS AO UAE(836)CHNPRG USA EUAE USA EUAE USA EIRUS ANUSA E USA VUSA EUSA ERUS ASRUS ASUSA VUSA WUSA WUSA WRUS SWRUS SWUSA WVTNVTNTKMUKRUSA WVTNUKRUKRUKR8 807.4AZE (8 706)(8 707)CHL CHNUKRUKR8 807.4AZE (8 707)(830)CHNACE (8 707)UKR8 807.4AZE (8 707)GGCAZEUSA SO90L IRN RNADDJCHNCHN1NS IRNADDJCHNCHNNS POL PTR RUS ASJCUBGRC GRCJPOL PTR RUS ASOADDPTR PTRJCUBPOL PTR RUS ASOIRUS AS RUS SWMDG RUS ASRUS AN RUS ASRUS ASOIIRUS ASRUS ASRUS ASOIIRUS ASRUS AN RUS AS | | | | | | | | | |
| LBY MLDADDADDQAT RUS AN RUS AN RUS EO(8 713)AZE CHL CHLNOR OCETU RUSRUS AN RUS EO(836)CHNPRG UKR USA EUAEUAEIS USA EUSA EUSA EIUSA SO USA WUSA SOUSA SORUS ASUSA WVTNVTNKKR8 807.4 (8 806)AZE(8 707)CHLBUL (830)(834)CLMUSA SOBUL HRV INS INS RUS(834)CLM8 717.4ARG CL HRV INS RCOADDGRCAZEF HRV NCOADDHWA(837)BLR POL PTR RUS ASOADDPTR PTR RUS ASOGRCPOL PTR RUS ASOF PTR RUS ASOADDPTR RUS ASORUS ASDJPUL PTR RUS ASOPTR RUS ASOGRCPOL PTR RUS ASORUS ASMDG RUS ASDPOL PTR RUS ASORUS ASDRUS ASPOL PTR RUS ASORUS ASRUS ASPOL PTR RUS ASORUS ASDRUS ASRUS ASORUS ASORUS ASDRUS ASORUS ASDRUS ASDRUS ASORUS ASDRU | | | | | | | 8 714 4 | | |
| MLD NOR OCE PRGADD NOR OCE PRGADD NOR OCE PRGADD RUS RUS UKR USA E USA E USA SO USA SO USA WRUS AN RUS AS USA SO USA WCHL (836)CHL E RUS AN RUS AN RUS AN RUS AS RUS SO USA W8 807.4 USA E USA WAZE RUS AN RUS AN (830)8707.4 F F HRV IND W INS IRN RUS F F HRV IND W8708.4 RORA CHLAUS CHNRUS AN RUS ASO USA W8 807.4 USA E USA WAZE (8707)8708.4 CHL CHNAUS CHNRUS NW UKR8 807.4 USA WAZE (8707)8707.4 CHNRUS NW UKR8 807.4 USA WAZE (8707)0000 CHNURG USA SO8 807.4 USA WAZE (8707)0000 CHNURG USA SO8 807.4 USA WAZE (8707)0000 CHN0000 CHN8 807.4 USA SOAZE GRC0000 CHN0000 CHN8 807.4 USA SOAZE GRC0000 CHN0000 CHN10000 PNG PNG PNGJ PTR RUS AS RUS SW00000 CHN901 PNG PTR RUS ASO00000 PTR RUS ASO00000 RUS AS RUS SW00000 RUS AS RUS AS RUS AS RUS ASO901 PTR RUS ASO00000 RUS ASO00000 RUS AS RUS AS RUS ASO000000 RUS AS RUS AS RUS ASO901 PTR RUS ASO000000 RUS ASO0000000 RUS ASO00000000 RUS ASO000000000000000000000000000000000 | | | | | | | | | |
| OCE PRG S UKR USA E USA SO USA WTUR UAE UAE USA SO USA SO USA WE I I RUS AS RUS AS USA SO USA WE I I RUS AS RUS AS< | | | ADD | | | | (0 / 10) | | |
| OCEDCETUREPRGUUAEISURGURGUKRUSA EUSA SOUSA SOUSA SORUS ASUSA WVTNRUS NWUSA WVTN8 807.4AZE(8 707)(8 806)BCHNBUL(834)CLMBUL(834)CLMFGRCAZEHRVGM(837)IND WJINSJIRNKAZMCOADDPNGPTRPNGPTRPNGPTRPNGPTRRUS ASRUS ASORUS ASRUS ASORUS ASRUS ASO | | NOR | | | RUS EO | | (836) | CHN | |
| S UKR USA E USA SO USA WRUS AN RUS AS USA SO USA WRUS AN RUS AS RUS SO USA W8 807.4 (8 806) B BUL (830)AZE F F HRV IND W8 708.4 (8 34)AUS CHL CHNRUS NW UKR8 807.4 (830)AZE F F HRV(834)CLM GRC GUM8 717.4 (837)ARG CL USA SO1000 F HRV INS IRN NCO PNG1000 F F HRV1000 F F F HRV1000 F F F HRV INS IRN RUS AS F F HRV1000 F F F F HRV INS IRN RUS AS F F HRV1000 F F F F F F F F HRV INS IRN RUS AS F F HRV1000 F F F F F F F F F HRV INS IRN RUS AS F F HRV INS IRN RUS AS RUS AS <br< th=""><th></th><th>OCE</th><th></th><th></th><th>TUR</th><th></th><th></th><th>Е</th><th></th></br<> | | OCE | | | TUR | | | Е | |
| UKR USA E USA SO USA WUKR USA SO USA WRUS AS RUS NW8807.4 (8806)AZE B B BUL (830)8708.4 CHLAUS CHLRUS NW TKM UKR8807.4 (8806)AZE B BUL BUL (830)8707,0 CHLCHL CHNURG USA SO(830)CHN F F HRV IND W INS RVS ND W(834)CLM DGA GRC GRC8717.4 ARG CL (8716)ARG SO AZE(830)CHN F F HRV IND W INS RVS PR PNGS717.4 CHNARG CL CLMURG USA SO6000GRC GRC JGRC JAZE CUB GRCGRC GRC7HRV INS RUS AS POL PTR RUS AS RUS ASJ PTR RUS AS RUS SWKAZ RUS AS RUS AS RUS AS RUS AS RUS ASMDG RUS AS RUS AS RUS AS RUS ASRUS AS RUS AS RUS AS RUS AS | | PRG | | | UAE | | | I | |
| USA E USA SO USA WUSA SO USA WRUS EO USA W8 807.4 (8 806)AZE B B8 708.4 (8 707)AUS CHLTKM UKR8 807.4 (8 806)AZE B(8 707) CHLCHNURG8000 BB CHN(834)CLM8 717.4 GRCARG CL (8 716)(830)CHN F HRV IND W(834)CLM8 717.4 GRCARG CL AZE(830)CHN F FGRC68 716) GRCARG SO AZEIND W INS IRN KAZJ POR PORCUB GRCCUB GRCPNG PTR RUS AS RUS ASADD PTR RUS ASMDW RUS SWGRC GRCPOL PTR RUS ASRUS AS RUS SWRUS AS RUS AS RUS ASMDG RUS AS | | | | | | | | | |
| USA SO USA WUSA WUSA WRUS NW8 807.4 (8 806)AZE8 708.4AUSUKR8 807.4 (8 806)BCHNUKRURGBUL (830)BUL(834)CLM8 717.4ARG CL(830)CHNGRCAZEAZEHRV IND INSHRVGUM(837)BLRIRN KAZJJCUBPNGPORPTRGRCGRCPNGPTRKAZMDWGRCPNGPTRRUS ASMDGJPTR RUS ASRUS ASRUS ASMDGPTR RUS SWRUS ASRUS ASRUS ASUSA SOUKRRUS ASRUS ASRUS ASRUS ASRUS ASRUS ASRUS ASUKRRUS ASRUS ASRUS ASUKRRUS ASRUS ASRUS ASOUKRKAZRUS ASOKUS WRUS ASRUS ASOKUS WRUS AS | | | | | | | | | |
| USA WVTNTKM8 807.4AZE8708.4AUSUKR(8 806)BCHNCHNURGBUL(837)CHNCHNUSA SO(830)CHN(834)CLM8717.4ARG CL(830)CHNGRCAZEBLRHRVHVGUM(837)BLRIND WHWAJCUBCUBIRNJCUBCUBKAZMCOADDPORPNGPTRKAZMDGPTRRUS ASRUS ASMDGPTRRUS ASRUS ASRUS ASRUS SWRUS SWRUS ASRUS ASUSA SOUKRUKRRUS ASRUS ASOUKRRUS ASRUS ASOUKRRUS ASRUS ASOUKRRUS ASRUS ASOUKRRUS AS | | | | | | | | | |
| 8 807.4AZE8 708.4AUSUKR(8 806)BCHLCHLUSA SOBUL(834)CLMARG CLUSA SO(830)CHNGRCAZEARG SOFGRCGUM(837)BLRHRVHRVJCHNCHNIND WKORGGRCIRNKORGGRCPNGPORJCUBPNGPTRRUS ASMDGPTRRUS ASRUS SWRUS ASRUS ASRUS SWRUS ASRUS ASUSA SOUKRUKRRUS NW | | | | | | | | | |
| 8 807.4 (8 806)AZE B BUL (830)(8 707) CHL CHN (830)CHL CHN CHN BGUL (834)URG USA SO(830)CHN CHN BUL CHN F HRV IND W INS IRN MCO PNG(834)CLM DGA8 717.4 (834)ARG CL AZE (8716)(830)CHN CHN GGRC JGGRC GUM HWA(837)BLR CHN CHN CHN GGRC GGRC GGRC JIRN MCO PNG PTR RUS AS RUS AS RUS SOJCUB GGRC GGRC JPNG PTR RUS AS RUS SWPTR RUS AS RUS SW RUS SWKAZ RUS AS RUS AS RUS AS RUS AS RUS AS | | USA W | | 0.500.1 | | ├ ──┤ | | | |
| (8 806)BUSA SOBUL(834)CLM8 717.4ARG CL(830)CHNDGA(8 716)ARG SOFGRCGRCAZEHRVIND WHWA(837)BLRINSJCUBCUBIRNKAZMDWGRCPNGPTRKAZMDGPTRRUS ASRUS ASMDGPTRRUS ASRUS SWRUS ASRUS ASRUS SWRUS ASRUS ASRUS ASUKRRUS NWRUS NW | 0 007 4 | A 7 F | | | | | | | |
| BUL (830)(834)CLM DGA GRC8 717.4ARG CL ARG SO AZE(830)CHN F HRV IND W INS IRN KAZGRC GUM HWA(837)BLR BLR CHN CHNIRN KAZ POL PTR RUS AS RUS AS RUS SOJ PTR RUS AS RUS SW UKRGRC GCL AZE GCDBUL (830)J CUB GRC GC DOR PTR RUS AS RUS SW UKRGRC GC GC GRC MCO ADD | | | | (0 /0/) | | | | | |
| (830)CHNDGA(8 716)ARG SOFGRCGRCAZEHRVGUM(837)BLRIND WHWACHNINSJCUBIRNKORGKAZMDWGRCMCOADDPORPNGPTRKAZPOLRUS ASMDGPTRRUS SWRUS ANRUS EOUKRRUS WRUS NWRUS AS | (0 000) | - | | (834) | | | 8 717.4 | | |
| FGRCAZEHRVGUM(837)BLRIND WHWACHNINSJCUBIRNKORGKAZMDWGRCMCOADDPORPNGPTRKAZPOLRUS ASMDGPTRRUS SWRUS ASRUS EORUS WRUS ASRUS EOUKRRUS NW | (830) | | | | | | | | |
| HRV IND W INSGUM HWA(837)BLR CHN CHNINS IRN KAZ MCOJCUBMCO PNGMDWGRC PORJPNG PTR RUS AS RUS ASPTR RUS AS RUS AS RUS ASMDG RUS AS RUS AS RUS ASRUS AS RUS ASRUS AS RUS AS RUS ASMDG RUS AS RUS AS RUS AS | (200) | | | | - | | | | |
| IND WHWACHNINSJCUBIRNKORGKAZMDWGRCMCOADDPORPNGPTRKAZPOLRUS ASMDGPTRRUS ASMDGRUS ASRUS SWRUS ASRUS EORUS WRUS EOUSA SOUKRRUS NW | | | | | | | (837) | | |
| IRN KAZ MCOKORGPNGPORJPNGPTRKAZPOLRUS ASMDGPTRRUS SWRUS ASRUS ASRUS SWRUS ASRUS EORUS WRUS EOUSA SOUKRRUS NW | | IND W | | | HWA | | | CHN | |
| KAZ MCOMDDMDWGRCPNGPORJPNGPTRKAZPOLRUS ASMDGPTRRUS SWRUS ANRUS ASRUS SWRUS ASRUS EORUS WRUS EOUSA SOUKRRUS NW | | | | | | | | | |
| MCOADDPORJPNGPTRKAZPOLRUS ASMDGPTRRUS NWRUS ANRUS ASRUS SWRUS ASRUS EORUS WRUS EOUSA SOUKRRUS NW | | | | | | | | | |
| PNGPTRKAZPOLRUS ASMDGPTRRUS NWRUS ANRUS ASRUS NWRUS ANRUS ASRUS SWRUS ASRUS EORUS WRUS EOUSA SOUKRRUS NW | | | | | | | | | |
| POLRUS ASMDGPTRRUS NWRUS ANRUS ASRUS SWRUS ASRUS EORUS WRUS EOUSA SOUKRRUS NW | | | ADD | | | | | | |
| PTRRUS NWRUS ANRUS ASRUS SWRUS ASRUS EORUS WRUS EOUSA SOUKRRUS NW | | | | | | | | | |
| RUS AS RUS EORUS SWRUS AS RUS WUSA SOUKRRUS NW | | | | | | | | | |
| RUS EO RUS W RUS EO USA SO UKR RUS NW | | | | | | | | | |
| USA SO UKR RUS NW | | | | | | | | | |
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| USA SO | | | | | | | | | |

| 1 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 3 |
|----------|--------------|-----|-----------|-----------------|---|-----------|-----------------|-----|
| (837) | << << | | 13 087.4 | ALS | | 13 096.4 | AGL | |
| | RUS W | | (13 086) | D2 | | (13 095) | ALG | |
| | TKM | | | F | | | ATN | |
| | UKR | | (1204) | GRC | | (1207) | AZR | |
| | USA SO | | | GUM | | | BEL | |
| 13 078.4 | ARG | | | HWA | | | CAN W | |
| (13 077) | CAN NO | | | ISR J | | | CHN CPV | |
| (1201) | CHN CYP | | | LVA | | | EQA | ADD |
| (1201) | E | | | MAC | | | GRC | ADD |
| | G | | | NOR | | | HOL | |
| | INS | | | PNR | | | IRN | |
| | QAT | ADD | | PTR | | | ISR | |
| | RUS EO | ADD | | RUS SW | | | J | |
| | RUS NW | | | RUS W | | | MDR | |
| | RUS SW | | | USA E | | | MOZ | |
| | UKR | | | USA SO | | | POR | |
| | USA E | | | USA W | | | RUS NW | |
| | USA SO | | | | | | SCG | |
| | USA W | | 13 090.4 | ALS | | | TMP | |
| 13 081.4 | ARS | | (13 089) | ARG | | | | |
| (13 080) | CHL | | | D1 | | 13 099.4 | ARG | |
| | D2 | | (1205) | Е | | (13 098) | CHN | |
| (1202) | FJI | | | GEO | | | CYP | |
| | G | | | GUM | | (1208) | D1 | |
| | GRC | | | HWA | | | EST | |
| | HNG | | | I | | | GRC | |
| | J | | | J | | | HNG | |
| | MRC | | | LTU | | | Ι | ADD |
| | RUS AN | | | LVA | | | ISL | |
| | SUI | | | MOZ | | | J | |
| | TUN | | | NCL | | | LTU | |
| | USA CL | | | NOR | | | LVA | |
| | USA E | | | PTR | | | RUS SW | |
| | USA SO | | | TMP UKR | | | RUS W USA E | |
| 10.004.4 | USA W | | | UKR USA E | | | USA E USA SO | |
| 13 084.4 | AGL | | | USA E USA SO | | | USA 50 | |
| (13 083) | ALS | | | USA SO USA W | | 13 102.4 | AFS | |
| (1202) | AUS E AZR | | | YEM | | (13 102.4 | AFS | |
| (1203) | CHN | | | 112.00 | | (13 101) | B | |
| | CLM | | 13 093.4 | ALB | | (1209) | BHR | |
| | CPV | | (13 092) | AUS W | | (120)) | CAN W | |
| | DNK | | (10 0) 1) | CHN | | | E | |
| | GNB | | (1206) | D2 | | | EST | |
| | GRC | | () | E | | | FIN | |
| | HWA | | | FIN | | | I | |
| | IRQ | | | G | | | INS | |
| | LBY | | | I | | | J | |
| | MDR | | | IRN | | | NZL | |
| | MOZ | | | ISL | | | POL | |
| | POR | | | J | | | RUS NW | |
| | RUS EO | | | MDG | | | RUS SW | |
| | S | | | MRC | | | TUR | |
| | TMP | | | TUR | | | USA E | |
| | USA CL | | | USA E | | | USA SO | |
| | USA E | | | USA SO | | | USA W | |
| | USA SO | | | USA W | | | | |
| | USA W | | | | | | | |

| 1 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 3 |
|-----------|-----------------|-----|----------|--------------|------|---------------------------------------|--------------|-----|
| 13 105.4 | CHL | _ | (1213) | << << | - | (1216) | << << | |
| (13 104) | DЛ | | , , | GRC | | , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , | PNR | |
| | DNK | | | HOL | | | POL | |
| (1210) | Е | | | Ι | | | PTR | |
| | GRC | | | IND E | | | SNG | |
| | GUM | | | IRN | | | TUR | |
| | IND W | | | IRQ | | | USA E | |
| | INS | | | ISR | | | USA SO | |
| | ROU | | | KOR | | | USA W | |
| | RUS AN | | | NOR | | 13 126.4 | ALG | |
| | RUS EO | | | RUS AN | | (13 125) | AZE | |
| | S | | | SMO | 4.00 | (1017) | BUL | |
| | SUI URG | ADD | 12 117 4 | USA W | ADD | (1217) | CUB | |
| | UKG USA E | | 13 117.4 | ALS AUS | | | DNK GRC | |
| | USA E USA SO | | (13 116) | B | | | GUM | |
| | USA SO USA W | | (1214) | CAN W | | | IND E | |
| 13 108.4 | ALS | | (1214) | CAN W CUB | | 1 | IND E IRQ | |
| (13 107) | B | | | DNK | | | J | |
| (13 10/) | CHN | | | GRC | | | KAZ | |
| (1211) | CUB | | | GUM | | 1 | NOR | |
| (1211) | DNK | | | HNG | | | RUS AS | |
| | Е | | | IRN | | | RUS EO | |
| | Ι | | | PTR | | | S | |
| | IRQ | | | RUS EO | | | SHN | |
| | J | | | S | | | USA CL | |
| | KAZ | | | USA CL | | | USA E | |
| | MLA | | | USA E | | | USA SO | |
| | NOR | | | USA SO | | | USA W | |
| | PAQ | | | USA W | | 13 129.4 | ALS | |
| | RUS AN | | 13 120.4 | ALG | | (13 128) | BEL | |
| | RUS AS | | (13 119) | BEL | | (1010) | CHL | |
| | S | | (1015) | CME | | (1218) | CME | |
| | TKM USA CL | | (1215) | DNK | | | CNR D1 | |
| | USA E | | | E GRC | | | D1 GUM | |
| | USA SO | | | HOL | | | HWA | |
| | USA W | | | IND W | | | I | |
| 13 111.4 | ALS | | | ISL | | | IRN | |
| (13 110) | D1 | | | ISR | | | J | |
| (| GRC | | | J | | | NIU | |
| (1212) | HWA | | | PNR | | 1 | NOR | |
| | INS | | | PTR | | | PNR | |
| | J | | | ROU | | | PTR | |
| | MAU | | | S | | | RUS SW | |
| | PTR | | | SEY | | | TUR | |
| | RUS EO | | | USA SO | | | USA E | |
| | RUS SW | | | USA W | | | USA SO | |
| | RUS W | | 13 123.4 | ALB | | | USA W | |
| | USA E | | (13 122) | ALS | | 13 132.4 | ALS | |
| 10.11.1.1 | USA SO | | (1210) | ARG | | (13 131) | B | |
| 13 114.4 | ARG | | (1216) | CHN | | (1210) | BEL | |
| (13 113) | BEL | | | EGY | | (1219) | BUL | |
| (1212) | BRB CAN E | | | FIN GUM | | | DNK HOL | |
| (1213) | CAN E CHN | | | GUM HWA | | 1 | HOL J | |
| | CHN CNR | | | HWA IRN | | 1 | J LTU | |
| | FIN | | | MRC | | 1 | LTU | |
| | >> >> | | | >> >> | | | >> >> | |
| 1 | | I I | | | | 1 | | I I |

| 1 | 2 | 3 | 1 | | 2 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 3 |
|---------------------------------------|--|-----|------------------------|------|---|------------|--|---|-----|
| (1219) | <pre></pre> | - | 13 14 (13 1 (122 | 46) | AFS ALS CHL D1 FIN G GHA GUM HRV | ADD | 13 159.4 (13 158) (1228) | B CHL CHN CUB EST G GEO HNG I | ADD |
| 13 135.4 (13 134) (1220) | USA E USA SO USA W ALS ARG D2 FJI GRC GUM | ADD | 13 15 | 50.4 | HWA J MCO NZL PNR PTR USA E USA W CHN | | | LVA MLD NOR RUS SW RUS W UKR USA CL USA E USA W | ADD |
| | HWA IRN ISL J JOR PNR POL PTR TUN USA E USA SO USA W | ADD | (13 1 (122 | 25) | E GRC IRN JOR MDG NOR PNG ROU RUS NW USA E USA SO AUS | ADD | 13 162.4 (13 161) (1229) | ARG AUS AZE BUL CAN E F HRV J KAZ KGZ KOR LTU | |
| 13 141.4 (13 140) (1222) | ALS ARG CAN E CKH F HWA IND W IRN J NOR ROU RUS EO TUR | ADD | (13 1 | 52) | CHL CZE DNK F IRN J MCO RUS NW S TUR USA E USA SO USA W | ADD ADD | 13 165.4 (13 164) (1230) | LVA POL QAT RUS AN RUS AS RUS NW RUS SW RUS W USA W USA W ARG CYP FIN G | ADD |
| 13 144.4 (13 143) (1223) | USA W ARS B CZE DNK GRC GUM J MRC S SVK UKR USA E USA SO USA W | ADD | 13 15 (13 1 (122 | 55) | ALS AUS E FIN GUM HRV HWA IND E PNR POL PTR RUS EO SUI TZA USA E USA W | ADD | 13 168.4 (13 167) (1231) | HWA I J MTN SUI UKR USA E USA SO USA W ALS AUS F GRC GUM HKG >> >> | |

| 1 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 3 |
|----------|--------|-----|-----------|--------|-----|----------|--------|---|
| (1231) | << << | | (1234) | << << | | (1238) | << << | |
| | HWA | | l ì í | OMA | | × , | RUS AS | |
| | IRN | | | RUS EO | | | RUS EO | |
| | LBY | | | USA SO | | | RUS NW | |
| | NOR | | | USA W | | | RUS SW | |
| | PNR | | 13 180.4 | ARG | | | TKM | |
| | POL | | (13 179) | CHN | | | TUR | |
| | PRG | | (| F | | | UKR | |
| | PTR | | (1235) | G | | | USA E | |
| | USA E | | | HOL | | | USA SO | |
| | USA W | | | J | | | USA W | |
| 13 171.4 | ALG | | | KOR | | 13 192.4 | ALS | |
| (13 170) | ALS | | | LVA | | (13 191) | AZE | |
| (| ARG | | | RUS AN | | (| В | |
| (1232) | AZE | | | RUS EO | | (1239) | BUL | |
| () | D2 | | | RUS NW | | (···) | CAN E | |
| | G | | | RUS SW | | | CHN | |
| | GRC | | | THA | | | E | |
| | GUM | | | TUR | | | F | |
| | HWA | | | UKR | | | GUM | |
| | J | | | USA SO | | | HWA | |
| | KAZ | | | UZB | | | J | |
| | MTN | | 13 183.4 | BRM | ADD | | KAZ | |
| | PNR | ADD | (13 182) | CHN | | | MDG | |
| | SMA | ADD | (13 102) | I | | | PTR | |
| | TKM | | (1236) | RUS EO | | | QAT | |
| | USA E | | (1250) | UAE | | | RUS AN | |
| | USA W | | | UKR | | | RUS AS | |
| 13 174.4 | AZE | | | USA SO | | | RUS EO | |
| (13 173) | B | | 13 186.4 | CHN | | | RUS SW | |
| (| CHN | | (13 185) | F | | | RUS W | |
| (1233) | CLM | | (10 100) | ISR | | | SCG | |
| () | E | | (1237) | J | | | TKM | |
| | G | | (1207) | LVA | | | TUR | |
| | GEO | | | PTR | | | UKR | |
| | GRC | | | RUS AS | | | USA E | |
| | J | | | RUS SW | | | USA SO | |
| | LVA | | | SUI | | | USA W | |
| | MLT | | | TUR | | 13 195.4 | ARG CL | |
| | RUS AN | | | UAE | | (13 194) | ARG SO | |
| | RUS AS | | | UKR | | l` í | AUS | |
| | RUS EO | | | USA CL | | (1240) | CHN | |
| | RUS NW | | | USA E | | | DGA | |
| | RUS SW | | | USA SO | | | GRC | |
| | RUS W | | | VIR | | | GUM | |
| | TKM | | 13 189.4 | ALS | | | HKG | |
| | TUR | | (13 188) | B | | | HWA | |
| | UKR | | () | BLR | | | KGZ | |
| | USA SO | | (1238) | CHL | | | MDW | |
| | VTN | | (-======) | CHN | | | POR | |
| 13 177.4 | ALS | | | EST | | | PTR | |
| (13 176) | AUS | | | GUM | | | RUS AN | |
| | CHN | | | HWA | | | RUS EO | |
| (1234) | CLM | | | KOR | | | RUS NW | |
| | Е | | | MCO | ADD | | RUS SW | |
| | HWA | | | PAQ | | | RUS W | |
| | KOR | | | PTR | | | USA E | |
| | MDG | | | RUS AN | | | USA SO | |
| | >> >> | | | >> >> | | | USA W | |
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| 13 198.4 | ALS | | 17 252.4 | AUS | | 17 267.4 | ARS | |
| (13 197) | CHN | | (17 251) | CAN E | | (17 266) | BEL | |
| (1241) | D2 | | (160.0) | F | | (1(00)) | СКН | |
| (1241) | DGA | | (1604) | GRC | | (1609) | E | |
| | GUM HWA | | | J NOR | | | GRC IND E | |
| | IND E | | | ROU | | | ISR | |
| | IND W | | | 100 | | | J | |
| | J | | 17 255.4 | DNK | | | RUS NW | |
| | MDW | | (17 254) | F | | | USA E | |
| | PTR | | | IND W | | | USA SO | |
| | UKR | | (1605) | IRN | | | USA W | |
| | USA E USA W | | | J | | 17.250.4 | ALIC | |
| | USA W | | | OCE RUS SW | | 17 270.4 (17 269) | AUS CHN | |
| 17 243.4 | ALS | | | S | | (17 209) | D1 | |
| (17 242) | ARG | | | UKR | | (1610) | EGY | |
| (1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1 | DNK | | | USA E | | (1010) | INS | |
| (1601) | HWA | | | USA W | | | IRN | |
| | J | | 17 258.4 | В | | | MTN | |
| | LTU | | (17 257) | CUB | | | NOR | |
| | NOR | | | FIN | | | RUS NW | |
| | RUS NW RUS SW | | (1606) | G I | | | TUN UKR | |
| | RUS SW RUS W | | | ISL | | | URG | |
| | S | | | J | | | USA E | |
| | SEY | | | NZL | | | USA SO | |
| | TUN | | | PTR | | | USA W | |
| | UKR | | | RUS SW | | | | |
| | USA E | | | TUR | | 17 273.4 | В | |
| | USA SO | | | USA SO | | (17 272) | FIN | |
| 17 246.4 | ARS | | 17 261.4 | USA W | | (1611) | G HRV | |
| (17 246.4 | AUS E | | (17 260) | ALS ATN | | (1011) | J | |
| (17 243) | CME | | (17 200) | CANE | | | LBY | |
| (1602) | G | | (1607) | GRC | | | MLA | |
| . , | GRC | | | IND E | | | SUI | |
| | MRC | | | IRN | | | TUR | |
| | RUS AN | | | MCO | | | USA E | |
| | RUS EO RUS SW | | | NOR POL | | | USA SO USA W | |
| | USA E | | | RUS EO | | | USA W | |
| | USA SO | | | RUS NW | | 17 276.4 | ALS | |
| | USA W | | | USA E | | (17 275) | AUS | |
| | | | | USA SO | | | CUB | |
| 17 249.4 | ALS | | | USA W | | (1612) | GEO | |
| (17 248) | ARG NO | | 1 | 1.50 | | | GUM | |
| (1602) | CHN CYP | | 17 264.4 | AFS | | | HWA JOR | ADD |
| (1603) | DNK | | (17 263) | CAN W CHN | | | MRC | ADD |
| | HNG | | (1608) | CZE | | | PTR | |
| | I | | (1000) | DNK | | | RUS EO | |
| | MLT | ADD | | EQA | ADD | | RUS NW | |
| | NOR | | | I | | | RUS SW | |
| | S | | | MTN | | | UKR | |
| | USA E | | | S | | | USA E | |
| | USA SO USA W | | | SVK TUR | | | USA SO USA W | |
| | USA W | | | IUK | | | USA W | |
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| 17 279.4 | ALS | | (1617) | << << | | (1623) | << << | |
| (17 278) | В | | () | HNG | | () | HOL | |
| (| BEL | | | IRN | | | HWA | |
| (1613) | Е | | | ISR | | | PNR | |
| () | GRC | | | RUS EO | | | PRG | |
| | GUM | | | S | | | PTR | |
| | HWA | | 17 294.4 | ARG | | | UKR | |
| | IRN | | (17 293) | BHR | | | USA E | |
| | ISR | | (1/2)3) | DNK | | | USA SO | |
| | NOR | | (1618) | G | | | USA W | |
| | PNR | | (1010) | HRV | | 17 312.4 | D1 | |
| | PTR | | | IND W | | (17 311) | E | |
| | ROU | | | J | | (1, 511) | Ī | |
| | RUS EO | | | MRC | | (1624) | J | |
| | SNG | | | S | | (1021) | LTU | |
| | USA E | | | TUR | | | LVA | |
| | USA SO | | 17 297.4 | ALS | | | RUS SW | |
| | USA W | | (17 296) | D2 | | | RUS W | |
| 17 282.4 | CAN W | | (1, 2)0) | F F | | | SMO | |
| (17 281) | CHN | | (1619) | GRC | | | USA E | |
| (| DNK | | () | GUM | | | USA SO | |
| (1614) | FIN | | | HWA | | | USA W | |
| () | I | | | MAU | | 17 315.4 | ALS | |
| | MLD | ADD | | NOR | | (17 314) | BEL | |
| | NIU | | | PNR | | (1, 514) | GRC | |
| | RUS AN | | | PTR | | (1625) | GUM | |
| | S | | | RUS EO | | (1020) | HWA | |
| 17 285.4 | AGL | | | USA E | | | IRN | |
| (17 284) | AZR | | | USA W | | | ISL | |
| (| CPV | | 17 300.4 | J | | | J | |
| (1615) | FIN | | (17 299) | LBY | | | POL | |
| | G | | (| LTU | | | PTR | |
| | GNB | | (1620) | LVA | | | USA E | |
| | IRN | | | NOR | | | USA SO | |
| | ISL | | | RUS SW | | | USA W | |
| | MDR | | | RUS W | | 17 318.4 | CAN W | |
| | MOZ | | | TUR | | (17 317) | CUB | |
| | POR | | | UKR | | , , | GRC | |
| | RUS EO | | | USA CL | | (1626) | HOL | |
| | SUI | | | USA E | | | IRQ | |
| | TMP | | 17 306.4 | ALS | ADD | | J | |
| 17 288.4 | ALS | | (17 305) | AUS | | | QAT | ADD |
| (17 287) | D1 | | | DNK | | | RUS AN | |
| | HWA | | (1622) | F | | | RUS EO | |
| (1616) | Ι | | | GHA | ADD | | RUS NW | |
| | IRN | | | GRC | | | USA E | |
| | J | | | HWA | ADD | 17 321.4 | ALS | ADD |
| | MRC | | | J | | (17 320) | BEL | |
| | RUS NW | | | PNR | ADD | | Е | |
| | TUR | | | ROU | | (1627) | EST | |
| | USA E | | | S | | | GRC | |
| | USA SO | | | SUI | ADD | | HNG | |
| | USA W | | 17 309.4 | ALS | | | HRV | |
| 17 291.4 | В | | (17 308) | CHN | | | J | |
| (17 290) | CNR | | · · | Е | | | LTU | |
| | DNK | | (1623) | FIN | | | LVA | |
| (1617) | F | | | G | | | NOR | |
| | GRC | | | GUM | | | RUS SW | |
| | >> >> | | | | | | RUS W | |

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| 17 324.4 | CUB | | 17 339.4 | AFS | | 17 351.4 | AZE | |
| (17 323) | EQA | ADD | (17 338) | ALS | | (17 350) | CHN | |
| | F | | | AZE | | | Е | |
| (1628) | GRC | | (1633) | В | | (1637) | G | |
| | IRQ | | | CHN | | | HKG | |
| | ISR | | | D2 | | | KAZ | |
| | MCO | ADD | | F | | | KOR | |
| | ROU | | | GRC | | | MDG | |
| | RUS EO | | | GUM | | | NZL | |
| | RUS NW | | | HWA | | | RUS AS | |
| 17 327.4 | ALG | | | KAZ | | 17 354.4 | ALS | |
| (17 326) | AUS | | | KGZ | | (17 353) | BUL | |
| | BRM | ADD | | PNR | | | D2 | ADD |
| (1629) | CAN E | | | POL | | (1638) | FIN | |
| | D2 | | | PTR | | | GUM | |
| | GRC | | | RUS AS | | | HWA | |
| | IRN | | | TKM | | | MRC | |
| | J | | | USA E | | | POL | |
| | NOR | | | USA W | | | SCG | |
| | SEN | | | | | | SMA | ADD |
| 17 330.4 | ALS | | 17 342.4 | CAN NO | | | USA E | |
| (17 329) | BEL | | 17 341 | CHN | | | USA W | |
| (1 (2 0) | E | | (1(24) | D1 E | | 17 357.4 | ALB | |
| (1630) | GEO | | (1634) | E | | (17 356) | ALS | |
| | GUM | | | GRC J | | (1(20)) | CHN | |
| | HWA | | | KOR | | (1639) | D1 E | |
| | IND W ISL | | | ROU | | | E GUM | |
| | J | | | ROU | | | HOL | |
| | LTU | | 17 345.4 | AGL | | | HWA | |
| | LVA | | (17 344) | AUS | | | PNR | |
| | PNR | | (17 544) | AZR | | | PTR | |
| | PTR | | (1635) | BUL | | | USA E | |
| | RUS SW | | (1000) | CPV | | | USA W | |
| | USA E | | | DNK | | 17 360.4 | BRB | |
| | USA SO | | | GNB | | (17 359) | CHL | |
| | USA W | | | I | ADD | (2, 22,) | D2 | |
| 17 333.4 | ALG | | | J | | (1640) | EST | |
| (17 332) | BUL | | | MAC | | | G | |
| | CHL | | | MDR | | | GRC | |
| (1631) | CHN | | | MOZ | | | J | |
| | GRC | | | PNR | ADD | | LVA | |
| | IRQ | | | POR | | | PNR | ADD |
| | POL | | | S | | 17 363.4 | ALG | |
| | SUI | | | TMP | | (17 362) | DNK | |
| L | USA E | | 17 348.4 | ALG | | | IRQ | |
| 17 336.4 | ALS | | (17 347) | ALS | | (1641) | J | |
| (17 335) | ARG | | (100) | FIN | | | S | |
| (1(22)) | AZR | | (1636) | GRC | | | SNG | |
| (1632) | CYP | | | GUM | | | UKR | |
| | G | | | HOL HWA | | | USA E | |
| | HNG J | | | IND E | | | USA SO USA W | |
| | J MDG | | | J | | 17 366.4 | ALS | ├ |
| | MDR | | | PNR | | (17 365) | AUS | |
| | POR | | | PTR | | (17 303) | CLM | |
| | USA E | | | USA E | | (1642) | F | |
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| JJ(17 380)CAN EUSA EUAEUSA SCCHNUSA SCUSA SCUSA CLUSA SC(1647)EST(17 392)BLRUSA SCUSA SCCHNCHNCHNCHNUSA SCUSA SCRUS AS(17 392)BLRUSA SCUSA SCRUS SNWCHNCHNGUM(17 368)CHNUSA CLUSA CLJ(17 368)CHNUSA CLUSA CLJHWA(17 368)CHNUSA SCUSA SCRUS SNWRUS SNW(1643)FUSA SCCHNUSA SCRUS SNW(1643)FUSA SCCHNUSA EUSA E(17 372)ALSCHNUSA SCUSA SCRUS SNW(1644)IRUS SNWRUS SNWRUS SNWRUS SNWRUS SNW(1644)RUS SNWI17 389,4ALSRUS SNWRUS SNW(1644)ISRI17 389,4ALSRUS SNWRUS SNW(1645)KORUSA CLUSA SCRUS SNWRUS SNW(1645)KORI17 389,4ALSRUS SNWRUS SNW(1645)KORI17 390,4ALSIT 399,4B(17 375,4ARGI17 390,4ALSIT 399,4RUS SNW(1645)KORI17 390,4ALSIT 399,4RUS SNW(1645)KORIT 389,4IT 389,4IT 389,4IT 399,4(1645)KORIT 389,4IT 389,4IT 389,4 | (1642) | << << | - | 17 381.4 | ALS | | (1650) | << << | - |
| RUS EO (1647) EST USA USA W USA W USA CL USA SC (17 37) $17 39.4$ $117 39.4$ 11 | | J | | (17 380) | CAN E | | | USA E | |
| UAE USA CL HWA 17.393.4 ALS USA E LTU RUS AC CHN BLR USA W RUS AC LTU CHN GUA 17.369.4 AZE RUS AC GUM GUM (1643) F USA W USA W GUM (1643) F USA N GUS AN MDW RUS AN RUS AN (17.383) BLR MDW RUS AN RUS AN (1648) HWA USA SO RUS AN RUS NW (1644) RUS AN RUS AN RUS AN RUS AN RUS NW (1644) RUS AN RUS AN RUS AN RUS AN RUS AN RUS AN RUS AN RUS AN RUS AN RUS AN RUS AN RUS AN RUS AN RUS AN RUS AN RUS AN RUS NW UKR RUS AN RUS AN RUS AN RUS AN (17.371) B RUS AN RUS AN RUS AN RUS AN </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> | | | | | | | | | |
| USA CL USA E USA SO USA W KOR LTU USA SO USA W (17 392) RUS ASO USA W BLR CHN CHN USA SO USA W CHN CHN CHN CHN USA SO USA SO (1651) BLR CHN CHN CHN CHN CHN CHN CHN CHN CHN CHN | | | | (1647) | EST | | | USA W | |
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| USA 80 USA W VIR I RUS AS RUS EO RUS NW TUR (1651) DGA EU GU 17 369.4 AZE USA CL USA E GU GU (17368) CHN CLM USA CL USA SO USA CL USA SO HWA (1643) F USA SO USA SO MDW HWA RUS AN RUS AN RUS NW 17 384.4 ALS RUS AN RUS SW RUS AS RUS NW (1648) HWA RUS AS RUS AS RUS NW (1648) HWA IT 396.4 CHN UKR USA SO PTR USA SO USA SO 17 372.4 ALS RUS NW RUS SW HOL (1644) I RUS NW RUS SW HOL (17 375) RUS SO IT 386.4 RUS SW HOL (17 375.4) ARG (17 386.9 B RUS AW (17 375.4) ARG IT 389.4 ALS RUS SW (17 375.4) ARG IT 389.4 ALS RUS SW (17 375.4 ARG IT | | | | | | | (17 392) | | |
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| VIR I RUS NW TUR RUS NW TUR I GUM HWA (17369) CHN USA CL J J (1643) F USA CL J MDW (1643) F USA CL J RUS AD RUS AD (1738) GL USA SO PTR RUS AD (1738) GL USA SO USA SO RUS ED (17371) RUS AD (1648) HWA USA SO USA SO (17371) B RUS AD RUS SW GUM HINA (1644) I RUS SW RUS SW GUM HINA (1644) I I RUS SW MDG HINA (173754) ARG I I7387.4 ALS RUS SW MDG (173754) ARG I I7387.4 ALS I ISS (173754) ARG I ISS I ISS I ISS SW (1645) | | | | | | | (1651) | | |
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| 17 369.4 AZE UKR J (17 369) CHN USA CL USA E MDW (1643) F USA SO RUS AD RUS AD RUS AD (1643) F USA E USA E USA E RUS AD RUS EO RUS NW I17 384.4 ALS RUS AD RUS AD 17 372.4 ALS CHN GUM UKR USA SO 17 372.4 ALS RUS EO RUS NW I17 384.4 RUS AD (1644) I RUS EO RUS AN RUS AN RUS AN (1644) I RUS SW USA CL USA V RUS NW RUS NW RUS SW I7 399.4 ALS I7 399.4 RUS NW RUS SW IXM RUS SW IXM RUS SW IXM RUS SW RUS SW RUS SW IXM IXS SW IXM <td></td> <td>VIR</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> | | VIR | | | | | | | |
| (17 366) CHN USA CL WDW (1643) F USA SO RUS AN (AT (AT USA SO RUS AN (AT (AT (AT RUS AN (RUS AN (17 383) BLR RUS SW RUS NW (17 383) BLR USA SO USA SO CHN USA SO USA SO USA SO CHN RUS AN (17 395) (1644) I USA SC USA W (1648) USA CL USA W USA W USA W (1649) USA VUR USA W USA W RUS SW RUS NW USA CL USA W USA W USA W RUS NW USA CL USA W USA W USA W RUS NW (17 374) ARG IT IT IT (I17 374) CH | 17.2(0.4 | AZE | | | | | | | |
| CLM CLM USA E PTR (1643) F USA SO RUS AN QAT RUS AN RUS AN RUS AN RUS EO RUS NW (17 383) BLR RUS SW UKR USA SO CHN RUS SW UKR USA SO (1648) HWA KOR USA SO 17 372.4 ALS RUS SW RUS AN RUS AS (1737) B RUS SW RUS AN RUS AN (1644) I RUS SW RUS SW (1652) J (1644) I RUS SW WDG MDG (17 371) B RUS SW WDG RUS AN (1644) I RUS SW RUS SW MDG USA CL USA CL USA W VIR RUS SW USA SO USA SO IT 386.4 ALS RUS SW (17 374) ARG IT 390.4 ALS RUS SW (1645) KOR USA E | | | | | | | | | |
| | (17 308) | | | | | | | | |
| KAZ QAT USA W RUS AW RUS AW QAT 17.384.4 ALS RUS AW RUS AW RUS NW (17.383) BLR CHN USA E USA W UKR USA SO (1648) HWA USA SO USA W USA E 17.372.4 ALS RUS AS RUS AS RUS AS HOL USA W (17.371) B RUS AS RUS AS RUS AS HOL USA W (1644) I RUS AS RUS AS RUS NW HOL HOL USA CL RUS NW RUS AW USA CL RUS NW MDG USA CL USA CL USA V RUS NW RUS NW RUS NW USA CL USA V USA V RUS NW RUS NW RUS NW RUS NW (17.375.4) ARG IT.387.4 ALS RUS NW RUS NW (1645) KGZ RUS NW RUS NN RUS NW RUS NW (1645) KGZ RUS NW | (1643) | | | | | | | | |
| QAT RUS AN RUS AN RUS AN RUS AN RUS NW TKM UKR USA SO17 384.4 (17 383)ALS BLR CHN (1648)RUS AN BLR CHN (1648)RUS AN RUS AN RUS AN RUS AN RUS AN RUS AS RUS AN RUS AS RUS AN RUS AS RUS AN RUS AS (17 371)RUS AN RUS AS RUS NW UKR USA CL USA CL | (1015) | | | | | | | | |
| RUS AN RUS EO RUS NW TKM UKR USA SO(17 383)BLR CHN (HNUKR USA EO USA VUKR USA SOUKR CHNUKR USA SO17 372.4ALS (T7 37)RUS NW HWARUS AN RUS NW RUS NW UAERUS AN RUS NW RUS SW17 396.4CHN USA SO(1644)HWA HWARUS SW USA CL USA CL USA CLIT 387.4ALS RUS NW USA CLMDG HWA(1645)RUS NW USA CLIT 387.4ALS HWARUS SW USA CLMDG HWA(17 375.4)ARG USA VIT 387.4ALS HWARUS NW USA CLRUS NW USA CL(17 375.4)ARG USA NIf 17 387.4ALS HWARUS NW USA SORUS SW USA N(1645)KGZ RUS AN RUS SNWIf 7390.4ALS RUS AN USA SOIT 399.4B E(1645)KGR RUS SNWIT 399.4B RUS AN RUS SWIT 399.4B RUS NW(1645)RUS SNW RUS SWIT 399.4RUS AN RUS SWRUS SW RUS SWIT 399.4RUS RUS SW RUS SW(1664)RUS SW RUS SWIT 399.4RUS RUS SW RUS SWIT 399.4RUS RUS SW RUS SWRUS SW RUS SWRUS SW RUS SWIT 399.4RUS RUS SW RUS SWRUS SW RUS SWIT 399.4RUS RUS SW(1664 | | | | 17 384.4 | | | | | |
| RUS EO RUS NW TKM UKR UKR USA SOCHN (1648)USA HWA HWA RUS AS RUS AS RUS ASS RUS | | | | | | | | | |
| RUS NW TKM UKR USA SO(1648)HWA KOR KORUSA SOUSA SO17 372.4 (17 37)ALS B HWA (1644)ALS RUS SN HWA (1644)RUS AS RUS SNW UAE USA CL USA SC USA SC RUS NW UAERUS SW RUS SW USA CL USA CL USA CL USA CL USA CL USA CL USA CL USA SC USA SC USA SC USA SCI17 390.4 RUS SW RUS SW UAEI17 390.4 RUS SW RUS SW RUS SW USA CL USA CL USA CL USA CL USA E USA SC USA SC USA SC USA SCI17 374.4 RUS SW RUS SW RUS SW RUS SW RUS SW RUS SWI17 374.4 RUS SW RUS SW RUS SW RUS SW RUS SW RUS SWI17 374.4 RUS SW RUS SW <b< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></b<> | | | | | | | | | |
| TKM UKR UKR USA SOKOR PTR RUS AN RUS AN RUS AN RUS ASIT 396.4 (IT 395)USA W17 372.4 (17 371)ALS HWA HWARUS SN RUS SW(If 395)GUM HOL1644)I UKR USA CL USA CL USA CL USA CL USA CL USA CL USA CL USA SORUS NW USA W USA W UAEMDG USA CL USA CL USA CLMDG MDW17 375.4) (17 375.4)RUS KOR USA SOIT 387.4 USA CL USA CL USA CL USA CL USA SOIT 387.4 USA W USA W USA W USA W USA E USA SOIT 387.4 USA W USA W USA W USA WRUS SW USA W USA W USA E USA SOIT 387.4 USA W USA W USA W USA WRUS AN USA W USA W USA W USA E USA SORUS AN USA W USA E USA SORUS SW USA E USA SO(17 375.4) (17 374) (17 374) (17 374) RUS NW RUS SWIT 399.4 ARG CL ARG SOIT 399.4 ARG SOIT 399.4 CHN USA SO(1645) RUS SW USA SOIT 399.4 (1650)IT 399.4 ARG SOIT 399.4 CHN CHN USA WRUS SW RUS SW RUS SW(1645) RUS SWIT 399.4 (1650)IT 399.4 CHNIT 402.4 CHN CHN17 378.4 (17 377) I T 378.4 (1646) RUS SWIT 402.4 CHN CHNIT 402.4 CHN CHN17 378.4 (1646) RUS SWIT 402.4 RUS SWCHN CHN17 378.4 (1646) RUS SWIT 402.4 RUS SWCHN CHN17 378.4 (1646) RUS SWIT 402.4 RUS SWCHN CHN17 379.4 RUS SWIT 402.4 <b< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>(1648)</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></b<> | | | | (1648) | | | | | |
| USA SO RUS AN RUS AS RUS AS RUS AS RUS AS RUS AS RUS AS RUS AS RUS NW (17 371) GUM HOL HOL HOL (1652) 17 3724 ALS RUS EO RUS NW UAE RUS AS RUS SW USA CL USA CL USA CL USA CL USA CL USA CL USA SO USA V RUS AS RUS AW RUS SW UAE (17 395) GUM HOL (1644) I RUS EO RUS NW UAE RUS ACL USA CL WR USA CL WR USA CL WR USA CL RUS SW USA CL USA SO USA SO USA SO 17 387.4 (17 374) ALS CHN RUS SW RUS SW (1645) KGZ KOR ISR KOR If 7 390.4 (17 399) ALS RUS AN 17 399.4 (1650) B RUS SW RUS SW RUS SW RUS SW 17 390.4 (1650) ALS RUS AW If 7 399.4 (1650) B 17 379.4 RUS AN RUS AN RUS AS If 7 399.4 (1650) B If 7 399.4 (1650) B 17 390.4 RUS SW RUS SW RUS SW RUS SW RUS SW If 7 390.4 (1650) ALS RUS AW RUS SW RUS SW RUS SW RUS SW 17 370.4 (17 377) I RUS EO RUS SW I RUS SW I RUS SW I RUS SW I RUS SW I RUS SW 17 377.7 (1646) RUS SW I RUS SW I RUS SW I RUS SW I RUS SW I RUS SW | | TKM | | | KOR | | | USA W | |
| IT 372.4ALSRUS ASRUS ASHOL(17 371)BRUS EORUS SW(1652)J(1644)IRUS EORUS SWUSA CLUSA CLUSA CLUAEUSA CLUSA CLUSA CLUSA CLRUS SWRUS EOUSA CLUSA SOUSA SOUSA SORUS SWRUS SWUSA SOUSA SO(1649)GUMHWARUS SW(1645)KGZIT 387.4ALSSCGG(17 374)CHNISRJUSA SOSCG(1645)KORUSA SOUSA SOUSA SOIT 390.4(1645)KORUSA SOUSA SOIT 389.4RUS SW(1645)KORUSA SOUSA SOIT 389.4RUS SWRUS SWRUS SW(1650)AZE(1653)PTRRUS SWRUS SWCHNRUS SWRUS SWRUS SWRUS SWRUS SWRUS COUSA SOIT 402.4CHNT 378.4CHNJUSA SOUSA SOUSA SOUZBUZBFTRFTUSA SORUS SWRUS SW(1646)RUS SWRUS SWRUS SWRUS SWIT 402.4CHN(17 377)IFTFTT402.4CHNIT 402.4CHN(1664)RUS SWRUS SWRUS SWRUS SWRUS SWIt 654)J(1646)RUS SWRUS SWRUS SWRUS SWRUS SWRUS SWRUS SW | | | | | | | 17 396.4 | CHN | |
| 17 372.4 ALS RUS EO (1644) ALS MDG (1644) I RUS EO RUS RW UKR MDG (1644) I RUS EO RUS ACL USA CL USA CL USA CL USA SO USA SO USA W VIR RUS SW RUS SW (17 375.4) ARG (1649) GUM UKR USA SO (17374) CHN ISR MDG TKM USA SO (1645) KGZ MDG TKM USA SO (1645) KGZ RUS AN USA SO USA SO (1645) KGZ RUS AN E (1653) PTR (1645) KGZ RUS AN E (1653) PTR (1645) KGZ RUS AN RUS ASO RUS SW RUS SW (1645) KGZ GRC HWA IT 399.4 RUS SW RUS SW RUS SW GRC RUS SW RUS SW RUS W VTN HWA IT 402.4 CHN UKR USA SO GRC USA | | USA SO | | | | | (17 395) | GUM | |
| (17 371)B HWARUS NW RUS SW UKRRUS NW UKRMDG MDW(1644)IIUSAUSAW(1644)IUSAUSAUSARUS NW USARUS NW USARUS NW USA CL USA CLRUS NW USA CLRUS NW RUS NWRUS NWUAEUSA CLIT 387.4ALSRUS NWRUS SWUSA CLUSA CLIT 386)BSCCGRUS NWUSA SOUSA SOI1649)GUMUKRUSA E(17 374)CHNISRJUSA SOIT 399.4B(1645)KGZKORUSA E(1653)PTRLVAUSA NUSA E(1650)RUS ANRUS SWRUS SWRUS SWIT 390.4ALSRUS SWRUS SW(1650)AZEUSA EUSA EUSA SOUKRGRCUSA SORUS SWRUS SWIT650)AZEUSA SOUSA EUSA SOUKRGRCUSA SOUSA SOUSA SOUKRGRCUSA SOUSA SOUSA SOUKRJHWAUSA SOUSA SOUKRGRCUSA SOUSA SOUSA SOHKGJHWA(17 377)IPTRHWA(1664)RUS SWRUS SWRUS SW(1646)RUS SWRUS SWRUS SW | | | | | | | | HOL | |
| HWA I RUS EO RUS NW UAE USA CL USA CL USA SO USA SO USA SO USA SO USA SO USA SO USA SO USA SO USA WRUS SW UAE USA CL USA SO ISA CL IT7 387.4 (17 374)RUS CO RUS NW UAE USA SO ISA SO USA WMDW PTR RUS EO RUS NW ULAE USA SO IUSA SO IUSA WMDW UAE PTR RUS EO IT7 374)MDW PTR RUS EO IT7 375.4(17 375.4) (17 374)ARG CHN ISR ISR ISR ISR ICAN ISR ICAN ISR ICAN ISR ICAN ISR ICAN | 17 372.4 | ALS | | | | | (1652) | J | |
| (1644)II | (17 371) | | | | | | | | |
| RUS EO RUS NW UAERUS ACL USA CL USA CLUSA CL USA CLRUS AW VIRRUS EO RUS NW17387.4 USA CL USA SO USA W17387.4 (17 386)ALS BRUS SWRUS SW(17 375.4) (17 374)ARG CHN ISR(1649)GUMUSA CHNUSA SO USA SOUSA SO USA SOUSA SO (1645)USA SO CHNUSA SO(1645)KGZ KORIT399.4 PTRB USA SOB USA SOUSA SO(1645)KGZ KORIT399.4 USA SOB USA SOE CHN17398.4 RUS SWIT399.4 PTRB USA SOB USA SO17398.4 RUS SWIT399.4 (17 389)B PTRE USA SO17379.4 RUS SWIT399.4 USA SOB USA SOE E USA SO17379.4 RUS SWIT399.4 (17 389)B PTRE USA SO17378.4 (17 377)I I RUS SWIT399.4 (1650)RUS SN17378.4 (17377)I RUS EOGRC HWAUSA SO17378.4 (1646)CHNIT I I I I I RUS EOIT I< | | | | | | | | | |
| RUS NW UAE USA CLUSA CLUSA CLUSA CLRUS SWUSA CL17 387.4ALSRUS NWUSA SOUSA SOBLSCGUSA W(17 386)BULSCGUSA W(1649)GUMUKR(17 37.4)ARGJUSA SO(17 374)CHNJUSA SO(1645)KGZRUS ANUSA SOKORSKGRUS ANELVAUSA NUSA SOI17 399.4MMDGPTR(1653)PTRRUS ANUSA SOUSA SOMAAIT 399.4ALSRUS ASRUS ANUSA SORUS ASRUS AN(17 389)ARG CLRUS SWRUS W(1650)AZEUSA SORUS W(1650)AZEUSA SOUKRGRCUSA SOUZBFTHWA17 379.4CHNIT 402.4(1646)RUS SWGRCRUS NWFTHWAIT 378.4CHNJ(1646)RUS SWGRCRUS NWFTHWA(1646)RUS SWFTRUS NWFTPTRRUS NWFTPTRRUS NWFTPTRRUS NWRUS SWRUS SW(1646)RUS SWRUS WRUS SWRUS SW< | (1644) | | | | | | | | |
| UAE USA CL USA CL USA SOIT 387.4 (17 386)VIR ALS (17 386)RUS NW RUS SW(17 37.4) (17 37.4)ARG USA W(1649)BUL BUL (1649)TKM USA W(17 37.4) (17 37.4)ARG USAJTX39.4 USA SOJ(1645)KGZ KOR LVA OMA RUS ANMDG WISA SO17 399.4 USA SOB(1645)KGZ KOR LVAMDG WISA SO17 399.4 USA SOB(1645)KGZ KOR LVAT7 390.4 (17 389)ALS ARG SO ARG SO(1653)PTR RUS NW RUS SWRUS NW RUS SW USA SO UZB17 390.4 (1650)ALS AZE CHNRUS SW RUS NW RUS SWIT 389.4 ARG SORUS NW RUS SW17 378.4 (17 377)CHN UZBISA CHNIT 402.4 (17 401)CHN GR USA SO USA SO17 378.4 (1646)CHN RUS SWJPTR RUS NW RUS SWHWA RUS SW17 402.4 (1654)CHN HWA17 378.4 (1646)CHN RUS SWJPTR RUS NW RUS SWPTR RUS SWHWA RUS SWPTR RUS SW | | | | | | | | | |
| USA CL USA EI7 387.4 (17 386)ALS BRUS SW SCGUSA SO USA W(17 386)BBUL (17 376.4)KUS W(17 375.4) (17 374)ARG CHN ISR(1649)GUM HWAUKR USA E(17 374) (1645)CHN KGZ KOR LVAMDG PTR17 399.4B(1645)KGZ KOR USA EUSA E(17 399.4)B(1645)KGR KOR USA NUSA SO USA SOE(1653)PTR B(1645)KOR KUS AN RUS SNWI7 390.4ALS ALS USA SORUS AN RUS SWRUS SW RUS SWRUS SW CHNRUS SW RUS WRUS SW17 378.4 (17 377)CHN UZBIFJUKR CHNUSA SO USA17 378.4 (1646)CHN RUS SWJARG SO RUS AN RUS SWITITIT17 378.4 (1646)CHN RUS SWJJITIT1646)RUS SW RUS SWIFFR RUS SWITITIT1646)RUS SWIFRUS NW RUS SWITITITIT1646)RUS SWIFRUS NW RUS SWITITITITIT1646)RUS SWIFRUS NW RUS NWPTRITITITITIT1646)RUS SWITRUS SWRUS NW RUS SWPTRITITITITITITITITITITITITITITITIT <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> | | | | | | | | | |
| USA E USA SO USA W(17 386)B BUL USA WSCG TKM(17 375.4) (17 374)ARG CHN(1649)GUM HWAUKR USA E USA SO(17 374) (17 374)CHN CHNJ17 399.4B(1645)KGZ KORPTR USA SO17 399.4B(1645)KGZ KORVSA SOE(1645)KOR USA NUSA SOERUS AN RUS SN17 390.4ALS (17 389)RUS ASRUS SN USA SO17 390.4ALS (17 389)RUS SWRUS SNW USA SO(1650)AZE CHNUKR USA SOTUR USA SOCHNUSA SOUKR USA SOCHNUSA SOUKR USA SOCHNUSA SOTUR USA SOCHNUSA SOUKR USA SOCHNUSA SOUKR USA SOCHNUSA SOUKR USA SOCHNCHNT17 378.4 (17 377)CHNJI (1646)CHNJRUS SW (1646)FFRUS SWCHNGRUS SWCHNG(1646)RUS SWFRUS SWCHNRUS SNW(1646)RUS SWRUS SNWRUS SWFFRUS SWRUS SNWPTRRUS SWRUS SWRUS SWRUS SWRUS SNWRUS SWRUS SNWRUS SWRUS SNWRUS SWRUS SNWRUS SWRUS SNWRUS SW< | | - | | 17 207 4 | | | | | |
| USA SO USA WBUL (1649)BUL GUM HWATKM UKR USA E(17 375.4) (17 374)ARG CHN ISRJUSA SO(17 374)CHN ISRJ17 399.4 USA EB(1645)KGZ KOR USA SOPTR17 399.4 USA SOB(1645)KGZ KOR USA NUSA SOCHN USA SO(1645)KGZ KOR USA NUSA SOCHN USA SORUS AN RUS SAN RUS SW RUS SW UZB17 390.4 (1650)ALS ARG SORUS SW RUS SW CHNRUS SW RUS SWRUS SW UZB(1650)AZE GRC HKGUSA SORUS SW USA SO17 378.4 (17 377)CHN I RUS SWJJHWA17 378.4 (1646)CHN RUS SWJT7 402.4 RUS SWCHN HWA17 378.4 (1646)CHN RUS SWJPTR PTRHWA1646)RUS SW RUS SWIPTR RUS SWHWA(1646)RUS SW RUS SWFPTR RUS SW(1646)RUS SW RUS SWFFRUS WIRUS AN RUS SWPTR RUS SW | | | | | | | | | |
| USA W(1649)GUMUKRUKR(17 375.4)ARGJUSA SOUSA SO(17 374)CHNJMDG17 399.4B(1645)KGZPTR(1647)(17 398)CHN(1645)KGZRUS ANE(1653)PTR(1645)KGRUSA SOUSA SOEKORUSA SOUSA SORUS ANEQMA17 390.4ALSRUS ANRUS ASRUS AN17 390.4ALSRUS SWRUS SW(1650)AZERUS SWRUS W(1650)AZEUSA SORUS WGRCUSA SOUSA SOUZBHWAJ(17 401)17 378.4CHNJCHNRUS SWIPTRHWA(1646)RUS SWRUS SWRUS WRUS SWRUS SNWRUS SWRUS SNWPTRRUS SWRUS SNWRUS SNWRUS SWRUS SNWPTRRUS SWRUS SNWPTR | | | | (17 380) | | | | | |
| (17 375.4)ARGHWAJ(17 374)CHNJJISRPTRMDGISRPTR(17 399.4)B(1645)KGZRUS ANUSA ELVAUSA SO(17 398.4)EOMAUSA SOUSA SORUS ANRUS ANUSA SORUS ANELVAUSA SORUS ANRUS ASOMAUSA SORUS SWRUS SWRUS SNWRUS SW(17 389)ARG CLRUS SW(1650)AZEUKRRUS WCHNEUSA SOUKRGRCUSA SOUSA SOHKGUSA SOUZBHWAJ17 378.4CHNJ(1646)RUS SWRUS SWRUS SWRUS SWRUS SNRUS SWRUS SWPTRRUS SWRUS SWPTRRUS SWRUS SWRUS SW | | | | (1649) | | | | | |
| (17 375.4)ARGJUSA SO(17 374)CHNMDGT7 399.4BISRPTRUSA SOE(1645)KGZUSA SOELVAUSA SOUSA E(17 398).4EOMAUSA SOUSA SOE(1653)PTRRUS ANRUS ANUSA SOUSA WRUS ASRUS ASRUS SNRUS SW(17 389).4ALSRUS SWRUS SWRUS W(17 389).4ARG CLRUS SWRUS SWRUS W(1650)AZEUKRUSA EUKRGRCUSA SOUSA SOUSA SOUZBHWAJ17 402.4CHN17 378.4CHNJPTRHWARUS SWRUS SWRUS AN(1654)J(1646)RUS SWRUS SWRUS NWPTRRUS WRUS SWRUS NWRUS SWPTR | | 0.5/1 W | | (104)) | | | | - | |
| (17 374) CHN MDG 17 399.4 B (1645) KGZ RUS AN USA N E (1645) KGZ USA SO USA SO E (1645) KOR USA SO E (1633) PTR (1645) KOR USA SO USA W E (1653) RUS AS NUS AN USA W USA W RUS AS RUS AS RUS AS RUS AS RUS AN (17 389) ARG CL RUS W UKR UKR UKR USA SO UKR USA SO USA SO USA SO USA SO USA SO W NW RUS W USA SO USA SO UKR USA SO UKR USA SO U | (17 375 4) | ARG | | | | | | | |
| ISR ISR PTR (17 398) CHN (1645) KGZ RUS AN E (17 398) CHN KOR USA E USA E (1653) PTR E LVA USA SO USA W RUS AS RUS AS RUS AS OMA 17 390.4 ALS RUS NW RUS SW USA V VKR USA SO USA SO USA SO USA SO ISA RUS ASO RUS ASO RUS ASO ISA SO ISA | | | | | | | 17 399.4 | | |
| (1645)KGZRUS ANEKORUSA EUSA E(1653)PTRLVAUSA SOUSA SORUS ASOMA17 390.4ALSRUS NWRUS AN(17 38)ARG CLRUS SWRUS SW(1650)AZEUSA ERUS WCHNUSA SOUSA ERUS WGRCUSA SOUSA SOUZBHWA17 402.4CHN17 377.1IPTRRUS SWRUS SWRUS AN(1654)RUS SWRUS SWRUS SNU2BHWA17 402.417 377.1IPTRRUS SWRUS SNRUS SN(1646)RUS SWRUS SWRUS SWRUS SWRUS SNWRUS SWRUS SWRUS SWRUS SWRUS SWRUS SWRUS WRUS SWRUS SWRUS WRUS SWRUS SW | (1/0/1) | | | | | | | | |
| KORUSA E(1653)PTRLVAUSA SOUSA SORUS ASOMAUSA WUSA SORUS ASRUS AN17 390.4ALSRUS EORUS NW(17 389)ARG CLRUS SWRUS SW(1650)AZEUKRRUS WCHNUSA SOUKRGRCUSA SOUZBHWA17 402.417 379.4CHNJ(1646)RUS SWRUS NWRUS WRUS SWRUS SWRUS SWRUS WRUS SWRUS SW | (1645) | | | | RUS AN | | | | |
| LVAUSA SORUS ASOMAUSA WRUS ASRUS AN17 390.4ALSRUS EO(17 389)ARG CLRUS NWARG SORUS SWRUS W(1650)AZERUS WCHNUKRGRCUSA SOHKGUZBHWA17 378.4CHNRUS EOJRUS SWRUS ASRUS SWRUS ARGRUS SWRUS ARGRUS SWRUS ARGRUS SWRUS ARGRUS BORUS ARGRUS EOJRUS EORUS AN(1646)RUS SWRUS WRUS NWRUS WRUS SWRUS WRUS SWRUS WRUS SWRUS SW< | | | | | | | (1653) | PTR | |
| RUS AN RUS EOIT 390.4ALS (IT 389)RUS NW ARG CL ARG SORUS NW RUS SW RUS SWRUS NW RUS SW(1650)AZE CHNUKR USA ETUR UKR UZBE CHNUSA SO UZBUSA SO HKG17 378.4 (17 377)CHN I RUS EO RUS EOJ17 402.4 RUS AN RUS AN RUS AN RUS SW1646)RUS SW RUS SWRUS AN RUS SWRUS AN RUS SW | | LVA | | | | | | RUS AS | |
| RUS EO (17 389) ARG CL I RUS SW RUS NW ARG SO RUS W RUS W RUS SW (1650) AZE UK UKR TUR E USA SO USA SO UZB HKG VTN VTN 17 378.4 CHN J (17 401) G (17 377) I PTR RUS AN I1654) J (1646) RUS SW RUS W RUS NW RUS SW PTR | | | | | | | | | |
| RUS NW RUS SW RUS W TURARG SO (1650)RUS SU AZE CHN ERUS W USA E USA SO USA WTUR USA SO UZB6RC HKGUSA SO USA W17 378.4 (17 377)CHN I RUS EO RUS SWJRUS EO (1646)FHWARUS SW RUS WRUS NW RUS SW(1654)RUS WRUS SWRUS SWRUS WRUS SWRUS WRUS SWRUS WRUS SWRUS WRUS SWRUS WRUS SWRUS WRUS SWRUS SWRUS SWRUS SWRUS SWRUS SWRUS WRUS SWRUS SWRUS SW | | | | | | | | | |
| RUS SW (1650) AZE UKR UKR TUR CHN USA E USA E UKR E USA SO USA SO UZB HKG T17 402.4 CHN 17 378.4 CHN J (17 401) G (17 377) I PTR HWA HWA RUS EO RUS SW RUS NW (1654) J (1646) RUS SW RUS SW RUS SW PTR | | | | (17 389) | | | | | |
| RUS W CHN USA E TUR E USA SO UKR GRC USA W USA SO HKG VTN UZB HWA CHN 17 378.4 CHN J (17 377) I PTR RUS EO RUS AN (1654) (1646) RUS SW RUS SW RUS W RUS SW RUS SW | | | | | | | | | |
| TUR E USA SO UKR GRC USA W USA SO HKG VTN UZB HWA 17 402.4 CHN 17 378.4 CHN J (17 401) G (17 377) I PTR HWA 10654) J (1646) RUS SW RUS SW RUS SW PTR | | | | (1650) | | | | - | |
| UKR USA SO UZB GRC HKG HWA USA W VTN 17 378.4 (17 377) CHN I RUS EO J 17 402.4 (17 401) CHN G 17 402.4 (17 401) HWA HWA 17 402.4 (17 401) CHN 17 377,0 (1646) RUS EO RUS SW PTR RUS NW HWA 17 402.4 (1654) CHN 17 402.4 (1654) PTR PTR PTR PTR | | | | | | | | | |
| USA SO UZB HKG HWA VTN 17 378.4 CHN J 17 402.4 CHN (17 377) I PTR HWA HWA (1646) RUS SW RUS NW (1654) J RUS W RUS SW RUS SW PTR | | | | | | | | | |
| UZB HWA 17 402.4 CHN 17 378.4 CHN J (17 401) G (17 377) I PTR HWA HWA RUS EO RUS AN (1654) J J (1646) RUS W RUS SW RUS SW PTR RUS W RUS SW RUS SW RUS SW RUS SW | | | | | | | | | |
| 17 378.4 CHN J (17 401) G (17 377) I PTR HWA RUS EO RUS AN (1646) J RUS W RUS SW RUS SW PTR RUS W RUS SW RUS SW PTR | | | | | | | 17 402 4 | | |
| (17 377)IPTRHWARUS EORUS AN(1654)J(1646)RUS SWRUS NWPTRRUS WRUS SWRUS SWRUS SW | 17 270 4 | | | | | | | | |
| RUS EORUS AN(1654)J(1646)RUS SWRUS NWPTRRUS WRUS SWRUS SWRUS SW | | | | | | | (17 401) | | |
| RUS SW RUS NW PTR RUS W RUS SW RUS SW | (1/3//) | | | | | | (1654) | | |
| RUS W RUS SW RUS SW | (1646) | | | | | | (1034) | - | |
| | (1040) | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| | | 0.571 W | | | | | | | |

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|----------|-----------------|---|----------|-----------------|-----|----------|-----------------|-----|
| (1654) | << << | | 19 759.4 | CHN | | 19 774.4 | ARG CL | |
| , í | USA E | | (19 758) | G | | (19 773) | ARG SO | |
| | USA SO | | l` í | HOL | | | CHN | |
| | USA W | | (1802) | ISL | | (1807) | D2 | |
| 17 405.4 | ALS | | | J | | | GEO | |
| (17 404) | CHL | | | MOZ | | | ISL | |
| | CHN | | | PTR | | | J | |
| (1655) | DGA | | | RUS NW | | | LVA | |
| | Е | | | RUS SW | | | RUS AN | |
| | G | | | RUS W | | | RUS EO | |
| | GRC | | | UKR | | | RUS NW | |
| | GUM | | | USA CL | | | RUS SW | |
| | HWA | | | USA E | | | TKM | |
| | KGZ | | | USA SO | | | TUR | |
| | MDW | | | VIR | | | USA SO | |
| | PTR | | 19 762.4 | ALS | | 19 777.4 | ALS | |
| | RUS AN | | (19 761) | AZE | | (19 776) | BLR | |
| | RUS NW | | | В | | | CHN | |
| | RUS SW | | (1803) | CHN | | (1808) | CUB | |
| | TUR | | | G | | | HWA | |
| | UKR | | | HWA | | | ISR | |
| | USA E | | | J | | | MCO | ADD |
| | USA SO | | | JOR | | | MDG | |
| | USA W | | | KOR | | | PTR | |
| 17 408.4 | AUS | | | LTU | | | RUS AN | |
| (17 407) | CHN | | | POR | | | RUS AS | |
| 4.40 | GUM | | | PTR | | | RUS EO | |
| (1656) | HWA | | | RUS EO | | | RUS NW | |
| | LVA | | | RUS NW | | | TUR | |
| | MDW | | | RUS SW | | | UKR | |
| | PTR | | | TKM | | | USA CL | |
| | RUS AN | | | UAE UKR | | | USA E USA SO | |
| | RUS NW | | | USA CL | | | USA SO USA W | |
| | RUS SW RUS W | | | USA CL USA E | | | VIR | |
| | SUI | | | USA E USA W | | 19 780.4 | ALS | |
| | UKR | | | VIR | | | ALS B | |
| | USA E | | 19 765.4 | ALS | | (19 779) | CHN | |
| | USA SO | | (19 764) | CAN W | | (1809) | E | |
| | USA W | | (19704) | CHN | | (1809) | GRC | |
| 19 756.4 | ALS | | (1804) | D2 | | | GUM | |
| (19 755) | AUS | | (1001) | HWA | | | HWA | |
| (19755) | CHN | | | J | | | POL | ADD |
| (1801) | E | | | RUS EO | | | RUS NW | |
| (1001) | G | | | S | ADD | | RUS W | |
| | HWA | | | TUR | | | SUI | |
| | J | | | USA SO | | | TUR | |
| | JOR | | | USA W | | | UKR | |
| | PTR | | 19 768.4 | ALS | | | USA E | |
| | RUS AN | | (19 767) | CHN | | | USA SO | |
| | RUS EO | | l` í | HWA | | | USA W | |
| | RUS NW | | (1805) | Ι | | 19 783.4 | ALS | |
| | TUR | | | J | | (19 782) | ARG | |
| | UAE | | | LVA | | | BUL | |
| | USA CL | | | RUS EO | | (1810) | CHN | |
| | USA E | | | RUS SW | | | EST | |
| | USA SO | | | RUS W | | | HKG | |
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| J LTU PTR RUS AN RUS SAS RUS SW LUSR USR LUSA W(19 794)AUS AUS AUS AUS AUS DGA BC CAN E GGM HWA(1814)B BC CHN DGA CAN E CAN E GGM HWA(1814)B CHN CAN CAN E CAN E CAN E CAN E CGR GGM HWA J TUR USA E USA SO FTR RUS ENO1000 CAN E CAN E CAN E CAN E CAN E CHN HWA HWA HWA J TUR (1811)000 CAN E CHN CHN HWA HW | (1810) | << << | | 19 795.4 | ALS | | 22 703.4 | AUS E | |
| $ \left \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | | J | | (19 794) | AUS | | (22 702) | BUL | |
| RUS AN RUS AS RUS SW UKRCHN RUS AS ECHN EJMRC PNRADD19 786.4ALS CAN EISL10MRC FNRC PNRADD(1811)CHN CAN EISLISLCAN ECAN E< | | LTU | | | AZE | | | DNK | |
| RUS AN RUS AS RUS SW UKR UKR UKR UKR UKRADD19 786.4ALS CAN EIGUM HWAI19 786.4ALS CAN EISLISLARG CAN E(1811)CHN CAN EPTR RUS EO(2204)F(1811)CHN DGA GRCRUS NW SCG(2204)F(1811)CHN DGA GRCRUS NW SCG(2204)F(1811)CHN DGA GRCRUS NW SCG(2204)F(1811)CHN DGA HWARUS NW USA ERUS NW USA ERUS NW USA EMDG USA E19 798.4ARG CL USA ERUS NWRUS NW USA ETUR USA E(19 797) ARG SOARG SO CHN TUR USA ERUS NW TUR RUS NWRUS NW RUS NW USA EITU TUN19 789.4ALS CHN TUR USA NRUS SW RUS NWRUS AS RUS NW RUS NWRUS AS RUS NW RUS NWITU RUS NW RUS NWITU RUS NW RUS NWITU RUS NW RUS NW19 789.4ALS RUS NWISA SOISA SOISA SO19 792.4ALS RUS NWISA SOISA SOISA SO19 | | PTR | | (1814) | В | | (2203) | IRN | |
| RUS AS RUS AS UKR USA USA (19785)RUS AS RUS AS RUS ASDGA GUM HWADGA GUM HWAMPR ADDADD19 786.4ALS B CANE GRCHWAHWA22706.4ARG (2204)ARG RUS EO(1811)CHN GRC GUMRUS EOMDW FIN RUS EORUS EO(2204)FIN FIN HWA(1811)CHN GUMRUS EORUS AS USA ERUS EORUS AS CAN NORUS EOMDG MDWJ19798.4ARG CL USA WRUS AS CANRUS NW CAZRUS SNW CAZRUS SNW CAXRUS SNW CAX ERUS SNW CAX ERUS SNW CAX ERUS SNW CAX ERUS SNW CAX ERUS NW CAX E< | | RUS AN | | l í í | CHN | | , , | J | |
| RUS SW UXR UXR USA W E GUM HWA E GUM HWA P R SC CAN E P R SC CAN E P R SC CAN E P R SC CAN E P R SC CAN E ADD (19 785) GRC B CAN E - HWA 12 ARS CAN R CAN C (1811) CHN DGA - RUS SW RUS SW RUS SW - - RUS SW - | | RUS AS | | | DGA | | | MRC | |
| USA W HWA SIZ ALS AFS 19 786.4 ALS B B ARG CAN NO (19 785) CAN E PTR CAN NO F (1811) CHN PTR RUS NW GAN NO GRC GUM TUR BSR HWA HWA USA SO USA NO FIN MDG NDR SCG RUS NW USA NO MDR PTR USA NO RUS NW EST RUS EO (19 797) ARG SC ARG CL RUS SNW (1815) BLR IRN ITU USA E USA NO FTR RUS NW RUS SN (19 784) ALS RUS SN RUS NW RUS AN (19 784) ALS RUS SN RUS AN RUS AN (19 784) ALS RUS SN RUS AN RUS AN (19 784) ARG RUS NW RUS SN RUS AN USA W USA E | | | | | | | | | ADD |
| USA W HWA SIZ ALS AFS 19 786.4 ALS B B ARG CAN NO (19 785) CAN E PTR CAN NO F (1811) CHN PTR RUS NW GAN NO GRC GUM TUR BSR HWA HWA USA SO USA NO FIN MDG NDR SCG RUS NW USA NO MDR PTR USA NO RUS NW EST RUS EO (19 797) ARG SC ARG CL RUS SNW (1815) BLR IRN ITU USA E USA NO FTR RUS NW RUS SN (19 784) ALS RUS SN RUS NW RUS AN (19 784) ALS RUS SN RUS AN RUS AN (19 784) ALS RUS SN RUS AN RUS AN (19 784) ARG RUS NW RUS SN RUS AN USA W USA E | | UKR | | | GUM | | | S | |
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| | (, | | | | PTR | | (2204) | | |
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| | , í | DGA | | | RUS NW | | | HRV | |
| HWA I USA E I RUS NW J USA E USA E 22 709.4 ALG MDG 19 798.4 ARG CL (22 708) AUS MDW (19 797) ARG SO EST EST RUS EO (1815) BLR IRN INO RUS NW GUM INO INO INO USA E J KAZE HOL INO USA E GUM INO INO INO USA E J INO INO INO USA E J RUS SO INO INO USA V RUS NW RUS SO INO W INO W USA V RUS NW RUS NW USA W USA W (1812) CAN E RUS NW IND W IND W IND W SCG GO GUM IND W IND W IND W IND W USA W IND W IND W IND W IND W IND W | | GRC | | | SCG | | | ISR | |
| HWA I USA E RUS NW J USA E USA E 22 709.4 ALG MDG 19 798.4 ARG CL (22 708) AUS MDW (19 797) ARG SO (22 708) AUS PTR RUS SEO (1815) BLR EST HOL RUS NW (1815) BLR IT IT IT USA E J CH IT RUS SW IT USA E J CH RUS SW RUS SW RUS SW RUS SW RUS SW RUS SW IT USA E USA SO ISA N ISA SO USA W ISA SO ISA SO USA W USA SO USA W ISA SO ISA SO ISA SO ISA SO ISA W ISA SO ISA SO ISA SO ISA SO ISA SO ISA SO | | | | | TUR | | | | |
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| USA SO USA W PTR NAR PTR RUS AN RUS AN RUS AS RUS W USA E RUS W USA E 19 789.4 (19 788) ALS RUS W RUS AS USA E (19 788) ARG RUS W RUS NW USA W (1812) CAN E RUS NW RUS SW USA W (1812) CAN E RUS NW RUS SW USA W J J UKR GUM HRV HWA USA E USA W BHR ADD RUS NW USA SO USA W HRV HWA RUS NW Z2 697.4 AUS HNW HWA SCG (2201) E NDD W J HNG USA SO USA W GRC MRC POL USA SO (19 791) CHN USA W USA SO USA SO USA SO USA SO (1813) F USA W USA SO USA SO USA SO USA SO (1813) F (220 700.4 ARG USA SO | | | | | | | | | |
| USA WRUS ANRUS ANUSA E19 789,4 (19 788)ALSRUS ASRUS ASUSA EAZERUS NWRUS SWUSA EUSA W(1812)CAN ERUS NWRUS SW122 712,4AFS(1812)CAN ERUS NWUKR(22 711)ALSHWAUSA EUSA EUSA EBHRADDJUSA EUSA EUSA EHRVHRVPTRUSA EUSA EHRVHRVRUS NWZ2 697,4AUSHRVHWASCGUSA EUSA WHRVJTURCMEGRCMRCPTRUSA EGUMHNGUSA EUSA EUSA SWUSA ERUS NWUSA EUSA SO19 792.4ALSRUS NWUSA EUSA W(1813)FRUS ADDRUS ANDUSA WIND E(22 700,4ARGCAN EIND WZ2 700,4ARGCPVIND E(22 699)BRMADDIND WCAN EUSA WCPVIND E(22 09)BRMADDND WCAN EIISRJCAN EINORCPVND WSADDNORCNGVIA SOINORNORNORVIA SONORNORTUNMDR | | | | | | | | | |
| 19 789.4ALSRUS ASUSA SO(19 788)ARGRUS SWRUS SWUSA WAZECHNRUS SWRUS SW(22 712.4AFS(1812)CAN ERUS SWRUS SW(22 711)ALSCHNHWAJUSA SOUSA SO(22 06)GPTRUSA SOUSA SOHRVHWAJPTRUSA SOHRVHRVRUS NWSCGCMEGRCGUMUSA SOUSA SOCMEPOLPTRUSA SOUSA SOGRCHNGUSA SOUSA SOUSA WGRCUSA WUSA EUSA SOUSA SOCMEUSA SOUSA W19 792.4ALSGUMUSA SOUSA W19 792.4ALSGUMUSA SOUSA W(1813)FUSA SOUSA WUSA SO1813)FUSA SOCAN EUSA W1813)F(22 09)BRMADDND WCAN EIISRJCAN EIISRND WUSA SOIRNMDRVUSA SONORRUS SOTUP | | | | | | | | | |
| | 19 789.4 | | | | | | | | |
| AZE RUS NW RUS NW RUS SW (1812) CAN E TKM RUS SW CHN HWA UKA BHR ADD HWA USA E USA SO GUM HRV PTR USA SO USA W HRV HRV RUS NW SCG C22 697.4 AUS GUM HRV VIR USA V USA W HRV HRV HWA USA E USA E CME POL PTR MRC USA E C2201) E MRC POL PTR USA SO USA W GRC GUM USA SO USA SO USA SO USA W HNG USA SO USA SO USA SO (19 791) CHN E USA SO USA SO USA SO USA W USA W (1813) F (22 699) BRM ADD CPV USA W USA W IND E I (22 02) HNG ING UVA MDR J C2020 HNG I MDR | | | | | | | | | |
| | (1) (00) | | | | | | 22 712.4 | | |
| CHN HWA JTKM UKR USACHN (2206)BHR GADDJJUKR USA SOUSA EGUM USA SOGPTR RUS EO RUS NW22 697.4AUS USA WHRVHWASCG TUR USA E(22 696)CHN CMEJJTUR USA E(22 01)EPTR POLJMRCUSA E USA SO USA W(2201)EPTR USA EJMRC19 792.4ALS EGRC USA WUSA EUSA SOUSA E(19 791)CHN | (1812) | | | | | | | | |
| HWA J UKR (2206) G GUM PTR USA E USA E USA SO HRV HRV RUS EO USA W USA SO USA W HRV HRV RUS NW SCG CCME MRC POL MRC UKR (2201) E PTR MRC POL PTR USA E USA SO GUM USA SO USA W USA SO USA SO USA SO USA W USA SO USA SO USA SO USA SO USA SO USA W USA SO USA SO USA SO USA SO USA SO USA SO USA W USA SO USA W USA SO USA W USA W USA W USA W USA SO USA W USA SO USA W USA SO USA W USA SO | () | | | | | | (22 / 11) | | ADD |
| J PTR RUS EO RUS NW SCGJ USAUSA E USA WGUM HRV HWA IND W22 697.4AUS CCHN CCHN USA WJHWA HWA19 792.4ALS USA SOGRC USA WMRC POL POL19 792.4ALS E EGRC USA WUSA E USA SOJ19 792.4ALS E EGRC USA SOUSA E USA SOUSA SO USA W19 791)CHN E ECHN E USA SOZ2 700.4 CAN EARG CAN EZ2 715.4 CAN E(1813)F HWA IND E IND W JZ2 700.4 (22 699)ARG CAN ECPV CAN E1813)F F J USA SOZ2 700.4 CAN EARG CAN ECPV C207)1 ND W JSA E USA SOIRN NOR CAN EJC207)1 USA SOIRN TUR USA SOIND W S CAN ESR TUNSR TUN1 USA SOIRN TUR USA SOIND W TUNSR TUN | | | | | | | (2206) | | TIDD |
| PTR RUS EO RUS NW SCGUSA SO USA WHRV HWA22 697.4AUS USA WIND WSCG(22 696)CHN CMEJTUR UKR(22 01)EPOLUSA SO USA E USA SOGRC GUMPTR USA EPOL19 792.4ALS EGRC USA WUSA SO19 792.4ALS EGRC USA WUSA SO19 792.4ALS EGUM USA EUSA SO19 792.4ALS ECMEUSA SO19 792.4ALS ECMEUSA SO19 792.4ALS ECAN EUSA SO19 792.4ALS ECAN EUSA SO19 792.4FCAN EUSA SO19 792.4FCAN ECPV10 701CHN CAN ECAN ECPV10 701SADDCAN EISR10 701SADDIRN MDRPOR10 701SADDIRN MDRPOR10 8MDDIRN MDRPOR10 902NORTUNRUS SW | | | | | | | (2200) | | |
| RUS EO RUS NW SCGUSA WUSA WHWA IND WSCG(22 697.4AUS (22 696)JTUR(22 696)CHNJTUR(2201)EPOLUSA E USA SO USA W(2201)EPTRUSA SO USA WGRCUSA EUSA E19 792.4ALSGUMUSA E(19 791)CHNUSA EUSA SOE IND E JEUSA SOUSA E(1813)FUSA EUSA WHWA IND E J(22 09)BRMADDJN W IND W(22 699)BRMADDJ TUR ND W(2202)HNGLVAJ TUR USA EIRNLVAMDR TUR USA SOIRNLVAS TUR USA SOADDRUS SWUSA SOUSA SOIRN TURIRNPORSA ADD TURRUS EOTUN | | | | | | | | | |
| RUS NW 22 697.4 AUS IND W SCG CHN J TUR CME POL UKR C201) E POL USA E GRC PTR USA W GRC USA E USA W HNG USA E USA W RUS NW USA SO 19 792.4 ALS RUS NW USA W USA SO USA SO (19 791) CHN USA SO E USA SO USA SO I19 792.4 ALS USA SO I19 792.4 ALS CZ 700.4 IND W USA SO USA W E USA W USA W I1813) F USA SO J (22 09) BRM ADD IND W CAN E ISR J (2202) HNG ISR S ADD IRN MDR PTR IND MDR POR S ADD IRN POR TUR NOR RUS SO | | | | | | | | | |
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| TUR UKR USA E USA SOCME (2201)MRC POL19 792.4 USA SOALS EGRC GUM HNG USA E USA WMRC POL PTR USA E USA W19 792.4 (19 791)ALS CHN ERUS NW USA E USA WUSA SO USA W11 792.4 (19 791)ALS CHN EZ2 700.4 (22 699)RUS NW USA WUSA ZR CPV(1813)F HWA IND E JZ2 700.4 (22 699)ARG CAN EZ2 714.4 CPV10 DE IND W J(22 02)HNG IND W IND WISR ISR LVA27 TUR VSA EI IND WIND W S ADDIRN IND WS TUR USA SOIRN IND WPOR TUR TUR USA SOIND W IND WS USA EADD IND WIND W IND WIND W IND WJ USA SOIND W IND WIND W IND WJ USA SOIND W IND WIND W IND WJ TUR USA SOIND W IND WJ TUR USA SOIND W IND WJ TUR USA SOIND W IND WJ TUR USA SOIND W IND WJ TUR USA SOINO IND WJ< | | | | | | | | | |
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| USA E USA SO USA WGRC GUM HNGPTR USA E USA SO USA W19 792.4 (19 791)ALSGRC GUM HNG USA E USA SOJUSA E USA SO(19 791)CHN E E HWA IND FZ2 700.4 (22 699)ARG CAN E CAN EZ2 715.4 CHN CPVAZR CPV(1813)F HWA IND E JZ2 700.4 (22 699)ARG CAN E IND W IND W JZ2 700.4 CAN EARG CPV1 V TUR USA ECAN E IND W IND W JIRN CAN ELVA MDR POR TUR USA SO22 700.4 NORRUS SOISR ISR ISR22 700.4 NORARG CAN EC207)1 TUR USA EIRN NORLVA POR TUN | | | | (2201) | | | | | |
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| 19 792.4 ALS RUS NW USA E USA W (19 791) CHN USA E USA SO 22 715.4 AZR (1813) F USA W USA W (22 714) CHN HWA USA W USA W CPV 0 IND E IND W CAN E ISR 1 J (2202) HNG ISR LVA PTR I INDR POR NDR S ADD IRN POR RUS SW USA E NOR TUN TUN RUS SW | | | | | | | | | |
| (19 791) CHN USA E USA SO 22 715.4 AZR (1813) F USA W (22 714) CHN HWA 100 E USA W CPV (22 714) CHN IND E IND W CAN E ISR CPV 1 J (22 09) BRM ADD (2207) D1 FR J (2202) HNG LVA MDR PTR I MDR POR RUS SW MDR USA E NOR NOR TMP TUN TUN USA SO RUS EO TUN TUN TUN | 19 792.4 | | | | | | | | |
| E E USA SO 22 715.4 AZR (1813) F USA W USA W (22 715.4 AZR HWA IND E USA W (22 700.4 ARG CPV IND E IND W IND W (22 699) BRM ADD CPV J (22 02) HNG ISR LVA DI PTR I IND NDR POR TUR USA E NOR RUS EO TUN | | | | | USA E | | | | |
| (1813) F USA W (22 714) CHN HWA IND E (22 700.4 ARG CPV IND E (22 699) BRM ADD (2207) D1 J (2202) HNG ISR LVA PTR (2202) HNG POR RUS 8W TUR NOR NOR TMP RUS SW USA SO RUS EO TUN TUN | | | | | USA SO | | 22 715.4 | AZR | |
| HWA IND E IND W J22 700.4 (22 699)ARG BRM CAN E ICPV (2207)IND W J(2209)BRM CAN E (2202)ADD (2207)D1 ISR LVAPTR S TUR USA E USA SOIIMTN USA SOINOR RUS EOTUN | (1813) | F | | | | | | | |
| IND WCAN EISRJ(2202)HNGLVAPTRIMDRSADDIRNPORTURMTNRUS SWUSA ENORTMPUSA SORUS EOTUN | | HWA | | 22 700.4 | ARG | | | | |
| IND WCAN EISRJ(2202)HNGLVAPTRIMDRSADDIRNPORTURMTNRUS SWUSA ENORTMPUSA SORUS EOTUN | | IND E | | (22 699) | BRM | ADD | (2207) | D1 | |
| PTRIMDRSADDIRNPORTURMTNRUS SWUSA ENORTMPUSA SORUS EOTUN | | IND W | | | CAN E | | | | |
| PTRIMDRSADDIRNPORTURMTNRUS SWUSA ENORTMPUSA SORUS EOTUN | | J | | (2202) | HNG | | | LVA | |
| SADDIRNPORTURMTNRUS SWUSA ENORTMPUSA SORUS EOTUN | | PTR | | | Ι | | | | |
| TURMTNRUS SWUSA ENORTMPUSA SORUS EOTUN | | S | ADD | | IRN | | | | |
| USA E NOR TMP USA SO RUS EO TUN | | TUR | | | MTN | | | | |
| USA SO RUS EO TUN | | USA E | | | NOR | | | | |
| | | USA SO | | | RUS EO | | | | |
| | | USA W | | | UKR | | | | |

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|-----------|-----------|------|----------|----------------|-----|----------|--------|-----|
| 22 718.4 | ARG NO | | (2213) | << << | | (2218) | << << | |
| (22 717) | BUL | | | LTU | | | GUM | |
| | DNK | | | NZL | | | HWA | |
| (2208) | Ι | ADD | | RUS EO | | | PTR | |
| | IND E | | | RUS SW | | | S | |
| | J | | | RUS W | | | UKR | |
| | MRC | | | S | | | USA E | |
| | NOR | | | TUR | | | USA SO | |
| | PNR | ADD | 22 736.4 | BEL | | | USA W | |
| | S | nibb | (22 735) | CHN | | 22 751.4 | BEL | |
| 22 721.4 | ALS | | (22 733) | E | | (22 750) | CHN | |
| (22 720) | BEL | | (2214) | FIN | | (22 730) | CUB | |
| (22 / 20) | CHN | | (2214) | IRN | | (2210) | GRC | |
| (2200) | | | | | | (2219) | | |
| (2209) | GRC | | | RUS NW | | | MCO | |
| | GUM | | | SUI | | | POL | |
| | HWA | | | TUR | | | SMO | |
| | KOR | | | URG | | 22 754.4 | CAN W | |
| | MRC | | | USA E | | (22 753) | CHN | |
| | PNR | | | USA SO | | | CZE | |
| | POL | | | USA W | | (2220) | D2 | |
| | PTR | | 22 739.4 | CHN | | | G | |
| | RUS NW | | (22 738) | F | | | GRC | |
| | USA E | | | GHA | ADD | | SEN | |
| | USA W | | (2215) | GRC | | | SUI | ADD |
| 22 724.4 | Е | | | IRQ | | | SVK | |
| (22 723) | FIN | | | J | | 22 760.4 | ARS | |
| (/ 0) | GRC | | | NOR | | (22 759) | AZR | |
| (2210) | HOL | | | POL | | (22 73)) | CPV | |
| (2210) | J | | | USA E | | (2222) | D1 | |
| | UKR | | | USA SO | | (2222) | FIN | |
| | USA E | | | USA W | | | GRC | |
| 22 727.4 | CHN | | 22 742.4 | CAN W | | | | |
| | | | | | | | KOR | |
| (22 726) | CUB | | (22 741) | DNK | | | MDR | |
| (2211) | DNK | | (221.0) | GRC | | | MLD | ADD |
| (2211) | I | | (2216) | GUM | | | POR | |
| | J | | | Ι | | | TMP | |
| | S | | | J | | | USA E | |
| | UKR | | | MTN | | | USA SO | |
| 22 730.4 | ALS | | | USA E | | | USA W | |
| (22 729) | AUS | | | USA SO | | 22 763.4 | ALS | |
| | CYP | | 22 745.4 | ALS | | (22 762) | AUS | |
| (2212) | G | | (22 744) | D1 | | | D1 | |
| | GUM | | | Е | | (2223) | HWA | |
| | HNG | | (2217) | GRC | | | Ι | |
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| | MCO | ADD | | HKG | | | MLT | ADD |
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| | PTR | | | IRN | | | TUR | |
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| | USA E | | | PNR | | | USA W | |
| | USA W | | | PTR | | 22 766.4 | ALS | |
| 22 733.4 | BUL | | | USA E | | (22 765) | D2 | |
| (22 732) | CAN E | | | USA E USA W | | (22 /03) | E D2 | |
| (22 / 32) | | | 22 749 4 | | | (2224) | | |
| (2212) | DNK | | 22 748.4 | ALS | | (2224) | GRC | |
| (2213) | E | | (22 747) | CHN | | | GUM | |
| | GEO | | (0010) | CYP | | | HWA | |
| | IRQ | | (2218) | DNK | | | IRQ | |
| | | | 1 | F | | 1 | MAU | |
| | LBY >> >> | | | >> >> | | | >> >> | |

| 1 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 3 |
|-----------|------------|-----|-----------|-----------------|-----|----------|----------------|-----|
| (2224) | << << | | (2230) | << << | | (2235) | << << | |
| | PNR | | | RUS AS | | | HWA | |
| | PTR | | | S | | | IRN | |
| | USA E | | | TUR | | | J | |
| | USA W | | | USA E | | | PTR | |
| 22 769.4 | ALG | | | USA W | | | QAT | ADD |
| (22 768) | BEL | | 22 787.4 | ALS | | | RUS NW | |
| | CHL | | (22 786) | ARS | | | USA E | |
| (2225) | GRC | | | CAN W | | | USA SO | |
| | IND W | | (2231) | EST | | | USA W | |
| | ISL | | | F | | 22 802.4 | DNK | |
| | J | | | FIN | | (22 801) | E | |
| 22 772.4 | ALB | | | GRC | | (222.0) | GRC | |
| (22 771) | ALS | ADD | | J | | (2236) | IRQ | |
| (222.0) | CHN | | | LVA | | | J | |
| (2226) | D2 | | | MLA | | | NZL | |
| | EGY | | | NIU RUS SW | | | UKR | |
| | F HWA | ADD | | USA E | | | USA E USA W | |
| | | ADD | | USA E USA SO | | 22.905.4 | | |
| | ISL JOR | ADD | | USA SO USA W | | 22 805.4 | AZR CHN | |
| | ROU | ADD | 22 790.4 | CUB | | (22 804) | L I | |
| | USA W | ADD | (22 789) | GEO | | (2237) | I IRN | |
| 22 775.4 | ALG | ADD | (22 709) | GRC | | (2237) | J | |
| (22 774) | G | | (2232) | HOL | | | MDR | |
| (22 / /4) | GRC | | (2232) | IRQ | | | NOR | |
| (2227) | IND E | | | LTU | | | POR | |
| (2227) | J | | | LVA | | | ROU | |
| | UKR | | | POL | | | USA E | |
| | USA E | | | RUS EO | | | USA SO | |
| | USA SO | | | RUS SW | | | USA W | |
| | USA W | | | RUS W | | 22 808.4 | ALG | |
| 22 778.4 | AUS | | | SUI | | (22 807) | AUS | |
| (22 777) | DNK | | 22 793.4 | ALS | | | В | |
| lì í l | GRC | | (22 792) | СКН | | (2238) | D1 | |
| (2228) | MRC | | | GRC | ADD | · · | GRC | |
| | QAT | ADD | (2233) | GUM | | | HNG | |
| | RUS EO | | | HWA | | | IRQ | |
| | S | | | IRN | | | J | |
| | USA E | | | NOR | | | LTU | |
| | USA W | | | PNR | | | LVA | |
| 22 781.4 | CAN E | | | PTR | | | RUS SW | |
| (22 780) | E | | | ROU | | | RUS W | |
| | G | | | USA E | | | 11.0 | |
| (2229) | IND W | | | USA SO | | 22 811.4 | ALS | |
| | J | | 22 50 6 1 | USA W | | (22 810) | BEL | |
| | UKR | | 22 796.4 | ARG | | (2220) | CHN | |
| 22 784.4 | ALS | | (22 795) | DNK | | (2239) | E | |
| (22 783) | AUS | | (2234) | INS J | | | GUM HRV | |
| (2220) | AZE | | (2234) | LBY | | | HWA | |
| (2230) | D2 | | | NOR | | | IND E | |
| | E GUM | | | ROU | | | INDEIRN | |
| | GUM HWA | | | S | | | NOR | |
| | HWA KAZ | | 22 799.4 | ALS | | | PNR | |
| | KAZ KGZ | | (22 798) | F | | | PTR | |
| | PNR | | (22 / 30) | GRC | | | USA E | |
| | PTR | | (2235) | GUM | | | USA W | |
| | >> >> | | (2233) | >> >> | | | 0.5.1 ,7 | |
| 1 | | I I | 1 | | I I | l | | |

| 22 814.4 CHL (224) << < (2240) MDG USA US | 3 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
|--|-----|---------|-----------|---|--------|----------|---|--------|----------|
| (22 813) GRC RUS EO UKR USA E (2240) MDG UKR USA W USA E USA W (2240) MOR TUN 22 829.4 ALS USA W USA W (22 816) AZE (22 828) ARG CL ARG SO USA W USA W (22 816) AZE (2245) CHN E (22 843) AZE (2241) CLM GEO HWA J BB GRC GUM HWA J USA SO USA W USA SO GRC GUM HWA USA SO USA W USA W USA W KOR HWA RUS SW RUS SW KGZ RUS SW RUS SW RUS SW SCG TUR USA SO USA SO USA SO USA W USA SO USA W USA SO USA W VIR USA SO USA SO USA SO USA SO USA SO (2242) RUS AN RUS SA RUS SASO | | << << | (2249) | | << << | (2244) | | CHL | 22 814.4 |
| J UKR USA W USA E USA W 1000 NOR 1000 | | | (,) | | | () | | | |
| NOR TUN 22 87.4 ALS ALS USA W 22 817.4 ALS ALS ARG CL ARG SO ALS (22 816) AZE (22 828) ARG CL (22 843) AZE (22 81) CHN E (22 81) ALS B (2241) CLM FWA E GRC B (2241) CLM HWA GRC GRC HKG J RUS EO GRC GRC HWA USA SO USA SO GRC GUM PTR USA SO USA SO GRC GUM RUS SW RUS SW KGZ RUS SW KGZ TUR USA SO USA SO RUS SW RUS SW USA SO USA SO USA SO USA SO USA SO USA SO USA SO USA SO USA SO USA SO USA SO C22 835.4 ALS CAN E USA SO USA SO RUS SAN RUS AN RUS SAS RUS SAS | | USA E | | | UKR | | | J | (/ |
| NOR TUN 22 87.4 (22 829) ALS ARG CL ARG SO (22 828) USA W 22 814/4 (22 843) ALS (22 843) ALS (22 843) ALS (22 843) (22 816) AZE CHN (2241) CLM (CLM GEO HKG HWA (2245) CHN E (2250) DGA E (2241) CLM GEO HKG HWA USA SO USA SO USA SO USA SO GRC GRC GRC GUM HWA VIR USA SO USA SO USA SO USA SO MWA UAE GRC GUM HWA VIR USA SO USA SO Z2 832.4 USA SO B KGZ MDW HWA USA SO USA CL USA SO Z2 832.4 USA SO B KGZ B KUS SW RUS SW RUS SW RUS SW RUS SW NW RUS SW RUS SW RUS SW NW RUS SW RUS SW 22 820.4 USA SO BLR (22 819) CLM RUS AN RUS AN RUS SW RUS AN RUS AN <th></th> <th>USA SO</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th>USA W</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th>MDG</th> <th>(2240)</th> | | USA SO | | | USA W | | | MDG | (2240) |
| 22 817.4 ALS ARG SO (22 843) AZE (22 816) AZE (22 816) (22 813) AZE (22 41) CLM E (22 813) AZE (22 41) CLM E (22 813) AZE (22 41) CLM FWA J B (22 41) CLM FWA J B HKG HWA J GRC GUM HWA J USA SO USA SO KGZ RUS SW C22 832.4 B MDW PTR RUS SW C2240) KGZ RUS SW RUS SW USA SO USA W VIR VIR WS SW VIR VIR USA SO USA SO USA SO (22 819) CLM RUS SA RUS SA USA SO (2242) RUS AN (2247) J RUS AN GUM (22 82) AUS RUS SW RUS SW J MCO RUS SW <th></th> <th>USA W</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th>22 829.4</th> <th></th> <th>NOR</th> <th></th> | | USA W | | | | 22 829.4 | | NOR | |
| (22 816) AZE CHN (2245) CHN B (2241) CLM (2245) CHN E (2250) DGA (2241) GEO HKG HWA J GRC GUM HKG HWA J USA SO GRC GUM PTR USA SO USA W KAZ KAZ PTR USA SO USA W KAZ KAZ RUS SW TUR USA SO KGZ KOR USA CL USA E KOR RUS SW RUS SW USA CL USA W VIR VIR VIR VIR VIR USA SO USA SO USA SO USA W VIR USA SO USA SO USA E USA SO USA W RUS SW RUS ASO RUS ASO USA W USA W VIR USA SO RUS ASO RUS ASO USA W USA W (2242) RUS AS RUS ASO GUM HWA G2251) <td< th=""><th></th><th>ALS</th><th>22 844.4</th><th></th><th>ARG CL</th><th>(22 828)</th><th></th><th>TUN</th><th></th></td<> | | ALS | 22 844.4 | | ARG CL | (22 828) | | TUN | |
| (2241) CLM E (2250) DGA (2241) CLM J GRC GRC HKG HWA J GRC GUS HWA J USA SO GUS GUS PTR USA SO USA SO HWA HWA RUS EO RUS SW (22 831) J KGZ RUS SW (2243) J KGZ RUS SW USA CL USA E KOR RUS SW RUS SW USA SO USA SO RUS SW RUS SW RUS SW USA SO USA SO RUS SW RUS SW RUS SW USA W VIR USA SO USA SO USA SO USA W VIR USA SO USA SO USA SO USA W (22 819) CLM RUS AN (2247) J USA SO (2242) RUS AN RUS SW RUS SW J MCO A RUS SW RUS SW RUS SW J M | | AZE | (22 843) | | ARG SO | | | ALS | 22 817.4 |
| (2241) CLM HWA J E GEO HKG J RUS EO GUM HKG HWA J RUS EO GUM J PTR USA SO KAZ KOR RUS EO RUS SW (22 832.4 B MDW KAZ RUS SW (22 831) J KGZ RUS EO RUS EO UKR (2246) KOR PTR PTR RUS EO USA SC USA CL VA RUS EO RUS SW RUS SW USA SO USA E RUS AN RUS SW RUS ASO SCG USA SO USA N RUS ASO USA E USA E USA SO (2242) RUS AN (2247) J RUS AN BLR (2247) J BLR (2242) RUS SW RUS SW RUS NW RUS SW J MCO MDW RUS SW RUS ASO UKR UKR UKR J MCO MDW (2242) RUS SW UKR USA SO J MCO MDW< | | В | | | CHN | (2245) | | AZE | (22 816) |
| GEO J RUS EO GRC HKG HWA RUS EO UAE HWA J USA SO USA SO HWA PTR USA SO KAZ RUS EO (22 831) J KAZ RUS SW (22 831) J PTR RUS SW KGZ RUS SW RUS SW USA CL KGZ RUS SW RUS SW USA SO USA KO RUS SW RUS SW USA SO RUS W SUI TUR USA W SUI TUR USA SO USA W SUI TUR USA SO USA W SUI TUR USA SO USA W C22 835.4 ALS USA W VIR C22 834) CAN E USA W (2242) RUS AN RUS AN RUS AN RUS SW RUS AN RUS ASO BLR (2242) RUS SW RUS SW J RUS SW RUS SW | | DGA | (2250) | | | | | CHN | |
| HKG HWA J RUS E0 USA W RUS E0 USA W GUM HWA USA SO RUS E0 RUS NW RUS E0 TUR UKR 22 832.4 (22 831) B (22 831) M KGZ KOR M MDW UKR USA CL USA E (22 43) J KGZ R US SW KOR R US SW R US SW USA CL USA E USA W R US SW R US SW R US SW R US SW R US SW USA CL USA E USA SO R US SW R US SW R US SW T UR S U US A SO R US SW T UR S US US A T UR S US A S US UI T UR S US A S US A 22 820.4 (22 28 19) BLR (22 42) R US A SO C A US A R US A SO Z Z 835.4 R US A SO A LS Z Z 847.4 R US A SO A LS B LR US A SO R US A SO R US A SO R US A SO B LR B LR B LR B LR USA SO USA SO USA CL USA E J J J L M CO A M DW A LS 22 823.4 (22 42) A LS A LS USA W R US A W R US A W R US A W | | | | | HWA | | | | (2241) |
| HWA J PTR RUS EO RUS NW RUS SW TUR USA CL USA CL USA CL USA CL USA CL USA SO USA CL USA SO USA CL USA SO USA SO USA SO USA SO (22 42)UAE USA SO USA CL USA SO USA CL USA SO USA SO USA SO USA W VIR (22 42)HWA KAZ KAZ NW KGZ RUS SW RUS SW USA CL USA SO USA SO USA SO (22 42)HWA KAZ KAZ NW KGZ RUS SW RUS SW USA SO USA SO USA SO (22 42)HWA KAZ KGZ RUS SW RUS | | GRC | | | J | | | GEO | |
| J J USA SO KAZ PTR RUS EO USA W KOR RUS NW (22 831) J RUS SW RUS SW KGZ RUS EO TUR (2246) KOR RUS EO USA CL KGZ RUS EO RUS EO USA CL RUS EO RUS EO RUS SW USA SO USA W RUS SW RUS EO USA W VIR TUR USA SO USA W USA SO RUS SW TUR VIR TUR USA SO USA SO VIR VIR USA SO USA SO (2242) RUS AN (2247) J USA SO RUS SW RUS SW RUS AN BLR USA SO (2242) RUS SW RUS SW BLR BLR RUS SW RUS SW RUS SW J HWA Q22 823.4 ALS USA SO J J UKR USA SO USA SO J J UKR USA SO USA SO J J </th <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> | | | | | | | | | |
| PTR RUS EO RUS NW USA W KOR MDW RUS SW 22 832.4 B MDW RUS NW (22 831) J PTR KGZ RUS EO RUS SW TUR (2246) KOR RUS SW RUS EO RUS SW RUS SW USA CL RUS EO USA E RUS SW RUS SW RUS SW USA SO RUS SW RUS SW SCG VTN SUI TUR USA SO VTN 22 835.4 ALS USA N (2242) RUS AN (2247) J USA SO RUS SW RUS SW RUS AN RUS AN (2242) RUS AS RUS AN (2247) RUS SW RUS SW RUS SW BLR RUS SW RUS SW RUS SW J RUS SW RUS SW RUS SW J RUS SW UKR USA SO J UKR USA SO J J UKR USA SO J J UKR USA | | | | | | | | | |
| RUS EO RUS NW RUS SW22 832.4B (22 831)MDW PTR RUS EO RUS SWTUR UKR USA CL USA CL USA SO VTN(2246)KGZ KGZ RUS EO RUS SWRUS EO RUS SW RUS SWRUS SW RUS SW RUS SW22 820.4BLR (22 819)CLM RUS AN RUS SW22 835.4ALS RUS AN (2242)RUS AN RUS AN RUS SWZ2 835.4ALS RUS AN RUS AN RUS SWZ2 835.4ALS RUS AN RUS AN RUS SWZ2 847.4ALS RUS AS RUS AN RUS AN RUS SW22 820.4BLR RUS AN RUS AN RUS SW(22 834)CAN E HWAZ2 847.4ALS RUS AS BLR (2247)22 823.4ALS RUS SW RUS SW RUS SW RUS SW UKR UKR UKR UKRRUS AN RUS AS RUS AN RUS AN < | | | | | | | | | |
| RUS NW RUS SW TUR UKR USA CL USA CL USA SO USA SO USA SO USA SO(22 831)J KGZ (2246)PTR RUS CR RUS NW RUS SW RUS SW RUS SW RUS SW RUS SW RUS SW RUS SW RUS ASOPTR RUS SW RUS SW RUS SW RUS SW RUS ASO22 820.4 VVTNBLR (22 819)CLM RUS AN RUS SAN RUS SAN (2242)22 835.4 RUS AN RUS SW RUS AN RUS SW RUS SW RUS AN RUS SW RUS AN RUS SW RUS AN RUS | | | | | | | | | |
| RUS SW TUR UKR KGZ (2246) KGZ KOR LVA RUS EO RUS NW RUS SW UKR USA CL USA E (2246) KOR LVA RUS EO RUS SW RUS SW RUS SW USA CL USA SO RUS EO RUS SW RUS SW RUS SW RUS CG RUS SW SCG RUS SW USA SO USA SO RUS AN SUI TUR UKR USA SO 22 820.4 (22 819) BLR RUS AN RUS AN (22 834) CAN E USA SO USA SO 22 820.4 (22 42) RUS AN RUS AN RUS AN RUS SW (2247) J USA SO USA N (2242) RUS AS RUS SW RUS AN RUS SW RUS AN RUS SW BLR (2251) CHN HWA (22 822) AUS USA SO USA CL USA SO USA CL USA CL MCO A UKR USA SO USA SO USA CL USA SO USA CL PTR RUS AN RUS AN MCO A 22 823.4 (2243) ALS USA SO RUS AN RUS AN RUS AN RUS AN RUS AN RUS AN RUS AN (2243) BUL VIR VIR RUS SW X | | | | | | | | | |
| TUR (2246) KOR RUS NW UKR USA CL RUS PO RUS SW RUS SW USA CL RUS PO RUS SW SCG SCG USA SO RUS W SUI TUR USA SO USA W VIR TUR USA SO USA W VIR VIR TUR USA SO VTN 22 835.4 ALS USA W VTN 22 835.4 ALS USA W RUS AN (2247) J USA SO RUS SW RUS AN (2247) J BLR RUS SW RUS SW RUS SW BLR RUS SW RUS SW RUS SW BLR RUS SW RUS SW RUS SW J UKR UKR UKR HWA USA SO USA SO J HWA RUS SW RUS SW RUS SW J RUS W UKR UKR MCO UKR USA SO USA E | | | | | | (22 831) | | | |
| UKR USA CL USA E USA SOLVA RUS EO RUS SW RUS SW SUI USA SORUS SW RUS W RUS W SUI USA SORUS SW RUS W SUI USA SORUS SW RUS AS USA SO22 820.4 VTNBLR (22 819)22 835.4 RUS AN RUS AN RUS AN RUS AN RUS SW RUS AN RUS AN | | | | | | | | | |
| USA CL USA E USA SO USA W VIR RUS EO RUS SW RUS W USA W VIR RUS EO RUS SW RUS W USA W SCG TKM TUR USA SW RUS W USA E USA E USA SO 22 820.4 VTN BLR RUS AN RUS AN RUS AN RUS AN RUS SW RUS SW R | | | | | | (2246) | | | |
| USA E RUS SW RUS SW TKM USA SO USA W SUI TUR VIR VIR SUI USA SO VTN USA SO USA SO USA SO 22 820.4 BLR (22 835.4 ALS USA SO (22 819) CLM (22 834) CAN E USA SO (2242) RUS AN (2247) J BLR RUS SW RUS AS RUS AS GUM RUS SW RUS SW RUS AS GUM RUS SW RUS SW RUS SW J UKR USA SO J RUS AN (22 822) AUS USA SO RUS AN | | | | | | | | | |
| USA SO USA W VIR RUS W SUI TUR UKR VIR VIR USA SO USA SO VIR VIR TUR USA SO VIR VIR USA SO USA SO VIR VIR USA SO USA SO 22 820.4 BLR (22 83.4 ALS (22 819) CLM (22 834) CAN E RUS AN (2247) J (22 846) B RUS NW RUS AS RUS AS BLR BLR RUS SW RUS SW RUS SW BLR CAN H RUS SW RUS SW RUS SW J HWA Q2 823.4 ALS USA SO J J Q2 823.4 ALS USA SO J MCO Q2 43) BUL VIR USA W PTR | | | | | | | | | |
| USA W VIR VIR VTN SUI TUR USA SO UKR USA SO 22 820.4 (22 819) BLR CLM RUS AN 22 835.4 (22 834) ALS CAN E HWA USA SO USA W 22 820.4 (22 819) BLR CLM RUS AN (22 834) CAN E HWA 22 847.4 (22 846) ALS RUS AN (22 42) RUS AS RUS SW RUS SW RUS SW UKR RUS AS RUS SW RUS SW UKR RUS AS RUS SW USA SO BLR (22 87.4 ALS UKR USA SO RUS AS RUS SW USA SO BLR RUS SW RUS SW USA SO BLR RUS AS BLR RUS AS 22 823.4 (22 822) ALS AUS B USA SO MCO RUS ASW RUS AS HWA RUS ASW RUS AS 22 823.4 (22 43) BLS USA SO B USA SO RUS ASW RUS ASW MCO RUS ASW RUS ASW (22 43) BUL VIR RUS ASW RUS ASW | | | | | | | | | |
| VIR VTN TUR USA SO USA E USA SO 22 820.4 (22 819) BLR CLM 22 835.4 (22 834) ALS USA W (2242) RUS AN RUS EO RUS SW RUS SW RUS SW (2247) J 22 847.4 (22 846) ALS (2242) RUS AS RUS SW RUS SW RUS SW UKR RUS AS RUS SW RUS AS RUS SW BLR (2247) BLR (2247) 22 823.4 ALS RUS SW UKR BLR RUS SW BLR RUS SW 22 823.4 ALS USA SO J 22 823.4 ALS USA SO J (2243) BUL USA SO RUS ASW USA SO RUS ASW RUS SW | | - | | | | | | | |
| VTN USA SO USA SO 22 820.4 BLR (22 835.4 ALS (22 819) CLM (22 834) CAN E RUS AN (2242) RUS AS (2247) J RUS SW RUS SW RUS SW BLR RUS SW RUS SW RUS SW BLR UKR UKR UKR GUM USA SO USA SO B 22 823.4 ALS RUS SW UKR UKR MCO USA SO USA SO USA SO 22 823.4 ALS USA SO B USA SO RUS AN (2243) BUL VIR RUS AN | | - | | | | | | | |
| Image: constraint of the constrated of the constraint of the constraint of the constraint of the | | | | | | | | | |
| 22 820.4 BLR (22 834) CAN E (22 819) CLM HWA 22 847.4 ALS (2242) RUS AS RUS AS RUS AN (2247) J (22 846) B RUS NW RUS SW RUS AS RUS AS GUM BLR (2251) CHN RUS W RUS NW RUS NW RUS NW GUM HWA (2251) CHN USA SO USA SO USA CL MCO MDW USA SO USA SO USA SO PTR PTR (2243) BUL VIR RUS AW RUS SW | | | | | | 22.925.4 | | VIIN | |
| (22 819) CLM HWA 22 847.4 ALS (2242) RUS AS RUS AS RUS AN (2247) J (22 846) B RUS EO RUS AN RUS AN RUS AN BLR BLR RUS W RUS SW RUS EO GUM HWA 1 1 RUS W RUS NW RUS NW RUS NW GUM HWA 1 RUS SW RUS SW RUS SW J GUM HWA USA SO USA SO USA CL MCO A USA SO USA SO PTR PTR (22 822) AUS USA W RUS AW RUS AW (2243) BUL VIR RUS SW RUS SW | | 05/1 10 | | | | | | BIB | 22 820 4 |
| RUS AN (2247) J (22 846) B (2242) RUS AS RUS EO RUS SW RUS AN RUS SW RUS AN RUS AS BLR BLR RUS W RUS AS RUS AS GUM BLR RUS SW RUS SW RUS SW J GUM RUS SW RUS SW RUS SW J J UKR UKR UKR MCO A USA SO USA CL PTR PTR (22 822) AUS USA SO RUS AW RUS AW (2243) BUL VIR RUS SW RUS SW | | ALS | 22 847 4 | | | (22 834) | | | |
| (2242)RUS AS RUS EO RUS NW RUS SW RUS SW UKR (2283.4RUS AS RUS RUS RUS RUS RUS SW RUS SW UKR USA SORUS AN RUS SW RUS SW UKR USA CL USA CL USA E USA SOBLR RUS (2251)22 823.4ALS B B (2243)MCO BL BULMCO B RUS AN RUS AN | | | | | | (2247) | | | (22 01)) |
| RUS EO RUS NW RUS SW RUS SW UKR (22 823,4RUS AS RUS RUS USA SO(22 81)CHN GUM HWA RUS SW USA CL USA CL USA CL USA SO22 823,4ALS B B (2243)USA BULUSA SO USARUS NW RUS NW | | | (12 0 10) | | | (2217) | | | (2242) |
| RUS NW RUS SW RUS SW RUS W UKR USA SORUS EO RUS NW RUS SW UKR USA SOGUM HWA J J22 823.4 (22 822) B (22 43)ALS B BLUSA CL USA SOMCO MCO MCO WSA SO | | | (2251) | | | | | | () |
| RUS SW RUS NW HWA RUS W RUS SW J UKR UKR MCO USA SO USA CL MDW (22 822) AUS USA B USA W RUS AW (2243) BUL VIR | | | () | | | | | | |
| UKR UKR MCO A USA SO USA CL MDW MDW A 22 823.4 ALS USA CL PTR PTR (22 822) AUS USA SO RUS AN RUS AN B USA W VIR RUS NW (2243) BUL VIR RUS SW | | HWA | | | | | | RUS SW | |
| USA SO USA CL MDW 22 823.4 ALS USA E PTR (22 822) AUS USA SO RUS AN B USA W RUS NW (2243) BUL VIR RUS SW | | J | | | RUS SW | | | RUS W | |
| 22 823.4 ALS USA E PTR (22 822) AUS USA SO RUS AN B USA W VIR RUS NW (2243) BUL VIR RUS SW | ADD | MCO | | | UKR | | | UKR | |
| (22 822) AUS USA SO RUS AN B USA W RUS NW RUS NW (2243) BUL VIR RUS SW | | MDW | | | USA CL | | | USA SO | |
| B USA W RUS NW RUS SW | | PTR | | | USA E | | | ALS | 22 823.4 |
| (2243) BUL VIR RUS SW | | | | | | | | AUS | (22 822) |
| | | | | | USA W | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | (2243) |
| | | TUR | | | ALS | 22 838.4 | | HWA | |
| J (22 837) CHN UKR | | - | | | | (22 837) | | - | |
| KOR E USA E | | | | | | (22.40) | | | |
| PTR (2248) HWA USA SO USA W | | | | | | (2248) | | | |
| RUS EO PTR USA W RUS W USA E 22 850.4 ALS | | | 12 050 4 | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| UAEUSA SO(22 849)GUSA CLUSA WGUM | | - | (22 849) | | | | | - | |
| USA E USA W USA W USA E USA W USA W USA E USA W | | | (2252) | | | 22 841 4 | | | |
| USA SO (22 840) CHN J | | | (2252) | | | | | | |
| USA W (22 840) CHN J HWA LVA | | - | | | | (22 040) | | | |
| VIR (2249) I PTR | | | | | | (2249) | | | |
| 22 826.4 ALS | | | | | | (2279) | | | 22 826.4 |
| (22 825) HWA PTR RUS SW | | | | | | | | | |
| I RUSEO TKM | | | | | | | | | , |
| (2244) J RUS NW UAE | | | | | | | | | (2244) |
| RUS AN RUS W UKR | | UKR | | | | | | | |
| >>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>> | | >> >> | | | | | | | |

| (2252) < | 1 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 3 |
|---|----------|--------|---|----------|--------|-----|----------|--------|-----|
| USA E USA W USA E USA SO USA W (26 151) BUL CHN (26 163) ARG AZE (22 853.4 (22 852) ALS AZE (2503) J (2503) J (2507) CAN E CHN (22 852) AUS AZE (26 154) ALS UAE (2504) DGA E CHN DGA (22 53) CHN Z6 155.4 ARG SO HKG E GRC GUM GEO (2504) BLR J J HWA J PTR RUS SN RUS SN RUS SN RUS SN TUR WMW HWA J PTR RUS SN RUS SN TUR USA E USA E USA E USA E USA E USA W USA E USA W USA SO USA W USA W USA W USA W USA W USA SO USA W USA W USA W USA W USA W USA SO USA W USA W | (2252) | << << | | 26 152.4 | ARG CL | | 26 164.4 | ALS | |
| USA SO USA W CHN AZE 22 853.4 (22 852) AUS AZE (2503) J (2507) CAN E (2253) CHN UAE UAE UAE DGA E (26 155.4) ALS AG G SO GUM HWA GCO (2504) BLR GUM HWA J GUM HWA J PTR RUS SN RUS SN RUS SN MDW FTR RUS SN RUS SN RUS SN TKM USA E USA E USA E USA SO USA E USA SO USA E USA W RUS SN RUS SN B B (2501) CAN E CAT GCC B UKR USA SO USA SO CHN RUS SN RUS SN TUR USA SO USA E USA W CAT GCD ALS GCD B (2501) CAN E CAT CAT ALS GCD GUM GUS GUM | | USA E | | | | | | | |
| 22 853.4 (22 852)ALS AUS AZERUS EO SUI UAECHN DGA(2253)CHN DGA26 155.4 (26 154)ALS ALSGRC GRCGRC GRCGRC GRCG G G G G GRC(2504)BLR CHN HWA JJ PTR RUS ASSJ PTR RUS ASSJ PTR RUS ASSAKAZ MDW PTR RUS NW RUS SW TKM UKR USA SC USA SCPTR RUS ASSJ PTR RUS ASSJ PTR RUS ASS26 146.4 AAS C4145ALS CHN B C501)26 158.4 CHN CAN E C4184ALS C4184Z6 167.4 C4184ALS C418425 146.4 AAS C4184ALS CHN CHNZ6 167.4 C4184ALS C4184Z6 167.4 C4184ALS C418426 146.4 C4184ALS C4184Z6 158.4 C4184ALS C4184ALS C4184Z6 167.4 C4184ALS C418426 146.4 C4184ALS C4184Z6 157.4 C4184ALS C4184Z6 167.4 C4184ALS C418426 149.4 C4184ALS C4184Z6 170.4ALS C4184Z6 170.426 149.4 C46 148ALS C45 ANSRUS SW RUS SWUSA SO USA WZ6 170.426 149.4 C46 148ALS C46 148C4 70.4Z6 70.426 149.4 ALSALS C46 148C4 70.4Z6 70.426 149.4 AUSALS C45 AUSC4 70.4ALS26 149.4 AUSAUSC4 70.4ALS26 149.4 AUSAUSC4 70.4ALS26 149.4 AUS <td< td=""><td></td><td>USA SO</td><td></td><td></td><td>CHN</td><td></td><td>, ,</td><td>AZE</td><td></td></td<> | | USA SO | | | CHN | | , , | AZE | |
| 22 853.4 (22 852)ALS AUS AZERUS EO SUI UAECHN DGA(2253)CHN DGA26 155.4 (26 154)ALS ALSGRC GRCGRC GRCGRC GRCG G G G G GRC(2504)BLR CHN HWA JJ PTR RUS ASSJ PTR RUS ASSJ PTR RUS ASSAKAZ MDW PTR RUS NW RUS SW TKM UKR USA SC USA SCPTR RUS ASSJ PTR RUS ASSJ PTR RUS ASS26 146.4 AAS C4145ALS CHN B C501)26 158.4 CHN CAN E C4184ALS C4184Z6 167.4 C4184ALS C418425 146.4 AAS C4184ALS CHN CHNZ6 167.4 C4184ALS C4184Z6 167.4 C4184ALS C418426 146.4 C4184ALS C4184Z6 158.4 C4184ALS C4184ALS C4184Z6 167.4 C4184ALS C418426 146.4 C4184ALS C4184Z6 157.4 C4184ALS C4184Z6 167.4 C4184ALS C418426 149.4 C4184ALS C4184Z6 170.4ALS C4184Z6 170.426 149.4 C46 148ALS C45 ANSRUS SW RUS SWUSA SO USA WZ6 170.426 149.4 C46 148ALS C46 148C4 70.4Z6 70.426 149.4 ALSALS C46 148C4 70.4Z6 70.426 149.4 AUSALS C45 AUSC4 70.4ALS26 149.4 AUSAUSC4 70.4ALS26 149.4 AUSAUSC4 70.4ALS26 149.4 AUS <td< td=""><td></td><td>USA W</td><td></td><td>(2503)</td><td>J</td><td></td><td>(2507)</td><td>CAN E</td><td></td></td<> | | USA W | | (2503) | J | | (2507) | CAN E | |
| (2253) AZE CHN UAE USA SO E GRC GEO GEO (25155.4 ALS GUM GEO (2504) BLR J GRC (2504) BLR J GUM HWA J PTR HWA J PTR RUS SAS MDW PTR RUS SAS TKM MDW RUS SW RUS SW TKM USA SO USA SC USA SO USA SO USA SO USA SO USA SO USA SO C2501) CAN E 26 158.4 ALS ALS (2501) CAN E (2505) E JOR HWA JOR CHN GRC GUM JOR GRC GRC GRC GRC USA SO USA SO B CAN W USA SO USA SO (2501) CAN E (2505) E GRC GRC GIM HWA GRC PTR DGA GRC USA SO E USA SO B <tr< td=""><td>22 853.4</td><td>ALS</td><td></td><td></td><td>RUS EO</td><td></td><td></td><td>CHN</td><td></td></tr<> | 22 853.4 | ALS | | | RUS EO | | | CHN | |
| (2253) AZE CHN DGA UAE USA SO I E (2253) CHN DGA USA SO GUM E (26155.4) ALS GUM GEO (2504) BLR J GUM HWA J HWA J PTR RUS AN MDW PTR RUS AN TUR USA SO MDW PTR RUS AN TUR RUS NW RUS NW RUS SW TUS SW TKM USA SO USA CL USA E USA SO USA SO USA SO B (2501) CAN E CHN USA SO C146.4 ALS USA W USA SO USA SO USA SO USA W USA SO B CAN W C2501) CAN E CHN GUM MDW JOR GUM HWA JOR DOR HNG (2505) E JOR GUM HNG ID1 ID2 ID3 PTR RUS SW SCG TUR ISR | (22 852) | AUS | | | SUI | | | DGA | |
| DGA 26 155.4 ALS GUM G G (26 15) ARG SO HWA GEO (2504) BLR J KAZ GUM HWA J PTR KAZ MDW PTR RUS AN TKM RUS NW RUS NW RUS NW TUR RUS W RUS NW RUS SW TUR UKR UKR USA E USA E USA E USA W USA E USA W (2501) CAN E CAN E CAN E (2501) CAN E CHN GRC (2501) CAN E CAN E CAN E (2501) CAN E CAN E CHN DI HNG (2505) E GUM HWA JOR RUS NW RUS SW MDW SCG IND E SCG SW MDW UKR USA CL USA E USA SO USA UKR USA SO | . , | AZE | | | UAE | | | Е | |
| E G G GEO GRC(26 154) B C CHNARG SO B B C CHNHKG HWAGRC GUM HWA HWA HWA(2504)BLR CHNJGRC GUM | (2253) | CHN | | | USA SO | | | GRC | |
| G GEO GRC GUM HWA JB BLR CHN CHN HWA JHWA J CHN MDW PTR RUS NW RUS SW TKM USA CL USA CL USA AE USA CL USA AE USA CL USA SO USA NW CHN C | | DGA | | 26 155.4 | ALS | | | GUM | |
| GEO GRC GUM (2504) BLR CHN J J HWA J HWA HWA MDW MDW J PTR RUS AN RUS SO TKM MDW PTR RUS AN TUR VIR PTR RUS SW RUS SW USA E USA E RUS W RUS SW TKM USA E USA SO USA E USA SO USA E USA W USA W 26 146.4 ALS USA W USA SO B (2501) CAN E 26 158.4 ALS GRC CHN CHN CHN B GUM HNG ING (2505) E JOR GUM HNG NDS EO IND W ISR RUS EO PTR NDS W ISR RUS EO PTR PTR C45149, ALS RUS EO RUS SW USA SO UKR USA CL USA CL USA SO ISR RUS SO USA CL | | Е | | (26 154) | ARG SO | | | HKG | |
| GRC GUM HWA HWA HWA JCHN HWA JKAZ MDW PTR RUS EO TR RUS AS | | G | | | В | | | HWA | |
| GUM HWA JHWA JHWA JMDW PTR RUS AN RUS AN RUS AS RUS NW PTR RUS SW TKM UKR USA E USA SO C2501)HWA HCAN EMDW PTR RUS W TKM UKRMDW PTR RUS SW TKM USA E USA SO D1MDW PTR RUS SW TKMMDW PTR RUS SW TKM USA SO USA SO USA WMDW PTR RUS SW TKMMDW PTR RUS AS ASO USA E USA SO USA SO USA WMDW PTR RUS SW TKM UKR26 146.4 (26 145)ALS AZE B C414526 167.4 ALSALS (26 166)ALS AZE B C4N W26 146.4 (2501)ALS C4N WCAN W (26 157)CAN W C4N WCAN W CHN CHN DGA GUM HWA JOR NDR IND E SCG TUR USA CL USA SO USA WHWA CHN CH | | GEO | | (2504) | | | | | |
| HWA JJJPTR RUS AS RUS AS RUS AS RUS AS RUS NW RUS NW RUS NW RUS NW RUS NW RUS NW RUS NW RUS NW RUS NW RUS AS RUS SW TKMJPTR RUS AS RUS AS USA E USA E USA SO USA SO USA WPTR RUS AS RUS NW RUS NW RUS NW RUS AS O USA E USA SO USA SO USA WJPTR RUS AS RUS NW RUS NW RUS NW RUS NW RUS NW RUS SW USA E USA E USA SO USA WZ6 167.4 ALS AUS AUS AUS CAN W CHNPTR RUS SW USA E USA CL USA SO USA WZ6 167.4 ALS AUS AUS CAN W CHN DI DI DI DI CHN HWA JOR RUS EO RUS EO TUR USA CL USA | | | | | | | | | |
| J KAZ MDWJ KAZ MDWPTR RUS AN RUS AN RUS AS RUS AS RUS NW RUS NW RUS NW RUS NW RUS NW RUS NW RUS NW RUS NW RUS NW RUS AS O USA E USA SO USA E USA SO USA WPTR RUS NW RUS NW RUS SW TKM USA E USA SO USA WRUS EO USA SO USA WRUS EO USA SO USA WRUS ASO USA SO USA W26 146.4 (26 145) B (2501)ALS CAN E CHN D1 HNG D1 HNG D1 D1 HNG HWA JOR RUS EO SCG TUR USA CL26 167.4 USA CL USA WALS CAN W CHN CHN CHN CHN DGA GUM HWA JOR ND E ND W TUR UKR UKR USA SO USA WPTR RUS SO USA WPTR RUS SU RUS SW USA SO USA SO US | | | | | | | | | |
| KAZ MDW PTR RUS NW RUS NW RUS W TKM USA E USA E USA E USA E USA SO USA WRUS AN RUS NW RUS NW RUS NW RUS NW UKR USA E USA E USA SO USA WRUS NW RUS SW TKM UKR USA SO USA WTKM USA SO USA WTKM USA SO USA W26 146.4 (26 145) B (2501)ALS CAN E (26 145)26 167.4 ALS USA SO USA WALS (26 166)AUS B B CHN CHN CHN CHN CHN CHN26 167.4 (26 166)ALS B B CONNW CHN CHN CHN CHN DI CHN | | | | | | | | | |
| MDW PTR RUS NW RUS NW RUS WW RUS WW RUS WW RUS WW RUS WW RUS SW TKM UKR USA E USA SO USA WRUS AS RUS SW RUS SW UKR USA CL USA WTUR USA CL USA WTUR USA SO USA W26 146.4 USA SO USA WALS (26 145)ALS (26 145)Z6 167.4 AUS AUS USA WALS AUS B CAN WZ6 167.4 AUS B USA SO USA WALS CAN W CHN CHN CHN CHNZ6 167.4 USA CL USA CL CHN CAN WALS COM CAN W CHN CH | | | | | | | | | |
| PTR RUS NW RUS W TKMRUS EV RUS W TKMRUS EO RUS NW RUS SW TKMRUS A E USA SO USA WUKRUSA E USA SO USA WUSA CL26 167.4ALS26 146.4 (26 145)ALS AZE BUSA WUSA CL26 167.4ALS(2501)CAN E CHNUSA WUSA W(2508)CAN W(2501)CAN E CHN26 158.4ALS CHNGUM HNGGUM HNGGUM HNGHNG USA ED USA W(2505)E E ID1 CHNJOR RUS EO SCGJOR RUS EO SCGMDW HWA IDRMDW HWA HNGPTR RUS EO SCGMDW HWAPOR RUS EO ISRRUS EO ISRRUS EO ISRRUS EO ISRISR RUS EO ISRRUS EO ISRRUS SW ISA SOUSA SO ISA SOUSA SO ISA SO26 149.4 (26 148)ALSTUR AUSISR RUS WUSA SO ISA SOUSA SO26 149.4 (26 148)AUSUKRUKR ISA SOUKRUSA SOUSA SO | | | | | | | | | |
| RUS NW RUS W TKM UKRRUS NW RUS SW TKM UKRRUS NW RUS SW TKM USA E USA E USA SO USA WRUS NW RUS SW TKM USA CL USA SO USA WRUS NW RUS SW TKM USA CL USA CL USA WUSA E USA CL USA CL USA WUSA CL USA CL USA WZ6 167.4 ALS AUS B CHN DGA GRC GRC GRCALS B CHN DGA GRC <b< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></b<> | | | | | | | | | |
| RUS W TKM UKRRUS SW TKM UKRRUS SW TKM UKRUSA SO USA E USA SO USA WRUS SW TKM UKRUSA SO USA CLUSA SO USA W26 146.4 (26 145)ALS AZE BALS (26 145)USA SO USA W26 167.4 (26 166)AUS B26 146.4 (26 145)ALS BUSA SO USA WUSA SO USA W26 167.4 (26 166)AUS B26 145.4 (25 01)ALS CAN E CHN DI DI HNG HWA JOR RUS EO SCG TUR USA CL USA E USA CL USA E USA CL USA CL USA CL USA CL USA E USA CL USA SO USA WRUS EO F CHN HWA | | | | | | | | | |
| TKM UKRTKM UKRTKM UKRUSA WUSA E USA WUSA CL USA SOUSA CL USA CL26 167.4 (26 166)ALS26 146.4 (26 145)ALS AZE BUSA SO USA WUSA SO USA W(26 166)AUS B26 146.4 (26 145)ALS AZE BUSA W(2508)CAN W(2501)CAN E CHN D1 HNG HNG JOR RUS EO SCG TUR UKR26 158.4 (26 157)ALS B CHNCHN B GUM HWA GUM HWA HND E IND E IND WJOR HWA MDW HWA HWA UKRJOR RUS EO SCG TUR UKRZ6 157)B B CHN CHN HWA HWA HWA UKRJOR RUS EO IND E ISR RUS EO IND WJOR RUS SW RUS SW UKRZ6 187,4 CHN HWA HWA HWA HWA HWA HWA USA CL USA SO USA SO USA WUKR CHN HWA HWA HTUKR UKR HWA HWA HTUKR HWA HWA HWA HTUKR HWA | | | | | | | | | |
| UKR USA E USA SO USA WUKR USA SO USA WUKR USA CL USA SO USA WUKR USA CL USA SO USA W26 167.4ALS AUS B CAN W26 146.4 (26 145)ALS AZE BUSA W(26 166)AUS B(2501)CAN E CHN D126 158.4ALS (26 157)GRC GUM HNGD1 HNG HWA JOR RUS EO SCG26 158.4ALS (2505)GUM HWA HNGGUM HWA HWA IOR RUS EO SCGMDW POR HWA IDR RUS EO SCGMDW HWA HWA IDR RUS EO SCGPTR RUS EO ISR RUS SW ISR RUS SW ISR RUS SW ISR RUS SW UKR USA CL USA CL USA SO USA WALSMC W26 149.4 (26 148)ALSUKR AUSUKR UKRALS26 149.4 (26 148)ALSUKR AUSUKR AUSUKR ALS | | | | | | | | | |
| USA E USA SO USA WUSA CL USA SO USA WUSA CL USA E USA SO USA W26 167.4ALS AUS AUS B26 146.4ALS AZE BALS CHNUSA W(26 166)AUS B(26 145)AZE BVIRCAN W(2501)CAN E CHN26 158.4ALS (26 157)GRC GUM HNGD1 HNG HWA JOR RUS EO SCG TUR USA CL USA CL USA CL26 158.4ALS GUM HWA HWA IJOR BGUM HWA HWA HWA IJOR RUS EO SCG TUR USA CL USA CL USA CL USA SO USA WALS C70 R C26 149.4ALS AUSALSRUS EO RUS SW RUS SW RUS SWUKR USA SO USA WVKR26 149.4ALS AUSTUR UKRUKR26 170.426 149.4AUSUKRUKR26 170.4 | | | | | | | | USA W | |
| USA SO USA WUSA E USA WUSA E USA SO USA W(26 166)AUS B26 146.4ALSUSA WUSA W(2508)CAN W(26 145)AZE BVIRDGA(2501)CAN E CHN26 158.4ALSGRC(2501)CAN E CHN(26 157)BGUMD1 HNG(2505)EJORHWA JOR(2505)EJORRUS EO SCGIND E USA CL USA EIND E ISRPTR RUS EOUSA CL USA CL USA EPR USA SORUS EO RUS SWUKR26 149.4ALSTUR26 149.4AUSUKRZ6 170.4 | | | | | | | 2(1(7.4 | ALC | |
| USA WUSA SOB26 146.4ALSUSA SOUSA W(2508)CAN W(26 145)AZEVIRCHNDGABBCHNCHNCHNDGA(2501)CAN ECG I558.4ALSGRCCHNCHNCHNCHNGRCD1CHNCHNJORHWAGUMHWAJORJORHWAGUMPORSCGIND EPTRPTRUSA CLUSA SOISRRUS EOUSA CLUSA SORUS EOTURUSA SOUSA SORUS SWUSA SOUSA SOUSA WRUS SWUSA SO26 149.4ALSUKRUKRAUSUKRUKRZ6 170.4 | | | | | | | | | |
| 26 146.4 (26 145) ALS AZE B USA W VIR (2508) CAN W CHN (2501) CAN E Z6 158.4 (26 157) ALS DGA (2501) CAN E Z6 158.4 (26 157) ALS GRC HWG (26 157) B GUM HNG JOR CHN GUM HNG JOR HWA GUM MDW MDW JOR HWA GUM MDW JOR IND E PTR PTR KUS EO IND W RUS EO RUS EO SCG IND W RUS SW USA SW USA CL RUS EO RUS SW USA SO USA SO RUS SW USA SO USA W 26 149.4 ALS TUR UKR USA W | | | | | | | (20 100) | | |
| (26 145) AZE B VIR CHN (2501) CAN E 26 158.4 ALS GRC (2501) CAN E CHN GUM HNG D1 CHN CHN GUM HNG HNG (2505) E JOR HWA GUM HWA POR JOR HWA GUM MDW JOR IND E PTR RUS EO IND W RUS EO SCG IND W RUS SW UKR PTR TUR USA CL RUS SW USA SW USA SO RUS SW USA SO USA W RUS SW USA W 26 149.4 AUS UKR UKR 405 UKR UKR 26 170.4 ALS | 261464 | | | | | | (2508) | | |
| BZ6 158.4ALSDGA(2501)CAN EZ6 158.4ALSGRCCHN(26 157)BGUMHNGD1CHNJORHNGHWA(2505)EJORHWAGUMMDWPORJORHWAPORSCGIND EPTRUKRJSRRUS EOUKRPTRTURUSA CLRUS EOUKRUSA SORUS SWUSA SOUSA WRUS SWUSA SOUSA WTUR26 149.4AUSAUSUKRUKRAUSUKRUSA WUKRUSA WUKRUSA WUKRUSA WUKRUSA WUKRUSA WUKRUSA WUKRAUSUKRAUSUKRAUSUKRAUSUKRAUSUKRAUSUKR | | | | | | | (2308) | | |
| (2501) CAN E 26 158.4 ALS GRC CHN D1 CHN GUM HNG HNG (26 157) B JOR HWA (2505) E JOR RUS EO GUM HWA POR SCG IND E PTR PTR UKR PTR RUS EO RUS EO USA CL PTR RUS EO UKR USA SO RUS SW USA SO USA W 26 149.4 ALS TUR UKR (26 148) AUS UKR Z6 170.4 ALS | (20 145) | | | | VIIC | | | | |
| CHN(26 157)BGUMDI(2505)EJORHWA(2505)EJORHWAGUMMDWJORHWAPORRUS EOIND EPTRSCGIND WRUS EOTURISRRUS SWUSA CLPTRUSA CLRUS EOUSA SORUS SWUSA SORUS SWUSA SORUS SWUSA WRUS W26 149.4AUSAUSUKRAUSUKRAUSUKRCa 149.4AUSAUSUKRAUSUKRAUSUKRAUSAUS | (2501) | | | 26 158 4 | AIS | | | | |
| D1CHNHNGHNG(2505)EJORHWAGUMMDWJORHWAPORRUS EOIND EPTRSCGIND WRUS EOTURISRRUS EOUKRPTRUSA CLRUS EOUSA ERUS SWUSA SORUS SWUSA SORUS SWUSA WRUS SW26 149.4AUSAUSUKRAUSUKRUSA MUKRZ6 148AUS | (2501) | | | | | | | | |
| HNG HWA JOR(2505)EJOR GUM HWAJOR RUS EOGUM HWAMDW POR PTR SCGRUS EO TUR UKRIND W ISR PTR SCGRUS EO RUS SW UKRUSA CL USA E USA SO USA WPTR RUS EO RUS SW | | | | (20107) | | | | | |
| HWA JORGUM HWAMDW PORRUS EOIND EPTRSCGIND WRUS EOTURISRRUS SWUKRPTRTURUSA CLRUS EOUKRUSA ERUS SWUSA EUSA SORUS SWUSA SOUSA WRUS SWUSA SO | | | | (2505) | | | | | |
| JOR RUS EO SCGHWAPOR PTRSCGIND E IND WPTR RUS EO RUS SWTUR UKRJSRRUS SW TURUSA CL USA E USA SORUS EO RUS SWUKRUSA SO USA WRUS SW USA SO USA WUSA SO RUS W26 149.4 (26 148)AUSUKR | | | | () | | | | | |
| SCG IND W RUS EO TUR ISR RUS SW UKR PTR TUR USA CL RUS EO UKR USA E RUS NW USA E USA SO RUS SW USA SO USA W RUS W USA SO 26 149.4 AUS USA AUS UKR 26 170.4 | | | | | | | | POR | |
| TUR ISR RUS SW UKR PTR TUR USA CL RUS EO UKR USA E RUS W USA E USA SO RUS SW USA SO USA W RUS W USA SO 26 149.4 AUS UKR AUS UKR 26 170.4 | | RUS EO | | | IND E | | | PTR | |
| UKR PTR TUR USA CL RUS EO UKR USA E RUS NW USA E USA SO RUS SW USA SO USA W RUS W USA SO 26 149.4 ALS TUR (26 148) AUS UKR | | SCG | | | IND W | | | RUS EO | |
| USA CL RUS EO UKR USA E RUS NW USA E USA SO RUS SW USA SO USA W RUS SW USA SO 26 149.4 ALS TUR (26 148) AUS UKR | | TUR | | | ISR | | | RUS SW | |
| USA E RUS NW USA E USA SO RUS SW USA SO USA W RUS W USA SO 26 149.4 ALS TUR (26 148) AUS UKR 26 170.4 | | UKR | | | PTR | | | | |
| USA SO RUS SW USA SO USA W RUS SW USA SO 26 149.4 ALS TUR (26 148) AUS UKR 26 170.4 | | | | | | | | | |
| USA W RUS W USA W 26 149.4 ALS TUR USA W (26 148) AUS UKR 26 170.4 ALS | | | | | | | | | |
| 26 149.4 ALS TUR (26 148) AUS UKR 26 170.4 ALS | | | | | | | | | |
| (26 148) AUS UKR 26 170.4 ALS | | | | | | | | USA W | |
| | | | | | | | 2(170.4 | ALC | |
| | (26 148) | | | | | | | | |
| | (2502) | | | | | | (20 109) | | |
| | (2502) | | | | | | (2500) | | |
| G USA W (2509) CHN HWA D2 | | | | | USA W | | (2309) | | |
| J 26 161.4 ALS GUM | | | | 26 161 4 | AIS | | | | |
| MOZ (26 160) ARG HWA | | | | | | | | | |
| PTR CHN J | | | | (20100) | | | | | |
| RUS EO (2506) HWA MDW | | | | (2506) | | | | | |
| RUS SW I PTR | | | | (| | | | | |
| UKR J J RUS EO | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | ADD | | | ADD |
| USA E TUR TUR | | | | | | | | | |
| USA SO USA SO USA E | | | | | | | | | |
| USA W USA W USA SO | | USA W | | | USA W | | | | |
| VIR USA W | | VIR | | | | | | USA W | |

MOD

10 Special section No./Weekly Circular or BR IFIC No./Date (e.g. MAR/10/1305/280278). (WRC-03)

| 1 | 2 | 3 | | 4 | 5 | 6 | | 7 | | | 8 | 9 | | 10 |
|------------|----------|---------------------|----------------|----------|------------|--------------|----------|---|----------|----------|------------------------|------------------------|------------|--|
| | | 3.1 | 3.2 | | | | 7.1 | 7.2 | 7.2 | | | 9a) | 9b) | |
| 401 | AUS | 12 | 800 | CV | J3E | 20.0 | ND | a) | b) | c) | 2200-1000 | 2200-1000 | 30 | MAR/54/1640/021084 |
| 401 | PNR | 9, 18 | 500 | CP | J3E | 30.0 | ND | | | | 0000-1200 | | 25 | AR16/84/1838/160888 |
| 403 | CAN CL | 2,16 | 1 0 0 0 | CV | J3E | 30.0 | ND | | | | 0000-2359 | 0800-2000 | 360 | AR16/120/2318/100398 |
| 403 | PNR | 9, 18 | 500 | CP | J3E | 30.0 | | | | | 0800-1200 | 0000-2000 | 25 | AR16/84/1838/160888 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | / / / / |
| 404 | MCO | 17 | 300 | СР | J3E | 40.0 | ND | | | | 0700-2200 | 0800-1000 1500-1700 | 50 | AP25/125/2379/250599 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 405 | USA CL | 16 | 800 | СР | J3E | 30.0 15.0 | ND | | | | 1100-2300 2300-1100 | 1200-1800 | 180 | MAR/50/1609/280284 |
| 407 | AUS | 11, 12 | 800 | CO/CP | J3E | 37.0 | ND | | | | 0000-2400 | | | MAR/48/1602/100184 |
| 407 | Ι | 17 | 1 2 0 0 | СО | J3E | 31.8 | ND | | | | 0500-2200 | 0700-1100 | 60 | MAR/58/1682/300785 |
| 408 | в | 18,20 | 800 | CV | J3E | 21.8 | ND | | | | 0000-2400 | | 120 | MAR/69/1712/040386 |
| 408 | CHN | 5 | 200 | OT | J3E | 26.0 | D | 340 | 60 | 3 | 1100-1900 | 1200-1300 | 190 | |
| 408 | MLD | 6 | - 1 000 | CO CP | J3E J3E | 30.0 30.0 | D ND | 300 | 120 | 5 | 0000-2400 | | 20 | AR16/79/1816/150388 MAR/10/1305/280278 |
| 408 | SMA | 8, 12, 13 | 1000 | Cr | J3E | 50.0 | ND | | | | 1800-0400 | | 50 | MAR/10/1505/280278 |
| 409 | GHA | 19 | 500 | СР | J3E | 30.0 | | | | | 0000-2359 | | | AR16/114/2237/230796 |
| | | | | | | | D | 110 330 | 30 30 | 10 10 | | | | |
| 409 | QAT | 6 | 2 500 | СР | J3E | 30.0 | ND | 550 | 50 | 10 | 0000-2400 | | | AR16/89/1886/250789 |
| 411 | AME | 10 | | СР | J3E | 24.8 | ND | | | | 0430-0445 | | 25 | MAR/15/1347/191278 |
| 411 | AMS | 10 | _ | Cr | JJE | 24.0 | ND | | | | 0830-0845 | | 23 | MAR/15/1547/191278 |
| 411 | FOL | 9 | 800 | СР | J3E | 24.0 | ND | | | | 1230-1245 0030-0530 | | 20 | AR16/90/1895/260989 |
| 411 411 | EQA I | 17 | - 800 | CP | J3E J3E | 31.8 | ND | | | | 0500-2200 | 0700-1100 | | AR16/90/1895/260989 AR16/75/1747/041186 |
| 411 | KIR | 7, 8 | 500 | CP | J3E | 27.0 | ND | | | | 0800-1800 | | | MAR/59/1686/270885 |
| 416 | ADC CL | 14, 20 | 1 0 0 0 | СР | J3E | 30.0 | D | 90 | 60 | 2 | 0000-2400 | 1100 1700 | 490 | |
| 410 | ARG CL | 14, 20 | 1000 | CI | JJL | 50.0 | | ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,, | 00 | 2 | 0000-2400 | 1100-1700 | 490 | |
| 417 | TZA | 6, 10, 19, 21 | 3 2 0 0 | CO/CP | J3E | 37.0 | ND | | | | 0700-1800 | | 240 | MAR/66/1707/280186 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | 1500-1700 | | |
| 418 | В | 18, 20 | 800 | CV | J3E | 21.8 | ND | | | | 0000-2400 | 0700-1100 | | MAR/69/1712/040386 |
| 418 | I | 17 | - | со | J3E | 31.8 | ND | | | | 0500-2200 | 0700-1100 | 60 | AR16/75/1747/041186 |
| 419 | TZA | 6, 10, 19, 21 | 3 2 0 0 | CO/CP | J3E | 37.0 | ND | | | | 0700-1800 | 0800-1000 | 240 | MAR/57/1680/160785 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | 1500-1700 | | |
| 422 | SUI | 15, 17 | 4 0 0 0 | СР | J3E | 37.0 | D | ROT | 30 | 8 | 1900-0200 | 2000-2200 | 20 | MAR/62/1694/221085 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 423 423 | B MLT | 18, 20 6, 15, 17 | 800 3 000 | CV CP | J3E J3E | 27.0 31.8 | ND ND | | | | 0000-2400 1700-0500 | 2000-2100 | 60 | MAR/16/1350/160179 MAR/41/1565/190483 |
| 423 | QAT | 6 | 800 | CP | J3E | 37.0 | ND | | | | 0000-2400 | 2000-2100 | 200 | MAR/23/1412/010480 |
| | Ì | 6 | 1 500 | CP | J3E | 37.0 | D | 130 | 60 | 9 | 0000-2400 | | 200 | |
| | | 6 | 1 500 1 500 | CP CP | J3E J3E | 37.0 37.0 | D D | 200 310 | 60 60 | 9 | 0000-2400 0000-2400 | | 200 200 | |
| | | 6 | 1 300 | Cr | 13E | 57.0 | | 510 | 00 | 9 | 0000-2400 | | 200 | |
| 424 | AUS E | 12 | 800 | CO/CP | J3E | 30.0 | ND | | | | 0000-2400 | | | MAR/48/1602/100184 |
| 424 | PNR | 9, 18 | 500 | СР | J3E | 30.0 | ND | | | | 0800-1200 | | 25 | AR16/73/1742/300986 |
| 425 | в | 18,20 | 800 | CV | J3E | 27.0 | ND | | | | 1000-2300 | 1900-2200 | 100 | MAR/16/1350/160179 |
| 425 | JOR | 6, 15, 17 | 5 000 | CP | J3E | 37.0 | ND | | | | 1700-0500 | | | MAR/49/1604/240184 |
| | | 17 | | 60 | 10E | 21.0 | | | | | 0.400.2200 | 0.000 1.400 | | A D 16/75/1747/041106 |
| 601 601 | I MLD | 17 6 | _ | CO CO | J3E J3E | 31.8 30.0 | ND D | 300 | 120 | 5 | 0400-2200 0000-2400 | 0600-1400 | 60 | AR16/75/1747/041186 AR16/79/1816/150388 |
| 601 | NCL | 7, 8, 12 | 2 500 | CP | J3E | 27.0 | ND | 500 | 0 | | 0000-2400 | | | AR16/71/1737/260886 |
| 602 | ALISE | 12 | 1 0 0 0 | cv | J3E | 26.0 | ND | | | | 0000 2250 | 1000 0700 | | AP25/128/2406/301199 |
| 002 | AUS E | 12 | 1000 | UV | J3E | 26.0 | מאו | I | | | 0000-2359 | 1900-0700 | | 25/120/2400/301199 |

| 1 | 2 | 3 | | 4 | 5 | 6 | | 7 | | | 8 | 9 | | 10 |
|-------------------|-----------------|--|----------------------------------|----------------------------|--|--|-------------------------|-------------------|----------------|----------------|---|-------------------------------------|--------------------------|---|
| | | 3.1 | 3.2 | | | | 7.1 | 7.2 | | 7.2 | | 9a) | 9b) | |
| 602 602 602 | B EQA FJI | 18, 20 9 12 | 800 800 1 000 | CP CP CP | J3E J3E J3E | 30.0 24.0 30.0 | | a) | b) | c) | 0000-2400 0630-1000 1800-0600 | 2000-0500 | | MAR/69/1712/040386 AR16/90/1895/260989 MAR/37/1519/180582 |
| 602 | GHA | 19 | 500 | СР | J3E | 30.0 | | 110 330 | 30 30 | 10 10 | 0000-2359 | | | AR16/114/2237/230796 |
| 603 603 | AUS MLT | 11, 12 6, 15, 17 | 4 000 3 000 | CP CP | J3E J3E | 30.0 31.8 | | | | | 0000-2400 0500-1700 | 2100-0900 0900-1100 | 30 60 | MAR/55/1651/181284 MAR/41/1565/190483 |
| 604 | ATN | 18 | 1 500 | СР | J3E | 30.0 | ND | | | | 0000-0200 0600-1000 | | 120 | MAR/35/1495/171181 |
| 604 | В | 18, 20 | 800 | СР | J3E | 30.0 | ND | | | | 1000-1300 1700-2000 | | | MAR/69/1712/040386 |
| 604 | TUV | 8, 12 | 450 | СР | J3E | 30.0 | | | | | 1800-1200 | 2000-0400 | 30 | AR16/91/1897/101089 |
| 605 | В | 18, 20 | 800 | CP | J3E | 30.0 | | | | | 1000-1300 | 1000 0000 | | MAR/69/1712/040386 |
| 605 605 | F NZL | 15, 17 7, 8, 11, 12, 13 | 2 500 | CP CP | J3E J3E | 40.0 | | | | | 0600-0900 1700-2200 0000-2400 | 1800-2200 0400-0900 | | MAR/56/1679/090785 MAR/63/1695/291085 |
| 803 | SUI | 15, 16, 17, 18, 19 | 6 000 | СР | J3E | 40.0 | D | ROT | 30 | 8 | 0600-2400 | 0600-1000 | | MAR/63/1695/291085 MAR/62/1694/221085 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | 1700-2200 | | |
| 804 804 | JOR QAT | 6, 15, 17 6 6 6 | 5 000 1 500 2 500 2 500 | CP CP CP CP CP | J3E J3E J3E J3E J3E J3E | 37.0 37.0 37.0 37.0 37.0 37.0 | ND ND D D D | 130 200 310 | 60 60 60 | 10 10 10 | 0500-1700 0000-2400 0000-2400 0000-2400 0000-2400 | | 200 200 200 200 | MAR/49/1604/240184 MAR/23/1412/010480 |
| 805 | EQA | 6, 17 9 | 2 500 800 | CP | J3E | 24.0 | ND | 510 | 00 | 10 | 1130-1730 | | 30 | AR16/90/1895/260989 |
| 806 806 | AUS SMA | 11 8, 12, 13 | 2 000 3 000 | CP CP | J3E J3E | 30.0 30.0 | ND ND | | | | 2100-0500 1800-0400 | 2100-0500 | 90 30 | MAR/52/1631/310784 MAR/11/1310/040478 |
| 807 | Ι | 15, 17 | - | со | J3E | 31.8 | ND | | | | 0000-2400 | 0500-1300 | 60 | AR16/75/1747/041186 |
| 808 | Ι | 15, 17 | - | со | J3E | 31.8 | ND | | | | 0000-2400 | 1300-2100 | 60 | AR16/75/1747/041186 |
| 812 | Ι | 15, 17 | - | со | J3E | 31.8 | ND | | | | 0000-2400 | 2100-0500 | 60 | AR16/75/1747/041186 |
| 814 | KIR | 7,8 | 500 | СР | J3E | 27.0 | | | | | 1800-0800 | | | MAR/65/1702/171285 |
| 815 | JOR | 6, 17 | 3 000 | CP | J3E | 37.0 | | | | | 0700-2000 | 0800-1200 | | AR16/100/2084/060793 |
| 817 819 | PNR PNR | 9, 18 9, 18 | 2 000 | CP CP | J3E J3E | 30.0 30.0 | | | | | 1200-2300 | | | AR16/84/1838/160888 AR16/84/1838/160888 |
| 820 820 | D2 TZA | 6, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19 6, 10, 19, 21 | 6 000 3 200 | CP CO/CP | J3E J3E | 40.0 37.0 | ND | | | | 0400-2000 0700-1800 | 0800-1000 1500-1700 | 30 | AR16/82/1827/310588 MAR/66/1707/280186 |
| 822 | AUS | 11, 12 | 3 000 | СР | J3E | 30.0 | ND | | | | 2100-0900 | 2100-0900 | 90 | MAR/64/1696/051185 |
| 823 | TZA | 6, 10, 19, 21 | 3 200 | CO/CP | J3E | 30.0 | ND | | | | 0700-1800 | 0800-1000 | 240 | MAR/66/1707/280186 |
| 823 | USA W | 9 | 1 200 | со | J3E | 30.0 | ND | | | | 1600-0400 | 1500-1700 1600-1800 0000-0200 | 180 | AR16/92/1910/230190 |
| 825 | AMS | 10 | - | СР | J3E | 24.8 | ND | | | | 0445-0500 0845-0900 | | 25 | MAR/15/1347/191278 |
| 825 | GHA | 19 | 500 | СР | J3E | 30.0 | ND D D | 110 330 | 30 30 | 10 10 | 1245-1300 0000-2359 | | | AR16/114/2237/230796 |

| 1 | 2 | 3 | | 4 | 5 | 6 | | 7 | | | 8 | 9 | | 10 |
|----------------|--------------|---|----------------|----------|------------|--|---------------------------------|---|--|--|---|---|--|---|
| | | 3.1 | 3.2 | | | | 7.1 | 7.2 a) | 7.2 b) | 7.2 c) | | 9a) | 9b) | |
| 825 | S | 5, 15 5, 15 6, 10, 17 6, 10, 17, 19, 21 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 21 15, 16, 18, 19 15, 16 | _ | СР | J3E | 40.0 40.0 40.0 40.0 40.0 40.0 40.0 | D D D D D D D | 10 50 130 170 210 250 310 | 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 | 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 | 0000-2400 0000-2400 0000-2400 0000-2400 0000-2400 0000-2400 0000-2400 | 0800-1000 0800-1000 0800-1000 0800-1000 0800-1000 0800-1000 0800-1000 | 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 | AR16/70/1730/080786 |
| 826 | QAT | 6 | 2 500 | СР | J3E | 30.0 | ND | | | | 0000-2400 | | | AR16/89/1886/250789 |
| 829 829 | BRM MLD | 5, 6, 7 6 | 3 300 - | CP CO | J3E J3E | 24.0 30.0 | ND D | 300 | 120 | 5 | 2330-1130 0000-2400 | 0330-0430 | 30 | AR16/112/2223/160496 AR16/79/1816/150388 |
| 830 830 | CHN MCO | 5, 6, 7, 8 15, 17 | 8 000 800 | CP CP | J3E J3E | 38.5 40.0 | ND ND | | | | 0000-2400 0700-2200 | | 400 50 | AP25/125/2379/250599 |
| 1 201 | QAT | 6 | 2 500 | СР | J3E | 30.0 | ND | | | | 0400-0600 1400-1600 | | | AR16/89/1886/250789 |
| 1207 | EQA | 9 | 800 | СР | J3E | 24.0 | ND | | | | 1830-2330 | | 30 | AR16/90/1895/260989 |
| 1208 | Ι | 6, 15, 16, 17, 18 | - | со | J3E | 31.8 | ND | | | | 0300-2200 | 0600-1100 | 30 | AR16/75/1747/041186 |
| 1210 | SUI | 6, 10, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21 | 9 000 | СР | J3E | 40.0 | D | ROT | 30 | 8 | 0600-0200 | 0800-1200 1600-2100 | 60 | MAR/62/1694/221085 |
| 1213 | USA W | 9 | 1 600 | со | J3E | 30.0 | ND | | | | 1800-2300 | 2100-2200 | 180 | AR16/95/1996/011091 |
| 1 220 1 220 | D2 JOR | 6, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19 6, 15, 17 | 6 000 5 000 | CP CP | J3E J3E | 40.0 37.0 | ND ND | | | | 0400-2000 0500-1700 | | 30 | AR16/82/1827/310588 MAR/49/1604/240184 |
| 1 222 1 222 | ALS USA W | 4 9 | 1 600 1 600 | CO CO | J3E J3E | 30.0 30.0 | ND ND | | | | 2000-0100 1800-2300 | 2300-2400 2100-2200 | | AR16/95/1996/011091 AR16/95/1996/011091 |
| 1 224 | GHA | 19 | 500 | СР | J3E | 30.0 | ND D D | 110 330 | 30 30 | 10 10 | 0000-2359 | | | AR16/114/2237/230796 |
| 1225 | JOR | 6, 10 | 5 0 0 0 | СР | J3E | 37.0 | D | 144 | 60 | 9 | 0900-1700 | 1300-1500 | 30 | AR16/100/2084/060793 |
| 1226 | MCO | 01, 02, 06, 15, 16, | 6 0 0 0 | СР | J3E | 40.0 | ND | | | | 0700-2200 | 0800-1000 | 50 | AP25/125/2379/250599 |
| 1226 | S | 17, 18, 19 5, 15 6, 10, 17 6, 10, 17, 19, 21 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 21 15, 16, 18, 19 15, 16 | _ | СР | J3E | 40.0 40.0 40.0 40.0 40.0 40.0 40.0 | D D D D D D D | 10 50 130 170 210 250 310 | 60 60 60 60 60 60 | 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 | 0000-2400 0000-2400 0000-2400 0000-2400 0000-2400 0000-2400 | 1500-1700 0800-1000 0800-1000 0800-1000 0800-1000 0800-1000 0800-1000 | 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 | AR16/70/1730/080786 |
| 1 2 2 7 | TZA | 6, 10, 19, 21 | 3 2 0 0 | CO/CP | J3E | 37.0 | ND | | | | 0700-1800 | 0800-1000 1500-1700 | 240 | MAR/66/1707/280186 |
| 1 228 1 228 | I MLD | 6, 15, 16, 17, 18 6 | - | CO CO | J3E J3E | 31.8 30.0 | ND D | 300 | 120 | 5 | 2200-0500 0000-2400 | 2300-0200 | 30 | AR16/75/1747/041186 AR16/79/1816/150388 |
| 1 2 2 9 | QAT | 6, 17 | 2 000 | СР | J3E | 37.0 | ND | | | | 0400-0600 1400-1600 | | 200 | MAR/23/1412/010480 |
| | | 6 | 3 000 | СР | J3E | 37.0 | D | 130 | 60 | 11 | 0400-0600 1400-1600 | | | |
| | | 6,17 | 3 000 | СР | J3E | 37.0 | D | 200 | 60 | 11 | 0400-0600 1400-1600 | | | |
| | | 6, 17 | 3 000 | СР | J3E | 37.0 | D | 310 | 60 | 11 | 0400-0600 1400-1600 | | | |
| 1 232 1 232 | PNR SMA | 9, 14, 16, 18 8, 12, 13 | 4 000 3 000 | CP CP | J3E J3E | 30.0 30.0 | ND ND | | | | 1200-2400 1800-0400 | | | AR16/84/1838/160888 MAR/11/1310/040478 |
| 1236 | BRM | 5, 6, 7 | 3 300 | СР | J3E | 24.0 | ND | | | | 2330-1130 | 0330-0430 | 30 | AR16/112/2223/160496 |
| 1238 | MCO | 15, 16, 17 | 5 000 | СР | J3E | 40.0 | ND | | | | 0700-2200 | 0800-1600 | 120 | AP25/129/2445/290501 |
| 1603 | MLT | 15, 17 | 3 0 0 0 | СР | J3E | 31.8 | ND | | | | 0000-1159 | | | MAR/21/1379/070879 |

| 1 | 2 | 3 | | 4 | 5 | 6 | | 7 | | | 8 | 9 | | 10 |
|-------------------------|-------------------|--|-------------------------|----------------|-------------------|----------------------|--------------------|-----|----------|----------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------------|--|
| | | 3.1 | 3.2 | | | | 7.1 | 7.2 | 7.2 | 7.2 | | 9a) | 9b) | |
| | | | | | | | | a) | b) | c) | | | | |
| 1608 | EQA | 9, 14 | 800 | СР | J3E | 27.0 | ND | | | | 1800-2300 | 2000-2300 | 40 | |
| 1612 | JOR | 6, 10 | 6000 | СР | J3E | 37.0 | D | 144 | 60 | 9 | | 1300-1500 | 20 | AR16/100/2084/060793 |
| 1614 | MLD | 6 | - | СО | J3E | 30.0 | D | 300 | 120 | 5 | 0000-2400 | | | AR16/79/1816/150388 |
| 1 622 1 622 | ALS GHA | 4 19 | 2 400 500 | CO CP | J3E J3E | 30.0 30.0 | ND ND D D | 110 | 30 30 | 10 10 | 2000-0600 0000-2359 | 0200-0300 | 180 | AR16/95/1996/011091 AR16/114/2237/230796 |
| 1 622 1 622 1 622 | HWA PNR SUI | 8 9, 14, 16, 18 3,4,5,6,7,9, 10, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21 | $2400 \\ 4000 \\ 10000$ | CO CP CP | J3E J3E J3E | 30.0 30.0 40.0 | D ND ND D | ROT | 30 | 8 | 2000-0600 1200-2400 0600-0200 | 0200-0300 0800-1700 | 180 25 60 | AR16/95/1996/011091 AR16/84/1838/160888 MAR/62/1694/221085 |
| 1626 | J | 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14 | - | CR | J3E | 37.0 | ND | | | | 0000-2400 | 0800-1000 | 500 | |
| 1626 | QAT | 6, 17 | 4 0 0 0 | СР | J3E | 40.0 | ND | | | | 0600-0800 1200-1400 | | 200 | MAR/23/1412/010480 |
| | | 6 | 6 0 0 0 | СР | J3E | 40.0 | D | 130 | 60 | 11 | 0600-0800 1200-1400 | | | |
| | | 6, 10, 17 | 6 0 0 0 | СР | J3E | 40.0 | D | 200 | 60 | 11 | 0600-0800 1200-1400 | | | |
| | | 6, 15, 17 | 6 000 | СР | J3E | 40.0 | D | 310 | 60 | 11 | 1200-1400 0600-0800 1200-1400 | | | |
| 1627 | ALS | 4 | 2 4 0 0 | со | J3E | 30.0 | ND | | | | 2000-0600 | 0200-0300 | 180 | AR16/95/1996/011091 |
| 1 628 1 628 | EQA MCO | 9, 14 01, 02, 06, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19 | 800 6 000 | CP CP | J3E J3E | 27.0 40.0 | ND ND | | | | 1800-2300 0700-2200 | 2000-2300 0800-1000 1400-1600 | | AR16/111/2221/020496 AP25/125/2379/250599 |
| 1629 | BRM | 5, 6, 7 | 3 300 | СР | J3E | 24.0 | ND | | | | 2330-1130 | 0330-0430 | 30 | AR16/112/2223/160496 |
| 1630 | J | 3,4,5,6, 7, 8,9,10, 11,12,13,14 | - | CR | J3E | 37.0 | ND | | | | 0000-2400 | 0300-0700 | 650 | |
| 1634 | CHN | 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 17, 19, 20, 21 | 19 000 | СР | J3E | 40.0 | ND | | | | 0000-1000 | 0200-0600 | 200 | |
| 1635 | Ι | 5, 6, 7, 9, 10, 14, 15, 16, 18, 20, 21 | - | со | J3E | 31.8 | ND | | | | 0400-2400 | 0600-1600 | 30 | AR16/75/1747/041186 |
| 1635 | PNR | 9, 14, 16, 18 | 4 000 | СР | J3E | 30.0 | ND | | | | 1500-2400 | | 25 | AR16/84/1838/160888 |
| 1637 | CHN | 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 17, 19, 20, 21 | 19000 | СР | J3E | 40.0 | ND | | | | 0000-1000 | 0200-0600 | 200 | |
| 1 638 1 638 | SMA D2 | 8, 12, 13 6, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19 | 4 000 6 000 | CP CP | J3E J3E | 30.0 40.0 | ND ND | | | | 1800-0400 0400-2000 | | | MAR/10/1305/280278 AR16/82/1827/310588 |
| 1639 | CHN | 5 | 800 | ОТ | J3E | 31.8 | D | 90 | 60 | 3 | 0000-1200 | 0100-0230 | 300 | |
| 1640 | PNR | 9, 14, 16, 18 | 4 0 0 0 | СР | J3E | 30.0 | ND | | | | 1500-2400 | | 25 | AR16/84/1838/160888 |
| 1 804 | S | 06, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19 | 7 000 | СР | J3E | 38.5 | ND | | | | 0000-2359 | 0600-1900 | 120 | AP25/126/2388/270799 |
| 1808 | MCO | 15, 16, 17 | 5 000 | СР | J3E | 40.0 | ND | | | | 0700-2200 | 0800-1600 | 120 | AP25/129/2445/290501 |
| 1 809 | POL | 5, 11, 21 | 20000 | СР | J3E | 40.0 | ND | | | | 0000-2230 | 1730-2230 | 90 | AR16/119/2310/130198 |
| 1813 | s | 06, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19 | 7 000 | СР | J3E | 38.5 | ND | | | | 0000-2359 | 0600-1900 | 120 | AP25/130/2445/290501 |
| 2 2 0 2 | BRM | 5, 6, 7 | 3 300 | СР | J3E | 24.0 | ND | | | | 2330-1130 | 0330-0430 | 30 | AR16/112/2223/160496 |
| 2 2 0 3 | PNR | 9, 14, 16, 18 | 4 000 | СР | J3E | 30.0 | ND | | | | 1500-2400 | | 25 | AR16/84/1838/160888 |
| 2206 | BHR | 6, 10, 15, 17, 19, 21 | - | СР | J3E | 34.8 | ND | | | | 0000-2359 | | | AR16/100/2084/060793 |
| 2208 | Ι | 5, 6, 7, 9, 10, 14, 15, 16, 18, 20, 21 | - | со | J3E | 31.8 | ND | | | | 0500-2400 | 0700-2200 | 30 | AR16/75/1747/041186 |

| 1 | 2 | 3 | | 4 | 5 | 6 | | 7 | | | 8 | 9 | | 10 |
|--------------|--------------|--|---|----------------------|--------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|----------------|----------------|-----------|------------------------|--------------------------|---|
| | | 3.1 | 3.2 | | | | 7.1 | 7.2 | 7.2 | | | 9a) | 9b) | |
| 2208 | PNR | 0.14.16.10 | 4 0 0 0 | CP | J3E | 30.0 | ND | a) | b) | c) | 1200 2400 | | 25 | A D 1 C /0 4 /1 0 20 /1 C 0 0 0 |
| 2 208 | PNK | 9, 14, 16, 18 | 4000 | CP | J3E | 30.0 | ND | | | | 1200-2400 | | 25 | AR16/84/1838/160888 |
| 2 2 0 9 | CHN | 4,9,10,11,12,13, 14,15,17,19,20,21 | 19000 | СР | J3E | 40.0 | ND | | | | 0000-1000 | 0200-0600 | 200 | |
| 2211 | CHN | 4, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 17, 19, 20, 21 | 18 000 | СР | J3E | 40.0 | ND | | | | 0000-1000 | 0200-0600 | 240 | |
| 2212 | МСО | 01, 02, 06, 10, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21 | 8 000 | СР | J3E | 40.0 | ND | | | | 0700-2200 | 0800-1000 1400-1600 | 50 | AP25/125/2379/250599 |
| 2215 | CHN | 4,9,10,11,12,13, 14, 15,17,19,20,21 | 19 000 | СР | J3E | 40.0 | ND | | | | 0000-1000 | 0200-0600 | 200 | |
| 2215 | GHA | 19 | 500 | СР | J3E | 30.0 | ND D D | 110 330 | 30 30 | 10 10 | 0000-2359 | | | AR16/114/2237/230796 |
| 2218 | CHN | 4, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 17, 19, 20, 21 | 19000 | СР | J3E | 40.0 | ND | | | | 0000-1000 | 0200-0600 | 200 | |
| 2220 | CHN | 4,9,10,11,12,13, 14, 15,17,19,20,21 | 19 000 | СР | J3E | 40.0 | ND | | | | 0000-1000 | 0200-0600 | 240 | |
| 2220 | SUI | 6, 10, 18, 20, 21 | 14 000 | СР | J3E | 40.0 | D | ROT | 70 | 8,5 | 0600-1800 | 0900-1600 | 60 | MAR/27/1431/120880 |
| 2 2 2 2 2 | MLD | 6 | - | со | J3E | 30.0 | D | 300 | 120 | 5 | 0000-2400 | | | AR16/79/1816/150388 |
| 2 2 2 3 | MLT | 15, 17 | 3 000 | СР | J3E | 31.8 | ND | | | | 0000-1159 | | | MAR/20/1372/190679 |
| 2226 | ALS | 4 | 2400 | со | J3E | 30.0 | ND | | | | | 0100-0200 | | AR16/95/1996/011091 |
| 2226 | HWA | 8 | 2400 | CO | J3E | 30.0 | | | | | | 0100-0200 | 180 | AR16/95/1996/011091 |
| 2226 2226 | JOR USA W | 6, 10, 11 9 | 8 000 2 400 | CP CO | J3E J3E | 37.0 30.0 | D | 144 | 60 | 9 | | 2300-2400 | 180 | AR16/100/2084/060793 AR16/95/1996/011091 |
| 2 2 2 0 | USA W | , | 2400 | 0 | 350 | 50.0 | ND | | | | 1800-0200 | 2300-2400 | 100 | AK10/95/1990/011091 |
| 2228 | QAT | 6, 10, 11 | 2 500 | СР | J3E | 33.0 | D | 140 | 60 | 10 | 0000-1800 | 0400-1100 | | AR16/96/1997/081091 |
| 2233 | GRC | 17 | 2 600 | со | J3E | 30.0 | ND | | | | 0500-2200 | 0600, 1000, 2200 | 30 | MAR/51/1621/220584 |
| 2235 | QAT | 6, 17 6, 10, 11 6, 10, 17, 21 17, 15 | 5 000 8 000 8 000 8 000 8 000 | CP CP CP CP | J3E J3E J3E J3E | 40.0 40.0 40.0 40.0 | ND D D D | 130 200 310 | 60 60 60 | 11 11 11 | 0800-1200 | | 200 200 200 200 | MAR/23/1412/010480 |
| 2237 | CHN | 4, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 17, 19, 20, 21 | 19 000 | СР | J3E | 40.0 | ND | | | | 0000-1000 | 0200-0600 | 200 | |
| 2239 | CHN | 7 | 2 700 | СР | J3E | 20.0 | ND | | | | 0100-0930 | 0200-0400 | 280 | |
| 2251 | MCO | 15, 16, 17 | 5 000 | СР | J3E | 40.0 | ND | | | | 0700-2200 | 0800-1600 | 120 | AP25/129/2445/290501 |
| 2 506 | s | 06, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19 | 7 000 | СР | J3E | 38.5 | ND | | | | 0000-2359 | 0600-1900 | 120 | AP25/130/2445/290501 |
| 2 509 | S | 06, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19 | 7 000 | СР | J3E | 38.5 | ND | | | | 0000-2359 | 0600-1900 | 120 | AP25/126/2388/270799 |

APPENDIX 27 (Rev.WRC-03)*

Frequency allotment Plan for the aeronautical mobile (R) service and related information

MOD

27/17 1.6 The arrangements contemplated in Nos. **27**/15 and **27**/16 should be made under the Articles of the Constitution and Convention of the International Telecommunication Union and the Radio Regulations entitled "Special agreements". (WRC-03)

SUP

27/29

MOD

^{*} *Note by the Secretariat:* This edition of Appendix **27** incorporates editorial amendments to the Appendix **27** Aer2 as adopted by the WARC-Aer2.

The references in Appendix 27 now conform to the new numbering scheme of the Radio Regulations. In addition, the text of Appendix 27 contains updated definitions of the relevant aeronautical areas conforming with the new geographical situation reflecting the political changes since 1979. It also contains updated references to the classes of emissions in accordance with Article 2.

APPENDIX 30 (Rev.WRC-03)*

Provisions for all services and associated Plans and List** for the broadcasting-satellite service in the frequency bands 11.7-12.2 GHz (in Region 3), 11.7-12.5 GHz (in Region 1) and 12.2-12.7 GHz (in Region 2) (WRC-03)

(See Articles 9 and 11 of the Radio Regulations) (WRC-03)

ADD

** The Regions 1 and 3 List of additional uses is annexed to the Master International Frequency Register (see Resolution 542 (WRC-2000)). (WRC-03)

ARTICLE 1 (WRC-2000)

General definitions

MOD

1.8 Regions 1 and 3 List of additional uses (hereafter called in short the "List"): The List of assignments for additional uses in Regions 1 and 3 as established by WRC-2000 (see Resolution **542 (WRC-2000)**), as updated following the successful application of the procedure of § 4.1 of Article 4. (WRC-03)

ADD

1.9 *Frequency assignment in conformity with the List:* Any frequency assignment which appears in the List as updated following successful application of § 4.1 of Article 4. (WRC-03)

ADD

1.10 *The broadcasting-satellite service subject to one of the Plans:* The broadcastingsatellite service subject to one of the Plans referred to in this Appendix is the broadcastingsatellite service in the bands 11.7-12.5 GHz in Region 1, 12.2-12.7 GHz in Region 2 and 11.7-12.2 GHz in Region 3. (WRC-03)

ARTICLE 2

Frequency bands

ADD

ARTICLE 2A (WRC-03)

Use of the guardbands

2A.1 The use of the guardbands defined in § 3.9 of Annex 5 of this Appendix to provide space operation functions in accordance with No. **1.23** in support of the operation of geostationary-satellite networks in the broadcasting-satellite service (BSS) shall be coordinated with assignments of the BSS subject to a Plan using the provisions of Article 7 of this Appendix.

2A.2 Coordination among assignments intended to provide the space operation functions and services not subject to a Plan shall be effected using the provisions of Nos. 9.7, 9.17, 9.18 and the associated provisions of Section II of Article 9, or \S 4.1.1 *d*) or 4.2.3 *d*) of Article 4 of this Appendix, as appropriate. Advance publication information is not required. Coordination of modifications to the Region 2 Plan or assignments to be included in the Regions 1 and 3 List with assignments intended to provide these functions shall be effected using \S 4.1.1 *e*) or 4.2.3 *e*), as appropriate, of Article 4 of this Appendix.

2A.3 Any assignment intended to provide these functions in support of a geostationarysatellite network in the BSS whose assignments are submitted under Article 4 of this Appendix shall be brought into use within the regulatory time-limit applicable to the corresponding BSS assignments submitted under Article 4 of this Appendix.

2A.4 Any assignment intended to provide these functions for the initial Plans (Region 2 Plans incorporated in the Radio Regulations at WARC Orb-85 and the Regions 1 and 3 Plan adopted at WRC-2000), shall be brought into use within the regulatory time-limit referred to in § 4.1.3 or § 4.2.6 of this Appendix from the date of receipt by the Bureau of the complete Appendix 4 data.

2A.5 Assignments intended to provide these functions shall be notified under Article 11.

2A.6 Section II of Article **23** does not apply to assignments in the guardbands intended to provide the above-mentioned functions.

ARTICLE 4 (Rev.WRC-03)

Procedures for modifications to the Region 2 Plan or for additional uses in Regions 1 and 3²

MOD

² The provisions of Resolution **49 (Rev.WRC-03)** apply. (WRC-03)

MOD

4.1.3 An administration, or one^{2A} acting on behalf of a group of named administrations, intending to include a new or modified assignment in the List shall send to the Bureau, not earlier than eight years but preferably not later than two years before the date on which the assignment is to be brought into use, the relevant information listed in Appendix 4. An assignment in the List shall lapse if it is not brought into use by that date³. A proposed new or modified assignment not included in the List by that date shall also lapse³. (WRC-03)

ADD

 2A Whenever, under this provision, an administration acts on behalf of a group of named administrations, all members of that group retain the right to respond in respect of their own networks or systems. (WRC-03)

MOD

³ The provisions of Resolution **533 (Rev.WRC-2000)** apply. (WRC-03)

ADD

4.1.3*bis* The regulatory time-limit for bringing into use of an assignment in the List may be extended once by not more than three years due to launch failure in the following cases:

- the destruction of the satellite intended to bring the assignment into use;
- the destruction of the satellite launched to replace an already operating satellite which is intended to be relocated to bring another assignment into use; or
- the satellite is launched, but fails to reach its assigned orbital location.

For this extension to be granted, the launch failure must have occurred at least five years after the date of receipt of the complete Appendix 4 data. In no case shall the period of the extension of the regulatory time-limit exceed the difference in time between the three-year period and the period remaining from the date of the launch failure to the end of the regulatory time-limit^{3A}. In order to take advantage of this extension, the administration shall have, within one month of the launch failure or one month after 5 July 2003, whichever comes later, notified the Bureau in writing of such failure, and shall also provide the following information to the Bureau before the end of the regulatory time-limit of § 4.1.3:

- date of launch failure;
- due diligence information as required in Resolution 49 (Rev.WRC-03) for the assignment with respect to the satellite that suffered the launch failure, if that information has not already been provided.

If, within one year of the request for extension, the administration has not provided to the Bureau updated Resolution **49 (Rev.WRC-03)** information for the new satellite under procurement, the related frequency assignments shall lapse. (WRC-03)

ADD

^{3A} For a launch failure which occurred before 5 July 2003, the maximum extension of three years shall apply as from 5 July 2003. (WRC-03)

MOD

⁴ If the payments are not received in accordance with the provisions of Council Decision 482, as amended, on the implementation of cost recovery for satellite network filings, the Bureau shall cancel the publication, after informing the administration concerned. The Bureau shall inform all administrations of such action and that the network specified in the publication in question no longer has to be taken into consideration by the Bureau and other administrations. The Bureau shall send a reminder to the notifying administration, not later than two months prior to the deadline for the payment in accordance with Council Decision 482 unless the payment has already been received (see also Resolution **87 (WRC-03)**). (WRC-03)

ADD

4.1.7*bis* Except as provided under § 4.1.18 to 4.1.20, any inclusion of a new or modified frequency assignment in the Regions 1 and 3 List which would have the effect of exceeding the limits specified in Annex 1 shall be subject to the agreement of all administrations whose services are considered to be affected. (WRC-03)

ADD

4.1.10*bis* Thirty days prior to the expiry of the same four-month period, the Bureau shall dispatch a reminder telegram or fax to an administration which has not made its comments under 4.1.10, bringing the matter to its attention. (WRC-03)

ADD

4.1.10*ter* After expiry of the deadline for comments in respect of the proposed assignment, the Bureau shall, according to its records, publish a Special Section indicating the list of administrations whose agreements are required for completion of the Article 4 procedure. (WRC-03)

ADD

4.1.12*bis* In application of § 4.1.12, an administration may indicate the changes to the information communicated to the Bureau under § 4.1.3 and published under § 4.1.5. (WRC-03)

MOD

4.1.13 The agreement of the administrations affected may also be obtained in accordance with this Article, for a specified period. When this specific period of agreement expires for an assignment in the List, the assignment in question shall be maintained in the List until the end of the period referred to in § 4.1.3 above. After that date this assignment shall lapse unless the agreement of the administrations affected is renewed. (WRC-03)

MOD

4.1.15 The Bureau shall publish^{4A} in a Special Section of its BR IFIC the information received under \S 4.1.12, together with the names of any administrations with which the provisions of this Article have been successfully applied. The frequency assignment concerned shall be included in the List. (WRC-03)

^{4A} If the payments are not received in accordance with the provisions of Council Decision 482, as amended, on the implementation of cost recovery for satellite network filings, the Bureau shall cancel the publication, after informing the administration concerned. The Bureau shall inform all administrations of such action and that the network specified in the publication in question no longer has to be taken into consideration by the Bureau and other administrations. The Bureau shall send a reminder to the notifying administration, not later than two months prior to the deadline for the payment in accordance with Council Decision 482 unless the payment has already been received

(see also Resolution 87 (WRC-03)). (WRC-03)

MOD

4.1.18 If, in spite of the application of § 4.1.16 and 4.1.17, there is still continuing disagreement and the assignment which was the basis of the disagreement is not an assignment in the Regions 1 and 3 Plan, or in the Region 2 Plan or for which the procedure of § 4.2 of this Appendix has been initiated, and if the notifying administration insists that the proposed assignment be included in the Regions 1 and 3 List, the Bureau shall provisionally enter the assignments were the basis of the disagreement; however, the entry shall be changed from provisional to definitive recording in the List only if the Bureau is informed that the new assignment in the Regions 1 and 3 List has been in use, together with the assignment which was the basis for the disagreement, for at least four months without any complaint of harmful interference being made. (WRC-03)

MOD

4.1.18*bis* When requesting the application of § 4.1.18, the notifying administration shall undertake to meet the requirements of § 4.1.20 and provide to the administration in respect of which § 4.1.18 is applied, with a copy to the Bureau, a description of the steps by which it undertakes to meet these requirements. Once an assignment is entered in the List provisionally under the provisions of § 4.1.18, the calculation of the equivalent protection margin (EPM)^{4B} of an assignment in the Regions 1 and 3 List or for which the procedure of Article 4 of this Appendix has been initiated and which was the basis for the disagreement shall not take into account the interference produced by the assignment for which the provisions of § 4.1.18 have been applied. (WRC-03)

ADD

MOD

4.1.26 The procedure of this Article may be applied by the administration of a new ITU Member State in order to include new assignments in the List. Upon completion of the procedure, the next World Radiocommunication Conference may be requested to consider, among the assignments included in the List after the successful completion of this procedure, the inclusion in the Plan of up to 10 channels (for Region 1) and up to 12 channels (for Region 3), over the national territory of the new Member State. (WRC-03)

ADD

4.1.27*bis* Should the assignments mentioned in § 4.1.26 and 4.1.27 over the national territory of the administration not be brought into use within the regulatory time-limit mentioned in § 4.1.3, they would be retained in the List until the end of the world radiocommunication conference immediately following the successful completion of the procedure referred to in § 4.1.26 and 4.1.27 respectively, and thereafter they shall be removed from the List. (WRC-03)

^{4B} For the definition of EPM, see § 3.4 of Annex 5. (WRC-03)

MOD

4.2.6 An administration, or one^{7A} acting on behalf of a group of named administrations, intending to make a modification to the Region 2 Plan shall send to the Bureau, not earlier than eight years but preferably not later than two years before the date on which the assignment is to be brought into use, the relevant information listed in Appendix 4. Modifications to that Plan shall lapse if the assignment is not brought into use by that date^{7B}. A request for a modification that has not been included in that Plan by that date shall also lapse^{7B}. (wRC-03)

ADD

ADD

ADD

4.2.6*bis* The regulatory time-limit for bringing into use of an assignment in the Region 2 Plan obtained through application of § 4.2 may be extended once by not more than three years due to launch failure in the following cases:

- the destruction of the satellite intended to bring the assignment into use;
- the destruction of the satellite launched to replace an already operating satellite which is intended to be relocated to bring another assignment into use; or
- the satellite is launched, but fails to reach its assigned orbital location.

For this extension to be granted, the launch failure must have occurred at least five years after the date of receipt of the complete Appendix 4 data. In no case shall the period of the extension of the regulatory time-limit exceed the difference in time between the three-year period and the period remaining from the date of the launch failure to the end of the regulatory time-limit^{7C}. In order to take advantage of this extension, the administration shall have, within one month of the launch failure or one month after 5 July 2003, whichever comes later, notified the Bureau in writing of such failure, and shall also provide the following information to the Bureau before the end of the regulatory time-limit of § 4.2.6:

- date of launch failure;
- due diligence information as required in Resolution 49 (Rev.WRC-03) for the assignment with respect to the satellite that suffered the launch failure, if that information has not already been provided.

If, within one year of the request for extension, the administration has not provided to the Bureau updated Resolution **49 (Rev.WRC-03)** information for the new satellite under procurement, the related frequency assignments shall lapse. (WRC-03)

 $^{^{7}A}$ Whenever, under this provision, an administration acts on behalf of a group of named administrations, all members of that group retain the right to respond in respect of their own networks or systems. (WRC-03)

^{7B} The provisions of Resolution **533 (Rev.WRC-2000)** apply. (WRC-03)

 $^{7\rm C}$ For a launch failure which occurred before 5 July 2003, the maximum extension of three years shall apply as from 5 July 2003. (WRC-03)

MOD

⁸ If the payments are not received in accordance with the provisions of Council Decision 482, as amended, on the implementation of cost recovery for satellite network filings, the Bureau shall cancel the publication, after informing the administration concerned. The Bureau shall inform all administrations of such action and that the network specified in the publication in question no longer has to be taken into consideration by the Bureau and other administrations. The Bureau shall send a reminder to the notifying administration, not later than two months prior to the deadline for the payment in accordance with Council Decision 482 unless the payment has already been received (see also Resolution **87 (WRC-03)**). (WRC-03)

MOD

4.2.11 Except as provided under § 4.2.21A to 4.2.21D, any modification to a frequency assignment which is in conformity with the Region 2 Plan or any inclusion in that Plan of a new frequency assignment which would have the effect of exceeding the limits specified in Annex 1 shall be subject to the agreement of all administrations whose services are considered to be affected. (WRC-03)

ADD

4.2.14*bis* Thirty days prior to the expiry of the same four-month period the Bureau shall dispatch a reminder telegram or fax to an administration which has not made its comments under 4.2.14, bringing the matter to its attention. (WRC-03)

ADD

4.2.14*ter* After expiry of the deadline for comments in respect of the proposed assignment, the Bureau shall, according to its records, publish a Special Section, indicating the list of administrations whose agreements are required for completion of the Article 4 procedure. (WRC-03)

ADD

4.2.16bis In application of § 4.2.16, an administration may indicate the changes to the information communicated to the Bureau under § 4.2.6 and published under § 4.2.8. (WRC-03)

MOD

4.2.17 The agreement of the administrations affected may also be obtained in accordance with this Article, for a specified period. When this specific period of agreement expires for an assignment in the Plan, the assignment in question shall be maintained in the Plan until the end of the period referred to in § 4.2.6 above. After that date this assignment in the Plan shall lapse unless the agreement of the administrations affected is renewed. (WRC-03)

MOD

4.2.19 The Bureau shall publish^{8A} in a Special Section of its BR IFIC the information received under § 4.2.16 together with the names of any administrations with which the provisions of this Article have been successfully applied. The frequency assignment concerned shall enjoy the same status as those appearing in the Region 2 Plan and will be considered as a frequency assignment in conformity with the Plan. (WRC-03)

ADD

^{8A} If the payments are not received in accordance with the provisions of Council Decision 482, as amended, on the implementation of cost recovery for satellite network filings, the Bureau shall cancel the publication, after informing the administration concerned. The Bureau shall inform all administrations of such action and that the network specified in the publication in question no longer has to be taken into consideration by the Bureau and other administrations. The Bureau shall send a reminder to the notifying administration, not later than two months prior to the deadline for the payment in accordance with Council Decision 482 unless the payment has already been received (see also Resolution **87 (WRC-03**). (WRC-03)

ADD

4.2.21A If, in spite of the application of § 4.2.20 and 4.2.21, there is still continuing disagreement and the assignment which was the basis of the disagreement is not an assignment in the Region 2 Plan, or in the Regions 1 and 3 Plan or List, or for which the procedure of § 4.1 or 4.2 of this Appendix has been initiated, and if the notifying administration insists that the proposed assignment be included in the Region 2 Plan, the Bureau shall provisionally enter the assignment in the Region 2 Plan with an indication of those administrations whose assignments were the basis of the disagreement; however, the entry shall be changed from provisional to definitive recording in the Region 2 Plan only if the Bureau is informed that the new assignment in the Region 2 Plan has been in use, together with the assignment which was the basis for the disagreement, for at least four months without any complaint of harmful interference being made. (WRC-03)

ADD

4.2.21B When requesting the application of § 4.2.21A, the notifying administration shall undertake to meet the requirements of § 4.2.21D and provide to the administration in respect of which § 4.2.21A has been applied, with a copy to the Bureau, a description of the steps by which it undertakes to meet these requirements. (WRC-03)

ADD

4.2.21C Should the assignments that were the basis of the disagreement not be brought into use within the period specified in No. **11.44**, the status of the assignment in the Region 2 Plan shall be reviewed accordingly. (WRC-03)

ADD

4.2.21D Should harmful interference be caused by an assignment included in the Region 2 Plan under § 4.2.21A to any recorded assignment in the Master Register which was the basis of the disagreement, the administration using the frequency assignment included in the Region 2 Plan under § 4.2.21A shall, upon receipt of advice thereof, immediately eliminate this harmful interference. (WRC-03)

ARTICLE 5

Notification, examination and recording in the Master International Frequency Register of frequency assignments to space stations in the broadcasting-satellite service

MOD

5.1.1 Whenever an administration^{8B} intends to bring into use a frequency assignment to a space station in the broadcasting-satellite service, it shall notify this frequency assignment to the Bureau. For this purpose, the notifying administration shall apply the following provisions. (WRC-03)

ADD

^{8B} A frequency assignment may be notified by one administration acting on behalf of a group of named administrations. Any further notice (modification or deletion) relating to that assignment shall, in the absence of information to the contrary, be regarded as having been submitted on behalf of the entire group. (WRC-03)

ADD

5.1.2bis In application of § 5.1.2, an administration may identify the characteristics of assignments in the Plans or the List as notification and send to the Bureau the changes thereto. (WRC-03)

MOD

MOD

5.2.1 The Bureau shall examine each notice:

- *a)* with respect to its conformity with the Constitution, the Convention and the relevant provisions of the Radio Regulations (with the exception of those relating to § *b*), *c*), *d*) and *e*) below);
- b) with respect to its conformity with the appropriate Regional Plan or the Regions 1 and 3 List, as appropriate; or
- c) with respect to the coordination requirements specified in the Remarks column of Article 10 or Article 11; or

⁹ Where appropriate, the notifying administration shall initiate the procedure for modifying the Plan concerned or for including assignments in the Regions 1 and 3 List in sufficient time to ensure that this limit is observed. For Region 2, see also Resolution **42** (Rev.WRC-03) and § B of Annex 7. (WRC-03)

- *d*) with respect to its conformity with the appropriate Regional Plan or the Regions 1 and 3 List, however, having characteristics differing from those in the appropriate Regional Plan or in the Regions 1 and 3 List, in one or more of the following aspects:
 - use of a reduced e.i.r.p.,
 - use of a reduced coverage area entirely situated within the coverage area appearing in the appropriate Regional Plan or in the Regions 1 and 3 List,
 - use of other modulating signals in accordance with the provisions of § 3.1.3 of Annex 5,
 - use of the assignment for transmission in the fixed-satellite service in accordance with No. 5.492,
 - in the case of Region 2, use of an orbital position under the conditions specified in § B of Annex 7,
 - in the case of the notification of Plan assignments, use of an e.i.r.p. which produces a pfd that exceeds the limit of $-103.6 \text{ dB}(\text{W}/(\text{m}^2 \cdot 27 \text{ MHz}))$ given in Section 1 of Annex 1 to Appendix **30** on the territory of the notifying administration under the condition that the calculated pfd at test points of any Plan assignment, List assignment or proposed assignment submitted under Article 4 are equal to or below that of the original Plan assignments in the same channel of the administration applying this section; *or*
- e) with respect to its conformity with the provisions of Resolution 42 (Rev.WRC-03). (WRC-03)

MOD

5.2.2.2 In the case of Region 2, where the Bureau reaches a favourable finding with respect to \S 5.2.1 *a*) and 5.2.1 *c*), but an unfavourable finding with respect to \S 5.2.1 *b*) and 5.2.1 *d*), it shall examine the notice with respect to the successful application of the provisions of Resolution 42 (Rev.WRC-03). A frequency assignment for which the provisions of Resolution 42 (Rev.WRC-03) have been successfully applied shall be recorded in the Master Register with an appropriate symbol to indicate its interim status. The date of receipt of the notice by the Bureau shall be entered in Column 2d. In relations between administrations all frequency assignments brought into use following the successful application of the provisions of Resolution 42 (Rev.WRC-03) and recorded in the Master Register shall be considered to have the same status irrespective of the dates entered in Column 2d for such frequency assignments. (WRC-03)

MOD

5.3.1 If an administration has not confirmed the bringing into use of a frequency assignment under § 5.2.8, the Bureau will make inquiries of the administration not earlier than six months after the expiry of the period specified in § 5.1.3. On receipt of the relevant information, the Bureau will either modify^{9A} the date of coming into use or cancel the entry. (WRC-03)

ADD

^{9A} See also § 4.1.3 or 4.2.6 of Article 4 of this Appendix. (WRC-03)

ARTICLE 7 (WRC-2000)

Coordination, notification and recording in the Master International Frequency Register of frequency assignments to stations in the fixed-satellite service (space-to-Earth) in the bands 11.7-12.2 GHz (in Region 2), 12.2-12.7 GHz (in Region 3) and 12.5-12.7 GHz (in Region 1), and to stations in the broadcasting-satellite service in the band 12.5-12.7 GHz (in Region 3) when frequency assignments to broadcasting-satellite stations in the bands 11.7-12.5 GHz in Region 1, 12.2-12.7 GHz in Region 2 and 11.7-12.2 GHz in Region 3 are involved¹¹

MOD

MOD

7.2.1 The frequency assignments to be taken into account are:

a) the assignments in conformity with the appropriate Regional Plan in Appendix 30;

b) the assignments included in the Regions 1 and 3 List;

c) the assignments for which the procedure of Article 4 has been initiated, as from the date of receipt of the complete Appendix 4 information under § 4.1.3 or 4.2.6. (WRC-03)

SUP

ARTICLE 9

Power flux-density limits between 12.2 GHz and 12.7 GHz to protect terrestrial services in Regions 1 and 3 from interference from Region 2 broadcasting-satellite space stations

¹¹ These provisions do not replace the procedures prescribed in Articles **9** and **11** when stations other than those in the broadcasting-satellite service subject to a Plan are involved. (WRC-03)

ARTICLE 10

The Plan for the broadcasting-satellite service in the frequency band 12.2-12.7 GHz in Region 2

MOD

- *a)* The overall equivalent protection margin to be used for the application of Article 4 and Resolution **42 (Rev.WRC-03)** shall be calculated on the following basis:
 - for the calculation of interference to assignments that are part of a group, only the interference contributions from assignments that are not part of the same group are to be included; and
 - for the calculation of interference from assignments belonging to a group to assignments that are not part of that same group, only the worst interference contribution from that group shall be used on a test point to test point basis. (WRC-03)

ARTICLE 11 (Rev.WRC-03)

Plan for the broadcasting-satellite service in the frequency bands 11.7-12.2 GHz in Region 3 and 11.7-12.5 GHz in Region 1

| SUP | | | | | | | | | | |
|------|------|-----|-------|----|-----|---------|--------|----|-----|------|
| 11.2 | TEXT | FOR | NOTES | IN | THE | REMARKS | COLUMN | OF | THE | PLAN |

SUP

11.3 TABLE SHOWING CORRESPONDENCE BETWEEN CHANNEL NUMBERS AND ASSIGNED FREQUENCIES

ADD

11.2 TEXT FOR NOTES IN THE REMARKS COLUMN OF THE PLAN (WRC-03)

1 To be dedicated to the Islamic programme envisaged in WARC SAT-77 documents.

2 Not used.

3 Provisional beam. These assignments have been included in the Plan by WRC-97. These assignments are for exclusive use by Palestine, subject to the Israeli-Palestinian Interim Agreement of 28 September 1995, Resolution 741 of the Council notwithstanding and Resolution 99 (Minneapolis, 1998) of the Plenipotentiary Conference.

4 Assignment intended to ensure coverage of Algeria, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Morocco, Mauritania and Tunisia, with the agreement of the countries concerned. If required, it may be used with the characteristics of the beam TUN15000.

5 This assignment shall be brought into use only when the limits referred to in Table 1 are not exceeded or with the agreement of the administrations identified in Table 2, whose networks/beams listed in this Table may be affected, with respect to (see also the Note to § 11.2):

- a) assignments in the Region 2 Plan on 12 May 2000; or
- b) assignments in the terrestrial services which are recorded in the Master Register with a favourable finding or received by the Bureau prior to 12 May 2000 for recording in the Master Register and which subsequently receive a favourable finding based on the Plan as it existed on 12 May 2000; or
- *c)* assignments in the fixed-satellite service which:
 - are recorded in the Master Register prior to 12 May 2000 with a favourable finding; or
 - have been coordinated under the provisions of No. 9.7 (or No. 1060) or § 7.2.1 of Article 7 prior to 12 May 2000; or
 - are in process of coordination under the provisions of No. 9.7 (or No. 1060) or § 7.2.1 of Article 7 prior to 31 July 2000 for which complete Appendix 4 data (or Appendix 3 data, as appropriate) have been received by the Bureau under the relevant provisions of Article 9 (or Article 11, as appropriate):
 - filings received by the Bureau prior to 12 May 2000 at 1700 h (Istanbul time) shall be taken into account in the pertinent compatibility analysis by applying the pfd criteria referred to in Table 1; or
 - filings received by the Bureau after 12 May 2000 at 1700 h (Istanbul time), but before 31 July 2000, shall be taken into account by applying the sharing criteria of $-138 \text{ dB}(W/(\text{m}^2 \cdot 27 \text{ MHz}))$ or the pfd criteria referred to in Table 1, whichever is higher.

6 This assignment shall not claim protection from interference caused by the assignments which pertain to networks/beams identified in Table 3 which are in conformity with the Region 2 Plan on 12 May 2000 (see also the Note to § 11.2).

7 This assignment shall not claim protection from interference caused by assignments in the fixed-satellite service which pertain to networks/beams identified in Table 3 (see also the Note to \S 11.2) and:

- a) either are recorded in the Master Register with a favourable finding prior to 12 May 2000;
- b) or for which complete Appendix 4 data (or Appendix 3 data, as appropriate) under the relevant provisions of Article 9 (or No. 1060, or § 7.2.1 of Article 7, as appropriate) have been received prior to 12 May 2000, which have been brought into use prior to 12 May 2000 and for which the complete due diligence information, in accordance with Annex 2 to Resolution 49 (WRC-97), has been received prior to 12 May 2000.

8 This assignment shall not claim protection from the assignments of the administrations for terrestrial services identified in Table 4 which are recorded in the Master Register with a favourable finding, or received by the Bureau prior to 12 May 2000 for recording in the Master Register and which subsequently receive a favourable finding based on the Plan as it existed on 12 May 2000 (see also the Note to § 11.2).

9 Provisional beam. These assignments have been included in the Plan by WRC-2000. These assignments are for exclusive use by East Timor.

| Symbol | Criteria |
|--------|-----------------------------|
| а | § 3 of Annex 1 ¹ |
| b | § 4 of Annex 1 ¹ |
| c | § 6 of Annex 1 ¹ |

TABLE 1

¹ These paragraphs and this Annex are contained in this Appendix as adopted by WRC-03.

NOTE – In cases where assignments from the WRC-97 Plan without remarks were included in the WRC-2000 Regions 1 and 3 Plan without change, or with conversion of modulation from analogue to digital, or a change from normal roll-off to fast roll-off antenna characteristics, the coordination status afforded by the WRC-97 Plan shall be preserved.

In cases where assignments from the WRC-97 Plan with remarks were included in the WRC-2000 Regions 1 and 3 Plan without change, or with conversion of modulation from analogue to digital, or a change from normal roll-off to fast roll-off antenna pattern, the compatibility will be reassessed using the revised criteria and methodology of WRC-2000 and the remarks of the WRC-97 Plan assignment will either be maintained or reduced on the basis of the results of this analysis.

In other cases the methodology described in Notes 5 to 8 shall be applied.

TABLE 2

Affected administrations and corresponding networks/beams identified based on Note 5 in § 11.2 of Article 11 of this Appendix

| Beam name | Channels | Ref. Table 1 | Affected administrations* | Affected networks/beams/terrestrial stations* |
|-----------|--------------------------|-----------------|---|--|
| AFS02100 | 23 | с | F, F/EUT, MLA | MEASAT-SA1, VIDEOSAT-8-KU-C, EUTELSAT 3-4E |
| AGL29500 | 1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13 | с | USA | INTELSAT7 335.5E, INTELSAT8 335.5E |
| ARM06400 | 26 | с | BLR/IK, CHN, D, F/EUT, G, HOL, J, PAK, TON, UAE, USA | ASIASAT-AKX, ASIASAT-BKX, ASIASAT-CK1, ASIASAT-CKX, ASIASAT-DKX, ASIASAT-EK1, ASIASAT-EKX, EMARSAT-1B, EMARSAT-1F, EMARSAT-1G, EUROPE*STAR-2G-1, EUROPE*STAR-2G-2, EUROPE*STAR-2G-3, EUTELSAT 3-25.5E, EUTELSAT 3-33E, EUTELSAT 3-36E, EUTELSAT 3-44E, EUTELSAT 3-48E, EUTELSAT 3-0.5E, EUTELSAT 3-73.5E, EUTELSAT 3-76E, EUTELSAT 3-80.5E, EUTELSAT 3-83.5E, EUTELSAT 3-86E, EUTELSAT 3-88.5E, INTELSAT KFOS 85E, INTELSAT 5-76E, EUTELSAT 3-80.5E, EUTELSAT 3-83.5E, EUTELSAT 3-86E, EUTELSAT 3-88.5E, INTELSAT KFOS 85E, INTELSAT 5-76E, EUTELSAT 3-80.5E, EUTELSAT 3-86E, EUTELSAT 3-86E, EUTELSAT 3-87.102, N-SAT-102, SAT-102, SE, N-SAT-103, SE, N-SAT-106, S, N-SAT-110E, N-SAT-117, N-SAT-120E, N-SAT-94E, INSE-1, N-SAT-75, N-SAT-74, SE, N-SAT-76, SE, N-SAT-106, S, N-SAT-84E, N-SAT-84E, N-SAT-94E, INSE-2, INSS-2, NSS-2, NSS-2, NSS-4, NSS-8, NSS-9, PAKSAT-1, PAKSAT-2, PAKSAT-C, N-SAT-84, N-SAT-84E, SKYSAT-84E, SKYSAT-B2, SKYSAT-C1, SKYSAT-C2, SKYSAT-C3, SKYSAT-C4, TONGASAT AP-KU-4 |
| ARM06400 | 30, 34, 38 | c | BLR/IK, CHN, D, F/EUT, G, HOL, J, LAO, MLA, PAK, PNG, THA, TON, UAE, USA | APSTAR-3, APSTAR-4, ASIASAT-AKX, ASIASAT-BKX, ASIASAT-CK1, ASIASAT-CKX, ASIASAT-DKX, ASIASAT-EK1, ASIASAT-EKX, EMARSAT-1B, EMARSAT-1F, EMARSAT-1G, EUROPE*STAR-2G-1, EUROPE*STAR-2G-2, EUROPE*STAR-2G-3, EUTELSAT 3-25.5E, EUTELSAT 3-36E, EUTELSAT 3-36.5E, EUTELSAT 3-44E, EUTELSAT 3-48E, EUTELSAT 3-70.5E, EUTELSAT 3-73.5E, EUTELSAT 3-76E, EUTELSAT 3-80.5E, EUTELSAT 3-83.5E, EUTELSAT 3-86E, EUTELSAT 3-88.5E, INTELSAT KFO8 85E, INTELSAT7 66E, INTERSPUTNIK-27E-Q, L-STAR-1, L-STAR-2, L-STAR-3, L-STAR-6, L-STAR-6, MEASAT-1, MEASAT-3, MEASAT-91.5E, MEASAT-95E, MEASAT-SA3, MEASAT-SA4, N-SAT-102.5E, N-SAT-103.5E, N-SAT-106, S, N-SAT-110, N-SAT-110E, N-SAT-117, N-SAT-120E, N-SAT-122.5E, N-SAT-55, N-SAT-74.5E, N-SAT-76.5E, N-SAT-79.5E, N-SAT-82.5E, N-SAT-84E, N-SAT-60E, N-SAT-94E, NSS-21, NSS-22, NSS-24, NSS-8, NSS-9, PACSTAR-L1, PACSTAR-L2, PAKSAT-1, PAKSAT-2, PAKSAT-C, PAKSAT-D, SKYSAT-A1, SKYSAT-82, SKYSAT-C1, KYSAT-C2, SKYSAT-C3, SKYSAT-C4, THAICOM-A2B, THAICOM-A3B, THAICOM-A5B, THAICOM-C1, THAICOM-G1K, TONGASAT AP, KU-4 |
| ARS34000 | 40 | c | BLR/IK, CHN, D, F/EUT, G, HOL, INS, J, KOR, LAO, MLA, PAK, PNG, SNG, THA, TON, UAE, USA | AM-SAT A1, AM-SAT A4, APSTAR-3, APSTAR-4, ASIASAT-AK1, ASIASAT-AKX, ASIASAT-BKX, ASIASAT-CK1, ASIASAT-CKX, ASIASAT-DKX, ASIASAT-EK, ASIASAT-EKX, EMARSAT-1B, EMARSAT-IG, EUROPE*STAR-2G-1, EUROPE*STAR-2G-2, EUROPE*STAR-2G-3, EUTELSAT 3-25 E, EUTELSAT 3-35 E, EUTELSAT 3-35 E, EUTELSAT 3-36, EUTELSAT 3-44E, EUTELSAT 3-36, EUTELSAT 3-70.5 E, EUTELSAT 3-35 E, EUTELSAT 3-36, EUTELSAT 3-83.5 E, EUTELSAT 3-84 E, EUTELSAT 3-83.5 E, INTELSAT 3-35 E, EUTELSAT 3-36, EUTELSAT 3-83.5 E, EUTELSAT 3-84 E, EUTELSAT 3-84 E, EUTELSAT 3-85 E, INTELSAT 3-56 E, EUTELSAT 3-86, EUTELSAT 3-80, EUTELSAT 3-90, EUTELSAT 3-80, EUSAT 3-80 |

| Beam name | Channels | Ref. Table 1 | Affected administrations* | Affected networks/beams/terrestrial stations* |
|-----------|-----------------------|-----------------|---|---|
| ARS_100 | 22, 24 | с | F/EUT | EUTELSAT 3-16E |
| ARS_100 | 26 | с | BLR/IK, CHN, D, F/EUT, G, HOL, J, PAK, SNG, THA, TON, UAE, USA | ASIASAT-AKI, ASIASAT-AKX, ASIASAT-BKX, ASIASAT-CK1, ASIASAT-CKX, ASIASAT-DKX, ASIASAT-EK1, ASIASAT-EKX, EMARSAT-IB, EMARSAT-IF, EMARSAT-IG, EUROPE*STAR-2G-1, EUROPE*STAR-2G-2, EUROPE*STAR-2G-3, EUTELSAT 3-16E, EUTELSAT 3-25.5E, EUTELSAT 3-33E, EUTELSAT 3-365, EUTELSAT 3-44E, EUTELSAT 3-48E, EUTELSAT 3-70.5E, EUTELSAT 3-73.5E, EUTELSAT 3-76E, EUTELSAT 3-80.5E, EUTELSAT 3-83.5E, EUTELSAT 3-86E, EUTELSAT 3-76E, EUTELSAT 3-76E, EUTELSAT 3-83.5E, EUTELSAT 3-83.5E, EUTELSAT 3-75E, EUTELSAT 3-75E, EUTELSAT 3-75E, N-SAT-105.5, N-SAT-106, S, N-SAT-106, N-SAT-110E, N-SAT-110, N-SAT-120E, N-SAT-122, SE, N-SAT-125, SE, N-SAT-125, SE, N-SAT-65, S, N-SAT-74E, N-SAT-76, S, N-SAT-74, SE, N-SAT-76, S, N-SAT-74, SE, N-SAT-76, S, N-SAT-74, SE, N-SAT-76, EUTELSAT 3-76, R, N-SAT-74, SE, N-SAT-76, S, N-SAT-74, SE, N-SAT-74, SE, N-SAT-76, S, N-SAT-74, SE, N-SAT-76, S, N-SAT-74, S, N-SAT-74, SE, N-SAT-76, S, N-SAT-74, N-SAT-74, S, N-SAT-74, N-SAT-74, S, N-SAT-74, N-SAT-74, |
| ARS_100 | 28 | с | BLR/IK, CHN, D, F/EUT, G, HOL, INS, J, KOR, LAO, MLA, PAK, PNG, SNG, THA, TON, UAE, USA | AM-SAT A1, AM-SAT A4, APSTAR-3, APSTAR-4, ASIASAT-AK1, ASIASAT-AKX, ASIASAT-BKX, ASIASAT-CK1, ASIASAT-CKX, ASIASAT-DKX, ASIASAT-AK1, ASIASAT-EKX, EMARSAT-1B, EMARSAT-IG, EUROPE*STAR-2G-1, EUROPE*STAR-2G-3, EUTELSAT 3-352, EUTELSAT 3-352, EUTELSAT 3-352, EUTELSAT 3-36, EUTELSAT 3-44E, EUTELSAT 3-36, EUTELSAT 3-355, EUTELSAT 3-352, EUTELSAT 3-36, EUTELSAT 3-36, EUTELSAT 3-36, EUTELSAT 3-36, EUTELSAT 3-36, EUTELSAT 3-37, ELTELSAT 3-37, ELTELSAT 3-36, EUTELSAT 3-36, EUTELSAT 3-36, EUTELSAT 3-36, EUTELSAT 3-36, EUTELSAT 3-37, ELTELSAT 3-37, ELTELSAT 3-36, EUTELSAT 3-36, EUTELSAT 3-36, EUTELSAT 3-37, ELTELSAT 3-7, ELTELSAT 3-7, ELTELSAT 3-7, ELTELSAT 3-36, EUTELSAT 3-30, ELTELSAT 3-36, EUTELSAT 3-38, ELTELSAT 3-30, ELTELSAT 3-30, ELTELSAT 3-30, ELTELSAT 3-30, ELTELSAT 3-30, ELTELSAT 3-30, ELTELSAT 3-3, ELTELSAT 3-30, ELTELSAT 3-3, ELTELSAT 3-30, ELSTAT-30, ELS |
| ARS_100 | 30, 32, 34, 36, 38 | c | BLR/IK, CHN, D, F/EUT, G, HOL, INS, J, LAO, MLA, PAK, PNG, SNG, THA, TON, UAE, USA | AM-SAT A1, AM-SAT A4, APSTAR-3, APSTAR-4, ASIASAT-AK1, ASIASAT-AKX, ASIASAT-BKX, ASIASAT-CK1, ASIASAT-CKX, ASIASAT-DKX, ASIASAT-AK1, ASIASAT-EKX, EMARSAT-1B, EMARSAT-IG, EUROPE*STAR-2G-1, EUROPE*STAR-2G-3, EUTELSAT 3-25, EUTELSAT 3-35E, EUTELSAT 3-333E, EUTELSAT 3-36E, EUTELSAT 3-44E, EUTELSAT 3-48E, EUTELSAT 3-70.5E, EUTELSAT 3-75, EUTELSAT 3-76E, EUTELSAT 3-80.5E, EUTELSAT 3-83, ELSAT 244E, EUTELSAT 3-48E, EUTELSAT 3-70.5E, EUTELSAT 3-75, EUTELSAT 3-76E, EUTELSAT 3-80.5E, EUTELSAT 3-83, ELSAT 3-83, ELSAT 3-83, ELSAT 3-83, ELSAT 3-83, ELSAT 3-83, ELSAT 3-848E, EUTELSAT 3-848E, EUTELSAT 3-70.5E, EUTELSAT 3-70.5E, EUTELSAT 3-76E, EUTELSAT 3-80, EUTELSAT 3-83, ELSAT 3-83, ELSAT 3-83, ELSAT 3-83, ELSAT 4-4, ESTAR-2, L-STAR-3, L-STAR-4, L-STAR-5, L-STAR-6, MEASAT-1, MEASAT-2, UCSAT-3A, JCSAT-3B, L-STAR-1, L-STAR-2, L-STAR-3, L-STAR-4, L-STAR-5, L-STAR-6, MEASAT-1, MEASAT-3, MEASAT-95E, MEASAT-5A3, MEASAT-5A3, N-SAT-102.5E, N-SAT-102.5E, N-SAT-105, S, N-SAT-105, N-SAT-1 |

| Beam name | Channels | Ref. Table 1 | Affected administrations* | Affected networks/beams/terrestrial stations* |
|-----------|----------|-----------------|---|--|
| ARS_100 | 40 | c | BLR/IK, CHN, D, F/EUT, G, HOL, INS, J, LAO, MLA, PAK, PNG, SNG, THA, TON, UAE, USA | AM-SAT A1, AM-SAT A4, APSTAR-3, APSTAR-4, ASIASAT-AK1, ASIASAT-AKX, ASIASAT-BKX, ASIASAT-CK1, ASIASAT-CKX, ASIASAT-DKX, ASIASAT-EK, ASIASAT-FKX, EMARSAT-1B, EMARSAT-IF, EWARSAT-1G, EUROPE*STAR-2G-1, EUROPE*STAR-2G-3, EUTELSAT 3-25 SE, EUTELSAT 3-373E, EUTELSAT 3-36E, EUTELSAT 3-48E, EUTELSAT 3-37.5E, EUTELSAT 3-35E, EUTELSAT 3-375E, EUTELSAT 3-36E, EUTELSAT 3-36E, EUTELSAT 3-36E, EUTELSAT 3-36E, EUTELSAT 3-36E, EUTELSAT 3-37.5E, EUTELSAT 3-37.5E, EUTELSAT 3-375E, EUTELSAT 3-375E, EUTELSAT 3-375E, EUTELSAT 3-375E, EUTELSAT 3-375E, EUTELSAT 3-375E, EUTELSAT 3-38.5E, EUTELSAT 3-48E, EUTELSAT 3-88.5E, INTELSAT 3-35.5E, EUTELSAT 3-375E, EUTELSAT 3-375E, EUTELSAT 3-38.5E, EUTELSAT 3-88.5E, INTELSAT 3-36E, EUTELSAT 3-375, EUTELSAT 3-375E, EUTELSAT 3-38, SE, ASAT-84, N-SAT-102.5E, N-SAT-103.5E, N-SAT-105, N-SAT-101, N-SAT-110E, N-SAT-175E, N-SAT-120E, N-SAT-122, SE, N-SAT-125, SE, N-SAT-128, N-SAT-38, SE, N-SAT-32, N-SAT-128, N-SAT-129, SE, N-SAT-52, N-SAT-32, N-SAT-32, N-SAT-32, N-SAT-32, N-SAT-32, N-SAT-32, N-SAT-128, N-SAT-32, N-SAT-33, N-SAT-32, N-SAT-32, N-SAT-32, N-SAT-32, N-SAT-32, N-SAT-32, N-SAT-33, N-SAT-33, N-SAT-33, N-SAT-33, N-SAT-34, N-SAT-34 |
| AUSA_100 | 1, 5, 9 | с | BLR/IK | INTERSPUTNIK-153.5EQ |
| AZE06400 | 25 | с | BLR/IK, CHN, D, F/EUT, G, HOL, J, PAK, TON, USA | ASIASAT-AK1, ASIASAT-CK1, ASIASAT-EK1, EUROPE*STAR-2G-1, EUROPE*STAR-2G-2, EUROPE*STAR-2G-3, EUTELSAT 3-25, E, EUTELSAT 3-33E, EUTELSAT 3-36E, EUTELSAT 3-44E, EUTELSAT 3-485, EUTELSAT 3-705, E EUTELSAT 3-76E, EUTELSAT 3-80, SE, EUTELSAT 3-83, SE, INTELSAT KFOS 85E, INTELSAT 76 6E, INTERSPUTNIK-27E-Q, JCSAT-3B, N-SAT-102.5E, N-SAT-103.5E, N-SAT-106.5, N-SAT-110E, N-SAT-117, N-SAT-120E, N-SAT-122.5E, N-SAT-65.5, N-SAT-73E, N-SAT-74.5E, N-SAT-76.5E, N-SAT-79.5E, N-SAT-84, SE, N-SAT-846E, N-SAT-94E, INSS-21, NSS-22, NSS-23, NSS-48, NS-89, PAKSAT-12, PAKSAT-2, PAKSAT-2, PAKSAT-10, SKYSAT-A2, SKYSAT-A3, SKYSAT-B2, SKYSAT-C1, SKYSAT-C2, SKYSAT-C3, SKYSAT-C4, TONGASAT AP-KU-4 |
| AZE06400 | 27 | c | BLR/IK, CHN, D, F/EUT, G, HOL, J, MLA, PAK, TON, UAE, USA | ASIASAT-AK1, ASIASAT-AKX, ASIASAT-BKX, ASIASAT-CK1, ASIASAT-CKX, ASIASAT-DKX, ASIASAT-EK1, ASIASAT-EKX, EMARSAT-I-B, EMARSAT-IF, EMARSAT-I-G, EUROPE*STAR-2G-1, EUROPE*STAR-2G-2, EUROPE*STAR-2G-3, EUTELSAT 3-25.5E, EUTELSAT 3-33E, EUTELSAT 3-362, EUTELSAT 3-44E, EUTELSAT 3-48E, EUTELSAT 3-70.5E, EUTELSAT 3-73.5E, EUTELSAT 3-33E, EUTELSAT 3-80.5E, EUTELSAT 3-44E, EUTELSAT 3-48E, EUTELSAT 3-70.5E, EUTELSAT 3-73.5E, EUTELSAT 3-76E, EUTELSAT 3-80.5E, EUTELSAT 3-83.5E, EUTELSAT 3-88.5E, INTELSAT 8.FOR 85E, INTELSAT7 66E, INTERSPUTIK-27E-Q, ICSAT-3B, MEASAT-SA3, MEASAT-SA4, M-SAT-102.5E, N-SAT-10.5E, N-SAT-10.65, N-SAT-110E, N-SAT-117, N-SAT-1202, EN-SAT-102.5E, N-SAT-65, N-SAT-745, E, N-SAT-745, E, N-SAT-70.5E, N-SAT-79.5E, N-SAT-82.5E, N-SAT-84E, N-SAT-94E, NSS-21, NSS-22, NSS-23, NSS-24, NSS-8, NSS-9, PAKSAT-1C-3, SKYSAT-C4, TONGASAT AP-KU-4 |
| AZE06400 | 29 | c | BLR/IK, CHN, D, F/EUT, G, HOL, J, KOR, LAO, MLA, PAK, PNG, THA, TON, UAE, USA | APSTAR-3, APSTAR-4, ASIASAT-AKI, ASIASAT-AKX, ASIASAT-BKX, ASIASAT-CKI, ASIASAT-CKX, ASIASAT-DKX, ASIASAT-EKI, ASIASAT-EKX, EMARSAT-1B, EMARSAT-1F, EMARSAT-1G, EUROPE*STAR-2G-1, EUROPE*STAR-2G-2, EUROPE*STAR-2G-3, EUTELSAT 3-25.5E, EUTELSAT 3-33E, EUTELSAT 3-36E, EUTELSAT 3-48E, EUTELSAT 3-70.5E, EUTELSAT 3-73.5E, EUTELSAT 3-76E, EUTELSAT 3-80.5E, EUTELSAT 3-48E, EUTELSAT 3-88.5E, INTELSAT KFOS 85E, INTELSAT 7-6E, INTERSPUTNIK-27E-Q, JCSAT-3B, KOREASAT-103KU, KOREASAT-123.7KU, L-STAR-1, L-STAR-2, L-STAR-5, L-STAR-6, MEASAT-1, MEASAT-3, MEASAT-91.5E, MEASAT-95E, MEASAT-SA3, MEASAT-SA4, N-SAT-103.5E, N-SAT-103.5E, N-SAT-106, N-SAT-110E, N-SAT-110F, N-SAT-120E, N-SAT-122.5E, N-SAT-65.5, N-SAT-73E, N-SAT-74.5E, N-SAT-76.5E, N-SAT-79.5E, N-SAT-84E, N-SAT-86E, N-SAT-94E, NSS-21, NSS-23, NSS-24, NSS-4, NSS-9, PACSTAR-12, PACSAR-12, PAKSAT-2, SKYSAT-23, PAKSAT-24, THAICOM-A2B, THAICOM-A3B, THAICOM-A5B, THAICOM-C1, THAICOM-GIK, TONGASAT AP-KU-4 |

| Beam name | Channels | Ref. Table 1 | Affected administrations* | Affected networks/beams/terrestrial stations* |
|-----------|----------------------------------|-----------------|---|--|
| AZE06400 | 31, 33, 35, 37, 39 | c | BLR/IK, CHN, D, F/EUT, G, HOL, J, LAO, MLA, PAK, PNG, THA, TON, UAE, USA | APSTAR-3, APSTAR-4, ASIASAT-AK1, ASIASAT-AKX, ASIASAT-BKX, ASIASAT-CK1, ASIASAT-CKX, ASIASAT-DKX, ASIASAT-EK1, ASIASAT-EKX, EMARSAT-1B, EMARSAT-1F, EMARSAT-1G, EUROPE*STAR-2G-1, EUROPE*STAR-2G-2, EUROPE*STAR-2G-3, EUTELSAT 3-25.5E, EUTELSAT 3-33E, EUTELSAT 3-36E, EUTELSAT 3-48E, EUTELSAT-3-70.5E, EUTELSAT 3-73.5E, EUTELSAT 3-37E, EUTELSAT 3-80.5E, EUTELSAT 3-48E, EUTELSAT-3-88.5E, INTELSAT KFOS 85E, INTELSAT 7 66E, INTERSPUTNIK-27E-0, JCSAT-3B, L-STAR-1, L-STAR-2, L-STAR-3, L-STAR-5, L-STAR-6, MEASAT-1, MEASAT-3, MEASAT-91.5E, MEASAT-95E, MEASAT-SA3, MEASAT-SA4, N-SAT-102.5E, N-SAT-103.5E, N-SAT-106.5, N-SAT-110, N-SAT-110E, N-SAT-117, N-SAT-120E, N-SAT-12.5E, N-SAT-65.5, N-SAT-73E, N-SAT-74.5E, N-SAT-76.5E, N-SAT-79.5E, N-SAT-84E, N-SAT-86E, N-SAT-94E, NSS-21, NSS-22, NSS-24, NSS-8, NSS-9, PACSTAR-L1, PACSTAR-L2, PAKSAT-C2, SKYSAT-C2, PAKSAT-C, PAKSAT-A1, SKYSAT-A1, SKYSAT-A2, SKYSAT-A3, SKYSAT-A15, SKYSAT-C1, SKYSAT-C2, SKYSAT-C3, SKYSAT-C4, THAICOM-A2B, THAICOM-A3B, THAICOM-A5B, THAICOM-C1, THAICOM-G1K, TONGASAT AP-KU-4 |
| BEL01800 | 22, 24 | с | ARG, B, F, F/EUT, HOL, NOR, URG, USA | B-SAT I, BIFROST-14, EUTELSAT 3-10E, EUTELSAT 3-12.5W, EUTELSAT 3-13E, EUTELSAT 3-14.8W, EUTELSAT 3-16E, EUTELSAT 3-4E, EUTELSAT 3-64W, EUTELSAT 3-7E, F-SAT-KU-E-5W, INTELSAT8 304.5E, INTELSAT8 304E, INTELSAT8 310E, NAHUEL-D, NAHUEL-E, NSS-10, NSS-15, NSS-17, NSS-18, URUSAT-1, URUSAT-3, URUSAT-3, URUSAT-4, URUSAT-5, URUSAT-6, URUSAT-7, URUSAT-8, USASAT-14L, USASAT-26G, USASAT-26L, USASAT-35O, USASAT-41L, USASAT-41S, VIDEOSAT-5, VIDEOSAT-5KA, VIDEOSAT-6, VIDEOSAT-6KA, VIDEOSAT-7, VIDEOSAT-7-KA, VIDEOSAT-8-KU-C |
| BEL01800 | 26 | с | ARG, B, F, F/EUT, HOL, NOR, PAK, URG, USA | B-SAT I, BIFROST-14, EUTELSAT 3-10E, EUTELSAT 3-12.5W, EUTELSAT 3-13E, EUTELSAT 3-14.8W, EUTELSAT 3-16E, EUTELSAT 3-4E, EUTELSAT 3-64W, EUTELSAT 3-7E, F-SAT-KU-E-5W, INTELSAT8 304.5E, INTELSAT8 304E, INTELSAT8 310E, NAHUEL-D, NAHUEL-E, NSS-10, NSS-15, NSS-17, NSS-18, PAKSAT-1, URUSAT-1, URUSAT-2, URUSAT-3, URUSAT-4, URUSAT-5, URUSAT-6, URUSAT-7, URUSAT-8, USASAT-14L, USASAT-26G, USASAT-26L, USASAT-35O, USASAT-41L, USASAT-41S, VIDEOSAT-5, VIDEOSAT-5-KA, VIDEOSAT-6, VIDEOSAT-6-KA, VIDEOSAT-7, VIDEOSAT-7-KA, VIDEOSAT-8-KU-C |
| BEL01800 | 28, 30, 32, 34, 36, 38, 40 | с | РАК | PAKSAT-1 |
| BEN23300 | 1, 5, 9, 13 | с | USA | INTELSAT7 340E, INTELSAT8 340E |
| BFA10700 | 22, 24 | с | Е | HISPASAT-1, HISPASAT-2C3 KU |
| BHR25500 | 25 | с | BLR/IK, D, F/EUT, HOL, PAK | EUROPE*STAR-2G-1, EUROPE*STAR-2G-2, EUROPE*STAR-2G-3, EUTELSAT 3-25.5E, EUTELSAT 3-33E, EUTELSAT 3-36E, EUTELSAT 3-44E, EUTELSAT 3-48E, INTERSPUTNIK-27E-Q, NSS-21, NSS-22, NSS-23, PAKSAT-1, PAKSAT-2, PAKSAT-C |
| BHR25500 | 27 | с | F/EUT, MLA, PAK | EUTELSAT 3-33E, EUTELSAT 3-36E, MEASAT-SA3, PAKSAT-C |
| BHR25500 | 29, 33, 37 | с | BLR/IK, D, F/EUT, HOL, MLA, PAK, THA, UAE | EMARSAT-1B, EMARSAT-1F, EMARSAT-1G, EUROPE*STAR-2G-1, EUROPE*STAR-2G-2, EUROPE*STAR-2G-3, EUTELSAT 3-25.5E, EUTELSAT 3-33E, EUTELSAT 3-36E, EUTELSAT 3-44E, EUTELSAT 3-48E, INTERSPUTNIK-27E-Q, MEASAT-SA3, MEASAT-SA4, NSS-21, NSS-22, NSS-23, PAKSAT-1, PAKSAT-2, PAKSAT-C, THAICOM-C1 |
| BHR25500 | 31, 35, 39 | с | F/EUT | EUTELSAT 3-33E, EUTELSAT 3-36E |
| BOT29700 | 22, 24, 26 | с | NOR | BIFROST-14 |
| BUL02000 | 22, 24, 26 | с | NOR | BIFROST-14 |
| CAF25800 | 22, 26 | с | F/EUT, USA | USASAT-14L, EUTELSAT 3-12.5W, EUTELSAT 3-14.8W |

| Beam name | Channels | Ref. Table 1 | Affected administrations* | Affected networks/beams/terrestrial stations* |
|-----------|---|-----------------|---------------------------------------|--|
| CHNF_100 | 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12 | с | BLR/IK, HOL, J, MHL, PNG, TON, USA | INTELSAT IBS 183E, INTELSAT7 157E, INTELSAT7 174E, INTELSAT7 177E, INTELSAT7 180E, INTELSAT7 183E, INTELSAT8 174E, INTELSAT8 176E, INTELSAT8 177E, INTELSAT8 178E, INTELSAT8 180E, INTELSAT8 183E, INTERSPUTNIK-153.5EQ, JCSAT-1R, JCSAT-2R, N-SAT-123W, N-SAT-137W, N-SAT-133W, N-SAT-141E, N-SAT-141W, N-SAT-143W, N-SAT-147.5E, N-SAT-147.5E, N-SAT-147W, N-SAT-152W, N-SAT-152W, N-SAT-159W, N-SAT-161W, N-SAT-163W, N-SAT-165W, N-SAT-166E, N-SAT-147.5E, N-SAT-168E, N-SAT-169W, N-SAT-172W, N-SAT-173W, N-SAT-174.5W, N-SAT-175.5E, N-SAT-175.5W, N-SAT-166E, N-SAT-176W, N-SAT-178.5E, N-SAT-178.5W, NSS-11, NSS-14, NSS-19, NSS-27, NSS-6, NSS-7, 0010N-AP-1, 0010N-AP-2, PACSTAR-13, SUPERBIRD-A2, SUPERBIRD-B2, SUPERBIRD-C, TONGASAT C1/C1-R, USASAT-14E, USASAT-14K, USASAT-14M, USASAT-42L, USASAT-42Q |
| CHNF_100 | 14, 16, 18, 20, 24 | с | BLR/IK, HOL, J, MHL, PNG, TON, USA | INTERSPUTNIK-153.5EQ, JCSAT-1R, JCSAT-2R, N-SAT-123W, N-SAT-127W, N-SAT-131W, N-SAT-133W, N-SAT-141E, N-SAT-141W, N-SAT-143W, N-SAT-145W, N-SAT-147.5E, N-SAT-148W, N-SAT-150W, N-SAT-152W, N-SAT-159W, N-SAT-161W, N-SAT-165W, N-SAT-166W, N-SAT-166E, N-SAT-166E, N-SAT-166E, N-SAT-165W, N-SAT-176.5W, N-SAT-174.5W, N-SAT-175.5E, N-SAT-176.5W, N-SAT-176W, N-SAT-178.5E, N-SAT-175.5W, N-SAT-175.5W, N-SAT-175.5W, N-SAT-174.5W, N-SAT-178.5E, N-SAT-175.5W, N-SAT-175.5W, N-SAT-174.5W, N-SAT-178.5E, N-SAT-166E, N-SAT-178.5E, N-SAT-175.5W, N-SAT-175.5W, N-SAT-174.5W, N-SAT-178.5E, N-SAT-175.5W, N-SAT-175.5W, N-SAT-175.5W, N-SAT-174.5W, N-SAT-178.5E, N-SAT-175.5W, N-SAT-14W, USASAT-14W, USASAT-14W, USASAT-42 |
| CHNF_100 | 22 | с | BLR/IK, USA | INTERSPUTNIK-153.5EQ, USASAT-14M |
| CME30000 | 22, 24, 26 | с | F/EUT | EUTELSAT 3-12.5W |
| COD_100 | 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12 | с | USA | INTELSAT IBS 342E, INTELSAT7 342E, INTELSAT7 340E, INTELSAT8 342E, INTELSAT8 340E |
| COG23500 | 1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13, 15, 17, 19 | с | F/EUT | EUTELSAT 3-12.5W |
| CPV30100 | 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12 | с | USA | INTELSAT7 325.5E, INTELSAT8 325.5E |
| CTI23700 | 1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13 | с | USA | INTELSAT7 335.5E, INTELSAT8 335.5E |
| CVA08300 | 1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11 | с | NOR, USA | INTELSAT7 359E, INTELSAT8 359E, BIFROST-14, INTELSAT10 359E |
| CVA08500 | 22 | с | NOR | BIFROST-14 |
| CYP08600 | 1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13 | с | NOR, USA | INTELSAT7 359E, INTELSAT8 359E, BIFROST-14 |
| CYP08600 | 15, 17, 19 | с | NOR | BIFROST-14 |
| CZE14401 | 1, 9, 17, 25 | с | F/EUT | EUTELSAT 3-12.5W |
| CZE14402 | 14 | с | F/EUT | EUTELSAT 3-12.5W |
| CZE14403 | 2, 22, 24 | с | F/EUT | EUTELSAT 3-12.5W |

| Beam name | Channels | Ref. Table 1 | Affected administrations* | Affected networks/beams/terrestrial stations* |
|-----------|--|-----------------|---------------------------------|--|
| DNK_100 | 1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11 | с | HOL, USA | INTELSAT7 335.5E, INTELSAT K 338.5E, INTELSAT8 338.5E, INTELSAT8 330.5E, INTELSAT7 330.5E, INTELSAT8 335.5E, INTELSAT8 332.5E, INTELSAT7 332.5E, NSS-15 |
| DNK_100 | 13 | с | HOL, USA | INTELSAT7 335.5E, INTELSAT8 338.5E, INTELSAT8 330.5E, INTELSAT7 330.5E, INTELSAT8 335.5E, INTELSAT8 332.5E, INTELSAT8 332.5E, INTELSAT7 332.5E, NSS-15 |
| DNK_100 | 15, 17, 19 | с | HOL | NSS-15 |
| EGY02600 | 2, 6, 10, 14, 18 | с | BLR/IK, F | INTERSPUTNIK-6W-Q, VIDEOSAT-5, VIDEOSAT-6, VIDEOSAT-5-KA, VIDEOSAT-6-KA |
| EST06100 | 1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11 | с | F, F/EUT, HOL, NOR, URG, USA | BIFROST-14, EUTELSAT 3-10E, EUTELSAT 3-12.5W, EUTELSAT 3-13E, EUTELSAT 3-14.8W, EUTELSAT 3-16E, EUTELSAT 3-4E, EUTELSAT 3-7E, F-SAT-KU-E-5W, INTELSAT IBS 307E, INTELSAT IBS 310E, INTELSAT IBS 342E, INTELSAT1 359E, INTELSAT7 304.5E, INTELSAT3 307E, INTELSAT7 310E, INTELSAT7 3305, INTELSAT7 340E, INTELSAT7 347, INTELSAT7 359E, INTELSAT8 304.5E, INTELSAT8 307E, INTELSAT8 310E, INTELSAT8 319.5E, INTELSAT8 325.5E, INTELSAT8 328.5E, INTELSAT8 330.5E, INTELSAT8 332.5E, INTELSAT8 330.5E, INTELSAT8 340E, INTELSAT8 342E, INTELSAT8 328.51, INTELSAT8 330.5E, INTELSAT8 332.5E, INTELSAT8 332.5E, INTELSAT8 340E, INTELSAT8 340, INTELSAT8 342E, INTELSAT8 328.51, SNS-15, NSS-18, URUSAT-6, URUSAT-7, USASAT-14L, USASAT-4LL, USASAT-4LL, USASAT-4LS, VIDEOSAT-5, VIDEOSAT-5-KA, VIDEOSAT-6-KA, VIDEOSAT-7, VIDEOSAT-7-KA, VIDEOSAT-8-KU-C |
| EST06100 | 13 | с | F, F/EUT, HOL, NOR, URG, USA | BIFROST-14, EUTELSAT 3-10E, EUTELSAT 3-12.5W, EUTELSAT 3-13E, EUTELSAT 3-14.8W, EUTELSAT 3-16E, EUTELSAT 3-4E, EUTELSAT 3-7E, F-SAT-KU-E-5W, INTELSAT IBS 307E, INTELSAT IBS 310E, INTELSAT IBS 342E, INTELSAT1 359E, INTELSAT7 304.5E, INTELSAT3 007E, INTELSAT3 30.5E, INTELSAT7 330.5E, INTELSAT7 340E, INTELSAT7 347, INTELSAT7 309, ENTELSAT8 304.5E, INTELSAT8 307E, INTELSAT8 310E, INTELSAT8 319, 5E, INTELSAT8 325.5E, INTELSAT8 328, 5E, INTELSAT8 330.5E, INTELSAT8 332.5E, INTELSAT8 330.5E, INTELSAT8 340E, INTELSAT8 342E, INTELSAT8 328, 5E, INTELSAT8 330.5E, INTELSAT8 332.5E, INTELSAT8 332.5E, INTELSAT8 340E, INTELSAT8 342E, INTELSAT8 328, 5E, INTELSAT8 330.5E, INTELSAT8 332.5E, INTELSAT8 332.5E, INTELSAT8 340E, INTELSAT8 340E, INTELSAT8 342E, INTELSAT8 328, 5E, INTELSAT8 330.5E, INTELSAT8 332.5E, INTELSAT8 340E, INTELSAT8 340E, INTELSAT8 342E, INTELSAT8 359E, NSS-15, NSS-18, URUSAT-6, URUSAT-7, USASAT-14L, USASAT-26A, USASAT-26L, USASAT-41L, USASAT-41S, VIDEOSAT-5-KA, VIDEOSAT-6, VIDEOSAT-6, VIDEOSAT-7, VIDEOSAT-7, VIDEOSAT-7-KA, VIDEOSAT-8-KU-C |
| EST06100 | 15, 17, 19 | с | F, F/EUT, HOL, NOR, URG, USA | BIFROST-14, EUTELSAT 3-10E, EUTELSAT 3-12.5W, EUTELSAT 3-13E, EUTELSAT 3-14.8W, EUTELSAT 3-16E, EUTELSAT 3-4E, EUTELSAT 3-7E, F-SAT-KU-E-5W, INTELSAT8 304.5E, INTELSAT8 310E, NSS-15, NSS-18, URUSAT-6, URUSAT-7, USASAT-14L, USASAT-26L, USASAT-41L, USASAT-41S, VIDEOSAT-5, VIDEOSAT-5-KA, VIDEOSAT-6, VIDEOSAT-6-KA, VIDEOSAT-7, VIDEOSAT-7-KA, VIDEOSAT-8-KU-C |
| F 09300 | 22, 24, 26 | с | BLR/IK, F/EUT | INTERSPUTNIK-6W-Q, EUTELSAT 3-12.5W |
| FJI19300 | 1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13, 15, 17, 19, 21, 23 | с | ſ | N-SAT-178.5W |
| FSM00000 | 1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13 | с | J, USA | INTELSAT7 157E, SUPERBIRD-A2 |
| FSM00000 | 15, 17, 19, 21, 23 | с | 1 | SUPERBIRD-A2 |

| Beam name | Channels | Ref. Table 1 | Affected administrations* | Affected networks/beams/terrestrial stations* |
|-----------|-----------------------|-----------------|--|--|
| F100 | 25 | c | BLR/IK, CHN, D, F/EUT, G, HOL, J, MHL, TON, USA | ASIASAT-AKI, ASIASAT-CKI, ASIASAT-EKI, EUROPE*STAR-2G-1, EUROPE*STAR-2G-2, EUROPE*STAR-2G-3, EUTELSAT 3-25, EEUTELSAT 3-33E, EUTELSAT 3-36E, EUTELSAT 3-44E, EUTELSAT 3-485, EUTELSAT 3-70, E, EUTELSAT 3-76E, EUTELSAT 3-80, SE, EUTELSAT 3-36E, EUTELSAT 3-88, SE, INTELSAT X FKOS 85E, INTELSAT 7 (INTERSPUTNIK-27E-0, JCSAT-3A, JCSAT-3B, N-SAT-102, SE, N-SAT-103, SE, N-SAT-106, S, N-SAT-110E, N-SAT-117, N-SAT-120E, N-SAT-122, SE, N-SAT-125, SE, N-SAT-129, SE, N-SAT-141E, N-SAT-65, N-SAT-73E, N-SAT-74, SE, N-SAT-76, SE, N-SAT-79E, N-SAT-82, SE, N-SAT-84E, N-SAT-86E, N-SAT-94E, N-STAR-A2, N-STAR-B2, NSS-21, NSS-22, NSS-23, NSS-24, NSS-9, ORION-AP-1, SB-SAT-135, SKYSAT-A1, SKYSAT-A2, SKYSAT-A3, SKYSAT-B1, SKYSAT-B2, SKYSAT-B3, SKYSAT-B4, SKYSAT-C1, SKYSAT-C2, SKYSAT-C3, SKYSAT-C4, TONGASAT AP-KU-4, TONGASAT C/KU-1, TONGASAT C/KU-2, TONGASAT C/KU-3, TONGASAT C/KU-4 |
| F100 | 27 | c | BLR/IK, CHN, D, F/EUT, G, HOL, J, THA, TON, USA | ASIASAT-AKI, ASIASAT-AKX, ASIASAT-BKX, ASIASAT-CK1, ASIASAT-CKX, ASIASAT-DKX, ASIASAT-EK1, ASIASAT-EKX, EUROPE*STAR-26-1, EUROPE*STAR-26-3, EUTELSAT 3-25.5, EUTELSAT 3-33E, EUTELSAT 3-36E, EUTELSAT 3-36E, EUTELSAT 3-36E, EUTELSAT 3-35.5, EUTELSAT 3-35.5, EUTELSAT 3-36E, EUTELSAT 3-86, INTELSAT KFOS 85E, INTELSAT 7-95, EN-SAT-102, EN-SAT-102, S, N-SAT-106, S, N-SAT-110, N-SAT-120, SAT-74, SE, N-SAT-129, SE, N-SAT-141E, N-SAT-65, N-SAT-141E, N-SAT-745, EN-SAT-745, EN-SAT-745, EN-SAT-745, EN-SAT-745, EN-SAT-745, EN-SAT-745, EN-SAT-84, SKYSAT-84, SKYSAT-84, SKYSAT-84, SKYSAT-84, SKYSAT-84, SKYSAT-84, SKYSAT-84, SKYSAT-84, SKYSAT-84, SKYSAT-64, TANGASAT C/KU-3, TONGASAT C/KU-4, TANGASAT C/KU-4, TONGASAT C/K |
| F100 | 29 | c | BLR/IK, CHN, D, F/EUT, G, HOL, J, KOR, LAO, MLA, PNG, THA, TON, USA | ASIASAT-AK1, ASIASAT-AKX, ASIASAT-BKX, ASIASAT-CK1, ASIASAT-CKX, ASIASAT-DKX, ASIASAT-EK1, ASIASAT-EKX, EUROPE*STAR-2G-1, EUROPE*STAR-2G-3, EUTELSAT 3-25.5E, EUTELSAT 3-33E, EUTELSAT 3-36E, EUTELSAT 3-44E, EUTELSAT 3-48E, EUTELSAT 3-70.5E, EUTELSAT 3-75.5E, EUTELSAT 3-35.5E, EUTELSAT 3-35.5E, EUTELSAT 3-35.5E, EUTELSAT 3-85.5E, EUTELSAT 3-85.5E, EUTELSAT 3-85.5E, EUTELSAT 3-85.5E, EUTELSAT 3-85.5E, EUTELSAT 3-85.5E, INTELSAT 1-35.5E, EUTELSAT 3-70.5E, EUTELSAT 3-85.5E, EUTELSAT 3-85.5E, INTELSAT 3-85.5E, INTELSAT 5-85.5E, INTELSAT 5-85.5E, INTELSAT 5-85.5E, INTELSAT 5-85.5E, INTELSAT 5-85.5E, INTELSAT 5-85.5E, INTELSAT 5-95.5E, INTERSPUTNIK-27E-Q, ICSAT-3A, ICSAT-3B, KOREASAT-1, KOREASAT-103KU, KOREASAT-123.7KU, KOREASAT-2, L-STAR-1, L-STAR-2, L-STAR-3, L-STAR-4, L-STAR-5, L-STAR-6, MEASAT-110, N-SAT-102.5E, N-SAT-105.5E, N-SAT-106.5, N-SAT-106.5, N-SAT-106.5, N-SAT-106.5, N-SAT-105, N-SAT-106.5, N-SAT-105, N-SAT-105, N-SAT-105, N-SAT-106.5, N-SAT-105, N |
| F100 | 31, 33, 35, 37, 39 | с | BLR/IK, CHN, D, F/EUT, G, HOL, J, KOR, LAO, MLA, PNG, THA, TON, USA | ASIASAT-AK1, ASIASAT-AKX, ASIASAT-BKX, ASIASAT-CK1, ASIASAT-CKX, ASIASAT-DKX, ASIASAT-EK1, ASIASAT-EKX, EUROPE*STAR-2G-1, EUROPE*STAR-2G-3, EUTELSAT 3-25.5E, EUTELSAT 3-33E, EUTELSAT 3-36E, EUTELSAT 3-35E, EUTELSAT 3-35E, EUTELSAT 3-36E, EUTELSAT 3-35E, EUTELSAT 3-35E, EUTELSAT 3-35E, EUTELSAT 3-36E, EUTELSAT 3-35E, EUTELSAT 3-35E, EUTELSAT 3-35E, EUTELSAT 3-35E, EUTELSAT 3-36E, EUTELSAT 3-35E, EUTELSAT 3-35E, EUTELSAT 3-35E, EUTELSAT 3-35E, EUTELSAT 3-35E, EUTELSAT 3-36E, EUTELSAT 3-35E, EUTELSAT 3-35E, EUTELSAT 3-35E, EUTELSAT 3-36E, EUTELSAT 3-88.5E, INTELSAT KFOS 85E, INTELSAT 7-35, EUTELSAT 3-80.5E, INTELSAT 3-35E, EUTELSAT 3-36E, ASAT-10, EVELSAT 3-88.5E, INTELSAT KFOS 85E, INTELSAT 7-65, L-STAR-6, MEASAT-1, KOREASAT-2, L-STAR-3, L-STAR-3, L-STAR-6, L-STAR-6, MEASAT-1, MEASAT-3, MEASAT-91, SE, N-SAT-102, SE, N-SAT-102, SE, N-SAT-104, N-SAT-102, N-SAT-107, N-SAT-102, SE, N-SAT-102, N-SAT-102, N-S2-21, NSS-21, NSS-22, NSS-24, NSS-8, NSS-9, PACSTAR-L1, PACSTAR-L2, PACSTAR-L3, SB-SAT-135, SKYSAT-A3, SKYSAT-A3, SKYSAT-A3, SKYSAT-B3, SKYSAT-B3, SKYSAT-B3, SKYSAT-B3, SKYSAT-C4, SKYSAT-C3, SKYSAT-C4, THAICOM-A2B, THAICOM-A3B, THAICOM-A3B, THAICOM-C1, THAICOM-C2, THAICOM-G2K, THAICOM-G2K, THAICOM-G2K, THAICOM-G3K, TONGASAT C/KU-4, TONGASAT C/KU-1, TONGASAT C/KU-2, TONGASAT C/KU-3, TONGASAT C/KU-4, TON |

| Beam name | Channels | Ref. Table 1 | Affected administrations* | Affected networks/beams/terrestrial stations* |
|-----------|--|-----------------|------------------------------------|---|
| G 02700 | 2, 6, 10 | с | HOL, URG | INTELSAT IBS 319.5E, INTELSAT7 319.5E, INTELSAT8 319.5E, NSS-18, URUSAT-7 |
| G 02700 | 14, 18 | с | HOL, URG | NSS-18, URUSAT-7 |
| GAB26000 | 1, 5, 9, 13, 17 | с | F/EUT | EUTELSAT 3-12.5W |
| GMB30200 | 1, 5, 9, 13, 17 | с | URG, USA | USASAT-26A, URUSAT-7 |
| GNB30400 | 22, 24 | с | Е | HISPASAT-1, HISPASAT-2C3 KU |
| GRC10500 | 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12 | с | NOR, USA | INTELSAT7 359E, INTELSAT8 359E, BIFROST-14, INTELSAT10 359E |
| GRC10500 | 14, 16, 18, 20 | с | NOR | BIFROST-14 |
| GUI19200 | 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20 | с | E, URG, USA | USASAT-26A, HISPASAT 36W KU, URUSAT-7 |
| HNG10601 | 3, 11, 19 | с | F/EUT | EUTELSAT 3-12.5W |
| HNG10602 | 6 | с | F/EUT | EUTELSAT 3-12.5W |
| HNG10603 | 2, 22, 24 | с | F/EUT | EUTELSAT 3-12.5W |
| HOL21300 | 2, 4, 6, 8, 10 | c | ARG, B, F, F/EUT, NOR, URG, USA | B-SAT I, BIFROST-14, EUTELSAT 3-10E, EUTELSAT 3-12.5W, EUTELSAT 3-13E, EUTELSAT 3-14.8W, EUTELSAT 3-16E, EUTELSAT 3-4E, EUTELSAT 3-64W, EUTELSAT 3-7E, F-SAT-KU-E-5W, INTELSAT 3AT IBS 307E, INTELSAT IBS 310E, INTELSAT IBS 342E, INTELSAT10 310E, INTELSAT10 359E, INTELSAT7 304.5E, INTELSAT7 304.5E, INTELSAT7 307E, INTELSAT 310E, INTELSAT10 310E, INTELSAT10 3305E, INTELSAT7 300.5E, INTELSAT7 302.5E, INTELSAT7 307E, INTELSAT7 310E, INTELSAT7 325.5E, INTELSAT7 328.5E, INTELSAT7 330.5E, INTELSAT7 330.5E, INTELSAT7 330.5E, INTELSAT8 330.5E, INTELSAT8 330.5E, INTELSAT8 332.5E, INTELSAT8 330.5E, INTELSAT8 332.5E, INTELSAT8 330.5E, INTELSAT8 330.5E, INTELSAT8 332.5E, INTELSAT8 335.5E, INTELSAT8 340.5E, INTELSAT8 332.5E, INTELSAT8 330.5E, INTELSAT8 332.5E, INTELSAT8 330.5E, INTELSAT8 332.5E, INTELSAT8 340.5E, INTELSAT8 340.5E, INTELSAT8 330.5E, INTELSAT8 330.5E, INTELSAT8 332.5E, INTELSAT8 340.5E, INTELSAT8 340 |
| HOL21300 | 12 | c | ARG, B, F, F/EUT, NOR, URG, USA | B-SAT I, BIFROST-14, EUTELSAT 3-10E, EUTELSAT 3-12.5W, EUTELSAT 3-13E, EUTELSAT 3-14.8W, EUTELSAT 3-16E, EUTELSAT 3-4E, EUTELSAT 3-64W, EUTELSAT 3-7E, F-SAT-KU-E-5W, INTELSAT IBS 307E, INTELSAT 1BS 310E, INTELSAT 1BS 342E, INTELSAT10 310E, INTELSAT10 359E, INTELSAT7 304.5E, INTELSAT 504E, INTELSAT 307E, INTELSAT 310E, INTELSAT0 310E, INTELSAT0 3395E, INTELSAT7 304.5E, INTELSAT7 305E, INTELSAT7 310E, INTELSAT7 342E, INTELSAT7 328.5E, INTELSAT7 305.5E, INTELSAT7 305.5E, INTELSAT7 340E, INTELSAT7 342E, INTELSAT7 350.5E, INTELSAT8 304.5E, INTELSAT8 304E, INTELSAT8 307E, INTELSAT8 307E, INTELSAT8 30.5E, INTELSAT8 30.5E, INTELSAT8 30.5E, INTELSAT8 305.5E, INTELSAT8 305.5E, INTELSAT8 305.5E, INTELSAT8 305.5E, INTELSAT8 30.5E, INTELSAT8 30.5E, INTELSAT8 305.5E, INTE |

| Beam name | Channels | Ref. Table 1 | Affected administrations* | Affected networks/beams/terrestrial stations* |
|-----------|---|-----------------|---|---|
| HOL21300 | 14, 16, 18, 20 | c | ARG, B, F, F/EUT, NOR, URG, USA | B-SAT I, BIFROST-14, EUTELSAT 3-10E, EUTELSAT 3-12.5W, EUTELSAT 3-13E, EUTELSAT 3-14.8W, EUTELSAT 3-16E, EUTELSAT 3-4E, EUTELSAT 3-64W, EUTELSAT 3-7E, F-SAT-KU-E-5W, INTELSATS 304.5E, INTELSATS 304E, INTELSATS 310E, NAHUEL-D, NAHUEL-E, URUSAT-1, URUSAT-2, URUSAT-3, URUSAT-4, URUSAT-5, URUSAT-6, URUSAT-7, URUSAT-8, USASAT-14L, USASAT-26G, USASAT-26L, USASAT-35U, USASAT-41L, USASAT-41S, VIDEOSAT-5, VIDEOSAT-5-KA, VIDEOSAT-6, VIDEOSAT-6-KA, VIDEOSAT-7, VIDEOSAT-7-KA, VIDEOSAT-8-KU-C |
| HRV14801 | 5, 13, 21 | с | F/EUT | EUTELSAT 3-12.5W |
| HRV14802 | 10 | с | F/EUT | EUTELSAT 3-12.5W |
| HRV14803 | 2, 22, 24 | с | F/EUT | EUTELSAT 3-12.5W |
| I 08200 | 22 | с | F/EUT, MLA, USA | MEASAT-SA2, USASAT-41S, EUTELSAT 3-7E, EUTELSAT 3-10E |
| I 08200 | 24, 26 | с | F/EUT, USA | USASAT-41S, EUTELSAT 3-7E, EUTELSAT 3-10E |
| IRL21100 | 1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13, 15, 17, 19 | с | URG, USA | USASAT-26A, URUSAT-7 |
| ISL04900 | 27 | а | GUY | GUY00302 |
| ISL04900 | 29 | а | DNK, JMC | GRLDNK01, JMC00005 |
| ISL04900 | 31, 35, 37 | а | DNK, GUY, JMC | GRLDNK01, GUY00302, JMC00005 |
| ISL04900 | 33 | а | GUY, JMC | GUY00302, JMC00005 |
| ISL04900 | 39 | а | JMC | JMC00005 |
| ISL04900 | 23 | с | ARG, B, F, F/EUT, HOL, NOR, URG, USA, VEN/ASA | B-SAT I, BIFROST-14, EUTELSAT 3-10E, EUTELSAT 3-12.5W, EUTELSAT 3-13E, EUTELSAT 3-14.8W, EUTELSAT 3-16E, EUTELSAT 3-4E, EUTELSAT 3-64W, EUTELSAT 3-7E, F-SAT-KU-E-5W, INTELSAT8 304.5E, INTELSAT8 304E, INTELSAT8 310E, NAHUEL-D, NAHUEL-E, NSS-10, NSS-17, NSS-18, SIMON BOLIVAR 2, SIMON BOLIVAR 4, URUSAT-1, URUSAT-2, URUSAT-3, URUSAT-4, URUSAT-5, URUSAT-6, URUSAT-7, URUSAT-8, USASAT-14L, USASAT-26G, USASAT-26L, USASAT-35K, USASAT-35M, USASAT-35O, USASAT-35Q, USASAT-41L, USASAT-41S, VIDEOSAT-5, VIDEOSAT-5, KA, VIDEOSAT-6, VIDEOSAT-6, KA, VIDEOSAT-7, VIDEOSAT-7, KA, VIDEOSAT-8-KU-C |
| ISL05000 | 22, 24 | с | ARG, B, F, F/EUT, HOL, NOR, URG, USA, VEN/ASA | B-SAT I, BIFROST-14, EUTELSAT 3-10E, EUTELSAT 3-12.5W, EUTELSAT 3-13E, EUTELSAT 3-14.8W, EUTELSAT 3-16E, EUTELSAT 3-4E, EUTELSAT 3-64W, EUTELSAT 3-7E, F-SAT-KU-E-5W, INTELSAT8 304.5E, INTELSAT8 304E, INTELSAT8 310E, NAHUEL-D, NAHUEL-E, NSS-10, NSS-17, NSS-18, SIMON BOLIVAR 2, SIMON BOLIVAR 4, URUSAT-1, URUSAT-2, URUSAT-3, URUSAT-4, URUSAT-5, URUSAT-6, URUSAT-7, URUSAT-8, USASAT-14L, USASAT-26G, USASAT-26L, USASAT-35K, USASAT-35M, USASAT-35O, USASAT-35Q, USASAT-41L, USASAT-41S, VIDEOSAT-5, VIDEOSAT-6, VIDEOSAT-6, VIDEOSAT-6, VIDEOSAT-7, VIDEOSAT-7, KA, VIDEOSAT-8-KU-C |
| ISL05000 | 26 | с | ARG, B, F, F/EUT, HOL, NOR, URG, USA, VEN/ASA | B-SAT I, BIFROST-14, EUTELSAT 3-10E, EUTELSAT 3-12.5W, EUTELSAT 3-13E, EUTELSAT 3-14.8W, EUTELSAT 3-16E, EUTELSAT 3-4E, EUTELSAT 3-64W, EUTELSAT 3-7E, F-SAT-KU-E-5W, INTELSAT8 304.5E, INTELSAT8 304E, INTELSAT8 310E, NAHUEL-D, NAHUEL-E, NSS-10, NSS-15, NSS-17, NSS-18, SIMON BOLIVAR 2, SIMON BOLIVAR 4, URUSAT-1, URUSAT-2, URUSAT-3, URUSAT-4, URUSAT-5, URUSAT-6, URUSAT-7, URUSAT-8, USASAT-14L, USASAT-26G, USASAT-36L, USASAT-35K, USASAT-35L, USASAT-35M, USASAT-35O, USASAT-37O, USASAT-41L, USASAT-41S, VIDEOSAT-5, VIDEOSAT-5-KA, VIDEOSAT-6, VIDEOSAT-6-KA, VIDEOSAT-7, VIDEOSAT-7-KA, VIDEOSAT-8-KU-C |

| Beam name | Channels | Ref. Table 1 | Affected administrations* | Affected networks/beams/terrestrial stations* |
|-----------|--|-----------------|---|---|
| J 10985 | 1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13, 15, 17, 19, 21, 23 | с | HOL, MHL, PNG, USA | NSS-11, NSS-12, NSS-14, NSS-27, NSS-6, NSS-7, ORION-AP-1, ORION-AP-2, PACSTAR-L3, USASAT-14E, USASAT-14K, USASAT-23J, USASAT-35C, USASAT-35D, USASAT-35E, USASAT-40M, USASAT-42L, USASAT-42Q |
| J 11100 | 1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13, 15, 17, 19, 21, 23 | с | HOL, MHL, PNG, USA | NSS-11, NSS-12, NSS-14, NSS-27, NSS-6, NSS-7, ORION-AP-1, ORION-AP-2, PACSTAR-L3, USASAT-14E, USASAT-14K, USASAT-23J, USASAT-35C, USASAT-35D, USASAT-35E, USASAT-40M, USASAT-42L, USASAT-42Q |
| KEN24900 | 22, 24, 26 | с | NOR | BIFROST-14 |
| KIR_100 | 1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13 | с | BLR/IK, HOL, J, MHL, PNG, TON, URG, USA | INTELSAT IBS 183E, INTELSAT7 157E, INTELSAT7 174E, INTELSAT7 176E, INTELSAT7 177E, INTELSAT7 178E, INTELSAT7 180E, INTELSAT7 183E, INTELSAT8 174E, INTELSAT8 176E, INTELSAT8 177E, INTELSAT8 178E, INTELSAT8 180E, INTELSAT8 183E, INTERSPUTNIK, 153.5EQ, ICSAT-1R, ICSAT-2R, NSAT-123W, NSAT-127W, NSAT-131W, NSAT-133W, NSAT-141E, NSAT-141W, NSAT-143W, NSAT-145W, NSAT-147.5E, NSAT-148W, NSAT-150W, NSAT-152W, NSAT-159W, NSAT-161W, NSAT-163W, NSAT-166E, NSAT-147.5E, NSAT-148W, NSAT-150W, NSAT-152W, NSAT-159W, NSAT-161W, NSAT-163W, NSAT-166E, NSAT-167W, NSAT-168E, NSAT-169W, NSAT-1722W, NSAT-173W, NSAT-161W, NSAT-175.5E, NSAT-175.5W, NSAT-176W, NSAT-176W, NSAT-176W, NSAT-178.5W, NSS-10, NSS-11, NSS-12, NSS-14, NSS-19, NSS-27, NSS-6, NSS-7, ORION-AP-1, ORION-AP-2, PACSTAR-L3, SUPERBIRD-A2, SUPERBIRD-B2, SUPERBIRD-C, TONGASAT C1/C1-R, URUSAT-1, URUSAT-2, USASAT-14E, USASAT-14K, USASAT-14M, USASAT-35K, USASAT-35M, USASAT-35O, USASAT-40M, USASAT-42Q |
| KIR_100 | 15, 19, 23 | с | J | N-SAT-175.5E |
| KIR_100 | 17, 21 | с | BLR/IK, HOL, J, MHL, PNG, TON, URG, USA | INTERSPUTNIK-153.5EQ, JCSAT-1R, JCSAT-2R, N-SAT-123W, N-SAT-127W, N-SAT-131W, N-SAT-133W, N-SAT-141E, N-SAT-141W, N-SAT-143W, N-SAT-145W, N-SAT-145E, N-SAT-148W, N-SAT-150W, N-SAT-152W, N-SAT-159W, N-SAT-161W, N-SAT-165W, N-SAT-166E, N-SAT-167W, N-SAT-167E, N-SAT-168W, N-SAT-172W, N-SAT-173V, N-SAT-174, SW, N-SAT-175.5E, N-SAT-175.5W, N-SAT-175W, N-SAT-167W, N-SAT-178, SAT-172W, N-SAT-173V, N-SAT-174, SW, N-SAT-175.5E, N-SAT-175.5W, N-SAT-175W, N-SAT-1770W, N-SAT-178, SW, NSS-10, NSS-11, NSS-12, NSS-14, NSS-19, NSS-27, NSS-6, NSS-7, ORION-AP-1, ORION-AP-2, PACSTAR-L3, SUPERBIRD-A2, SUPERBIRD-B2, SUPERBIRD-C, TONGASAT C1/C1-R, URUSAT-1, URUSAT-2, USASAT-14E, USASAT-14K, USASAT-14M, USASAT-35K, USASAT-35M, USASAT-35O, USASAT-40M, USASAT-42L, USASAT-142Q |
| KRE28600 | 1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13, 15, 17, 19, 21, 23 | с | J, MHL | ORION-AP-1, N-SAT-141E |
| KWT11300 | 26 | с | BLR/IK, CHN, D, F/EUT, J, PAK, SNG, THA, TON, UAE | ASIASAT-AKI, EMARSAT-1B, EUROPE*STAR-2G-2, EUTELSAT 3-25.5E, EUTELSAT 3-33E, INTERSPUTNIK-27E-Q, N-SAT-125.5E, PAKSAT-1, PAKSAT-2, PAKSAT-C, PAKSAT-D, ST-1C, THAICOM-C2, TONGASAT AP-KU-4 |

| Beam name | Channels | Ref. Table 1 | Affected administrations* | Affected networks/beams/terrestrial stations* |
|-----------|----------|-----------------|---|---|
| KWT11300 | 28 | c | BLR/IK, CHN, D, F/EUT, G, HOL, INS, J, KOR, LAO, MLA, PAK, PNG, SNG, THA, TON, UAE, USA | AM-SAT A4, APSTAR-3, APSTAR-4, ASIASAT-AK1, ASIASAT-AKX, ASIASAT-BKX, ASIASAT-CK1, ASIASAT-CKX, ASIASAT-DKX, ASIASAT-EK1, ASIASAT-FKX, EMARSAT-1B, EMARSAT-1G, EURAPSTAR-2G-1, EUROPE*STAR-2G-2, EUROPE*STAR-2G-3, EUTELSAT 3-25 SE, EUTELSAT 3-345, EUTELSAT 3-366, EUTELSAT 3-367, EUTELSAT 3-48E, EUTELSAT 3-70.5E, EUTELSAT 3-25 SE, EUTELSAT 3-37E, EUTELSAT 3-36E, EUTELSAT 3-385, EUTELSAT 3-48E, EUTELSAT 3-70.5E, EUTELSAT 3-73.5E, EUTELSAT 3-76E, EUTELSAT 3-36E, EUTELSAT 3-385, EUTELSAT 3-86E, EUTELSAT 3-70.5E, EUTELSAT 8-76E, EUTELSAT 3-76E, EUTELSAT 3-76E, EUTELSAT 3-83.5E, EUTELSAT 3-86E, EUTELSAT 3-70.5E, EUTELSAT 8-765, EUTELSAT 3-76E, EUTELSAT 3-76E, EUTELSAT 3-86, EUTELSAT 3-88.5E, INTELSAT 766E, INTERSPUTNIK-27E-Q, JCSAT-38, KOREASAT-103KU, KOREASAT-123.7KU, L-STAR-1, L-STAR-4, L-STAR-4, L-STAR-4, L-STAR-6, MEASAT-1, MEASAT-3, MEASAT-91.5E, MEASAT-95E, MEASAT-SA3, MEASAT-SA4, N-SAT-102.5E, N-SAT-103.5E, N-SAT-106.5, N-SAT-110, N-SAT-105E, N-SAT-120E, N-SAT-120E, N-SAT-125.5E, N-SAT-165.5, N-SAT-103.5E, N-SAT-76.5E, N-SAT-79.5E, N-SAT-82.5E, N-SAT-44E, N-SAT-64E, N-SAT-94E, NSS-21, NSS-23, NSS-4, NSS-4, N-SS-9, PACSTAR-L1, PACSTAR-L2, PAKSAT-1, PAKSAT-2, PAKSAT-C, PAKSAT-D, PALAPA-C6, S1C-1, SKYSAT-A1, SKYSAT-A2, SKYSAT-A3, SKYSAT-B2, SKYSAT-C2, SKYSAT-C3, SKYSAT-C4, ST-1C4, THAICOM-A2B, THAICOM-A3B, THAICOM-A5B, THAICOM-C1, THAICOM-C2, THAICOM-G1K, THAICOM-G2K, TONGASAT AP-KU-4 |
| KWT11300 | 30, 34 | с | BLR/IK, CHN, D, F/EUT, G, INS, J, LAO, MLA, PAK, SNG, THA, TON, UAE | AM-SAT A4, APSTAR-3, APSTAR-4, ASIASAT-AK1, EMARSAT-1B, EUROPE*STAR-2G-2, EUTELSAT 3-25.5E, EUTELSAT 3-33E, INTERSPUTNIK-27E-Q, L-STAR-4, MEASAT-SA3, MEASAT-SA4, N-SAT-125.5E, PAKSAT-1, PAKSAT-2, PAKSAT-C, PAKSAT-D, PALAPA-C6, SJC-1, ST-1C, THAICOM-C2, THAICOM-G1K, THAICOM-G2K, TONGASAT AP-KU-4 |
| KWT11300 | 32, 36 | c | BLR/IK, CHN, D, F/EUT, G, HOL, INS, J, LAO, MLA, PAK, PNG, SNG, THA, TON, UAE, USA | AM-SAT A4, APSTAR-3, APSTAR-4, ASIASAT-AK1, ASIASAT-AKX, ASIASAT-BKX, ASIASAT-CK1, ASIASAT-CKX, ASIASAT-DKX, ASIASAT-EK1, ASIASAT-EKX, EMARSAT-1B, EMARSAT-1G, EMARSAT-1G, EUROPE*STAR-2G-1, EUROPE*STAR-2G-2, EUROPE*STAR-2G-3, EUTELSAT 3-25 SE, EUTELSAT 3-34E, EUTELSAT 3-36E, EUTELSAT 3-48E, EUTELSAT 3-48E, EUTELSAT 3-70.5E, EUTELSAT 3-25 SE, EUTELSAT 3-37E, EUTELSAT 3-36E, EUTELSAT 3-385, EUTELSAT 3-86E, EUTELSAT 3-70.5E, EUTELSAT 3-73.5E, EUTELSAT 3-76E, EUTELSAT 3-70E, EUTELSAT 3-83.5E, EUTELSAT 3-86E, EUTELSAT 3-88.5E, INTELSAT KFOS 85E, INTELSAT 7-66E, EUTELSAT 3-79.5E, MCSAT-3B, L-STAR-1, L-STAR-2, L-STAR-3, L-STAR-4, L-STAR-6, MEASAT-1, MEASAT-3, MEASAT-91.5E, MEASAT-58A, MEASAT-SA4, N-SAT-102.5E, N-SAT-106.5, N-SAT-110, N-SAT-110E, N-SAT-110E, N-SAT-102, EN, MEASAT-SA3, MEASAT-SA4, N-SAT-102.5E, N-SAT-105, N-SAT-106.5, N-SAT-110, N-SAT-110E, N-SAT-117, N-SAT-120E, N-SAT-86E, N-SAT-94E, NSS-21, NSS-23, NSS-24, NSS-8, NSS-9, PACSTAR-L1, PACSTAR-L2, PAKSAT-1, PAKSAT-2, PAKSAT-C, PAKSAT-0, PALAPA-C6, SIC-1, SKYSAT-A1, SKYSAT-A2, SKYSAT-A3, SKYSAT-B2, SKYSAT-C1, SKYSAT-C2, SKYSAT-C3, SKYSAT-C4, ST-1C, THAICOM-A2B, THAICOM-A3B, THAICOM-A5B, THAICOM-C1, THAICOM-C2, THAICOM-G1K, THAICOM-G2K, TONGASAT AP-KU-4 |
| KWT11300 | 38 | с | BLR/IK, F/EUT, J, PAK, THA | EUTELSAT 3-25.5E, EUTELSAT 3-33E, INTERSPUTNIK-27E-Q, N-SAT-125.5E, PAKSAT-C, PAKSAT-D, THAICOM-G2K |
| KWT11300 | 40 | c | BLR/IK, CHN, D, F/EUT, G, HOL, INS, J, LAO, MLA, PAK, PNG, SNG, THA, TON, UAE, USA | AM-SAT A4, APSTAR-3, APSTAR-4, ASIASAT-AK1, ASIASAT-AKX, ASIASAT-BKX, ASIASAT-CK1, ASIASAT-CKX, ASIASAT-DKX, ASIASAT-EK1, ASIASAT-EKX, EMARSAT-1B, EMARSAT-1G, EUROPE*STAR-2G-1, EUROPE*STAR-2G-2, EUROPE*STAR-2G-3, EUTELSAT 3-25.5E, EUTELSAT 3-33E, EUTELSAT 3-36E, EUTELSAT 3-44E, EUTELSAT 3-48E, EUTELSAT 3-70.5E, EUTELSAT 3-73.5E, EUTELSAT 3-76E, EUTELSAT 3-80.5E, EUTELSAT 3-83.5E, EUTELSAT 3-48E, EUTELSAT 3-70.5E, EUTELSAT 3-73.5E, EUTELSAT 3-76E, EUTELSAT 3-80.5E, EUTELSAT 3-83.5E, EUTELSAT 3-86E, EUTELSAT 3-70.5E, EUTELSAT 3-73.5E, EUTELSAT 3-76E, EUTELSAT 3-80.5E, EUTELSAT 3-83.5E, EUTELSAT 3-86E, EUTELSAT 3-88.5E, INTELSAT7 66E, INTERSPUTNIK-27E-Q, JCSAT-3B, L-STAR-1, L-STAR-2, L-STAR-3, L-STAR-4, L-STAR-5, L-STAR-6, MEASAT-1, MEASAT-3, MEASAT-91.5E, MEASAT-95B, MEASAT-SA3, MEASAT-SA4, N-SAT-102.5E, N-SAT-103.5E, N-SAT-110, N-SAT-110, N-SAT-1102, N-SAT-122.5E, N-SAT-155, N-SAT-110, N-SAT-1102, N-SAT-122.5E, N-SAT-165, N-SAT-110, N-SAT-102, SA, NSAT-74.5E, N-SAT-76.5E, N-SAT-79.5E, N-SAT-82.5E, N-SAT-84E, N-SAT-86E, N-SAT-94E, NSS-21, NSS-22, NSS-24, NSS-4, NSS-9, PACSTAR-L1, PACSTAR-L2, PAKSAT-2, NAKSAT-2, PAKSAT-C, PAKSAT-D, PALAPA-C6, SIC-1, SKVSAT-A1, SKYSAT-A2, SKYSAT-A3, SKYSAT-12, SKYSAT-C1, SKYSAT-C3, SKYSAT-C4, ST-10, THAICOM-A2B, THAICOM-A3B, THAICOM-A5B, THAICOM-C1, THAICOM-GIK, THAICOM-G4K, TONGASAT AP-KU-4 |

| Beam name | Channels | Ref. Table 1 | Affected administrations* | Affected networks/beams/terrestrial stations* |
|-----------|-----------------------|-----------------|---|--|
| LBR24400 | 1, 5, 9, 13 | с | USA | INTELSAT7 325.5E, INTELSAT8 325.5E |
| LBY_100 | 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12 | с | USA | INTELSAT7 335.5E, INTELSAT8 335.5E |
| MAU_100 | 26 | c | BLR/IK, CHN, D, F/EUT, G, HOL, J, MHL, PAK, THA, TON, USA | ASIASAT-AKI, ASIASAT-AKX, ASIASAT-BKX, ASIASAT-CKI, ASIASAT-CKX, ASIASAT-DKX, ASIASAT-EKI, ASIASAT-EKX, EUROPE*STAR-2G-1, EUROPE*STAR-2G-3, EUTELSAT 3-25.5E, EUTELSAT 3-33E, EUTELSAT 3-36E, EUTELSAT 3-44E, EUTELSAT 3-48E, EUTELSAT 3-70.5E, EUTELSAT 3-75.5E, EUTELSAT 3-76.5E, EUTELSAT 3-86.5E, EUTELSAT 3-86.5E, EUTELSAT 3-85.5E, INTELSAT 7-65.5E, INTELSAT 7-76.5E, INSAT-102.5E, N-SAT-103.5E, N-SAT-105.5, N-SAT-117, N-SAT-120E, N-SAT-122.5E, N-SAT-125.5E, N-SAT-125.5E, N-SAT-125.5E, N-SAT-125.5E, N-SAT-125.5E, N-SAT-125.5E, N-SAT-141E, N-SAT-65.5, N-SAT-170.5E, N-SAT-170.5E, N-SAT-125.5E, N-SAT-125.5E, N-SAT-125.5E, N-SAT-141E, N-SAT-65.5, N-SAT-174.5E, N-SAT-76.5E, N-SAT-82.5E, N-SAT-125.5E, N-SAT-135, SKYSAT-A2, SKYSAT-A2, SKYSAT-A3, SKYSAT-B1, SKYSAT-B2, SKYSAT-B3, SKYSAT-B4, SKYSAT-C1, SKYSAT-C3, SKYSAT-C4, THAICOM-C2, TONGASAT AP-KU-4, TONGASAT C/KU-1, TONGASAT C/KU-3, TONGASAT C/KU-4 |
| MAU_100 | 28 | c | BLR/IK, CHN, D, F/EUT, G, HOL, J, KOR, LAO, MLA, PAK, PNG, THA, TON, USA | ASIASAT-AKI, ASIASAT-AKX, ASIASAT-BKX, ASIASAT-CKI, ASIASAT-CKX, ASIASAT-DKX, ASIASAT-EKI, ASIASAT-EKX, EUROPE*STAR-2G-1, EUROPE*STAR-2G-3, EUROPE*STAR-2G-3, EUTELSAT 3-25.5E, EUTELSAT 3-33E, EUTELSAT 3-36E, EUTELSAT 3-44E, EUTELSAT 3-48E, EUTELSAT 3-70.5E, EUTELSAT 3-75.5E, EUTELSAT 3-75.5E, EUTELSAT 3-33E, EUTELSAT 3-86.5E, EUTELSAT 3-83.5E, EUTELSAT 3-86.5E, EUTELSAT 3-83.5E, EUTELSAT 3-85.5E, INTELSAT 7-65.5E, SETELSAT 3-86.5E, INTELSAT |
| MAU_100 | 30, 32, 34, 36, 38 | c | BLR/IK, CHN, D, F/EUT, G, HOL, J, KOR, LAO, MLA, PAK, PNG, THA, TON, USA | ASIASAT-AK1, ASIASAT-AKX, ASIASAT-BKX, ASIASAT-CK1, ASIASAT-CKX, ASIASAT-DKX, ASIASAT-EK1, ASIASAT-EKX, EUROPE*STAR-2G-1, EUROPE*STAR-2G-2, EUROPE*STAR-2G-3, EUTELSAT 3-25.5E, EUTELSAT 3-33E, EUTELSAT 3-36E, EUTELSAT 3-42E, EUTELSAT 3-42E, EUTELSAT 3-76E, EUTELSAT 3-76E, EUTELSAT 3-36E, EUTELSAT 3-42E, EUTELSAT 3-485, EUTELSAT 3-765, EUTELSAT 3-765, EUTELSAT 3-86, EVITELSAT 1-86, EVITELSAT 3-86, EVITI, N-SAT-102, EVITELSAT 3-86, EVIT, SVITELSAT 3-86, EVITELSAT 3-86, EVITELSAT 3-86, EVITELSAT 3-86, EVITELSAT 3-86, EVITELSAT 3-86, EVITELSAT 3-86, EVIT, SVITELSAT 3-86, EVITELSAT 3-86, EVIT, 3-86, EVIT, 3-86, EVIT, 3-86, EVIT, 3-86, EVIT, 3-86, EVIT, |

| Beam name | Channels | Ref. Table 1 | Affected administrations* | Affected networks/beams/terrestrial stations* |
|-----------|----------------------------------|-----------------|--|--|
| MAU_100 | 40 | c | BLR/IK, CHN, D, F/EUT, G, HOL, J, KOR, LAO, MLA, PAK, PNG, THA, TON, USA | ASIASAT-AKI, ASIASAT-AKX, ASIASAT-BKX, ASIASAT-CKI, ASIASAT-CKX, ASIASAT-DKX, ASIASAT-EKI, ASIASAT-EKX, EUROPE*STAR-2G-1, EUROPE*STAR-2G-2, EUROPE*STAR-2G-3, EUTELSAT 3-25.5E, EUTELSAT 3-33E, EUTELSAT 3-36E, EUTELSAT 3-36E, EUTELSAT 3-375.5E, EUTELSAT 3-35.5E, EUTELSAT 3-36E, EUTELSAT 3-86E, EUTELSAT 3-86E, EUTELSAT 3-73.5E, EUTELSAT 3-86.5E, EUTELSAT 3-86E, EUTELSAT 3-88.5E, INTELSAT7.66E, INTERSPUTNIK-27E-Q, JCSAT-3A, JCSAT-3B, KOREASAT-1, KOREASAT-2, L-STAR-1, L-STAR-3, L-STAR-4, L-STAR-5, L-STAR-6, MEASAT-1, MEASAT-3, MEASAT-91.5E, MEASAT-95E, N-SAT-102.5E, N-SAT-106.5, N-SAT-110.5K, N-SAT-1102E, N-SAT-102E, N-SAT-102E |
| MDA06300 | 26 | с | HOL | NSS-23 |
| MDA06300 | 28, 30, 32, 34, 36, 38, 40 | с | HOL, THA | NSS-23, THAICOM-C1 |
| MHL00000 | 4, 8, 12, 16, 20, 22, 24 | с | J | N-SAT-147.5E |
| MLI_100 | 1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13 | с | USA | INTELSAT IBS 342E, INTELSAT7 342E, INTELSAT7 340E, INTELSAT8 342E INTELSAT8 340E |
| MNG24800 | 27 | c | BLR/IK, CHN, D, F/EUT, G, HOL, IND, INS, J, MLA, PNG, SNG, THA, TON, UAE, USA | ASIASAT-AK1, ASIASAT-AKX, ASIASAT-BKX, ASIASAT-CK1, ASIASAT-CK2, ASIASAT-DKX, ASIASAT-EK1, ASIASAT-EKX, EMARSAT-1B, EUROPE*STAR-2G-1, EUROPE*STAR-2G-2, EUROPE*STAR-2G-3, EUTELSAT 3-25.5E, EUTELSAT 3-33E, EUTELSAT 3-36E, EUTELSAT 3-44E, EUTELSAT 3-48E, EUTELSAT 3-70.5E, EUTELSAT 3-73.5E, EUTELSAT 3-33E, EUTELSAT 3-80.5E, EUTELSAT 3-83.5E, EUTELSAT 3-86E, EUTELSAT 3-86.5E, INSAT-165, INTERSPUTNIK-153.5EQ, INTERSPUTNIK-75E-Q, JCSAT-17, JCSAT-2R, JCSAT-3A, JCSAT-3B, MEASAT-SA3, MEASAT-SA4, MTSAT-135E, MTSAT-140E, MTSAT-149E, N-SAT-102.5E, N-SAT-103.5E, N-SAT-1065, N-SAT-1166E, N-SAT-120E, N-SAT-120E, N-SAT-125.5E, N-SAT-129.5E, N-SAT-110E, N-SAT-107, N-SAT-170W, N-SAT-168E, N-SAT-169W, N-SAT-1655, N-SAT-173W, N-SAT-174.5W, N-SAT-175.5E, N-SAT-1665, N-SAT-176W, N-SAT-178, SE, N-SAT-1675, N-SAT-175, N-SAT-1665, N-SAT-176, N-SAT-178, N-SAT-178, N-SAT-1678, N-SAT-1655, N-SAT-173B, N-SAT-1765, N-SAT-175, N-SAT-165W, N-SAT-1655, N-SAT-173B, N-SAT-1765, N-SAT-175, N-SAT-1658, N-SAT-1665, N-SAT-170W, N-SAT-178, SE, N-SAT-1655, N-SAT-173B, N-SAT-175, N-SAT-175, SW, N-SAT-1655, N-SAT-173B, N-SAT-175, N-SAT-175, N-SAT-175, N-SAT-175, N-SAT-175, N-SAT-175, N-SAT-175, N-SAT-178, N-SAT-176, N-SAT-178, N-SAT-178, N-SAT-178, N-SAT-178, N-SAT-174, SW, N-SAT-175, N-SAT-175, N-SAT-1655, N-SAT-173B, N-SAT-175, N-SN-24, N-SS-24, NSS-24, |

| Beam name | Channels | Ref. Table 1 | Affected administrations* | Affected networks/beams/terrestrial stations* |
|-----------|--|-----------------|--|--|
| MNG24800 | 31, 35 | c | AUS, BLR/IK, CHN, D, F/EUT, G, HOL, IND, INS, J, KOR, LAO, MLA, PNG, SNG, THA, TON, UAE, USA | AM-SAT A1, AM-SAT A4, APSTAR-2, APSTAR-2 F1, APSTAR-2 F2, APSTAR-3, APSTAR-4, ASIASAT-AK1, ASIASAT-AKX, ASIASAT-BKX, ASIASAT-CKI, ASIASAT-CKX, ASIASAT-DKX, ASIASAT-BK1, ASIASAT-AK1, ASIASAT-AKX, ASIASAT-BKX, ASIASAT-CKI, ASIASAT-CXX, ASIASAT-DKX, ASIASAT-BK1, ASIASAT-AK1, ASIASAT-AKX, ASIASAT-BKX, ASIASAT-CKI, ASIASAT-CXX, ASIASAT-DKX, ASIASAT-EK1, ASIASAT-EKX, AUSSAT C 156E FSS, CHINASAT-13, CHINASAT-6, DFH-3-OC, DFH-3A-OA, DFH-13A-OC, DFH-3A-OD, DFH-4-OA, DFH-4-OB, DFH-4-OE, DFH-4-OD, DFH-4-OE, DFH-4-OF, EASTSAT, EMARSAT-1B, EUROPE*STAR-2G-1, EUROPE*STAR-2G-2, EUROPE*STAR-2G-3, EUTELSAT 3-25.5E, EUTELSAT 3-33E, EUTELSAT 3-36E, EUTELSAT 3-48E, EUTELSAT 3-48E, EUTELSAT 3-70.5E, EUTELSAT 3-73.5E, EUTELSAT 7-6E, EUTELSAT 3-36E, EUTELSAT 3-83.5E, EUTELSAT 3-48E, EUTELSAT 3-88.5E, INSAT-EK74, INTELSAT KFOS 85E, INTELSAT 766E, INTERSPUTNIK-153.5EQ, INTERSPUTNIK-75E-Q, JCSAT-1, JCSAT-1R, JCSAT-22, JCSAT-3A, JCSAT-3B, KOREASAT-1, KOREASAT-21, L-STAR-4, L-STAR-3, L-STAR-4, L-STAR-4, L-STAR-4, L-STAR-5, L-STAR-6, MESAT-140E, MTSAT-145E, N-SAT-102.5E, N-SAT-103.5E, N-SAT-106.5, N-SAT-110, N-SAT-110E, N-SAT-1107, N-SAT-166E, N-SAT-168E, N-SAT-122, N-SAT-102.5E, N-SAT-106.5, N-SAT-110, N-SAT-1103, N-SAT-1168E, N-SAT-169W, N-SAT-167, N-SAT-174, N-SAT-174, N-SAT-175, N-SAT-175, N, N-SAT-166E, N-SAT-176E, N-SAT-168E, N-SAT-1169W, N-SAT-174, N-SAT-174, N-SAT-175, N-SAT-175, N, N-SAT-175W, N-SAT-176E, N-SAT-176, N-SAT-172, N-SAT-174, N-SAT-174, N-SAT-175, N, N-SAT-175W, N-SAT-176E, N-SAT-176, N-SAT-178, N-SAT-174, N-SAT-174, SE, N-SAT-175, N, N-SAT-175W, N-SAT-176E, N-SAT-176, N-SAT-178, N-SAT-174, N-SAT-174, NSS-21, NSS-21, NSS-24, NSS-8, NSS-9, ROSTAR-3, DACSTAR-11, PACSTAR-12, PACSTAR-13, PALAPA PAC-1 CKU, PALAPA PAC-2 CKU, PALAPA PAC-KU 146E, PALAPA-C5, PALAPA-C6, PALAPA-C7, SB-SAT-135, SB-SAT-144, SB-SAT-144, SB-SAT-145, SKYSAT-C4, SKYSAT-C3, ST-16, SKYSAT-B1, SKYSAT-B3, SKYSAT-B3, SKYSAT-144, SKYSAT-C1, SKYSAT-C3, SKYSAT-C4, SKYSAT-40, CSNSAB, THAICOM-42, UPERBIRD-C2, THAICOM-42B, THAICOM-43B, THAICOM-43B, THAICOM-45B, TH |
| MOZ30700 | 2, 6, 10 | с | NOR, USA | INTELSAT7 359E, INTELSAT8 359E, BIFROST-14, INTELSAT10 359E |
| MOZ30700 | 14, 18 | с | NOR | BIFROST-14 |
| MRC20900 | 1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11 | с | HOL, USA | INTELSAT K 338.5E, INTELSAT7 332.5E, INTELSAT7 335.5E, INTELSAT7 338.5E, INTELSAT8 332.5E, INTELSAT8 335.5E, INTELSAT8 338.5E, NSS-15 |
| MRC20900 | 13 | с | HOL, USA | INTELSAT7 332.5E, INTELSAT7 335.5E, INTELSAT7 338.5E, INTELSAT8 332.5E, INTELSAT8 335.5E, INTELSAT8 338.5E, NSS-15 |
| MRC20900 | 15, 17, 19 | с | HOL | NSS-15 |
| MTN_100 | 24 | с | E, URG, USA | USASAT-26A, URUSAT-7, HISPASAT 36W KU |
| NGR11500 | 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20 | с | E, URG, USA | USASAT-26A, HISPASAT 36W KU, URUSAT-7 |
| NOR12000 | 1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13 | с | USA | INTELSAT7 359E, INTELSAT8 359E, INTELSAT10 359E |
| NZL_100 | 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12 | с | J, USA | INTELSAT7 157E, SUPERBIRD-A2 |
| NZL_100 | 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24 | с | 1 | SUPERBIRD-A2 |

| Beam name | Channels | Ref. Table 1 | Affected administrations* | Affected networks/beams/terrestrial stations* |
|-----------|-----------------------|-----------------|---|--|
| OCE10100 | 2, 6, 10 | c | ARG, B, F/EUT, HOL, J, TON, URG, USA, VEN/ASA | B-SAT I, EUTELSAT 3-64W, INTELSAT IBS 183E, INTELSAT IBS 307E, INTELSAT IBS 310E, INTELSAT IBS 319.5E, INTELSAT10 310E, INTELSAT7 174E, INTELSAT7 176E, INTELSAT7 177E, INTELSAT7 178E, INTELSAT7 180E, INTELSAT7 183E, INTELSAT7 304.5E, INTELSAT7 304E, INTELSAT7 307E, INTELSAT7 310E, INTELSAT7 319.5E, INTELSAT7 304.5E, INTELSAT7 304.5E, INTELSAT7 304.5E, INTELSAT7 304.5E, INTELSAT8 304E, INTELSAT8 307E, INTELSAT8 310E, INTELSAT8 310E, INTELSAT8 307E, INTELSAT8 304.5E, INTELSAT8 304.5E, INTELSAT8 304.5E, INTELSAT8 304E, INTELSAT8 310E, INTELSAT8 319, INTELSAT8 304.5E, INTELSAT8 304E, INTELSAT8 304E, INTELSAT8 304E, INTELSAT8 305E, INSAT-143W, N-SAT-143W, N-SAT-145W, N-SAT-145W, N-SAT-145W, N-SAT-165W, N-SAT-166E, N-SAT-166E, N-SAT-166E, N-SAT-166W, N-SAT-172W, N-SAT-174.5W, N-SAT-1675.5E, N-SAT-175.5W, N-SAT-175.W, N-SAT-176W, N-SAT-176W, N-SAT-178.5E, N-SAT-178.5W, N-SAT-175.W, N-SAT-176W, N-SAT-176W, N-SAT-178.5E, N-SAT-178.5W, N-SAT-177. JURJSAT-8, JURJSAT-2, NURSAT-1, URUSAT-2, NURSAT-35W, USASAT-35W, USASAT-35W, USASAT-35W, USASAT-36W, USASAT-36W, USASAT-36W, USASAT-26G, USASAT-26L, USASAT-35K, USASAT-35W, USASAT-35W, USASAT-40M, USASAT-41L |
| OCE10100 | 14, 18, 20, 22, 24 | с | ARG, B, F/EUT, HOL, J, TON, URG, USA, VEN/ASA | B-SAT I, EUTELSAT 3-64W, INTELSAT8 304.5E, INTELSAT8 304E, INTELSAT8 310E, N-SAT-123W, N-SAT-127W, N-SAT-131W, N-SAT-133W, N-SAT-141W, N-SAT-143W, N-SAT-144W, N-SAT-144W, N-SAT-150W, N-SAT-152W, N-SAT-159W, N-SAT-161W, N-SAT-165W, N-SAT-166W, N-SAT-167W, N-SAT-167W, N-SAT-167W, N-SAT-178, SAT-178, SAT-172W, N-SAT-174, SW, N-SAT-175, SE, N-SAT-175, SE, N-SAT-175, SW, N-SAT-175W, N-SAT-176W, N-SAT-178, SE, N-SAT-178, SW, NAHUEL-D, NAHUEL-E, NSS-10, NSS-11, NSS-12, NSS-14, NSS-17, NSS-18, NSS-27, NSS-6, NSS-7, SIMON BOLIVAR 2, SUPERBIRD-B2, TONGASAT C1/C1-R, URUSAT-2, URUSAT-3, URUSAT-4, URUSAT-5, URUSAT-6, URUSAT-7, URUSAT-8, USASAT-14E, USASAT-14E, USASAT-14E, USASAT-26G, USASAT-26L, USASAT-35K, USASAT-35D, USASAT-30D, USASAT-40M, USASAT-41L |
| OMA12300 | 26 | c | BLR/IK, CHN, D, F/EUT, G, HOL, J, PAK, SNG, THA, TON, UAE, USA | ASIASAT-AKI, ASIASAT-AKX, ASIASAT-BKX, ASIASAT-CKI, ASIASAT-CKX, ASIASAT-DKX, ASIASAT-EK1, ASIASAT-EKX, EMARSAT-I-B, EMARSAT-I-G, EUROPE*STAR-2G-1, EUROPE*STAR-2G-2, EUROPE*STAR-2G-3, EUTELSAT 3-25.5E, EUTELSAT 3-33E, EUTELSAT 3-36E, EUTELSAT 3-44E, EUTELSAT 3-48E, EUTELSAT 3-70.5E, EUTELSAT 3-73.5E, EUTELSAT 3-76.5E, EUTELSAT 3-76.5E, EUTELSAT 3-76.5E, PART-10, SE, SE, SE, SE, SE, SE, SE, SE, SE, SE |
| OMA12300 | 30, 34, 38 | c | BLR/IK, CHN, D, F/EUT, G, HOL, INS, J, KOR, LAO, MLA, PAK, PNG, SNG, THA, TON, UAE, USA | AM-SAT A1, AM-SAT A4, APSTAR-3, APSTAR-4, ASIASAT-AK1, ASIASAT-AKX, ASIASAT-BKX, ASIASAT-CK1, ASIASAT-CKX, ASIASAT-DKX, ASIASAT-AK1, ASIASAT-EKX, EMARSAT-1B, EMARSAT-1G, EUROPE*STAR-2G-1, EUROPE*STAR-2G-1, EUROPE*STAR-2G-3, EUROPE*STAR-2G-3, EUROPE*STAR-2G-3, EUROPE*STAR-2G-3, EUROPETELSAT 3-35E, EUTELSAT 3-35E, EUTELSAT 3-35E, EUTELSAT 3-35E, EUTELSAT 3-35E, EUTELSAT 3-48, EURELSAT 3-70, ELUITELSAT 3-35, EUTELSAT 3-35E, EUTELSAT 3-35E, EUTELSAT 3-35E, EUTELSAT 3-35E, EUTELSAT 3-80, EVRELSAT 3-88, EUROPE*STAR-2G-1, EUROPE*STAR-2G-1, EUROPE*STAR-2G-1, EUROPE*STAR-2G-2, EUROPE*STAR-2G-2, EUROPE*STAR-2G-2, EURELSAT 3-48, EUROPE*STAR-2G-2, EURELSAT 3-48, EUROPE*STAR-2G-2, ENROPE*STAR-2G-2, E |

| Beam name | Channels | Ref. Table 1 | Affected administrations* | Affected networks/beams/terrestrial stations* |
|-----------|----------------------------------|-----------------|--|--|
| PLM33200 | 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12 | с | BLR/IK, HOL, J, MHL, PNG, TON, URG | INTELSAT8 183E, INTERSPUTNIK-153.5EQ, JCSAT-IR, JCSAT-2R, N-SAT-123W, N-SAT-127W, N-SAT-131W, N-SAT-133W, N-SAT-141E, N-SAT-141W, N-SAT-143W, N-SAT-145W, N-SAT-147.5E, N-SAT-148W, N-SAT-150W, N-SAT-152W, N-SAT-159W, N-SAT-161W, N-SAT-163W, N-SAT-165W, N-SAT-166E, N-SAT-167W, N-SAT-166E, N-SAT-169W, N-SAT-172W, N-SAT-173W, N-SAT-174.5W, N-SAT-175.5E, |
| PLM33200 | 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24 | с | BLR/IK, HOL, J, MHL, PNG, TON, URG | INTERSPUTNIK-153.5EQ, JCSAT-1R, JCSAT-2R, N-SAT-123W, N-SAT-127W, N-SAT-131W, N-SAT-133W, N-SAT-141E, N-SAT-141W, N-SAT-143W, N-SAT-145W, N-SAT-147.5E, N-SAT-147.5E, N-SAT-148W, N-SAT-150W, N-SAT-152W, N-SAT-159W, N-SAT-161W, N-SAT-165W, N-SAT-166W, N-SAT-166W, N-SAT-166W, N-SAT-166W, N-SAT-166W, N-SAT-166W, N-SAT-166W, N-SAT-166W, N-SAT-166W, N-SAT-165W, N-SAT-166W, N-SAT-166W, N-SAT-166W, N-SAT-165W, N-SAT-166W, N-SAT-166W, N-SAT-165W, N-SAT-165W, N-SAT-166W, N-SAT-166W, N-SAT-165W, N-SAT-166W, N-SAT-166W, N-SAT-166W, N-SAT-165W, N-SAT-166W, N-SAT-166W, N-SAT-178, SW, N-SAT-173, N-SAT-174, SW, N-SAT-175, SW, N-SAT-175, SW, N-SAT-176W, N-SAT-178, SE, N-SAT-178, SW, NSS-10, NSS-11, NSS-12, NSS-14, NSS-19, NSS-7, ORION-AP-1, ORION-AP-2, PACSTAR-L3, SUPERBIRD-A2, SUPERBIRD-B2, SUPERBIRD-C, TONGASAT C1/C1-R, URUSAT-1, URUSAT-2 |
| POL13200 | 26 | с | HOL | NSS-23 |
| POL13200 | 28, 30, 32, 34, 36, 38, 40 | с | HOL, THA | NSS-23, THAICOM-C1 |
| POR_100 | 1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13 | с | E, HOL, URG, USA | INTELSAT IBS 319.5E, INTELSAT7 319.5E, INTELSAT7 325.5E, INTELSAT8 319.5E, USASAT-26A, HISPASAT 36W KU, INTELSAT8 325.5E, NSS-18, URUSAT-7 |
| POR_100 | 15, 17, 19 | с | E, HOL, URG, USA | USASAT-26A, HISPASAT 36W KU, NSS-18, URUSAT-7 |
| RUS-4 | 25 | c | BLR/IK, CHN, F/EUT, G, HOL, J, MHL, PNG, SNG, TON, USA | ASIASAT-AKI, ASIASAT-CKI, ASIASAT-EKI, EUTELSAT 3-44E, EUTELSAT 3-48E, EUTELSAT 3-70.5E, EUTELSAT 3-76E, EUTELSAT 3-80.5E, EUTELSAT 3-83.5E, EUTELSAT 3-88.5E, INTELSAT KFOS 85E, INTELSAT 766E, INTERSPUTNIK-153.5EQ, ICSAT-18, ICSAT-28, ICSAT-38, ICSAT-38, ISSAT-102.5E, INSAT-103.5E, INSAT-107.6E, INTERSPUTNIK-153.5EQ, INSAT-120E, INSAT-122.5E, INSAT-123W, INSAT-125.5E, INSAT-1325, INSAT-110, INSAT-1107, INSAT-120E, INSAT-122, SE, INSAT-123W, INSAT-125.5E, INSAT-1127W, INSAT-128, INSAT-129, INSAT-131W, INSAT-133W, INSAT-141E, INSAT-161W, INSAT-143W, INSAT-145W, INSAT-147, INSAT-147, INSAT-150W, INSAT-152W, INSAT-159W, INSAT-161W, INSAT-163W, INSAT-165W, INSAT-166, INSAT-167W, INSAT-168E, INSAT-152W, INSAT-173W, INSAT-174.5W, INSAT-165W, INSAT-165W, INSAT-167W, INSAT-168E, INSAT-178, SW, INSAT-173W, INSAT-174.5W, INSAT-165W, INSAT-165W, INSAT-167W, INSAT-168E, INSAT-178, SW, INSAT-165, INSAT-7174.5W, INSAT-165W, INSAT-165W, INSAT-175, INSAT-176W, INSAT-176W, INSAT-178, SE, INSAT-178, INSAT-178, INSAT-174.5W, INSAT-165W, INSAT-165W, INSAT-175, INSAT-178, INSAT-176W, INSAT-178, INSAT-174, SW, INSAT-174, SE, INSAT-175, SE, INSAT-1779, SE, INSAT-82, SE, INSAT-178, SE, INSAT-178, SW, INSAT-65, SI, INSAT-714, SE, INSAT-74, SE, INSAT-77, SE, INSAT-82, SE, INSAT-73, SE, INSAT-74, SE, INSAT-74, SE, INSAT-74, SE, INSAT-72, SE, INSAT-72, SE, INSAT-73, SE, INSAT-74, SE, INSAT-74, SE, INSAT-74, SE, INSAT-74, SE, INSAT-72, SE, INSAT-73, SE, INSAT-73, SE, INSAT-74, SE, INSAT-74, SE, INSAT-74, SE, INSAT-74, SE, INSAT-72, SE, INSAT-72, SE, INSAT-74, SE, INSAT-74, SE, INSAT-74, SE, INSAT-74, SE, INSAT-74, SE, INSAT-72, SE, INSAT-72, SE, INSAT-74, SE, SE, SAT-134, SE, SAT-144, SE, SAT-154, SE, SAT-72, SE, INSAT-72, SE, INSAT-72, SE, INSAT-72, SE, INSAT-72, SE, INSAT-73, SE, INSAT-74, SE, INSAT-74, SE, INSAT-74, SE, INSAT-72, SE, INSAT-74, INSAT-74, SE, INSAT-74, SE, I |

| Beam name | Channels | Ref. Table 1 | Affected administrations* | Affected networks/beams/terrestrial stations* |
|-----------|----------|-----------------|--|--|
| RUS-4 | 26 | c | BLR/IK, CHN, F/EUT, G, HOL, IND, INS, J, MHL, PNG, SNG, THA, TON, USA | ASIASAT-AKI, ASIASAT-AKX, ASIASAT-BKX, ASIASAT-CK1, ASIASAT-CKX, ASIASAT-DKX, ASIASAT-EK1, ASIASAT-EKX, EUTELSAT 3-48E, EUTELSAT 3-76.5E, EUTELSAT 3-73.5E, EUTELSAT 3-76.5E, EUTELSAT 3-80.5E, EUTELSAT 3-83.5E, EUTELSAT 3-86E, EUTELSAT 3-86, EUTELSAT 3-86E, EUTELSAT 3-86, EUTELSAT 3-86E, EVSAT-102.5E, N-SAT-103.5E, N-SAT-110, N-SAT-110, N-SAT-110, N-SAT-110, N-SAT-110, N-SAT-110, N-SAT-113W, N-SAT-141E, N-SAT-141E, N-SAT-141W, N-SAT-145W, N-SAT-166E, N-SAT-166E, N-SAT-167W, N-SAT-166W, N-SAT-175W, N-SAT-175W, N-SAT-166E, N-SAT-166E, N-SAT-170W, N-SAT-173W, N-SAT-175W, N-SAT-166E, N-SAT-167W, N-SAT-166W, N-SAT-175W, N-SAT-175W, N-SAT-167W, N-SAT-166W, N-SAT-165W, N-SAT-175W, N-SAT-167W, N-SAT-166W, N-SAT-175W, N-SAT-175W, N-SAT-167W, N-SAT-165W, N-SAT-165W, N-SAT-165W, N-SAT-167W, N-SAT-168E, N-SAT-86E, N-SAT-96W, N-SAT-165W, N-SAT-175W, N-SAT-175W, N-SAT-167W, N-SAT-166W, N-SAT-165W, N-SAT-165W, N-SAT-165W, N-SAT-167W, N-SAT-168W, N-SAT-165W, N-SAT-165W, N-SAT-165W, N-SAT-167W, N-SAT-165W, N-SAT-165W, N-SAT-165W, N-SAT-165W, N-SAT-167W, N-SAT-165W, N-SAT-165W, N-SAT-165W, N-SAT-167W, N-SAT-165W, N-SAT-165W, N-SAT-165W, N-SAT-165W, N-SAT-165W, N-SAT-167W, N-SAT-165W, N-SAT-175W, N-SAT-175W, N-SAT-165W, N- |
| RUS-4 | 27 | с | BLR/IK, CHN, F/EUT, G, HOL, IND, INS, J, MLA, SNG, THA, TON, USA | ASIASAT-AKI, ASIASAT-AKX, ASIASAT-BKX, ASIASAT-CKI, ASIASAT-CKX, ASIASAT-DKX, ASIASAT-EKI, ASIASAT-EKX, EUTELSAT 3-448E, EUTELSAT 3-48E, EUTELSAT 3-70.5E, EUTELSAT 3-70.5E, EUTELSAT 3-70.5E, EUTELSAT 3-80.5E, EUTELSAT 3-83.5E, EUTELSAT 3-83.5E, EVITELSAT 3-86.5E, EUTELSAT 3-86.5E, EVITELSAT 3-86.5E, EVITELSAT 3-86.5E, EVITELSAT 3-86.5E, EVITELSAT 3-85.5E, INSAT-EKI1, S. INTERSPUTNIK-153.5EQ, JCSAT-1R, JCSAT-2R, JCSAT-3R, JCSAT-3B, MEASAT-SA4, N-SAT-102.5E, N-SAT-103.5E, N-SAT-106.5, N-SAT-110, N-SAT-110E, N-SAT-145W, N-SAT-120E, N-SAT-125.5E, N-SAT-125.5E, N-SAT-120.5E, N-SAT-141E, N-SAT-145W, N-SAT-146, N-SAT-147.5E, N-SAT-145.5X, N-SAT-152W, N-SAT-159W, N-SAT-166, N-SAT-166, N-SAT-163W, N-SAT-165W, N-SAT-166, N-SAT-167W, N-SAT-168E, N-SAT-169W, N-SAT-172W, N-SAT-173W, N-SAT-174.5E, N-SAT-166E, N-SAT-175.5W, N-SAT-165, N-SAT-74.5E, N-SAT-175.5E, N-SAT-25, EN-SAT-25, EN-SAT-36E, N-SAT-174.5E, N-SAT-165, N-SAT-73E, N-SAT-74.5E, N-SAT-165, N-SAT-165, N-SAT-175, N-SAT-165, N-SAT-165, N-SAT-165, N-SAT-164, N-SAT-166, N-SAT-168E, N-SAT-179W, N-SAT-172W, N-SAT-173W, N-SAT-174.5E, N-SAT-175, SW, N-SAT-65, S, N-SAT-73E, N-SAT-74.5E, N-SAT-175, SW, N-SAT-165, N-SAT-74.5E, N-SAT-175, N-SAT-165, N-SAT-174.5E, N-SAT-164, N-SAT-165, N-SAT-174, SW, N-SAT-175, N-SAT-165, N-SAT-25, EN-SAT-164, N-SAT-165, N-SAT-165, N-SAT-74, SE, N-SAT-175, N-SAT-74, SE, N-SAT-175, SW, N-SAT-175, N-SAT-74, SW, N-SAT-175, SW, N-SAT-164, N-SAT-165, N-SAT-174, SW, N-SAT-174, SW, N-SAT-174, SW, N-SAT-175, SW, N-SAT-164, SW-SAT-165, N-SAT-174, SW, N-SA-2, NSS-9, NSS-9, PALAPA PAC-1 CKU, PALAPA PAC-2 CKU, SB-SAT-135, SB-SAT-144, SB-SAT-154, SKYSAT-A1, SKYSAT-24, SKYSAT-24, SKYSAT-24, SKYSAT-24, SKYSAT-25, SWYSAT-84, SKYSAT-24, SKYSAT-24, SKYSAT-24, SWYSAT-24, |

| Beam name | Channels | Ref. Table 1 | Affected administrations* | Affected networks/beams/terrestrial stations* |
|-----------|----------|-----------------|--|--|
| RUS-4 | 28 | с | BLR/IK, CHN, F/EUT, G, HOL, IND, INS, J, KOR, LAO, MLA, PNG, SNG, THA, TON, USA | AM-SAT A1, AM-SAT A4, APSTAR-2, APSTAR-2 F1, APSTAR-2 F2, APSTAR-3, ASIASAT-AK1, ASIASAT-AKX, ASIASAT-BKX, ASIASAT-CK1, ASIASAT-CKX, ASIASAT-DKX, ASIASAT-EK1, ASIASAT-EKX, PH-3-OC, DFH-4-OA, DFH-4-OC, DFH-4-OD, DFH-4-OE, BCH-4-OF, EASTSAT, EUTELSAT 3-484E, EUTELSAT 3-405C, EUTELSAT 3-73.5E, EUTELSAT 3-76E, EUTELSAT 3-80.5E, EUTELSAT 3-83.5E, EUTELSAT 3-845E, EUTELSAT 3-785E, EUTELSAT 3-73.5E, EUTELSAT 3-76E, EUTELSAT 3-80.5E, EUTELSAT 3-83.5E, EUTELSAT 3-86E, EUTELSAT 3-88.5E, INSAT-EK11.5, INTELSAT KFOS 85E, INTELSAT7 66E, INTERSPUTNIK-153.5EQ, JCSAT-1, ICSAT-1R, JCSAT-2, JCSAT-2R, JCSAT-3B, KOREASAT-1, KOREASAT-103KU, KOREASAT-123.7KU, KOREASAT-91.5E, MEASAT-95E, MEASAT-SA4, N-SAT-102.5E, N-SAT-103.5E, N-SAT-1065, N-SAT-1106, N-SAT-117, N-SAT-1205, N-SAT-122.5E, N-SAT-125, SE, N-SAT-102.5E, N-SAT-105, N-SAT-116L, N-SAT-143W, N-SAT-145W, N-SAT-147, JS, N-SAT-122, SE, N-SAT-125, N-SAT-128, N-SAT-1295E, N-SAT-161W, N-SAT-165W, N-SAT-166W, N-SAT-147, SE, N-SAT-125, N-SAT-152W, N-SAT-159W, N-SAT-161W, N-SAT-165W, N-SAT-165W, N-SAT-167W, N-SAT-168E, N-SAT-178, NW, N-SAT-65, S, N-SAT-7174, SW, N-SAT-165W, N-SAT-175, SW, N-SAT-176W, N-SAT-178, SE, N-SAT-178, NW, N-SAT-65, N-SAT-73E, N-SAT-74, SE, N-SAT-74, SE, N-SAT-175, NW, N-SAT-167W, N-SAT-178, SE, N-SAT-178, NW, N-SAT-65, N-SAT-73, SW, N-SAT-165W, N-SAT-165W, N-SAT-167W, N-SAT-176W, N-SAT-178, NW, N-SAT-65, N-SAT-73, SW, N-SAT-175, SE, N-SAT-175, NW, N-SAT-176W, N-SAT-178, SE, N-SAT-178, SW, N-SAT-65, N-SAT-73, SW, SASAT-94, N-S23, NSS-24, NSS-8, NSS-9, PACSTAR-11, PACSTAR-12, PACSTAR-13, PALAPA PAC-1 CKU, PALAPA PAC-2 CKU, PALAPA-C5, PALAPA-C6, PALAPA-C7, SB-SAT-113, SB-SAT-134, SB-SAT-134, SWYSAT-C3, SKYSAT-C4, SKYSAT-C5, ST-1C, SUPERBIRD-A, SUPERBIRD-A2, SUPERBIRD-B, SUPERBIRD-B2, SUPERBIRD-C, THAICOM-A2B, THAICOM-A3B, THAICOM-A3B, THAICOM-A5B, THAICOM-C1, THAICOM-C2, THAICOM-G1K, THAICOM-G2K, THAICOM-37, TONGASAT AP-KU-4, TONGASAT C/KU-1, TONGASAT C/KU-2, TONGASAT C/KU-3, TONGASAT C/KU-4, TONGASAT C1/C1-R, USASAT-14E, USASAT-140, USASAT-144H |
| RUS-4 | 29 | c | BLR/IK, CHN, F/EUT, G, HOL, IND, INS, J, KOR, LAO, MLA, PNG, SNG, THA, TON, USA | AM-SAT A1, AM-SAT A4, APSTAR-2, APSTAR-2 F1, APSTAR-2 F2, APSTAR-3, ASIASAT-AK1, ASIASAT-AKX, ASIASAT-BKX, ASIASAT-CK1, ASIASAT-CK1, ASIASAT-CK2, ASIASAT-DKX, ASIASAT-EK1, ASIASAT-EK2, CHINASAT-6, D-STAR-1, D-STAR-2, DFH-3-OC, DFH-3-OD, DFH-4-OD, FDH-4-OB, DFH-4-OC, DFH-4-OD, FDH-4-OF, OD, DFH-4-NOC, DFH-3-AO, DD, FDH-4-OC, DFH-4-OD, DFH-4-OC, DFH-4-C, SAT-1-10, NC-3-1-10, NC-3-2, NC-3 |

| Beam name | Channels | Ref. Table 1 | Affected administrations* | Affected networks/beams/terrestrial stations* |
|-----------|------------|-----------------|--|--|
| RUS-4 | 31, 35, 37 | c | BLR/IK, CHN, F/EUT, G, HOL, IND, INS, J, KOR, LAO, MLA, PNG, SNG, THA, TON, USA | AM-SAT A1, AM-SAT A4, APSTAR-2, APSTAR-2 F1, APSTAR-2 F2, APSTAR-3, ASIASAT-AK1, ASIASAT-AKX, ASIASAT-BKX, ASIASAT-CK1, ASIASAT-CKX, ASIASAT-DXX, ASIASAT-FK1, ASIASAT-EKX, CHINASAT-13, CHINASAT-6, D-STAR-1, D-STAR-2, DFH-3-CO, DFH-3A-OA, DFH-3A-OA, DO, DFH-4-OB, DFH-4-OE, DFH-4-OD, DFH-4-OE, DFH-4-OF, EASTSAT, EUTELSAT 3-44E, EUTELSAT 3-48E, EUTELSAT 3-70.5E, EUTELSAT 3-73.5E, EUTELSAT 3-76, E UTELSAT 3-80.5E, EUTELSAT 3-83.5E, EUTELSAT 3-44E, EUTELSAT 3-48E, EUTELSAT 3-70.5E, EUTELSAT 3-73.5E, EUTELSAT 3-76, E UTELSAT 7-86E, INTERSPUTNIK-153.5EQ, ICSAT-1, ICSAT-14, ICSAT-32, ICSAT-32, ICSAT-33, ICSAT-34, ICS |
| RUS-4 | 33, 39 | c | BLR/IK, CHN, F/EUT, G, HOL, IND, INS, J, KOR, LAO, MLA, PNG, SNG, THA, TON, USA | AM-SAT A1, AM-SAT A4, APSTAR-2, APSTAR-2 F1, APSTAR-2 F2, APSTAR-3, ASIASAT-AK1, ASIASAT-AKX, ASIASAT-BKX, ASIASAT-CK1, ASIASAT-CKX, ASIASAT-DKX, ASIASAT-FK1, ASIASAT-EKX, CHINASAT-13, CHINASAT-6, D-STAR-1, D-STAR-2, DFH-3-CO, DFH-3A-CO, AD, DFH-3A-O, DD, DFH-4-OB, DFH-4-OD, DFH-4-OE, DFH-4-OE, DFH-3-OD, DFH-4-OE, DOB, DFH-3-OD, DDFH-4-OE, DFH-3-OD, DFH-4-OE, DFH-3-OD, DFH-4-OE, DSTAR-2, DFH-3-CO, DFH-3-OD, DFH-4-OE, DSTAR-2, DFH-3-CO, DFH-3-OD, DFH-4-OE, DSTAR-3, DSE, EUTELSAT 3-83.5E, EUTELSAT 3-84E, EUTELSAT 3-88.5E, INSAT-EK111.5, INTELSAT KFOS 85E, INTELSAT 7-86E, INTERSPUTNIK-153.5EQ, ICSAT-1, ICSAT-14, ICSAT-32, ICSAT-32, ICSAT-33, ICSAT-38, ICSAT-38, KOEASAT-1, KOREASAT-108U, KOREASAT-123.7KU, KOREASAT-2, L-STAR-1, L-STAR-2, L-STAR-3, L-STAR-4, L-STAR-5, L-STAR-6, MEASAT-106.5, N-SAT-110, N-SAT-110E, N-SAT-120E, N-SAT-122.5E, N-SAT-128, N-SAT-102.5E, N-SAT-104, SAT-105, N-SAT-1105, N-SAT-145W, N-SAT-145W, N-SAT-124, N-SAT-125, N-SAT-125, N-SAT-128, N-SAT-145W, N-SAT-166W, N-SAT-166W, N-SAT-167W, N-SAT-167W, N-SAT-167W, N-SAT-175, N-SAT-165W, N-SAT-166W, N-SAT-167W, N-SAT-167W, N-SAT-167W, N-SAT-178, N-SAT-179, N-SAT-179, N-SAT-175, N-SAT-79, SE, N-SAT-79, SE, N-SAT-79, SE, N-SAT-79, SE, N-SAT-79, SE, N-SAT-79, N-SAT-175, N-SAT-79, N-SAT-175, N-SAT-175, N-SAT-166W, N-SAT-175, N-SAT-167W, N-SAT-167W, N-SAT-178, N-SAT-179, N-SAT-173, W, N-SAT-161W, N-SAT-175, N-SAT-165W, N-SAT-166W, N-SAT-167W, N-SAT-178, N-SAT-178, N-SAT-179, N-SAT-174, N-STAR-2, N-STAP, N-SAT-79, SE, N-SAT-79, SE, N-SAT-79, SE, N-SAT-79, N-SAT-174, N-STAR-2, N-STAP, N-SAT-175, N-SAT-79, SE, N-SAT-79, SE, N-SAT-82, N-SAT-174, N-STAR-4, N-STAR-4, N-STAR-4, N-STAR-8, N-STAT-74, N-STAR-4, N-STAR-4, N-STAR-74, N-STAR-7 |

| Beam name | Channels | Ref. Table 1 | Affected administrations* | Affected networks/beams/terrestrial stations* |
|------------|--|-----------------|---|--|
| S 13800 | 21, 23, 25 | с | F, F/EUT | VIDEOSAT-8-KU-C, EUTELSAT 3-4E, EUTELSAT 3-7E |
| SCG14800** | 22, 24, 26 | с | F | VIDEOSAT-5, VIDEOSAT-6, VIDEOSAT-5-KA, VIDEOSAT-6-KA |
| SDN_100 | 21, 23, 25 | с | BLR/IK F | INTERSPUTNIK-6W-Q, VIDEOSAT-5, VIDEOSAT-6, VIDEOSAT-5-KA, VIDEOSAT-6-KA |
| SEN22200 | 23 | с | E, URG, USA | USASAT-26A, HISPASAT 36W KU, URUSAT-7 |
| SEY00000 | 26 | с | BLR/IK, D, F/EUT, HOL, J, PAK, UAE, USA | EMARSAT-1F, EUROPE*STAR-2G-1, EUROPE*STAR-2G-2, EUROPE*STAR-2G-3, EUTELSAT 3-25.5E, EUTELSAT 3-33E, EUTELSAT 3-36E, EUTELSAT 3-44E, EUTELSAT 3-48E, INTELSAT7 66E, INTERSPUTNIK-27E-Q, N-SAT-65.5, NSS-21, NSS-22, NSS-23, NSS-8, PAKSAT-2 |
| SEY00000 | 28, 30, 32, 34, 36, 38, 40 | с | BLR/IK, D, F/EUT, HOL, J, PAK, THA, UAE, USA | EMARSAT-1F, EUROPE*STAR-2G-1, EUROPE*STAR-2G-2, EUROPE*STAR-2G-3, EUTELSAT 3-25.5E, EUTELSAT 3-33E, EUTELSAT 3-36E, EUTELSAT 3-44E, EUTELSAT 3-48E, INTELSAT7 66E, INTERSPUTNIK-27E-Q, N-SAT-65.5, NSS-21, NSS-22, NSS-23, NSS-8, PAKSAT-2, THAICOM-C1 |
| SMO05700 | 1, 5, 9, 13, 17, 19, 21, 23 | с | J | N-SAT-178.5W |
| SOM31200 | 26 | с | D, F/EUT, HOL, PAK, UAE | EMARSAT-1F, EUROPE*STAR-2G-1, EUROPE*STAR-2G-2, EUROPE*STAR-2G-3, EUTELSAT 3-33E, EUTELSAT 3-36E, EUTELSAT 3-44E, EUTELSAT 3-48E, NSS-21, NSS-22, PAKSAT-1, PAKSAT-2, PAKSAT-C |
| SOM31200 | 28, 30, 32, 34, 36, 38, 40 | с | D, F/EUT, HOL, MLA, PAK, UAE | EMARSAT-1F, EUROPE*STAR-2G-1, EUROPE*STAR-2G-2, EUROPE*STAR-2G-3, EUTELSAT 3-33E, EUTELSAT 3-36E, EUTELSAT 3-44E, EUTELSAT 3-48E, MEASAT-SA3, MEASAT-SA4, NSS-21, NSS-22, PAKSAT-1, PAKSAT-2, PAKSAT-C |
| STP24100 | 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20 | с | F | VIDEOSAT-5, VIDEOSAT-5-KA |
| SVK14401 | 7, 15, 23 | с | F/EUT | EUTELSAT 3-12.5W |
| SVK14402 | 18, 26 | с | F/EUT | EUTELSAT 3-12.5W |
| SVK14403 | 2, 22, 24 | с | F/EUT | EUTELSAT 3-12.5W |
| SYR22900 | 28, 32, 36, 40 | с | F/EUT | EUTELSAT 3-25.5E |
| SYR33900 | 40 | с | F/EUT | EUTELSAT 3-25.5E |
| TCD14300 | 1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13, 15, 17, 19 | с | F/EUT | EUTELSAT 3-16E |
| TGO22600 | 1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11 | с | USA | INTELSAT7 330.5E, INTELSAT8 330.5E |
| TGO22600 | 13 | с | E, USA | HISPASAT-1, INTELSAT7 330.5E, HISPASAT-2C3 KU, INTELSAT8 330.5E |
| TGO22600 | 15, 17, 19 | с | Е | HISPASAT-1, HISPASAT-2C3 KU |

| Beam name | Channels | Ref. Table 1 | Affected administrations* | Affected networks/beams/terrestrial stations* |
|-----------|-----------------------|-----------------|--|--|
| TJK06900 | 26 | c | BLR/IK, CHN, D, F/EUT, G, HOL, IND, J, MHL, PAK, SNG, THA, TON, UAE, USA | ASIASAT-AKI, ASIASAT-AKX, ASIASAT-BKX, ASIASAT-CKI, ASIASAT-CKX, ASIASAT-DKX, ASIASAT-EKI, ASIASAT-EKX, EMARSAT-I-B, EMARSAT-IF, EMARSAT-I-G, EUROPE®STAR-2G-1, EUROPE®STAR-2G-2, EUROPE®STAR-2G-3, EUTELSAT 3-25.5E, EUTELSAT 3-33E, EUTELSAT 3-362, EUTELSAT 3-44E, EUTELSAT 3-48E, EUTELSAT 3-70.5E, EUTELSAT 3-73.5E, EUTELSAT 3-33E, EUTELSAT 3-80.5E, EUTELSAT 3-44E, EUTELSAT 3-84E, EUTELSAT 3-70.5E, EUTELSAT 3-73.5E, EUTELSAT 3-76E, EUTELSAT 3-80.5E, EUTELSAT 3-83.5E, EUTELSAT 3-86E, EUTELSAT 3-88.5E, INSAT-EK48, INSAT-EK55, INTELSAT KFOS 85E, INTELSAT7 66E, INTERSPUTNK-27E-0, ICSAT-1R, ICSAT-3A, ICSAT-3B, MTSAT-135E, MTSAT-140E, MTSAT-145E, N-SAT-10.5E, N-SAT-106, N-SAT-110, N-SAT-1102, N-SAT-122.5E, N-SAT-145E, N-SAT-102.5E, N-SAT-147.5E, N-SAT-165, S, N-SAT-174, SE, N-SAT-76, SE, N-SAT-79.5E, N-SAT-125.5E, N-SAT-129.5E, N-SAT-141E, N-SAT-147.5E, N-SAT-65, S, N-SAT-735E, N-SAT-76, SE, N-SAT-79.5E, N-SAT-82.5E, N-SAT-186E, N-SAT-94E, N-STAR-A2, N-STAR-82, NSS-21, NSS-22, NSS-24, NSS-8, NSS-9, ORION-AP-1, ORION-AP-2, PAKSAT-1, PAKSAT-2, PAKSAT-C, PAKSAT-D, PAKSAT-E, SB-SAT-135, SB-SAT-144, SKYSAT-A1, SKYSAT-A2, SKYSAT-A3, SKYSAT-B1, SKYSAT-B2, SKYSAT-B3, SKYSAT-B4, SKYSAT-C1, SKYSAT-C2, SKYSAT-C3, SKYSAT-C4, ST-1C, SUPERBIRD-C, THAICOM-C2, TONGASAT AP-KU-4, TONGASAT C/KU-1, TONGASAT C/KU-2, TONGASAT C/KU-3, TONGASAT C/KU-4 |
| TJK06900 | 28 | c | BLR/IK, CHN, D, F/EUT, G, HOL, IND, INS, J, KOR, LAO, MLA, PAK, PNG, SNG, THA, TON, UAE, USA | AM-SAT A1, AM-SAT A4, APSTAR-2 F1, APSTAR-2 F2, APSTAR-3, APSTAR-4, ASIASAT-AK1, ASIASAT-AKX, ASIASAT-BKX, ASIASAT-CK1, ASIASAT-CK1, ASIASAT-CKX, ASIASAT-DXX, ASIASAT-EK1, ASIASAT-EK4, ASIASAT-CK1, ASIASAT-CKX, ASIASAT-DXX, ASIASAT-FK1, ASIASAT-EK4, ASIASAT-CK1, ASIASAT-CKX, ASIASAT-DXX, ASIASAT-FK1, ASIASAT-EK4, ASIASAT-CK1, EURDEN-STAR-2G-2, EUROPE*STAR-2G-3, EUTELSAT 3-25, E, EUTELSAT 3-33E, EUTELSAT 3-36, EUTELSAT 3-44E, EUTELSAT 3-48E, EUTELSAT 3-70, SE, EUTELSAT 3-25, E, EUTELSAT 3-33E, EUTELSAT 3-360, SE, EUTELSAT 3-48E, EUTELSAT 3-70, SE, EUTELSAT 3-73, SE, EUTELSAT 3-76E, EUTELSAT 3-80, SE, EUTELSAT 3-83, SE, EUTELSAT 3-86, EUTELSAT 3-88, SE, INSAT-EK4S, INSAT-EK55, INTELSAT KFOS 85E, INTELSAT 7-66E, INTERSPUTIK-27E-0, JCSAT-IR, JCSAT-3A, JCSAT-3B, KOREASAT-103KU, KOREASAT-123, TKU, KOREASAT-2, L-STAR-1, L-STAR-2, L-STAR-4, L-STAR-6, MEASAT-104KU, KOREASAT-2, MEASAT-3, MEASAT-91, SE, MEASAT-S4, MTSAT-140E, MTSAT-148E, MEASAT-123, KU, KOREASAT-2, L-STAR-1, L-STAR-3, L-STAR-4, L-STAR-6, MEASAT-134, MTSAT-145E, N-SAT-102, SE, N-SAT-100, S, N-SAT-110, N-SAT-110E, N-SAT-117, N-SAT-125, E, N-SAT-125, E, N-SAT-125, E, N-SAT-120, SE, N-SAT-140, S, N-SAT-110, N-SAT-110E, N-SAT-135, MTSAT-140E, MTSAT-145E, N-SAT-142, SE, N-SAT-144, SE, N-SAT-1445, SI, N-SAT-445, SI, N-SAT-45, S, N-SAT-125, S, N-SAT-125, S, N-SAT-140, N-SAT-110, N-SA |
| TJK06900 | 30, 32, 34, 36, 38 | c | BLR/IK, CHN, D, F/EUT, G, HOL, IND, INS, J, KOR, LAO, MLA, PAK, PNG, SNG, THA, TON, UAE, USA | AM-SAT A1, AM-SAT A4, APSTAR-2 F1, APSTAR-2 F2, APSTAR-3, APSTAR-4, ASIASAT-AK1, ASIASAT-AKX, ASIASAT-BKX, ASIASAT-CK1, ASIASAT-CK1, ASIASAT-CK1, ASIASAT-DKX, ASIASAT-EK1, ASIASAT-EK1, ASIASAT-CK1, ASIASAT-CK1, ASIASAT-CK1, ASIASAT-DKX, ASIASAT-EK1, ASIASAT-EK1, CHINASAT-6, DFH-3-OC, DFH-3-AOA, DFH-3A-OB, DFH-3A-OB, DFH-3A-OB, DFH-3A-OC, D |

| Beam name | Channels | Ref. Table 1 | Affected administrations* | Affected networks/beams/terrestrial stations* |
|-----------|----------|-----------------|--|--|
| TJK06900 | 40 | c | BLR/IK, CHN, D, F/EUT, G, HOL, IND, INS, J, KOR, LAO, MLA, PAK, PNG, SNG, THA, TON, UAE, USA | AM-SAT A1, AM-SAT A4, APSTAR-2 F1, APSTAR-2 F2, APSTAR-3, APSTAR-4, ASIASAT-AK1, ASIASAT-AKX, ASIASAT-BKX, ASIASAT-CK1, ASIASAT-CK1, ASIASAT-CK2, ASIASAT-DKX, ASIASAT-EK2, ASIASAT-CK2, CHINASAT-6, DFH-3-OC, DFH-3A-OA, DFH-3A-OD, DFH-4-OA, DPH-4-0B, DFH-4-0C, DFH-4-0C, DFH-4-0C, DFH-4-0F, DFH-4-0C, DFH-4-0F, DFH-4-0C, DFH-4-0F, DFH-4-0C, DFH-4-0F, DFH-4-0C, DFH-4-0 |
| TKM06800 | 26 | c | BLR/IK, CHN, D, F/EUT, G, HOL, IND, J, MIHL, PAK, SNG, THA, TON, UAE, USA | ASIASAT-AK1, ASIASAT-AKX, ASIASAT-BKX, ASIASAT-CK1, ASIASAT-CKX, ASIASAT-DKX, ASIASAT-EK1, ASIASAT-EKX, EMARSAT-1B, EMARSAT-IF, EMARSAT-IG, EUROPE*STAR-2G-1, EUROPE*STAR-2G-2, EUROPE*STAR-2G-3, EUTELSAT 3-25. 5E, EUTELSAT 3-36E, EUTELSAT 3-36E, EUTELSAT 3-36E, EUTELSAT 3-70. 5E, EUTELSAT 3-73. 5E, EUTELSAT 3-76E, EUTELSAT 3-80. 5E, EUTELSAT 3-83. 5E, EUTELSAT 3-86. E, SAT-102.5E, N-SAT-103.5E, N-SAT-106.5, N-SAT-110E, N-SAT-105. E, N-SAT-125. E, N-SAT-125. E, N-SAT-129. 5E, N-SAT-129. E, N-SAT-141E, N-SAT-65. S, N-SAT-76.5E, N-SAT-78.2. E, N-SAT-84. E, N-SAT-86. E, N-SAT-94E, N-STAR-82, N-SAT-82. E, N-SAT-15. S, SKYSAT-42, SKYSAT-42, SKYSAT-42, SKYSAT-41, SKYSAT-81, SKYSAT-82, SKYSAT-82, SKYSAT-83, SKYSAT-84, SKYSAT-64, ST-10, SKYSAT-64, SKYSAT-64, ST-10, SKYSAT-81, SKYSAT-82, SKYSAT-83, SKYSAT-84, SKYSAT-84, SKYSAT-64, SKYSAT-64, ST-10, SKYSAT-64, ST-10, SKYSAT-82, SKYSAT-82, SKYSAT-83, SKYSAT-84, SKYSAT-84, SKYSAT-84, SKYSAT-64, ST-64, ST-10, SKYSAT-64, ST-10, SKYSAT-82, SKYSAT-84, SKYSAT-84, SKYSAT-64, SKYSAT-64, SKYSAT-64, ST-10, THAICOM-C2, TONGASAT C/KU-1, TONGASAT C/KU-3, TONGASAT C/KU-4 |
| TKM06800 | 28 | c | BLR/IK, CHN, D, F/EUT, G, HOL, IND, INS, J, KOR, LAO, MLA, PAK, PNG, SNG, THA, TON, UAE, USA | AM-SAT A1, AM-SAT A4, APSTAR-3, APSTAR-4, ASIASAT-AK1, ASIASAT-AKX, ASIASAT-BKX, ASIASAT-CK1, ASIASAT-CKX, ASIASAT-DKX, ASIASAT-EK1, ASIASAT-FKX, DFH-3-OC, EMARSAT-1B, EMARSAT-1F, EMARSAT-1G, EUROPE*STAR-2G-1, EUROPE*STAR-2G-2, EUTELSAT 3-35 E, EUTELSAT 3-373E, EUTELSAT 3-36E, EUTELSAT 3-48E, EUTELSAT 3-375. EUTELSAT 3-35 E, EUTELSAT 3-375. EUTELSAT 3-36E, EUTELSAT 3-36E, EUTELSAT 3-36E, EUTELSAT 3-36E, EUTELSAT 3-37. EVITELSAT 3-37. EVITELSAT 3-375. EVITELSAT 3-380. EVITELSAT |

| Beam name | Channels | Ref. Table 1 | Affected administrations* | Affected networks/beams/terrestrial stations* |
|-----------|---|-----------------|--|--|
| TKM06800 | 30, 32, 34, 36, 38 | c | BLR/IK, CHN, D, F/EUT, G, HOL, IND, INS, J, KOR, LAO, MLA, PAK, PNG, SNG, THA, TON, UAE, USA | AM-SAT A1, AM-SAT A4, APSTAR-3, APSTAR-4, ASIASAT-AK1, ASIASAT-AKX, ASIASAT-BKX, ASIASAT-CK1, ASIASAT-CKX, ASIASAT-DKX, ASIASAT-EK1, ASIASAT-FKX, DFH-3-OC, EMARSAT-1B, EMARSAT-1F, EMARSAT-1G, EUROPE*STAR-2G-1, EUROPE*STAR-2G-3, EUTELSAT 3-3-CC, EMARSAT-1B, EMARSAT-1F, EMARSAT-1G, EUROPE*STAR-2G-1, EUROPE*STAR-2G-3, EUTELSAT 3-25, E, EUTELSAT 3-35E, EUTELSAT 3-36E, EUTELSAT 3-48E, EUTELSAT 3-70, 5E, EUTELSAT 3-75, 5E, EUTELSAT 3-76E, EUTELSAT 3-80, 5E, EUTELSAT 3-83, 5E, EUTELSAT 3-76E, EUTELSAT 3-80, 5E, EUTELSAT 3-83, 5E, EUTELSAT 3-70, 5E, EUTELSAT 3-75, 5E, EUTELSAT 3-76E, EUTELSAT 3-80, 5E, EUTELSAT 3-83, 5E, EUTELSAT 3-76E, EUTELSAT 3-80, 5E, EUTELSAT 3-83, 5E, EUTELSAT 3-76E, EUTELSAT 3-80, 5E, EUTELSAT 3-83, 5E, INSAT-EK48, INSAT-EK55, INTELSAT 766E, INTERSPUTNIK-27E-Q, JCSAT-3A, JCSAT-3B, KOREASAT-1, KOREASAT-2, L-STAR-1, L-STAR-2, L-STAR-3, L-STAR-5, L-STAR-6, MEASAT-1, KOREASAT-3, MEASAT-3, MEASAT-3A, N-SAT-103, 5E, N-SAT-106, 5, N-SAT-110, N-SAT-110E, N-SAT-110, N-SAT-110E, N-SAT-10E, N-SAT-122, 5E, N-SAT-122, 5E, N-SAT-122, SE, N-SAT-129, 5E, N-SAT-141E, N-SAT-65, 5, N-SAT-74, 5E, N-SAT-70, 5E, N-SAT-82, E, N-SAT-84E, N-SAT-86E, N-SAT-94E, N-STAR-82, N-SSAT-70, SE, N-SAT-79, 5E, N-SAT-82, C, N-SAT-84, SAT-46, T-1, PAKSAT-2, PAKSAT-C, PAKSAT-C, SAKS-23, NSS-24, NSS-23, NSS-4, NSS-9, NSS |
| TKM06800 | 40 | c | BLR/IK, CHN, D, F/EUT, G, HOL, IND, INS, J, KOR, LAO, MLA, PAK, PNG, SNG, THA, TON, UAE, USA | AM-SAT A1, AM-SAT A4, APSTAR-3, APSTAR-4, ASIASAT-AK1, ASIASAT-AKX, ASIASAT-BKX, ASIASAT-CK1, ASIASAT-CKX, ASIASAT-DKX, ASIASAT-AK1, ASIASAT-FKX, DFH-3-OC, EMARSAT-1B, EMARSAT-1F, EMARSAT-1G, EUROPE*STAR-2G-1, EUROPE*STAR-2G-3, EUTELSAT 3-3C, EMARSAT-1B, EMARSAT-1F, EMARSAT-1G, EUROPE*STAR-2G-1, EUROPE*STAR-2G-3, EUTELSAT 3-3C, EUTELSAT 3-35E, EUTELSAT 3-33E, EUTELSAT 3-36E, EUTELSAT 3-48E, EUTELSAT 3-70.5E, EUTELSAT 3-73.5E, EUTELSAT 3-76E, EUTELSAT 3-80.5E, EUTELSAT 3-83.5E, EUTELSAT 3-86E, EUTELSAT 3-86E, EUTELSAT 3-70.5E, EUTELSAT 3-75, EUTELSAT 3-76E, EUTELSAT 3-86E, EUTELSAT 3-86, EUTELSAT 3-8 |
| TON21500 | 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24 | с | USA | USASAT-14K |
| TUV00000 | 4, 8, 12 | с | J, USA | INTELSAT7 176E, INTELSAT8 176E, N-SAT-175.5E |
| TUV00000 | 16, 18, 20, 22, 24 | с | J | N-SAT-175.5E |
| TZA22500 | 21, 25 | с | F/EUT | EUTELSAT 3-10E |

| Beam name | Channels | Ref. Table 1 | Affected administrations* | Affected networks/beams/terrestrial stations* |
|-----------|------------|-----------------|---|--|
| UAE27400 | 25 | c | BLR/IK, CHN, D, F/EUT, G, HOL, J, PAK, SNG, TON, USA | ASIASAT-AK1, ASIASAT-CK1, ASIASAT-EK1, EUROPE*STAR-2G-1, EUROPE*STAR-2G-2, EUROPE*STAR-2G-3, EUTELSAT 3-25, SE, EUTELSAT 3-33E, EUTELSAT 3-36E, EUTELSAT 3-44E, EUTELSAT 3-48E, EUTELSAT 3-70.5E, EUTELSAT 3-76E, EUTELSAT 3-80.5E, EUTELSAT 3-83.5E, EUTELSAT 3-88.5E, INTELSAT KFOS 85E, INTELSAT 7.6E, INTERSPUTNIK-27E-Q, JCSAT-3A, JCSAT-3B, N-SAT-102.5E, N-SAT-105.5, N-SAT-106.5, N-SAT-110E, N-SAT-117, N-SAT-120E, N-SAT-122.5E, N-SAT-125.5E, N-SAT-129.5E, N-SAT-65.5, N-SAT-70.5E, N-SAT-76.5E, N-SAT-70.5E, N-SAT-84E, N-SAT-84E, N-SAT-84E, N-SAT-84E, N-SAT-84E, N-SAT-84E, N-SAT-84E, N-SAT-84E, N-SAT-84E, N-SAT-94E, NSS-21, NSS-22, NSS-23, NSS-24, NSS-9, PAKSAT-1, PAKSAT-2, PAKSAT-C, PAKSAT-9, PAKSAT-2, SKYSAT-41, SKYSAT-A2, SKYSAT-A3, SKYSAT-61, SKYSAT-C1, SKYSAT-C2, SKYSAT-C4, ST-1C, TONGASAT AP-KU-4, TONGASAT C/KU-1 |
| UAE27400 | 27 | c | BLR/IK, CHN, D, F/EUT, G, HOL, J, MLA, PAK, SNG, THA, TON, USA | ASIASAT-AKI, ASIASAT-AKX, ASIASAT-BKX, ASIASAT-CKI, ASIASAT-CKX, ASIASAT-DKX, ASIASAT-EKI, ASIASAT-EKX, EUROPE*STAR-26-1, EUROPE*STAR-26-3, EUTELSAT 3-25.5E, EUTELSAT 3-33E, EUTELSAT 3-36E, EUTELSAT 3-36E, EUTELSAT 3-35.5E, EUTELSAT 3-35.5E, EUTELSAT 3-35.5E, EUTELSAT 3-35.5E, EUTELSAT 3-35.5E, EUTELSAT 3-86, EUTELSAT 3-86, EUTELSAT 3-85.5E, EUTELSAT 3-85.5E, EUTELSAT 3-86, EUTELSAT 3-86, EUTELSAT 3-85.5E, INTELSAT 5-86, EVITELSAT 3-86, EUTELSAT 3-86, EVITELSAT 3-86, EVITELSAT 3-86, EVITELSAT 3-86, EVITELSAT 3-85, EVITELSAT 3-86, EVITELSAT 3-86, EVITELSAT 3-85, EVITELSAT 3-86, EVITEL |
| UAE27400 | 29 | c | BLR/IK, CHN, D, F/EUT, G, HOL, INS, J, KOR, LAO, MLA, PAK, PNG, SNG, THA, TON, USA | AM-SAT A1, AM-SAT A4, APSTAR-3, APSTAR-4, ASIASAT-AK1, ASIASAT-AKX, ASIASAT-BKX, ASIASAT-CK1, ASIASAT-CKX, ASIASAT-DKX, ASIASAT-EK, ASIASAT-EKX, EUROPE*STAR-2G-1, EUROPE*STAR-2G-2, EUROPE*STAR-2G-3, EUTELSAT 3-25.5E, EUTELSAT 3-33E, EUTELSAT 3-36E, EUTELSAT 3-48E, EUTELSAT 3-70.5E, EUTELSAT 3-73.5E, EUTELSAT 3-76E, EUTELSAT 3-80.5E, EUTELSAT 3-80.5E, EUTELSAT 3-86.5E, EUTELSAT 3-86.5E, EUTELSAT 3-70.5E, EUTELSAT 3-70.5E, EUTELSAT 3-70.5E, EUTELSAT 3-86.5E, ASTA-2G-2, EUROPE*STAR-2G-3, EUTELSAT 3-73.5E, EUTELSAT 3-76E, EUTELSAT 3-80.5E, EUTELSAT 3-80.5E, EUTELSAT 3-86.5E, N-SAT-102.5E, N-SAT-102.5E |
| UAE27400 | 31, 35, 39 | c | BLR/IK, CHN, D, F/EUT, G, HOL, INS, J, KOR, LAO, MLA, PAK, PNG, SNG, THA, TON, USA | AM-SAT A1, AM-SAT A4, APSTAR-3, APSTAR-4, ASIASAT-AK1, ASIASAT-AKX, ASIASAT-BKX, ASIASAT-CK1, ASIASAT-CKX, ASIASAT-DKX, ASIASAT-EK, ASIASAT-EKX, EUROPE*STAR-2G-1, EUROPE*STAR-2G-2, EUROPE*STAR-2G-3, EUTELSAT 3-25.5E, EUTELSAT 3-33E, EUTELSAT 3-36E, EUTELSAT 3-48E, EUTELSAT 3-70.5E, EUTELSAT 3-36E, EUTELSAT 3-36E, EUTELSAT 3-36E, EUTELSAT 3-70.5E, EUTELSAT 3-73.5E, EUTELSAT 3-76.5E, EUTELSAT 3-86.5E, ASAT-10, N-SAT-10, N-SAT-10, N-SAT-10, N-SAT-10, N-SAT-10, N-SAT-102, N-SAT-129.5E, N-SAT-84, N-SAT-128, N-SAT-129.5E, N-SAT-65.5, N-SAT-73.5E, N-SAT-76.5E, N-SAT-76.5E, N-SAT-22, SE, N-SAT-128, N-SAT-129.5E, N-SAT-65.2, NSS-23, NSS-24, NSS-4, NSS-4, NSS-4, N-SAT-42, PACSTAR-42, PACSTAR-42, SKYSAT-42, SKYSAT-42, SKYSAT-42, SKYSAT-65, PALAPA-C6, PALAPA-C7, SIC-1, SKYSAT-42, SKYSAT-42, SKYSAT-42, SKYSAT-61, SKYSAT-63, TAIS, SKYSAT-64, N-SAT-74.5E, N-SAT-75.5E, N-SAT-74.5E, N-SAT-74.5E, N-SAT-74.5E, N-SAT-76.5E, N-SAT-76.5E, N-SAT-74.5E, N-SAT-74.5E, N-SAT-76.5E, N-SAT-76.5E, N-SAT-74.5E, N-SAT-74.5E, N-SAT-74.5E, N-SAT-76.5E, N-SAT-76.5E, N-SAT-76.5E, N-SAT-74.5E, N-SAT-74.5E, N-SAT-76.5E, N-SAT-76. |

| Beam name | Channels | Ref. Table 1 | Affected administrations* | Affected networks/beams/terrestrial stations* |
|-----------|-----------------------------------|-----------------|---|--|
| UAE27400 | 33, 37 | с | BLR/IK, CHN, D, F/EUT, G, HOL, INS, J, KOR, LAO, MLA, PAK, PNG, SNG, THA, TON, USA | AM-SAT A1, AM-SAT A4, APSTAR-3, APSTAR-4, ASIASAT-AK1, ASIASAT-AKX, ASIASAT-BKX, ASIASAT-CK1, ASIASAT-CKX, ASIASAT-DKX, ASIASAT-EK1, ASIASAT-FKX, EUROPE*STAR-2G-1, EUROPE*STAR-2G-2, EUROPE*STAR-2G-3, EUTELSAT 3-25.5E, EUTELSAT 3-33E, EUTELSAT 3-36E, EUTELSAT 3-44E, EUTELSAT 3-73.5E, EUTELSAT 3-73.5E, EUTELSAT 3-36E, EUTELSAT 3-80.5E, EUTELSAT 3-44E, EUTELSAT 3-73.5E, EUTELSAT 3-70.5E, EUTELSAT 3-73.5E, EUTELSAT 3-76E, EUTELSAT 3-80.5E, EUTELSAT 3-83.5E, EUTELSAT 3-86E, EUTELSAT 3-70.5E, EUTELSAT 3-73.5E, EUTELSAT 3-76E, EUTELSAT 3-80.5E, EUTELSAT 3-83.5E, EUTELSAT 3-86E, EUTELSAT 3-88.5E, INTELSAT KFO8 85E, INTELSAT7 66E, INTERSPUTNIK-27E-Q, ICSAT-3A, ICSAT-3B, KOREASAT-5I, L-STAR-1, L-STAR-5, L-STAR-3, L-STAR-4, L-STAR-6, L-STAR-6, MEASAT-10, ISASAT-91.5E, MEASAT-53A, MEASAT-58A, N-SAT-102.5E, N-SAT-103.5E, N-SAT-106.5, N-SAT-110, N-SAT-110E, N-SAT-107.5E, N-SAT-122.5E, N-SAT-125.5E, N-SAT-128, N-SAT-103.5E, N-SAT-505, N-SAT-73E, N-SAT-745E, N-SAT-76.5E, N-SAT-72.2E, N-SAT-84E, N-SAT-86E, N-SAT-94E, NSS-21, NSS-22, NSS-23, NSS-24, NSS-8, NSS-9, PACSTAR-L1, PACSTAR-L2, PACSTAR-L3, PAKSAT-50, SKYSAT-2, PAKSAT-C, PAKSAT-D, PAKSAT-E, PALAPA-C5, PALAPA-C6, PALAPA-C7, SIC-1, SKYSAT-A1, SKYSAT-A2, SKYSAT-A3, SKYSAT-C1, SKYSAT-C2, SKYSAT-C3, SKYSAT-C4, ST-10, ICAIC0M-A2B, THAICOM-C2, THAICOM-C1, THAICOM-G2K, TONGASAT AP-KU-4, TONGASAT C/KU-1 |
| VUT12800 | 1, 5, 9, 13, 17, 19, 21, 23 | с | J, MHL | ORION-AP-1, N-SAT-141E |
| WAK33400 | 3, 7, 11, 15, 19, 21, 23 | с | J, MHL | ORION-AP-1, N-SAT-141E |
| ZMB31400 | 21, 23, 25 | с | NOR | BIFROST-14 |
| ZWE13500 | 1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13 | с | NOR, USA | INTELSAT7 359E, INTELSAT8 359E, BIFROST-14 |
| ZWE13500 | 15, 17, 19 | с | NOR | BIFROST-14 |

* Administrations and corresponding networks/beams/terrestrial stations whose assignment(s) may receive interference from the beam shown in the left-hand column.

** Note by the Secretariat: This designation replaces the former designation "YUG" which was used previously as a three-letter code for the Administration of Serbia and Montenegro.

TABLE 3

Affecting administrations and corresponding networks/beams identified based on Notes 6 and 7 in § 11.2 of Article 11 of this Appendix

| Beam name | Channels | Note | Affecting administrations* | Affecting networks/beams* |
|-----------|----------------------------|------|-------------------------------|---|
| AFG_100 | 1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13 | 7 | USA | INTELSAT7 342E, INTELSAT7 359E |
| AGL29500 | 1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13 | 7 | HOL, USA | INTELSAT7 307E, INTELSAT7 310E, INTELSAT7 328.5E, INTELSAT7 338.5E, INTELSAT7 342E, INTELSAT7 359E, INTELSAT8 338.5E, INTELSAT8 328.5E |
| AND34100 | 2, 6, 10, 12 | 7 | HOL, USA | INTELSAT7 307E, INTELSAT7 310E, INTELSAT7 319.5E, INTELSAT7 328.5E, INTELSAT7 342E, INTELSAT7 359E, INTELSAT8 319.5E, USASAT-26A INTELSAT8 328.5E |
| AND34100 | 14, 16, 18, 20 | 7 | USA | USASAT-26A |
| ARM06400 | 26 | 7 | J | JCSAT-3B |
| ARM06400 | 28, 30, 32, 34, 36, 38, 40 | 7 | J, KOR | JCSAT-3B, KOREASAT-2 |
| ARS34000 | 40 | 7 | J, KOR | JCSAT-3A, JCSAT-3B, KOREASAT-2 |
| ARS_100 | 26 | 7 | J | JCSAT-3A, JCSAT-3B |
| ARS_100 | 28, 30, 32, 34, 36, 38, 40 | 7 | J, KOR | JCSAT-3A, JCSAT-3B, KOREASAT-2 |
| AUSA_100 | 1, 5, 9 | 7 | USA | INTELSAT7 174E, INTELSAT7 177E, INTELSAT7 180E |
| AUSB_100 | 4, 8, 12 | 7 | USA | INTELSAT7 174E, INTELSAT7 177E, INTELSAT7 180E, INTELSAT8 174E |
| AZE06400 | 25, 27 | 7 | J | JCSAT-3A, JCSAT-3B |
| AZE06400 | 29, 31, 33, 35, 37, 39 | 7 | J, KOR | JCSAT-3A, JCSAT-3B, KOREASAT-2 |
| BEN23300 | 1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13 | 7 | HOL, USA | INTELSAT7 307E, INTELSAT7 310E, INTELSAT7 328.5E, INTELSAT7 338.5E, INTELSAT7 342E, INTELSAT7 359E, INTELSAT IBS 342E, INTELSAT8 338.5E, INTELSAT8 328.5E |
| BFA10700 | 22, 24 | 7 | Е | HISPASAT-1, HISPASAT-2C3 KU |
| BHR25500 | 25, 27 | 7 | 1 | JCSAT-3A, JCSAT-3B |
| BHR25500 | 29, 31, 33, 35, 37, 39 | 7 | J, KOR | JCSAT-3A, JCSAT-3B, KOREASAT-2 |
| BIH14800 | 1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13 | 7 | USA | INTELSAT7 307E, INTELSAT7 310E, INTELSAT7 328.5E, INTELSAT7 342E, INTELSAT7 359E |
| BLR06200 | 1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13 | 7 | USA | INTELSAT7 310E, INTELSAT7 328.5E, INTELSAT7 342E, INTELSAT7 359E |
| BRM29800 | 1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13 | 7 | USA | INTELSAT7 174E, INTELSAT7 177E, INTELSAT7 180E |
| BRU33000 | 2, 4, 6, 8, 10 | 7 | USA | INTELSAT7 174E, INTELSAT7 177E, INTELSAT7 180E |
| CBG29900 | 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12 | 7 | USA | INTELSAT7 174E, INTELSAT7 177E, INTELSAT7 180E |
| CHN15500 | 1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13 | 7 | USA | INTELSAT7 174E, INTELSAT7 177E, INTELSAT7 359E |
| CHN15800 | 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12 | 7 | USA | INTELSAT7 174E, INTELSAT7 177E, INTELSAT7 180E |
| CHN19000 | 3, 7, 11 | 7 | USA | INTELSAT7 174E, INTELSAT7 177E, INTELSAT7 180E |
| CHN20000 | 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12 | 7 | USA | INTELSAT7 174E, INTELSAT7 177E, INTELSAT7 180E |
| CHNA_100 | 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12 | 7 | USA | INTELSAT7 174E, INTELSAT7 177E, INTELSAT7 180E, INTELSAT7 359E |

| Beam name | Channels | Note | Affecting administrations* | Affecting networks/beams* |
|-----------|------------------------|------|-------------------------------|--|
| CHNC_100 | 1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13 | 7 | USA | INTELSAT7 174E, INTELSAT7 177E, INTELSAT7 180E |
| CHNE_100 | 1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13 | 7 | USA | INTELSAT7 174E, INTELSAT7 177E, INTELSAT7 180E |
| CHNF_100 | 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12 | 7 | USA | INTELSAT7 174E, INTELSAT7 177E, INTELSAT7 180E |
| CLN21900 | 1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13 | 7 | USA | INTELSAT7 359E |
| COD_100 | 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12 | 7 | HOL, USA | INTELSAT7 307E, INTELSAT7 310E, INTELSAT7 328.5E, INTELSAT7 338.5E, INTELSAT7 342E, INTELSAT7 359E, INTELSAT IBS 342E, INTELSAT8 338.5E, INTELSAT8 328.5E |
| COG23500 | 1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13 | 7 | HOL, USA | INTELSAT7 307E, INTELSAT7 310E, INTELSAT7 328.5E, INTELSAT7 338.5E, INTELSAT7 342E, INTELSAT7 359E, INTELSAT IBS 342E, INTELSAT8 338.5E |
| COM20700 | 25, 27 | 7 | l | JCSAT-3B |
| COM20700 | 29, 31, 33, 35, 37, 39 | 7 | J, KOR | JCSAT-3B, KOREASAT-2 |
| CPV30100 | 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12 | 7 | HOL, USA | INTELSAT7 307E, INTELSAT7 310E, INTELSAT7 319.5E, INTELSAT7 328.5E, INTELSAT7 338.5E, INTELSAT7 342E, INTELSAT7 359E, INTELSAT8 319.5E, INTELSAT8 338.5E, INTELSAT8 328.5E |
| CTI23700 | 1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13 | 7 | HOL, USA | INTELSAT7 307E, INTELSAT7 310E, INTELSAT7 328.5E, INTELSAT7 338.5E, INTELSAT7 342E, INTELSAT7 359E, INTELSAT8 338.5E, INTELSAT8 328.5E |
| CVA08300 | 1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11 | 7 | USA | INTELSAT7 307E, INTELSAT7 310E, INTELSAT7 328.5E, INTELSAT7 342E, INTELSAT7 359E |
| CYP08600 | 1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13 | 7 | USA | INTELSAT7 328.5E, INTELSAT7 342E, INTELSAT7 359E |
| CZE14401 | 1,9 | 7 | HOL, USA | INTELSAT7 307E, INTELSAT7 310E, INTELSAT7 328.5E, INTELSAT7 338.5E, INTELSAT7 342E, INTELSAT7 359E, INTELSAT8 338.5E |
| CZE14403 | 2 | 7 | HOL, USA | INTELSAT7 307E, INTELSAT7 310E, INTELSAT7 328.5E, INTELSAT7 338.5E, INTELSAT7 342E, INTELSAT7 359E, INTELSAT8 338.5E |
| D 08700 | 1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13 | 7 | HOL, USA | INTELSAT7 307E, INTELSAT7 310E, INTELSAT7 328.5E, INTELSAT7 338.5E, INTELSAT7 342E, INTELSAT7 359E, INTELSAT IBS 342E, INTELSAT8 338.5E |
| DJI09900 | 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12 | 7 | USA | INTELSAT7 328.5E, INTELSAT7 342E, INTELSAT7 359E |
| DNK090XR | 29 | 6 | JMC | JMC00005 |
| DNK090XR | 33 | 6 | GUY, JMC | GUY00302, JMC00005 |
| DNK091XR | 31, 35 | 6 | GUY, JMC | GUY00302, JMC00005 |
| DNK_100 | 1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13 | 7 | HOL, USA | INTELSAT7 307E, INTELSAT7 310E, INTELSAT7 328.5E, INTELSAT7 338.5E, INTELSAT7 342E, INTELSAT7 359E, INTELSAT8 338.5E, INTELSAT8 328.5E |
| EGY02600 | 2, 6, 8, 10, 12 | 7 | USA | INTELSAT7 307E, INTELSAT7 310E, INTELSAT7 328.5E, INTELSAT7 342E, INTELSAT7 359E |
| ERI09200 | 25, 27 | 7 | J | JCSAT-3B |
| ERI09200 | 29, 31, 33, 35, 37, 39 | 7 | J, KOR | JCSAT-3B, KOREASAT-2 |
| EST06100 | 1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13 | 7 | USA | INTELSAT7 310E, INTELSAT7 328.5E, INTELSAT7 342E, INTELSAT7 359E |
| ETH09200 | 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12 | 7 | USA | INTELSAT7 328.5E, INTELSAT7 342E, INTELSAT7 359E |
| FJI19300 | 1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13 | 7 | HOL, USA | INTELSAT7 174E, INTELSAT7 177E, INTELSAT7 180E, INTELSAT7 183E, INTELSAT IBS 183E, INTELSAT8 174E |

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| Beam name | Channels | Note | Affecting administrations* | Affecting networks/beams* |
|-----------|------------------------|------|-------------------------------|---|
| FSM00000 | 1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13 | 7 | USA | INTELSAT7 174E, INTELSAT7 177E, INTELSAT7 180E |
| F100 | 25, 27 | 7 | J | JCSAT-3A, JCSAT-3B |
| F100 | 29, 31, 33, 35, 37, 39 | 7 | J, KOR | JCSAT-3A, JCSAT-3B, KOREASAT-2 |
| G 02700 | 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12 | 7 | HOL, USA | INTELSAT7 307E, INTELSAT7 310E, INTELSAT7 319.5E, INTELSAT7 328.5E, INTELSAT7 338.5E, INTELSAT7 342E, INTELSAT7 359E, INTELSAT8 319.5E, INTELSAT8 328.5E |
| GAB26000 | 1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13 | 7 | HOL, USA | INTELSAT7 307E, INTELSAT7 310E, INTELSAT7 328.5E, INTELSAT7 338.5E, INTELSAT7 342E, INTELSAT7 359E, INTELSAT IBS 342E, INTELSAT8 338.5E |
| GEO06400 | 1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13 | 7 | USA | INTELSAT7 328.5E, INTELSAT7 342E, INTELSAT7 359E |
| GMB30200 | 1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13 | 7 | HOL, USA | INTELSAT7 307E, INTELSAT7 310E, INTELSAT7 319.5E, INTELSAT7 328.5E, INTELSAT7 342E, INTELSAT7 359E, INTELSAT IBS 319.5E, INTELSAT8 319.5E, USASAT-26A, INTELSAT8 328.5E |
| GMB30200 | 15, 17, 19 | 7 | USA | USASAT-26A |
| GNB30400 | 22, 24 | 7 | Е | HISPASAT-1, HISPASAT-2C3 KU |
| GRC10500 | 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12 | 7 | USA | INTELSAT7 307E, INTELSAT7 310E, INTELSAT7 328.5E, INTELSAT7 342E, INTELSAT7 359E |
| GUI19200 | 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12 | 7 | HOL, USA | INTELSAT7 307E, INTELSAT7 310E, INTELSAT7 319.5E, INTELSAT7 328.5E, INTELSAT7 342E, INTELSAT7 359E, INTELSAT IBS 319.5E, INTELSAT8 319.5E, USASAT-26A, INTELSAT8 328.5E |
| GUI19200 | 14, 16, 18, 20 | 7 | USA | USASAT-26A |
| HNG10601 | 3, 11 | 7 | HOL, USA | INTELSAT7 307E, INTELSAT7 310E, INTELSAT7 328.5E, INTELSAT7 338.5E, INTELSAT7 342E, INTELSAT7 359E, INTELSAT8 338.5E |
| HNG10602 | 6 | 7 | HOL, USA | INTELSAT7 307E, INTELSAT7 310E, INTELSAT7 328.5E, INTELSAT7 338.5E, INTELSAT7 342E, INTELSAT7 359E, INTELSAT8 338.5E |
| HNG10603 | 2 | 7 | HOL, USA | INTELSAT7 307E, INTELSAT7 310E, INTELSAT7 328.5E, INTELSAT7 338.5E, INTELSAT7 342E, INTELSAT7 359E, INTELSAT8 338.5E |
| HOL21300 | 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12 | 7 | USA | INTELSAT7 307E, INTELSAT7 310E, INTELSAT7 328.5E, INTELSAT7 342E, INTELSAT7 359E |
| HRV14801 | 5, 13 | 7 | HOL, USA | INTELSAT7 307E, INTELSAT7 310E, INTELSAT7 328.5E, INTELSAT7 338.5E, INTELSAT7 342E, INTELSAT7 359E, INTELSAT8 338.5E |
| HRV14802 | 10 | 7 | HOL, USA | INTELSAT7 307E, INTELSAT7 310E, INTELSAT7 328.5E, INTELSAT7 338.5E, INTELSAT7 342E, INTELSAT7 359E, INTELSAT8 338.5E |
| HRV14803 | 2 | 7 | HOL, USA | INTELSAT7 307E, INTELSAT7 310E, INTELSAT7 328.5E, INTELSAT7 338.5E, INTELSAT7 342E, INTELSAT7 359E, INTELSAT8 338.5E |
| IND03700 | 4, 6, 8, 10, 12 | 7 | USA | INTELSAT7 174E, INTELSAT7 177E |
| IND04700 | 1, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13 | 7 | USA | INTELSAT7 174E |
| INDA_100 | 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12 | 7 | USA | INTELSAT7 359E |
| INDB_100 | 1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13 | 7 | USA | INTELSAT7 359E |
| INDD_100 | 1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13 | 7 | USA | INTELSAT7 359E |

| Beam name | Channels | Note | Affecting administrations* | Affecting networks/beams* |
|-----------|----------------------------|------|-------------------------------|--|
| INSA_100 | 1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13 | 7 | USA | INTELSAT7 174E, INTELSAT7 177E, INTELSAT7 180E |
| INSB_100 | 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12 | 7 | USA | INTELSAT7 174E, INTELSAT7 177E, INTELSAT7 180E |
| IRL21100 | 1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13 | 7 | HOL, USA | INTELSAT7 307E, INTELSAT7 310E, INTELSAT7 319.5E, INTELSAT7 328.5E, INTELSAT7 342E, INTELSAT7 359E, INTELSAT IBS 319.5E, INTELSAT8 319.5E, USASAT-26A, INTELSAT8 328.5E |
| IRL21100 | 15, 17, 19 | 7 | USA | USASAT-26A |
| IRN10900 | 1, 5, 9, 11, 13 | 7 | USA | INTELSAT7 328.5E, INTELSAT7 342E, INTELSAT7 359E |
| IRQ25600 | 1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13 | 7 | USA | INTELSAT7 328.5E, INTELSAT7 342E, INTELSAT7 359E |
| ISL04900 | 27 | 6 | GUY | GUY00302 |
| ISL04900 | 29 | 6 | DNK, JMC | GRLDNK01, JMC00005 |
| ISL04900 | 31, 35, 37 | 6 | DNK, GUY, JMC | GRLDNK01, GUY00302, JMC00005 |
| ISL04900 | 33 | 6 | GUY, JMC | GUY00302, JMC00005 |
| ISL04900 | 39 | 6 | JMC | JMC00005 |
| ISR11000 | 28, 30, 32, 34, 36, 38, 40 | 7 | KOR | KOREASAT-2 |
| J 10985 | 1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13 | 7 | USA | INTELSAT7 174E, INTELSAT7 177E, INTELSAT7 180E |
| J 11100 | 1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13 | 7 | USA | INTELSAT7 174E, INTELSAT7 177E, INTELSAT7 180E |
| JOR22400 | 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12 | 7 | USA | INTELSAT7 328.5E, INTELSAT7 342E, INTELSAT7 359E |
| KAZ06600 | 1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13 | 7 | USA | INTELSAT7 342E, INTELSAT7 359E |
| KEN24900 | 28, 30, 32, 34, 36, 38, 40 | 7 | KOR | KOREASAT-2 |
| KGZ07000 | 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12 | 7 | USA | INTELSAT7 359E |
| KIR_100 | 1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13 | 7 | HOL, USA | INTELSAT7 174E, INTELSAT7 177E, INTELSAT7 180E, INTELSAT7 183E, INTELSAT IBS 183E, INTELSAT8 174E |
| KOR11200 | 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12 | 7 | USA | INTELSAT7 174E, INTELSAT7 177E, INTELSAT7 180E |
| KRE28600 | 1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13 | 7 | USA | INTELSAT7 174E, INTELSAT7 177E, INTELSAT7 180E |
| KWT11300 | 26 | 7 | J | JCSAT-3A, JCSAT-3B |
| KWT11300 | 28, 30, 32, 34, 36, 38, 40 | 7 | J, KOR | JCSAT-3A, JCSAT-3B, KOREASAT-2 |
| LAO28400 | 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12 | 7 | USA | INTELSAT7 174E, INTELSAT7 177E, INTELSAT7 180E |
| LBN27900 | 1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13 | 7 | USA | INTELSAT7 328.5E, INTELSAT7 342E, INTELSAT7 359E |
| LBR24400 | 1, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13 | 7 | HOL, USA | INTELSAT7 307E, INTELSAT7 310E, INTELSAT7 319.5E, INTELSAT7 328.5E, INTELSAT7 338.5E, INTELSAT7 342E, INTELSAT7 359E, INTELSAT8 319.5E, INTELSAT8 338.5E, INTELSAT8 328.5E |
| LBY_100 | 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12 | 7 | HOL, USA | INTELSAT7 307E, INTELSAT7 310E, INTELSAT7 328.5E, INTELSAT7 338.5E, INTELSAT7 342E, INTELSAT7 359E, INTELSAT8 338.5E, INTELSAT8 328.5E |
| LSO30500 | 1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13 | 7 | USA | INTELSAT7 310E, INTELSAT7 328.5E, INTELSAT7 342E, INTELSAT7 359E |
| LTU06100 | 1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13 | 7 | USA | INTELSAT7 307E, INTELSAT7 310E, INTELSAT7 328.5E, INTELSAT7 342E, INTELSAT7 359E |

| Beam name | Channels | Note | Affecting administrations* | Affecting networks/beams* |
|-----------|----------------------------|------|-------------------------------|---|
| LUX11400 | 1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13 | 7 | USA | INTELSAT7 307E, INTELSAT7 310E, INTELSAT7 328.5E, INTELSAT7 342E, INTELSAT7 359E |
| LVA06100 | 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12 | 7 | USA | INTELSAT7 307E, INTELSAT7 310E, INTELSAT7 328.5E, INTELSAT7 342E, INTELSAT7 359E |
| MAU_100 | 26 | 7 | J | JCSAT-3A, JCSAT-3B |
| MAU_100 | 28, 30, 32, 34, 36, 38, 40 | 7 | J, KOR | JCSAT-3A, JCSAT-3B, KOREASAT-2 |
| MCO11600 | 1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13 | 7 | USA | INTELSAT7 307E, INTELSAT7 310E, INTELSAT7 328.5E, INTELSAT7 342E, INTELSAT7 359E |
| MDG23600 | 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13 | 7 | USA | INTELSAT7 328.5E, INTELSAT7 342E, INTELSAT7 359E |
| MHL00000 | 4, 8, 12 | 7 | USA | INTELSAT7 174E, INTELSAT7 177E, INTELSAT7 180E |
| MLA_100 | 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12 | 7 | USA | INTELSAT7 174E, INTELSAT7 177E, INTELSAT7 180E |
| MLD30600 | 1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13 | 7 | USA | INTELSAT7 359E |
| MLI_100 | 1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13 | 7 | HOL, USA | INTELSAT7 307E, INTELSAT7 310E, INTELSAT7 328.5E, INTELSAT7 338.5E, INTELSAT7 342E, INTELSAT7 359E, INTELSAT IBS 342E, INTELSAT8 338.5E, INTELSAT8 328.5E |
| MNG24800 | 27 | 7 | J | JCSAT-3A, JCSAT-3B, JCSAT-1R, SUPERBIRD-C |
| MNG24800 | 29, 31, 33, 35, 37, 39 | 7 | CHN, J, KOR, MLA, THA | MEASAT-2, JCSAT-3A, JCSAT-3B, APSTAR-4, JCSAT-1R, THAICOM-A2B, SUPERBIRD-C, KOREASAT-2 |
| MOZ30700 | 2, 6, 10, 12 | 7 | USA | INTELSAT7 310E, INTELSAT7 328.5E, INTELSAT7 342E, INTELSAT7 359E |
| MRC20900 | 1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13 | 7 | HOL, USA | INTELSAT7 307E, INTELSAT7 310E, INTELSAT7 328.5E, INTELSAT7 338.5E, INTELSAT7 342E, INTELSAT7 359E, INTELSAT8 338.5E, INTELSAT8 328.5E |
| MTN_100 | 22, 24, 26 | 7 | USA | USASAT-26A |
| MWI30800 | 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12 | 7 | USA | INTELSAT7 328.5E, INTELSAT7 342E, INTELSAT7 359E |
| NCL10000 | 4, 6, 8, 10, 12 | 7 | USA | INTELSAT7 174E, INTELSAT7 177E, INTELSAT7 180E |
| NGR11500 | 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12 | 7 | HOL, USA | INTELSAT7 307E, INTELSAT7 310E, INTELSAT7 319.5E, INTELSAT7 328.5E, INTELSAT7 342E, INTELSAT7 359E, INTELSAT IBS 319.5E, INTELSAT8 319.5E, USASAT-26A, INTELSAT8 328.5E |
| NGR11500 | 14, 16, 18, 20 | 7 | USA | USASAT-26A |
| NOR12000 | 1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13 | 7 | USA | INTELSAT7 307E, INTELSAT7 310E, INTELSAT7 328.5E, INTELSAT7 342E, INTELSAT7 359E |
| NRU30900 | 1, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13 | 7 | USA | INTELSAT7 174E, INTELSAT7 177E, INTELSAT7 180E |
| NZL_100 | 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12 | 7 | USA | INTELSAT7 174E, INTELSAT7 177E, INTELSAT7 180E |
| OCE10100 | 2, 6, 8, 10, 12 | 7 | USA | INTELSAT7 174E, INTELSAT7 177E, INTELSAT7 180E |
| OMA12300 | 26 | 7 | J | JCSAT-3A, JCSAT-3B |
| OMA12300 | 28, 30, 32, 34, 36, 38, 40 | 7 | J, KOR | JCSAT-3A, JCSAT-3B, KOREASAT-2 |
| PAK12700 | 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12 | 7 | USA | INTELSAT7 359E |
| PHL28500 | 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12 | 7 | USA | INTELSAT7 174E, INTELSAT7 177E, INTELSAT7 180E |
| PLM33200 | 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12 | 7 | HOL | INTELSAT7 183E |

| Beam name | Channels | Note | Affecting administrations* | Affecting networks/beams* |
|-----------|----------------------------|------|-------------------------------|--|
| PLW00000 | 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12 | 7 | USA | INTELSAT7 174E, INTELSAT7 177E, INTELSAT7 180E |
| PNG13100 | 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12 | 7 | USA | INTELSAT7 174E, INTELSAT7 177E, INTELSAT7 180E |
| POR_100 | 1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13 | 7 | HOL, USA | INTELSAT7 307E, INTELSAT7 310E, INTELSAT7 319.5E, INTELSAT7 328.5E, INTELSAT7 342E, INTELSAT7 359E, INTELSAT8 319.5E, USASAT-26A, INTELSAT8 328.5E |
| POR_100 | 15, 17, 19 | 7 | USA | USASAT-26A |
| QAT24700 | 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12 | 7 | USA | INTELSAT7 342E, INTELSAT7 359E |
| ROU13600 | 1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13 | 7 | USA | INTELSAT7 307E, INTELSAT7 310E, INTELSAT7 328.5E, INTELSAT7 342E, INTELSAT7 359E |
| RRW31000 | 2, 6, 8, 10, 12 | 7 | USA | INTELSAT7 310E, INTELSAT7 328.5E, INTELSAT7 342E, INTELSAT7 359E |
| RUS-4 | 25 | 7 | J | JCSAT-3A, JCSAT-3B, JCSAT-1R, SUPERBIRD-C |
| RUS-4 | 26, 27 | 7 | CHN, J | ASIASAT-AK1, ASIASAT-CK1, ASIASAT-EK1, JCSAT-3A, JCSAT-3B, JCSAT-1R, SUPERBIRD-C |
| RUS-4 | 28 | 7 | CHN, J, KOR, MLA | ASIASAT-AK1, ASIASAT-CK1, ASIASAT-EK1, JCSAT-3A, JCSAT-3B, JCSAT-1R, SUPERBIRD-C, ASIASAT-CKX, MEASAT-2, KOREASAT-1, KOREASAT-2 |
| RUS-4 | 29 | 7 | CHN, J, KOR, MLA | ASIASAT-AK1, ASIASAT-CK1, ASIASAT-EK1, SJC-1, JCSAT-3A, JCSAT-3B, JCSAT-1R, SUPERBIRD-C, ASIASAT-CKX, MEASAT-2, KOREASAT-1, KOREASAT-2 |
| RUS-4 | 31, 33, 35, 37, 39 | 7 | CHN, J, KOR, MLA | ASIASAT-AK1, ASIASAT-CK1, ASIASAT-EK1, SJC-1, JCSAT-3A, JCSAT-3B, JCSAT-1R, SUPERBIRD-C, CHINASAT-6, ASIASAT-CKX, MEASAT-2, KOREASAT-1, KOREASAT-2 |
| SDN_100 | 29, 31, 33, 35, 37, 39 | 7 | KOR | KOREASAT-2 |
| SEN22200 | 23, 25 | 7 | USA | USASAT-26A |
| SEY00000 | 26 | 7 | J | JCSAT-3A, JCSAT-3B |
| SEY00000 | 28, 30, 32, 34, 36, 38, 40 | 7 | J, KOR | JCSAT-3A, JCSAT-3B, KOREASAT-2 |
| SLM00000 | 1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13 | 7 | USA | INTELSAT7 174E, INTELSAT7 177E, INTELSAT7 180E |
| SMO05700 | 1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13 | 7 | HOL, USA | INTELSAT7 174E, INTELSAT7 177E, INTELSAT7 180E, INTELSAT7 183E, INTELSAT IBS 183E, INTELSAT8 174E |
| SMR31100 | 1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13 | 7 | HOL, USA | INTELSAT7 307E, INTELSAT7 310E, INTELSAT7 319.5E, INTELSAT7 328.5E, INTELSAT7 342E, INTELSAT7 359E, INTELSAT8 319.5E, USASAT-26A, INTELSAT8 328.5E |
| SMR31100 | 15, 17, 19 | 7 | USA | USASAT-26A |
| SNG15100 | 1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13 | 7 | USA | INTELSAT7 174E, INTELSAT7 177E, INTELSAT7 180E |
| SOM31200 | 26 | 7 | J | JCSAT-3A, JCSAT-3B |
| SOM31200 | 28, 30, 32, 34, 36, 38, 40 | 7 | J, KOR | JCSAT-3A, JCSAT-3B, KOREASAT-2 |
| SRL25900 | 27 | 6 | GUY | GUY00302 |
| SRL25900 | 29, 39 | 6 | JMC | JMC00005 |
| SRL25900 | 31, 33, 35, 37 | 6 | GUY, JMC | GUY00302, JMC00005 |
| STP24100 | 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12 | 7 | USA | INTELSAT7 307E, INTELSAT7 310E, INTELSAT7 328.5E, INTELSAT7 342E, INTELSAT7 359E, INTELSAT7 359E |

| Beam name | Channels | Note | Affecting administrations* | Affecting networks/beams* |
|-----------|----------------------------|------|-------------------------------|--|
| SUI14000 | 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12 | 7 | HOL, USA | INTELSAT7 307E, INTELSAT7 310E, INTELSAT7 328.5E, INTELSAT7 338.5E, INTELSAT7 342E, INTELSAT7 359E, INTELSAT IBS 342E, INTELSAT8 338.5E, INTELSAT7 342E |
| SVK14401 | 7 | 7 | HOL, USA | INTELSAT7 307E, INTELSAT7 310E, INTELSAT7 328.5E, INTELSAT7 338.5E, INTELSAT7 342E, INTELSAT7 359E, INTELSAT8 338.5E |
| SVK14403 | 2 | 7 | HOL, USA | INTELSAT7 307E, INTELSAT7 310E, INTELSAT7 328.5E, INTELSAT7 338.5E, INTELSAT7 342E, INTELSAT7 359E, INTELSAT8 338.5E |
| SVN14800 | 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12 | 7 | USA | INTELSAT7 307E, INTELSAT7 310E, INTELSAT7 328.5E, INTELSAT7 342E, INTELSAT7 359E |
| SWZ31300 | 1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13 | 7 | USA | INTELSAT7 328.5E, INTELSAT7 342E, INTELSAT7 359E |
| SYR22900 | 28, 30, 32, 34, 36, 38, 40 | 7 | KOR | KOREASAT-2 |
| SYR33900 | 40 | 7 | KOR | KOREASAT-2 |
| TCD14300 | 1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13 | 7 | USA | INTELSAT7 307E, INTELSAT7 310E, INTELSAT7 328.5E, INTELSAT7 342E, INTELSAT7 359E |
| TGO22600 | 1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11 | 7 | HOL, USA | INTELSAT7 307E, INTELSAT7 310E, INTELSAT7 319.5E, INTELSAT7 328.5E, INTELSAT7 338.5E, INTELSAT7 342E, INTELSAT7 359E, INTELSAT8 319.5E, INTELSAT8 338.5E, INTELSAT8 328.5E |
| TGO22600 | 13 | 7 | E, HOL, USA | INTELSAT7 307E, INTELSAT7 310E, INTELSAT7 319.5E, INTELSAT7 328.5E, INTELSAT7 338.5E, INTELSAT7 342E, INTELSAT7 359E, INTELSAT8 319.5E, INTELSAT8 338.5E, INTELSAT8 328.5E, HISPASAT-2C3 KU |
| TGO22600 | 15, 17, 19 | 7 | Е | HISPASAT-1, HISPASAT-2C3 KU |
| THA14200 | 1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13 | 7 | USA | INTELSAT7 174E, INTELSAT7 177E, INTELSAT7 180E |
| TJK06900 | 26 | 7 | 1 | JCSAT-3A, JCSAT-3B, JCSAT-1R |
| TJK06900 | 28, 30, 32, 34, 36, 38, 40 | 7 | J, KOR, MLA | JCSAT-3A, JCSAT-3B, JCSAT-1R, MEASAT-2, KOREASAT-2 |
| TKM06800 | 26 | 7 | J | JCSAT-3A, JCSAT-3B |
| TKM06800 | 28, 30, 32, 34, 36, 38, 40 | 7 | J, KOR | JCSAT-3A, JCSAT-3B, KOREASAT-2 |
| TMP00000 | 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12 | 7 | USA | INTELSAT7 174E, INTELSAT7 177E, INTELSAT7 180E |
| TON21500 | 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12 | 7 | HOL, USA | INTELSAT7 174E, INTELSAT7 177E, INTELSAT7 180E, INTELSAT7 183E, INTELSAT8 174E |
| TUR14500 | 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12 | 7 | USA | INTELSAT7 310E, INTELSAT7 328.5E, INTELSAT7 342E, INTELSAT7 359E |
| TUV00000 | 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12 | 7 | HOL, USA | INTELSAT7 174E, INTELSAT7 177E, INTELSAT7 180E, INTELSAT7 183E, INTELSAT IBS 183E, INTELSAT8 174E |
| TZA22500 | 29, 31, 33, 35, 37, 39 | 7 | KOR | KOREASAT-2 |
| UAE27400 | 25, 27 | 7 | 1 | JCSAT-3A, JCSAT-3B |
| UAE27400 | 29, 31, 33, 35, 37, 39 | 7 | J, KOR | JCSAT-3A, JCSAT-3B, KOREASAT-2 |
| UGA05100 | 29, 31, 33, 35, 37, 39 | 7 | KOR | KOREASAT-2 |
| UKR06300 | 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12 | 7 | USA | INTELSAT7 307E, INTELSAT7 310E, INTELSAT7 328.5E, INTELSAT7 342E, INTELSAT7 359E |
| USAA_100 | 1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13 | 7 | HOL | INTELSAT7 183E |
| UZB07100 | 1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13 | 7 | USA | INTELSAT7 342E, INTELSAT7 359E |

| Beam name | Channels | Note | Affecting administrations* | Affecting networks/beams* |
|-----------|------------------------|------|-------------------------------|--|
| VTN32500 | 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12 | 7 | USA | INTELSAT7 174E, INTELSAT7 177E, INTELSAT7 180E |
| VUT12800 | 1, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13 | 7 | USA | INTELSAT7 174E, INTELSAT7 177E, INTELSAT7 180E |
| WAL10200 | 4, 8, 10, 12 | 7 | USA | INTELSAT7 174E, INTELSAT7 177E, INTELSAT7 180E |
| YEM_100 | 1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13 | 7 | USA | INTELSAT7 328.5E, INTELSAT7 342E, INTELSAT7 359E |
| YYY00000 | 29, 31, 33, 35, 37, 39 | 7 | KOR | KOREASAT-2 |
| ZMB31400 | 29, 31, 33, 35, 37, 39 | 7 | KOR | KOREASAT-2 |
| ZWE13500 | 1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13 | 7 | USA | INTELSAT7 307E, INTELSAT7 310E, INTELSAT7 328.5E, INTELSAT7 342E, INTELSAT7 359E |

* Administrations and corresponding networks/beams whose assignment(s) may cause interference to the beam shown in the left-hand column.

TABLE 4

Affecting administrations and corresponding terrestrial stations identified based on Note 8 in Section 11.2 of Article 11 of this Appendix

| Beam name | Channels | Affecting administrations* | Affecting terrestrial stations* |
|-----------|--|----------------------------|---------------------------------|
| EGY02600 | 2 | ISR | HERZILIYA |
| F 09300 | 24, 26 | SUI | GENEVE STUDIO C VOGT |
| F 09300 | 38, 40 | AUT | EHRWALD |
| I 08200 | 38, 40 | AUT | EHRWALD |
| JOR22400 | 2 | ISR | HERZILIYA, JERUSALEM |
| RUS-4 | 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 31, 33, 35, 37, 39 | J ¹ | |

* Administrations and corresponding terrestrial stations whose assignment(s) may cause interference to the beam shown in the left-hand column.

The identification of this administration is based on its typical terrestrial station assignments as recorded in the Master Register.

1

AP30

| ΤA | BI | Æ | 5 |
|-------|----|---|---|
| 1 / 1 | | | ~ |

| Channel No. | Assigned frequency (MHz) | Channel No. | Assigned frequency (MHz) |
|----------------|-----------------------------|----------------|-----------------------------|
| 1 | 11 727.48 | 21 | 12111.08 |
| 2 | 11746.66 | 22 | 12 130.26 |
| 3 | 11765.84 | 23 | 12149.44 |
| 4 | 11785.02 | 24 | 12168.62 |
| 5 | 11 804.20 | 25 | 12187.80 |
| 6 | 11 823.38 | 26 | 12 206.98 |
| 7 | 11 842.56 | 27 | 12226.16 |
| 8 | 11 861.74 | 28 | 12245.34 |
| 9 | 11 880.92 | 29 | 12264.52 |
| 10 | 11 900.10 | 30 | 12283.70 |
| 11 | 11919.28 | 31 | 12 302.88 |
| 12 | 11938.46 | 32 | 12322.06 |
| 13 | 11957.64 | 33 | 12341.24 |
| 14 | 11976.82 | 34 | 12360.42 |
| 15 | 11996.00 | 35 | 12379.60 |
| 16 | 12015.18 | 36 | 12398.78 |
| 17 | 12 034.36 | 37 | 12417.96 |
| 18 | 12 053.54 | 38 | 12437.14 |
| 19 | 12072.72 | 39 | 12456.32 |
| 20 | 12 091.90 | 40 | 12475.50 |

Table showing correspondence between channel numbers and assigned frequencies

Note – Assigned frequency = 11708.30 + 19.18 n, where *n* is the channel number.

TABLE 6A

Basic characteristics of the Regions 1 and 3 Plan (sorted by administration)

| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | | | 5 | | 6 | 7 | 8 | | 9 | | 1 | 0 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 |
|------------------|------------------------|---------------------|--------|--------|--------------------|------------------------|------------------|-------------------------------|----------------|--------------------|-----------------|-------------------|-------|-------|---------|----------|----------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------|--------|---------|
| | | | Bores | sight | | e station haracteri | | | | Space s antenna | | Earth st anten | | Polar | ization | | | | | | |
| Admin. symbol | Beam identification | Orbital Position | Long. | Lat. | Ma- jor axis | Minor axis | Orien- tation | Space station antenna code | Shaped beam | Co-polar | Cross- polar | Code | Gain | Туре | Angle | e.i.r.p. | Designation of emission | Identity of the space station | Group code | Status | Remarks |
| AFG | AFG100 | 50.00 | 65.88 | 33.86 | | | | CB_TSS_AFGA | | 42.71 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CL | | 58.4 | 27M0G7W | | | Р | 7 |
| AFS | AFS02100 | 4.80 | 24.50 | -28.00 | 3.13 | 1.68 | 27.00 | R13TSS | | 37.24 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CL | | 59.1 | 27M0G7W | | | Р | 5 |
| AGL | AGL29500 | -24.80 | 16.06 | -12.45 | 2.42 | 1.88 | 77.88 | R13TSS | | 37.87 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CL | | 59.1 | 27M0G7W | | | Р | 5, 7 |
| ALB | ALB29600 | 62.00 | 20.04 | 41.23 | 0.60 | 0.60 | 61.32 | R13TSS | | 48.88 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CL | | 58.9 | 27M0G7W | | | Р | |
| ALG | ALG_100 | -24.80 | 1.86 | 27.60 | | | | CB_TSS_ALGA | | 39.59 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CL | | 54.5 | 27M0G7W | | | Р | |
| AND | AND34100 | -37.00 | 1.60 | 42.50 | 0.60 | 0.60 | 0.00 | R13TSS | | 48.88 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CL | | 56.5 | 27M0G7W | | | Р | 7 |
| ARM | ARM06400 | 22.80 | 44.99 | 39.95 | 0.73 | 0.60 | 148.17 | R13TSS | | 48.02 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CR | | 58.9 | 27M0G7W | | | Р | 5, 7 |
| ARS | ARS100 | 17.00 | 44.72 | 23.76 | | | | CB_TSS_ARSA | | 37.81 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CL | | 57.7 | 27M0G7W | | 54 | Р | 5, 7 |
| ARS | ARS34000 | 17.00 | 52.30 | 24.80 | 2.68 | 0.70 | 143.00 | R13TSS | | 41.71 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CL | | 59.2 | 27M0G7W | | 54 | Р | 5, 7 |
| AUS | AUS00400 | 152.00 | 123.00 | -24.20 | 3.06 | 2.17 | 102.00 | R13TSS | | 36.22 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CR | | 58.2 | 27M0G7W | | 30 | Р | |
| AUS | AUS0040A | 152.00 | 96.83 | -12.19 | 0.60 | 0.60 | 0.00 | R13TSS | | 48.88 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CR | | 58.9 | 27M0G7W | | 30 | Р | |
| AUS | AUS0040B | 152.00 | 105.69 | -10.45 | 0.60 | 0.60 | 0.00 | R13TSS | | 48.88 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CR | | 58.9 | 27M0G7W | | 30 | Р | |
| AUS | AUS0040C | 152.00 | 110.52 | -66.28 | 0.60 | 0.60 | 0.00 | R13TSS | | 48.88 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CR | | 58.9 | 27M0G7W | | 30 | Р | |
| AUS | AUS00500 | 152.00 | 133.90 | -18.40 | 2.82 | 1.74 | 105.00 | R13TSS | | 37.53 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CL | | 59.4 | 27M0G7W | | | Р | |
| AUS | AUS00600 | 152.00 | 136.60 | -30.90 | 2.41 | 1.52 | 161.00 | R13TSS | | 38.80 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CL | | 58.4 | 27M0G7W | | | Р | |
| AUS | AUS00700 | 164.00 | 145.20 | -38.10 | 2.12 | 1.02 | 147.00 | R13TSS | | 41.09 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CR | | 58.5 | 27M0G7W | | 31 | Р | |
| AUS | AUS0070A | 164.00 | 158.94 | -54.50 | 0.60 | 0.60 | 0.00 | R13TSS | | 48.88 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CR | | 58.9 | 27M0G7W | | 31 | Р | |
| AUS | AUS00800 | 164.00 | 145.90 | -21.70 | 3.62 | 1.63 | 136.00 | R13TSS | | 36.73 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CL | | 58.8 | 27M0G7W | | | Р | |
| AUS | AUS00900 | 164.00 | 147.50 | -32.10 | 2.31 | 1.43 | 187.00 | R13TSS | | 39.25 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CR | | 59.3 | 27M0G7W | | 32 | Р | |
| AUS | AUS0090A | 164.00 | 159.06 | -31.52 | 0.60 | 0.60 | 0.00 | R13TSS | | 48.88 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CR | | 58.9 | 27M0G7W | | 32 | Р | |
| AUS | AUS0090B | 164.00 | 167.93 | -29.02 | 0.60 | 0.60 | 0.00 | R13TSS | | 48.88 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CR | | 58.9 | 27M0G7W | | 32 | Р | |
| AUS | AUSA_100 | 152.00 | 132.38 | -38.37 | | | | CB_TSS_AUSA | | 48.88 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CR | | 58.9 | 27M0G7W | | | Р | 5, 7 |
| AUS | AUSB_100 | 164.00 | 132.38 | -38.37 | | | | CB_TSS_AUSB | | 48.88 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CL | | 58.9 | 27M0G7W | | | Р | 7 |
| AUT | AUT01600 | -18.80 | 10.31 | 49.47 | 1.82 | 0.92 | 151.78 | MOD13FRTSS | | 42.19 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CR | | 59.1 | 27M0G7W | | | Р | |
| AZE | AZE06400 | 23.20 | 47.47 | 40.14 | 0.93 | 0.60 | 158.14 | R13TSS | | 46.98 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CL | | 58.9 | 27M0G7W | | | Р | 5, 7 |
| BDI | BDI27000 | 11.00 | 29.90 | -3.10 | 0.71 | 0.60 | 80.00 | R13TSS | | 48.15 | i i | MODRES | 35.50 | CL | | 58.4 | 27M0G7W | | İ | Р | |
| BEL | BEL01800 | 38.20 | 5.12 | 51.96 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 24.53 | MOD13FRTSS | | 44.45 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CL | | 55.5 | 27M0G7W | | 1 | Р | 5 |
| BEN | BEN23300 | -19.20 | 2.20 | 9.50 | 1.44 | 0.68 | 97.00 | R13TSS | | 44.54 | 1 | MODRES | 35.50 | CL | | 58.3 | 27M0G7W | | i | Р | 5, 7 |
| BFA | BFA10700 | -30.00 | -1.50 | 12.20 | 1.45 | 1.14 | 29.00 | R13TSS | | 42.26 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CL | | 57.0 | 27M0G7W | | | Р | 5, 7 |
| BGD | BGD22000 | 74.00 | 90.30 | 23.60 | 1.46 | 0.84 | 135.00 | R13TSS | | 43.56 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CR | | 58.7 | 27M0G7W | | 1 | Р | |
| BHR | BHR25500 | 34.00 | 50.50 | 26.10 | 0.60 | 0.60 | 0.00 | MOD13FRTSS | | 48.88 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CR | | 54.5 | 27M0G7W | | 1 | Р | 5, 7 |
| BIH | BIH14800 | 56.00 | 18.22 | 43.97 | 0.60 | 0.60 | 90.00 | R13TSS | | 48.88 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CL | | 58.9 | 27M0G7W | | 1 | Р | 7 |
| BLR | BLR06200 | 37.80 | 27.91 | 53.06 | 1.21 | 0.60 | 11.47 | R13TSS | | 45.83 | | MODRES | 35.50 | | | 58.9 | 27M0G7W | | | Р | 7 |

| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | | | 5 | | 6 | 7 | 8 | | 9 | | 1 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 |
|------------------|------------------------|---------------------|--------|--------|--------------------|------------------------|------------------|-------------------------------|----------------|---------------------|-----------------|-------------------|-------|-------|---------|----------|----------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------|--------|---------|
| | | | Bores | sight | | e station haracteri | | | | Space st antenna | | Earth st anten | | Polar | ization | | | | | | |
| Admin. symbol | Beam identification | Orbital Position | Long. | Lat. | Ma- jor axis | Minor axis | Orien- tation | Space station antenna code | Shaped beam | Co-polar | Cross- polar | Code | Gain | Туре | Angle | e.i.r.p. | Designation of emission | Identity of the space station | Group code | Status | Remarks |
| BOT | BOT29700 | -0.80 | 23.30 | -22.20 | 2.13 | 1.50 | 36.00 | R13TSS | | 39.40 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CL | | 58.7 | 27M0G7W | | | Р | 5 |
| BRM | BRM29800 | 104.00 | 96.97 | 18.67 | 3.33 | 1.66 | 91.58 | R13TSS | | 37.04 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CL | | 58.9 | 27M0G7W | | | Р | 7 |
| BRU | BRU33000 | 74.00 | 114.70 | 4.40 | 0.60 | 0.60 | 0.00 | R13TSS | | 48.88 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CR | | 57.5 | 27M0G7W | | 1 | Р | 7 |
| BTN | BTN03100 | 86.00 | 90.44 | 27.05 | 0.72 | 0.60 | 175.47 | R13TSS | | 48.11 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CR | | 58.9 | 27M0G7W | | 1 | Р | |
| BUL | BUL02000 | -1.20 | 25.00 | 43.00 | 1.04 | 0.60 | 165.00 | R13TSS | | 46.50 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CL | | 58.6 | 27M0G7W | | 1 | Р | 5 |
| CAF | CAF25800 | -13.20 | 21.00 | 6.30 | 2.25 | 1.68 | 31.00 | R13TSS | | 38.67 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CL | | 59.3 | 27M0G7W | | | Р | 5 |
| CBG | CBG29900 | 86.00 | 104.82 | 12.34 | 1.04 | 0.86 | 9.45 | R13TSS | 1 | 44.91 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CR | | 59.3 | 27M0G7W | | | Р | 7 |
| CHN | CHN15500 | 62.00 | 88.18 | 31.20 | 3.03 | 1.24 | 163.23 | R13TSS | | 38.69 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CL | | 57.9 | 27M0G7W | | | Р | 7 |
| CHN | CHN15800 | 134.00 | 113.29 | 39.70 | 2.80 | 1.55 | 35.44 | R13TSS | | 38.07 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CR | | 57.0 | 27M0G7W | | | Р | 7 |
| CHN | CHN19000 | 122.00 | 114.17 | 23.32 | 0.91 | 0.60 | 2.88 | MOD13FRTSS | | 47.08 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CR | | 58.9 | 27M0G7W | | | Р | 7 |
| CHN | CHN20000 | 122.00 | 113.55 | 22.20 | 0.60 | 0.60 | 0.00 | MOD13FRTSS | | 48.88 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CL | | 57.0 | 27M0G7W | | | Р | 7 |
| CHN | CHNA_100 | 62.00 | 90.56 | 39.22 | | | | CB_TSS_CHNA | | 40.01 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CR | | 58.5 | 27M0G7W | | | Р | 7 |
| CHN | CHNC 100 | 134.00 | 105.77 | 27.56 | | | | CB TSS CHNC | | 39.51 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CL | | 57.1 | 27M0G7W | | | Р | 7 |
| CHN | CHNE_100 | 92.20 | 114.96 | 20.16 | | | | CB_TSS_CHNE | | 44.74 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CL | | 59.4 | 27M0G7W | | | Р | 7 |
| CHN | CHNF 100 | 92.20 | 123.54 | 45.78 | | | | CB TSS CHNF | | 43.71 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CR | | 60.4 | 27M0G7W | | | Р | 5, 7 |
| CLN | CLN21900 | 50.00 | 80.60 | 7.70 | 1.18 | 0.60 | 106.00 | R13TSS | | 45.95 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CL | | 56.7 | 27M0G7W | | | Р | 7 |
| CME | CME30000 | -13.00 | 12.70 | 6.20 | 2.54 | 1.68 | 87.00 | R13TSS | | 38.15 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CR | | 58.5 | 27M0G7W | | | Р | 5 |
| COD | COD 100 | -19.20 | 21.85 | -3.40 | | | | CB TSS CODA | | 38.36 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CR | | 59.7 | 27M0G7W | | | Р | 5,7 |
| COG | COG23500 | -13.20 | 14.60 | -0.70 | 2.02 | 1.18 | 59.00 | R13TSS | | 40.67 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CL | | 58.8 | 27M0G7W | | | Р | 5, 7 |
| COM | COM20700 | 29.00 | 44.10 | -12.10 | 0.76 | 0.60 | 149.00 | R13TSS | | 47.86 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CR | | 58.1 | 27M0G7W | | | Р | 7 |
| CPV | CPV30100 | -33.50 | -24.12 | 16.09 | 0.77 | 0.63 | 94.46 | R13TSS | 1 | 47.56 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CL | | 57.2 | 27M0G7W | | | Р | 5, 7 |
| CTI | CTI23700 | -24.80 | -5.78 | 7.19 | 1.50 | 1.26 | 111.74 | R13TSS | | 41.67 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CL | | 58.8 | 27M0G7W | | | Р | 5, 7 |
| CVA | CVA08300 | -1.20 | 13.02 | 42.09 | 0.75 | 0.66 | 20.53 | R13TSS | | 47.50 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CR | | 60.2 | 27M0G7W | | | Р | 5, 7 |
| CVA | CVA08500 | -1.20 | 12.59 | 41.09 | 1.72 | 1.31 | 144.13 | MOD13FRTSS | | 40.92 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CR | | 56.5 | 27M0G7W | | | Р | 5 |
| CYP | CYP08600 | -1.20 | 33.45 | 35.12 | 0.60 | 0.60 | 0.00 | MOD13FRTSS | | 48.88 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CR | | 56.1 | 27M0G7W | | | Р | 5, 7 |
| CZE | CZE14401 | -12.80 | 16.77 | 46.78 | 1.71 | 0.89 | 149.15 | MOD13FRTSS | | 42.64 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CL | | 58.8 | 27M0G7W | | | Р | 5,7 |
| CZE | CZE14402 | -12.80 | 16.77 | 46.78 | 1.71 | 0.89 | 149.15 | MOD13FRTSS | | 42.64 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CR | | 58.8 | 27M0G7W | | | Р | 5 |
| CZE | CZE14403 | -12.80 | 16.77 | 46.78 | 1.71 | 0.89 | 149.15 | MOD13FRTSS | | 42.64 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CR | | 58.8 | 27M0G7W | | 37 | Р | 5, 7 |
| D | D 08700 | -18.80 | 10.31 | 49.47 | 1.82 | 0.92 | 151.78 | MOD13FRTSS | 1 | 42.19 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CR | | 59.1 | 27M0G7W | | i | Р | 7 |
| DJI | DJI09900 | 16.80 | 42.68 | 11.68 | 0.60 | 0.60 | 90.00 | R13TSS | | 48.88 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CL | | 57.5 | 27M0G7W | | | Р | 7 |
| DNK | DNK_100 | -25.20 | 2.92 | 59.62 | | | | CB_TSS_DNKA | 1 | 48.88 | | MODRES | 35.50 | | | 58.3 | 27M0G7W | | i | Р | 5, 7 |
| DNK | DNK090XR | -33.50 | 13.27 | 60.86 | 1.99 | 0.63 | 151.38 | MOD13FRTSS | | 43.48 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CR | | 54.5 | 27M0G7W | | 1 | Р | 6 |
| DNK | DNK091XR | -33.50 | -15.16 | 63.67 | 1.56 | 0.60 | 170.63 | MOD13FRTSS | 1 | 44.73 | | MODRES | 35.50 | | | 58.6 | 27M0G7W | | | Р | 6 |
| E | E 100 | -30.00 | -9.40 | 34.15 | | | | CB TSS E A | | 44.79 | | MODRES | 35.50 | - | | 58.9 | 27M0G7W | İ | 01 | P | |
| E | HISP33D1 | -30.00 | -4.00 | 39.00 | | | | | COP | 39.80 | 5.50 | MODRES | 35.50 | | | 57.6 | 33M0G7W | HISPASAT-1 | 01 | PE | |
| E | HISP33D2 | -30.00 | -4.00 | 39.00 | | | | | COP | 39.80 | 5.50 | MODRES | 32.50 | - | | 57.6 | 33M0G7W | HISPASAT-1 | 01 | PE | |

| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | | | 5 | | 6 | 7 | 8 | | 9 | | 1 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 |
|------------------|------------------------|---------------------|---------|--------|--------------------|------------------------|------------------|-------------------------------|----------------|--------------------|-----------------|-------------------|-------|-------|---------|----------|----------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------|--------|---------|
| | | | Bores | sight | | e station haracteri | | | | Space s antenna | | Earth st anten | | Polar | ization | | | | | | |
| Admin. symbol | Beam identification | Orbital Position | Long. | Lat. | Ma- jor axis | Minor axis | Orien- tation | Space station antenna code | Shaped beam | Co-polar | Cross- polar | Code | Gain | Туре | Angle | e.i.r.p. | Designation of emission | Identity of the space station | Group code | Status | Remarks |
| E | HISPA27D | -30.00 | -4.00 | 39.00 | | | | ĺ | COP | 39.80 | 5.50 | MODRES | 38.43 | CL | | 57.6 | 27M0G7W | HISPASAT-1 | 01 | PE | |
| E | HISPASA4 | -30.00 | -4.00 | 39.00 | | | | | COP | 39.80 | 5.50 | MODRES | 38.43 | CL | | 57.6 | 27M0F8W | HISPASAT-1 | 01 | PE | |
| EGY | EGY02600 | -7.00 | 29.70 | 26.80 | 2.33 | 1.72 | 136.00 | R13TSS | | 38.42 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CL | | 58.1 | 27M0G7W | | 12 | Р | 5, 7, 8 |
| ERI | ERI09200 | 22.80 | 39.41 | 14.98 | 1.67 | 0.95 | 145.48 | R13TSS | | 42.44 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CR | | 58.9 | 27M0G7W | | | Р | 7 |
| EST | EST06100 | 44.50 | 25.06 | 58.60 | 0.77 | 0.60 | 12.27 | R13TSS | | 47.81 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CR | | 58.7 | 27M0G7W | | | Р | 5, 7 |
| ETH | ETH09200 | 36.00 | 40.29 | 8.95 | 2.87 | 2.16 | 174.06 | R13TSS | | 36.52 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CL | | 58.7 | 27M0G7W | | | Р | 7 |
| F | F 09300 | -7.00 | 3.52 | 45.41 | 2.22 | 1.15 | 159.34 | R13TSS | | 40.39 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CL | | 58.8 | 27M0G7W | | 21 | Р | 5, 8 |
| F | F100 | -7.00 | 50.00 | -15.65 | | | | CB_TSS_F_A | | 48.88 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CR | | 58.9 | 27M0G7W | | | Р | 5, 7 |
| F | NCL10000 | 140.00 | 166.00 | -21.00 | 1.14 | 0.72 | 146.00 | R13TSS | | 45.30 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CR | | 58.7 | 27M0G7W | | | Р | 7 |
| F | OCE10100 | -160.00 | -145.00 | -16.30 | 4.34 | 3.54 | 4.00 | R13TSS | | 32.58 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CL | | 58.5 | 27M0G7W | | | Р | 5, 7 |
| F | WAL10200 | 140.00 | -176.80 | -14.00 | 0.74 | 0.60 | 29.00 | R13TSS | | 47.97 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CR | | 59.4 | 27M0G7W | | | Р | 7 |
| FIN | FIN10300 | 22.80 | 22.50 | 64.50 | 1.38 | 0.76 | 171.00 | MOD13FRTSS | | 44.24 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CL | | 54.5 | 27M0G7W | | 52 | Р | |
| FIN | FIN10400 | 22.80 | 15.87 | 61.15 | 2.24 | 0.91 | 16.70 | MOD13FRTSS | | 41.37 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CL | | 54.5 | 27M0G7W | | 52 | Р | |
| FJI | FJI19300 | -178.00 | 179.62 | -17.87 | 1.16 | 0.92 | 155.22 | R13TSS | | 44.16 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CR | | 58.7 | 27M0G7W | | | Р | 5, 7 |
| FSM | FSM00000 | 158.00 | 151.90 | 5.48 | 5.15 | 1.57 | 167.00 | R13TSS | | 35.38 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CR | | 58.9 | 27M0G7W | | | Р | 5, 7 |
| G | G 02700 | -33.50 | -3.50 | 53.80 | 1.84 | 0.72 | 142.00 | R13TSS | | 43.23 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CR | | 58.0 | 27M0G7W | | | Р | 5, 7 |
| GAB | GAB26000 | -13.20 | 11.80 | -0.60 | 1.43 | 1.12 | 64.00 | R13TSS | | 42.40 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CR | | 58.3 | 27M0G7W | | | Р | 5, 7 |
| GEO | GEO06400 | 23.20 | 43.35 | 42.27 | 1.11 | 0.60 | 161.21 | R13TSS | | 46.23 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CR | | 58.9 | 27M0G7W | | | Р | 7 |
| GHA | GHA10800 | -25.00 | -1.20 | 7.90 | 1.48 | 1.06 | 102.00 | R13TSS | | 42.49 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CR | | 58.6 | 27M0G7W | | | Р | |
| GMB | GMB30200 | -37.20 | -15.10 | 13.40 | 0.79 | 0.60 | 4.00 | R13TSS | | 47.69 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CL | | 58.3 | 27M0G7W | | | Р | 5, 7 |
| GNB | GNB30400 | -30.00 | -15.00 | 12.00 | 0.90 | 0.60 | 172.00 | R13TSS | | 47.12 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CL | | 58.1 | 27M0G7W | | | Р | 5, 7 |
| GNE | GNE30300 | -18.80 | 10.30 | 1.50 | 0.68 | 0.60 | 10.00 | R13TSS | | 48.34 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CL | | 58.8 | 27M0G7W | | | Р | |
| GRC | GRC10500 | -1.20 | 24.51 | 38.08 | 1.70 | 0.95 | 152.97 | MOD13FRTSS | | 42.40 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CL | | 56.3 | 27M0G7W | | | Р | 5, 7 |
| GUI | GUI19200 | -37.00 | -11.00 | 10.20 | 1.58 | 1.04 | 147.00 | R13TSS | | 42.29 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CR | | 58.4 | 27M0G7W | | | Р | 5, 7 |
| HNG | HNG10601 | -12.80 | 16.77 | 46.78 | 1.71 | 0.89 | 149.15 | MOD13FRTSS | | 42.64 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CL | | 59.3 | 27M0G7W | | | Р | 5, 7 |
| HNG | HNG10602 | -12.80 | 16.77 | 46.78 | 1.71 | 0.89 | 149.15 | MOD13FRTSS | i i | 42.64 | | MODRES | 35.50 | | | 59.3 | 27M0G7W | | İ | Р | 5, 7 |
| HNG | HNG10603 | -12.80 | 16.77 | 46.78 | 1.71 | 0.89 | 149.15 | MOD13FRTSS | i i | 42.64 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CR | | 59.3 | 27M0G7W | | 37 | Р | 5, 7 |
| HOL | HOL21300 | 38.20 | 5.12 | 51.96 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 24.53 | MOD13FRTSS | 1 | 44.45 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CL | | 58.5 | 27M0G7W | | i – | Р | 5, 7 |
| HRV | HRV14801 | -12.80 | 16.77 | 46.78 | 1.71 | 0.89 | 149.15 | MOD13FRTSS | 1 | 42.64 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CL | | 58.8 | 27M0G7W | | i – | Р | 5, 7 |
| HRV | HRV14802 | -12.80 | 16.77 | 46.78 | 1.71 | 0.89 | 149.15 | MOD13FRTSS | | 42.64 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CR | | 58.8 | 27M0G7W | | 1 | Р | 5, 7 |
| HRV | HRV14803 | -12.80 | 16.77 | 46.78 | 1.71 | 0.89 | 149.15 | MOD13FRTSS | | 42.64 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CR | | 58.8 | 27M0G7W | | 37 | Р | 5, 7 |
| 1 | 1 08200 | 9.00 | 12.67 | 40.74 | 1.99 | 1.35 | 144.20 | R13TSS | | 40.14 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CR | | 54.5 | 27M0G7W | | 1 | Р | 5, 8 |
| IND | IND03700 | 68.00 | 93.00 | 25.50 | 1.46 | 1.13 | | R13TSS | | 42.27 | | MODRES | 35.50 | | | 58.9 | 27M0G7W | | | Р | 7 |
| IND | IND04700 | 68.00 | 93.30 | 11.10 | 1.92 | 0.60 | | R13TSS | | 43.83 | | MODRES | 35.50 | - | | 58.4 | 27M0G7W | | | P | 7 |
| IND | INDA 100 | 55.80 | 76.16 | 14.72 | | | | CB TSS INDA | | 45.66 | | MODRES | 35.50 | - | | 58.8 | 27M0G7W | | | P | 7 |
| IND | INDB 100 | 55.80 | 83.43 | 24.22 | | | | CB TSS INDB | | 43.15 | | MODRES | 35.50 | | | | 27M0G7W | | 1 | P. | 7 |

| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | | | 5 | | 6 | 7 | 8 | | 9 | | 1 | 0 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 |
|--------|----------------|----------|---------|--------|--------------------|------------------------|------------------|-------------------------------|----------------|--------------------|-----------------|-------------------|-------|-------|---------|----------|----------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------|--------|----------|
| Admin. | Beam | Orbital | Bores | ight | | e station haracteri | | En accentation | Shamad | Space s antenna | | Earth st anten | | Polar | ization | | Designation | Idontity of the | Carrow | | |
| symbol | identification | Position | Long. | Lat. | Ma- jor axis | Minor axis | Orien- tation | Space station antenna code | Shaped beam | Co-polar | Cross- polar | Code | Gain | Туре | Angle | e.i.r.p. | Designation of emission | Identity of the space station | Group code | Status | Remarks |
| IND | INDD_100 | 68.00 | 74.37 | 29.16 | | | | CB_TSS_INDD | | 41.80 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CR | | 59.3 | 27M0G7W | | | Р | 7 |
| INS | INSA_100 | 80.20 | 108.82 | -0.73 | | | | CB_TSS_INSA | | 38.88 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CR | | 59.2 | 27M0G7W | | | Р | 7 |
| INS | INSB_100 | 104.00 | 129.75 | -3.50 | | | | CB_TSS_INSB | | 37.53 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CL | | 58.8 | 27M0G7W | | | Р | 7 |
| IRL | IRL21100 | -37.20 | -8.25 | 53.22 | 0.72 | 0.60 | 157.56 | R13TSS | | 48.08 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CL | | 59.2 | 27M0G7W | | | Р | 5, 7 |
| IRN | IRN10900 | 34.00 | 54.20 | 32.40 | 3.82 | 1.82 | 149.00 | R13TSS | | 36.03 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CL | | 57.8 | 27M0G7W | | | Р | 7 |
| IRQ | IRQ25600 | 50.00 | 43.78 | 33.28 | 1.74 | 1.23 | 156.76 | R13TSS | | 41.14 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CL | | 58.3 | 27M0G7W | | | Р | 7 |
| ISL | ISL04900 | -33.50 | -19.00 | 64.90 | 1.00 | 0.60 | 177.00 | R13TSS | | 46.67 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CL | | 60.8 | 27M0G7W | | | Р | 5, 6 |
| ISL | ISL05000 | -33.50 | -15.35 | 63.25 | 1.58 | 0.60 | 169.00 | R13TSS | | 44.67 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CR | | 57.3 | 27M0G7W | | | Р | 5 |
| ISR | ISR11000 | -4.00 | 34.95 | 31.32 | 0.73 | 0.60 | 110.02 | R13TSS | | 48.01 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CR | | 58.8 | 27M0G7W | | | Р | 7 |
| J | 000BS-3N | 109.85 | 134.50 | 31.50 | 3.52 | 3.30 | 68.00 | R13TSS | | 33.80 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CR | | • | 27M0F8W | BS-3N | 02 | PE | |
| J | J 10985 | 109.85 | 134.50 | 31.50 | 3.52 | 3.30 | 68.00 | R13TSS | | 33.80 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CR | | * | 34M5G7W | | 02 | Р | 5, 7 |
| J | J 11100 | 110.00 | 134.50 | 31.50 | 3.52 | 3.30 | 68.00 | R13TSS | | 33.80 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CR | | • | 34M5G7W | | 02 | Р | 5,7 |
| J | J 1110E | 110.00 | 134.50 | 31.50 | 3.52 | 3.30 | 68.00 | R13TSS | | 33.80 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CR | | • | 27M0F8W | BS-3M | 02 | PE | |
| JOR | JOR22400 | 11.00 | 37.55 | 34.02 | 1.47 | 0.91 | 73.16 | MOD13FRTSS | | 43.19 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CL | | 55.5 | 27M0G7W | | | Р | 7,8 |
| KAZ | KAZ06600 | 56.40 | 65.73 | 46.40 | 4.58 | 1.76 | 177.45 | R13TSS | | 35.38 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CR | | 58.9 | 27M0G7W | | | Р | 7 |
| KEN | KEN24900 | -0.80 | 37.95 | 0.92 | 2.13 | 1.34 | 98.35 | R13TSS | | 39.90 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CL | | 58.7 | 27M0G7W | | | Р | 5,7 |
| KGZ | KGZ07000 | 50.00 | 73.91 | 41.32 | 1.47 | 0.64 | 5.05 | R13TSS | | 44.75 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CR | | 59.0 | 27M0G7W | | | Р | 7 |
| KIR | KIR 100 | 176.00 | -170.31 | -0.56 | | | | CB TSS KIRA | | 42.58 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CL | | 58.9 | 27M0G7W | | | Р | 5,7 |
| KOR | K011201D | 116.00 | 127.50 | 36.00 | 1.24 | 1.02 | 168.00 | R13TSS | | 43.40 | | MODRES | 38.43 | CL | | ** | 27M0G7W | KOREASAT-1 | 03 | PE | |
| KOR | KOR11200 | 116.00 | 127.50 | 36.00 | 1.24 | 1.02 | 168.00 | R13TSS | | 43.80 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CL | | *** | 27M0G7W | | 03 | Р | 7 |
| KOR | KOR11201 | 116.00 | 127.50 | 36.00 | 1.24 | 1.02 | 168.00 | R13TSS | | 43.40 | | MODRES | 38.43 | CL | | ** | 27M0F8W | KOREASAT-1 | 03 | PE | <u> </u> |
| KRE | KRE28600 | 140.00 | 128.45 | 40.32 | 1.63 | 0.68 | 18.89 | R13TSS | | 44.00 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CL | | 59.0 | 27M0G7W | | | Р | 5, 7 |
| KWT | KWT11300 | 11.00 | 47.48 | 29.12 | 0.60 | 0.60 | | R13TSS | | 48.88 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CR | | 58.2 | 27M0G7W | | 1 | P | 5,7 |
| LAO | LAO28400 | 122.20 | 103.71 | 18.17 | 1.87 | 1.03 | 123.99 | MOD13FRTSS | | 41.60 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CR | | 58.8 | 33M0G7W | | 1 | Р | 7 |
| LBN | LBN27900 | 11.00 | 37.55 | 34.02 | 1.47 | 0.91 | 73.16 | MOD13FRTSS | | 43.19 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CR | | 55.5 | 27M0G7W | | | Р | 7 |
| LBR | LBR24400 | -33.50 | -9.30 | 6.60 | 1.22 | 0.70 | | R13TSS | | 45.13 | | MODRES | | CR | | 58.2 | 27M0G7W | | | P | 5, 7 |
| LBY | LBY 100 | -24.80 | 17.62 | 26.55 | | | | CB TSS LBYA | | 40.30 | | MODRES | 35.50 | - | | 58.0 | 27M0G7W | | | P | 5.7 |
| LIE | LIE25300 | -18.80 | 10.31 | 49.47 | 1.82 | 0.92 | 151.78 | MOD13FRTSS | | 42.19 | | MODRES | 35.50 | | | 59.1 | 27M0G7W | | | P | |
| LSO | LSO30500 | 4.80 | 27.80 | -29.80 | 0.66 | 0.60 | 36.00 | R13TSS | | 48.47 | | MODRES | 35.50 | | | 59.2 | 27M0G7W | | | P | 7 |
| LTU | LTU06100 | 23.20 | 24.51 | 56.09 | | | | CB TSS LTUA | | 48.21 | | MODRES | | CL | | 56.9 | 27M0G7W | | | P | 7 |
| LUX | LUX11400 | 28.20 | 5.21 | 49.20 | 0.60 | 0.60 | 90.00 | R13TSS | | 48.88 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CL | | 57.9 | 27M0G7W | | 09 | Р | 7 |
| LVA | LVA06100 | 23.20 | 24.51 | 56.09 | | | | CB TSS LVAA | | 48.21 | | MODRES | 35.50 | - | | 56.9 | 27M0G7W | | | P | 7 |

* Channel 1: 58.2 dBW, channels 3, 5, 7: 59.2 dBW, channels 9, 11, 13: 59.3 dBW, other channels: 59.4 dBW.

** Channels 2, 4, 6: 63.6 dBW, channels 8, 10, 12: 63.7 dBW.

*** Channels 2, 4, 6: 59.0 dBW, other channels: 59.1 dBW.

| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | | | 5 | | 6 | 7 | 8 | | 9 | | : | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 |
|------------------|------------------------|----------|---------|--------|--------------------|------------------------|------------------|-------------------------------|----------------|--------------------|-----------------|-------------------|-------|-------|---------|----------|----------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------|--------|----------|
| | Dura | Orbital | Bores | sight | | e station haracteri | | Second at the | Characteria | Space s antenna | | Earth st anten | | Polar | ization | | Defenden | Linder Cali | 6 | | |
| Admin. symbol | Beam identification | Position | Long. | Lat. | Ma- jor axis | Minor axis | Orien- tation | Space station antenna code | Shaped beam | Co-polar | Cross- polar | Code | Gain | Туре | Angle | e.i.r.p. | Designation of emission | Identity of the space station | Group code | Status | Remarks |
| MAU | MAU_100 | 29.00 | 58.61 | -15.88 | | | | CB_TSS_MAUA | | 41.42 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CL | | 59.0 | 27M0G7W | | | Р | 5, 7 |
| MCO | MCO11600 | 34.20 | 7.93 | 43.59 | 1.28 | 0.60 | 21.73 | MOD13FRTSS | | 45.58 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CL | | 58.6 | 27M0G7W | | | Р | 7 |
| MDA | MDA06300 | 50.00 | 28.45 | 46.99 | 0.60 | 0.60 | 90.00 | R13TSS | | 48.88 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CR | | 58.9 | 27M0G7W | | | Р | 5 |
| MDG | MDG23600 | 29.00 | 46.60 | -18.80 | 2.72 | 1.14 | 65.00 | R13TSS | | 39.53 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CL | | 58.3 | 27M0G7W | | | Р | 7 |
| MHL | MHL00000 | 146.00 | 167.64 | 9.83 | 2.07 | 0.90 | 157.42 | R13TSS | | 41.75 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CR | | 59.0 | 27M0G7W | | | Р | 5, 7 |
| MKD | MKD14800 | 22.80 | 21.61 | 41.56 | 0.60 | 0.60 | 90.00 | R13TSS | | 48.88 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CR | | 58.9 | 27M0G7W | | | Р | |
| MLA | MLA100 | 91.50 | 108.05 | 4.00 | | | | CB_TSS_MLAA | | 43.00 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CR | | 58.4 | 27M0G7W | | | Р | 7 |
| MLD | MLD30600 | 50.00 | 72.95 | 5.78 | 1.19 | 0.91 | 104.53 | R13TSS | | 44.09 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CR | | 58.7 | 27M0G7W | | | Р | 7 |
| MLI | MLI_100 | -19.20 | -5.35 | 17.11 | | | | CB_TSS_MLIB | | 41.21 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CR | | 58.7 | 27M0G7W | | | Р | 5, 7 |
| MLT | MLT14700 | 22.80 | 14.40 | 35.90 | 0.60 | 0.60 | 0.00 | R13TSS | | 48.88 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CR | | 56.0 | 27M0G7W | | | Р | |
| MNG | MNG24800 | 74.00 | 102.20 | 46.60 | 3.60 | 1.13 | 169.00 | R13TSS | | 38.35 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CR | | 59.0 | 27M0G7W | | | Р | 5, 7 |
| MOZ | MOZ30700 | -1.00 | 34.00 | -18.00 | 3.57 | 1.38 | 55.00 | R13TSS | | 37.52 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CL | | 59.2 | 27M0G7W | | | Р | 5, 7 |
| MRC | MRC20900 | -25.20 | -8.95 | 28.98 | 3.56 | 1.23 | 49.23 | R13TSS | | 38.02 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CR | | 54.9 | 27M0G7W | | | Р | 5, 7 |
| MTN | MTN_100 | -36.80 | -10.52 | 19.66 | | | | CB_TSS_MTNA | | 41.91 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CR | | 55.5 | 27M0G7W | | | Р | 5, 7 |
| MWI | MWI30800 | 4.80 | 33.79 | -13.25 | 1.56 | 0.70 | 92.69 | R13TSS | | 44.10 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CR | | 59.2 | 27M0G7W | | | Р | 7 |
| NGR | NGR11500 | -37.20 | 7.63 | 17.01 | 2.20 | 1.80 | 102.40 | R13TSS | | 38.48 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CL | | 59.5 | 27M0G7W | | | Р | 5, 7 |
| NIG | NIG11900 | -19.20 | 7.80 | 9.40 | 2.16 | 2.02 | 45.00 | R13TSS | | 38.05 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CR | | 58.9 | 27M0G7W | | | Р | |
| NMB | NMB02500 | -18.80 | 17.50 | -21.60 | 2.66 | 1.90 | 48.00 | R13TSS | | 37.41 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CL | | 59.7 | 27M0G7W | | | Р | |
| NOR | NOR12000 | -0.80 | 13.42 | 62.76 | 1.43 | 0.60 | 19.61 | MOD13FRTSS | | 45.10 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CL | | 56.2 | 27M0G7W | | 06 | Р | 5, 7 |
| NOR | NOR12100 | -0.80 | 18.00 | 60.23 | 1.67 | 0.83 | 23.85 | R13TSS | | 43.02 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CL | | 57.8 | 27M0G7W | | 06 | Р | |
| NPL | NPL12200 | 50.00 | 83.70 | 28.30 | 1.72 | 0.60 | 163.00 | R13TSS | | 44.31 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CR | | 59.6 | 27M0G7W | | | Р | |
| NRU | NRU30900 | 134.00 | 167.00 | -0.50 | 0.60 | 0.60 | 0.00 | R13TSS | | 48.88 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CL | | 57.5 | 27M0G7W | | | Р | 7 |
| NZL | NZL 100 | 158.00 | -170.68 | -19.72 | | | | CB TSS NZLA | | 48.88 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CL | | 59.6 | 27M0G7W | | | Р | 5, 7 |
| OMA | OMA12300 | 17.20 | 55.60 | 21.00 | 1.88 | 1.02 | 100.00 | R13TSS | | 41.62 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CR | | 58.3 | 27M0G7W | | | Р | 5, 7 |
| PAK | PAK12700 | 38.20 | 69.60 | 29.50 | 2.30 | 2.16 | 14.00 | R13TSS | | 37.49 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CR | | 58.9 | 27M0G7W | | | Р | 7 |
| PHL | PHL28500 | 98.00 | 121.30 | 11.10 | 3.46 | 1.76 | 99.00 | R13TSS | | 36.60 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CL | | 58.7 | 27M0G7W | | | Р | 7 |
| PLW | PLW00000 | 140.00 | 132.98 | 5.51 | 1.30 | 0.60 | 55.41 | R13TSS | | 45.53 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CR | | 58.8 | 27M0G7W | | | Р | 7 |
| PNG | PNG13100 | 134.00 | 148.07 | -6.65 | 3.13 | 2.30 | 168.32 | MOD13FRTSS | | 35.87 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CR | | 54.5 | 27M0G7W | | i | Р | 7 |
| POL | POL13200 | 50.00 | 20.07 | 51.86 | 1.20 | 0.69 | 17.76 | R13TSS | | 45.26 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CL | | 59.2 | 27M0G7W | | i | Р | 5 |
| POR | POR_100 | -37.00 | -15.92 | 37.65 | | | | CB_TSS_PORA | | 47.17 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CR | | 58.4 | 27M0G7W | | | Р | 5, 7 |
| PSE | YYY00000 | -13.20 | 34.99 | 31.86 | 0.60 | 0.60 | 90.00 | R13TSS | | 48.88 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CL | | 58.9 | 27M0G7W | | i | Р | 3, 7 |
| QAT | QAT24700 | 20.00 | 51.38 | 25.26 | 0.60 | 0.60 | 90.00 | R13TSS | | 48.88 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CL | | 54.5 | 27M0G7W | | | Р | 7 |
| ROU | ROU13600 | 50.00 | 25.12 | 45.75 | 1.17 | 0.73 | | R13TSS | | 45.15 | | MODRES | 35.50 | | | 58.9 | 27M0G7W | | | P | 7 |
| RRW | RRW31000 | 11.00 | 30.00 | -2.10 | 0.66 | 0.60 | | R13TSS | | 48.47 | | MODRES | 35.50 | - | | 59.8 | 27M0G7W | | | P | 7 |
| RUS | RSTREA11 | 36.00 | 38.00 | 53.00 | 2.20 | 2.20 | | R13TSS | | 37.70 | | MODRES | 35.50 | - | | 53.0 | 27M0F8W | RST-1 | 05 | PE | <u> </u> |
| RUS | RSTREA12 | 36.00 | 38.00 | 53.00 | 2.20 | 2.20 | | R13TSS | | 37.70 | | MODRES | | | | | 27M0F8W | RST-1 | 05 | PE | |

| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | | | 5 | | 6 | 7 | 8 | | 9 | | 1 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 |
|------------------|------------------------|---------------------|---------|--------|--------------------|------------------------|------------------|-------------------------------|----------------|--------------------|-----------------|-------------------|-------|-------|---------|----------|----------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------|--------|---------|
| | During | 0.1%1 | Bores | ight | | e station haracteri | | Second day | Charace I | Space s antenna | | Earth st anten | | Polar | ization | | Destantin | Linder Cali | 6 | | |
| Admin. symbol | Beam identification | Orbital Position | Long. | Lat. | Ma- jor axis | Minor axis | Orien- tation | Space station antenna code | Shaped beam | Co-polar | Cross- polar | Code | Gain | Туре | Angle | e.i.r.p. | Designation of emission | Identity of the space station | Group code | Status | Remarks |
| RUS | RSTRED11 | 36.00 | 38.00 | 53.00 | 2.20 | 2.20 | 0.00 | R13TSS | | 37.70 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CL | | 53.0 | 27M0G7W | RST-1 | 05 | PE | |
| RUS | RSTRED12 | 36.00 | 38.00 | 53.00 | 2.20 | 2.20 | 0.00 | R13TSS | | 37.70 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CR | | 53.0 | 27M0G7W | RST-1 | 05 | PE | |
| RUS | RSTRSD11 | 36.00 | 38.00 | 53.00 | 2.20 | 2.20 | 0.00 | R13TSS | | 37.70 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CL | | 53.0 | 27M0G7W | RST-1 | 05 | Р | |
| RUS | RSTRSD12 | 36.00 | 38.00 | 53.00 | 2.20 | 2.20 | 0.00 | R13TSS | | 37.70 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CR | | 53.0 | 27M0G7W | RST-1 | 05 | Р | |
| RUS | RSTRSD13 | 36.00 | 38.00 | 53.00 | 2.20 | 2.20 | 0.00 | R13TSS | | 37.70 | | MODRES | 39.02 | CL | | 53.0 | 27M0G7W | RST-1 | 05 | Р | |
| RUS | RSTRSD14 | 36.00 | 38.00 | 53.00 | 2.20 | 2.20 | 0.00 | R13TSS | | 37.70 | | MODRES | 39.02 | CR | | 53.0 | 27M0G7W | RST-1 | 05 | Р | |
| RUS | RSTRSD21 | 56.00 | 65.00 | 63.00 | 2.20 | 2.20 | 0.00 | R123FR | | 37.70 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CL | | 55.0 | 27M0G7W | RST-2 | 14 | Р | |
| RUS | RSTRSD22 | 56.00 | 65.00 | 63.00 | 2.20 | 2.20 | 0.00 | R123FR | | 37.70 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CR | | 55.0 | 27M0G7W | RST-2 | 14 | Р | |
| RUS | RSTRSD31 | 86.00 | 97.00 | 62.00 | 2.20 | 2.20 | 0.00 | R13TSS | | 37.70 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CL | | 55.0 | 27M0G7W | RST-3 | 33 | Р | |
| RUS | RSTRSD32 | 86.00 | 97.00 | 62.00 | 2.20 | 2.20 | 0.00 | R13TSS | | 37.70 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CR | | 55.0 | 27M0G7W | RST-3 | 33 | Р | |
| RUS | RSTRSD51 | 140.00 | 158.00 | 56.00 | 2.20 | 2.20 | 0.00 | R13TSS | | 37.70 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CL | | 55.0 | 27M0G7W | RST-5 | 35 | Р | |
| RUS | RSTRSD52 | 140.00 | 158.00 | 56.00 | 2.20 | 2.20 | 0.00 | R13TSS | | 37.70 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CR | | 55.0 | 27M0G7W | RST-5 | 35 | Р | |
| RUS | RUS00401 | 110.00 | 128.73 | 54.30 | 4.25 | 2.02 | 156.81 | R13TSS | | 35.11 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CL | | 58.9 | 27M0G7W | RUS-4 | 34 | Р | 5, 7, 8 |
| RUS | RUS00402 | 110.00 | 128.73 | 54.30 | 4.25 | 2.02 | 156.81 | R13TSS | | 35.11 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CR | | 58.9 | 27M0G7W | RUS-4 | 34 | Р | 5, 7, 8 |
| S | S 13800 | 5.00 | 16.20 | 61.00 | 1.04 | 0.98 | 14.00 | R13TSS | | 44.36 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CL | | 55.6 | 27M0G7W | | 04 | Р | 5 |
| S | S 13900 | 5.00 | 17.00 | 61.50 | 2.00 | 1.00 | 10.00 | R13TSS | | 41.44 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CL | | 61.1 | 27M0G7W | | 04 | Р | |
| SCG* | SCG14800 | -7.00 | 20.50 | 43.98 | 0.91 | 0.60 | 145.16 | R13TSS | | 47.07 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CR | | 58.9 | 27M0G7W | | | Р | 5 |
| SDN | SDN 100 | -7.00 | 30.24 | 13.53 | | | | CB TSS SDNA | | 40.26 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CR | | 59.4 | 27M0G7W | | | Р | 5, 7 |
| SEN | SEN22200 | -37.00 | -14.40 | 13.80 | 1.46 | 1.04 | 139.00 | R13TSS | | 42.63 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CL | | 58.6 | 27M0G7W | | | Р | 5,7 |
| SEY | SEY00000 | 42.50 | 51.86 | -7.23 | 2.43 | 1.04 | 27.51 | R13TSS | | 40.44 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CR | | 58.9 | 27M0G7W | | | Р | 5.7 |
| SLM | SLM00000 | 128.00 | 159.27 | -8.40 | 1.35 | 1.08 | 118.59 | R13TSS | | 42.81 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CL | | 58.9 | 27M0G7W | | | Р | 7 |
| SMO | SMO05700 | -178.00 | -171.70 | -13.87 | 0.60 | 0.60 | 90.00 | R13TSS | | 48.88 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CR | | 58.6 | 27M0G7W | | | Р | 5, 7 |
| SMR | SMR31100 | -36.80 | 12.60 | 43.70 | 0.60 | 0.60 | | R13TSS | | 48.88 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CR | | 57.4 | 27M0G7W | | | Р | 7 |
| SNG | SNG15100 | 88.00 | 103.86 | 1.42 | 0.92 | 0.72 | 175.12 | R13TSS | | 46.25 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CL | | 58.5 | 27M0G7W | | | Р | 7 |
| SOM | SOM31200 | 37.80 | 45.16 | 7.11 | 3.31 | 1.51 | 65.48 | R13TSS | | 37.46 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CR | | 57.4 | 27M0G7W | | | Р | 5, 7 |
| SRL | SRL25900 | -33.50 | -11.80 | 8.60 | 0.78 | 0.68 | | R13TSS | | 47.20 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CR | | 58.4 | 27M0G7W | | | Р | 6 |
| STP | STP24100 | -7.00 | 6.17 | 1.45 | 0.65 | 0.60 | 153.51 | R13TSS | | 48.56 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CR | | 56.4 | 27M0G7W | | | Р | 5, 7 |
| SUI | SUI14000 | -18.80 | 10.31 | 49.47 | 1.82 | 0.92 | | MOD13FRTSS | | 42.19 | | MODRES | | | | 59.1 | 27M0G7W | | | P | 7 |
| SVK | SVK14401 | -12.80 | 16.77 | 46.78 | 1.71 | 0.89 | | MOD13FRTSS | | 42.64 | | MODRES | 35.50 | | | 59.3 | 27M0G7W | | | P | 5,7 |
| SVK | SVK14402 | -12.80 | 16.77 | 46.78 | 1.71 | 0.89 | 149.15 | MOD13FRTSS | | 42.64 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CR | | 59.3 | 27M0G7W | | | Р | 5 |
| SVK | SVK14403 | -12.80 | 16.77 | 46.78 | 1.71 | 0.89 | | MOD13FRTSS | | 42.64 | | MODRES | 35.50 | | | 59.3 | 27M0G7W | | 37 | P | 5,7 |
| SVN | SVN14800 | 33.80 | 15.01 | 46.18 | 0.60 | 0.60 | | R13TSS | | 48.88 | | MODRES | | | | 58.9 | 27M0G7W | | | P | 7 |
| SWZ | SWZ31300 | 4.80 | 31.39 | -26.44 | 0.60 | 0.60 | | R13TSS | | 48.88 | | MODRES | 35.50 | - | | 57.9 | 27M0G7W | | i – | P. | 7 |
| SYR | SYR22900 | 11.00 | 37.55 | 34.02 | 1.47 | 0.91 | | MOD13FRTSS | | 43.19 | | MODRES | 35.50 | - | | 55.5 | 27M0G7W | | 53 | P. | 5,7 |
| SYR | SYR33900 | 11.00 | 37.60 | 34.20 | 1.32 | 0.88 | | MOD13FRTSS | | 43.80 | | MODRES | 35.50 | - | | 56.4 | 27M0G7W | | 53 | P | 5, 7 |
| TCD | TCD14300 | 17.00 | 18.36 | 15.47 | 3.23 | 2.05 | | R13TSS | | 36.23 | | MODRES | 35.50 | | | | 27M0G7W | | 1 | P | 5, 7 |

| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | | | 5 | | 6 | 7 | 8 | | 9 | | 1 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 |
|--------|----------------|----------|---------|--------|--------------------|------------------------|------------------|---------------|--------|--------------------|-----------------|-------------------|-------|-------|---------|----------|-------------|-----------------|-------|--------|---------|
| Admin. | Beam | Orbital | Bores | ight | | e station haracteri | | Space station | Shaped | Space s antenn: | | Earth st anten | | Polar | ization | | Designation | Identity of the | Group | | |
| symbol | identification | Position | Long. | Lat. | Ma- jor axis | Minor axis | Orien- tation | antenna code | beam | Co-polar | Cross- polar | Code | Gain | Туре | Angle | e.i.r.p. | of emission | space station | code | Status | Remarks |
| TGO | TGO22600 | -30.00 | 0.72 | 8.61 | 1.12 | 0.60 | 109.54 | R13TSS | | 46.19 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CR | | 58.5 | 27M0G7W | | | Р | 5, 7 |
| THA | THA14200 | 98.00 | 100.75 | 12.88 | 2.80 | 1.82 | 93.77 | R13TSS | | 37.37 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CL | | 58.6 | 27M0G7W | | | Р | 7 |
| TJK | TJK06900 | 38.00 | 71.14 | 38.41 | 1.21 | 0.73 | 155.31 | R13TSS | | 45.00 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CL | | 58.8 | 27M0G7W | | | Р | 5, 7 |
| TKM | TKM06800 | 50.00 | 59.24 | 38.83 | 2.26 | 1.02 | 166.64 | R13TSS | | 40.81 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CR | | 58.9 | 27M0G7W | | | Р | 5, 7 |
| TMP | TMP00000 | 128.00 | 126.03 | -8.72 | 0.66 | 0.60 | 13.92 | R13TSS | | 48.50 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CR | | 58.9 | 27M0G7W | | | Р | 7, 9 |
| TON | TON21500 | 170.75 | -175.23 | -18.19 | 1.59 | 0.60 | 71.33 | R13TSS | | 44.64 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CR | | 58.3 | 27M0G7W | | | Р | 5, 7 |
| TUN | TUN15000 | -25.20 | 9.50 | 33.50 | 1.88 | 0.72 | 135.00 | MOD13FRTSS | | 43.13 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CR | | 57.3 | 27M0G7W | | 55 | Р | |
| TUN | TUN27200 | -25.20 | 2.10 | 31.75 | 3.41 | 1.81 | 179.18 | MOD13FRTSS | | 36.54 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CR | | 55.5 | 27M0G7W | | 55 | Р | 4 |
| TUR | TUR14500 | 42.00 | 34.95 | 39.09 | 3.18 | 0.99 | 0.79 | R13TSS | | 39.47 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CL | | 58.8 | 27M0G7W | | 36 | Р | 7 |
| TUV | TUV00000 | 176.00 | 177.61 | -7.11 | 0.94 | 0.60 | 137.58 | R13TSS | | 46.93 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CR | | 58.9 | 27M0G7W | | | Р | 5, 7 |
| TZA | TZA22500 | 11.00 | 34.60 | -6.20 | 2.41 | 1.72 | 129.00 | R13TSS | | 38.27 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CR | | 58.7 | 27M0G7W | | | Р | 5, 7 |
| UAE | UAE27400 | 52.50 | 53.85 | 24.34 | 1.19 | 0.85 | 3.72 | R13TSS | | 44.39 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CR | | 58.2 | 27M0G7W | | | Р | 5, 7 |
| UGA | UGA05100 | 17.00 | 32.20 | 1.04 | 1.50 | 1.02 | 68.73 | R13TSS | | 42.62 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CL | | 58.2 | 27M0G7W | | | Р | 7 |
| UKR | UKR06300 | 38.20 | 31.74 | 48.22 | 2.29 | 0.96 | 177.78 | R13TSS | | 41.01 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CR | | 58.9 | 27M0G7W | | | Р | 7 |
| USA | GUM33100 | 122.00 | 144.50 | 13.10 | 0.60 | 0.60 | 0.00 | R13TSS | | 48.88 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CL | | 58.3 | 27M0G7W | | | Р | |
| USA | MRA33200 | 121.80 | 145.90 | 16.90 | 1.20 | 0.60 | 76.00 | R13TSS | | 45.87 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CR | | 58.5 | 27M0G7W | | | Р | |
| USA | PLM33200 | 170.00 | -161.40 | 7.00 | 0.60 | 0.60 | 0.00 | R13TSS | | 48.88 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CL | | 57.4 | 27M0G7W | | | Р | 5, 7 |
| USA | USAA_100 | 170.00 | -170.51 | -12.72 | | | | CB_TSS_USAA | | 48.88 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CL | | 56.1 | 27M0G7W | | | Р | 7 |
| USA | WAK33400 | 140.00 | 166.50 | 19.20 | 0.60 | 0.60 | 0.00 | R13TSS | | 48.88 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CR | | 58.6 | 27M0G7W | | | Р | 5 |
| UZB | UZB07100 | 33.80 | 63.80 | 41.21 | 2.56 | 0.89 | 159.91 | R13TSS | | 40.84 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CR | | 58.8 | 27M0G7W | | | Р | 7 |
| VTN | VTN32500 | 107.00 | 106.84 | 14.21 | 3.43 | 1.76 | 109.43 | R13TSS | | 36.65 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CR | | 58.4 | 27M0G7W | | | Р | 7 |
| VUT | VUT12800 | 140.00 | 168.00 | -16.40 | 1.52 | 0.68 | 87.00 | R13TSS | | 44.30 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CL | | 57.8 | 27M0G7W | | | Р | 5, 7 |
| YEM | YEM100 | 11.00 | 48.05 | 14.64 | | | | CB_TSS_YEMA | | 47.63 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CL | | 54.9 | 27M0G7W | | | Р | 7 |
| ZMB | ZMB31400 | -0.80 | 27.50 | -13.10 | 2.38 | 1.48 | 39.00 | R13TSS | | 38.98 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CR | | 58.7 | 27M0G7W | | | Р | 5, 7 |
| ZWE | ZWE13500 | -0.80 | 29.60 | -18.80 | 1.46 | 1.36 | 37.00 | R13TSS | | 41.47 | | MODRES | 35.50 | CR | | 59.2 | 27M0G7W | | | Р | 5, 7 |

* Note by the Secretariat: This designation replaces the former designation "YUG" which was used previously as a three-letter code for the Administration of Serbia and Montenegro.

AP30

COLUMN HEADINGS IN TABLE 6B

- Col. 1 *Nominal orbital position*, in degrees and hundredths of a degree from the Greenwich meridian (negative values indicate longitudes which are west of the Greenwich meridian; positive values indicate longitudes which are east of the Greenwich meridian).
- Col. 2 Notifying administration symbol.
- Col. 3 *Beam identification* (Column 2, normally, contains the symbol designating the administration or the geographical area taken from Table B1 of the Preface to the International Frequency List, followed by the symbol designating the service area).
- Col. 4 Polarization (CL circular left, CR circular right).
- Col. 5 *Channel number/Indication of minimum equivalent protection margin (EPM) for a given assignment derived from the set of values for all test points belonging to the given beam* (dB).

| TABLE 6 | в |
|---------|---|
|---------|---|

| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 5 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------|------------------|---------------------|-----------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-----|-----|-----|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-----|------|-------|------|-----|-------|------|-----|------|-----|------|-----|------|-----|-----|----|------|-----|------|-----|------|-----|
| | - | | | - | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | ~ | - | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | _ |
| | | Beam | Polar- | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | Cha | nnel | umt | ber | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Orbital Position | Admin. symbol | Identifica- tion | ization type | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 1 | 3 9 | 10 |) 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 1 | 8 1 | 19 2 | 20 2 | 1 2 | 2 2 | 3 24 | 25 | 26 | 27 | 28 | 29 | 30 | 31 | 32 | 33 | 34 | 35 | 36 | 37 | 38 | 39 | 40 |
| | | | -71- | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | Min | nimur | n EP | м | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| -178.00 | FJI | FJI19300 | CR | 6.1 | | 6.1 | | 6.1 | 6. | 1 | 6.1 | | 6.1 | | 6.1 | | 6.1 | | 6.1 | 6. | .1 | 6. | 1 | 6.1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| -178.00 | SMO | SMO05700 | CR | 1.6 | | 1.6 | | 1.6 | 1. | 6 | 1.6 | | 1.6 | | 1.6 | | 1.6 | | 1.6 | 1. | .6 | 1. | 6 | 1.6 | 5 | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| -160.00 | F | OCE10100 | CL | | 99.9 | | 99.9 | | 99.9 | 99 | 9.9 | 99. | 9 | 99.9 | 9 | 99.9 | | 99.9 | 99 | 1.9 | 99 | 9.9 | 99 | .9 | 99.9 | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| -37.20 | GMB | GMB30200 | CL | 4.6 | | 1.9 | | 1.9 | 1. | 9 | 1.9 | | 1.9 | | 1.9 | | 1.9 | | 1.9 | 1. | .9 | | Τ | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| -37.20 | IRL | IRL21100 | CL | 2.6 | | 0.6 | | 0.6 | 0. | 6 | 0.6 | | 0.6 | | 0.6 | | 0.6 | | 0.6 | 0. | .6 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| -37.20 | NGR | NGR11500 | CL | | 6.8 | | 6.8 | | 6.8 | 6. | 8 | 6.8 | | 6.8 | 1 | 6.8 | | 6.8 | 6. | 8 | 6. | .9 | | ĺ | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| -37.00 | AND | AND34100 | CL | | 0.3 | | 0.3 | | 0.3 | 0. | 3 | 0.3 | | 0.3 | 1 | 0.3 | | 0.3 | 0. | 3 | 0. | .8 | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| -37.00 | GUI | GUI19200 | CR | | 0.9 | | 0.9 | | 0.9 | 0. | 9 | 0.9 | | 0.9 | | 0.9 | | 0.9 | 0. | 9 | 1. | .5 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| -37.00 | POR | POR_100 | CR | 2.4 | | 1.1 | | 1.1 | 1. | 1 | 1.1 | Τ | 1.1 | | 1.1 | | 1.1 | | 1.1 | 1. | .1 | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| -37.00 | SEN | SEN22200 | CL | | | | | | | | | T | | | 1 | | | | | | | -0 | 1.3 | 4.7 | · _ | 4.7 | | 4.7 | | 4.7 | | 4.7 | 4 | .7 | 4 | 4.7 | | 4.7 | | 4.7 | |
| -36.80 | MTN | MTN_100 | CR | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1.1 | 1 | 1.1 | | 1.1 | | 1.1 | | 1.1 | | 1.1 | 1 | .1 | 1 | 1.1 | | 1.1 | | 3.9 |
| -36.80 | SMR | SMR31100 | CR | 4.4 | | 3.2 | | 3.2 | 3. | 1 | 3.1 | | 3.1 | | 3.2 | | 3.2 | | 3.2 | 3. | 2 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | _ | |
| -33.50 | CPV | CPV30100 | CL | | 9.5 | | 9.5 | | 9.5 | 9. | 5 | 9.5 | | 9.5 | | 9.5 | | 9.5 | 9. | 5 | 8. | .8 | | | | | | | | | | | | | Ì | | | | | | |
| -33.50 | DNK | DNK090XR | CR | | | | | | | | | Τ | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | 0.9 | | | C | .9 | | | | | | | |
| -33.50 | DNK | DNK091XR | CR | | | | | | | | | Τ | | | 1 | | | Ì | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | -0.9 | | | - | -0.9 | | | | | |
| -33.50 | G | G 02700 | CR | | -0.1 | | 0.1 | | -0.1 | -0 |).1 | -0. | 1 | -0.1 | | 0.2 | | -0.1 | 0. | 1 | 0. | .3 | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | |
| -33.50 | ISL | ISL04900 | CL | | | | | | | | | Τ | | | | | | | | | | 8. | 8 | 7.2 | 2 | 7.2 | | 10.1 | | 14.8 | | 3.6 | 1 | 4.8 | 1 | 3.6 | | 21.7 | | 21.7 | |
| -33.50 | ISL | ISL05000 | CR | | | | | | | | | Τ | | | | | | | | | | | 0. | 1 | 0.1 | | 0.1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| -33.50 | LBR | LBR24400 | CR | 3.3 | | 0.4 | | 0.4 | 0. | 4 | 0.4 | | 0.4 | | 0.4 | | 0.4 | | 0.4 | 0. | .4 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | Î | | | | | | |
| -33.50 | SRL | SRL25900 | CR | | | | | | | | | T | | | 1 | | | | | | | -0 | .4 | 1.0 |) | 1.0 | | 1.0 | | 1.0 | | 0.9 | 1 | .0 | 0 | D.9 | | 1.0 | | 1.0 | |
| -30.00 | BFA | BFA10700 | CL | | | | | | | | | Τ | | | 1 | | | | | | | | 1. | 5 | 1.5 | 1 | 1.5 | | 1.5 | | 1.5 | | 1.5 | 1 | .5 | | 1.5 | | 1.5 | | 2.4 |
| -30.00 | E | E100 | CL | | | | | | | | | Τ | | | | | | | | | | 8. | 3 | 5.9 |) | 5.9 | | 5.9 | | 5.9 | | 5.9 | 5 | .6 | 5 | 5.9 | | 5.6 | | 5.9 | |
| -30.00 | E | HISP33D1 | CL | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | ĺ | | | | | | -0 | .4 | | | -0.4 | | | | -0.4 | | | - | -0.4 | | | | -0.4 | |
| -30.00 | E | HISP33D2 | CL | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | -1 | .0 | | | -1.0 | | | | -1.0 | | | - | -1.0 | | | | -1.0 | |
| -30.00 | E | HISPA27D | CL | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1.3 | 3 | | | 1.3 | | | | 1.3 | | | ŀ | 1.3 | | | | 1.3 | |
| -30.00 | E | HISPASA4 | CL | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1.3 | 3 | | | 1.3 | | | | 1.3 | | | ŀ | 1.3 | | | | 1.3 | |
| -30.00 | GNB | GNB30400 | CL | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 0.0 | D | 0.0 | | 0.0 | | 0.0 | | 0.0 | | 0.0 | 0 | .0 | - | 0.0 | | 0.0 | | 0.7 |
| -30.00 | TGO | TGO22600 | CR | 7.9 | | 7.5 | | 7.5 | 7. | 5 | 7.5 | | 7.5 | | 7.5 | | 7.5 | | 7.5 | 7. | .5 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| -25.20 | DNK | DNK_100 | CL | -0.9 | | -1.5 | | -1.5 | -1 | .5 | -1 | 5 | -1.5 | 5 | -1.5 | | -1.5 | | -1.5 | -1 | 1.5 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| -25.20 | MRC | MRC20900 | CR | 0.1 | | -0.4 | | -0.4 | -0 | .4 | -0 | 4 | -0.4 | l I | -0.3 | | -0.3 | | -0.4 | -0 |).4 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| -25.20 | TUN | TUN15000 | CR | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | 1 | | 1 | | -1 | .0 | -0 | .8 | -0.8 | | -0.8 | | -0.8 | | -0.8 | - | 0.8 | - | -0.8 | | -0.8 | 1 | -0.8 | |
| -25.20 | TUN | TUN27200 | CR | | | | | | | | | 1 | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | - | 0.9 | 1 | | | -0.9 | | | |
| -25.00 | GHA | GHA10800 | CR | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 7. | 1 | 5.2 | 2 | 5.2 | | 5.2 | | 5.2 | | 5.2 | 4 | .7 | : | 5.2 | | 4.7 | | 5.2 | |
| -24.80 | AGL | AGL29500 | CL | 4.6 | | 3.6 | | 3.6 | 3. | 6 | 3.6 | | 3.6 | | 3.6 | | 3.6 | Ì | 3.6 | 3. | .6 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | Ī | | |

Minimum equivalent protection margin of assignments in the Regions 1 and 3 Plan (sorted by orbital position)

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 5 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------|------------------|---------------------|-------------------|-----|------|------|------|------|--------|------|----------|------|----------|------|---------------|---------------|-------|------|-----------------|------|------|-------|-----------|------|-------|------|------|---------------|------|------|-------|------|----------|------|------|------|------|------|-----------------|------|
| | | D | D.L. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | Ch | anne | l nur | nber | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Position | Admin. symbol | Beam Identifica- | Polar- ization | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 | 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 | 25 | 26 | 27 | 28 2 | 29 ; | 30 31 | 32 | 33 | 34 | 35 | 36 | 37 | 38 | 39 | 40 |
| | -, | tion | type | | | | | | - | - | - | - | | _ | | | | - | | м | inim | um F | PM | | _ | | | - | | | _ | - | - | | | | | | | |
| -24.80 AI | | ALG_100 | CL | | | | | - | | | 1 | 1 | | 1 | | 1 | | | | | | | -0.7 | -1 | -0.7 | 1 | -0.7 | 1 | 0.7 | | 0.7 | -0.8 | 1 | -0.8 | | -0.8 | - 1 | -0.8 | <u> </u> | 2.2 |
| | ALG CTI | ALG_100 CTI23700 | | 3.4 | | 2.9 | | 2.9 | 2.9 | - | 2.9 | | 2.9 | _ | 2.9 | - | 2.9 | 2.9 | | 2.9 | | | -0.7 | - | -0.7 | _ | -0.7 | - | 0.7 | - | 0.7 | -0.0 | <u> </u> | -0.0 | | -0.0 | _ | -0.0 | | 2.2 |
| | .BY | LBY_100 | CL | 3.4 | 2.4 | | 2.4 | 2.9 | _ | 2.4 | _ | 2.4 | <u> </u> | 2.4 | _ | 2.4 | 2.9 | _ | 2.4 | - | 2.7 | | | - | | - | - | + | _ | - | | | - | | | | _ | | | _ |
| | JEN | BEN23300 | | 3.1 | | 2.6 | | 2.6 | .4 2.6 | _ | 2.6 | 2.4 | 2.6 | _ | 2.6 | | 2.4 | 2.6 | $ \rightarrow $ | 2.6 | 2.1 | | | _ | | - | - | + | _ | _ | | - | | | | | _ | _ | \rightarrow | _ |
| | | | | 3.1 | 4.7 | 2.0 | 4.7 | 2.0 | _ | 4.7 | 2.0 | 4.7 | | 4.7 | | 4.7 | 2.0 | _ | 4.7 | _ | 5.0 | | | _ | | | - | + | _ | _ | | - | - | | | | _ | _ | \rightarrow | _ |
| | COD | COD_100 MLI_100 | CR CR | 5.6 | 4./ | 4.0 | | _ | 4.6 | | 1.0 | 4./ | 4.6 | | 4.6 | _ | 4.7 | 4.6 | $ \rightarrow $ | | 5.9 | | | _ | | | _ | \rightarrow | _ | _ | _ | _ | | | | | | _ | \rightarrow | _ |
| | ALI | | | 5.0 | | 4.6 | | 4.6 | 4.0 | _ | 4.6 | | 4.0 | | 1.0 | - | 4.6 | 4.6 | <u> </u> | 4.6 | | | | _ | | | | _ | - | _ | - | - | | | | | _ | | \rightarrow | |
| | NIG | NIG11900 | CR | | | | | | _ | _ | - | | | _ | \rightarrow | _ | | - | \vdash | | | | 3.5 | | 3.5 | - | 3.5 | _ | .5 | _ | .5 | 3.5 | | 3.5 | | 3.5 | _ | 3.5 | _ | 4.1 |
| | AUT | AUT01600 | CR | | | | | - | - | - | | | | - | - | \rightarrow | | - | \vdash | | _ | 0.9 | | -0.1 | - | 0.0 | _ | 0.0 | 0 | .1 | 0.0 | | 0.1 | | 0.0 | - | 0.0 | 0 |).0 | _ |
| -18.80 D | | D 08700 | | 1.1 | | -0.2 | | -0.1 | -0.2 | 2 | -0.1 | | -0.1 | | -0.1 | | -0.1 | -0.1 | - | -0.2 | | | | | | | _ | | | | - | _ | | | | | | | _ | _ |
| | GNE | GNE30300 | CL | | | | | _ | | _ | | | | | \rightarrow | _ | | | $ \vdash $ | | | 2.0 | | 1.4 | | 1.4 | - | 1.4 | | .4 | 1.4 | _ | 1.4 | | 1.4 | _ | 1.4 | _ | 1.4 | _ |
| | .IE | LIE25300 | CL | | | | | _ | | | | | | | \rightarrow | | | | $ \square$ | | | | 0.4 | | 0.4 | | 0.4 | _ | .4 | _ | .4 | 0.4 | | 0.4 | | 0.4 | _ | 0.4 | | 2.8 |
| | MB | NMB02500 | CL | | | | | _ | | | <u> </u> | | | | \rightarrow | _ | | _ | | | | 8.6 | | 9.6 | | 9.6 | _ | 9.6 | 9 | .6 | 9.6 | _ | 9.6 | | 9.6 | 1 | 9.6 | 9 | 9.6 | |
| | SUI | SUI14000 | CL | | 0.2 | | 0.7 | 0 | 2 | 0.7 | _ | 0.3 | | 0.7 | | D.3 | 0.7 | _ | 0.2 | | 0.8 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | $ \rightarrow $ | |
| | CAF | CAF25800 | CL | | | | | | | | <u> </u> | | | | _ | | | _ | \square | | | | 1.4 | | 1.4 | | 1.4 | 1 | .4 | 1 | .4 | 1.4 | | 1.4 | | 1.4 | | 1.4 | \rightarrow | 1.5 |
| | COG | COG23500 | | 0.8 | | 0.7 | | 0.7 | 0.7 | _ | 0.7 | | 0.7 | _ |).7 | _ | 0.7 | 0.7 | \rightarrow | 0.7 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | GAB | GAB26000 | | 0.5 | | 0.0 | | 0.0 | 0.0 | | 0.0 | | 0.0 | | 0.0 | | 0.0 | 0.0 | | 0.0 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | PSE | YYY00000 | CL | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 5.3 | | 4.8 | 1 | 5.1 | | 4.9 | | .1 | 4.9 | _ | 5.1 | | 4.9 | _ | 5.1 | | 1.9 | |
| -13.00 C | CME | CME30000 | CR | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 0.4 | | 0.4 | | 0.4 | C | .5 | 0 | .4 | 0.5 | | 0.4 | | 0.5 | | 0.4 | | 0.5 |
| -12.80 C | CZE | CZE14401 | | 1.9 | | | | | | | 0.8 | | | | | | | 0.6 | | | | | | | | -0.9 | | | | | | | -0.8 | | | | | | | |
| -12.80 C | CZE | CZE14402 | CR | | | | | | | | | | | | | D.1 | | | | | | | | | | | | - | 0.9 | | | | | | | -0.9 | | | | |
| -12.80 C | CZE | CZE14403 | CR | | 0.1* | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | -0.9* | | -0.9* | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| -12.80 H | HNG | HNG10601 | CL | | | 1.1 | | | | | | | 1.2 | | | | | | | 1.1 | | | | | | | | -0.3 | | | | | | | -0.3 | | | | | |
| -12.80 H | ING | HNG10602 | CR | | | | | 0 | .6 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | - | 0.4 | | | | | | | -0.4 | | |
| -12.80 H | ING | HNG10603 | CR | | 0.6* | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | -0.4* | | -0.4* | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| -12.80 H | HRV | HRV14801 | CL | | | | | 0.6 | | | | | | - |).8 | | | | | | | 0.3 | | | | | | | L | 0.8 | | | | | | | -0.8 | | | |
| -12.80 H | HRV | HRV14802 | CR | | | | | | | | | 0.1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | -0.9 | | | | | | | | -0.2 |
| -12.80 H | IRV | HRV14803 | CR | | 0.1* | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | -0.9* | | -0.9* | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| -12.80 S ¹ | SVK | SVK14401 | CL | | | | | | 1.1 | | | | | | | | 1.2 | | | | | | | -0.4 | | | | | | | -0. | 3 | | | | | | - | -0.3 | |
| -12.80 S ¹ | SVK | SVK14402 | CR | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 0.6 | | | | | | | | -0.4 | | | | | | | -0.4 | | | | | | |
| -12.80 S ¹ | SVK | SVK14403 | CR | | 0.6* | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | -0.4* | | -0.4* | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| -7.00 E | GY | EGY02600 | CL | | 10.9 | | 10.9 | 1 | 0.9 | 10.9 | 1 | 10.9 | | 10.9 | | 10.9 | 10.9 | 9 | 10.9 | | 5.9 | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | |
| -7.00 F | - | F 09300 | CL | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | 1 | 1 | | | | | | | 5.4 | | 4.3 | | 5.6 | 4 | .3 | 5 | i.6 | 4.8 | 1 | 5.6 | | 4.8 | | 5.6 | | 5.5 |
| -7.00 F | - | F100 | CR | | | | | Ť | | | 1 | | | 1 | 1 | 1 | | | | | | 5.0 | | 5.1 | | 5.1 | | 5.1 | 5 | .1 | 5.1 | | 5.1 | | 5.1 | | 5.1 | 5 | 5.1 | |
| -7.00 S | SCG** | SCG14800 | CR | | | | | -í | | | | | | | 1 | | | 1 | | | | | -1.2 | | -1.1 | | -0.6 | - | 0.9 | - | 0.6 | -0.9 | | -0.6 | | -0.9 | | -0.6 | | -0.5 |
| -7.00 SI | SDN | SDN_100 | CR | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | \neg | | | 1 | | | | 5.4 | | 8.0 | | 8.0 | | B.O | 8 | .0 | 8.0 | | 8.0 | | 8.0 | | 8.0 | 8 | 3.0 | |

* This assignment shall only be used by the Administrations of Croatia, Czech Republic, Hungary and Slovakia on the basis of equal access subject to mutual agreement between them.

** Note by the Secretariat: This designation replaces the former designation "YUG" which was used previously as a three-letter code for the administration of Serbia and Montenegro.

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| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 5 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------|------------------|-------------|---------|-----|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-----|------|------|------|-----|--------|-------|--------|------|------|------|-----|------|------|------|-----|------|-----|------|-----|------|--------|------|-----|------|--------|-------|
| | | Beam | Polar- | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | C | Chanr | iel nu | mber | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Orbital Position | Admin. symbol | Identifica- | ization | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 6 | 5 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 1 | 6 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 | 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 | 25 | 26 | 27 | 28 | 29 | 30 | 31 | 32 | 33 | 34 | 35 | 36 | 37 | 38 | 39 | 40 |
| | - | tion | type | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | . 1 | Minir | num | ЕРМ | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| -7.00 | STP | STP24100 | CR | | 6.1 | | 5.6 | 5. | 6 | 5.6 | 1 | 5.6 | | 5.6 | 5 | 5.6 | 5. | 6 | 5.6 | Т | 4.9 | Г | | | | | | | | | | Т | | | 1 | Т | | | | | |
| -4.00 | ISR | ISR11000 | CR | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | - | | | | 3.1 | | 3.0 | | 3.1 | | 3.0 | 3 | 3.1 | 1 | 3.0 | : | 3.1 | | 3.0 | | 3.1 | \neg | 5.7 |
| -1.20 | BUL | BUL02000 | CL | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1.0 | | -0.4 | | 1.6 | | -0.4 | 1 | .6 | - | -0.4 | · | 1.6 | 1 | -0.4 | | 1.6 | \neg | -0.3 |
| -1.20 | CVA | CVA08300 | CR | 2.2 | | 0.5 | | 0.9 | 0.9 | | 0.9 | | 0.9 | | | | | | 1 | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| -1.20 | CVA | CVA08500 | CR | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | 1 | | | | 1 | 1 | | 1 | -0.8 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | \neg | |
| -1.20 | CYP | CYP08600 | CR | 1.4 | | 0.0 | | 0.5 | 0.5 | | 0.5 | | 0.5 | 2 | .2 | | 2.2 | 2.2 | 1 | 1.5 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | \neg | |
| -1.20 | GRC | GRC10500 | CL | | -0.4 | | 0.6 | -0 | 0.1 | 0.8 | | -0.1 | | 0.9 | 1 | -0.1 | 0. | 9 | -0. | 3 | 1.0 | | | | | | | | | | + | | | | | - | | | | \neg | |
| -1.00 | MOZ | MOZ30700 | CL | | 2.8 | | 3.8 | 2 | 8 | 3.8 | 1 | 2.8 | | 3.8 | 12 | 2.8 | 3. | B | 2.8 | 1 | 3.6 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| -0.80 | BOT | BOT29700 | CL | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1.5 | | 0.9 | | 1.5 | | 0.9 | 1 | .5 | 0 | 0.9 | | 1.5 | | 0.9 | | 1.5 | | 2.2 |
| -0.80 | KEN | KEN24900 | CL | | | | | | | 1 | 1 | | _ | | 1 | | | | | 1 | | 1 | 3.8 | | 2.8 | | 3.9 | | 2.8 | 3 | 3.9 | 12 | 2.8 | 1 | 3.9 | | 2.8 | | 3.9 | - | 3.3 |
| -0.80 | NOR | NOR12000 | CL | 4.4 | | 2.0 | | -0.7 | -0.7 | 7 | -0.7 | | -0.7 | - | 0.6 | | -0.6 | -0. | 6 | 1.1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| -0.80 | NOR | NOR12100 | CL | | | | | 1 | | 1 | | | | | 1 | 1 | | 1 | 1 | 1 | | | | | -0.6 | | | | -0.6 | | 1 | | | | | 1 | | | | - | |
| -0.80 | ZMB | ZMB31400 | CR | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | 1 | 1 | | 2.8 | | 3.2 | | 4.3 | | 3.2 | | 4.3 | 3 | 1.2 | 4 | 4.3 | 3 | 3.2 | | 4.3 | | 3.2 | |
| -0.80 | ZWE | ZWE13500 | CR | 5.5 | | 2.6 | | 2.6 | 2.6 | | 2.6 | | 2.6 | 2 | .6 | : | 2.6 | 2.6 | | 2.6 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 4.80 | AFS | AFS02100 | CL | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 4.5 | | 5.6 | | 5.6 | | 5.6 | | 5.2 | 5 | 5.2 | ę | 5.2 | 5 | 5.2 | | 5.2 | | 5.2 | |
| 4.80 | LSO | LSO30500 | CR | 3.9 | | 2.9 | | 2.9 | 2.9 | | 2.9 | | 2.9 | 3 | .1 | : | 3.1 | 3.1 | | 2.9 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 4.80 | MWI | MWI30800 | CR | | 3.2 | | 3.8 | 3. | 3 | 3.9 | | 3.3 | | 3.9 | 1 | 3.9 | 3. | 9 | 3.8 | | 3.4 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 4.80 | SWZ | SWZ31300 | CL | 4.5 | | 3.2 | | 3.2 | 3.2 | | 3.2 | | 3.2 | 3 | .4 | 1 | 3.4 | 3.4 | | 3.2 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 5.00 | S | S 13800 | CL | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | 4.7 | | -0.4 | | 2.3 | | -0.4 | | 2.3 | 1 | 1.6 | 4 | 4.5 | 0 |).6 | 1 | 4.5 | | 0.6 | |
| 5.00 | S | S 13900 | CL | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | 8 | 3.7 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 9.00 | 1 | 1 08200 | CR | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | -3.6 | | -3.8 | | -3.6 | | -3.8 | - | -3.8 | - | -3.8 | | -3.8 | 1 | -3.8 | | -3.8 | | -2.6 |
| 11.00 | BDI | BDI27000 | CL | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 3.0 | | 3.0 | | 3.0 | | 3.0 | 3 | 3.0 | 1 | 3.0 | 1 | 3.0 | | 3.0 | | 3.0 | | 5.6 |
| 11.00 | JOR | JOR22400 | CL | | -1.0 | | -0.8 | -0 |).7 | -0.7 | | -0.7 | | -0.7 | 1 | -0.7 | -0 | .7 | -0. | 8 | 0.0 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 11.00 | KWT | KWT11300 | CR | | | | | | 1 | | 1 | | | | 1 | | | | 1 | 1 | | | 5.4 | | 5.4 | | 5.4 | | 5.4 | 5 | j.4 | 1 | 5.4 | | 5.4 | | 5.4 | | 5.4 | \neg | 6.3 |
| 11.00 | LBN | LBN27900 | CR | 0.9 | | -0.6 | | -0.1 | -0.1 | | -0.1 | | -0.1 | - | 0.1 | | -0.1 | -0. | 1 | -0.6 | 6 | | | | | | | | | 1 | | 1 | | | 1 | \neg | | | | \neg | |
| 11.00 | RRW | RRW31000 | CL | | 10.2 | | 10.2 | 10 | 1.2 | 10.2 | 1 | 10.2 | | 10.2 | ŀ | 10.2 | 10 | 1.2 | 10. | 2 | 5.7 | | | | | | | | | T | | 1 | | | 1 | \neg | | | | \neg | |
| 11.00 | SYR | SYR22900 | CL | | | | | | 1 | 1 | 1 | | | | 1 | | | | 1 | 1 | | 1 | -1.0 | | -1.0 | | -1.0 | | -1.0 | - | 1.0 | - | -1.0 | ŀ | -1.0 | Ţ | -1.0 | | -1.0 | | -0.5 |
| 11.00 | SYR | SYR33900 | CL | | | | | | 1 | 1 | | | | | | | | | 1 | 1 | | | İ | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1.4** |
| 11.00 | TZA | TZA22500 | CR | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | 1 | 1 | | 2.6 | | 3.6 | | 3.6 | | 3.6 | | 3.6 | 1 | 3.6 | 3 | 3.6 | 1 | 3.6 | | 3.6 | | 3.6 | |
| 11.00 | YEM | YEM_100 | CL | 2.1 | | -0.3 | | -0.3 | -0.3 | 3 | -0.3 | | -0.3 | - | 0.3 | | -0.3 | -0. | 3 | -0.3 | 3 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | \neg | | | | \neg | |
| 16.80 | DJI | DJ109900 | CL | | 8.2 | | 8.2 | 8. | 1 | 8.1 | 1 | 8.1 | | 8.1 | 1 | B.1 | 8. | 1 | 8.1 | \top | 6.7 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | \neg | | | | \neg | |
| 17.00 | ARS | ARS_100 | CL | | | | | 1 | 1 | | 1 | | | | 1 | | | | 1 | 1 | | | -0.4 | | -0.4 | | -0.4 | | -0.4 | - | 0.4 | 1- | -0.4 | ŀ | -0.4 | 1 | -0.4 | | -0.4 | \neg | 0.0 |
| 17.00 | ARS | ARS34000 | CL | | | | | | 1 | | 1 | | | | 1 | T | | | 1 | 1 | | | | | | | | | T | | | 1 | | | | 1 | | | | | 2.0 |
| 17.00 | TCD | TCD14300 | CR | 9.8 | | 8.8 | | 8.8 | 8.8 | | 8.8 | | 8.8 | 8 | .8 | | 8.8 | 8.8 | 1 | 8.8 | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | 1 | 1 | | | | | |
| 17.00 | UGA | UGA05100 | CL | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | 1 | | | 3.6 | | 4.0 | | 4.0 | | 4.0 | | 4.0 | 4 | I.O | 4 | 4.0 | 4 | 1.0 | | 4.0 | | 4.0 | |

** See Note 1 of § 11.2 of Article 11.

| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | : | 5 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------|------------------|---------------------|-------------------|------|------|------|------|-----------|------|-----|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|--------|------|------|--------|------|------|------|--------|------|-----|------|-----|------|------|------|------|------|-----------|------|------|------|------|------|
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | Ch | annel | nun | nber | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Orbital Position | Admin. symbol | Beam Identifica- | Polar- ization | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 | 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 | 25 | 26 | 27 2 | 3 2 | 9 30 | 0 31 | 32 | 33 | 34 | 35 | 36 | 37 | 38 | 39 | 40 |
| | symbol | tion | type | | | | | | | | - | | | | | | | | | _ | Mi | nimu | m E | РМ | | | | _ | | | | | - | | - | | | | | | 4 |
| 17.20 | OMA | OMA12300 | CR | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | T | T | | | | | 1.7 | T | 1.7 | - | .7 | 1.7 | | 1.7 | 7 | 1.7 | | 1.7 | | 1.7 | | 1.7 | | 0.9 |
| 20.00 | QAT | QAT24700 | CL | | 5.9 | | 5.9 | | 5.9 | 5.9 | | 5.9 | | 5.9 | | 5.9 | | 5.8 | | 5.8 | (| 6.2** | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 22.80 | ARM | ARM06400 | CR | | | _ | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 0.5 | |).5 | (|).5 | 0.5 | - | 0.5 | 5 | 0.5 | | 0.5 | | 0.4 | | 0.5 | | 2.7 |
| 22.80 | ERI | ERI09200 | CR | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | 2.3 | : | 2.8 | | 2.8 | 12 | .8 | 2.8 | 3 | 2.8 | 1 | 2.8 | | 2.8 | | 2.8 | | 2.8 | |
| 22.80 | FIN | FIN10300 | CL | | | _ | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | -0.5 | - | 1.2 | ŀ | .9 | 2.0 | | 1.8 | 3 | 2.1 | 1 | 1.7 | | 2.2 | | 1.6 | | 4.9 |
| 22.80 | FIN | FIN10400 | CL | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | Ť | 1 | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | 1 | 1 | | | | -0.4 | | | | 1.1 |
| 22.80 | MKD | MKD14800 | CR | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | 1 | | | | 1 | 3.6 | : | 3.3 | | 3.3 | 1 | .3 | 3.3 | 3 | 3.3 | | 3.3 | | 3.2 | | 3.3 | | 3.3 | |
| 22.80 | MLT | MLT14700 | CR | | | _ | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1.7 | | 1.8 | | .7 | 1.8 | | 1.7 | 7 | 1.8 | | 1.7 | | 1.7 | | 1.8 | | 3.4 |
| 23.20 | AZE | AZE06400 | CL | | | _ | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | (| 0.6 | | -0.1 | | -0.1 | - | 0.1 | -0 | .1 | -0.1 | 1 | -0.1 | | -0.1 | | -0.1 | | -0.1 | |
| 23.20 | GEO | GEO06400 | CR | 5.3 | | 4.1 | | 4.1 | 4.1 | | 4.1 | | 4.1 | | 4.1 | | 4.1 | 4 | 1.1 | 4 | 4.1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 23.20 | LTU | LTU06100 | CL | 1.4 | | 0.1 | | 0.0 | 0.0 | | -0.1 | 1 | -0.1 | | -0.1 | | -0.2 | - | -0.2 | - | -0.2 | | | | | | | | | | | + | | | | | | | | | |
| 23.20 | LVA | LVA06100 | CR | | -0.8 | _ | -0.8 | | -0.8 | -0 | 8 | -0.9 | | -0.9 | | -0.9 | | -0.9 | Ţ, | -0.9 | | -0.3 | | | 1 | | | 1 | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | |
| 28.20 | LUX | LUX11400 | CL | 3.1 | | 2.9 | | 2.8 | 2.8 | | 2.8 | | 2.8 | | 2.8 | | 2.8 | 2 | 2.8 | 2 | 2.8 | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 29.00 | COM | COM20700 | CR | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | - | | | | 11.2 | | 9.5 | | 9.5 | 9 | .5 | 9.5 | ; | 9.5 | 1 | 9.5 | | 9.5 | | 9.5 | | 9.6 | |
| 29.00 | MAU | MAU_100 | CL | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 11.0 | | 11.0 | | 1.0 | 11 | .0 | 11. | .0 | 11.0 | | 11.0 | | 11.1 | | 11.1 | | 12.7 |
| 29.00 | MDG | MDG23600 | CL | 14.0 | | 13.6 | | 13.5 | 13 | .4 | 13.4 | | 13.3 | | 13.3 | | 13.2 | 1 | 13.2 | 1 | 13.2 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 33.80 | SVN | SVN14800 | CR | | 0.5 | | 0.5 | | 0.5 | 0.5 | | 0.5 | | 0.5 | | 0.5 | | 0.5 | | 0.4 | | 1.6 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 33.80 | UZB | UZB07100 | CR | 3.3 | | 1.9 | | 1.9 | 1.9 | | 1.9 | 1 | 1.9 | | 1.9 | | 1.9 | 1 | 1.9 | 1 | 1.9 | | | | | | | | | | | + | | | | | | | | | |
| 34.00 | BHR | BHR25500 | CR | | | | | | | | 1 | 1 | | | | | | | 1 | | | (| 0.9 | | 0.9 | | 8.7 | 1 | .8 | 9.2 | 2 | 8.8 | 1 | 9.2 | | 8.8 | | 9.2 | | 8.8 | |
| 34.00 | IRN | IRN10900 | CL | 1.2 | | 0.9 | | 0.9 | 0.9 | | 0.9 | | 0.9 | | 0.9 | | 0.9 | - 0 |).9 | (|).9 | 8 | 8.8 | | 8.5 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 34.20 | MCO | MCO11600 | CL | 0.7 | | -1.0 | | -1.0 | -1 | .0 | -1.0 | | -1.0 | | -1.0 | | -1.0 | - | -1.0 | | -1.0 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 36.00 | ETH | ETH09200 | CL | | 11.8 | _ | 11.8 | | 11.8 | 11 | .8 | 11.8 | | 11.8 | | 11.8 | | 11.8 | | 11.8 | | 12.1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 36.00 | RUS | RSTREA11 | CL | | | _ | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | - | 3.6 | | | -3.6 | 5 | | | -3.6 | | | | -3.6 | |
| 36.00 | RUS | RSTREA12 | CR | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | -4 | .3 | | | -4.3 | | | | -4.3 | | | | -4.2 |
| 36.00 | RUS | RSTRED11 | CL | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | - | 3.6 | | | -3.6 | 5 | | | -3.6 | | | | -3.6 | |
| 36.00 | RUS | RSTRED12 | CR | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | -4 | .3 | | | -4.3 | | | | -4.3 | | | | -4.2 |
| 36.00 | RUS | RSTRSD11 | CL | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | Ť | 1 | | | | | | | | 4.5 | 4 | .9 | 4.9 |) | 4.9 | 1 | 4.9 | | 4.9 | | 4.9 | | 4.9 | |
| 36.00 | RUS | RSTRSD12 | CR | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | : | 3.4 | 3.4 | 1 | 3.4 | 1 | 3.4 | 1 | 3.4 | | 3.4 | | 3.4 | | 3.4 |
| 36.00 | RUS | RSTRSD13 | CL | | | | | \square | | | | 1 | | | | | | + | 1 | | | | | | | | 4.9 | 1 | .0 | 5.0 |) | 5.0 | 1 | 5.0 | 1 | 5.0 | | 5.0 | | 5.0 | |
| 36.00 | RUS | RSTRSD14 | CR | | | | | \square | | | | | | | | | | + | \neg | | | | | | | | | 3.5 | 3.5 | ; | 3.5 | 5 | 3.5 | 1 | 3.5 | | 3.5 | | 3.5 | | 3.6 |
| 37.80 | BLR | BLR06200 | CL | 3.8 | | 1.3 | | 1.3 | 1.3 | | 1.3 | | 1.3 | | 1.3 | | 1.3 | 1 | 1.3 | 1 | 1.3 | | | | | | | + | | | | | 1 | 1 | 1 | | | | | | |
| 37.80 | SOM | SOM31200 | CR | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | + | + | + | | \neg | | 3.3 | | 3.3 | - | 1.7 | 10 | .2 | 11. | .7 | 10.2 | 1 | 11.7 | | 10.2 | | 11.7 | | 10.4 |
| 38.00 | TJK | TJK06900 | CL | | | | | | | | 1 | 1 | | | | | | + | + | + | + | \neg | | 0.6 | T. | 1.2 | 1; | .9 | 7.8 | | 7.9 | • | 7.8 | 1 | 7.9 | | 7.8 | | 7.9 | | 7.9 |
| 38.20 | BEL | BEL01800 | CL | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | + | + | + | + | \neg | | 2.5 | | 2.2 | | 2.0 | 1.7 | - | 2.0 | , | 1.7 | | 2.0 | | 1.7 | | 2.0 | | 3.4 |
| 38.20 | HOL | HOL21300 | CL | | 1.6 | | 1.6 | | 1.6 | 1.6 | | 1.6 | | 1.6 | | 1.6 | | 1.6 | | 1.6 | | 2.5 | | | 1 | \neg | | + | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | |
| 38.20 | | PAK12700 | CR | | 3.5 | | 3.5 | | 3.5 | 3.5 | | 3.5 | | 3.5 | _ | 3.5 | | 3.5 | _ | 3.5 | | 4.6 | + | 2.0 | | 2.1 | | + | | + | | + | 1 | 1 | | \square | | | | | |

** See Note 1 of § 11.2 of Article 11.

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| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | : | 5 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------|------------------|----------------------|---------|----------|-----|------------|-----|---------------|-----|-----|------|-----|------------|-----|----------|----|------------|------------|-----|------------|-------|------------|------|------------|------|------|---------------|------|-----|-------|----------|----------|------|------|------|---------------|------|----------------|-----------------|------|
| | | Beam | Polar- | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | Ch | anne | l nur | nber | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Orbital Position | Admin. symbol | Identifica- | ization | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 . | 14 | 15 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 | 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 | 25 | 26 | 27 2 | 8 | 29 30 | 31 | 32 | 33 | 34 | 35 | 36 | 37 | 38 | 39 | 40 |
| | -, | tion | type | | | | | | _ | _ | - | | | | | _ | | - | | м | inimu | ım F | PM | | | | | | _ | | - | - | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | 1 | - | | | 1 | | | | 1 | | | | 1 111 | | | | | | | _ | | <u> </u> | _ | | | | | | | | _ |
| 38.20 | | UKR06300 | CR | | 0.6 | | 0.6 | _ | 0.6 | 0.6 | - | 0.6 | _ | 0.6 | _ | .6 | 0.6 | - | 0.6 | _ | 1.5 | _ | | - | | _ | \rightarrow | - | _ | _ | - | | _ | | _ | | _ | \rightarrow | | _ |
| 42.00 | TUR | TUR14500 | CL | | 1./ | | 1.7 | - | 1.7 | 1.7 | - | 1.7 | _ | 1.7 | 1 | .7 | 1.7 | | 1.7 | - | 1.7 | _ | | - | | _ | | | _ | - | - | | | | | | _ | | | |
| 42.50 | - | SEY00000 | CR | | | | | | _ | _ | - | | | | - | _ | | | | | | _ | 12.3 | _ | 13.0 | - | 3.1 | 13 | 1.1 | 13.1 | - | 13.1 | | 13.1 | | 13.1 | _ | 13.1 | | 14.4 |
| 44.50 | | EST06100 | | 6.6 | | 5.6 | | 5.6 | 5.6 | _ | 5.6 | | 5.6 | _ | .6 | _ | 5.6 | 5.6 | | 5.6 | | | | | | | \rightarrow | | | _ | - | | | | | | | \rightarrow | $ \rightarrow $ | |
| 50.00 | | AFG100 | CL | -0.3 | | -0.5 | | -0.5 | -0. | _ | -0.5 | | -0.5 | _ | 0.5 | | -0.5 | -0.5 | | -0.5 | | 3.0 | | 2.2 | | | _ | | | | | | | | | | | \rightarrow | $ \rightarrow $ | _ |
| 50.00 | | CLN21900 | | 0.8 | | 0.5 | | 0.5 | 0.5 | _ | 0.5 | | 0.5 | | .5 | _ | 0.5 | 0.5 | | 0.5 | | 1.5 | | 1.6 | | | \rightarrow | | | | | | | | | | | \rightarrow | | |
| | | IRQ25600 | | 4.2 | | 3.6 | | 3.6 | 3.6 | _ | 3.6 | | 3.6 | | .6 | _ | 3.6 | 3.6 | | 3.6** | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | $ \rightarrow$ | | |
| 50.00 | KGZ | KGZ07000 | CR | | 0.5 | | 0.5 | |).5 | 0.5 | | 0.5 | | 0.5 | 0 | .5 | 0.5 | | 0.5 | | 1.0 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 50.00 | MDA | MDA06300 | CR | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 0.7 | | 0.7 | | .4 | 1.4 | 4 | 1.4 | | 1.4 | | 1.4 | | 1.4 | | 1.4 | | 1.4 |
| 50.00 | MLD | MLD30600 | CR | 6.3 | | 4.8 | | 4.8 | 4.8 | | 4.8 | | 4.8 | 4 | .8 | 4 | 4.8 | 4.8 | 4 | 4.8 | | 4.7 | | 4.3 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 50.00 | NPL | NPL12200 | CR | | 3.1 | | 3.1 | : | 3.1 | 3.1 | | 3.1 | | 3.1 | 3 | .1 | 3.1 | | 3.1 | : | 3.2 | | 2.2 | | 3.4 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 50.00 | POL | POL13200 | CL | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 2.4 | | 2.7 | 1 | 3.1 | 3.1 | 1 | 3.1 | | 3.1 | | 3.1 | | 3.1 | | 3.1 | | 3.2 |
| 50.00 | ROU | ROU13600 | CR | 4.9 | | 3.9 | | 3.9 | 3.9 | | 3.9 | | 3.9 | 3 | .9 | 55 | 3.9 | 3.9 | ; | 3.9 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 50.00 | TKM | TKM06800 | CR | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | 1.0 | : | 2.4 | 8 | 3.5 | 8. | 5 | 8.5 | | 8.5 | | 8.5 | | 8.5 | | 8.5 | | 8.7 |
| 52.50 | UAE | UAE27400 | CR | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | 3.2 | | 3.2 | | 14.3 | | 5.1 | 1 | 5.1 | 15.1 | | 15.1 | | 15.1 | | 15.1 | - | 15.1** | |
| 55.80 | IND | INDA_100 | CR | | 2.6 | | 2.6 | 1 | 2.6 | 2.6 | | 2.6 | | 2.6 | 2 | .6 | 2.6 | | 2.6 | 1 | 3.2 | | 3.9 | | 6.4 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 55.80 | IND | INDB_100 | CL | 2.7 | | 2.1 | | 2.1 | 2.1 | | 2.1 | | 2.1 | 2 | .1 | 2 | 2.1 | 2.1 | 1 | 2.1 | | 3.2 | : | 3.2 | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 56.00 | BIH | BIH14800 | CL | 5.9 | | 5.9 | | 5.9 | 5.9 | | 5.9 | | 5.9 | 5 | .9 | ę | 5.9 | 5.9 | : | 5.9 | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | _ | |
| 56.00 | RUS | RSTRSD21 | CL | | | | | 1 | | | 1 | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | 1 | 9.3 | | 1.6 | 1 | 1.6 | 11.6 | 1 | 11.6 | | 11.6 | Í | 11.6 | | 11.6 | |
| 56.00 | RUS | RSTRSD22 | CR | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | + | | | | | | | | | | | | 3.5 | 3. | 5 | 3.5 | | 3.5 | | 3.5 | | 3.5 | | 3.5 | - | 3.6 |
| 56.40 | KAZ | KAZ06600 | CR | 3.6 | | 1.3 | | 1.3 | 1.3 | | 1.3 | | 1.3 | 1 | .3 | 1 | 1.3 | 1.3 | | 1.3 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | - | |
| 62.00 | ALB | ALB29600 | CL | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 8.6 | | 10.9 | : | 3.5 | 33 | 1.5 | 33.5 | | 33.5 | | 33.5 | | 33.5 | | 33.5 | - | 34.4 |
| 62.00 | CHN | CHN15500 | CL | 2.7 | | 1.5 | | 1.5 | 1.5 | | 1.5 | | 1.5 | 1 | .5 | 1 | 1.5 | 1.5 | | 1.5 | | 1.5 | | 1.5 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 62.00 | CHN | CHNA_100 | CR | | 1.9 | | 1.9 | | 1.9 | 1.9 | | 1.9 | _ | 1.9 | 1 | .9 | 1.9 | | 1.9 | | 2.1 | | 2.3 | | 5.3 | | | | + | | | | | | | - | | \rightarrow | | |
| 68.00 | IND | IND03700 | CL | | 4.5 | | 4.5 | | 1.5 | 4.5 | 1 | 4.5 | | 4.5 | 4 | .5 | 4.5 | | 4.5 | | 4.5 | | 4.5 | | 7.2 | | | | | | | | _ | | | - | | \rightarrow | | |
| 68.00 | | IND04700 | | 5.4 | - | 5.0 | | 5.0 | 5.0 | _ | 5.0 | | 5.0 | | .0 | _ | 5.0 | 5.0 | | 5.0 | | 5.0 | | 5.0 | | | - | | | | 1 | | | | | | | \rightarrow | - | - |
| 68.00 | IND | INDD_100 | | 6.0 | | 4.6 | | 4.6 | 4.6 | _ | 4.6 | | 4.6 | _ | .6 | _ | 4.6 | 4.6 | | 4.6 | | 4.6 | | 4.6 | - | | + | | + | | 1 | | - | | | - | | \rightarrow | | _ |
| 74.00 | | BGD22000 | CR | 12.1 | _ | 11.0 | | 11.0 | 11. | _ | 11.0 | | 11.0 | | 1.0 | _ | 11.0 | 11.0 | | 11.0 | | 4.1 | | 4.1 | | | + | | + | | | | | | | | | \rightarrow | | - |
| 74.00 | - | BRU33000 | CR | | 5.1 | | 5.1 | - | 5.1 | 5.1 | 1 | 5.1 | _ | 5.1 | 5 | _ | 5.1 | 1 | 5.1 | | 4.8 | _ | 4.5 | - | 6.9 | | + | | + | | 1 | | | | | | | \rightarrow | | - |
| | | MNG24800 | CR | \vdash | 3.1 | | 3.1 | ť | | 0.1 | + | 0.1 | _ | 0.1 | + | | 0.1 | \vdash | 0.1 | - | _ | 6.6 | | 6.6 | - | 26.4 | | 19.9 | - | 9.9 | 99.9 | - | 99.9 | | 99.9 | - | 99.9 | - | 99.9 | - |
| 80.20 | | INSA_100 | CR | 12.8 | | 9.7 | | 9.7 | 9.7 | + | 9.7 | | 9.7 | | .7 | - | 9.7 | 9.7 | | 9.7 | | 0.0 9.7 | | 9.7 | | 20.4 | - | 0.0 | - | 0.0 | 35.9 | - | 35.5 | | 33.3 | - | 33.3 | - | 33.3 | - |
| 80.20 | | INSA_100 BTN03100 | CR | 12.8 | | 9.7 8.9 | | 9.7 8.9 | 9.7 | _ | 9.7 | | 9.7 8.9 | | ./ .9 | _ | 9.7 3.9 | 9.7 8.9 | | 9.7 8.9 | | 9.7 8.9 | | 9.7 8.9 | _ | _ | + | | + | _ | - | | | | | - | _ | \rightarrow | | - |
| 86.00 | | | CR | <u> </u> | 9.7 | | 9.7 | - | | 9.7 | 8.9 | 9.7 | | 9.7 | _ | .7 | 9.7 | 8.9 | 9.7 | | 9.7 | · · · | 9.7 | | 11.7 | | \rightarrow | | + | _ | + | \vdash | | | | \rightarrow | _ | \rightarrow | \rightarrow | - |
| | CBG | CBG29900 | | | 9./ | | 9./ | | 9.7 | 9./ | - | 9./ | | 9.7 | 9 | .1 | 9.7 | - | 9.7 | - | 9.7 | | 9.7 | _ | | | | | | | 00.7 | | 00.0 | | | | | \rightarrow | | |
| 86.00 | | RSTRSD31 | CL | | | | | \rightarrow | | _ | - | | | | + | + | | - | | | | | | _ | - | 5.5 | - | 9.9 | | 9.9 | 99.9 | | 99.9 | | 99.9 | | 99.9 | - | 99.9 | |
| | | RSTRSD32 | CR | | | | | - | _ | _ | | | | | | | | - | | _ | | | | _ | _ | - | 9.9 | 99 | 9.9 | 99.9 | - | 99.9 | | 99.9 | | 99.9 | _ | 99.9 | $ \rightarrow$ | 99.9 |
| 88.00 | SNG | SNG15100 | CL | 2.3 | | 1.3 | | 1.3 | 1.3 | | 1.3 | | 1.3 | 1 | .3 | 1 | 1.3 | 1.3 | | 1.3 | | 1.3 | | 1.3 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 5 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | ٦ |
|---------------------|------------------|---------------------|-------------------|------|------|------|---------------|------|------|------|----------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|------|----------|------|-------|-------|------|------|-------|------|------|--------|--------|------|---------------|---------------|--------|------|------|---------------|------|------|---------------|---------------|-----|
| | | _ | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | Ch | anne | el nu | mber | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Orbital Position | Admin. symbol | Beam Identifica- | Polar- ization | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 | 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 | 25 | 26 | 27 | 28 | 29 | 30 | 31 | 32 | 33 | 34 | 35 | 36 | 37 | 38 : | 39 | 40 |
| 1 Usition | symbol | tion | type | | | | | | | | - | | | | | | | - | - | M | linim | um F | PM | | | | | | | | | _ | | _ | | | | | | | - |
| | | | | | | | | | | 1 | <u> </u> | | | | | | | - | 1 | | _ | | | | | | | | | | | - | | _ | | | | | | <u> </u> | _ |
| - | | MLA_100 | CR | | 0.8 | | 0.8 | _ | 1.8 | 0.8 | | 0.8 | | 0.8 | _ | D.8 | 0.8 | - | 0.8 | | 0.8 | | 0.8 | | 3.5** | | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | + | _ | _ | _ | \rightarrow | _ | | _ | - | _ |
| 92.20 | CHN | CHNE_100 | CL | 4.4 | | 1.5 | | 1.5 | 1.5 | _ | 1.5 | | 1.5 | | 1.5 | _ | 1.5 | 1.5 | | 1.5 | | 1.5 | | 1.5 | | | _ | _ | _ | _ | \rightarrow | \rightarrow | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | \rightarrow | \rightarrow | _ |
| 92.20 | CHN | CHNF_100 | CR | | 4.4 | | 4.4 | _ | .4 | 4.4 | | 4.4 | | 4.4 | _ | 4.4 | 4.4 | | 4.4 | | 4.4 | | 4.4 | | 6.6 | | _ | | | | | | | | | | _ | _ | \rightarrow | \rightarrow | |
| 98.00 | | PHL28500 | CL | | 2.3 | | 2.3 | - | .3 | 2.3 | | 2.3 | | 2.3 | - | 2.3 | 2.3 | | 2.3 | | 2.3 | | 2.3 | | 4.7 | | | | | | | | | | | _ | _ | _ | \rightarrow | \rightarrow | |
| 98.00 | THA | THA14200 | CL | 1.8 | | -0.2 | | -0.2 | -0.1 | _ | -0.2 | | -0.2 | _ | -0.2 | _ | -0.2 | -0.2 | | -0.2 | | -0.2 | | -0.2 | | | | | _ | | | | _ | | | \rightarrow | | | \perp | \rightarrow | |
| 104.00 | BRM | BRM29800 | | 2.1 | | -0.1 | | -0.1 | -0.1 | _ | -0.1 | | -0.1 | - | -0.1 | | -0.1 | -0.1 | | -0.1 | | -0.1 | | -0.1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | \rightarrow | \rightarrow | |
| 104.00 | INS | INSB_100 | CL | | 4.1 | | 4.1 | _ | .1 | 4.1 | | 4.1 | | 4.1 | _ | 4.1 | 4.1 | | 4.1 | | 4.1 | | 4.1 | | 4.9** | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 107.00 | VTN | VTN32500 | CR | | 0.2 | | 0.2 | | 1.2 | 0.2 | | 0.2 | | 0.2 | - | 0.2 | 0.2 | | 0.2 | | 0.2 | | 0.2 | | 3.1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 109.85 | J | 000BS-3N | CR | 6.3 | | 4.3 | | 4.3 | 4.3 | | 4.2 | | 4.1 | | 6.5 | 1 | 12.6 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 109.85 | J | J 10985 | CR | 6.2 | | 4.2 | | 4.2 | 4.2 | | 4.2 | | 4.0 | | 6.6 | 1 | 13.9 | 13.9 | | 13.9 | | 13.9 | | 13.9 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 110.00 | J | J 11100 | CR | 5.5 | | 3.5 | | 3.5 | 3.4 | | 3.4 | | 3.3 | | 5.9 | 1 | 13.8 | 13.8 | | 13.8 | | 13.8 | | 13.8 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 110.00 | J | J 1110E | CR | 5.4 | | 3.4 | | 3.4 | 3.4 | | 3.3 | | 3.1 | 1 | 5.6 | 1 | 2.4 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 110.00 | RUS | RUS00401 | CL | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 13.2 | | 99.9 | 9 | 99.9 | 9 | 9.9 | 9 | 99.9 | ŝ | 99.9 | 1 | 99.9 | 99 | 9.9 | |
| 110.00 | RUS | RUS00402 | CR | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 99.9 | | 99.9 | | | | | | | | | | Т | | |
| 116.00 | KOR | KO11201D | CL | | 5.6 | | 5.7 | | i.6 | 5.2 | | 5.0 | | 5.3 | Т | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | Т | Т | | | | | | | Т | | |
| 116.00 | KOR | KOR11200 | CL | | -0.8 | | -0.8 | ŀ | 0.8 | -0.8 | | -1.2 | | -1.2 | ŀ | 4.3 | 3.9 | | 3.9 | | 3.9 | | 3.9 | | 4.9 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 116.00 | KOR | KOR11201 | CL | | 5.6 | | 5.7 | 1 | i.6 | 5.2 | | 5.0 | | 5.3 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 121.80 | USA | MRA33200 | CR | 5.3 | | 3.5 | | 3.5 | 3.5 | 1 | 3.5 | | 3.5 | 1 | 3.5 | 3 | 3.5 | 3.5 | | 3.5 | | 3.5 | | 3.5 | | | Ì | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 122.00 | CHN | CHN19000 | CR | 2.9 | | 0.4 | | 0.4 | 0.4 | 1 | 0.3 | | 0.3 | |).3 | (|).0 | 0.0 | | 0.0 | | 0.0 | | 0.0 | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | \neg | | |
| 122.00 | CHN | CHN20000 | CL | | 1.4 | | 1.4 | | .4 | 1.3 | | 1.3 | | 1.4 | 1 | D.9 | 0.7 | | 0.7 | | 0.7 | | 0.7 | | 2.4 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 122.00 | USA | GUM33100 | CL | | 6.0 | | 6.0 | 1 | i.0 | 6.0 | | 6.0 | | 6.0 | 1 | 6.0 | 6.0 | | 6.0 | | 6.0 | | 6.0 | | 8.6 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 122.20 | LAO | LAO28400 | CR | | -1.8 | | -1.8 | 1 | 1.8 | -1.8 | | -1.8 | | -1.8 | 1 | -1.8 | -1.8 | 3 | -1.8 | | -1.8 | | -1.8 | | -0.5 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | + | | |
| 128.00 | SLM | SLM00000 | CL | 13.3 | | 11.9 | | 11.9 | 11.9 | 9 | 11.9 | | 11.9 | | 11.9 | 1 | 1.7 | 11.7 | | 11.7 | | 11.7 | | 11.7 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | + | + | |
| 128.00 | TMP | TMP00000 | CR | | 9.4 | | 9.3 | 1 | 1.3 | 9.3 | | 9.3 | | 9.3 | | 9.3 | 9.2 | | 9.2 | | 9.2 | | 9.2 | | 10.4 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | + | + | |
| 134.00 | CHN | CHN15800 | CR | | -1.0 | | -1.0 | Ţ. | 1.0 | -1.0 | | -1.0 | | -1.0 | 1 | -1.0 | -1.0 | | -1.0 | | -1.0 | | -1.0 | | 1.3 | | | Í | | | | | | | | | | | \neg | | |
| 134.00 | CHN | CHNC_100 | CL | 2.1 | | -0.4 | | -0.4 | -0.4 | 1 | -0.4 | | -0.4 | 1 | -0.4 | - | -0.4 | -0.4 | | -0.4 | | -0.4 | | -0.4 | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | + | - | - |
| 134.00 | NRU | NRU30900 | CL | 8.6 | | 7.3 | | 7.3 | 7.3 | | 7.3 | | 7.3 | | 7.3 | 1 | 7.3 | 7.3 | | 7.3 | | 7.3 | | 7.3 | | | | | | | | + | | | | + | | | + | - | - |
| 134.00 | PNG | PNG13100 | CR | | 6.4 | | 6.4 | - | .4 | 6.4 | | 6.4 | | 6.4 | | 6.4 | 6.4 | | 6.4 | | 6.4 | | 6.4 | | 7.5 | | | | | | | + | | | | \neg | | | + | | |
| 140.00 | F | NCL10000 | CR | | 4.2 | | 4.2 | _ | .2 | 4.2 | 1 | 4.2 | | 4.2 | _ | 4.2 | 4.2 | | 4.2 | | 4.2 | | 4.2 | | 5.3 | | | \neg | \neg | | | + | \neg | + | + | + | | | + | + | |
| 140.00 | F | WAL10200 | CR | | 7.8 | | 7.8 | _ | .8 | 7.8 | 1 | 7.8 | | 7.8 | _ | 7.8 | 7.8 | - | 7.8 | | 7.8 | | 7.8 | | 7.9 | | | \neg | + | + | | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | - |
| 140.00 | KRE | KRE28600 | CL | 15.5 | | 14.0 | \rightarrow | 14.0 | 14.0 | _ | 14.0 | | 14.0 | | 14.0 | _ | 14.0 | 14.0 | <u> </u> | 14.0 | | 14.0 | | 14.0 | | | | | + | | | + | + | + | + | + | + | | + | + | - |
| 140.00 | PLW | PLW00000 | CR | | 11.2 | | 11.2 | _ | 1.2 | 11.2 | _ | 11.2 | | 11.2 | | 11.2 | 11.3 | _ | 11.2 | | 11.2 | | 11.2 | | 11.4 | | | \neg | | + | + | + | - | + | + | + | - | | + | + | - |
| 140.00 | RUS | RSTRSD51 | CL | | | | | + | | 1 | | | | | + | | | | | | | | | | | 15.8 | | 99.9 | | 99.9 | - | 9.9 | | 99.9 | | 99.9 | | 99.9 | - 4 | 9.9 | - |
| 140.00 | RUS | RSTRSD52 | CR | | | - | | - | + | 1 | 1 | | _ | | + | _ | | + | | | - | | - | | - | | 99.9 | - | 99.9 | _ | 9.9 | - | 99.9 | | 99.9 | _ | 99.9 | _ | 99.9 | | 9.9 |
| 140.00 | USA | WAK33400 | CR | 16.0 | | 14.0 | | 14.0 | 14.0 | | 14.0 | | 14.0 | _ | 14.0 | - | 4.0 | 14.0 | - | 14.0 | - | 14.0 | | 14.0 | - | | | - | | | | Ŧ | | - | | -ŀ | | | | -f | |
| 140.00 | | VUT12800 | CL | 7.1 | | 4.3 | | 4.3 | 4.3 | _ | 4.3 | | 4.3 | _ | 4.3 | _ | 14.0 | 4.3 | - | 4.3 | | 4.3 | | 4.3 | | | | + | + | _ | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | _ | + | + | - |

** See Note 1 of § 11.2 of Article 11.

| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 5 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | - | |
|---------------------|------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-----|------|-----|------|-----|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | Ch | anne | l nu | mber | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Orbital Position | Admin. symbol | Beam Identifica- tion | Polar- ization type | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 1 | 10 1 | 1 1 | 2 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 | 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 | 25 | 26 | 27 | 28 | 29 | 30 | 31 | 32 | 33 | 34 | 35 | 36 | 37 | 38 | 39 | 40 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | М | inim | um F | EPM | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 146.00 | MHL | MHL00000 | CR | | 25.2 | | 25.1 | | 25.2 | 2 | 25.1 | 2 | 5.2 | 25 | .4 | 25. | 5 | 25.4 | | 25.5 | | 25.4 | | 25.5 | | 26.3 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 152.00 | AUS | AUS00400 | CR | | | 5.7 | | | ŝ | 5.7 | | | 5. | 7 | | | 5.7 | | | | 5.7 | | | | 5.7 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 152.00 | AUS | AUS0040A | CR | | | 16.9 | | | | 16.9 | | | 16 | 6.9 | | | 16.9 | | | | 16.9 | | | | 16.9 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 152.00 | AUS | AUS0040B | CR | | | 16.3 | | | | 16.3 | | | 16 | 6.3 | | | 16.3 | | | | 16.3 | | | | 16.3 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 152.00 | AUS | AUS0040C | CR | | | 17.4 | | | | 17.4 | | | 17 | 7.4 | | | 17.4 | | | | 17.4 | | | | 17.4 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 152.00 | AUS | AUS00500 | CL | | | | 5.1 | | | | 5.1 | | | 9. | 1 | | | 9.1 | | | | 9.1 | | | | 9.1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 152.00 | AUS | AUS00600 | CL | | 4.3 | | | | 4.3 | | | 4. | .3 | | | 8.7 | | | | 8.7 | | | | 8.7 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 152.00 | AUS | AUSA_100 | CR | 9.2 | | | | 7.5 | | | 7. | .5 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 158.00 | FSM | FSM00000 | CR | 14.9 | | 23.5 | | 14.6 | 2 | 23.5 | 1 | 4.6 | 23 | 3.5 | 23. | 3 | 24.9 | | 25.3 | | 24.9 | | 25.3 | | 24.9 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 158.00 | NZL | NZL100 | CL | | 12.1 | | 8.5 | | 12.1 | 8 | 3.5 | 1: | 2.1 | 8. | 6 | 12. | 1 | 12.1 | | 12.1 | | 12.1 | | 12.1 | | 15.1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 164.00 | AUS | AUS00700 | CR | | | 4.8 | | | 4 | 1.8 | | | 4. | 8 | | | 9.4 | | | | 9.4 | | | | 9.4 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 164.00 | AUS | AUS0070A | CR | | | 7.7 | | | ; | 7.7 | | | 7. | 7 | | | 15.8 | | | | 15.8 | | | | 15.8 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 164.00 | AUS | AUS00800 | CL | | 5.4 | | | | 5.4 | | | 5. | .4 | | | 5.4 | | | | 5.4 | | | | 5.4 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 164.00 | AUS | AUS00900 | CR | 7.8 | | | | 3.6 | | | 3 | .6 | | | 3.6 | | | | 7.2 | | | | 7.2 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 164.00 | AUS | AUS0090A | CR | 13.0 | | | | 7.1 | | | 7. | .1 | | | 7.1 | | | | 13.0 | | | | 13.0 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 164.00 | AUS | AUS0090B | CR | 16.2 | | | | 7.7 | | | 7. | .7 | | | 7.7 | | | | 15.7 | | | | 15.7 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 164.00 | AUS | AUSB_100 | CL | | | | 4.6 | | | 4 | 1.6 | | | 4. | 6 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 170.00 | USA | PLM33200 | CL | | 6.5 | | 6.5 | | 6.5 | 6 | 6.5 | 6. | .5 | 6. | 5 | 6.5 | | 6.5 | | 6.5 | | 6.5 | | 6.5 | | 9.2 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 170.00 | USA | USAA_100 | CL | 9.9 | | 7.4 | | 7.4 | ; | 7.4 | 7. | .4 | 7. | 4 | 7.4 | | 7.4 | | 7.4 | | 7.4 | | 7.4 | | 7.4 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 170.75 | TON | TON21500 | CR | | 9.6 | | 9.6 | | 9.6 | 9 | 9.6 | 9. | .6 | 9. | 6 | 9.6 | | 9.7 | | 9.7 | | 9.7 | | 9.7 | | 11.6 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 176.00 | KIR | KIR_100 | CL | 13.4 | | 10.5 | | 10.5 | | 10.5 | 1 | 0.5 | 10 |).5 | 10. | 5 | 10.5 | | 10.5 | | 10.5 | | 10.5 | | 10.5 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 176.00 | TUV | TUV00000 | CR | | 6.2 | | 6.2 | | 6.2 | 6 | 5.2 | 6. | .2 | 6. | 2 | 6.2 | | 6.2 | | 6.2 | | 6.2 | | 6.2 | | 9.1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

ANNEX 1 (WRC-2000)

Limits for determining whether a service of an administration is affected by a proposed modification to the Region 2 Plan or by a proposed new or modified assignment in the Regions 1 and 3 List or when it is necessary under this Appendix to seek the agreement of any other administration¹⁴

(See Article 4)

MOD

1 Limits for the interference into frequency assignments in conformity with the Regions 1 and 3 Plan or with the Regions 1 and 3 List or into new or modified assignments in the Regions 1 and 3 List

Under assumed free-space propagation conditions, the power flux-density of a proposed new or modified assignment in the List shall not exceed the value of $-103.6 \text{ dB}(W/(\text{m}^2 \cdot 27 \text{ MHz}))$.

With respect to § 4.1.1 *a*) or *b*) of Article 4, an administration in Region 1 or 3 is considered by the Bureau as being affected if the minimum orbital spacing between the wanted and interfering space stations, under worst-case station-keeping conditions, is less than 9° .

However, an administration in Region 1 or 3 is considered as not being affected if either of the following two conditions is met:

a) under assumed free-space propagation conditions, the power flux-density at any test point within the service area associated with any of its frequency assignments in the Plan or in the List or for which the procedure of Article 4 has been initiated, does not exceed the following values:¹⁵

| $-147 dB(W/(m^2 \cdot 27 \text{ MHz}))$ | for $0^\circ \leq \theta < 0.23^\circ$ |
|--|--|
| $-135.7 + 17.74 \log \theta dB(W/(m^2 \cdot 27 \text{ MHz}))$ | for $0.23^\circ \le \theta < 2.0^\circ$ |
| $-136.7 + 1.66 \theta^2 dB(W/(m^2 \cdot 27 \text{ MHz}))$ | for $2.0^{\circ} \leq \theta < 3.59^{\circ}$ |
| $-129.2 + 25 \log \theta dB(W/(m^2 \cdot 27 \text{ MHz}))$ | for $3.59^\circ \le \theta < 9^\circ$ |

where θ is the minimum geocentric orbital separation in degrees between the wanted and interfering space stations, taking into account the respective East-West station-keeping accuracies;

b) the effect of the proposed new or modified assignments in the List is that the equivalent downlink protection margin¹⁶ corresponding to a test point of its assignment in the Regions 1 and 3 Plan or List, or for which the procedure of Article 4 has been initiated, including cumulative effect of any previous modification to the List or any previous agreement, does

not fall more than 0.45 dB below 0 dB or, if already negative, more than 0.45 dB below the value resulting from:

- the Regions 1 and 3 Plan and List as established by WRC-2000; or
- a proposed new or modified assignment to the List in accordance with this Appendix; or
- a new entry in the Regions 1 and 3 List as a result of successful application of Article 4
 procedures.

NOTE – In performing the calculation, the effect at the receiver input of all the co-channel and adjacent-channel signals is expressed in terms of one equivalent co-channel interfering signal. This value is usually expressed in decibels. (WRC-03)

(MOD)

2 Limits to the change in the overall equivalent protection margin for frequency assignments in conformity with the Region 2 Plan

With respect to § 4.2.3 *c*) of Article 4, an administration in Region 2 is considered as being affected if the overall equivalent protection margin¹⁷ corresponding to a test point of its entry in the Region 2 Plan, including the cumulative effect of any previous modification to that Plan or any previous agreement, falls more than 0.25 dB below 0 dB, or, if already negative, more than 0.25 dB below the value resulting from:

- the Region 2 Plan as established by the 1983 Conference; or
- a modification of the assignment in accordance with this Appendix; or
- a new entry in the Region 2 Plan under Article 4; or
- any agreement reached in accordance with this Appendix. (WRC-03)

MOD

3 Limits to the change in the power flux-density to protect the broadcasting-satellite service in Regions 1 and 2 in the band 12.2-12.5 GHz and in Region 3 in the band 12.5-12.7 GHz

With respect to $\S 4.1.1 c$) of Article 4, an administration in Region 2 is considered as being affected if the proposed new or modified assignment in the Regions 1 and 3 List would result in exceeding the following power flux-density values, at any test point in the service area of its overlapping frequency assignments:

| $-147 \text{ dB}(\text{W}/(\text{m}^2 \cdot 27))$ | (MHz)) | for 0° | $\leq \theta < 0.23^{\circ}$ |
|---|------------------------------------|----------|--------------------------------------|
| $-135.7 + 17.74 \log \theta$ | $dB(W/(m^2 \cdot 27 \text{ MHz}))$ | for 0.23 | $^{\circ} \leq \theta < 1.8^{\circ}$ |

| $-134.0 + 0.89 \theta^2 dB(W/(m^2 \cdot 27 \text{ MHz}))$ | for 1.8° | $\leq \theta < 5.0^\circ$ |
|---|-------------------|-------------------------------|
| $-129.2 + 25 \log \theta dB(W/(m^2 \cdot 27 \text{ MHz}))$ | for 5.0° | $\leq \theta < 10.57^{\circ}$ |
| -103.6 dB(W/(m ² · 27 MHz)) | for 10.57 | $0^{\circ} \leq \theta$ |

where θ is the minimum geocentric orbital separation in degrees between the wanted and interfering space stations, taking into account the respective East-West station-keeping accuracies.

With respect to § 4.2.3 a, 4.2.3 b or 4.2.3 f of Article 4, as appropriate, an administration in Region 1 or 3 is considered as being affected if the proposed modification to the Region 2 Plan would result in exceeding the following power flux-density values, at any test point in the service area of its overlapping frequency assignments:

| $-147 dB(W/(m^2 \cdot 27 \text{ MHz}))$ | for 0° | $\leq \theta < 0.23^{\circ}$ |
|--|--------------------|-------------------------------|
| $-135.7 + 17.74 \log \theta dB(W/(m^2 \cdot 27 \text{ MHz}))$ | for 0.23° | $\leq \theta < 2.0^{\circ}$ |
| $-136.7 + 1.66 \theta^2 dB(W/(m^2 \cdot 27 \text{ MHz}))$ | for 2.0° | $\leq \theta < 3.59^{\circ}$ |
| $-129.2 + 25 \log \theta dB(W/(m^2 \cdot 27 \text{ MHz}))$ | for 3.59° | $\leq \theta < 10.57^{\circ}$ |
| -103.6 dB(W/(m ² · 27 MHz)) | for 10.57 | °≤θ |

where θ is the minimum geocentric orbital separation in degrees between the wanted and interfering space stations, taking into account the respective East-West station-keeping accuracies. (WRC-03)

(MOD)

4 Limits to the power flux-density to protect the terrestrial services of other administrations^{18, 19, 20}

With respect to § 4.1.1 *d*) of Article 4, an administration in Region 1, 2 or 3 is considered as being affected if the consequence of the proposed modified assignment in the Regions 1 and 3 List is to increase the power flux-density arriving on any part of the territory of that administration by more than 0.25 dB over that resulting from that frequency assignment in the Plan or List for Regions 1 and 3 as established by WRC-2000. The same administration is considered as not being affected if the value of the power flux-density anywhere in its territory does not exceed the limits expressed below.

With respect to § 4.2.3 d) of Article 4, an administration in Region 1, 2 or 3 is considered as being affected if the consequence of the proposed modification to an existing assignment in the Region 2 Plan is to increase the power flux-density arriving on any part of the territory of that administration by more than 0.25 dB over that resulting from that frequency assignment in the Region 2 Plan at the time of entry into force of the Final Acts of the 1985 Conference. The same administration is considered as not being affected if the value of the power flux-density anywhere in its territory does not exceed the limits expressed below.

| $-148 dB(W/(m^2 \cdot 4 \text{ kHz}))$ | for | $\theta \leq 5^{\circ}$ |
|--|--------|------------------------------------|
| $-148 + 0.5 (\theta - 5) dB(W(m^2 \cdot 4 \text{ kHz})$ | for 5° | $< \theta \le 25^{\circ}$ |
| -138 dB(W/(m ² · 4 kHz)) | for 25 | $^{\circ} < \theta \le 90^{\circ}$ |

where θ represents the angle of arrival. (WRC-03)

MOD

6 Limits to the change in the power flux-density of assignments in the Regions 1 and 3 Plan or List to protect the fixed-satellite service (space-to-Earth) in the band 11.7-12.2 GHz²¹ in Region 2 or in the band 12.2-12.5 GHz in Region 3, and of assignments in the Region 2 Plan to protect the fixed-satellite service (space-to-Earth) in the band 12.5-12.7 GHz in Region 1 and in the band 12.2-12.7 GHz in Region 3

With respect to § 4.1.1 *e*) of Article 4, an administration is considered as being affected if the proposed new or modified assignment in the Regions 1 and 3 List would result in an increase in the power flux-density over any portion of the service area of its overlapping frequency assignments in the fixed-satellite service in Region 2 or Region 3 of 0.25 dB or more above that resulting from the frequency assignments in the Plan or List for Regions 1 and 3 as established by WRC-2000.

With respect to § 4.2.3 *e*), an administration is considered as being affected if the proposed modification to the Region 2 Plan would result in an increase in the power flux-density over any portion of the service area of its overlapping frequency assignments in the fixed-satellite service in Region 1 or 3 of 0.25 dB or more above that resulting from the frequency assignments in the Region 2 Plan at the time of entry into force of the Final Acts of the 1985 Conference.

With respect to § 4.1.1 *e*) or 4.2.3 *e*) of Article 4, with the exception of cases covered by Note 1 below, an administration is considered as not being affected if the proposed new or modified assignment in the Regions 1 and 3 List, or if a proposed modification to the Region 2 Plan, gives

²¹ Including assignments operating under No. **5.485** of the Radio Regulations.

a power flux-density anywhere over any portion of the service area of its overlapping frequency assignments in the fixed-satellite service in Region 1, 2 or 3 of less than:

| -186.5 dB(W/(m ² · 40 kHz)) | for $0^\circ \leq \theta < 0.054^\circ$ | C |
|--|---|---|
| $-164.0 + 17.74 \log \theta dB(W/(m^2 \cdot 40 \text{ kHz}))$ | for $0.054^\circ \le \theta < 2.0^\circ$ | |
| $-165.0 + 1.66 \theta^2 dB(W/(m^2 \cdot 40 \text{ kHz}))$ | for $2.0^\circ \leq \theta < 3.59^\circ$ | |
| $-157.5 + 25 \log \theta dB(W/(m^2 \cdot 40 \text{ kHz}))$ | for $3.59^{\circ} \le \theta < 10.57^{\circ}$ | þ |
| -131.9 dB(W/(m ² · 40 kHz)) | for $10.57^{\circ} \le \theta$ | |

where θ is the minimum geocentric orbital separation in degrees between the wanted and interfering space stations, taking into account the respective East-West station-keeping accuracies.

NOTE 1 – With respect to § 4.1.1 *e*) of Article 4, an administration in Region 3 is considered as not being affected if the proposed new or modified assignment in the Regions 1 and 3 List in the orbital arc 105° E-129° E gives a power flux-density anywhere over any portion of the territory of the notifying administration within the service area of its overlapping frequency assignments in the fixed-satellite service in the orbital arc 110° E-124° E of less than:

| -186.5 dB(W/(m ² · 40 kHz)) | for $0^\circ \leq \theta < 0.054^\circ$ |
|--|--|
| $-164.0 + 17.74 \log \theta dB(W/(m^2 \cdot 40 \text{ kHz}))$ | for $0.054^\circ \le \theta < 1.8^\circ$ |
| $-162.3 + 0.89 \ \theta^2 dB(W/(m^2 \cdot 40 \ kHz))$ | for $1.8^\circ \leq \theta < 5.0^\circ$ |
| $-157.5 + 25 \log \theta dB(W/(m^2 \cdot 40 \text{ kHz}))$ | for 5.0° $\leq \theta < 10.57^{\circ}$ |
| -131.9 dB(W/(m ² · 40 kHz)) | for $10.57^{\circ} \le \theta$ |

where θ is the minimum geocentric orbital separation in degrees between the wanted and interfering space stations, taking into account the respective East-West station-keeping accuracies.

The above set of formulas is only applied to networks:

- for which Appendix 4 information for coordination had been received by the Bureau prior to 30 March 2002; and
- which had been brought into use prior to 30 March 2002 and for which the date of bringing into use had been confirmed to the Bureau; and
- for which the complete due diligence information, in accordance with Annex 2 to Resolution 49 (Rev.WRC-2000), had been received by the Bureau prior to 30 March 2002. (WRC-03)

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MOD

7 Limits to the change in equivalent noise temperature to protect the fixed-satellite service (Earth-to-space) in Region 1 from modifications to the Region 2 Plan in the band 12.5-12.7 GHz

With respect to § 4.2.3 *e*) of Article 4, an administration of Region 1 is considered as being affected if the proposed modification to the Region 2 Plan would result in:

- the value of $\Delta T/T$ resulting from the proposed modification is greater than the value of $\Delta T/T$ resulting from the assignment in the Region 2 Plan as of the date of entry into force of the Final Acts of the 1985 Conference; *and*
- the value of $\Delta T/T$ resulting from the proposed modification exceeds 6%,

using the method of Appendix 8 (Case II). (WRC-03)

MOD

ANNEX 2 (Rev.WRC-03)

Basic characteristics to be furnished in notices relating to space stations in the broadcasting-satellite service

These data items are listed in Appendix 4.

MOD

ANNEX 3 (WRC-03)

Method for determining the limiting interfering power flux-density at the edge of a broadcasting-satellite service area in the frequency bands 11.7-12.2 GHz (in Region 3), 11.7-12.5 GHz (in Region 1) and 12.2-12.7 GHz (in Region 2), and for calculating the power flux-density produced in these bands by a terrestrial station, or by a transmitting earth station in the fixed-satellite service in the band 12.5-12.7 GHz

1 General

1.1 This Annex describes a method of calculating the interference potential from terrestrial transmitters or transmitting earth stations in the fixed-satellite service (FSS) to receiving earth stations in the broadcasting-satellite service (BSS).

- 1.2 The method is in two parts:
- *a)* the calculation of the maximum permissible interfering power flux-density at the edge of the BSS area concerned;
- *b)* the calculation of the likely power flux-density produced at any point on the edge of the service area by the terrestrial transmitter or transmitting earth stations in the FSS of another administration.

1.3 The interference potential of the terrestrial transmitters or the transmitting earth stations in the FSS must be considered case by case; the power flux-density produced by each terrestrial transmitter or each transmitting earth station F_p is compared to the limiting power flux-density F at any point on the edge of the service area of a broadcasting-satellite station of another administration. If, for a given transmitter, the value of the power flux-density produced F_p is lower than the value of the limiting power flux-density F at any point on the edge of the service area, the interference caused to the BSS by this transmitter is considered to be lower than the permissible value and no coordination is required between administrations before the terrestrial service station or the transmitting earth station is brought into use. Where this is not the case, coordination and more precise calculations derived from a mutually agreed basis are necessary.

Section 2 calculates the limit of power flux-density F at the edge of the service area.

Section 3 calculates the power flux-density produced by a terrestrial station or a transmitting earth station, F_p .

1.4 It is emphasized that, should the calculation described in this Annex indicate that the maximum permissible power flux-density is exceeded, it does not necessarily preclude the introduction of the terrestrial or the FSS since the calculations are necessarily based on worst-case assumptions for:

- *a)* the nature of the terrain of the interference path;
- b) the off-beam discrimination on the broadcasting-satellite receiving installations;
- *c)* the necessary protection ratios for the BSS;
- *d)* the type of reception in the BSS, i.e., assuming individual reception, this being more critical than community reception for the angles of elevation concerned;
- e) the value of power flux-density to be protected in the BSS;
- *f)* the propagation conditions between the terrestrial station or the transmitting earth station in the FSS operating in the opposite direction of transmission, and the BSS area.

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2 Limit of power flux-density

2.1 General

The limiting power flux-density not to be exceeded at the edge of the service area in order to protect the BSS of an administration is given by the formula:

$$F = F_0 - R + D + P$$
 (1)

where:

- *F*: the maximum permissible interfering power flux-density $(dB(W/m^2))$ within the necessary bandwidth of the broadcasting-satellite;
- F_0 : the wanted power flux-density (dB(W/m²)) at the edge of the service area;
- *R*: the protection ratio (dB) between the wanted and interfering signals;
- *D*: angular antenna discrimination (dB) provided by the radiation pattern of the broadcasting-satellite receiver antenna;
- *P*: polarization discrimination (dB) between the wanted and interfering signals.

2.2 Wanted power flux-density (F_0)

The value of F_0 is equal to:

For the Regions 1 and 3 Plan and List, Region 2 Plan and Article 4 submissions under § 4.1.3 and 4.2.6:

- a) $-108 \text{ dB}(\text{W}/(\text{m}^2 \cdot 27 \text{ MHz}))$ for service areas in Regions 1 and 3, and
- b) $-115 \text{ dB}(W/(m^2 \cdot 24 \text{ MHz}))$, as well as in dB(W/(m² \cdot 27 \text{ MHz})) with respect to the cases mentioned in the footnote to § 3.8 of Annex 5 concerning necessary bandwidths in Region 2.

For the analogue BSS assignments in the Region 2 Plan:

 $-107~dB(W/(m^2\cdot24~MHz)),$ as well as in $dB(W/(m^2\cdot27~MHz))$ with respect to the cases mentioned in the footnote to § 3.8 of Annex 5 concerning necessary bandwidths in Region 2.

2.3 Protection ratio (*R*)

2.3.1 For digital BSS assignments, the single entry protection ratio is equal to 30 dB.

2.3.2 For the analogue BSS assignments in the Region 2 Plan and for notified BSS assignments in Regions 1 and 3 Plan and List which are in conformity with the Plans and List of Appendix **30** and which have been brought into use and for which the date of bringing into use has been confirmed to the Bureau before 9 June 2003, the single entry protection ratio against all

types of terrestrial transmissions, with the exception of amplitude-modulation multichannel television systems, is 35 dB for carrier frequency differences between the wanted and interfering signals of up to ± 10 MHz, decreasing linearly from 35 dB to 0 dB for carrier frequency differences between 10 MHz and 35 MHz, and is 0 dB for frequency differences in excess of 35 MHz (see Fig. 1). For amplitude-modulation multichannel television systems which produce high peaks of power flux-density spread over a wide range of their necessary bandwidth, the protection ratio *R* is 35 dB and is independent of the carrier frequency difference.

2.3.3 The carrier frequency difference should be determined by reference to the frequency assignments in the broadcasting-satellite Plan or, in the case of assignments not contained within a plan, by reference to the characteristics of the proposed or operational system.

2.3.4 A signal from a terrestrial station or a transmitting earth station in the FSS should be considered only if its necessary bandwidth overlaps the necessary bandwidth of the BSS assignment.

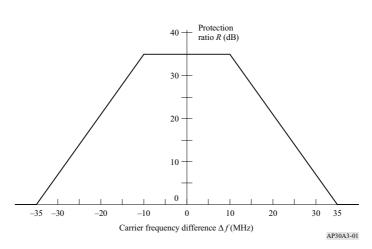


FIGURE 1

Protection ratio (R) (dB) for a broadcasting-satellite signal against a single entry of interference from a terrestrial service (except for AM multichannel TV system)

2.4 Angular antenna discrimination (D)

2.4.1 For all Regions (digital)

The value of D to be assumed in equation (1) is derived from the following equations, which are based on Recommendation ITU-R BO.1213 (also found in Annex 5 to this Appendix):

| $D = 0.0025((d/\lambda) \varphi)^2$ | dB | for $0^{\circ} \leq \phi < \phi_m$ |
|---|----|---|
| $D = G_{max} - (29 - 25 \log(\varphi_r))$ | dB | for $\varphi_m \leq \varphi < \varphi_r$ |
| $D = G_{max} - (29 - 25 \log(\varphi))$ | dB | for $\varphi_r \le \varphi \le 14.45^\circ$ |
| $D = G_{max}$ | dB | for $\phi > 14.45^{\circ}$ |

where:

φ: elevation angle (degrees) for the proposed or operational broadcastingsatellite system for the BSS area concerned

$$\varphi_m$$
: $(\lambda/d)((G_{max} - G_1)/(0.0025))^{0.5}$ (degrees)

- $G_1: 29 25 \log(\varphi_r) (dB)$
- φ_r : 95(λ/d) (degrees)

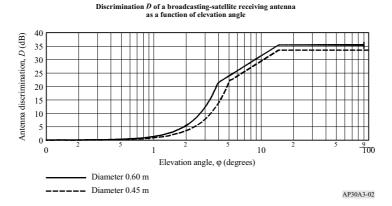
G_{max}: maximum gain of the antenna (dBi)

- d: diameter of the antenna (m)
- λ : the wavelength (m).

NOTE 1 – If more than one value of ϕ is specified for a particular service area, the appropriate value of ϕ should be used for each section of the edge of the service area under consideration.

For Regions 1 and 3, $G_{max} = 35.5$ dBi corresponding to a 0.6 m diameter antenna at 11.7 GHz and 65% efficiency. For Region 2, $G_{max} = 33.3$ dBi corresponding to a 0.45 m diameter antenna at 12.2 GHz and 65% efficiency. For a graphical depiction of this antenna discrimination see Fig. 2.

FIGURE 2



AP30

2.4.2 For the analogue BSS assignments in the Region 2 Plan

The discrimination D should be derived from the expression (3) below where φ is the elevation angle for the proposed or operational broadcasting-satellite system for the BSS area concerned.

NOTE 1 – If more than one value of ϕ is specified for a particular service area, the appropriate value of ϕ should be used for each section of the edge of the service area under consideration.

| D = 0 | dB | for $0^\circ \leq \phi \leq 0.43^\circ$ | |
|------------------------------|----|--|-----|
| $D = 4.15 \varphi^2$ | dB | for $0.43^{\circ} < \phi \le 1.92^{\circ}$ | (3) |
| $D = 8.24 + 25 \log \varphi$ | dB | for $1.92^{\circ} < \phi \le 25^{\circ}$ | |
| D = 43.2 | dB | for $\phi > 25^{\circ}$ | |

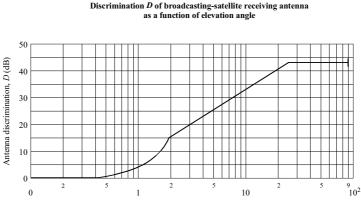
NOTE 2 – For the graphical determination of D see Fig. 3. The unit for φ is degrees.

2.5 Polarization discrimination (P)

The value of *P* is equal to:

- *a)* 3 dB when the interfering service uses linear polarization and the BSS uses circular polarization or vice versa;
- b) 0 dB when the interfering service and the BSS both use circular or both use linear polarization.

FIGURE 3



Elevation angle, ϕ (degrees)

AP30A3-03

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3 Power flux-density produced by a terrestrial station or a transmitting earth station (F_p)

The power flux-density F_p (dB(W/m²)) produced at any point on the edge of the service area by the terrestrial station or the transmitting earth station is determined from the following formula:

$$F_p = E - A + 10 \log (4\pi/\lambda^2)$$
(4)

where:

- E: equivalent isotropically radiated power (dBW) of the terrestrial station or the transmitting earth station in the direction of the point concerned on the edge of the service area
- *A*: total path loss (dB)
- λ : wavelength (m).

3.1 Evaluation of path loss A for a terrestrial station or a transmitting earth station at the edge of the service area of the broadcasting satellite

The following propagation model is to be used for determining the minimum path loss between the interfering terrestrial transmitter or transmitting earth station and the edge of the BSS service area.

3.2 Propagation model

3.2.1 Distance limits

3.2.1.1 Minimum distance limit

The minimum coordination distance is given as:

$$d_{min}(f) = 100 + \frac{(\beta_p - f)}{2}$$
(5)

where:

f: frequency (GHz)

 β_p : radiometeorological parameter, which reflects the relative incidence of clear-sky anomalous propagation conditions.

The value of β_p is latitude dependent. The latitude to be used in determining the correct value for β_p is given by:

$$\zeta_r = \begin{cases} |\zeta| - 1.8 & \text{for } |\zeta| > 1.8^{\circ} \\ 0 & \text{for } |\zeta| \le 1.8^{\circ} \end{cases}$$
(6)

where ζ is the earth station latitude (degrees).

 β_p is then determined using:

$$\beta_p = \begin{cases} 10^{(1.67-0.015\zeta_r)} & \text{for } \zeta_r \le 70^{\circ} \\ 4.17 & \text{for } \zeta_r > 70^{\circ} \end{cases}$$
(7)

3.2.1.2 Maximum distance limit

The maximum distance, d_{max} , for paths comprising a single climatic zone must not exceed the value for that climatic zone given in the Table below. For mixed paths comprising multiple zones the overall maximum distance must not exceed the value in the Table below corresponding to the climatic zone in the mixed path having the largest value (e.g. for a mixed path comprising zones A1 and A2, d_{max} is 500 km).

| Climatic Zone ¹ | Maximum distance $(d_{max})^2$ |
|----------------------------|--------------------------------|
| A1 | 500 |
| A2 | 375 |
| В | 900 |
| С | 1 200 |

¹ For the definition see Appendix 7, § 1.5.1 and 1.5.3.2.

² As computed in § 2 of Appendix 7.

3.2.2 Ducting model

3.2.2.1 Distance-independent part of the loss (dB) for ducting

For BSS earth stations, no additional protection due to the earth station horizon elevation angle can be assumed, i.e. A_h , the total terrain shielding attenuation, is 0 dB. However, if the detailed information for the transmitting station is known, including any site-shielding-based mitigation techniques that are used, all these factors need to be included in the determination of the coordination distance.

Reduction in attenuation arising from direct coupling into over-sea ducts (dB):

$$A_c = \frac{-6}{1+d_c} \tag{8}$$

where d_c (km) is the distance from a land-based transmitting station to the coast in the direction being considered. d_c is zero in other circumstances.

Distance-independent part of the loss (dB) for ducting:

$$A_1 = 122.43 + 16.5 \log f + A_c \tag{9}$$

3.2.2.2 Distance-dependent part of the loss (dB) for ducting

3.2.2.2*a* The specific attenuation (dB/km) due to dry air is given as:

$$\gamma_0 = \left(7.19 \times 10^{-3} + \frac{6.09}{f^2 + 0.227} + \frac{4.81}{(f - 57)^2 + 1.50}\right) f^2 \times 10^{-3}$$
(10)

3.2.2.2*b* The specific attenuation due to water vapour is given as a function of ρ , the water vapour density in units of g/m³, by the following equation:

$$\gamma_w(\rho) = \left(0.050 + 0.0021\rho + \frac{3.6}{(f - 22.2)^2 + 8.5}\right) f^2 \rho \times 10^{-4}$$
(11)

3.2.2.2c The specific attenuation (dB/km) due to water vapour for the ducting propagation model using a water vapour density of 7.5 g/m³ for paths over land in Zones A1 and A2 is given as:

$$\gamma_{wdl} = \gamma_w (7.5) \tag{12}$$

3.2.2.2d The specific attenuation (dB/km) due to water vapour for the ducting propagation model using a water vapour density of 10.0 g/m^3 for paths over sea in Zones B and C is given as:

$$\gamma_{wds} = \gamma_w (10.0) \tag{13}$$

Note that the value of 10.0 g/m^3 is used for both Zones B and C in view of the lack of data on the variability of water vapour density on a global basis, particularly the minimum values.

3.2.2.2e Specific attenuation due to gaseous absorption (dB/km):

$$\gamma_g = \gamma_0 + \gamma_{wdl} \left(\frac{d_t}{d_i} \right) + \gamma_{wds} \left(1 - \frac{d_t}{d_i} \right)$$
(14)

where:

- d_t (km): aggregate land distance (Zone A1 + Zone A2) along the path;
- d_i (km): path length considered, which lies within the range between a minimum calculation distance and a maximum calculation distance.

3.2.2.2*f* Values for zone-dependent parameters:

$$\tau = 1 - \exp\left(-\left(4.12 \times 10^{-4} (d_{lm})^{2.41}\right)\right) \tag{15}$$

where:

 d_{lm} (km): longest continuous inland distance (Zone A2) along the path considered.

$$\mu_1 = \left(10^{\frac{-d_{im}}{16} - 6.6\tau} + \left(10^{-(0.496 + 0.354\tau)}\right)^5\right)^{0.2}$$
(16)

where:

 d_{tm} (km): longest continuous land (i.e. inland + coastal) distance (Zone A1 + Zone A2) along the path considered.

 μ_1 is limited to $\mu_1 \leq 1$.

$$\sigma = -0.6 - 8.5 \times 10^{-9} d_i^{3.1} \tau \tag{17}$$

 σ is limited to $\sigma \ge -3.4$.

$$\mu_2 = \left(2.48 \times 10^{-4} d_i^2\right)^{\sigma} \tag{18}$$

 μ_2 is limited to $\mu_2 \leq 1$.

$$\mu_{4} = \begin{cases} 10^{(-0.935+0.0176\zeta_{r})\log\mu_{1}} & \text{for } \zeta \leq 70^{\circ} \\ 10^{0.3\log\mu_{1}} & \text{for } \zeta > 70^{\circ} \end{cases}$$
(19)

3.2.2.2g Path-dependent incidence of ducting, β , and the related parameter, Γ_1 , that are used to calculate time dependency of the path loss are given as:

$$\beta = \beta_e \cdot \mu_1 \cdot \mu_2 \cdot \mu_4 \tag{20}$$

-

$$\Gamma_{1} = \frac{1.076}{\left(2.0058 - \log\beta\right)^{1.012}} \exp\left(-\left(9.51 - 4.8\log\beta + 0.198(\log\beta)^{2}\right) \times 10^{-6} d_{i}^{1.13}\right)$$
(21)

NOTE 1 – For coordination of terrestrial mobile transmitting stations, fixed stations and transmitting earth stations, the mitigation factor C_{2i} was set equal to zero.

3.2.2.2*h* Distance-dependent part of the loss (dB) for ducting:

$$L_5(p) = (\gamma_d + \gamma_g)d_i + (1.2 + 3.7 \times 10^{-3}d_i)\log\left(\frac{p}{\beta}\right) + 12\left(\frac{p}{\beta}\right)^{l_1} + C_{2i}$$
(22)

where:

- *p*: the maximum percentage of time for which the permissible interference power may be exceeded; p = 0.3%
- γ_d : the frequency-dependent ducting specific attenuation (dB/km).

$$\gamma_d = 0.05 f^{1/3} \tag{23}$$

3.2.2.2*i* Attenuation due to ducting:

$$A_{duct} = A_1 + L_5(p) \tag{24}$$

3.2.3 For the tropospheric scatter model

3.2.3.1 Distance-independent part of the loss (dB) for tropospheric scatter

$$A_2 = 187.36 + 10\varepsilon_h + L_f - 0.15N_0 - 10.1 \left(-\log\left(\frac{p}{50}\right) \right)^{0.7}$$
(25)

where:

 ε_h : earth station horizon elevation angle (degrees)

 N_0 : path centre sea level surface refractivity given as:

$$N_0 = 330 + 62.6e^{-\left(\frac{\zeta - 2}{32.7}\right)^2}$$
(26)

L_f : the frequency-dependent part of the loss (dB), given as:

$$L_f = 25 \log(f) - 2.5 \left(\log\left(\frac{f}{2}\right) \right)^2$$
 (27)

3.2.3.2 Distance-dependent part of the loss (dB) for tropospheric scatter

$$L_6(p) = 20 \, \log(d_i) + 5.73 \times 10^{-4} (112 - 15\cos(2\zeta)) d_i + (\gamma_0 + \gamma_{wt}) d_i + C_{2i}$$
(28)

Total attenuation due to tropospheric scatter:

$$A_{trop} = A_2 + L_6(p) \tag{29}$$

3.2.3.3 Minimum path loss

The minimum path loss, A_{min} , between the site of the interfering transmitter and the edge of the BSS service area is given by:

$$A_{min} = \min\left(A_{duct}, A_{trop}\right) \tag{30}$$

ANNEX 4 (Rev.WRC-03)

Need for coordination of a transmitting space station in the fixed-satellite service or in the broadcasting-satellite service where this service is not subject to a Plan: in Region 2 (11.7-12.2 GHz) with respect to the Plan, the List or proposed new or modified assignments in the List for Regions 1 and 3; in Region 1 (12.5-12.7 GHz) and in Region 3 (12.2-12.7 GHz) with respect to the Plan or proposed modifications to the Plan in Region 2; in Region 3 (12.2-12.5 GHz) with respect to the Plan, List or proposed new or modified assignments in the List for Region 1

(See Article 7)

With respect to § 7.1 and 7.2 of Article 7, coordination of a transmitting space station in the fixed-satellite service (FSS) (space-to-Earth) of Region 2 or Region 3 or in the broadcasting-satellite service (BSS) not subject to a Plan in Region 3 is required when, under assumed free-space propagation conditions, the power flux-density over any portion of the service area of the overlapping frequency assignments in the BSS of an administration in Region 1 or Region 3 exceeds the following values:

| $-147 dB(W/(m^2 \cdot 27 \text{ MHz}))$ | for $0^{\circ} \leq \theta < 0.23^{\circ}$ |
|--|--|
| $-135.7 + 17.74 \log \theta dB(W/(m^2 \cdot 27 \text{ MHz}))$ | for $0.23^\circ \le \theta < 2.0^\circ$ |
| $-136.7 + 1.66 \theta^2 dB(W/(m^2 \cdot 27 \text{ MHz}))$ | for $2.0^\circ \leq \theta < 3.59^\circ$ |
| $-129.2 + 25 \log \theta dB(W/(m^2 \cdot 27 \text{ MHz}))$ | for $3.59^\circ \le \theta < 10.57^\circ$ |
| -103.6 dB(W/(m ² · 27 MHz)) | for $10.57^\circ \le \theta$ |

where θ is the minimum geocentric orbital separation in degrees between the wanted and interfering space stations, taking into account the respective East-West station-keeping accuracies.

In the case of an administration in Region 3 that has notified and brought into use its BSS Plan assignments before 9 June 2003, and whose notified assignments have been recorded in the Master Register with a favourable finding and for which the date of bringing into use has been

confirmed to the Bureau, with respect to $\{7.2.1 a\}$ of Article 7, the conditions contained above are replaced by the following conditions:

 under assumed free-space propagation conditions, the power flux-density at any test point within the service area of the overlapping frequency assignments in the Plan does not exceed the following values^{21A}:

| -147 dB(W/(m ² · 27 MHz)) | for 0° | $\leq \theta < 0.23^{\circ}$ |
|--|--------------------|-------------------------------|
| $-135.7 + 17.74 \log \theta dB(W/(m^2 \cdot 27 \text{ MHz}))$ | for 0.23° | $\leq \theta < 1.8^{\circ}$ |
| $-134.0 + 0.89 \theta^2 dB(W/(m^2 \cdot 27 \text{ MHz}))$ | for 1.8° | $\leq \theta < 5.0^{\circ}$ |
| $-129.2 + 25 \log \theta dB(W/(m^2 \cdot 27 \text{ MHz}))$ | for 5.0° | $\leq \theta < 10.57^{\circ}$ |
| -103.6 dB(W/(m ² · 27 MHz)) | for 10.57° | $0 \le \theta$ |

where θ is the minimum geocentric orbital separation in degrees between the wanted and interfering space stations, taking into account the respective East-West station-keeping accuracies.

With respect to § 7.1 and 7.2 of Article 7, coordination of a transmitting space station in the FSS (space-to-Earth) in Region 1 or 3 or BSS not subject to a Plan in Region 3 is required when, under assumed free-space propagation conditions, the power flux-density over any portion of the service area of the overlapping frequency assignments in the BSS of an administration in Region 2 exceeds the following values:

| -147 dB(W/(m ² · 27 MHz)) | for 0° | $\leq \theta < 0.23^{\circ}$ |
|--|--------------------|-------------------------------|
| $-135.7 + 17.74 \log \theta dB(W/(m^2 \cdot 27 \text{ MHz}))$ | for 0.23° | $\leq \theta < 1.8^{\circ}$ |
| $-134.0 + 0.89 \theta^2 dB(W/(m^2 \cdot 27 \text{ MHz}))$ | for 1.8° | $\leq \theta < 5.0^{\circ}$ |
| $-129.2 + 25 \log \theta dB(W/(m^2 \cdot 27 \text{ MHz}))$ | for 5.0° | $\leq \theta < 10.57^{\circ}$ |
| -103.6 dB(W/(m ² · 27 MHz)) | for 10.57 | $r^{\circ} \leq \theta$ |

where θ is the minimum geocentric orbital separation in degrees between the wanted and interfering space stations, taking into account the respective East-West station-keeping accuracies.

$$\begin{array}{ll} -147 & dB(W/(m^2 \cdot 27 \text{ MHz})) & \text{for } 0^\circ &\leq \theta < 0.44^\circ \\ \\ -138 + 25 \log \theta & dB(W/(m^2 \cdot 27 \text{ MHz})) & \text{for } 0.44^\circ \leq \theta < 9^\circ. \end{array}$$

^{21A} For the protection of analogue assignments brought into service before 17 October 1997, the following values shall be used until 1 January 2015:

ANNEX 5

Technical data used in establishing the provisions and associated Plans and the Regions 1 and 3 List, which should be used for their application²² (WRC-2000)

MOD

3.4 Protection ratio between television signals

For developing the original 1977 broadcasting-satellite service Plan for Regions 1 and 3, the following protection ratios were used^{27, 28}:

- 31 dB for co-channel signals;
- 15 dB for adjacent channel signals.

For revising this Plan at WRC-97, the following aggregate downlink protection ratios were specified in Recommendation ITU-R BO.1297 for the purpose of calculating downlink equivalent protection margins^{28, 29, 30}:

- 24 dB for co-channel signals;
- 16 dB for adjacent channel signals.

In revising the Regions 1 and 3 Plan at WRC-97, the following aggregate overall protection ratio values were used for calculating the overall co-channel and adjacent-channel protection margins as defined in § 1.8 and 1.9:

- 23 dB for co-channel signals;
- 15 dB for adjacent channel signals.

It was also specified that for the revision of the Regions 1 and 3 Plan, no overall co-channel single entry C/I should be lower than 28 dB.

However, for the assignments notified, which are in conformity with this Appendix, brought into use, and for which the date of bringing into use has been confirmed to the Bureau before 27 October 1997, the overall equivalent protection margins were calculated using a co-channel overall protection ratio of 30 dB and lower and upper overall adjacent channel protection ratios of 14 dB^{31} .

WRC-2000 adopted, for the protection of digital assignments from digital emissions, the following protection ratio values to be applied for calculation of downlink equivalent protection margins of the WRC-2000 Regions 1 and 3 Plan:

- 21 dB for co-channel signals;
- 16 dB for adjacent channel signals.

During planning at WRC-2000, these values were used for all assignments of the Regions 1 and 3 Plan and List except those for which WRC-2000 adopted different values used in the planning process³².

Revision of the Regions 1 and 3 Plan at WRC-97 and planning at WRC-2000 were generally based on a set of reference parameters such as the average e.i.r.p., the reference earth station receiving antenna, all test points placed within the -3 dB contour, a bandwidth of 27 MHz and the predetermined value of *C*/*N*. The Regions 1 and 3 Plan as established by WRC-2000 is generally based on the use of digital modulation.

Protection masks and associated calculation methods for interference into broadcasting satellite systems involving digital emissions shall be in accordance with Recommendation ITU-R BO.1293-2 (Annexes 1 and 2^{32A}).

In Region 2, the following protection ratios have been adopted for the purpose of calculating the overall equivalent protection margin^{32B}:

- 28 dB for co-channel signals;
- 13.6 dB for adjacent-channel signals;
- -9.9 dB for second adjacent-channel signals.

In Region 2, as a guide for planning, the reduction in the overall C/I ratio due to co-channel interference in the feeder link is taken as equivalent to a degradation in the downlink co-channel C/I ratio of approximately 0.5 dB not exceeded for 99% of the worst month; however, the feeder-link and downlink Plans are evaluated on the basis of the overall equivalent protection margin, which includes the combined downlink and feeder-link contributions.

In Region 2, an overall equivalent protection margin of 0 dB, or greater, indicates that the individual protection ratios have been met for the co-channel, the adjacent channels and the second adjacent channels. (WRC-03)

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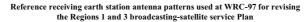
^{32A} Annex 3 of this Recommendation may be applied only in compatibility analysis for bilateral coordination between administrations. (WRC-03)

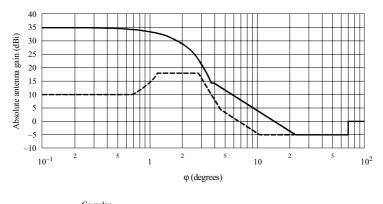
^{32B} The definitions in § 1.7, 1.8, 1.9, 1.10 and 1.11 of this Annex apply to these calculations. (WRC-03)

3.7.2 Receiving antenna reference patterns

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FIGURE 7bis





Co-polar Cross-polar

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Co-polar pattern:

$$G_{co}\left(\varphi\right) = G_{max} - 2.5 \times 10^{-3} \left(\frac{D}{\lambda}\varphi\right)^2 \qquad \text{for } 0 \le \varphi < \varphi_m$$

where:

$$\varphi_m = \frac{\lambda}{D} \sqrt{\frac{G_{max} - G_1}{0.0025}}$$

$$G_{co}(\varphi) = G_1 = 29 - 25 \log \varphi_r$$
 for $\varphi_m \le \varphi < \varphi_r$

where:

$$\varphi_r = 95 \frac{\lambda}{D}$$

for $\phi_r \leq \phi < \phi_b$

 $G_{co}(\varphi) = 29 - 25 \log \varphi$

where:

$$\varphi_b = 10^{(34/25)}$$

$$\begin{aligned} G_{co} \left(\phi \right) &= -5 \text{ dBi} & \text{ for } \phi_b &\leq \phi < 70^\circ \\ G_{co} \left(\phi \right) &= 0 \text{ dBi} & \text{ for } 70^\circ \leq \phi < 180^\circ \end{aligned}$$

Cross-polar pattern:

$$G_{cross}(\phi) = G_{max} - 25$$
 for $0 \le \phi < 0.25 \phi_0$

where:

$$\varphi_0 = 2 \frac{\lambda}{D} \sqrt{\frac{3}{0.0025}} = 3 \text{ dB beamwidth}$$

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$$\begin{aligned} G_{cross}(\phi) &= G_{max} - 25 + 8\left(\frac{\phi - 0.25 \ \phi_0}{0.19 \ \phi_0}\right) & \text{for } 0.25 \ \phi_0 \le \phi < 0.44 \ \phi_0 \\ G_{cross}(\phi) &= G_{max} - 17 & \text{for } 0.44 \ \phi_0 \le \phi < \phi_0 \\ G_{cross}(\phi) &= G_{max} - 17 - C \left|\frac{\phi - \phi_0}{\phi_1 - \phi_0}\right| & \text{for } \phi_0 \le \phi < \phi_1 \end{aligned}$$

where:

 λ : wavelength corresponding to 12.1 GHz (m)

 $C = 21 - 25 \log \varphi_1 - (G_{max} - 17)$

$$\phi_1 = \frac{\phi_0}{2} \sqrt{10.1875}$$

for $\phi_1 \leq \phi < \phi_2$

 $G_{crass}(\phi) = 21 - 25 \log \phi$

where:

$$\phi_2 \ = \ 10^{\left(26/25\right)}$$

$$G_{cross}(\phi) = -5 \text{ dBi} \qquad \text{for } \phi_2 \le \phi < 70^{\circ}$$

$$G_{cross}(\phi) = 0 \text{ dBi} \qquad \text{for } 70^{\circ} \le \phi < 180^{\circ}$$

The reference frequency used in calculations for this antenna pattern = 12.1 GHz.

For the 0.60 m antenna pattern, which was used as a reference receiving antenna in replanning the absolute gain of 35.5 dBi was applied. (WRC-03)

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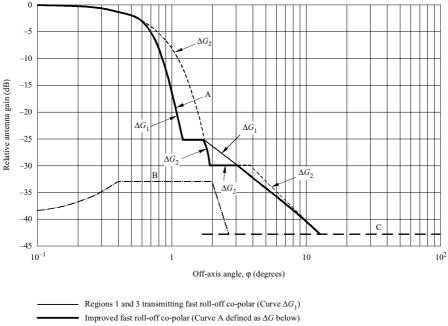
3.9.4 The guardbands at both the lower and upper edges may be used to provide space operation functions in accordance with No. **1.23** in support of the operation of geostationary-satellite networks in the broadcasting-satellite service. (WRC-03)

3.13.3 Transmitting antenna reference patterns



FIGURE 13 (WRC-2000)

Improved fast roll-off satellite transmitting antenna pattern for Regions 1 and 3



----- Regions 1 and 3 transmitting co-polar (Curve ΔG_2)

Improved fast roll-off cross-polar (Regions 1 and 3 transmitting cross-polar) (Curve B)

Curve C (minus the on-axis gain)

Note 1 – The diagram gives the example curves in the case of a satellite antenna beamwidth of $\phi_0 = 1.2^\circ$ (circular).

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Curve A: co-polar relative gain (dB relative to main beam gain):

$$\Delta G = \min(\Delta G_1, \Delta G_2)$$

where:

 $\Delta G_1 = -12(\phi/\phi_0)^2$ for $0 \le (\phi/\phi_0) \le 0.5$

$$\Delta G_{1} = -12 \left(\frac{\Phi}{\Phi_{0}} - x}{\frac{B_{min}}{\Phi_{0}}} \right)^{2} \qquad \text{for } 0.5 < (\phi/\phi_{0}) \le \left(\frac{1.45}{\Phi_{0}} B_{min} + x \right)$$

$$\Delta G_{1} = -25.23 \qquad \text{for } \left(\frac{1.45}{\Phi_{0}} B_{min} + x \right) < (\phi/\phi_{0}) \le 1.45 \qquad (\text{WRC-03})$$

$$\Delta G_{1} = -(22 + 20 \log(\phi/\phi_{0})) \qquad \text{for } (\phi/\phi_{0}) > 1.45 \qquad (\text{WRC-03})$$

$$\Delta G_{1} = -(G_{on-axis}) \qquad \text{after intersection with Curve C}$$

$$\Delta G_{2} = -12 (\phi/\phi_{0})^{2} \qquad \text{for } 0 \le \phi \le 1.58 \ \phi_{0}$$

$$\Delta G_{2} = -(17.5 + 25 \log(\phi/\phi_{0})) \qquad \text{for } \phi > 3.16 \ \phi_{0}$$

$$\Delta G_{2} = -(G_{on-axis}) \qquad \text{after intersection with Curve C}$$

Curve B: cross-polar relative gain (dB):

$$\begin{split} &-\left(40+40\log\left|\frac{\varphi}{\varphi_0}-1\right|\right) & \text{for } 0 & \leq \varphi \leq 0.33 \ \varphi_0 \\ &-33 & \text{for } 0.33 \ \varphi_0 < \varphi \leq 1.67 \ \varphi_0 \\ &-\left(40+40\log\left|\frac{\varphi}{\varphi_0}-1\right|\right) & \text{for } \phi > 1.67 \ \varphi_0 \\ &-\left(G_{on-axis}\right) & \text{after intersection with Curve C} \end{split}$$

Curve C: minus the on-axis gain (Curve C in this Figure illustrates the particular case of an antenna with an on-axis gain of 42.8 dBi)

where:

 ϕ : off-axis angle (degrees)

- ϕ_0 : cross-sectional half-power beamwidth in the direction of interest (degrees)
- B_{min} : 0.6° for Regions 1 and 3

$$x = 0.5 \left(1 - \frac{B_{min}}{\varphi_0} \right)$$

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ANNEX 6³⁹

Criteria for sharing between services

ADD

Part A – Technical bases for the criteria for interregional sharing between space services in Annexes 1 and 4 of this Appendix (WRC-03)

The revised interregional sharing criteria in the bands governed by Appendix 30 are based nominally on the following assumptions.

1 Reference assumptions regarding earth station antenna patterns

1.1 For earth station antennas with diameters between 0.45 m and 2.40 m, the gain of the side lobes given by Recommendation ITU-R BO.1213 were used.

For the patterns of earth station antennas with diameters greater than 2.40 m, the gain of the side lobes given by Recommendation ITU-R S.580-5, with a $(29 - 25 \log \theta)$ side-lobe envelope, complemented by the main-lobe given in Annex 3 to Appendix **8**, were used. θ is the off-axis angle in degrees.

1.2 For the broadcasting-satellite service and fixed-satellite service earth stations, an antenna efficiency of 65% was used at a frequency of 11.7 GHz.

2 Antenna diameters and noise temperatures

The range of antenna diameters and associated noise temperatures considered for the protection of the fixed-satellite service and the broadcasting-satellite service on an interregional basis are given in the following Table:

| Receive earth station antenna diameter (m) | 0.45 ⁽¹⁾ | 0.60 | 0.80 | 1.20 | 2.40 | 5 ⁽²⁾ | 8(2) | 11(2) |
|--|---------------------|------|------|------|------|------------------|------|-------|
| Receive earth station noise temperature (K) | 110 | 110 | 125 | 150 | 150 | 200 | 250 | 250 |
| Total link noise temperature (K) | 174 | 174 | 198 | 238 | 238 | 317 | 396 | 396 |

⁽¹⁾ This antenna diameter applies in certain cases (see Annexes 1, 3 and 4 of this Appendix).

⁽²⁾ This antenna diameter does not apply for broadcasting-satellite service.

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The total link noise temperature was calculated from the receive earth station noise temperature (which includes the antenna temperature, the receive amplifier temperature and the noise increase resulting from feeder losses), and adding 2 dB to take account of all other sources of noise (uplink noise, geostationary-satellite orbit interference, cross polarization isolation and frequency reuse interference).

3 Protection criteria

The power flux-density masks developed in Sections 1, 3 and 6 of Annex 1 and in Annex 4 to this Appendix have been determined by setting at 6% the allowable relative noise increase $(\Delta T/T)$, for the earth station antenna characteristics given in the above Table.

The allowable interfering power flux-density was calculated by the following expression:

$$PFD_{all}(\theta) = 10 \log (\Delta T/T) + 10 \log (kT b_{rf}) + G_m - G_a(\varphi)$$

where:

- $PFD_{all}(\theta)$: allowable level of interfering power flux-density for an orbital separation of θ°
 - $\Delta T/T$: allowable relative increase in receive link noise = 6%
 - *k*: Boltzmann's constant $(1.38 \times 10^{-23} \text{ J/K})$
 - T: receive link noise temperature (K) (see Table in Section 2 above)
 - *b_{rf}*: reference bandwidth (27 MHz in Regions 1 and 3; 24 MHz in Region 2)
 - G_m : gain for a 1 m² effective aperture (dBi/m²)
 - $G_a(\varphi)$: receive antenna gain for topocentric angle of φ (dBi)
 - φ: topocentric angle (degrees) between the interfering and the wanted satellite, as defined in Annex 1 of Appendix 8.

4 Power flux-density levels for fixed-satellite service and broadcastingsatellite service with specific antenna diameters

The Table below contains power flux-density levels derived for fixed-satellite service and broadcasting-satellite service earth stations with specific antenna diameters for the characteristics defined in § 1, 2 and 3 above. These levels were used to develop the power flux-density masks in Sections 1, 3 and 6 of Annex 1 and in Annex 4 of this Appendix by taking the envelope of the individual pfd masks for the relevant antenna diameters.

| Orbital separation between wanted and | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|----------------------------------|---|--------|--------|---------|--------------------|--------------------|---------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| interfering space stations (degrees) | 0,45 m ⁽¹⁾ | 0,60 m | 0,80 m | 1,20 m | 2,40 cm | 5 m ⁽²⁾ | 8 m ⁽²⁾ | 11 m ⁽²⁾ | | | | | | | |
| 0° | -134.2 | -136.7 | -138.7 | -152.5 | -155.7 | -158.4 | | | | | | | | | |
| | the application orbital separate | For any value of the orbital separation θ between the wanted and interfering space stations the applicable power flux-density should be relaxed from the value corresponding to 0° orbital separation by adding the off-axis antenna discrimination, as calculated under the assumptions in § 1 above | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

⁽¹⁾ This antenna diameter applies to certain cases (see Annexes 1, 3 and 4 of this Appendix).

⁽²⁾ This antenna diameter does not apply for broadcasting satellite service.

ADD

Part B – Sharing criteria used in establishing the WARC SAT-77 Plan (WRC-03)

MOD

ANNEX 7 (Rev.WRC-03)

Orbital position limitations

A In applying the procedure of Article 4 for proposed modifications to the Region 2 Plan or for proposed new or modified assignments in the Regions 1 and 3 List, administrations should observe the following criteria:

- No broadcasting satellite serving an area in Region 1 and using a frequency in the band 11.7-12.2 GHz shall occupy a nominal orbital position further west than 37.2° W or further east than 146° E.
- 2) No broadcasting satellite serving an area in Region 2 that involves an orbital position different from that contained in the Region 2 Plan shall occupy a nominal orbital position:
 - a) further east than 54° W in the band 12.5-12.7 GHz; or
 - b) further east than 44° W in the band 12.2-12.5 GHz; or
 - c) further west than 175.2° W in the band 12.2-12.7 GHz.

However, modifications necessary to resolve possible incompatibilities during the incorporation of the Regions 1 and 3 feeder-link Plan into the Radio Regulations shall be permitted. 3) The purpose of the following orbital position and e.i.r.p. limitations is to preserve access to the geostationary-satellite orbit by the Region 2 fixed-satellite service in the band 11.7-12.2 GHz. Within the orbital arc of the geostationary-satellite orbit between 37.2° W and 10° E, the orbital position associated with any proposed new or modified assignment in the Regions 1 and 3 List of additional uses shall lie within one of the portions of the orbital arc listed in Table 1. The e.i.r.p. of such assignments shall not exceed 56 dBW, except at the positions listed in Table 2.

TABLE 1

Allowable portions of the orbital arc between 37.2° W and 10° E for new or modified assignments in the Regions 1 and 3 Plan and List

| Orbital position | 37.2° W to 36° W | 33.5°W to 32.5°W | 30° W to 29° W | 26° W to 24° W | 20° W to 18° W | 14° W to 12° W | 8° W to 6° W | 4° W ¹ | 2° W to 0° | 4° E to 6° E | 9° E ¹ |
|---------------------|------------------------|------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|--------------------|-------------------|------------------|--------------------|--------|
| | 50 11 | 52.5 11 | 27 11 | 21 11 | 10 11 | 12 11 | 0 11 | | 0 | 0 1 | |

¹ Proposed new or modified assignments in the List which involve this orbital position shall not exceed the power fluxdensity limit $-138 \text{ dB}(\text{W}/(\text{m}^2 \cdot 27 \text{ MHz}))$ at any point in Region 2.

TABLE 2

Nominal positions in the orbital arc between 37.2° W and 10° E at which the e.i.r.p. may exceed the limit of 56 dBW

| Orbital position | $\begin{array}{c} 37^\circW\\ \pm0.2^\circ\end{array}$ | 33.5° W | 30° W | 25° W ±0.2° | 19° W ±0.2° | 13° W ±0.2° | 7° W ±0.2° | 4° W ¹ | 1° W ±0.2° | 5° E ±0.2° | 9° E 1 |
|------------------|--|---------|-------|----------------|----------------|----------------|---------------|-------------------|---------------|---------------|--------|
|------------------|--|---------|-------|----------------|----------------|----------------|---------------|-------------------|---------------|---------------|--------|

¹ Proposed new or modified assignments in the List which involve this orbital position shall not exceed the power flux-density limit $-138 \text{ dB}(W/(\text{m}^2 \cdot 27 \text{ MHz}))$ at any point in Region 2.

B The Region 2 Plan is based on the grouping of the space stations in nominal orbital positions of $\pm 0.2^{\circ}$ from the centre of the cluster of satellites. Administrations may locate those satellites within a cluster at any orbital position within that cluster, provided they obtain the agreement of administrations having assignments to space stations in the same cluster. (See § 4.13.1 of Annex 3 to Appendix **30A**.)

MOD

APPENDIX 30A (Rev.WRC-03)*

Provisions and associated Plans and List¹ for feeder links for the broadcasting-satellite service (11.7-12.5 GHz in Region 1, 12.2-12.7 GHz in Region 2 and 11.7-12.2 GHz in Region 3) in the frequency bands 14.5-14.8 GHz² and 17.3-18.1 GHz in Regions 1 and 3, and 17.3-17.8 GHz in Region 2 (WRC-03)

(See Articles 9 and 11 of the Radio Regulations) (WRC-03)

ADD

MOD

ARTICLE 1 (WRC-2000)

General definitions

MOD

1.10 Regions 1 and 3 feeder-link List of additional uses (hereafter called in short the "feeder-link List"): The list of assignments for additional uses in Regions 1 and 3 as established by WRC-2000 (see Resolution **542 (WRC-2000)**), as updated following the successful application of the procedure of § 4.1 of Article 4. (WRC-03)

ADD

1.11 *Frequency assignment in conformity with the feeder-link List*: Any frequency assignment which appears in the feeder-link List as updated following successful application of § 4.1 of Article 4. (WRC-03)

ADD

1.12 Broadcasting-satellite service (BSS) feeder link subject to one of the Plans: The BSS feeder-link subject to one of the Plans referred to in this Appendix is the BSS feeder link in the frequency bands 14.5-14.8 GHz and 17.3-18.1 GHz in Regions 1 and 3 and 17.3-17.8 GHz in Region 2. (WRC-03)

^{*} The expression "frequency assignment to a space station", wherever it appears in this Appendix, shall be understood to refer to a frequency assignment associated with a given orbital position. (WRC-03)

¹ The Regions 1 and 3 feeder-link List of additional uses is annexed to the Master International Frequency Register (see Resolution 542 (WRC-2000)). (WRC-03)

ARTICLE 2

Frequency bands

SUP 2.2

ADD

ARTICLE 2A (WRC-03)

Use of the guardbands

2A.1 The use of the guardbands defined in § 3.1 and 4.1 of Annex 3 of this Appendix to provide space operation functions in accordance with No. **1.23** in support of the operation of geostationary-satellite networks for the broadcasting-satellite service (BSS) feeder link shall be coordinated with assignments of the BSS feeder link subject to a Plan using the provisions of Article 7 of this Appendix.

2A.2 Coordination among assignments intended to provide the space operation functions and services not subject to a Plan shall be effected using the provisions of Nos. 9.7, 9.17, 9.17A, 9.18, and the associated provisions of Section II of Article 9, as appropriate. Advance publication information is not required. Coordination of modifications to the Region 2 feeder-link Plan or assignments to be included in the Regions 1 and 3 feeder-link List, with assignments intended to provide these functions shall be effected using § 4.1.1 d) of Article 4 of this Appendix.

2A.3 Any assignments intended to provide these functions in support of a geostationarysatellite network for the BSS feeder link whose assignments are submitted under Article 4 of this Appendix shall be brought into use within the regulatory time-limit of the corresponding BSS feeder-link assignments submitted under Article 4 of this Appendix.

2A.4 Any assignments intended to provide these functions for the initial Plans (Region 2 Plans incorporated in the Radio Regulations at WARC Orb-85 and Regions 1 and 3 Plan adopted at WRC-2000), shall be brought into use within the regulatory time-limit referred to in § 4.1.3 or 4.2.6 of this Appendix from the date of receipt by the Bureau of the complete Appendix 4 data.

2A.5 Assignments intended to provide the above-mentioned functions shall be notified under Article **11**.

ARTICLE 3 (WRC-2000)

Execution of the provisions and associated Plans

MOD

3.3 The procedures for the use of interim systems in Region 2 for feeder links in the fixed-satellite service for the bands covered by this Appendix are given in Resolution 42 (Rev.WRC-03). (WRC-03)

ARTICLE 4 (WRC-2000)

Procedures for modifications to the Region 2 feeder-link Plan or for additional uses in Regions 1 and 3

MOD

4.1.1 An administration proposing to include a new or modified assignment in the feederlink List shall seek the agreement of those administrations whose services are considered to be affected, i.e. administrations^{4, 4A}:

- *a)* of Regions 1 and 3 having a feeder-link frequency assignment in the fixed-satellite service (Earth-to-space) to a space station in the broadcasting-satellite service which is included in the Regions 1 and 3 feeder-link Plan with a necessary bandwidth, any portion of which falls within the necessary bandwidth of the proposed assignment; *or*
- *b)* of Regions 1 and 3 having a feeder-link frequency assignment included in the feeder-link List or for which complete Appendix **4** information has been received by the Radiocommunication Bureau in accordance with the provisions of § 4.1.3, and any portion of which falls within the necessary bandwidth of the proposed assignment; *or*
- c) of Region 2 having a feeder-link frequency assignment in the fixed-satellite service (Earth-to-space) to a space station in the broadcasting-satellite service which is in conformity with the Region 2 feeder-link Plan, or in respect of which proposed modifications to that Plan have already been received by the Bureau in accordance with the provisions of § 4.2.6 with a necessary bandwidth, any portion of which falls within the necessary bandwidth of the proposed assignment; or
- d) having a feeder-link frequency assignment in the band 17.8-18.1 GHz in Region 2 in the fixed-satellite service (Earth-to-space) to a space station in the broadcasting-satellite service which is recorded in the Master Register or which has been coordinated or is being coordinated under the provisions of No. 9.7, or under § 7.1 of Article 7, with a necessary bandwidth, any portion of which falls within the necessary bandwidth of the proposed assignment. (WRC-03)

ADD

^{4A} Coordination under Nos. **9.17** or **9.17A** is not required for an earth station of an administration on the territory of which this earth station is located and for which the procedures of former § 4.2.1.2 and 4.2.1.3 of Appendix **30A** (WRC-97) have been successfully applied by that administration before 3 June 2000 in respect of terrestrial stations or earth stations operating in the opposite direction of transmission. (WRC-03)

MOD

4.1.3 An administration, or one^{4B} acting on behalf of a group of named administrations, intending to include a new or modified assignment in the feeder-link List shall send to the Bureau, not earlier than eight years but preferably not later than two years before the date on which the assignment is to be brought into use, the relevant information listed in Appendix 4. An assignment in the feeder-link List shall lapse if it is not brought into use by that date.⁵ A proposed new or modified assignment not included in the List by that date⁵ shall also lapse. (WRC-03)

ADD

MOD

⁵ The provisions of Resolution **533 (Rev.WRC-2000)** apply. (WRC-03)

ADD

4.1.3*bis* The regulatory time-limit for bringing into use an assignment in the List may be extended once by not more than three years due to launch failure in the following cases:

- the destruction of the satellite intended to bring the assignment into use; or
- the destruction of the satellite launched to replace an already operating satellite which is intended to be relocated to bring another assignment into use; or
- the satellite is launched, but fails to reach its assigned orbital location.

For this extension to be granted, the launch failure must have occurred at least five years after the date of receipt of the complete Appendix 4 data. In no case shall the period of the extension of the regulatory time-limit exceed the difference in time between the three-year period and the period remaining from the date of the launch failure to the end of the regulatory time-limit^{5A}. In order to take advantage of this extension, the administration shall have, within one month of the launch failure or one month after 5 July 2003, whichever comes later, notified the Bureau in writing of such failure, and shall also provide the following information to the Bureau before the end of the regulatory time-limit of § 4.1.3:

date of launch failure;

^{4B} Whenever, under this provision, an administration acts on behalf of a group of named administrations, all members of that group retain the right to respond in respect of their own networks or systems. (WRC-03)

 due diligence information as required in Resolution 49 (Rev.WRC-03) for the assignment with respect to the satellite that suffered the launch failure, if that information has not already been provided.

If, within one year of the request for extension, the administration has not provided to the Bureau updated Resolution **49 (Rev.WRC-03)** information for the new satellite under procurement, the related frequency assignments shall lapse. (WRC-03)

ADD

MOD

ADD

4.1.7*bis* Except as provided under § 4.1.18 to 4.1.20, any inclusion of a new or modified frequency assignment in the Regions 1 and 3 List which would have the effect of exceeding the limits specified in Annex 1 shall be subject to the agreement of all administrations whose services are considered to be affected. (WRC-03)

ADD

4.1.10bis Thirty days prior to the expiry of the same four-month period, the Bureau shall dispatch a reminder telegram or fax to an administration which has not made its comments under § 4.1.10, bringing the matter to its attention. (WRC-03)

ADD

4.1.10*ter* After expiry of the deadline for comments in respect of the proposed assignment, the Bureau shall, according to its records, publish a Special Section, indicating the list of administrations whose agreements are required for completion of the procedure of Article 4 of this Appendix. (WRC-03)

ADD

4.1.12*bis* In application of § 4.1.12, an administration may indicate the changes to the information communicated to the Bureau under § 4.1.3 and published under § 4.1.5. (WRC-03)

^{5A} For a launch failure which occurred before 5 July 2003, the maximum extension of three years shall apply as from 5 July 2003. (WRC-03)

⁶ If the payments are not received in accordance with the provisions of Council Decision 482, as amended, on the implementation of cost recovery for satellite network filings, the Bureau shall cancel the publication, after informing the administration concerned. The Bureau shall inform all administrations of such action and that the network specified in the publication in question no longer has to be taken into consideration by the Bureau and other administrations. The Bureau shall send a reminder to the notifying administration, not later than two months prior to the deadline for the payment in accordance with Council Decision 482 unless the payment has already been received (see also Resolution **87 (WRC-03)**). (WRC-03)

MOD

4.1.13 The agreement of the administrations affected may also be obtained in accordance with this Article, for a specified period. When this specific period of agreement expires for an assignment in the List, the assignment in question shall be maintained in the List until the end of the period referred to in § 4.1.3 above. After that date this assignment shall lapse unless the agreement of the administrations affected is renewed. (WRC-03)

MOD

4.1.15 The Bureau shall publish^{6A} in a Special Section of its BR IFIC the information received under \S 4.1.12, together with the names of any administrations with which the provisions of this Article have been successfully applied. The frequency assignment concerned shall be included in the feeder-link List. (WRC-03)

ADD

MOD

4.1.18 If, in spite of the application of § 4.1.16 and 4.1.17, there is still continuing disagreement and the assignment which was the basis of the disagreement is not an assignment in the Regions 1 and 3 Plan, or in the Region 2 Plan or for which the procedure of § 4.2 of this Appendix has been initiated, and if the notifying administration insists that the proposed assignment be included in the Regions 1 and 3 feeder-link List, the Bureau shall provisionally enter the assignments were the basis of the disagreement; however, the entry shall be changed from provisional to definitive recording in the feeder-link List only if the Bureau is informed that the new assignment in the Regions 1 and 3 feeder-link List only if the Bureau is without any complaint of harmful interference being made. (WRC-03)

MOD

4.1.18*bis* When requesting the application of § 4.1.18, the notifying administration shall undertake to meet the requirements of § 4.1.20 and provide to the administration in respect of which § 4.1.18 is applied, with a copy to the Bureau, a description of the steps by which it undertakes to meet these requirements. Once an assignment is entered in the feeder-link List provisionally under the provisions of § 4.1.18, the calculation of the equivalent protection margin (EPM)^{6B} of an assignment in the Regions 1 and 3 feeder-link List or for which the procedure of Article 4 has been initiated and which was the basis for the disagreement shall not take into account interference produced by the assignment for which the provisions of § 4.1.18

^{6A} If the payments are not received in accordance with the provisions of Council Decision 482, as amended, on the implementation of cost recovery for satellite network filings, the Bureau shall cancel the publication, after informing the administration concerned. The Bureau shall inform all administrations of such action and that the network specified in the publication in question no longer has to be taken into consideration by the Bureau and other administrations. The Bureau shall send a reminder to the notifying administration, not later than two months prior to the deadline for the payment in accordance with Council Decision 482 unless the payment has already been received (see also Resolution **87 (WRC-03)**). (WRC-03)

ADD

MOD

4.1.19 Should the assignments that were the basis of the disagreement not be brought into use within the period specified in No. **11.44** (for non-planned services), or in § 4.1 (for assignments in the feeder-link List or having initiated the procedure under § 4.1), as appropriate, then the status of the assignment in the feeder-link List shall be reviewed accordingly. (WRC-03)

MOD

4.1.20 Should harmful interference be caused by an assignment included in the feeder-link List under § 4.1.18 to any recorded assignment in the Master Register which was the basis of the disagreement, the administration using the frequency assignment included in the feeder-link List under § 4.1.18 shall, upon receipt of advice thereof, immediately eliminate this harmful interference. (WRC-03)

MOD

4.1.23 When a frequency assignment included in the feeder-link List is no longer required, the administration concerned shall immediately so inform the Bureau. The Bureau shall publish this information in a Special Section of its BR IFIC and delete the assignment from the feeder-link List. (WRC-03)

MOD

4.1.24 No assignment in the feeder-link List shall have a period of operation exceeding 15 years, counted from the date of bringing into use, or 2 June 2000, whichever is later. Upon request by the responsible administration received by the Bureau at the latest three years before the expiry of this period, this period may be extended by up to 15 years, on condition that all the characteristics of the assignment remain unchanged. (WRC-03)

MOD

4.1.25 Where an administration already having included in the feeder-link List two assignments (not including those systems notified on behalf of a group of named administrations and included in the feeder-link List by WRC-2000) in the same channel and covering the same service area, proposes to include in the feeder-link List a new assignment in the same channel over this same service area, it shall apply the following in respect of another administration which has no assignment in the feeder-link List in the same channel and which proposes to include in the feeder-link List a new assignment:

a) if the agreement of the former administration is required following the application of § 4.1 by the latter administration, in order to protect the new assignment proposed by the former administration from interference caused by the assignment proposed by the latter administration, both administrations shall make every possible effort to resolve the difficulties by means of mutually acceptable adjustments to their networks;

^{6B} For the definition of the EPM, see § 1.7 of Annex 3. (WRC-03)

b) in case of continuing disagreement, and if the former administration has not communicated to the Bureau the information specified in Annex 2 to Resolution **49** (**Rev.WRC-03**), this administration shall be deemed to have given its agreement to inclusion in the feeder-link List of the assignment of the latter administration. (WRC-03)

MOD

4.1.26 The procedure of this Article may be applied by the administration of a new ITU Member State in order to include new assignments in the feeder-link List. Upon completion of the procedure, the next world radiocommunication conference may be requested to consider, among the assignments included in the feeder-link List after the successful completion of this procedure, the inclusion in the Regions 1 and 3 feeder-link Plan of up to 10 channels (for Region 1) and up to 12 channels (for Region 3), over the national territory of the new Member State. (WRC-03)

MOD

4.1.27 When an administration has successfully applied this procedure and received all the agreements⁷ required to include in the feeder-link List assignments over its national territory, at an orbital location and/or in channels different from those appearing in the Regions 1 and 3 feeder-link Plan for its country, it may request the next world radiocommunication conference to consider the inclusion in this Plan of up to 10 (for Region 1) and up to 12 (for Region 3) of these assignments, in replacement of its assignments appearing in this Plan. (WRC-03)

ADD

4.1.27*bis* Should the assignments mentioned in § 4.1.26 and 4.1.27 over the national territory of the administration not be brought into use within the regulatory time-limit mentioned in § 4.1.3, they would be retained in the List until the end of the World Radiocommunication Conference following immediately after the successful completion of procedure referred to in § 4.1.26 and 4.1.27, respectively and thereafter they shall be removed from the List. (WRC-03)

MOD

MOD

4.1.29 New or modified assignments in the feeder-link List shall be limited to digital modulation. (WRC-03)

MOD

4.2.1 When an administration intends to make a modification to the Region 2 feeder-link Plan, i.e.:

a) to modify the characteristics of any of its frequency assignments in the fixed-satellite service which are shown in the Region 2 feeder-link Plan, or for which the procedure in this Article has been successfully applied, whether or not the station has been brought into use; *or*

- b) to include in the Region 2 feeder-link Plan a new frequency assignment in the fixed-satellite service; *or*
- c) to cancel a frequency assignment in the fixed-satellite service,

the following procedure shall be applied before any notification of the frequency assignment is made to the Bureau (see Article 5 and Resolution **42 (Rev.WRC-03)**). (WRC-03)

MOD

4.2.2 An administration proposing a modification to the characteristics of a frequency assignment in conformity with the Region 2 feeder-link Plan, or the inclusion of a new frequency assignment in that Plan, shall seek the agreement of those administrations^{8, 8A, 9}:

- *a)* having an assignment for feeder-links in the fixed-satellite service (Earth-to-space) which is in conformity with the Regions 1 and 3 feeder-link Plan with the necessary bandwidth, any portion of which falls within the necessary bandwidth of the proposed assignment; *or*
- *b)* of Regions 1 and 3 having a feeder-link frequency assignment included in the feeder-link List or for which complete Appendix 4 information has been received by the Bureau in accordance with the provisions of § 4.1.3, and any portion of which falls within the necessary bandwidth of the proposed assignment; *or*
- c) of Region 2 having a feeder-link frequency assignment in the fixed-satellite service (Earth-to-space) in the same channel or an adjacent channel, which appears in the Region 2 feeder-link Plan or in respect of which proposed modifications to this Plan have been received by the Bureau in accordance with the provisions of § 4.2.6;
- *d*) which are considered affected. (WRC-03)

ADD

MOD

316

^{8A} Coordination under No. **9.17** or **9.17A** is not required for an earth station of an administration on the territory of which this earth station is located and for which the procedures of former § 4.2.3.2 and 4.2.3.3 of Appendix **30A** (**WRC-97**) have been successfully applied by that administration before 3 June 2000 in respect of terrestrial stations or earth stations operating in the opposite direction of transmission. (WRC-03)

^{4.2.6} An administration, or one^{9A} acting on behalf of a group of named administrations, intending to make a modification to the Region 2 feeder-link Plan shall send to the Bureau, not earlier than eight years but preferably not later than two years before the date on which the assignment is to be brought into use, the relevant information listed in Appendix 4. Modifications to that Plan shall lapse if the assignment is not brought into use by that date^{9B}. A request for a modification that has not been included in that Plan by that date^{9B} shall also lapse. (WRC-03)

^{9A} Whenever, under this provision, an administration acts on behalf of a group of named administrations, all members of that group retain the right to respond in respect of their own networks or systems. (WRC-03)

ADD

^{9B} The provisions of Resolution **533 (Rev.WRC-2000)** apply. (WRC-03)

ADD

4.2.6*bis* The regulatory time-limit for bringing into use of an assignment in the Region 2 Plan obtained through application of § 4.2 may be extended once by no more than three years due to launch failure in the following cases:

- the destruction of the satellite intended to bring the assignment into use; or
- the destruction of the satellite launched to replace an already operating satellite which is intended to be relocated to bring another assignment into use; or
- the satellite is launched, but fails to reach its assigned orbital location.

For this extension to be granted, the launch failure must have occurred at least five years after the date of receipt of the complete Appendix 4 data. In no case shall the period of the extension of the regulatory time-limit exceed the difference in time between the three-year period and the period remaining from the date of the launch failure to the end of the regulatory time-limit^{9C}. In order to take advantage of this extension, the administration shall have, within one month of the launch failure or one month after 5 July 2003, whichever comes later, notified the Bureau in writing of such failure, and shall also provide the following information to the Bureau before the end of the regulatory time-limit of § 4.2.6:

- date of launch failure;
- due diligence information as required in Resolution 49 (Rev.WRC-03) for the assignment with respect to the satellite that suffered the launch failure, if that information has not already been provided.

If, within one year of the request for extension, the administration has not provided to the Bureau updated Resolution **49 (Rev.WRC-03)** information for the new satellite under procurement, the related frequency assignments shall lapse. (WRC-03)

ADD

^{9C} For a launch failure which occurred before 5 July 2003, the maximum extension of three years shall apply as from 5 July 2003. (WRC-03)

MOD

¹⁰ If the payments are not received in accordance with the provisions of Council Decision 482, as amended, on the implementation of cost recovery for satellite network filings, the Bureau shall cancel the publication, after informing the administration concerned. The Bureau shall inform all administrations of such action and that the network specified in the publication in question no longer has to be taken into consideration by the Bureau and other administrations. The Bureau shall send a reminder to the notifying administration, not later than two months prior to the deadline for the payment in accordance with Council Decision 482 unless the payment has already been received (see also Resolution **87 (WRC-03)**). (WRC-03)

MOD

4.2.11 Except as provided under § 4.2.21A to 4.2.21D, any modification to a frequency assignment which is in conformity with the Region 2 feeder-link Plan or any inclusion in that Plan of a new frequency assignment which would have the effect of exceeding the limits specified in Annex 1 shall be subject to the agreement of all affected administrations. (WRC-03)

ADD

4.2.14*bis* Thirty days prior to the expiry of the same four-month period the Bureau shall dispatch a reminder telegram or fax to an administration which has not made its comments under 4.2.14, bringing the matter to its attention. (WRC-03)

ADD

4.2.14*ter* After expiry of the deadline for comments in respect of the proposed assignment, the Bureau shall, according to its records, publish a Special Section, indicating the list of administrations whose agreements are required for completion of the procedure of Article 4 of this Appendix. (WRC-03)

ADD

4.2.16*bis* In application of § 4.1.16, an administration may indicate the changes to the information communicated to the Bureau under § 4.2.6 and published under § 4.2.8. (WRC-03)

MOD

4.2.17 The agreement of the administrations affected may also be obtained in accordance with this Article, for a specified period. When this specific period of agreement expires for an assignment in the Plan, the assignment in question shall be maintained in the Plan until the end of the period referred to in § 4.2.6 above. After that date this assignment in the Plan shall lapse unless the agreement of the administrations affected is renewed. (WRC-03)

MOD

4.2.19 The Bureau shall publish^{10A} in a Special Section of its BR IFIC the information received under § 4.2.16 together with the names of any administrations with which the provisions of this Article have been successfully applied. The frequency assignment concerned shall enjoy the same status as those appearing in the Region 2 feeder-link Plan and will be considered as a frequency assignment in conformity with that Plan. (WRC-03)

^{10A} If the payments are not received in accordance with the provisions of Council Decision 482, as amended, on the implementation of cost recovery for satellite network filings, the Bureau shall cancel the publication, after informing the administration concerned. The Bureau shall inform all administrations of such action and that the network specified in the publication in question no longer has to be taken into consideration by the Bureau and other administrations. The Bureau shall send a reminder to the notifying administration, not later than two months prior to the deadline for the payment in accordance with Council Decision 482 unless the payment has already been received (see also Resolution **87 (WRC-03)**). (WRC-03)

ADD

4.2.21A If, in spite of the application of § 4.2.20 and 4.2.21, there is still continuing disagreement and the assignment which was the basis of the disagreement is not an assignment in the Region 2 feeder-link Plan, or in the Regions 1 and 3 feeder-link Plan or List, or for which the procedure of § 4.1 or 4.2 of this Appendix has been initiated, and if the notifying administration insists that the proposed assignment be included in the Region 2 feeder-link Plan, the Bureau shall provisionally enter the assignment in the Region 2 feeder-link Plan with an indication of those administrations whose assignments were the basis of the disagreement; however, the entry shall be changed from provisional to definitive recording in the Region 2 feeder-link Plan as been in use, together with the assignment which was the basis for the disagreement, for at least four months without any complaint of harmful interference being made. (WRC-03)

ADD

4.2.21B When requesting the application of § 4.2.21A, the notifying administration shall undertake to meet the requirements of § 4.2.21D and provide to the administration in respect of which § 4.2.21A has been applied, with a copy to the Bureau, a description of the steps by which it undertakes to meet these requirements. (WRC-03)

ADD

4.2.21C Should the assignments that were the basis of the disagreement not be brought into use within the period specified in No. **11.44**, the status of the assignment in the Region 2 feeder-link Plan shall be reviewed accordingly. (WRC-03)

ADD

4.2.21D Should harmful interference be caused by an assignment included in the Region 2 feeder-link Plan under § 4.2.21A to any recorded assignment in the Master Register which was the basis of the disagreement, the administration using the frequency assignment included in the Region 2 feeder-link Plan under § 4.2.21A shall, upon receipt of advice thereof, immediately eliminate this harmful interference. (WRC-03)

ARTICLE 5 (Rev.WRC-03)

Coordination, notification, examination and recording in the Master International Frequency Register of frequency assignments to feeder-link transmitting earth stations and receiving space stations in the fixed-satellite service¹¹

MOD

¹¹ Notification of assignments to transmitting feeder-link earth stations included in the Region 2 feeder-link Plan after 2 June 2000, or included in the feeder-link List, following successful application of Article 4 of this Appendix, shall be effected applying the provisions of Article **11** following completion of the procedure of Article **9**. (WRC-03)

MOD

5.1.2 Whenever an administration^{11A} intends to bring into use a frequency assignment to a transmitting earth station or receiving space station in the fixed-satellite service in the bands between 14.5 GHz and 14.8 GHz and between 17.3 GHz and 18.1 GHz in Regions 1 and 3, and between 17.3 GHz and 17.8 GHz in Region 2, it shall notify this frequency assignment to the Bureau. For this purpose, the notifying administration shall apply the following provisions. (WRC-03)

ADD

ADD

5.1.2*bis* Frequency assignments relating to a number of earth stations may be notified in the form of the characteristics of a typical earth station and the intended geographical area of operation. Individual notices of frequency assignments are however necessary in the case of earth stations whose coordination area includes all or part of the territory of another administration. (WRC-03)

MOD

5.1.3 Before an administration in Region 1 or 3 notifies to the Bureau or brings into use any frequency assignment to a specific transmitting feeder-link earth station in the bands 14.5-14.8 GHz and 17.7-18.1 GHz with an e.i.r.p. greater than the sum of the values specified in columns 11 and 12 of the Regions 1 and 3 feeder-link Plan, it shall effect coordination of this assignment with each administration whose territory lies wholly or partly within the coordination area of the planned earth station using the method detailed in Appendix 7. (WRC-03)

^{11A} A frequency assignment to a space station or typical earth station in the satellite network may be notified by one administration acting on behalf of a group of named administrations. Any further notice (modification or deletion) relating to that assignment shall, in the absence of information to the contrary, be regarded as having been submitted on behalf of the entire group. (WRC-03)

MOD

5.1.4 Before an administration in Region 1 or 3 notifies to the Bureau or brings into use any frequency assignment to a specific transmitting feeder-link earth station in the bands 14.5-14.8 GHz and 17.7-18.1 GHz, it shall effect coordination of this assignment with each administration whose territory lies wholly or partly within the coordination area of the planned earth station, using the method detailed in Appendix 7, in respect of notices concerning stations of the mobile and fixed services in the bands 14.5-14.8 GHz and 17.7-18.1 GHz and of the fixedsatellite service (space-to-Earth) in the band 17.7-18.1 GHz received by the Bureau prior to 3 June 2000 for recording in the International Master Frequency Register (Master Register) and subsequently recorded with a favourable finding^{11B}. (WRC-03)

ADD

ADD

5.1.6*bis* In application of § 5.1.2, an administration may identify the characteristics of assignments in the Plans or the List as notification and send to the Bureau the changes thereto. (WRC-03)

MOD

b) with respect to its conformity with the appropriate Regional feeder-link Plan or the Regions 1 and 3 feeder-link List, as appropriate; *or* (WRC-03)

MOD

- d) with respect to its conformity with the appropriate Regional feeder-link Plan or the Regions 1 and 3 feeder-link List, however, having characteristics differing from those in this Plan or in the Regions 1 and 3 feeder-link List in one or more of the following aspects:
 - use of a reduced e.i.r.p.,
 - use of a reduced coverage area entirely situated within the coverage area appearing in the Plan or in the Regions 1 and 3 feeder-link List,

^{11B} In cases where assignments from the WRC-97 Plans without Remarks were included in the WRC-2000 Regions 1 and 3 feeder-link Plan without change, or with conversion of modulation from analogue to digital, or a change from normal roll-off to fast roll-off antenna pattern, the coordination status afforded by the WRC-97 Plans shall be preserved.

In cases where assignments from the WRC-97 Plans with Remarks were included in the WRC-2000 Regions 1 and 3 feeder-link Plan without change, or with conversion of modulation from analogue to digital, or a change from normal roll-off to fast roll-off antenna pattern, the compatibility shall be reassessed using the revised criteria and methodology in force and the Remarks of the WRC-97 Plans assignment shall either be maintained or reduced on the basis of the results of this analysis. (WRC-03)

- use of other modulating signals in accordance with the provisions of § 3.1.3 to Annex 5 of Appendix 30,
- in the case of Region 2, use of an orbital position under the conditions specified in § B of Annex 7 to Appendix 30,
- in the case of Regions 1 and 3, use of the assignment for transmissions in the fixed-satellite service (Earth-to-space) other than for feeder links to the broadcasting-satellite service provided that such transmissions do not cause more interference, or require more protection from interference, than the feeder-link transmissions operating in conformity with the Plan or the List, as appropriate;
- e) for Region 2, with respect to its conformity with the provisions of Resolution 42 (Rev.WRC-03); (WRC-03)

SUP

12

MOD

5.2.2.2 In the case of Region 2, when the Bureau reaches a favourable finding with respect to \S 5.2.1 *a*) and 5.2.1 *c*) but an unfavourable finding with respect to \S 5.2.1 *b*) and 5.2.1 *d*), it shall examine the notice with respect to the successful application of the provisions of Resolution 42 (**Rev.WRC-03**). A frequency assignment for which the provisions of Resolution 42 (**Rev.WRC-03**) have been successfully applied shall be recorded in the Master Register with an appropriate symbol to indicate its interim status. The date of receipt of the notice by the Bureau shall be entered in Column 2d. In relations between administrations all frequency assignments brought into use following the successful application of the provisions of Resolution 42 (**Rev.WRC-03**) and recorded in the Master Register shall be considered to have the same status irrespective of the dates entered in Column 2d for such frequency assignments. If the finding with respect to \S 5.2.1 *e*), where applicable, is unfavourable, the notice shall be returned immediately by airmail to the notifying administration. (WRC-03)

MOD

5.3.1 If an administration has not confirmed the bringing into use of a frequency assignment under § 5.2.8, the Bureau will make inquiries of the administration not earlier than six months after the expiry of the period specified in § 5.1.3. On receipt of the relevant information, the Bureau will either modify^{12A} the date of coming into use or cancel the entry. (WRC-03)

ADD

^{12A} See also § 4.1.3 or 4.2.6 of Article 4. (WRC-03)

ARTICLE 6 (Rev.WRC-03)

Coordination, notification and recording in the Master International Frequency Register of frequency assignments to receiving terrestrial stations in Regions 1 and 3 in the bands 14.5-14.8 GHz and 17.7-18.1 GHz, and in Region 2 in the band 17.7-17.8 GHz, when frequency assignments to feederlink transmitting earth stations for the broadcasting-satellite service in conformity with the Regions 1 and 3 feeder-link Plan or the Region 2 feeder-link Plan^{12B} are involved^{12C}

ADD

^{12B} Only assignments included in the Region 2 feeder-link Plan before 3 June 2000 shall be taken into account. (WRC-03)

 12C These procedures do not replace the procedures prescribed for terrestrial stations in Articles 9 and 11. (WRC-03)

MOD

ARTICLE 7 (Rev.WRC-03)

Coordination, notification and recording in the Master International Frequency Register of frequency assignments to stations in the fixed-satellite service (space-to-Earth) in Region 1 in the band 17.3-18.1 GHz and in Regions 2 and 3 in the band 17.7-18.1 GHz to stations in the fixed-satellite service (Earth-to-space) in Region 2 in the band 17.8-18.1 GHz and to stations in the broadcasting-satellite service in Region 2 in the band 17.3-17.8 GHz when frequency assignments to feeder links for broadcasting-satellite stations in the 17.3-18.1 GHz band in Regions 1 and 3 or in the band 17.3-17.8 GHz in Region 2 are involved^{13A}

ADD

^{13A} These provisions do not replace the procedures prescribed in Articles 9 and 11 when stations other than those for feeder links in the broadcasting-satellite service subject to a Plan are involved. (WRC-03)

Section I – Coordination of transmitting space or earth stations in the fixed-satellite service or transmitting space stations in the broadcasting-satellite service with assignments to broadcasting-satellite service feeder links

MOD

7.1 The provisions of No. 9.7^{14} and the associated provisions under Articles 9 and 11 are applicable to transmitting space stations in the fixed-satellite service in Region 1 in the band 17.3-18.1 GHz, to transmitting space stations in the fixed-satellite service in Regions 2 and 3 in the band 17.7-18.1 GHz, to transmitting earth stations in the fixed-satellite service in Region 2 in the band 17.8-18.1 GHz and to transmitting space stations in the broadcasting-satellite service in Region 2 in the band 17.3-17.8 GHz. (WRC-03)

MOD

7.2.1 The frequency assignments to be taken into account are:

- *a)* the assignments in conformity with the appropriate Regional feeder-link Plan in Appendix **30A**;
- b) the assignments included in the Regions 1 and 3 feeder-link List;
- *c)* the assignments for which the procedure of Article 4 has been initiated as from the date of receipt of the complete Appendix **4** information under § 4.1.3 or 4.2.6. (WRC-03)

Section III – Coordination with assignments in the Regions 1 and 3 feeder-link Lists, or for which the procedure of Article 4 has been initiated

MOD

7.9 The provisions of No. **9.17A** and the associated provisions under Articles **9** and **11** and Appendix **5** are applicable to fixed-satellite service and broadcasting-satellite service receiving earth stations, in respect of frequency assignments to transmitting broadcasting-satellite service feeder-link earth stations, in the fixed-satellite service in the bands 17.3-18.1 GHz in Regions 1 and 3 and 17.3-17.8 GHz in Region 2 which correspond to assignments to receiving broadcasting-satellite service feeder-link space stations already included in the Regions 1 and 3 feeder-link List, or for which the procedure of Article 4 has been initiated, as from the date of receipt of the complete Appendix **4** information. (WRC-03)

ARTICLE 9

Plan for feeder links for the broadcasting-satellite service in the fixed-satellite service in the frequency band 17.3-17.8 GHz in Region 2

9.2 TEXT FOR NOTES IN REMARKS COLUMN OF THE PLAN

MOD

- *a)* The overall equivalent protection margin to be used for the application of Article 4 and Resolution **42 (Rev.WRC-03)** shall be calculated on the following basis:
 - for the calculation of interference to assignments that are part of a group, only the interference contributions from assignments that are not part of the same group are to be included; *and*
 - for the calculation of interference from assignments belonging to a group of assignments that are not part of that same group, only the worst interference contribution from that group shall be used on a test point to test point basis. (WRC-03)

ARTICLE 9A (Rev.WRC-03)

Plan for feeder links for the broadcasting-satellite service in the fixed-satellite service in the frequency bands 14.5-14.8 GHz and 17.3-18.1 GHz in Regions 1 and 3

| SUP | TEXT FOR NOTES IN THE REMARKS COLUMN OF THE |
|------------|---|
| 9A.2 | REGIONS 1 AND 3 FEEDER-LINK PLAN |
| ADD | TEXT FOR NOTES IN THE REMARKS COLUMN OF THE |
| 9A.2 | REGIONS 1 AND 3 FEEDER-LINK PLAN (WRC-03) |
| 1 | (Not used.) |
| 2 | (Not used.) |

3 (Not used.)

4 (Not used.)

5 This assignment shall be brought into use only when the limits given in § 5 of Annex 1 are not exceeded, or with the agreement of the administrations identified in Table 1A, whose networks or beams listed in this Table may be affected with respect to assignments which are in conformity with the Region 2 feeder-link Plan on 12 May 2000 (see also Note to § 9A.2).

6 This assignment shall not claim protection from interference caused by the assignments which pertain to networks or beams identified in Table 1B which are in conformity with the Region 2 feeder-link Plan on 12 May 2000 (see also Note to § 9A.2).

7 This assignment shall not claim protection from interference caused by the assignments which pertain to networks or beams identified in Table 1B which are recorded in the Master Register with a favourable finding prior to 12 May 2000 (see also Note to § 9A.2).

The methodology and criteria for this analysis shall be those contained in § 1 of Annex 4, modified to take into consideration the system noise temperature of the received space station to be 600 K and to apply a $\Delta T/T$ criterion of 6%.

8 Provisional beam. These assignments have been included in the Regions 1 and 3 feeder-link Plan by WRC-97. These assignments are for exclusive use by Palestine, subject to the Israeli-Palestinian Interim Agreement of 28 September 1995, Resolution 741 of the Council notwithstanding and Resolution 99 (Minneapolis, 1998) of the Plenipotentiary Conference.

9 (Not used.)

10 Provisional beam. These assignments have been included in the Regions 1 and 3 feeder-link Plan by WRC-2000. These assignments are for exclusive use by East Timor.

NOTE – In cases where assignments from the WRC-97 Plans without Remarks were included in the WRC-2000 Regions 1 and 3 feeder-link Plan without change, or with conversion of modulation from analogue to digital, or a change from normal roll-off to fast roll-off antenna characteristics, the coordination status afforded by the WRC-97 Plans shall be preserved.

In cases where assignments from the WRC-97 Plans with Remarks were included in the WRC-2000 Regions 1 and 3 feeder-link Plan without change, or with conversion of modulation from analogue to digital, or a change from normal roll-off to fast roll-off antenna pattern, the compatibility will be reassessed using the revised criteria and methodology of WRC-2000 and the Remarks of the WRC-97 Plans assignment will either be maintained or reduced on the basis of the results of this analysis.

In other cases, the methodology described in Notes 5 to 7 shall be applied.

TABLE 1A

| Beam name | Channels | Affected administrations ¹ | Affected networks or beams ¹ |
|-----------|-----------------|---------------------------------------|---|
| CPV30100 | 2, 4, 8, 10, 12 | GUY JMC | GUY00302, JMC00005 |
| CPV30100 | 6 | JMC | JMC00005 |
| G 02700 | 2, 4, 8, 10, 12 | GUY JMC | GUY00302, JMC00005 |
| G 02700 | 6 | JMC | JMC00005 |
| LBR24400 | 1 | GUY | GUY00302 |
| LBR24400 | 3, 9, 13 | JMC | JMC00005 |
| LBR24400 | 5, 7, 11 | GUY JMC | GUY00302, JMC00005 |

Affected administrations and corresponding networks or beams identified based on Note 5 in § 9A.2 of Article 9A of this Appendix

¹ Administrations and corresponding networks or beams whose assignment(s) may receive interference from the beam shown in the left-hand column.

TABLE 1B

Affecting administrations and corresponding networks or beams identified based on Notes 6 and 7 in § 9A.2 of Article 9A of this Appendix

| Beam name | Channels | Note | Affecting administrations ¹ | Affecting networks or beams ¹ |
|-----------|-----------------------|------|--|--|
| CPV30100 | 2, 4, 8, 10, 12 | 6 | GUY JMC | GUY00302, JMC00005 |
| CPV30100 | 6 | 6 | JMC | JMC00005 |
| E100 | 1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13 | 6 | G | BERBER02 |
| G 02700 | 2, 4, 8, 10, 12 | 6 | GUY JMC | GUY00302, JMC00005 |
| G 02700 | 6 | 6 | JMC | JMC00005 |
| LBR24400 | 1 | 6 | GUY | GUY00302 |
| LBR24400 | 3, 9, 13 | 6 | JMC | JMC00005 |
| LBR24400 | 5, 7, 11 | 6 | GUY JMC | GUY00302, JMC00005 |
| NZL_100 | 24 | 7 | J | SUPERBIRD-A |

¹ Administrations and corresponding networks or beams whose assignment(s) may cause interference to the beam shown in the left-hand column.

TABLE 2A

| Channel No. | Assigned feeder-link frequency (MHz) |
|-------------|---|
| 1 | 14525.30 |
| 2 | 14 544.48 |
| 3 | 14 563.66 |
| 4 | 14 582.84 |
| 5 | 14 602.02 |
| 6 | 14 621.20 |
| 7 | 14 640.38 |
| 8 | 14 659.56 |
| 9 | 14 678.74 |
| 10 | 14 697.92 |
| 11 | 14717.10 |
| 12 | 14736.28 |
| 13 | 14 755.46 |
| 14 | 14 774.64 |

Table showing correspondence between channel numbers and assigned frequencies¹ for the feeder links in the frequency band 14.5-14.8 GHz

¹ Assigned frequency = 14506.12 + 19.18 n, where *n* is the channel number.

TABLE 2B

| Channel No. | Assigned feeder-link frequency (MHz) | Channel No. | Assigned feeder-link frequency (MHz) |
|-------------|--|-------------|--|
| 1 | 17 327.48 | 21 | 17711.08 |
| 2 | 17 346.66 | 22 | 17730.26 |
| 3 | 17 365.84 | 23 | 17749.44 |
| 4 | 17 385.02 | 24 | 17768.62 |
| 5 | 17 404.20 | 25 | 17787.80 |
| 6 | 17 423.38 | 26 | 17806.98 |
| 7 | 17 442.56 | 27 | 17826.16 |
| 8 | 17 461.74 | 28 | 17845.34 |
| 9 | 17 480.92 | 29 | 17864.52 |
| 10 | 17 500.10 | 30 | 17883.70 |
| 11 | 17 519.28 | 31 | 17902.88 |
| 12 | 17 538.46 | 32 | 17922.06 |
| 13 | 17 557.64 | 33 | 17941.24 |
| 14 | 17 576.82 | 34 | 17960.42 |
| 15 | 17 596.00 | 35 | 17979.60 |
| 16 | 17615.18 | 36 | 17998.78 |
| 17 | 17 634.36 | 37 | 18017.96 |
| 18 | 17 653.54 | 38 | 18037.14 |
| 19 | 17 672.72 | 39 | 18056.32 |
| 20 | 17 691.90 | 40 | 18075.50 |

Table showing correspondence between channel numbers and assigned frequencies¹ for the feeder links in the frequency band 17.3-18.1 GHz

¹ Assigned frequency = 17308.3 + 19.18 n, where *n* is the channel number.

TABLE 3A1

Basic characteristics of the Regions 1 and 3 feeder-link Plan in the frequency band 14.5-14.8 GHz (sorted by administration)

| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | | 5 | | 6 | 7 | 8 | | 9 | | | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | |
|------------------|------------------------|---------------------|--------|--------|---------------|-------------------------------|------------------|-------------------------------|----------------|---------------------|-------------------------|-------------------|-------|-------|------------|----------|------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------|---------------|--------|---------|
| Admin. symbol | Beam identification | Orbital position | Bores | sight | - î. | ace stat antenn racteri | 1 | Space station antenna code | Shaped beam | Space st antenna | | Earth st anten | | Polar | ization | e.i.r.p. | Power control | Designation of emission | Identity of the space | Group code | Status | Remarks |
| -, | | P | Long. | Lat. | Major axis | Minor axis | Orien- tation | | | Co-polar | o-polar Cross- polar | | Gain | Туре | Type Angle | | | | station | | | |
| AFS | AFS02101 | 4.80 | 24.50 | -28.00 | 3.13 | 1.68 | 27.00 | MODRSS | | 37.24 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CL | | 82.0 | | 27M0G7W | | 4L | Ρ | |
| AFS | AFS02102 | 4.80 | 24.50 | -28.00 | 3.13 | 1.68 | 27.00 | MODRSS | | 37.24 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CR | | 82.0 | | 27M0G7W | | 4L | Р | |
| CHN | CHN19001 | 122.00 | 114.17 | 23.32 | 0.91 | 0.60 | 2.88 | MODRSS | | 47.08 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CL | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | | 4C | Р | |
| CHN | CHN19002 | 122.00 | 114.17 | 23.32 | 0.91 | 0.60 | 2.88 | MODRSS | | 47.08 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CR | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | | 4C | Р | |
| CME | CME30001 | -13.00 | 12.70 | 6.20 | 2.54 | 1.68 | 87.00 | MODRSS | | 38.15 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CL | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | | 41 | Р | |
| CME | CME30002 | -13.00 | 12.70 | 6.20 | 2.54 | 1.68 | 87.00 | MODRSS | | 38.15 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CR | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | | 41 | Р | |
| ETH | ETH09201 | 36.00 | 40.49 | 9.20 | 2.83 | 2.26 | 174.44 | MODRSS | | 36.40 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CL | | 82.0 | | 27M0G7W | | 4P | Ρ | |
| ETH | ETH09202 | 36.00 | 40.49 | 9.20 | 2.83 | 2.26 | 174.44 | MODRSS | | 36.40 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CR | | 82.0 | | 27M0G7W | | 4P | Ρ | |
| GHA | GHA10801 | -25.00 | -1.20 | 7.90 | 1.48 | 1.06 | 102.00 | MODRSS | | 42.49 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CR | | 83.0 | | 27M0G7W | | 4F | Р | |
| GHA | GHA10802 | -25.00 | -1.20 | 7.90 | 1.48 | 1.06 | 102.00 | MODRSS | | 42.49 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CL | | 83.0 | | 27M0G7W | | 4F | Р | |
| IND | INDA_101 | 55.80 | 76.16 | 14.72 | | | | CB_RSS_INDA | | 45.66 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CR | | 82.0 | | 27M0G7W | | 4U | Р | |
| IND | INDA_102 | 55.80 | 76.16 | 14.72 | | | | CB_RSS_INDA | | 45.66 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CL | | 82.0 | | 27M0G7W | | 4U | Р | |
| IRN | IRN10901 | 34.00 | 54.20 | 32.40 | 3.82 | 1.82 | 149.00 | MODRSS | | 36.03 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CR | | 82.0 | | 27M0G7W | | 4S | Р | |
| IRN | IRN10902 | 34.00 | 54.20 | 32.40 | 3.82 | 1.82 | 149.00 | MODRSS | | 36.03 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CL | | 82.0 | | 27M0G7W | | 4S | Р | |
| IRQ | IRQ25601 | 50.00 | 43.86 | 32.86 | 1.82 | 1.34 | 162.65 | MODRSS | | 40.58 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CL | | 82.0 | | 27M0G7W | | 4M | Р | |
| IRQ | IRQ25602 | 50.00 | 43.86 | 32.86 | 1.82 | 1.34 | 162.65 | MODRSS | | 40.58 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CR | | 82.0 | | 27M0G7W | | 4M | Р | |
| KOR | KO11201D | 116.00 | 127.50 | 36.00 | 1.24 | 1.02 | 168.00 | R13RSS | | 43.40 | | R13TES | 57.30 | CL | | 82.0 | | 27M0G7W | KOREASAT-1 | 03 | PE | |
| KOR | KOR11201 | 116.00 | 127.50 | 36.00 | 1.24 | 1.02 | 168.00 | R13RSS | | 43.40 | | R13TES | 57.30 | CL | | 82.0 | | 27M0F8W | KOREASAT-1 | 03 | PE | |
| MOZ | MOZ30701 | -1.00 | 34.00 | -18.00 | 3.57 | 1.38 | 55.00 | MODRSS | | 37.52 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CL | | 82.0 | | 27M0G7W | | 4K | Р | |
| MOZ | MOZ30702 | -1.00 | 34.00 | -18.00 | 3.57 | 1.38 | 55.00 | MODRSS | | 37.52 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CR | | 82.0 | | 27M0G7W | | 4K | Р | |
| NIG | NIG11901 | -19.20 | 7.80 | 9.40 | 2.16 | 2.02 | 45.00 | MODRSS | | 38.05 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CR | | 82.0 | | 27M0G7W | | 4G | Ρ | |
| NIG | NIG11902 | -19.20 | 7.80 | 9.40 | 2.16 | 2.02 | 45.00 | MODRSS | | 38.05 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CL | | 82.0 | | 27M0G7W | | 4G | Р | |
| NMB | NMB02501 | -18.80 | 17.50 | -21.60 | 2.66 | 1.90 | 48.00 | MODRSS | | 37.41 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CL | | 82.0 | | 27M0G7W | | 4H | Р | |
| NMB | NMB02502 | -18.80 | 17.50 | -21.60 | 2.66 | 1.90 | 48.00 | MODRSS | | 37.41 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CR | | 82.0 | | 27M0G7W | | 4H | Р | |
| NPL | NPL12201 | 50.00 | 83.70 | 28.30 | 1.72 | 0.60 | 163.00 | MODRSS | | 44.31 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CR | | 82.0 | | 27M0G7W | | 4N | Р | |

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| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | l . | | 5 | | 6 | 7 | 8 | | 9 | | : | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 |
|------------------|------------------------|---------------------|--------|-------|---------------|-------------------------------|------------------|-------------------------------|----------------|---------------------|-----------------|-------------------|-------|-------|---------|----------|------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------|---------------|--------|---------|
| Admin. symbol | Beam identification | Orbital position | Bore | sight | - î | ace stat antenn racteri | a | Space station antenna code | Shaped beam | Space st antenna | | Earth st anten | | Polar | ization | e.i.r.p. | Power control | Designation of emission | Identity of the space | Group code | Status | Remarks |
| symbol | identification | position | Long. | Lat. | Major axis | Minor axis | Orien- tation | antenna coue | beam | Co-polar | Cross- polar | | | Туре | Angle | | control | or chrission | station | coue | | |
| NPL | NPL12202 | 50.00 | 83.70 | 28.30 | 1.72 | 0.60 | 163.00 | MODRSS | | 44.31 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CL | | 82.0 | | 27M0G7W | | 4N | Р | |
| PAK | PAK12701 | 38.20 | 69.60 | 29.50 | 2.30 | 2.16 | 14.00 | MODRSS | | 37.49 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CR | | 82.0 | | 27M0G7W | | 4R | Р | |
| PAK | PAK12702 | 38.20 | 69.60 | 29.50 | 2.30 | 2.16 | 14.00 | MODRSS | | 37.49 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CL | | 82.0 | | 27M0G7W | | 4R | Р | |
| PNG | PNG13101 | 134.00 | 148.07 | -6.65 | 3.13 | 2.30 | 168.32 | MODRSS | | 38.87 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CR | | 89.0 | | 27M0G7W | | 4B | Р | |
| PNG | PNG13102 | 134.00 | 148.07 | -6.65 | 3.13 | 2.30 | 168.32 | MODRSS | | 38.87 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CL | | 89.0 | | 27M0G7W | | 4B | Р | |
| SDN | SDN_101 | -7.00 | 30.13 | 13.52 | | | | CB_RSS_SDNA | | 37.20 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CL | | 86.0 | | 27M0G7W | | 4J | Р | |
| SDN | SDN_102 | -7.00 | 30.13 | 13.52 | | | | CB_RSS_SDNA | | 37.20 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CR | | 86.0 | | 27M0G7W | | 4J | Р | |
| SEN | SEN22201 | -37.00 | -14.40 | 13.80 | 1.46 | 1.04 | 139.00 | MODRSS | | 42.63 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CL | | 82.0 | | 27M0G7W | | 4D | Р | |
| SEN | SEN22202 | -37.00 | -14.40 | 13.80 | 1.46 | 1.04 | 139.00 | MODRSS | | 42.63 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CR | | 82.0 | | 27M0G7W | | 4D | Р | |
| SEY | SEY00001 | 42.50 | 51.86 | -7.23 | 2.43 | 1.04 | 27.51 | MODRSS | | 40.44 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CL | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | | 4T | Р | |
| SEY | SEY00002 | 42.50 | 51.86 | -7.23 | 2.43 | 1.04 | 27.51 | MODRSS | | 40.44 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CR | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | | 4T | Р | |
| SOM | SOM31201 | 37.80 | 45.17 | 6.61 | 3.37 | 1.68 | 62.04 | MODRSS | | 36.92 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CL | | 83.0 | | 27M0G7W | | 4Q | Р | |
| SOM | SOM31202 | 37.80 | 45.17 | 6.61 | 3.37 | 1.68 | 62.04 | MODRSS | | 36.92 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CR | | 83.0 | | 27M0G7W | | 4Q | Р | |
| TGO | TGO22601 | -30.00 | 0.68 | 8.57 | 1.13 | 0.60 | 108.43 | MODRSS | | 46.14 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CL | | 82.0 | | 27M0G7W | | 4E | Р | |
| TGO | TGO22602 | -30.00 | 0.68 | 8.57 | 1.13 | 0.60 | 108.43 | MODRSS | | 46.14 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CR | | 82.0 | | 27M0G7W | | 4E | Р | |
| USA | USAC_101 | 140.00 | 177.50 | 16.35 | | | | CB_RSS_USAC | | 44.06 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CL | | 87.0 | | 27M0G7W | | 4A | Р | |
| USA | USAC_102 | 140.00 | 177.50 | 16.35 | | | | CB_RSS_USAC | | 44.06 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CR | | 87.0 | | 27M0G7W | | 4A | Р | |
| YEM | YEM_101 | 11.00 | 48.29 | 14.53 | | | | CB_RSS_YEMA | | 47.78 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CR | | 82.0 | | 27M0G7W | | 40 | Р | |
| YEM | YEM_102 | 11.00 | 48.29 | 14.53 | | | | CB_RSS_YEMA | | 47.78 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CL | | 82.0 | | 27M0G7W | | 40 | Р | |

TABLE 3A2

| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | ļ. | 5 | | 6 | 7 | 8 | | 9 | | 1 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | |
|------------------|----------------|---------------------|--------|--------|---------------|--------------------------------|------------------|-------------------------------|----------------|--------------------|-----------------|-------------------|-------|-------|---------|----------|---------|----------------------------|--------------------------|---------------|--------|---------|
| Admin. symbol | Beam | Orbital position | Bore | sight | | ace stat antenn tracteri | 1 | Space station antenna code | Shaped beam | Space s antenna | | Earth st anten | | Polar | ization | e.i.r.p. | Power | Designation of emission | Identity of the space | Group code | Status | Remarks |
| symbol | identification | position | Long. | Lat. | Major axis | Minor axis | Orien- tation | antenna coue | beam | Co-polar | Cross- polar | Code | Gain | Туре | Angle | | control | oremission | station | coue | | |
| AFG | AFG24501 | 50.00 | 67.00 | 34.30 | 1.89 | 1.19 | 18.00 | MODRSS | | 40.93 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CL | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | | 71 | Р | |
| AFG | AFG24502 | 50.00 | 67.00 | 34.30 | 1.89 | 1.19 | 18.00 | MODRSS | | 40.93 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CR | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | | 71 | Р | |
| AGL | AGL29500 | -24.80 | 16.43 | -12.37 | 2.66 | 1.75 | 77.43 | MODRSS | | 37.77 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CR | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | | | Р | |
| ALB | ALB29600 | 62.00 | 19.50 | 41.37 | 0.60 | 0.60 | 69.35 | MODRSS | | 48.88 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CL | | 82.6 | | 27M0G7W | | | Р | |
| ALG | ALG25152 | -24.80 | 1.50 | 27.60 | 3.65 | 2.94 | 135.00 | MODRSS | | 34.14 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CL | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | | | Р | |
| AND | AND34100 | -37.00 | 1.60 | 42.50 | 0.60 | 0.60 | 0.00 | MODRSS | | 48.88 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CL | | 83.0 | | 27M0G7W | | | Ρ | |
| ARM | ARM06400 | 22.80 | 44.99 | 39.95 | 0.73 | 0.60 | 148.17 | MODRSS | | 48.02 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CR | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | | | Ρ | |
| ARS | ARS00375 | 17.00 | 44.60 | 23.40 | 4.21 | 2.48 | 145.00 | MODRSS | | 34.26 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CL | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | | 54 | Ρ | |
| ARS | ARS34000 | 17.00 | 44.60 | 23.40 | 4.21 | 2.48 | 145.00 | MODRSS | | 34.28 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CL | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | | 54 | Р | |
| AUS | AUS00400 | 152.00 | 135.00 | -24.20 | 7.19 | 5.20 | 140.00 | MODRSS | | 28.71 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CL | | 87.0 | | 27M0G7W | | 30 | Р | |
| AUS | AUS00401 | 152.00 | 96.83 | -12.19 | 0.60 | 0.60 | 0.00 | MODRSS | | 48.88 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CL | | 87.0 | | 27M0G7W | | 30 | Р | |
| AUS | AUS00402 | 152.00 | 105.69 | -10.45 | 0.60 | 0.60 | 0.00 | MODRSS | | 48.88 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CL | | 87.0 | | 27M0G7W | | 30 | Р | |
| AUS | AUS00403 | 152.00 | 110.52 | -66.28 | 0.60 | 0.60 | 0.00 | MODRSS | | 48.88 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CL | | 87.0 | | 27M0G7W | | 30 | Р | |
| AUS | AUS00404 | 152.00 | 158.94 | -54.50 | 0.60 | 0.60 | 0.00 | MODRSS | | 48.88 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CL | | 87.0 | | 27M0G7W | | 30 | Р | |
| AUS | AUS00405 | 152.00 | 159.06 | -31.52 | 0.60 | 0.60 | 0.00 | MODRSS | | 48.88 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CL | | 87.0 | | 27M0G7W | | 30 | Р | |
| AUS | AUS00406 | 152.00 | 167.93 | -29.02 | 0.60 | 0.60 | 0.00 | MODRSS | | 48.88 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CL | | 87.0 | | 27M0G7W | | 30 | Р | |
| AUS | AUS0040A | 152.00 | 135.36 | -23.95 | 6.89 | 4.83 | 141.15 | R123FR | | 29.23 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CL | | 87.0 | | 27M0G7W | | 30 | Р | |
| AUS | AUS00500 | 152.00 | 135.00 | -24.20 | 7.19 | 5.20 | 140.00 | MODRSS | | 28.71 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CR | | 87.0 | | 27M0G7W | | 41 | Р | |
| AUS | AUS00501 | 152.00 | 96.83 | -12.19 | 0.60 | 0.60 | 0.00 | MODRSS | | 48.88 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CR | | 87.0 | | 27M0G7W | | 41 | Р | |
| AUS | AUS00502 | 152.00 | 105.69 | -10.45 | 0.60 | 0.60 | 0.00 | MODRSS | | 48.88 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CR | | 87.0 | | 27M0G7W | | 41 | Р | |
| AUS | AUS00503 | 152.00 | 110.52 | -66.28 | 0.60 | 0.60 | 0.00 | MODRSS | | 48.88 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CR | | 87.0 | | 27M0G7W | | 41 | Р | |
| AUS | AUS00504 | 152.00 | 158.94 | -54.50 | 0.60 | 0.60 | 0.00 | MODRSS | | 48.88 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CR | | 87.0 | | 27M0G7W | | 41 | Р | |
| AUS | AUS00505 | 152.00 | 159.06 | -31.52 | 0.60 | 0.60 | 0.00 | MODRSS | | 48.88 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CR | | 87.0 | | 27M0G7W | | 41 | Р | |
| AUS | AUS00506 | 152.00 | 167.93 | -29.02 | 0.60 | 0.60 | 0.00 | MODRSS | | 48.88 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CR | | 87.0 | | 27M0G7W | | 41 | Р | |

Basic characteristics of the Regions 1 and 3 feeder-link Plan in the frequency band 17.3-18.1 GHz (sorted by administration)

| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | | 5 | | | 6 | 7 | 8 | | 9 | | 10 | | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 |
|------------------|------------------------|---------------------|-----------|--------|---|---------------|------------------|---------------------------------|----------------|-------------------------------|------|--------------------------|-------|--------------|--|----------|--------------|----------------------------|--------------------------|---------------|--------|---------|
| Admin. symbol | Beam identification | Orbital position | Boresight | | Space station antenna characteristics | | | Space station – antenna code | Shaped beam | Space station antenna gain | | Earth station antenna | | Polarization | | e.i.r.p. | Power | Designation of emission | Identity of the space | Group code | Status | Remarks |
| | | | Long. | Lat. | Major axis | Minor axis | Orien- tation | antenna code Deani | Co-polar | Cross- polar | Code | Gain | Туре | Angle | | control | or chrission | station | coue | | | |
| AUS | AUS00600 | 152.00 | 135.50 | -24.20 | 7.19 | 5.20 | 140.00 | MODRSS | | 28.71 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CR | | 87.0 | | 27M0G7W | | 42 | Р | |
| AUS | AUS00601 | 152.00 | 96.83 | -12.19 | 0.60 | 0.60 | 0.00 | MODRSS | | 48.88 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CR | | 87.0 | | 27M0G7W | | 42 | Ρ | |
| AUS | AUS00602 | 152.00 | 105.69 | -10.45 | 0.60 | 0.60 | 0.00 | MODRSS | | 48.88 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CR | | 87.0 | | 27M0G7W | | 42 | Р | |
| AUS | AUS00603 | 152.00 | 110.52 | -66.28 | 0.60 | 0.60 | 0.00 | MODRSS | | 48.88 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CR | | 87.0 | | 27M0G7W | | 42 | Р | |
| AUS | AUS00604 | 152.00 | 158.94 | -54.50 | 0.60 | 0.60 | 0.00 | MODRSS | | 48.88 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CR | | 87.0 | | 27M0G7W | | 42 | Р | |
| AUS | AUS00605 | 152.00 | 159.06 | -31.52 | 0.60 | 0.60 | 0.00 | MODRSS | | 48.88 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CR | | 87.0 | | 27M0G7W | | 42 | Р | |
| AUS | AUS00606 | 152.00 | 167.93 | -29.02 | 0.60 | 0.60 | 0.00 | MODRSS | | 48.88 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CR | | 87.0 | | 27M0G7W | | 42 | Р | |
| AUS | AUS00700 | 164.00 | 136.00 | -23.90 | 7.26 | 4.48 | 132.00 | MODRSS | | 29.32 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CR | | 87.0 | | 27M0G7W | | 31 | Р | |
| AUS | AUS00701 | 164.00 | 96.83 | -12.19 | 0.60 | 0.60 | 0.00 | MODRSS | | 48.88 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CR | | 87.0 | | 27M0G7W | | 31 | Р | |
| AUS | AUS00702 | 164.00 | 105.69 | -10.45 | 0.60 | 0.60 | 0.00 | MODRSS | | 48.88 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CR | | 87.0 | | 27M0G7W | | 31 | Р | |
| AUS | AUS00703 | 164.00 | 110.52 | -66.28 | 0.60 | 0.60 | 0.00 | MODRSS | | 48.88 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CR | | 87.0 | | 27M0G7W | | 31 | Р | |
| AUS | AUS00704 | 164.00 | 158.94 | -54.50 | 0.60 | 0.60 | 0.00 | MODRSS | | 48.88 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CR | | 87.0 | | 27M0G7W | | 31 | Р | |
| AUS | AUS00705 | 164.00 | 159.06 | -31.52 | 0.60 | 0.60 | 0.00 | MODRSS | | 48.88 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CR | | 87.0 | | 27M0G7W | | 31 | Р | |
| AUS | AUS00706 | 164.00 | 167.93 | -29.02 | 0.60 | 0.60 | 0.00 | MODRSS | | 48.88 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CR | | 87.0 | | 27M0G7W | | 31 | Р | |
| AUS | AUS0070A | 164.00 | 136.62 | -24.16 | 6.82 | 4.20 | 134.19 | R123FR | | 29.87 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CR | | 87.0 | | 27M0G7W | | 31 | Р | |
| AUS | AUS00800 | 164.00 | 136.00 | -23.90 | 7.26 | 4.48 | 132.00 | MODRSS | | 29.32 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CL | | 87.0 | | 27M0G7W | | 44 | Р | |
| AUS | AUS00801 | 164.00 | 96.83 | -12.19 | 0.60 | 0.60 | 0.00 | MODRSS | | 48.88 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CL | | 87.0 | | 27M0G7W | | 44 | Р | |
| AUS | AUS00802 | 164.00 | 105.69 | -10.45 | 0.60 | 0.60 | 0.00 | MODRSS | | 48.88 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CL | | 87.0 | | 27M0G7W | | 44 | Р | |
| AUS | AUS00803 | 164.00 | 110.52 | -66.28 | 0.60 | 0.60 | 0.00 | MODRSS | | 48.88 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CL | | 87.0 | | 27M0G7W | | 44 | Р | |
| AUS | AUS00804 | 164.00 | 158.94 | -54.50 | 0.60 | 0.60 | 0.00 | MODRSS | | 48.88 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CL | | 87.0 | | 27M0G7W | | 44 | Р | |
| AUS | AUS00805 | 164.00 | 159.06 | -31.52 | 0.60 | 0.60 | 0.00 | MODRSS | | 48.88 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CL | | 87.0 | | 27M0G7W | | 44 | Р | |
| AUS | AUS00806 | 164.00 | 167.93 | -29.02 | 0.60 | 0.60 | 0.00 | MODRSS | | 48.88 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CL | | 87.0 | | 27M0G7W | | 44 | Р | |
| AUS | AUS00900 | 164.00 | 136.00 | -23.90 | 7.26 | 4.48 | 132.00 | MODRSS | | 29.32 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CR | | 87.0 | | 27M0G7W | | 32 | Р | |
| AUS | AUS00901 | 164.00 | 96.83 | -12.19 | 0.60 | 0.60 | 0.00 | MODRSS | | 48.88 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CR | | 87.0 | | 27M0G7W | | 32 | Р | |
| AUS | AUS00902 | 164.00 | 105.69 | -10.45 | 0.60 | 0.60 | 0.00 | MODRSS | | 48.88 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CR | | 87.0 | | 27M0G7W | | 32 | Р | |
| AUS | AUS00903 | 164.00 | 110.52 | -66.28 | 0.60 | 0.60 | 0.00 | MODRSS | | 48.88 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CR | | 87.0 | | 27M0G7W | | 32 | Р | |
| AUS | AUS00904 | 164.00 | 158.94 | -54.50 | 0.60 | 0.60 | 0.00 | MODRSS | | 48.88 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CR | | 87.0 | | 27M0G7W | | 32 | Р | |

| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 4 | | 5 | | 6 | 7 | 8 | | 9 | | 10 | | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 |
|------------------|------------------------|---------------------|-----------|--------|---|---------------|------------------|-------------------------------|----------------|-------------------------------|-----------------|--------------------------|-------|--------------|-------|----------|---------|----------------------------|--------------------------|-------|--------|---------|
| Admin. symbol | Beam identification | Orbital position | Boresight | | Space station antenna characteristics | | | Space station antenna code | Shaped beam | Space station antenna gain | | Earth station antenna | | Polarization | | e.i.r.p. | Power | Designation of emission | Identity of the space | Group | Status | Remarks |
| | | | Long. | Lat. | Major axis | Minor axis | Orien- tation | aatenna code | Jeam | Co-polar | Cross- polar | Code | Gain | Туре | Angle | | control | or chil551011 | station | couc | | |
| AUS | AUS00905 | 164.00 | 159.06 | -31.52 | 0.60 | 0.60 | 0.00 | MODRSS | | 48.88 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CR | | 87.0 | | 27M0G7W | | 32 | Р | |
| AUS | AUS00906 | 164.00 | 167.93 | -29.02 | 0.60 | 0.60 | 0.00 | MODRSS | | 48.88 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CR | | 87.0 | | 27M0G7W | | 32 | Р | |
| AUS | AUS0090A | 164.00 | 136.62 | -24.16 | 6.82 | 4.20 | 134.19 | R123FR | | 29.87 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CR | | 87.0 | | 27M0G7W | | 32 | Р | |
| AUS | AUSA0000 | 152.00 | 135.36 | -23.95 | 6.89 | 4.83 | 141.15 | R123FR | | 29.23 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CL | | 87.0 | | 27M0G7W | | 40 | Р | |
| AUS | AUSA0001 | 152.00 | 96.83 | -12.19 | 0.60 | 0.60 | 0.00 | MODRSS | | 48.88 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CL | | 87.0 | | 27M0G7W | | 40 | Р | |
| AUS | AUSA0002 | 152.00 | 105.69 | -10.45 | 0.60 | 0.60 | 0.00 | MODRSS | | 48.88 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CL | | 87.0 | | 27M0G7W | | 40 | Р | |
| AUS | AUSA0003 | 152.00 | 110.52 | -66.28 | 0.60 | 0.60 | 0.00 | MODRSS | | 48.88 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CL | | 87.0 | | 27M0G7W | | 40 | Р | |
| AUS | AUSA0004 | 152.00 | 158.94 | -54.50 | 0.60 | 0.60 | 0.00 | MODRSS | | 48.88 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CL | | 87.0 | | 27M0G7W | | 40 | Р | |
| AUS | AUSA0005 | 152.00 | 159.06 | -31.52 | 0.60 | 0.60 | 0.00 | MODRSS | | 48.88 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CL | | 87.0 | | 27M0G7W | | 40 | Р | |
| AUS | AUSA0006 | 152.00 | 167.93 | -29.02 | 0.60 | 0.60 | 0.00 | MODRSS | | 48.88 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CL | | 87.0 | | 27M0G7W | | 40 | Р | |
| AUS | AUSB0000 | 164.00 | 136.62 | -24.16 | 6.82 | 4.20 | 134.19 | R123FR | | 29.87 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CL | | 87.0 | | 27M0G7W | | 43 | Р | |
| AUS | AUSB0001 | 164.00 | 96.83 | -12.19 | 0.60 | 0.60 | 0.00 | MODRSS | | 48.88 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CL | | 87.0 | | 27M0G7W | | 43 | Р | |
| AUS | AUSB0002 | 164.00 | 105.69 | -10.45 | 0.60 | 0.60 | 0.00 | MODRSS | | 48.88 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CL | | 87.0 | | 27M0G7W | | 43 | Р | |
| AUS | AUSB0003 | 164.00 | 110.52 | -66.28 | 0.60 | 0.60 | 0.00 | MODRSS | | 48.88 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CL | | 87.0 | | 27M0G7W | | 43 | Р | |
| AUS | AUSB0004 | 164.00 | 158.94 | -54.50 | 0.60 | 0.60 | 0.00 | MODRSS | | 48.88 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CL | | 87.0 | | 27M0G7W | | 43 | Р | |
| AUS | AUSB0005 | 164.00 | 159.06 | -31.52 | 0.60 | 0.60 | 0.00 | MODRSS | | 48.88 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CL | | 87.0 | | 27M0G7W | | 43 | Р | |
| AUS | AUSB0006 | 164.00 | 167.93 | -29.02 | 0.60 | 0.60 | 0.00 | MODRSS | | 48.88 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CL | | 87.0 | | 27M0G7W | | 43 | Р | |
| AUT | AUT01600 | -18.80 | 10.31 | 49.47 | 1.82 | 0.92 | 151.78 | MODRSS | | 42.19 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CR | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | | | Р | |
| AZE | AZE06400 | 23.20 | 47.47 | 40.14 | 0.93 | 0.60 | 158.14 | MODRSS | | 46.98 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CL | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | | | Р | |
| BDI | BDI27000 | 11.00 | 29.90 | -3.10 | 0.71 | 0.60 | 80.00 | MODRSS | | 48.15 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CL | | 81.0 | | 27M0G7W | | | Р | |
| BEL | BEL01800 | 38.20 | 5.12 | 51.96 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 0.00 | MODRSS | | 44.44 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CR | | 85.5 | | 27M0G7W | | | Р | |
| BEN | BEN23300 | -19.20 | 2.20 | 9.50 | 1.44 | 0.68 | 97.00 | MODRSS | | 44.54 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CL | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | | | Р | |
| BFA | BFA10700 | -30.00 | -1.50 | 12.20 | 1.45 | 1.14 | 29.00 | MODRSS | | 42.26 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CL | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | | | Р | |
| BGD | BGD22000 | 74.00 | 90.30 | 23.60 | 1.46 | 0.84 | 135.00 | MODRSS | | 43.56 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CR | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | | | Р | |
| BHR | BHR25500 | 34.00 | 50.50 | 26.10 | 0.60 | 0.60 | 0.00 | MODRSS | | 48.88 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CR | | 83.0 | | 27M0G7W | | | Р | |
| BIH | BIH14800 | 56.00 | 18.22 | 43.97 | 0.60 | 0.60 | 90.00 | MODRSS | | 48.88 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CR | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | | | Р | |
| BLR | BLR06200 | 37.80 | 28.04 | 53.18 | 1.17 | 0.60 | 9.68 | MODRSS | | 45.96 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CL | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | | | Р | |

| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | | | 5 | | 6 | 7 | 8 | | 9 | | 1 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 |
|------------------|------------------------|---------------------|--------|--------|---------------|----------------------------------|------------------|-------------------------------|----------------|---------------------|-----------------|-------------------|-------|-------|---------|----------|------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------|---------------|--------|---------|
| Admin. symbol | Beam identification | Orbital position | Bore | sight | 1 | ace stat antenna iracteria | 1 | Space station antenna code | Shaped beam | Space st antenna | | Earth st anten | | Polar | ization | e.i.r.p. | Power control | Designation of emission | Identity of the space | Group code | Status | Remarks |
| symbol | | position | Long. | Lat. | Major axis | Minor axis | Orien- tation | uniterini tout | beam | Co-polar | Cross- polar | Code | Gain | Туре | Angle | | control | of childsion | station | coue | | |
| BOT | BOT29700 | -0.80 | 23.30 | -22.20 | 2.13 | 1.50 | 36.00 | MODRSS | | 39.40 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CL | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | | | Р | |
| BRM | BRM29800 | 104.00 | 96.97 | 18.68 | 3.33 | 1.66 | 91.63 | MODRSS | | 37.02 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CR | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | | | Р | |
| BRU | BRU3300A | 74.00 | 114.70 | 4.40 | 0.60 | 0.60 | 0.00 | MODRSS | | 48.88 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CR | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | | | Р | |
| BTN | BTN03100 | 86.00 | 90.44 | 27.05 | 0.72 | 0.60 | 175.47 | MODRSS | | 48.11 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CR | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | | | Р | |
| BUL | BUL02000 | -1.20 | 25.00 | 43.00 | 1.04 | 0.60 | 165.00 | MODRSS | | 46.50 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CL | | 83.0 | | 27M0G7W | | | Р | |
| CAF | CAF25800 | -13.20 | 21.00 | 6.30 | 2.25 | 1.68 | 31.00 | MODRSS | | 38.67 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CR | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | | | Р | |
| CBG | CBG29900 | 86.00 | 104.89 | 12.79 | 1.12 | 0.94 | 32.89 | MODRSS | | 44.22 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CR | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | | | Р | |
| CHN | CHN15400 | 62.00 | 101.90 | 33.50 | 5.10 | 2.80 | 143.00 | MODRSS | | 32.90 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CR | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | | 45 | Р | |
| CHN | CHN15500 | 62.00 | 101.90 | 33.50 | 5.10 | 2.80 | 143.00 | MODRSS | | 32.90 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CL | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | | 45 | Р | |
| CHN | CHN15800 | 134.00 | 113.21 | 34.27 | 6.40 | 3.16 | 10.74 | MODRSS | | 31.39 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CL | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | | 46 | Р | |
| CHN | CHN15900 | 134.00 | 113.21 | 34.27 | 6.40 | 3.16 | 10.74 | MODRSS | | 31.39 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CR | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | | 46 | Р | |
| CHN | CHN16000 | 92.20 | 108.10 | 33.70 | 5.00 | 4.00 | 148.00 | MODRSS | | 31.44 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CR | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | | 47 | Р | |
| CHN | CHN16100 | 92.20 | 108.10 | 33.70 | 5.00 | 4.00 | 148.00 | MODRSS | | 31.44 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CL | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | | 47 | Р | |
| CHN | CHN20000 | 122.00 | 113.55 | 22.20 | 0.60 | 0.60 | 0.00 | MODRSS | | 48.88 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CL | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | | | Р | |
| CLN | CLN21900 | 50.00 | 80.60 | 7.70 | 1.18 | 0.60 | 106.00 | MODRSS | | 45.95 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CL | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | | | Р | |
| COD | COD_100 | -19.20 | 21.85 | -3.40 | | | | CB_RSS_CODA | | 38.36 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CL | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | | | Р | |
| COG | COG23500 | -13.20 | 14.60 | -0.70 | 2.02 | 1.18 | 59.00 | MODRSS | | 40.67 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CR | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | | | Р | |
| COM | COM20700 | 29.00 | 44.10 | -12.10 | 0.76 | 0.60 | 149.00 | MODRSS | | 47.86 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CR | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | | | Р | |
| CPV | CPV30100 | -33.50 | -24.12 | 16.09 | 0.77 | 0.63 | 94.46 | MODRSS | | 47.56 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CL | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | | | Р | 5, 6 |
| CTI | CTI23700 | -24.80 | -5.66 | 7.39 | 1.45 | 1.29 | 126.59 | MODRSS | | 41.73 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CR | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | | | Р | |
| CVA | CVA08300 | -1.20 | 13.02 | 42.09 | 0.75 | 0.66 | 20.53 | MODRSS | | 47.48 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CR | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | | | Р | |
| CVA | CVA08500 | -1.20 | 13.02 | 42.09 | 0.75 | 0.66 | 20.53 | MODRSS | | 47.48 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CR | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | | | Р | |
| CYP | CYP08600 | -1.20 | 33.45 | 35.12 | 0.60 | 0.60 | 90.00 | MODRSS | | 48.88 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CL | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | | | Р | |
| CZE | CZE14401 | -12.80 | 16.77 | 46.78 | 1.71 | 0.89 | 149.15 | MODRSS | | 42.64 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CR | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | | | Р | |
| CZE | CZE14402 | -12.80 | 16.77 | 46.78 | 1.71 | 0.89 | 149.15 | MODRSS | | 42.64 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CL | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | | | Р | |
| CZE | CZE14403 | -12.80 | 16.77 | 46.78 | 1.71 | 0.89 | 149.15 | MODRSS | | 42.64 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CL | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | | 37 | Р | |
| D | D 08700 | -18.80 | 10.31 | 49.47 | 1.82 | 0.92 | 151.78 | MODRSS | | 42.19 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CR | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | | | Р | |

| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | | | 5 | | 6 | 7 | 8 | | 9 | | 1 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 |
|------------------|---------------|---------------------|---------|--------|---------------|--------------------------------|------------------|-------------------------------|----------------|---------------------|-----------------|-------------------|-------|-------|---------|----------|---------|----------------------------|--------------------------|---------------|--------|---------|
| Admin. symbol | Beam | Orbital position | Bore | sight | | ace stat antenn tracteri | a | Space station antenna code | Shaped beam | Space st antenna | | Earth st anten | | Polar | ization | e.i.r.p. | Power | Designation of emission | Identity of the space | Group code | Status | Remarks |
| symbol | lucinincation | position | Long. | Lat. | Major axis | Minor axis | Orien- tation | antenna couc | bcam | Co-polar | Cross- polar | Code | Gain | Туре | Angle | | control | of chilission | station | couc | | |
| DJI | DJI09900 | 16.80 | 42.68 | 11.68 | 0.60 | 0.60 | 90.00 | MODRSS | | 48.88 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CL | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | | | Р | |
| DNK | DNK_100 | -25.20 | 5.28 | 61.83 | | | | CB_RSS_DNKA | | 48.88 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CL | | 79.5 | | 27M0G7W | | | Ρ | |
| DNK | DNK09000 | -33.50 | 14.34 | 61.72 | 1.83 | 0.60 | 151.50 | MODRSS | | 44.05 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CR | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | | | Р | |
| DNK | DNK09100 | -33.50 | -14.94 | 63.79 | 1.52 | 0.60 | 168.57 | MODRSS | | 44.86 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CR | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | | | Р | |
| E | E100 | -30.00 | -9.40 | 34.15 | | | | CB_RSS_E_A | | 44.79 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CR | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | | 01 | Р | 6 |
| E | HISP27D4 | -30.00 | -3.10 | 39.90 | | | | | ECO | 43.00 | 18.70 | R13TES | 55.00 | CR | | 82.5 | | 27M0G7W | HISPASAT-1 | 01 | PE | |
| E | HISP27D6 | -30.00 | -3.10 | 39.90 | | | | | ECO | 43.00 | 18.70 | R13TES | 58.50 | CR | | 83.5 | | 27M0G7W | HISPASAT-1 | 01 | PE | |
| E | HISP33D4 | -30.00 | -3.10 | 39.90 | | | | | ECO | 43.00 | 18.70 | MODTES | 55.00 | CR | | 82.5 | | 33M0G7W | HISPASAT-1 | 01 | PE | |
| E | HISP33D6 | -30.00 | -3.10 | 39.90 | | | | | ECO | 43.00 | 18.70 | MODTES | 58.50 | CR | | 83.5 | | 33M0G7W | HISPASAT-1 | 01 | PE | |
| E | HISPASA4 | -30.00 | -3.10 | 39.90 | | | | | ECO | 43.00 | 18.70 | R13TES | 55.00 | CR | | 82.5 | | 27M0F8W | HISPASAT-1 | 01 | PE | |
| E | HISPASA6 | -30.00 | -3.10 | 39.90 | | | | | ECO | 43.00 | 18.70 | R13TES | 58.50 | CR | | 83.5 | | 27M0F8W | HISPASAT-1 | 01 | PE | |
| EGY | EGY02600 | -7.00 | 29.70 | 26.80 | 2.33 | 1.72 | 136.00 | MODRSS | | 38.42 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CR | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | | 12 | Р | |
| ERI | ERI09200 | 22.80 | 39.41 | 14.98 | 1.67 | 0.95 | 145.49 | MODRSS | | 42.44 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CL | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | | | Р | |
| EST | EST06100 | 44.50 | 25.40 | 59.18 | 0.67 | 0.60 | 5.99 | MODRSS | | 48.42 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CR | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | | | Р | |
| F | F 09300 | -7.00 | 3.30 | 45.37 | 2.18 | 1.20 | 156.36 | MODRSS | | 40.27 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CR | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | | 21 | Р | |
| F | F100 | -7.00 | 29.16 | 13.43 | | | | CB_RSS_FA | | 48.88 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CL | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | | 12 | Р | |
| F | F200 | 140.00 | 174.50 | -17.30 | | | | CB_RSS_FB | | 45.80 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CL | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | | 7F | Р | |
| F | F300 | 140.00 | 174.65 | -17.65 | | | | CB_RSS_FC | | 47.97 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CR | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | | 7F | Р | |
| F | OCE10100 | -160.00 | -145.00 | -16.30 | 4.34 | 3.54 | 4.00 | MODRSS | | 32.58 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CL | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | | | Р | |
| FIN | FIN10300 | 22.80 | 17.61 | 61.54 | 2.18 | 0.90 | 11.59 | MODRSS | | 41.53 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CL | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | | 52 | Р | |
| FIN | FIN10400 | 22.80 | 17.61 | 61.54 | 2.18 | 0.90 | 11.59 | MODRSS | | 41.53 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CL | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | | 52 | Р | |
| FJI | FJI19300 | -178.00 | 179.62 | -17.87 | 1.16 | 0.92 | 155.22 | MODRSS | | 44.16 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CR | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | | | Р | |
| FSM | FSM00000 | 158.00 | 151.90 | 5.48 | 5.15 | 1.57 | 167.00 | MODRSS | | 35.38 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CR | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | | | Р | |
| G | G 02700 | -33.50 | -3.50 | 53.80 | 1.84 | 0.72 | 142.00 | MODRSS | | 43.23 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CR | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | | | Р | 5, 6 |
| GAB | GAB26000 | -13.20 | 11.80 | -0.60 | 1.43 | 1.12 | 64.00 | MODRSS | | 42.40 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CL | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | | | Р | |
| GEO | GEO06400 | 23.20 | 43.35 | 42.27 | 1.11 | 0.60 | 161.21 | MODRSS | | 46.23 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CL | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | | | Ρ | |
| GMB | GMB30200 | -37.20 | -15.10 | 13.40 | 0.79 | 0.60 | 4.00 | MODRSS | | 47.69 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CL | | 83.0 | | 27M0G7W | | | Р | |

| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | ļ. | | 5 | | 6 | 7 | 8 | | 9 | | 1 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 |
|------------------|------------------------|----------|--------|-------|---------------|----------------------------------|------------------|-------------------------------|----------------|--------------------|-----------------|-------------------|-------|-------|---------|----------|---------|----------------------------|--------------------------|---------------|--------|---------|
| Admin. symbol | Beam identification | Orbital | Bore | sight | | ace stat antenna iracteris | 1 | Space station antenna code | Shaped beam | Space s antenna | | Earth st anten | | Polar | ization | e.i.r.p. | Power | Designation of emission | Identity of the space | Group code | Status | Remarks |
| symbol | Accontinuation (| position | Long. | Lat. | Major axis | Minor axis | Orien- tation | uniterini tout | beam | Co-polar | Cross- polar | Code | Gain | Туре | Angle | | control | of childsion | station | coue | | |
| GNB | GNB30400 | -30.00 | -15.00 | 12.00 | 0.90 | 0.60 | 172.00 | MODRSS | | 47.12 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CL | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | | | Р | |
| GNE | GNE30300 | -18.80 | 10.30 | 1.50 | 0.68 | 0.60 | 10.00 | MODRSS | | 48.34 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CR | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | | | Р | |
| GRC | GRC10500 | -1.20 | 24.52 | 38.11 | 1.70 | 0.95 | 152.55 | MODRSS | | 42.37 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CR | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | | | Р | |
| GUI | GUI19200 | -37.00 | -11.00 | 10.20 | 1.58 | 1.04 | 147.00 | MODRSS | | 42.29 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CR | | 85.0 | | 27M0G7W | | | Р | |
| HNG | HNG10601 | -12.80 | 16.77 | 46.78 | 1.71 | 0.89 | 149.15 | MODRSS | | 42.64 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CR | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | | | Р | |
| HNG | HNG10602 | -12.80 | 16.77 | 46.78 | 1.71 | 0.89 | 149.15 | MODRSS | | 42.64 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CL | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | | | Р | |
| HNG | HNG10603 | -12.80 | 16.77 | 46.78 | 1.71 | 0.89 | 149.15 | MODRSS | | 42.64 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CL | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | | 37 | Р | |
| HOL | HOL21300 | 38.20 | 5.12 | 51.96 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 0.00 | MODRSS | | 44.44 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CL | | 85.5 | | 27M0G7W | | | Р | |
| HRV | HRV14801 | -12.80 | 16.77 | 46.78 | 1.71 | 0.89 | 149.15 | MODRSS | | 42.64 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CR | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | | | Р | |
| HRV | HRV14802 | -12.80 | 16.77 | 46.78 | 1.71 | 0.89 | 149.15 | MODRSS | | 42.64 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CL | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | | | Р | |
| HRV | HRV14803 | -12.80 | 16.77 | 46.78 | 1.71 | 0.89 | 149.15 | MODRSS | | 42.64 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CL | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | | 37 | Р | |
| I | 1 08200 | 9.00 | 12.67 | 40.74 | 1.99 | 1.35 | 144.20 | MODRSS | | 40.14 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CR | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | | | Р | |
| IND | IND03700 | 68.00 | 93.00 | 25.50 | 1.46 | 1.13 | 40.00 | MODRSS | | 42.27 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CL | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | | | Р | |
| IND | IND04701 | 68.00 | 93.30 | 11.10 | 1.92 | 0.60 | 96.00 | MODRSS | | 43.83 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CR | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | | 7E | Р | |
| IND | IND04702 | 68.00 | 93.30 | 11.10 | 1.92 | 0.60 | 96.00 | MODRSS | | 43.83 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CL | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | | 7E | Р | |
| IND | INDA_101 | 55.80 | 76.16 | 14.72 | | | | CB_RSS_INDA | | 45.66 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CR | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | | 7G | Р | |
| IND | INDA_102 | 55.80 | 76.16 | 14.72 | | | | CB_RSS_INDA | | 45.66 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CL | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | | 7G | Р | |
| IND | INDB_101 | 55.80 | 83.67 | 23.73 | | | | CB_RSS_INDB | | 43.13 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CR | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | | 7H | Р | |
| IND | INDB_102 | 55.80 | 83.67 | 23.73 | | | | CB_RSS_INDB | | 43.13 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CL | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | | 7H | Ρ | |
| IND | INDD_100 | 68.00 | 74.37 | 29.16 | | | | CB_RSS_INDD | | 41.79 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CR | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | | | Ρ | |
| INS | INS02800 | 80.20 | 113.60 | -1.40 | 6.73 | 3.33 | 160.00 | MODRSS | | 30.94 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CR | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | | | Р | |
| INS | INS03501 | 104.00 | 115.20 | -1.70 | 9.14 | 3.43 | 170.00 | MODRSS | | 29.48 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CL | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | | 7D | Р | |
| INS | INS03502 | 104.00 | 115.20 | -1.70 | 9.14 | 3.43 | 170.00 | MODRSS | | 29.48 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CR | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | | 7D | Р | |
| IRL | IRL21100 | -37.20 | -8.25 | 53.22 | 0.72 | 0.60 | 157.56 | MODRSS | | 48.08 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CR | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | | | Р | |
| IRN | IRN10900 | 34.00 | 54.20 | 32.40 | 3.82 | 1.82 | 149.00 | MODRSS | | 36.03 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CL | | 83.0 | | 27M0G7W | | | Р | |
| ISL | ISL04900 | -33.50 | -19.00 | 64.90 | 1.00 | 0.60 | 177.00 | MODRSS | | 46.67 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CL | | 83.0 | | 27M0G7W | | | Р | |
| ISL | ISL05000 | -33.50 | -14.94 | 63.79 | 1.52 | 0.60 | 168.57 | MODRSS | | 44.86 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CR | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | | | Р | |

| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | ı | | 5 | | 6 | 7 | 8 | | 9 | | 1 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 |
|------------------|------------------------|---------------------|---------|--------|---------------|----------------------------------|------------------|-------------------------------|----------------|---------------------|-----------------|-------------------|-------|-------|---------|----------|---------|----------------------------|--------------------------|---------------|--------|---------|
| Admin. symbol | Beam identification | Orbital position | Bore | sight | · · | ace stat antenna tracteris | 1 | Space station antenna code | Shaped beam | Space st antenna | | Earth st anten | | Polar | ization | e.i.r.p. | Power | Designation of emission | Identity of the space | Group code | Status | Remarks |
| | lucinincation | position | Long. | Lat. | Major axis | Minor axis | Orien- tation | antenna couc | bcam | Co-polar | Cross- polar | Code | Gain | Туре | Angle | | control | of chilission | station | couc | | |
| ISR | ISR11000 | -4.00 | 34.95 | 31.32 | 0.73 | 0.60 | 110.02 | MODRSS | | 48.03 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CR | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | | | Р | |
| J | 000BS-3N | 109.85 | 134.50 | 31.50 | 3.52 | 3.30 | 68.00 | MODRSS | | 33.80 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CR | | 87.0 | | 27M0F8W | BS-3N | 02 | PE | |
| J | J 10985 | 109.85 | 134.50 | 31.50 | 3.52 | 3.30 | 68.00 | MODRSS | | 33.80 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CR | | 87.0 | | 34M5G7W | | 02 | Р | |
| J | J 11100 | 110.00 | 134.50 | 31.50 | 3.52 | 3.30 | 68.00 | MODRSS | | 33.80 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CR | | 87.0 | | 34M5G7W | | 02 | Р | |
| J | J 1110E | 110.00 | 134.50 | 31.50 | 3.52 | 3.30 | 68.00 | MODRSS | | 33.80 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CR | | 87.0 | | 27M0F8W | BS-3M | 02 | PE | |
| JOR | JOR22400 | 11.00 | 37.55 | 34.02 | 1.47 | 0.91 | 73.16 | MODRSS | | 43.19 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CL | | 85.0 | | 27M0G7W | | | Р | |
| KAZ | KAZ06600 | 56.40 | 65.73 | 46.40 | 4.58 | 1.76 | 177.45 | MODRSS | | 35.38 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CL | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | | | Р | |
| KEN | KEN24900 | -0.80 | 37.99 | 0.88 | 2.06 | 1.30 | 99.68 | MODRSS | | 40.17 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CR | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | | | Р | |
| KGZ | KGZ07000 | 50.00 | 73.91 | 41.32 | 1.47 | 0.64 | 5.05 | MODRSS | | 44.75 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CR | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | | | Р | |
| KIR | KIR_100 | 176.00 | -170.31 | -0.56 | | | | CB_RSS_KIRA | | 42.60 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CL | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | | | Р | |
| KOR | KOR11201 | 116.00 | 127.50 | 36.00 | 1.24 | 1.02 | 168.00 | MODRSS | | 43.43 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CL | | 89.0 | | 27M0G7W | | 03 | Р | |
| KOR | KOR11202 | 116.00 | 127.50 | 36.00 | 1.24 | 1.02 | 168.00 | MODRSS | | 43.43 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CR | | 89.0 | | 27M0G7W | | 03 | Р | |
| KRE | KRE28600 | 140.00 | 128.45 | 40.32 | 1.63 | 0.68 | 18.89 | MODRSS | | 44.00 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CL | | 87.0 | | 27M0G7W | | | Р | |
| KWT | KWT11300 | 11.00 | 47.48 | 29.12 | 0.60 | 0.60 | 90.00 | MODRSS | | 48.88 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CR | | 83.0 | | 27M0G7W | | | Р | |
| LAO | LAO28400 | 122.20 | 103.71 | 18.17 | 1.87 | 1.03 | 123.99 | MODRSS | | 42.18 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CR | | 84.0 | | 33M0G7W | | | Р | |
| LBN | LBN27900 | 11.00 | 37.55 | 34.02 | 1.47 | 0.91 | 73.16 | MODRSS | | 43.19 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CR | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | | | Р | |
| LBR | LBR24400 | -33.50 | -9.30 | 6.60 | 1.22 | 0.70 | 133.00 | MODRSS | | 45.13 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CR | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | | | Р | 5, 6 |
| LBY | LBY28021 | -24.80 | 17.50 | 26.30 | 3.68 | 1.84 | 130.00 | MODRSS | | 36.14 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CL | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | | | Р | |
| LIE | LIE25300 | -18.80 | 10.31 | 49.47 | 1.82 | 0.92 | 151.78 | MODRSS | | 42.19 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CL | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | | | Р | |
| LSO | LSO30500 | 4.80 | 27.80 | -29.80 | 0.66 | 0.60 | 36.00 | MODRSS | | 48.47 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CL | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | | | Р | |
| LTU | LTU06100 | 23.20 | 24.52 | 56.11 | | | | CB_RSS_LTUA | | 47.92 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CR | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | | | Р | |
| LUX | LUX11400 | 28.20 | 5.21 | 49.20 | 0.60 | 0.60 | 90.00 | MODRSS | | 48.88 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CL | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | | 09 | Р | |
| LVA | LVA06100 | 23.20 | 24.52 | 56.11 | | | | CB_RSS_LVAA | | 47.92 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CR | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | | | Р | |
| MAU | MAU_100 | 29.00 | 58.61 | -15.88 | | | | CB_RSS_MAUA | | 41.42 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CL | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | | | Р | |
| MCO | MCO11600 | 34.20 | 7.40 | 43.70 | 0.60 | 0.60 | 0.00 | MODRSS | | 48.88 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CR | | 81.0 | | 27M0G7W | | | Р | |
| MDA | MDA06300 | 50.00 | 28.45 | 46.99 | 0.60 | 0.60 | 90.00 | MODRSS | | 48.88 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CR | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | | | Р | |
| MDG | MDG23600 | 29.00 | 46.20 | -18.60 | 2.57 | 0.80 | 67.00 | MODRSS | | 41.32 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CL | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | | | Р | |

| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | ı | | 5 | | 6 | 7 | 8 | | 9 | | 1 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 |
|------------------|------------------------|---------------------|---------|--------|---------------|----------------------------------|------------------|-------------------------------|----------------|---------------------|-----------------|-------------------|-------|-------|---------|----------|---------|----------------------------|--------------------------|-------|--------|---------|
| Admin. symbol | Beam identification | Orbital position | Bore | sight | | ace stat antenna aracteris | 1 | Space station antenna code | Shaped beam | Space st antenna | | Earth st anten | | Polar | ization | e.i.r.p. | Power | Designation of emission | Identity of the space | Group | Status | Remarks |
| symbol | lucinincation | position | Long. | Lat. | Major axis | Minor axis | Orien- tation | antenna couc | beam | Co-polar | Cross- polar | Code | Gain | Туре | Angle | | control | of chilission | station | couc | | |
| MHL | MHL00000 | 146.00 | 167.64 | 9.83 | 2.07 | 0.90 | 157.42 | MODRSS | | 41.75 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CR | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | | | Р | |
| MKD | MKD14800 | 22.80 | 21.53 | 41.50 | 0.60 | 0.60 | 90.00 | MODRSS | | 48.88 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CL | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | | | Р | |
| MLA | MLA_100 | 91.50 | 108.07 | 3.92 | | | | CB_RSS_MLAA | | 41.75 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CR | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | | | Ρ | |
| MLD | MLD30600 | 50.00 | 73.10 | 6.00 | 0.60 | 0.60 | 0.00 | MODRSS | | 48.88 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CR | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | | | Р | |
| MLI | MLI_100 | -19.20 | -4.80 | 16.10 | | | | CB_RSS_MLIA | | 41.11 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CR | | 87.0 | | 27M0G7W | | | Ρ | |
| MLT | MLT14700 | 22.80 | 14.40 | 35.90 | 0.60 | 0.60 | 0.00 | MODRSS | | 48.88 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CR | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | | | Р | |
| MNG | MNG24800 | 74.00 | 101.95 | 46.79 | 3.32 | 1.04 | 169.27 | MODRSS | | 39.07 | | MODTES | 59.92 | CL | | 86.9 | | 27M0G7W | | | Р | |
| MRC | MRC20900 | -25.20 | -8.90 | 28.90 | 3.96 | 1.55 | 50.00 | MODRSS | | 36.57 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CR | | 80.0 | | 27M0G7W | | | Р | |
| MTN | MTN_100 | -36.80 | -11.24 | 20.91 | | | | CB_RSS_MTNA | | 37.55 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CR | | 86.0 | | 27M0G7W | | | Р | |
| MWI | MWI30800 | 4.80 | 33.79 | -13.25 | 1.56 | 0.70 | 92.69 | MODRSS | | 44.10 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CR | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | | | Р | |
| NGR | NGR11500 | -37.20 | 7.63 | 16.97 | 2.20 | 1.80 | 100.58 | MODRSS | | 38.47 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CL | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | | | Ρ | |
| NOR | NOR12000 | -0.80 | 16.70 | 61.58 | 1.84 | 0.95 | 177.31 | MODRSS | | 42.02 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CR | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | | 06 | Ρ | |
| NOR | NOR12100 | -0.80 | 16.70 | 61.58 | 1.84 | 0.95 | 177.31 | MODRSS | | 42.02 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CL | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | | 06 | Ρ | |
| NRU | NRU30900 | 134.00 | 167.00 | -0.50 | 0.60 | 0.60 | 0.00 | MODRSS | | 48.88 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CL | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | | | Р | |
| NZL | NZL_100 | 158.00 | -174.35 | -24.30 | | | | CB_RSS_NZLA | | 48.88 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CL | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | | | Ρ | 7 |
| OMA | OMA12300 | 17.20 | 55.60 | 21.00 | 1.88 | 1.02 | 100.00 | MODRSS | | 41.62 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CL | | 85.0 | | 27M0G7W | | | Ρ | |
| PHL | PHL28500 | 98.00 | 121.30 | 11.10 | 3.46 | 1.76 | 99.00 | MODRSS | | 36.60 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CL | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | | | Ρ | |
| PLW | PLW00000 | 140.00 | 132.98 | 5.51 | 1.30 | 0.60 | 55.41 | MODRSS | | 45.53 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CR | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | | | Р | |
| POL | POL13200 | 50.00 | 19.71 | 52.18 | 1.22 | 0.63 | 16.12 | MODRSS | | 45.59 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CR | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | | | Р | |
| POR | POR_100 | -37.00 | -15.92 | 37.65 | | | | CB_RSS_PORA | | 47.17 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CR | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | | | Ρ | |
| PSE | YYY00001 | -13.20 | 34.99 | 31.86 | 0.60 | 0.60 | 90.00 | MODRSS | | 48.88 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CL | | 80.5 | | 27M0G7W | | | Р | 8 |
| QAT | QAT24700 | 20.00 | 51.59 | 25.35 | 0.60 | 0.60 | 90.00 | MODRSS | | 48.88 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CL | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | | | Ρ | |
| ROU | ROU13600 | 50.00 | 25.12 | 45.75 | 1.17 | 0.73 | 9.52 | MODRSS | | 45.15 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CL | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | | | Р | |
| RRW | RRW31000 | 11.00 | 30.00 | -2.10 | 0.66 | 0.60 | 42.00 | MODRSS | | 48.47 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CR | | 81.0 | | 27M0G7W | | | Р | |
| RUS | RSTREA11 | 36.00 | 38.00 | 53.00 | | | | | COP | 38.40 | 8.40 | MODTES | 57.00 | CR | | 84.0 | | 27M0F8W | RST-1 | 05 | PE | |
| RUS | RSTREA12 | 36.00 | 38.00 | 53.00 | | | | | COP | 38.40 | 8.40 | MODTES | 57.00 | CL | | 84.0 | | 27M0F8W | RST-1 | 05 | PE | |
| RUS | RSTRED11 | 36.00 | 38.00 | 53.00 | | | | | COP | 38.40 | 8.40 | MODTES | 57.00 | CR | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | RST-1 | 05 | PE | |

| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | | | 5 | | 6 | 7 | 8 | | 9 | | 1 | 0 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | |
|------------------|----------|---------------------|---------|--------|---------------|-------------------------------|------------------|-------------------------------|----------------|---------------------|-----------------|------------------|-------|-------|---------|----------|-------|----------------------------|--------------------------|---------------|--------|---------|-----|
| Admin. symbol | Beam | Orbital position | Bores | sight | - î | ace stat antenn racteri | a | Space station antenna code | Shaped beam | Space st antenna | | Earth s anter | | Polar | ization | e.i.r.p. | Power | Designation of emission | Identity of the space | Group code | Status | Remarks | |
| -, | | F | Long. | Lat. | Major axis | Minor axis | Orien- tation | | ~~~~ | Co-polar | Cross- polar | Code | Gain | Туре | Angle | | | | station | | | | ĺ |
| RUS | RSTRED12 | 36.00 | 38.00 | 53.00 | | | | | COP | 38.40 | 8.40 | MODTES | 57.00 | CL | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | RST-1 | 05 | PE | | Í |
| RUS | RSTRSD11 | 36.00 | 38.00 | 53.00 | | | | | COP | 38.40 | 8.40 | MODTES | 57.00 | CR | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | RST-1 | 05 | Р | | Ĺ |
| RUS | RSTRSD12 | 36.00 | 38.00 | 53.00 | | | | | COP | 38.40 | 8.40 | MODTES | 57.00 | CL | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | RST-1 | 05 | Р | | Í |
| RUS | RSTRSD21 | 56.00 | 65.00 | 63.00 | | | | | COP | 38.40 | 8.40 | MODTES | 57.00 | CR | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | RST-2 | 14 | Ρ | | ĺ |
| RUS | RSTRSD22 | 56.00 | 65.00 | 63.00 | | | | | COP | 38.40 | 8.40 | MODTES | 57.00 | CL | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | RST-2 | 14 | Ρ | | ĺ |
| RUS | RSTRSD31 | 86.00 | 97.00 | 62.00 | | | | | COP | 38.40 | 8.40 | MODTES | 57.00 | CR | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | RST-3 | 33 | Р | | Í |
| RUS | RSTRSD32 | 86.00 | 97.00 | 62.00 | | | | | COP | 38.40 | 8.40 | MODTES | 57.00 | CL | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | RST-3 | 33 | Р | | Í |
| RUS | RSTRSD51 | 140.00 | 158.00 | 56.00 | | | | | COP | 38.40 | 8.40 | MODTES | 57.00 | CR | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | RST-5 | 35 | Р | | Ĺ |
| RUS | RSTRSD52 | 140.00 | 158.00 | 56.00 | | | | | COP | 38.40 | 8.40 | MODTES | 57.00 | CL | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | RST-5 | 35 | Р | | Ĺ |
| RUS | RUS00401 | 110.00 | 118.22 | 51.52 | | | | | COP | 38.40 | 8.40 | MODTES | 57.00 | CR | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | RUS-4 | 34 | Р | | Ĺ |
| RUS | RUS00402 | 110.00 | 118.22 | 51.52 | | | | | COP | 38.40 | 8.40 | MODTES | 57.00 | CL | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | RUS-4 | 34 | Р | | Ĺ |
| S | S 13800 | 5.00 | 17.00 | 61.50 | 2.00 | 1.00 | 10.00 | MODRSS | | 41.44 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CL | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | | 04 | Р | | 2 |
| S | S 13900 | 5.00 | 17.00 | 61.50 | 2.00 | 1.00 | 10.00 | MODRSS | | 41.44 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CL | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | | 04 | Р | | |
| SCG* | SCG14800 | -7.00 | 20.50 | 43.98 | 0.91 | 0.60 | 145.16 | MODRSS | | 47.07 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CL | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | | | Р | | 000 |
| SEY | SEY00000 | 42.50 | 51.86 | -7.23 | 2.43 | 1.04 | 27.51 | MODRSS | | 40.44 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CR | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | | | Р | | ĺ |
| SLM | SLM00000 | 128.00 | 159.27 | -8.40 | 1.35 | 1.08 | 118.59 | MODRSS | | 42.81 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CL | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | | | Р | | ĺ |
| SMO | SMO05700 | -178.00 | -171.70 | -13.87 | 0.60 | 0.60 | 90.00 | MODRSS | | 48.88 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CL | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | | | Р | | |
| SMR | SMR31100 | -36.80 | 12.50 | 43.90 | 0.60 | 0.60 | 0.00 | MODRSS | | 48.88 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CL | | 83.0 | | 27M0G7W | | | Р | | |
| SNG | SNG15100 | 88.00 | 103.86 | 1.42 | 0.92 | 0.72 | 175.12 | MODRSS | | 46.25 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CL | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | | | Р | | Ĺ |
| SRL | SRL25900 | -33.50 | -11.80 | 8.60 | 0.78 | 0.68 | 114.00 | MODRSS | | 47.20 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CR | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | | | Р | | Ĺ |
| STP | STP24100 | -7.00 | 7.00 | 0.80 | 0.60 | 0.60 | 0.00 | MODRSS | | 48.88 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CL | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | | | Р | | |
| SUI | SUI14000 | -18.80 | 10.31 | 49.47 | 1.82 | 0.92 | 151.78 | MODRSS | | 42.19 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CL | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | | | Р | | Ĺ |
| SVK | SVK14401 | -12.80 | 16.77 | 46.78 | 1.71 | 0.89 | 149.15 | MODRSS | | 42.64 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CR | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | | | Р | | Ĺ |
| SVK | SVK14402 | -12.80 | 16.77 | 46.78 | 1.71 | 0.89 | 149.15 | MODRSS | | 42.64 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CL | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | | | Р | | Í |
| SVK | SVK14403 | -12.80 | 16.77 | 46.78 | 1.71 | 0.89 | 149.15 | MODRSS | | 42.64 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CL | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | | 37 | Р | | ĺ |
| SVN | SVN14800 | 33.80 | 15.01 | 46.18 | 0.60 | 0.60 | 90.00 | MODRSS | | 48.88 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CR | | 82.0 | | 27M0G7W | | | Р | | ĺ |
| SWZ | SWZ31300 | 4.80 | 31.39 | -26.44 | 0.60 | 0.60 | 90.00 | MODRSS | | 48.88 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CR | | 82.0 | | 27M0G7W | | | Р | | ĺ |
| SYR | SYR22900 | 11.00 | 37.55 | 34.02 | 1.47 | 0.91 | 73.16 | MODRSS | | 43.19 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CL | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | | 53 | Р | | Í |

| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | ļ | | 5 | | 6 | 7 | 8 | | 9 | | 1 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 |
|------------------|------------------------|---------------------|---------|--------|---------------|----------------------------------|------------------|-------------------------------|----------------|---------------------|-----------------|-------------------|-------|-------|---------|----------|---------|----------------------------|--------------------------|---------------|--------|---------|
| Admin. symbol | Beam identification | Orbital position | Bore | sight | - î. | ace stat antenna iracteris | 1 | Space station antenna code | Shaped beam | Space st antenna | | Earth st anten | | Polar | ization | e.i.r.p. | Power | Designation of emission | Identity of the space | Group code | Status | Remarks |
| symbol | Accontinuation (| position | Long. | Lat. | Major axis | Minor axis | Orien- tation | uniterini tout | beam | Co-polar | Cross- polar | Code | Gain | Туре | Angle | | control | of childsion | station | coue | | |
| SYR | SYR33900 | 11.00 | 37.60 | 34.20 | 1.32 | 0.88 | 74.00 | MODRSS | | 43.80 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CL | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | | 53 | Р | |
| TCD | TCD14300 | 17.00 | 18.39 | 15.52 | 3.21 | 2.05 | 83.26 | MODRSS | | 36.26 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CR | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | | | Ρ | |
| THA | THA14200 | 98.00 | 100.75 | 12.88 | 2.80 | 1.82 | 93.77 | MODRSS | | 37.38 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CR | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | | | Р | |
| TJK | TJK06900 | 38.00 | 71.14 | 38.41 | 1.21 | 0.73 | 155.31 | MODRSS | | 45.00 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CL | | 82.0 | | 27M0G7W | | | Р | |
| ТКМ | TKM06800 | 50.00 | 59.24 | 38.83 | 2.26 | 1.02 | 166.64 | MODRSS | | 40.81 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CL | | 85.7 | | 27M0G7W | | | Р | |
| TMP | TMP00000 | 128.00 | 126.03 | -8.72 | 0.66 | 0.60 | 13.92 | MODRSS | | 48.50 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CR | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | | | Р | 10 |
| TON | TON21500 | 170.75 | -175.23 | -18.19 | 1.59 | 0.60 | 71.33 | MODRSS | | 44.64 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CR | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | | | Р | |
| TUN | TUN15000 | -25.20 | 9.50 | 33.50 | 1.88 | 0.72 | 135.00 | MODRSS | | 43.13 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CR | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | | 55 | Р | |
| TUN | TUN27200 | -25.20 | 2.50 | 32.00 | 3.59 | 1.75 | 175.00 | MODRSS | | 36.47 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CR | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | | 55 | Р | |
| TUR | TUR14500 | 42.00 | 35.14 | 38.99 | 3.19 | 1.10 | 0.03 | MODRSS | | 39.00 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CL | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | | 36 | Р | |
| TUV | TUV00000 | 176.00 | 177.61 | -7.11 | 0.94 | 0.60 | 137.58 | MODRSS | | 46.93 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CR | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | | | Р | |
| TZA | TZA22500 | 11.00 | 34.60 | -6.20 | 2.41 | 1.72 | 129.00 | MODRSS | | 38.27 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CR | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | | | Р | |
| UAE | UAE27400 | 52.50 | 53.98 | 24.37 | 1.23 | 0.84 | 6.62 | MODRSS | | 44.31 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CR | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | | | Р | |
| UGA | UGA05100 | 17.00 | 32.20 | 1.04 | 1.50 | 1.02 | 68.73 | MODRSS | | 42.62 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CR | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | | | Ρ | |
| UKR | UKR06300 | 38.20 | 31.82 | 48.19 | 2.32 | 0.95 | 177.32 | MODRSS | | 41.01 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CR | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | | | Р | |
| USA | GUM33101 | 122.00 | 155.56 | 13.21 | | | | CB_RSS_GUMA | | 43.61 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CR | | 87.0 | | 27M0G7W | | 7C | Р | |
| USA | GUM33102 | 122.00 | 155.56 | 13.21 | | | | CB_RSS_GUMA | | 43.61 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CL | | 87.0 | | 27M0G7W | | 7C | Р | |
| USA | MRA33200 | 121.80 | 155.56 | 13.21 | | | | CB_RSS_MRAA | | 43.61 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CR | | 91.0 | | 27M0G7W | | | Р | |
| USA | PLM33200 | 170.00 | -145.55 | 19.50 | | | | CB_RSS_PLMA | | 39.35 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CL | | 87.0 | | 27M0G7W | | | Р | |
| USA | USAA_101 | 170.00 | -145.55 | 19.50 | | | | CB_RSS_USAA | | 39.35 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CR | | 87.0 | | 27M0G7W | | 7A | Р | |
| USA | USAA_102 | 170.00 | -145.55 | 19.50 | | | | CB_RSS_USAA | | 39.35 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CL | | 87.0 | | 27M0G7W | | 7A | Р | |
| UZB | UZB07100 | 33.80 | 63.80 | 41.21 | 2.56 | 0.89 | 159.91 | MODRSS | | 40.84 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CR | | 82.0 | | 27M0G7W | | | Р | |
| VTN | VTN32500 | 107.00 | 106.84 | 14.21 | 3.43 | 1.76 | 109.43 | MODRSS | | 36.64 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CR | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | | | Р | |
| VUT | VUT12801 | 140.00 | 168.00 | -16.40 | 1.52 | 0.68 | 87.00 | MODRSS | | 44.30 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CL | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | | 7B | Р | |
| VUT | VUT12802 | 140.00 | 168.00 | -16.40 | 1.52 | 0.68 | 87.00 | MODRSS | | 44.30 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CR | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | | 7B | Р | |
| ZMB | ZMB31400 | -0.80 | 27.50 | -13.10 | 2.38 | 1.48 | 39.00 | MODRSS | | 38.98 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CR | | 84.0 | | 27M0G7W | | | Р | |
| ZWE | ZWE13500 | -0.80 | 29.60 | -18.80 | 1.46 | 1.36 | 37.00 | MODRSS | | 41.47 | | MODTES | 57.00 | CL | | 85.0 | | 27M0G7W | | | Р | |

* Note by the Secretariat: This designation replaces the former designation "YUG" which was used previously as a three-letter code for the Administration of Serbia and Montenegro.

COLUMN HEADINGS OF TABLES 3B1 AND 3B2

- Col. 1 *Nominal orbital position*, in degrees and hundredths of a degree from the Greenwich meridian (negative values indicate longitudes which are west of the Greenwich meridian; positive values indicate longitudes which are east of the Greenwich meridian).
- Col. 2 Notifying administration symbol.
- Col. 3 *Beam identification* (Column 2, normally, contains the symbol designating the administration or the geographical area taken from Table B1 of the Preface to the International Frequency List, followed by the symbol designating the service area).
- Col. 4 Polarization (CL circular left, CR circular right).
- Col. 5 Channel number/indication of minimum equivalent protection margin (EPM) for a given assignment derived from the set of values for all test points belonging to the given beam.

TABLE 3B1

Minimum equivalent protection margin in the Regions 1 and 3 feeder-link Plan in the frequency band 14.5-14.8 GHz (sorted by orbital position)

| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | | | | | | | 5 | | | | | | |
|---------------------|------------------|------------------------|----------------------|---|------|------|------|-------|--------|---------|---------|--------|------|------|------|------|
| | | | | | | | | | Ch | annel r | umber | | | | | |
| Orbital position | Admin. symbol | Beam Identification | Polarization type | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 |
| | | | | | | | | Minim | um equ | ivalent | protect | ion ma | rgin | | | |
| -37.00 | SEN | SEN22201 | CL | | | | 40.8 | | 39.6 | | 39.6 | | 39.6 | | 39.6 | |
| -37.00 | SEN | SEN22202 | CR | | | | | 39.6 | | 39.6 | | 39.6 | | 39.6 | | 40.7 |
| -30.00 | TGO | TGO22601 | CL | | | | 15.0 | | 14.1 | | 14.1 | | 14.1 | | 14.1 | |
| -30.00 | TGO | TGO22602 | CR | | | | | 14.1 | | 14.1 | | 14.1 | | 14.1 | | 15.0 |
| -25.00 | GHA | GHA10801 | CR | | | | 14.9 | | 14.1 | | 14.1 | | 14.1 | | 14.1 | |
| -25.00 | GHA | GHA10802 | CL | | | | | 14.1 | | 14.1 | | 14.1 | | 14.1 | | 14.9 |
| -19.20 | NIG | NIG11901 | CR | | | | 6.4 | | 4.2 | | 4.2 | | 4.2 | | 4.2 | |
| -19.20 | NIG | NIG11902 | CL | | | | | 4.2 | | 4.2 | | 4.2 | | 4.2 | | 6.4 |
| -18.80 | NMB | NMB02501 | CL | | | | 6.9 | | 4.5 | | 4.5 | | 4.5 | | 4.5 | |
| -18.80 | NMB | NMB02502 | CR | | | | | 4.5 | | 4.5 | | 4.5 | | 4.5 | | 6.9 |
| -13.00 | CME | CME30001 | CL | | | | 17.2 | | 16.3 | | 16.3 | | 16.3 | | 16.3 | |
| -13.00 | CME | CME30002 | CR | | | | | 16.3 | | 16.3 | | 16.3 | | 16.3 | | 17.2 |
| -7.00 | SDN | SDN_101 | CL | | | | 27.1 | | 26.1 | | 26.1 | | 26.1 | | 26.1 | |
| -7.00 | SDN | SDN_102 | CR | | | | | 26.1 | | 26.1 | | 26.1 | | 26.1 | | 27.1 |
| -1.00 | MOZ | MOZ30701 | CL | | | | 16.6 | | 15.7 | | 15.7 | | 15.7 | | 15.7 | |
| -1.00 | MOZ | MOZ30702 | CR | | | | | 15.7 | | 15.7 | | 15.7 | | 15.7 | | 16.6 |
| 4.80 | AFS | AFS02101 | CL | | | | 11.9 | | 11.0 | | 11.0 | | 11.0 | | 11.0 | |
| 4.80 | AFS | AFS02102 | CR | | | | | 11.0 | | 11.0 | | 11.0 | | 11.0 | | 11.9 |
| 11.00 | YEM | YEM_101 | CR | | | | 47.8 | | 47.3 | | 47.3 | | 47.3 | | 47.3 | |
| 11.00 | YEM | YEM_102 | CL | | | | | 47.3 | | 47.3 | | 47.3 | | 47.3 | | 47.8 |
| 34.00 | IRN | IRN10901 | CR | | 15.2 | | 13.9 | | 13.9 | | 13.9 | | 13.9 | | 13.9 | |
| 34.00 | IRN | IRN10902 | CL | | | 14.3 | | 13.9 | | 13.9 | | 13.9 | | 13.9 | | 14.8 |
| 36.00 | ETH | ETH09201 | CL | | | | 2.3 | | 1.4 | | 1.4 | | 1.4 | | 1.4 | |
| 36.00 | ETH | ETH09202 | CR | | | | | 1.4 | | 1.4 | | 1.4 | | 1.4 | | 2.3 |
| 37.80 | SOM | SOM31201 | CL | | | | 0.0 | | -0.3 | | -0.3 | | -0.3 | | -0.3 | |
| 37.80 | SOM | SOM31202 | CR | | | | | -0.3 | | -0.3 | | -0.3 | | -0.3 | | 1.6 |
| 38.20 | PAK | PAK12701 | CR | | 14.2 | | 3.2 | | 0.9 | | 0.9 | | 0.9 | | 0.9 | |
| 38.20 | PAK | PAK12702 | CL | | | 4.2 | | 0.9 | | 0.9 | | 0.9 | | 0.9 | | 3.3 |
| 42.50 | SEY | SEY00001 | CL | | | | 36.3 | | 35.3 | | 35.3 | | 35.3 | | 35.3 | |
| 42.50 | SEY | SEY00002 | CR | | | | | 35.3 | | 35.3 | | 35.3 | | 35.3 | | 36.4 |
| 50.00 | IRQ | IRQ25601 | CL | | | | -0.1 | | -0.1 | | -0.1 | | -0.1 | | -0.1 | |
| 50.00 | IRQ | IRQ25602 | CR | | | | | -0.1 | | -0.1 | | -0.1 | | -0.1 | | 2.4 |
| 50.00 | NPL | NPL12201 | CR | | 38.2 | | 3.9 | | 1.2 | | 1.2 | | 1.2 | | 1.2 | |
| 50.00 | NPL | NPL12202 | CL | | | 4.6 | | 1.2 | | 1.2 | | 1.2 | | 1.2 | | 3.9 |
| 55.80 | IND | INDA_101 | CR | | 25.7 | | 24.7 | | 24.7 | | 24.7 | | 24.7 | | 24.7 | |
| 55.80 | IND | INDA_102 | CL | | | 24.7 | | 24.7 | | 24.7 | | 24.7 | | 24.7 | | 25.6 |

| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | | | | | | | 5 | | | | | | |
|---------------------|------------------|------------------------|----------------------|-----|------|------|------|-------|--------|---------|---------|--------|------|------|------|-------|
| | | | | | | | | | Ch | annel n | umber | | | | | |
| Orbital position | Admin. symbol | Beam Identification | Polarization type | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 |
| - | | | | | | | | Minim | um equ | ivalent | protect | ion ma | rgin | | | |
| 55.80 | IND | INDA_102 | CL | | | 24.7 | | 24.7 | | 24.7 | | 24.7 | | 24.7 | | 25.6 |
| 116.00 | KOR | KO11201D | CL | 7.5 | | 7.5 | | 7.5 | | 7.5 | | 7.5 | | 7.5 | | |
| 116.00 | KOR | KOR11201 | CL | 7.5 | | 7.5 | | 7.5 | | 7.5 | | 7.5 | | 7.5 | | |
| 122.00 | CHN | CHN19001 | CL | | 47.7 | | 47.7 | | 47.7 | | 47.7 | | 47.7 | | 50.7 | |
| 122.00 | CHN | CHN19002 | CR | | | 42.0 | | 42.0 | | 42.0 | | 42.0 | | 42.0 | | 999.9 |
| 134.00 | PNG | PNG13101 | CR | | 26.1 | | 25.2 | | 25.2 | | 25.2 | | 25.2 | | 25.2 | |
| 134.00 | PNG | PNG13102 | CL | | | 25.2 | | 25.2 | | 25.2 | | 25.2 | | 25.2 | | 26.1 |
| 140.00 | USA | USAC_101 | CL | | 19.4 | | 18.6 | | 18.6 | | 18.6 | | 18.6 | | 18.6 | |
| 140.00 | USA | USAC_102 | CR | | | 18.6 | | 18.6 | | 18.6 | | 18.6 | | 18.6 | | 19.4 |

| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 5 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------|--------|----------------|--------------|------|-------|------|----------|------|-----|----------|----------|-------------|-------|------|-------|------|-------|------|-------|------|-------|------|-------|------|-------|------|----------|--------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-----------|----------|----------|-----------|----------|----------|----------|
| - | _ | - | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | Chan | - | umb | er | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Orbital | | | Polarization | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | _ | | _ | | | 24 | 25 | 26 | 27 | 28 | 29 | 30 | 31 | 32 | 33 | 34 | 35 | 36 | 37 | 38 | 39 | 40 |
| Position | symbol | Identification | type | | - | 5 | . 1 | - | ° | <u> </u> | ° | 1 | 10 | | | 10 | | | 10 | | | | | | | | n mai | | | | 20 | | 50 | 51 | | 00 | 15. | 00 | 00 | 1.57 | 00 | 57 | |
| -178.00 | FJI | FJI19300 | CR | 3.3 | | 3.3 | <u> </u> | 3.3 | | 3.3 | <u> </u> | 3.3 | | 3.3 | | 3.3 | | 3.3 | | 3.3 | | 3.3 | quiva | 3.3 | - | 3.3 | | i gini | | | | | | 1 | | 1 | | <u> </u> | <u> </u> | — | <u> </u> | — | |
| -178.00 | SMO | SM005700 | CL | 12.2 | | 12.2 | _ | 12.2 | _ | 2.2 | _ | 3.3 12.2 | | 12.2 | | 12.2 | | 12.2 | | 12.2 | | 12.2 | | 12.2 | | 12.2 | <u> </u> | - | | | | | | | _ | - | ┢ | ⊢ | | ┢ | ┝ | ┢ | |
| -160.00 | F | OCE10100 | CL | 12.2 | 999.9 | | 99.9 | | 9.9 | _ | 9.9 | _ | 999.9 | | 999.9 | | 999.9 | | 999.9 | | 999.9 | | 999.9 | | 999.9 | - | 999.9 | - | | | | | | | | - | ┢ | ┢ | | ⊢ | \vdash | ┢ | |
| -37.20 | GMB | GMB30200 | CL | | 333.3 | | 33.3 | | 0.0 | | 0.0 | - | 55.5 | | 333.3 | | 333.5 | | 333.3 | | 333.3 | | 333.3 | 1.3 | 333.3 | 3.2 | 333.5 | 3.2 | | 3.2 | | 3.2 | | 3.2 | | 3.2 | - | 3.2 | | 3.2 | \vdash | 3.2 | \vdash |
| -37.20 | IRL | IRL21100 | CR | | | - | + | | + | _ | + | | | | | | | | | | | | | 9.2 | | 10.2 | | 10.2 | | 10.2 | | 10.2 | | 10.3 | | 10.2 | + | 10.2 | | 10.3 | \vdash | 10.3 | \vdash |
| -37.20 | NGR | NGR11500 | CL | 1.8 | | -0.4 | | -0.4 | + | 0.4 | | -0.4 | _ | -0.4 | | -0.4 | | -0.4 | | -0.4 | | -0.4 | | 3.2 | | 10.2 | | 10.2 | | 10.2 | | 10.2 | | 10.5 | | 10.2 | ┢ | 10.2 | | 10.5 | - | 10.5 | \vdash |
| -37.00 | AND | AND34100 | CL | 1.0 | | 0.1 | + | 0.1 | | 0.1 | + | 0.1 | | 0.1 | | 0.1 | | 0.1 | | 0.1 | | 0.1 | | | 10.6 | | 10.6 | - | 10.6 | | 10.6 | | 10.6 | | 10.6 | - | 10.6 | - | 10.6 | ⊢ | 10.6 | ⊢ | 13.3 |
| -37.00 | GUI | GUI19200 | CR | | 0.8 | | 0.8 | 0 | .8 | 0 | .8 | | 0.8 | | 0.8 | | 0.8 | | 0.8 | | 0.8 | | 1.5 | | 10.0 | | 10.0 | - | 10.0 | | 10.0 | | 10.0 | | 10.0 | | | - | 10.0 | ┢ | 10.0 | ┢ | 10.0 |
| -37.00 | POR | POR_100 | CR | 2.4 | | 0.0 | _ | -0.1 | _ | 0.0 | - | -0.1 | - | 0.0 | | -0.1 | | 0.0 | | -0.1 | | 0.0 | | | | | | - | | | | | | | - | - | + | - | | + | - | + | |
| -36.80 | MTN | MTN_100 | CR | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 0.3 | | 0.3 | | 0.3 | | 0.3 | | 0.3 | | 0.3 | | 0.3 | | 0.3 | \vdash | 0.3 | | 2.0 |
| -36.80 | SMR | SMR31100 | CL | | 10.6 | 1 | 0.6 | 10 |).6 | 1 |).6 | | 10.6 | | 10.6 | | 10.6 | | 10.6 | | 10.6 | | 12.0 | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | - | - | | \vdash | | 1 | |
| -33.50 | CPV | CPV30100 | CL | | 14.3 | 1 | 4.3 | 14 | 4.3 | 14 | 1.3 | | 14.3 | | 14.3 | | 14.3 | | 14.3 | | 14.3 | | 11.6 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | <u> </u> | | <u> </u> | |
| -33.50 | DNK | DNK09000 | CR | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 5.1 | | | | | | 5.1 | | | \vdash | | | |
| -33.50 | DNK | DNK09100 | CR | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1.1 | | | | 1.1 | \square | | | |
| -33.50 | G | G 02700 | CR | | 6.4 | | 6.4 | 6 | .4 | 6 | .4 | | 6.4 | | 6.4 | | 6.4 | | 6.4 | | 6.4 | | 4.2 | | | 1 | | 1 | | | | | | | | | \square | | | | | 1 | |
| -33.50 | ISL | ISL04900 | CL | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1.5 | | -0.1 | | -0.1 | | 1.8 | | 7.5 | | 2.8 | | 1.8 | | 1.8 | | 2.8 | | 14.1 | |
| -33.50 | ISL | ISL05000 | CR | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1.1 | | 1.1 | | 1.1 | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | 1 | |
| -33.50 | LBR | LBR24400 | CR | 10.6 | | 7.7 | | 7.7 | 1 | 7.7 | 1 | 7.7 | | 7.7 | | 7.7 | | 7.7 | | 7.7 | | 7.7 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| -33.50 | SRL | SRL25900 | CR | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 9.7 | | 11.8 | | 11.8 | | 11.4 | | 13.1 | | 13.7 | | 11.4 | | 11.4 | | 13.7 | | 17.1 | |
| -30.00 | BFA | BFA10700 | CL | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 12.0 | | 12.0 | | 12.0 | | 12.0 | | 12.0 | | 12.0 | | 12.0 | | 12.0 | | 12.0 | | 14.9 |
| -30.00 | E | E100 | CR | 7.9 | | 7.6 | ŀ | 7.6 | 1 | 7.6 | | 7.6 | | 7.6 | | 7.6 | | 7.6 | | 7.6 | | 7.6 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| -30.00 | E | HISP27D4 | CR | 10.2 | | | 1 | 10.1 | | | 1 | 10.1 | | | | 10.1 | | | | 10.1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| -30.00 | E | HISP27D6 | CR | 11.2 | | | 1 | 11.1 | | | 1 | 11.1 | | | | 11.1 | | | | 11.1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| -30.00 | E | HISP33D4 | CR | 10.1 | | | 1 | 10.1 | | | 1 | 10.1 | | | | 10.1 | | | | 10.1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| -30.00 | E | HISP33D6 | CR | 11.1 | | | _ | 11.1 | | | _ | 11.1 | | | | 11.1 | | | | 11.1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| -30.00 | E | HISPASA4 | CR | 10.2 | | | 1 | 10.1 | | | 1 | 10.1 | | | | 10.1 | | | | 10.1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

TABLE 3B2 Minimum equivalent protection margin in the Regions 1 and 3 feeder-link Plan in the frequency band 17.3-18.1 GHz (sorted by orbital position)

| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 5 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------|--------|----------------|--------------|------|------|--------|------|------|-----|-----|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-----|------|-----|------|-------|------|-----|--------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | Cł | anne | el nu | mber | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Orbital | Admin. | | Polarization | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 5 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 1 | 9 2 | 20 2 | 1 2 | 22 2 | 3 2 | 4 25 | 5 26 | 27 | 28 | 29 | 30 | 31 | 32 | 33 | 34 | 35 | 36 | 37 | 38 | 39 | 40 |
| Position | symbol | Identification | type | | | | | - | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | nargir | | | | | | - | - | | | | | | | | |
| -30.00 | E | HISPASA6 | CR | 11.2 | | | | 11.1 | | | 11.1 | | | | 11.1 | | | 1 | 1.1 | | | | | | | | T | | 1 | | | | | 1 | 1 | | | 1 | | | |
| -30.00 | GNB | GNB30400 | CL | 15.6 | _ | 16.9 | | 15.2 | 16 | 9 | 15.2 | _ | 16.9 | | 15.2 | _ | 16.9 | | 5.2 | 1 | 6.9 | - | + | + | + | + | + | | | | | | | - | - | - | | | | | |
| -25.20 | DNK | DNK_100 | CL | 1.2 | | -0.6 | | -0.6 | -0 | _ | -0.6 | _ | -0.6 | | -0.6 | | -0.6 | | 0.6 | | 0.9 | | ╈ | + | + | + | + | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| -25.20 | MRC | MRC20900 | CR | | 1.1 | \neg | 1.1 | 1 | .1 | 1.1 | 1 | 1.1 | | 1.1 | | 1.1 | | 1.1 | | 1.1 | - | 1.1 | + | + | ╈ | | + | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| -25.20 | TUN | TUN15000 | CR | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1- | 0.4 | -0 |).4 | -0.4 | | -0.4 | | -0.4 | | -0.4 | | -0.4 | | -0.4 | | -0.4 | | -0.2 |
| -25.20 | TUN | TUN27200 | CR | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | -1.2 | | | | -1.2 | | |
| -24.80 | AGL | AGL29500 | CR | 9.2 | | 6.8 | | 6.8 | 6. | 8 | 6.8 | | 6.8 | | 6.8 | | 6.8 | (| 6.8 | 6 | i.8 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| -24.80 | ALG | ALG25152 | CL | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | - | 1.0 | -1 | 1.0 | -1.0 | | -1.0 | | -1.0 | | -1.0 | | -1.1 | | -1.0 | | -1.1 | | 0.0 |
| -24.80 | CTI | CTI23700 | CR | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 6 | .5 | 5 | .5 | 5.5 | 5 | 5.5 | | 5.5 | | 5.5 | | 5.3 | | 5.2 | | 5.3 | | 5.2 | |
| -24.80 | LBY | LBY28021 | CL | | -0.9 | - | -0.9 | -(|).9 | -0. | 9 | -0.9 | | -0.9 | | -0.9 | | -0.9 | - | 0.9 | C | .6 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| -19.20 | BEN | BEN23300 | CL | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 4 | .4 | 9 | .4 | 9.4 | 4 | 9.4 | | 9.4 | | 9.4 | | 9.4 | | 9.4 | | 9.4 | | 9.4 | |
| -19.20 | COD | COD_100 | CL | 4.5 | | 2.1 | | 2.1 | 2. | 1 | 2.1 | | 2.1 | | 2.1 | | 2.1 | 1 | 2.1 | 2 | 2.1 | | Т | | Т | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| -19.20 | MLI | MLI_100 | CR | | 4.2 | | 4.2 | 4 | .2 | 4.2 | | 4.2 | | 4.2 | | 4.2 | | 4.2 | 4 | 4.2 | 2 | .4 | Т | | Т | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| -18.80 | AUT | AUT01600 | CR | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | -0 | 0.3 | -0 |).2 | -0. | 2 | -0.2 | | -0.2 | | -0.2 | | -0.2 | | -0.2 | | -0.2 | | -0.2 | |
| -18.80 | D | D 08700 | CR | 2.5 | | -0.4 | - | -0.4 | -0 | .4 | -0.4 | ł | -0.4 | | -0.4 | | -0.4 | - | 0.4 | - | 0.4 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| -18.80 | GNE | GNE30300 | CR | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | 3.0 | 13 | 3.0 | 13.0 | | 13.0 | | 13.0 | | 13.0 | | 13.0 | | 13.0 | | 13.0 | | 14.7 |
| -18.80 | LIE | LIE25300 | CL | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | .0 | 0.0 | | 0.0 | | 0.0 | | 0.0 | | 0.0 | | 0.0 | | 0.0 | | 2.5 |
| -18.80 | SUI | SUI14000 | CL | | 0.3 | | 0.3 | 0 | .3 | 0.3 | | 0.3 | | 0.3 | | 0.3 | | 0.3 | - (| 0.3 | 0 | 1.3 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| -13.20 | CAF | CAF25800 | CR | | 1.1 | | -0.4 | 1 | .1 | -0 | 4 | 1.1 | | -0.4 | | 1.1 | | -0.4 | | 1.1 | 1 | .0 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| -13.20 | COG | COG23500 | CR | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 9 | 9.8 | 9 | .8 | 9.8 | | 9.8 | | 9.8 | | 9.8 | | 9.8 | | 9.8 | | 9.8 | | 11.7 |
| -13.20 | GAB | GAB26000 | CL | 4.9 | | 1.7 | | 1.7 | 1. | 7 | 1.7 | | 1.7 | | 1.7 | | 1.7 | | 1.7 | 1 | .7 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| -13.20 | PSE | YYY00001 | CL | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 8 | .6 | 10 |).1 | 10. | 1 | 10.1 | | 10.1 | | 10.1 | | 10.1 | | 10.1 | | 10.1 | | 10.1 | |
| -12.80 | CZE | CZE14401 | CR | 2.8 | | | | | | | 0.8 | | | | | | | (|).8 | | | | | | | 0.0 |) | | | | | | | 0.0 | | | | | | | |
| -12.80 | CZE | CZE14402 | CL | | | | | | | | | | | | | 0.1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | -0.7 | | | | | | | | -0.7 | | | | |
| -12.80 | CZE | CZE14403 | CL | | 0.1* | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | -(| 0.7* | -0 | .7* | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| -12.80 | HNG | HNG10601 | CR | | | 0.8 | | | | | | | 0.8 | | | | | | Τ | 0 | 1.8 | | Τ | | | | | 0.0 | | | | | | | | 0.0 | | | | | |
| -12.80 | HNG | HNG10602 | CL | | | | | 0 | .1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | -0.7 | | | | | | | | -0.7 | | |
| -12.80 | HNG | HNG10603 | CL | | 0.1* | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | -(| 0.7* | -0 | .7* | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| -12.80 | HRV | HRV14801 | CR | | | | | 0.8 | | | | | | | 0.8 | | | | | | | 0 | .8 | | | | | | | 0.0 | | | | | | | | 0.0 | | | |

This assignment shall only be used by the administrations of Croatia, Hungary, Slovakia and the Czech Rep. on the basis of equal access subject to mutual agreement between them.

*

| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 5 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------|--------|------------------------|--------------|------|------|------|------|---------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|----------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|------|------|------|------|-----|------|------|------|-----|------|----------|------|----------|----------|----------|-----------|
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 0 | Chan | nel n | umbe | er | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Orbital Position | Admin. | Beam Identification | Polarization | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 | 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 | 25 | 26 | 27 | 28 | 29 | 30 | 31 | 32 | 33 | 34 | 35 | 36 | 37 | 38 | 39 | 40 |
| FOSILION | symbol | ruenuncation | type | | | | | | | - 1 | | - 1 | | | | | | | | м | inim | ım ec | uiva | lent | prote | ction | n mar | rgin | | | | | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | L | <u> </u> |
| -12.80 | HRV | HRV14802 | CL | | | | | | | 1 | | | 0.1 | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | g | | | | | | | -0.7 | 1 | 1 | 1 | | 1 | | <u> </u> | 2.1 |
| -12.80 | HRV | HRV14803 | CL | | 0.1* | | | | | | | | | _ | | | _ | | | | | \dashv | | | -0.7* | | -0.7* | | | | | | | | - | | | + | | - | - | <u> </u> | |
| -12.80 | SVK | SVK14401 | CR | | | | | | | 0.8 | _ | | _ | | | | _ | 0.8 | | | | | | | | 0.0 | | | | | | | | 0.0 | | | 1 | \vdash | | \vdash | - | 0.0 | \square |
| -12.80 | SVK | SVK14402 | CL | | | | | | | | | | | | | | _ | | | | 0.1 | | | | | | | | -0.7 | | | | | | | | -0.7 | \vdash | | \vdash | 1 | <u> </u> | |
| -12.80 | SVK | SVK14403 | CL | | 0.1* | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | -0.7* | | -0.7* | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | 1 | 1 | t - | |
| -7.00 | EGY | EGY02600 | CR | | 27.4 | | 28.1 | : | 27.4 | | 28.1 | | 27.4 | | 28.1 | | 27.4 | | 28.7 | | 27.8 | | 9.2 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | 1 | † | |
| -7.00 | F | F 09300 | CR | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | -0.4 | | -0.4 | | -0.4 | | -0.4 | | -0.4 | | -0.4 | | -0.4 | | -0.4 | | -0.4 | | -0.4 |
| -7.00 | F | F100 | CL | 17.3 | | 16.4 | | 16.4 | | 16.4 | | 16.4 | | 16.4 | | 16.4 | | 17.1 | | 17.9 | | 17.9 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | |
| -7.00 | SCG** | SCG14800 | CL | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1.5 | | 1.5 | | 1.5 | | 1.5 | | 1.5 | | 1.5 | | 1.5 | | 1.5 | | 1.5 | | 2.0 |
| -7.00 | STP | STP24100 | CL | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 14.0 | | 14.0 | | 14.0 | | 14.0 | | 14.0 | | 14.0 | | 14.0 | | 14.0 | | 14.0 | | 14.1 |
| -4.00 | ISR | ISR11000 | CR | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 18.2 | | 18.2 | | 18.2 | | 18.2 | | 18.2 | | 18.2 | | 18.2 | | 18.2 | | 18.2 | | 20.9 |
| -1.20 | BUL | BUL02000 | CL | 3.5 | | 1.6 | | 1.6 | | 1.6 | | 1.6 | | 1.6 | | 1.6 | | 3.2 | | 5.6 | | 5.5 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | \square |
| -1.20 | CVA | CVA08300 | CR | | 1.7 | | 2.3 | | 1.7 | | 2.3 | | 1.7 | | 2.3 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| -1.20 | CVA | CVA08500 | CR | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1.7 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| -1.20 | CYP | CYP08600 | CL | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 7.7 | | 4.6 | | 4.7 | | 4.6 | | 4.7 | | 4.6 | | 4.7 | | 4.6 | | 4.7 | | 4.6 | |
| -1.20 | GRC | GRC10500 | CR | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 0.2 | | -0.6 | | 0.2 | | -0.6 | | 0.2 | | -0.6 | | 0.2 | | -0.6 | | 0.2 | | 0.6 |
| -0.80 | BOT | BOT29700 | CL | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 3.2 | | -0.4 | | 0.8 | | -0.4 | | 0.8 | | -0.4 | | 0.8 | | -0.4 | | 0.8 | | -0.4 | |
| -0.80 | KEN | KEN24900 | CR | | 1.4 | | 2.4 | | 1.4 | | 2.5 | | 1.4 | | 2.5 | | 1.4 | | 3.3 | | 1.9 | | 5.3 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| -0.80 | NOR | NOR12000 | CR | 1.7 | | -0.7 | | -0.7 | | -0.7 | | -0.7 | | -0.7 | | -0.9 | | 0.9 | | 4.2 | | 4.6 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| -0.80 | NOR | NOR12100 | CL | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 4.4 | | | | 4.4 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| -0.80 | ZMB | ZMB31400 | CR | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 0.2 | | -1.0 | | 0.2 | | -1.0 | | 0.2 | | -1.0 | | 0.2 | | -1.0 | | 0.2 | | 0.7 |
| -0.80 | ZWE | ZWE13500 | CL | 8.6 | | 7.6 | | 7.6 | _ | 7.6 | | 7.6 | | 7.6 | | 7.6 | | 7.8 | | 7.9 | | 7.9 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 4.80 | LSO | LSO30500 | CL | | 6.3 | | 6.2 | | 6.3 | | 6.2 | | 6.3 | | 6.2 | | 6.1 | | 6.1 | | 5.8 | | 8.0 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | \vdash | \vdash | \square |
| 4.80 | MWI | MWI30800 | CR | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 10.6 | | 11.1 | | 11.1 | | 11.1 | | 6.9 | | 6.9 | | 6.9 | | 6.9 | | 6.9 | \vdash | 5.4 | \square |
| 4.80 | SWZ | SWZ31300 | CR | 6.9 | | 3.9 | | 3.9 | | 3.9 | | 3.9 | | 3.9 | | 3.8 | | 3.8 | | 3.8 | | 3.4 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | \vdash | \vdash | \square |
| 5.00 | S | S 13800 | CL | | | | | \rightarrow | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 7.5 | | 7.2 | | 8.2 | | 7.2 | | 8.2 | | 7.2 | | 8.2 | | 7.2 | | 8.2 | \vdash | 7.2 | \square |
| 5.00 | S | S 13900 | CL | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 9.8 | | | | | | | | | | |

* This assignment shall only be used by the administrations of Croatia, Hungary, Slovakia and the Czech Rep. on the basis of equal access subject to mutual agreement between them.

** Note by the Secretariat: This designation replaces the former designation "YUG" which was used previously as a three-letter code for the Administration of Serbia and Montenegro.

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| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | 5 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------|--------|------------------------|--------------|------|------|------|------|------|-----|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|--------|--------|--------|---------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-----------|------|
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | Ch | annel | l nun | ber | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Orbital Position | Admin. | Beam Identification | Polarization | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 (| 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 7 1 | 8 1 | 9 2 | 0 2 | 1 23 | 2 23 | 24 | 25 | 26 | 27 | 28 | 29 | 30 | 31 | 32 | 33 | 34 | 35 | 36 | 37 | 38 | 39 | 40 |
| FOSILION | symbol | ruentification | type | | | | | | | | | | | | | _ | | | Mini | imun | 1 equi | ivaler | nt pro | otectio | n ma | rgin | | | | | | | | | | | L | - | L | | |
| 9.00 | I | 1 08200 | CR | | | | | | | Τ | 1 | | | | | | | | Т | | | | 12 | 2 | 12.0 | | 12.2 | | 11.6 | | 11.1 | | 11.2 | | 11.2 | | 11.2 | Γ | 11.2 | | 11.4 |
| 11.00 | BDI | BDI27000 | CL | 3.2 | | 0.4 | | 0.4 | 0.4 | | 0.4 | | 0.4 | | 0.4 | | 0.4 | 0 | .4 | 0. | .4 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 11.00 | JOR | JOR22400 | CL | | | 1 | | | + | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 5. | 3 | 5.8 | | 5.8 | | 5.8 | | 5.8 | | 5.8 | | 5.8 | | 5.8 | 1 | 5.8 | | 7.6 |
| 11.00 | KWT | KWT11300 | CR | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 8. | 0 | 7.1 | | 7.1 | | 7.1 | | 7.1 | | 7.1 | | 7.1 | | 7.1 | | 7.1 | | 7.1 | |
| 11.00 | LBN | LBN27900 | CR | 2.0 | | -0.8 | - | -0.8 | -0. | 3 | -0.8 | | -0.8 | | -0.8 | | -0.8 | - | 0.8 | -0 |).8 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 11.00 | RRW | RRW31000 | CR | | 0.2 | | 0.2 | 0. | 2 | 0.2 | | 0.2 | | 0.2 | | 0.2 | | 0.2 | 0. | .2 | 2. | 6 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | \square | |
| 11.00 | SYR | SYR22900 | CL | | -0.7 | | -0.7 | -0 | .7 | -0.7 | 1 | -0.7 | | -0.7 | | -0.7 | - | -0.7 | -0 |).7 | 1. | 4 | | \top | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 11.00 | SYR | SYR33900 | CL | | -0.7 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | \square | |
| 11.00 | TZA | TZA22500 | CR | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 0. | 1 | 0.1 | | 0.1 | | 0.1 | | 0.1 | | 0.1 | | 0.1 | | 0.1 | | 0.1 | \square | 2.0 |
| 16.80 | DJI | DJI09900 | CL | 8.7 | | 6.0 | | 6.0 | 6.0 | | 6.0 | | 6.0 | | 6.0 | | 6.0 | 6 | i.0 | 6. | .0 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 17.00 | ARS | ARS00375 | CL | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 4.3 | 3 | 4.3 | | 4.3 | | 4.3 | | 4.3 | | 4.3 | | 4.3 | | 4.3 | | 4.3 | | 6.8 |
| 17.00 | ARS | ARS34000 | CL | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 6.8 |
| 17.00 | TCD | TCD14300 | CR | 4.3 | | 4.0 | | 4.0 | 4.0 | | 4.0 | | 4.0 | | 4.0 | | 4.0 | 4 | .0 | 4. | .1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 17.00 | UGA | UGA05100 | CR | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 11. | .5 | 10.7 | | 10.7 | | 10.7 | | 10.7 | | 10.7 | | 10.7 | | 10.7 | | 10.7 | | 10.7 | |
| 17.20 | OMA | OMA12300 | CL | | 2.0 | | 2.0 | 2 | 0 | 2.0 | | 2.0 | | 2.0 | | 2.0 | | 2.0 | 2 | .0 | 4. | 4 | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | |
| 20.00 | QAT | QAT24700 | CL | | 13.7 | | 13.7 | 13 | .7 | 13.7 | | 13.7 | | 13.7 | | 13.7 | | 13.7 | 13 | 3.7 | 15 | .5 | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | |
| 22.80 | ARM | ARM06400 | CR | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 2. | 1 | 2.4 | | 2.4 | | 2.4 | | 2.4 | | 2.4 | | 2.4 | | 2.4 | 1 | 2.4 | | 5.1 |
| 22.80 | ERI | ERI09200 | CL | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1. | 3 | 1.3 | | 1.3 | | 1.3 | | 1.3 | | 1.3 | | 1.3 | | 1.3 | 1 | 1.3 | | 1.7 |
| 22.80 | FIN | FIN10300 | CL | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 0.: | 2 | 0.2 | | 0.2 | | 0.2 | | 0.2 | | 0.2 | | 0.2 | | 0.2 | | 0.2 | | 1.7 |
| 22.80 | FIN | FIN10400 | CL | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 0.2 | | | | 1.7 |
| 22.80 | MKD | MKD14800 | CL | | 8.7 | | 8.7 | 8 | 7 | 8.7 | | 8.7 | | 8.7 | | 8.7 | | 8.7 | 8. | .7 | 10 | .6 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 22.80 | MLT | MLT14700 | CR | 9.1 | | 7.7 | · | 7.7 | 7.7 | | 7.7 | | 7.7 | | 7.7 | | 7.7 | 7 | .7 | 7. | .8 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 23.20 | AZE | AZE06400 | CL | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 4. | 7 | 2.5 | | 2.5 | | 2.5 | | 2.5 | | 2.5 | | 2.5 | | 2.5 | | 2.5 | | 2.5 | |
| 23.20 | GEO | GEO06400 | CL | 8.1 | | 6.0 | | 6.0 | 6.0 | | 6.0 | | 6.0 | | 6.0 | | 6.0 | 6 | i.0 | 6. | .0 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 23.20 | LTU | LTU06100 | CR | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 5. | 6 | 3.0 | | 3.0 | | 3.0 | | 3.0 | | 3.0 | | 3.0 | | 3.0 | | 3.0 | | 3.0 | |
| 23.20 | LVA | LVA06100 | CR | 6.4 | | 6.3 | | 6.2 | 6.2 | | 6.2 | | 6.2 | | 6.2 | | 6.2 | 6 | .2 | 6. | .4 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 28.20 | LUX | LUX11400 | CL | 18.5 | | 18.2 | 1 | 7.7 | 18. | 2 | 17.7 | | 18.2 | | 17.7 | | 18.2 | 1 | 3.2 | 18 | 3.3 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 29.00 | COM | COM20700 | CR | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 12. | .9 | 9.9 | | 9.9 | | 9.9 | | 9.9 | | 9.9 | | 9.9 | | 9.9 | | 9.9 | | 9.9 | |
| 29.00 | MAU | MAU_100 | CL | | | Τ | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 2. | 6 | 2.6 | | 2.6 | | 2.6 | | 2.6 | | 2.6 | | 2.6 | | 2.6 | | 2.6 | | 5.6 |
| 29.00 | MDG | MDG23600 | CL | 28.0 | | 27.5 | 2 | 27.5 | 27. | 5 | 27.5 | | 27.5 | | 27.5 | | 27.5 | 2 | 7.5 | 27 | 7.9 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 5 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------|--------|------------------------|----------------------|------|------|------|-----|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-----|------|-------|-------|------|-------|-------|-------|--------|-------|------|------|-----|-----|-----|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|----------|----------|------|
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | Chan | nel n | umb | er | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Orbital Position | | Beam Identification | Polarization type | 1 | 2 | 3 4 | 1 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 | 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 | 25 | 26 | 27 | 28 | 29 | 30 | 31 | 32 | 33 | 34 | 35 | 36 | 37 | 38 | 39 | 40 |
| 1 Usicion | symbol | ruentineation | type | | - 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | Minin | um e | quiva | alent | prote | ection | n mar | gin | | | - | | | | | | | - | - | | <u> </u> | <u> </u> | |
| 33.80 | SVN | SVN14800 | CR | | 5.9 | 5. | .9 | 5.9 | 1 | 5.9 | | 5.9 | | 5.9 | | 5.9 | Т | 6.0 | 6.0 | | 6.1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | Γ | | Γ | | | |
| 33.80 | UZB | UZB07100 | CR | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 0.3 | | 2.5 | | 5.8 | | 4.7 | | 5.8 | | 4.7 | | 5.8 | | 4.7 | | 5.8 | 1 | 5.0 |
| 34.00 | BHR | BHR25500 | CR | | 6.6 | 6. | .6 | 6.6 | 1 | 6.6 | | 6.6 | | 6.6 | (| 6.6 | | 6.6 | 6.6 | 1 | 6.7 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | 1 | | İ – | |
| 34.00 | IRN | IRN10900 | CL | 2.4 | | -0.2 | -0 | .2 | -0.2 | | -0.3 | | -0.2 | | -0.3 | ŀ | -0.2 | -0. | 2 | -0.2 | | 0.6 | | 1.9 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | |
| 34.20 | MCO | MCO11600 | CR | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 2.3 | | 8.7 | | 17.2 | | 7.2 | | 17.2 | | 17.2 | | 17.2 | | 17.2 | | 17.2 | | 17.7 |
| 36.00 | RUS | RSTREA11 | CR | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | - | 0.8 | | | | -0.8 | | | | -0.8 | | | | -0.8 | |
| 36.00 | RUS | RSTREA12 | CL | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1.2 | | | | -1.2 | | | | -1.2 | | | | -0.4 |
| 36.00 | RUS | RSTRED11 | CR | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | - | 0.8 | | | | -0.8 | | | | -0.8 | | | | -0.8 | |
| 36.00 | RUS | RSTRED12 | CL | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1.2 | | | | -1.2 | | | | -1.2 | | | | -0.4 |
| 36.00 | RUS | RSTRSD11 | CR | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | -0.5 | - | 0.5 | - | 0.5 | | -0.5 | | -0.5 | | -0.5 | | -0.5 | | -0.5 | |
| 36.00 | RUS | RSTRSD12 | CL | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | -0.7 | | 0.7 | | -0.7 | | -0.7 | | -0.7 | | -0.7 | | -0.7 | | 0.2 |
| 37.80 | BLR | BLR06200 | CL | 2.1 | | 0.4 | 0. | 2 | 0.4 | | 0.2 | | 0.4 | | 0.2 | | 0.4 | 0.4 | | 0.4 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 38.00 | TJK | TJK06900 | CL | | 1.9 | 1. | .9 | 1.9 | | 1.9 | | 1.9 | | 1.9 | | 1.9 | | 1.9 | 1.9 | | 4.4 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 38.20 | BEL | BEL01800 | CR | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | -1.2 | | 0.6 | | 1.3 | | 1.3 | | 1.3 | | 1.3 | | 1.3 | | 1.3 | | 1.3 | | 4.2 |
| 38.20 | HOL | HOL21300 | CL | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | -0.1 | | -0.8 | | 1.3 | | .3 | | .3 | | 1.3 | | 1.3 | | 1.3 | | 1.3 | | 1.3 | |
| 38.20 | UKR | UKR06300 | CR | | 0.5 | 0. | .5 | 0.5 | | 0.5 | | 0.5 | | 0.5 | |).5 | | 0.6 | 0.6 | | 0.3 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 42.00 | TUR | TUR14500 | CL | | 7.9 | 7. | .9 | 7.9 | | 7.9 | | 7.9 | | 7.9 | | 7.9 | | 7.9 | 7.9 | | 7.9 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 42.50 | SEY | SEY00000 | CR | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 19.9 | | 20.1 | | 20.2 | : | 0.2 | : | 20.2 | | 20.2 | | 20.2 | | 20.2 | | 20.2 | | 21.0 |
| 44.50 | EST | EST06100 | CR | 14.4 | | 13.8 | 13 | .8 | 13.8 | | 13.8 | | 13.8 | | 13.8 | 1 | 3.8 | 13. | 8 | 13.8 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 50.00 | AFG | AFG24501 | CL | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | .5 | | 1.5 | | 1.5 | | 1.5 | | 1.5 | | 1.5 | |
| 50.00 | AFG | AFG24502 | CR | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1.5 | | 1.5 | | 1.5 | | 1.5 | | 1.5 | | 4.0 |
| 50.00 | CLN | CLN21900 | CL | 1.0 | | 0.9 | 0. | 9 | 0.9 | | 0.9 | | 0.9 | | 0.8 | | 0.8 | 0.8 | | 0.8 | | 4.9 | | 4.9 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 50.00 | KGZ | KGZ07000 | CR | | -1.0 | -1 | .0 | -1.0 | | -1.0 | | -1.0 | | -1.0 | - | 1.0 | - | -1.0 | -1.0 | | 0.4 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 50.00 | MDA | MDA06300 | CR | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 3.2 | | 0.8 | | 1.0 | | .0 | | 1.7 | | 0.5 | | 0.5 | | 0.5 | | 0.5 | | 0.5 | |
| 50.00 | MLD | MLD30600 | CR | 5.5 | | 5.3 | 5. | 3 | 5.3 | | 5.3 | | 5.3 | | 5.2 | | 5.2 | 5.2 | 2 | 5.2 | | 5.6 | | 5.8 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 50.00 | POL | POL13200 | CR | 5.9 | | 4.5 | 4. | 5 | 4.5 | | 4.5 | | 4.5 | | 4.5 | | 4.5 | 4.5 | | 4.5 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 50.00 | ROU | ROU13600 | CL | | | | Τ | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 0.4 | | 0.5 | | 0.7 | | 0.1 | - | -0.9 | | -0.9 | | -0.9 | | -0.9 | | -0.9 | | 2.0 |
| 50.00 | TKM | TKM06800 | CL | -0.2 | | -1.0 | -1 | .0 | -1.0 | | -1.0 | | -1.0 | | -1.0 | - | -1.0 | -1. | 0 | -1.0 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 52.50 | UAE | UAE27400 | CR | | | | Τ | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 28.1 | | 28.6 | | 34.6 | 3 | 5.0 | 2 | 6.8 | | 26.2 | | 26.2 | | 26.2 | | 26.2 | | 26.2 | |
| 55.80 | IND | INDA_101 | CR | | | | | | | | | | | | 0.5 | | 4.7 | 4.1 | | 4.7 | | 15.0 | | 15.0 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

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| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 5 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------|--------|------------------------|----------------------|------|------|------|------|------|-----|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|------|-------|-------|-------|--------|-------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | Chan | nel n | umb | er | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Orbital | | Beam Identification | Polarization type | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 1 | 5 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 | 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 | 25 | 26 | 27 | 28 | 29 | 30 | 31 | 32 | 33 | 34 | 35 | 36 | 37 | 38 | 39 | 40 |
| i osition | symbol | ruentincation | type | | | | | | | 1 | 1 | | | | | | | M | linim | um e | quiva | lent | prote | ection | n mar | gin | | | | | | | | | | | | - | | | |
| 55.80 | IND | INDA_102 | CL | | | | | | | 1 | 1 | | | | | 9.3 | 9. | 3 | 9.3 | | 11.7 | | 17.4 | | 14.2 | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | _ |
| 55.80 | IND | INDB_101 | CR | 5.3 | | 5.3 | | 5.3 | 5.3 | | 5.3 | | 5.3 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 55.80 | IND | INDB_102 | CL | | 7.3 | | 7.3 | 7. | 3 | 7.3 | | 7.3 | | -0.2 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 56.00 | BIH | BIH14800 | CR | 13.0 | | 12.6 | 1 | 12.6 | 12. | 6 | 12.6 | | 12.6 | | 12.3 | | 12.3 | 12.3 | | 12.3 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 56.00 | RUS | RSTRSD21 | CR | | | | | | | 1 | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 11.0 | | 17.6 | | 17.2 | | 17.1 | | 17.1 | 1 | 17.1 | | 17.1 | | 17.1 | |
| 56.00 | RUS | RSTRSD22 | CL | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 17.7 | | 17.6 | | 17.2 | | 17.2 | | 17.2 | | 17.2 | | 17.2 | | 18.2 |
| 56.40 | KAZ | KAZ06600 | CL | 3.2 | | 1.2 | | 1.2 | 1.2 | | 1.2 | | 1.2 | | 3.1 | | 6.0 | 6.0 | | 6.0 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 62.00 | ALB | ALB29600 | CL | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | 12.8 | | 14.1 | | 46.6 | | 46.5 | | 46.3 | | 46.3 | | 46.3 | | 46.3 | | 46.3 | | 47.4 |
| 62.00 | CHN | CHN15400 | CR | | 13.5 | | 13.5 | 13 | .5 | 13.5 | | 13.5 | | 13.7 | | 15.1 | 15 | 1 | 15.1 | | 15.5 | | 2.6 | | 2.6 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 62.00 | CHN | CHN15500 | CL | 14.5 | | 13.6 | 1 | 13.6 | 13. | 6 | 13.6 | | 13.6 | | 15.0 | | 15.4 | 15.4 | | 15.4 | | 2.5 | | -0.5 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 68.00 | IND | IND03700 | CL | | 5.2 | | 5.2 | 5. | 2 | 5.2 | | 5.2 | | 5.2 | | 5.2 | 5. | 2 | 5.2 | | 5.2 | | 5.2 | | 8.2 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 68.00 | IND | IND04701 | CR | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 40.8 | | 40.8 | | 40.8 | | 40.8 | | 40.8 | | 40.8 | |
| 68.00 | IND | IND04702 | CL | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 44.2 | | 44.2 | | 44.2 | | 44.2 | | 44.2 | | 47.1 |
| 68.00 | IND | INDD_100 | CR | 6.0 | | 3.0 | | 3.0 | 3.0 | | 3.0 | | 3.0 | | 3.0 | | 3.0 | 3.0 | | 3.0 | | 3.0 | | 3.0 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 74.00 | BGD | BGD22000 | CR | 4.7 | | 1.7 | | 1.7 | 1.7 | | 1.7 | | 1.7 | | 1.7 | | 1.7 | 1.7 | | 1.7 | | 0.9 | | 0.9 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 74.00 | BRU | BRU3300A | CR | | 12.1 | | 12.1 | 12 | .1 | 12.1 | | 12.1 | | 12.1 | | 12.1 | 12 | 1 | 12.1 | | 11.7 | | 11.3 | | 13.6 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 74.00 | MNG | MNG24800 | CL | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 8.1 | | 8.1 | | 15.8 | | 999.9 | | 48.6 | | 48.1 | | 48.1 | | 48.1 | | 48.1 | | 48.1 | |
| 80.20 | INS | INS02800 | CR | 16.0 | | 14.6 | 1 | 14.6 | 14. | 6 | 14.6 | | 14.6 | | 14.6 | | 14.6 | 14.6 | | 14.6 | | 14.5 | | 14.5 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 86.00 | BTN | BTN03100 | CR | 8.6 | | 5.6 | | 5.6 | 5.6 | | 5.6 | | 5.6 | | 5.6 | | 5.6 | 5.6 | | 5.6 | | 5.6 | | 5.6 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 86.00 | CBG | CBG29900 | CR | | 2.1 | | 2.1 | 2. | 1 | 2.1 | | 2.1 | | 2.1 | | 2.1 | 2. | | 2.1 | | 2.1 | | 2.1 | | 4.0 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 86.00 | RUS | RSTRSD31 | CR | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1.9 | | 999.9 | | 999.9 | | 999.9 | | 999.9 | | 999.9 | | 999.9 | | 999.9 | |
| 86.00 | RUS | RSTRSD32 | CL | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 999.9 | | 999.9 | | 999.9 | | 999.9 | | 999.9 | | 999.9 | | 999.9 | | 999.9 |
| 88.00 | SNG | SNG15100 | CL | 15.4 | | 13.0 | 1 | 13.0 | 13. |) | 13.0 | | 13.0 | | 13.0 | | 13.0 | 13.0 | | 13.0 | | 13.0 | | 13.0 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 91.50 | MLA | MLA_100 | CR | | 11.4 | 1 | 11.4 | 11 | 4 | 11.4 | | 11.4 | | 11.4 | | 11.4 | 11 | 4 | 11.4 | | 11.4 | | 11.4 | | 13.7 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 92.20 | CHN | CHN16000 | CR | 7.7 | | 4.9 | | 4.9 | 4.9 | | 4.9 | | 4.9 | | 4.9 | | 4.9 | 4.9 | | 4.9 | | 4.9 | | 4.9 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 92.20 | CHN | CHN16100 | CL | | 11.1 | | 11.1 | 11 | .1 | 11.1 | | 11.1 | | 11.1 | | 11.1 | 11 | 1 | 11.1 | | 11.1 | | 11.1 | | 11.2 | Î | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 98.00 | PHL | PHL28500 | CL | | 5.1 | | 5.1 | 5. | 1 | 5.1 | | 5.1 | | 5.1 | | 5.1 | 5. | | 5.1 | | 5.1 | | 5.1 | | 7.9 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 98.00 | THA | THA14200 | CR | 8.1 | | 5.3 | | 5.3 | 5.3 | | 5.3 | | 5.3 | | 5.3 | | 5.3 | 5.3 | | 5.3 | | 5.3 | | 5.3 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 104.00 | BRM | BRM29800 | CR | 15.4 | | 13.8 | 1 | 13.8 | 13. | 3 | 13.8 | | 13.8 | | 13.8 | | 13.8 | 13.8 | | 13.8 | | 13.8 | | 13.8 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 104.00 | INS | INS03501 | CL | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 36.4 | | 37.0 | | 37.0 | | 37.0 | | 37.0 | | 37.0 | |

| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 5 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------|---------|------------------------|----------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|--------|-------|--------|------|-------|------|------|-------|-------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | Cha | nnel i | numb | er | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | - | | |
| Orbital Position | | Beam Identification | Polarization type | 1 | 2 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 1 | 7 18 | 19 | 20 | 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 | 25 | 26 | 27 | 28 | 29 | 30 | 31 | 32 | 33 | 34 | 35 | 36 | 37 | 38 | 39 | 40 |
| | 3911001 | | type | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | Minin | num | equiv | alent | prot | ectio | n ma | rgin | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 104.00 | INS | INS03502 | CR | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 42.1 | | 42.1 | | 42.1 | | 42.1 | | 42.1 | | 45.1 |
| 107.00 | VTN | VTN32500 | CR | | 14.2 | 14.2 | | 14.2 | | 14.2 | | 14.2 | | 14.2 | | 14.2 | 1 | 4.2 | 14.2 | 2 | 14.3 | | 14.4 | | 17.1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 109.85 | J | 000BS-3N | CR | 21.6 | 19. | .4 | 19.2 | | 19.2 | | 19.2 | | 19.2 | | 19.9 | | 21.0 | | | 1 | 1 | | | 1 | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 109.85 | J | J 10985 | CR | 23.9 | 21. | .6 | 21.4 | | 21.4 | | 21.4 | | 21.4 | | 22.1 | | 23.1 | 21 | .7 | 21.4 | | 21.4 | | 21.4 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 110.00 | J | J 11100 | CR | 23.7 | 21. | .4 | 21.2 | | 21.2 | | 21.2 | | 21.2 | | 22.0 | | 23.0 | 21 | .6 | 21.2 | | 21.3 | | 21.3 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 110.00 | J | J 1110E | CR | 21.4 | 19. | 2 | 19.0 | | 19.0 | | 19.0 | | 19.0 | | 19.8 | | 20.8 | | | | 1 | | | İ | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 110.00 | RUS | RUS00401 | CR | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | 1 | | 29.2 | | 999.9 | | 14.1 | | 13.2 | | 13.2 | | 13.2 | | 13.2 | | 13.2 | |
| 110.00 | RUS | RUS00402 | CL | | | | | | | | | | | | | _ | | | | \top | | | | | | | 999.9 | | 20.8 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 116.00 | KOR | KOR11201 | CL | | | | | | | | | | | | | _ | | | | \top | | | | | | | | | | 28.2 | | 29.2 | | 29.2 | | 29.2 | | 29.2 | | 29.2 | |
| 116.00 | KOR | KOR11202 | CR | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | \top | | | | | | | | | | | 31.8 | | 31.8 | | 31.8 | | 31.8 | | 31.8 | | 34.7 |
| 121.80 | USA | MRA33200 | CR | 3.2 | 0.1 | 2 | 0.2 | | 0.2 | | 0.2 | | 0.2 | | 0.2 | | 0.2 | 0. | 2 | 0.2 | | 0.2 | | 0.2 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 122.00 | CHN | CHN20000 | CL | | 13.8 | 13.8 | | 13.8 | | 13.8 | | 13.8 | | 13.8 | | 13.9 | 1 | 3.9 | 13.8 | 3 | 13.8 | | 13.8 | | 15.9 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 122.00 | USA | GUM33101 | CR | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | \top | | | | | | | | | | 29.3 | | 28.6 | | 28.6 | | 28.6 | | 28.6 | | 28.6 | |
| 122.00 | USA | GUM33102 | CL | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 28.6 | | 28.6 | | 28.6 | | 28.6 | | 28.6 | | 29.3 |
| 122.20 | LAO | LAO28400 | CR | | 0.3 | 0.3 | | 0.3 | | 0.3 | | 0.3 | | 0.3 | | 0.3 | | 0.3 | 0.3 | | 0.4 | | 0.4 | | 1.6 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 128.00 | SLM | SLM00000 | CL | 16.4 | 13. | .4 | 13.4 | | 13.4 | | 13.4 | | 13.4 | | 13.4 | | 13.4 | 13 | .4 | 13.4 | | 13.4 | | 13.4 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 128.00 | TMP | TMP00000 | CR | | 19.6 | 19.6 | | 19.6 | | 19.6 | | 19.6 | | 19.6 | | 19.6 | 1 | 9.6 | 19.6 | 5 | 19.6 | | 19.6 | | 22.6 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 134.00 | CHN | CHN15800 | CL | | 0.6 | 0.6 | | 0.6 | | 0.6 | | 0.6 | | 0.6 | | 0.6 | | 0.6 | 0.6 | | 0.6 | | 0.6 | | 3.6 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 134.00 | CHN | CHN15900 | CR | 2.0 | 2. | D | 2.0 | | 2.0 | | 2.0 | | 2.0 | | 2.0 | | 2.0 | 2. | 0 | 2.0 | 1 | 2.0 | | 2.0 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 134.00 | NRU | NRU30900 | CL | 18.8 | 17. | .6 | 17.6 | | 17.6 | | 17.6 | | 17.6 | | 17.6 | | 17.6 | 17 | .6 | 17.6 | | 17.6 | | 17.6 | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 140.00 | F | F200 | CL | | 10.2 | 10.2 | | 10.2 | | 10.2 | | 10.2 | | 10.2 | | 10.2 | 1 | 0.2 | 10.2 | 2 | 10.2 | 1 | 10.2 | | 11.2 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 140.00 | F | F300 | CR | 8.5 | 6. | 7 | 6.7 | | 6.7 | | 6.7 | | 6.7 | | 6.7 | | 6.7 | 6. | 7 | 6.7 | 1 | 6.7 | | 6.7 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 140.00 | KRE | KRE28600 | CL | 13.6 | 12 | 2 | 12.2 | | 12.2 | | 12.2 | | 12.2 | | 12.2 | | 12.2 | 12 | .2 | 12.2 | | 12.2 | | 12.2 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 140.00 | PLW | PLW00000 | CR | | 9.7 | 9.7 | | 9.7 | | 9.7 | | 9.7 | | 9.7 | | 9.7 | | 9.7 | 9.7 | | 9.7 | | 9.7 | | 7.9 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 140.00 | RUS | RSTRSD51 | CR | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | \top | | | | | | 0.1 | | 999.9 | | 3.0 | | 1.6 | | 1.6 | | 1.6 | | 1.6 | | 1.6 | |
| 140.00 | RUS | RSTRSD52 | CL | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | 1 | | 1 | | | 999.9 | | 7.3 | | 1.6 | | 1.6 | | 1.6 | | 1.6 | | 1.6 | | 3.0 |
| 140.00 | VUT | VUT12801 | CL | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | 1 | | 1 | | | | 1 | | 8.9 | | 8.9 | | 8.9 | | 8.9 | | 8.9 | | 8.9 | |
| 140.00 | VUT | VUT12802 | CR | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | 1 | | 1 | | | | 1 | | | 8.9 | | 8.9 | | 8.9 | | 8.9 | | 8.9 | | 10.4 |
| 146.00 | MHL | MHL00000 | CR | | 41.3 | 40.8 | | 41.3 | | 40.8 | | 41.3 | | 41.1 | | 41.6 | 4 | 1.1 | 41.6 | 6 | 41.1 | 1 | 41.6 | | 41.8 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 152.00 | AUS | AUS00400 | CL | | -0. | .3 | 1 | | -0.3 | | | | -0.3 | | | | -0.3 | | 1 | -0.3 | 1 | | 1 | -0.3 | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

350

| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 5 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | ٦ |
|----------|--------|----------------|--------------|------|-----|------|-----------|-----|------|------|------|-----|------|------|-----|-----|------|------|-----|------|------|-------|-------|------|-------|------|------|-------|----|-------|----|-------|----|-------|------------|----|----|------------|-----|------|------|-----|-----|
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 0 | Chan | nel n | umb | er | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Orbital | Admin. | Beam | Polarization | 1 | 2 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 | 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 | 25 | 26 | 27 | 28 | 29 | 30 | 31 | 32 | 33 | 34 | 35 | 36 | 5 3 | 7 38 | 3 39 | 9 4 | Ð |
| Position | symbol | Identification | type | | | - | | | | | | | | | | I | | | Mir | nimu | m ec | luiva | lent | prot | ectio | n ma | rgin | | | I | | | | | - | | | - | - | | | | |
| 152.00 | AUS | AUS00401 | CL | | 6. | 0 | Π | | 6.0 | | | | 6.0 | | | | 6.0 | | Т | | 6.0 | | | | 6.0 | | Γ | | | | | | | 1 | Τ | | 1 | Т | Τ | Т | Т | Т | - |
| 152.00 | AUS | AUS00402 | CL | | 6. | 0 | | | 6.0 | | | | 6.0 | | | | 6.0 | | | | 6.0 | | | | 6.0 | | | | | | | | | | 1 | 1 | 1 | \uparrow | | | + | + | |
| 152.00 | AUS | AUS00403 | CL | | 6. | 0 | T | | 6.0 | | | | 6.0 | | | | 6.0 | | | | 6.0 | | | | 6.0 | | 1 | | | | | | | | 1 | 1 | 1 | \uparrow | | 1 | + | + | - |
| 152.00 | AUS | AUS00404 | CL | | 6. | 0 | | | 6.0 | | | | 6.0 | | | | 6.0 | | | | 6.0 | | | | 6.0 | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | \top | | | T | + | |
| 152.00 | AUS | AUS00405 | CL | | 6. | 0 | | | 6.0 | | | | 6.0 | | | | 6.0 | | | | 6.0 | | | | 6.0 | | 1 | | | | | | | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | | | T | + | |
| 152.00 | AUS | AUS00406 | CL | | 6. | 0 | T | | 6.0 | | | | 6.0 | | | | 6.0 | | | | 6.0 | ĺ | | | 6.0 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | 1 | |
| 152.00 | AUS | AUS0040A | CL | | -0 | .4 | \square | | -0.4 | | | | -0.4 | | | | -0.4 | | | | -0.4 | | | | -0.4 | | | | | | | | | 1 | \uparrow | 1 | 1 | \top | | | T | + | |
| 152.00 | AUS | AUS00500 | CR | | | -3.3 | | | | -3.3 | | | | -0.3 | | | | -0.3 | | | | -0.3 | | | | -0.3 | | | | | | | | 1 | \uparrow | 1 | 1 | \top | | | T | + | |
| 152.00 | AUS | AUS00501 | CR | | | 3.0 | Γ | | | 3.0 | | | | 6.0 | | | | 6.0 | | | | 6.0 | | | | 6.0 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | |
| 152.00 | AUS | AUS00502 | CR | | | 3.0 | Π | | | 3.0 | | | | 6.0 | | | | 6.0 | | | | 6.0 | | | | 6.0 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 152.00 | AUS | AUS00503 | CR | | | 3.0 | | | | 3.0 | | | | 6.0 | | | | 6.0 | | | | 6.0 | | | | 6.0 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 152.00 | AUS | AUS00504 | CR | | | 3.0 | | | | 3.0 | | | | 6.0 | | | | 6.0 | | | | 6.0 | | | | 6.0 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 152.00 | AUS | AUS00505 | CR | | | 3.0 | Π | | | 3.0 | | | | 6.0 | | | | 6.0 | | | | 6.0 | | | | 6.0 | | | | | | | 1 | | | | 1 | | | | Τ | T | |
| 152.00 | AUS | AUS00506 | CR | | | 3.0 | Π | | | 3.0 | | | | 6.0 | | | | 6.0 | | 1 | | 6.0 | | | 1 | 6.0 | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | |
| 152.00 | AUS | AUS00600 | CR | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 999.9 | | 999.9 | | 999.9 | | 999.9 | 9 | | | 999. | .9 | | | 999 | 1.9 |
| 152.00 | AUS | AUS00601 | CR | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 999.9 | | 999.9 | | 999.9 | | 999.9 | 9 | | | 999. | .9 | | | 999 | 1.9 |
| 152.00 | AUS | AUS00602 | CR | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 999.9 | | 999.9 | | 999.9 | | 999.9 | 9 | | | 999 | .9 | | | 999 | 1.9 |
| 152.00 | AUS | AUS00603 | CR | | | | Π | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 999.9 | | 999.9 | | 999.9 |) | 999.9 | 9 | | | 999. | .9 | | | 999 | 1.9 |
| 152.00 | AUS | AUS00604 | CR | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 999.9 | | 999.9 | | 999.9 | | 999.9 | 9 | | | 999 | .9 | | | 999 | 1.9 |
| 152.00 | AUS | AUS00605 | CR | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 999.9 | | 999.9 | | 999.9 |) | 999.9 | 9 | | | 999 | .9 | | Τ | 999 | 1.9 |
| 152.00 | AUS | AUS00606 | CR | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 999.9 | | 999.9 | | 999.9 |) | 999.9 | 9 | | | 999 | .9 | | T | 999 | 1.9 |
| 152.00 | AUS | AUSA0000 | CL | 39.7 | | | -0.4 | | | | -0.4 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 152.00 | AUS | AUSA0001 | CL | 61.2 | | | 6.0 | | | | 6.0 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 152.00 | AUS | AUSA0002 | CL | 60.5 | | | 6.0 | | | | 6.0 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 152.00 | AUS | AUSA0003 | CL | 61.5 | | | 6.0 | | | | 6.0 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 152.00 | AUS | AUSA0004 | CL | 53.4 | | | 6.0 | | | | 6.0 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 152.00 | AUS | AUSA0005 | CL | 55.9 | | | 6.0 | | | | 6.0 | | | | | | | | T | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 152.00 | AUS | AUSA0006 | CL | 48.3 | | | 6.0 | | | | 6.0 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 158.00 | FSM | FSM00000 | CR | 8.8 | 5. | 7 | 5.7 | | 5.7 | | 5.7 | | 5.7 | | 5.7 | | 5.7 | | 5.7 | | 5.7 | | 5.7 | | 5.7 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 158.00 | NZL | NZL_100 | CL | | 8.5 | 8.4 | | 8.5 | | 8.4 | | 8.5 | | 8.4 | | 8.6 | | 8.6 | | 8.6 | | 8.6 | | 8.6 | | 11.2 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 5 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | ٦ |
|---------------------|--------|------------------------|----------------------|---|-----|------|------|---|-----|------|------|---|-----|------|------|----|-----|------|----|----|------|------|--------|-------|-------|-------|-------|------|----|-------|----|------|----|------|----|----|----|------|----|--------|----|-----|-----|---|
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | (| Chanr | el n | umbe | er | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Orbital Position | | Beam Identification | Polarization type | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 | 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 | 25 | 26 | 27 | 28 | 29 | 30 | 31 | 32 | 33 | 34 | 35 | 36 | 5 37 | 38 | 39 | 9 4 | 0 |
| l'osition | symbol | luciumcation | type | | | | | | | | | | | | | - | | | - | м | inim | ım e | quival | ent j | prote | ction | n mar | gin | | | | | | | | - | - | | - | | | | | |
| 164.00 | AUS | AUS00700 | CR | | | -2.9 | | | | -2.9 | | | | -2.9 | | 1 | | 0.1 | | | | 0.1 | | | | 0.1 | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | Τ | | Τ | Τ | Τ | Τ | |
| 164.00 | AUS | AUS00701 | CR | | | 3.0 | | | | 3.0 | | | | 3.0 | | 1 | | 6.0 | | | | 6.0 | | | | 6.0 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | \top | 1 | 1 | T | |
| 164.00 | AUS | AUS00702 | CR | | | 3.0 | | | | 3.0 | | | | 3.0 | | | | 6.0 | | | | 6.0 | | | | 6.0 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 164.00 | AUS | AUS00703 | CR | | | 3.0 | | | | 3.0 | | | | 3.0 | | | | 6.0 | | | | 6.0 | | | | 6.0 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 164.00 | AUS | AUS00704 | CR | | | 3.0 | | | | 3.0 | | | | 3.0 | | 1 | | 6.0 | | | | 6.0 | | | | 6.0 | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | 1 | | | | Τ | |
| 164.00 | AUS | AUS00705 | CR | | | 3.0 | | | | 3.0 | | | | 3.0 | | 1 | | 6.0 | | | | 6.0 | | | | 6.0 | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | 1 | | | 1 | Τ | |
| 164.00 | AUS | AUS00706 | CR | | | 3.0 | | | | 3.0 | | | | 3.0 | | 1 | | 6.0 | | | | 6.0 | | | | 6.0 | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | 1 | | | | Τ | |
| 164.00 | AUS | AUS0070A | CR | | | -3.1 | | | | -3.1 | | | | -3.1 | | 1 | | -0.1 | I | | | -0.1 | | | | -0.1 | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | 1 | T | | | Τ | |
| 164.00 | AUS | AUS00800 | CL | | 0.2 | | | | 0.2 | | | | 0.2 | | | 1 | 0.2 | Γ | | | 0.2 | | | | 0.2 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | T | | | Τ | |
| 164.00 | AUS | AUS00801 | CL | | 6.0 | | | | 6.0 | | | | 6.0 | | | | 6.0 | Γ | | | 6.0 | | | Т | 6.0 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | Τ | | | | |
| 164.00 | AUS | AUS00802 | CL | | 6.0 | | | | 6.0 | | | | 6.0 | | | | 6.0 | Γ | | | 6.0 | | | Т | 6.0 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 164.00 | AUS | AUS00803 | CL | | 6.0 | | | | 6.0 | | | | 6.0 | | | | 6.0 | | | | 6.0 | | | | 6.0 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | Τ | | | Τ | |
| 164.00 | AUS | AUS00804 | CL | | 6.0 | | | | 6.0 | | | | 6.0 | | | | 6.0 | Γ | | | 6.0 | | | Т | 6.0 | | | | | | | | | | | | | Τ | | | | | | |
| 164.00 | AUS | AUS00805 | CL | | 6.0 | | | | 6.0 | | | | 6.0 | | | | 6.0 | | | | 6.0 | | | | 6.0 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | Τ | |
| 164.00 | AUS | AUS00806 | CL | | 6.0 | | | | 6.0 | | | | 6.0 | | | | 6.0 | | | | 6.0 | | | | 6.0 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 164.00 | AUS | AUS00900 | CR | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 31.9 | | 999.9 | | 38.1 | | 36.8 | | | | 36.8 | | | | 36. | .8 | |
| 164.00 | AUS | AUS00901 | CR | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 65.2 | | 999.9 | | 63.1 | | 61.7 | | | | 61.7 | | | | 61. | .7 | |
| 164.00 | AUS | AUS00902 | CR | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 65.4 | | 999.9 | | 63.3 | | 61.9 | | | | 61.9 | | | | 61. | .9 | |
| 164.00 | AUS | AUS00903 | CR | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 60.5 | | 999.9 | | 62.1 | | 60.8 | | | | 60.8 | | | | 60. | .8 | |
| 164.00 | AUS | AUS00904 | CR | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 50.2 | | 999.9 | | 60.8 | | 59.5 | | | | 59.5 | | | | 59. | .5 | |
| 164.00 | AUS | AUS00905 | CR | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 56.4 | | 999.9 | | 59.4 | | 58.1 | | | | 58.1 | | | | 58. | .1 | |
| 164.00 | AUS | AUS00906 | CR | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 48.1 | | 999.9 | | 57.0 | | 55.8 | | | | 55.8 | | L | | 55. | .8 | |
| 164.00 | AUS | AUS0090A | CR | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 42.0 | | 999.9 | | 40.3 | | 38.9 | | | | 38.9 | | | | 38. | .9 | |
| 164.00 | AUS | AUSB0000 | CL | | | | -0.1 | | | | -0.1 | | | | -0.1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 164.00 | AUS | AUSB0001 | CL | | | | 6.0 | | | | 6.0 | | | | 6.0 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 164.00 | AUS | AUSB0002 | CL | | | | 6.0 | | | | 6.0 | | | | 6.0 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 164.00 | AUS | AUSB0003 | CL | | | | 6.0 | | | | 6.0 | | | | 6.0 | | | | | | | | | Τ | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 164.00 | AUS | AUSB0004 | CL | | | | 6.0 | | | | 6.0 | | | | 6.0 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 164.00 | AUS | AUSB0005 | CL | | | | 6.0 | | | | 6.0 | | | | 6.0 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 164.00 | AUS | AUSB0006 | CL | | | | 6.0 | | | | 6.0 | | | | 6.0 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 5 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------|------------------|------------------------|----------------------|-----|------|-----|------|-----|------|-----|------|-----|------|-----|------|-----|------|-----|------|-----|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|------|-------|-----|----|----|----|------|------|------|------|-------|------|------|------|--------|------|------|------|
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | C | Chan | nel n | umbe | er | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Orbital Position | Admin. symbol | Beam Identification | Polarization type | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 | 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 | 25 | 26 | 27 | 28 | 29 | 30 | 31 | 32 | 33 | 34 | 35 | 36 | 37 | 38 | 39 | 40 |
| | | | | | - | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | М | inim | ım eq | quiva | lent | prote | ctio | n mar | gin | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 170.00 | USA | PLM33200 | CL | | 10.2 | | 10.2 | | 10.2 | | 10.2 | | 10.2 | | 10.2 | | 10.2 | | 10.2 | | 10.2 | | 10.2 | | 10.2 | | 10.2 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 170.00 | USA | USAA_101 | CR | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 45.5 | | 45.5 | | 999.9 | | 45.5 | 1 | 9999.9 | | 45.5 | |
| 170.00 | USA | USAA_102 | CL | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 45.5 | | 48.5 | | 48.5 | | 48.5 | | 48.5 | | 48.5 |
| 170.75 | TON | TON21500 | CR | | 11.6 | | 11.6 | | 11.6 | | 11.6 | | 11.6 | | 11.6 | | 11.6 | | 11.6 | | 11.6 | | 11.6 | | 11.6 | | 11.6 | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | |
| 176.00 | KIR | KIR_100 | CL | 4.2 | | 1.2 | | 1.2 | | 1.2 | | 1.2 | | 1.2 | | 1.2 | | 1.2 | | 1.2 | | 1.2 | | 1.2 | | 1.2 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 176.00 | TUV | TUV00000 | CR | | 4.7 | | 4.7 | | 4.7 | | 4.7 | | 4.7 | | 4.7 | | 4.7 | | 4.7 | | 4.7 | | 4.7 | | 4.7 | | 7.7 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

ANNEX 1

Limits for determining whether a service of an administration is considered to be affected by a proposed modification to the Region 2 feeder-link Plan or by a proposed new or modified assignment in the Regions 1 and 3 feeder-link List or when it is necessary under this Appendix to seek the agreement of any other administration (WRC-03)

MOD

3 Limits to the change in the overall equivalent protection margin with respect to frequency assignments in conformity with the Region 2 feeder-link Plan¹⁸ (WRC-2000)

With respect to the modification to the Region 2 feeder-link Plan and when it is necessary under this Appendix to seek the agreement of any other administration of Region 2, except in cases covered by Resolution **42 (Rev.WRC-03)**, an administration is considered as being affected if the overall equivalent protection margin¹⁹ corresponding to a test point of its entry in that Plan, including the cumulative effect of any previous modification to that Plan or any previous agreement, falls more than 0.25 dB below 0 dB, or, if already negative, more than 0.25 dB below the value resulting from:

- the feeder-link Plan as established by the 1983 Conference; or
- a modification of the assignment in accordance with this Appendix; or
- a new entry in the feeder-link Plan under Article 4; or
- any agreement reached in accordance with this Appendix except for Resolution 42 (Rev.WRC-03). (WRC-03)

MOD

4 Limits to the interference into frequency assignments in conformity with the Regions 1 and 3 feeder-link Plan or with the Regions 1 and 3 feeder-link List or proposed new or modified assignments in the Regions 1 and 3 feeder-link List (WRC-03)

Under assumed free-space propagation conditions, the power flux-density of a proposed new or modified assignment in the feeder-link List shall not exceed the value of $-76 \text{ dB}(W/(m^2 \cdot 27 \text{ MHz}))$ at any point in the geostationary-satellite orbit, and the relative off-axis e.i.r.p. of the associated feeder-link antenna shall be in compliance with Fig. A (WRC-97 curves) of Annex 3. (WRC-03)

With respect to § 4.1.1 *a*) or *b*) of Article 4, an administration in Region 1 or 3 is considered by the Bureau as being affected if the minimum orbital spacing between the wanted and interfering space stations, under worst-case station-keeping conditions, is less than 9° . (WRC-03)

However, an administration is not considered as being affected if, under assumed free-space propagation conditions, the effect of the proposed new or modified assignments in the feeder-link List is that the feeder-link equivalent protection margin²⁰ corresponding to a test point of its assignment in the feeder-link Plan or the feeder-link List or for which the procedure of Article 4 has been initiated, including the cumulative effect of any previous modification to the feeder-link List or any previous agreement, does not fall more than 0.45 dB below 0 dB, or, if already negative, more than 0.45 dB below the value resulting from:

- the Regions 1 and 3 feeder-link Plan and List as established by WRC-2000; or
- a proposed new or modified assignment to the feeder-link List in accordance with this Appendix; or
- a new entry in the Regions 1 and 3 feeder-link List as a result of the successful application of Article 4 procedures. (WRC-03)

For a proposed new or modified assignment to the feeder-link List, in the interference analysis, for each test point, the antenna characteristics described in § 3.5 of Annex 3 shall apply. (WRC-03)

MOD

5 Limits applicable to protect a frequency assignment in the bands 17.3-18.1 GHz (Regions 1 and 3) and 17.3-17.8 GHz (Region 2) to a receiving space station in the fixed-satellite service (Earth-to-space)

An administration in Region 1 or 3 is considered as being affected by a proposed modification in Region 2, with respect to § 4.2.2 *a*) or 4.2.2 *b*) of Article 4, or an administration in Region 2 is considered as being affected by a proposed new or modified assignment in the Regions 1 and 3 feeder-link List, with respect to § 4.1.1 *c*) of Article 4, when the power flux-density arriving at the receiving space station of a broadcasting-satellite feeder-link would cause an increase in the noise temperature of the feeder-link space station which exceeds the threshold value of $\Delta T/T$ corresponding to 6%, where $\Delta T/T$ is calculated in accordance with the method given in Appendix 8, except that the maximum power densities per hertz averaged over the worst 1 MHz are replaced by power densities per hertz averaged over the necessary bandwidth of the feeder-link carriers. (WRC-03)

Interim systems of Region 2 in accordance with Resolution **42** (**Rev.WRC-03**) shall not be taken into consideration when applying the above paragraph to proposed new or modified assignments in the Regions 1 and 3 feeder-link List. However, the above paragraph shall be applied to Region 2 interim systems with respect to Regions 1 and 3 administrations, referred to in § 5.2 *b*) of Resolution **42** (**Rev.WRC-03**). (WRC-03) MOD

6 Limits applicable to protect a frequency assignment in the band 17.8-18.1 GHz (Region 2) to a receiving feeder-link space station in the fixed-satellite service (Earth-to-space) (WRC-03)

With respect to § 4.1.1 *d*) of Article 4, an administration is considered affected by a proposed new or modified assignment in the Regions 1 and 3 feeder-link List when the power flux-density arriving at the receiving space station of a broadcasting-satellite feeder-link in Region 2 of that administration would cause an increase in the noise temperature of the receiving feeder-link space station which exceeds the threshold value of $\Delta T/T$ corresponding to 6%, where $\Delta T/T$ is calculated in accordance with the method given in Appendix 8, except that the maximum power densities per hertz averaged over the worst 1 MHz are replaced by power densities per hertz averaged over the necessary bandwidth of the feeder-link carriers. (WRC-03)

MOD

ANNEX 2 (Rev.WRC-03)

Basic characteristics to be furnished in notices relating to feeder-link stations in the fixed-satellite service operating in the frequency bands 14.5-14.8 GHz and 17.3-18.1 GHz

These data are listed in Appendix 4.

MOD

ANNEX 3

Technical data used in establishing the provisions and associated Plans and Regions 1 and 3 feeder-link List, which should be used for their application²¹ (WRC-03)

2.2 Rain attenuation

MOD

Step 6 remains the same except the frequency dependent coefficients *k* and α shall be obtained from Recommendation ITU-R P.838-2. (WRC-03)

3 Basic technical characteristics for Regions 1 and 3

MOD

3.1 Translation frequency and guardbands

a) 17 GHz feeder-links

The feeder-link Plan generally uses a frequency translation of 5.6 GHz between the 17 GHz feeder-link channels and the 12 GHz downlink channels. Other values of the translation frequency may be used, provided that the corresponding channels have been assigned to the space station of the administration concerned.

With the value of frequency translation between the feeder-link frequency band (17.3-18.1 GHz in Regions 1 and 3) and the downlink frequency band (11.7-12.5 GHz in Region 1 and 11.7-12.2 GHz in Region 3), the guardbands specified in § 3.9 of Annex 5 to Appendix **30** for the downlink Plan result in corresponding guardband bandwidths of 11 MHz at the upper and 14 MHz at the lower feeder-link band edges. These feeder-link guardbands may be used to provide space operation functions in accordance with No. **1.23** in support of the operation of geostationary-satellite networks in the broadcasting-satellite service. (WRC-03)

(MOD) (Spanish version only)c) Frequency translation rules

MOD

3.3 Protection ratios

For planning in Regions 1 and 3 at the 1988 Conference (WARC Orb-88), the following protection ratios were applied for the purpose of calculating the feeder-link equivalent protection margins²⁶:

- co-channel protection ratio = 40 dB;
- adjacent channel protection ratio = 21 dB.

The method for the calculation of the feeder-link equivalent protection margin is given in § 1.7.

For revising the Regions 1 and 3 feeder-link Plan at WRC-97, the corresponding values of aggregate protection ratio that were used to calculate the feeder-link equivalent protection margins which appear in the alternative formula for overall equivalent protection margin given in § 1.12 are specified in Recommendation ITU-R BO.1297, as follows^{27,28}:

- co-channel protection ratio = 30 dB;
- adjacent channel protection ratio = 22 dB. (WRC-2000)

However, it should be noted that the revision of the Regions 1 and 3 feeder-link Plan by WRC-97 was based on "simultaneous planning of feeder links and downlinks with calculation of overall equivalent protection margins" (as defined in § 1.11 of Annex 5 to Appendix **30** and in § 1.12) using the following values of aggregate protection ratio:

- co-channel = 23 dB;
- adjacent channel = 15 dB. (WRC-03)

It was also specified that, for the revision of the Regions 1 and 3 feeder-link Plan, no overall cochannel single entry C/I ratio should be lower than 28 dB. (WRC-03)

Nevertheless, for assignments notified, which are in conformity with this Appendix, brought into use, and for which the date of bringing into use has been confirmed to the Bureau before 27 October 1997, the overall equivalent protection margins were calculated using a co-channel overall protection ratio of 30 dB and lower and upper overall adjacent channel protection ratios of 14 dB.

Revision of the Regions 1 and 3 feeder-link Plan at WRC-97 and planning at WRC-2000 were generally based on a set of reference parameters such as the average e.i.r.p., the reference earth station transmitting antenna, all test points placed within the -3 dB contour, a bandwidth of 27 MHz and the predetermined value of C/N. The Regions 1 and 3 feeder-link Plan as established by WRC-2000 is generally based on the use of digital modulation. (WRC-2000)

WRC-2000 adopted for the protection of digital assignments from digital emissions the following protection ratio values to be applied for calculation of feeder-link equivalent protection margins of the WRC-2000 Regions 1 and 3 feeder-link Plan:

- 27 dB for co-channel signals;
- 22 dB for adjacent channel signals. (WRC-2000)

During planning at WRC-2000, these values were used for all assignments of the Regions 1 and 3 feeder-link Plan and List, except those for which WRC-2000 adopted different values to be used in the planning process²⁹. (WRC-03)

Protection masks and associated calculation methods for interference into broadcasting-satellite systems involving digital emissions shall be in accordance with Recommendation ITU-R BO.1293-2 (Annexes 1 and 2^{29A}). (WRC-03)

ADD

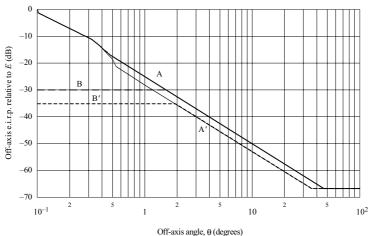
^{29A} Annex 3 of this Recommendation may be applied only in compatibility analysis for bilateral coordination between administrations. (WRC-03)

3.7.1 Cross-section of receiving antenna beam

MOD



Earth station e.i.r.p. at off-axis antenna angles



Oll-axis angle, 0 (degree.

Curves A: WARC Orb-88 Regions 1 and 3 co-polar

- A': WRC-97 co-polar
- B: WARC Orb-88 Regions 1 and 3 cross-polar

B': WRC-97 cross-polar

AP30AA3-A

Co-polar component (dBW):

| Curve A (WARC Orb- | -88) | | | | | | Curve A' (WRC-97) | | | | | | |
|----------------------------|------|-------|----------|---|--------|-------|----------------------------|-----|----------------|--------|---|--------|----------------|
| Ε | for | 0° | <u> </u> | θ | \leq | 0.1° | Ε | for | 0° | \leq | θ | \leq | 0.1° |
| $E = 21 = 20 \log \theta$ | for | 0.1° | < | θ | \leq | 0.32° | $E = 21 = 20 \log \theta$ | for | 0.1° | < | θ | \leq | 0.32° |
| $E - 5.7 - 53.2 \theta^2$ | for | 0.32° | < | θ | \leq | 0.44° | $E - 5.7 - 53.2 \theta^2$ | for | 0.32° | < | θ | \leq | 0.54° |
| $E = 25 = 25 \log \theta$ | for | 0.44° | < | θ | \leq | 48° | $E = 28 = 25 \log \theta$ | for | 0.54° | < | θ | ≤ | 36.31° |
| E - 67 | for | 48° | < | θ | | | E - 67 | for | 36.31° | < | θ | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

Cross-polar component (dBW): (WRC-03)

| Curve B (WARC Orb- | -88) | | Curve B' (WRC-97) | | | |
|---------------------------|------|--|---------------------------|-----|--------|---------------------------------|
| E - 30 | for | $0^{\circ} \leq \theta \leq 1.6^{\circ}$ | E - 35 | for | 0° | $\leq \theta \leq 1.91^{\circ}$ |
| $E = 25 = 25 \log \theta$ | for | 1.6° < θ \leq 48° | $E = 28 = 25 \log \theta$ | for | 1.91° | $< \theta \leq 36.31^{\circ}$ |
| E - 67 | for | $48^\circ < \theta$ | E - 67 | for | 36.31° | $< \theta$ |

1

where:

E: earth station e.i.r.p. on the antenna axis (dBW);

 θ : off-axis angle referred to the main lobe axis (degrees).

MOD

3.8 System noise temperature

The satellite system noise temperature values generally used in the Plan at the 1988 Conference (WARC Orb-88) are 1800 K for 17 GHz and 1500 K for 14 GHz³². For revising the Regions 1 and 3 Plan at WRC-97 these values are 900 K for 17 GHz and 750 K for 14 GHz. A value of 600 K was used for the 17 GHz band in the revision of the Regions 1 and 3 Plan at WRC-2000. WRC-2000 did not change the value for the 14 GHz band. (WRC-03)

MOD

3.15 Orbit positions

The Plan is generally based on the use of a regular spacing of 6° . The orbital positions are those given in the Plan. (WRC-03)

MOD

4.1 Translation frequency and guard bands

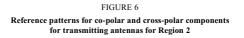
The feeder-link Plan is based on the use of a single frequency translation of 5.1 GHz between the 17 GHz feeder-link channels and the 12 GHz downlink channels. Other values of the translation frequency may be used, provided that the corresponding channels have been assigned to the space station of the administration concerned.

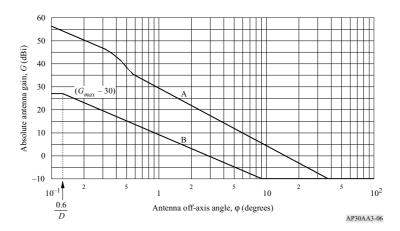
With a single value frequency translation between the feeder-link frequency band (17.3-17.8 GHz) and the downlink frequency band (12.2-12.7 GHz), the guard bands present in the downlink Plan result in corresponding bandwidths of 12 MHz at the upper and lower feeder-link band edges. These feeder-link guard bands may be used to provide space operation functions in accordance with No. **1.23** in support of the operation of geostationary-satellite networks in the broadcasting-satellite service. (WRC-03)

MOD

4.4.2 Transmitting antenna reference patterns (WRC-03)

MOD





Curve A: co-polar component (dBi)

| $G_{co} = G_{max}$ | for | $0^{\circ} \leq \phi < 0.1^{\circ}$ |
|---|-----|--|
| $G_{co} = 36 - 20 \log \varphi$ | for | $0.1^\circ \ \leq \ \phi \ < \ 0.32^\circ$ |
| $G_{co} = 51.3 - 53.2 \ \varphi^2$ | for | $0.32^\circ \le \phi < 0.54^\circ$ |
| $G_{co} = \max (29 - 25 \log \varphi, -10)$ | for | $0.54^\circ \le \phi \le 180^\circ$ |
| If $G_{co} > G_{max}$: $G_{co} = G_{max}$ | | (WRC-03) |

Curve B: cross-polar component (dBi)

$$\begin{array}{ll} G_{cross} = G_{max} - 30 & \text{for} & 0^{\circ} & \leq \phi < (0.6/D)^{\circ} \\ G_{cross} = \max (9 - 20 \log \phi, -10) & \text{for} & (0.6/D)^{\circ} \leq \phi \leq 180^{\circ} \\ \text{If } G_{cross} > G_{max} - 30; \ G_{cross} = G_{max} - 30 & (WRC-03) \end{array}$$

where:

 φ : off-axis angle referred to the main-lobe axis (degrees)

G_{max}: on-axis co-polar gain of the antenna (dBi)

D: diameter of the antenna (m) $(D \ge 2.5)$.

NOTE 1 - In the angular range between 0.1° and 0.54°, the co-polar gain must not exceed the reference pattern.

NOTE 2 – In the angular range between 0° and $(0.6/D)^{\circ}$, the cross polar gain must not exceed the reference pattern.

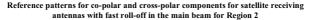
NOTE 3 – At the larger off-axis angles and for 90% of all side-lobe peaks in each of the reference angular windows, the gain must not exceed the reference pattern. The reference angular windows are 0.54° to 1° , 1° to 2° , 2° to 4° , 4° to 7° , 7° to 10° , 10° to 20° , 20° to 4° , 40° to 70° , 70° to 100° and 100° to 180° . The first reference angular window for evaluating the cross-polar component should be $(0.6/D)^{\circ}$ to 1° .

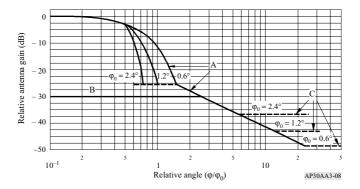
MOD

4.6.3 Receiving antenna reference patterns (WRC-03)

MOD

FIGURE 8





Curve A: co-polar component (dB relative to main beam gain)

| $-12 \left(\phi / \phi_0 ight)^2$ | for | 0 | $\leq \phi/\phi_0 \leq 0.5$ |
|--|-----|------------------------------|--|
| $-33.33 \phi_0^2 (\phi/\phi_0 - x)^2$ | for | 0.5 | $< \phi/\phi_0 \le rac{0.87}{\phi_0} + x$ |
| - 25.23 | for | $\frac{0.87}{\varphi_0} + x$ | $\alpha < \phi/\phi_0 \le 1.45$ |
| $-(22 + 20 \log (\phi/\phi_0))$ | for | ϕ/ϕ_0 | > 1.45 |
| after intersection with Curve C, as Curve C. | (| WRC-03) | |

Curve B: cross-polar component (dB relative to main beam gain)

-30 for $0 \le (\phi/\phi_0) \le 2.51$

after intersection with Curve A, as Curve A.

Curve C: minus the on-axis gain (Curves A and C represent examples for three antennas having different values of ϕ_0 as labelled in Fig. 8. The on-axis gains of these antennas are 37, 43 and 49 dBi, respectively).

where:

- ϕ : off-axis angle (degrees)
- ϕ_0 : dimension of the minimum ellipse fitted around the feeder-link service area in the direction of interest (degrees)

$$x = 0.5 \left(1 - \frac{0.6}{\varphi_0}\right)$$

MOD

4.7 System noise temperature

The Plan is based on a value of 1500 K for the satellite system noise temperature. WRC-03 decided that for feeder-link assignments in the Plan which have not been subsequently modified through successful application of Article 4 of this Appendix, a value of 600 K (instead of 1500 K) is used in application of § 5 of Annex 1 and § 1 of Annex 4 of this Appendix. For those assignments which have been subsequently modified, the noise temperature value provided in that modification is used. (WRC-03)

ANNEX 4 (WRC-2000)

Criteria for sharing between services

MOD

1 Threshold values for determining when coordination is required between, on one hand, transmitting space stations in the fixed-satellite service or the broadcasting-satellite service and, on the other hand, a receiving space station in the feeder-link Plan or List or a proposed new or modified receiving space station in the List, in the frequency bands 17.3-18.1 GHz (Regions 1 and 3) and in the feeder-link Plan or a proposed modification to the Plan in the frequency band 17.3-17.8 GHz (Region 2) (WRC-03)

With respect to § 7.1, Article 7, coordination of a transmitting space station in the fixed-satellite service or in the broadcasting-satellite service with a receiving space station in a broadcasting-satellite service feeder link in the Regions 1 and 3 feeder-link Plan or List, or a proposed new or modified receiving space station in the List, or in the Region 2 feeder-link Plan or proposed modification to the Plan is required when the power flux-density arriving at the receiving space station of a broadcasting-satellite service feeder link of another administration would cause an increase in the noise temperature of the feeder-link space station which exceeds a threshold value of $\Delta T_s/T_s$ corresponding to 6%. $\Delta T_s/T_s$ is calculated in accordance with Case II of the method given in Appendix 8. (WRC-03)

MOD

2 Threshold values for determining when coordination is required between transmitting feeder-link earth stations in the fixed-satellite service in Region 2 and a receiving space station in the Regions 1 and 3 feeder-link Plan or List or a proposed new or modified receiving space station in the List, in the frequency band 17.8-18.1 GHz (WRC-03)

With respect to § 7.1, Article 7, coordination of a transmitting feeder-link earth station in the fixed-satellite service with a receiving space station in a broadcasting-satellite feeder link in the Regions 1 and 3 feeder-link Plan or List, or a proposed new or modified receiving space station in the List, is required when the power flux density arriving at the receiving space station of a broadcasting-satellite service feeder link of another administration would cause an increase in the noise temperature of the feeder-link space station which exceeds a threshold value of $\Delta T/T$ corresponding to 6%, where $\Delta T/T$ is calculated in accordance with the method given in Appendix **8**, except that the maximum power densities per hertz averaged over the worst 1 MHz are replaced by power densities per hertz averaged over the necessary bandwidth of the feeder-link carriers. (WRC-03)

APPENDIX 30B (Rev.WRC-03)

Provisions and associated Plan for the fixed-satellite service in the frequency bands 4500-4800 MHz, 6725-7025 MHz, 10.70-10.95 GHz, 11.20-11.45 GHz and 12.75-13.25 GHz

ARTICLE 5

The Plan and the associated List of assignments

MOD

5.3 The predetermined arc (PDA) is a segment of the geostationary-satellite orbit (GSO) about a nominal orbital position intended to provide flexibility in the Plan.

- a) The size of the PDA depends on the stage of development of the satellite system:
 - ⁻ for a system in the *pre-design stage*, the PDA is the fixed portion of the GSO defined by the intersection between a segment of $\pm 10^{\circ}$ about the nominal orbital position established at the Conference and the corresponding service arc. After twenty years from the date of entry into force of this Appendix, the PDA for a system in the predesign stage is the fixed portion of the GSO defined by the intersection between a segment of $\pm 20^{\circ}$ about the nominal orbital position established at the Conference and the corresponding service arc, provided that the minimum elevation angle after the application of this procedure is not less than 20° or than the value indicated for each climatic zone in Annex 1 to this Appendix, whichever is larger, for all allotments affected;
 - for a system in the *design stage*, the PDA is the fixed portion of the GSO defined by the intersection between a segment of ±5° about the nominal orbital position as may be modified by the application of this Appendix and the PDA defined for the pre-design stage;
 - for a system in the *operational stage*, the PDA will be considered as being zero.
- *b)* The stage of development to be associated with allotments in Part A and assignments in the List derived from allotments in Part A, with existing systems in Part B, with subregional systems or additional uses, is given in Table 1.
- *c)* An administration will not be considered to be affected if the nominal orbital position associated with its allotment in the Plan or with its assignments in the List is moved within the corresponding PDA while keeping an aggregate $C/I \ge 26$ dB. WRC-03 decided that for submissions received as from 5 July 2003 the value $C/I \ge 23$ dB shall be applied. (WRC-03)

AP30B

ARTICLE 6

Procedures for implementation of the Plan and regulation of the fixed-satellite service in the planned bands¹ (WRC-03)

MOD

¹ If the payments are not received in accordance with the provisions of Council Decision 482, as amended, on the implementation of cost recovery for satellite network filings, the Bureau shall cancel the publication specified in § 6.26, 6.33 and 6.49 and the corresponding entries in the List under § 6.26, 6.34, 6.50, as appropriate, or cancel entries in the List under § 6.44, as appropriate, after informing the administration concerned. The Bureau shall inform all administrations of such action and that the network specified in the publication in question no longer has to be taken into consideration by the Bureau and other administrations. The Bureau shall send a reminder to the notifying administration not later than two months prior to the deadline for the payment specified in the above-mentioned Decision 482, unless the payment has already been received (see also Resolution **87** (WRC-03)). (WRC-03)

Section I - Procedure for conversion of an allotment into an assignment

MOD

6.1 When an administration intends to convert an allotment into an assignment employing all or part of its allotment in Part A of the Plan, it shall, not earlier than eight years and not later than two years before the planned date of bringing the network into use, send to the Bureau the information specified in Appendix 4. If the assignment is not brought into use by that date, the assignments recorded in the Appendix 30B List shall be transferred to allotment(s) in Part A of the Appendix 30B Plan with the predetermined arc (PDA) defined for a system in the pre-design stage in accordance with § 5.3 of Article 5 of Appendix 30B, without any changes to other technical parameters of allotments, of existing systems or of assignments recorded in the List. (WRC-03)

Section IB – Procedure for recording in the List of the existing systems contained in Part B of the Plan

MOD

6.29 For existing systems in Part B of the Plan, as well as those entered in the List, the provisions of Resolution **51 (Rev.WRC-2000)** shall be applied. If the assignment is not brought into use in accordance with those provisions, the assignments recorded in the Appendix **30B** List or existing systems in Part B of the Appendix **30B** Plan, as appropriate, shall be cancelled and the Bureau shall also update the reference situation of all allotments, existing systems and assignments recorded in the List, without any changes to their technical parameters. (WRC-03)

MOD

6.34 If, within forty-five days of the BR IFIC mentioned in § 6.33 the Bureau receives no comments, it shall be deemed that there are no objections to the proposed relocations and the Bureau shall record the assignment in the List. The administration shall then notify the assignment in accordance with Article 8. (WRC-03)

AP30B

Section II – Procedure for the introduction of a subregional system

MOD

6.38 When a group of administrations intends to bring into use a subregional system it shall select one or more orbital positions for the system, preferably from the national allotments concerned, and send details of the assignment of the proposed network to the Bureau, not earlier than eight years and not later than two years before the planned date of bringing into use. For this purpose, the administrations shall designate one among them to act on their behalf in the application of the provisions of this Appendix. The selected administration shall be known as the notifying administration. If the assignment is not brought into use by the planned date, the Bureau shall:

- *a)* cancel the related special sections and/or circular telegrams, as appropriate, and the assignments recorded in the Appendix **30B** List;
- b) reactivate any relevant suspended allotments; and
- *c)* update the reference situation of all allotments, existing systems and assignments recorded in the List, without any changes to their technical parameters. (WRC-03)

MOD

6.43 Upon receipt of a complete (Appendix 4) notice relating to the proposed assignment, the Bureau shall use the method of Annex 4 to determine whether the proposed assignment affects: (WRC-03)

- *a)* the allotments in the Plan;
- b) the assignments which appear in the List;
- *c)* the assignments for which the Bureau has previously received complete information in accordance with this Article.

ADD

6.43bis In the case where multiple consecutive complete notices belonging to the same notifying administration have to be examined under § 6.43 without any notice from other administrations having been received in the meantime, the Bureau shall implement, whenever feasible, the following measures, where applicable, in order to accelerate, to the maximum extent possible, the processing of the notices:

- simultaneous processing of the information relating to the 6/4 and 13/10-11 GHz frequency bands in the same network having the same or different date of receipt;
- sequential examination of networks having the same or different date of receipt. The Bureau's finding for all these networks shall be given at the same time and the publication of all related special sections under § 6.49 shall be included in a single set of publications with one single deadline for comments and published in the same BR IFIC. (WRC-03)

MOD

6.50 If, within forty-five days from the date of the BR IFIC mentioned in § 6.49, the Bureau receives no comments, it shall be deemed that there are no objections to the proposed solution and the proposed assignment shall be recorded in the List. The administration shall then notify the assignment in accordance with Article 8. Comments, if any, shall be limited to the case of an administration believing that the agreed protection criteria have not been met. If it receives such comments, the Bureau shall initiate the appropriate action to resolve the matter. (WRC-03)

Section III – Supplementary provisions applicable to additional uses in the planned bands

ADD

6.56bis In the case where multiple consecutive complete notices belonging to the same notifying administration have to be examined under § 6.56 without any notice from other administrations having been received in the meantime, the Bureau shall implement, whenever feasible, the following measures, where applicable, in order to accelerate, to the maximum extent possible, the processing of the notices:

- simultaneous processing of the information relating to the 6/4 and 13/10-11 GHz frequency bands in the same network having the same or different date of receipt;
- sequential examination of networks having the same or different date of receipt. The Bureau's finding for all these networks shall be given at the same time. (WRC-03)

MOD

6.57 For this purpose it shall, not earlier than eight years and not later than two years before the planned date of bringing the related assignment into use, send the information specified in Appendix 4 to the Bureau. If the assignment is not brought into use by that date, the Bureau shall:

- *a)* cancel the related special sections and/or circular telegrams, as appropriate, and the assignments recorded in the Appendix **30B** List;
- b) reactivate any relevant suspended allotments; and
- *c)* update the reference situation of all allotments, existing systems and assignments recorded in the List, without any changes to their technical parameters. (WRC-03)

AP30B

ARTICLE 8

Procedure for notification and recording in the Master Register of assignments in the planned bands for the fixed-satellite service

MOD

8.1 Any assignment for which the relevant procedure of Article 6 has been successfully applied shall be notified to the Bureau using the relevant characteristics listed in Appendix **4**, not earlier than three years before the assignments are brought into use. (WRC-03)

SUP

8.2

ADD

8.2 If the first notice referred to in § 8.1 has not been received by the Bureau within the eight-year period mentioned in § 6.1, 6.38 or 6.57 of Article 6, as appropriate, the assignments in the List shall no longer be taken into account by the Bureau and administrations. The Bureau shall then act as if the assignment in the List has not been brought into use in conformity with § 6.1, 6.38 or 6.57 of Article 6, as appropriate. The Bureau shall inform the notifying administration, three months in advance of the end of the eight-year period, of the actions it intends to take. (WRC-03)

SUP

8.3

ADD

8.3 Notices not containing those characteristics specified in Appendix 4 as mandatory or required shall be returned with comments to help the notifying administration to complete and resubmit them, unless the information not provided is immediately forthcoming in response to an inquiry by the Bureau. (WRC-03)

SUP

8.4

ADD

8.4 Upon reception by the Bureau of a complete notice under § 8.1, a PDA of zero degrees (operational stage) shall be associated with this assignment. (WRC-03)

ADD

8.5 Complete notices shall be marked by the Bureau with their date of receipt and shall be examined in the date order of their receipt. Following receipt of a complete notice the Bureau shall, within not more than two months, publish its contents, with any diagrams and maps and the date of receipt, in the BR IFIC, which shall constitute the acknowledgement to the notifying administration of receipt of its notice. When the Bureau is not in a position to comply with the time-limit referred to above, it shall periodically so inform the administrations, giving the reasons therefor. (WRC-03)

ADD

8.6 The Bureau shall not postpone the formulation of a finding on a complete notice unless it lacks sufficient data to reach a conclusion thereon. (WRC-03)

ADD

8.7 Each notice shall be examined: (WRC-03)

ADD

8.8 a) with respect to its conformity with the Table of Frequency Allocations and the other provisions^{4A} of these Regulations, except those provisions relating to conformity with the fixed-satellite service Plan which are the subject of the following subparagraph; (WRC-03)

ADD

8.9 b) with respect to its conformity with the fixed-satellite service Plan and the associated provisions. (WRC-03)

ADD

8.10 When the examination with respect to § 8.8 leads to a favourable finding, the assignment shall be examined further with respect to § 8.9; otherwise the notice shall be returned with an indication of the appropriate action. (WRC-03)

ADD

8.11 When the examination with respect to \S 8.9 leads to a favourable finding, the assignment shall be recorded in the Master Register. When the finding is unfavourable, the notice shall be returned to the notifying administration, with an indication of the appropriate action. (WRC-03)

ADD

8.12 In every case when a new assignment is recorded in the Master Register it shall, in accordance with the provisions of Article $\mathbf{8}$, include an indication of the finding reflecting the status of the assignment. This information shall also be published in the BR IFIC. (WRC-03)

ADD

8.13 A notice of a change in the characteristics of an assignment already recorded, as specified in Appendix **4**, shall be examined by the Bureau under § 8.8, and 8.9 as appropriate. Any changes to the characteristics of an assignment, that has been notified and confirmed as having been brought into use, shall be brought into use within eight years from the date of the notification of the modification. Any changes to the characteristics of an assignment that has been notified but not yet brought into use shall be brought into use within the period provided for in § 6.1, 6.29, 6.38 or 6.57 of Article 6, as appropriate. (WRC-03)

^{4A} The "other provisions" shall be identified and included in the Rules of Procedure. (WRC-03)

ADD

8.14 In the case of a change in the characteristics of an assignment which is in conformity with \$ 8.8, should the Bureau reach a favourable finding with respect to \$ 8.9, the amended assignment shall retain the original date of entry in the Master Register. The date of receipt by the Bureau of the notice relating to the change shall be entered in the Master Register. (WRC-03)

ADD

8.15 In applying the provisions of this Article, any resubmitted notice which is received by the Bureau more than six months after the date on which the original notice was returned by the Bureau shall be considered to be a new notice. (WRC-03)

ADD

8.16 All frequency assignments notified in advance of their being brought into use shall be entered provisionally in the Master Register. Any frequency assignment provisionally recorded under this provision shall be brought into use by the date specified in the notice. Within thirty days of such an assignment being brought into use, the notifying administration shall so inform the Bureau. If the Bureau does not receive that confirmation within the above period, after sending a reminder, it shall cancel the entry. The Bureau shall, however, inform the administration concerned before taking such action. (WRC-03)

ADD

8.17 Where the use of a recorded assignment to a space station is suspended for a period not exceeding eighteen months, the notifying administration shall, as soon as possible, inform the Bureau of the date on which such use was suspended and the date on which the assignment is to be brought back into regular use. This latter date shall not exceed two years from the date of suspension. (WRC-03)

ADD

8.18 No provision of this Appendix shall be considered as modifying the requirements of Article **9** relating to coordination between earth stations in the fixed-satellite service and stations of terrestrial services sharing the planned bands on an equal primary basis. (WRC-03)

ADD

8.19 Notification of assignments to a specific earth station using assignments included in the List shall be effected applying the provisions of Article **11**. (WRC-03)

ANNEX 1 (WRC-03)

Parameters used in characterizing the fixed-satellite service Plan

Section A – Technical data used in establishing the Allotment Plan and the associated provisions

MOD

1.4 Interference criteria

The Plan has been prepared with a view to assuring for each allotment an aggregate carrier-tointerference ratio under free-space conditions of 26 dB or higher. WRC-03 decided to apply an aggregate carrier-to-interference ratio under free-space conditions of 23 dB for submissions received by the Bureau as from 5 July 2003. (WRC-03)

MOD

1.6 Earth station characteristics

1.6.4 The earth station antenna reference pattern applicable to all Part A allotments is shown in Table 1 below. If so desired by an administration, the improved side-lobe pattern shown in Table 2 below may be used. (WRC-03)

MOD

1.6.5 In cases where the aggregate C/I ratio of 26 dB cannot be obtained (WRC-03 decided that for the examination of submissions received as from 5 July 2003 the value 23 dB (instead of the of 26 dB) shall be applied), it would be appropriate for the countries concerned to agree on the use of antennas with an improved side-lobe pattern or on other suitable means so as to obtain the above ratio (see Table 2 below). (WRC-03)

AP30B

TABLE 1 (Rev.WRC-03)

| $G_{max} = 10 \log (\eta(\pi D/\lambda)^2)$ | |
|---|--|
| $G(\varphi) = G_{max} - 2.5 \times 10^{-3} \left(\frac{D}{\lambda}\varphi\right)^2 \qquad \text{for } 0 < \varphi < \varphi_m$ | |
| $G(\varphi) = \min(G_1, 29 - 25 \log \varphi)$ for $\varphi_m \le \varphi \le 19.95^\circ$ | |
| $G(\varphi) = \max(\min(-3.5, 32 - 25\log\varphi), -10)$ for $\varphi > 19.95^{\circ}$ | |
| where: | |
| $ \begin{array}{c} D: \text{ antenna diameter} \\ \lambda: \text{ wavelength} \end{array} \right\} \text{ expressed in the same unit} $ | |
| φ: off-axis angle of the antenna (degrees) | |
| G_1 : gain of the first side lobe = $-1 + 15 \log \frac{D}{\lambda}$ | |
| $\phi_m = \frac{20\lambda}{D} - \sqrt{G_{max} - G_1} \qquad \text{degrees}$ | |
| η: antenna efficiency | |

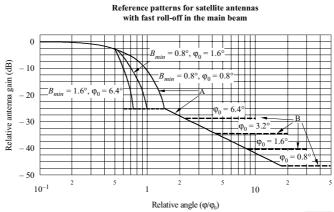
TABLE 2 (WRC-03)

$$\begin{split} G_{max} &= 10 \log \left(\eta(\pi D/\lambda)^2 \right) \\ \hline G(\phi) &= G_{max} - 2.5 \times 10^{-3} \left(\frac{D}{\lambda} \phi \right)^2 & \text{for } 0 & <\phi < \phi_m \\ \hline G(\phi) &= G_1 & \text{for } \phi_m &\leq \phi < \phi_r \\ \hline G(\phi) &= 29 - 25 \log \phi & \text{for } \phi_r &\leq \phi < 36.3^\circ \\ G(\phi) &= -10 & \text{for } 36.3^\circ \leq \phi < 180^\circ \\ \hline \text{where:} \\ \hline D: \text{ antenna diameter} \\ \lambda: \text{ wavelength} & expressed in the same unit} \\ \phi: \text{ off-axis angle of the antenna (degrees)} \\ \hline G_1: \text{ gain of the first side lobe } = -1 + 15 \log \frac{D}{\lambda} \\ \hline \phi_m &= \frac{20\lambda}{D} - \sqrt{G_{max} - G_1} & \text{degrees} \\ \phi_r &= 15.85 \left(\frac{D}{\lambda} \right)^{-0.6} & \text{degrees} \\ \eta: \text{ antenna efficiency} \end{split}$$

FIGURE 2* (WRC-03)

1.7 Space station characteristics





RP/A1-02

Curve A: dB relative to main beam gain

 $-12 (\phi/\phi_0)^2$

for $0 \leq (\phi/\phi_0) \leq 0.5$

$$-12 \left[\frac{(\phi/\phi_0) - x}{B_{min}/\phi_0} \right]^2 \qquad \text{for } 0.5 < (\phi/\phi_0) \le \left(\frac{1.45B_{min}}{\phi_0} + x \right)$$
$$-25.23 \qquad \text{for } \left(\frac{1.45B_{min}}{\phi_0} + x \right) < (\phi/\phi_0) \le 1.45$$
$$-(22 + 20 \log (\phi/\phi_0)) \qquad \text{for } (\phi/\phi_0) > 1.45$$

after intersection with Curve B: Curve B.

Curve B: Minus the on-axis gain (Curve B represents examples of four antennas having different values of ϕ_0 as labelled in Fig. 2. The on-axis gains of these antennas are approximately 28.3, 34.3, 40.4 and 46.4 dBi, respectively)

where:

 ϕ : off-axis angle (degrees)

 ϕ_0 : cross-sectional half-power beamwidth in the direction of interest (degrees)

$$x = 0.5 \left(1 - \frac{B_{min}}{\varphi_0} \right)$$

where:

$$B_{min} = \begin{cases} 0.8^{\circ} \text{ for } 13/10 - 11 \text{ GHz} \\ \\ 1.6^{\circ} \text{ for } 6/4 \text{ GHz} \end{cases}$$

Figure 2 represents patterns for same combinations of B_{min} and φ_0 .

ANNEX 2

Basic data to be furnished in notices relating to stations in the fixed-satellite service entering the design stage using frequency bands of the Plan

ADD

ANNEX 2 (WRC-03)

Basic data to be furnished in notices relating to stations in the fixed-satellite service entering the design stage using frequency bands of the Plan

These data are listed in Appendix 4.

ANNEX 4 (WRC-03)

Limits for determining whether an allotment or an assignment made in accordance with the provisions of Appendix 30B is considered to be affected

MOD

An allotment shall be considered as being affected by another administration if, at its nominal orbital position within the predetermined arc, the calculated single-entry carrier-to-interference ratio is less than or equal to 30 dB (WRC-03 decided that for the examination of submissions received as from 5 July 2003 the value 27 dB (instead of 30 dB) shall be applied), or the calculated value, based on the Plan, due to that other administration (whichever is the lower), at any test point within the service area of the interfered-with satellite network. The single-entry carrier-to-interference ratio is calculated using the method in Appendix 1 to this Annex.

An assignment shall be considered affected by a signal whose peak-to-average ratio (k) exceeds 5 dB in that portion of the spectrum which has been defined for low-density carrier usage, as identified in Annex 3B, if the single-entry carrier-to-interference ratio, calculated on the basis of power density averaged over the necessary bandwidth of the desired carrier, falls below:

25 + k dB

(WRC-03 decided that for the examination of submissions received as from 5 July 2003 the value 22 + k dB (instead of 25 + k dB) shall be applied.)

Even if the single-entry carrier-to-interference ratio is above 30 dB (WRC-03 decided that for the examination of submissions received as from 5 July 2003 the value 27 dB (instead of 30 dB) shall be applied) (or the calculated value based on the Plan due to that other administration, whichever value is lower), an allotment or an assignment shall be considered affected if the

overall aggregate C/I, as calculated using Appendix 1 to this Annex, falls below 26 dB (WRC-03 decided that for the examination of submissions received as from 5 July 2003 the value 23 dB (instead of 26 dB) shall be applied) or the calculated value for the assignment, based on the Plan, whichever is lower.

ANNEX 5

Application of the PDA (predetermined arc) concept

MOD

1.1 For the purposes of this Annex, an administration will be considered as being affected by another administration if, at its nominal orbital position within the predetermined arc, the calculated single-entry carrier-to-interference ratio is less than or equal to 30 dB (WRC-03 decided that for the examination of submissions received as from 5 July 2003 the value 27 dB (instead of 30 dB) shall be applied), or the calculated value, based on the Plan, due to that other administration (whichever is lower), at any test point within the service area of the interfered-with satellite network. The single-entry C/I ratio is calculated by the method in Appendix 1, Annex 4.

Even if the single-entry C/I ratio is above 30 dB (WRC-03 decided that for the examination of submissions received as from 5 July 2003 the value 27 dB (instead of 30 dB) shall be applied), or the calculated value, based on the Plan, due to that other administration (whichever is lower), an administration shall be considered as being affected if the overall aggregate C/I ratio, calculated by the method in Appendix 1, falls below 26 dB⁹ (WRC-03 decided that for the examination of submissions received as from 5 July 2003 the value 23 dB (instead of 26 dB) shall be applied), or the value for the assignment (whichever is lower). (WRC-03)

MOD

ANNEX 6

Technical means which may be used to avoid incompatibilities between systems in the fixed-satellite service at their implementation stage

MOD

5 Transmission (modulation) and reception techniques allowing for the C/I ratios less than 26 dB (WRC-03 decided that for the examination of submissions received as from 5 July 2003 the value 23 dB (instead of 26 dB) shall be applied). (WRC-03)

⁹ For allotments with an aggregate C/I ratio less than 26 dB (WRC-03 decided that for the examination of submissions received as from 5 July 2003 the value 23 dB (instead of 26 dB) shall be applied), the calculated C/I ratio based on the Plan will be used. However, if through the use of the PDA Concept, this value is improved in the latter application of this procedure, the improved value will be used until it reaches 26 dB (WRC-03 decided that for the examination of submissions received as from 5 July 2003 the value 23 dB (instead of 26 dB) shall be applied). (WRC-03)

AP42

APPENDIX 42 (Rev.WRC-03)

Table of allocation of international call sign series

MOD

| Call sign series | Allocated to | |
|------------------|------------------------------------|----------|
| 4WA-4WZ | Democratic Republic of Timor-Leste | (WRC-03) |

RESOLUTIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

FA

List of Resolutions and Recommendations approved for deletion by WRC-03

| | RESOLUTIONS |
|--------------------|--|
| 29 (WRC-97) | Information on the occupancy by fixed and mobile services in the additional HF bands allocated by WARC-92 to the broadcasting service |
| 44 (Mob-87) | Compatibility of equipment used in the mobile-satellite service |
| 46 (Rev.WRC-97) | Interim procedures for the coordination and notification of frequency assignments of satellite networks in certain space services and the other services to which certain bands are allocated |
| 53 (Rev.WRC-2000) | Updating of the "Remarks" columns in the Tables of Article 9A of Appendix 30A and Article 11 of Appendix 30 to the Radio Regulations |
| 59 (WRC-2000) | Transitional and implementation arrangements in certain frequency bands for the use of geostationary networks in the fixed-satellite service and the broadcasting-satellite service, and non-geostationary systems in the fixed-satellite service as well as for the use of networks in the radionavigation-satellite service and terrestrial services |
| 77 (WRC-2000) | Protection of terrestrial services in all Regions from geostationary- satellite networks in the fixed-satellite service in Region 2 using the frequency band 11.7-12.2 GHz |
| 78 (WRC-2000) | Development of procedures in case the operational or additional operational limits in Article 22 are exceeded |
| 82 (WRC-2000) | Provisions relating to earth stations located on board vessels which operate in fixed-satellite service networks in the bands 3 700- 4 200 MHz and 5 925-6425 MHz |
| 83 (WRC-2000) | Administrative procedures for cost recovery for satellite network filings |
| 84 (WRC-2000) | Power flux-density limits in the bands 37.5-42.5 GHz for the fixed- satellite service, broadcasting-satellite service and mobile-satellite service |
| 127 (Rev.WRC-2000) | Studies relating to consideration of allocations in bands around 1.4 GHz for feeder links of the non-geostationary-satellite systems in the mobile-satellite service with service links operating below 1 GHz |
| 128 (Rev.WRC-2000) | Protection of the radio astronomy service in the 42.5-43.5 GHz band |

| RESOLUTIONS (continued) | | |
|--------------------------------|---|--|
| 135 (WRC-2000) | Criteria and process for the resolution of possible cases of misapplication of non-geostationary fixed-satellite service single- entry limits in Article 22 | |
| 137 (WRC-2000) | Further studies on the sharing conditions between geostationary fixed-satellite service networks and non-geostationary fixed-satellite service systems and between non-geostationary fixed-satellite service systems | |
| 138 (WRC-2000) | Possible identification of spectrum for non-geostationary fixed- satellite service (Earth-to-space) gateway type operations | |
| 209 (Mob-87) | Study and implementation of a global land and maritime distress and safety system | |
| 214 (Rev.WRC-2000) | Sharing studies relating to consideration of the allocation of bands below 1 GHz to the non-geostationary mobile-satellite service | |
| 216 (Rev.WRC-2000) | Possible broadening of the secondary allocation to the mobile-satellite service (Earth-to-space) in the band 14-14.5 GHz to cover aeronautical applications | |
| 226 (WRC-2000) | Sharing studies for, and possible additional allocations to, the mobile- satellite service (space-to-Earth) in the 1-3 GHz range, including consideration of the band 1 518-1 525 MHz | |
| 227 (WRC-2000) | Sharing studies for, and possible additional allocations to, the mobile- satellite service (Earth-to-space) in the 1-3 GHz range, including consideration of the band 1683-1690 MHz | |
| 300 (Rev.WRC-2000) | Use and notification of the paired frequencies reserved for narrow- band direct-printing telegraphy and data transmission systems in the HF bands allocated on an exclusive basis to the maritime mobile service | |
| 310 (Rev.WRC-97) | Frequency provisions for development and future implementation of ship movement telemetry, telecommand and data exchange systems | |
| 312 (Rev.WRC-97) | Calling procedures for HF A1A and A1B Morse telegraphy | |
| 341 (WRC-97) | UHF frequencies used in the maritime mobile service for on-board communication | |
| 346 (WRC-97) | Protection of distress and safety communications on the frequencies 12 290 kHz and 16 420 kHz from harmful interference caused by these frequencies if also used for non-safety calling | |

| | RESOLUTIONS (continued) | | |
|----------------|--|--|--|
| 347 (WRC-97) | Use of digital telecommunication technologies in the MF and HF bands by the maritime mobile service | | |
| 348 (WRC-97) | Studies required to provide priority to distress communications originated by shore-based search and rescue authorities | | |
| 350 (WRC-2000) | Study on interference caused to the distress and safety frequencies 12 290 kHz and 16 420 kHz by routine calling | | |
| 532 (WRC-97) | Review and possible revision of the 1997 broadcasting-satellite service Plans for Regions 1 and 3 | | |
| 537 (WRC-97) | Survey of HF broadcasting transmitter and receiver statistics as called for in Resolution 517 (Rev.WRC-97) | | |
| 540 (WRC-2000) | Application and study of the regulatory procedures and associated sharing criteria contained in Appendices 30 and 30A and in the associated provisions of Articles 9 and 11 | | |
| 541 (WRC-2000) | Implementation of WRC-2000 broadcasting-satellite service Plans and associated broadcasting-satellite service feeder-link Plans of Appendices 30 and 30A | | |
| 542 (WRC-2000) | Appendices 30 and 30A Regions 1 and 3 Plans and associated Lists of additional uses | | |
| 602 (Mob-87) | Data transmission from maritime radiobeacons for differential radionavigation systems | | |
| 603 (WRC-2000) | Studies on compatibility between stations of the radionavigation- satellite service (Earth-to-space) operating in the frequency band 5 000-5 010 MHz and the international standard system (microwave landing system) operating in the band 5 030-5 150 MHz | | |
| 604 (WRC-2000) | Studies on compatibility between the radionavigation-satellite service (space-to-Earth) operating in the frequency band 5010-5030 MHz and the radio astronomy service operating in the band 4990-5000 MHz | | |
| 605 (WRC-2000) | Use of the frequency band 1 164-1 215 MHz by systems of the radionavigation-satellite service (space-to-Earth) | | |
| 606 (WRC-2000) | Use of the frequency band 1215-1300 MHz by systems of the radionavigation-satellite service (space-to-Earth) | | |

| | RESOLUTIONS (end) | | |
|--------------------|--|--|--|
| 607 (WRC-2000) | Studies on compatibility between stations of the radionavigation- satellite service (Earth-to-space) and the radiolocation service operating in the frequency band 1 300-1 350 MHz | | |
| 645 (WRC-2000) | Global harmonization of spectrum for public protection and disaster relief | | |
| 706 (Rev.WRC-2000) | Operation of the fixed service in the band 90-110 kHz | | |
| 715 (Rev.WRC-97) | Studies concerning sharing between the radionavigation-satellite service and the mobile-satellite service in the bands 149.9- 150.05 MHz and 399.9-400.05 MHz | | |
| 723 (Rev.WRC-2000) | Consideration by a future competent world radiocommunication conference of issues dealing with allocations to science services | | |
| 724 (WRC-97) | Use of the frequency band 5250-5350 MHz by spaceborne active sensors | | |
| 725 (WRC-97) | Use of the frequency band 5350-5460 MHz by spaceborne active sensors | | |
| 727 (Rev.WRC-2000) | Use of the frequency band 420-470 MHz by the Earth exploration- satellite service (active) | | |
| 730 (WRC-2000) | Use of the frequency band 35.5-35.6 GHz by spaceborne precipitation radars | | |
| 733 (WRC-2000) | Review of sharing conditions between services in the band 13.75- 14 GHz | | |
| 735 (WRC-2000) | Sharing procedures and criteria between receiving earth stations in the broadcasting-satellite service and transmitting earth stations or terrestrial stations in frequency bands allocated to the broadcasting- satellite service and the fixed-satellite service (Earth-to-space) or to terrestrial services | | |
| 736 (WRC-2000) | Consideration by a future competent world radiocommunication conference of issues dealing with allocations to the mobile, fixed, radiolocation, Earth exploration-satellite (active), and space research (active) services in the frequency range 5 150-5 725 MHz | | |
| 737 (WRC-2000) | Review of spectrum and regulatory requirements to facilitate worldwide harmonization of emerging terrestrial wireless interactive multimedia applications | | |
| 800 (WRC-2000) | Agenda for the 2003 World Radiocommunication Conference | | |
| 801 (WRC-2000) | Preliminary agenda for the 2005/2006 World Radiocommunication Conference | | |

| | RECOMMENDATIONS | |
|-------------------|--|--|
| 35 (WRC-95) | Procedures for modification of a frequency allotment or assignment plan | |
| 64 | Relating to protection ratios and minimum field strengths required | |
| 66 (Rev.WRC-2000) | Studies of the maximum permitted levels of unwanted emissions | |
| 319 (Mob-87) | The need for technical improvements to minimize the risk of adjacent channel harmful interference between assignments used for narrow- band direct-printing telegraphy and data transmission systems in accordance with Appendix 17 and Resolution 300 (Rev.Mob-87) | |
| 402 | Relating to cooperation in the efficient use of worldwide frequencies in the aeronautical mobile (R) service | |
| 515 (Rev.WRC-97) | Introduction of high-frequency broadcasting transmitters and receivers capable of operation with spectrum-efficient modulation techniques | |
| 519 (WARC-92) | Introduction of single-sideband (SSB) emissions and possible advancement of the date for cessation of the use of double-sideband (DSB) emissions in the HF bands allocated to the broadcasting service | |
| 521 (WRC-95) | Technical parameters for use in the revision of Appendices 30 and 30A in response to Resolution 524 (WARC-92) | |
| 700 | Relating to the utilization and sharing of frequency bands allocated to space radiocommunications | |
| 701 | Relating to the use of the frequency band 1 330-1 400 MHz by the radio astronomy service | |
| 702 | Relating to the use of the frequency bands 1400-1727 MHz, 101-120 GHz and 197-220 GHz for search for intentional emissions of extraterrestrial origin | |
| 709 | Relating to sharing frequency bands between the aeronautical mobile service and the inter-satellite service | |
| 710 | Relating to the use of airborne radars in the frequency bands shared between the inter-satellite service and the radiolocation service | |
| 715 (Orb-88) | Multi-band and/or multiservice satellite networks using the geostationary-satellite orbit | |
| 718 (WARC-92) | Alignment of allocations in the 7 MHz band allocated to the amateur service | |
| 719 (WARC-92) | Multiservice satellite networks using the geostationary-satellite orbit | |

RESOLUTION 2 (Rev.WRC-03)

Equitable use, by all countries, with equal rights, of the geostationary-satellite and other satellite orbits and of frequency bands for space radiocommunication services

The World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003),

considering

that all countries have equal rights in the use of both the radio frequencies allocated to various space radiocommunication services and the geostationary-satellite orbit and other satellite orbits for these services,

taking into account

that the radio frequency spectrum and the geostationary-satellite orbit and other satellite orbits are limited natural resources and should be most effectively and economically used,

resolves

1 that the registration with the Radiocommunication Bureau of frequency assignments for space radiocommunication services and their use do not provide any permanent priority for any individual country or groups of countries and do not create an obstacle to the establishment of space systems by other countries;

2 that, accordingly, a country or a group of countries having registered with the Bureau frequencies for their space radiocommunication services need to take all practicable measures to facilitate the use of new space systems by other countries or groups of countries, in particular those of developing countries and least developed countries, so desiring;

3 that *resolves* 1 and 2 of this Resolution shall be taken into account by the administrations and the Bureau.

RESOLUTION 4 (Rev.WRC-03)

Period of validity of frequency assignments to space stations using the geostationary-satellite and other satellite orbits¹

The World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003),

considering

a) that rational and efficient use must be made of the frequency spectrum and the geostationary-satellite orbit and that account should be taken of the provisions of Resolution **2** (**Rev.WRC-03**) relating to the use by all countries, with equal rights and equitable access to the frequency bands and the associated satellite orbits for space radiocommunication services;

b) that limiting the period of validity of frequency assignments to space stations using the geostationary-satellite orbit and other satellite orbits is a concept which would promote the attainment of these objectives;

c) that amortizing the considerable investments made in connection with the development of space radiocommunications is a heavy burden for all administrations and that these investments should be spread over a predetermined and realistic period;

d) that every effort should be made to encourage administrations in a position to do so to develop techniques designed to improve the utilization of the frequency spectrum and the geostationary-satellite orbit and other satellite orbits with a view to increasing the total radiocommunication facilities available to the world community;

e) that an experimental procedure to gain experience from application of the new concept of notifying the period of validity of an assignment in space radiocommunication was introduced by WARC-79 and has been used by the Radiocommunication Bureau and administrations since then but that it is not possible to impose on administrations a statutory period identical in all cases;

f) that administrations should be left to propose the period of validity themselves in the light of their operational service requirements and of the common interest, however the period of validity shall take into account, *inter alia*, the operational lifetime of the satellite systems, including space and earth stations, and the type of service provided,

¹ This Resolution does not apply to the frequency bands covered by the Allotment Plan contained in Appendix **30B**.

resolves

1 that, until this Resolution is reviewed by the next competent world radiocommunication conference, frequency assignments to space radiocommunication stations located on the geostationary-satellite and other satellite orbits, noting *considering e*) and *f*), shall not be considered perpetual and shall be dealt with as follows:

1.1 a frequency assignment to a space station² shall be deemed definitively discontinued after the expiry of the period of operation shown on the assignment notice, reckoned from the date on which the assignment was brought into service. This period shall be limited to that for which the satellite network was designed. The Bureau shall then invite the notifying administration to take steps to cancel the assignment. If the Bureau receives no reply within three months following the expiry of the period of operation, it shall insert a symbol in the Remarks Column of the Master Register to indicate that the assignment is not in conformity with this Resolution;

1.2 if a notifying administration which wishes to extend the period of operation originally shown on the assignment notice of a frequency assignment of an existing space station² informs the Bureau accordingly more than three years before the expiry of the period in question and if all other basic characteristics of that assignment remain unchanged, the Bureau shall amend as requested the period of operation originally recorded in the Master Register and publish that information in a special section of the Bureau's International Frequency Information Circular (BR IFIC);

1.3 if, at least three years before the expiry of the period of operation recorded in the Master Register of a frequency assignment to an existing space station², an administration initiates the coordination procedure specified in No. **9.7** to bring into service a new space station using the same assigned frequency and the same orbital position but with different technical characteristics, and if the Bureau finds after the notification that the new assignment conforms with the provisions of No. **11.31** and does not increase, in relation to the preceding assignment, the probability of interference to the detriment of a frequency assignment recorded in the Master Register or involved in the coordination procedure, the new assignment shall be given a favourable finding and shall be entered in the Master Register;

1.4 a notifying administration which wishes to modify a basic characteristic of a frequency assignment of a space station² recorded in the Master Register shall initiate, in any case other than those covered by *resolves* 1.2 and 1.3, the appropriate modification procedure in accordance with the provisions of Nos. **11.43A** to **11.46**;

2 that, for the application of the provisions of *resolves* 1.1 above, the information concerning the period of validity of frequency assignments to space stations shall be notified in addition to that contained in Appendix **4**;

3 that the application of this Resolution shall not prejudge in any way the decisions of future radiocommunication conferences,

² The expression "space station" may apply to more than one satellite provided that only one satellite is in operation at any particular moment and that the stations installed on board successive satellites have identical basic characteristics.

invites ITU-R

to undertake studies with respect to the implementation of this Resolution,

invites the next competent world radiocommunication conference

to take cognizance of the results of ITU-R studies undertaken as a result of this Resolution and take action, as appropriate,

instructs the Secretary-General

to bring this Resolution to the attention of the Council.

RESOLUTION 5 (Rev.WRC-03)

Technical cooperation with the developing countries in the study of propagation in tropical and similar areas

The World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003),

having noted

that the assistance provided for the developing countries by the Union in the field of telecommunications in cooperation with other United Nations specialized agencies, such as the United Nations Development Programme (UNDP), augurs well for the future,

aware

a) of the fact that the developing countries, particularly those in tropical and similar areas, (including the area referred to as zone C in the Final Acts of the Regional Administrative Conference for the Planning of VHF/UHF Television Broadcasting in the African Broadcasting Area and Neighbouring Countries (Geneva, 1989), the Red Sea, East Mediterranean, etc.), require adequate knowledge of radiowave propagation in their territories in order to make rational and economical use of the radio-frequency spectrum;

b) of the importance of propagation in radiocommunications;

c) of the importance of the work of ITU-T and ITU-R Study Groups for the development of telecommunications in general and radiocommunications in particular,

considering

a) the need for the developing countries themselves to study telecommunications in general and propagation in particular in their territories, this being the best means of enabling them to acquire telecommunication techniques and to plan their systems effectively and in conformity with the special conditions in the tropical areas;

b) the scarcity of resources available in these countries,

resolves to instruct the Secretary-General

1 to offer the assistance of the Union to developing countries in the tropical areas which endeavour to carry out national propagation studies in order to improve and develop their radiocommunications;

2 to assist these countries, if necessary with the collaboration of international and regional organizations such as the Asia-Pacific Broadcasting Union (ABU), Arab States Broadcasting Union (ASBU), African Telecommunication Union (ATU) and the Union of National Radio and Television Organizations of Africa (URTNA) which may be concerned, in carrying out national propagation measurement programmes, including collecting appropriate meteorological data, on the basis of ITU-R Recommendations and Questions in order to improve the use of the radio-frequency spectrum;

3 to arrange funds and resources for this purpose from the UNDP or other sources in order to enable the Union to provide the countries concerned with adequate and effective technical assistance for the purpose of this Resolution,

resolves to instruct the Director of the Radiocommunication Bureau

to include this activity in the operational plan, within existing budgetary resources of the Sector,

invites administrations

to submit the results of these propagation measurements to ITU-R for consideration in its studies,

invites the Council

to follow the progress made in carrying out programmes of propagation measurements and the results achieved, and to take any action that it considers necessary.

RESOLUTION 7 (Rev.WRC-03)

Development of national radio frequency management

The World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003),

considering

a) that the Radio Regulations contain, *inter alia*, procedures for the coordination, notification and registration of frequencies which specify the rights and obligations of Member States;

b) that the application of the above-mentioned procedures necessitates an appropriate radio frequency management unit in each Member State;

c) that the existence of such a unit helps Member States to safeguard their rights and to discharge their obligations under the Radio Regulations;

d) that the application of the Radio Regulations through the agency of such units is in the interest of the international community as a whole,

noting

that such a unit requires an adequate number of suitably qualified staff,

noting further

that the administrations of many developing countries need to create or to strengthen such a unit, appropriate to their administrative structure, with responsibility for the application of the Radio Regulations at the national and international levels,

recommends

that the administrations of such countries take appropriate action,

resolves

1 that meetings shall be organized between representatives of the Radiocommunication Bureau and the personnel involved in frequency management matters from administrations of developing and developed countries;

2 that such meetings shall be aimed at designing standard structures suitable for administrations of developing countries and include discussions concerning the establishment and operation of radio frequency management units;

3 that such meetings should also identify the particular needs of developing countries in establishing such units, and the means required to meet those needs,

recommends

that developing countries when planning the use of funds, particularly those received from international sources, make provision for participation in these meetings as well as for the introduction and development of such units,

invites the Council

to take the necessary measures for the organization of such meetings,

instructs the Secretary-General

1 to circulate this Resolution to all Member States, drawing their attention to its importance;

2 to circulate the results of such meetings, particularly to the developing countries;

3 to inform the developing countries of the types of assistance the ITU can provide in setting up the desired structure,

instructs the Director of the Radiocommunication Bureau

to include this activity in the Operational Plan, within existing budgetary resources of the Sector,

draws the attention of the next Plenipotentiary Conference to

- 1 the particular problems identified in this Resolution;
- 2 the need for prompt and effective action to resolve them;

3 the need to take all practicable measures to ensure that resources are made available for this purpose.

RESOLUTION 15 (Rev.WRC-03)

International cooperation and technical assistance in the field of space radiocommunications

The World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003),

considering

a) that a large number of Member States are not in a position to take immediate advantage of satellite techniques for the development of their telecommunication services;

b) that such Member States would benefit immensely through the technical assistance programmes sponsored by the Union,

recognizing

a) that international satellite-communication systems are subject to the Convention and Regulations of the Union and that they permit participation of all countries including, in particular, the developing countries, in space communication systems;

b) that a number of problems need to be solved in order that the developing countries may participate effectively in international space communication systems and integrate these systems with their national telecommunication networks,

resolves to instruct the Director of the Radiocommunication Bureau

to include this activity in the Operational Plan, within existing budgetary resources of the Sector,

invites the Council

1 to draw the attention of administrations to the means by which they may avail themselves of technical assistance in connection with the introduction of space communications;

2 to consider the most effective manner in which requests for such assistance by Member States may be formulated and presented in order to secure maximum financial and other assistance, including the allocation of the funds in the regular budget of ITU for implementing this Resolution, preferably within the budget of the Sector identified for the implementation of this Resolution;

3 to consider how best to make use of funds made available by the United Nations in accordance with its Resolution 1721 to give technical and other assistance to administrations of Member States to make effective use of space communications;

4 to consider in what way the work of the ITU-T, ITU-R and ITU-D and other organs of the Union may be utilized in the most effective way for the information and assistance of administrations of Member States in the development of space radiocommunications.

RESOLUTION 20 (Rev.WRC-03)

Technical cooperation with developing countries in the field of aeronautical telecommunications

The World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003),

considering

a) that the allocations of the frequency bands and the provisions concerning various aeronautical mobile services have been revised several times by recent conferences;

b) that some of these frequency bands and provisions support the worldwide implementation of new aeronautical telecommunication systems;

c) that on the other hand, some of these frequency bands and provisions support existing aeronautical systems that may be affected by the revision;

d) that, as a consequence of *a*), *b*) and *c*), technological modernization will be necessary in order to maintain and improve the safety and regularity of international civil aviation, the accuracy and security of aeronautical radionavigation and the efficiency of distress and rescue systems;

e) that the developing countries may require assistance in improving the training of technical staff, as well as in introducing new systems, in coping with technological modernization and enhancing the operation of aeronautical telecommunications,

recognizing

a) the value of the assistance which, in conjunction with other international organizations, the Union has provided and may continue to provide to developing countries in the field of telecommunications;

b) that the original version of Resolution **20** (**Mob-87**) established a good basis for the technical cooperation with developing countries in the field of aeronautical telecommunications that has been undertaken by the International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO),

resolves to instruct the Secretary-General

1 to encourage ICAO to continue its assistance to developing countries which are endeavouring to improve their aeronautical telecommunications, in particular by providing them with technical advice for the planning, establishment, operation and maintenance of equipment, as well as help with the training of staff, essentially in matters relating to the new technologies;

2 for this purpose, to seek the continued collaboration of ICAO, the United Nations Conference for Trade and Development (UNCTAD) and other specialized agencies of the United Nations, as appropriate;

3 to continue to give special attention to seeking the aid of the United Nations Development Programme (UNDP) and other sources of financial support, to enable the Union to render sufficient and effective technical assistance in the field of aeronautical telecommunications,

invites the developing countries

so far as possible, to give a high level of priority to and include in their national programmes of requests for technical assistance projects relating to aeronautical telecommunications and to support multinational projects in that field.

RESOLUTION 21 (Rev.WRC-03)

Implementation of changes in frequency allocations between 5900 kHz and 19020 kHz

The World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003),

considering

a) that parts of the frequency bands between 5900 kHz and 19020 kHz which were previously allocated on an exclusive or shared basis to the fixed and mobile services have been reallocated to the broadcasting service;

b) that some existing fixed and mobile assignments may need to be removed progressively from those reallocated bands to make way for the broadcasting service;

c) that the assignments to be removed, termed "displaced assignments", must be reaccommodated in other appropriate frequency bands;

d) that developing countries may require special assistance from the Radiocommunication Bureau in replacing their displaced assignments with appropriate protection;

e) that procedures already exist in Article 11 that may be used to this effect,

recognizing

the difficulties that administrations and the Bureau might encounter during the period of transition from the previous allocations to those made by WARC-92,

resolves

1 that the transition period shall be from 1 April 1992 to 1 April 2007;

2 that administrations should no longer notify any frequency assignments to stations of the fixed and mobile services in the reallocated bands. Assignments notified in these bands after 1 April 1992 shall bear a symbol to indicate that the finding will be examined by the Bureau as of 1 April 2007 in accordance with the provisions of No. **11.31**;

3 that the Bureau shall undertake a continuing action to review the Master International Frequency Register with the help of administrations. In this respect, the Bureau shall periodically consult the administrations concerning the frequency assignments to links for which another satisfactory means of telecommunication exists, with a view to either downgrading assignments of class of operation A or deleting such assignments;

4 that administrations shall, for assignments of class of operation A in the reallocated bands, either notify the replacement frequencies to the Bureau or request the Bureau's assistance in selecting the replacement frequencies in application of Articles 7 and 13;

5 that the Bureau shall develop in due time a draft procedure to be used for the replacement of remaining frequency assignments and shall consult administrations in accordance with Article **14**;

6 that the Bureau should modify the draft procedures taking into account, to the extent practicable, comments received from administrations, and propose replacement assignments at the latest three years before 1 April 2007. In so doing, the Bureau shall request administrations to take appropriate action to bring their assignments in conformity with the Table of Frequency Allocations by the due date;

7 that a replacement frequency assignment whose basic characteristics, with the exception of the assigned frequency, have not been modified in the above process, shall keep its original date. However, if these basic characteristics of a replacement frequency assignment are different from those of the displaced assignment, the replacement assignment shall be treated in accordance with the relevant provisions of Section II of Article **11**,

invites administrations

when seeking reaccommodation of the displaced assignments for their fixed and mobile services in the bands between 5900 kHz and 19020 kHz which have been reallocated to the broadcasting service, to make every effort to find replacement assignments in the bands allocated to the fixed and mobile services concerned.

RESOLUTION 25 (Rev.WRC-03)

Operation of global satellite systems for personal communications

The World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003),

considering

a) that, in accordance with No. 6 of its Constitution (Geneva, 1992), one of the purposes of the Union is "to promote the extension of the benefits of the new telecommunication technologies to all the world's inhabitants";

b) that, to this end, the Union is fostering the use of new technologies in telecommunications and is studying questions relating to this use in the Radiocommunication and the Telecommunication Standardization Sectors;

c) that the Telecommunication Development Sector is studying questions aimed at identifying the benefits that developing countries may derive from using new technologies;

d) that, among these new technologies, some constellations of non-geostationary satellites may provide global coverage and facilitate low-cost communications;

e) that the theme "global mobile personal communications by satellite" (GMPCS) was discussed at the first World Telecommunication Policy Forum established by Resolution 2 (Kyoto, 1994) of the Plenipotentiary Conference;

f) that Council Resolution 1116 instructs the Secretary-General to act as depositary of the GMPCS Memorandum of Understanding (MoU) and its Arrangements, to act as the registry for type-approval procedures and terminal types and to authorize the use of the abbreviation "ITU" as part of the GMPCS-MoU mark;

g) Recommendations ITU-R M.1343 and ITU-R M.1480 on the essential technical requirements of GMPCS earth stations that should be used by administrations as a common technical basis facilitating the global circulation and use of such GMPCS terminals in conformity with these Recommendations,

recognizing

a) that the spectrum available to global satellite systems for personal communications is limited;

b) that successful coordination does not in any way imply licensing authorization to provide a service within the territory of a Member State,

considering further

that other countries intending to use these systems should be guaranteed that they will be operated in accordance with the Constitution, the Convention and the Administrative Regulations,

noting

a) that the Constitution recognizes the sovereign right of each State to regulate its telecommunications;

b) that the International Telecommunication Regulations "recognize the right of any Member, subject to national law and should it decide to do so, to require that administrations and private operating agencies, which operate in its territory and provide an international telecommunication service to the public, be authorized by that Member", and specifies that "within the framework of the present Regulations, the provision and operation of international telecommunication services in each relation is pursuant to mutual agreement between administrations";

c) that Article 18 specifies the authorities for licensing the operation of stations within any given territory;

d) the right of each Member State to decide on its participation in these systems, and the obligations for entities and organizations providing international or national telecommunication services by means of these systems to comply with the legal, financial and regulatory requirements of the administrations in whose territory these services are authorized,

resolves

that administrations licensing global satellite systems and stations intended to provide public personal communications by means of fixed, mobile or transportable terminals shall ensure, when licensing these systems and stations, that they can be operated only from the territory or territories of administrations having authorized such service and stations in compliance with Articles **17** and **18**, in particular No. **18.1**,

requests administrations

1 to continue cooperating with worldwide satellite system operators in improving the established arrangements for the provision of service within their territories and with the Secretary-General in implementing the GMPCS-MoU and its Arrangements;

2 to participate actively in ITU-R studies in developing and improving relevant Recommendations,

reminds operators of such systems

to take account, when contracting agreements on the operation of their systems from the territory of a country, of any potential loss of revenue that the country may suffer from a possible reduction of its international traffic existing at the time such agreements are executed.

RESOLUTION 27 (Rev.WRC-03)

Use of incorporation by reference in the Radio Regulations

The World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003),

considering

a) that the principles of incorporation by reference were adopted by WRC-95, revised by WRC-97 and further refined by WRC-2000 (see Annexes 1 and 2 to this Resolution);

b) that there are provisions in the Radio Regulations containing references which fail to distinguish adequately whether the status of the referenced text is mandatory or non-mandatory,

noting

that references to Resolutions or Recommendations of a world radiocommunication conference (WRC) require no special procedures, and are acceptable for consideration, since such texts will have been agreed by a WRC,

resolves

1 that for the purposes of the Radio Regulations, the term "incorporation by reference" shall only apply to those references intended to be mandatory;

2 that when considering the introduction of new cases of incorporation by reference, such incorporation shall be kept to a minimum and made by applying the following criteria:

- only texts which are relevant to a specific WRC agenda item may be considered;

- the correct method of reference shall be determined on the basis of the principles set out in Annex 1 to this Resolution;
- the guidance contained in Annex 2 to this Resolution shall be applied in order to ensure that the correct method of reference for the intended purpose is employed;

3 that the procedure described in Annex 3 to this Resolution shall be applied for approving the incorporation by reference of ITU-R Recommendations or parts thereof;

4 that existing references to ITU-R Recommendations shall be reviewed to clarify whether the reference is mandatory or non-mandatory in accordance with Annex 2 to this Resolution;

5 that ITU-R Recommendations, or parts thereof, incorporated by reference at the conclusion of each WRC shall be collated and published in a volume of the Radio Regulations (see Annex 3 to this Resolution),

instructs the Director of the Radiocommunication Bureau

1 to bring this Resolution to the attention of the Radiocommunication Assembly and the ITU-R Study Groups;

2 to identify the provisions and footnotes of the Radio Regulations containing references to ITU-R Recommendations and make suggestions on any further action to the second session of the Conference Preparatory Meeting (CPM) for inclusion in its Report to the next WRC,

invites administrations

to submit proposals to future conferences, taking into account the CPM Report, in order to clarify the status of references, where ambiguities remain regarding the mandatory or nonmandatory status of the references in question, with a view to amending those references:

- i) that appear to be of a mandatory nature, identifying such references as being incorporated by reference by using clear linking language in accordance with Annex 2;
- ii) that are of a non-mandatory character, so as to refer to "the most recent version" of the Recommendations.

ANNEX 1 TO RESOLUTION 27 (Rev.WRC-03)

Principles of incorporation by reference

1 For the purposes of the Radio Regulations, the term "incorporation by reference" shall apply only to those references intended to be mandatory.

2 Where the relevant texts are brief, the referenced material should be placed in the body of the Radio Regulations rather than using incorporation by reference.

3 Texts which are of a non-mandatory nature or which refer to other texts of a non-mandatory nature shall not be considered for incorporation by reference.

4 If, on a case-by-case basis, it is decided to incorporate material by reference on a mandatory basis, then the following provisions shall apply:

4.1 the text incorporated by reference shall have the same treaty status as the Radio Regulations themselves;

4.2 the reference must be explicit, specifying the specific part of the text (if appropriate) and the version or issue number;

4.3 the text incorporated by reference must be submitted for adoption by a competent WRC in accordance with *resolves* 3;

4.4 all texts incorporated by reference shall be published following a WRC, in accordance with *resolves* 4.

5 If, between WRCs, a text incorporated by reference (e.g. an ITU-R Recommendation) is updated, the reference in the Radio Regulations shall continue to apply to the earlier version incorporated by reference until such time as a competent WRC agrees to incorporate the new version. The mechanism for considering such a step is given in Resolution **28** (Rev.WRC-2000).

ANNEX 2 TO RESOLUTION 27 (Rev.WRC-03)

Application of incorporation by reference

When introducing new cases of incorporation by reference in the provisions of the Radio Regulations or reviewing existing cases of incorporation by reference, administrations and ITU-R should address the following factors in order to ensure that the correct method of reference is employed for the intended purpose:

1 whether each reference is mandatory, i.e. incorporated by reference, or non-mandatory;

2 mandatory references shall use clear linking language, i.e. "shall";

3 mandatory references shall be explicitly and specifically identified, e.g. "Recommendation ITU-R M.541-8";

4 if the intended reference material is, as a whole, unsuitable as treaty-status text, the reference shall be limited to just those portions of the material in question which are of a suitable nature, e.g. "Annex A to Recommendation ITU-R Z.123-4";

5 non-mandatory references, or ambiguous references that are determined to be of a non-mandatory character, i.e. not incorporated by reference, shall use appropriate linking language, e.g. "should" or "may", and would normally be made using the terminology "the most recent version" of a Recommendation.

ANNEX 3 TO RESOLUTION 27 (Rev.WRC-03)

Procedures applicable by WRC for approving the incorporation by reference of ITU-R Recommendations or parts thereof

The referenced texts shall be made available to delegations in sufficient time for all administrations to consult them in the ITU languages. A single copy of the texts shall be made available to each administration as a conference document.

During the course of each WRC, a list of the texts incorporated by reference shall be developed and maintained by the committees. This list shall be published as a conference document in line with developments during the conference.

Following the end of each WRC, the Bureau and General Secretariat will update the volume of the Radio Regulations which serves as the repository of texts incorporated by reference in line with developments at the conference as recorded in the above-mentioned document.

RESOLUTION 28 (Rev.WRC-03)

Revision of references to the text of ITU-R Recommendations incorporated by reference in the Radio Regulations

The World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003),

considering

a) that the Voluntary Group of Experts on simplification of the Radio Regulations (VGE) proposed the transfer of certain texts of the Radio Regulations to other documents, especially to ITU-R Recommendations, using the incorporation by reference procedure;

b) that, in some cases, the provisions of the Radio Regulations imply an obligation on Member States to conform to the criteria or specifications incorporated by reference;

c) that references to incorporated texts shall be explicit and shall refer to a precisely identified provision (see Resolution **27 (Rev.WRC-2000)**);

d) that all texts of ITU-R Recommendations incorporated by reference are published in a volume of the Radio Regulations;

e) that, taking into account the rapid evolution of technology, ITU-R may revise the ITU-R Recommendations containing text incorporated by reference at short intervals;

f) that, following revision of an ITU-R Recommendation containing text incorporated by reference, the reference in the Radio Regulations shall continue to apply to the earlier version until such time as a competent WRC agrees to incorporate the new version;

g) that it would be desirable that texts incorporated by reference reflect the most recent technical developments,

noting

that administrations need sufficient time to examine the potential consequences of changes to ITU-R Recommendations containing text incorporated by reference and would therefore benefit greatly from being advised, as early as possible, of which ITU-R Recommendations have been revised and approved during the elapsed study period or at the Radiocommunication Assembly preceding the WRC,

resolves

1 that each radiocommunication assembly shall communicate to the following WRC a list of the ITU-R Recommendations containing text incorporated by reference in the Radio Regulations which have been revised and approved during the elapsed study period;

2 that, on this basis, WRC should examine those revised ITU-R Recommendations, and decide whether or not to update the corresponding references in the Radio Regulations;

3 that, if the WRC decides not to update the corresponding references, the currently referenced version shall be maintained in the Radio Regulations;

4 that WRCs shall place the examination of ITU-R Recommendations in conformity with *resolves* 1 and *resolves* 2 of this Resolution on the agenda of future WRCs,

instructs the Director of the Radiocommunication Bureau

to provide the CPM immediately preceding each WRC with a list, for inclusion in the CPM Report, of those ITU-R Recommendations containing texts incorporated by reference that have been revised or approved since the previous WRC, or that may be revised in time for the following WRC,

urges administrations

1 to participate actively in the work of the radiocommunication study groups and the radiocommunication assembly on revision of those Recommendations to which mandatory references are made in the Radio Regulations;

2 to examine any indicated revisions of ITU-R Recommendations containing text incorporated by reference and to prepare proposals on possible updating of relevant references in the Radio Regulations.

RESOLUTION 33 (Rev.WRC-03)

Bringing into use of space stations in the broadcasting-satellite service, prior to the entry into force of agreements and associated plans for the broadcasting-satellite service

The World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003),

considering

a) that while Resolution **507 (Rev.WRC-03)** envisages plans for the broadcastingsatellite service (BSS), some administrations might nevertheless feel the need to bring stations in that service into use prior to such plans being established;

b) that administrations should, as far as possible, avoid proliferation of space stations in the BSS before such plans have been established;

c) that a space station in the BSS may cause harmful interference to terrestrial stations operating in the same frequency band, even if the latter are outside the service area of the space station;

d) that the procedures specified in Articles **9** to **14** and Appendix **5** contain provisions for coordination between stations in the BSS and terrestrial stations, between space systems in that service and space systems of other administrations;

e) that there are many existing and planned stations in the BSS not subject to agreements and associated plans that have submitted advance publication information (API) or a request for coordination under the existing Resolution **33** procedures and that some administrations are currently in coordination under these procedures,

resolves

1 that, except in those cases where agreements and associated plans for the BSS have been established and have entered into force, for satellite networks for which the API has been received following 1 January 1999, only the procedures of Articles **9** to **14*** shall be applied for the coordination and notification of stations in the BSS and coordination and notification of other services in respect of that service;

^{*} Or procedures contained in other provisions of these Regulations when they replace any of those in Articles 9 to 14 for the broadcasting-satellite service.

2 that, except in those cases where agreements and associated plans for the BSS have been established and have entered into force, for satellite networks for which the API has been received by the Radiocommunication Bureau prior to 1 January 1999, only the procedure in Sections A to C in this Resolution shall be applied;

3 that a future conference review the requirement for the procedures in this Resolution.

Section A – Coordination procedure between space stations in the broadcasting-satellite service and terrestrial stations

2.1 Before an administration notifies to the Bureau or brings into use any frequency assignment to a space station in the broadcasting-satellite service in a frequency band where this frequency band is allocated, with equal rights, to the broadcasting-satellite service and to a terrestrial radiocommunication service, either in the same Region or sub-Region or in different Regions or sub-Regions, it shall coordinate the use of this assignment with any other administration whose terrestrial radiocommunication services may be affected. For this purpose, it shall inform the Bureau of all the technical characteristics of the station, as listed in the relevant sections of Appendix 4, which are necessary to assess the risk of interference to a terrestrial radiocommunication service¹.

2.2 The Bureau shall publish this information in a Special Section of its International Frequency Information Circular (BR IFIC) and shall also, when the BR IFIC contains such information, so advise all administrations by circular telegram.

2.3 Any administration which considers that its terrestrial radiocommunication services may be affected shall forward its comments to the administration seeking coordination and, in any case, to the Bureau. These comments must be forwarded within four months from the date of the relevant BR IFIC. It shall be deemed that any administration which has not forwarded comments within that period considers that its terrestrial radiocommunication services are unlikely to be affected.

2.4 Any administration which has forwarded comments on the projected station shall either give its agreement, with a copy to the Bureau, or, if this is not possible, send to the administration seeking coordination all the data on which its comments are based as well as any suggestions it may be able to offer with a view to a satisfactory solution of the problem.

2.5 The administration which plans to bring into use a space station in the broadcastingsatellite service as well as any other administration which believes that its terrestrial radiocommunication services are likely to be affected by the station in question may request the assistance of the Bureau at any time during the coordination procedure.

¹ The calculation methods and the interference criteria to be employed in evaluating the interference should be based upon relevant ITU-R Recommendations agreed by the administrations concerned either as a result of Resolution **703 (Rev.WRC-03)** or otherwise. In the event of disagreement on an ITU-R Recommendation or in the absence of such Recommendations, the methods and criteria shall be agreed between the administrations concerned. Such agreements shall be concluded without prejudice to other administrations.

2.6 In the event of continuing disagreement between an administration seeking to effect coordination and one with which coordination has been sought, the administration seeking coordination shall, except in the cases where the assistance of the Bureau has been requested, defer the submission of its notice concerning the proposed assignment by six months from the date of publication of the information according to \S 2.2.

Section B – Coordination procedure between space stations in the broadcasting-satellite service and space systems of other administrations

3 An administration intending to bring into use a space station in the broadcastingsatellite service shall, for the purpose of coordination with space systems of other administrations, apply the following provisions of Article **11** of the Radio Regulations (edition of 1990, revised in 1994):

3.1 Nos. **1041** to **1058** inclusive.

3.2.1 Nos. **1060** to **1065**².

3.2.2 No coordination under § 3.2.1 is required when an administration proposes to change the characteristics of an existing assignment in such a way as not to increase the probability of harmful interference to stations in the space radiocommunication service of other administrations.

3.2.3 Nos. **1074** to **1105** inclusive.

Section C – Notification, examination and recording in the Master Register of assignments to space stations in the broadcasting-satellite service dealt with under this resolution

4.1 Any frequency assignment³ to a space station in the broadcasting-satellite service shall be notified to the Bureau. The notifying administration shall apply for this purpose the provisions of Nos. **1495** to **1497** of the Radio Regulations (edition of 1990, revised in 1994).

4.2 Notices made under § 4.1 shall initially be treated in accordance with No. **1498** of the Radio Regulations (edition of 1990, revised in 1994).

5.1 The Bureau shall examine each notice with respect to:

5.2 *a)* its conformity with the Convention, the Table of Frequency Allocations and the other provisions of the Radio Regulations, with the exception of those relating to the coordination procedures and to the probability of harmful interference, which are the subject of § 5.3, 5.4, and 5.5;

² See footnote 1.

³ The expression *frequency assignment*, wherever it appears in this Resolution, shall be understood to refer either to a new frequency assignment or to a change in an assignment already recorded in the Master International Frequency Register (hereinafter called the *Master Register*).

5.3 b) its conformity, where applicable, with the provisions of § 2.1 of Section A above, relating to coordination of the use of the frequency assignment with the other administrations concerned;

5.4 c) its conformity, where applicable, with the provisions of § 3.2.1 of Section B above, relating to coordination of the use of the frequency assignment with the other administrations concerned;

5.5 *d)* where appropriate, the probability of harmful interference to the service rendered by a station in a space or terrestrial radiocommunication service for which a frequency assignment has already been recorded in the Master Register in conformity with the provisions of No. **1240** or **1503** of the Radio Regulations (edition of 1990, revised in 1994), or No. **11.31**, as appropriate, if that assignment has not, in fact, caused harmful interference to the service rendered by a station for which an assignment has been previously recorded in the Master Register and which itself is in conformity with No. **1240** or **1503** of the Radio Regulations (edition of 1990, revised in 1994), or No. **11.31**, as appropriate.

6.1 Depending upon the findings of the Bureau subsequent to the examination prescribed in § 5.2, 5.3, 5.4 and 5.5, further action shall be as follows:

6.2 Where the Bureau reaches an unfavourable finding with respect to § 5.2, the notice shall be returned immediately by airmail to the notifying administration with the reasons of the Bureau for this finding together with such suggestions as the Bureau is able to offer with a view to a satisfactory solution of the problem.

6.3 Where the Bureau reaches a favourable finding with respect to 5.2, or where it reaches the same finding after resubmission of the notice, it shall examine the notice with respect to the provisions of § 5.3 and 5.4.

6.4 Where the Bureau finds that the coordination procedures mentioned in § 5.3 and 5.4 have been successfully completed with all administrations whose services may be affected, the assignment shall be recorded in the Master Register. The date of receipt by the Bureau of the notice shall be entered in Column 2d of the Master Register with an entry in the Remarks Column indicating that such recording does not prejudge in any way the decisions to be included in the agreements and associated plans referred to in Resolution **507 (Rev.WRC-03)**.

6.5 Where the Bureau finds that the coordination procedures mentioned in § 5.3 or 5.4 have not, as appropriate, been applied or have been unsuccessfully applied, the notice shall be returned immediately by airmail to the notifying administration with the reason for its return together with such suggestions as the Bureau is able to offer with a view to a satisfactory solution of the problem.

6.6 Where the notifying administration resubmits the notice and states that it has been unsuccessful in endeavouring to effect the coordination, the notice shall be examined by the Bureau with respect to § 5.5.

6.7 Where the notifying administration resubmits the notice and the Bureau finds that the coordination procedures have been successfully completed with all administrations whose services may be affected, the assignment shall be treated as indicated in § 6.4.

6.8 Where the Bureau reaches a favourable finding with respect to § 5.5, the assignment shall be recorded in the Master Register. The appropriate symbol indicating the finding by the Bureau shall indicate that the coordination procedures, as appropriate, referred to in § 2.1 or 3.2.1 were not successfully completed. The date of receipt by the Bureau of the notice shall be entered in Column 2d of the Master Register, with the remark mentioned in § 6.4.

6.9 Where the Bureau reaches an unfavourable finding with respect to § 5.5, the notice shall be returned immediately by airmail to the notifying administration with the reasons for the Bureau's finding together with such suggestions as the Bureau is able to offer with a view to a satisfactory solution of the problem.

6.10 If the administration resubmits the notice unchanged with the insistence that it be reconsidered, but should the Bureau's unfavourable finding under § 5.5 remain unchanged, the assignment shall be recorded in the Master Register. However, this entry shall be made only if the notifying administration informs the Bureau that the assignment has been in use for at least four months without any complaint of harmful interference having been received. The date of receipt by the Bureau of the original notice shall be entered in Column 2d of the Master Register, with the remark mentioned in § 6.4. An appropriate remark shall be placed in Column 13 to indicate that the assignment is not in conformity with the provisions of § 5.3, 5.4 or 5.5, as appropriate. In the event that the administration concerned receives no complaint of harmful interference concerning the operation of the station in question for a period of one year from the commencement of operation, the Bureau shall review its finding.

6.11 If harmful interference is actually caused to the reception of any space station in the broadcasting-satellite service whose frequency assignment has been recorded in the Master Register as a result of a favourable finding with respect to § 5.2, 5.3, 5.4 and 5.5 of this Resolution, as appropriate, by the use of a frequency assignment to a space station which has been subsequently recorded in the Master Register in accordance with the provisions of § 6.10 of this Resolution or of No. **1544** of the Radio Regulations (edition of 1990, revised in 1994), or No. **11.41**, as appropriate, the station using the latter frequency assignment must, upon receipt of advice thereof, immediately eliminate this harmful interference.

6.12 If harmful interference is actually caused to the reception of any space radiocommunication station using an assignment recorded in the Master Register as a result of a favourable finding with respect to Nos. **1503** to **1512** of the Radio Regulations (edition of 1990, revised in 1994), or Nos. **11.31** to **11.34**, as appropriate, by the use of an assignment to a space station in the broadcasting-satellite service which has been subsequently recorded in the Master Register in accordance with the provisions of § 6.10 of this Resolution, the station using the latter assignment must, on receipt of advice thereof, immediately eliminate this harmful interference.

6.13 If harmful interference is actually caused to the reception of any terrestrial station using an assignment recorded in the Master Register as a result of a favourable finding with respect to No. **1240** of the Radio Regulations (edition of 1990, revised in 1994), or No. **11.31**, as appropriate, by the use of an assignment to a space station in the broadcasting-satellite service which has been subsequently recorded in the Master Register in accordance with the provisions of § 6.10 of this Resolution, the station, using the latter assignment must, on receipt of advice thereof, immediately eliminate this harmful interference.

6.14 If harmful interference to the reception of any station whose assignment is in accordance with § 5.2 of this Resolution is actually caused by the use of a frequency assignment which is not in conformity with No. **1240**, **1352** or **1503** of the Radio Regulations (edition of 1990, revised in 1994), or No. **11.31**, as appropriate, the station using the latter frequency assignment must, upon receipt of advice thereof, immediately eliminate this harmful interference.

RESOLUTION 34 (Rev.WRC-03)

Establishment of the broadcasting-satellite service in Region 3 in the 12.5-12.75 GHz frequency band and sharing with space and terrestrial services in Regions 1, 2 and 3

The World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003),

considering

that the World Administrative Conference (Geneva, 1979) has allocated the band 12.5-12.75 GHz to the broadcasting-satellite service for community reception in Region 3,

recognizing

that under Resolution **507** (**Rev.WRC-03**) the Council may wish to empower a future competent radiocommunication conference to establish a plan for the broadcasting-satellite service in the band 12.5-12.75 GHz in Region 3,

resolves

1 that, until such time as a plan may be established for the broadcasting-satellite service in the band 12.5-12.75 GHz in Region 3, the relevant provisions of Sections A and B of Resolution 33 (**Rev.WRC-03**) or of Article 9, as appropriate (see Resolution 33 (**Rev.WRC-03**)) shall continue to apply to the coordination between stations in the broadcasting-satellite service in Region 3 and:

a) space stations in the broadcasting-satellite and fixed-satellite services in Regions 1, 2 and 3;

b) terrestrial stations in Regions 1, 2 and 3;

2 that the ITU-R shall study urgently the technical provisions which may be appropriate for the sharing between stations in the broadcasting-satellite service in Region 3 and:

a) space stations in the broadcasting-satellite and fixed-satellite services in Regions 1 and 2;

b) terrestrial stations in Regions 1 and 2;

3 that, until such time as technical provisions are developed by the ITU-R and accepted by administrations concerned under Resolution **703 (Rev.WRC-03)**, the sharing between space stations in the broadcasting-satellite service in Region 3 and terrestrial services in Regions 1, 2 and 3 shall be based on the following criteria as appropriate:

- *a)* the power flux-density at the Earth's surface, produced by emissions from a space station in the broadcasting-satellite service in Region 3 for all conditions and for all methods of modulation shall not exceed the limits given in Annex 5 of Appendix **30**;
- *b)* in addition to *resolves* 3 *a*) above, the provisions of Article **21** (Table **21-4**) shall apply in the countries mentioned in Nos. **5.494** and **5.496**;
- c) the limits given in *resolves* 3 *a*) and *b*) above may be exceeded on the territory of any country provided the administration of that country has so agreed.

RESOLUTION 42 (Rev.WRC-03)

Use of interim systems in Region 2 in the broadcasting-satellite and fixed-satellite (feeder-link) services in Region 2 for the bands covered by Appendices 30 and 30A

The World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003),

considering

a) that the Regional Administrative Conference for the Planning of the Broadcasting-Satellite Service in Region 2, Geneva, 1983, prepared a Plan for the broadcasting-satellite service in the band 12.2-12.7 GHz and a Plan for the associated feeder links in the band 17.3-17.8 GHz with provisions for implementing interim systems in accordance with Resolution 2 (Sat-R2);

b) that in the implementation of their assignments in the Plans, administrations of Region 2 may find it more appropriate to adopt a phased approach and initially use characteristics different from those appearing in the appropriate Region 2 Plan;

c) that some administrations of Region 2 may cooperate in the joint development of a space system with a view to covering two or more service areas from the same orbital position or to using a beam which would encompass two or more service areas;

d) that some administrations of Region 2 may cooperate in the joint development of a space system with a view to covering two or more feeder-link service areas from the same orbital position or to using a beam which encompasses two or more feeder-link service areas;

e) that interim systems shall not adversely affect the Plans nor hamper the implementation and evolution of the Plans;

f) that the number of assignments to be used in an interim system shall not in any case exceed the number of assignments appearing in the Region 2 Plan which are to be suspended;

g) that the interim systems shall not in any case use orbital positions that are not in the Region 2 Plan;

h) that an interim system shall not be introduced without the agreement of all administrations whose space and terrestrial services are considered to be affected;

i) that WRC-2000 revised Regions 1 and 3 downlink and feeder-link Plans and established Lists together with regulatory procedures, protection criteria and calculation methods for sharing between services in the frequency bands of Appendices **30** and **30A**;

j) that this Conference has modified the regulatory procedures, protection criteria and calculation methods for sharing between services in the frequency bands of Appendices **30** and **30A**,

resolves

that administrations and the Radiocommunication Bureau shall apply the procedure contained in the Annex to this Resolution, so long as Appendices **30** and **30A** remain in force.

ANNEX TO RESOLUTION 42 (Rev.WRC-03)

1 An administration or a group of administrations in Region 2 may, after successful application of the procedure contained in this Annex and with the agreement of the affected administrations, use an interim system during a specified period not exceeding ten years in order:

1.1 For an interim system in the broadcasting-satellite service

- *a)* to use an increased e.i.r.p. in any direction relative to that appearing in the Region 2 Plan provided that the power flux-density does not exceed the limits given in Annex 5 to Appendix **30**;
- b) to use modulation characteristics¹ different from those appearing in the Annexes to the Region 2 Plan and resulting in an increased probability of harmful interference or in a wider assigned bandwidth;
- *c)* to change the coverage area by displacing boresight, or by increasing the major or minor axis, or by rotating them from an orbital position which shall be one of the corresponding orbital positions appearing in the Region 2 Plan;
- *d*) to use a coverage area appearing in the Region 2 Plan or a coverage area encompassing two or more coverage areas appearing in the Region 2 Plan from an orbital position which shall be one of the corresponding positions appearing in the Region 2 Plan;
- e) to use a polarization different from that in the Region 2 Plan.

1.2 For an interim feeder-link system

- *a)* to use an increased e.i.r.p. in any direction relative to that appearing in the Region 2 feederlink Plan;
- b) to use modulation characteristics¹ different from those appearing in the Annexes to the Plan and resulting in an increased probability of harmful interference or in a wider assigned bandwidth;
- *c)* to change the feeder-link beam area by displacing the boresight, or by increasing the major or minor axis, or by rotating them in relation to an orbital position which shall be one of the corresponding orbital positions appearing in the Region 2 feeder-link Plan;

¹ For example, modulation with sound channels frequency-multiplexed within the bandwidth of a television channel, digital modulation of sound and television signals, or other pre-emphasis characteristics.

- *d*) to use a feeder-link beam area appearing in the Region 2 feeder-link Plan or a feeder-link beam area encompassing two or more feeder-link beam areas appearing in the Region 2 feeder-link Plan in relation to an orbital position which shall be one of the corresponding orbital positions appearing in the Region 2 feeder-link Plan;
- e) to use a polarization different from that in the Region 2 feeder-link Plan.

2 In all cases, an interim system shall correspond to assignments in the appropriate Region 2 Plan; the number of assignments to be used in an interim system shall not in any case exceed the number of assignments appearing in the Region 2 Plan which are to be suspended. During the use of an interim system, the use of the corresponding assignments in the Region 2 Plan is suspended; they shall not be brought into use before the cessation of the use of the interim system. However, the suspended assignments, but not the interim system's assignments, of an administration shall be taken into account when other administrations apply the procedure of Article 4 of Appendix **30** or of Article 4 of Appendix **30A**, as appropriate, in order to modify the Region 2 Plan or to include new or modified assignments in the Regions 1 and 3 List, or the procedure of this Annex in order to bring an interim system into use. The assignments of interim systems shall not be taken into account in applying the procedure of Article 6 or Article 7 of Appendix **30** and the procedure of Article 6 or Article 7 of Appendix **30A**.

3 As a specific consequence of § 2 above, Region 2 interim system assignments shall not obtain protection from, or cause harmful interference to, new or modified assignments appearing in the Regions 1 and 3 List following the successful application of the procedure of Article 4 of Appendix **30** or of Article 4 of Appendix **30A**, as appropriate, even if the assignment modification procedure is concluded and the assignments become operational within the timelimits specified in § 4 *a*).

4 When an administration proposes to use an assignment in accordance with $\S 1$, it shall communicate to the Bureau the information listed in Appendix **4** not earlier than eight years but, preferably, not later than two years before the date of bringing into use. An assignment shall lapse if it is not brought into use by that date². The administration shall also indicate:

- *a)* the maximum specified period during which the interim assignment is intended to remain in use;
- *b)* the assignments in the Region 2 Plans the use of which will remain suspended for the duration of the use of the corresponding interim assignment;
- *c)* the names of the administrations with which an agreement for the use of the interim assignment has been reached, together with any comment relating to the period of use so agreed and the names of administrations with which an agreement may be required but has not yet been reached.

⁴¹⁴

² The provisions of Resolution **533 (Rev.WRC-2000)** apply.

5 Administrations are considered to be affected as follows:

5.1 For an interim system in the broadcasting-satellite service

- a) an administration of Region 2 is considered to be affected if any overall equivalent protection margin of one of its assignments in the Region 2 Plan, calculated in accordance with Annex 5 to Appendix 30 including the cumulative effect of all interim uses during the maximum specified period of use of the interim system, but excluding the corresponding suspended assignments (§ 4 b)), becomes negative or a former negative value is made more negative;
- b) an administration of Region 1 or 3 is considered to be affected if it has an assignment which is in conformity with the Regions 1 and 3 Plan contained in Appendix 30 or with the List or in respect of which proposed new or modified assignments have been received by the Bureau in accordance with the provisions of Article 4 of that Appendix with a necessary bandwidth which falls within the necessary bandwidth of the proposed interim assignment and the appropriate limits of § 3 of Annex 1 to Appendix 30 are exceeded;
- c) an administration of Region 1 or 3 is considered to be affected if it has a frequency assignment in the fixed-satellite service which is recorded in the Master Register or which has been coordinated or is being coordinated under the provisions of No. 9.7 or under Article 7 of Appendix 30 or which has been published in accordance with No. 9.2B and the appropriate limits of § 6 of Annex 1 to Appendix 30 are exceeded;
- d) an administration of Region 1 or 3 is considered to be affected if, although having no frequency assignment in the appropriate Regions 1 and 3 Plan or List in the channel concerned, it nevertheless would receive on its territory a power flux-density value which exceeds the limits given in § 4 of Annex 1 to Appendix 30 as a result of the proposed interim assignment, or if it has such an assignment for which its associated service area does not cover the whole of the territory of the administration, and in its territory outside that service area the power flux-density from the interim system space station exceeds the abovementioned limits;
- e) an administration of Region 2 is considered to be affected if, although having no frequency assignment in the appropriate Region 2 Plan in the channel concerned, it nevertheless would receive on its territory a power flux-density value which exceeds the limits given in § 4 of Annex 1 to Appendix 30 as a result of the proposed interim assignment, or if it has such an assignment for which its associated service area does not cover the whole of the territory of the administration, and in its territory outside that service area the power flux-density from the interim system space station exceeds the above-mentioned limits;
- *f*) an administration of Region 3 is considered to be affected if it has a frequency assignment to a space station in the broadcasting-satellite service in the band 12.5-12.7 GHz with a necessary bandwidth any portion of which falls within the necessary bandwidth of the proposed assignment, and which:
 - is recorded in the Master Register; or

- has been coordinated or is being coordinated under the provisions of Sections A and B of Resolution 33 (Rev.WRC-03) or under the provisions of Articles 9 to 14, as appropriate (see Resolution 33 (Rev.WRC-03)); or
- appears in a Region 3 Plan to be adopted at a future radiocommunication conference, taking account of modifications which may be introduced subsequently in accordance with the Final Acts of that conference,

and the limits of § 3, Annex 1 to Appendix 30 are exceeded.

5.2 For interim feeder-link systems

- a) an administration of Region 2 is considered to be affected if any overall equivalent protection margin of one of its assignments in the Plan, calculated in accordance with Annex 3 to Appendix 30A including the cumulative effect of all interim uses during the maximum specified period of use of the interim system, but excluding the corresponding suspended assignment(s) (§ 4 b)), becomes negative or a former negative value is made more negative;
- b) an administration in Region 1 or 3 is considered to be affected if it has an assignment for feeder links in the fixed-satellite service (Earth-to-space), any portion of the necessary bandwidth of which falls within the necessary bandwidth of the proposed assignment, which is in conformity with the feeder-link Plan or List for Regions 1 and 3, or in respect of which proposed new or modified assignments in the List have already been received by the Bureau in accordance with the provisions of Article 4 of Appendix 30A and for which the limits set out in § 5 of Annex 1 to Appendix 30A are exceeded.

6 The Bureau shall publish in a Special Section of its International Frequency Information Circular (BR IFIC) the information received under § 4, together with the names of the administrations which the Bureau has identified in applying § 5.

7 When the Bureau finds that the suspended assignment of an administration having an interim system is not affected, it shall examine the projected interim system with respect to the interim system of that administration and if there is an incompatibility, it shall request the two administrations concerned to adopt any measures that may enable the new interim system to be operated.

8 The Bureau shall send a telegram to the administrations listed in the Special Section of the BR IFIC, drawing their attention to the information it contains and shall send them the results of its calculations.

9 Any administration not listed in the special section which considers that its planned interim assignment may be affected shall so inform the administration responsible for the interim system and the Bureau, and the two administrations shall endeavour to resolve the difficulty before the proposed date of bringing the interim assignment into use.

10 An administration which has not sent its comments either to the administration seeking agreement or to the Bureau within a period of four months following the date of the BR IFIC referred to in § 6 shall be understood as having agreed to the proposed interim use.

11 On the expiry of four months following the date of publication of the BR IFIC referred to in § 6, the Bureau shall review the matter, and, depending on the results obtained, shall inform the administration proposing the interim assignment that:

- *a)* it may notify its proposed use under Article 5 of Appendix **30** or Article 5 of Appendix **30A**, as appropriate, if no agreement is required or the required agreement has been obtained from the administrations concerned. In this case the Bureau shall update the Interim List;
- b) it may not bring into use its interim system before having obtained the agreement of the administrations affected, either directly or by applying the procedure described in Article 4 of Appendix **30** or Article 4 of Appendix **30A**, as appropriate, as a means of obtaining that agreement.

12 The Bureau shall include all the interim assignments in an Interim List in two parts, one each for the broadcasting-satellite service and the feeder-link assignments, and shall update it in accordance with this Annex. The Interim List shall be published together with the Region 2 Plans but does not constitute part of them.

13 One year prior to the expiry of the interim period, the Bureau shall draw the attention of the administration concerned to this fact and request it to notify in due time the deletion of the assignment from the Master Register and the Interim List.

14 If, notwithstanding the reminders by the Bureau, an administration does not reply to its request sent in application of § 13, the Bureau shall, at the termination of the interim period:

- *a)* enter a symbol in the Remarks Column of the Master Register to indicate the lack of response and that the entry is for information only;
- b) not take that assignment into account in the Interim List;
- *c)* inform the administrations concerned and affected of its action.

15 When an administration confirms the termination of the use of the interim assignment, the Bureau shall delete the assignment concerned from the Interim List and the Master Register. Any corresponding assignment in the Plan(s), suspended earlier, may then be brought into use.

16 An administration which considers that its interim system may continue to be used after the expiry of the interim period may extend it by not more than four years and to this effect shall apply the procedure described in this Annex.

17 When an administration applies the procedure in accordance with § 16, but is unable to obtain the agreement of one or more affected administrations, the Bureau shall indicate this situation by inserting an appropriate symbol in the Master Register. Upon receipt of a complaint of harmful interference, the administration shall immediately cease operation of the interim assignment.

18 When an administration, having been informed of a complaint of harmful interference, does not cease transmission within a period of thirty days after the receipt of complaint, the Bureau shall apply the provisions of § 14.

RESOLUTION 49 (Rev.WRC-03)

Administrative due diligence applicable to some satellite radiocommunication services

The World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003),

considering

a) that Resolution 18 of the Plenipotentiary Conference (Kyoto, 1994) instructed the Director of the Radiocommunication Bureau to initiate a review of some important issues concerning international satellite network coordination and to make a preliminary report to WRC-95 and a final report to WRC-97;

b) that the Director of the Bureau provided a comprehensive report to WRC-97, including a number of recommendations for action as soon as possible and for identifying areas requiring further study;

c) that one of the recommendations in the Director's report to WRC-97 was that administrative due diligence should be adopted as a means of addressing the problem of reservation of orbit and spectrum capacity without actual use;

d) that experience may need to be gained in the application of the administrative due diligence procedures adopted by WRC-97, and that several years may be needed to see whether administrative due diligence measures produce satisfactory results;

e) that new regulatory approaches may need to be carefully considered in order to avoid adverse effects on networks already going through the different phases of the procedures;

f) that Article 44 of the Constitution sets out the basic principles for the use of the radio-frequency spectrum and the geostationary-satellite and other satellite orbits, taking into account the needs of developing countries,

considering further

g) that WRC-97 decided to reduce the regulatory time-frame for bringing a satellite network into use;

h) that WRC-2000 has considered the results of the implementation of the administrative due diligence procedures and prepared a report to the 2002 Plenipotentiary Conference in response to Resolution 85 (Minneapolis, 1998),

resolves

1 that the administrative due diligence procedure contained in Annex 1 to this Resolution shall be applied as from 22 November 1997 for a satellite network or satellite system of the fixed-satellite service, mobile-satellite service or broadcasting-satellite service for which the advance publication information under No. **9.2B**, or for which the request for modifications of the Region 2 Plan under Article 4, § 4.2.1 b) of Appendices **30** and **30A** that involve the addition of new frequencies or orbit positions, or for which the request for modifications of the Region 2 Plan under Article 4, § 4.2.1 a) of Appendices **30** and **30A** that extend the service area to another country or countries in addition to the existing service area, or for which the request for additional uses in Regions 1 and 3 under § 4.1 of Article 4 of Appendices **30** and **30A**, or for which the submission of information under supplementary provisions applicable to additional uses in the planned bands as defined in Article 2 of Appendix **30B** (Section III of Article 6) has been received by the Bureau from 22 November 1997;

2 that for a satellite network or satellite system within the scope of § 1 or 3 of Annex 1 to this Resolution not yet recorded in the Master International Frequency Register (MIFR) by 22 November 1997, for which the advance publication information under No. **1042** of the Radio Regulations (edition of 1990, revised in 1994) or for the application of Section III of Article 6 of Appendix **30B** has been received by the Bureau before 22 November 1997, the responsible administration shall submit to the Bureau the complete due diligence information in accordance with Annex 2 to this Resolution not later than 21 November 2004, or before the expiry of the notified period for bringing the satellite network into use, plus any extension period which shall not exceed three years pursuant to the application of No. **1550** of the Radio Regulations (edition of 1990, revised in 1994) or the dates specified in the relevant provisions Article 6 of Appendix **30B**, whichever date comes earlier. If the date of bringing into use, including extension specified above, is before 1 July 1998, the responsible administration shall submit to the Bureau the complete due diligence with Annex 2 to this Resolution not later than 1 July 1998;

2*bis* that for a satellite network or satellite system within the scope of § 2 of Annex 1 to this Resolution not recorded in the Master International Frequency Register (MIFR) by 22 November 1997, for which the request for a modification to the Plans of Appendices **30** and **30A** has been received by the Bureau before 22 November 1997, the responsible administration shall submit to the Bureau the complete due diligence information in accordance with Annex 2 to this Resolution as early as possible before the end of the period established as a limit to bringing into use in accordance with the relevant provisions of Article 4 of Appendix **30** and the relevant provisions of Article 4 of Appendix **30A**;

3 that for a satellite network or satellite system within the scope of § 1, 2 or 3 of Annex 1 to this Resolution recorded in the MIFR by 22 November 1997, the responsible administration shall submit to the Bureau the complete due diligence information in accordance with Annex 2 to this Resolution not later than 21 November 2000, or before the notified date of bringing the satellite network into use (including any extension period), whichever date comes later; 4 that six months before the expiry date specified in *resolves* 2 or 2*bis* above, if the responsible administration has not submitted the due diligence information, the Bureau shall send a reminder to that administration;

5 that if the due diligence information is found to be incomplete, the Bureau shall immediately request the administration to submit the missing information. In any case, the complete due diligence information shall be received by the Bureau before the expiry date specified in *resolves* 2 or 2*bis* above, as appropriate, and shall be published by the Bureau in the International Frequency Information Circular (BR IFIC);

6 that if the complete due diligence information is not received by the Bureau before the expiry date specified in *resolves* 2 or 2*bis* above, the request for coordination or request for a modification to the Plans of Appendices **30** and **30A** or for application of Section III of Article 6 of Appendix **30B** as covered by *resolves* 1 above submitted to the Bureau shall be cancelled. Any modifications of the Plans (Appendices **30** and **30A**) shall lapse and any recording in the MIFR as well as recordings in the Appendix **30B** List shall be deleted by the Bureau after it has informed the concerned administration. The Bureau shall publish this information in the BR IFIC,

further resolves

that the procedures in this Resolution are in addition to the provisions under Article 9 or 11 of the Radio Regulations or Appendices 30, 30A or 30B, as applicable, and, in particular, do not affect the requirement to coordinate under those provisions (Appendices 30, 30A) in respect of extending the service area to another country or countries in addition to the existing service area,

instructs the Director of the Radiocommunication Bureau

to report to WRC-07 and future competent world radiocommunication conferences on the results of the implementation of the administrative due diligence procedure.

ANNEX 1 TO RESOLUTION 49 (Rev.WRC-03)

1 Any satellite network or satellite system of the fixed-satellite service, mobile-satellite service or broadcasting-satellite service with frequency assignments that are subject to coordination under Nos. 9.7, 9.11, 9.12, 9.12A and 9.13 and Resolution 33 (Rev.WRC-03) shall be subject to these procedures.

2 Any request for modifications of the Region 2 Plan under the relevant provisions of Article 4 of Appendices **30** and **30A** that involve the addition of new frequencies or orbit positions or for modifications of the Region 2 Plan under the relevant provisions of Article 4 of Appendices **30** and **30A** that extend the service area to another country or countries in addition to the existing service area or request for additional uses in Regions 1 and 3 under the relevant provisions of Article 4 of Appendices **30** and **30A** shall be subject to these procedures.

3 Any submission of information under supplementary provisions applicable to additional uses in the planned bands as defined in Article 2 of Appendix **30B** (Section III of Article 6) shall be subject to these procedures.

4 An administration requesting coordination for a satellite network under § 1 above shall send to the Bureau as early as possible before the end of the period established as a limit to bringing into use in No. **9.1**, the due diligence information relating to the identity of the satellite network and the spacecraft manufacturer specified in Annex 2 to this Resolution.

5 An administration requesting a modification of the Region 2 Plan or additional uses in Regions 1 and 3 under Appendices **30** and **30A** under § 2 above shall send to the Bureau as early as possible before the end of the period established as a limit to bringing into use in accordance with the relevant provisions of Article 4 of Appendix **30** and the relevant provisions of Article 4 of Appendix **30A**, the due diligence information relating to the identity of the satellite network and the spacecraft manufacturer specified in Annex 2 to this Resolution.

6 An administration applying Section III of Article 6 of Appendix **30B** relating to additional uses under § 3 above shall send to the Bureau as early as possible before the end of the period established as a limit to bringing into use in § 6.57 of that Article, the due diligence information relating to the identity of the satellite network and the spacecraft manufacturer specified in Annex 2 to this Resolution.

7 The information to be submitted in accordance with § 4, 5 or 6 above shall be signed by an authorized official of the notifying administration or of an administration that is acting on behalf of a group of named administrations.

8 On receipt of the due diligence information under § 4, 5 or 6 above, the Bureau shall promptly examine that information for completeness. If the information is found to be complete, the Bureau shall publish the complete information in a special section of the BR IFIC within 30 days.

9 If the information is found to be incomplete, the Bureau shall immediately request the administration to submit the missing information. In all cases, the complete due diligence information shall be received by the Bureau within the appropriate time period specified in § 4, 5 or 6 above, as the case may be, relating to the date of bringing the satellite network into use.

10 Six months before expiry of the period specified in § 4, 5 or 6 above and if the administration responsible for the satellite network has not submitted the due diligence information under § 4, 5 or 6 above, the Bureau shall send a reminder to the responsible administration.

11 If the complete due diligence information is not received by the Bureau within the time limits specified in this Resolution, the networks covered by 1, 2 or 3 above shall no longer be taken into account and shall not be recorded in the MIFR. The provisional recording in the MIFR shall be deleted by the Bureau after it has informed the concerned administration. The Bureau shall publish this information in the BR IFIC.

With respect to the request for modification of the Region 2 Plan or for additional uses in Regions 1 and 3 under Appendices **30** and **30A** under § 2 above, the modification shall lapse if the due diligence information is not submitted in accordance with this Resolution.

With respect to the request for application of Section III of Article 6 of Appendix **30B** under § 3 above, the network shall also be deleted from the Appendix **30B** List, if applicable.

12 An administration notifying a satellite network under § 1, 2 or 3 above for recording in the MIFR shall send to the Bureau, as early as possible before the date of bringing into use, the due diligence information relating to the identity of the satellite network and the launch services provider specified in Annex 2 to this Resolution.

13 When an administration has completely fulfilled the due diligence procedure but has not completed coordination, this does not preclude the application of No. **11.41** by that administration.

ANNEX 2 TO RESOLUTION 49 (Rev.WRC-03)

A Identity of the satellite network

- *a)* Identity of the satellite network
- b) Name of the administration
- c) Country symbol
- *d)* Reference to the advance publication information or to the request for modification of the Region 2 Plan or for additional uses in Regions 1 and 3 under Appendices **30** and **30A**; or reference to the information processed under Section III of Article 6 of Appendix **30B**
- e) Reference to the request for coordination (not applicable for Appendices 30, 30A and 30B)
- *f*) Frequency band(s)
- g) Name of the operator
- *h)* Name of the satellite
- *i)* Orbital characteristics.

B Spacecraft manufacturer*

- a) Name of the spacecraft manufacturer
- b) Date of execution of the contract
- c) Contractual "delivery window"
- d) Number of satellites procured.

C Launch services provider

- a) Name of the launch vehicle provider
- b) Date of execution of the contract
- c) Launch or in-orbit delivery window
- *d*) Name of the launch vehicle
- e) Name and location of the launch facility.

^{*} NOTE - In cases where a contract for satellite procurement covers more than one satellite, the relevant information shall be submitted for each satellite.

RESOLUTION 56 (Rev.WRC-03)

Modification of the procedures and requirements for advance publication

The World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003),

considering

a) Resolution 86 (Marrakesh, 2002) of the Plenipotentiary Conference;

b) that there is concern among a number of administrations that some of the current procedures and requirements for advance publication may give rise to inequalities in the satellite filing and coordination process,

resolves

1 that, as from 5 July 2003, the Radiocommunication Bureau and administrations shall apply the provisions of No. **9.2**, as revised by this Conference;

2 that any request for coordination or modifications to a previously submitted API received by the Bureau after 5 July 2003 shall be examined in accordance with the provisions of No. **9.2** as revised by this Conference.

RESOLUTION 57 (WRC-2000)*

Modification of bringing into use and administrative due diligence requirements as a consequence of allocation changes above 71 GHz

The World Radiocommunication Conference (Istanbul, 2000),

considering

a) that, pursuant to agenda item 1.16 identified in Resolution **721 (WRC-97)**, the preparatory work for this Conference included consideration of the allocation of frequency bands above 71 GHz to the Earth exploration-satellite (passive) and radio astronomy services;

b) that agenda item 1.16 took into account Resolution **723** (WRC-97), which also included consideration of the allocation of frequency bands above 71 GHz to the space research service (passive);

c) that changes made to the allocations for these passive science services were accompanied by consequential changes to allocations above 71 GHz to active services;

d) that the allocation changes may cause delays in the design and development of space stations planning to use these allocations;

e) that the delays also have an impact on transmitters and receivers, on the same space stations, planning to use frequencies below 71 GHz;

f) that the Radiocommunication Bureau has already received advance publication and coordination information for satellite networks in the fixed-satellite, mobile-satellite or broadcasting-satellite services that includes the use of frequencies above 71 GHz;

g) that this advance publication or coordination information for satellite networks in the fixed-satellite, mobile-satellite or broadcasting-satellite services will have been based on the frequency allocations in force at the time the information was submitted;

h) that No. **11.44** requires that the notified date of bringing into use of any space station of a satellite network be no later than nine years (for advance publication information received prior to 22 November 1997) or seven years (for advance publication information received on or after 22 November 1997) after the date of receipt by the Bureau of the advance publication information under No. **9.1**;

^{*} WRC-03 reviewed this Resolution and decided to suppress *resolves* 6.

i) that No. **11.44B** allows the notified date of bringing into use to be extended by the Bureau only if the due diligence information required by Resolution **49** (**Rev.WRC-2000**) is provided for the satellite network; if the procedure for effecting coordination has commenced; and if the notifying administration certifies that the reason for the extension is one or more specific circumstances listed in Nos. **11.44C** to **11.44I**;

j) that none of the specific circumstances listed in Nos. **11.44C** to **11.44I** includes changes to the frequency allocations as a result of the decisions of a world radiocommunication conference;

k) that, in order to provide the necessary protection to the passive science services, satellite networks in the fixed-satellite, mobile-satellite or broadcasting-satellite services using frequencies above 71 GHz for which advance publication or coordination information is considered as having been received by the Bureau prior to 3 June 2000 must adhere to the revised Table of Frequency Allocations resulting from WRC-2000,

resolves

1 that, for satellite networks using frequencies above 71 GHz in the fixed-satellite, mobile-satellite or broadcasting-satellite services for which advance publication or coordination information is considered as having been received by the Bureau prior to 3 June 2000, the Bureau will extend the notified date of bringing into use under No. **11.44** up to 3 June 2007 at the request of the notifying administration;

2 that, notwithstanding the notified date of bringing into use in *resolves* 1, there shall be no change in the date that the advance publication or coordination information is considered as having been received by the Bureau;

3 that, for any satellite network subject to this Resolution, the notifying administration shall have until 31 December 2000 to resubmit to the Bureau the Appendix **4** advance publication information and coordination information for the space station reflecting the proposed modification in the frequency band above 71 GHz, and that this Appendix **4** information shall be excluded from the cost-recovery procedures;

4 that the provisions contained in Nos. **11.44B** to **11.44I** are applicable with respect to the date of bringing into use communicated to the Bureau under *resolves* 3;

5 that, for any satellite network subject to this Resolution and Resolution **49** (WRC-97), the notifying administration shall have until the new date of bringing into use under *resolves* 3 to send the administrative due diligence information to the Bureau, including any revision of administrative due diligence information submitted before 3 June 2000;

6 (SUP - WRC-03)

7 that, six months before the date specified in *resolves* 3, the Bureau will provide administrations with a list of the networks to which this Resolution applies, and the options under the above *resolves*;

8 that satellite networks using frequencies above 71 GHz for which the advanced publication or coordination information is considered as having been received by the Bureau prior to 3 June 2000 shall adhere to the revised Table of Frequency Allocations resulting from WRC-2000.

RESOLUTION 63 (Rev.WRC-03)

Protection of radiocommunication services against interference caused by radiation from industrial, scientific and medical (ISM) equipment

The World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003),

considering

a) that ISM equipment generates and uses locally radio frequency energy, whereby outward radiation cannot always be avoided;

b) that there is an increasing amount of ISM equipment working on various frequencies throughout the spectrum;

c) that in some cases a considerable part of the energy may be radiated by ISM equipment outside its working frequency;

d) that Recommendation ITU-R SM.1056 recommends to administrations the use of International Special Committee on Radio Interference (CISPR) Publication 11 as a guide for ISM equipment to protect radiocommunication services, but that CISPR 11 does not yet fully specify radiation limits for all frequency bands;

e) that some radio services, especially those using low field strengths, may suffer interference caused by radiation from ISM equipment, a risk which is unacceptable particularly in the case of radionavigation or other safety services;

f) that, in order to limit the risks of interference to specified parts of the spectrum:

- the preceding Radio Conferences of Atlantic City, 1947, and Geneva, 1959, designated some frequency bands within which the radiocommunication services must accept harmful interference produced by ISM equipment;
- WARC-79 accepted an increase in the number of bands to be designated for ISM equipment, but only on the condition that limits of radiation from such equipment be specified within the bands newly designated for worldwide use and outside all the bands designated for ISM equipment,

resolves

that, to ensure that radiocommunication services are adequately protected, studies are required on the limits to be imposed on the radiation from ISM equipment within the frequency bands designated in the Radio Regulations for this use and outside of those bands,

invites ITU-R

to continue, in collaboration with CISPR, its studies relating to radiation from ISM equipment within the frequency bands designated in the Radio Regulations for this use and outside of those bands in order to ensure adequate protection of radiocommunication services, with priority being given to the completion of studies which would permit CISPR to define limits in Publication CISPR 11 on radiation from ISM equipment inside all the bands designated in the Radio Regulations for the use of such equipment.

RESOLUTION 74 (Rev.WRC-03)

Process to keep the technical bases of Appendix 7 current

The World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003),

considering

a) that Appendix 7 provides the method for the determination of the coordination area of an earth station, and the assumed technical coordination parameters for unknown terrestrial stations or earth stations;

b) that the technical coordination parameters are contained in Tables 7, 8 and 9 of Annex 7 to Appendix 7;

c) that the technical coordination parameter tables are based on Recommendation ITU-R SM.1448;

d) that ITU-R studies on methods for the determination of the coordination area of an earth station are continuing, and the conclusions of these studies could lead to revision of Appendix 7; these methods under study are:

- methods considering the cumulative impact in determining the coordination areas for highdensity earth stations (fixed and mobile);
- methods to address the modelling of VHF/UHF frequencies for percentages of time less than 1%;
- methods to address propagation mode (1) water vapour density for both radio climatic Zones B and C;
- refinements to propagation mode (2) to address elevation angle dependency and the displacement of the centre of the propagation mode (2) contour from the coordinating earth station;

e) that the technical coordination parameter tables may also need to be modified when changes are made to the Table of Frequency Allocations at future world radiocommunication conferences (WRCs), or due to changes in technology or in applications;

f) that the technical coordination parameter tables do not include values for all the necessary parameters of certain space radiocommunication services and terrestrial radiocommunication services sharing frequency bands with equal rights,

recognizing

a) that Recommendation ITU-R SM.1448 was developed by ITU-R as a basis for the revision of Appendix 7;

b) that there is a need for future WRCs to keep Appendix 7 current with the latest techniques and to ensure protection of other radiocommunication services sharing the same frequency bands with equal rights, particularly through revision of the tables of technical coordination parameters,

invites ITU-R

1 to continue its study, as required, of the technical bases used for determination of the coordination area of an earth station, including recommended values for the missing entries in the tables of technical coordination parameters (Annex 7 to Appendix 7);

2 to maintain the relevant ITU-R texts in a format which would facilitate the future revision of Appendix 7;

3 to assess the significance of changes to the technical bases,

resolves

1 that when ITU-R concludes, based on its studies of the methods in *considering d*) for determination of the coordination area of an earth station and/or the values of technical coordination parameters, that a revision of Appendix 7 is warranted, the matter shall be brought to the attention of the Radiocommunication Assembly;

2 that, if the Radiocommunication Assembly confirms the improvements of the methods in *considering d*) for determination of the coordination area of an earth station and/or the values of technical coordination parameters which have been presented by ITU-R, the Director of the Radiocommunication Bureau shall identify the matter in the Director's report to the following WRC,

invites

1 WRCs, when presented with any significant changes through the Director's report, to consider the revision of Appendix 7 in light of the recommendation of the Radiocommunication Assembly, pursuant to *resolves* 1 and 2 above;

2 each WRC, when modifying the Table of Frequency Allocations, to consider any consequential changes that may be required to the technical coordination parameters of Annex 7 to Appendix 7 and, if necessary, request ITU-R to study the matter.

RESOLUTION 85 (WRC-03)

Application of Article 22 of the Radio Regulations to the protection of geostationary fixed-satellite service and broadcasting-satellite service networks from non-geostationary fixed-satellite service systems

The World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003),

considering

a) that WRC-2000 adopted, in Article **22**, single-entry limits applicable to non-geostationary (non-GSO) fixed-satellite service (FSS) systems in certain parts of the frequency range 10.7-30 GHz to protect geostationary-satellite (GSO) networks operating in the same frequency bands;

b) that, taking into account Nos. **22.5H** and **22.5I**, wherever the limits referred to in *considering a)* are exceeded by a non-GSO FSS system to which the limits apply without the agreement of the concerned administrations, this constitutes a violation of the obligations under No. **22.2**;

c) that ITU-R has developed Recommendation ITU-R S.1503 to provide a functional description to be used in developing software tools for determining the conformity of non-GSO FSS networks with limits contained in Article **22**;

d) that there is currently no software tool available to the Radiocommunication Bureau for epfd examinations;

e) that the Bureau has issued Circular Letters CR/176 and CR/182, which request additional information from non-GSO systems in order to examine them for compliance with the Article **22** epfd limits;

f) that, since no epfd validation software is available, the Bureau has requested commitments from the notifying administrations that they will meet the epfd limits in Tables 22-1A, 22-1B, 22-1C, 22-1D, 22-1E, 22-2 and 22-3, and that under these commitments the Bureau gives qualified favourable findings to their systems;

g) that the Bureau is not in a position to perform its duties in relation to Nos. 9.7A and 9.7B due to the lack of epfd validation software;

h) that during the examination under Nos. **9.35** and **11.31**, the Bureau examines non-GSO FSS systems to ensure their compliance with the single-entry epfd limits given in Tables **22-1A**, **22-1B**, **22-1C**, **22-1D**, **22-1E**, **22-2** and **22-3**,

resolves

1 that since the Bureau is unable to examine non-GSO FSS systems subject to Nos. 22.5C, 22.5D and 22.5F under Nos. 9.35 and/or 11.31, the notifying administration shall send to the Bureau a commitment that the non-GSO FSS system complies with the limits given in Tables 22-1A, 22-1B, 22-1C, 22-1D, 22-1E, 22-2 and 22-3 in addition to the information submitted under Nos. 9.30 and 11.15;

2 that the Bureau shall issue either a qualified favourable finding under No. **9.35** or a favourable finding with a date of review under No. **11.31** with respect to the limits contained in Tables **22-1A**, **22-1B**, **22-1C**, **22-1E**, **22-2** and **22-3**, if *resolves* 1 is satisfied, otherwise the non-GSO FSS system will receive a definitive unfavourable finding;

3 that if an administration believes that a non-GSO FSS system, for which the commitment referred to in *resolves* 1 was sent, has the potential to exceed the limits given in Tables 22-1A, 22-1B, 22-1C, 22-1D, 22-1E, 22-2 and 22-3, it may request from the notifying administration additional information with regard to the compliance with the limits mentioned above. Both administrations shall cooperate to resolve any difficulties, with the assistance of the Bureau, if so requested by either of the parties, and may exchange any additional relevant information that may be available;

4 that the Bureau shall determine coordination requirements between GSO FSS earth stations and non-GSO FSS systems under Nos. **9.7A** and **9.7B** based on bandwidth overlap, and GSO FSS earth station antenna maximum isotropic gain, G/T and emission bandwidth;

5 that this Resolution shall no longer be applied after the Bureau has communicated to all administrations via a Circular Letter that the epfd validation software is available and the Bureau is able to verify compliance with the limits in Tables 22-1A, 22-1B, 22-1C, 22-1D, 22-1E, 22-2 and 22-3 and to determine the coordination requirements under Nos. 9.7A and 9.7B,

further resolves

that those provisions of the Radio Regulations that have been amended by this Conference and that are referred to in *resolves* 5 shall provisionally apply as from 5 July 2003,

instructs the Director of the Radiocommunication Bureau

1 to encourage administrations to develop the epfd validation software;

2 to review, once the epfd validation software is available, its findings made in accordance with Nos. 9.35 and 11.31;

3 to review, once the epfd validation software is available, the coordination requirements under Nos. **9.7A** and **9.7B**.

RESOLUTION 86 (WRC-03)

Scope and criteria to be used for the implementation of Resolution 86 (Rev. Marrakesh, 2002) of the Plenipotentiary Conference

The World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003),

considering

that the Plenipotentiary Conference discussed the application of Resolution 86 (Rev. Marrakesh, 2002) and decided to request this Conference to determine the scope and criteria to be used by future world radiocommunication conferences (WRCs) in the application of Resolution 86 (Rev. Marrakesh, 2002),

resolves

that the scope and criteria of Resolution 86 (Rev. Marrakesh, 2002) of the Plenipotentiary Conference to be considered by future WRCs be as follows:

1 to consider any proposals which deal with deficiencies in the advance publication, coordination and notification procedures of the Radio Regulations for space services which have either been identified by the Board and included in the Rules of Procedure or which have been identified by administrations or by the Radiocommunication Bureau, as appropriate;

2 to consider any proposals which are intended to transform the content of the Rules of Procedure into a regulatory text;

3 to ensure that these procedures, characteristics and appendices reflect the latest technologies, as far as possible;

4 to consider any proposals intended to facilitate, in accordance with Article 44 of the Constitution, the rational, efficient and economical use of radio frequencies and the associated orbits including the geostationary orbit in accordance with *resolves* 2 of Resolution **80** (**Rev.WRC-2000**) and *resolves to request the 2003 and subsequent world radiocommunication conferences* of Resolution 86 (Rev. Marrakesh, 2002) of the Plenipotentiary Conference;

5 to consider any changes to provisions of the Radio Regulations for space services that would result in the simplification of the procedures and the work of the Bureau and/or administrations;

6 to consider any changes to the Radio Regulations that follow from decisions of a Plenipotentiary Conference on space matters.

RESOLUTION 87 (WRC-03)

Date of entry into force of certain provisions of the Radio Regulations relating to the non-payment of cost-recovery fees

The World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003),

considering

a) that WRC-2000 adopted certain provisions in Article 9, Appendix 30, Appendix 30A and Appendix 30B relating to the consequences of non-payment of cost-recovery fees as adopted by the Council in Decision 482;

b) that WRC-2000 recommended that the Plenipotentiary Conference (Marrakesh, 2002) (PP-02) consider the date at which those provisions shall enter into force;

c) that PP-02 decided that the date of entry into force of those provisions shall be 1 August 2003;

d) that PP-02 recommended WRC-03 to implement that decision;

e) that with the PP-02 decision setting a date of entry into force of 1 August 2003, it may not be possible in all cases to give a reminder two months in advance (see No. **9.38.1** of the Radio Regulations),

recognizing

that Resolution 88 (Rev. Marrakesh, 2002) of the Plenipotentiary Conference recognizes that the provisions adopted by WRC-2000 established a linkage between the rights acquired by Member States in applying the relevant procedures of the Radio Regulations after 7 November 1998 and the payment of the fees for cost recovery for satellite network filings,

noting

that PP-02 instructed the Director of the Radiocommunication Bureau to send reminders 60 days before 1 August 2003,

resolves

1 that the date of entry into force of the footnotes to Nos. **9.2B** and **9.38** in Article **9**, to § 4.1.5, 4.1.15, 4.2.8 and 4.2.19 of Appendix **30**, to § 4.1.5, 4.1.15, 4.2.8 and 4.2.19 of Appendix **30A** and to the title of Article 6 of Appendix **30B** shall be 1 August 2003;

2 that for those filings for which the deadline for payment is between 7 July 2003 and 5 September 2003, the reminder shall be sent out on 7 July 2003 and the provisions specified in *resolves* 1 above shall not be applied until 5 September 2003.

RESOLUTION 88 (WRC-03)

Rationalization of Articles 9 and 11 of the Radio Regulations

The World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003),

considering

a) that the need for comprehensive simplification of the Radio Regulations was recognized formally by the ITU Plenipotentiary Conference (Nice, 1989), which went on to establish a Voluntary Group of Experts (VGE) with the remit to study the issues involved in improving the allocation and use of the radio-frequency spectrum and the simplification of the Radio Regulations, having particular regard to simplifying the coordination and notification procedures for satellite networks;

b) that the VGE made proposals to WRC-95 on the simplification of the Radio Regulations that resulted in the present structure of the simplified Radio Regulations in which the general procedures for the coordination and notification of radiocommunication services are contained in the current Articles **9** and **11**, respectively;

c) that WRC-97 and WRC-2000 both continued the lengthy process of refining the provisions of Articles **9** and **11** with a view to eliminating inconsistencies and remedying omissions from their procedures;

d) that following the simplification process and the additions made by subsequent conferences, the provisions of Articles 9 and 11 have become difficult to read due to extensive cross-referencing, the lack of a logical progress in the sequence of the provisions and the complexity of the resulting text;

e) that due to the problems identified in *considering d)* there has been extensive development of the Rules of Procedure to facilitate the understanding and interpretation of these Articles with consequential increased time and costs expended by for both administrations and the Radiocommunication Bureau;

f) that the complexity of the Articles **9** and **11** provisions can present particular difficulties for developing countries,

noting

a) that the Plenipotentiary Conference (Minneapolis, 1998) adopted Resolution 86 which, together with the subsequent revisions made by the Plenipotentiary Conference (Marrakesh, 2002), requires each world radiocommunication conference (WRC) to review and update the advance publication, coordination, notification and recording procedures for frequency assignments pertaining to satellite networks, including the associated technical characteristics, and the related Appendices of the Radio Regulations;

b) that the Satellite Backlog Action Group (SAT-BAG) established by the Council at its 2001 session, in its report to WCR-03, recommends that this conference initiate a study of the relevant regulatory procedures in order to systematically remove unnecessary duplication, inconsistency and complexity;

c) that an example dealing with the inconsistencies and omissions in the provisions of Article 9 and 11 has been provided to this conference,

resolves

1 that the rationalization and clarification of Articles **9** and **11** be considered by a future competence conference under Resolution 86 (Rev. Marrakesh, 2002) of the Plenipotentiary Conference;

2 that WRC-07 should review the results of the studies to be undertaken by ITU-R and take appropriate action,

requests ITU-R

to undertake studies leading to the rationalization of the coordination and notification procedures, taking due account of No. **0.3**,

invites administrations

to assist in the rationalization and clarification of the procedures for coordination and notification of radiocommunication services by submitting contributions to ITU-R relating to the abovementioned difficulties.

RESOLUTION 89 (WRC-03)

Backlog in satellite filings

The World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003),

considering

a) that the backlog in the processing of satellite filings by the Radiocommunication Bureau continues to be a problem and that this backlog has an impact on administrations and the Bureau in trying to comply with the provisions of the Radio Regulations (RR);

b) that the Council, at its 2001 session, adopted Resolution 1182 in which it was recommended that the Board develop, as a matter of urgency, a set of Rules of Procedure, consistent with the RR, intended to eliminate the backlog;

c) that, in response to Resolution 1182, the Board, at its meeting in December 2001, adopted a number of provisional Rules of Procedure;

d) that measures other than the adoption of Rules of Procedure will also be necessary in order to resolve the backlog,

recognizing

a) that the need to resolve this backlog in the processing of satellite filings is in the interest of all Member States;

b) that exceptional measures are needed to enable the Bureau to absorb the backlog in the processing of satellite filings,

resolves to invite administrations

to submit contributions with a view to removing any unnecessary data in Appendix 4 so as to reduce the processing time of a notice,

instructs the Director of the Radiocommunication Bureau, within financial limitations,

1 to identify inconsistencies in Appendix **4** and suggest improvements in its structure;

2 to provide administrations with a more user-friendly software for the validation of all electronic filings in order to minimize/eliminate the exchange of correspondence between administrations and the Bureau, as well as the submission of incorrect or inadequate data elements to the Bureau;

3 to provide administrations with up-to-date information on the validation rules and course of action for each error message,

invites ITU-R

1 to conduct studies relating to data elements, data structure and the database, where appropriate, for Appendix 4;

2 to conduct studies on the development of software for examining all forms of notice for compliance with Article **5**.

RESOLUTION 95 (Rev.WRC-03)

General review of the Resolutions and Recommendations of world administrative radio conferences and world radiocommunication conferences

The World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003),

considering

a) that it is important to keep the Resolutions and Recommendations of past world administrative radio conferences and world radiocommunication conferences under constant review, in order to keep them up to date;

b) that the reports of the Director of the Radiocommunication Bureau submitted to previous conferences provided a useful basis for a general review of the Resolutions and Recommendations of past conferences;

c) that some principles and guidelines are necessary for future conferences to treat the Resolutions and Recommendations of previous conferences which are not related to the agenda of the Conference,

resolves to invite future competent world radiocommunication conferences

1 to review the Resolutions and Recommendations of previous conferences that are related to the agenda of the Conference with a view to their possible revision, replacement or abrogation and to take appropriate action;

2 to review the Resolutions and Recommendations of previous conferences that are not related to any agenda item of the Conference with a view to:

- abrogating those Resolutions and Recommendations that have served their purpose or have become no longer necessary;
- reviewing the need for those Resolutions and Recommendations, or parts thereof, requesting ITU-R studies on which no progress has been made during the last two periods between conferences;
- updating and modifying Resolutions and Recommendations, or parts thereof that have become out of date, and to correct obvious omissions, inconsistencies, ambiguities or editorial errors and effect any necessary alignment;

3 at the beginning of the conference, to determine which committee within the conference has the primary responsibility to review each of the Resolutions and Recommendations referred to in *resolves* 1 and 2 above,

instructs the Director of the Radiocommunication Bureau

1 to conduct a general review of the Resolutions and Recommendations of previous conferences and, after consultation with the Radiocommunication Advisory Group and the Chairmen and Vice-Chairmen of the Radiocommunication Study Groups, submit a report to the second session of the Conference Preparatory Meeting in respect of *resolves* 1 and *resolves* 2, including an indication of any associated agenda items;

2 to include in the above report, with the cooperation of the chairmen of the Radiocommunication Study Groups, the progress reports of ITU-R studies on the issues which have been requested by the Resolutions and Recommendations of previous conferences, but which are not placed on the agendas of the forthcoming two conferences,

invites the Conference Preparatory Meeting

to include, in its Report, the results of a general review of the Resolutions and Recommendations of previous conferences.

RESOLUTION 96 (WRC-03)

Provisional application of certain provisions of the Radio Regulations as revised by WRC-03 and abrogation of certain Resolutions and Recommendations

The World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003),

considering

a) that this Conference has adopted a partial revision to the Radio Regulations (RR) in accordance with its terms of reference which will enter into force on 1 January 2005;

b) that some of the provisions, as amended by this Conference, need to apply provisionally as of an earlier date;

c) that as a general rule, new and revised Resolutions and Recommendations enter into force at the time of signing of the Final Acts of a conference;

d) that as a general rule, Resolutions and Recommendations which a WRC has decided to suppress are abrogated at the time of the signing of the Final Acts of the conference,

resolves

that, as of 5 July 2003, the following provisions of the RR, as revised or established by this Conference, shall provisionally apply: Nos. 1.189, 5.197A, 5.311, 5.328A, 5.328B, 5.329, 5.331, 5.334, 5.380A, 5.386, 5.388A, 5.388B, 5.416, 5.418, 5.417A, 5.417B, 5.417C, 5.417D, 5.418A, 5.418B, 5.418C, 5.424A, 5.443B and the associated allocations in the Table of Article 5 to the radionavigation-satellite service in the bands 1 164-1 215 MHz, 1 215-1 300 MHz, 1 559-1 610 MHz, 5 000-5 010 MHz and 5 010-5 030 MHz, No. 5.460 and the associated allocation in the Table of Article 5 in the band 7 145-7 235 MHz and the associated modifications to Table 21-2 and Table 21-3, Nos. 5.502, 5.503, 5.504B, 5.504C, 5.508A, 5.509A and the associated allocations in the Table of Article 5 to the aeronautical mobile-satellite service on a secondary basis in the band 14-14.5 GHz, Nos. 5.457A, 5.457B, 5.504A, 5.506A, 5.506B, 5.516A and the associated allocation in the Table of Article 5 to the fixed-satellite service (space-to-Earth) in the band 17.3-17.7 GHz, Nos. 5.446A, 5.446B, 5.447, 5.447E, 5.447F, 5.448A, 5.448B, 5.448C, 5.448D, 5.450A, 5.450B, 5.453 and the associated allocations in the Table of Article 5 to the mobile except aeronautical mobile, Earth exploration-satellite (active) and space research (active), and radiolocation services, Nos. 5.488, 5.537A, 5.543A, 5.547, 7.4A, A.9.6A, A.9.7, 9.1, 9.2, 9.5D, 9.6, ^{13A} 9.6.3, 9.14, A.11.4A, ^{5A} A.11.5, 11.44, 11.48, 19.50.1, 19.68, 19.68A, 19.72, 19.82A, 21.13A, 21.16.15, 21.16.16, 21.16.17, 21.16.18, 21.18, Table 21-4, Nos. 22.5C, 22.5CA, Table 22-1A, Table 22-1B, Table 22-1C, Table 22-1D, Table 22-1E, Table 22-2, Nos. 22.5H, 22.5I, 25.1 to 25.8, 25.9A, 25.9B, 25.11 and 52.221A, Table 5-1 of Appendix 5, Appendix 17 (Part A, Part B – Section I, § 5), Appendix 42;

2 that, as of 1 August 2003, the following provisions of the RR, as revised or established by this Conference, shall provisionally apply: Nos. **9.2B.1** and **9.38.1**;

3 that, as of 1 January 2004, the following provisions of the RR, as revised or established by this Conference, shall provisionally apply: Article **12**, Appendix **4**;

4 that, as of 4 January 2004, the following provisions of the RR, as revised or established by this Conference, shall provisionally apply: Nos. **5.551H** and **5.551I**;

5 that, as of 5 July 2003, the following provisions of the RR, which are suppressed by this Conference, shall be abrogated: Nos. **11.44B** to **11.44I**, **19.49**, **19.115** and **19.116**,

further resolves

1 to abrogate the following Resolutions as of 5 July 2003:

Resolution 29 (WRC-97), Resolution 44 (Mob-87), Resolution 46 (Rev.WRC-97), Resolution 53 (Rev.WRC-2000), Resolution 59 (WRC-2000), Resolution 77 (WRC-2000), Resolution 78 (WRC-2000). Resolution 82 (WRC-2000). Resolution 83 (WRC-2000), Resolution 84 (WRC-2000), Resolution 127 (Rev.WRC-2000), Resolution 128 (Rev.WRC-2000), Resolution 135 (WRC-2000), Resolution 137 (WRC-2000), Resolution 138 (WRC-2000), Resolution 209 (Mob-87), Resolution 214 (Rev.WRC-2000), Resolution 216 (Rev.WRC-2000), Resolution 226 (WRC-2000), Resolution 227 (WRC-2000), Resolution 300 (Rev.WRC-2000). Resolution 310 (Rev.WRC-97), Resolution 312 (Rev.WRC-97), Resolution 341 (WRC-97), Resolution 346 (WRC-97), Resolution 347 (WRC-97), Resolution 348 (WRC-97),

Resolution 350 (WRC-2000), Resolution 532 (WRC-97), Resolution 537 (WRC-97), Resolution 540 (WRC-2000), Resolution 541 (WRC-2000), Resolution 542 (WRC-2000), Resolution 602 (Mob-87). Resolution 603 (WRC-2000), Resolution 604 (WRC-2000), Resolution 605 (WRC-2000), Resolution 606 (WRC-2000), Resolution 607 (WRC-2000), Resolution 645 (WRC-2000), Resolution 706 (Rev.WRC-2000), Resolution 715 (Rev.WRC-97), Resolution 723 (Rev.WRC-2000), Resolution 724 (WRC-97), Resolution 725 (WRC-97), Resolution 727 (Rev.WRC-2000), Resolution 730 (WRC-2000), Resolution 733 (WRC-2000), Resolution 735 (WRC-2000), Resolution 736 (WRC-2000), Resolution 737 (WRC-2000), Resolution 800 (WRC-2000), Resolution 801 (WRC-2000);

to abrogate the following Recommendations as of 5 July 2003:

| Recommendation 35 (WRC-95), | Recommendation 700, | |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------|--|
| Recommendation 64, | Recommendation 701, | |
| Recommendation 66 (Rev.WRC-2000), | Recommendation 702, | |
| Recommendation 319 (Mob-87), | Recommendation 709, | |
| Recommendation 402, | Recommendation 710, | |
| Recommendation 515 (Rev.WRC-97), | Recommendation 715 (Orb-88), | |
| Recommendation 519 (WARC-92), | Recommendation 718 (WARC-92), | |
| Recommendation 521 (WRC-95), | Recommendation 719 (WARC-92). | |

2

RESOLUTION 114 (Rev.WRC-03)

Studies on compatibility between new systems of the aeronautical radionavigation service and the fixed-satellite service (Earth-to-space) (limited to feeder links of the non-geostationary mobile-satellite systems in the mobile-satellite service) in the frequency band 5 091-5 150 MHz

The World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003),

considering

a) the current allocation of the frequency band 5000-5250 MHz to the aeronautical radionavigation service;

b) the requirements of both the aeronautical radionavigation and the fixed-satellite (Earth-to-space) (limited to feeder links of non-geostationary satellite (non-GSO) systems in the mobile-satellite service (MSS)) services in the above-mentioned band,

recognizing

a) that precedence must be given to the microwave landing system (MLS) in accordance with No. **5.444** and to other international standard systems of the aeronautical radionavigation service in the frequency band 5 030-5 150 MHz;

b) that, in accordance with Annex 10 of the Convention of the International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO) on international civil aviation, it may be necessary to use the frequency band 5091-5150 MHz for the MLS if its requirements cannot be satisfied in the frequency band 5030-5091 MHz;

c) that the fixed-satellite service providing feeder links for non-GSO systems in the MSS will need access to the frequency band 5091-5150 MHz in the short term,

noting

a) that Recommendation ITU-R S.1342 describes a method for determining coordination distances between international standard MLS stations operating in the band 5 030-5 091 MHz and fixed-satellite service earth stations providing Earth-to-space feeder links in the band 5 091-5 150 MHz;

b) the small number of fixed-satellite service stations to be considered;

c) the development of new systems that will provide supplemental navigation information integral to the aeronautical radionavigation service,

resolves

1 that administrations authorizing stations providing feeder links for non-GSO systems in the MSS in the frequency band 5091-5150 MHz shall ensure that they do not cause harmful interference to stations of the aeronautical radionavigation service;

2 that the allocation to the aeronautical radionavigation service and the fixed-satellite service in the frequency band 5091-5150 MHz should be reviewed at a future competent conference prior to 2018;

3 that studies be undertaken on compatibility between new systems of the aeronautical radionavigation service and systems of the fixed-satellite service providing feeder links of the non-GSO systems in the MSS (Earth-to-space),

invites administrations

when assigning frequencies in the band 5091-5150 MHz before 1 January 2018 to stations of the aeronautical radionavigation service or to stations of the fixed-satellite service providing feeder links of the non-GSO systems in the MSS (Earth-to-space), to take all practicable steps to avoid mutual interference between them,

invites ITU-R

to study the technical and operational issues relating to sharing of this band between new systems of the aeronautical radionavigation service and the fixed-satellite service providing feeder links of the non-GSO systems in the MSS (Earth-to-space),

invites

1 ICAO to supply technical and operational criteria suitable for sharing studies for new aeronautical systems;

2 all Members of the Radiocommunication Sector, and especially ICAO, to participate actively in such studies,

instructs the Secretary-General

to bring this Resolution to the attention of ICAO.

RESOLUTION 122 (Rev.WRC-03)

Use of the bands 47.2-47.5 GHz and 47.9-48.2 GHz by high altitude platform stations (HAPS) in the fixed service and by other services

The World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003),

considering

a) that the band 47.2-50.2 GHz is allocated to the fixed, mobile and fixed-satellite services on a co-primary basis;

b) that WRC-97 made provision for operation of HAPS, also known as stratospheric repeaters, within the fixed service in the bands 47.2-47.5 GHz and 47.9-48.2 GHz;

c) that ITU has among its purposes "to promote the extension of the benefits of the new telecommunication technologies to all the world's inhabitants" (No. 6 of the Constitution);

d) that systems based on new technologies using high altitude platforms will be able to provide high-capacity, competitive services to urban and rural areas;

e) that the development of any service requires major investment and that manufacturers and operators should be given the confidence to make the necessary investment;

f) that high altitude platform systems are in an advanced stage of development and some countries have notified such systems to ITU in the bands 47.2-47.5 GHz and 47.9-48.2 GHz;

g) that Recommendation ITU-R F.1500 contains the characteristics of systems in the fixed service using HAPS;

h) that while the decision to deploy HAPS can be taken on a national basis, such deployment may affect neighbouring administrations, particularly in small countries;

i) that ITU-R has completed studies dealing with sharing between systems using HAPS in the fixed service and other types of systems in the fixed service in the bands 47.2-47.5 GHz and 47.9-48.2 GHz;

j) that the radio astronomy service has a primary allocation in the band 48.94-49.04 GHz;

k) that further studies are required on sharing between systems using HAPS and the radio astronomy service;

l) that No. **5.552** urges administrations to reserve fixed-satellite service (FSS) use of the band 47.2-49.2 GHz for feeder links for the broadcasting-satellite service (BSS), and that ITU-R studies indicate that HAPS in the fixed service may share with BSS feeder links;

m) that Recommendation ITU-R SF.1481 provides useful reference information in regard to sharing between systems using HAPS and geostationary FSS systems but also notes that further study of operational scenarios and mitigation techniques is required, and that such study would enable greater confidence in the feasibility of sharing of the radio spectrum in the 47.2-47.5 GHz band and 47.9-48.2 GHz band, which have been designated for systems using HAPS;

n) that studies such as described in *considering m*) are already in progress in ITU-R,

resolves

1 to encourage administrations to facilitate coordination between systems in the fixed service using HAPS operating in the bands 47.2-47.5 GHz and 47.9-48.2 GHz and systems of the co-primary satellite services in the same bands;

2 that, on a provisional basis, the procedures of Article **9** shall be used for coordination between satellite systems and systems using HAPS in the bands 47.2-47.5 GHz and 47.9-48.2 GHz;

3 to invite WRC-07 to review, for the bands 47.2-47.5 GHz and 47.9-48.2 GHz, the results of the studies specified in *invites ITU-R* below and consider refinement of the regulatory provisions applicable to HAPS stations in the fixed service in these bands,

invites ITU-R

1 to study, as a matter of urgency, power limitations applicable for HAPS ground stations to facilitate sharing with space station receivers;

2 to study the regulatory provisions that might be needed in order to address those cases where the deployment of HAPS in the territory of one administration may affect other administrations;

3 to continue to carry out studies in a most efficient and harmonized manner on the appropriate technical sharing criteria for the situations referred to in *considering k*) and *m*), taking into account the operational environments and the requirements of systems in the FSS,

instructs the Director of the Radiocommunication Bureau

1 to maintain notices concerning HAPS that were received by the Bureau prior to 22 November 1997 and provisionally recorded in the Master International Frequency Register, until a date to be decided by a future WRC;

2 with effect from 5 July 2003, and pending review of the sharing studies in *considering k*) and *m*) and review of the notification process by WRC-07:

- to accept notices in the bands 47.2-47.5 GHz and 47.9-48.2 GHz only for HAPS in the fixed service and for feeder links for the BSS, and, for Region 2, for earth stations and geostationary space stations operating FSS networks providing service exclusively within Region 2;
- to defer the examination of such systems under Nos. 9.36 and 11.32 as well as the application of any Article 9 coordination procedure between the satellite systems and HAPS until further decision by WRC-07;
- to continue to process notices for FSS networks (except for feeder links for the BSS) for which complete information for advance publication has been received prior to 27 October 1997; and
- to inform the notifying administrations accordingly.

RESOLUTION 136 (Rev.WRC-03)

Frequency sharing in the range 37.5-50.2 GHz between geostationary fixed-satellite service networks and non-geostationary fixed-satellite service systems

The World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003),

considering

a) that WRC-2000 made provisions for the operation of geostationary fixed-satellite service (GSO FSS) networks and non-geostationary fixed-satellite service (non-GSO FSS) systems in the 10-30 GHz frequency range;

b) that there is an emerging interest in operating GSO FSS networks and non-GSO FSS systems in the 37.5-50.2 GHz frequency range;

c) that there is a need to provide for the orderly development and implementation of new satellite technologies in the 37.5-50.2 GHz frequency range;

d) that systems based on the use of new technologies associated with both GSO FSS networks and non-GSO FSS systems are capable of providing the most isolated regions of the world with high-capacity and low-cost means of communication;

e) that there should be equitable access to the radio-frequency spectrum and orbital resources in a mutually acceptable manner that allows for new entrants in the provision of services;

f) that the Radio Regulations should be sufficiently flexible to accommodate the introduction and implementation of innovative technologies as they evolve;

g) that in the frequency range 37.5-50.2 GHz where there has been little or no deployment of satellite systems to date, administrations concerned with both GSO FSS and non-GSO FSS systems should be expected to exhibit flexibility in achieving the appropriate balance in the sharing environment;

h) that this Conference, having considered the outcome of the ITU-R studies on this subject, as summarized in the CPM Report to this Conference, has decided that further studies are needed before the conditions for non-GSO FSS systems to share these bands with GSO FSS networks can reliably be determined,

resolves to invite administrations

to seek balanced sharing arrangements between GSO FSS networks and non-GSO FSS systems in the application of Article **22** to such systems in the 37.5-50.2 GHz frequency range, prior to the review by WRC-10 of the results of the studies called for by this Resolution,

invites ITU-R

1 to undertake, as a matter of urgency, further technical, operational and regulatory studies on sharing arrangements which achieve an appropriate balance between GSO FSS networks and non-GSO FSS systems in the frequency range 37.5-50.2 GHz. Such further studies should include, but not necessarily be limited to:

- a) techniques which individually or in combination avoid, or otherwise adequately mitigate, main beam-to-main beam coupling of interference in both directions between non-GSO FSS systems and GSO FSS networks at "in-line" instants. The studies should be based on the key parameters of systems firmly planned to operate in the bands concerned, and should be pursued sufficiently far to establish appropriate long-term and short-term interference criteria and to compute the time statistics of interference from non-GSO systems to GSO networks, and from GSO networks to non-GSO systems, to determine whether those criteria would be met. The computations and comparisons should be made firstly assuming no mitigation, and subsequently with each of the various mitigation techniques or combinations of mitigation techniques envisaged. The mitigation techniques thus investigated should include:
 - satellite diversity or arc avoidance;
 - geographical isolation between earth stations;
 - site diversity;
 - adaptive coding;
 - link balancing;
 - other appropriate techniques, if any;
- b) the development of technical, operational and regulatory guidance which would enable WRC-10 to decide whether or not to include, in the Radio Regulations, epfd limits on non-GSO FSS systems for the protection of GSO FSS networks, and off-axis e.i.r.p. density limits on earth stations in GSO FSS networks for the protection of non-GSO FSS systems, in the frequency range 37.5-50.2 GHz. Such guidance should include quantitative values for suitable epfd↓, epfd↑ and off-axis e.i.r.p. density limits;
- 2 to report the results of these studies to WRC-10.

RESOLUTION 140 (WRC-03)

Measures and studies associated with the equivalent power flux-density (epfd) limits in the band 19.7-20.2 GHz

The World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003),

considering

a) that, after several years of study, WRC-2000 adopted epfd limits in a number of frequency bands to give practical effect to No. **22.2**, in order to facilitate non-geostationary-orbit (non-GSO) systems in the fixed-satellite service (FSS) systems to operate while still ensuring protection of GSO FSS networks from unacceptable interference;

b) that in Resolution **76 (WRC-2000)** WRC-2000 also adopted aggregate epfd \downarrow limits in the same bands for the protection of GSO FSS systems;

c) that a small number of systems based on constellations of satellites in highly elliptical orbits (HEOs), in certain FSS bands, have been operating for many years;

d) that since the late 1990s, especially after WRC-2000, there has been a growing interest in HEOs in a number of bands and for several space services, predominantly in the FSS allocations below 30 GHz;

e) that ITU-R studies reported to this Conference considered HEO systems to be a sub-category of non-GSO systems and characterized their operational features;

f) that in the period between WRC-2000 and this Conference, ITU-R developed Recommendations concerning frequency sharing between HEO FSS systems and other systems, including GSO, low Earth orbit (LEO), medium Earth orbit (MEO) and HEO systems;

g) that certain types of HEO system would have difficulty in meeting the long-term portion of $epfd_{\downarrow}$ limits in force in the 19.7-20.2 GHz band,

noting

a) that, in the long-term portion, the epfd \downarrow limits in the band 19.7-20.2 GHz are considerably more stringent than those in the 17.8-18.6 GHz band;

b) that Nos. **9.7A** and **9.7B** apply in this band;

c) that the 19.7-20.2 GHz band is one of the few bands identified by this Conference on a global basis for high-density applications in the fixed-satellite service,

resolves to invite ITU-R

to develop, during this ITU-R study period, criteria which would protect GSO FSS networks in the band 19.7-20.2 GHz from unacceptable interference by HEO FSS systems taking account of the combined effect of interference into downlinks of the GSO FSS networks from HEO FSS systems and other non-GSO FSS systems,

invites administrations

to consider using the relevant ITU-R Recommendations regarding the protection of GSO FSS satellite networks from interference by non-GSO FSS systems as a guideline for consultation between administrations, to fulfil their obligations under No. **22.2** in the band 19.7-20.2 GHz, and in the case where an administration responsible for a non-GSO FSS system requests the application of No. **22.5CA**,

instructs the Radiocommunication Bureau

in cases where an administration responsible for a non-GSO FSS system indicates in its coordination request its wish to apply No. **22.5CA** with respect to the epfd_{\downarrow} limits in Table **22-1C** in the 19.7-20.2 GHz band but has not yet reached the necessary agreements, to make a qualified favourable finding with respect to this provision. This provisional finding regarding compliance with epfd_{\downarrow} limits shall be changed to a definitive favourable finding at the notification stage, only if all explicit agreements from administrations for which epfd limits are exceeded are obtained and an indication thereof is provided to the Bureau within two years from the date of receipt of the coordination request. Otherwise, this provisional finding shall be changed to a definitive unfavourable finding.

RESOLUTION 141 (WRC-03)

Sharing between certain types of non-geostationary-satellite systems in the fixed-satellite service and stations in the fixed service in the 17.7-19.7 GHz band

The World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003),

considering

a) that a small number of non-geostationary satellite orbit (non-GSO) systems based on constellations of satellites in highly-inclined orbits have operated successfully in the fixed-satellite service (FSS) for many years, including in the 17.7-19.7 GHz band;

b) that since the late 1990s there has been a growing interest in non-GSO systems in a number of bands and for several space services, predominantly in the FSS allocations below 30 GHz;

c) that ITU-R studies reported to this Conference considered highly-inclined orbit systems to be a sub-category of non-GSO satellite systems and characterized their operational features;

d) that WRC-2000 modified the Article **21** power flux-density (pfd) limits for non-GSO satellite systems in the FSS in the band 17.7-19.3 GHz based on technical sharing studies involving non-GSO satellite systems using low-Earth orbits;

e) that ITU-R has commenced studies of the impact on fixed service stations of the pfd produced or to be produced by non-GSO FSS space stations using highly-inclined orbits;

f) that the band 17.7-19.7 GHz is heavily used in many countries for the fixed service, in particular for mobile telephone network infrastructure;

g) that ITU-R has not determined whether the current pfd limits for non-GSO FSS systems in Article **21** are adequate to protect the fixed service in the 17.7-19.7 GHz band from non-GSO satellite systems using highly-inclined orbits having an apogee altitude greater than 18 000 km and an orbital inclination between 35° and 145° ,

invites ITU-R

1 to conduct, as a matter of urgency and in time for WRC-07, the appropriate technical studies to determine whether the current pfd limits for non-GSO FSS systems in Article **21** are adequate to protect the fixed service in the 17.7-19.7 GHz band from non-GSO systems described in *considering g*) without unduly constraining the use of these non-GSO FSS systems;

2 to determine whether there are technical and operational measures in the band 17.7-19.7 GHz that could be implemented in the fixed service to mitigate interference from FSS space stations as described in *considering g*),

resolves

to recommend that WRC-07 consider, taking into account the results of the studies referred to in *invites ITU-R* 1, the appropriate pfd limits for non-GSO space stations in the band 17.7-19.7 GHz described in *considering g*),

instructs the Radiocommunication Bureau

as of the end of WRC-07, to review, based on the values in Article **21** as adopted by WRC-07, and, if appropriate, revise any findings made on the compliance with the limits contained in Article **21** of a non-GSO FSS system, as described in *considering g*), for which complete advance publication information has not been received prior to 5 July 2003.

RESOLUTION 142 (WRC-03)

Transitional arrangements relating to use of the frequency band 11.7-12.2 GHz by geostationary-satellite networks in the fixed-satellite service in Region 2

The World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003),

considering

a) that, in Region 2, the band 11.7-12.1 GHz is allocated on a co-primary basis to terrestrial services (except in the countries listed in No. **5.486**) and to the fixed-satellite service (FSS);

b) that, in Region 2, the band 12.1-12.2 GHz is allocated on a co-primary basis to terrestrial services in Peru (see No. **5.489**) and to the FSS;

c) that, in Regions 1 and 3, the band 11.7-12.2 GHz is allocated on a co-primary basis to terrestrial services and to the broadcasting-satellite service (BSS);

d) that WRC-2000 adopted Resolution **77** to protect terrestrial services in Regions 1, 2 and 3 from geostationary-satellite (GSO) networks in the FSS in Region 2, but did not clarify which procedures should be applied;

e) that the Rule of Procedure concerning No. **5.488** extended the applicability of Resolution **77** to coordination requests received from 1 January 1999 and to coordination requests received prior to 1 January 1999 for which Special Sections under former Article **14** had not been published;

f) that this Conference suppressed Resolution **77** and, through revision of No. **5.488**, replaced it with application of No. **9.14** for FSS in Region 2 to coordinate with stations in terrestrial services in all three Regions,

recognizing

that transitional measures are needed to address implementation of No. **9.14** for GSO FSS in Region 2 in the band 11.7-12.2 GHz,

resolves

1 that, for requests for coordination under Article **9** for GSO networks in the FSS in Region 2 in the band 11.7-12.2 GHz for which complete Appendix **4** information was received after 1 May 2002 by the Bureau, the Bureau shall apply No. **9.14** as adopted at this Conference;

2 that, for requests for coordination processed previously under Resolution 77, the Bureau shall apply No. 9.14 as adopted at this Conference which may involve publication of a list of such networks to initiate the No. 9.14 process;

3 that, for requests for notification under Article 11 involving networks processed under *resolves* 1 and 2 above, the provisions in Article 11 associated with No. 9.14 shall be applied;

4 that the provisions of Nos. **5.488**, **9.14** and the part of Table 5-1 of Appendix **5** (**Rev.WRC-03**) referring to No. **9.14** as amended by this Conference shall be provisionally applied as from 5 July 2003.

RESOLUTION 143 (WRC-03)

Guidelines for the implementation of high-density applications in the fixed-satellite service in frequency bands identified for these applications

The World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003),

considering

a) that demand has been increasing steadily for global broadband communication services throughout the world, such as those provided by high-density applications in the fixed-satellite service (HDFSS);

b) that HDFSS systems are characterized by flexible, rapid and ubiquitous deployment of large numbers of cost-optimized earth stations employing small antennas and having common technical characteristics;

c) that HDFSS is an advanced broadband communication application concept that will provide access to a wide range of broadband telecommunication applications supported by fixed telecommunication networks (including the Internet), and thus will complement other telecommunication systems;

d) that, as with other FSS systems, HDFSS offers great potential to establish telecommunication infrastructure rapidly;

e) that HDFSS applications can be provided by satellites of any orbital type;

f) that interference mitigation techniques have been and continue to be studied in ITU-R to facilitate sharing between HDFSS earth stations and terrestrial services;

g) that to date, studies have not concluded on the practicability of implementation of interference mitigation techniques for all HDFSS earth stations,

noting

a) that No. **5.516B** identifies bands for HDFSS;

b) that, in some of these bands, the FSS allocations are co-primary with fixed and mobile service allocations as well as other services;

c) that this identification does not preclude the use of these bands by other services or by other FSS applications, and does not establish priority in these Radio Regulations among users of the bands;

d) that, in the band 18.6-18.8 GHz, the FSS allocation is co-primary with the Earth exploration-satellite service (EESS) (passive) with the restrictions of Nos. **5.522A** and **5.522B**;

e) that radio astronomy observations are carried out in the 48.94-49.04 GHz band, and that such observations require protection at notified radio astronomy stations;

f) that co-frequency sharing between transmitting HDFSS earth stations and terrestrial services is difficult in the same geographical area;

g) that co-frequency sharing between receiving HDFSS earth stations and terrestrial stations in the same geographical area may be facilitated through the implementation of interference mitigation techniques, if practicable;

h) that many FSS systems with other types of earth stations and characteristics have already been brought into use or are planned to be brought into use in some of the frequency bands identified for HDFSS in No. **5.516B**;

i) that HDFSS stations in these bands are expected to be deployed in large numbers over urban, suburban and rural areas of large geographical extent;

j) that the 50.2-50.4 GHz band, adjacent to the band 48.2-50.2 GHz (Earth-to-space) identified for HDFSS in Region 2, is allocated to the EESS (passive),

recognizing

a) that in cases where FSS earth stations use bands that are shared on a co-primary basis with terrestrial services, the Radio Regulations stipulate that earth stations of the FSS shall be individually notified to the Bureau when their coordination contours extend into the territory of another administration;

b) that, as a consequence of their general characteristics, it is expected that the coordination of HDFSS earth stations with fixed service stations on an individual site-by-site basis between administrations will be a difficult and long process;

c) that, to minimize the burden for administrations, simplified coordination procedures and provisions can be agreed by administrations for large numbers of similar HDFSS earth stations associated with a given satellite system;

d) that harmonized worldwide bands for HDFSS would facilitate the implementation of HDFSS, thereby helping to maximize global access and economies of scale,

recognizing further

that HDFSS applications implemented on FSS networks and systems are subject to all provisions of the Radio Regulations applicable to the FSS, such as coordination and notification pursuant to Articles 9 and 11, including any requirements to coordinate with terrestrial services across international borders, and the provisions of Articles 21 and 22,

resolves

that administrations which implement HDFSS should consider the following guidelines:

- a) making some or all of the frequency bands identified in No. **5.516B** available for HDFSS applications;
- b) in making frequency bands available under resolves a), take into account:
 - that HDFSS deployment will be simplified in bands that are not shared with terrestrial services;
 - in bands shared with terrestrial services, the impact that the further deployment of terrestrial stations would have on the existing and future development of HDFSS, and the further deployment of HDFSS earth stations would have on the existing and future development of terrestrial services;
- *c)* take into account the relevant technical characteristics applicable to HDFSS, as identified by ITU-R Recommendations (e.g. Recommendations ITU-R S.524-7 and ITU-R S.1594);
- *d*) take into account other existing and planned FSS systems, having different characteristics, in frequency bands where HDFSS is implemented in accordance with *resolves a*) above and the conditions specified in No. **5.516B**,

invites administrations

1 to give due consideration to the benefits of harmonized utilization of the spectrum for HDFSS on a global basis, taking into account the use and planned use of these bands by all other services to which these bands are allocated, as well as other types of FSS applications;

2 to consider implementing simplified procedures and provisions that facilitate the deployment of HDFSS systems in some or all of the bands identified in No. **5.516B**;

3 when considering the deployment of HDFSS systems in the upper portion of the band 48.2-50.2 GHz, to take into account as appropriate the potential impact such deployment may have on the satellite passive services in the adjacent band 50.2-50.4 GHz, and to participate in ITU-R studies on the compatibility between these services, taking into account No. **5.340**;

4 to consider, given *invites administrations* 3 above, and where practicable, starting the deployment of HDFSS earth stations in the lower part of the band 48.2-50.2 GHz.

RESOLUTION 144 (WRC-03)

Special requirements of geographically small or narrow countries operating earth stations in the fixed-satellite service in the band 13.75-14 GHz

The World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003),

considering

a) that WARC-92 made an additional allocation to the fixed-satellite service (FSS) (Earth-to-space) in the band 13.75-14 GHz;

b) that this band is shared with the radiolocation and radionavigation services;

c) that, following a decision by WRC-2000 and the completion of ITU-R studies, this Conference reviewed and revised the sharing conditions for the services in this band and adopted new regulations which govern sharing between the FSS, radiolocation and radionavigation services (see No. **5.502**);

d) that these revised sharing conditions additionally permit the operation of geostationary FSS earth stations in the band 13.75-14 GHz with antennas having diameters between 1.2 m and 4.5 m,

recognizing

a) that these sharing conditions of No. **5.502** will mean that countries which are geographically small or narrow will have significant difficulties deploying geostationary FSS earth stations in this band with antennas having diameters between 1.2 m and 4.5 m;

b) that in order to further facilitate sharing between the FSS and the maritime radiolocation systems operating in the radiolocation service, there may be a need to develop technical and operational methods;

c) that these technical and operational methods may be used to allow a greater deployment of FSS earth stations in the band 13.75-14 GHz in conformity with No. **5.502** while protecting the radiolocation service,

resolves

1 to invite ITU-R, as a matter of urgency, to conduct studies with a view to developing ITU-R Recommendations, which will establish technical or operational methods which will further facilitate sharing and may allow greater flexibility in the deployment of FSS earth stations in the band 13.75-14 GHz, in conformity with No. **5.502**, and which may also be used as a basis for the establishment of bilateral agreements between administrations;

2 that the administrations of geographically small or narrow countries may exceed the limitations on FSS earth station power flux-density at the low-water mark in No. **5.502** if such operation is in conformance with bilateral agreements with administrations deploying maritime radiolocation systems in the band 13.75-14 GHz,

encourages

administrations deploying maritime and land mobile radiolocation systems in the band 13.75-14 GHz rapidly to reach bilateral agreements relating to the operation of FSS earth stations in this band with administrations of those geographically small and narrow countries deploying these FSS earth stations,

invites

administrations deploying maritime radiolocation systems in the band 13.75 to 14 GHz to participate actively in the ITU-R studies referred to in *resolves* 1.

RESOLUTION 145 (WRC-03)

Potential use of the bands 27.5-28.35 GHz and 31-31.3 GHz by high altitude platform stations (HAPS) in the fixed service

The World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003),

considering

a) that WRC-97 made provision for the operation of HAPS, also known as stratospheric repeaters, within a 2×300 MHz portion of the fixed-service allocation in the bands 47.2-47.5 GHz and 47.9-48.2 GHz;

b) that WRC-97 adopted No. **4.15A** specifying that transmissions to or from HAPS shall be limited to the bands specifically identified in Article **5**;

c) that at WRC-2000, several countries in Region 3 and one country in Region 1 expressed a need for a lower frequency band for HAPS due to the excessive rain attenuation that occurs at 47 GHz in these countries;

d) that at the present Conference, countries in Region 2 also expressed an interest in using a frequency range lower than those referred to in *considering a*);

e) that, in order to accommodate the need expressed by the countries referred to in *considering c)*, WRC-2000 adopted Nos. **5.537A** and **5.543A**, which were modified at this Conference to permit the use of HAPS in the fixed service within 300 MHz of spectrum in the band 27.5-28.35 GHz and in the band 31-31.3 GHz in certain Region 3 countries and in one Region 1 country on a non-harmful interference, non-protection basis;

f) that the bands 27.5-28.35 GHz and 31-31.3 GHz are already heavily used or planned to be used by a number of different services and a number of other types of applications in the fixed service;

g) that while the decision to deploy HAPS can be taken on a national basis, such deployment may affect neighbouring administrations, particularly in small countries;

h) that the 31.3-31.8 GHz band is allocated to the radio astronomy, Earth explorationsatellite (passive) and space research (passive) services, and that this Conference amended No. **5.543A** to specify signal levels that would protect satellite passive services and radio astronomy stations; *i)* that ITU-R has conducted studies dealing with sharing between systems using HAPS in the fixed service and other types of systems in the fixed service in the bands 27.5-28.35 GHz and 31-31.3 GHz leading to Recommendation ITU-R F.1609;

j) that results of some ITU-R studies indicate that, in the bands 27.5-28.35 GHz and 31-31.3 GHz, sharing between fixed-service systems using HAPS and other conventional fixed-service systems in the same area will require appropriate interference mitigation techniques to be developed and implemented;

k) that ITU-R has conducted studies dealing with compatibility between systems using HAPS and the passive services in the 31.3-31.8 GHz band leading to Recommendations ITU-R F.1570 and ITU-R F.1612;

l) that ITU-R has produced Recommendation ITU-R SF.1601 containing a methodology for evaluating interference from the fixed-service system using HAPS into GSO FSS systems in the band 27.5-28.35 GHz in order to facilitate further studies;

m) that HAPS technical and regulatory issues should continue to be studied in order to determine appropriate measures for protecting the fixed service and other co-primary services in the band 27.5-28.35 GHz;

n) that pending the completion of studies, administrations in Region 2 may wish to consider deployment of HAPS systems in the fixed service within 300 MHz of spectrum at 27.5-28.35 GHz and in 300 MHz of spectrum at 31-31.3 GHz and to have some provisional means by which to authorize such use of HAPS in their territories,

noting

that systems using HAPS may operate in the bands 27.5-28.35 GHz and 31-31.3 GHz under No. 4.4,

resolves

1 to invite WRC-07 to review the results of the studies specified below and consider appropriate refinement of the regulatory provisions for the use of HAPS within the bands 27.5-28.35 GHz and 31-31.3 GHz;

2 that, notwithstanding No. **4.15A**, in Region 2 the use of HAPS within the fixedservice allocations within the 27.5-28.35 GHz and 31-31.3 GHz bands shall be limited, pending the completion of the studies specified in *invites ITU-R* 1 below, to 300 MHz in each band, that such use shall not cause harmful interference to, nor claim protection from, other stations of services operating in accordance with the Table of Frequency Allocations of Article **5**, and, further, that the development of these other services shall proceed without constraints by HAPS operating pursuant to this Resolution;

3 that, pursuant to *resolves* 2 above, any use by HAPS of the fixed-service allocation at 27.5-28.35 GHz shall be limited to operation in the HAPS-to-ground direction, and that any use by HAPS of the fixed-service allocation at 31-31.3 GHz shall be limited to operation in the ground-to-HAPS direction;

4 that, on a provisional basis, the administrations listed in Nos. **5.537A** and **5.543A** and those administrations in Region 2 which intend to implement systems using HAPS in the fixed service in the bands 27.5-28.35 GHz and 31-31.3 GHz shall seek explicit agreement of concerned administrations with regard to their primary services to ensure that the conditions in Nos. **5.537A**, **5.543A**, *resolves* 2 and *resolves* 5 are met;

5 that systems using HAPS in the band 31-31.3 GHz, in accordance with *resolves* 2 above, shall not cause harmful interference to the radio astronomy service having a primary allocation in the band 31.3-31.8 GHz, taking into account the protection criterion given in Recommendation ITU-R RA.769. In order to ensure the protection of satellite passive services, the level of unwanted power density into the HAPS ground station antenna in the band 31.3-31.8 GHz shall be limited to -106 dB(W/MHz) under clear-sky conditions and may be increased up to -100 dB(W/MHz) under rainy conditions to take account of rain attenuation, provided that effective impact on the passive satellite does not exceed the impact under clear-sky conditions as given above,

invites ITU-R

1 to continue to conduct studies, as a matter of urgency, and taking into account the requirements of other fixed-service systems and other services, on the feasibility of identifying a suitable and preferably a common 300 MHz segment of the band 27.5-28.35 GHz paired with the 300 MHz band at 31-31.3 GHz, for use by HAPS in the countries listed in Nos. **5.537A** and **5.543A** or countries in Region 2 planning provisional operation;

2 to develop, one or more ITU-R Recommendations, technical sharing criteria or HAPS system design conditions that are necessary to ensure that HAPS applications in the fixed service operate successfully on a non-harmful interference, non-protected basis in the bands 27.5-28.35 GHz and 31-31.3 GHz;

3 to complete studies on the interference criteria and methodology for evaluating interference from the downlink (HAPS-to-ground direction) of systems using HAPS to the uplink of the GSO satellite networks in the FSS within the band 27.5-28.35 GHz, taking into account Recommendation ITU-R SF.1601 for the situations referred to in *considering l*);

4 to study the regulatory provisions that might be needed in order to address those cases where the deployment of HAPS in the fixed service in the bands 27.5-28.35 GHz and 31-31.3 GHz in the territory of one administration may affect other administrations;

5 to continue to carry out studies on the appropriate interference mitigation techniques for the situations referred to in *considering j*),

invites administrations

to advise the Radiocommunication Bureau of their intention to implement HAPS systems within the band 27.5-28.35 GHz and in the band 31-31.3 GHz, whether in countries listed in Nos. **5.537A** and **5.543A** or in accordance with *resolves* 2, and to specify the frequency bands (up to 300 MHz each within the 27.5-28.35 GHz and 31-31.3 GHz bands) they intend to use for such systems,

instructs the Director of the Radiocommunication Bureau

to publish in the International Frequency Information Circular (BR IFIC) a list of administrations who have so advised, and to publish the information on HAPS implementation received from administrations which intend to implement systems using HAPS in the fixed service in the bands 27.5-28.35 GHz and 31-31.3 GHz.

RESOLUTION 146 (WRC-03)

Transitional arrangements for the application of modified provisions of Appendix 30B

The World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003),

considering

a) that the 1988 World Administrative Radio Conference (WARC Orb-88) established the fixed-satellite service (FSS) Plan contained in Appendix **30B**;

b) that some of the technical parameters used in characterizing the Plan referred to in *considering a)* were adopted by WARC Orb-88 and could be improved to reflect evolution of technologies, as called for in Resolution 86 (Rev. Marrakesh, 2002) of the Plenipotentiary Conference;

c) that only a limited number of satellite networks have been implemented under Appendix **30B**;

d) that ITU-R studied the possibility of using improved antenna patterns and lower C/I criteria in Appendix **30B** and concluded that using relaxed parameters would greatly simplify the coordination of new satellite networks submitted under this Appendix,

noting

a) that the Council, in Resolution 1182 adopted at its 2001 session, established the Satellite Backlog Action Group (SAT-BAG), to prepare and oversee a coordinated approach for treating the complex and related factors contributing to the backlog in the processing of satellite network filings by the Bureau;

b) that SAT-BAG made several recommendations for the attention of this Conference, suggesting that, wherever there is an opportunity, immediate action that would assist in resolving the backlog be taken,

noting further

that this Conference has adopted several modifications to Appendix 30B,

resolves

1 that, as from 5 July 2003, § 6.34 and 6.50 of Appendix **30B** as revised by this Conference, shall apply, regardless of the date of receipt of the submission of the information under Article 6 of Appendix **30B**;

2 that, as from 5 July 2003, § 6.43*bis* and 6.56*bis* of Appendix **30B** as adopted by this Conference, shall apply, regardless of the date of receipt of the submission of the information under Article 6 of Appendix **30B**;

3 that, as from 5 July 2003, the Bureau shall, in its examination in application of Appendix **30B**, use the parameters given in Section 1.6 of Annex 1 of Appendix **30B**, as revised by this Conference;

4 that the Bureau shall, in its examination of submissions received as from 5 July 2003 in application of Appendix **30B**, use the following parameters:

- a single entry C/I ratio value of 27 dB;

an aggregate C/I ratio value of 23 dB;

5 that, once the parameters referred to in *resolves* 3 have been implemented, the Bureau shall compute the reference situations of the FSS Plan and publish this information in a circular letter;

6 that once the parameters referred to in *resolves* 4 have been implemented, the Bureau shall compute the reference situations of the FSS Plan and publish this information in a circular letter;

7 that, as from 5 July 2003, § 6.1, 6.29, 6.38 and 6.57 of Appendix **30B** as revised by this Conference, shall apply, regardless of the date of receipt of the submission of the information under Article 6 of Appendix **30B**;

8 that, as from 5 July 2003, the Bureau shall send a letter to all the notifying administrations with assignments in the List and for which it has not received confirmation of the date of bringing into use, requesting them to confirm that these assignments have been brought into use in accordance with § 6.1, 6.29, 6.38 and 6.57 of Appendix **30B**, as appropriate. Any assignment for which the Bureau has not received such confirmation, as well as the corresponding notification information, by 1 January 2004 shall then be cancelled as stipulated in § 6.1, 6.29, 6.38 and 6.57 of Appendix **30B**, as appropriate;

9 that, as from 5 July 2003, Article 8 of Appendix **30B**, except § 8.2 thereof, as revised by this Conference, shall apply, regardless of the date of receipt of the submission of the information under Article 6 of Appendix **30B**;

10 that as from 1 January 2004, § 8.2 of Appendix **30B** shall apply,

invites ITU-R

to review, as a matter of urgency, the regulatory procedures and associated technical criteria of Appendix **30B** and to report the results to WRC-07.

RESOLUTION 207 (Rev.WRC-03)

Measures to address unauthorized use of and interference to frequencies in the bands allocated to the maritime mobile service and to the aeronautical mobile (R) service

The World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003),

considering

a) that the HF frequencies currently used by the aeronautical and maritime mobile services for distress, safety and other communications, including allotted operational frequencies, suffer from harmful interference and are often subject to difficult propagation conditions;

b) that WRC-97 considered some aspects of the use of the HF bands for distress and safety communications in the context of the Global Maritime Distress and Safety System (GMDSS), especially with regard to regulatory measures;

c) that unauthorized operations using maritime and aeronautical frequencies in the HF bands are continuing to increase and are already a serious risk to HF distress, safety and other communications;

d) that some administrations have resorted to, for example, transmitting warning messages on operational HF channels as a means of deterring unauthorized users;

e) that provisions of the Radio Regulations prohibit the unauthorized use of certain safety frequencies for communications other than those related to safety;

f) that enforcing compliance with these regulatory provisions is becoming increasingly difficult with the availability of low-cost HF single side-band (SSB) transceivers;

g) that monitoring observations of the use of frequencies in the band $2\,170-2\,194$ kHz and in the bands allocated exclusively to the maritime mobile service between $4\,063$ kHz and $27\,500$ kHz and to the aeronautical mobile (R) service between $2\,850$ kHz and $22\,000$ kHz show that a number of frequencies in these bands are still being used by stations of other services, many of which are operating in contravention of No. **23.2**;

h) that, in certain situations, HF radio is the sole means of communication for the maritime mobile service and that certain frequencies in the bands mentioned in *considering g*) are reserved for distress and safety purposes;

i) that, in certain situations, HF radio is the sole means of communication for the aeronautical mobile (R) service and that this is a safety service;

j) that WRC-2000 and this Conference have reviewed the use of the HF bands by the aeronautical mobile (R) and maritime mobile services with a view to protecting operational, distress and safety communications;

k) that this Resolution identifies several interference mitigation techniques that can be employed by administrations on a non-mandatory basis,

considering in particular

a) that it is of paramount importance that the distress and safety channels of the maritime mobile service be kept free from harmful interference, since they are essential for the protection of the safety of life and property;

b) that it is also of paramount importance that channels directly concerned with the safe and regular conduct of aircraft operations be kept free from harmful interference, since they are essential for the safety of life and property,

resolves to invite ITU-R and ITU-D, as appropriate

to increase regional awareness of appropriate practices in order to help mitigate interference in the HF bands, especially on distress and safety channels,

invites administrations

1 to ensure that stations of services other than the maritime mobile service abstain from using frequencies in distress and safety channels and their guardbands and in the bands allocated exclusively to that service, except under the conditions expressly specified in Nos. 4.4, 5.128, 5.129, 5.137 and 4.13 to 4.15; and to ensure that stations of services other than the aeronautical mobile (R) service abstain from using frequencies allocated to that service except under the conditions expressly specified in Nos. 4.4 and 4.13;

2 to make every effort to identify and locate the source of any unauthorized emission capable of endangering human life or property and the safe and regular conduct of aircraft operations, and to communicate their findings to the Radiocommunication Bureau;

3 to participate, in accordance with item 4 in the Annex, in any monitoring programmes organized by the Bureau or administrations, if so agreed among those administrations, without adversely affecting the rights of other administrations or conflicting with any provisions of the Radio Regulations;

4 to make every effort to prevent unauthorized transmissions in bands allocated to the maritime mobile service and the aeronautical mobile (R) service;

5 to request their competent authorities to take, within their respective jurisdiction, such legislative or regulatory measures which they consider necessary or appropriate in order to prevent stations from unauthorized use of distress and safety channels or from operating in contravention of No. **23.2**;

6 to take all necessary steps in such cases of contravention of No. 23.2 to ensure the cessation of any transmissions contravening the provisions of the Radio Regulations on the frequencies or in the bands referred to in this Resolution;

7 to employ as many of the interference mitigation techniques referred to in the Annex as are appropriate for the maritime mobile and aeronautical mobile (R) services,

instructs the Radiocommunication Bureau

1 to seek the cooperation of administrations in identifying the sources of those emissions by all available means and in securing the cessation of those emissions;

2 when the station of another service transmitting in a band allocated to the maritime mobile service or to the aeronautical mobile (R) service has been identified, to inform the administration concerned;

3 to include the problem of interference to maritime and aeronautical distress and safety channels on the agenda of relevant regional radiocommunication seminars,

instructs the Secretary-General

to bring this Resolution to the attention of the International Maritime Organization and the International Civil Aviation Organization for such actions as they may consider appropriate.

ANNEX TO RESOLUTION 207 (Rev.WRC-03)

Interference mitigation techniques

This Annex lists several possible HF interference mitigation techniques that may be used, either in combination or singly, depending on the resources of administrations. Use of any or all of these techniques is not mandatory.

1 Alternative modulation methods

The use of digitally modulated emissions, such as QPSK, to replace or supplement analogue SSB voice (J3E) and data (J2B) emissions. This initiative would need to be adopted internationally to allow the interoperability of equipment. For example, ICAO has adopted an HF data-link standard to provide packet data communications using automated link establishment and adaptive frequency control techniques as a supplement to analogue SSB voice communications (see ICAO Convention, Annex 10).

2 Passive and active/adaptive antenna systems

Use of passive and active/adaptive antenna systems to reject unwanted signals.

3 Channel barring

Administrations should ensure through their licensing, equipment standardization and inspection arrangements that, in compliance with No. **43.1**, HF radio equipment cannot transmit on frequencies exclusively allocated to the aeronautical mobile (R) service, as detailed in Appendix **27**, except for frequencies allocated for worldwide use and shared with the aeronautical mobile (OR) service (see Appendix **26**/3.4).

4 Regional HF monitoring and direction-finding facilities

Collaboration and cooperation between regional administrations to coordinate the use of monitoring and direction-finding facilities.

5 Transmission of warning messages

Transmission of multilanguage warning messages on specific channels affected by strong or persistent interference. Such transmissions should be conducted after coordination with the users of the affected services and the administration(s) or competent authorities concerned.

6 Education and publicity initiatives

Administrations should provide education and publicity initiatives on the proper use of the radio-frequency spectrum in these bands.

RESOLUTION 221 (Rev.WRC-03)

Use of high altitude platform stations providing IMT-2000 in the bands 1885-1980 MHz, 2010-2025 MHz and 2110-2170 MHz in Regions 1 and 3 and 1885-1980 MHz and 2110-2160 MHz in Region 2

The World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003),

considering

a) that the bands 1 885-2 025 MHz and 2 110-2 200 MHz are identified in No. **5.388** as intended for use on a worldwide basis for IMT-2000, including the bands 1 980-2 010 MHz and 2 170-2 200 MHz for the terrestrial and satellite components of IMT-2000;

b) that a high altitude platform station (HAPS) is defined in No. **1.66A** as "a station located on an object at an altitude of 20 to 50 km and at a specified, nominal, fixed point relative to the Earth";

c) that HAPS may offer a new means of providing IMT-2000 services with minimal network infrastructure as they are capable of providing service to a large footprint together with a dense coverage;

d) that the use of HAPS as base stations within the terrestrial component of IMT-2000 is optional for administrations, and that such use should not have any priority over other terrestrial IMT-2000 use;

e) that, in accordance with No. **5.388** and Resolution **212** (**Rev.WRC-97**), administrations may use the bands identified for IMT-2000, including the bands referred to in this Resolution, for stations of other primary services to which they are allocated;

f) that these bands are allocated to the fixed and mobile services on a co-primary basis;

g) that, in accordance with No. **5.388A**, HAPS may be used as base stations within the terrestrial component of IMT-2000 in the bands $1\,885-1\,980$ MHz, $2\,010-2\,025$ MHz and $2\,110-2\,170$ MHz in Regions 1 and 3 and $1\,885-1\,980$ MHz and $2\,110-2\,160$ MHz in Region 2. Their use by IMT-2000 applications using HAPS as base stations does not preclude the use of these bands by any station in the services to which they are allocated and does not establish priority in the Radio Regulations;

h) that ITU-R has studied sharing and coordination between HAPS and other stations within IMT-2000, has considered compatibility of HAPS within IMT-2000 with some services having allocations in the adjacent bands, and has approved Recommendation ITU-R M.1456;

i) that radio interfaces of IMT-2000 HAPS are compliant with Recommendation ITU-R M.1457;

j) that ITU-R has addressed sharing between systems using HAPS and some existing systems, particularly PCS (personal communications system), MMDS (multichannel multipoint distribution system) and systems in the fixed service, which are currently operating in some countries in the bands 1 885-2 025 MHz and 2 110-2 200 MHz;

k) that HAPS stations are intended to transmit in the band 2 110-2 170 MHz in Regions 1 and 3 and in the band 2 110-2 160 MHz in Region 2;

l) that administrations planning to implement a HAPS as an IMT-2000 base station may need to exchange information, on a bilateral basis, with other concerned administrations, including data items describing the HAPS characteristics in a more detailed manner than the data items currently included in Annexes 1A and 1B of Appendix **4**, as indicated in the Annex to this Resolution,

resolves

1 that:

1.1 for the purpose of protecting IMT-2000 mobile stations in neighbouring countries from co-channel interference, a HAPS operating as an IMT-2000 base station shall not exceed a co-channel power flux-density (pfd) of $-117 \text{ dB} (\text{W/(m}^2 \cdot \text{MHz}))$ at the Earth's surface outside a country's borders unless explicit agreement of the affected administration is provided at the time of the notification of HAPS;

1.2 a HAPS operating as an IMT-2000 base station shall not transmit outside the frequency bands 2 110-2 170 MHz in Regions 1 and 3 and 2 110-2 160 MHz in Region 2;

1.3 in Region 2, for the purpose of protecting MMDS stations in some neighbouring countries in the band 2 150-2 160 MHz from co-channel interference, a HAPS operating as an IMT-2000 base station shall not exceed the following co-channel power flux-density (pfd) at the Earth's surface outside a country's borders unless explicit agreement of the affected administration is provided at the time of the notification of the HAPS;

- -127 dB(W/(m² · MHz)) for angles of arrival (θ) less than 7° above the horizontal plane;
- -127 + 0.666 (θ 7) dB(W/(m^2 \cdot MHz)) for angles of arrival between 7° and 22° above the horizontal plane; and
- $-117~dB(W/(m^2 \cdot MHz))$ for angles of arrival between 22° and 90° above the horizontal plane;

1.4 in some countries (see No. **5.388B**), for the purpose of protecting fixed and mobile services, including IMT-2000 mobile stations, in their territories from co-channel interference caused by a HAPS operating as an IMT-2000 base station in accordance with No. **5.388A** in neighbouring countries, the limits of **5.388B** shall apply;

2 that the limits referred to in this Resolution shall apply to all HAPS operating in accordance with No. **5.388A**;

3 that administrations wishing to implement HAPS within a terrestrial IMT-2000 system shall comply with the following:

3.1 for the purpose of protecting IMT-2000 stations operating in neighbouring countries from co-channel interference, a HAPS operating as a base station within IMT-2000 shall use antennas that comply with the following antenna pattern:

| $G(\Psi) = G_m - 3(\Psi/\Psi_b)^2$ | dBi | for $0^\circ \le \psi \le \psi_1$ |
|------------------------------------|-----|-----------------------------------|
| $G(\boldsymbol{\psi}) = G_m + L_N$ | dBi | for $\psi_1 < \psi \le \psi_2$ |
| $G(\psi) = X - 60 \log (\psi)$ | dBi | for $\psi_2 < \psi \le \psi_3$ |
| $G(\mathbf{\psi}) = L_F$ | dBi | for $\psi_3 < \psi \le 90^\circ$ |

where:

 $G(\psi)$: gain at the angle ψ from the main beam direction (dBi)

- G_m : maximum gain in the main lobe (dBi)
- ψ_b : one-half of the 3 dB beamwidth in the plane considered (3 dB below G_m) (degrees)
- L_N : near side-lobe level in (dB) relative to the peak gain required by the system design, and has a maximum value of -25 dB
- L_F : far side-lobe level, $G_m 73$ dBi
- $\psi_1 = \psi_b \sqrt{-L_N/3}$ degrees
- $\psi_2 = 3.745 \ \psi_b$ degrees
- $X = G_m + L_N + 60 \log (\psi_2) \qquad \text{dBi}$
- $\Psi_3 = 10^{(X L_F)/60} \qquad \text{degrees}$

The 3 dB beamwidth $(2\psi_b)$ is estimated by:

 $(\Psi_b)^2 = 7\,442/(10^{0.1}G_m)$ degrees²;

3.2 for the purpose of protecting mobile earth stations within the satellite component of IMT-2000 from interference, a HAPS operating as an IMT-2000 base station, shall not exceed an out-of-band pfd of $-165 \text{ dB}(\text{W/(m}^2 \cdot 4 \text{ kHz}))$ at the Earth's surface in the bands 2160-2200 MHz in Region 2 and 2170-2200 MHz in Regions 1 and 3;

3.3 a HAPS operating as an IMT-2000 base station, in order to protect fixed stations from interference, shall not exceed the following limits of out-of-band power flux-density (pfd) at the Earth's surface in the bands 2 025-2 110 MHz:

- $-165 \text{ dB}(\text{W/(m}^2 \cdot \text{MHz}))$ for angles of arrival (θ) less than 5° above the horizontal plane;
- -165 + 1.75 (θ 5) dB(W/(m^2 \cdot MHz)) for angles of arrival between 5° and 25° above the horizontal plane; and
- -130 dB(W/(m^2 \cdot MHz)) for angles of arrival between 25° and 90° above the horizontal plane;

4 that, for facilitating consultations between administrations, administrations planning to implement a HAPS as an IMT-2000 base station shall furnish to the concerned administrations the additional data elements listed in the Annex to this Resolution, if so requested;

5 that administrations planning to implement a HAPS as an IMT-2000 base station shall notify the radio-frequency spectrum assignment(s) by submitting all mandatory elements of Appendix **4** and the additional characteristics listed in Annex to this Resolution to the Radiocommunication Bureau for the examination of compliance with *resolves* 1.1, 1.3 and 1.4 above;

6 that, as of 5 July 2003, the Bureau and administrations shall apply provisionally the provisions of Nos. **5.388A** and **5.388B** as revised by this Conference for the frequency assignments to HAPS referred to in this Resolution, including those received before this date but not yet processed by the Bureau,

invites ITU-R

to develop, as a matter of urgency, an ITU-R Recommendation providing technical guidance to facilitate consultations with neighbouring administrations.

ANNEX TO RESOLUTION 221 (Rev.WRC-03)

Characteristics of a HAPS operating as an IMT-2000 base station in the frequency bands in accordance with Resolution 221 (Rev.WRC-03)

A General characteristics to be provided for the station

A.1 Identity of the station

- *a)* Identity of the station
- b) Country

A.2 Date of bringing into use

The date (actual or foreseen, as appropriate) of bringing the frequency assignment (new or modified) into use.

A.3 Administration or operating agency

Symbols for the administration or operating agency and for the address of the administration to which communication should be sent on urgent matters regarding interference, quality of emissions and questions referring to the technical operation of the station (see Article 15).

A.4 Position information of the HAPS

- *a)* The nominal geographical longitude for the HAPS
- b) The nominal geographical latitude for the HAPS
- c) The nominal altitude for the HAPS
- d) The planned longitudinal and latitudinal tolerance for the HAPS
- e) The planned tolerance of altitude for the HAPS

A.5 Agreements

If appropriate, the country symbol of any administration or administration representing a group of administrations with which agreement has been reached, including where the agreement is to exceed the limits prescribed in Resolution **221 (Rev.WRC-03)**.

B Characteristics to be provided for each antenna beam

B.1 HAPS antenna characteristics

- a) The maximum isotropic gain (dBi).
- b) HAPS antenna gain contours plotted on a map of the Earth's surface.

C Characteristics to be provided for each frequency assignment for HAPS antenna beam

C.1 Frequency range

C.2 Power density characteristics of the transmission

The maximum value of the maximum power density (dB(W/MHz)), averaged over the worst 1 MHz supplied to the input of the antenna.

D Calculated pfd limit produced over any country in visibility of HAPS

The maximum power flux-density (pfd) calculated at the Earth's surface within each administration's territory over which the HAPS may be visible and over which these calculated pfd levels exceed the limits indicated in *resolves* 1.1, 1.3 and 1.4 of Resolution **221** (**Rev.WRC-03**).

E Table of characteristics to be submitted for a HAPS operating as an IMT-2000 base station in the frequency bands in accordance with Resolution 221 (Rev.WRC-03)

| Item | Notification for HAPS station |
|-------|-------------------------------|
| A.1.a | Х |
| A.1.b | X |
| A.2 | X |
| A.3 | 0 |
| A.4.a | X |
| A.4.b | X |
| A.4.c | X |
| A.4.d | X |
| A.4.e | X |
| A.5 | + |
| B.1.a | X |
| B.1.b | X |
| C.1 | X |
| C.2 | X |
| D | Х |

X: Mandatory O: Optional +: Required in special cases

RESOLUTION 225 (Rev.WRC-03)

Use of additional frequency bands for the satellite component of IMT-2000

The World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003),

considering

a) that the bands 1980-2010 MHz and 2170-2200 MHz are identified for use by the satellite component of International Mobile Telecommunications-2000 (IMT-2000) through No. **5.388** and Resolution **212** (Rev.WRC-97);

b) Resolutions **212 (Rev.WRC-97), 223 (WRC-2000)** and **224 (WRC-2000)** on the implementation of the terrestrial and satellite components of IMT-2000;

c) that the bands 1 525-1 544 MHz, 1 545-1 559 MHz, 1 610-1 626.5 MHz, 1 626.5-1 645.5 MHz, 1 646.5-1 660.5 MHz, 2 483.5-2 500 MHz, 2 500-2 520 MHz and 2 670-2 690 MHz are allocated on a co-primary basis to the mobile-satellite service and other services in accordance with the Radio Regulations;

cbis) that at this Conference, the bands 1 518-1 525 MHz and 1 668-1 675 MHz were allocated to the mobile-satellite service on a co-primary basis with other services, under the conditions specified in the Radio Regulations;

d) that distress, urgency and safety communications of the Global Maritime Distress and Safety System and the aeronautical mobile-satellite (R) service have priority over all other mobile-satellite service communications in accordance with Nos. **5.353A** and **5.357A**,

recognizing

a) that services such as broadcasting-satellite, broadcasting-satellite (sound), mobilesatellite, fixed (including point-to-multipoint distribution/communication systems) and mobile are in operation or planned in the band 2 500-2 690 MHz, or in portions of that band;

b) that other services such as the mobile service and radiodetermination-satellite service are in operation or planned, in accordance with the Table of Frequency Allocations, in the bands 1 525-1 559/1 626.5-1 660.5 MHz and 1 610-1 626.5/2 483.5-2 500 MHz, or in portions of those bands, and that those bands, or portions thereof, are intensively used in some countries by applications other than the IMT-2000 satellite component, and the sharing studies within ITU-R are not finished;

c) that studies of potential sharing and coordination between the satellite component of IMT-2000 and the terrestrial component of IMT-2000, mobile-satellite service applications and other high-density applications in other services such as point-to-multipoint communication/ distribution systems in the bands 2 500-2 520 MHz and 2 670-2 690 MHz bands are not finished;

d) that the bands 2520-2535 MHz and 2655-2670 MHz are allocated to the mobilesatellite, except aeronautical mobile-satellite, service for operation limited to within national boundaries pursuant to Nos. **5.403** and **5.420**;

e) Resolution ITU-R 47 on studies under way on satellite radio transmission technologies for IMT-2000,

resolves

1 that, in addition to the frequency bands indicated in *considering a*) and *resolves* 2, the frequency bands 1 525-1 544 MHz, 1 545-1 559 MHz, 1 610-1 626.5 MHz, 1 626.5-1 645.5 MHz, 1 646.5-1 660.5 MHz and 2 483.5-2 500 MHz may be used by administrations wishing to implement the satellite component of IMT-2000, subject to the regulatory provisions related to the mobile-satellite service in these frequency bands;

2 that the bands 2 500-2 520 MHz and 2 670-2 690 MHz as identified for IMT-2000 in No. **5.384A** and allocated to the mobile-satellite service may be used by administrations wishing to implement the satellite component of IMT-2000; however, depending on market developments, it may be possible in the longer term for bands 2 500-2 520 MHz and 2 670-2 690 MHz to be used by the terrestrial component of IMT-2000;

3 that this identification of frequency bands for the satellite component of IMT-2000 does not preclude the use of these bands by any applications of the services to which they are allocated and does not establish priority in the Radio Regulations,

4 that a future competent conference may consider adding the bands 1 518-1 525 MHz and 1 668-1 675 MHz to the frequency bands indicated in *resolves* 1, taking into account the impact on other services in these frequency bands,

invites ITU-R

1 to study the sharing and coordination issues in the above bands related to use of the mobile-satellite service allocations for the satellite component of IMT-2000 and the use of this spectrum by the other allocated services, including the radiodetermination-satellite service;

2 to report the results of these studies to a future world radiocommunication conference,

instructs the Director of the Radiocommunication Bureau

to facilitate to the greatest extent possible the completion of these studies.

RESOLUTION 228 (Rev.WRC-03)

Studies on frequency-related matters for the future development of IMT-2000 and systems beyond IMT-2000 as defined by ITU-R

The World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003),

considering

a) that International Mobile Telecommunications-2000 (IMT-2000) systems started operation in some countries from the year 2000;

b) that Question ITU-R 229/8 addresses the future development of IMT-2000 and systems beyond IMT-2000;

c) that Question ITU-R 77-4/8 addresses the needs of developing countries in the development and implementation of mobile radiocommunication technology;

d) that Question ITU-D 18/2 addresses the strategy for migration of mobile networks to IMT-2000 and systems beyond IMT-2000;

e) that the technical characteristics of IMT-2000 are specified in ITU-R and ITU-T Recommendations, including Recommendation ITU-R M.1457 which contains the detailed specifications of the radio interfaces of IMT-2000;

f) that the future development of IMT-2000 and systems beyond IMT-2000 is being studied by ITU-R in accordance with Recommendation ITU-R M.1645;

g) that the technical characteristics of the future development of IMT-2000 and systems beyond IMT-2000 remain under study within ITU-R;

h) that an orderly process of change and development of IMT-2000 towards the capabilities and functionalities of systems beyond IMT-2000 is needed;

i) that adequate spectrum availability is a prerequisite for the success of the future development of IMT-2000 and systems beyond IMT-2000;

j) that it was eight years before the initial deployment of IMT-2000 that WARC-92 identified the frequency bands for IMT-2000 in No. **5.388** and in Resolution **212**;

k) that the review of IMT-2000 spectrum requirements at WRC-2000 concentrated on bands below 3 GHz;

l) that many countries have not yet made available spectrum already identified in the Radio Regulations for IMT-2000, due to various reasons, including the use of this spectrum by existing services;

m) that sharing and compatibility should be addressed between existing services and the future development of IMT-2000 and systems beyond IMT-2000;

n) that some of these existing services may have increasing spectrum demand in order to meet increasing user needs;

o) that information technologies and telecommunication usage evolve rapidly;

p) that continuing and accelerating growth is forecast in the demand for multimedia applications (such as high-speed data, IP-packet and video) by mobile communication systems, and is expected to be accommodated by IMT-2000, the future development of IMT-2000 and systems beyond IMT-2000, and other systems;

q) that the future development of IMT-2000 and systems beyond IMT-2000 is foreseen to address the need for higher data rates than those of currently deployed IMT-2000 systems;

r) that, for global operation and economy of scale, which are key requirements for the success of mobile communication systems, it is desirable to agree on a harmonized time-frame for common technical, operational and spectrum-related parameters of systems, taking account of relevant IMT-2000 and other experience;

s) that it is therefore timely to study demand, technical, spectrum and regulatory issues pertinent to the future development of IMT-2000 and systems beyond IMT-2000,

noting

a) that the IMT-2000 radio interfaces as defined in Recommendation ITU-R M.1457 are expected to evolve within the framework of ITU-R beyond those initially specified, to provide enhanced services and services beyond those envisaged in the initial implementation;

b) that ITU-R has envisaged that new elements of systems beyond IMT-2000 will be developed, which will closely interwork and be interoperable with currently operating IMT-2000 and its future enhancements;

c) that interoperability between different radio interfaces is desirable for the future development of IMT-2000 and systems beyond IMT-2000;

d) that ITU-R has already begun considering appropriate naming for the future development of IMT-2000 and systems beyond IMT-2000, for a decision in advance of WRC-07,

recognizing

a) the time necessary to develop and agree on the technical, operational, spectrum and regulatory issues associated with the continuing enhancement of mobile services;

b) that service functionalities in fixed, mobile and broadcasting networks are increasingly converging and interworking;

c) that, in the future, mobile systems are expected to adopt more spectrum-efficient techniques;

d) that a disparity exists between the telecommunication infrastructure available in developing and developed countries;

e) the need, in many developing countries and countries with large areas of low-population density, for the cost-effective implementation of IMT-2000, the future development of IMT-2000 and systems beyond IMT-2000, and that the propagation characteristics of frequency bands below those identified in No. **5.317A** result in larger cells;

f) that administrations have deployed or are planning to deploy IMT-2000 systems in the frequency bands identified in Nos. **5.317A**, **5.384A** and **5.388**, and some in frequency bands other than those identified for IMT-2000 which are allocated to the mobile service on a primary basis;

g) that spectrum already identified for IMT-2000 should be included in spectrum estimates, and may also be used for the future development of IMT-2000 and systems beyond IMT-2000;

h) that proximity to bands already identified for IMT-2000 may lead to reduced complexity of equipment;

i) that some bands may not be appropriate for identification on a global basis for the future development of IMT-2000 and systems beyond IMT-2000 because of the extent of use of these bands by existing services;

j) that frequencies below those identified for IMT-2000 in No. **5.317A** are extensively used by terrestrial services with applications other than IMT-2000 and systems beyond IMT-2000,

resolves

1 to invite ITU-R to further study technical and operational issues relating to the future development of IMT-2000 and systems beyond IMT-2000, and develop Recommendations as required;

2 to invite ITU-R to report, in time for WRC-07, on the results of studies on the spectrum requirements and potential frequency ranges suitable for the future development of IMT-2000 and systems beyond IMT-2000, taking into account:

- the evolving user needs, including the growth in demand for IMT-2000 services;
- the evolution of IMT-2000 and pre-IMT-2000 systems through advances in technology;
- the bands currently identified for IMT-2000;
- the time-frame in which spectrum would be needed;
- the period for migration from existing to future systems;
- the extensive use of frequencies below those identified for IMT-2000 in No. 5.317A;

3 to invite ITU-R to conduct regulatory and technical studies on the usage of frequencies below those identified for IMT-2000 in No. **5.317A** for the future development of IMT-2000 and systems beyond IMT-2000, notably assessing their advantages and disadvantages, taking into account *recognizing e*) and *j*) above;

4 that the studies referred to in *resolves* 1 and 2 should take into consideration the particular needs of developing countries including use of the satellite component of IMT-2000 for suitable coverage of these countries;

5 that the studies referred to in *resolves* 1, 2 and 3 should include sharing and compatibility studies with services already having allocations in potential spectrum for the future development of IMT-2000 and systems beyond IMT-2000 taking into account the needs of other services;

6 that WRC-07 should consider frequency-related matters for the future development of IMT-2000 and systems beyond IMT-2000, taking due account of the results of ITU-R studies, in accordance with this Resolution,

invites the Director of the Telecommunication Development Bureau

to draw the attention of the Telecommunication Development Sector to this Resolution,

invites administrations

to participate in the studies by submitting contributions to ITU-R.

RESOLUTION 229 (WRC-03)

Use of the bands 5150-5250 MHz, 5250-5350 MHz and 5470-5725 MHz by the mobile service for the implementation of wireless access systems including radio local area networks

The World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003),

considering

a) that this Conference has allocated the bands 5150-5350 MHz and 5470-5725 MHz on a primary basis to the mobile service for the implementation of wireless access systems (WAS), including radio local area networks (RLANs);

b) that this Conference has decided to make an additional primary allocation for the Earth exploration-satellite service (EESS) (active) in the band 5460-5570 MHz and space research service (SRS) (active) in the band 5350-5570 MHz;

c) that this Conference has decided to upgrade the radiolocation service to a primary status in the 5 350-5 650 MHz band;

d) that the band 5150-5250 MHz is allocated worldwide on a primary basis to the fixed-satellite service (FSS) (Earth-to-space), this allocation being limited to feeder links of non-geostationary-satellite systems in the mobile-satellite service (No. **5.447A**);

e) that the band 5150-5250 MHz is also allocated to the mobile service, on a primary basis, in some countries (No. **5.447**) subject to agreement obtained under No. **9.21**;

f) that the band 5 250-5 460 MHz is allocated to the EESS (active) and the band 5 250-5 350 MHz to the space research service (active) on a primary basis;

g) that the band 5250-5725 MHz is allocated on a primary basis to the radiodetermination service;

h) that there is a need to protect the existing primary services in the 5150-5350 MHz and 5470-5725 MHz bands;

i) that results of studies in ITU-R indicate that sharing in the band 5150-5250 MHz between WAS, including RLANs, and the FSS is feasible under specified conditions;

j) that studies have shown that sharing between the radiodetermination and mobile services in the bands 5250-5350 MHz and 5470-5725 MHz is only possible with the application of mitigation techniques such as dynamic frequency selection;

k) that there is a need to specify an appropriate e.i.r.p. limit and, where necessary, operational restrictions for WAS, including RLANs, in the mobile service in the bands 5250-5350 MHz and 5470-5570 MHz in order to protect systems in the EESS (active) and SRS (active);

 that the deployment density of WAS, including RLANs, will depend on a number of factors including intrasystem interference and the availability of other competing technologies and services,

further considering

a) that the interference from a single WAS, including RLANs, complying with the operational restrictions under *resolves* 2 will not on its own cause any unacceptable interference to FSS receivers on board satellites in the band 5 150-5 250 MHz;

b) that such FSS satellite receivers may experience an unacceptable effect due to the aggregate interference from these WAS, including RLANs, especially in the case of a prolific growth in the number of these systems;

c) that the aggregate effect on FSS satellite receivers will be due to the global deployment of WAS, including RLANs, and it may not be possible for administrations to determine the location of the source of the interference and the number of WAS, including RLANs, in operation simultaneously,

noting

that, prior to WRC-03, a number of administrations have developed regulations to permit indoor and outdoor WAS, including RLANs, to operate in the various bands under consideration in this Resolution,

recognizing

a) that in the band $5\,600-5\,650$ MHz, ground-based meteorological radars are extensively deployed and support critical national weather services, according to footnote No. **5.452**;

b) that the means to measure or calculate the aggregate pfd level at FSS satellite receivers specified in Recommendation ITU-R S.1426 are currently under study;

c) that certain parameters contained in Recommendation ITU-R M.1454 related to the calculation of the number of RLANs tolerable by FSS satellite receivers operating in the band 5150-5250 MHz require further study;

d) that the performance and interference criteria of spaceborne active sensors in the EESS (active) are given in Recommendation ITU-R SA.1166;

e) that a mitigation technique to protect radiodetermination systems is given in Recommendation ITU-R M.1652;

f) that an aggregate pfd level has been developed in Recommendation ITU-R S.1426 for the protection of FSS satellite receivers in the 5150-5250 MHz band;

g) that Recommendation ITU-R SA.1632 identifies a suitable set of constraints for WAS, including RLANs, in order to protect the EESS (active) in the 5250-5350 MHz band;

h) that Recommendation ITU-R M.1653 identifies the conditions for sharing between WAS, including RLANs, and the EESS (active) in the 5470-5570 MHz band;

i) that the stations in the mobile service should also be designed to provide, on average, a near-uniform spread of the loading of the spectrum used by stations across the band or bands in use to improve sharing with satellite services;

j) that WAS, including RLANs, provide effective broadband solutions;

k) that there is a need for administrations to ensure that WAS, including RLANs, meet the required mitigation techniques, for example, through equipment or standards compliance procedures,

resolves

1 that the use of these bands by the mobile service will be for the implementation of WAS, including RLANs, as described in Recommendation ITU-R M.1450;

2 that in the band 5150-5250 MHz, stations in the mobile service shall be restricted to indoor use with a maximum mean e.i.r.p.¹ of 200 mW and a maximum mean e.i.r.p. density of 10 mW/MHz in any 1 MHz band or equivalently 0.25 mW/25 kHz in any 25 kHz band;

3 that administrations may monitor whether the aggregate pfd levels given in Recommendation ITU-R S.1426² have been, or will be exceeded in the future, in order to enable a future competent conference to take appropriate action;

¹ In the context of this Resolution, "mean e.i.r.p." refers to the e.i.r.p. during the transmission burst which corresponds to the highest power, if power control is implemented.

² $-124 - 20 \log_{10} (h_{SAT}/1414) dB(W/(m^2 \cdot 1 MHz))$, or equivalently,

 $^{-140 - 20 \}log_{10} (h_{SAT}/1414) dB(W/(m^2 \cdot 25 \text{ kHz}))$, at the FSS satellite orbit, where h_{SAT} is the altitude of the satellite (km).

4 that in the band 5250-5350 MHz, stations in the mobile service shall be limited to a maximum mean e.i.r.p. of 200 mW and a maximum mean e.i.r.p. density of 10 mW/MHz in any 1 MHz band. Administrations are requested to take appropriate measures that will result in the predominant number of stations in the mobile service being operated in an indoor environment. Furthermore, stations in the mobile service that are permitted to be used either indoors or outdoors may operate up to a maximum mean e.i.r.p. of 1 W and a maximum mean e.i.r.p. of 200 mW/MHz in any 1 MHz band, and, when operating above a mean e.i.r.p. of 200 mW, these stations shall comply with the following e.i.r.p. elevation angle mask where θ is the angle above the local horizontal plane (of the Earth):

| -13 dB(W/MHz) | for $0^{\circ} \le \theta < 8^{\circ}$ |
|---|--|
| $-13 - 0.716(\theta - 8) \ dB(W/MHz)$ | for $8^\circ \le \theta < 40^\circ$ |
| $-35.9 - 1.22(\theta - 40) \ dB(W/MHz)$ | for $40^\circ \le \theta \le 45^\circ$ |
| -42 dB(W/MHz) | for $45^{\circ} < \theta$; |

5 that administrations may exercise some flexibility in adopting other mitigation techniques, provided that they develop national regulations to meet their obligations to achieve an equivalent level of protection to the EESS (active) and the SRS (active) based on their system characteristics and interference criteria as stated in Recommendation ITU-R SA.1632;

6 that in the band 5470-5725 MHz, stations in the mobile service shall be restricted to a maximum transmitter power of 250 mW³ with a maximum mean e.i.r.p. of 1 W and a maximum mean e.i.r.p. density of 50 mW/MHz in any 1 MHz band;

7 that in the bands 5250-5350 MHz and 5470-5725 MHz, systems in the mobile service shall either employ transmitter power control to provide, on average, a mitigation factor of at least 3 dB on the maximum average output power of the systems, or, if transmitter power control is not in use, then the maximum mean e.i.r.p. shall be reduced by 3 dB;

8 that, in the bands 5250-5350 MHz and 5470-5725 MHz, the mitigation measures found in Annex 1 to Recommendation ITU-R M.1652 shall be implemented by systems in the mobile service to ensure compatible operation with radiodetermination systems,

invites administrations

to adopt appropriate regulation if they intend to permit the operation of stations in the mobile service using the e.i.r.p. elevation angle mask in *resolves* 4, to ensure the equipment is operated in compliance with this mask,

³ Administrations with existing regulations prior to this Conference may exercise some flexibility in determining transmitter power limits.

invites ITU-R

1 to continue work on regulatory mechanisms and further mitigation techniques to avoid incompatibilities which may result from aggregate interference into the FSS in the band 5150-5250 MHz from a possible prolific growth in the number of WAS, including RLANs;

2 to continue studies on mitigation techniques to provide protection of EESS from stations in the mobile service,

3 to continue studies on suitable test methods and procedures for the implementation of dynamic frequency selection, taking into account practical experience.

RESOLUTION 230 (WRC-03)

Consideration of mobile allocations for wideband aeronautical telemetry and associated telecommand

The World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003),

considering

a) that there is a need to provide global spectrum to the mobile service for wideband aeronautical telemetry systems;

b) that there is an identified need for additional spectrum required to meet future wideband aeronautical telemetry demands;

c) that there is also a need to accommodate telecommand operations associated with aeronautical telemetry;

d) that there is a need to protect existing services,

noting

a) that a number of bands between 3 GHz and 30 GHz are already allocated to the mobile service, without excluding the aeronautical mobile service, on a secondary basis;

b) that any spectrum allocated to the mobile service above 3 GHz (to include aeronautical telemetry) is not a substitution for existing allocations used for aeronautical telemetry purposes below 3 GHz, the requirement for which will continue,

recognizing

a) that there are emerging telemetry systems with large data transfer requirements to support testing of commercial aircraft and other airframes;

b) that the future technologies and performance expectations for airborne platforms contemplate a need for real-time monitoring of large data systems with multiple video streams (including high-definition video), high-definition sensors, and integrated high-speed avionics;

c) that the 2000 Radiocommunication Assembly approved Question ITU-R 231/8, titled: "Operation of wideband aeronautical telemetry in bands above 3 GHz", with the target date of 2005;

d) that those studies will provide a basis for considering regulatory changes, including additional allocations and recommendations, designed to accommodate justified spectrum requirements of aeronautical mobile telemetry consistent with the protection of incumbent services,

that WRC-07 be invited to:

1 consider the spectrum required to satisfy justified wideband aeronautical mobile telemetry requirements and associated telecommand above 3 GHz;

2 review, with a view to upgrading to primary, secondary allocations to the mobile service in the frequency range 3-16 GHz for the implementation of wideband aeronautical telemetry and associated telecommand;

3 consider possible additional allocations to the mobile service, including aeronautical mobile, on a primary basis in the frequency range 3-16 GHz for the implementation of wideband aeronautical telemetry and associated telecommand, taking into account *considering d*) above;

4 designate existing mobile allocations between 16 and 30 GHz for wideband aeronautical telemetry and associated telecommand,

invites ITU-R

to conduct, as a matter of urgency, studies to facilitate sharing between aeronautical mobile telemetry and the associated telecommand, on the one hand, and existing services, on the other hand, taking into account the *resolves* above.

RESOLUTION 331 (Rev.WRC-03)

Transition to the Global Maritime Distress and Safety System (GMDSS)

The World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003),

noting

that all ships subject to the International Convention for the Safety of Life at Sea (SOLAS), 1974, as amended, are required to be fitted for the Global Maritime Distress and Safety System (GMDSS),

noting further

a) that a number of administrations have taken steps to implement the GMDSS also for classes of vessels not subject to SOLAS, 1974, as amended;

b) that an increasing number of vessels not subject to SOLAS, 1974, as amended, are making use of the techniques and frequencies of the GMDSS prescribed in Chapter **VII**;

c) that some administrations and vessels, not subject to SOLAS, 1974, as amended, may wish to continue to use provisions of Appendix 13 for distress and safety communications for a few years after this Conference;

d) that it would be costly for administrations to maintain in parallel for an excessive period of time shore-based facilities necessary to support both the old and new distress and safety systems;

e) that there may be a need to maintain existing shore-based distress and safety services described in Appendix **13** for some years after this Conference so that vessels not subject to SOLAS, 1974, as amended and not yet using the techniques and frequencies of the GMDSS will be able to obtain assistance from these services until such time as they are able to participate in the GMDSS;

f) that the International Maritime Organization (IMO) has decided that on board SOLAS ships:

- listening watch on 2182 kHz is no longer mandatory after 1 February 1999;
- listening watch on VHF channel 16 shall continue with a view to maintaining communication between SOLAS ships and vessels not fitted for the GMDSS;
- the required watch on VHF channel 16 will be reviewed prior to 2005;

g) that IMO has urged administrations to require all seagoing vessels under national legislation, and encourage all vessels voluntarily carrying VHF radio equipment to be fitted with facilities for transmitting and receiving distress alerts by digital selective calling (DSC) on VHF channel 70 no later than 1 February 2005;

h) that listening watch by coast stations on 2182 kHz is no longer mandatory;

i) that the Radio Regulations require GMDSS ships to keep watch on the appropriate DSC distress frequencies;

j) that separate provisions in the existing Radio Regulations designate VHF channel 16 and the frequency 2182 kHz as the international channels for general calling by radiotelephony;

k) that the Radio Regulations establish that ship stations should, when practicable, keep watch on VHF channel 13;

l) that several administrations have established Vessel Traffic Service (VTS) systems and require their vessels to keep watch on local VTS channels;

m) that ships that are required by SOLAS to carry a radio station have been equipped with DSC, and many vessels subject to national carriage requirements are also being equipped with DSC, but the majority of vessels that carry a radio station on a voluntary basis might not yet have DSC equipment;

n) that similarly, many administrations have established distress and safety service based on DSC watchkeeping, but the majority of port stations, pilot stations and other operational coast stations might not yet have been equipped with DSC facilities;

o) that for the reasons in *noting further m*) and *n*) listed above, it will be necessary for some stations in the maritime mobile service to continue for some years to call each other by radiotelephony in certain situations,

considering

a) that the operation of the GMDSS described in Chapter VII and the distress and safety system described in Appendix 13 differ in many crucial aspects, such as means and methods of alerting, communication facilities available, announcement and transmission of maritime safety information, etc.;

b) that operation of the two systems in parallel for a long period would cause everincreasing difficulties and incompatibilities between vessels operating in the two different systems and may thus seriously degrade safety at sea in general;

c) that the GMDSS overcomes the deficiencies of the aural watch-keeping on maritime distress and calling frequencies on which the distress and safety system described in Appendix 13 relies, by replacing these watches by automatic watch, i.e. DSC and satellite communication systems;

d) that the listening watch on 2182 kHz on board SOLAS ships and at some coast stations has ceased in accordance with the decisions of IMO mentioned in *noting further f*) above,

resolves

1 to retain, as an interim measure, the provisions permitting use of VHF channel 16 and the frequency 2182 kHz for general voice-calling;

- 2 to urge all administrations to assist in enhancing safety at sea by:
- encouraging all vessels to make use of the GMDSS as soon as possible;
- encouraging, where appropriate, establishment of suitable shore-based facilities for GMDSS, either on an individual basis or in cooperation with other relevant parties in the area;
- encouraging all vessels carrying maritime VHF equipment to be fitted with DSC on VHF channel 70 as soon as possible, taking into account the relevant decisions of IMO;

 encouraging vessels to limit their use of VHF channel 16 and the frequency 2182 kHz for calling to the minimum necessary, noting the provisions of No. 52.239;

3 that administrations may release their ship stations and coast stations from the obligations described in Appendix 13 concerning listening watch on VHF channel 16 or 2182 kHz or both, taking account of all aspects involved, such as:

- decisions by IMO and ITU on aural watch on 2182 kHz and VHF channel 16;
- the GMDSS radio systems available in the area concerned;
- the compatibility problems mentioned in *considering a*) and *b*) above;
- the density and classes of vessels normally in the area;
- the geographical nature of the area and general navigational conditions within the area;
- other adequate measures taken to ensure safety communications for vessels sailing in the area,

when the development on transition to the GMDSS and the prevailing conditions in the area makes it reasonable to do so;

when doing so, administrations should:

- inform IMO of their decisions and submit to IMO details on the area concerned;
- inform the Secretary-General on the necessary details for inclusion in the List of Coast Stations,

resolves further

that the Secretary-General should ensure that such arrangements and details regarding the area concerned be indicated in relevant maritime publications,

instructs the Secretary-General

to bring this Resolution to the attention of IMO, the International Civil Aviation Organization and the International Association of Marine Aids to Navigation and Lighthouse Authorities.

RESOLUTION 339 (Rev.WRC-03)

Coordination of NAVTEX services

The World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003),

considering

a) that the International Maritime Organization (IMO) has established a Coordinating Panel on NAVTEX to, *inter alia*, coordinate the operational aspects of NAVTEX services, such as allocation of transmitter identification character (B1) and time schedules, in the planning stages for transmissions on the frequencies 490 kHz, 518 kHz or 4209.5 kHz;

b) that coordination in the frequencies 490 kHz, 518 kHz and 4209.5 kHz is essentially operational;

c) that the frequency band around 518 kHz is also allocated to the aeronautical radionavigation service on a primary basis,

d) that the frequency band around 518 kHz is also allocated to the aeronautical radionavigation service on a primary basis;

e) that WRC-95 resolved in its Resolution **23** (WRC-95) that, with effect from 18 November 1995, the Radiocommunication Bureau shall not examine with respect to Nos. **1241*** to **1245***, and shall not apply the related provisions to, frequency assignment notices in the non-planned bands below 28 000 kHz,

resolves

to invite administrations to apply the procedures established by IMO, taking into account the IMO NAVTEX Manual, for coordinating the use of the frequencies 490 kHz, 518 kHz and 4209.5 kHz,

instructs the Secretary-General

1 to invite IMO to provide ITU with information on a regular basis on operational coordination for NAVTEX services on the frequencies 490 kHz, 518 kHz and 4209.5 kHz;

2 to publish this information in the List of Coast Stations (see No. **20.7**).

^{*} Note by the Secretariat: Edition of 1990, revised in 1994.

RESOLUTION 344 (Rev.WRC-03)

Management of the maritime mobile service identity numbering resource

The World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003),

noting

a) that the installation of digital selective calling equipment or Inmarsat B, C or M ship earth station equipment on ships participating in the Global Maritime Distress and Safety System (GMDSS) on a mandatory or voluntary basis requires the assignment of a unique nine-digit maritime mobile service identity (MMSI);

b) that such equipment offers the possibility to connect with public telecommunication networks;

c) that only mobile-satellite systems have been able to resolve the various billing, routeing, charging and signalling requirements needed to provide full two-way automatic connectivity between ships and the international public correspondence service;

d) that ships using the present generation of mobile-satellite ship earth stations have to be assigned an MMSI ending with three trailing zeros in order to support automatic access to public telecommunication networks through a diallable ship telephone number whose format is compliant with ITU-T Recommendation E.164 but can only accommodate the first six digits of the MMSI;

e) that the first three digits of a ship station MMSI form the maritime identification digits (MID), which denote the ship's administration or geographical area of origin;

f) that each MID only has sufficient capacity to identify 999 ships using the three-trailing-zero number format, with the result that widespread use of MMSIs with three trailing zeros will rapidly exhaust the capacity of each MID,

considering

a) that digital selective calling distress alerts require valid identities recognizable by search and rescue authorities in order to ensure a timely response;

b) that Recommendation ITU-R M.585 contains guidance for the assignment of MMSIs,

recognizing

a) that even domestic ships which install the present generation of ship earth stations operating to Inmarsat B, C or M standards will require the assignment of MMSI numbers from those numbers originally intended for ships communicating worldwide, further depleting the resource;

b) that future growth of Inmarsat B, C or M ship earth station use by non-compulsory ships may further deplete the MMSI and MID resources;

c) that future generations of mobile-satellite systems offering access to public telecommunication networks and participating in the GMDSS will employ a free-form numbering system that need not include any part of the MMSI,

noting further

a) that ITU-T has recommended that ITU-R assume sole responsibility for managing the MMSI and MID numbering resources;

b) that ITU-R can monitor the status of the MMSI resource, through regular reviews of the spare capacity available within the MIDs already in use, and the availability of spare MIDs, taking account of regional variations,

resolves to instruct the Director of the Radiocommunication Bureau

1 to manage the allotment and distribution of the MID resource within the MMSI numbering format, taking into account:

- Sections II, V and VI of Article **19**;
- regional variations in MMSI use;
- spare capacity within the MID resource; and
- the guidelines on MID and MMSI management contained in the most recent version of Recommendation ITU-R M.585, in particular as regards the reuse of MMSIs;

2 to report to each world radiocommunication conference on the use and status of the MMSI resource, noting in particular the anticipated reserve capacity and any indications of rapid exhaustion of the resource,

invites ITU-R

to keep under review the Recommendations for assigning MMSIs, with a view to:

- improving the management of the MID and MMSI resources; and
- identifying alternative resources if there is an indication of rapid exhaustion of these resources,

instructs the Secretary-General

to communicate this Resolution to the International Maritime Organization.

RESOLUTION 351 (WRC-03)

Review of the frequency and channel arrangements in the MF and HF bands allocated to the maritime mobile service with a view to improving efficiency by considering the use of new digital technology by the maritime mobile service

The World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003),

considering

a) that the agenda of this Conference included consideration of the use of new digital technology in the maritime mobile service (MMS) in the MF and HF bands;

b) that the introduction of new digital technology in the MMS shall not disrupt the distress and safety communications in the MF and HF bands including those established by the International Convention for the Safety of Life at Sea (SOLAS), 1974, as amended;

c) that changes made in Appendix **17** should not prejudice the future use of these frequencies or the capabilities of systems or new applications required for use by the MMS;

d) that the need to use new digital technologies in the MMS is growing rapidly;

e) that the use of new digital technology on HF and MF frequencies allocated to the MMS will make it possible to better respond to the emerging demand for new services;

f) that the HF bands allocated to the MMS for A1A Morse telegraphy and narrow-band direct-printing are significantly under-utilized at present;

g) that the ITU Radiocommunication Sector is conducting ongoing studies to improve the efficient use of these bands,

noting

that different digital technologies have already been developed and are in use in the MF and HF bands in several radiocommunication services,

noting also

that this conference has modified Appendix **17** to permit, on a voluntary basis, the use of various channels or bands identified in the MF and HF bands for initial testing and future introduction of new digital technology,

resolves

1 that, in order to provide full worldwide interoperability of equipment on ships, there should be one technology, or more than one interoperable worldwide technology, implemented under Appendix 17;

2 that, as soon as the ITU-R studies are completed, a future competent conference should consider necessary changes to Appendix 17 to enable the use of new technology by the MMS,

invites ITU-R

to finalize studies currently ongoing:

- to identify future requirements of the MMS;
- to identify the technical characteristics necessary to facilitate use of digital systems in the MF and HF bands allocated to the MMS, taking into account any relevant ITU-R Recommendations;
- to identify the digital system(s) to be used in the MF/HF bands by the MMS;
- to identify any necessary modifications to the frequency table contained within Appendix 17;
- to propose a timetable for the introduction of new digital technologies and any consequential changes to Appendix 17;
- to recommend how digital technologies can be introduced while ensuring compliance with distress and safety requirements,

instructs the Secretary-General

to bring this Resolution to the attention of the International Maritime Organization, the International Civil Aviation Organization, the International Association of Marine Aids to Navigation and Lighthouse Authorities and the Comité International Radio-Maritime.

RESOLUTION 352 (WRC-03)

Use of the carrier frequencies 12 290 kHz and 16420 kHz for safety-related calling to and from rescue coordination centres

The World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003),

considering

a) that this Conference modified No. **52.221A** to allow safety-related calling to and from rescue coordination centres on the carrier frequencies 12 290 kHz and 16 420 kHz;

b) that this limited safety-related calling function on these carrier frequencies will enhance the capability of those search and rescue organizations which maintain watch on these distress and safety frequencies to call vessels not utilizing the Global Maritime Distress and Safety System (GMDSS),

noting

a) that regulation IV/4.8 of the International Convention for the Safety of Life at Sea (SOLAS), 1974, as amended, requires that SOLAS ships, while at sea, be capable of transmitting and receiving general radiocommunications to and from shore-based radio systems or networks;

b) that general communications may include safety-related communications necessary for the safe operation of vessels,

further noting

that safety-related communications require adequate, effective and immediate access and protection,

recognizing

a) that the International Maritime Organization (IMO) notes that distress, urgency and safety radiocommunications include, but are not limited to:

- transmissions of maritime safety information;
- distress calls and traffic;
- acknowledgment and relaying of distress calls;
- search and rescue coordination communications;
- ship movement service communications;

- communications related to the safe operation of ships;
- communications related to navigation;
- meteorological warnings;
- meteorological observations;
- ship position reports; and
- medical emergencies (e.g. MEDICO/MEDIVAC);
- b) that distress, urgency and safety communications are defined in Articles 32 and 33,

resolves

1 that the carrier frequencies 12290 kHz and 16420 kHz be used only for distress, urgency and safety communications, and safety-related calling limited to that to and from rescue coordination centres;

2 that safety-related calling be initiated only after determination that other communications are not present on these frequencies;

3 that safety-related calling be minimized and not cause interference to distress, urgency and safety communications,

invites administrations

to encourage the coast and ship stations under their jurisdiction to use digital selective calling techniques,

instructs the Secretary-General

to bring this Resolution to the attention of the IMO.

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RESOLUTION 353 (WRC-03)

Maritime mobile service identities for equipment other than shipborne mobile equipment

The World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003),

noting

a) that there is a need to assign maritime mobile service identities (MMSIs) for Automatic Identification Systems (AIS) on search and rescue (SAR) aircraft and aids to navigation in accordance with Recommendation ITU-R M.1371;

b) that administrations are required to notify ITU of ship and coast station MMSI assignments, in accordance with Nos. **19.99** and **20.16**;

c) that ITU provides data of all notified ships through the Maritime Mobile Access and Retrieval System (MARS);

d) that AIS equipment uses the MMSI for its identification;

e) that AIS equipment may be a valuable tool for use by SAR aircraft,

noting further

a) that Recommendation ITU-R M.585 and the Radio Regulations do not address the assignment and use of MMSIs for SAR aircraft and aids to navigation;

b) that MMSIs used for AIS on SAR aircraft should be entirely different from MMSIs assigned to ships or coast stations;

c) that a unique format for SAR aircraft is required to ensure compatibility with AIS;

d) that administrations assigning an MMSI to SAR aircraft should notify ITU of this assignment so that it can be considered for inclusion in the MARS system,

considering

a) that some administrations at present have a national requirement to operate AIS equipment on board SAR aircraft;

b) that, with respect to using AIS on SAR aircraft, there is a need to develop a provision for a standard format of the identification number,

resolves to invite ITU-R

to review the MMSI operational and procedural requirements and to develop an appropriate format which cannot be confused with the format used for ship and coast stations,

further resolves

in the light of results of the studies referred to in *resolves to invite ITU-R* above, to invite WRC-07 to consider necessary changes to the Radio Regulations to allow MMSIs for use on SAR aircraft,

instructs the Director of the Radiocommunication Bureau

to consider the possibility of making provision in the MARS system for the registration of MMSIs used on SAR aircraft, preferably without changing either the database format or the content of the paper publications,

invites administrations

to notify BR of MMSI assignments to SAR aircraft,

instructs the Secretary-General

to communicate this Resolution to the International Maritime Organization, the International Civil Aviation Organization and the International Association of Marine Aids to Navigation and Lighthouse Authorities.

RESOLUTION 413 (WRC-03)

Use of the band 108-117.975 MHz by aeronautical services

The World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003),

considering

a) the current allocation of the frequency band 108-117.975 MHz to the aeronautical radionavigation service (ARNS);

b) the current requirements of FM broadcasting systems operating in the frequency band 87-108 MHz;

c) that digital sound broadcasting systems are capable of operating in the frequency band at about 87-108 MHz as described in Recommendation ITU-R BS.1114;

d) the need for the aeronautical community to provide additional services by enhancing navigation and surveillance systems through a communication data link;

e) the need for the broadcasting community to provide digital terrestrial sound broadcasting services,

recognizing

a) that precedence must be given to the ARNS operating in the frequency band 108-117.975 MHz;

b) that, in accordance with Annex 10 of the Convention of the International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO) on international civil aviation, all aeronautical systems must meet standards and recommended practices (SARPs) requirements;

c) that within ITU-R, compatibility criteria between FM broadcasting systems operating in the frequency band 87-108 MHz and the ARNS operating in the frequency band 108-117.975 MHz already exist, as indicated in the most recent version of Recommendation ITU-R SM.1009;

d) that all compatibility issues between FM broadcasting systems and ICAO standard ground-based systems for the transmission of radionavigation-satellite differential correction signals have been addressed,

noting

a) that aeronautical systems are converging towards a communication data link environment to support aeronautical navigation and surveillance functions, which need to be accommodated in existing radio spectrum;

b) that some administrations are planning to introduce digital sound broadcasting systems in the frequency band at about 87-108 MHz;

c) that no compatibility criteria currently exist between FM broadcasting systems operating in the frequency band 87-108 MHz and the planned additional aeronautical systems in the adjacent band 108-117.975 MHz using aircraft transmission;

d) that no compatibility criteria currently exist between digital sound broadcasting systems capable of operating in the frequency band at about 87-108 MHz and aeronautical services in the band 108-117.975 MHz;

e) that surveillance functions include the observation of aircraft location and velocity, and weather conditions for the purpose of air traffic control and situational awareness/collision avoidance between aircraft,

resolves

1 that the provisions of this Resolution and of No. **5.197A** shall enter into force on 5 July 2003;

2 that any additional aeronautical systems¹ planned to operate in the frequency band 108-117.975 MHz shall, as a minimum, meet the FM broadcasting immunity requirements contained in Annex 10 of the ICAO Convention on International Civil Aviation for existing aeronautical radionavigation systems operating in this frequency band;

3 that additional aeronautical systems operating in the band 108-117.975 MHz shall place no additional constraints on the broadcasting service or cause harmful interference to stations operating in the bands allocated to the broadcasting service in the frequency band 87-108 MHz and No. **5.43** does not apply to systems identified in *recognizing d*);

4 that frequencies below 112 MHz shall not be used for these additional aeronautical systems excluding the ICAO systems identified in *recognizing d*) until all potential compatibility issues with the lower adjacent frequency band 87-108 MHz have been resolved,

invites ITU-R

to study any compatibility issues between the broadcasting and aeronautical services that may arise from the introduction of these additional aeronautical systems as referenced in *noting a*), or appropriate digital sound broadcasting systems, as described in Recommendation ITU-R BS.1114 and to develop new or revised ITU-R Recommendations as appropriate,

instructs the Secretary-General

to bring this Resolution to the attention of ICAO.

¹ In the context of this Resolution, the term "additional aeronautical systems" refers to systems that transmit navigational information in support of air navigation and surveillance functions in accordance with recognized international aviation standards.

RESOLUTION 414 (WRC-03)

Consideration of the frequency range between 108 MHz and 6 GHz for new aeronautical applications

The World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003),

considering

a) that new technologies are needed to support communications and air navigation, including airborne and ground surveillance applications;

b) that the new technologies to support air navigation in *considering a)* may not conform to the definition of aeronautical radionavigation in the Radio Regulations;

c) that the current aeronautical mobile band from 117.975-137 MHz will become saturated in some areas of the world and will no longer be able to support the increasing and new requirements;

d) that new aviation security requirements are currently being defined internationally;

e) that new applications and concepts in air traffic management which are data intensive are envisioned;

f) that proposals to meet two current aviation safety objectives, i.e. to provide more information to the pilot and cockpit, and to reduce runway incursions, are being considered in the band 5 091-5 150 MHz;

g) that there are requirements to support data links that carry critical aeronautical data from systems such as air traffic control radars, wind shear radars, remote maintenance monitoring systems, runway lighting, low-level wind shear alert systems, automated weather surface observing systems, or automatic weather observation systems,

recognizing

that it may not be feasible to introduce some of these new aviation applications in certain bands used by aeronautical safety communications, radionavigation and surveillance due to the possible incompatibility problems or possible spectrum congestion,

noting

a) that past experience has shown that the range 108 MHz to 6 GHz is suitable for aviation requirements;

b) that Resolutions 114 (Rev.WRC-03) and 413 (WRC-03) call for compatibility studies in the relevant aeronautical bands,

resolves

that WRC-07 considers additional allocations for the aeronautical mobile (R) service in parts of the bands between 108 MHz and 6 GHz, taking into account *considering c*) to *g*) above,

further resolves to invite ITU-R

1 to investigate, as a first step, the bands currently available for use by aeronautical systems in the frequency range between 108 MHz and 6 GHz in order to determine whether additional allocations to the aeronautical mobile (R) service are required and can be accommodated in these bands without placing undue constraints to services to which the frequency bands are currently allocated;

2 to further investigate, in case the first step above would not lead to satisfactory results, also the frequency bands currently not available for use by aeronautical systems, subject to not constraining the existing and planned use of such bands, taking account of existing use and future requirements in these bands;

3 to investigate how to accommodate the requirements for aeronautical systems in the band $5\,091-5\,150$ MHz,

further invites

all members of the Radiocommunications Sector and especially the International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO) to contribute to these studies,

requests the Secretary-General

to bring this Resolution to the attention of ICAO.

RESOLUTION 415 (WRC-03)

Study of current satellite frequency allocations that will support the modernization of civil aviation telecommunication systems

The World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003),

considering

a) that some developing countries still lack an appropriate communication infrastructure that meets the evolving requirements of modern civil aviation;

b) that the cost of providing and maintaining such an infrastructure, in particular a terrestrial infrastructure, is increasingly expensive, particularly in remote regions;

c) that satellite communication systems provide a real possibility to meet the demands of the International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO) communication, navigation, surveillance and air traffic management (CNS/ATM), especially in the areas where a terrestrial communication infrastructure is not available,

further considering

a) that allocations to aeronautical services and for applications exist over a broad range of frequency bands;

b) that technologies now exist where different services can be accommodated by efficient use of a single spacecraft or satellite network;

c) that the benefits of establishing and utilizing satellite communication systems for civil aviation would also bring additional benefits for developing and sparsely populated countries by enabling the development of telecommunication systems in conjunction with the civil aviation systems,

noting

1 that Recommendation **34 (WRC-95)** states that future world radiocommunication conferences, whenever possible, should allocate frequency bands to the most broadly defined services with a view to providing maximum flexibility in spectrum use;

2 that Resolution **20** (**Rev.WRC-2000**) *resolves to instruct the Secretary-General* "to encourage ICAO to continue its assistance to developing countries which are endeavouring to improve their aeronautical telecommunications";

3 that there is a need to provide long-term spectrum availability for aeronautical satellite communications for safety purposes,

resolves to invite WRC-07

1 to examine the possibility of broadening the services and applications of the use of current satellite frequency allocations in order to allow the expansion of ICAO CNS/ATM systems that can also support other non-aeronautical telecommunication services;

2 to take appropriate actions, based on the results of the examination specified under *resolves* 1,

invites ITU-R

1 to study, as a matter of urgency, the current satellite frequency allocations that could meet aeronautical requirements to support the modernization of civil aviation telecommunication systems, especially those in developing countries, and to study in particular those radio frequencies that could be used to support both ICAO CNS/ATM systems and other non-aeronautical telecommunication services,

further invites

1 BDT to also examine this issue and provide assistance, as appropriate, that would facilitate developing countries to participate in the work of ITU-R on this matter;

2 ICAO, the International Air Transport Association (IATA), administrations and other organizations concerned to participate in the studies identified in *invites ITU-R* above,

requests the Secretary-General

to bring this Resolution to the attention of ICAO.

RESOLUTION 507 (Rev.WRC-03)

Establishment of agreements and associated plans for the broadcasting-satellite service

The World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003),

considering

a) that it is important to make the best possible use of the geostationary-satellite orbit and of the frequency bands allocated to the broadcasting-satellite service;

b) that the great number of receiving installations using such directional antennas as could be set up for a broadcasting-satellite service may be an obstacle to changing the location of space stations in that service on the geostationary-satellite orbit, as of the date of their being brought into use;

c) that satellite broadcasts may create harmful interference over a large area of the Earth's surface;

d) that the other services with allocations in the same band need to use the band before the broadcasting-satellite service is set up,

resolves

1 that stations in the broadcasting-satellite service shall be established and operated in accordance with agreements and associated plans adopted by world or regional administrative conferences, and/or world or regional radiocommunication conferences, as the case may be, in which all the administrations concerned and the administrations whose services are liable to be affected may participate;

2 that during the period before the entry into force of such agreements and associated plans the administrations and the Radiocommunication Bureau shall apply the procedure contained in Resolution **33** (Rev.WRC-03),

invites the Council

to keep under review the question of world radiocommunication conferences, and/or regional radiocommunication conferences, as required, with a view to fixing suitable dates, places and agenda.

RESOLUTION 517 (Rev.WRC-03)

Introduction of digitally modulated and single-sideband emissions in the high-frequency bands between 5900 kHz and 26100 kHz allocated to the broadcasting service

The World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003),

considering

a) that digital techniques are being introduced into many existing services;

b) that digital and single-sideband (SSB) techniques allow more effective utilization of the frequency spectrum than double-sideband (DSB) techniques;

c) that digital and SSB techniques enable reception quality to be improved;

d) the relevant parts of Appendix **11** concerning the digital and SSB system specifications in the HF broadcasting services;

e) that ITU-R, in its Recommendation ITU-R BS.1514, has recommended system characteristics for digital sound broadcasts in the broadcast bands below 30 MHz;

f) that digital modulation techniques are expected to provide the means to achieve the optimum balance between sound quality, circuit reliability and bandwidth;

g) that digitally modulated emissions can, in general, provide more efficient coverage than amplitude-modulated transmissions by using fewer simultaneous frequencies and less power;

h) that it may be economically attractive, using current technology, to convert modern conventional DSB broadcasting systems to digital operation in accordance with *considering d*);

i) that some DSB transmitters have been used with digital modulation techniques without transmitter modifications;

j) that ITU-R is carrying out further studies on the development of broadcasting using digitally modulated emissions in the bands allocated to the broadcasting service below 30 MHz;

k) that a long period could be needed for the introduction of digital broadcasting, taking into account the cost impact of replacement of transmitters and receivers,

resolves

1 that the early introduction of digitally modulated emissions as recommended by ITU-R in the HF bands between 5900 kHz and 26100 kHz allocated to the broadcasting service is to be encouraged;

2 that digitally modulated and SSB emissions shall comply with the characteristics specified in relevant parts of Appendix 11;

3 that whenever an administration replaces a DSB emission by an emission using digital or SSB modulation techniques, it shall ensure that the level of interference is not greater than that caused by the original DSB emission, and shall use the RF protection values specified in Resolution 543 (WRC-03) and Recommendation 517 (Rev.WRC-03);

4 that the continued use of DSB emissions may be reviewed by a future competent world radiocommunication conference based on administrations' experience with the introduction of digital HF broadcasting services,

instructs the Director of the Radiocommunication Bureau

to compile and provide to the future competent world radiocommunication conference referred to in *resolves* 4 the latest available complete statistics on the worldwide distribution of digital HF broadcasting receivers and transmitters,

invites ITU-R

to continue its studies on digital techniques in HF broadcasting with a view to assisting in the development of this technology for future use,

invites administrations

to encourage the inclusion in all new HF broadcasting transmitters put into service after 1 January 2004 of the capability to offer digital modulation,

further invites administrations

1 to assist the Director of the Radiocommunication Bureau by providing the relevant statistical data and to participate in ITU-R studies on matters relating to the development and introduction of digitally modulated emissions in the HF bands between 5900 kHz and 26100 kHz allocated to the broadcasting service;

2 to bring to the notice of transmitter and receiver manufacturers the recent results of relevant ITU-R studies on spectrum-efficient modulation techniques suitable for use at HF as well as the information referred to in *considering d*) and *e*), and encourage the availability of affordable low-cost digital receivers.

RESOLUTION 525 (Rev.WRC-03)

Introduction of high-definition television systems of the broadcasting-satellite service in the band 21.4-22.0 GHz in Regions 1 and 3

The World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003),

considering

a) that WRC-92 has reallocated the band 21.4-22.0 GHz in Regions 1 and 3 to the broadcasting-satellite service (BSS) to be implemented after 1 April 2007;

b) that until 1 April 2007 the existing services operating in the band 21.4-22.0 GHz in Regions 1 and 3 in accordance with the Table of Frequency Allocations are therefore entitled to continue operating without harmful interference from other services;

c) that it is nevertheless desirable to facilitate the introduction of experimental highdefinition television (HDTV) systems in this band before 1 April 2007 without affecting the continued operation of existing services;

d) that it also may be possible to introduce operational HDTV systems in this band before 1 April 2007 without affecting the continued operation of existing services;

e) that after 1 April 2007 the introduction of HDTV systems in this band must be regulated in a flexible and equitable manner until such time as a future competent world radiocommunication conference has adopted definitive provisions for this purpose in accordance with Resolution **507 (Rev.WRC-03)**;

f) that procedures are required for the three sets of circumstances envisaged in considerings c, d and e above,

resolves

to adopt the interim procedures contained in the Annex hereto with effect from 1 April 1992,

invites all administrations

to comply with the above procedures,

instructs the Radiocommunication Bureau

to apply the above procedures.

ANNEX TO RESOLUTION 525 (Rev.WRC-03)

Interim procedures for the introduction of BSS (HDTV) systems in the band 21.4-22.0 GHz in Regions 1 and 3

Section I – General provisions

1 It shall be understood that prior to 1 April 2007 all existing services in the band 21.4-22.0 GHz in Regions 1 and 3 operating in accordance with the Table of Frequency Allocations shall be entitled to continue to operate. After that date they may continue to operate, but they shall neither cause harmful interference to BSS (HDTV) systems nor be entitled to claim protection from such systems. It shall be understood that the introduction of an operational BSS (HDTV) system in the band 21.4-22.0 GHz in Regions 1 and 3 should be regulated by an interim procedure in a flexible and equitable manner until the date to be decided by a future competent conference.

Section II – Interim procedure relating to experimental BSS (HDTV) systems introduced before 1 April 2007

2 For the purpose of introducing experimental BSS (HDTV) systems in the band 21.4-22.0 GHz in Regions 1 and 3 before 1 April 2007 under the provisions of Article 27, the procedures contained in Sections A to C of Resolution 33 (Rev.WRC-03) or in Articles 9 to 14, as appropriate (see *resolves* 1 and 2 of Resolution 33 (Rev.WRC-03)), shall be applied.

Section III – Interim procedure relating to operational BSS (HDTV) systems introduced before 1 April 2007

3 For the purpose of introducing operational BSS (HDTV) systems in the band 21.4-22.0 GHz in Regions 1 and 3 before 1 April 2007, the procedure contained in Resolution **33** (**Rev.WRC-03**) shall be applied, if the power flux-density at the Earth's surface produced by emissions from a space station, on the territory of any other country, exceeds:

- $-115~\text{dB}(\text{W/m}^2)$ in any 1 MHz band for angles of arrival between 0° and 5° above the horizontal plane; or
- -105 dB(W/m²) in any 1 MHz band for angles of arrival between 25° and 90° above the horizontal plane; or
- values to be derived by linear interpolation between these limits for angles of arrival between 5° and 25° above the horizontal plane.

These limits relate to the power flux-density which would be obtained under assumed free-space propagation conditions.

4 If the power flux-density at the Earth's surface produced by emissions from a space station does not exceed these limits, the procedure in Section A of Resolution **33 (Rev.WRC-03)** or No. **9.11**, as appropriate (see *resolves* 1 and 2 of Resolution **33 (Rev.WRC-03)**) shall not be applied.

Section IV – Interim procedure relating to BSS (HDTV) systems introduced after 1 April 2007

5 For the purpose of introducing and operating BSS (HDTV) systems in the band 21.4-22.0 GHz in Regions 1 and 3 after 1 April 2007, and before a future conference has taken decisions on definitive procedures, all relevant provisions of Articles 9 to 14 except No. 9.11 shall be applied.

6 For the purpose of this Section, BSS (HDTV) systems introduced under provisions of Sections II and III of this Resolution shall be taken into account.

7 Administrations shall, to the maximum extent possible, seek to ensure that operational BSS (HDTV) systems introduced in the band 21.4-22.0 GHz in Regions 1 and 3 under Sections III or IV of this Resolution have characteristics which take into account the studies of the ITU-R for the preparation of a future competent world radiocommunication conference.

RESOLUTION 528 (Rev.WRC-03)

Introduction of the broadcasting-satellite service (sound) systems and complementary terrestrial broadcasting in the bands allocated to these services within the range 1-3 GHz

The World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003),

considering

a) that WARC-92 has made frequency allocations to the broadcasting-satellite service (sound) and complementary terrestrial broadcasting;

b) that it is necessary to ensure that the introduction of the broadcasting-satellite service (sound) and complementary terrestrial broadcasting proceeds in a flexible and equitable manner;

c) that efficient use of the spectrum will be enhanced by a worldwide allocation;

d) that a worldwide allocation may cause difficulties to some countries in relation to their existing services;

e) that future planning may limit the effect on other services,

resolves

1 that a competent conference should be convened, preferably not later than 1998, for the planning of the broadcasting-satellite service (sound) in the bands allocated to this service in the range 1-3 GHz; and the development of procedures for the coordinated use of complementary terrestrial broadcasting;

2 that this conference should review criteria for sharing with other services;

3 that in the interim period, broadcasting-satellite systems may only be introduced within the upper 25 MHz of the appropriate band in accordance with the procedures contained in Sections A to C of Resolution **33 (Rev.WRC-03)**, or in Articles **9** to **14**, as appropriate (see *resolves* 1 and 2 of Resolution **33 (Rev.WRC-03)**). The complementary terrestrial service may be introduced during this interim period subject to coordination with administrations whose services may be affected;

4 that the calculation methods and the interference criteria to be employed in evaluating the interference should be based upon relevant ITU-R Recommendations agreed by the administrations concerned as a result of Resolution **703** (Rev.WARC-92) or otherwise,

invites the ITU-R

to conduct the necessary studies prior to the conference,

instructs the Secretary-General

to bring this Resolution to the attention of the Council to consider including in the agenda of a radiocommunication conference to be held preferably not later than the year 1998 the matters addressed above.

RESOLUTION 535 (Rev.WRC-03)

Information needed for the application of Article 12 of the Radio Regulations

The World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003),

considering

that WRC-97 adopted Article **12** as a simple and flexible seasonal planning procedure for high-frequency broadcasting (HFBC) based on coordination,

considering further

that appropriate Rules of Procedure are to be developed by the Radiocommunication Bureau and adopted by the Radio Regulations Board,

instructs the Director of the Radiocommunication Bureau

1 to consider the information contained in the Annex to this Resolution in developing the Rules of Procedure;

2 to consider improvements to the established arrangements for the preparation, publication and dissemination of the information relating to the application of Article 12, in consultation with administrations and regional coordination groups,

invites administrations

1 to support the Director of the Radiocommunication Bureau in the preparation of these Rules of Procedure and in the development and testing of any accompanying computer software;

2 to submit their schedules in a common electronic format to be defined in the Rules of Procedure,

instructs the Secretary-General

to consider provision of the necessary funding to enable developing countries to participate fully in the application of Article **12** and relevant radiocommunications seminars.

ANNEX TO RESOLUTION 535 (Rev.WRC-03)

This Annex responds to the need for information in the application of Article **12**; the flowchart in Description 2 provides an overview of the Procedure.

1 Software development

The Procedure will require a number of user-friendly software modules to be developed, tested and supplied to administrations by the Bureau. This will ensure that the same software modules are used by administrations and the Bureau for the analysis of the schedules.

The Bureau should:

- develop the aforementioned software with assistance from administrations;
- distribute the software, together with user instructions and relevant documentation;
- organize training in the use of the software;
- monitor the functional performance of the software and, if required, make necessary modifications.

2 Software modules

Data capture of requirements

A new module will be required that permits the capture of all data elements detailed in Description 3. This module should also contain validation routines that prevent inconsistent data being captured and sent to the Bureau for processing.

Propagation calculation

This new module should calculate the field strength and other necessary data at all relevant test points as described in Descriptions 1 and 4.

It should also include an option that allows administrations to select the optimum frequency bands for their requirements.

The output format of the data and the medium should be such as to allow easy publication and distribution of the results to all administrations.

The results of these calculations should be displayable in a graphical format.

Compatibility analysis

This module should use the output of the propagation calculation to provide a technical analysis of a requirement both alone and in the presence of other requirements as in Description 4. This analysis would be used in the coordination process.

The values for the parameters given in Description 4 should be user selectable, but in the absence of other values the recommended default values should be used.

The results of this analysis should be capable of being displayed in a graphical format for a defined service area as in Description 4.

Data query

This module should enable the user to perform typical data query functions.

DESCRIPTION 1

Selection of suitable frequency band(s)

General

In order to assist broadcasters and administrations in the preparation of their HF broadcasting requirements, the Bureau will prepare and distribute suitable computer software. This should be easy to use and the output should be easy to understand.

User input data

The user should be able to enter:

- the name of the transmitting station (for reference purposes);
- the geographic coordinates of the transmitting station;
- the transmitter power;
- the bands which are available for use;
- hours of transmission;
- sunspot number;
- months during which a service is required;
- the available antenna types, together with the relevant directions of maximum radiation;
- the required coverage area specified as a set of CIRAF zones and quadrants (or by means of relevant geographic information).

It is desirable that the software should be able to store the above information, once it has been entered correctly, and provide the user with an easy means of recalling any previously entered information.

Methodology and data

The software should use:

- Recommendation ITU-R BS.705 for the calculation of antenna patterns;
- Recommendation ITU-R P.533 for the prediction of wanted field-strength values;
- Recommendation ITU-R P.842 for the calculation of reliability values.

The set of 911 test points (agreed at WARC HFBC-87) should be used, supplemented where necessary with test points based on a geographic grid.

The software should calculate the field strength values and the fading margins at each test point inside the required service area for each of the frequency bands declared to be available, taking account of the relevant transmitting antenna characteristics for each frequency band. The desired RF signal-to-noise ratio should be user selectable with a default value of 34 dB in the case of double sideband (DSB) or as provided in the most recent version of Recommendation ITU-R BS.1615, as appropriate, in the case of digital emissions.

The dates for which calculations are made should be user selectable, the default values being:

- 0.5 month after the start of the season;
- mid-point of the season;
- 0.5 month before the end of the season.

The times for which calculations are made should be user selectable, the default values being:

- 30 min past the hour in which the requirement starts;
- 30 min past each successive hour until the hour in which the requirement stops.

Software output data

For rapid assessment of suitable bands, the software should calculate:

- the basic service reliability for each available band and for the relevant test points from the set of 911 test points;
- the basic area reliability for each available band and for the relevant test points from the set of 911 test points.

In order to provide information about the geographic distribution of wanted signal values within the required service area, additional results should be available from the software:

 a listing should be available giving, for each of the available bands, the basic circuit reliability (BCR) for each of the test points (from the set of 911 test points) inside the required service area.

In some cases, a graphical display of the BCR values throughout the required service area may be desirable. These values should be calculated at test points at 2° intervals of latitude and longitude throughout the required service area.

The BCR values should be displayed graphically as a set of coloured or hatched "pixels" scaled in steps of 10%. It should be noted that:

- reliability values relate to the use of a single frequency band;
- reliability values are a function of the desired RF signal-to-noise ratio (user selectable);
- the field-strength values should be calculated by the supplied software on the user's own computer hardware. The software supplied should calculate the relevant reliability values based on these field-strength values and the user-supplied desired RF signal-to-noise values.

DESCRIPTION 2

Time sequence for the Procedure

In the sequence outlined below, the start date for a given schedule period is defined as D and the end date for the same schedule period is defined as E.

| Date | Action | | | | | |
|---------------------|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| D – 4 months | Closing date for administrations to send their schedules ¹ to the Radiocommunication Bureau (Bureau), preferably by electronic mail or on 3.5" diskette (720 kbytes or 1.44 Mbytes). Schedule data will be made available via TIES as soon as it has been processed. | | | | | |
| D – 2 months | Bureau to send to administrations a consolidated schedule (the first Tentative Schedule) together with a complete compatibility analysis ² . | | | | | |
| D – 6 weeks | Closing date for receipt of amendments from administrations to correct errors and other changes resulting from the coordination process to ensure that this information appears in the second Tentative Schedule for $D-1$ month. | | | | | |
| D – 1 month | Bureau to send to administrations a consolidated schedule (the second Tentative Schedule) together with a complete compatibility analysis ² . | | | | | |
| D – 2 weeks | Closing date for receipt of amendments from administrations to correct errors and other changes resulting from the coordination process to ensure that this information appears in the Schedule for date D. | | | | | |
| D | Bureau to issue the High Frequency Broadcasting Schedule and compatibility analysis. | | | | | |
| D to $E - 3$ months | Administrations to correct errors and coordinate in-season changes of requirements, sending information to the Bureau as it becomes available. | | | | | |
| | Bureau to issue updates of the Schedule and compatibility analysis at intervals of two months. | | | | | |
| Е | Closing date for receipt of final operational schedules from administrations to Bureau. No input is needed if there have been no changes to the information previously sent. | | | | | |
| E + 1 month | Bureau to send to administrations the final consolidated schedule (the Final Schedule) together with a compatibility analysis. | | | | | |

¹ See Description 3.

 $^{^2}$ See Description 4. The schedules and the results of the analyses should be available on CD-ROM and in TIES.

Figure 1 shows, in flow chart form, the time sequence for the Procedure.

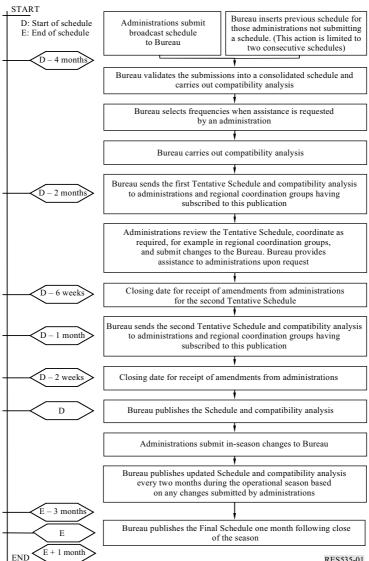


FIGURE 1

Time sequence for the Procedure

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DESCRIPTION 3

Specification of input data for a requirement

The fields needed for a given requirement and their specifications are:

- frequency in kHz, up to 5-digit integer;
- start time, as 4-digit integer;
- stop time, as 4-digit integer;
- target service area, as a set of up to 12 CIRAF zones and quadrants up to a maximum of 30 characters;
- site code, a 3-character code from a list of codes, or a site name and its geographic coordinates;
- power in kW, up to 4-digit integer;
- azimuth of maximum radiation;
- slew angle, up to 2-digit integer representing the difference between the azimuth of maximum radiation and the direction of unslewed radiation;
- antenna code, up to 3-digit integer from a list of values, or a full antenna description, as given in Recommendation ITU-R BS.705;
- days of operation;
- start date, in the case that the requirement starts after the start of the schedule;
- stop date, in the case that the requirement stops before the end of the schedule;
- modulation choice, to specify if the requirement is to use DSB, single-side band (SSB) (see Recommendation ITU-R BS.640) or digital emission (see Recommendation ITU-R BS.1514). This field may be used to identify any other type of modulation when this has been defined for use by HFBC in an ITU-R Recommendation;
- administration code;
- broadcasting organization code;
- identification number;
- identification of synchronization with other requirements.

DESCRIPTION 4

Compatibility analysis

General

In order to assess the performance of each requirement in the presence of noise and of the potential interference from other requirements using the same or adjacent channels, it is necessary to calculate the relevant reliability values. To this end, the Bureau will prepare suitable software, taking account of user requirements in terms of desired signal-to-noise and signal-to-interference ratios.

Input data

The schedule for a given season – this may be either an initial consolidated schedule (to permit assessment of those requirements which need coordination) or the High Frequency Broadcasting Schedule (to permit assessment of the likely performance of requirements during the relevant season).

Methodology and data

The software should use:

- Recommendation ITU-R BS.705 for the calculation of antenna patterns;
- Recommendation ITU-R P.533 for the prediction of the wanted field strength values at each test point for each wanted requirement;
- Recommendation ITU-R P.533 for the prediction of the potentially interfering field-strength values from all other co-channel or adjacent channel requirements at each test point for each wanted requirement;
- Recommendations 517 (Rev.WRC-03) and ITU-R BS.560 for adjacent channel RF protection ratios;
- Recommendation ITU-R P.842 for the calculation of reliability values.

The set of 911 test points (agreed at WARC HFBC-87) should be used, supplemented where necessary with test points based on a geographic grid.

The software should calculate the wanted and unwanted field-strength values and the fading margins at each test point inside the required service area.

The desired RF signal-to-noise and RF protection ratios should be user selectable, the default values being 34 dB and 17 dB (DSB-to-DSB co-channel case), respectively. In the case of digital emissions, the desired RF signal-to-noise ratios are as provided in the most recent version of Recommendation ITU-R BS.1615. The default values of RF protection ratio to be used by the Bureau for its compatibility analyses are given in Section 1 of the Annex to Resolution **543** (WRC-03).

The dates for which a compatibility analysis is made should be user selectable, the default values being:

- 0.5 month after the start of the season;
- mid-point of the season;
- 0.5 month before the end of the season.

These default values should be used by the Bureau for its compatibility analyses.

The times for which a compatibility analysis is made should be user selectable, the default values being:

- 30 min past the hour in which the requirement starts;
- 30 min past each successive hour until the hour in which the requirement ends.

These default values should be used by the Bureau for its compatibility analyses.

Software output data

For rapid assessment of the performance of a requirement, the software should calculate:

- the overall service reliability for the relevant test points from the set of 911 test points;
- the overall area reliability for the relevant test points from the set of 911 test points.

In order to provide information about the geographic distribution of wanted and unwanted signal values for a given requirement, additional results should be available from the software:

 a listing should be available giving the overall circuit reliability for each of the relevant test points from the set of 911 test points.

In some cases, a graphical display of the coverage achieved throughout a required service area may be desirable. These values will need to be calculated by the user (with the supplied software and on the user's own computer hardware) at test points at 2° intervals of latitude and longitude throughout the required service area. The values should be displayed graphically as a set of coloured or hatched pixels in steps of 10%. It should be noted that:

- reliability values relate to the use of a single frequency;
- reliability values are a function of the desired RF signal-to-noise and RF protection ratios (both user selectable);
- the field-strength values for the test points (from the set of 911 test points) inside the required service area should be calculated by the Bureau. The software supplied should calculate the relevant reliability values based on these pre-calculated field strength values and the user-supplied desired signal-to-noise and signal-to-interference values;
- the field-strength values for the test points at 2° intervals should be calculated using the supplied software on the user's own computer hardware. The software supplied should calculate the relevant reliability values based on these field strength values and the usersupplied desired signal-to-noise and signal-to-interference values.

RESOLUTION 539 (Rev.WRC-03)

Use of the band 2605-2655 MHz in certain Region 3 countries by non-geostationary satellite systems in the broadcasting-satellite service (sound)

The World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003),

considering

a) that the band 2535-2655 MHz is allocated under No. **5.418** to the broadcasting-satellite service (BSS) (sound) in certain Region 3 countries;

b) that the provisions of Resolution **528 (WARC-92)** currently limit the use of this band by systems in the BSS (sound) to the upper 25 MHz of the band;

c) that, prior to WRC-2000, there were no coordination procedures applicable to non-geostationary (non-GSO) BSS (sound) systems in this band in relation to other non-GSO or GSO satellite networks;

d) that satellite technology has now advanced to the stage where non-GSO systems in the BSS (sound) are technically and economically feasible when operated with high elevation angles and that there are practical designs available to ensure that the radiation of the non-GSO satellite in the BSS (sound) outside the main beam is kept at low levels;

e) that satellite systems in the BSS as described in *considering d*) can be used for the delivery of high-quality, spectrally efficient BSS (sound) to portable and mobile terminals;

f) that non-GSO systems in the BSS (sound) in the band 2 630-2 655 MHz in Region 3 have been notified to ITU and are expected to be brought into use in the near future;

g) that, prior to WRC-2000, the protection of existing terrestrial services was addressed through the coordination procedures of No. **9.11**;

h) that the provision cited in *considering g*) may be inadequate to ensure the future deployment of terrestrial services in this band;

i) that a regulatory procedure is required in order to meet the dual objectives of providing adequate long-term protection to existing and planned terrestrial services while not placing undue constraints on the development and implementation of the non-GSO BSS (sound) system;

j) that there are non-GSO systems being planned for operation in the BSS (sound) in the band 2605-2655 MHz in Region 3 that have highly elliptical orbits;

k) that ITU-R has undertaken studies of the likely aggregate interference from a number of co-frequency broadcasting-satellite systems sharing with the terrestrial services on a co-primary basis;

l) that ITU-R has undertaken studies that assumed there is only one satellite active at any time in a non-GSO system operating in a highly elliptical orbit,

invites

a) administrations planning to operate non-GSO BSS (sound) systems in accordance with this Resolution, to take measures to design the system to minimize interference to terrestrial services outside the non-GSO BSS (sound) service area, for example as in *considering d*) above;

b) administrations, whose territory is geographically close to the territory of an administration planning to operate a non-GSO BSS (sound) system in accordance with this Resolution, and for which there is a correspondingly high elevation angle to the active satellite, to take measures to facilitate the operation of non-GSO BSS (sound) systems,

resolves

1 that any BSS (sound) system using non-geostationary orbits brought into operation in the band 2605-2655 MHz in Region 3 shall be operated such that the minimum elevation angle over the service area is not less than 55°, for the purposes of sharing with terrestrial services;

2 that, before an administration notifies to the Radiocommunication Bureau or brings into use a frequency assignment for a BSS (sound) system using non-GSO satellites in the band 2630-2655 MHz, for which complete Appendix 4 coordination information or notification information has been received after 2 June 2000, and in the band 2605-2630 MHz for which complete Appendix 4 coordination information or notification information has been received after 4 July 2003, the following regulatory arrangements shall apply.

The following mask of power flux-density values at the Earth's surface produced by emissions from a space station for all conditions and for all methods of modulation shall be used as the basis of the regulatory procedures of this Resolution:

| -130 | $dB(W/(m^2 \cdot MHz))$ | for $0^{\circ} \le \theta \le 5^{\circ}$ |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------|--|
| $-130 + 0.4 (\theta - 5)$ | $dB(W/(m^2 \cdot MHz))$ | for $5^{\circ} < \theta \le 25^{\circ}$ |
| -122 | $dB(W/(m^2 \cdot MHz))$ | for $25^{\circ} < \theta \le 45^{\circ}$ |
| $-122 + 0.2 (\theta - 45)$ | $dB(W/(m^2 \cdot MHz))$ | for $45^{\circ} < \theta \le 65^{\circ}$ |
| $-118 \pm 0.09 \ (\theta - 65)$ | $dB(W/(m^2 \cdot MHz))$ | for $65^{\circ} < \theta \le 76^{\circ}$ |
| -117 | $dB(W/(m^2 \cdot MHz))$ | for $76^{\circ} < \theta \le 90^{\circ}$ |

where θ is the angle of arrival of the incident wave above the horizontal plane, in degrees.

These values relate to the power flux-density and angles of arrival which would be obtained under free-space propagation conditions.

Furthermore:

- for angles of arrival less than 76° in the power flux-density mask above, if the limits are
 exceeded, the notifying administration shall obtain the explicit agreement from any
 administration identified by the Bureau in its examination below;
- for angles of arrival from 76° to 90° in the power flux-density mask above, the coordination procedure with respect to those administrations identified by the Bureau in its examination below will be that of No. 9.11;

3 that systems in the BSS (sound) using non-GSO satellites shall be limited to national services unless agreement has been reached to include the territories of other administrations in the service area;

4 that, within the context of this Resolution, an administration listed in No. **5.418** or **5.417A** shall not have simultaneously two overlapping frequency assignments, one under that provision, and the other one under provision No. **5.416**;

5 that, as from 5 July 2003, the Bureau and administrations shall apply the provisions of Articles 9 and 11 taking into account Nos. 5.418, 5.417A, 5.417B, 5.417C, 5.417D, 5.418A, 5.418B, 5.418C and this Resolution, as revised by this Conference,

instructs the Radiocommunication Bureau

- 1 when applying resolves 2, to use the power flux-density mask in resolves 2; and
- for angles of arrival less than 76°, identify the affected administrations which have a primary allocation to terrestrial services in the same frequency band and on whose territory the power flux-density is exceeded and inform both the notifying and the affected administrations. At the notification stage the lack of any necessary agreement is considered as non-conformity with No. 11.31;
- for angles of arrival from 76° to 90°, identify the affected administrations which have a primary allocation to terrestrial services in the same frequency band and on whose territory the power flux-density is exceeded and inform both the notifying and the affected administrations. At the notification stage each notice shall be examined in the application of No. 11.32 and, if appropriate, under No. 11.32A with respect to the probability of harmful interference that may be caused to assignments for which coordination could not be successfully completed;

2 as from 5 July 2003, to apply *resolves* 5 in its examination of requests for coordination and notifications for any BSS (sound) systems using non-GSO satellites in the 2 630-2 655 MHz band for which complete Appendix **4** coordination information or notification information has been received after 2 June 2000.

RESOLUTION 543 (WRC-03)

Provisional RF protection ratio values for analogue and digitally modulated emissions in the HF broadcasting service

The World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003),

considering

a) that this Conference has resolved to encourage the introduction of digitally modulated emissions in the high frequency broadcast bands allocated to the broadcasting service and has revised Resolution **517** accordingly;

b) that the current use of the spectrum is based on the use of double-sideband (DSB) emissions;

c) that Appendix **11** gives details of the system parameters and the emission characteristics of the digitally modulated emissions;

d) that ITU-R is carrying out further studies on the development of HF broadcasting using digitally modulated emissions in the bands allocated to the broadcasting service below 30 MHz;

e) that RF co-channel and adjacent channel protection ratios are among the fundamental parameters when determining compatibility;

f) that the currently available values of RF protection ratios may need to be updated in the light of future ITU-R studies;

g) that Annex 1 to Recommendation ITU-R BS.1514 describes a digital system suitable for broadcasting in the bands below 30 MHz;

h) that there is a need to compile and maintain statistics on administrations' capability to introduce digital modulation systems for their HF broadcasting services,

resolves

1 that digital modulation in accordance with Resolution **517** (**Rev.WRC-03**) may be used in any of the HF bands allocated to the broadcasting service; this accommodation has to be made with the appropriate amounts of protection given to both analogue and digital emissions as described in the Annex to this Resolution;

2 that the protection ratio values described in the Annex be used in the coordination process under Article **12** on a provisional basis;

3 to invite a future competent conference to revise these provisional protection ratio values, as appropriate,

invites ITU-R

1 to continue studies on digital techniques in HF broadcasting with the purpose to revise the RF protection ratio values for analogue and digitally modulated emissions in the HF broadcasting service as described in the Annex to this Resolution;

2 to report the results of these studies to the World Radiocommunication Conference 2007.

ANNEX TO RESOLUTION 543 (WRC-03)

Section 1 – Standard RF protection ratio values

RF protection ratio values to be used for seasonal planning under the provisions of Article 12 are contained in Table 1 in this Section.

The values are consistent with those in Recommendation ITU-R BS.1615.

The characteristics of the digital emission are based on the 64-QAM modulation system, protection level No. 1, robustness mode B, spectrum occupancy type 3 (as contained in Recommendation ITU-R BS.1514), which will be used extensively for HF skywave broadcasting in 10 kHz channels.

The characteristics of the analogue emission are based on double-sideband modulation as summarized in Part A of Appendix **11**, with 53% modulation depth.

TABLE 1

Relative RF protection ratios (dB) associated with digitally modulated emissions in the HF bands allocated to the broadcasting service

| Wanted signal | Unwanted signal | Frequency separation furwanted - fwanted (kHz) | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------|----------------------|---|-----|-----|----|---|----|-----|-----|-----|
| agnai | signai | -20 | -15 | -10 | -5 | 0 | 5 | 10 | 15 | 20 |
| Amplitude modulation | Digital | -47 | -42 | -32 | 3 | 6 | 3 | -32 | -42 | -47 |
| Digital | Amplitude modulation | -54 | -48 | -40 | -3 | 0 | -3 | -40 | -48 | -54 |
| Digital | Digital | -53 | -47 | -38 | -3 | 0 | -3 | -38 | -47 | -53 |

In the case of an amplitude modulation (AM) signal interfered with by a digital signal, the protection ratios are determined by adding 17 dB (audio-frequency protection ratio) to the relative RF protection ratios in Table 1.

In the case of a digital signal interfered with by an AM signal, the protection ratios are determined by adding 7 dB (signal-to-interference ratio for a bit error ratio (BER) of 10^{-4}) to the relative RF protection ratios in Table 1.

In the case of a digital signal interfered with by a digital signal, the protection ratios are determined by adding 16 dB (signal-to-interference ratio for a BER of 10^{-4}) to the RF relative protection ratios in Table 1.

Section 2 - Correction values of RF protection ratios

Correction values of RF protection ratios for different wanted signal conditions such as AM modulation depths, AM quality grades and digital modulation modes are provided in this Section.

1 AM modulation depth

RF protection ratios for a wanted AM signal interfered with by a digital signal depend on the AM modulation depth. A modulation depth of 53% is used as a default value in this Annex. If a different modulation depth is used, a correction value for RF protection ratio is required. Table 2 provides correction values for typical modulation depths.

TABLE 2

Correction values (dB) to be used for other AM modulation depths in respect of wanted AM signal

| Modulation depth (%) | 30 | 38 | 53 | т |
|-----------------------|----|----|----|---------------|
| Correction value (dB) | 5 | 3 | 0 | 20 log (53/m) |

2 AM audio quality

RF protection ratios for a wanted AM signal interfered with by a digital signal depend on the required audio quality grade. If another quality grade is used, correction values of RF protection ratios as in Table 3 shall be added.

TABLE 3

Correction values (dB) to be used for other audio quality grades in respect of wanted AM signal

| Audio quality grade | 3 | 3.5 | 4 |
|-----------------------|---|-----|----|
| Correction value (dB) | 0 | 7 | 12 |

3 Digital modulation scheme, protection level number and robustness mode

RF protection ratios for a wanted digital signal interfered with by an analogue or digital signal depend on the digital modulation scheme and mode. If any combination different from the default value in Section 1 is used, correction values of RF protection ratios as in Table 4 shall be added.

TABLE 4

Correction values (dB) to be used for other combinations of digital modulation scheme, protection level number and robustness mode in respect of wanted digital signal

| Modulation | Protection level | Robustness mode | | | | |
|------------|------------------|-----------------|----|----|--|--|
| scheme | number | В | С | D | | |
| 16-QAM | 0 | -7 | -6 | -6 | | |
| | 1 | -5 | -4 | -4 | | |
| 64-QAM | 0 | -1 | -1 | 0 | | |
| | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | | |

NOTE - 10 kHz nominal bandwidth.

Protection levels Nos. 2 and 3 and robustness mode A are not recommended for use in HF and are therefore not described here.

Section 3 - Explanatory examples

- a) In Table 1, first row <AM interfered with by Digital>: with the AF protection ratio = 17 dB, all values of relative protection ratios entered in that row of the Table must be increased by 17 dB in order to determine the absolute value of the RF protection ratio (RF PR). As examples:
 - For co-channel interference (0 kHz separation) the RF PR would be 6 + 17 = 23 dB.
 - For adjacent channel interference (± 10 kHz separation) the RF PR would be -32 + 17 = -15 dB.
 - For the case of modulation depth = 38% and audio quality grade = 4, a correction factor of 15 dB (= 3 + 12) is added to the RF protection ratio values described above.
- *b)* In Table 1, second row <Digital interfered with by AM>: all values of relative protection ratios entered in that row of the Table must be increased by 7 dB in order to determine the absolute value of the RF PR. As examples:
 - For co-channel interference (0 kHz separation) the RF PR would be 0 + 7 = 7 dB.
 - For adjacent channel interference (± 10 kHz separation) the RF PR would be -40 + 7 = -33 dB.

- c) In Table 1, third row <Digital interfered with by Digital>: all values of relative protection ratios entered in that row of the Table must be increased by 16 dB in order to determine the absolute value of the RF protection ratio. As examples:
 - For co-channel interference (0 kHz separation) the RF PR would be 0 + 16 = 16 dB.
 - For adjacent channel interference (± 10 kHz separation) the RF PR would be -38 + 16 = -22 dB.

RESOLUTION 544 (WRC-03)

Identification of additional spectrum for the broadcasting service in the HF bands

The World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003),

considering

a) that the spectrum allocated to the broadcasting service from 4 MHz to 10 MHz is about 25 per cent of all the spectrum allocated to HF broadcasting;

b) that WARC-79 allocated an additional 125 kHz of spectrum to the broadcasting service below 10 MHz (9775-9900 kHz);

c) that WARC-92 allocated an additional 200 kHz to the broadcasting service, consisting of 100 kHz near 9 MHz, 50 kHz near 7 MHz and 50 kHz near 6 MHz, and that this additional spectrum will become available to the broadcasting service as from 1 April 2007;

d) that the agenda for WRC-07 includes the revision of allocations to the services in HF bands;

e) that the results of coordination under Article **12** demonstrate that the broadcasting bands below 10 MHz are congested, even when there are high levels of sunspot activity, with little more than half of the broadcasting requirements being satisfied;

f) that in recent schedule periods, the statistics made by ITU-R for analogue emissions show that in the bands below 10 MHz, around 250 kHz of additional spectrum is needed to clear the co-channel collisions and up to 800 kHz to clear both the co-channel and adjacent channel collisions;

g) that the introduction and promotion of the new digital technology that improves spectrum utilization and efficiency cannot completely solve current congestion problems;

h) that many administrations continue to use the HF bands for other services, including for fixed and mobile communications;

i) that this Conference has made decisions on the use of some parts of the band 7100-7450 kHz for use in HF broadcasting,

recognizing

that the specific bands for broadcasting in the tropical zone as referred to in No. 23.6 are to be used in accordance with No. 5.113,

noting

that ITU-R studies identified preferred bands, from which sufficient allocations could be made to the broadcasting service:

4 500-4 650 kHz 5 060-5 250 kHz 5 840-5 900 kHz 7 350-7 650 kHz 9 290-9 400 kHz 9 900-9 940 kHz,

noting further

that further studies are required on the potential allocation of the bands identified in *noting* above and of any other bands between 4 and 10 MHz that may be considered for allocation to the broadcasting service,

resolves to invite ITU-R

1 to carry out studies on this matter, particularly in respect of the bands identified in *noting* above, taking into account technical, operational, economic and other relevant factors, including the appropriate transitional arrangements, and how the introduction of digital emissions will affect the HF broadcasting requirements and how such reallocations will affect other services using these bands;

2 to bring the results of these studies to the attention of WRC-07,

further resolves

to recommend a future competent conference to conclude, where appropriate, on additional spectrum requirements for the broadcasting service, taking into account the interest of all affected services,

invites administrations

to participate actively in the aforementioned studies by submitting contributions to ITU-R.

RESOLUTION 545 (WRC-03)

Technical and regulatory procedures relating to the broadcasting-satellite service networks operating in the 620-790 MHz band

The World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003),

considering

a) that No. **5.311** provides the conditions under which the band 620-790 MHz may be used for assignments to television stations using frequency modulation in the broadcasting-satellite service (BSS);

b) that it is necessary to adequately protect terrestrial services including the terrestrial television broadcasting systems in this band;

c) that the sharing and associated provisions for satellite networks are under study in ITU-R with respect to the impact of such systems on the terrestrial services;

d) that geostationary-satellite (GSO) BSS networks and non-geostationary (non-GSO) BSS satellite networks or systems are at the stage of advance publication or coordination, or have been notified in the 620-790 MHz frequency band;

e) that studies are being undertaken to determine, *inter alia*, the planning criteria to be used for the Regional Radiocommunication Conference (RRC-04/05) for Region 1 and one country in Region 3;

f) that the impact of these GSO BSS networks and non-GSO BSS satellite networks or systems on terrestrial services including digital and analogue television broadcasting systems has yet to be examined;

g) that there are at present few GSO networks operating in accordance with No. 5.311;

h) that it would be inappropriate to draw any conclusions regarding the form and levels of the protection criteria and their application to GSO BSS networks and non-GSO BSS satellite networks or systems until the completion of relevant studies and the approval of corresponding ITU-R Recommendations;

i) that many administrations have extensive infrastructure for the transmission and reception of analogue and digital television services between 620 MHz and 790 MHz,

noting

a) that the protection of terrestrial television services in the band 620-790 MHz requires more study before any conclusion can be made about the appropriate pfd values;

b) that studies called for in Recommendation **705** have been recently initiated but not completed;

c) that the reference bandwidth of the pfd limit in No. **5.311** is undefined and guidance is urgently needed and has been requested by the Radiocommunication Bureau;

d) that the existing provisions related to the band 620-790 MHz are ambiguous and have been difficult to apply by administrations and the Bureau,

resolves

1 that the processing of submissions of GSO BSS networks and non-GSO BSS satellite networks or systems in the frequency band 620-790 MHz received by the Bureau and not brought into use prior to 5 July 2003, irrespective of their date of receipt, shall be suspended pending WRC-07 decisions on the sharing criteria, including the pfd required to protect the terrestrial services in this frequency band;

2 to suspend the application of No. **5.311** and Recommendation **705** until the end of WRC-07 with respect to the GSO BSS networks and non-GSO BSS satellite networks or systems in the frequency band 620-790 MHz and for which notification is received between 5 July 2003 and the end of WRC-07;

3 that GSO BSS networks and non-GSO BSS satellite networks or systems in the frequency band 620-790 MHz other than those notified, brought into use and the date of bringing into use confirmed before the end of WRC-03, shall not be brought into use before the end of WRC-07;

4 that the notified date of bringing into use referred in Nos. **11.44** and **11.48** for GSO BSS networks and non-GSO BSS satellite networks or systems in this frequency band for which the Bureau receives notification prior to 5 July 2003 shall be extended by the length of the period from the date of receipt by the Bureau of the complete advanced publication information to the end of WRC-07;

5 that the BSS systems referred to in *resolves* 1 above shall not be taken into account in the application of *resolves* 3.1C and 3.4 of Council Resolution 1185;

6 that in the band 620-790 MHz, No. **22.2** shall continue to apply to assignments to non-GSO satellite systems in the BSS for which complete notification information is considered to have been received by the Bureau prior to 5 July 2003 in respect of assignments to GSO satellite networks in the BSS for which complete coordination information is considered to have been received by the Bureau prior to 5 July 2003. The relationship between GSO networks and non-GSO satellite networks or systems for which complete Appendix **4** information has been received by the Bureau after 4 July 2003 in the band 620-790 MHz is subject to the procedures to be decided at WRC-07,

invites ITU-R

to conduct studies as a matter of urgency, and develop sharing criteria and regulatory provisions, prior to WRC-07, for the protection of terrestrial services, in particular terrestrial television broadcasting services, in the 620-790 MHz band from GSO BSS networks and non-GSO BSS satellite networks or systems which it is planned to operate in this band,

instructs the Director of the Radiocommunication Bureau

subject to the decisions taken by WRC-07, to resume, as appropriate, the application of Nos. **5.311**, **9.34** and **11.30** and other relevant associated provisions of the Radio Regulations,

instructs the Secretary-General

to bring this Resolution to the attention of the Regional Radiocommunication Conference, 2004/2005 (RRC-04/05).

RESOLUTION 546 (WRC-03)

Implementation of the decisions of WRC-03 relating to processing of networks under Appendices 30 and 30A of the Radio Regulations

The World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003),

considering

that this Conference has adopted new sharing criteria and associated calculation methods which are included in, or referenced in, the Annexes to Appendices **30** and **30A**,

recognizing

that the Radiocommunication Bureau needs clear instructions from this Conference on the sharing criteria and associated calculation methods to process the Appendices 30 and 30A submissions, which are in various stages of treatment,

further recognizing

that it will take six months for the Radiocommunication Bureau to develop and test the software to implement the new sharing criteria and associated calculation methods adopted by this Conference,

resolves

1 that the revised Appendices **30** and **30A** as adopted at this Conference shall enter into force on 5 July 2003¹ with the exception of the revised Annexes referred to in *resolves* 2 and footnotes to § 4.1.5, 4.1.15, 4.2.8 and 4.2.19;

2 that the revised Annexes of these Appendices as adopted by this Conference shall enter into force on 1 January 2004¹;

3 that as from 1 January 2004², for requests for modifications or additional uses under Article 4 and submissions under Article 2A of Appendices **30** and **30A**, for which complete information was received prior to 1 January 2004 by the Bureau but which have not yet been published in a Special Section of the International Frequency Information Circular (BR IFIC), the Bureau shall apply the revised Appendices **30** and **30A** as adopted at this Conference;

¹ The use of the new criteria applied to networks published prior to 1 January 2004 shall not result in additional coordination requirements for those networks.

² Pending the completion of the relevant software referred to in *further recognizing*, the Bureau will continue to use the current software for processing of notices received prior to 5 July 2003.

4 that, as from 1 January $2004^{1,2}$,

4.1 when applying § 4.1.11 or 4.2.15 of Appendix **30** or **30A**, the administrations and the Bureau shall apply the new criteria and associated calculation methods adopted by this Conference;

4.2 when applying § 4.1.12 or 4.2.16 of Appendix **30** or **30A**, an agreement shall be necessary with an administration having previously made a valid objection, when, using the new criteria and associated calculation methods adopted by this Conference, that administration is still considered as affected;

4.3 for notification under Article 5 of Appendices **30** and **30A** for which complete information was received prior to that date by the Bureau but not yet published in Part II or III of the BR IFIC, the Bureau shall apply the revised Appendices **30** and **30A** as adopted at this Conference;

5 that, as from 1 January $2004^{1,2}$,

5.1 for requests for coordination under Article 7 of Appendices **30** and **30A** for which complete information was received prior to this date by the Bureau but not yet published in a Special Section of the BR IFIC, the Bureau shall apply the revised Appendices **30** and **30A** as adopted at this Conference;

5.2 in application of No. **11.32** with respect to Article 7 of Appendices **30** and **30A**, the Bureau shall apply the new criteria and associated calculation methods adopted by this Conference if changes to the characteristics published under No. **9.38** increase the probability of interference or if coordination agreements previously required are missing;

5.3 in application of No. **11.32** with respect to Article 6 of Appendices **30** and **30A**, the Bureau shall apply the new criteria and associated calculation methods adopted by this Conference.

¹ The use of the new criteria applied to networks published prior to 1 January 2004 shall not result in additional coordination requirements for those networks.

 $^{^2}$ Pending the completion of the relevant software referred to in *further recognizing*, the Bureau will continue to use the current software for processing of notices received prior to 5 July 2003.

RESOLUTION 547 (WRC-03)

Updating of the "Remarks" columns in the Tables of Article 9A of Appendix 30A and Article 11 of Appendix 30 of the Radio Regulations

The World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003),

considering

a) that this Conference updated the "Remarks" columns in the Tables of Article 9A of Appendix **30A** and Article 11 of Appendix **30** based on the results of studies by the Radio-communication Bureau;

b) that this Conference adopted new Tables in Article 9A of Appendix **30A** and Article 11 of Appendix **30** of the Radio Regulations that specify affected or affecting networks or beams of administrations based on the results of studies by the Radiocommunication Bureau;

c) that this Conference adopted new sharing criteria in Appendices **30** and **30A**;

d) that it would be appropriate to update the Tables adopted at this Conference taking into account the sharing criteria adopted at this Conference;

e) that it would also be appropriate to update the results to reflect the changes in status of the fixed-satellite service networks and modifications to the characteristics, contained in these Tables,

recognizing

a) that the integrity of the Region 2 Plan and its associated provisions must be preserved;

b) that the compatibility between the broadcasting-satellite service (BSS) in Regions 1 and 3 and the other services in all three Regions must be ensured;

c) that the Bureau requires clear instructions from this Conference on how to update the results of compatibility analyses with a view to reducing the number of affected and affecting administrations or networks,

resolves

1 that the Bureau, using the revised criteria adopted at this Conference, shall carry out the required analyses based on the following Notes explaining the nature of the "Remarks" columns entries in order to reduce the number of affected and affecting administrations or networks taking into account modifications to satellite networks: Notes 5 to 7 in section 9A.2 of Article 9A of Appendix **30A** and Notes 5 to 8 in section 11.2 of Article 11 of Appendix **30**;

2 that, in addition to the use of the new criteria, the Bureau shall also take into account any changes in the characteristics and any suppression of assignments in the application of the Radio Regulations;

3 that the Bureau shall publish, not later than 1 January 2005, the updated results of its analyses, as indicated in *resolves* 1 and 2 above, together with its related conclusions, in a circular letter;

4 that, once the circular letter referred to in *resolves* 3 has been sent, administrations will have until one year before WRC-07 to decide whether they do or do not wish to continue appearing as "affected or affecting administrations". In the case of a request by an administration whose name appears in the "Remarks" column as an affecting or affected BSS administration in Regions 1 and 3, its deletion from the "Remarks" column is subject to the agreement of the affected or affecting administration. The Bureau shall send a reminder to all administrations 45 days before the expiry of the above-mentioned deadline in the form of a circular telefax requesting comment or reply. If no reply is received from administrations within that period, it will be taken that there is no need to make any change,

instructs the Director of the Radiocommunication Bureau

to include the results of an up-to-date analysis based on this Resolution in his Report to WRC-07, under agenda item 7.1, for consideration by the Conference, with a view to its taking necessary action as appropriate.

RESOLUTION 548 (WRC-03)

Application of the grouping concept in Appendices 30 and 30A in Regions 1 and 3¹

The World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003),

considering

a) that the grouping concept as it is applied in Appendices **30** and **30A** with respect to Regions 1 and 3 was considered by this Conference;

b) that the protection of assignments in the Plan and the List in Appendices **30** and **30A** is based upon an equivalent protection margin criterion;

c) that concerns have been raised that the use of the grouping concept by one administration may reduce access to spectrum resources by others;

d) that coordination of one network² in a group shall not lead to a reduction of coordination requirements for other networks in the same group;

e) that WRC-2000 accepted grouping in the Regions 1 and 3 List for some networks which are separated by up to 0.2° in the geostationary arc according to their respective nominal orbital locations,

noting

a) that the 2002 Conference Preparatory Meeting considered a proposed solution in which there is a limit to the number of assignments in a group or number of groups in one orbital location;

b) that the Radio Regulations Board has developed Rules of Procedure with respect to the application of the grouping concept,

¹ It is noted that the application of the grouping concept in Region 2 does not require any change. Therefore, the Radiocommunication Bureau shall continue to apply the grouping concept in Region 2 as it has applied it prior to this Conference.

² In the application of this Resolution, a network is understood as being a submission by one administration, or one administration acting on behalf of a group of administrations, to the Bureau of a set of assignments, received on the same date (except for merged networks referred to in *resolves 4 f*), with the same name for the satellite network and at the same orbital location.

resolves

1 that a grouping of networks with an overall separation of not more than 0.4° in the geostationary arc, in accordance with their respective nominal orbital locations, is regarded as a grouping at the same orbital location;

2 that the limitations referred to in *resolves* 4 do not apply to grouping of networks before the inclusion of the assignments in the List;

3 that the limitations in *resolves* 4 do not apply to grouping within one network;

4 that under Appendices **30** and **30A** in Regions 1 and 3 the following principles with respect to the application of the grouping concept between networks at the same orbital location shall apply:

- *a)* these limitations apply for networks with overlapping frequency bands;
- b) for networks for which a submission is received by the Bureau under § 4.1.3 of Appendix 30 or 30A after 4 July 2003, not more than three networks within the same overlapping frequency bandwidth can be in a group in the List except under the provisions of d) or e) below;
- c) for networks for which a submission was received by the Bureau under § 4.1.3 of Appendix 30 or 30A but not yet processed under § 4.1.5 before 5 July 2003, not more than five networks within the same overlapping frequency bandwidth can be in a group in the List except under the provisions of d) or e) below;
- d) for networks for which a submission was received by the Bureau under § 4.1.3 of Appendix 30 or 30A and processed under § 4.1.5 before 5 July 2003, the number of networks that can be in a group in the List within the same overlapping frequency bandwidth cannot be further expanded by new networks beyond five;
- *e)* for a group of networks in the List established prior to 5 July 2003, the number of networks within the same overlapping frequency bandwidth in the group cannot be further expanded by new networks beyond five;
- *ebis)* if the number of networks in a group in the List reaches the maximum limit specified above, no new networks can be entered into the List in this group without removal of another overlapping part of a network from the List;
- *f*) as a provisional measure, networks in the List may be optimized or merged to reduce the number of networks in accordance with the following principles:
 - no optimization or merging of networks in a group shall lead to an increased probability of harmful interference or require more protection than was the case for those networks prior to optimization/merging;

- the associated priority date and date of bringing into use for each assignment shall be maintained;
- networks in the List can be optimized or merged as described above, before 1 January 2004;
- upon entering into the List of networks submitted to the Bureau in accordance with § 4.1.3 before 5 July 2003, the List may be optimized or merged as described above;

5 that, as from 5 July 2003, in the processing and publication by the Bureau of submissions relating to Regions 1 and 3 under Article 4 of Appendices **30** or **30A** received after 2 June 2000 and the identification of affected administrations in accordance with § 4.1.5, each network in a group is examined separately, without taking into account the other networks in the group³,

instructs the Director of the Radiocommunication Bureau

1 to implement *resolves* 1 to 5 above as from 5 July 2003;

2 by 1 September 2003, to send a notice to administrations having networks in the Regions 1 and 3 List as of 5 July 2003 to bring *resolves* 4 *f*) to their attention;

3 upon processing and publication of a network for which a submission has been received by the Bureau under § 4.1.3 prior to 5 July 2003, send a notice to the notifying administration, bringing the provisions of *resolves* 4f to its attention and allowing the administration, within 30 days from the date of the notice, to optimize or merge its networks in the List in accordance with the principles in *resolves* 4f,

instructs the Radio Regulations Board

to review and revise, as appropriate, the Rules of Procedure relating to the application of the grouping concept in Regions 1 and 3.

³ In applying § 4.1.11, the application of the new methodology in this *resolves* to networks received before 3 June 2000 shall not result in additional coordination requirements for those networks.

RESOLUTION 608 (WRC-03)

Use of the frequency band 1 215-1 300 MHz by systems of the radionavigation-satellite service (space-to-Earth)

The World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003),

considering

a) that WRC-2000 introduced a new allocation for the radionavigation-satellite service (RNSS) in the frequency band 1 260-1 300 MHz;

b) that the frequency bands 1 215-1 240 MHz and 1 240-1 260 MHz were already allocated to the RNSS;

c) that, in the band 1 215-1 260 MHz, RNSS (space-to-Earth) systems have been successfully operating for more than 20 years without any reports of interference to the radars which operate in this frequency band;

d) the importance of the continuing need for protection for the radiodetermination systems operating in the frequency band 1 215-1 300 MHz,

noting

that the provisions of No. **5.329** as adopted by this Conference, will provide for the operation of the RNSS (space-to-Earth) in the frequency band 1 215-1 300 MHz and will protect the radiolocation systems operating in that frequency band, in addition to the protection already provided to radionavigation service systems operating in the countries listed in No. **5.331**,

recognizing

1 that ITU-R carried out studies related to the protection of the radiodetermination systems operating in the frequency band 1 215-1 300 MHz and that these studies should continue pursuant to relevant ITU-R Questions, such as Questions ITU-R 62/8 and ITU-R 217/8, so as to prepare, as appropriate, ITU-R Recommendations;

2 that up to the end of WRC-2000, use of the RNSS in the band 1 215-1 260 MHz was subject only to the constraint that no harmful interference was caused to the radionavigation service in Algeria, Germany, Austria, Bahrain, Belgium, Benin, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Burundi, Cameroon, China, Croatia, Denmark, United Arab Emirates, France, Greece, India, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Kenya, The Former Yugoslav Rep. of Macedonia, Liechtenstein, Luxembourg, Mali, Mauritania, Norway, Oman, Pakistan, Netherlands, Portugal, Qatar, Serbia and Montenegro, Senegal, Slovenia, Somalia, Sudan, Sri Lanka, Sweden, Switzerland and Turkey, furthermore, that No. **5.43** was applied,

resolves

that no constraints in addition to those in place prior to WRC-2000 (see *recognizing* 2) shall be placed on the use of RNSS (space-to-Earth) frequency assignments in the band 1 215-1 260 MHz brought into use until 2 June 2000,

instructs the Secretary-General

to communicate the contents of this Resolution to the International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO) for such actions as it may consider appropriate, and to invite ICAO to participate actively in the study activity identified under *recognizing* 1.

RESOLUTION 609 (WRC-03)

Protection of aeronautical radionavigation service systems from the equivalent power flux-density produced by radionavigationsatellite service networks and systems in the 1164-1215 MHz frequency band

The World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003),

considering

a) that the band 960-1215 MHz is allocated on a primary basis to the aeronautical radionavigation service (ARNS) in all Regions;

b) that the band 1164-1215 MHz is also allocated on a primary basis to the radionavigation-satellite service (RNSS), subject to the condition in No. **5.328A** that operation of RNSS systems shall be in accordance with this Resolution;

c) that WRC-2000 provided for implementation of a provisional aggregate power fluxdensity (pfd) limit during the period between WRC-2000 and WRC-03, and requested ITU-R studies on the need for an aggregate pfd limit, and revision, if necessary, of the provisional pfd limit given in No. **5.328A**;

d) that this Conference has determined that protection of the ARNS from harmful interference can be achieved if the value of the equivalent pfd (epfd) produced by all the space stations of all RNSS (space-to-Earth) systems in the 1164-1215 MHz band does not exceed the level of -121.5 dB(W/m²) in any 1 MHz band;

e) that only a limited number of RNSS systems are expected to be deployed in the 1164-1215 MHz band, and only a few of these systems at most would have overlapping frequencies;

f) that ARNS systems can be protected without placing undue constraints on the development and operation of RNSS systems in this band;

g) that to achieve the objectives in *considering f)*, administrations operating or planning to operate RNSS systems will need to agree cooperatively through consultation meetings to equitably share the aggregate epfd in a manner to achieve the level of protection for ARNS systems that is stated in *considering d*);

h) that it may be appropriate for representatives of administrations operating or planning to operate ARNS systems to be involved in determinations made pursuant to *considering g*);

that this Conference has decided to apply the coordination provisions of Nos. 9.12,
 9.12A and 9.13 to RNSS systems and networks for which complete coordination or notification information, as appropriate, is received by the Bureau after 1 January 2005,

noting

a) that WRC-2000 invited ITU-R to conduct the appropriate technical, operational and regulatory studies on the overall compatibility between the RNSS and the ARNS in the band 960-1215 MHz;

b) that WRC-2000 resolved to recommend that WRC-03 review the results of the studies,

recognizing

that under No. **7.5**, interested administrations have the ability, at any time, to request the assistance of the Bureau with respect to Articles **9** and **11** and associated procedures,

resolves

1 that in order to protect ARNS systems, administrations shall ensure, pursuant to this Resolution, that the epfd level produced by all space stations of all RNSS systems does not exceed the level $-121.5 \text{ dB}(W/m^2)$ in any 1 MHz band;

2 that administrations operating or planning to operate in the 1164-1215 MHz frequency band RNSS systems or networks shall, in collaboration, take all necessary steps, including, if necessary, by means of appropriate modifications to their systems or networks, to ensure that the aggregate interference into ARNS systems caused by such RNSS systems or networks operating co-frequency in these frequency bands is shared equitably among the systems identified in *resolves* 3 and does not exceed the level of the aggregate protection criterion given in *resolves* 1 above;

3 that administrations, in carrying out their obligations under *resolves* 1 and 2 above, shall take into account only those RNSS systems with frequency assignments in the band 1 164-1 215 MHz that have met the criteria listed in the Annex to this Resolution through appropriate information provided to the consultation meetings referred to in *considering g*);

4 that administrations, in developing agreements to carry out their obligations under *resolves* 1 and 2 above, shall establish mechanisms to ensure that all potential RNSS system operators and administrations are given full visibility of the process;

5 that in order to allow multiple RNSS systems to operate in the frequency band 1 164-1 215 MHz, no single RNSS system shall be permitted to use up the entire interference allowance specified in *resolves* 1 above in any 1 MHz of the 1 164-1 215 MHz band (see Recommendation **608 (WRC-03)**); 6 that to achieve the objectives in *resolves* 1 and 2 above, administrations operating or planning to operate RNSS systems will need to agree cooperatively through consultation meetings to achieve the level of protection for ARNS systems that is stated in *resolves* 1;

7 that administrations participating in this process of epfd calculation should hold consultation meetings on a regular basis (e.g. yearly);

8 the administrations participating in the consultation meeting shall designate one administration that shall communicate to the Bureau the results of any aggregate sharing determinations made in application of *resolves* 2 above, without regard to whether such determinations result in any modifications to the published characteristics of their respective systems or networks (see Recommendation **608 (WRC-03)**);

9 that administrations operating or planning to operate ARNS systems in the 1164-1215 MHz band should participate, as appropriate, in discussions and determinations relating to the *resolves* above;

10 that the methodology and the reference worst-case ARNS system antenna contained in Recommendation ITU-R M.1642 shall be used by administrations for calculating the aggregate epfd produced by all the space stations within all RNSS systems in the band 1164-1215 MHz,

instructs the Radiocommunication Bureau

1 to participate in consultation meetings mentioned under *resolves* 6 and to observe carefully results of the epfd calculation mentioned in *resolves* 1;

2 to determine whether the pfd level in *recommends* 1 of Recommendation **608** (WRC-03) is exceeded by any subject space station, and to report the findings of this determination to the participants in the consultation meeting;

3 to publish in the International Frequency Information Circular (BR IFIC), the information referred to in *resolves* 8 and *instructs the Radiocommunication Bureau* 2,

invites the Radiocommunication Bureau

to examine the possibility, if needed, of developing software that can be used to calculate the epfd level mentioned under *resolves* 1,

invites administrations

1 to deal with RNSS intersystem matters, as required, as early as possible;

2 to provide the Bureau and all participants in the consultation meeting with access to appropriate software used to calculate the epfd level mentioned under *resolves* 1.

ANNEX TO RESOLUTION 609 (WRC-03)

Criteria for application of Resolution 609 (WRC-03)

1 Submission of appropriate Advance Publication information.

2 Entry into satellite manufacturing or procurement agreement, and entry into satellite launch agreement.

The RNSS system or network operator should possess:

- i) clear evidence of a binding agreement for the manufacture or procurement of its satellites; and
- ii) clear evidence of a binding agreement to launch its satellites.

The manufacturing or procurement agreement should identify the contract milestones leading to the completion of manufacture or procurement of satellites required for the service provision, and the launch agreement should identify the launch date, launch site and launch service provider. The notifying administration is responsible for authenticating the evidence of agreement.

The information required under this criterion may be submitted in the form of a written commitment by the responsible administration.

3 As an alternative to satellite manufacturing or procurement and launch agreements, clear evidence of guaranteed funding arrangements for the implementation of the project would be accepted. The notifying administration is responsible for authenticating the evidence of these arrangements and for providing such evidence to other interested administrations in furtherance of its obligations under this Resolution.

RESOLUTION 610 (WRC-03)

Coordination and bilateral resolution of technical compatibility issues for radionavigation-satellite service networks and systems in the bands 1 164-1 300 MHz, 1 559-1 610 MHz and 5 010-5 030 MHz

The World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003),

considering

a) that WRC-2000 decided to allocate the bands 1164-1215 MHz, 1260-1300 MHz and 5010-5030 MHz to the radionavigation-satellite service (RNSS) (space-to-Earth) (space-to-space) in addition to the bands 1215-1260 MHz and 1559-1610 MHz that have already been allocated to the RNSS;

b) that this Conference established conditions for the protection of the aeronautical radionavigation service from RNSS systems in the 1164-1215 MHz band, for the protection of radiodetermination services from RNSS systems in the 1215-1300 MHz band, and for the protection of the radio astronomy service in the band 4990-5000 MHz from RNSS systems in the 5010-5030 MHz band;

c) that to date, RNSS systems have been able to resolve intersystem technical compatibility issues on a bilateral basis under Section I of Article 9, without the need for imposition of the coordination procedures of Section II of Article 9, however, in recent years, there has been an increase in the number of RNSS systems and networks filed with the Radiocommunication Bureau;

d) that this Conference has decided to apply, in the bands mentioned in *considering a)*, the coordination provisions of Nos. **9.12**, **9.12A** and **9.13** to RNSS systems and networks for which complete coordination or notification information, as appropriate, is received by the Radiocommunication Bureau after 1 January 2005, and the provisions of No. **9.7** already apply to geostationary-satellite networks in the RNSS;

e) that it is necessary to have a basis for administrations with RNSS systems that are not subject to Nos. **9.12**, **9.12A** and **9.13** to engage in bilateral coordinations to resolve intersystem technical compatibility issues within the RNSS;

f) that it is desirable, in order to reduce burdens on administrations operating or planning RNSS systems or networks, to conduct bilateral coordinations between RNSS systems and networks that are either in operation or that are actually in the process of being implemented,

resolves

1 that for administrations planning to operate RNSS systems subject to coordination under Nos. 9.7, 9.12, 9.12A and/or 9.13 in the bands mentioned in *considering a*), if an administration with which coordination is requested responds to the request under No. 9.52, the requesting administration shall, during the process of coordination and upon request by the responding administration, inform the responding administration (with a copy to the Bureau) whether it has met the criteria listed in the Annex to this Resolution with respect to the subject network or system;

2 that administrations responding under No. **9.52** to a request for coordination under Nos. **9.7**, **9.12**, **9.12A** and/or **9.13** in the bands mentioned in *considering a*), shall, during the process of coordination mentioned in *resolves* 1 and upon request by the requesting administration, inform the requesting administration (with a copy to the Bureau) whether it has met the criteria listed in the Annex to this Resolution with respect to the subject network or system;

3 that administrations operating or planning to operate RNSS systems in the bands mentioned in *considering a*), which systems are not subject to coordination under Section II of Article **9**, shall take all practicable steps to resolve issues of intersystem compatibility on a bilateral basis;

4 that in undertaking the obligations under *resolves* 3 above, administrations operating or planning to operate RNSS systems or networks should first address intersystem compatibility between RNSS systems or networks that are actually in operation or are in the process of being implemented;

5 that for application of *resolves* 4 above, an RNSS system or network that has satisfied the criteria listed in the Annex to this Resolution with respect to the subject network or system would be considered to be actually in the process of being implemented;

6 that when notifying the Bureau under No. **11.47** that a frequency assignment to station(s) in the RNSS in the bands mentioned in *considering a*) has been brought into use, the notifying administration, if it has not already done so, shall inform the Bureau whether it has met the criteria listed in the Annex to this Resolution;

7 that implementation of this Resolution shall be conducted in such a way as to promote the principle of equality and fairness in ensuring access for RNSS operators and planned RNSS systems in the above-referenced bands,

instructs the Radiocommunication Bureau

to provide, on request, assistance to administrations operating or planning to operate RNSS systems in the bands mentioned in *considering a*) above, which systems are not subject to coordination under Section II of Article 9, in securing bilateral agreements with other RNSS systems as early as possible.

ANNEX TO RESOLUTION 610 (WRC-03)

Criteria for application of Resolution 610 (WRC-03)

1 Submission of appropriate Advance Publication information.

2 Entry into satellite manufacturing or procurement agreement, and entry into satellite launch agreement.

The RNSS system or network operator should possess:

- i) clear evidence of a binding agreement for the manufacture or procurement of its satellites; and
- ii) clear evidence of a binding agreement to launch its satellites.

The manufacturing or procurement agreement should identify the contract milestones leading to the completion of manufacture or procurement of satellites required for the service provision, and the launch agreement should identify the launch date, launch site and launch service provider. The notifying administration is responsible for authenticating the evidence of agreement.

The information required under this criterion may be submitted in the form of a written commitment by the responsible administration.

3 As an alternative to satellite manufacturing or procurement and launch agreements, clear evidence of guaranteed funding arrangements for the implementation of the project would be accepted. The notifying administration is responsible for authenticating the evidence of these arrangements.

RESOLUTION 646 (WRC-03)

Public protection and disaster relief

The World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003),

considering

a) that the term "public protection radiocommunication" refers to radiocommunications used by responsible agencies and organizations dealing with maintenance of law and order, protection of life and property and emergency situations;

b) that the term "disaster relief radiocommunication" refers to radiocommunications used by agencies and organizations dealing with a serious disruption of the functioning of society, posing a significant widespread threat to human life, health, property or the environment, whether caused by accident, natural phenomena or human activity, and whether developing suddenly or as a result of complex, long-term processes;

c) the growing telecommunication and radiocommunication needs of public protection agencies and organizations, including those dealing with emergency situations and disaster relief, that are vital to the maintenance of law and order, protection of life and property, disaster relief and emergency response;

d) that many administrations wish to promote interoperability and interworking between systems used for public protection and disaster relief, both nationally and for cross-border operations in emergency situations and for disaster relief;

e) that current public protection and disaster relief applications are mostly narrow-band supporting voice and low data-rate applications, typically in channel bandwidths of 25 kHz or less;

f) that, although there will continue to be narrow-band requirements, many future applications will be wideband (indicative data rates in the order of 384-500 kbit/s) and/or broadband (indicative data rates in the order of 1-100 Mbit/s) with channel bandwidths dependent on the use of spectrally efficient technologies;

g) that new technologies for wideband and broadband public protection and disaster relief applications are being developed in various standards organizations¹;

h) that continuing development of new technologies such as IMT-2000 and systems beyond IMT-2000 and Intelligent Transportation Systems (ITS) may be able to support or supplement advanced public protection and disaster relief applications;

i) that some commercial terrestrial and satellite systems are complementing the dedicated systems in support of public protection and disaster relief, that the use of commercial solutions will be in response to technology development and market demands and that this may affect the spectrum required for those applications and for commercial networks;

j) that Resolution 36 (Rev. Marrakesh, 2002) of the Plenipotentiary Conference urges Member States to facilitate use of telecommunications for the safety and security of the personnel of humanitarian organizations;

k) that Recommendation ITU-R M.1637 offers guidance to facilitate the global circulation of radiocommunication equipment in emergency and disaster relief situations;

l) that some administrations may have different operational needs and spectrum requirements for public protection and disaster relief applications depending on the circumstances;

m) that the Tampere Convention on the Provision of Telecommunications Resources for Disaster Mitigation and Relief Operations (Tampere, 1998), an international treaty deposited with the United Nations Secretary-General and related United Nations General Assembly Resolutions and Reports are also relevant in this regard,

¹ For example, a joint standardization programme between the European Telecommunications Standards Institute (ETSI) and the Telecommunications Industry Association (TIA), known as Project MESA (Mobility for Emergency and Safety Applications) has commenced for broadband public protection and disaster relief. Also, the Working Group on Emergency Telecommunications (WGET), convened by the United Nations Office for Humanitarian assistance comprising United Nations entities, major non-governmental organizations, the International Committee of the Red Cross (ICRC), ITU and experts from the private sector and academia. Another platform for coordination and to foster harmonized global Telecommunication for Disaster Relief (TDR) standards is the TDR Partnership Coordination Panel, which has just been established under the coordination of ITU with participation of international telecommunications.

recognizing

- *a)* the benefits of spectrum harmonization such as:
- increased potential for interoperability;
- a broader manufacturing base and increased volume of equipment resulting in economies of scale and expanded equipment availability;
- improved spectrum management and planning; and
- enhanced cross-border coordination and circulation of equipment;

b) that the organizational distinction between public protection activities and disaster relief activities are matters for administrations to determine at the national level;

c) that national spectrum planning for public protection and disaster relief needs to have regard to cooperation and bilateral consultation with other concerned administrations, which should be facilitated by greater levels of spectrum harmonization;

d) the benefits of cooperation between countries for the provision of effective and appropriate humanitarian assistance in case of disasters, particularly in view of the special operational requirements of such activities involving multinational response;

e) the needs of countries, particularly the developing countries², for low-cost communication equipment;

f) that the trend is to increase the use of technologies based on Internet Protocols;

g) that currently some bands or parts thereof have been designated for existing public protection and disaster relief operations, as documented in Report ITU-R M.2033³;

h) that for solving future bandwidth requirements, there are several emerging technology developments such as software-defined radio, advanced compression and networking techniques that may reduce the amount of new spectrum required to support some public protection and disaster relief applications;

i) that in times of disasters, if most terrestrial-based networks are destroyed or impaired, amateur, satellite and other non-ground-based networks may be available to provide communication services to assist in public protection and disaster relief efforts;

² Taking into account, for example, the ITU-D Handbook on disaster relief.

³ 3-30, 68-88, 138-144, 148-174, 380-400 MHz (including CEPT designation of 380-385/390-395 MHz), 400-430, 440-470, 764-776, 794-806 and 806-869 MHz (including CITEL designation of 821-824/866-869 MHz).

j) that the amount of spectrum needed for public protection on a daily basis can differ significantly between countries, that certain amounts of spectrum are already in use in various countries for narrow-band applications, and that in response to a disaster, access to additional spectrum on a temporary basis may be required;

k) that in order to achieve spectrum harmonization, a solution based on regional frequency ranges⁴ may enable administrations to benefit from harmonization while continuing to meet national planning requirements;

l) that not all frequencies within an identified common frequency range will be available within each country;

m) that the identification of a common frequency range within which equipment could operate may ease the interoperability and/or inter-working, with mutual cooperation and consultation, especially in national, regional and cross-border emergency situations and disaster relief activities;

n) that when a disaster occurs, the public protection and disaster relief agencies are usually the first on the scene using their day-to-day communication systems, but that in most cases other agencies and organizations may also be involved in disaster relief operations,

noting

a) that many administrations use frequency bands below 1 GHz for narrow-band public protection and disaster relief applications;

b) that applications requiring large coverage areas and providing good signal availability would generally be accommodated in lower frequency bands and that applications requiring wider bandwidths would generally be accommodated in progressively higher bands;

c) that public protection and disaster relief agencies and organizations have an initial set of requirements, including but not limited to interoperability, secure and reliable communications, sufficient capacity to respond to emergencies, priority access in the use of non-dedicated systems, fast response times, ability to handle multiple group calls and the ability to cover large areas as described in Report ITU-R M.2033;

d) that, while harmonization may be one method of realizing the desired benefits, in some countries, the use of multiple frequency bands can contribute to meeting the communication needs in disaster situations;

⁴ In the context of this Resolution, the term "frequency range" means a range of frequencies over which a radio equipment is envisaged to be capable of operating but limited to specific frequency band(s) according to national conditions and requirements.

e) that many administrations have made significant investments in public protection and disaster relief systems;

f) that flexibility must be afforded to disaster relief agencies and organizations to use current and future radiocommunications, so as to facilitate their humanitarian operations,

emphasizing

a) that the frequency bands identified in this Resolution are allocated to a variety of services in accordance with the relevant provisions of the Radio Regulations and are currently used intensively by the fixed, mobile, mobile satellite and broadcasting services;

- *b)* that flexibility must be afforded to administrations:
- to determine, at national level, how much spectrum to make available for public protection and disaster relief from the bands identified in this Resolution in order to meet their particular national requirements;
- to have the ability for bands identified in this Resolution to be used by all services having allocations within those bands according to the provisions of the Radio Regulations, taking into account the existing applications and their evolution;
- to determine the need and timing of availability as well as the conditions of usage of the bands identified in this Resolution for public protection and disaster relief in order to meet specific national situations,

resolves

1 to strongly recommend administrations to use regionally harmonized bands for public protection and disaster relief to the maximum extent possible, taking into account the national and regional requirements and also having regard to any needed consultation and cooperation with other concerned countries;

2 to encourage administrations, for the purposes of achieving regionally harmonized frequency bands/ranges for advanced public protection and disaster relief solutions, to consider the following identified frequency bands/ranges or parts thereof when undertaking their national planning:

 in Region 1: 380-470 MHz as the frequency range within which the band 380-385/ 390-395 MHz is a preferred core harmonized band for permanent public protection activities within certain countries of Region 1 which have given their agreement;

- in Region 2⁵: 746-806 MHz, 806-869 MHz, 4940-4990 MHz;
- in Region 3 ⁶: 406.1-430 MHz, 440-470 MHz, 806-824/851-869 MHz, 4940-4990 MHz and 5 850-5 925 MHz;

3 that the identification of the above frequency bands/ranges for public protection and disaster relief does not preclude the use of these bands/frequencies by any application within the services to which these bands/frequencies are allocated and does not preclude the use of nor establish priority over any other frequencies for public protection and disaster relief in accordance with the Radio Regulations;

4 to encourage administrations, in emergency and disaster relief situations, to satisfy temporary needs for frequencies in addition to what may be normally provided for in agreements with the concerned administrations;

5 that administrations encourage public protection and disaster relief agencies and organizations to utilize both existing and new technologies and solutions (satellite and terrestrial), to the extent practicable, to satisfy interoperability requirements and to further the goals of public protection and disaster relief;

6 that administrations may encourage agencies and organizations to use advanced wireless solutions taking into account *considering h*) and *i*) for providing complementary support to public protection and disaster relief;

7 to encourage administrations to facilitate cross-border circulation of radiocommunication equipment intended for use in emergency and disaster relief situations through mutual cooperation and consultation without hindering national legislation;

8 that administrations encourage public protection and disaster relief agencies and organizations to utilize relevant ITU-R Recommendations in planning spectrum use and implementing technology and systems supporting public protection and disaster relief;

9 to encourage administrations to continue to work closely with their public protection and disaster relief community to further refine the operational requirements for public protection and disaster relief activities;

10 that manufacturers should be encouraged to take this Resolution into account in future equipment designs, including the need for administrations to operate within different parts of the identified bands,

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⁵ Venezuela has identified the band 380-400 MHz for public protection and disaster relief applications.

 $^{^{6}}$ Some countries in Region 3 have also identified the bands 380-400 MHz and 746-806 MHz for public protection and disaster relief applications.

invites ITU-R

1 to continue its technical studies and to make recommendations concerning technical and operational implementation, as necessary, for advanced solutions to meet the needs of public protection and disaster relief radiocommunication applications, taking into account the capabilities, evolution and any resulting transition requirements of the existing systems, particularly those of many developing countries, for national and international operations;

2 to conduct further appropriate technical studies in support of possible additional identification of other frequency ranges to meet the particular needs of certain countries in Region 1 which have given their agreement, especially in order to meet the radiocommunication needs of public protection and disaster relief agencies.

RESOLUTION 670 (WRC-03)

Notification and protection of earth stations in the meteorological-satellite service in the band 1670-1675 MHz

The World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003),

considering

a) that this Conference has made an allocation to the mobile-satellite service (MSS) (Earth-to-space) in the band 1 668-1 675 MHz;

b) that there are existing earth stations operating in the meteorological-satellite service (space-to-Earth) in the band 1 670-1 710 MHz;

c) that the existing earth stations of the meteorological-satellite service operating in the band 1 670-1 675 MHz are used for reception of unprocessed active and passive sensor data;

d) that this Conference has added No. **5.380A** to ensure protection of existing earth stations in the meteorological-satellite service from mobile earth stations in the band 1670-1675 MHz;

e) that, previously, some earth stations in the meteorological-satellite service have not needed to be registered,

considering further

that Recommendation ITU-R SA.1158 provides guidelines about the sharing between the MSS and the meteorological-satellite service,

invites administrations

to notify before 1 January 2004 assignments to any earth stations in the meteorological-satellite service which were operating in the band 1 670-1 675 MHz on 4 July 2003,

resolves

that if an administration operating an earth station in the meteorological-satellite service for which assignments have been notified in the band 1670-1675 MHz before 1 January 2004 subsequently notifies a new assignment to the same earth station in the same band, then this new assignment shall also be protected from harmful interference from the MSS,

instructs the Director of the Radiocommunication Bureau

to publish the list of meteorological-satellite service earth stations operating in the band 1670-1675 MHz notified before 1 January 2004,

instructs the Secretary-General

to bring this Resolution to the attention of the World Meteorological Organization.

RESOLUTION 703 (Rev.WRC-03)

Calculation methods and interference criteria recommended by ITU-R for sharing frequency bands between space radiocommunication and terrestrial radiocommunication services or between space radiocommunication services

The World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003),

considering

a) that, in frequency bands shared with equal rights by space radiocommunication and terrestrial radiocommunication services, it is necessary to impose certain technical limitations and coordination procedures on each of the sharing services for the purpose of limiting mutual interference;

b) that, in frequency bands shared by space stations located on geostationary satellites, it is necessary to impose coordination procedures for the purpose of limiting mutual interference;

c) that the calculation methods and interference criteria relating to coordination procedures referred to in *considering a*) and *b*) are based upon ITU-R Recommendations;

d) that, in recognition of the successful sharing of the frequency bands by space radiocommunication and terrestrial radiocommunication services, and the continuing improvements in space technology and that of the Earth segment, each Radiocommunication Assembly has improved upon some of the technical criteria recommended by the preceding Assembly;

e) that the ITU Radiocommunication Assembly has approved a procedure for approving Recommendations between Radiocommunication Assemblies;

f) that the Constitution recognizes the right of Member States to make special arrangements on telecommunication matters; however, such arrangements shall not be in conflict with the terms of the Constitution, Convention or of the Regulations annexed thereto as far as harmful interference to the radio services of other countries is concerned;

g) that the use of this Resolution may reduce the need for incorporation by reference of some ITU-R Recommendations,

is of the opinion

a) that future decisions of the ITU-R are likely to make further changes in the recommended calculation methods and interference criteria;

b) that the administrations should whenever possible apply the current ITU-R Recommendations on sharing criteria when planning systems for use in frequency bands shared with equal rights between space radiocommunication and terrestrial radiocommunication services, or between space radiocommunication services,

invites administrations

to submit contributions to the Radiocommunication Study Groups, providing information on practical results and experience of sharing between terrestrial and space radiocommunication services or between space services, which help to bring about significant improvements in coordination procedures, calculation methods and harmful interference thresholds, and thereby to optimize the available orbit/spectrum resources,

resolves

1 that the Director of the Radiocommunication Bureau, in consultation with Study Group Chairmen, shall prepare a list identifying the relevant parts of new or revised Recommendations approved by the ITU-R affecting the calculation methods and the interference criteria and also those specific sections of the Radio Regulations to which they are applicable, relating to sharing between space radiocommunication and terrestrial radiocommunication services, or between space radiocommunication services. This list shall be prepared without delay following the approval of these Recommendations;

2 that the Director of the Radiocommunication Bureau shall forward this list to all administrations for information once every year.

RESOLUTION 734 (Rev.WRC-03)

Feasibility of use of high altitude platform stations in the fixed and mobile services in the frequency bands above 3 GHz allocated exclusively for terrestrial radiocommunication

The World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003),

considering

a) that ITU has among its purposes "to promote the extension of the benefit of the new telecommunication technologies to all the world's inhabitants" (No. 6 of the Constitution);

b) that systems based on new technologies using high altitude platform stations (HAPS) can potentially be used for various applications such as the provision of high-capacity services to urban and rural areas;

c) that WRC-97 made provision for the use of HAPS within the fixed service in the bands 47.2-47.5 GHz and 47.9-48.2 GHz (see also Resolution **122 (Rev.WRC-03)**);

d) that in view of the altitude at which HAPS are placed, the area visible from a HAPS may be within a country or also include neighbouring countries;

e) that some administrations intend to operate systems using HAPS in the bands allocated exclusively by the Table of Frequency Allocations or by footnotes for terrestrial radiocommunication such as the fixed and mobile services,

recognizing

ITU-R studies relating to geometrical coordination distance from HAPS, as described in Recommendation ITU-R F.1501,

resolves

to recommend to a future competent WRC to review the feasibility of facilitating the implementation of systems using HAPS in the fixed and mobile services in bands above 3 GHz allocated exclusively by the Table of Frequency Allocations or by footnotes for terrestrial radiocommunication, taking into consideration studies already carried out,

invites ITU-R

to carry out regulatory and technical studies to determine the feasibility of facilitating systems using HAPS in the fixed and mobile services in bands above 3 GHz allocated exclusively by the Table of Frequency Allocations or by footnotes for terrestrial radiocommunication, recognizing the results of the studies already completed and taking account of existing use and future requirements in these bands, and any impact on allocations in adjacent bands,

encourages administrations

to contribute actively to the sharing studies in accordance with this Resolution.

RESOLUTION 738 (WRC-03)

Compatibility analyses between the Earth exploration-satellite service (passive) and active services

The World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003),

considering

a) that primary allocations have been made to various space services in the Earth-tospace direction such as the fixed-satellite service (FSS), mobile-satellite service and broadcasting-satellite service and/or to terrestrial services such as the fixed service, mobile service and broadcasting service, hereafter referred to as "active services", in bands adjacent or nearby to bands allocated to the Earth exploration-satellite service (passive) (EESS);

b) that unwanted emissions from active services may cause unacceptable interference to the EESS (passive);

c) that for technical or operational reasons, the general limits in Appendix **3** may be insufficient in protecting the EESS (passive) in specific bands;

d) that, in many cases, the frequencies used by the EESS (passive) sensors are chosen to study natural phenomena producing radio emissions at frequencies fixed by the laws of nature, and therefore shifting frequency to avoid or mitigate interference problems may not be possible;

e) that Recommendation ITU-R SM.1633 provides a list of band-pairs and a methodology for conducting, and a framework for documenting the results of, the compatibility studies between active and passive services operating in adjacent and nearby bands;

f) that according to Recommendation ITU-R SM.1633, the EESS (passive) in the band 31.3-31.5 GHz can be protected if the unwanted emissions of fixed-service systems (except high-altitude platform stations (HAPS)) operating in the band 31.0-31.3 GHz do not exceed –38 dBW in a 100 MHz reference bandwidth in the band 31.3-31.5 GHz;

g) that according to Recommendation ITU-R SM.1633, the EESS (passive) in the band 52.6-54.25 GHz can be protected if the unwanted emissions of fixed-service systems operating in the band 51.4-52.6 GHz do not exceed –33 dBW in a 100 MHz reference bandwidth in the band 52.6-54.25 GHz;

h) that it is necessary to ensure an equitable burden sharing for achieving compatibility between active and passive services,

recognizing

a) that Recommendation ITU-R SM.1633 addresses the compatibility between the EESS (passive) and active services operating in adjacent or nearby bands;

b) that the relevant annexes in Recommendation ITU-R SM.1633 need further refinement;

c) that Recommendation ITU-R SM.1633 does not address all band-pairs in the Table below where compatibility analyses need to be conducted;

d) that additional measures may be required to protect the EESS (passive) from unwanted emissions of active services for the band-pairs listed in the Table,

resolves

1 to invite ITU-R to continue or to initiate studies on the compatibility analyses between EESS (passive) and the corresponding active services as listed in the Table with a view to updating Recommendation ITU-R SM.1633 or developing additional Recommendations;

| EESS (passive) band | Active service band | Active service |
|----------------------------|---|---|
| 1 400-1 427 MHz | 1 350-1 400 MHz | Fixed service (FS) Mobile service (MS) Radiolocation service (RLS) |
| 1 400-1 427 MHz | 1 427-1 429 MHz | FS, MS (except aeronautical mobile service (AMS)) and space research service (SRS) (Earth-to-space) |
| 1 400-1 427 MHz | 1 429-1 452 MHz | FS and MS |
| 23.6-24 GHz | 22.55-23.55 GHz | Inter-satellite service (ISS) |
| 31.3-31.5 GHz | 30-31 GHz | FSS (Earth-to-space) |
| 50.2-50.4 GHz ¹ | 50.4-51.4 GHz ¹ | FSS (Earth-to-space) ¹ |
| 50.2-50.4 GHz ¹ | 47.2-50.2 GHz (Regions 2 and 3) 49.44-50.2 GHz ¹ (Region 1) | FSS ¹ |

TABLE

Studies in this band must take into account No. **5.340.1** of the Radio Regulations.

2 to invite ITU-R to further study the impact of implementing the values provided in *considering f*) and *g*) for unwanted emissions of fixed-service systems operating in Regions 2 and 3, taking into account that the impact on fixed-service systems in Region 1 has already been investigated;

3 to recommend that WRC-07 review the results of the studies identified in *resolves* 1 and 2 in order to consider regulatory measures, if appropriate, to ensure the protection of the EESS (passive) operating in the bands listed in the Table from unwanted emissions of active services operating in the corresponding bands while taking into account the impact on all concerned services of implementing or not implementing such measures,

invites administrations

1 to provide the relevant characteristics of active and passive service systems operating in the bands identified in the Table;

2 to actively participate in the studies identified in *resolves* 1 and 2.

RESOLUTION 739 (WRC-03)

Compatibility between the radio astronomy service and the active space services in certain adjacent and nearby frequency bands

The World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003),

considering

a) that adjacent or nearby primary service allocations have been made to the radio astronomy service, and to various space services, such as the fixed-satellite service (FSS), radionavigation-satellite service (RNSS), mobile-satellite service (MSS) and broadcasting-satellite service (BSS), hereafter referred to as "active space services";

b) that, in many cases, the frequencies used by the radio astronomy service (RAS) are chosen to study natural phenomena producing radio emissions at frequencies fixed by the laws of nature, so shifting frequency to avoid or mitigate interference problems may not be possible;

c) that Recommendation ITU-R SM.1633 provides a methodology for conducting, and a framework for documenting the results of, compatibility studies between active space service and passive service band-pairs;

d) that Recommendation ITU-R SM.1633 also provides the results of compatibility studies between a passive service and an active space service in certain adjacent and nearby bands;

e) that appropriate consultation between administrations has the potential to lead to the development of innovative solutions and to the rapid deployment of systems;

f) that, for technical or operational reasons, more stringent spurious emission limits than the general limits in Appendix **3** may be required to protect the RAS from active services in specific bands,

noting

a) that the additional burden of undertaking any technical examination should not be placed on the Radiocommunication Bureau;

b) that a consultation procedure, as contained in this Resolution, would not place an additional burden on the Bureau;

c) that Recommendation ITU-R M.1583 provides a methodology based on the equivalent power flux-density (epfd) concept for calculation of interference resulting from unwanted emissions from non-geostationary (non-GSO) satellite systems of the MSS or RNSS into radio astronomy stations;

d) that Recommendation ITU-R S.1586 provides a methodology based on the epfd concept for calculation of interference resulting from unwanted emissions from non-GSO systems of the FSS into radio astronomy stations;

e) that Recommendation ITU-R RA.1631 provides antenna patterns to be used for compatibility analyses between non-GSO systems and RAS stations, based on the epfd concept;

f) that Recommendation ITU-R RA.1513 provides acceptable levels of data loss to radio astronomy observations, stating in particular that the percentage of data loss caused by any system should be lower than 2%;

g) that some of the results documented in Recommendation ITU-R SM.1633 may be used as threshold levels to initiate the consultation procedure;

h) that the results of successful consultation between concerned administrations would ensure that the interests of both the active and passive services are considered;

i) that measures taken by active space services to protect radio astronomy stations from interference may result in increased costs and/or reduced capabilities for those services;

j) that conversely, not taking such measures may result in additional operating costs and reduced operational effectiveness for the radio astronomy stations concerned;

k) that the implementation of additional interference mitigation measures at the radio astronomy station may increase operating costs and reduce observational effectiveness;

l) that conversely, not implementing such measures may impose upon the active space services an additional cost burden and reduction in service capability;

m) that studies for some of the band-pairs listed in Recommendation ITU-R SM.1633 are still in progress,

recognizing

a) that unwanted emissions produced by stations of the active space services may cause unacceptable interference to stations of the RAS;

b) that, although some unwanted emissions from transmitters on space stations can be controlled through careful design methods and appropriate testing procedures, other unwanted emissions, such as narrowband spurious emissions, generated by uncontrollable and/or unpredictable physical mechanisms, may only be detected after the spacecraft is launched;

c) that there is an uncertainty in the pre-launch assessment of the levels of unwanted emissions;

d) that it is necessary to ensure an equitable sharing of burden for achieving compatibility between the active space services and the RAS;

e) that for those cases where difficulties are encountered in meeting the values in the Annex, a consultation procedure could be used to resolve the difficulties,

resolves

1 that an administration takes all reasonable steps to ensure that space stations being designed and constructed to operate in the bands in the Annex 1 meet the values given therein at any radio astronomy station operating in the corresponding bands identified in this Annex;

2 that in the event that during construction and prior to launch it is determined that, after having considered all reasonable means, the unwanted emissions from the space station cannot meet the values given in the Annex 1, the administration that notified the space station contacts, as soon as possible, the administration operating the radio astronomy station to confirm that *resolves* 1 has been fulfilled, and the concerned administrations enter into a consultation process in order to identify all practicable steps with a view to achieving a mutually acceptable solution;

3 that in the event, following the space station launch, an administration operating a radio astronomy station determines that, due to unexpected circumstances, a space station does not meet the values for unwanted emissions given in the Annex 1 at that radio astronomy station, it contacts the administration that notified the space station so that the administration that notified the space station so that the concerned administrations enter into a consultation process in order to identify further steps with a view to achieving a mutually acceptable solution;

4 that the radio astronomy stations to be taken into account in applying *resolves* 1, 2 and 3 are those which are operating in the frequency band(s) identified in the Annex 1 and which are notified before the date of reception of the advance publication information of the space station to which this Resolution applies;

5 that the space stations to be considered in the application of the above *resolves* are those designed to operate in the space service frequency bands listed in the Annex 1 for which advance publication information is received by the Bureau following the entry into force of the Final Acts of this conference;

6 that the objective of the consultation process in *resolves* 1, 2 and 3 is to achieve a mutually acceptable solution, using as guidance Recommendation ITU-R SM.1633 and any other ITU-R Recommendations deemed relevant by the concerned administrations;

7 that the Bureau shall make no examination or finding with respect to this Resolution under either Article 9 or 11,

invites administrations

1 to take all appropriate and practicable steps, from the design phase onward, to ensure that unwanted emissions are minimized from space stations that are planned to operate in one or more space service allocations, in order to avoid exceeding the threshold levels of unwanted emissions identified in the Annex 1 at any radio astronomy station;

2 to take all practicable steps, from the design phase onward, to minimize the sensitivity of radio astronomy stations to interference and to take into account the need to implement interference mitigation measures.

ANNEX 1 TO RESOLUTION 739 (WRC-03)

Unwanted emission threshold levels

The unwanted emission threshold levels applicable to geostationary space stations are given in Table 1-1 in terms of power flux-density (pfd) in a reference bandwidth produced at a radio astronomy station.

In Table 1-1 the unwanted emission threshold levels given in the fourth, sixth and eighth columns (associated with the reference bandwidth contained in the adjacent columns) should be met by space stations operating in the bands indicated in the second column at the radio astronomy station operating in the band mentioned in the third column.

The unwanted emission threshold levels applicable to space stations of non-geostationary systems are given in Table 1-2 in terms of the equivalent power flux-density (epfd), produced at a radio astronomy station in a reference bandwidth, not to be exceeded during a given percentage of time, over the whole sky.

In Table 1-2 the epfd value given in the fourth, sixth and eighth columns (associated with the reference bandwidths contained in the adjacent column) should be met by space stations operating in the bands indicated in the second column at the radio astronomy station operating in the band mentioned in the third column. The epfd value at a given radio astronomy station shall be evaluated by using the antenna pattern and the RAS maximum antenna gain given in Recommendation ITU-R RA.1631. Guidance on the calculation of epfd can be found in Recommendations ITU-R S.1586 and ITU-R M.1583. The elevation angles of the radio astronomy stations to be taken into account in the epfd calculation are those higher than the minimum elevation angle θ_{min} of the radio telescope. In the absence of such information a value of 5° shall be taken. The percentage of time during which the epfd level shall not be exceeded is mentioned in Note ⁽¹⁾ of Table 1-2.

TABLE 1-1

pfd thresholds for unwanted emissions from geostationary space stations at a radio astronomy station

| Successive and | Space service | Radio astronomy | Single dish, continuum observations | | Single dish, spectral line observations | | VLBI ⁽¹⁾ |
|--|--------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|------------------------|--|------------------------|---------------------------|
| Space service | band | band | pfd ⁽²⁾ | Reference bandwidth | $\mathbf{pfd}^{(2)}$ | Reference bandwidth | pfd ⁽²⁾ |
| | (MHz) | (MHz) | (dB(W/m ²)) | (MHz) | (dB(W/m ²)) | (kHz) | (dB(W/m ²)) |
| BSS (space-to-Earth) MSS (space-to-Earth) | 1 452-1 492 1 525-1 559 | 1 400-1 427 | -180 | 27 | -196 | 20 | -166 |
| MSS (space-to-Earth) MSS (space-to-Earth) | 1 525-1 559 1 613.8-1 626.5 | 1 610.6-1 613.8 | NA | NA | -194 | 20 | -166 |
| BSS (space-to-Earth) FSS (space-to-Earth) | 2 655-2 670 | 2 690-2 700 | -177 | 10 | NR | 25 | -161 |
| FSS (space-to-Earth) | 2 670-2 690 | 2 690-2 700 (in Regions 1 and 3) | -177 | 10 | NR | 20 | -161 |
| | (GHz) | (GHz) | - | - | _ | - | - |
| BSS (space-to-Earth) | 21.4-22.0 | 22.21-22.5 | NR | NR | NR | 250 | -128 |

NA: Not applicable, measurements of this type are not made in this band.

NR: No result available.

(1) The reference bandwidth used for spectral line observations has also been used as reference bandwidth for very long baseline interferometry (VLBI) observations. In VLBI bands, where no spectral line observations are conducted, the reference bandwidth for VLBI observations has been determined using the assumption of Recommendation ITU-R RA.769 for a typical spectrometer channel (3 km/s).

 $^{(2)}$ Integrated over the reference bandwidth with an integration time of 2 000 s.

TABLE 1-2

epfd thresholds^{*} for unwanted emissions from non-GSO satellite systems at a radio astronomy station

| Survey comitor | Space service | Radio astronomy | Single dish, continuum observations | | Single dish, spectral line observations | | VLBI ⁽¹⁾ |
|----------------------|-----------------|-----------------|--|------------------------|--|------------------------|-------------------------|
| Space service | band | band | epfd ⁽²⁾ | Reference bandwidth | epfd ⁽²⁾ | Reference bandwidth | epfd ⁽²⁾ |
| | (MHz) | (MHz) | (dB(W/m ²)) | (MHz) | (dB(W/m ²)) | (kHz) | (dB(W/m ²)) |
| MSS (space-to-Earth) | 1 613.8-1 626.5 | 1 610.6-1 613.8 | NA | NA | -258 | 20 | -230 |

NA: Not applicable, measurements of this type are not made in this band.

* These epfd thresholds should not be exceeded for more than 2% of time.

(1) The reference bandwidth used for spectral line observations has also been used as reference bandwidth for VLBI observations. In VLBI bands, where no spectral line observations are conducted, the reference bandwidth for VLBI observations has been determined using the assumption of Recommendation ITU-R RA.769 for a typical spectrometer channel (3 km/s).

⁽²⁾ Integrated over the reference bandwidth with an integration time of 2 000 s.

RESOLUTION 740 (WRC-03)

Future compatibility analyses between the radio astronomy service and active space services in certain adjacent and nearby frequency bands

The World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003),

considering

a) that adjacent or nearby primary service allocations have been made to the radio astronomy service (RAS), and to various space services, such as the fixed-satellite service (FSS), mobile-satellite service (MSS), broadcasting-satellite service (BSS) and radionavigation satellite service (RNSS), hereafter referred to as "active space services";

b) that unwanted emissions from active space services may cause unacceptable interference to the RAS;

c) that, for technical or operational reasons, the general limits in Appendix **3** may be insufficient in protecting the RAS in specific bands;

d) that, in many cases, the frequencies used by the RAS are chosen to study natural phenomena producing radio emissions at frequencies fixed by the laws of nature, and therefore shifting frequency to avoid or mitigate interference problems may not be possible;

e) that Recommendation ITU-R SM.1633 provides a list of band-pairs and a methodology for conducting, and a framework for documenting the results of, the compatibility studies between certain active and passive services operating in specific adjacent and nearby band-pairs;

f) that it is necessary to ensure an equitable burden sharing for achieving compatibility between active and passive services,

recognizing

a) that Recommendation ITU-R SM.1633 addresses the compatibility between the RAS and the active space services in specific band-pairs;

b) that the relevant Annexes in Recommendation ITU-R SM.1633 need further refinement;

c) that measures beyond the general unwanted emission limits in Appendix **3** may be required to protect the RAS from unwanted emissions of active space services for the band-pairs listed in the Table,

| TABLE | |
|-------|--|
|-------|--|

| Band-pairs to | be considered | for further studies |
|---------------|---------------|---------------------|
|---------------|---------------|---------------------|

| Space service band | Space service | Radio astronomy service band | | |
|---|---|------------------------------|--------------|--|
| (MHz) | | (MHz) | | |
| 137-138 | MSS (space-to-Earth) | 150.05-153.0 | (No. 5.208A) | |
| 387-390 | MSS (space-to-Earth) | 322-328.6 | (No. 5.208A) | |
| 400.15-401 | MSS (space-to-Earth) | 406.1-410 | (No. 5.208A) | |
| 620-790 (No. 5.311) see Resolution 545 (WRC-03) | BSS (space-to-Earth) | 608-614 | | |
| 1 452-1 492 | BSS (space-to-Earth) (non-GSO systems only) | 1 400-1 427 | | |
| 1 525-1 559 | MSS (space-to-Earth) (non-GSO systems only) | 1 400-1 427 | | |
| 1 525-1 559 | MSS (space-to-Earth) (non-GSO systems only) | 1 610.6-1 613.8 | | |
| 1 559-1 610 | RNSS (space-to-Earth) | 1 610.6-1 613.8 | | |
| 2655-2670 | BSS (space-to-Earth) | 2 690 | -2 700 | |
| 2655-2670 | FSS (space-to-Earth) (Region 2) | 2 690-2 700 | | |
| 2 670-2 690 | FSS (space-to-Earth) (Region 2) | 2 690-2 700 | | |
| (GHz) | | (G | Hz) | |
| 10.7-10.95 | FSS (space-to-Earth) | 10.6 | -10.7 | |
| 21.4-22.0 | BSS (space-to-Earth) | 22.21-22.5 | | |
| | | | | |

resolves

1 to invite ITU-R to study the compatibility between the RAS and the corresponding active space services as listed in the Table only, with a view to updating or developing ITU-R Recommendations, if appropriate;

2 that WRC-07 should consider the results of the studies as identified in *resolves* 1, in order to review and update, if appropriate, the tables of threshold levels for consultation in the Annex 1 to Resolution **739** (WRC-03),

invites administrations

to actively participate in the ITU-R studies identified in *resolves* 1 and to provide, where practicable, the relevant characteristics of active and passive service systems operating in the bands identified in the Table to this Resolution, as well as to indicate the impact on all concerned services of implementing or not implementing the compatibility solutions.

RESOLUTION 741 (WRC-03)

Protection of the radio astronomy service in the band 4 990-5 000 MHz from unwanted emissions of the radionavigation-satellite service (space-to-Earth) operating in the frequency band 5 010-5 030 MHz

The World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003),

considering

a) that unwanted emissions from space stations of the radionavigation-satellite service (RNSS) operating in the frequency band 5010-5030 MHz may cause interference to the radio astronomy service (RAS) in the band 4990-5000 MHz;

b) that WRC-2000 decided to introduce a provisional power flux-density (pfd) limit in the band 4990-5000 MHz to protect the RAS, and invited ITU-R to conduct studies to review this limit;

c) that protection requirements for the RAS are given in Recommendations ITU-R RA.769 and ITU-R RA.1513, and are different for geostationary (GSO) and non-GSO satellite systems,

noting

a) that Recommendation ITU-R M.1583 provides a methodology based on the equivalent pfd (epfd) concept for calculation of interference resulting from unwanted emissions from non-GSO systems of the mobile-satellite service or RNSS into radio astronomy stations;

b) that Recommendation ITU-R RA.1631 provides antenna patterns and maximum antenna gain to be used for compatibility analyses between non-GSO systems and RAS stations based on the epfd concept;

c) that Recommendation ITU-R RA.1513 recommends acceptable levels of data loss to radio astronomy observations, stating in particular that the percentage of data loss caused by any system should be lower than 2%,

resolves

1 that in order not to cause harmful interference to the RAS in the band 4990-5000 MHz, the pfd produced in this band by any GSO RNSS network operating in the 5010-5030 MHz band shall not exceed $-171 \text{ dB}(\text{W/m}^2)$ in a 10 MHz band at any radio astronomy station;

2 that in order not to cause harmful interference to the RAS in the band 4990-5000 MHz, over the whole sky, for elevations higher than the minimum operating elevation angle θ_{min}^{-1} specified for the radio telescope, the epfd produced in this band by all space stations within any non-GSO RNSS system operating in the 5010-5030 MHz band shall not exceed -245 dB(W/m²) in a 10 MHz band at any radio astronomy station for more than 2% of the time, using the methodology in Recommendation ITU-R M.1583 and a reference antenna with a radiation pattern and maximum antenna gain given in Recommendation ITU-R RA.1631;

3 that the limits referred to in *resolves* 1 and 2 shall apply to RNSS systems as from 3 June 2000;

4 that administrations planning to operate a GSO or a non-GSO RNSS system in the band 5010-5030 MHz, for which complete coordination or notification information, as appropriate, has been received by the Bureau after 2 June 2000, shall send to the Bureau the value of the maximum level of pfd as referred to in *resolves* 1 or the value of the maximum level of epfd as referred to in *resolves* 2, as appropriate,

instructs the Radiocommunication Bureau

as from the end of this Conference, to review all RNSS systems for which complete coordination or notification information, as appropriate, has been received by the Bureau before the end of this Conference for the band 5010-5030 MHz, and, if appropriate, to revise its findings regarding compliance with No. **5.443B**, taking into account additional information received under *resolves* 4.

¹ Until adoption of a definition of θ_{min} by ITU-R, and publication of notified radio astronomy observatory data, a value of 5° should be assumed in appropriate calculations.

RESOLUTION 742 (WRC-03)

Use of the frequency band 36-37 GHz

The World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003),

considering

a) that the frequency band 36-37 GHz is allocated to the Earth exploration-satellite service (EESS) (passive) and to the space research service (passive) on a primary basis;

b) that the frequency band 36-37 GHz is allocated to the fixed service and to the mobile service on a primary basis;

c) that the EESS (passive) protection criteria are contained in Recommendation ITU-R SA.1029;

d) that Recommendation ITU-R F.758-2 provides characteristics of fixed service pointto-multipoint systems operating in the band 36-37 GHz, but does not provide information on characteristics of fixed service point-to-point systems operating in this band;

e) that the band 36-37 GHz is not available for high-density applications in the fixed service (see No. **5.547**);

f) that the EESS (passive) operating in the band 36-37 GHz could receive interference from the emissions of systems of active services,

recognizing

a) that EESS (passive) systems may experience harmful interference if a high density of fixed-service stations is deployed in the band 36-37 GHz;

b) that sharing criteria between EESS (passive) and fixed-service systems need to be defined for the band 36-37 GHz,

resolves

1 to invite ITU-R to conduct sharing studies between the passive services and the fixed and mobile services in the band 36-37 GHz in order to define appropriate sharing criteria;

2 to recommend that a future competent conference review the results of the studies and consider the possible inclusion of the sharing criteria within the Radio Regulations,

invites administrations

1 to provide ITU-R with characteristics of active systems (fixed and mobile services) operating in the band 36-37 GHz;

2 to take into account that EESS (passive) systems may experience harmful interference if the band 36-37 GHz becomes heavily used by stations in the fixed or mobile-service prior to the establishment of the sharing criteria.

RESOLUTION 743 (WRC-03)

Protection of single-dish radio astronomy stations in Region 2 in the 42.5-43.5 GHz band

The World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003),

considering

a) that the band 42.5-43.5 GHz is allocated to the radio astronomy service (RAS) on a primary basis, and that both continuum and spectral line observations are conducted in this band;

b) that there are primary allocations to the fixed-satellite service (FSS) (space-to-Earth) and to the broadcasting-satellite service (BSS) in the 42-42.5 GHz band;

c) that a geostationary (GSO) FSS or BSS satellite operating in the 42-42.5 GHz band could encounter great difficulty in meeting the values given in No. **5.5511** for single-dish radio telescope observations in the 42.5-43.5 GHz band for 100% of the time;

d) that an FSS or BSS satellite or system operating in the 42-42.5 GHz band would encounter great difficulty in meeting the power flux-density (pfd) level of $-153 \text{ dB}(\text{W/m}^2)$ in any 500 kHz for GSO satellites or the equivalent pfd (epfd) level of $-246 \text{ dB}(\text{W/m}^2)$ in any 500 kHz for any non-GSO system for single-dish radio telescope spectral-line observations near the 42.5 GHz band edge of the 42.5-43.5 GHz band, even when all practicable technical or operational measures to reduce the potential for interference detrimental to the RAS stations are employed;

e) that because there are relatively few RAS stations operating single-dish telescopes in the band 42.5-43.5 GHz, and because there are expected to be relatively few FSS or BSS earth stations operating in the 42-42.5 GHz band, it may be feasible for both services to employ technical or operational measures, including but not limited to such interference mitigation techniques as geographical isolation, time sharing, etc., in order to reduce the potential for interference detrimental to the RAS stations operating in this band;

f) that, taking into account the above *considerings*, it should be feasible to rely on arrangements between concerned RAS and FSS/BSS administrations to ensure that the unwanted emissions from FSS or BSS satellites and systems in the 42-42.5 GHz band do not cause interference detrimental to RAS stations in Region 2 conducting spectral-line observations in the 42.5-42.77 GHz band,

resolves

1 that a GSO FSS or BSS satellite in the band 42-42.5 GHz shall not exceed the values given in No. **5.5511** for more than 2% of the time at any radio astronomy station in Region 2 registered as a single-dish radio telescope in the 42.5-43.5 GHz band;

2 that an administration that plans to operate a GSO FSS or BSS satellite or a non-GSO FSS or BSS system in the 42-42.5 GHz band shall take all practicable steps to avoid exceeding the pfd value of $-153 \text{ dB}(\text{W/m}^2)$ in any 500 kHz for a GSO satellite, and the epfd value of $-246 \text{ dB}(\text{W/m}^2)$ in any 500 kHz for any non-GSO system in the 42.5-42.77 GHz band, for more than 2% of the time, at the site of a radio astronomy station registered as a single-dish radio telescope in Region 2;

3 that in the event that an administration planning to operate a GSO FSS or BSS satellite or a non-GSO FSS or BSS system in the band 42-42.5 GHz has taken all practicable steps to avoid exceeding the values and percentage of time criterion in *resolves* 2 in the 42.5-42.77 GHz band, but that nevertheless would not meet them, the administration planning to operate such a satellite or systems shall enter into discussions with the administration operating the affected radio astronomy station in Region 2 to arrive at a mutually satisfactory arrangement with respect to the unwanted emissions produced into the band 42.5-42.77 GHz;

4 that *resolves* 1, 2 and 3 shall apply with respect to any radio astronomy station in Region 2 registered as a single-dish radio telescope in the band 42.5-43.5 GHz that was in operation prior to 5 July 2003 and that has been notified to the Radiocommunication Bureau before 4 January 2004, or that was notified before the date of receipt of the complete Appendix 4 information for coordination or notification, as appropriate, for an FSS or BSS satellite or system to which this Resolution applies (see Note 1);

5 that an administration notifying a radio astronomy station in Region 2 as a singledish radio telescope after the dates provided in *resolves* 4 may seek an agreement with administrations that have authorized FSS or BSS satellites or systems to which this Resolution applies,

invites ITU-R

to conduct studies and develop Recommendations to establish the appropriate balance between the percentage of time that GSO satellites operating in the 42-42.5 GHz band exceed the singledish values in No. **5.5511** at the site of a radio astronomy station and the associated impact on radio astronomy observations.

NOTE 1 – For purposes of No. **5.551H**, No. **5.551I** and *resolves* 4 of this Resolution, the radio astronomy stations currently under construction in Sierra Negra, Mexico, 18° 59' N/97° 18' W (station Volcan Sierra Negra) and San Pedro de Atacama, Chile, 23° 20' S/67° 44' W (station Atacama Large Millimeter Array) to conduct observations in the 42.5-43.5 GHz band, shall be considered to have been in operation prior to 5 July 2003 if they are notified to the Radiocommunication Bureau before 1 January 2005.

RESOLUTION 744 (WRC-03)

Sharing between the mobile-satellite service (Earth-to-space) and the space research (passive) service in the band 1668-1668.4 MHz and between the mobile-satellite service (Earth-to-space) and the fixed and mobile services in the band 1668.4-1675 MHz

The World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003),

considering

a) that this Conference has made a global allocation to the mobile-satellite service (MSS) (Earth-to-space) in the band 1 668-1 675 MHz and a global allocation to the MSS (space-to-Earth) in the band 1 518-1 525 MHz;

b) that due to sharing conditions between MSS (space-to-Earth) and the aeronautical mobile service for telemetry in the band 1518-1525 MHz (see No. **5.348B**), MSS operation in the United States of America is unlikely to be feasible;

c) that the above constraints on the MSS in the band 1518-1525 MHz therefore limit the possible use of the band 1668-1675 MHz by the MSS in the United States of America;

d) that the band 1660.5-1668.4 MHz is allocated to the space research (passive) service;

e) that in the band 1668-1668.4 MHz, mobile earth stations and space research (passive) stations are subject to coordination under No. **9.11A**;

f) that the band 1670-1675 MHz is currently planned for use in the United States of America for the fixed and mobile services,

considering further

a) that the band 1 668.4-1 675 MHz is allocated to the fixed and mobile services;

b) that No. **5.380** identifies the band 1670-1675 MHz for aeronautical public correspondence systems but that no such systems exist;

c) that sharing between mobile systems other than those referred to in No. 5.380 and the MSS in the band 1670-1675 MHz has not been studied, since mobile service system characteristics were not available;

d) that MSS systems in the band 1668-1675 MHz are not expected to become operational prior to 2007,

resolves

that, in the band 1 670-1 675 MHz, stations in the MSS shall not claim protection from fixed and mobile stations operating within the United States of America,

invites ITU-R

1 to complete, as a matter of urgency and in time for WRC-07, studies relating to provisions to protect space research (passive) space stations from harmful interference from mobile earth stations in the band 1668-1668.4 MHz, taking care to avoid undue constraints on either service;

2 to study, as a matter of urgency and in time for WRC-07, the use of the band 1668.4-1675 MHz by the mobile service, and to complete any relevant sharing studies between the mobile service and the MSS in this band, taking care to avoid undue constraints on either service;

3 to bring the results of these studies to the attention of WRC-07,

invites administrations and interested parties

to participate actively in these studies,

recommends

that WRC-07 take appropriate action based on the results of those studies, excluding modification of the above *resolves*.

RESOLUTION 745 (WRC-03)

Protection of existing services in all Regions from non-geostationary-satellite networks in the fixed-satellite service using the frequency bands around 1.4 GHz on a secondary basis

The World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003),

considering

a) that the agenda of this Conference included consideration of the adoption of allocations for feeder links for the non-geostationary (non-GSO) systems in the mobile-satellite service (MSS) around 1.4 GHz;

b) that the band 1350-1400 MHz is allocated on a primary basis to the radiolocation, fixed and mobile services in Region 1 and to the radiolocation service in Regions 2 and 3;

c) that Nos. **5.149**, **5.338** and **5.339** also apply to the band 1 350-1 400 MHz;

d) that the band 1 400-1 427 MHz is allocated to the Earth exploration-satellite service (EESS) (passive), radio astronomy and space research (passive) services on a primary basis in all Regions;

e) that No. 5.340 also applies to the band 1 400-1 427 MHz;

f) that the band 1427-1429 MHz is allocated in all Regions to the space operation (Earth-to-space), fixed and mobile (except aeronautical mobile) services on a primary basis;

g) that No. 5.341 also applies to the band 1400-1452 MHz;

h) that the band 1429-1452 MHz is allocated on a primary basis to the fixed service in all Regions, to the mobile service (except aeronautical mobile) in Region 1 and to the mobile service in Regions 2 and 3;

i) that No. **5.342** also applies to the band 1429-1452 MHz in Region 1;

j) that the Report of the 2002 Conference Preparatory Meeting (CPM) indicated that there were significant technical challenges to be overcome in some areas if existing services, particularly passive services, were to be protected from harmful interference from the operation of feeder links around 1.4 GHz;

k) that the Report of 2002 CPM also indicated that studies in ITU-R were incomplete for the radio astronomy, EESS (passive), space research, aeronautical mobile (aeronautical mobile telemetry (AMT)) and radiolocation services,

recognizing

that secondary allocations around 1.4 GHz to the fixed-satellite service (FSS) for feeder links for non-GSO satellite systems in the MSS with service links below 1 GHz may support the development of new services on a global basis,

resolves

1 that the additional allocations for the FSS on a secondary basis in the bands 1 390-1 392 MHz and 1 430-1 432 MHz for feeder links in the (Earth-to space) and (space-to-Earth) directions, respectively, for non-GSO satellite systems in the MSS with service links operating below 1 GHz, shall not be used until the completion of ITU-R studies on all identified compatibility issues as shown in Annex 1 to this Resolution and the results of these studies shall be reported to WRC-07 and the decisions should be taken by WRC-07 accordingly;

2 to recommend that decisions taken by WRC-07, including any provisions for the protection of other services to which the bands in *resolves* 1 are allocated, and of passive services in the adjacent band, apply to all non-GSO FSS systems in these bands filed to the Bureau after 5 July 2003,

further resolves to invite ITU-R, as a matter of urgency

1 to continue studies, and to carry out tests and demonstrations to validate the studies on operational and technical means to facilitate sharing around 1.4 GHz, including the frequency band 1390-1392 MHz, between existing and currently planned services and FSS feeder links (Earth-to-space) for use by non-GSO satellite systems in the MSS with service links operating below 1 GHz;

2 to conduct studies and carry out tests and demonstrations to validate the studies on operational and technical means to facilitate sharing around 1.4 GHz, including the frequency band 1430-1432 MHz, between existing and currently planned services and FSS feeder links (space-to-Earth) for use by non-GSO satellite systems in the MSS with service links operating below 1 GHz;

3 to carry out studies, including the measurement of emissions from equipment that would be employed in operational systems, to validate that the systems meet all requirements for the protection of passive services in the band 1400-1427 MHz from unwanted emissions from FSS feeder links around 1.4 GHz for non-GSO satellite systems in the MSS with service links operating below 1 GHz;

4 to study the power flux-density (pfd) values required to protect sensors of the EESS (passive) operating in the band 1 400-1 427 MHz.

ANNEX 1 TO RESOLUTION 745 (WRC-03)

Compatibility issues

Earth-to-space

| Service | Parameter of concern | 1 350-1 400 MHz | 1 400-1 427 MHz |
|--|---|-----------------|-----------------|
| Fixed service | | Note 1 | Note 2 |
| Mobile service | | Note 1 | Note 2 |
| Radiolocation | pfd limits | Note 1 | Note 2 |
| EESS (passive) (secondary) (No. 5.339) | e.i.r.p. limits | Note 1 | Note 2 |
| Radio astronomy | pfd limits, separation distances | Note 1 | Note 1 |
| EESS (passive) | Unwanted emission limits; limited filter rejection | Note 2 | Note 1 |
| Space research (passive) | pfd limits | Note 2 | No issue |

space-to-Earth

| Service | Parameter of concern | 1 350-1 400 MHz | 1 400-1 427 MHz | 1 429-1 452 MHz |
|------------------------------|---|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Fixed service | pfd limits | Note 1 | Note 2 | Note 1 |
| Mobile service | pfd limits; FSS shall not cause harmful interference | Note 1 | Note 2 | Note 1 |
| Aeronautical mobile (AMT) | pfd limits | Note 2 | Note 2 | Note 1 |
| Radio astronomy | epfd limits; issue % of time | Notes 1 and 2 | Note 1 | Note 2 |
| EESS (passive) | Unwanted emission limits; limited filter rejection | Note 2 | Note 1 | Note 2 |
| Space research (passive) | pfd limits | Note 2 | Note 1 | Note 2 |

NOTE 1 - Study considered in this Resolution.

NOTE 2 - No allocation (for radio astronomy: No. 5.149 applies to the band 1 350-1 400 MHz).

RESOLUTION 746 (WRC-03)

Issues dealing with allocations to science services

The World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003),

considering

a) that this Conference recognized the importance of proper consideration of science service issues based on technical and operational criteria developed in Radiocommunication Study Groups;

b) that the bandwidth requirements for transmission of data from high resolution sensors on the next generation geostationary meteorological satellites to be launched in the time-frame 2015-2020 are in excess of 200 MHz;

c) that a primary allocation to the geostationary meteorological satellite (space-to-Earth) exists in the band 18.1-18.3 GHz in No. **5.519**;

d) that the number of earth stations deployed to support these meteorological satellites will be low (on the order of five per Region);

e) that the band 18-18.4 GHz is allocated to the fixed, fixed-satellite and mobile services;

f) that the frequency band 10.6-10.68 GHz is allocated to the Earth exploration-satellite service (EESS) (passive), radio astronomy and space research (passive) services on a primary basis;

g) that the frequency band 10.6-10.68 GHz is also allocated to the mobile, except aeronautical mobile, and the fixed services on a primary basis, taking into account No. **5.482**;

h) that the EESS (passive) operating in the band 10.6-10.68 GHz may experience harmful interference from the emissions of systems of active services;

i) that the band 10.6-10.68 GHz is of primary interest for the measurement of rain, snow, sea state, ocean wind and soil moisture,

recognizing

1 that the bandwidth of the existing allocation for geostationary meteorological satellites in the band 18.1-18.3 GHz is insufficient to support the required data rates;

2 that sharing between geostationary meteorological satellites and the fixed, fixedsatellite and mobile services may be feasible in the band 18-18.4 GHz;

3 that the provisions given in No. **5.482** may not be sufficient to ensure the protection of the EESS (passive) in the band 10.6-10.68 GHz;

4 that sharing criteria between the EESS (passive) and the space research (passive) service on one hand and other primary services on the other hand need to be reviewed in the band 10.6-10.68 GHz,

resolves

1 to invite ITU-R to conduct sharing analyses between geostationary meteorological satellites operating in the space-to-Earth direction and the fixed, fixed-satellite and mobile services in the band 18-18.4 GHz to define appropriate sharing criteria with a view to extending the current 18.1-18.3 GHz geostationary meteorological satellites allocation in the space-to-Earth direction to 300 MHz of contiguous spectrum;

2 to invite ITU-R to conduct sharing analyses between the EESS (passive) and the space research service (passive) on one hand and the fixed and mobile services on the other hand in the band 10.6-10.68 GHz to determine appropriate sharing criteria;

3 to recommend that WRC-07 review the results of the studies under *resolves* 1 and 2 and consider the inclusion of the sharing criteria within the Radio Regulations;

4 to make appropriate modifications to the Table of Frequency Allocations with respect to *resolves* 1, based on proposals from administrations,

invites administrations

1 to contribute to the sharing studies between the meteorological satellite service and the fixed, fixed-satellite and mobile services in the 18-18.4 GHz band;

2 to provide the relevant characteristics of active systems (fixed and mobile services) operating in the band 10.6-10.68 GHz;

3 to contribute to the sharing studies between the EESS (passive) and the space research service (passive) on one hand and the other primary services on the other hand in the band 10.6-10.68 GHz,

invites ITU-R

to complete the necessary studies, as a matter of urgency, taking into account the present use of allocated bands, with a view to presenting, at the appropriate time, the technical information likely to be required as a basis for the work of the Conference,

instructs the Secretary-General

to bring this Resolution to the attention of the international and regional organizations concerned.

RESOLUTION 747 (WRC-03)

Possible upgrade of the radiolocation service to primary allocation status in the frequency bands 9000-9200 MHz and 9300-9500 MHz, and possible extension of the existing primary allocations to the Earth exploration-satellite service (active) and the space research service (active) in the band 9500-9800 MHz

The World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003),

considering

a) that there is a need to provide contiguous spectrum in the bands around 9 GHz for the radiolocation service allocated on a primary basis worldwide, in order to provide adequate spectrum for new radar systems to function;

b) that emerging requirements for increased image resolution and increased range accuracy necessitate wider contiguous emission bandwidths;

c) that there is a need to upgrade the status of frequency allocations to the radiolocation service in the frequency range 9000-9200 MHz and 9300-9500 MHz in order for existing and planned radar systems to satisfy their required missions;

d) that, while radionavigation is recognized as a safety service as delineated in No. **4.10**, radiolocation services have demonstrated compatible operations with radionavigation services in the bands 9000-9200 MHz and 9300-9500 MHz over many years because of using similar system characteristics of low-duty cycle emissions, scanning beams and interference reduction techniques;

e) that previous and ongoing studies in ITU-R addressing other bands indicate that compatibility in the bands 9000-9200 MHz and 9300-9500 MHz between the radionavigation and radiolocation services is feasible;

f) that radars in the radiolocation service operate on a primary basis worldwide in the 9200-9300 MHz and 9800-10000 MHz bands, and operate on a secondary basis with respect to the radionavigation service in the 9000-9200 MHz and 9300-9500 MHz;

g) that the Earth exploration-satellite (EESS) (active), space research (active), radiolocation and radionavigation services have an allocation on a primary basis in the frequency range 9 500-9 800 MHz, taking into account the constraints of footnote **5.476A**;

h) that it may be necessary to increase by up to 200 MHz the bandwidth available to the EESS (active) and the SRS (active) to satisfy global environmental monitoring requirements for improved resolution;

i) that Recommendation ITU-R M.1313 contains the technical characteristics and protection criteria for maritime radars in the band 9300-9500 MHz;

j) that Recommendation ITU-R M.1372 identifies interference reduction techniques which enhance compatibility among radar systems;

k) that Recommendation ITU-R SA.1166 contains the technical characteristics and protection criteria for Earth sensors operating near 9 500 MHz,

recognizing

a) that the 2003 Radiocommunication Assembly approved Question ITU-R 234/8 on the compatibility of radionavigation and radiolocation services operating in the bands 9 000-9 200 MHz and 9 300-9 500 MHz;

b) that ITU-R and administrations have already started work on this issue by developing a preliminary draft new Recommendation on radar characteristics and protection criteria, and have conducted initial compatibility measurements;

c) that it is important to protect the existing primary services having allocations in the frequency bands 9000-9200 MHz and 9300-9500 MHz;

d) that an upgrade to a primary allocation worldwide may be required to give radar system developers, manufacturers and investors confidence that their systems will have the regulatory assurance to operate globally;

e) that new EESS (active) systems are being considered for operation in the 9300-9800 MHz frequency range,

resolves to invite ITU-R

1 to continue to study, as a matter of urgency, the technical characteristics, protection criteria, and other factors of radiolocation and radionavigation systems that ensure compatible operations in the bands 9000-9200 MHz and 9300-9500 MHz;

2 to continue to study, as a matter of urgency, the technical characteristics, protection criteria, and other factors of radiolocation, radionavigation, EESS (active) and space research service (active) systems that ensure compatible operations in the band 9300-9500 MHz;

3 as a matter of urgency, with due regard to services to which these bands are allocated:

- to study the compatibility between radars of the radiolocation and radionavigation services in the bands 9000-9200 MHz and 9300-9500 MHz through testing and measurements;
- to continue to study and conduct test measurements to determine the protection criteria for radionavigation and radiolocation systems in the bands 9000-9200 MHz and 9300-9500 MHz;

 to study the compatibility between terrestrial radars of the radiolocation and radionavigation services, and spaceborne radars of the Earth exploration-satellite and space research services in the band 9300-9500 MHz;

4 in the event that sharing studies in the 9300-9500 MHz band lead to unsatisfactory conclusions which do not fully satisfy the requirement for an increase by up to 200 MHz of contiguous spectrum for EESS (active) and space research service (active), to carry out additional sharing studies in the alternative frequency range 9800-10000 MHz;

5 to include the results of the above studies in one or more Recommendation,

further resolves

that, taking into account the results of ITU-R studies, WRC-07 consider:

1 the upgrading of the radiolocation service to a primary allocation in the bands 9000-9200 MHz and 9300-9500 MHz; and

2 the possible extension by up to 200 MHz of the allocation in the band 9500-9800 MHz to the EESS (active) and the space research service (active),

invites ITU-R

to conduct, and complete in time for WRC-07, the appropriate studies leading to technical and operational recommendations to facilitate sharing between the radionavigation, radiolocation, EESS (active) and space research (active) services.

RESOLUTION 802 (WRC-03)

Agenda for the 2007 World Radiocommunication Conference

The World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003),

considering

a) that, in accordance with No. 118 of the Convention, the general scope of the agenda for a world radiocommunication conference should be established four to six years in advance and a final agenda shall be established by the Council two years before the conference;

b) Article 13 of the Constitution relating to the competence and scheduling of world radiocommunication conferences and Article 7 of the Convention relating to their agendas;

c) the relevant Resolutions and Recommendations of previous world administrative radio conferences (WARCs) and world radiocommunication conferences (WRCs),

recognizing

a) that this Conference has identified a number of urgent issues requiring further examination by WRC-07;

b) that, in preparing this agenda, many items proposed by administrations could not be included and have had to be deferred to future conference agendas,

resolves

to recommend to the Council that a world radiocommunication conference be held in 2007 for a period of four weeks, with the following agenda:

1 on the basis of proposals from administrations, taking account of the results of WRC-03 and the Report of the Conference Preparatory Meeting, and with due regard to the requirements of existing and future services in the bands under consideration, to consider and take appropriate action with respect to the following items:

1.1 requests from administrations to delete their country footnotes or to have their country name deleted from footnotes, if no longer required, in accordance with Resolution **26** (**Rev.WRC-97**);

1.2 to consider allocations and regulatory issues related to the Earth exploration-satellite (passive) service, space research (passive) service and the meteorological satellite service in accordance with Resolutions **746** (WRC-03) and **742** (WRC-03);

1.3 in accordance with Resolution **747** (WRC-03), consider upgrading the radiolocation service to primary allocation status in the bands 9000-9200 MHz and 9300-9500 MHz and extending by up to 200 MHz the existing primary allocations to the Earth exploration-satellite service (EESS) (active) and the space research service (SRS) (active) in the band 9500-9800 MHz without placing undue constraint on the services to which the bands are allocated;

1.4 to consider frequency-related matters for the future development of IMT-2000 and systems beyond IMT-2000 taking into account the results of ITU-R studies in accordance with Resolution **228 (Rev.WRC-03)**;

1.5 to consider spectrum requirements and possible additional spectrum allocations for aeronautical telecommand and high bit-rate aeronautical telemetry, in accordance with Resolution 230 (WRC-03);

1.6 to consider additional allocations for the aeronautical mobile (R) service in parts of the bands between 108 MHz and 6 GHz, in accordance with Resolution **414** (WRC-03) and, to study current satellite frequency allocations, that will support the modernization of civil aviation telecommunication systems, taking into account Resolution **415** (WRC-03);

1.7 to consider the results of ITU-R studies regarding sharing between the mobilesatellite service and the SRS (passive) in the band 1668-1668.4 MHz, and between the mobilesatellite service and the mobile service in the band 1668.4-1675 MHz in accordance with Resolution **744 (WRC-03)**;

1.8 to consider the results of ITU-R studies on technical sharing and regulatory provisions for the application of high altitude platform stations operating in the bands 27.5-28.35 GHz and 31-31.3 GHz in response to Resolution **145** (WRC-03), and for high altitude platform stations operating in the bands 47.2-47.5 GHz and 47.9-48.2 GHz in response to Resolution **122** (Rev.WRC-03);

1.9 to review the technical, operational and regulatory provisions applicable to the use of the band 2500-2690 MHz by space services in order to facilitate sharing with current and future terrestrial services without placing undue constraint on the services to which the band is allocated;

1.10 to review the regulatory procedures and associated technical criteria of Appendix **30B** without any action on the allotments, the existing systems or the assignments in the List of Appendix **30B**;

1.11 to review sharing criteria and regulatory provisions for protection of terrestrial services, in particular the terrestrial television broadcasting service, in the band 620-790 MHz from broadcasting-satellite service networks and systems, in accordance with Resolution **545** (WRC-03);

1.12 to consider possible changes in response to Resolution 86 (Rev. Marrakesh, 2002) of the Plenipotentiary Conference: "Advance publication, coordination, notification and recording procedures for frequency assignments pertaining to satellite networks" in accordance with Resolution **86 (WRC-03)**;

1.13 taking into account Resolutions **729** (WRC-97), **351** (WRC-03) and **544** (WRC-03), to review the allocations to all services in the HF bands between 4 MHz and 10 MHz, excluding those allocations to services in the frequency range 7000-7200 kHz and those bands whose allotment plans are in Appendices **25**, **26** and **27** and whose channelling arrangements are in Appendix **17**, taking account of the impact of new modulation techniques, adaptive control techniques and the spectrum requirements for HF broadcasting;

1.14 to review the operational procedures and requirements of the Global Maritime Distress and Safety System (GMDSS) and other related provisions of the Radio Regulations, taking into account Resolutions **331 (Rev.WRC-03)** and **342 (Rev.WRC-2000)** and the continued transition to the GMDSS, the experience since its introduction, and the needs of all classes of ships;

1.15 to consider a secondary allocation to the amateur service in the frequency band 135.7-137.8 kHz;

1.16 to consider the regulatory and operational provisions for Maritime Mobile Service Identities (MMSIs) for equipment other than shipborne mobile equipment, taking into account Resolutions **344 (Rev.WRC-03)** and **353 (WRC-03)**;

1.17 to consider the results of ITU-R studies on compatibility between the fixed-satellite service and other services around 1.4 GHz, in accordance with Resolution **745** (WRC-03);

1.18 to review pfd limits in the band 17.7-19.7 GHz for satellite systems using highly inclined orbits, in accordance with Resolution **141 (WRC-03)**;

1.19 to consider the results of the ITU-R studies regarding spectrum requirement for global broadband satellite systems in order to identify possible global harmonized fixed-satellite service frequency bands for the use of Internet applications, and consider the appropriate regulatory/technical provisions, taking also into account No. **5.516B**;

1.20 to consider the results of studies, and proposals for regulatory measures if appropriate regarding the protection of the EESS (passive) from unwanted emissions of active services in accordance with Resolution **738 (WRC-03)**;

1.21 to consider the results of studies regarding the compatibility between the radio astronomy service and the active space services in accordance with Resolution 740 (Rev.WRC-03), in order to review and update, if appropriate, the tables of threshold levels used for consultation that appear in the Annex to Resolution 739 (WRC-03);

2 to examine the revised ITU-R Recommendations incorporated by reference in the Radio Regulations communicated by the Radiocommunication Assembly, in accordance with Resolution **28** (**Rev.WRC-03**), and to decide whether or not to update the corresponding references in the Radio Regulations, in accordance with principles contained in the Annex to Resolution **27** (**Rev.WRC-03**);

3 to consider such consequential changes and amendments to the Radio Regulations as may be necessitated by the decisions of the Conference;

4 in accordance with Resolution **95** (**Rev.WRC-03**), to review the Resolutions and Recommendations of previous conferences with a view to their possible revision, replacement or abrogation;

5 to review, and take appropriate action on, the Report from the Radiocommunication Assembly submitted in accordance with Nos. 135 and 136 of the Convention;

6 to identify those items requiring urgent action by the Radiocommunication Study Groups in preparation for the next world radiocommunication conference;

7 in accordance with Article 7 of the Convention:

7.1 to consider and approve the Report of the Director of the Radiocommunication Bureau:

- on the activities of the Radiocommunication Sector since WRC-03;
- on any difficulties or inconsistencies encountered in the application of the Radio Regulations; and
- on action in response to Resolution 80 (Rev.WRC-2000);

7.2 to recommend to the Council items for inclusion in the agenda for the next WRC, and to give its views on the preliminary agenda for the subsequent conference and on possible agenda items for future conferences, taking into account Resolution **803 (WRC-03)**,

further resolves

to activate the Conference Preparatory Meeting and the Special Committee on Regulatory/ Procedural Matters,

invites the Council

to finalize the agenda and arrange for the convening of WRC-07, and to initiate as soon as possible the necessary consultations with Member States,

instructs the Director of the Radiocommunication Bureau

to make the necessary arrangements to convene meetings of the Conference Preparatory Meeting and to prepare a report to WRC-07,

instructs the Secretary-General

to communicate this Resolution to international and regional organizations concerned.

RESOLUTION 803 (WRC-03)

Preliminary agenda for the 2010 World Radiocommunication Conference

The World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003),

considering

a) that, in accordance with No. 118 of the ITU Convention, the general scope of the agenda for WRC-10 should be established four to six years in advance;

b) Article 13 of the Constitution relating to the competence and scheduling of world radiocommunication conferences and Article 7 of the Convention relating to their agendas;

c) the relevant Resolutions and Recommendations of previous world administrative radio conferences (WARCs) and world radiocommunication conferences (WRCs),

resolves to give the view

that the following items should be included in the preliminary agenda for WRC-10:

1 to take appropriate action in respect of those urgent issues that were specifically requested by WRC-07;

2 on the basis of proposals from administrations and the Report of the Conference Preparatory Meeting, and taking account of the results of WRC-07, to consider and take appropriate action in respect of the following items:

2.1 requests from administrations to delete their country footnotes or to have their country name deleted from footnotes, if no longer required, taking into account Resolution **26** (**Rev.WRC-97**);

2.2 to consider frequency allocations between 275 GHz and 3000 GHz taking into account the result of ITU-R studies in accordance with Resolution **950 (WRC-03)**;

2.3 to consider results of ITU-R studies in accordance with Resolution **222 (WRC-2000)** to ensure spectrum availability and protection for the aeronautical mobile-satellite (R) service, and to take appropriate action on this subject, while retaining the generic allocation for the mobile-satellite service;

2.4 to consider allocations to the mobile service in the band 806-862 MHz in Region 1, following the transition of analogue to digital TV;

2.5 to consider the results of studies related to Resolution **136** (**Rev.WRC-03**) dealing with sharing between non-GSO and GSO systems;

2.6 to consider the need to modify the provisional protection ratio values in the Annex to Resolution **543 (WRC-03)**, taking into account the experience of the coordination of seasonal scheduling of the HF bands allocated to the broadcasting service and relevant studies conducted by ITU-R since WRC-03;

2.7 to consider the progress of ITU-R studies concerning the technical and regulatory issues relative to the fixed service in the 81-86 and 92-100 GHz frequency bands, taking into account Resolutions **731 (WRC-2000)** and **732 (WRC-2000)**;

2.8 to consider the progress of the ITU-R studies concerning the development and regulatory requirements of terrestrial wireless interactive multimedia applications, in accordance with Recommendation **951 (WRC-03)** and to take any appropriate action on this subject;

3 to consider the results of the studies related to the following, with a view to considering them for inclusion in the agendas of future conferences:

3.1 to review the use of the band 5091-5150 MHz by the fixed-satellite service (Earth-to-space) (limited to feeder links of the non-GSO mobile-satellite service) in accordance with Resolution **114 (Rev.WRC-03)**;

4 to examine the revised ITU-R Recommendations incorporated by reference in the Radio Regulations communicated by the Radiocommunication Assembly, in accordance with Resolution **28** (**Rev.WRC-03**), and to decide whether or not to update the corresponding references in the Radio Regulations, in accordance with the principles contained in Annex 1 to Resolution **27** (**Rev.WRC-03**);

5 to consider such consequential changes and amendments to the Radio Regulations as may be necessitated by the decisions of the Conference;

6 in accordance with Resolution **95 (Rev.WRC-03)**, to review the Resolutions and Recommendations of previous conferences with a view to their possible revision, replacement or abrogation;

7 to review, and take appropriate action on, the Report from the Radiocommunication Assembly submitted in accordance with Nos. 135 and 136 of the Convention;

8 to identify those items requiring urgent action by the Radiocommunication Study Groups;

9 in accordance with Article 7 of the Convention:

9.1 to consider and approve the Report of the Director of the Radiocommunication Bureau on the activities of the Radiocommunication Sector since WRC-07;

9.2 to recommend to the Council items for inclusion in the agenda for the following WRC,

invites the Council

to consider the views given in this Resolution,

instructs the Director of the Radiocommunication Bureau

to make the necessary arrangements to convene meetings of the Conference Preparatory Meeting and to prepare a report to WRC-10,

instructs the Secretary-General

to communicate this Resolution to international and regional organizations concerned.

RESOLUTION 900 (WRC-03)

Review of the Rule of Procedure for No. 9.35 of the Radio Regulations

The World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003),

considering

a) that the existence of the backlog of satellite filings is a significant problem that has the potential of adversely affecting the rights of all administrations;

b) that the Board, at its 25th meeting, adopted a provisional Rule of Procedure partially suspending the examination of satellite network filings under No. **9.35**,

recognizing

a) that there was no agreement regarding this provisional Rule of Procedure on its conformity with the Radio Regulations;

b) that the Radiocommunication Bureau is facing severe financial restraints,

resolves

1 that the Bureau shall henceforth resume full examination of satellite network filings under No. **9.35** for those filings considered as received from 1 May 2002;

2 that, for those satellite coordination filings having been subjected to the provisional Rule of Procedure mentioned in *considering b*) above, the Bureau shall carry out the process described in the Annex and inform administrations of the results;

3 that, when the Bureau examines the assignments under Article 11 (No. 11.31) for satellite networks covered by *resolves* 2, for which the full examination under No. 9.35 was not carried out and which were identified in step c) of the Annex referred to in *resolves* 2, if the Bureau determines that assignments in the coordination request submitted under No. 9.30 exceed the limits in force at the date of receipt of this coordination information as contained in Articles 21 and 22 and relevant Resolutions, these assignments will receive an unfavourable finding;

4 that those assignments for which the findings are favourable under *resolves* 3 shall also be examined under Article **11** (No. **11.31**) with respect to their notification information submitted in accordance with No. **11.15**,

invites administrations

1 to take into account, in their bilateral and multilateral negotiations with the concerned administrations, the results of the Bureau's actions referred to under *resolves* 2 above;

2 to inform the Bureau, if they so wish, of their comments on the published information referred to in the Annex,

instructs the Radiocommunication Bureau

to provide the necessary assistance to requesting administrations,

instructs the Radio Regulations Board

to suppress the current Rule of Procedure on No. 9.35.

ANNEX TO RESOLUTION 900 (WRC-03)

Procedure to be used by the Radiocommunication Bureau for networks examined under the Rule of Procedure on No. 9.35

The Bureau shall calculate the power flux-density (pfd)/e.i.r.p. for those networks that were subject to the Rule of Procedure on No. **9.35** and make these results available to administrations without re-establishment of findings, with no publication of modifications to CR/C Special Sections, and no update of the satellite network system database.

The procedure to be used by the Bureau for those networks that were subject to the Rule of Procedure on No. **9.35** shall be as follows:

- *a)* Identify networks that were examined at the coordination stage under the Rule of Procedure and which were given qualified favourable (B) findings.
- *b)* Run the pfd calculation program for each frequency assignment in the network to generate pfd/e.i.r.p. results. These results may be further refined by the Bureau, to the extent practicable, using a process applicable to all networks. This process will be developed and adopted by the Bureau prior to undertaking this procedure.
- *c)* Format the results of the pfd calculation program for readability to identify those assignments that may not be in conformity with the appropriate limits.
- d) Convert these results to an appropriate format.
- *e)* Place these results on the ITU website and publish them all on CD-ROM to be sent to all administrations.

RESOLUTION 901 (WRC-03)

Determination of the orbital arc separation for which coordination would be required between two satellite networks operating in a space service not subject to a Plan

The World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003),

considering

a) that WRC-2000 adopted a coordination arc concept in Appendix **5** to simplify the coordination between fixed-satellite service (FSS) networks in certain frequency bands between 3.4 GHz and 30 GHz;

b) that in frequency bands below 3.4 GHz, mobile-satellite service (MSS) satellite networks normally have to coordinate with other networks with overlapping service areas operating anywhere in the visible arc;

c) that the application of such a concept was limited to the frequency ranges where very large numbers of FSS satellite filings had been received by ITU-R;

d) that many satellite networks and systems are now proposing to use higher frequency bands for which the coordination arc does not yet apply;

e) that the Radio Regulations Board (RRB) adopted a Rule of Procedure on No. **9.36** that extended the coordination arc concept to the FSS and broadcasting-satellite service (BSS), not subject to a Plan, and in all bands above 3.4 GHz until a review by WRC-03;

f) that the use of the coordination arc considerably reduces the volume of data that needs to be supplied to the Radiocommunication Bureau under Section D of Annex 2 to Appendix 4;

g) that application of the coordination arc concept has the potential to reduce the workload of the Bureau in identifying affected administrations;

h) that the coordination arc concept may be valid for all geostationary space stations operating in any space radiocommunication service above 3.4 GHz that is not subject to a Plan, but may require different values for different services and frequency bands;

i) that the ITU-R studies for other services and for frequency bands above 17.3 GHz, except for the 17.7-20.2 GHz and 29.5-30 GHz ranges for the FSS, have not been completed;

j) that application of the coordination arc concept could facilitate the introduction of satellite services above 17.3 GHz after the studies conclude on the appropriate value(s) of the coordination arc,

recognizing

that there have been no difficulties resulting from the application of the coordination arc concept in the bands where it applies,

noting

that this Conference has incorporated part of the Rule of Procedure referred to in *considering e*) and extended the coordination arc of $\pm 8^{\circ}$ for the FSS in bands above 17.3 GHz on a provisional basis, and has adopted an alternative value of $\pm 16^{\circ}$ on a provisional basis for the coordination arc applicable for the BSS in these bands in Table 5-1 of Appendix 5,

resolves

to recommend that a future competent conference review the results of ITU-R studies on the application of the coordination arc value(s) to other frequency bands and other services, as applicable, and consider their inclusion in Appendix **5**,

invites ITU-R

1 to conduct studies on the applicability of the coordination arc concept for space radiocommunication services not yet covered by these Regulations;

2 to recommend, as appropriate, the orbital separation required for triggering interservice and intra-service coordination concerning the satellite services in frequency bands above 3.4 GHz for geostationary-satellite (GSO) networks not subject to a Plan and not already covered by the coordination arc concept specified in No. **9.7** (GSO/GSO) of Table 5-1 (Appendix **5**), under items 1), 2) and 3) of the frequency band column, and subject to Section II of Article **9**,

instructs the Director of the Radiocommunication Bureau

to report the results of these studies to the RRB once Recommendations are approved, and to the next competent conference,

instructs the Radio Regulations Board

1 to suppress the Rules of Procedure adopted at its 25th meeting relating to the application of the coordination arc;

2 to consider the results of the studies included in ITU-R Recommendations and, as appropriate, develop a provisional Rule of Procedure, until a decision by the next world radiocommunication conference, to apply the coordination arc value(s) to those services and frequency bands identified in *invites ITU-R* 2.

RESOLUTION 902 (WRC-03)

Provisions relating to earth stations located on board vessels which operate in fixed-satellite service networks in the uplink bands 5925-6425 MHz and 14-14.5 GHz

The World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003),

considering

a) that there is a demand for global wideband satellite communication services on vessels;

b) that the technology exists that enables earth stations on board vessels (ESVs) to use fixed-satellite service (FSS) networks operating in the uplink bands 5925-6425 MHz and 14-14.5 GHz;

c) that ESVs are currently operating through FSS networks in the bands 3700-4200 MHz, 5925-6425 MHz, 10.7-12.75 GHz and 14-14.5 GHz under No. **4.4**;

d) that ESVs have the potential to cause unacceptable interference to other services in the bands 5925-6425 MHz and 14-14.5 GHz;

e) that, with respect to the bands considered in this Resolution, global coverage is only available in the band 5925-6425 MHz and that only a limited number of geostationary FSS systems can provide such global coverage;

f) that, without special regulatory provisions, ESVs could place a heavy coordination burden on some administrations, especially those in developing countries;

g) that, in order to ensure the protection and future growth of other services, ESVs need to operate under certain technical and operational limitations;

h) that, within ITU-R studies, based on agreed technical assumptions, minimum distances from the low-water mark as officially recognized by the coastal State have been calculated, beyond which an ESV will not have the potential to cause unacceptable interference to other services in the bands 5925-6425 MHz and 14-14.5 GHz;

i) that, in order to limit the interference into other networks in the FSS, it is necessary to establish maximum off-axis e.i.r.p. density limits on ESV emissions;

j) that establishing a minimum antenna diameter for ESVs has an impact on the number of ESVs that will ultimately be deployed, hence it will reduce interference into the fixed service,

noting

a) that ESVs may be assigned frequencies to operate in FSS networks in the bands 3700-4200 MHz, 5925-6425 MHz, 10.7-12.75 GHz and 14-14.5 GHz pursuant to No. **4.4** and shall not claim protection from, nor cause interference to, other services having allocations in these bands;

b) that the regulatory procedures of Article **9** apply for ESVs operating at specified fixed points,

resolves

that ESVs transmitting in the 5925-6425 MHz and 14-14.5 GHz bands shall operate under the regulatory and operational provisions contained in Annex 1 and the technical limitations in Annex 2 of this Resolution,

encourages concerned administrations

to cooperate with administrations which license ESVs while seeking agreement under the abovementioned provisions, taking into consideration the provisions of Recommendation **37** (WRC-03),

instructs the Secretary-General

to bring this Resolution to the attention of the Secretary-General of the International Maritime Organization (IMO).

ANNEX 1 TO RESOLUTION 902 (WRC-03)

Regulatory and operational provisions for ESVs transmitting in the 5925-6425 MHz and 14-14.5 GHz bands

1 The administration that issues the licence for the use of ESVs in these bands (licensing administration) shall ensure that such stations follow the provisions of this Annex and thus do not present any potential to cause unacceptable interference to the services of other concerned administrations.

2 ESV service providers shall comply with the technical limitations listed in Annex 2 and, when operating within the minimum distances as identified in item 4 below, with the additional limitations agreed by the licensing and other concerned administrations.

3 In the 3 700-4 200 MHz band and 10.7-12.75 GHz range, ESVs in motion shall not claim protection from transmissions of terrestrial services operating in accordance with the Radio Regulations.

4 The minimum distances from the low-water mark as officially recognized by the coastal State beyond which ESVs can operate without the prior agreement of any administration are 300 km in the 5925-6425 MHz band and 125 km in the 14-14.5 GHz band, taking into account the technical limitations in Annex 2. Any transmissions from ESVs within the minimum distances shall be subject to the prior agreement of the concerned administration(s).

5 The potentially concerned administrations referred to in the previous item 4 are those where fixed or mobile services are allocated on a primary basis in the Table of Frequency Allocations of the Radio Regulations:

| Frequency bands | Potentially concerned administrations |
|-----------------|--|
| 5 925-6 425 MHz | All three Regions |
| 14-14.25 GHz | Countries listed in No. 5.505 , except those listed in No. 5.506B |
| 14.25-14.3 GHz | Countries listed in Nos. 5.505 , 5.508 and 5.509 , except those listed in No. 5.506B |
| 14.3-14.4 GHz | Regions 1 and 3, except countries listed in No. 5.506B |
| 14.4-14.5 GHz | All three Regions, except countries listed in No. 5.506B |

6 The ESV system shall include means of identification and mechanisms to immediately cease emissions, whenever the station does not operate in compliance with the provisions of items 2 and 4 above.

7 Cessation of emissions as referred to in item 6 above shall be implemented in such a way that the corresponding mechanisms cannot be bypassed on board the vessel, except under the provisions of No. **4.9**.

- 8 ESVs shall be equipped so as to:
- enable the licensing administration under the provisions of Article 18 to verify earth station performance; and
- enable the cessation of ESV emissions immediately upon request by an administration whose services may be affected.

9 Each licence-holder shall provide a point of contact to the administration with which agreements have been reached for the purpose of reporting unacceptable interference caused by the ESV.

10 When ESVs operating beyond the territorial sea but within the minimum distance (as referred to in item 4 above) fail to comply with the terms required by the concerned administration pursuant to items 2 and 4, then that administration may:

- request the ESV to comply with such terms or cease operation immediately; or
- request the licensing administration to require such compliance or immediate cessation of the operation.

ANNEX 2 TO RESOLUTION 902 (WRC-03)

Technical limitations applicable to ESVs transmitting in the bands 5925-6425 MHz and 14-14.5 GHz

| | 5 925-6 425 MHz | 14-14.5 GHz |
|--|-----------------|--------------------|
| Minimum diameter of ESV antenna | 2.4 m | 1.2 m ¹ |
| Tracking accuracy of ESV antenna | ±0.2° (peak) | ±0.2° (peak) |
| Maximum ESV e.i.r.p. spectral density toward the horizon | 17 dB(W/MHz) | 12.5 dB(W/MHz) |
| Maximum ESV e.i.r.p. towards the horizon | 20.8 dBW | 16.3 dBW |
| Maximum off-axis e.i.r.p. density ² | See below | See below |

¹ While operations within the minimum distances are subject to specific agreement with concerned administrations, licensing administrations may authorize the deployment of smaller antenna sizes down to 0.6 m at 14 GHz provided that the interference to the terrestrial services is no greater than that which would be caused with an antenna size of 1.2 m, taking into account Recommendation ITU-R SF.1650. In any case, the use of smaller antenna size shall be in compliance with the tracking accuracy of ESV antenna, maximum ESV e.i.r.p. spectral density toward the horizon, maximum ESV e.i.r.p. towards the horizon and maximum off-axis e.i.r.p. density limits in the Table above and the protection requirements of the FSS intersystem coordination agreements.

² In any case, the e.i.r.p. off-axis limits shall be compliant with the FSS intersystem coordination agreements that may agree to more stringent off-axis e.i.r.p. levels.

Off-axis limits

For earth stations on board vessels operating in the 5925-6425 MHz band, at any angle φ specified below, off the main-lobe axis of an earth-station antenna, the maximum e.i.r.p. in any direction within 3° of the GSO shall not exceed the following values:

5 925-6 425 MHz

| Angle off-axis | Maximum e.i.r.p. per 4 kHz ban | | | |
|------------------------------------|--------------------------------|----------|-------------|--|
| $2.5^\circ \leq \phi \leq 7^\circ$ | (32 – 25 | log φ) | dB(W/4 kHz) | |
| $7^{\circ} < \phi \le 9.2^{\circ}$ | 11 | dB(W/4 k | Hz) | |
| $9.2^\circ < \phi \le 48^\circ$ | (35 – 25 | log φ) | dB(W/4 kHz) | |
| $48^\circ < \phi \le 180^\circ$ | -7 | dB(W/4 k | Hz) | |

For ESV operating in the 14.0-14.5 GHz band, at any angle φ specified below, off the main-lobe axis of an earth station antenna, the maximum e.i.r.p. in any direction within 3° of the GSO shall not exceed the following values:

14.0-14.5 GHz

| An | gle off-axis | Maximu | m e.i.r.p. i | n any 40 kHz band |
|------|----------------------------|----------|---------------|-------------------|
| 2° | $\leq \phi \leq 7^{\circ}$ | (33 – 25 | $\log \phi$) | dB(W/40 kHz) |
| 7° | $<\phi \le 9.2^\circ$ | 12 | dB(W/40 | kHz) |
| 9.2° | $<\phi \leq 48^\circ$ | (36 – 25 | $\log \phi$) | dB(W/40 kHz) |
| 48° | $<\phi \leq 180^\circ$ | -6 | dB(W/40 | kHz) |

RESOLUTION 950 (WRC-03)

Consideration of the use of the frequencies between 275 and 3000 GHz

The World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003),

considering

a) that, in the Table of Frequency Allocations, frequency bands above 275 GHz are not allocated;

b) that, notwithstanding *considering a*), No. **5.565** makes provision for the use of the frequency band 275-1000 GHz for the development of various passive services and all other services and recognizes the need to conduct further experimentation and research;

c) that No. **5.565** also makes provision for the protection of passive services until such time as the Table of Frequency Allocations may be extended;

d) that, in addition to the spectral lines identified by No. **5.565**, research activities in the bands above 275 GHz may yield other spectral lines of interest, such as those listed in Recommendation ITU-R RA.314;

e) that within various ITU-R study groups, studies on systems between 275 and 3 000 GHz, including system characteristics of suitable applications, are being considered;

f) that the present use of the bands between 275 and 3 000 GHz is mainly related to the passive services, however, with anticipated technology development, the bands may become increasingly important for suitable active service applications;

g) that sharing studies in ITU-R among passive services and all other services operating in frequencies between 275 and 3 000 GHz have not been completed,

recognizing

a) that propagation characteristics at frequencies above 275 GHz, such as atmospheric absorption and scattering, have a significant impact on the performance of both active and passive systems and need to be studied;

b) that it is necessary to investigate further the potential uses of the bands between 275 and 3 000 GHz by suitable applications,

noting

a) that significant infrastructure investments are being made under international collaboration for the use of these bands between 275 and 3 000 GHz, for example, the Atacama Large Millimetre Array (ALMA), a facility under construction that will provide new insights on the structure of the universe;

b) that BR Circular Letter CR/137 identified additional information for the Radiocommunication Bureau to record characteristics of active and passive sensors for Earth exploration-satellite service and space research service satellites, in frequency bands below 275 GHz,

further noting

a) that a process and format similar to that provided in *noting b)* could be used to record systems operating in the 275 to 3 000 GHz band;

b) that recording active and passive systems operating in the 275 to 3 000 GHz band will provide information until the date when it is determined that changes to the Radio Regulations are needed,

resolves

1 to consider at WRC-10 frequency allocations between 275 GHz and 3000 GHz taking into account the result of the ITU-R studies;

2 that administrations may submit for inclusion in the Master International Frequency Register details on systems which operate between 275 and 3000 GHz and which may be recorded by the Radiocommunication Bureau under Nos. **8.4**, **11.8** and **11.12**,

invites ITU-R

to conduct the necessary studies in time for consideration by WRC-10 with a view to the modification of No. **5.565** or the possible extension of the Table of Frequency Allocations above 275 GHz, including advice on the applications suitable for such bands,

instructs the Director of the Radiocommunication Bureau

to accept submissions referred to in *resolves* 2, and to record them in the Master International Frequency Register.

RESOLUTION 951 (WRC-03)

Options to improve the international spectrum regulatory framework

The World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003),

considering

a) that spectrum is a finite resource and there is a continued increase in demand for radiocommunications;

b) that there is also an increasing number and diversity of applications that need to be accommodated in the radio spectrum;

c) that there is a keen interest in the rational, efficient and economic use of spectrum;

d) that by segregating bands for different radiocommunication services the best outcome in terms of spectrum efficiency may not be achieved;

e) that applications are emerging in which elements of different radiocommunication services (as defined in the Radio Regulations) are combined;

f) that there is a convergence of radio technologies, inasmuch as the same radio technology can be used in systems that operate in different radiocommunication services or with different allocation status (primary or secondary);

g) that similar data rates and quality of service attributes are available with different radiocommunication systems operating in different radiocommunication services;

h) that the use of modern underlying communication architectures and protocols, such as those used in packet radio systems, enables the concurrent provision of different applications from the same platform operating in the same frequency bands;

i) that evolving and emerging radiocommunication technologies may enable sharing with different existing technologies across different allocations over the traditional band segmentations;

j) that these evolving and emerging technologies may not require band segmentation within the traditional spectrum allocation framework;

k) that these or other evolving and emerging technologies may lead to more frequency-agile and interference-tolerant equipment and consequently to more flexible use of spectrum;

l) that some administrations are considering a flexible allocation framework with the aim of more efficient utilization of the spectrum on a national basis,

noting

that the purpose of the Radio Regulations is to ensure a framework for the effective management and use of spectrum and not to constrain the development of existing or new applications and technologies,

resolves

that studies be carried out by ITU-R to examine the effectiveness, appropriateness and impact of the Radio Regulations, with respect to the evolution of existing, emerging and future applications, systems and technologies, and to identify options for improvements in the Radio Regulations that address the *considering* and *noting* above,

instructs the Director of the Radiocommunication Bureau

to include the results of these studies in his Report to WRC-07 for the purposes of considering whether to place this subject on a future conference agenda,

invites administrations

to participate actively in the studies by submitting contributions to ITU-R.

RESOLUTION 952 (WRC-03)

Studies regarding devices using ultra-wideband technology

The World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003),

considering

a) that studies on devices using ultra-wideband technology (UWB) are ongoing in ITU-R;

b) that UWB devices could produce unacceptable degradation in frequency bands allocated to radiocommunication services, according to the performance and availability requirements of those services;

c) that UWB devices are radio transmitters or receivers or both and hence are not considered as Industrial, Scientific and Medical (ISM) applications under No. **1.15**,

recognizing

that UWB technology holds promise for an array of new applications that may provide benefits for users,

resolves to invite ITU-R

to continue its studies relating to devices using UWB technology in order to ensure adequate protection of radiocommunication services,

instructs the Director of the Radiocommunication Bureau

- to draw the attention of the Comité International Spécial des Perturbations Radioélectriques (CISPR) to the definition of ISM applications under No. 1.15;
- to invite CISPR to use this definition in CISPR Publication 11 until a new definition is developed in ITU-R in collaboration with CISPR;
- to inform CISPR that UWB devices which are radio transmitters or receivers or both and hence not considered as ISM applications by the ITU-R, are currently under study in ITU-R.

RECOMMENDATION 37 (WRC-03)

Operational procedures for earth stations on board vessels (ESVs) use

The World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003),

considering

a) that under the provisions of Resolution **902 (WRC-03)** transmissions from ESVs within the distances defined in item 4 of Annex 1 of Resolution **902 (WRC-03)** should be based upon prior agreement of concerned administrations;

b) that it is desirable to provide guidance on activities to achieve such prior agreement with concerned administrations;

c) that such guidance should include the operational procedures for ESV use,

recommends

that operation of ESVs follow the procedures set forth in the Annex.

ANNEX 1 TO RECOMMENDATION 37 (WRC-03)

Operational procedures for ESV use

A Initiation of contact

The ESV licensing administration or the licence-holder should contact, in advance of ESV operations within the minimum distances, the concerned administration(s) to obtain agreements that will establish the technical bases for avoiding unacceptable interference to the terrestrial facilities of the concerned administration or administrations.

The minimum distances and concerned administrations are defined in items 4 and 5 of Annex 1 of Resolution **902 (WRC-03)**, respectively.

B Recommended actions of licensing administrations, licence-holders and concerned administrations

- The licensing administration or the licence-holder should provide the technical and operational parameters required by the concerned administration, among them, if required, information on the movement of the ship(s) equipped with ESVs within the minimum distances.
- Concerned administrations that wish to permit the operation of ESVs should determine if they have terrestrial stations that could be affected by ESV operations with a view to identifying possible frequencies for ESV use that would avoid potential interference.

C Frequency use arrangements

National practices, as well as applicable Recommendations of ITU-R (such as ITU-R S.1587, ITU-R SF.1585, ITU-R SF.1648, ITU-R SF.1649, ITU-R SF.1650), may be used in reaching frequency usage arrangements.

D Avoidance of unacceptable interference

According to Annex 1 of Resolution **902 (WRC-03)** the ESV licensing administration shall ensure that such stations do not cause unacceptable interference to the services of other concerned administrations. In the event that unacceptable interference occurs, the licence-holder must eliminate the source of any interference from its station immediately upon being advised of such interference. Additionally, the licence-holder shall immediately terminate transmissions at the request of either the concerned administration or the ESV licensing administration if either administration determines that the ESV is causing unacceptable interference or is otherwise not being operated in compliance with the operating agreement.

RECOMMENDATION 75 (WRC-03)

Study of the boundary between the out-of-band and spurious domains of primary radars using magnetrons

The World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003),

considering

a) that the principal objective of Appendix **3** is to specify the maximum permitted level of unwanted emissions in the spurious domain;

b) that the out-of-band and spurious domains of an emission are defined in Article 1;

c) that Recommendation ITU-R SM.1541 specifies the boundary between the out-ofband and spurious domains for primary radars, and that the boundary is related to the emission mask based on the -40 dB bandwidth;

d) that Appendix **3** refers to Recommendation ITU-R SM.1541;

e) that the measurement method for unwanted emissions of radars is described in Recommendation ITU-R M.1177,

recognizing

a) that § 3.3 of Annex 1 in Recommendation ITU-R SM.1539-1 mentions that the specification of the boundary between the out-of-band and spurious domains of primary radars is subject to ongoing studies in ITU-R and that there would be benefit in having these completed by the next Radiocommunication Assembly;

b) that there is a possibility that calculated values for the -40 dB bandwidth related to unwanted emissions of primary radars using magnetrons underestimate the actual bandwidth,

recommends

1 that ITU-R study calculation methods for the -40 dB bandwidth necessary for the determination of the boundary between the spurious and out-of-band domains of primary radars using magnetrons;

2 that ITU-R establish improved measurement methods for unwanted emissions of primary radars using magnetrons,

invites administrations

to participate actively in the above studies by submitting contributions to ITU-R.

RECOMMENDATION 100 (Rev.WRC-03)

Preferred frequency bands for systems using tropospheric scatter

The World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003),

considering

a) the technical and operational difficulties pointed out by Recommendation ITU-R F.698 in the frequency bands shared by tropospheric scatter systems, space systems and other terrestrial systems;

b) the additional allocation of frequency bands made by WARC-79 and WARC-92 for the space services in view of their increasing development;

c) that the Radiocommunication Bureau requires administrations to supply specific information on systems using tropospheric scatter in order to verify compliance with certain provisions of the Radio Regulations (such as Nos. **5.410** and **21.16.3**),

recognizing nevertheless

that, to meet certain telecommunication requirements, administrations will wish to continue using tropospheric scatter systems,

noting

that the proliferation of such systems in all frequency bands and particularly in those shared with space systems is bound to aggravate an already difficult situation,

recommends that administrations

1 for the assignment of frequencies to new stations in systems using tropospheric scatter, take into account the latest information prepared by ITU-R to ensure that systems established in the future use a limited number of certain frequency bands;

2 in frequency assignment notifications to the Bureau, indicate expressly whether they relate to stations of tropospheric scatter systems.

RECOMMENDATION 517 (Rev.WRC-03)

Relative RF protection ratio values for single-sideband emissions in the HF bands allocated to the broadcasting service

The World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003),

considering

a) that WRC-97 adopted Article **12** as the seasonal planning procedure for the HF bands allocated to the broadcasting service;

b) that this procedure is based principally on the use of double-sideband (DSB) emissions;

c) that the RF co-channel protection ratio is one of the fundamental planning parameters;

d) that this Conference has adopted Resolution **517 (Rev.WRC-03)** relating to the introduction of digitally modulated and single-sideband (SSB) emissions in the HF bands allocated to the broadcasting service;

e) that the SSB system characteristics for HF broadcasting are contained in Appendix 11;

f) that studies have shown that SSB emissions may require a lower RF co-channel protection ratio for the same reception quality,

recommends

that, in the preparation of the relevant Rules of Procedure for the application of Article **12**, the Bureau should use the values of relative RF protection ratio given in the Annex to this Recommendation relating to SSB and DSB emissions in the HF bands allocated to the broadcasting service.

ANNEX TO RECOMMENDATION 517 (Rev.WRC-03)

Relative RF protection ratio values

1 The values of relative RF protection ratio given in the table should be used whenever SSB emissions in conformity with the specification in Appendix **11** are involved in the use of the HF bands allocated to the broadcasting service.

2 For the reception of DSB and SSB (6 dB carrier reduction relative to peak envelope power) wanted signals, a conventional DSB receiver with envelope detection designed for a channel spacing of 10 kHz is assumed.

3 SSB signals with 6 dB carrier reduction relative to peak envelope power assume equivalent sideband power as specified in Appendix **11**, Part B, § 1.2.

4 The figures for case 2 in the following Table relate to a situation where the centre frequency of the intermediate frequency pass-band of the DSB receiver is tuned to the carrier frequency of the wanted SSB signal. If this is not the case, the value for a difference of +5 kHz may increase to -1 dB.

| | Wanted signal | Unwanted signal | Carrier frequency separation f unwanted – f wanted, Δf (kHz) | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|--|-----|-----|----|---|----|-----|-----|-----|
| | Wanted Signal | Unwanted signal | -20 | -15 | -10 | -5 | 0 | +5 | +10 | +15 | +20 |
| 1 | DSB | SSB (6 dB carrier reduction relative to p.e.p.) | -51 | -46 | -32 | +1 | 3 | -2 | -32 | -46 | -51 |
| 2 | SSB (6 dB carrier reduction relative to p.e.p.) | DSB | -54 | -49 | -35 | -3 | 0 | -3 | -35 | -49 | -54 |
| 3 | SSB (6 dB carrier reduction relative to p.e.p.) | SSB (6 dB carrier reduction relative to p.e.p.) | -51 | -46 | -32 | +1 | 0 | -2 | -32 | -46 | -51 |

| Relative RF protection ratio values with reference to the co-channel RF protection ratio |
|--|
| for DSB wanted and unwanted signals (dB) ¹ for use in the HF bands |
| allocated to the broadcasting service |

¹ Frequency separation Δf less than -20 kHz, as well as Δf greater than 20 kHz, need not be considered.

RECOMMENDATION 608 (WRC-03)

Guidelines for consultation meetings established in Resolution 609 (WRC-03)

The World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003),

considering

a) that in accordance with the Radio Regulations (RR), the band 960-1215 MHz is allocated on a primary basis to the aeronautical radionavigation service (ARNS) in all the ITU Regions;

b) that WRC-2000 introduced a co-primary allocation for the radionavigation-satellite service (RNSS) in the frequency band 1164-1215 MHz (subject to the conditions specified under No. **5.328A**), with a provisional limit on the aggregate pfd produced by all the space stations within all radionavigation-satellite systems at the Earth's surface of $-115 \text{ dB}(\text{W/m}^2)$ in any 1 MHz band for all angles of arrival;

c) that this Conference revised this provisional limit and decided that the level of $-121.5 \text{ dB}(\text{W/m}^2)$ in any 1 MHz for the aggregate equivalent power flux-density (epfd) applying for all the space stations within all RNSS systems, taking into account the reference worst-case ARNS system antenna characteristics described in Annex 2 of Recommendation ITU-R M.1642, is adequate to ensure the protection of the ARNS in the band 1164-1215 MHz;

d) that this Conference decided that to achieve the objectives in *resolves* 1 and 2 of Resolution **609** (**WRC-03**), administrations operating or planning to operate RNSS systems will need to agree cooperatively through consultation meetings to achieve the level of protection for ARNS systems, and shall establish mechanisms to ensure that all potential RNSS system operators are given full visibility of the process but that only real systems are taken into account in the calculation of the aggregate epfd,

recommends

1 that in the implementation of *resolves* 5 of Resolution **609** (WRC-03), in the frequency band 1164-1215 MHz, the maximum pfd produced at the surface of the Earth by emissions from a space station in the RNSS, for all angles of arrival, should not exceed $-129 \text{ dB}(W/m^2)$ in any 1 MHz band under free space propagation conditions;

2 that the RNSS characteristics listed in the Annex 1, used when applying the methodology contained in Recommendation ITU-R M.1642, as well as the calculated aggregate epfd in $dB(W/m^2)$ in each 1 MHz in the range 1164-1215 MHz, should be made available in electronic format by the consultation meetings.

ANNEX 1 TO RECOMMENDATION 608 (WRC-03)

List of RNSS system characteristics and format of the result of the aggregate epfd calculation to be provided to the Radiocommunication Bureau for publication for information

I RNSS systems characteristics

I-1 RNSS ITU publication reference

| RNSS network name | Network ID | ITU Publication reference | IFIC |
|-------------------|------------|---------------------------|------|
| | | AR11/A/ | |
| | | API/A/ | |
| | | AR11/C/ | |
| | | CR/C/ | |

I-2 Non-GSO satellite system constellation parameters

For each non-GSO satellite system, the following constellation parameters should be provided to the Bureau for publication for information:

- N: number of space stations of the non-GSO system
- *K*: number of orbital planes
- *h*: satellite altitude above the Earth (km)
- *I*: inclination angle of the orbital plane above the Equator (degrees).

| Satellite index I | RAAN Ω _{i,0} (degrees) | Argument of latitude $E_{i,0}$ (degrees) |
|----------------------|------------------------------------|--|
| 1 | | |
| 2 | | |
| | | |
| N | | |

I-3 GSO satellite system longitude

For each GSO satellite network, the satellite longitude should be provided to the Bureau for publication for information, as follows:

LonGSO_i: longitude of each of the GSO satellites (degrees).

I-4 Maximum non-GSO space station pfd versus the elevation angle at the Earth's surface (worst 1 MHz)

For the non-GSO satellite system space stations, the maximum pfd in the worst 1 MHz versus elevation angle should be provided to the Bureau for publication for information in a

table format as follows:

| Elevation angle (each 1°) | pfd (dB(W/(m ² · MHz))) |
|------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| -4 | pfd (-4°) |
| -3 | pfd (-3°) |
| | |
| | |
| 90 | pfd (-90°) |

I-5 Maximum GSO space station pfd versus latitude and longitude at the Earth's surface (worst 1 MHz)

For each GSO satellite network space station, the maximum pfd in the worst 1 MHz, defined as the 1 MHz in which the pfd of the signal is maximum versus latitude and longitude should be provided to the Bureau for publication for information in a table format as follows:

| Longitude (each 1°) | 0 | 1 | | 360 | | | |
|---------------------|--|---|--|---------------|--|--|--|
| Latitude (each 1°) | Maximum pfd dB(W/m ²) in worst 1 MHz | | | | | | |
| -90 | pfd (0, -90) | | | | | | |
| -89 | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| 90 | | | | pfd (360, 90) | | | |

I-6 Spectrum for GSO satellite networks or non-GSO satellite systems

For each GSO satellite network or non-GSO satellite system, the level of spectrum emission in each 1 MHz relative to the spectrum value at the worst 1 MHz of the whole band (1164-1215 MHz) should also be provided to the Bureau for publication for information.

II Results of the aggregate epfd calculation in the worst MHz of the 1164-1215 MHz band

Maximum aggregate epfd in $dB(W\!/\!m^2)$ in the worst-case megahertz in the range 1164-1215 MHz.

RECOMMENDATION 722 (WRC-03)

Review of technical, operational and frequency issues for terrestrial wireless interactive multimedia applications on a global basis

The World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003),

considering

a) the technical evolution taking place in several areas of telecommunications;

b) the ongoing convergence between some applications of the fixed, mobile and broadcasting services;

c) the emergence of interactive multimedia applications to be delivered by wireless;

d) the desirability of finding global solutions for terrestrial wireless interactive multimedia applications,

noting

a) the historical practice of frequency segmentation, particularly the differences between Regions, but also segmentation between services, in the Table of Frequency Allocations (Article **5**);

b) Recommendation **34** (WRC-95), derived from the recommendations of the Voluntary Group of Experts (VGE) for the study of alternative allocation methods, merging of services, etc., which sets the objectives of allocating frequency bands on a worldwide basis and to the most broadly defined services, wherever possible;

c) Resolution 9 (Rev.Istanbul, 2002) of the World Telecommunication Development Conference, calling for active participation by the developing countries in the review of global spectrum requirements for new technologies;

d) that terrestrial wireless interactive multimedia applications are capable of supporting the bidirectional exchange of information between users or between users and servers and may be implemented within one or more of the mobile, fixed and broadcasting services;

e) that ITU-R Study Groups are currently addressing the relevant issues, including, *inter alia*, the digitization of broadcasting services and studies on spectrum requirements,

recognizing

a) the time necessary to develop and agree on the technical, operational and spectrum issues, and to resolve any regulatory impediments that may exist, associated with the introduction of multimedia wireless applications on a global basis;

b) the need to further define and develop the terrestrial wireless interactive multimedia concept, and applications that may be delivered by fixed, mobile and broadcasting networks;

c) that, for international operation and economies of scale, it is desirable to agree on the technical, operational and spectrum-related parameters of systems;

d) that spectrum studies are a prerequisite for the technological and economic success of multimedia wireless applications,

recommends that ITU-R

1 continue its studies on the technical, operational and frequency issues and identify any regulatory impediments that may arise in relation to the introduction of terrestrial wireless interactive multimedia applications on a global basis;

2 prepare Reports and Recommendations as necessary,

invites administrations

to participate in these studies by submitting contributions to ITU-R.

RECOMMENDATION 723 (WRC-03)

Spectrum usage and operational characteristics of electronic news gathering systems

The World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003),

considering

a) that the use of portable and nomadic microwave radio equipment operating in appropriate fixed and mobile service bands commonly described as electronic news gathering (ENG) is now an important element in comprehensive news coverage by broadcasters;

b) that the growth of the use of the frequency bands between 500 MHz and 10 GHz for mobile, satellite and other radiocommunication applications has significantly reduced the flexibility of some administrations in providing adequate and appropriate spectrum to meet the needs of broadcasters including the temporary needs of visiting broadcasters of other administrations;

c) that digitization may provide an opportunity for more efficient spectrum usage for ENG that could assist with meeting a growing demand for spectrum by these systems;

d) that availability of relevant ITU publications on ENG can assist administrations in addressing ENG operations in their spectrum planning;

e) that it is desirable that administrations have available appropriate ITU-R Reports and Recommendations addressing the different technical and operational characteristics of applications using the fixed and mobile bands when developing proposals to WRCs addressing those bands,

recommends that ITU-R

1 continue the study, as a matter of urgency, of the technical, operational and frequency issues of ENG on a global basis;

2 prepare Reports and/or Recommendations as appropriate,

invites the Director of the Radiocommunication Bureau

to include the status of this study in his Report to WRC-07 for information,

invites administrations

to participate in this study by submitting contributions.

RECOMMENDATION 800 (WRC-03)

Principles for establishing agendas for world radiocommunication conferences

The World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 2003),

considering

a) that, in accordance with No. 118 of the ITU Convention, the general scope of the agendas for world radiocommunication conferences (WRCs) should be established four to six years in advance;

b) Article 13 of the ITU Constitution relating to the competence and scheduling of WRCs and Article 7 of the Convention relating to their agendas;

c) that No. 92 of the Constitution and Nos. 488 and 489 of the Convention require conferences to be fiscally responsible;

d) that in Resolution 71 (Rev. Marrakesh, 2002), concerning the strategic plan of the Union, the Plenipotentiary Conference noted the increasingly complex and lengthy agendas for world radiocommunication conferences;

e) that Resolution 80 (Rev. Marrakesh, 2002) of the Plenipotentiary Conference and Resolution **72 (WRC-2000)** recognize the positive contribution of regional and informal groups and the need for improved efficiency and fiscal prudence;

f) the relevant Resolutions of previous WRCs,

noting

a) that the number of issues addressed in agendas for WRCs has been growing, and that some issues could not be resolved adequately in the time allotted to the Conference, including conference preparations;

b) that some agenda items may have a greater impact on the future of radiocommunications than others;

c) that the human and financial resources of ITU are limited;

d) that there is a need to limit the agenda of conferences, taking account of the needs of developing countries, in a manner that allows the major issues to be dealt with equitably and efficiently,

recommends

1 that the principles in Annex 1 should be used when developing future WRC agendas;

2 that the template in Annex 2 should be used in proposing agenda items for WRCs,

invites administrations

to participate in regional activities for the preparation of future WRC agendas.

ANNEX 1 TO RECOMMENDATION 800 (WRC-03)

Principles for establishing agendas for WRCs

A conference agenda shall include:

- 1) items assigned to it by the ITU Plenipotentiary Conference;
- 2) items on which the Director of the Radiocommunication Bureau has been requested to report;
- 3) items concerning instructions to the Radio Regulations Board and the Radiocommunication Bureau regarding their activities, and concerning the review of those activities.

In general, a conference may include on a future conference agenda an item proposed by a group of administrations or an administration, if all the following conditions are met:

- 1) it addresses issues of a worldwide or regional character;
- 2) it is expected that changes in the Radio Regulations, including WRC Resolutions and Recommendations, may be necessary;
- 3) it is expected that required studies can be completed (e.g. that appropriate ITU-R Recommendations will be approved) prior to that conference;
- 4) resources associated with the subject are kept within a range which is manageable for Member States and Sector Members, the Radiocommunication Bureau and ITU-R Study Groups, Conference Preparatory Meeting (CPM) and the Special Committee.

To the extent possible, agenda items arising from previous conferences, normally reflected in Resolutions, and which have been considered by two successive conferences, should not be considered, unless justified.

In developing the conference agenda, efforts should be made to:

- *a)* encourage regional and interregional coordination on the subjects to be considered in the preparatory process for the WRC, in accordance with Resolution **72 (Rev.WRC-2000)** and Resolution 80 (Rev. Marrakesh, 2002) of the Plenipotentiary Conference;
- b) include, to the extent possible, agenda items that are proposed through regional groups, taking into account the equal right of individual administrations to submit proposals for agenda items;
- c) ensure that proposals are submitted with an indication of priority;

- *d*) include in proposals an assessment of their financial and other resource implications (with the assistance of the Radiocommunication Bureau) to ensure that they are within the agreed budgetary limits for ITU-R;
- e) ensure that the objectives and scope of proposed agenda items are complete and unambiguous;
- *f)* take into account the status of the ITU-R studies related to the potential agenda items before considering them as possible candidates for future agendas;
- *g)* distinguish between items intended to result in changes to the Radio Regulations and those dealing solely with the progress of studies.

ANNEX 2 TO RECOMMENDATION 800 (WRC-03)

Template for the submission of proposals for agenda items

Subject:

Origin:

Proposal:

Background/reason:

Radiocommunication services concerned:

Indication of possible difficulties:

Previous/ongoing studies on the issue:

| Studies to be carried out by: | with the participation of: |
|-------------------------------|----------------------------|
| | |

ITU-R Study Groups concerned:

ITU resource implications, including financial implications (refer to CV126):

Common regional proposal: Yes/No

Multicountry proposal: Yes/No *Number of countries:*