

TELECOMMUNICATION STANDARDIZATION SECTOR OF ITU



SERIES H: AUDIOVISUAL AND MULTIMEDIA SYSTEMS

E-health multimedia services and applications – Interoperability compliance testing of personal health systems (HRN, PAN, LAN, TAN and WAN)

Conformance of ITU-T H.810 personal health devices: WAN interface Part 1: Web services interoperability: Sender

Recommendation ITU-T H.830.1

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Recommendation ITU-T H.830.1

Conformance of ITU-T H.810 personal health devices: WAN interface Part 1: Web services interoperability: Sender

Summary

Recommendation ITU-T H.830.1 is a transposition of Continua Test Tool DG2013, Test Suite Structure & Test Purposes, WAN Interface; Part 1: Web Services Interoperability. Sender (Version 1.4, 2014-01-24), that was developed by the Continua Health Alliance. A number of versions of this specification existed before transposition.

This Recommendation includes an electronic attachment with the protocol implementation conformance statements (PICS) and the protocol implementation extra information for testing (PIXIT) required for the implementation of Annex A.

This Recommendation was initially approved as ITU-T H.831 (01/2015) and later renumbered, without further modifications, as ITU-T H.830.1 (01/2015) for consistency with the numbering of new WAN interface conformance testing specifications.

History

Edition	Recommendation	Approval	Study Group	Unique ID*
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1.0	ITU-T H.830.1	2015-01-13	16	11.1002/1000/12587

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^{*} To access the Recommendation, type the URL http://handle.itu.int/ in the address field of your web browser, followed by the Recommendation's unique ID. For example, <u>http://handle.itu.int/11.1002/1000/11</u> <u>830-en</u>.

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Electronic attachment: Electronic attachment with the protocol implementation conformance statements (PICS) and the protocol implementation extra information for testing (PIXIT) required for the implementation of Annex A.

Introduction

This Recommendation is a transposition of Continua Test Tool DG2013, Test Suite Structure & Test Purposes, WAN Interface; Part 1: Web Services Interoperability. Sender (Version 1.4, 2014-01-24), that was developed by the Continua Health Alliance. A number of versions of this specification existed before transposition and these can be found in the table below.

Version	Date	Revision history
1.2	2012-10-05	Initial release for Test Tool DG2011. It is the same version as "TSS&TP_1.5_WAN_PART_1_(SEN WS-I)_v1.2.doc" because new features included in [b-CDG 2011] do not affect the test procedures specified in this document.
1.3	2013-05-24	Initial release for Test Tool DG2012. It is the same version as "TSS&TP_DG2011_WAN_PART_1_(SEN WS-I)_v1.2.doc" because new features included in [b-CDG 2012] do not affect the test procedures specified in this document.
1.4	2014-01-24	Initial release for Test Tool DG2013. It is the same version as "TSS&TP_DG2012_WAN_PART_1_(SEN WS-I)_v1.2.doc" because new features included in CDG 2013 [ITU-T H.810] do not affect the test procedures specified in this document.

Recommendation ITU-T H.830.1

Conformance of ITU-T H.810 personal health devices: WAN interface Part 1: Web services interoperability: Sender

1 Scope

The scope of this Recommendation¹ is to provide a test suite structure and the test purposes (TSS & TP) for the WAN interface based on the requirements defined in Continua specifications. The objective of this test specification is to provide a high probability of air interface interoperability between different devices.

TSS & TP for the WAN interface document has been divided into a set of eight parts. Each part contains:

- Part 1: Web Services Interoperability. Sender
- Part 2: Web Services Interoperability. Receiver
- Part 3: SOAP/ATNA. Sender
- Part 4: SOAP/ATNA. Receiver
- Part 5: PCD-01 HL7 Messages. Sender
- Part 6: PCD-01 HL7 Messages. Receiver
- Part 7: Consent Management. Sender
- Part 8: Consent Management. Receiver

2 References

The following ITU-T Recommendations and other references contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of this Recommendation. At the time of publication, the editions indicated were valid. All Recommendations and other references are subject to revision; users of this Recommendation are therefore encouraged to investigate the possibility of applying the most recent edition of the Recommendations and other references listed below. A list of the currently valid ITU-T Recommendations is regularly published. The reference to a document within this Recommendation does not give it, as a stand-alone document, the status of a Recommendation.

[ITU-T H.810] Recommendation ITU-T H.810 (2013), *Interoperability design guidelines for personal health systems*.

[IEEE 11073-20601A] IEEE 11073-20601A-2010, IEEE Health informatics – Personal health device communication – Part 20601: Application profile – Optimized Exchange Protocol Amendment 1. <<u>http://standards.ieee.org/findstds/standard/11073-20601a-2010.html</u>>

- [OASIS/WS-I BP] OASIS/WS-I (2006), *Basic Security Profile Version 1.1.*
- [OASIS WS-I BSP] OASIS/WS-I (2007), *Basic Security Profile Version 1.0*. http://www.ws-i.org/Profiles/BasicSecurityProfile-1.0.html

[OASIS WS-I RM] OASIS (2007), Web Services Reliable Messaging (WS-ReliableMessaging) Version 1.1. http://docs.oasis-open.org/ws-rx/wsrm/200702/wsrm-1.1-spec-cs-01.pdf

¹ This Recommendation includes an electronic attachment with the protocol implementation extra information for testing (PIXIT) required for the implementation of Annex A.

3 Definitions

3.1 Terms defined elsewhere

3.1.1 agent [IEEE 11073-20601A]: A node that collects and transmits personal health data to an associated manager.

3.1.2 manager [IEEE 11073-20601A]: A node receiving data from one or more agent systems. Some examples of managers include a cellular phone, health appliance, set top box, or a computer system.

3.2 Terms defined in this Recommendation

None.

4 Abbreviations and acronyms

This Recommendation uses the following abbreviations and acronyms:

	Ç .
AHD	Application Hosting Device
ATS	Abstract Test Suite
ATNA	Audit Trail and Node Authentication
CDG	Continua Design Guidelines
DUT	Device Under Test
EPR	Endpoint Reference
GUI	Graphical User Interface
INR	International Normalized Ratio
IUT	Implementation Under Test
MDS	Medical Device System
NFC	Near Field Communication
PCO	Point of Control and Observation
PCT	Protocol Conformance Testing
PHD	Personal Healthcare Device
PHDC	Personal Healthcare Device Class
PHM	Personal Health Manager
PICS	Protocol Implementation Conformance Statement
PIXIT	Protocol Implementation extra Information for Testing
SDP	Service Discovery Protocol
SOAP	Simple Object Access Protocol
STR	Security Token Reference
TCRL	Test Case Reference List
TCWG	Test and Certification Working Group
TP	Test Purposes
URI	Uniform Resource Identifier

TSS	Test Suite Structure
USB	Universal Serial Bus
WAN	Wide Area Network
WD	WAN Device
WDM	Windows Driver Model
WS	Web Service
WSDL	Web Service Description Language
XML	extensible Markup Language

5 Conventions

The key words "SHALL", "SHALL NOT", "SHOULD", "SHOULD NOT", "MAY", "MAY NOT" in this document are to be interpreted as in [b-ETSI SR 001 262].

- SHALL is equivalent to 'must' or 'it is required to'.
- SHALL NOT is equivalent to 'must not' or 'it is not allowed'.
- SHOULD is equivalent to 'it is recommended to'.
- SHOULD NOT is equivalent to 'it is not recommended to'.
- MAY is equivalent to 'is permitted'.
- MAY NOT is equivalent to 'it is not required that'.

NOTE – The above-mentioned key words are capitalized for illustrative purposes only and they do not appear capitalized within this Recommendation.

Reference is made in the ITU-T H.800-series of Recommendations to different versions of the Continua design guidelines (CDG) by a specific designation. The list of terms that may be used in this Recommendation is provided in Table 1.

CDG name	Transposed as	Version	Description	Designation
2013 plus errata	ITU-T H.810	4.1	CDG 2013 plus errata noting all ratified bugs.	-
2013	_	4.0	Release 2013 of CDG including maintenance updates of the CDG 2012 and additional guidelines that cover new functionalities.	Endorphin
2012 plus errata	_	3.1	CDG 2012 plus errata noting all ratified bugs [b-CDG 2012].	_
2012	_	3.0	Release 2012 of the CDG including maintenance updates of CDG 2011 and additional guidelines that cover new functionalities.	Catalyst
2011 plus errata	_	2.1	CDG 2011 integrated with identified errata.	_
2011	_	2.0	Release 2011 of CDG including maintenance updates of CDG 2010 and additional guidelines that cover new functionalities [b-CDG 2011].	Adrenaline

Table 1 – List of designations associated to the various versions of the CDG

CDG name	Transposed as	Version	Description	Designation
2010 plus errata	_	1.6	CDG 2010 integrated with identified errata	_
2010	_	1.5	Release 2010 of CDG with maintenance updates of CDG Version 1 and additional guidelines that cover new functionalities [b-CDG 2010].	1.5
1.0	-	1.0	First released version of the CDG [b-CDG 1.0].	_

Table 1 – List of designations associated to the various versions of the CDG

6 Test suite structure (TSS)

The test purposes (TPs) for the WAN interface have been divided into the main subgroups specified below. Annex A describes the TPs for group 1.1 (shown in bold).

- Group 1: Sender (SEN)
 - Group 1.1: Web services interoperability (WSI)
 - Subgroup 1.1.1: Basic profile (BP)
 - Subgroup 1.1.2: Basic security profile (BSP)
 - Subgroup 1.1.3: Reliable messaging (RM)
 - Group 1.2: SOAP (SOAP)
 - Subgroup 1.2.1: SOAP headers (HEAD)
 - Group 1.3: Audit (ATNA)
 - Subgroup 1.3.1: General (GEN)
 - Subgroup 1.3.2: PCD-01 (PCD-01)
 - Subgroup 1.3.3: Consent management (CM)
 - Group 1.4: PCD-01 HL7 Messages (PCD-01-DATA)
 - Subgroup 1.4.1: General (GEN)
 - Subgroup 1.4.2: Design guidelines (DG)
 - Subgroup 1.4.3: Pulse oximeter (PO)
 - Subgroup 1.4.4: Blood pressure monitor (BPM)
 - Subgroup 1.4.5: Thermometer (TH)
 - Subgroup 1.4.6: Weighing scales (WEG)
 - Subgroup 1.4.7: Glucose meter (GL)
 - Subgroup 1.4.8: Cardiovascular fitness and activity monitor (CV)
 - Subgroup 1.4.9: Strength fitness equipment (ST)
 - Subgroup 1.4.10: Independent living activity hub (HUB)
 - Subgroup 1.4.11: Adherence monitor (AM)
 - Subgroup 1.4.12: Peak expiratory flow monitor (PF)
 - Subgroup 1.4.13: Body composition analyser (BCA)
 - Subgroup 1.4.14: Basic electrocardiograph (ECG)

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- Group 1.5: Consent management (CM)
 - Subgroup 1.5.1: WAN XDR transaction (TRANS)
 - Subgroup 1.5.2: WAN metadata validation (META)
 - Subgroup 1.5.3: WAN consent directive validation (CDV)
- Group 2: Receiver (REC)
 - Group 2.1: Web service interoperability (WSI)
 - Subgroup 2.1.1: Basic profile (BP)
 - Subgroup 2.1.2: Basic security profile (BSP)
 - Subgroup 2.1.3: Reliable messaging (RM)
 - Group 2.2: SOAP (SOAP)
 - Subgroup 2.2.1: SOAP headers (HEAD)
 - Group 2.3: Audit (ATNA)
 - Subgroup 2.3.1: General (GEN)
 - Subgroup 2.3.2: PCD-01 (PCD-01)
 - Subgroup 2.3.3: Consent management (CM)
 - Group 2.4: PCD-01 HL7 Messages (PCD-01-DATA)
 - Subgroup 2.4.1: General (GEN)
 - Subgroup 2.4.2: Design guidelines (DG)
 - Subgroup 2.4.3: Pulse oximeter (PO)
 - Subgroup 2.4.4: Blood pressure monitor (BPM)
 - Subgroup 2.4.5: Thermometer (TH)
 - Subgroup 2.4.6: Weighing scales (WEG)
 - Subgroup 2.4.7: Glucose meter (GL)
 - Subgroup 2.4.8: Cardiovascular fitness and activity monitor (CV)
 - Subgroup 2.4.9: Strength fitness equipment (ST)
 - Subgroup 2.4.10: Independent living activity hub (HUB)
 - Subgroup 2.4.11: Adherence monitor (AM)
 - Subgroup 2.4.12: Peak expiratory flow monitor (PF)
 - Subgroup 2.4.13: Body composition analyser (BCA)
 - Subgroup 2.4.14: Basic electrocardiograph (ECG)
 - Group 2.5: Consent management (CM)
 - Subgroup 2.5.1: WAN XDR transaction (TRANS)
 - Subgroup 2.5.2: WAN service validation (SER)

7 Electronic attachment

The protocol implementation conformance statements (PICS) and the protocol implementation extra information for testing (PIXIT) required for the implementation of Annex A can be downloaded from http://handle.itu.int/11.1002/2000/12067.

In the electronic attachment, letters "C" and "I" in the column labelled "Mandatory" are used to distinguish between "PICS" and "PIXIT" respectively during testing. If the cell is empty, the corresponding PICS is "independent". If the field contains a "C", the corresponding PICS is dependent on other PICS, and the logical expression is detailed in the "SCR_Expression" field. The static conformance review (SCR) is used in the test tool to assert whether the PICS selection is consistent.

Annex A

Test purposes (TP)

(This annex forms an integral part of this Recommendation.)

A.1 TP definition conventions

The test purposes are defined according to the following rules:

- **TP Id**: This is a unique identifier (TP/<TT>/<DUT>/<GR>/<SGR>/<XX> <NNN>). It is specified according to the naming convention defined below:
 - Each test purpose Identifier is introduced by the prefix "TP".
 - <TT>: This is the test tool that will be used in the test case.
 - WAN: Wide area network
 - <DUT>: This is the device under test.
 - SEN: WAN observation sender
 - REC: WAN observation receiver
 - GR>: This identifies a group of test cases.
 - SGR>: This identifies a subgroup of test cases.
 - <XX>: This identifies the type of testing.
 - BV: Valid Behaviour Test
 - BI: Invalid Behaviour Test
 - <NNN>: This is a sequential number that identifies the test purpose.
- **TP label**: This is the TP's title.
- **Coverage**: This contains the specification reference and clause to be checked by the TP.
 - Spec: This indicates the earliest version of the specification from which the testable items to be checked by the TP were included.
 - Testable item: This contains testable items to be checked by the TP.
- **Test purpose**: This is a description of the requirements to be tested.
- **Applicability**: This contains the PICS items that define if the test case is applicable or not for a specific device. When a TP contains an "ALL" in this field it means that it applies to the device under test within that scope of the test (specialization, transport used, etc.).
- **Initial condition**: This indicates the state to which the DUT needs to be moved at the beginning of TC execution.
- **Test procedure**: This describes the steps to be followed in order to execute the test case.
- **Pass/Fail criteria**: This provides criteria to decide whether the DUT passes or fails the test case.

A.2 Su	bgroup 1.	<u>.1.1 – Basic profile (BP</u>					
TP Id	PId TP/WAN/SEN/WSI/BP/BV-000						
TP label		SOAP Envelope Structure					
Coverage Spec		[OASIS/WS-I BP]					
	Testable	BP-R9980; M	BP-R9981; M	BP-R1014; M			
	items	BP-R1008; M	BP-R1009; M	BP-R1033; R			
		BP-R1032; M					
Applicability	1	C_SEN_000					
Initial condit	ion			many different services and the ent to the respective service according			
Test proced	ure	1. The sender under	test sends the SOAP messa	age to the receiver.			
		2. Check that the ca	ptured message has the follo	owing structure:			
		<soap:envelope 'namespace'=""></soap:envelope>					
		<soap:header></soap:header>					
		<soap:body></soap:body>					
		Here are the children of soap:envelope					
		where soap:Header is optional and it is recommended that the namespace is not http://www.w3.org/XML/1998/namespace.					
Pass/Fail cri	teria	Check that:					
		The message has	, in this order, an envelope, a	an optional header and a body.			
		The namespaces that appear in the soap message are qualified.					
		 Soap:envelope, soap:header and soap:body do not have attributes in the namespace http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/. 					
		There is no DTD or processing instructions in the envelope.					
		 The SOAP envelope's namespace is "http://www.w3.org/2003/05/soap-envelope" to support SOAP 1.2 [b-SOAP 1.2]. 					
Notes		BP-R2201 and BP-R2210 imply that there may be at most one child element of the soap:Body.					
		The referenced errata, NE05, would not be allowed by Continua (not compliant with the WS-I Profile).					

A.2 Subgroup 1.1.1 – Basic profile (BP)

TP ld		TP/WAN/	TP/WAN/SEN/WSI/BP/BV-001				
TP label		SOAP encodingStyle Attribute					
Coverage	Spec	[OASIS/W	[OASIS/WS-I BP]				
	Testable items	BP-R100	5; M	BP-R1006; M	BP-R1007; M		
Applicability		C_SEN_C	000				
Initial condit	ion	sender ur	ne simulated receiver has a WebService enabled with many different services and the ender under test has a SOAP message ready to be sent to the respective service according its needs.				
Test procedu	ure	1. Make the sender under test send a SOAP message.					
		2. Check within the captured message that:					
		a. the soap:encodingStyle attribute is present and the envelope contains:					
			a namespace	e which is not "http://schemas.>	mlsoap.org/soap/envelope/"		
			an element t	hat is not a child of soap:Body.			
		If an rpc-literal binding is used, check that the element is not a grandchild of soap:body.					
Pass/Fail cri	teria	ria If present, the soap:encodingStyle attribute is as specified within the test procedure above.					
Notes							

TP ld		TP/WAN/SEN/WSI/BP/BV-002				
TP label		Use of SOAP in H	se of SOAP in HTTP			
Coverage	Spec	[OASIS/WS-I BP]				
	Testable items	BP-R1132; M	BP-R1140; M			
Applicability	/	C_SEN_000				
Initial condi	tion	The simulated receiver has a WebService enabled and the sender under test is ready to send an HTTP request.				
Test proced	ure	 Make the sender under test send a message to the simulated receiver using the HTTP protocol. 				
		2. Check in the HTTP header of the captured message that:				
		a. the H	TTP version is 1.1			
		b. POST method is used.				
Pass/Fail criteria Check that all values are as specified in the HTTP header.			P header.			
Notes						

TP ld		TP/WAN/SEN/WSI/BP/BV-003				
TP label		HTTP Status Codes				
Coverage	Spec	[OASIS	/WS-I BP]			
	Testable items	BP-R11	31; O			
Applicability	/	C_SEN	_000			
Initial condi	tion	The simulated receiver has a WebService enabled with many different services and the sender under test has an HTTP request ready to be sent to the respective service according to its needs.				
Test proced	ure	1. Make the sender under test send an HTTP request to the receiver.				
		The simulated receiver responds with "307 Temporary Redirect" as the status code.				
		 If C_SEN_WSI_001=TRUE, the sender redirects the request, or else the sender does not redirect the request. 				
Pass/Fail criteria		If C_SEN_WSI_001=TRUE, the sender redirects the request to the http address indicated in the "307 Temporary Redirect" HTTP response.				
Notes						

TP ld		TP/WAN/SEN/WSI/BP/BV-004					
TP label		Messages using wsdl descriptions					
Coverage	Spec	[OASIS/\	VS-I BP]				
	Testable	BP-R221	1; M	BP-R2212; M	BP-R2213; M		
	items	BP-R221	4; M				
Applicability	1	C_SEN_	000				
Initial condit	ion	sender u		WebService enabled with m P message ready to be sent	any different services and the to the respective service		
Test proced	ure	 Wait until the sender under test sends a SOAP message or, if necessary, force it to send a SOAP message. 					
		Take the WSDL description of the web service using its URL and check the soap envelope of the captured message:					
		If an rpc-literal binding is used:					
		 a. If the soapbind:body element of the description is an empty string, there is no part accessor elements. 					
		b. If the soapbind:body element of the description is not empty, check that the part accessor of the envelope is present and that there is no xsi:nil attribute with a value of "1" or "true".					
		If doc-literal binding is used:					
		a. If the value of the parts attribute of soapbind:body is an empty string, the envelope does not have element content in soap:Body element.					
Pass/Fail cri	teria	Check th	Check that the envelope is as specified in step 2.				
Notes							

TP ld		TP/WAN/SEN/WSI/BP/BV-005				
TP label		Port Types				
Coverage	Spec	[OASIS/WS-I BP]				
	Testable items	BP-R2301; M				
Applicability	,	C_SEN_000				
Initial condit	ion	The simulated receiver has a WebService enabled with many different services and the sender under test has a SOAP message ready to be sent to the respective service according to its needs.				
Test proced	ure	 Wait until the sender under test sends a SOAP message or, if necessary, force it to send a SOAP message. Take the WSDL description of the web service using its URL and check the 				
		wsdl:parts elements in the wsdl:message.				
		3. Compare their order with the soap:Body elements order.				
Pass/Fail criteria		In step 3, check that the order of the wsdl:parts are the same as the order of the elements in the soap:Body.				
Notes						

TP ld		TP/WAN/SEN/WSI/BP/BV-006					
TP label		SOAP E	Binding				
Coverage	Spec	[OASIS	/WS-I BP]	-			
	Testable items	BP-R27	742; O	BP-R2743; O			
Applicability	,	C_SEN	_000 AND C_SEN_WS	SI_034			
Initial condition The simulated receiver has a WebService enabled with many different service sender under test has a SOAP message ready to be sent to the respective ser to its needs.							
Test procedu	ure	1.	 Wait until the sender under test sends a SOAP message or, if necessary, force it to send a SOAP message. 				
		2.	. The simulated receiver responds with a message that will cause that sender to generate a fault.				
		3.	3. The sender under test sends a fault message.				
		 Check the envelope's fault detail element and the SOAP header block's header processing fault. 					
Pass/Fail criteria		In step 2, verify that the detail element cannot be described by the soapbind:fault element of the WSDL description, and that the header block cannot be described by a soapbind:headerfault element of the WSDL description.					
Notes							

TP ld		TP/WAN/SEN/WSI/BP/BV-006_B					
TP label		SOAP Binding 2					
Coverage	Spec	[OASIS/WS-I BF	2]				
	Testable	BP-R2712; M		BP-R2735; M	BP-R2755; M		
	items	BP-R2737; M		BP-R2738; M	BP-R2739; O		
		BP-R2752; O		BP-R2753; O			
Applicability	,	C_SEN_000					
Initial condit	ion	The simulated receiver has a WebService enabled with many different services and the sender under test has a SOAP message ready to be sent to the respective service according to its needs.					
Test proced	ure	 Wait until the sender under test sends any SOAP message or, if necessary, force it to send any SOAP message. 					
		2. Check the captured message.					
Pass/Fail cri	teria	Look into the WSDL description of the web service and check:					
		in step 2:					
		 if the SOAP header block is not described in the wsdl:binding, it may be present and it is optional that the mustUnderstand attribute is present and equal to "1", and that the envelope has more than one instance for each header block; 					
		0	that all soapbind:headers specified in wsdl:input or wsdl:output of a wsdl:operation of a wsdl:binding are included in the envelope;				
		0	 if an rpc-literal binding is used; that the part accessor of the enveloped local name equal to the name of the attribute of the wsdl:part elemen it is not placed in a namespace, and that its descendents have a namespace qualified by the schema in which the part accessor types defined; 				
		0	 if a doc-literal binding is used, that the child element of the soap:Body is instance of the global element declaration referenced by the correspond wsdl:message part. 				
Notes							

A.3 Su	bgroup I.	1.2 – Basic sec	urity profil	e (BSP)		
TP ld TP label		TP/WAN/SEN/W	SI/BSP/BV-00	00		
		TLS Ciphersuites				
Coverage	Spec	[OASIS/WS-I BSP]			I	
	Testable items	BSP-322; R		BSP-323; R		
	Spec	[b-CDG 2012], W	AN Interface		1	
	Testable items	SecGuidelines2;	Μ			
Applicability	,	C_SEN_000				
Initial condit	ion			VebService enabled with many c message ready to be sent to the		
Test procedu	ure	1. If an ins	tance is FIPS	compliant (C_SEN_WSI_002=tr	ue):	
		a.		ulated receiver supporting IPS_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SH	Α.	
		b.	Make the se	nder under test establish a TLS	connection.	
		С.	Check in the support:	TLS handshake that the sender	under test SHOULD not	
			any ciph	ersuites with an DH_anon in the	ir symbolic name	
			any ciph	ersuites with a MD5 in their sym	bolic name	
			any of the	e following ciphersuites:		
			• TLS_	_RSA_WITH_NULL_SHA		
			• TLS_	_RSA_WITH_NULL_MD5		
		any ciphersuites that use 40 or 56 bit keys.				
		d.		ne sender under test supports IPS_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SH	A	
		e.	Close the co	nnection.		
		2. If an ins	tance is not F	IPS compliant (C_SEN_WSI_00	2=false):	
		a.		ulated receiver supporting /ITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA.		
		b.	Make the se	nder under test establish a TLS	connection.	
		с.		TLS handshake that the sender commendations only):	under test does not support	
			any ciph	ersuites with an DH_anon in the	ir symbolic name	
			any ciph	ersuites with a MD5 in their sym	bolic name	
			any of the	e following ciphersuites:		
			• TLS	_RSA_WITH_NULL_SHA		
			• TLS	_RSA_WITH_NULL_MD5		
			any ciph	ersuites that use 40 or 56 bit key	/S.	
		d.		ne sender under test supports: /ITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA.		
Pass/Fail crit	teria		N_WSI_002 is	s supported, the sender under te H_AES_128_CBC_SHA.	st must support	
				s not supported, the sender unde S_128_CBC_SHA.	er test must support	
				oorted must match with these PIC _SEN_WSI_029, C_SEN_WSI_0		
Notes						

A.3 Subgroup 1.1.2 – Basic security profile (BSP)

TP ld		TP/WAN/SEN/WSI/BSP/BV-001				
TP label		Security	/ Policy			
Coverage	Spec	[OASIS	/WS-I BSP]			
	Testable items	BSP-R3	3105; O			
Applicability	y	C_SEN	_000 AND C_SEN_WS	SI_003		
Initial condi	tion	The simulated receiver has a WebService enabled with many different services. The sender under test and the simulated receiver have never been partners in a message exchange.				
Test proced	lure	1.	 Make the sender under test send its supported configuration to the receiver, including supported encryption and/or signatures and security tokens. 			
		2.	2. The simulated receiver waits for a SOAP message from the sender.			
		The simulated receiver checks the received message, ensuring that the sender agrees or disagrees in an out of band fashion with the receiver.				
Pass/Fail criteria Step 3 is achieved.						
Notes This is WS-Trust negotiation.						

TP ld		TP/WAN/SEN/WSI/BSP/BV-003					
TP label		Basic Profile Clarification					
	0						
Coverage	Spec	[OASIS/W	S-IBSP]				
	Testable items	BSP-R580	D1; M	BSP-R5805; M	BSP-R5813; M		
Applicability	1	C_SEN_0	00 AND C_SEN_WS	il_003			
Initial condit	ion	sender un	The simulated receiver has a WebService enabled with many different services and the sender under test has a SOAP message ready to be sent to the respective service according to its needs.				
Test proced	ure	1. Make the sender under test send a SOAP message using security.					
		 As the simulated receiver knows its description (wsdl), after reversing the SOAP message security, check that: 					
		 The order of the elements in the soap:body is the same as the wsdl:parts in the wsdl:message. 					
		b	 The envelope includes all soapbind:headers specified on a wsdl:input or wsdl:output of a wsdl:operation of a wsdl:binding. 				
		с	c. If doc-literal binding is used, it is serialized as an envelope with a soap:Body whose child element is an instance of the global element declaration referenced by the corresponding wsdl:message part.				
Pass/Fail cri	teria	All steps are as specified within the test procedure above.					
Notes		"Reversing SOAP Message Security" means removing the various impacts of applying "SOAP Message Security" that may have been applied since the MESSAGE (BP1.0) or ENVELOPE (BP 1.1) was originally created for that recipient according to the BP. This may mean decrypting relevant portions of the XML or removing XML signature elements or making other reverse transformations as appropriate to the aspects of SOAP message security that were applied in the specific circumstance.					

TP Id		TP/WAN/SEN/WSI/BSP/BV-005					
TP label		Timestamp element					
Coverage	Spec	[OASIS/WS-I E	SP]				
	Testable	BSP-R3227; M		BSP-R3203; M	BSP-R3224; R		
	items	BSP-R3221; M		BSP-R3222; M	BSP-R3220; R		
		BSP-R3229; R		BSP-R3213; M	BSP-R3215; M		
		BSP-R3225; M		BSP-R3226; M	BSP-R3217; M		
		BSP-R3223; M					
Applicability	/	C_SEN_000 A	ND C_SEN_WS	6I_004			
Initial condit	lion			VebService enabled with many message ready to be sent to t	 different services and the he respective service according 		
Test proced	ure	1. Make the sender under test send a SOAP message using a Timestamp element.					
		2. Check in the captured message that:					
		a. Timestamp is present and there is only one. For example:					
		<wsu:timestamp wsu:id="<i>timestamp</i>"></wsu:timestamp>					
		<wsu:created>2001-09-13T08:42:00Z</wsu:created>					
		<wsu:expires>2001-10-13T09:00:00Z</wsu:expires>					
		b. Only one Created element is present and inside it:					
		ValueType attribute is not included					
				s used in time values			
		seconds values are less than 60 and its decimal values are recommended to be less than 3 digits to the right.					
			the Expires elei nd:	ment is present, only one, it co	mes after the Created element		
			ValueType at	tribute is not included			
			UTC format is	s used in time values			
		seconds values are less than 60 and its decimal values are recommended to be less than 3 digits to the right.					
Pass/Fail cri	teria	The elements i		specified within the test proced	lure above.		
Notes							

TP ld	TP Id TP/WAN/SEN/WSI/BSP/BV-006					
TP label		Security Token References - Direct References				
Coverage	Spec	[OASIS/WS-I E	BSP]			
_	Testable	BSP-R3061; M	1	BSP-R3057; M	BSP-R3064; M	
	items	BSP-R3059; M		BSP-R3058; M	BSP-R3062; M	
		BSP-R3027; M	1	BSP-R3211; M		
Applicability		C SEN 000 A	ND C_SEN_WS	I 016		
Initial condit		The simulated	receiver has a V	VebService enabled with many of message ready to be sent to the		
Test procedu		(STR) < 2. Chec a. T 5 b. S c. L d. V 5 c. L d. V 5 c. L d. V 5 5 c. L 5 5 5 5 5 6 5 5 5 5 5 6 5 5 5 5 6 5) with an STR_R wsse:SecurityTo <wsse:refer /wsse:SecurityT k in the captured BECURITY_TOK STR_Reference SECURITY_TOK JRI Attribute is p /alueType attribute security token sp certificate token) SECURITY_TOK SECURITY_TOK</wsse:refer 	okenReference wsu:Id=""> ence URI="" ValueType=""/> okenReference> d message that: e STR_Reference within the EN_REFERENCE. does not reference another EN_REFERENCE or an STR_E resent. ute is present and it contains a v ecified by the corresponding sec EN_REFERENCE does not corr ce a ds:KeyInfo element.	mbedded. alue for the referenced curity token profile (e.g., X.509 ntain an STR_KEY_NAME and	
Pass/Fail cri	teria	Check that SE	CURITY_TOKEI	N_REFERENCE is as specified	in steps 1 and 2.	
Notes						

TP ld		TP/WAN/SEN/WSI/BSP/BV-007					
TP label		Security -	Token References - K	ey Identifier			
Coverage	Spec	[OASIS/V	VS-I BSP]				
	Testable	BSP-R30	54; M	BSP-R3063; M	BSP-R3070; M		
	items	BSP-R30	71; M				
Applicability	1	C_SEN_0	000 AND C_SEN_WS	SI_017			
Initial condit	ion	The simulated receiver has a WebService enabled with many different services and the sender under test has a SOAP message ready to be sent to the respective service according to its needs.					
Test proced	ure	 Make the sender under test send a SOAP message using a security token reference (STR) with a key identifier reference: 					
		<wsse:securitytokenreference></wsse:securitytokenreference>					
		<wsse:keyidentifier <="" td="" wsu:id=""></wsse:keyidentifier>					
		ValueType=""					
		EncodingType="">					
		2. Check in the captured message that:					
		 ValueType is present and contains a value specified within the security token profile associated with the referenced security token. 					
		b. If an SAML token is referenced, the encodingType attribute is not present.					
c. If the referenced token is different from the SAML token, the encodingType="http://docs.oasis-open.org/wss/2004/01/oasis soap-message-security-1.0#Base64Binary".				/wss/2004/01/oasis-200401-wss-			
Pass/Fail cri	teria	In step 2, attributes are as specified.					
Notes							

TP ld		TP/WAN/SEN/WSI/BS	P/BV-008				
TP label		Security Token References - Embedded References					
Coverag	Spec	[OASIS/WS-I BSP]					
е	Testable items	BSP-R3060; M BSP-R3025; M BSP-R3056; M					
Applicabil	lity	C_SEN_000 AND C_S	EN_WSI_018				
Initial con	dition		has a WebService enabled wit a SOAP message ready to be s	h many different services and the sent to the respective service			
Test proce	edure		der under test send a SOAP m R) with an embedded reference				
		<wsse:securi< th=""><th>tyTokenReference></th><th></th></wsse:securi<>	tyTokenReference>				
		<ws< th=""><th>se:Embedded wsu:Id=""></th><th></th></ws<>	se:Embedded wsu:Id="">				
		<th>se:Embedded></th> <th></th>	se:Embedded>				
		<th>ityTokenReference>></th> <th></th>	ityTokenReference>>				
		2. Check in the	captured message that:				
			bedded has only one child elen nd it is in the same format as if it	nent that is an internal security t were a child of a security header.			
		b. STR_Em element.	bedded does not contain a wss	e:SecurityTokenReference child			
Pass/Fail	criteria	In step 2, "Security Token Reference Embedded" are as specified.					
Notes		An internal token reference is a reference to a token that is contained in the same message. An example of an incorrect and a correct format are:					
		INCORRECT:					
		This example is incorrect because the wsse:Embedded element carries the data for the X.509 certificate directly rather than as a wsse:BinarySecurityToken element					
		<wsse:securitytokenreference></wsse:securitytokenreference>					
		<wsse:embedded wsu:id="SomeCert"></wsse:embedded>					
		lui+Jy4WYKGJW5xM3aHnLxOpGVIpzSg4V486hHFe7sHET/uxxVBovT7JV1A2RnV SWkXm9jAEdsm/					
		CORRECT:					
		<wsse:securityto< th=""><th>kenReference></th><th></th></wsse:securityto<>	kenReference>				
		<wsse:embedded wsu:id="TheEmbeddedElementAroundSomeCert"></wsse:embedded>					
		<wsse:binarysecuritytoken <="" th="" wsu:id="SomeCert"></wsse:binarysecuritytoken>					
		ValueType="http://docs.oasis-open.org/wss/2004/01/oasis-2004/ x509-token-profile-1.0#X509v3"					
		EncodingType="http://docs.oasis-open.org/wss/2004/01/oasis-2004 soap-message-security-1.0#Base64Binary">					
		lui+Jy4WYKGJW5xM3aHnLxOpGVIpzSg4V486hHFe7sHET/uxxV 1A2RnWSWkXm9jAEdsm/					
		<th>SecurityToken></th> <th></th>	SecurityToken>				
		<th>led></th> <th></th>	led>				

TP ld		TP/WAN/SEN/WSI/BSP/BV-009				
TP label		Security	Token References - Ir	nternal References		
Coverage	Spec	[OASIS/	NS-I BSP]	Γ		
	Testable	BSP-R3	022; M	BSP-R3023; M	BSP-R5204; M	
	items	BSP-R52	205; M	BSP-R3067; M		
Applicability	,	C_SEN_	000 AND C_SEN_WS	SI_019		
Initial condit	ion		inder test has a SOAP	VebService enabled with many or message ready to be sent to the		
Test proced	ure	 Make the sender under test send a SOAP message including a SecurityTokenReference with an internal reference. 				
		2. Check in the captured message that:				
		a. The SECURITY_TOKEN_REFERENCE references an internal security token.				
		b. The SECURITY_TOKEN_REFERENCE contains an STR_Reference or STR_Embedded. It is recommended to be an STR_Reference.				
			c. The STR_Reference to an INTERNAL_SECURITY_TOKEN which has an ID attribute contains a URI attribute with a shorthand XPointer value.			
 d. The INTERNAL_SECURITY_TOKEN precedes all SECURITY_TOKEN_REFERENCE elements that reference it in the SC envelope. 						
Pass/Fail criteria References are as specified within the test procedure above.						
Notes		The inter	rnal token reference is	a reference to a token that is co	ntained in the same message.	

TP ld		TP/WAN/SEN/WSI/BSP/BV-010				
TP label	1	Security Token References - External References				
Coverage	Spec	[OASIS/WS-I BSP]				
	Testable items	BSP-R3024; M				
Applicability	/	C_SEN_000 AND C_SEN_WSI_020				
Initial condit	tion	The simulated receiver has a WebService enabled with many different services and the sender under test has a SOAP message ready to be sent to the respective service according to its needs.				
Test procedure		 Make the sender under test send a SOAP message including a SecurityTokenReference with an external reference. Check in the text file that: a. It is recommended that the external token reference contains an STR_Reference. 				
Pass/Fail criteria		References are as specified within the test procedure above.				
Notes		The external token reference is a reference to a token that is not contained in the same message.				

TP ld		TP/WAN/SEN/WSI/BSP/BV-023						
TP label		SAML Token						
Coverage	Spec	[OASIS/	[OASIS/WS-I BSP]					
	Testable	BSP-R6	601;	Μ	BSP-R6602; M	BSP-R6609; M		
	items	BSP-R6	603; l	Μ	BSP-R6604; M	BSP-R6605; M		
		BSP-R6	606:	Μ	BSP-R6607; M	BSP-R6608; M		
Applicability	/	C_SEN_	_000					
Initial condi	tion	sender u	The simulated receiver has a WebService enabled with many different services and the sender under test has a SOAP message ready to be sent to the respective service according to its needs.					
Test proced	ure	1. Make the sender under test send a SOAP message using an SAML token.						
		Check in the captured message that the expected saml:Assertion element confirms that:						
		a. SAML KeyInfo does not contain a reference to an SAML token.						
		b. In an STR Keyldentifier that references an SAML token:						
				EncodingTy	pe attribute is not present.			
				ValueType= profile-1.1#	-"http://docs.oasis-open.org/w SAMLID".	ss/oasis-wss-saml-token-		
				□ The Value e	encoded is an xs:string.			
			c.	If a security toke	en reference references an ex	ternal SAML token:		
				saml:Autho	rityBinding element is present			
				AuthorityKir	nd = Value of saml:AssertionIc	Reference.		
Pass/Fail cr	iteria	The SAM	ML to	ken element is a	s specified within the test proc	edure above.		
Notes								

A. Subgroup III. Kenable messaging (Kiii)						
TP ld		TP/WAN/SEN/WSI/RM/BV-000				
TP label		Protocol Preconditions				
Coverage	Spec	[OASIS WS-I RM]				
	Testable items	Namespace; M ProtocolPrec 2; M				
Applicability		C_SEN_000 AND C_SEN_WSI_021				
Initial condit	ion	The sender under test and the simulated receiver are in the "None" sequence state.				
Test procedu	ıre	 The sender under test sends a CreateSequence message with an offer element to the receiver. 				
		The simulated receiver responds with a CreateSequenceResponse message accepting the offer.				
		3. The sender sends a Sequence message.				
		 The receiver responds with its Sequence message and a SequenceAcknowledgement element. 				
		5. The sender sends a SequenceAcknowledgement element.				
Pass/Fail cri	teria	Check that in every wsrm element its XML namespace is:				
		xmlns:wsrm=" http://docs.oasis-open.org/ws-rx/wsrm/200702", and in step 1 the CreateSequence request is made.				
Notes						

A.4 Subgroup 1.1.3 – Reliable messaging (RM)

TP ld		TP/WAN/SEN/WSI/RM/BV-001						
TP label		Delivery Assurances						
Coverage	Spec	[OASIS WS-I RM]						
	Testable items	DelivAssurance 4; C	DelivAssurance 7; C					
	Spec	[b-CDG 2012], WAN Interface						
	Testable items	CommonReq 2; O	CommonReq 3; R					
Applicability	y	C_SEN_000 AND C_SEN_WSI_021 AND (C_SEN_WSI_023 OR C_SEN_WSI_024)						
Initial condi	tion	The sender under test and the simulated receiver are in the "None" sequence state. The simulated receiver is able to avoid the response to a CreateSequence message.						
Test proced	lure	1. Make the sender send a CreateSequence message.						
		2. The simulated receiver does not respond to that message.						
		3. If C_SEN_WSI_023, the sender may retry transmission.						
		4. If C_SEN_WSI_024, the sender should retry transmission.						
Pass/Fail criteria		All steps are as specified within the test procedure above.						
Notes								

TP Id TP/WAN/SEN/WSI/RM/BV-003							
TP label		Consideration on the Use of "Piggy-Backing"					
Coverage	Spec	[OASIS	WS-I RM]	<u> </u>			
_	Testable	PiggyBa	ack 1; O	PiggyBack 2; M	PiggyBack 3; R		
	items						
Applicability	1	C_SEN	_000 AND C_SEN_WS	6I_021			
Initial condit	ion	The ser	nder under test and the	simulated receiver are in the "N	one" sequence state.		
Test proced	ure	1. 2.		t sends a CreateSequence mes er responds with CreateSequence			
			offer.				
		3.	The sender sends a S				
		The receiver responds with a SOAP message including a					
		SequenceAcknowledgement header block and a Sequence header block (indicating that it is the last message).					
		5.	 5. The sender responds including a SequenceAcknowledgement header block. If the SOAP message also contains a CloseSequence header block or any other header block (piggybacking), all the header blocks will have the same EPR (endpoint reference). 				
 If not, any other header block is sent in the same SOAP message, the ser under test sends a message for every other RM-element (not piggybackin 							
Pass/Fail cri	teria	(piggyb	acking), the EPR is the	only one message with more tha same for every header block.			
Notes An endpoint reference is made using a "wsa:To" element. The way to test that every block is targeted to the same endpoint is by there only being one "wsa:To" element i soap:header.							

TP ld		TP/WAN/SEN/WSI/RM/BV-004				
TP label		Sequence Creation				
Coverage	Spec		WS-I RM]			
•	Testable	WSAdd	ress 1; C	SeqCreation 1; M	SeqCreation 2; O	
	items	SeqCre	ation 5; M	SeqCreation 7; M	SeqCreation 8; M	
		SeqCre	ation 9; O	SeqCreation 10; M	SeqCreation 11; M	
		SeqCre	ation 12; M	SeqCreation 14; O	SeqCreation 15; O	
		SeqCre	ation 22; O		•	
Applicability			_000 AND C_SEN_WS	il_021		
Initial condit	ion			simulated receiver are in the "	'None" sequence state.	
Test procedure 1. Wail until the sender under test sends a CreateSequence message. 2. Check that the captured message has the following properties: a. In the header block: wsa:Action = http://docs.oasis-open.org/ws- rx/wsrm/200702/CreateSequence. wsrm:CreateSequence is not present. b. In the body of the message: wsrm:AcksTo of type wsa:EndpointReferenceType is present and valid endpoint. wsrm:Expires element, if present: wsrm:IncompleteSequenceBehaviour element may be preser Possible values are: "discard", "DiscardEntireSequence", "DiscardFollowingFirstGap" and "NoDiscard". wsrm:Expires element, if present, if present, its type is xs:duration. wsrm:IncompleteSequenceBehaviour element may be preser Possible values are: "discard", "DiscardEntireSequence", "DiscardFollowingFirstGap" and "NoDiscard". wsrm:Expires element, if present, its type is xs:duration. wsrm:Expires element, if present, its type is xs:duration. wsrm:Expires element, if present, and its type is wsa:Endpoint element is present and its type is wsa:Endpoint element is present and its type is wsa:Endpoint element is present and its type is wsa:Endpoint element or a CreateSequenceResponse mess without an accept element or a CreateSequenceRefused fault.				properties: - aceType is present and defines a element may be present. dEntireSequence", iscard". RI that uniquely identifies the ype is xs:duration. I its type is efines a valid endpoint. quenceResponse message		
				eclaim the resources.		
Pass/Fail cri	teria	All elem	ents are as specified w	ithin the test procedure above).	
Notes						

TP ld		TP/WAN/SEN/WSI/RM/BV-005				
TP label		Closing a Sequence				
Coverage	Spec	[OASIS	[OASIS WS-I RM]			
	Testable	WSAdd	lress 1; C	>	SeqClosing 1; O	SeqClosing 2; M
	items	SeqClo	sing 4; R	ł	SeqClosing 8; O	SeqClosing 9; M
		SeqClo	sing 10;	R		
Applicability	1	C_SEN	_000 AN	ID C_SEN_WS	I_021 AND C_SEN_WSI_032	
Initial condit	ion	The ser	nder und	er test and the	simulated receiver are in the "C	reated" sequence state.
Test proced	ure	1.	AckRe		t starts to send a Sequence me nt or indicating that it is the last	ssage including an message in the header block of
		2.			er accepts all messages and if a nce message indicating that it is	
		3. The sender sends with a SequenceAcknoledgement message.				
		4. If the sender sends a CloseSequenceMessage then check the received message:				
		a. In the header block:				
				wsa:Action = CloseSequer	http://docs.oasis-open.org/ws-r	x/wsrm/200702/
			b. In	the body of the	uence element:	
				wsrm:Identifi	er value = an absolute URI of th	e closing sequence.
					e of wsrm:LastMsgNumber is re ist be the same in all CloseSequ	
		5.		e, if C_SEN_WS	SI_032 = TRUE then force the s d message.	ender to close the sequence
			a. In	the header bloo	ck:	
				wsa:Action = CloseSequer	http://docs.oasis-open.org/ws-r	x/wsrm/200702/
			b. In	the body of the	message, within the CloseSeq	uence element:
				wsrm:Identifi	er value = an absolute URI of th	e closing sequence.
					e of wsrm:LastMsgNumber is re ist be the same in all CloseSequ	
		6.	The sir	nulated receive	er responds with a CloseSequer	ceResponse.
Pass/Fail cri	teria	All elem	nents are	as specified w	ithin the test procedure above.	
Notes						

TP ld		TP/WAN/SEN/WSI/RM/BV-005_B					
TP label		Closing a Sequence Response					
Coverage	Spec	[OASIS	WS-I RM]				
	Testable	WSAdd	lress 1; C	SeqClosing 1; O	SeqClosing 11; M		
	items	SeqClo	sing 12; M				
Applicability	,	C_SEN	_000 AND C_SEN_WS	SI_021 AND NOT(C_SEN_WSI_	032)		
Initial condit	ion	The ser	nder under test and the	simulated receiver are in the "C	reated" sequence state.		
Test proced	ure	1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8.	anything else, to send Wait until the sender The simulated receive sent by the sender in The sender under tes AckRequested element the last message. The simulated receive it also sends a Seque The sender sends with The simulated receive message, including a The sender responds a. In the header blo	er test (make sure that the sender has something, a measure or id). sends a CreateSequence message. ver responds with a CreateSequenceResponse. If an offer is notep 2, the receiver accepts the offer. st starts to send a Sequence message including an ent or indicating that it is the last message in the header block of ver accepts all messages and if an offer was sent by the sender, ence message indicating that it is the last message. ith a SequenceAcknoledgement message. ver sends a CloseSequence element in the body of the a correct LastMessageNumber. s with a CloseSequenceResponse message including: ock: = http://docs.oasis-open.org/ws-rx/wsrm/200702/			
				uenceResponse element with a v			
Pass/Fail cri	teria	All elem		URI of the closing sequence responsible vithin the test procedure above.	oonse.		
Notes	teria		iento are ao opecilieu v				
110163		1					

TP Id	TP Id TP/WAN/SEN/WSI/RM/BV-006					
TP label		Sequence Termination				
Coverage	Spec	[OASIS	WS-I RM]			
	Testable	WSAdd	ress 1; M	SeqTermination 1; R	SeqTermination 2; M	
	items	SeqTer	mination 4; O	SeqTermination 5; M	SeqTermination 7; M	
			mination 11; M	SeqTermination 12; R		
Applicability		C_SEN	_000 AND C_SEN_WS	I_021 AND C_SEN_WSI_033		
Initial condit	ion	The ser	nder under test and the	simulated receiver are in the "C	reated" sequence state.	
Test procedu	ıre	1.		quence messages including an <i>i</i> last message in the header bloo		
		2.	-	st responds using a SequenceA	-	
		3.				
		 If the sender has sent a TerminateSequence element, the simulated receiver responds with a TerminateSequenceResponse message, including its Identifier element as an absolute URI. 				
 Once the sequence is terminated, the sender under test does not send referencing that terminated sequence. 					est does not send any message	
Pass/Fail crit	teria	All elem	ents are as specified w	ithin the test procedure above.		
Notes						

TP ld		TP/WAN/SEN/WSI/RM/BV-006 B					
TP label		Sequence Termination Response					
Coverage	Spec		WS-I RM]				
	Testable		ress 1; M	SeqTermination 10; M	SeqTermination 13; M		
	items	SeqTer	mination 14; M	SeqTermination 15; M			
Applicability	,			SI_021 AND NOT(C_SEN_WSI_	033)		
Initial condit				simulated receiver are in the "C			
Test proced	ure	1.					
		2.	 The receiver under test responds using a SequenceAcknowledgement header block, accepting all messages. 				
		3.	The simulated receiver sends a TerminateSequence element in the body of the message, with a correct LastMsgNumber.				
		4. The sender responds only with a message including:					
			a. In the header blo	ck:			
				http://docs.oasis-open.org/ws-r. equenceResponse	x/wsrm/200702/		
			wsrm: Termi	nateSequenceResponse is not p	present.		
			b. In the body of the	e message within the Terminates	SequenceResponse element:		
			wsrm:Identifi	er element as an absolute URI o	of the terminating sequence.		
		5.	Once the sequence is referencing that termi	s terminated, the sender under te nated sequence.	est does not send any message		
Pass/Fail cri	teria	All elem	ents are as specified w	vithin the test procedure above.			
Notes							

TP ld		TP/WAN/SEN/WSI/RM/BV-007					
TP label		Sequer	Sequences				
Coverage	Spec	[OASIS	WS-I RM]				
	Testable	Protoco	ollnv 1; M	Sequences 1; M	Sequences 2; M		
	items	Sequer	ices 3; M	Sequences 5; M	Sequences 6; M		
		Sequer	ices 7; M	Sequences 8; M			
Applicability	,	C_SEN	_000 AND C_SEN_WS	SI_021			
Initial condit	ion	The ser	nder under test and the	simulated receiver are in the "	Created" sequence state.		
Test procedu	ure	1.	 Wait until the sender under test sends Sequence message/s including an AckRequested element or indicating that it is the last message in the last message header block. 				
		2.	2. The expected message/s are:				
			wsrm:MessageNumber element is of type MessageNumberType and starts in 1 and increments by 1 in every sequential message.				
			There is only one Sequence header block in each message.				
			wsrm:Identifier element must be present in the header block and must be an absolute URI that uniquely identifies the sequence.				
			mustUnderstand	attribute = "1" or "true".			
 The simulated receiver responds using a SequenceAcknowledgement accepting all messages received. 					Acknowledgement header block		
Pass/Fail cri	teria	All elements are as specified in step 2.					
Notes							

TP ld		TP/WAN/SEN/WSI/RM/BV-010					
TP label		Unknow	n Sequence Fault				
Coverage	Spec	[OASIS	WS-I RM]				
	Testable	Unknow	nSeq 1; M	UnknownSeq 2; M	UnknownSeq 3; M		
	items	Faults 1	; R	Faults 2; M	Faults 3; M		
Applicability	1	C_SEN	_000 AND C_SEN_WS	I_021 AND C_SEN_WSI_034			
Initial condit	ion		The sender under test and the simulated receiver are in the "None" sequence state. The simulated receiver is able to send a CloseSequence message in the "None" sequence state.				
Test proced	ure	 The simulated receiver transmits a CloseSequence message with an unknown identifier. The sender under test generates an UnknownSequence fault. It is recommended that the fault is transmitted to the receiver. 					
		3. That message includes the following properties:					
		wsa:Action = http://docs.oasis-open.org/ws-rx/wsrm/200702/fault					
			Code = Sender				
			□ Subcode = wsrm	UnknownSequence			
			Reason = The value if wsrm:Identifier is not a known Sequence identifier				
	Detail = <wsrm:identifier> xs:anyURI </wsrm:identifier> .						
Pass/Fail cri	teria	All elements are as specified in step 3.					
Notes							

TP ld		TP/WAN/SEN/WSI/RM/BV-011			
TP label		Invalid Acknowledgement Fault			
Coverage	Spec	[OASIS WS-I RM]			
	Testable	InvalidAck 1; M		InvalidAck 2; M	Faults 1; R
	items	Faults 2; M		Faults 3; M	
Applicability		C_SEN_000 AND C_SEN_WSI_021 AND C_SEN_WSI_034			
Initial condit	ion	The sender under test and the simulated receiver are in the "Created" sequence state.			
Test procedure		 The sender under test starts to send Sequence messages with their respective message number. 			
		Wait until the sender sends an AckRequested element or indicates that the message is the last one.			
			 The simulated receiver responds with a SequenceAcknowledgement with an AckRange, a None and a Nack element. 		
		4.	 The sender generates an InvalidAcknowledgement fault. It is recommended that the fault is transmitted to the receiver. 		
			That message include	es the following properties:	
			□ wsa:Action = http	://docs.oasis-open.org/ws-rx/ws	rm/200702/fault
		Code = Sender			
		Subcode = wsrm:InvalidAcknowledgement			
			□ Reason = <any></any>		
			Detail = <any p="" relation<=""></any>	ated to the message that produc	es the fault>.
Pass/Fail cri	teria	All elements are as specified in step 5.			
Notes					

TP ld		TP/WAN/SEN/WSI/RM/BV-012		
TP label		Message Number Rollover		
Coverage	Spec	[OASIS WS-I RM]		
	Testable items	Messag	eNumrRoll 4; R	
Applicability	Applicability		_000 AND C_SEN_WSI_021	
Initial condition		The sender under test and the simulated receiver are in the "Created" sequence state. The simulated receiver is able to send a MessageNumberRollover fault instead of a SequenceAcknowledgement message.		
Test procedure		1. 2. 3.	transmitted to the sender.	
Pass/Fail criteria		The sender should retransmit undelivered messages in step 3.		
Notes				

TP ld		TRAMAN/SENAMSI/RM/RV/012 A			
		TP/WAN/SEN/WSI/RM/BV-012_A			
TP label		Create Sequence Refused			
Coverage	Spec	[OASIS WS-I RM]			
	Testable items	SeqRef	used 3; M		
Applicability	Applicability		C_SEN_000 AND C_SEN_WSI_021		
Initial condition		The sender under test and the simulated receiver are in the "None" sequence state. The simulated receiver is able to send a CreateSequenceRefused fault instead of a CreateSequenceResponse message.			
Test procedure		 Wait until the sender under test sends a CreateSequence message to the simulated receiver. 			
		2. The simulated receiver responds with a CreateSequenceRefused fault.			
		3. The sender must terminate the sequence.			
Pass/Fail criteria		The sender terminates the sequence when it receives a CreateSequenceRefused fault.			
Notes					

TP ld		TP/WAN/SEN/WSI/RM/BV-012_B		
TP label		Sequence Closed Fault		
Coverage	Spec	[OASIS WS-I RM]		
	Testable items	SeqClosedFault 3; M		
Applicability	/	C_SEN_000 AND C_SEN_WSI_021		
Initial condition		The sender under test and the simulated receiver are in the CreatedSequence state. The simulated receiver is able to send a SequenceClosed fault instead of a SequenceAcknowledgement message.		
Test procedure		 The sender under test sends a sequence to the simulated receiver sending an AckRequested message or indicating that it is the last message. The simulated receiver sends a SequenceClosed fault. The sender must close the sequence. 		
Pass/Fail criteria		The sender closes the sequence when it receives a SequenceClosed fault.		
Notes				

TP ld		TP/WAN/SEN/WSI/RM/BV-015			
TP label		Securing Sequences Using WS-Security			
Coverage	Spec	[OASIS WS-I RM]			
	Testable items	SecSeqWSS 5; R	SecSeqWSS 6; R		
Applicability		C_SEN_000 AND C_SEN_WSI_021 AND C_SEN_WSI_003			
Initial condi	tion	The sender under test and the simulated receiver are in the "None" sequence state.			
Test procedure		 Wait until the sender under test sends a CreateSequence message. It is recommended that the received message includes a UsesSequenceSTR element in the header block. If the element is included, it MUST include a soap:mustUnderstand attribute = "true". 			
Pass/Fail criteria Notes		The recommended element in	step 2 is as specified within the	test procedure above.	

TP ld		TP/WAN/SEN/WSI/RM/BV-016			
TP label		Securing Sequences Using SSL/TLS			
Coverage	Spec	[OASIS WS-I RM]			
	Testable items	SecSeqSSL/TLS 1; M	SecSeqSSL/TLS 2; O	SecSeqSSL/TLS 3; M	
Applicability		C_SEN_000 AND C_SEN_WSI_021			
Initial condition		The sender under test and the simulated receiver are in the "None" sequence state.			
Test procedure		 Wait until the sender under test sends a CreateSequence message. If the sender binds a sequence to the underlying SSL/TLS sessions(s) it includes the UsesSequenceSSL element as a SOAP header block within the CreateSequence message, with a soap:mustUnderstand attribute = "true". 			
Pass/Fail criteria		If the sender binds the sequence to the underlying TSL session, elements are as specified in step 2.			
Notes					

Bibliography

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