

TELECOMMUNICATION
STANDARDIZATION SECTOR
OF ITU

X.680 Corrigendum 2 (03/2000)

SERIES X: DATA NETWORKS AND OPEN SYSTEM COMMUNICATIONS

OSI networking and system aspects – Abstract Syntax Notation One (ASN.1)

Information technology – Abstract Syntax Notation One (ASN.1): Specification of basic notation

Technical Corrigendum 2

ITU-T Recommendation X.680 - Corrigendum 2

(Formerly CCITT Recommendation)

ITU-T X-SERIES RECOMMENDATIONS

DATA NETWORKS AND OPEN SYSTEM COMMUNICATIONS

PUBLIC DATA NETWORKS	
Services and facilities	X.1-X.19
Interfaces	X.20–X.49
Transmission, signalling and switching	X.50–X.89
Network aspects	X.90–X.149
Maintenance	X.150–X.179
Administrative arrangements	X.180–X.199
OPEN SYSTEMS INTERCONNECTION	12.100 12.199
Model and notation	X.200-X.209
Service definitions	X.210–X.219
Connection-mode protocol specifications	X.220–X.229
Connectionless-mode protocol specifications	X.230–X.239
PICS proformas	X.240–X.259
Protocol Identification	X.260–X.269
Security Protocols	X.270–X.279
Layer Managed Objects	X.280-X.289
Conformance testing	X.290-X.299
INTERWORKING BETWEEN NETWORKS	
General	X.300-X.349
Satellite data transmission systems	X.350-X.369
IP-based networks	X.370-X.399
MESSAGE HANDLING SYSTEMS	X.400-X.499
DIRECTORY	X.500-X.599
OSI NETWORKING AND SYSTEM ASPECTS	
Networking	X.600-X.629
Efficiency	X.630-X.639
Quality of service	X.640-X.649
Naming, Addressing and Registration	X.650-X.679
Abstract Syntax Notation One (ASN.1)	X.680-X.699
OSI MANAGEMENT	
Systems Management framework and architecture	X.700-X.709
Management Communication Service and Protocol	X.710-X.719
Structure of Management Information	X.720-X.729
Management functions and ODMA functions	X.730-X.799
SECURITY	X.800-X.849
OSI APPLICATIONS	
Commitment, Concurrency and Recovery	X.850-X.859
Transaction processing	X.860-X.879
Remote operations	X.880-X.899
OPEN DISTRIBUTED PROCESSING	X.900-X.999

For further details, please refer to the list of ITU-T Recommendations.

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD 8824-1 ITU-T RECOMMENDATION X.680

INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY – ABSTRACT SYNTAX NOTATION ONE (ASN.1): SPECIFICATION OF BASIC NOTATION

TECHNICAL CORRIGENDUM 2

Source

Corrigendum 2 to ITU-T Recommendation X.680 was prepared by ITU-T Study Group 7 (1997-2000) and approved on 31 March 2000. An identical text is also published as Technical Corrigendum 2 to ISO/IEC 8824-1.

FOREWORD

The International Telecommunication Union (ITU) is the United Nations specialized agency in the field of telecommunications. The ITU Telecommunication Standardization Sector (ITU-T) is a permanent organ of ITU. ITU-T is responsible for studying technical, operating and tariff questions and issuing Recommendations on them with a view to standardizing telecommunications on a worldwide basis.

The World Telecommunication Standardization Conference (WTSC), which meets every four years, establishes the topics for study by the ITU-T study groups which, in turn, produce Recommendations on these topics.

The approval of ITU-T Recommendations is covered by the procedure laid down in WTSC Resolution 1.

In some areas of information technology which fall within ITU-T's purview, the necessary standards are prepared on a collaborative basis with ISO and IEC.

NOTE

In this Recommendation, the expression "Administration" is used for conciseness to indicate both a telecommunication administration and a recognized operating agency.

INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS

ITU draws attention to the possibility that the practice or implementation of this Recommendation may involve the use of a claimed Intellectual Property Right. ITU takes no position concerning the evidence, validity or applicability of claimed Intellectual Property Rights, whether asserted by ITU members or others outside of the Recommendation development process.

As of the date of approval of this Recommendation, ITU had not received notice of intellectual property, protected by patents, which may be required to implement this Recommendation. However, implementors are cautioned that this may not represent the latest information and are therefore strongly urged to consult the TSB patent database.

© ITU 2001

All rights reserved. No part of this publication may be reproduced or utilized in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying and microfilm, without permission in writing from ITU.

CONTENTS

		Page
1)	Subclause 12.1 and Annex G.	1
2)	Subclause 12.3	1
3)	Subclause 12.13	1
4)	Subclause 14.3 and Annex G	1
5)	Subclause 14.4	1
6)	New subclause 14.4 bis	2
7)	Subclause 14.5	2
8)	Subclause 19.1 and Annex G	2
9)	Subclause 24.5.1	2
10)	Subclause 24.6	2
11)	Subclause 24.8	2
12)	Subclause 24.9	2
13)	Subclause 28.2	3
14)	Subclause 28.3	3
15)	Subclause 28.6	3
16)	Subclauses 30, 30.7, 47.7, 47.7.2, 47.7.3 (Note)	۷
17)	Subclause 48.1	۷

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ITU-T RECOMMENDATION

INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY – ABSTRACT SYNTAX NOTATION ONE (ASN.1): SPECIFICATION OF BASIC NOTATION

TECHNICAL CORRIGENDUM 2

1) Subclause 12.1 and Annex G

Change subclause 12.1 and Annex G so that "Exports" is as follows:

Exports ::=

EXPORTS SymbolsExported ";" |

EXPORTS ALL ";" |

empty

2) Subclause 12.3

Replace the sentence:

This transformation is formally specified by 24.7 to 24.9, 26.3 and 28.2 regarding the notation for sequence types, set types and choice types, respectively.

by:

This transformation is formally specified by 24.7 to 24.9, 26.3 and 28.2 to 28.3 regarding the notation for sequence types, set types and choice types, respectively.

Subclause 12.13

Replace subclause 12.13 with the following:

12.13 When either the "empty" alternative or the "EXPORTS ALL" alternative of "Exports" is selected, every "Symbol" defined in the module or imported by the module may be referenced from other modules subject to the restriction specified in subclause 12.12 a).

4) Subclause 14.3 and Annex G

Change subclause 14.3 and Annex G so that "AbsoluteReference" is as follows:

AbsoluteReference ::= "@" ModuleIdentifier
"."
ItemSpec

5) Subclause 14.4

Replace subclause 14.4 with the following:

The "ModuleIdentifier" identifies an ASN.1 module (see 12.1).

6) New subclause 14.4 bis

Add a new subclause 14.4 bis as follows:

14.4 *bis* When the first altenative of "DefinitiveIdentifier" is used as part of the "ModuleIdentifier", the "DefinitiveIdentifier" unambiguously and uniquely identifies the module from which an item is being referenced.

7) Subclause 14.5

Replace subclause 14.5 with the following:

14.5 The "typereference" references any ASN.1 type defined in the module identified by "ModuleIdentifier".

8) Subclause 19.1 and Annex G

Change subclause 19.1 and Annex G so that "Enumerations" is as follows:

```
Enumerations ::= RootEnumeration |
RootEnumeration "," "..." ExceptionSpec |
RootEnumeration "," "..." ExceptionSpec "," AdditionalEnumeration
```

9) **Subclause 24.5.1**

Delete "if automatic tagging has be applied" from the end of the last sentence.

10) Subclause 24.6

Replace subclause 24.6 by:

24.6 When the third or the fourth alternative of "ComponentTypeLists" is used, all "ComponentType"s in extension additions shall have tags which are distinct from the tags of the textually following "ComponentType"s up to and including the first such "ComponentType" that is not marked OPTIONAL or DEFAULT in the trailing "RootComponentTypeList", if any.

11) Subclause 24.8

Replace subclause 24.8 by:

24.8 If automatic tagging is in effect and the "ComponentType"s in the extension root have no tags, then no "ComponentType" within the "ExtensionAdditionList" shall be a "TaggedType".

12) Subclause 24.9

Replace the beginning of subclause 24.9 c) by:

c) the "ClassNumber" in the replacement "TaggedType" is the tag value zero for the first "ComponentType" in the "RootComponentTypeList", one for the second, and so on, proceeding with increasing tag numbers;

Replace NOTE 2 by:

NOTE 2 – Once 24.7 is satisfied, the tags of the components are completely determined, and are not modified even when the sequence type is referenced in the definition of a component within another "ComponentTypeLists" for which automatic tagging transformation applies. Thus, in the following case:

```
T ::= SEQUENCE { a Ta, b Tb, c Tc }
E ::= SEQUENCE { f1 E1, f2 T, f3 E3 }
```

automatic tagging applied to the components of E never affects the tags attached to components a, b and c of T, whatever the tagging environment of T. If T is defined in an automatic tagging environment and E is not in an automatic tagging environment, automatic tagging is still applied to components a, b and c of T.

Replace NOTE 5 by:

NOTE 5 – When automatic tagging is in place, insertion of new components at any location other than the extension insertion point (see 3.8.29) may result in changes to other components due to the side effect of modifying the tags thus causing interworking problems with an older version of the specification.

ISO/IEC 8824-1: 1998/Cor.2: 2001 (E)

13) Subclause 28.2

Replace subclause 28.2 by:

28.2 When the "AlternativeTypeLists" production occurs within the definition of a module for which automatic tagging is selected (see 12.3), and none of the occurrences of "NamedType" in any "AlternativeTypeList" contains a "TaggedType", the automatic tagging transformation is selected for the entire "AlternativeTypeLists", otherwise it is not.

Add the following subclauses:

- **28.2** *bis* The types defined in the "AlternativeTypeList" productions in an "AlternativeTypeLists" shall have distinct tags (see clause 30). If automatic tagging was selected, the requirement that tags be distinct applies only after automatic tagging has been performed, and will always be satisfied.
- **28.2** *ter* If automatic tagging is in effect and the "NamedType"s in the extension root have no tags, then no "NamedType" within the "ExtensionAdditionAlternativesList" shall be a tagged type.

14) Subclause 28.3

Replace subclause 28.3 by:

- **28.3** The automatic tagging transformation impacts each "NamedType" of the "AlternativeTypeLists" by replacing the "Type" originally in the "NamedType" production with a replacement "TaggedType". The replacement "TaggedType" is specified as follows:
 - a) the replacement "TaggedType" notation uses the "Tag Type" alternative;
 - b) the "Class" of the replacement "TaggedType" is empty (i.e. tagging is context-specific);
 - c) the "ClassNumber" in the replacement "TaggedType" is tag value zero for the first "NamedType" in the "RootAlternativeTypeList", one for the second, and so on, proceeding with increasing tag numbers;
 - d) the "ClassNumber" in the replacement "TaggedType" of the first "NamedType" in the "ExtensionAdditionAlternativesList" is one greater than the largest "ClassNumber" in the "RootAlternativeTypeList", with the next "NamedType" in the "ExtensionAdditionAlternativesList" having a "ClassNumber" one greater than the first, and so on, proceeding with increasing tag numbers;
 - e) the "Type" in the replacement "TaggedType" is the original "Type" being replaced.
 - NOTE 1 The rules governing specification of implicit tagging or explicit tagging for replacement "TaggedType"s are provided by 30.6. Automatic tagging is always implicit tagging unless the "Type" is a choice type or an open type notation, or a "DummyReference" (see 8.3 of ITU-T Rec. X683 | ISO/IEC 8824-4), in which case it is explicit tagging.
 - NOTE 2 Once automatic tagging has been applied, the tags of the components are completely determined, and are not modified even when the choice type is referenced in the definition of an alternative within another "AlternativeTypeLists" for which automatic tagging transformation applies. Thus, in the following case:

```
T ::= CHOICE { a Ta, b Tb, c Tc }
E ::= CHOICE {f1 E1, f2 T, f3 E3}
```

automatic tagging applied to the components of E never affects the tags attached to components a, b and c of T, whatever the tagging environment of T. If T is defined in an automatic tagging environment and E is not in an automatic tagging environment, automatic tagging is still applied to components a, b and c of T.

NOTE 3 – Subtyping has no impact on automatic tagging.

NOTE 4 – When automatic tagging is in place, insertion of new alternatives at any location other than the extension insertion point (see 3.8.29) may result in changes to other alternatives due to the side effect of modifying the tags thus causing interworking problems with an older version of the specification.

15) Subclause 28.6

Replace the following:

(see 24.5 to 24.6 and 28.2)

by:

(see 28.2 bis)

ISO/IEC 8824-1: 1998/Cor.2: 2001 (E)

16) Subclauses 30, 30.7, 47.7, 47.7.2, 47.7.3 (Note)

Replace:

(see 24.5 to 24.6, 26.3 and 28.2).

by:

(see 24.5 to 24.6, 26.3 and 28.2 bis).

17) Subclause 48.1

Add the following line to Table 6 after the line whose column 1 specifies "Object class field type":

Object Descriptor	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	No	No
and add the following line to Table 6 after the line whose column 1 specifies "Set-of":							
Time Types	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No	No	No

SERIES OF ITU-T RECOMMENDATIONS

Series A	Organization of the work of ITU-T
Series B	Means of expression: definitions, symbols, classification
Series C	General telecommunication statistics
Series D	General tariff principles
Series E	Overall network operation, telephone service, service operation and human factors
Series F	Non-telephone telecommunication services
Series G	Transmission systems and media, digital systems and networks
Series H	Audiovisual and multimedia systems
Series I	Integrated services digital network
Series J	Cable networks and transmission of television, sound programme and other multimedia signals
Series K	Protection against interference
Series L	Construction, installation and protection of cables and other elements of outside plant
Series M	TMN and network maintenance: international transmission systems, telephone circuits, telegraphy, facsimile and leased circuits
Series N	Maintenance: international sound programme and television transmission circuits
Series O	Specifications of measuring equipment
Series P	Telephone transmission quality, telephone installations, local line networks
Series Q	Switching and signalling
Series R	Telegraph transmission
Series S	Telegraph services terminal equipment
Series T	Terminals for telematic services
Series U	Telegraph switching
Series V	Data communication over the telephone network
Series X	Data networks and open system communications
Series Y	Global information infrastructure and Internet protocol aspects
Series Z	Languages and general software aspects for telecommunication systems